

FEDERAL OPERATING PERMIT

A FEDERAL OPERATING PERMIT IS HEREBY ISSUED TO
Greenville Electric Utility System

AUTHORIZING THE OPERATION OF
Power Lane Steam and Engine Plants
Electric Services

LOCATED AT
Hunt County, Texas
Latitude 33° 10' 14" Longitude 96° 7' 37"
Regulated Entity Number: RN100223023

This permit is issued in accordance with and subject to the Texas Clean Air Act (TCAA), Chapter 382 of the Texas Health and Safety Code and Title 30 Texas Administrative Code Chapter 122 (30 TAC Chapter 122), Federal Operating Permits. Under 30 TAC Chapter 122, this permit constitutes the permit holder's authority to operate the site, emission units and affected source listed in this permit. Operations of the site, emission units and affected source listed in this permit are subject to all additional rules or amended rules and orders of the Commission pursuant to the TCAA.

This permit does not relieve the permit holder from the responsibility of obtaining New Source Review authorization for new, modified, or existing facilities in accordance with 30 TAC Chapter 116, Control of Air Pollution by Permits for New Construction or Modification.

The site, emission units and affected source authorized by this permit shall be operated in accordance with 30 TAC Chapter 122, the general terms and conditions, special terms and conditions, and attachments contained herein.

This permit shall expire five years from the date of issuance. The renewal requirements specified in 30 TAC § 122.241 must be satisfied in order to renew the authorization to operate the site, emission units and affected source.

Permit No: O1 Issuance Date: _____

For the Commission

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General Terms and Conditions

The permit holder shall comply with all terms and conditions contained in 30 TAC § 122.143 (General Terms and Conditions), 30 TAC § 122.144 (Recordkeeping Terms and Conditions), 30 TAC § 122.145 (Reporting Terms and Conditions), and 30 TAC § 122.146 (Compliance Certification Terms and Conditions).

In accordance with 30 TAC § 122.144(1), records of required monitoring data and support information required by this permit, or any applicable requirement codified in this permit, are required to be maintained for a period of five years from the date of the monitoring report, sample, or application unless a longer data retention period is specified in an applicable requirement. The five year record retention period supersedes any less stringent retention requirement that may be specified in a condition of a permit identified in the New Source Review Authorization attachment.

If the permit holder chooses to demonstrate that this permit is no longer required, a written request to void this permit shall be submitted to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) by the Responsible Official in accordance with 30 TAC § 122.161(e). The permit holder shall comply with the permit's requirements, including compliance certification and deviation reporting, until notified by the TCEQ that this permit is voided.

The permit holder shall comply with 30 TAC Chapter 116 by obtaining a New Source Review authorization prior to new construction or modification of emission units located in the area covered by this permit.

All reports required by this permit must include in the submittal a cover letter which identifies the following information: company name, TCEQ regulated entity number, air account number (if assigned), site name, area name (if applicable), and Air Permits Division permit number(s).

Special Terms and Conditions:

Emission Limitations and Standards, Monitoring and Testing, and Recordkeeping and Reporting

1. Permit holder shall comply with the following requirements:
 - A. Emission units (including groups and processes) in the Applicable Requirements Summary attachment shall meet the limitations, standards, equipment specifications, monitoring, recordkeeping, reporting, testing, and other requirements listed in the Applicable Requirements Summary attachment to assure compliance with the permit.
 - B. The textual description in the column titled "Textual Description" in the Applicable Requirements Summary attachment is not enforceable and is not deemed as a substitute for the actual regulatory language. The Textual Description is provided for information purposes only.
 - C. A citation listed on the Applicable Requirements Summary attachment, which has a notation [G] listed before it, shall include the referenced section and subsection for all commission rules, or paragraphs for all federal and state regulations and all subordinate paragraphs, subparagraphs and clauses, subclauses, and items contained within the referenced citation as applicable requirements.

- D. When a grouped citation, notated with a [G] in the Applicable Requirements Summary, contains multiple compliance options, the permit holder must keep records of when each compliance option was used.
 - E. Emission units subject to 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ, as identified in the attached Applicable Requirements Summary table, are subject to 30 TAC Chapter 113, Subchapter C, §113.1090, which incorporates the 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart by reference.
2. The permit holder shall comply with the following sections of 30 TAC Chapter 101 (General Air Quality Rules):
- A. Title 30 TAC § 101.1 (relating to Definitions), insofar as the terms defined in this section are used to define the terms used in other applicable requirements
 - B. Title 30 TAC § 101.3 (relating to Circumvention)
 - C. Title 30 TAC § 101.8 (relating to Sampling), if such action has been requested by the TCEQ
 - D. Title 30 TAC § 101.9 (relating to Sampling Ports), if such action has been requested by the TCEQ
 - E. Title 30 TAC § 101.10 (relating to Emissions Inventory Requirements)
 - F. Title 30 TAC § 101.201 (relating to Emission Event Reporting and Recordkeeping Requirements)
 - G. Title 30 TAC § 101.211 (relating to Scheduled Maintenance, Start-up, and Shutdown Reporting and Recordkeeping Requirements)
 - H. Title 30 TAC § 101.221 (relating to Operational Requirements)
 - I. Title 30 TAC § 101.222 (relating to Demonstrations)
 - J. Title 30 TAC § 101.223 (relating to Actions to Reduce Excessive Emissions)
3. Permit holder shall comply with the following requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 111:
- A. Visible emissions from stationary vents with a flow rate of less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute and constructed either before or after January 31, 1972 that are not listed in the Applicable Requirements Summary attachment for 30 TAC Chapter 111, Subchapter A, Division 1 , shall not exceed 20% opacity averaged over a six minute period. The permit holder shall comply with the following requirements for stationary vents at the site subject to this standard:
 - (i) Title 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B) (relating to Requirements for Specified Sources)
 - (ii) Title 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(E)
 - (iii) Title 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(F)(i), (ii), (iii), or (iv)

- (iv) For emission units with vent emissions subject to 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B), complying with 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(F)(ii), (iii), or (iv), and capable of producing visible emissions from, but not limited to, particulate matter, acid gases and NO_x, the permit holder shall also comply with the following periodic monitoring requirements for the purpose of annual compliance certification under 30 TAC § 122.146. These periodic monitoring requirements do not apply to vents that are not capable of producing visible emissions such as vents that emit only colorless VOCs; vents from non-fuming liquids; vents that provide passive ventilation, such as plumbing vents; or vent emissions from any other source that does not obstruct the transmission of light. Vents, as specified in the “Applicable Requirements Summary” attachment, that are subject to the emission limitation of 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B) are not subject to the following periodic monitoring requirements:
- (1) An observation of stationary vents from emission units in operation shall be conducted at least once during each calendar quarter unless the emission unit is not operating for the entire quarter.
 - (2) For stationary vents from a combustion source, if an alternative to the normally fired fuel is fired for a period greater than or equal to 24 consecutive hours, the permit holder shall conduct an observation of the stationary vent for each such period to determine if visible emissions are present. If such period is greater than 3 months, observations shall be conducted once during each quarter. Supplementing the normally fired fuel with natural gas or fuel gas to increase the net heating value to the minimum required value does not constitute creation of an alternative fuel.
 - (3) Records of all observations shall be maintained.
 - (4) Visible emissions observations of emission units operated during daylight hours shall be conducted no earlier than one hour after sunrise and no later than one hour before sunset. Visible emissions observations of emission units operated only at night must be made with additional lighting and the temporary installation of contrasting backgrounds. Visible emissions observations shall be made during times when the activities described in 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(E) are not taking place. Visible emissions shall be determined with each stationary vent in clear view of the observer. The observer shall be at least 15 feet, but not more than 0.25 mile, away from each stationary vent during the observation. For outdoor locations, the observer shall select a position where the sun is not directly in the observer’s eyes. When condensed water vapor is present within the plume, as it emerges from the emissions outlet, observations must be made beyond the point in the plume at which condensed water vapor is no longer visible. When water vapor within the plume condenses and becomes visible at a distance from the emissions outlet, the observation shall be evaluated at the outlet prior to condensation of water vapor. A certified opacity reader is not required for visible emissions observations.

- (5) Compliance Certification:
- (a) If visible emissions are not present during the observation, the RO may certify that the source is in compliance with the applicable opacity requirement in 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1) and (a)(1)(B).
 - (b) However, if visible emissions are present during the observation, the permit holder shall either list this occurrence as a deviation on the next deviation report as required under 30 TAC § 122.145(2) or conduct the appropriate opacity test specified in 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(F) as soon as practicable, but no later than 24 hours after observing visible emissions to determine if the source is in compliance with the opacity requirements. If an opacity test is performed and the source is determined to be in compliance, the RO may certify that the source is in compliance with the applicable opacity requirement. However, if an opacity test is performed and the source is determined to be out of compliance, the permit holder shall list this occurrence as a deviation on the next deviation report as required under 30 TAC § 122.145(2). The opacity test must be performed by a certified opacity reader.
 - (c) Some vents may be subject to multiple visible emission or monitoring requirements. All credible data must be considered when certifying compliance with this requirement even if the observation or monitoring was performed to demonstrate compliance with a different requirement.

B. For visible emissions from a building, enclosed facility, or other structure; the permit holder shall comply with the following requirements:

- (i) Title 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(7)(A) (relating to Requirements for Specified Sources)
- (ii) Title 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(7)(B)(i) or (ii)
- (iii) For a building containing an air emission source, enclosed facility, or other structure containing or associated with an air emission source subject to 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(7)(A), complying with 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(7)(B)(i) or (ii), and capable of producing visible emissions from, but not limited to, particulate matter, acid gases and NO_x, the permit holder shall also comply with the following periodic monitoring requirements for the purpose of annual compliance certification under 30 TAC § 122.146:

- (1) An observation of visible emissions from a building containing an air emission source, enclosed facility, or other structure containing or associated with an air emission source which is required to comply with 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(7)(A) shall be conducted at least once during each calendar quarter unless the

air emission source or enclosed facility is not operating for the entire quarter.

- (2) Records of all observations shall be maintained.
- (3) Visible emissions observations of air emission sources or enclosed facilities operated during daylight hours shall be conducted no earlier than one hour after sunrise and no later than one hour before sunset. Visible emissions observations of air emission sources or enclosed facilities operated only at night must be made with additional lighting and the temporary installation of contrasting backgrounds. Visible emissions shall be determined with each emissions outlet in clear view of the observer. The observer shall be at least 15 feet, but not more than 0.25 mile, away from each emissions outlet during the observation. For outdoor locations, the observer shall select a position where the sun is not directly in the observer's eyes. When condensed water vapor is present within the plume, as it emerges from the emissions outlet, observations must be made beyond the point in the plume at which condensed water vapor is no longer visible. When water vapor within the plume condenses and becomes visible at a distance from the emissions outlet, the observation shall be evaluated at the outlet prior to condensation of water vapor. A certified opacity reader is not required for visible emissions observations.
- (4) Compliance Certification:
 - (a) If visible emissions are not present during the observation, the RO may certify that the source is in compliance with the applicable opacity requirement in 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(7) and (a)(7)(A)
 - (b) However, if visible emissions are present during the observation, the permit holder shall either list this occurrence as a deviation on the next deviation report as required under 30 TAC § 122.145(2) or conduct the appropriate opacity test specified in 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(7)(B) as soon as practicable, but no later than 24 hours after observing visible emissions to determine if the source is in compliance with the opacity requirements. If an opacity test is performed and the source is determined to be in compliance, the RO may certify that the source is in compliance with the applicable opacity requirement. However, if an opacity test is performed and the source is determined to be out of compliance, the permit holder shall list this occurrence as a deviation on the next deviation report as required under 30 TAC § 122.145(2). The opacity test must be performed by a certified opacity reader

- C. Certification of opacity readers determining opacities under Method 9 (as outlined in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A) to comply with opacity monitoring requirements shall be accomplished by completing the Visible Emissions

Evaluators Course, or approved agency equivalent, no more than 180 days before the opacity reading.

- D. For emission units with contributions from uncombined water, the permit holder shall comply with the requirements of 30 TAC § 111.111(b).
 - E. Emission limits on nonagricultural processes, except for the steam generators specified in 30 TAC § 111.153, shall comply with the following requirements:
 - (i) Emissions of PM from any source may not exceed the allowable rates as required in 30 TAC § 111.151(a) (relating to Allowable Emissions Limits)
 - (ii) Sources with an effective stack height (h_c) less than the standard effective stack height (H_c), must reduce the allowable emission level by multiplying it by $[h_c/H_c]^2$ as required in 30 TAC § 111.151(b)
 - (iii) Effective stack height shall be calculated by the equation specified in 30 TAC § 111.151(c)
4. The permit holder shall comply with the following requirements for units subject to any subpart of 40 CFR Part 60, unless otherwise stated in the applicable subpart:
- A. Title 40 CFR § 60.7 (relating to Notification and Recordkeeping)
 - B. Title 40 CFR § 60.8 (relating to Performance Tests)
 - C. Title 40 CFR § 60.11 (relating to Compliance with Standards and Maintenance Requirements)
 - D. Title 40 CFR § 60.12 (relating to Circumvention)
 - E. Title 40 CFR § 60.13 (relating to Monitoring Requirements)
 - F. Title 40 CFR § 60.14 (relating to Modification)
 - G. Title 40 CFR § 60.15 (relating to Reconstruction)
 - H. Title 40 CFR § 60.19 (relating to General Notification and Reporting Requirements)
5. The permit holder shall comply with the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 113, Subchapter C, § 113.100 for units subject to any subpart of 40 CFR Part 63, unless otherwise stated in the applicable subpart.

