## Comparison of 40 CFR 63 Subpart HHHHHH Requirements to 30 TAC 106.433 and 106.436 Requirements

Туре	40 CFR 63 Subpart HHHHHH Requirements	30 TAC 106.433 Requirements	30 TAC 106.436 Requirements
Methylene Chloride Stripping	§63.11173(a) and (b):	§106.433:	§106.436:
	(a)Each paint stripping operation that is an affected area source must implement	NA	NA
	management practices to minimize the evaporative emissions of MeCl.		
	(b) Each paint stripping operation that has annual usage of more than one ton of		
	MeCl must develop and implement a written MeCl minimization plan to minimize		
	the use and emissions of MeCl.		
Operator Training	§63.11173(e)(1):	§106.433:	§106.436:
	All painters must be certified that they have completed training that meets the	NA	NA
	requirements of §63.11173(f)		
Over Spray Filter Efficiency	§63.11173(e)(2)(i):	§106.433(6)(C):	§106.436(7):
	98%	95%	90%
Spray Booths	§63.11173(e)(2)(ii), (iii),and (iv):	§106.433(6):	§106.436(5) and (6):
	Complete motor vehicle or mobile equipment refinishing requires spray booths	dry filtered spray booth or work area	Spray coating more than nine square
	and preparation areas that are fully enclosed with a full roof and four complete	with intake face velocity of more	feet shall be conducted in a totally
	sides or complete side curtains that is maintained under negative pressure.	than 100 fpm	enclosed filtered booth or spray
			area. Spray coating less than nine
	Spray booths and ventilated enclosures used to coat miscellaneous parts or		square feet shall be conducted in a
	vehicle sub assemblies must have a full roof at least three complete walls or side		dedicated preparation area
	curtains and be operated so that air is drawn into the booth.		exhausted through a stack or
			recirculated back into the shop after
	Mobile ventilated enclosures that are used to perform spot repairs must be		passing through a carbon adsorbtion
	enclosed and , if necessary seal against the surface around the area being coated		system. The preparation area shall
	such that paint overspray is retained within the enclosure and directed to a paint		be equipped with a dry filter system.
	overspray filter.		
Application Equipment	§63.11173(e)(3):	§106.433:	§106.436:
	HVLP, electrostatic, airless, air assisted airless or any other type of application	NA	HVLP, electrostatic or other methods
	equipment that has a transfer efficiency comparable to one of the listed		demonstrated to provide equal or
	application equipment types.		greater transfer efficiency
	See §63.11180 for Spray applied Coating Operations for application equipment		30 TAC 115.422 requires that 65%
	types that are exempt from this requirement.		transfer efficiency must be met and
	types that are exempt from this requirement.		states that HVLP is assumed to meet
			65% transfer efficiency
			03% transfer efficiency

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Application Equipment Cleanup	§63.11173(e)(4):	§106.433:	§106.436(9):
	Spraying solvent through the gun and capture of all solvent  Disassembled gun cleaning in a container, flush cleaning and enclosed gun washers	NA	Enclosed gun cleaners, non enclosed gun cleaners with low vapor pressure solvents that drain to an enclosed reservoir, storage in closed containers
Coating HAP Limits	§63.11180:	§106.433(7)(B):	§106.436:
Coating HAF Limits	Target HAP are compounds of chromium (Cr), lead (Pb), manganese (Mn), nickel (Ni), or cadmium (Cd). Target HAP containing coating means a spray-applied coating that contains any individual target HAP that is an Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)-defined carcinogen as specified in 29 CFR 1910.1200(d)(4) at a concentration greater than 0.1 percent by mass, or greater than 1.0 percent by mass for any other individual target HAP compound.	For non enclosed spray painting operations the VOC emission limits shall be no more than 240 lb/wk and 2000 lb/yr if the coatings contain greater than 0.1% by weight of chromates, lead, cadmium, selenium, strontium or cobalt	NA
Exemptions	§63.11170(a)(3) and §63.11180:	§106.433(4)(C):	§106.436(2)(A) and (B):
	Facility maintenance operations are exempt from the requirements of this rule. Facility maintenance means, for the purposes of this subpart, surface coating performed as part of the routine repair or renovation of the tools, equipment, machinery, and structures that comprise the infrastructure of the affected facility and that are necessary for the facility to function in its intended capacity. Facility maintenance also includes surface coating associated with the installation of new equipment or structures, and the application of any surface coating as part of janitorial activities. Facility maintenance includes the application of coatings to stationary structures or their appurtenances at the site of installation, to portable buildings at the site of installation, to pavements, or to curbs. Facility maintenance also includes the refinishing of mobile equipment in the field or at the site where they are used in service and at which they are intended to remain indefinitely after refinishing. Such mobile equipment includes, but is not limited to, farm equipment and mining equipment for which it is not practical or feasible to move to a dedicated mobile equipment refinishing facility. Such mobile equipment also includes items, such as fork trucks, that are used in a manufacturing facility and which are refinished in that same facility. Facility maintenance does not include surface coating of motor vehicles, mobile equipment, or items that routinely leave and return to the facility, such as delivery trucks, rental equipment, or containers used to transport, deliver, distribute, or dispense commercial products to customers, such as compressed gas canisters.	If emissions of VOC and exempt solvent are less than 0.25 lb/hr then the operation is exempt from the opacity limits in Condition No. 9, the spray booth and distance requirements in Condition Nos. 6 and 7, the recordkeeping requirements of condition No. 8 and the registration requirements in Condition No. 9	section except for paragraphs (3), (4), (16), and (17) of this section.

Туре	40 CFR 63 Subpart HHHHHH Requirements	30 TAC 106.433 Requirements	30 TAC 106.436 Requirements
Notifications	§63.11175:	§106.433:	§106.436:
	(a) Initial Notification. If you are the owner or operator of a paint stripping	NA	NA
	operation using paint strippers containing MeCl and/or a surface coating		
	operation subject to this subpart, you must submit the initial notification required		
	by §63.9(b).		
	(b) Notification of Compliance Status.		
Reports	§63.11176:	§106.433:	§106.436:
	(a) Annual Notification of Changes Report.	NA	NA
	(b) If you are the owner or operator of a paint stripping affected source that has		
	not developed and implemented a written MeCl minimization plan in accordance		
	with §63.11173(b) of this subpart, you must submit a report for any calendar year		
	in which you use more than one ton of MeCl.		
Recordkeeping	§63.11177 and 11178:	§106.433(8):	§106.436(15):
	(a) Certification that each painter has completed the training specified in	MSDS, daily coating and solvent	Records of coating and solvent
	§63.11173(f)	usage, daily hours of operation and	purchases
		records of emissions in lb/hr,	
	(b) Documentation of the filter efficiency	lb/week, and tons for the pervious 12-month period	
	(c) Documentation from the spray gun manufacturer that each spray gun type not	1	
	covered by this rule has a transfer efficiency equivalent to an HVLP gun		
	covered by this rule has a transfer emcleticy equivalent to an fiver guil		
	(d) Copies of any notification submitted as required by §63.11175 and copies of		
	any report submitted as required by §63.11176		
	(e) Records of paint strippers containing MeCl used for paint stripping operations		
	(f) Maintain a record of your current MeCl minimization plan on site for the		
	duration of your paint stripping operations.		
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