

# Northeast Texas Early Action Compact

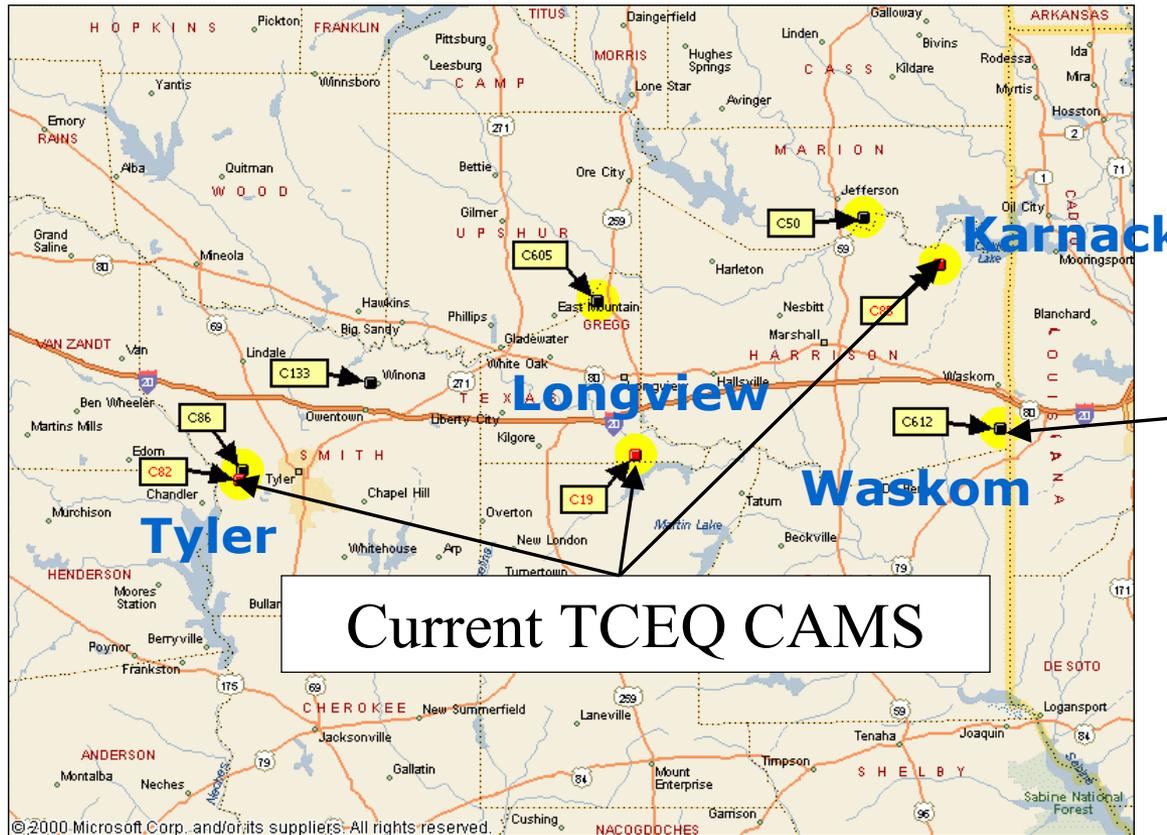
TCEQ Modeling Summit  
January 21, 2004

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# Outline

- History of NETAC
- Ozone trends
- Emission inventories
- Ozone modeling
- Attainment demonstration
- Additional Local Reductions for the EAC

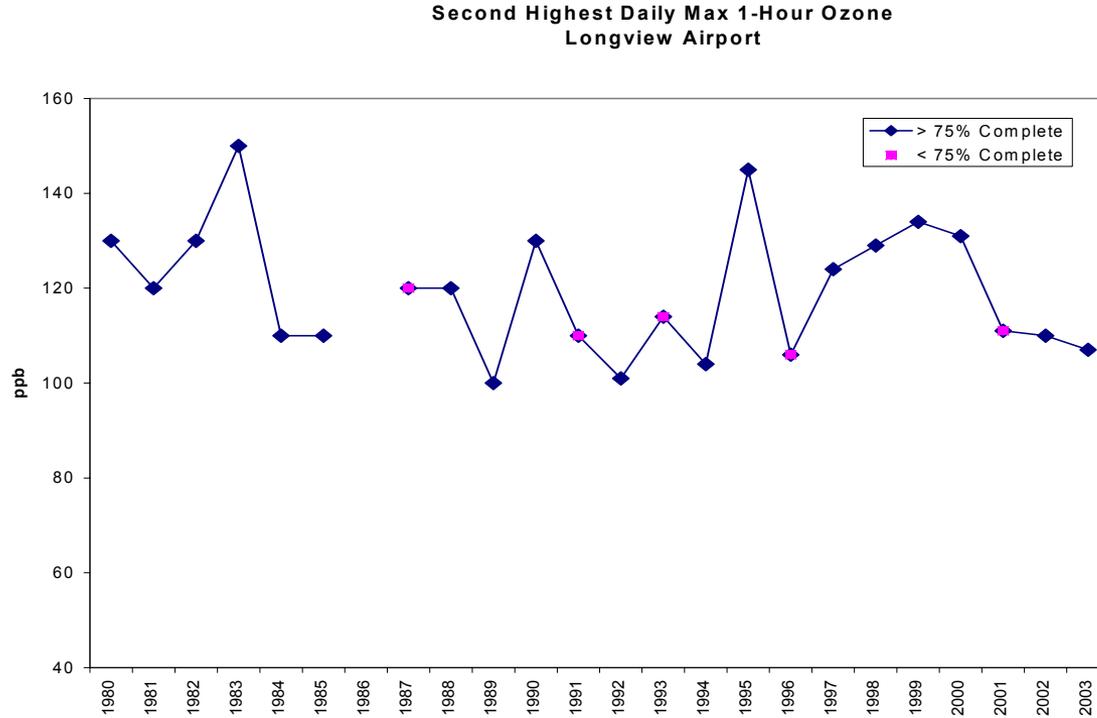
# Northeast Texas Ozone Monitoring Network