Additional Monitoring Requirements

6. The permit holder shall comply with the periodic monitoring requirements as specified in the attached "Periodic Monitoring Summary" upon issuance of the permit. Except for, as applicable, monitoring malfunctions, associated repairs, and required quality assurance or control activities (including, as applicable, calibration checks and required zero and span adjustments), the permit holder shall conduct all monitoring in continuous operation (or shall collect data at all required intervals) at all times that the pollutant-specific emissions unit is operating. The permit holder may elect to collect monitoring data on a more frequent basis and average the data, consistent with the

averaging time specified in the “Periodic Monitoring Summary,” for purposes of determining whether a deviation has occurred. However, the additional data points must be collected on a regular basis. In no event shall data be collected and used in particular instances to avoid reporting deviations. Deviations shall be reported according to 30 TAC § 122.145 (Reporting Terms and Conditions).

New Source Review Authorization Requirements

7. Permit holder shall comply with the requirements of New Source Review authorizations issued or claimed by the permit holder for the permitted area, including permits, permits by rule, standard permits, flexible permits, special permits, permits for existing facilities including Voluntary Emissions Reduction Permits and Electric Generating Facility Permits issued under 30 TAC Chapter 116, Subchapter I, or special exemptions referenced in the New Source Review Authorization References attachment. These requirements:
 - A. Are incorporated by reference into this permit as applicable requirements
 - B. Shall be located with this operating permit
 - C. Are not eligible for a permit shield
8. The permit holder shall comply with the general requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 106, Subchapter A or the general requirements, if any, in effect at the time of the claim of any PBR.
9. The permit holder shall maintain records to demonstrate compliance with any emission limitation or standard that is specified in a permit by rule (PBR) or Standard Permit listed in the New Source Review Authorizations attachment. The records shall yield reliable data from the relevant time period that are representative of the emission unit’s compliance with the PBR or Standard Permit. These records may include, but are not limited to, production capacity and throughput, hours of operation, safety data sheets (SDS), chemical composition of raw materials, speciation of air contaminant data, engineering calculations, maintenance records, fugitive data, performance tests, capture/control device efficiencies, direct pollutant monitoring (CEMS, COMS, or PEMS), or control device parametric monitoring. These records shall be made readily accessible and available as required by 30 TAC § 122.144. Any monitoring or recordkeeping data indicating noncompliance with the PBR or Standard Permit shall be considered and reported as a deviation according to 30 TAC § 122.145 (Reporting Terms and Conditions).
10. The permit holder shall comply with the following requirements for Air Quality Standard Permits:
 - A. Registration requirements listed in 30 TAC § 116.611, unless otherwise provided for in an Air Quality Standard Permit
 - B. General Conditions listed in 30 TAC § 116.615, unless otherwise provided for in an Air Quality Standard Permit
 - C. Requirements of the Electric Generating Unit Standard Permit for facilities located in the East Texas region based on the information contained in the registration application.

Compliance Requirements

11. The permit holder shall certify compliance in accordance with 30 TAC § 122.146. The permit holder shall comply with 30 TAC § 122.146 using at a minimum, but not limited to, the continuous or intermittent compliance method data from monitoring, recordkeeping, reporting, or testing required by the permit and any other credible evidence or information. The certification period may not exceed 12 months and the certification must be submitted within 30 days after the end of the period being certified.
12. Permit holder shall comply with the following 30 TAC Chapter 117 requirements:
 - A. The permit holder shall comply with the compliance schedule as required in 30 TAC § 117.9300 for electric utilities in East and Central Texas.
13. Use of Discrete Emission Credits to comply with the applicable requirements:
 - A. Unless otherwise prohibited, the permit holder may use discrete emission credits to comply with the following applicable requirements listed elsewhere in this permit:
 - (i) Title 30 TAC Chapter 115
 - (ii) Title 30 TAC Chapter 117
 - (iii) If applicable, offsets for Title 30 TAC Chapter 116
 - (iv) Temporarily exceed state NSR permit allowables
 - B. The permit holder shall comply with the following requirements in order to use the credit to comply with the applicable requirements:
 - (i) The permit holder must notify the TCEQ according to 30 TAC § 101.376(d)
 - (ii) The discrete emission credits to be used must meet all the geographic, timeliness, applicable pollutant type, and availability requirements listed in 30 TAC Chapter 101, Subchapter H, Division 4
 - (iii) The executive director has approved the use of the discrete emission credits according to 30 TAC § 101.376(d)(1)(A)
 - (iv) The permit holder keeps records of the use of credits towards compliance with the applicable requirements in accordance with 30 TAC § 101.372(h) and 30 TAC Chapter 122
 - (v) Title 30 TAC § 101.375 (relating to Emission Reductions Achieved Outside the United States)

Temporary Fuel Shortages (30 TAC § 112.15)

14. The permit holder shall comply with the following 30 TAC Chapter 112 requirements:

- A. Title 30 TAC § 112.15 (relating to Temporary Fuel Shortage Plan Filing Requirements)
- B. Title 30 TAC § 112.16(a), (a)(1), and (a)(2)(B) - (C) (relating to Temporary Fuel Shortage Plan Operating Requirements)
- C. Title 30 TAC § 112.17 (relating to Temporary Fuel Shortage Plan Notification Procedures)
- D. Title 30 TAC § 112.18 (relating to Temporary Fuel Shortage Plan Reporting Requirements)

Permit Location

- 15. The permit holder shall maintain a copy of this permit and records related to requirements listed in this permit on site.

Permit Shield (30 TAC § 122.148)

- 16. A permit shield is granted for the emission units, groups, or processes specified in the attached "Permit Shield." Compliance with the conditions of the permit shall be deemed compliance with the specified potentially applicable requirements or specified potentially applicable state-only requirements listed in the attachment "Permit Shield." Permit shield provisions shall not be modified by the executive director until notification is provided to the permit holder. No later than 90 days after notification of a change in a determination made by the executive director, the permit holder shall apply for the appropriate permit revision to reflect the new determination. Provisional terms are not eligible for this permit shield. Any term or condition, under a permit shield, shall not be protected by the permit shield if it is replaced by a provisional term or condition or the basis of the term and condition changes.

Acid Rain Permit Requirements

- 17. For units BOILER-2 and BOILER-3 (identified in the Certificate of Representation as Unit 2 and Unit 3), located at the affected source identified by ORIS/Facility code 4195, the designated representative and the owner or operator, as applicable, shall comply with the following Acid Rain Permit requirements.
 - A. General Requirements
 - (i) Under 30 TAC § 122.12(1) and 40 CFR Part 72, the Acid Rain Permit requirements contained here are a separable portion of the Federal Operating Permit (FOP) and have an independent public comment process which may be separate from, or combined with the FOP.
 - (ii) The owner and operator shall comply with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 72 and 40 CFR Part 76. Any noncompliance with the Acid Rain Permit will be considered noncompliance with the FOP and may be subject to enforcement action.
 - (iii) The owners and operators of the affected source shall operate the source and the unit in compliance with the requirements of this Acid Rain Permit and all other applicable State and federal requirements.

- (iv) The owners and operators of the affected source shall comply with the General Terms and Conditions of the FOP that incorporates this Acid Rain Permit.
- (v) The term for the Acid Rain permit shall commence with the issuance of the FOP that incorporates the Acid Rain permit and shall be run concurrent with the remainder of the term of the FOP. Renewal of the Acid Rain permit shall coincide with the renewal of the FOP that incorporates the Acid Rain permit and subsequent terms shall be no more than five years from the date of renewal of the FOP and run concurrent with the permit term of the FOP.

B. Monitoring Requirements

- (i) The owners and operators, and the designated representative, of the affected source and each affected unit at the source shall comply with the monitoring requirements contained 40 CFR Part 75.
- (ii) The emissions measurements recorded and reported in accordance with 40 CFR Part 75 and any other credible evidence shall be used to determine compliance by the affected source with the acid rain emissions limitations and emissions reduction requirements for SO₂ and NO_x under the ARP.
- (iii) The requirements of 40 CFR Part 75 shall not affect the responsibility of the owners and operators to monitor emission of other pollutants or other emissions characteristics at the unit under other applicable requirements of the FCAA Amendments (42 U.S.C. 7401, as amended November 15, 1990) and other terms and conditions of the operating permit for the source.

C. SO₂ emissions requirements

- (i) The owners and operators of each source and each affected unit at the source shall comply with the applicable acid rain emissions limitations for SO₂.
- (ii) As of the allowance transfer deadline the owners and operators of the affected source and each affected unit at the source shall hold, in the unit's compliance subaccount, allowances in an amount not less than the total annual emissions of SO₂ for the previous calendar year.
- (iii) Each ton of SO₂ emitted in excess of the acid rain emissions limitations for SO₂ shall constitute a separate violation of the FCAA amendments.
- (iv) An affected unit shall be subject to the requirements under (i) and (ii) of the SO₂ emissions requirements as follows:
 - (1) Starting January 1, 2000, an affected unit under 40 CFR § 72.6(a)(2); or
 - (2) Starting on the later of January 1, 2000 or the deadline for monitor certification under 40 CFR Part 75, an affected unit under 40 CFR § 72.6(a)(3).

- (v) Allowances shall be held in, deducted from, or transferred into or among Allowance Tracking System accounts in accordance with the requirements of the ARP.
- (vi) An allowance shall not be deducted, for compliance with the requirements of this permit, in a calendar year before the year for which the allowance was allocated.
- (vii) An allowance allocated by the EPA Administrator or under the ARP is a limited authorization to emit SO₂ in accordance with the ARP. No provision of the ARP, Acid Rain permit application, this Acid Rain Permit, or an exemption under 40 CFR §§ 72.7 or 72.8 and no provision of law shall be construed to limit the authority of the United States to terminate or limit such authorization.
- (viii) An allowance allocated by the EPA Administrator under the ARP does not constitute a property right.

D. NO_x Emission Requirements

- (i) The owners and operators of the source and each affected unit at the source shall comply with the applicable acid rain emissions limitations for NO_x under 40 CFR Part 76.

E. Excess emissions requirements for SO₂ and NO_x.

- (i) The designated representative of an affected unit that has excess emissions in any calendar year shall submit a proposed offset plan, as required under 40 CFR Part 77.
- (ii) If an affected source has excess emissions in any calendar year shall, as required by 40 CFR Part 77:
 - (1) Pay, without demand, the penalty required and pay, upon demand, the interest on that penalty.
 - (2) Comply with the terms of an approved offset plan.

F. Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements

- (i) Unless otherwise provided, the owners and operators of the affected source and each affected unit at the source shall keep on site at the source each of the following documents for a period of 5 years from the date the document is created. This period may be extended for cause, at any time before the end of 5 years, in writing by the permitting authority or the EPA Administrator.
 - (1) The certificate of representation for the designated representative for the source and each affected unit and all documents that demonstrate the truth of the statements in the certificate of representation, in accordance with 40 CFR § 72.24; provided that the certificate and documents shall be retained on site at the source beyond such 5-year period until such documents are

superseded because of the submission of a new certificate of representation changing the designated representative.

- (2) All emissions monitoring information, in accordance with 40 CFR Part 75, provided that to the extent that 40 CFR Part 75 provides for a 3-year period for recordkeeping (rather than a five-year period cited in 30 TAC § 122.144), the 3-year period shall apply.
 - (3) Copies of all reports, compliance certifications, and other submissions and all records made or required under the ARP or relied upon for compliance certification.
 - (4) Copies of all documents used to complete an acid rain permit application and any other submission under the ARP or to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of the ARP.
- (ii) The designated representative of an affected source and each affected unit at the source shall submit the reports required under the ARP including those under 40 CFR Part 72, Subpart I and 40 CFR Part 75.