NETAC  
Research  
Site

Current TCEQ CAMS

# 1-Hour Ozone at Longview



1-hour ozone trend at Longview from 1980 to 2003

From the Conceptual Model report, January 9, 2004

## NETAC

- Northeast Texas Air Care
  - Formed in 1996
  - Gregg, Harrison, Rusk, Smith and Upshur Counties
  - Local stakeholder group with “power of persuasion”
- Flexible Attainment Region
  - FAR designation from 1996-2001 allowed NETAC to develop a 1-hour ozone plan
- SIP revision
  - Voluntary NO<sub>x</sub> reductions by NETAC members made enforceable in 2001 SIP submittal
- Early Action Compact extends the local process

## NETAC Activities

- Leadership and coordination of local air quality planning
  - Emission reductions for the FAR, SIP and EAC
- Directing technical studies using Rider funding from the State Legislature
  - Monitoring, emissions inventory, modeling
- Public outreach
  - Ozone action days and public awareness
  - Web site: [www.netac.org](http://www.netac.org)

# NETAC Point Source NO<sub>x</sub> Reductions

| <b>Facility</b>                     | <b>Measure</b> | <b>Reduction</b> | <b>Implemented</b> |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Americican Electric Power (AEP/CSW) |                |                  |                    |
| Pirkey                              | LNB/OA         | 30%              | 2002               |
| Welsh (1&2)                         | LNB/OA         | 45%              | 2001-2002          |
| Wilkes (2&3)                        | LNB            | 45%              | 1999-2000          |
| Knox Lee (5)                        | Burners        | 15%              | 2000               |
| Texas Utlities (TXU)                |                |                  |                    |
| Martin Lake (1-3)                   | LNB/OA         | 40%              | 2001 - 2003        |
| Monticello (1-3)                    | LNB/OA         | 30%              | 2000 - 2003        |
| Stryker Creek (1)                   | LNB            | 7%               | 2003               |
| Eastman Chemical Company            |                |                  |                    |
| Longview                            | Co-gen, other  | 40%              | 2000 - 2002        |

LNB = Low-NO<sub>x</sub> burner

OA = Over fire air

Eastman measures included co-generation boilers and other changes

# Point Source NOx Reductions

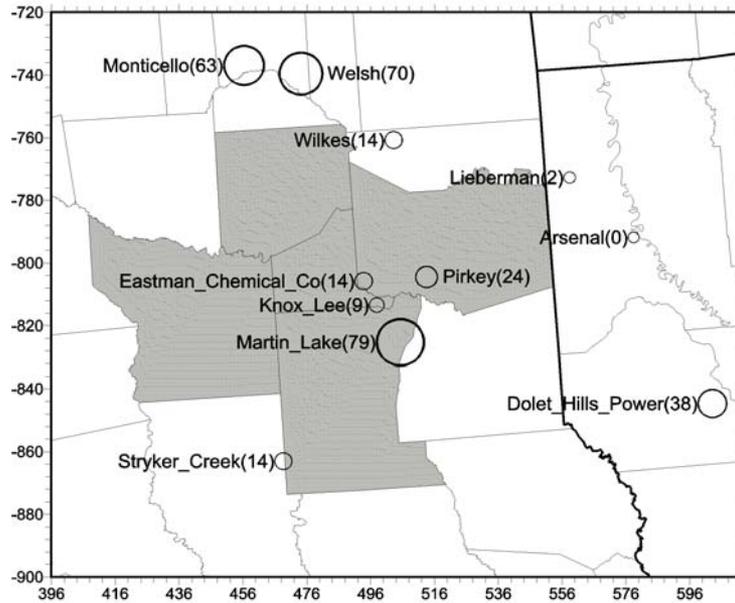


Figure 3-1. 1999 average episode day NOx for the facilities in Table 3-5. These represent elevated sources for all facilities with the exception of Eastman\_Chemical which represents the total NOx from Table 3-6.

1999

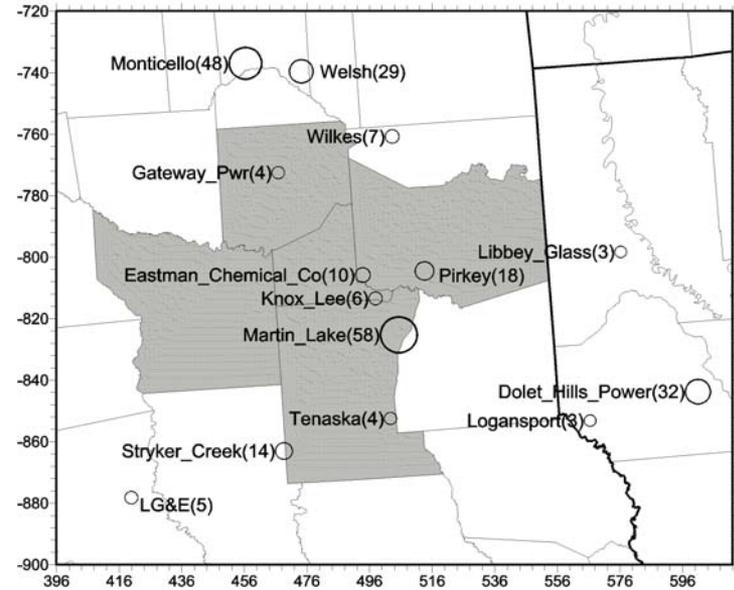


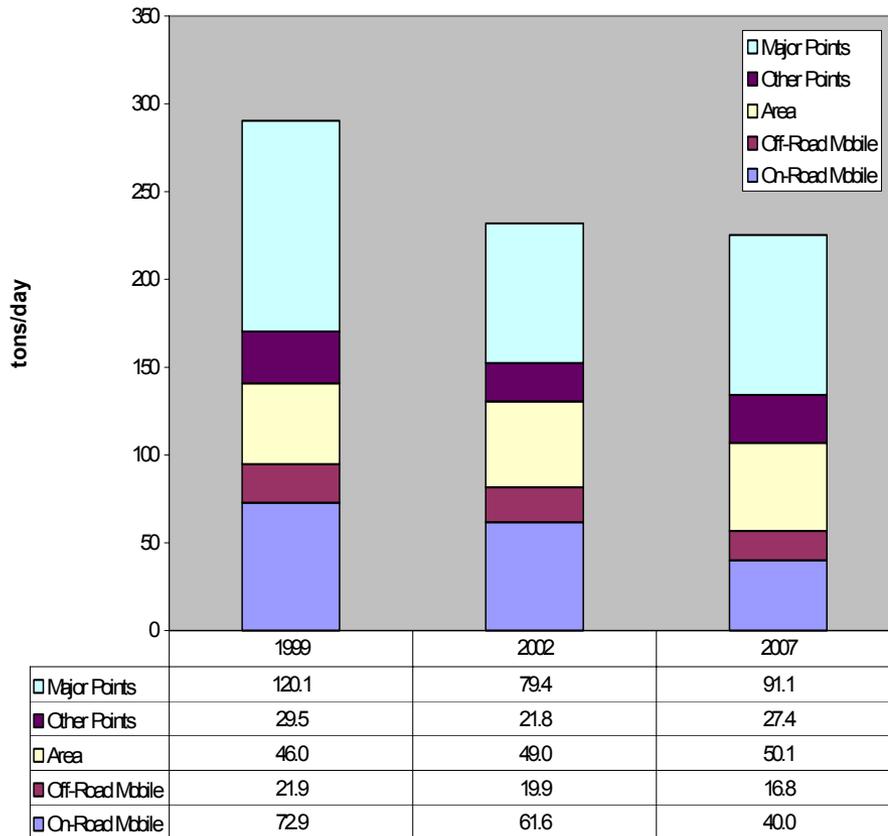
Figure 3-3. 2007 average episode day NOx for the facilities in Table 3-22. These represent elevated sources for all facilities with the exception of Eastman\_Chemical which represents the total NOx from Table 3-23.