G. Liability

- (i) Any person who knowingly violates any requirement or prohibition of the ARP, a complete acid rain permit application, an acid rain permit, or a written exemption under 40 CFR §§ 72.7 or 72.8, including any requirement for the payment of any penalty owed to the United States, shall be subject to enforcement pursuant to FCAA § 113(c).
- (ii) Any person who knowingly makes a false, material statement in any record, submission, or report under the ARP shall be subject to criminal enforcement pursuant to FCAA § 113(c) and 18 U.S.C. 1001.
- (iii) No permit revision shall excuse any violation of the requirements of the ARP that occurs prior to the date that the revision takes effect.
- (iv) The affected source and each affected unit shall meet the requirements of the ARP contained in 40 CFR Parts 72 through 78.
- (v) Any provision of the ARP that applies to an affected source or the designated representative of an affected source shall also apply to the owners and operators of such source and of the affected units at the source.
- (vi) Any provision of the ARP that applies to an affected unit (including a provision applicable to the DR of an affected unit) shall also apply to the owners and operators of such unit. Except as provided under 40 CFR § 72.44 (Phase II repowering extension plans) and 40 CFR § 76.11 (NO_x averaging plans), and except with regard to the requirements applicable to units with a common stack under 40 CFR Part 75 (including 40 CFR §§ 75.16, 75.17, and 75.18), the owners and operators and the DR of one affected unit shall not be liable for any violation by any other affected unit of which they are not owners or operators or the DR and that is located at a source of which they are not owners or operators or the DR.

- (vii) Each violation of a provision of 40 CFR Parts 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, and 78 by an affected source or affected unit, or by an owner or operator or DR of such source or unit, shall be a separate violation of the FCAA Amendments.
- H. Effect on other authorities. No provision of the ARP, an acid rain permit application, an acid rain permit, or an exemption under 40 CFR §§ 72.7 or 72.8 shall be construed as:
- (i) Except as expressly provided in Title IV of the FCAA Amendments, exempting or excluding the owners and operators and, to the extent applicable, the DR of an affected source or affected unit from compliance with any other provision of the FCAA Amendments, including the provisions of Title I of the FCAA Amendments relating to applicable National Ambient Air Quality Standards or State Implementation Plans.
 - (ii) Limiting the number of allowances a unit can hold; provided, that the number of allowances held by the unit shall not affect the source's obligation to comply with any other provisions of the FCAA Amendments.
 - (iii) Requiring a change of any kind in any state law regulating electric utility rates and charges, affecting any state law regarding such state regulation, or limiting such state regulation, including any prudence review requirements under such state law.
 - (iv) Modifying the Federal Power Act or affecting the authority of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission under the Federal Power Act; or,
 - (v) Interfering with or impairing any program for competitive bidding for power supply in a state in which such program is established.
- I. The number of SO₂ allowances allocated by the EPA in 40 CFR Part 73 is enforceable only by the EPA Administrator.

Acid Rain Unit Exemptions

18. As reference only information, the following units: BOILER-1, ENG-1, ENG-2, and ENG-3 have received acid rain unit exemptions and are not incorporated into the Acid Rain Permit.

Clean Air Interstate Rule Permit Requirements

19. For units BOILER-2 & BOILER-3 (identified in the Certificate of Representation as Unit 2 and Unit 3), located at the site identified by ORIS/Facility code 4195, the designated representative and the owner or operator, as applicable, shall comply with the following Clean Air Interstate Rule (CAIR) Permit requirements. Until approval of the Texas CAIR SIP by EPA, the permit holder shall comply with the equivalent requirements of 40 CFR Part 97 in place of the referenced 40 CFR Part 96 requirements in the Texas CAIR permit and 30 TAC Chapter 122 requirements.

- A. General Requirements

- (i) Under 30 TAC § 122.420(b) and 40 CFR §§ 96.120(b) and 96.220(b) the CAIR Permit requirements contained here are a separable portion of the Federal Operating Permit (FOP).
- (ii) The owners and operators of the CAIR NO_x and the CAIR SO₂ source shall operate the source and the unit in compliance with the requirements of this CAIR permit and all other applicable State and federal requirements.
- (iii) The owners and operators of the CAIR NO_x and the CAIR SO₂ source shall comply with the General Terms and Conditions of the FOP that incorporates this CAIR Permit.
- (iv) The term for the initial CAIR permit shall commence with the issuance of the revision containing the CAIR permit and shall be the remaining term for the FOP that incorporates the CAIR permit. Renewal of the initial CAIR permit shall coincide with the renewal of the FOP that incorporates the CAIR permit and subsequent terms shall be no more than five years from the date of renewal of the FOP and run concurrent with the permit term of the FOP.

B. Monitoring and Reporting Requirements

- (i) The owners and operators, and the CAIR designated representative, of the CAIR NO_x source and each CAIR NO_x unit at the source shall comply with the monitoring, reporting, and recordkeeping requirements contained 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart HH.
- (ii) The owners and operators, and the CAIR designated representative, of the CAIR SO₂ source and each CAIR SO₂ unit at the source shall comply with the monitoring, reporting, and recordkeeping requirements contained 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart HHH.
- (iii) The emissions measurements recorded and reported in accordance with 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart HH and any other credible evidence shall be used to determine compliance by the CAIR NO_x source with the CAIR NO_x emissions limitation.
- (iv) The emissions measurements recorded and reported in accordance with 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart HHH and any other credible evidence shall be used to determine compliance by the CAIR SO₂ source with the CAIR SO₂ emissions limitation.

C. NO_x emissions requirements

- (i) As of the allowance transfer deadline for a control period, the owners and operators of the CAIR NO_x source and each CAIR NO_x unit at the source shall hold, in the source's compliance account, CAIR NO_x allowances available for compliance deductions for the control period under 40 CFR § 96.154(a) in an amount not less than the tons of total nitrogen oxides emissions for the control period from all CAIR NO_x units at the source, as determined in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart HH.

- (ii) A CAIR NO_x unit shall be subject to the requirements of paragraph C.(i) of this CAIR Permit starting on the later of January 1, 2009, or the deadline for meeting the unit's monitor certification requirements under 40 CFR § 96.170(b)(1), (2), or (5).
- (iii) A CAIR NO_x allowance shall not be deducted, for compliance with the requirements of this permit, for a control period in a calendar year before the year for which the CAIR NO_x allowance was allocated.
- (iv) CAIR NO_x allowances shall be held in, deducted from or transferred into or among CAIR NO_x Allowance Tracking System accounts in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart FF or Subpart GG.
- (v) A CAIR NO_x allowance is a limited authorization to emit one ton of nitrogen oxides in accordance with the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program. No provision of the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program, the CAIR permit application, the CAIR permit, or an exemption under 40 CFR § 96.105 and no provision of law shall be construed to limit the authority of the State or the United States to terminate or limit such authorization.
- (vi) A CAIR NO_x allowance does not constitute a property right.
- (vii) Upon recordation by the Administrator under 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart FF or Subpart GG, every allocation, transfer, or deduction of a CAIR NO_x allowance to or from a CAIR NO_x unit's compliance account is incorporated automatically in this CAIR permit.

D. NO_x excess emissions requirement

- (i) If a CAIR NO_x source emits nitrogen oxides during any control period in excess of the CAIR NO_x emissions limitation, the owners and operators of the source and each CAIR NO_x unit at the source shall surrender the CAIR NO_x allowances required for deduction under 40 CFR § 96.154(d)(1) and pay any fine, penalty, or assessment or comply with any other remedy imposed, for the same violations, under the Clean Air Act or applicable State law.
- (ii) Each ton of such excess emissions and each day of such control period shall constitute a separate violation of 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart AA, the Clean Air Act, and applicable State law.

E. SO₂ emissions requirements

- (i) As of the allowance transfer deadline for a control period, the owners and operators of the CAIR SO₂ source and each CAIR SO₂ unit at the source shall hold, in the source's compliance account, CAIR SO₂ allowances available for compliance deductions for the control period under 40 CFR § 96.254(a) and (b) in an amount not less than the tons of total sulfur dioxides emissions for the control period from all CAIR SO₂ units at the source, as determined in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart HHH.

- (ii) A CAIR SO₂ unit shall be subject to the requirements of paragraph E.(i) of this CAIR Permit starting on the later of January 1, 2010, or the deadline for meeting the unit's monitor certification requirements under 40 CFR § 96.270(b)(1), (2), or (5).
- (iii) A CAIR SO₂ allowance shall not be deducted, for compliance with the requirements of this permit, for a control period in a calendar year before the year for which the CAIR SO₂ allowance was allocated.
- (iv) CAIR SO₂ allowances shall be held in, deducted from, or transferred into or among CAIR SO₂ Allowance Tracking System accounts in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart FFF or Subpart GGG.
- (v) A CAIR SO₂ allowance is a limited authorization to emit sulfur dioxide in accordance with the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program. No provision of the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program, the CAIR permit application, the CAIR permit, or an exemption under 40 CFR § 96.205 and no provision of law shall be construed to limit the authority of the State or the United States to terminate or limit such authorization.
- (vi) A CAIR SO₂ allowance does not constitute a property right.
- (vii) Upon recordation by the Administrator under 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart FFF or Subpart GGG, every allocation, transfer, or deduction of a CAIR SO₂ allowance to or from a CAIR SO₂ unit's compliance account is incorporated automatically in this CAIR permit.

F. SO₂ excess emissions requirements

- (i) If a CAIR SO₂ source emits sulfur dioxides during any control period in excess of the CAIR SO₂ emissions limitation, the owners and operators of the source and each CAIR SO₂ unit at the source shall surrender the CAIR SO₂ allowances required for deduction under 40 CFR § 96.254(d)(1) and pay any fine, penalty, or assessment or comply with any other remedy imposed, for the same violations, under the Clean Air Act or applicable State law.
- (ii) Each ton of such excess emissions and each day of such control period shall constitute a separate violation of 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart AAA, the Clean Air Act, and applicable State law.

G. Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements

- (i) Unless otherwise provided, the owners and operators of the CAIR NO_x source and each CAIR NO_x unit at the source and the CAIR SO₂ source and each CAIR SO₂ unit at the source shall keep on site at the source each of the following documents for a period of 5 years from the date the document is created. This period may be extended for cause, at any time before the end of 5 years, in writing by the permitting authority or the Administrator.
 - (1) The certificate of representation under 40 CFR §§ 96.113 and 96.213 for the CAIR NO_x designated representative for the source and each CAIR NO_x unit and the CAIR SO₂ designated

representative for the source and each CAIR SO₂ unit at the source and all documents that demonstrate the truth of the statements in the certificate of representation; provided that the certificate and documents shall be retained on site at the source beyond such 5 year period until such documents are superseded because of the submission of a new certificate of representation under 40 CFR §§ 96.113 and 96.213 changing the CAIR designated representative.

- (2) All emissions monitoring information, in accordance with 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart HH and Subpart HHH, provided that to the extent that these subparts provide for a 3-year period for recordkeeping, the 3-year period shall apply.
 - (3) Copies of all reports, compliance certifications, and other submissions and all records made or required under the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program and CAIR SO₂ Trading Program or relied upon for compliance determinations.
 - (4) Copies of all documents used to complete a CAIR permit application and any other submission under the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program and CAIR SO₂ Trading Program or to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program and CAIR SO₂ Trading Program.
- (ii) The CAIR designated representative of a CAIR NO_x source and each CAIR NO_x unit at the source and a CAIR SO₂ source and each CAIR SO₂ unit at the source shall submit the reports required under the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program and the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program including those under 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart HH and Subpart HHH.
- H. The CAIR NO_x source and each CAIR NO_x unit shall meet the requirements of the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program contained in 40 CFR Part 96, Subparts AA through II.
- I. The CAIR SO₂ source and each CAIR SO₂ unit shall meet the requirements of the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program contained in 40 CFR Part 96, Subparts AAA through III.
- J. Any provision of the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program and the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program that applies to a CAIR NO_x source or CAIR SO₂ source or the CAIR designated representative of a CAIR NO_x source or CAIR SO₂ source shall also apply to the owners and operators of such source and the units at the source.
- K. Any provision of the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program and the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program that applies to a CAIR NO_x unit or CAIR SO₂ unit or the CAIR designated representative of a CAIR NO_x unit or CAIR SO₂ unit shall also apply to the owners and operators of such unit.
- L. No provision of the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program, CAIR SO₂ Trading Program, a CAIR permit application, a CAIR permit, or an exemption under 40 CFR §§ 96.105 or 96.205 shall be construed as exempting or excluding the owners and operators, and the CAIR designated representative, of a CAIR NO_x

source or CAIR NO_x unit or a CAIR SO₂ source or CAIR SO₂ unit from compliance with any other provision of the applicable, approved State implementation plan, a federally enforceable permit, or the Clean Air Act.