2002

Emission inventories from the EAC ozone modeling

## Emission Trends 1999 to 2007

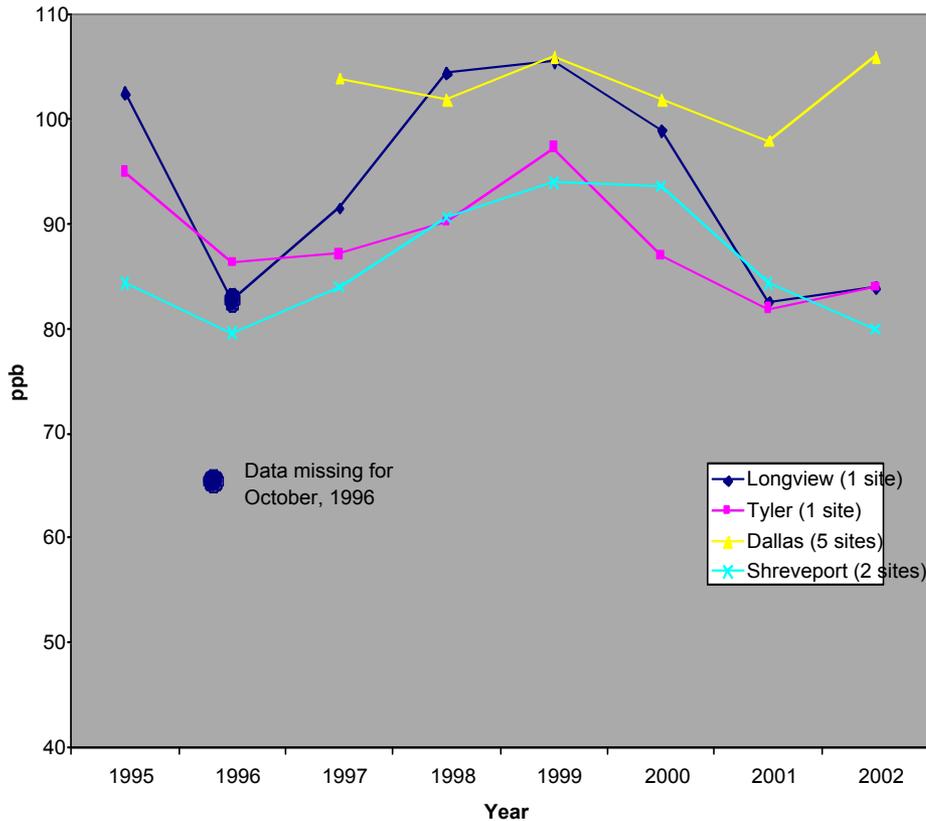
Tyler-Longview-Marshall NNA: NOx Emissions  
Summer Average Day



- From the EAC modeling
- NOx reductions from major point sources
- Reductions for on-road (light and heavy-duty) and off-road mobile sources
- Small compressors in gas production impact area source NOx and are not controlled

# Trends in 8-hour Ozone

Annual 4th Highest Daily Maximum 8-Hour Ozone  
Dallas, Longview, Tyler, and Shreveport



- Annual design value trends 1996-2002
- Longview, Tyler and Shreveport all declined 1999 to 2002
- No clear decrease for Dallas (over 5 sites)
- Largest decrease 1999 to 2002 at Longview

# Preliminary 2003 Design Values

| <b>Year</b>             | <b>Longview</b> | <b>Tyler</b> | <b>Karnack</b>    | <b>Waskom</b>    |
|-------------------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------------|------------------|
| 2001                    | 82              | 82           | Partial<br>season | Not<br>Operating |
| 2002                    | 84              | 84           | 88                | 86               |
| 2003                    | 82              | 79           | 80                | 82               |
| <b>Design<br/>Value</b> | <b>82</b>       | <b>81</b>    | <b>(84)</b>       | <b>(84)</b>      |

2 year design values for Karnack and Waskom do not determine attainment status but are used in modeling

## Preliminary 2003 Attainment Status

- Longview and Tyler are monitoring attainment for 8-hr (and 1-hr) ozone in 2003
- Highest design values likely to be at Karnack
  - tends to be upwind of major Texas sources on high ozone days
  - Karnack influenced by transport
- Reducing regional ozone transport will play a role in continued attainment

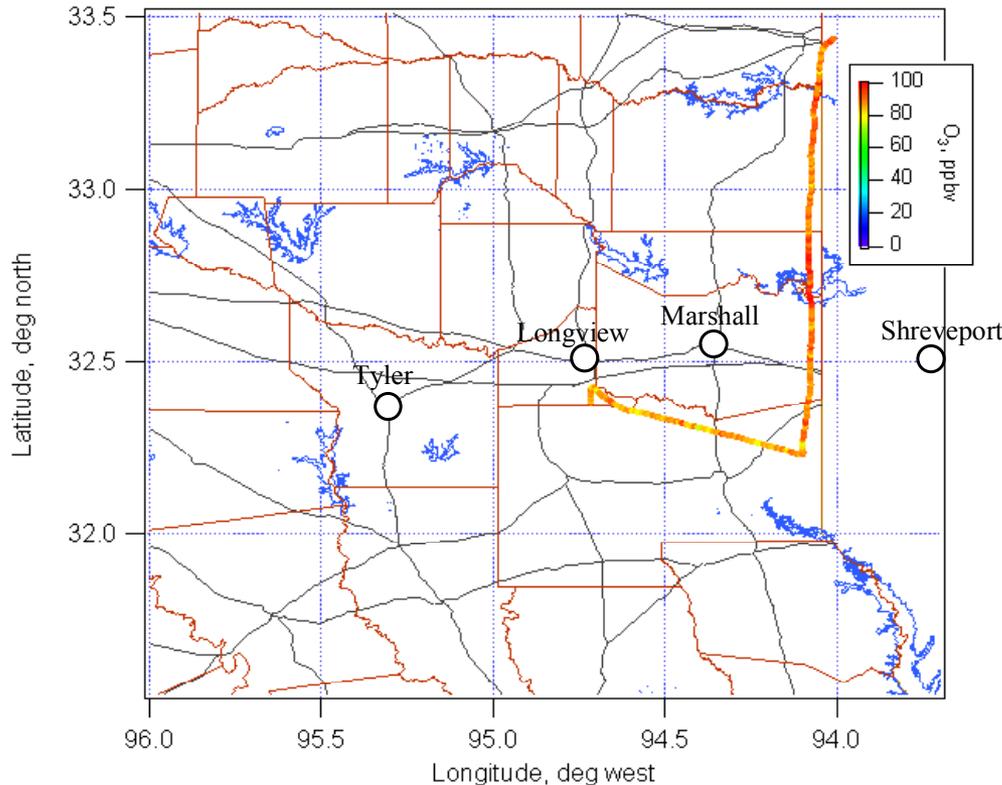
# Impact of Ozone Transport

**Baylor Cessna 172 data**

Flight Date: Thu, Aug 29, 2002  
 Flight start time = 1:27:01 PM  
 Flight end time = 2:45:59 PM

Original data file: 082902Bmodfinal.dat

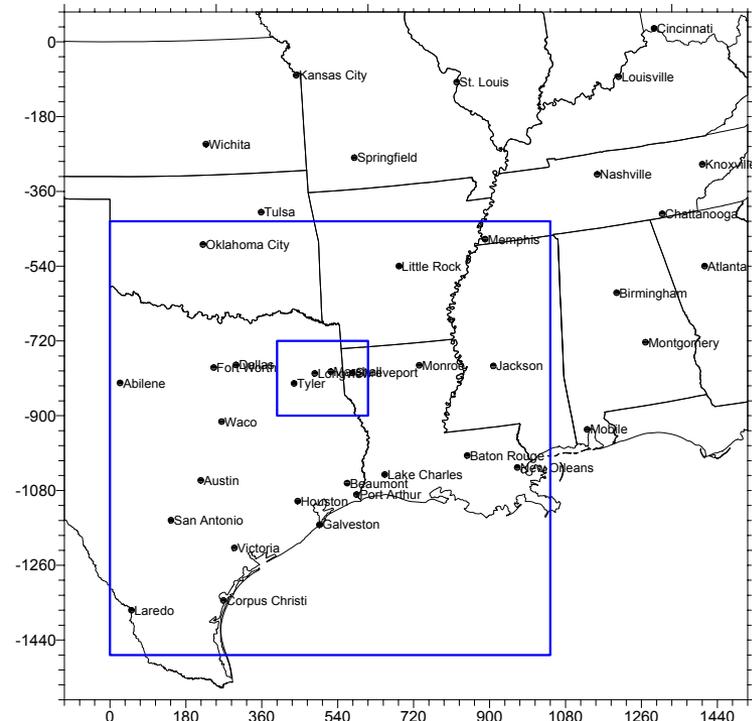
Date plotted: Thu, Dec 19, 2002



- NETAC sponsored Baylor Aircraft study
- August 29, 2002
- Easterly winds
- 80 to 90 ppb of ozone transported into Northeast Texas over a wide area

## Ozone Modeling for the EAC

- August 13-22, 1999
- CAMx version 4.03
- MM5 version 3
- Emissions
  - MOBILE6
  - NONROAD2002
  - NETAC/TCEQ/EPA data
  - GloBEIS3 biogenics



CAMx GRID DIMENSIONS  
LCP Grid with reference origin at (40 N, 100 W)

36 km Grid: 45 x 46 cells from (-108, -1584) to (1512, 72)  
 12 km Grid: 87 x 87 cells from ( 0, -1476) to (1044, -432)  
 4 km Grid: 54 x 45 cells from ( 396, -900) to ( 612, -720)