Attachments

Applicable Requirements Summary

Additional Monitoring Requirements

Permit Shield

New Source Review Authorization References

Applicable Requirements Summary

Unit Summary 21

Applicable Requirements Summary 23

Note: A “none” entry may be noted for some emission sources in this permit’s “Applicable Requirements Summary” under the heading of “Monitoring and Testing Requirements” and/or “Recordkeeping Requirements” and/or “Reporting Requirements.” Such a notation indicates that there are no requirements for the indicated emission source as identified under the respective column heading(s) for the stated portion of the regulation when the emission source is operating under the conditions of the specified SOP Index Number. However, other relevant requirements pursuant to 30 TAC Chapter 122 including Recordkeeping Terms and Conditions (30 TAC § 122.144), Reporting Terms and Conditions (30 TAC § 122.145), and Compliance Certification Terms and Conditions (30 TAC § 122.146) continue to apply.

Unit Summary

Unit/Group/ Process ID No.	Unit Type	Group/Inclusive Units	SOP Index No.	Regulation	Requirement Driver
BOILER-1	Boilers/ Steam Generators/ Steam Generating Units	N/A	117E-1	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter E, Division 1	No changing attributes.
BOILER-2	Boilers/ Steam Generators/ Steam Generating Units	N/A	117E-1	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter E, Division 1	No changing attributes.
BOILER-3	Boilers/ Steam Generators/ Steam Generating Units	N/A	112A-1	30 TAC Chapter 112, Sulfur Compounds	No changing attributes.
BOILER-3	Boilers/ Steam Generators/ Steam Generating Units	N/A	117E-1	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter E, Division 1	No changing attributes.
BOILER-3	Boilers/ Steam Generators/ Steam Generating Units	N/A	60D-1	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	D-Series Fuel Type #1 = Gaseous fossil fuel.
BOILER-3	Boilers/ Steam Generators/ Steam Generating Units	N/A	60D-2	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	D-Series Fuel Type #1 = Gaseous fossil fuel., D-Series Fuel Type #2 = Liquid fossil fuel.
BOILER-3	Boilers/ Steam Generators/ Steam Generating Units	N/A	60D-3	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	D-Series Fuel Type #1 = Liquid fossil fuel.
BOILER-3 VENT	Emission Points/ Stationary Vents/ Process Vents	N/A	111A-1	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	No changing attributes.
GENERATOR	SRIC Engines	N/A	117E-1	30 TAC Chapter 117, East Texas Combustion	No changing attributes.
GENERATOR	SRIC Engines	N/A	63ZZZZ-1	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	No changing attributes.

Unit Summary

Unit/Group/ Process ID No.	Unit Type	Group/Inclusive Units	SOP Index No.	Regulation	Requirement Driver
GRP-ENGINES	SRIC Engines	ENG-1, ENG-2, ENG-3	60JJJJ-1	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart JJJJ	No changing attributes.
GRP-ENGINES	SRIC Engines	ENG-1, ENG-2, ENG-3	63ZZZZ-1	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	No changing attributes.
GRP-VENTS1	Emission Points/ Stationary Vents/ Process Vents	BOILER-1 VENT, BOILER-2 VENT	111A-1	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	No changing attributes.

Applicable Requirements Summary

Unit Group Process ID No.	Unit Group Process Type	SOP Index No.	Pollutant	State Rule or Federal Regulation Name	Emission Limitation, Standard or Equipment Specification Citation	Textual Description (See Special Term and Condition I.B.)	Monitoring And Testing Requirements	Recordkeeping Requirements (30 TAC § 122.144)	Reporting Requirements (30 TAC § 122.145)
BOILER-1	EU	117E-1	EXEMPT	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter E, Division 1	§ 117.3003(1) § 117.3003	The provisions of this division (relating to Utility Electric Generation in East and Central Texas), except as specified in §117.3040 and §117.3045 of this title (relating to Continuous Demonstration of Compliance; and Notification, Recordkeeping, and Reporting Requirements), do not apply to utility electric power boilers or stationary gas turbines if the annual heat input does not exceed 2.2 (10) ¹¹ British thermal units per year, averaged over the three most recent calendar years.	§ 117.3040(h) § 117.3040(h)(3)	None	[G]§ 117.3040(j) § 117.3054(a) § 117.3054(a)(5)
BOILER-2	EU	117E-1	NO _x	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter E, Division 1	§ 117.3010(1)(A)(i) § 117.3010 § 117.3010(1) § 117.3010(1)(A) § 117.3040(k) § 117.3040(l)	In accordance with the compliance schedule in §117.9300 of this title, the owner or operator of each gas-fired utility electric power boiler shall ensure that emissions of nitrogen oxide (NO _x)	§ 117.3035(a) § 117.3035(a)(1) § 117.3035(a)(3) § 117.3035(c) § 117.3035(d) § 117.3040(a) § 117.3040(d) § 117.3040(d)(1) [G]§ 117.3040(d)(2) § 117.3040(h) § 117.3040(h)(1)	§ 117.3045(a) [G]§ 117.3045(e)	§ 117.3035(b) § 117.3045(b) § 117.3045(b)(1) § 117.3045(b)(2) [G]§ 117.3045(c) [G]§ 117.3045(d) [G]§ 117.3054(a) § 117.3054(c) § 117.3056

Applicable Requirements Summary

Unit Group Process ID No.	Unit Group Process Type	SOP Index No.	Pollutant	State Rule or Federal Regulation Name	Emission Limitation, Standard or Equipment Specification Citation	Textual Description (See Special Term and Condition I.B.)	Monitoring And Testing Requirements	Recordkeeping Requirements (30 TAC § 122.144)	Reporting Requirements (30 TAC § 122.145)
						do not exceed 0.14 pounds per million British thermal unit (lb/MMBtu) heat input on an annual (calendar year) average.			
BOILER-3	EU	112A-1	SO ₂	30 TAC Chapter 112, Sulfur Compounds	§ 112.9(a)	No person may cause, suffer, allow, or permit emissions of SO ₂ from any liquid fuel-fired steam generator, furnace, or heater to exceed 440 ppmv at actual stack conditions and averaged over 3-hours.	§ 112.2(a) ** See Periodic Monitoring Summary	§ 112.2(c)	§ 112.2(b)
BOILER-3	EU	117E-1	NO _x	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter E, Division 1	§ 117.3010(1)(A)(i) § 117.3010 § 117.3010(1) § 117.3010(1)(A) § 117.3040(k) § 117.3040(l)	In accordance with the compliance schedule in §117.9300 of this title, the owner or operator of each gas-fired utility electric power boiler shall ensure that emissions of nitrogen oxide (NO _x) do not exceed 0.14 pounds per million British thermal unit (lb/MMBtu) heat input on an annual (calendar year) average.	§ 117.3035(a) § 117.3035(a)(1) § 117.3035(a)(3) § 117.3035(c) § 117.3035(d) § 117.3040(a) § 117.3040(d) § 117.3040(d)(1) [G]§ 117.3040(d)(2) § 117.3040(h) § 117.3040(h)(1)	§ 117.3045(a) [G]§ 117.3045(e)	§ 117.3035(b) § 117.3045(b) § 117.3045(b)(1) § 117.3045(b)(2) [G]§ 117.3045(c) [G]§ 117.3045(d) [G]§ 117.3054(a) § 117.3054(c) § 117.3056

Applicable Requirements Summary

Unit Group Process ID No.	Unit Group Process Type	SOP Index No.	Pollutant	State Rule or Federal Regulation Name	Emission Limitation, Standard or Equipment Specification Citation	Textual Description (See Special Term and Condition I.B.)	Monitoring And Testing Requirements	Recordkeeping Requirements (30 TAC § 122.144)	Reporting Requirements (30 TAC § 122.145)
BOILER-3	EU	60D-1	PM	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	§ 60.42(a)(1)	On/after the §60.8 tests, no affected facility shall emit gases containing particulate matter in excess of 43 ng/J heat input (0.10 lb/MMBtu) derived from fossil fuel or fossil fuel and wood residue.	§ 60.46(a) § 60.46(b)(1) [G]§ 60.46(b)(2) [G]§ 60.46(d)(1) § 60.46(d)(2) [G]§ 60.46(d)(3) § 60.46(d)(6) § 60.46(d)(7) ** See Periodic Monitoring Summary	None	None
BOILER-3	EU	60D-1	PM (OPACITY)	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	§ 60.42(a)(2)	On/after the performance tests of §60.8, no affected facility shall emit gases exhibiting greater than 20% opacity except for one six-minute period per hour of not more than 27% opacity.	[G]§ 60.45(b)(6) § 60.45(b)(7) [G]§ 60.45(b)(7)(i) [G]§ 60.45(b)(7)(ii) § 60.45(b)(7)(iii) § 60.45(h) [G]§ 60.45(h)(1) [G]§ 60.45(h)(2) § 60.46(a) § 60.46(b)(3)	§ 60.45(h) [G]§ 60.45(h)(1) [G]§ 60.45(h)(2)	None
BOILER-3	EU	60D-1	SO ₂	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	§ 60.40(a)	The affected facility burns fuel (such as only gaseous fuels) that has no specific SO ₂ emission requirements.	§ 60.45(b)(2) § 60.45(b)(4)	None	None
BOILER-3	EU	60D-1	NO _x	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	§ 60.44(a)(1)	On/after the §60.8 tests, no affected facility shall emit gases containing NO _x , expressed as NO ₂ , in excess of 86 ng/J heat input (0.2 lb/MMBtu) derived from gaseous fossil	§ 60.45(b)(3) § 60.45(b)(4) § 60.46(a) § 60.46(b)(1) [G]§ 60.46(b)(5) [G]§ 60.46(d)(1) § 60.46(d)(5) § 60.46(d)(6) § 60.46(d)(7)	None	None

Applicable Requirements Summary

Unit Group Process ID No.	Unit Group Process Type	SOP Index No.	Pollutant	State Rule or Federal Regulation Name	Emission Limitation, Standard or Equipment Specification Citation	Textual Description (See Special Term and Condition I.B.)	Monitoring And Testing Requirements	Recordkeeping Requirements (30 TAC § 122.144)	Reporting Requirements (30 TAC § 122.145)
						fuel.	** See Periodic Monitoring Summary		
BOILER-3	EU	60D-2	PM	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	§ 60.42(a)(1)	On/after the §60.8 tests, no affected facility shall emit gases containing particulate matter in excess of 43 ng/J heat input (0.10 lb/MMBtu) derived from fossil fuel or fossil fuel and wood residue.	§ 60.46(a) § 60.46(b)(1) [G]§ 60.46(b)(2) [G]§ 60.46(d)(1) § 60.46(d)(2) [G]§ 60.46(d)(3) § 60.46(d)(6) § 60.46(d)(7) ** See Periodic Monitoring Summary	None	None
BOILER-3	EU	60D-2	PM (OPACITY)	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	§ 60.42(a)(2)	On/after the performance tests of §60.8, no affected facility shall emit gases exhibiting greater than 20% opacity except for one six-minute period per hour of not more than 27% opacity.	[G]§ 60.45(b)(6) § 60.45(b)(7) [G]§ 60.45(b)(7)(i) [G]§ 60.45(b)(7)(ii) § 60.45(b)(7)(iii) § 60.45(h) [G]§ 60.45(h)(1) [G]§ 60.45(h)(2) § 60.46(a) § 60.46(b)(3)	§ 60.45(h) [G]§ 60.45(h)(1) [G]§ 60.45(h)(2)	None
BOILER-3	EU	60D-2	SO ₂	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	§ 60.43(b) § 60.43(c)	When different fossil fuels are burned simultaneously in any combination, the applicable standard (ng/J) shall be determined by proration using the specified formula.	§ 60.45(b)(2) § 60.45(b)(4) § 60.46(a) § 60.46(b)(1) [G]§ 60.46(b)(4) [G]§ 60.46(c) [G]§ 60.46(d)(1) [G]§ 60.46(d)(3) § 60.46(d)(4) § 60.46(d)(6) § 60.46(d)(7) ** See Periodic Monitoring Summary	None	None

Applicable Requirements Summary

Unit Group Process ID No.	Unit Group Process Type	SOP Index No.	Pollutant	State Rule or Federal Regulation Name	Emission Limitation, Standard or Equipment Specification Citation	Textual Description (See Special Term and Condition I.B.)	Monitoring And Testing Requirements	Recordkeeping Requirements (30 TAC § 122.144)	Reporting Requirements (30 TAC § 122.145)
BOILER-3	EU	60D-2	NO _x	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	§ 60.44(b)	Except as stated in §60.44(c) and (d), when different fossil fuels are burned simultaneously in any combination, the applicable standard is determined by proration using the specified formula.	§ 60.45(b)(3) § 60.45(b)(4) § 60.46(a) § 60.46(b)(1) [G]§ 60.46(b)(5) [G]§ 60.46(c) [G]§ 60.46(d)(1) § 60.46(d)(5) § 60.46(d)(6) § 60.46(d)(7) ** See Periodic Monitoring Summary	None	None
BOILER-3	EU	60D-3	PM	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	§ 60.42(a)(1)	On/after the §60.8 tests, no affected facility shall emit gases containing particulate matter in excess of 43 ng/J heat input (0.10 lb/MMBtu) derived from fossil fuel or fossil fuel and wood residue.	§ 60.46(a) § 60.46(b)(1) [G]§ 60.46(b)(2) [G]§ 60.46(d)(1) § 60.46(d)(2) [G]§ 60.46(d)(3) § 60.46(d)(6) § 60.46(d)(7) ** See Periodic Monitoring Summary	None	None
BOILER-3	EU	60D-3	PM (OPACITY)	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	§ 60.42(a)(2)	On/after the performance tests of §60.8, no affected facility shall emit gases exhibiting greater than 20% opacity except for one six-minute period per hour of not more than 27% opacity.	[G]§ 60.45(b)(6) § 60.45(b)(7) [G]§ 60.45(b)(7)(i) [G]§ 60.45(b)(7)(ii) § 60.45(b)(7)(iii) § 60.45(h) [G]§ 60.45(h)(1) [G]§ 60.45(h)(2) § 60.46(a) § 60.46(b)(3)	§ 60.45(h) [G]§ 60.45(h)(1) [G]§ 60.45(h)(2)	None
BOILER-3	EU	60D-3	SO ₂	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	§ 60.43(a)(1)	On/after the §60.8 tests, no affected facility shall emit	§ 60.45(b)(2) § 60.45(b)(4) § 60.46(a)	None	None

Applicable Requirements Summary

Unit Group Process ID No.	Unit Group Process Type	SOP Index No.	Pollutant	State Rule or Federal Regulation Name	Emission Limitation, Standard or Equipment Specification Citation	Textual Description (See Special Term and Condition I.B.)	Monitoring And Testing Requirements	Recordkeeping Requirements (30 TAC § 122.144)	Reporting Requirements (30 TAC § 122.145)
						gases containing SO ₂ in excess of 340 ng/J heat input (0.80 lb/MMBtu) derived from liquid fossil fuel or liquid fossil fuel and wood residue.	§ 60.46(b)(1) [G]§ 60.46(b)(4) [G]§ 60.46(d)(1) [G]§ 60.46(d)(3) § 60.46(d)(4) § 60.46(d)(6) § 60.46(d)(7) ** See Periodic Monitoring Summary		
BOILER-3	EU	60D-3	NO _x	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	§ 60.44(a)(2)	On/after the §60.8 tests, no affected facility shall emit gases containing NO _x , expressed as NO ₂ , in excess of 129 ng/J heat input (0.3 lb/MMBtu) derived from the specified fuels.	§ 60.45(b)(3) § 60.45(b)(4) § 60.46(a) § 60.46(b)(1) [G]§ 60.46(b)(5) [G]§ 60.46(d)(1) § 60.46(d)(5) § 60.46(d)(6) § 60.46(d)(7) ** See Periodic Monitoring Summary	None	None
BOILER-3 VENT	EP	111A-1	PM (OPACITY)	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	§ 111.111(a)(1)(C) § 111.111(a)(1)(E)	Visible emissions from any stationary vent shall not exceed an opacity of 15% averaged over a six minute period for any source with a total flow rate of at least 100,000 acfm unless a CEMS is installed.	[G]§ 111.111(a)(1)(F) ** See Periodic Monitoring Summary	None	None
GENERATOR	EU	117E-1	EXEMPT	30 TAC Chapter 117, East Texas Combustion	§ 117.3303(5)	Stationary engines operated exclusively in emergency situations are exempt from this division, except as	None	§ 117.3345(b)	None

Applicable Requirements Summary

Unit Group Process ID No.	Unit Group Process Type	SOP Index No.	Pollutant	State Rule or Federal Regulation Name	Emission Limitation, Standard or Equipment Specification Citation	Textual Description (See Special Term and Condition I.B.)	Monitoring And Testing Requirements	Recordkeeping Requirements (30 TAC § 122.144)	Reporting Requirements (30 TAC § 122.145)
						specified in § 117.3345(b). Operation for maintenance or testing up to 100 hours per year is permitted.			
GENERATOR	EU	63ZZZZ-1	112(B) HAPS	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	§ 63.6603(a)-Table2d.4 § 63.6595(a)(1) § 63.6604(b) § 63.6605(a) § 63.6605(b) § 63.6625(e) § 63.6625(h) § 63.6625(i) § 63.6640(b) § 63.6640(f)(1) [G]§ 63.6640(f)(2) [G]§ 63.6640(f)(4)	For each existing emergency stationary CI RICE and black start stationary CI RICE, located at an area source, you must comply with the requirements as specified in Table 2d.4.a-c.	§ 63.6625(f) § 63.6625(i) § 63.6640(a) § 63.6640(a)-Table6.9.a.i § 63.6640(a)-Table6.9.a.ii § 63.6640(b)	§ 63.6625(i) § 63.6655(a) § 63.6655(a)(1) § 63.6655(d) § 63.6655(e) § 63.6655(f) § 63.6660(a) § 63.6660(b) § 63.6660(c)	§ 63.6640(b) § 63.6640(e) § 63.6650(a)-Table7.4 § 63.6650(f) [G]§ 63.6650(h)
GRP-ENGINES	EU	60JJJJ-1	CO	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart JJJJ	§ 60.4233(e)-Table1 § 60.4234 § 60.4243(b) § 60.4243(b)(2) § 60.4243(b)(2)(ii) § 60.4243(e) § 60.4243(g) § 60.4246	Owners and operators of stationary non-emergency natural gas engines with a maximum engine power greater than or equal to 500 HP and were manufactured on or after 07/01/2007 and before 07/01/2010 must comply with a CO emission limit of 4.0 g/HP-hr, as listed in Table 1 to this subpart.	§ 60.4243(b)(2) § 60.4243(b)(2)(ii) § 60.4243(e) § 60.4244(a) § 60.4244(b) § 60.4244(c) § 60.4244(e)	§ 60.4243(b)(2) § 60.4243(b)(2)(ii) § 60.4243(e) § 60.4245(a)(1) § 60.4245(a)(2) § 60.4245(a)(4)	[G]§ 60.4245(c) § 60.4245(d)

Applicable Requirements Summary

Unit Group Process ID No.	Unit Group Process Type	SOP Index No.	Pollutant	State Rule or Federal Regulation Name	Emission Limitation, Standard or Equipment Specification Citation	Textual Description (See Special Term and Condition I.B.)	Monitoring And Testing Requirements	Recordkeeping Requirements (30 TAC § 122.144)	Reporting Requirements (30 TAC § 122.145)
GRP-ENGINES	EU	60JJJJ-1	NO _x	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart JJJJ	§ 60.4233(e)-Table1 § 60.4234 § 60.4243(b) § 60.4243(b)(2) § 60.4243(b)(2)(ii) § 60.4243(e) § 60.4243(g) § 60.4246	Owners and operators of stationary non-emergency natural gas engines with a maximum engine power greater than or equal to 500 HP and were manufactured on or after 07/01/2007 and before 07/01/2010 must comply with a NOx emission limit of 2.0 g/HP-hr, as listed in Table 1 to this subpart.	§ 60.4243(b)(2) § 60.4243(b)(2)(ii) § 60.4243(e) § 60.4244(a) § 60.4244(b) § 60.4244(c) § 60.4244(d)	§ 60.4243(b)(2) § 60.4243(b)(2)(ii) § 60.4243(e) § 60.4245(a)(1) § 60.4245(a)(2) § 60.4245(a)(4)	[G]§ 60.4245(c) § 60.4245(d)
GRP-ENGINES	EU	60JJJJ-1	VOC	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart JJJJ	§ 60.4233(e)-Table1 § 60.4234 § 60.4243(b) § 60.4243(b)(2) § 60.4243(b)(2)(ii) § 60.4243(e) § 60.4243(g) § 60.4246	Owners and operators of stationary non-emergency natural gas engines with a maximum engine power greater than or equal to 500 HP and were manufactured on or after 07/01/2007 and before 07/01/2010 must comply with a VOC emission limit of 1.0 g/HP-hr, as listed in Table 1 to this subpart.	§ 60.4243(b)(2) § 60.4243(b)(2)(ii) § 60.4243(e) § 60.4244(a) § 60.4244(b) § 60.4244(c) § 60.4244(f) § 60.4244(g)	§ 60.4243(b)(2) § 60.4243(b)(2)(ii) § 60.4243(e) § 60.4245(a)(1) § 60.4245(a)(2) § 60.4245(a)(4)	[G]§ 60.4245(c) § 60.4245(d)

Applicable Requirements Summary

Unit Group Process ID No.	Unit Group Process Type	SOP Index No.	Pollutant	State Rule or Federal Regulation Name	Emission Limitation, Standard or Equipment Specification Citation	Textual Description (See Special Term and Condition I.B.)	Monitoring And Testing Requirements	Recordkeeping Requirements (30 TAC § 122.144)	Reporting Requirements (30 TAC § 122.145)
GRP-ENGINES	EU	63ZZZZ-1	112(B) HAPS	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	§ 63.6590(c)	Stationary RICE subject to Regulations under 40 CFR Part 60. An affected source that meets any of the criteria in paragraphs (c)(1) through (7) of this section must meet the requirements of this part by meeting the requirements of 40 CFR part 60 subpart IIII, for compression ignition engines or 40 CFR part 60 subpart JJJJ, for spark ignition engines as applicable. No further requirements apply for such engines under this part.	None	None	None
GRP-VENTS1	EP	111A-1	PM (OPACITY)	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	§ 111.111(a)(1)(C) § 111.111(a)(1)(E)	Visible emissions from any stationary vent shall not exceed an opacity of 15% averaged over a six minute period for any source with a total flow rate of at least 100,000 acfm unless a CEMS is installed.	[G]§ 111.111(a)(1)(F) ** See Periodic Monitoring Summary	None	None

Additional Monitoring Requirements

Periodic Monitoring Summary 33

Periodic Monitoring Summary

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: BOILER-3	
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 112, Sulfur Compounds	SOP Index No.: 112A-1
Pollutant: SO _x	Main Standard: § 112.9(a)
Monitoring Information	
Indicator: Sulfur Content of No.2 Fuel Oil	
Minimum Frequency: After loading of additional fuel into the storage tank and within 24 hours of a fuel a change.	
Averaging Period: n/a*	
Deviation Limit: No.2 fuel oil shall contain no more than 0.3% sulfur by weight.	
Periodic Monitoring Text: Measure and record the sulfur content of the no.2 fuel oil every instance in which additional fuel oil is added to the storage tank. In addition, measure and record the sulfur content of the no.2 fuel oil within 24 hours of a fuel change. Any monitoring data above the deviation limit shall be considered and reported as a deviation.	

*The permit holder may elect to collect monitoring data on a more frequent basis and calculate the average as specified by the minimum frequency, for purposes of determining whether a deviation has occurred. However, the additional data points must be collected on a regular basis and shall not be collected and used in particular instances to avoid reporting deviations.

Periodic Monitoring Summary

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: BOILER-3	
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	SOP Index No.: 60D-1
Pollutant: PM	Main Standard: § 60.42(a)(1)
Monitoring Information	
Indicator: Fuel Type	
Minimum Frequency: Annually or at any time an alternate fuel is used	
Averaging Period: n/a	
Deviation Limit: If No.2 fuel oil is fired for a period greater than or equal to 24 consecutive hours it shall be considered and reported as a deviation or the permit holder may perform Test Method 9 and opacity shall not exceed 20%.	
<p>Periodic Monitoring Text: Record the type of fuel used by the unit. If an alternate fuel is fired, either alone or in combination with the specified gas, for a period greater than or equal to 24 consecutive hours it shall be considered and reported as a deviation or the permit holder shall conduct an observation of the stationary vent for each such period to determine if visible emissions are observed. Any time an alternate fuel is fired for a period of greater than 7 consecutive days then visible emissions observations will be conducted no less than once per week. Documentation of all observations shall be maintained. If visible emissions are present during the firing of an alternate fuel, the permit holder shall either list this occurrence as a deviation or the permit holder may determine the opacity consistent with Test Method 9. Any opacity readings that are above the opacity limit from the underlying applicable requirement shall be reported as a deviation.</p>	

Periodic Monitoring Summary

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: BOILER-3	
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	SOP Index No.: 60D-2
Pollutant: PM	Main Standard: § 60.42(a)(1)
Monitoring Information	
Indicator: Visible Emissions	
Minimum Frequency: Once per week when firing liquid fossil fuel	
Averaging Period: n/a	
Deviation Limit: There shall be no visible emissions. If visible emissions are observed, the permit holder shall report a deviation or perform Test Method 9 and opacity shall not exceed 20%.	
Periodic Monitoring Text: Visible emissions observations shall be made and recorded. Note that to properly determine the presence of visible emissions, all sources must be in clear view of the observer. The observer shall be at least 15 feet, but not more than 0.25 miles, away from the emission source during the observation. The observer shall select a position where the sun is not directly in the observer's eyes. If the observations cannot be conducted due to weather conditions, the date, time, and specific weather conditions shall be recorded. When condensed water vapor is present within the plume, as it emerges from the emissions outlet, observations must be made beyond the point in the plume at which condensed water vapor is no longer visible. When water vapor within the plume condenses and becomes visible at a distance from the emissions outlet, the observation shall be evaluated at the outlet prior to condensation of water vapor.	
If visible emissions are observed, the permit holder shall report a deviation. As an alternative, the permit holder may determine the opacity consistent with Test Method 9, as soon as practicable, but no later than 24 hours after observing visible emissions. If the result of the Test Method 9 is an opacity above the corresponding opacity limit, the permit holder shall report a deviation.	