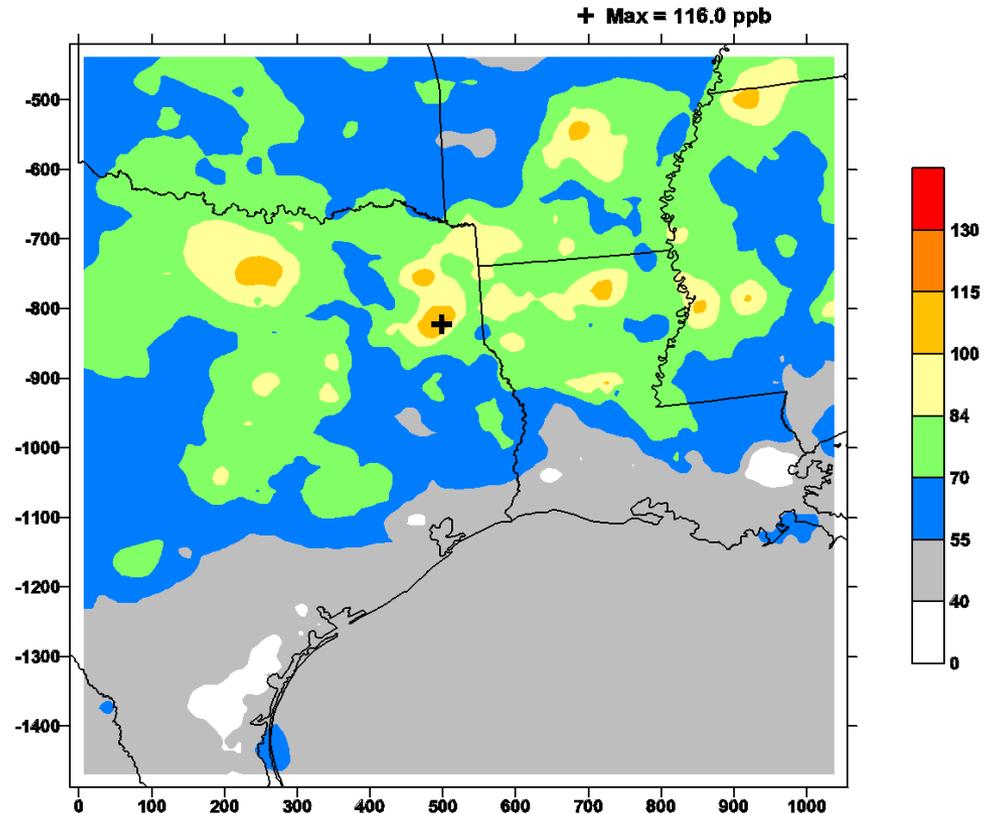
(nested grid dimensions do not include buffer cells)

## Model Performance Evaluation

- EPA's 1999 draft modeling guidance for 8-hour ozone
  - Performance objectives, not criteria
  - Seek good performance for right reasons
  - Evaluate against the conceptual model
  - Include statistical and graphical methods used previously for 1-hour ozone
  - New comparisons for 8-hour maximums at each monitor: correspond to DV scaling

# 8-hr Daily Max Isopleths

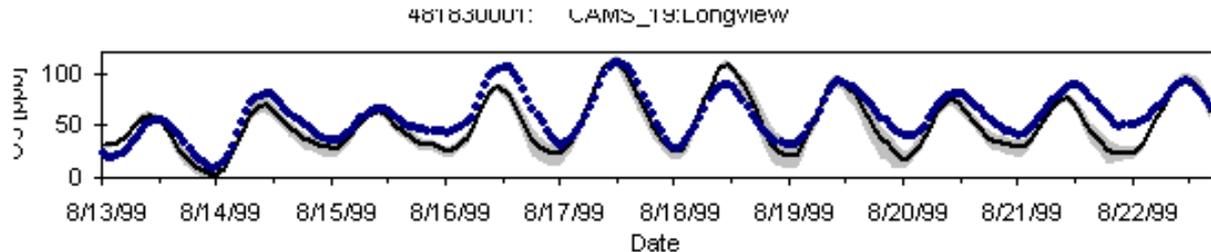
- August 17<sup>th</sup>, 1999
- High regional ozone due to stagnation
- Highest levels are in NE Texas near center of stagnation
- Local and regional ozone contributions



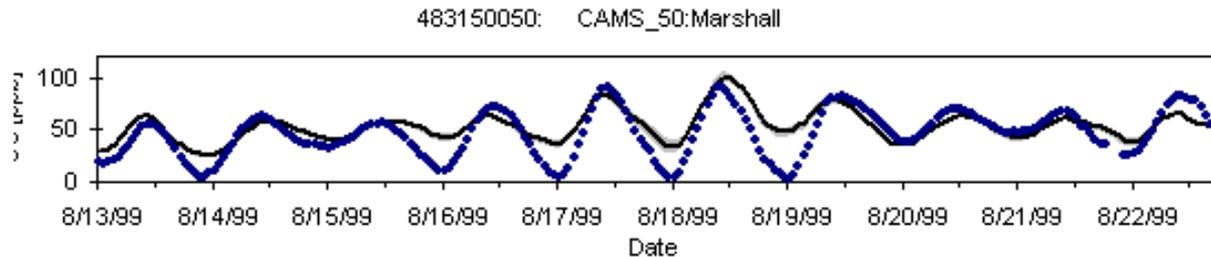
Daily Max 8-Hour Ozone(ppb)  
1999 base7  
August 17, 1999