Periodic Monitoring Summary

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: BOILER-3	
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	SOP Index No.: 60D-3
Pollutant: PM	Main Standard: § 60.42(a)(1)
Monitoring Information	
Indicator: Visible Emissions	
Minimum Frequency: Once per week when firing liquid fossil fuel	
Averaging Period: n/a	
Deviation Limit: There shall be no visible emissions. If visible emissions are observed, the permit holder shall report a deviation or perform Test Method 9 and opacity shall not exceed 20%.	
Periodic Monitoring Text: Visible emissions observations shall be made and recorded. Note that to properly determine the presence of visible emissions, all sources must be in clear view of the observer. The observer shall be at least 15 feet, but not more than 0.25 miles, away from the emission source during the observation. The observer shall select a position where the sun is not directly in the observer's eyes. If the observations cannot be conducted due to weather conditions, the date, time, and specific weather conditions shall be recorded. When condensed water vapor is present within the plume, as it emerges from the emissions outlet, observations must be made beyond the point in the plume at which condensed water vapor is no longer visible. When water vapor within the plume condenses and becomes visible at a distance from the emissions outlet, the observation shall be evaluated at the outlet prior to condensation of water vapor.	
If visible emissions are observed, the permit holder shall report a deviation. As an alternative, the permit holder may determine the opacity consistent with Test Method 9, as soon as practicable, but no later than 24 hours after observing visible emissions. If the result of the Test Method 9 is an opacity above the corresponding opacity limit, the permit holder shall report a deviation.	

Periodic Monitoring Summary

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: BOILER-3	
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	SOP Index No.: 60D-3
Pollutant: SO ₂	Main Standard: § 60.43(a)(1)
Monitoring Information	
Indicator: Sulfur Content of No.2 Fuel Oil	
Minimum Frequency: After each loading of additional fuel into the storage tank and within 24 hours of a fuel change.	
Averaging Period: n/a*	
Deviation Limit: No.2 fuel oil shall contain no more than 0.3% sulfur by weight.	
Periodic Monitoring Text: Measure and record the sulfur content of the no.2 fuel oil every instance in which additional fuel oil is added to the storage tank. In addition, measure and record the sulfur content of the no.2 fuel oil within 24 hours of a fuel change. Any monitoring data above the deviation limit shall be considered and reported as a deviation.	

*The permit holder may elect to collect monitoring data on a more frequent basis and calculate the average as specified by the minimum frequency, for purposes of determining whether a deviation has occurred. However, the additional data points must be collected on a regular basis and shall not be collected and used in particular instances to avoid reporting deviations.

Periodic Monitoring Summary

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: BOILER-3	
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	SOP Index No.: 60D-2
Pollutant: SO ₂	Main Standard: § 60.43(b)
Monitoring Information	
Indicator: Sulfur Content of No.2 Fuel Oil	
Minimum Frequency: After each loading of additional fuel into the storage tank and within 24 hours of a fuel change.	
Averaging Period: n/a*	
Deviation Limit: No.2 fuel oil shall contain no more than 0.3% sulfur by weight.	
Periodic Monitoring Text: Measure and record the sulfur content of the no.2 fuel oil every instance in which additional fuel oil is added to the storage tank. In addition, measure and record the sulfur content of the no.2 fuel oil within 24 hours of a fuel change. Any monitoring data above the deviation limit shall be considered and reported as a deviation.	

*The permit holder may elect to collect monitoring data on a more frequent basis and calculate the average as specified by the minimum frequency, for purposes of determining whether a deviation has occurred. However, the additional data points must be collected on a regular basis and shall not be collected and used in particular instances to avoid reporting deviations.

Periodic Monitoring Summary

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: BOILER-3	
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	SOP Index No.: 60D-1
Pollutant: NO _x	Main Standard: § 60.44(a)(1)
Monitoring Information	
Indicator: NO _x Concentration	
Minimum Frequency: Four times per hour	
Averaging Period: One hour	
Deviation Limit: Maximum NO _x concentration shall not exceed 0.2 lbs/MMBtu when firing natural gas based on the average of three contiguous 1hr. periods.	
<p>Periodic Monitoring Text: Measure and record the concentration of nitrogen oxide in the exhaust stream with a continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS). In addition, monitor the oxygen or carbon dioxide content of the flue gas with a CEMS. The CEMS shall be operated in accordance with the monitoring requirements of 40 CFR § 60.13 and the performance specifications of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix B.</p>	

Periodic Monitoring Summary

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: BOILER-3	
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	SOP Index No.: 60D-3
Pollutant: NO _x	Main Standard: § 60.44(a)(2)
Monitoring Information	
Indicator: NO _x Concentration	
Minimum Frequency: Four times per hour	
Averaging Period: One hour	
Deviation Limit: Maximum NO _x concentration shall not exceed 0.3 lbs/MMBtu when firing No. 2 fuel oil based on the average of three contiguous 1hr. periods.	
<p>Periodic Monitoring Text: Measure and record the concentration of nitrogen oxide in the exhaust stream with a continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS). In addition, monitor the oxygen or carbon dioxide content of the flue gas with a CEMS. The CEMS shall be operated in accordance with the monitoring requirements of 40 CFR § 60.13 and the performance specifications of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix B.</p>	

Periodic Monitoring Summary

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: BOILER-3	
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	SOP Index No.: 60D-2
Pollutant: NO _x	Main Standard: § 60.44(b)
Monitoring Information	
Indicator: NO _x Concentration	
Minimum Frequency: Four times per hour	
Averaging Period: One hour	
Deviation Limit: Maximum NO _x concentration shall not exceed the limit calculated using the equation listed in 60.44(b) based on the average of three contiguous 1hr. periods.	
Periodic Monitoring Text: Measure and record the concentration of nitrogen oxide in the exhaust stream with a continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS). In addition, monitor the oxygen or carbon dioxide content of the flue gas with a CEMS. The CEMS shall be operated in accordance with the monitoring requirements of 40 CFR § 60.13 and the performance specifications of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix B.	

Periodic Monitoring Summary

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: BOILER-3 VENT	
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	SOP Index No.: 111A-1
Pollutant: PM (OPACITY)	Main Standard: § 111.111(a)(1)(C)
Monitoring Information	
Indicator: Fuel Type	
Minimum Frequency: Annually or at any time an alternate fuel is used	
Averaging Period: n/a	
Deviation Limit: If No.2 fuel oil is fired for a period greater than or equal to 24 consecutive hours it shall be considered and reported as a deviation or the permit holder may perform Test Method 9 and opacity shall not exceed 15%.	
<p>Periodic Monitoring Text: Record the type of fuel used by the unit. If an alternate fuel is fired, either alone or in combination with the specified gas, for a period greater than or equal to 24 consecutive hours it shall be considered and reported as a deviation or the permit holder shall conduct an observation of the stationary vent for each such period to determine if visible emissions are observed. Any time an alternate fuel is fired for a period of greater than 7 consecutive days then visible emissions observations will be conducted no less than once per week. Documentation of all observations shall be maintained. If visible emissions are present during the firing of an alternate fuel, the permit holder shall either list this occurrence as a deviation or the permit holder may determine the opacity consistent with Test Method 9. Any opacity readings that are above the opacity limit from the underlying applicable requirement shall be reported as a deviation.</p>	

Periodic Monitoring Summary

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: GRP-VENTS1	
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	SOP Index No.: 111A-1
Pollutant: PM (OPACITY)	Main Standard: § 111.111(a)(1)(C)
Monitoring Information	
Indicator: Fuel Type	
Minimum Frequency: Annually or at any time an alternate fuel is used	
Averaging Period: n/a	
Deviation Limit: If No.2 fuel oil is fired for a period greater than or equal to 24 consecutive hours it shall be considered and reported as a deviation or the permit holder may perform Test Method 9 and opacity shall not exceed 15%.	
<p>Periodic Monitoring Text: Record the type of fuel used by the unit. If an alternate fuel is fired, either alone or in combination with the specified gas, for a period greater than or equal to 24 consecutive hours it shall be considered and reported as a deviation or the permit holder shall conduct an observation of the stationary vent for each such period to determine if visible emissions are observed. Any time an alternate fuel is fired for a period of greater than 7 consecutive days then visible emissions observations will be conducted no less than once per week. Documentation of all observations shall be maintained. If visible emissions are present during the firing of an alternate fuel, the permit holder shall either list this occurrence as a deviation or the permit holder may determine the opacity consistent with Test Method 9. Any opacity readings that are above the opacity limit from the underlying applicable requirement shall be reported as a deviation.</p>	

Permit Shield

Permit Shield 45

Permit Shield

The Executive Director of the TCEQ has determined that the permit holder is not required to comply with the specific regulation(s) identified for each emission unit, group, or process in this table.

Unit/Group/Process		Regulation	Basis of Determination
ID No.	Group/Inclusive Units		
BOILER-1	N/A	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	Fossil-fuel-fired steam generator was constructed prior to and not modified after 08/17/1971.
BOILER-2	N/A	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	Fossil-fuel-fired steam generator was constructed prior to and not modified after 08/17/1971.
GENERATOR	N/A	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	Stationary CI ICE was manufactured prior to 04/01/2006 and was not modified/reconstructed after 07/11/2005.
GRP-TANKS	TANK-1, TANK-2, TANK-3, TANK-4, TANK-5	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	Storage vessel capacity is less than 75 m3.

New Source Review Authorization References

New Source Review Authorization References..... 47

New Source Review Authorization References by Emission Unit 48

New Source Review Authorization References

The New Source Review authorizations listed in the table below are applicable requirements under 30 TAC Chapter 122 and enforceable under this operating permit.

Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Permits	
PSD Permit No.: PSDTX1173	Issuance Date: 02/13/2015
Title 30 TAC Chapter 116 Permits, Special Permits, and Other Authorizations (Other Than Permits By Rule, PSD Permits, or NA Permits) for the Application Area.	
Authorization No.: 382.05185(A)	
Authorization No.: 3706	Issuance Date: 10/30/2015
Authorization No.: 86301	Issuance Date: 02/13/2015
Permits By Rule (30 TAC Chapter 106) for the Application Area	
Number: 106.102	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000
Number: 106.122	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000
Number: 106.227	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000
Number: 106.244	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000
Number: 106.263	Version No./Date: 11/01/2001
Number: 106.265	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000
Number: 106.266	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000
Number: 106.372	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000
Number: 106.452	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000
Number: 106.454	Version No./Date: 11/01/2001
Number: 106.472	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000
Number: 106.478	Version No./Date: 03/14/1997
Number: 106.512	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000
Number: 106.532	Version No./Date: 03/14/1997
Number: 70	Version No./Date: 05/08/1972

New Source Review Authorization References by Emissions Unit

The following is a list of New Source Review (NSR) authorizations for emission units listed elsewhere in this operating permit. The NSR authorizations are applicable requirements under 30 TAC Chapter 122 and enforceable under this operating permit.

Unit/Group/Process ID No.	Emission Unit Name/Description	New Source Review Authorization
BOILER-1 VENT	BOILER VENT	382.05185(A)
BOILER-1	BOILER	382.05185(A)
BOILER-2 VENT	BOILER VENT	382.05185(A)
BOILER-2	BOILER	382.05185(A)
BOILER-3 VENT	BOILER VENT	3706
BOILER-3	BOILER	3706
ENG-1	WARTSILA 20V34SG SI ICE - 4SLB 11,631 HP	86301, PSDTX1173
ENG-2	WARTSILA 20V34SG SI ICE - 4SLB 11,631 HP	86301, PSDTX1173
ENG-3	WARTSILA 20V34SG SI ICE - 4SLB 11,631 HP	86301, PSDTX1173
GENERATOR	NEWAGE STAMFORD HC734F2 CI ICE - 794 KW	106.512/09/04/2000
TANK-1	COMPRESSED GAS STORAGE TANK	106.372/09/04/2000
TANK-2	CAUSTIC ACID STORAGE TANK	106.472/09/04/2000
TANK-3	LUBE OIL STORAGE TANK	106.478/03/14/1997
TANK-4	FUEL OIL STORAGE TANK	106.478/03/14/1997
TANK-5	DIESEL STORAGE TANK	106.478/03/14/1997

Appendix A

Acronym List 50

Acronym List

The following abbreviations or acronyms may be used in this permit:

ACFM	actual cubic feet per minute
AMOC	alternate means of control
ARP	Acid Rain Program
ASTM	American Society of Testing and Materials
B/PA	Beaumont/Port Arthur (nonattainment area)
CAM	Compliance Assurance Monitoring
CD	control device
COMS	continuous opacity monitoring system
CVS	closed-vent system
D/FW	Dallas/Fort Worth (nonattainment area)
DR	Designated Representative
EIP	El Paso (nonattainment area)
EP	emission point
EPA	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
EU	emission unit
FCAA Amendments	Federal Clean Air Act Amendments
FOP	federal operating permit
GF	grandfathered
gr/100 scf	grains per 100 standard cubic feet
HAP	hazardous air pollutant
H/G/B	Houston/Galveston/Brazoria (nonattainment area)
H ₂ S	hydrogen sulfide
ID No.	identification number
lb/hr	pound(s) per hour
MMBtu/hr	Million British thermal units per hour
MRRT	monitoring, recordkeeping, reporting, and testing
NA	nonattainment
N/A	not applicable
NADB	National Allowance Data Base
NO _x	nitrogen oxides
NSPS	New Source Performance Standard (40 CFR Part 60)
NSR	New Source Review
ORIS	Office of Regulatory Information Systems
Pb	lead
PBR	Permit By Rule
PM	particulate matter
ppmv	parts per million by volume
PSD	prevention of significant deterioration
RO	Responsible Official
SO ₂	sulfur dioxide
TCEQ	Texas Commission on Environmental Quality
TSP	total suspended particulate
TVP	true vapor pressure
U.S.C.	United States Code
VOC	volatile organic compound

Appendix B

Major NSR Summary Table 52

Major NSR Summary Table

Permit Number: 86301 and PSDTX1173					Issuance Date: 2/13/2015		
Emission Point No. (1)	Source Name (2)	Air Contaminant Name (3)	Emission Rates*		Monitoring and Testing Requirements	Recordkeeping Requirements	Reporting Requirements
			lb/hr	TPY **	Spec. Cond.	Spec. Cond.	Spec. Cond.
ENG01 through ENG03	Engine 1 through Engine 3 (each engine)	NOx	2.15	-	4, 6, 9	4, 6, 9, 10, 11	4, 6, 12
		CO	7.69	-	4, 6, 9	4, 6, 9, 10, 11	4, 6, 12
		VOC	7.69	-	4, 6, 9	4, 6, 9, 10, 11	4, 6, 12
		PM ₁₀	4.50	-			
		SO ₂	0.04	-	9	9, 11	12
		H ₂ CO	0.21	-			
		HAP	0.67	-	4	4	4
		NH ₃	0.97	-	6, 8, 9	6, 8, 9, 10, 11	6, 12
		H ₂ SO ₄	<0.01	-			
ENG01 through ENG03 Start-Up	Engine 1 through Engine 3 Start-Up (Each engine) (450 hours)	NOx	23.52	-	4, 6, 9	4, 6, 9, 10, 11	4, 6, 12
		CO	26.46	-	4, 6, 9	4, 6, 9, 10, 11	4, 6, 12
		VOC	13.23	-	4, 6, 9	4, 6, 9, 10, 11	4, 6, 12
		PM ₁₀	4.85	-			
		SO ₂	0.04	-	9	9, 11	12
		H ₂ CO	0.21	-			
		HAP	0.67	-	4	4	4
		NH ₃	0.97	-	6, 8, 9	6, 8, 9, 10, 11	6, 12
		H ₂ SO ₄	<0.01	-			
ENG01 through ENG03 Annual	Engine 1 through Engine 3 Annual (Total for all engines)	NOx	-	38.33	4, 9	4, 9, 10, 11	4, 6, 12
		CO	-	98.05	4, 9	4, 9, 10, 11	4, 6, 12
		VOC	-	89.12	4, 9	4, 9, 10, 11	4, 6, 12
		PM ₁₀	-	50.19			
		SO ₂	-	0.47	9	9, 11	12
		H ₂ CO	-	2.28			
		HAP	-	7.40	4	4	4
		NH ₃	-	10.82	8, 9	8, 9, 10, 11	6, 12
		H ₂ SO ₄	-	0.07			

Major NSR Summary Table

Permit Number: 86301 and PSDTX1173				Issuance Date: 2/13/2015			
Emission Point No. (1)	Source Name (2)	Air Contaminant Name (3)	Emission Rates*		Monitoring and Testing Requirements	Recordkeeping Requirements	Reporting Requirements
			lb/hr	TPY **	Spec. Cond.	Spec. Cond.	Spec. Cond.
HEATER-01	Natural Gas Line Heater	NO _x	0.30	1.30			
		CO	0.25	1.09			
		VOC	0.02	0.07			
		PM ₁₀	0.02	0.10			
		SO ₂	<0.01	0.01			
		H ₂ CO	<0.01	<0.01			
		HAP	<0.01	0.02			
		H ₂ SO ₄	<0.01	<0.01			

(1) Emission point identification - either specific equipment designation or emission point number from plot plan.

(2) Specific point source names. For fugitive sources, use an area name or fugitive source name.

(3) NO_x - total oxides of nitrogen

CO - carbon monoxide

VOC - volatile organic compounds as defined in Title 30 Texas Administrative Code § 101.1

PM₁₀ - particulate matter equal to or less than 10 microns in diameter

SO₂ - sulfur dioxide

H₂CO - formaldehyde

HAP - hazardous air pollutant as listed in §112(b) of the Federal Clean Air Act or Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations Part 63, Subpart C

NH₃ - ammonia

H₂SO₄ - sulfuric acid

* Emission rates are based on and the facilities are limited by the following maximum operating schedule:

24 Hrs/day 7 Days/week 52 Weeks/year or 22,000 hours per year combined for all three engines

** Compliance with annual emission limits is based on a rolling 12-month period.



TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
AIR QUALITY PERMIT



A Permit Is Hereby Issued To
Greenville Electric Utility System
Authorizing the Construction and Operation of
Power Lane Steam Plant
Located at **Greenville, Hunt County, Texas**
Latitude 33° 10' 14" Longitude -96° 7' 37"

Permit: 86301 and PSDTX1173

Revision Date : February 13, 2015

Expiration Date: May 18, 2019

For the Commission

- Facilities** covered by this permit shall be constructed and operated as specified in the application for the permit. All representations regarding construction plans and operation procedures contained in the permit application shall be conditions upon which the permit is issued. Variations from these representations shall be unlawful unless the permit holder first makes application to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (commission) Executive Director to amend this permit in that regard and such amendment is approved. [Title 30 Texas Administrative Code 116.116 (30 TAC 116.116)]
- Voiding of Permit.** A permit or permit amendment is automatically void if the holder fails to begin construction within 18 months of the date of issuance, discontinues construction for more than 18 months prior to completion, or fails to complete construction within a reasonable time. Upon request, the executive director may grant an 18-month extension. Before the extension is granted the permit may be subject to revision based on best available control technology, lowest achievable emission rate, and netting or offsets as applicable. One additional extension of up to 18 months may be granted if the permit holder demonstrates that emissions from the facility will comply with all rules and regulations of the commission, the intent of the Texas Clean Air Act (TCAA), including protection of the public's health and physical property; and (b)(1) the permit holder is a party to litigation not of the permit holder's initiation regarding the issuance of the permit; or (b)(2) the permit holder has spent, or committed to spend, at least 10 percent of the estimated total cost of the project up to a maximum of \$5 million. A permit holder granted an extension under subsection (b)(1) of this section may receive one subsequent extension if the permit holder meets the conditions of subsection (b)(2) of this section. [30 TAC 116.120(a), (b) and (c)]
- Construction Progress.** Start of construction, construction interruptions exceeding 45 days, and completion of construction shall be reported to the appropriate regional office of the commission not later than 15 working days after occurrence of the event. [30 TAC 116.115(b)(2)(A)]
- Start-up Notification.** The appropriate air program regional office shall be notified prior to the commencement of operations of the facilities authorized by the permit in such a manner that a representative of the commission may be present. The permit holder shall provide a separate notification for the commencement of operations for each unit of phased construction, which may involve a series of units commencing operations at different times. Prior to operation of the facilities authorized by the permit, the permit holder shall identify the source or sources of allowances to be utilized for compliance with Chapter 101, Subchapter H, Division 3 of this title (relating to Mass Emissions Cap and Trade Program). [30 TAC 116.115(b)(2)(B)(iii)]
- Sampling Requirements.** If sampling is required, the permit holder shall contact the commission's Office of Compliance and Enforcement prior to sampling to obtain the proper data forms and procedures. All sampling and testing procedures must be approved by the executive director and coordinated with the regional representatives of the commission. The permit holder is also responsible for providing sampling facilities and conducting the sampling operations or contracting with an independent sampling consultant. [30 TAC 116.115(b)(2)(C)]

6. **Equivalency of Methods.** The permit holder must demonstrate or otherwise justify the equivalency of emission control methods, sampling or other emission testing methods, and monitoring methods proposed as alternatives to methods indicated in the conditions of the permit. Alternative methods shall be applied for in writing and must be reviewed and approved by the executive director prior to their use in fulfilling any requirements of the permit. [30 TAC 116.115(b)(2)(D)]
7. **Recordkeeping.** The permit holder shall maintain a copy of the permit along with records containing the information and data sufficient to demonstrate compliance with the permit, including production records and operating hours; keep all required records in a file at the plant site. If, however, the facility normally operates unattended, records shall be maintained at the nearest staffed location within Texas specified in the application; make the records available at the request of personnel from the commission or any air pollution control program having jurisdiction; comply with any additional recordkeeping requirements specified in special conditions attached to the permit; and retain information in the file for at least two years following the date that the information or data is obtained. [30 TAC 116.115(b)(2)(E)]
8. **Maximum Allowable Emission Rates.** The total emissions of air contaminants from any of the sources of emissions must not exceed the values stated on the table attached to the permit entitled "Emission Sources--Maximum Allowable Emission Rates." [30 TAC 116.115(b)(2)(F)]
9. **Maintenance of Emission Control.** The permitted facilities shall not be operated unless all air pollution emission capture and abatement equipment is maintained in good working order and operating properly during normal facility operations. The permit holder shall provide notification for upsets and maintenance in accordance with 30 TAC 101.201, 101.211, and 101.221 of this title (relating to Emissions Event Reporting and Recordkeeping Requirements; Scheduled Maintenance, Startup, and Shutdown Reporting and Recordkeeping Requirements; and Operational Requirements). [30 TAC 116.115(b)(2)(G)]
10. **Compliance with Rules.** Acceptance of a permit by an applicant constitutes an acknowledgment and agreement that the permit holder will comply with all rules, regulations, and orders of the commission issued in conformity with the TCAA and the conditions precedent to the granting of the permit. If more than one state or federal rule or regulation or permit condition is applicable, the most stringent limit or condition shall govern and be the standard by which compliance shall be demonstrated. Acceptance includes consent to the entrance of commission employees and agents into the permitted premises at reasonable times to investigate conditions relating to the emission or concentration of air contaminants, including compliance with the permit. [30 TAC 116.115(b)(2)(H)]
11. **This** permit may not be transferred, assigned, or conveyed by the holder except as provided by rule. [30 TAC 116.110(e)]
12. **There** may be additional special conditions attached to a permit upon issuance or modification of the permit. Such conditions in a permit may be more restrictive than the requirements of Title 30 of the Texas Administrative Code. [30 TAC 116.115(c)]
13. **Emissions** from this facility must not cause or contribute to a condition of "air pollution" as defined in Texas Health and Safety Code (THSC) 382.003(3) or violate THSC 382.085. If the executive director determines that such a condition or violation occurs, the holder shall implement additional abatement measures as necessary to control or prevent the condition or violation.
14. **The** permit holder shall comply with all the requirements of this permit. Emissions that exceed the limits of this permit are not authorized and are violations of this permit.

Special Conditions

Permit Numbers 86301 and PSDTX1173

Fuel Specifications and Work Practices

1. This permit covers the installation and operation of 3 Wärtsilä, Model 20V34SG, 11,631 brake-horsepower (bhp) (nominal) natural gas-fired engines for the combined generation of 25 megawatts (nominal rating) of electricity combined. This permit also covers the installation of support equipment including a natural gas fired heater. **(12/10)**
2. Fuel fired in the engines is limited to pipeline quality natural gas containing no more than 1.0 gr/100 scf total sulfur. The use of any other fuel will require an amendment to this permit.
3. Emissions of nitrogen oxides (NO_x), carbon monoxide (CO), and volatile organic compounds (VOC) shall comply with the following limits:

Emission Unit	Air Contaminant	Emission Rate Limit
Wärtsilä 20V34SG 11630.9 bhp	NO _x	0.084 g/bhp-hr
	CO	0.3 g/bhp-hr
	VOC	0.3 g/bhp-hr

The emission rates shall be reported in brake specific units of gram per horsepower-hour (g/hp-hr) and in units of pounds per hour. The g/hp-hr limits for NO_x, CO, and VOC listed above, along with the hourly and annual emission rate limits referenced in the attached maximum allowable emission rates table (MAERT), represent the best available control technology and are applicable under all engine load conditions.