# 8-hr Ozone Time Series

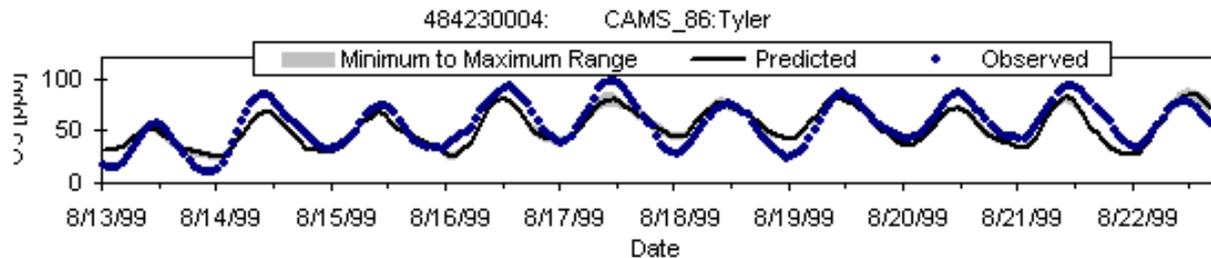
Longview



Marshall



Tyler

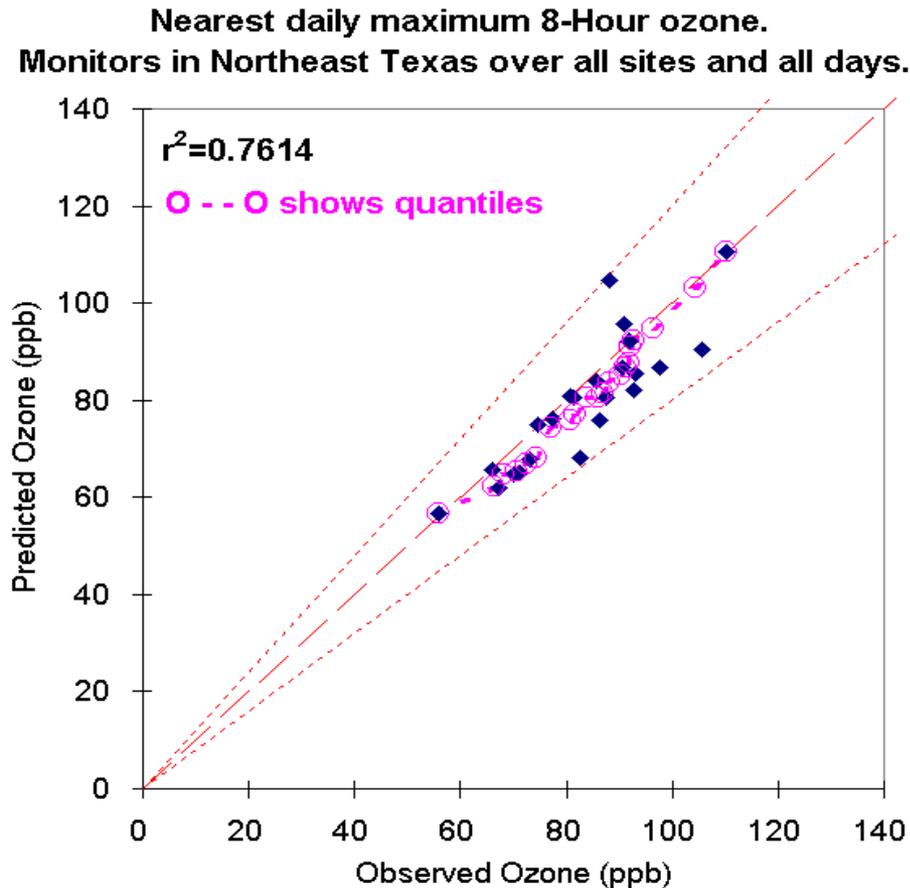


# Statistical Measures

| CAMx 8-Hour O3 Summary Statistics |          | Run = base7 |       |       |       |       |       | Cutoff = 60 ppb |       |
|-----------------------------------|----------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------|-------|
|                                   | EPA Goal | 8/15        | 8/16  | 8/17  | 8/18  | 8/19  | 8/20  | 8/21            | 8/22  |
| Number of valid pairs             |          | 13          | 33    | 35    | 28    | 36    | 32    | 34              | 33    |
| Normalized Bias (%)               | < +/-15  | -8.6        | -18.5 | -6.4  | 14.0  | -5.2  | -13.3 | -20.4           | -3.9  |
| Normalized Gross Error (%)        | < 35     | 8.6         | 18.5  | 10.0  | 14.2  | 8.9   | 13.3  | 20.4            | 10.8  |
| Average Accuracy of Peak (%)      |          | -4.0        | -13.3 | -7.9  | 10.3  | -1.4  | -9.2  | -9.9            | -1.9  |
| Peak Observed (ppb)               |          | 73.0        | 105.6 | 110.1 | 91.0  | 91.9  | 86.1  | 92.9            | 91.9  |
| Peak Pred (ppb)                   |          | 78.1        | 90.5  | 120.8 | 121.3 | 117.9 | 98.2  | 90.9            | 102.9 |
| Accuracy of Peak (%)              | < +/-20  | 6.9         | -14.3 | 9.7   | 33.3  | 28.3  | 14.0  | -2.1            | 12.0  |