Federal Applicability

4. The engines shall comply with all applicable requirements of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) regulations on Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources promulgated for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines in Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations Part 60, Subpart JJJJ (40 CFR Part 60, Subpart JJJJ). **(12/10)**

The engines shall comply with all applicable requirements of the National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPs) and Maximum Achievable Control Technology (MACT) promulgated for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines in 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ. **(11/09)**

5. If any state or federal rule or regulation is more stringent than this permit, then the more stringent condition or limitation shall govern and be the standard by which compliance will be demonstrated.

Initial Determination of Compliance

6. The holder of this permit shall perform stack testing to establish the actual pattern and quantities of air contaminants being emitted from one of the engines. The holder of this permit shall provide test facilities and conduct test operations at his expense.

Gaseous sampling ports and sampling platforms shall be incorporated into the design of the engine stack per specifications in the attachment entitled "Chapter 2, Stack Sampling Facilities" of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) Sampling Procedures Manual. Alternate sampling facility designs may be submitted for approval by the TCEQ Regional Director.

- A. The TCEQ Dallas/Fort Worth Regional Office shall be contacted as soon as testing is scheduled but not less than 45 days prior to sampling to schedule a pretest meeting.

The notice shall include:

- (1) Date for pretest meeting.
- (2) Date sampling will occur.
- (3) Name of firm conducting sampling.
- (4) Type of sampling equipment to be used.
- (5) Method or procedure to be used in sampling.
- (6) Method or procedure used to determine engine load.

The purpose of the pretest meeting is to review the necessary sampling and testing procedures, to provide the proper data forms for recording pertinent data, and to review the format procedures for submitting the test reports.

A written proposed description of any deviation from sampling procedures specified in permit conditions or TCEQ or EPA sampling procedures shall be made available to the TCEQ prior to the pretest meeting. The TCEQ Dallas/Fort Worth Regional Director shall approve or disapprove of any deviation from specified sampling procedures. Requests to waive testing for any pollutant specified in Section B of this condition shall be submitted to the TCEQ Air Permits Division in Austin.

- B. Air contaminants emitted from the engine to be tested for include (but are not limited to) NO_x, CO, oxygen (O₂), anhydrous ammonia (NH₃), and VOC. Emissions shall be determined by appropriate EPA methods or other methods approved by the TCEQ Dallas/Fort Worth Regional Director prior to sampling.
- C. Emissions of NO_x, CO, NH₃, and VOC shall be sampled at three points in the normal operating range including the upper and lower ends of full engine load range. For each test, the following engine operating parameters shall be clearly described in the sampling report: air-fuel ratio, engine speed, and horsepower.
- D. During testing, emissions of NO_x, CO, and VOC shall demonstrate compliance with the limits set in Special Condition No. 3.

- E. For test purposes only, the holder of this permit may operate the engine outside its proposed operating range during the initial performance test solely for the purpose of determining the compliance operating range of the engine. Exceedance of emission limits during initial performance testing will not be considered a violation of the permit.
- F. Sampling shall be performed within 180 days after initial start-up of the engine and at such other times as required by the Executive Director of the TCEQ. Requests for additional time to perform sampling shall be submitted to the TCEQ Dallas/Fort Worth Regional Office.
- G. Two copies of the final sampling report shall be forwarded to the TCEQ within 45 days after sampling is completed. The reports shall be distributed as follows:
 - One copy to the TCEQ Dallas/Fort Worth Regional Office
 - One copy to EPA Region 6

Chemical Storage

- 7. This permit allows for the construction of one urea storage tank. Storage of urea on-site is limited to this tank only unless authorization is obtained for more tanks.

Continuous Determination of Compliance

- 8. The ammonia (NH₃) concentration in each Exhaust Stack (Emission Point Nos. [EPNs] ENG-01 through ENG-03) shall be tested or calculated according to one of the methods listed below and shall be tested or calculated according to frequency listed below. Testing for NH₃ slip is only required on days when the selective catalytic reduction (SCR) unit is in operation.
 - A. The holder of this permit may install, calibrate, maintain, and operate a continuous emissions monitoring system (CEMS) to measure and record the concentrations of NH₃.
 - B. As an approved alternative, the NH₃ slip may be measured using a sorbent or stain tube device specific for NH₃ measurement. The frequency of sorbent/stain tube testing shall be daily for the first 60 days of operation, after which, the frequency may be reduced to weekly testing if operating procedures have been developed to prevent excess amounts of urea from being introduced in the SCR unit and when operation of the SCR unit have been proven successful with regard to controlling NH₃ slip. Daily sorbent or stain tube testing shall resume when the catalyst is within 30 days of its useful life expectancy.

If the measured ammonia slip concentration exceeds 5 parts per million (ppm) for a consecutive one-hour period or the average of one or more sorbent or stain tube tests in an hour, the permit holder shall begin NH₃ testing by either the Phenol-Nitroprusside Method, the Indophenol Method, or the EPA Conditional Test Method (CTM) 27 on a quarterly basis, in addition to the weekly sorbent or stain tube testing.

The quarterly testing shall continue until such time as the SCR unit catalyst is replaced; or if the quarterly testing indicates NH₃ slip is 3 ppm or less, the Phenol-Nitroprusside/Indophenol/CTM 27 tests may be suspended until sorbent/stain tube testing again indicate 5 ppm NH₃ slip or greater.

- C. Any other method used for measuring NH₃ slip shall require prior approval from the TCEQ Air Permits Division.
9. In order to demonstrate that emission limits specified in the MAERT are continuously met, the holder of this permit shall perform the following:
- A. Conduct evaluations of engine performance every calendar quarter with more than two months between tests by measuring the NO_x, CO, and O₂ content of the exhaust at high engine load (greater than 75% of maximum load). Individual engines shall be subject to quarterly performance evaluation if they were in operation for 500 hours or more during the subject three-month (quarterly) period. Quarterly testing shall be completed no more than 90 days after the end of the subject calendar quarter. **(02/15)**
 - B. The use of portable analyzers specifically designed for measuring the concentration of each contaminant in parts per million by volume or the test methods specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart JJJJ are acceptable for these evaluations. The portable analyzer shall be operated in accordance with the EPA's, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, Emission Measurement Center Conditional Test Method - Determination of O₂, CO, and NO_x from Stationary Sources for Periodic Monitoring (Portable Electrochemical Analyzer Procedure) [CTM-034] (September 8, 1999). A hot air probe or equivalent shall be used with portable analyzers to prevent error in results due to high exhaust gas temperatures. Three sets of measurements shall be averaged to determine the concentrations. Prior to and following the measurements, the portable analyzer shall be checked for accuracy using an audit gas that conforms to the specifications in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix F, § 5.1.2(3). Any other method approved by the TCEQ Dallas/Fort Worth Regional Office is also acceptable. The NO_x emissions shall be corrected and calculated in units of the underlying applicable emission limitation (grams per horsepower-hour, pounds per MMBtu, pounds per hour). **(02/15)**
 - C. Emissions shall be measured and recorded in the as-found operating condition, except no compliance determination shall be established during startup, shutdown, or under breakdown conditions.
 - D. The permit holder shall monitor fuel consumption once per day using a monitoring device that is accurate to ±5% and maintained, calibrated, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications or other written procedures.

Recordkeeping

10. The following records shall be kept at the plant for the life of the permit. All records required in this permit shall be made immediately available upon request to designated

representatives of the TCEQ, EPA, or any local air pollution control program having jurisdiction.

- A. A copy of this permit.
 - B. Permit application submitted on September 26, 2008, and subsequent representations submitted to the TCEQ.
 - C. The results of the initial stack test required in Special Condition No. 6.
11. The following information shall be maintained at the plant by the holder of this permit in a form suitable for inspection for a period of five years after collection and shall be made immediately available upon request to representatives of the TCEQ, EPA, or any local air pollution control program having jurisdiction. **(03/11)**
- A. Date and description of engine maintenance activities that could affect engine emissions or performance and any support equipment maintenance.
 - B. Monthly records of fuel consumption and total sulfur content.
 - C. The results of the quarterly evaluations required in Special Condition No. 9.
 - D. Stack sampling results or other air emissions testing that may be conducted on units authorized under this permit after the date of issuance of this permit.
 - E. A copy of all reports required by Special Condition No. 12.
 - F. Monthly records of total engine plant electrical production.

Reporting

12. The holder of this permit shall submit to the TCEQ Dallas/Fort Worth Regional Office, quarterly reports, no later than 90 days after the end of the quarter, containing the following: **(12/10)**
- A. Results of the quarterly evaluations required in Special Condition No. 9.
 - B. In addition to requirements under Title 30 Texas Administrative Code § 101.201 and 101.211, a summary of the periods of emission limit exceedance.
 - C. When no excess emissions or air pollution control equipment failures or adjustments have occurred, such information shall be stated in the report.
 - D. No report is required for quarters where engine testing was not required, emission limits were not exceeded and no pollution control equipment failures occurred.

Dated: February 13, 2015

EMISSION SOURCES - MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE EMISSION RATES

Permit Numbers 86301 and PSD-TX-1173

This table lists the maximum allowable emission rates and all sources of air contaminants on the applicant's property covered by this permit. The emission rates shown are those derived from information submitted as part of the application for permit and are the maximum rates allowed for these facilities. Any proposed increase in emission rates may require an application for a modification of the facilities covered by this permit.

AIR CONTAMINANTS DATA				
Emission Point No. (1)	Source Name (2)	Air Contaminant Name (3)	Emission Rates *	
			lb/hr	TPY**
ENG01 through ENG03	Engine 1 through Engine 3 (Each engine)	NO _x	2.15	---
		CO	7.69	---
		VOC	7.69	---
		PM ₁₀	4.50	---
		SO ₂	0.04	---
		H ₂ CO	0.21	---
		HAP	0.67	---
		NH ₃	0.97	---
		H ₂ SO ₄	<0.01	---
ENG01 through ENG03 Start-Up	Engine 1 through Engine 3 Start-Up (Each engine) (450 hours)	NO _x	23.52	---
		CO	26.46	---
		VOC	13.23	---
		PM ₁₀	4.85	---
		SO ₂	0.04	---
		H ₂ CO	0.21	---
		HAP	0.67	---
		NH ₃	0.97	---
		H ₂ SO ₄	<0.01	---
ENG01 through ENG03 Annual	Engine 1 through Engine 3 Annual (Total for all Engines)	NO _x	---	38.33
		CO	---	98.05
		VOC	---	89.12
		PM ₁₀	--	50.19
		SO ₂	---	0.47
		H ₂ CO	---	2.28
		HAP	---	7.40
		NH ₃	---	10.82
		H ₂ SO ₄	---	0.07

EMISSION SOURCES - MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE EMISSION RATES

AIR CONTAMINANTS DATA				
Emission Point No. (1)	Source Name (2)	Air Contaminant Name (3)	Emission Rates *	
			lb/hr	TPY**
HEATER-01	Natural Gas Line Heater	NO _x	0.30	1.30
		CO	0.25	1.09
		VOC	0.02	0.07
		PM ₁₀	0.02	0.10
		SO ₂	<0.01	0.01
		H ₂ CO	<0.01	<0.01
		HAP	<0.01	0.02
		H ₂ SO ₄	<0.01	<0.01

- (1) Emission point identification - either specific equipment designation or emission point number from a plot plan.
- (2) Specific point source names. For fugitive sources, use an area name or fugitive source name.
- (3)
 - NO_x - total oxides of nitrogen
 - CO - carbon monoxide
 - VOC - volatile organic compounds as defined in Title 30 Texas Administrative Code § 101.1
 - PM₁₀ - particulate matter equal to or less than 10 microns in diameter
 - SO₂ - sulfur dioxide
 - H₂CO - formaldehyde
 - HAP - hazardous air pollutant as listed in § 112(b) of the Federal Clean Air Act or Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations Part 63, Subpart C
 - NH₃ - ammonia
 - H₂SO₄ - sulfuric acid

* Emission rates are based on and the facilities are limited by the following maximum operating schedule:
24 Hrs/day 7 Days/week 52 Weeks/year or 22,000 hours per year combined for all three engines

** Compliance with annual emission limits is based on a rolling 12-month period.

Dated December 27, 2010