Monitors in Northeast Texas

# 8-Hour Max “Near” Monitors



## EPA 8-hr guidance

- Compare max ozone in 7 by 7 of cells around monitor
- Corresponds to use of model for DV scaling
- Bias in 8-hr daily max “near” each monitor should be within 20%
- High correlation ( $r^2$ )
- Compare quantiles of modeled and observed distributions

## Attainment Demonstration Methodology

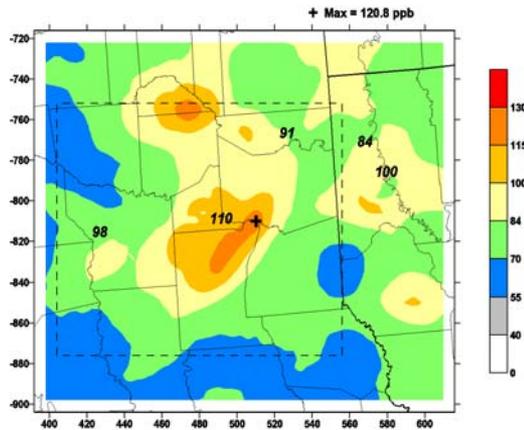
- Model 1999 and establish model performance
- Model 2002 and 2007
- Project 2007 8-hour ozone design value (DV)
  - $2007\text{ DV} = 2003\text{ DV} \times \text{RRF}$
  - $\text{RRF} = 2007\text{ modeled ozone} / 2002\text{ modeled ozone}$
- Based on 2002 modeling because:
  - Large emission reductions from 1999 to 2002
  - 2002 matches the 2003 DV (2001 to 2003 data)

## 2007 Emission Reductions

- Local NETAC reductions already made enforceable
- Enforceable measures from Texas SIP
  - DFW, HG, BPA, regional rules
  - Additional reductions expected (e.g., HG)
- EPA reductions
  - NO<sub>x</sub> SIP call
  - Mobile sources (MOBILE6, NONROAD2002)

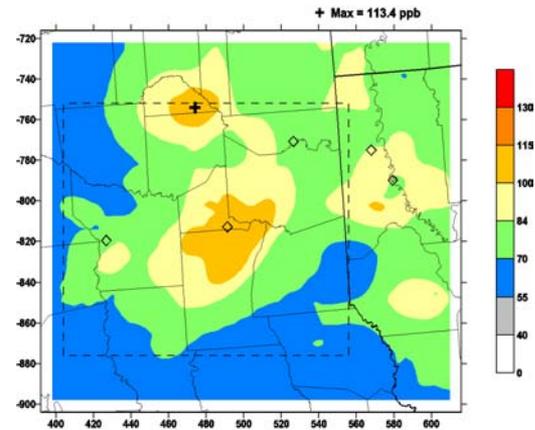
## 8-hr Max Ozone for August 17<sup>th</sup>

1999



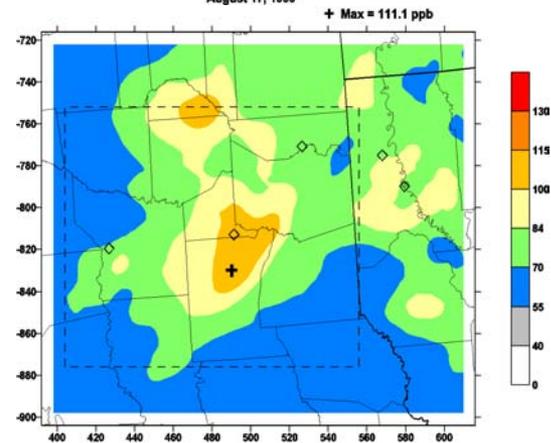
Daily Max 8-Hour Ozone(ppb)  
1999 base7  
August 17, 1999

2002



Daily Max 8-Hour Ozone(ppb)  
2002 base3  
August 17, 1999

2007



Daily Max 8-Hour Ozone(ppb)  
2007 base5  
August 17, 1999

- Substantial decreases from 1999 to 2002
- Further reductions from 2002 to 2007

## 2007 Attainment Demonstration

| Monitor  | Preliminary<br>2001-2003<br>DV | Modeled<br>RRF | Scaled<br>2007 DV |
|----------|--------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Longview | 82                             | 0.981          | 80                |
| Tyler    | 81                             | 0.954          | 77                |
| Karnack  | 84                             | 0.966          | 81                |
| Waskom   | 84                             | 0.974          | 82                |

## Additional Local Reductions for EAC

- HRVOC reductions
  - Enhanced LDAR at chemical plants
- TCEQ rules for large gas compressors
- TERP funding for small gas compressors
  - TERP funding available
  - Applicability to gas compressors?
  - NETAC plans a pilot program
  - Public outreach to encourage participation