

Statement of Basis of the Federal Operating Permit

E. I. du Pont de Nemours and Company

Site Name: Dupont Sabine River Works
Area Name: Sabine Regional Incinerator
Physical Location: 3055 FM 1006
Nearest City: Orange
County: Orange

Permit Number: O1896
Project Type: Renewal

Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Code: 2869
SIC Name: Industrial Organic Chemicals

This Statement of Basis sets forth the legal and factual basis for the draft permit conditions in accordance with 30 TAC §122.201(a)(4). Per 30 TAC §§ 122.241 and 243, the permit holder has submitted an application under § 122.134 for permit renewal. This document may include the following information:

- A description of the facility/area process description;
- A basis for applying permit shields;
- A list of the federal regulatory applicability determinations;
- A table listing the determination of applicable requirements;
- A list of the New Source Review Requirements;
- The rationale for periodic monitoring methods selected;
- The rationale for compliance assurance methods selected;
- A compliance status; and
- A list of available unit attribute forms.

Prepared on: April 26, 2016

Operating Permit Basis of Determination

Permit Area Process Description

Waste in various containers or pipeline transfer is received from both on and offsite, then stored, treated by combustion, or shipped to other facilities for appropriate treatment. Various support operations are included in this area.

FOPs at Site

The “application area” consists of the emission units and that portion of the site included in the application and this permit. Multiple FOPs may be issued to a site in accordance with 30 TAC § 122.201(e). When there is only one area for the site, then the application information and permit will include all units at the site. Additional FOPs that exist at the site, if any, are listed below.

Additional FOPs: O1895, O1899, O1900, O1901, O2001, O2055, O2074, O2331

Major Source Pollutants

The table below specifies the pollutants for which the site is a major source:

Major Pollutants	VOC, PM, NOX, HAPS, CO, GHG
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Reading State of Texas’s Federal Operating Permit

The Title V Federal Operating Permit (FOP) lists all state and federal air emission regulations and New Source Review (NSR) authorizations (collectively known as “applicable requirements”) that apply at a particular site or permit area (in the event a site has multiple FOPs). **The FOP does not authorize new emissions or new construction activities.** The FOP begins with an introductory page which is common to all Title V permits. This page gives the details of the company, states the authority of the issuing agency, requires the company to operate in accordance with this permit and 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 122, requires adherence with NSR requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 116, and finally indicates the permit number and the issuance date.

This is followed by the table of contents, which is generally composed of the following elements. Not all permits will have all of the elements.

- General Terms and Conditions
- Special Terms and Conditions
 - Emissions Limitations and Standards, Monitoring and Testing, and Recordkeeping and Reporting
 - Additional Monitoring Requirements
 - New Source Review Authorization Requirements
 - Compliance Requirements
 - Protection of Stratosphere Ozone
 - Permit Location
 - Permit Shield (30 TAC § 122.148)
- Attachments
 - Applicable Requirements Summary
 - Unit Summary
 - Applicable Requirements Summary
 - Additional Monitoring Requirements
 - Permit Shield

- New Source Review Authorization References
- Compliance Plan
- Alternative Requirements
- Appendix A
 - Acronym list

General Terms and Conditions

The General Terms and Conditions are the same and appear in all permits. The first paragraph lists the specific citations for 30 TAC Chapter 122 requirements that apply to all Title V permit holders. The second paragraph describes the requirements for record retention. The third paragraph provides details for voiding the permit, if applicable. The fourth paragraph states that the permit holder shall comply with the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 116 by obtaining a New Source Review authorization prior to new construction or modification of emission units located in the area covered by this permit. The fifth paragraph provides details on submission of reports required by the permit.

Special Terms and Conditions

Emissions Limitations and Standards, Monitoring and Testing, and Recordkeeping and Reporting. The TCEQ has designated certain applicable requirements as site-wide requirements. A site-wide requirement is a requirement that applies uniformly to all the units or activities at the site. Units with only site-wide requirements are addressed on Form OP-REQ1 and are not required to be listed separately on a OP-UA Form or Form OP-SUM. Form OP-SUM must list all units addressed in the application and provide identifying information, applicable OP-UA Forms, and preconstruction authorizations. The various OP-UA Forms provide the characteristics of each unit from which applicable requirements are established. Some exceptions exist as a few units may have both site-wide requirements and unit specific requirements.

Other conditions. The other entries under special terms and conditions are in general terms referring to compliance with the more detailed data listed in the attachments.

Attachments

Applicable Requirements Summary. The first attachment, the Applicable Requirements Summary, has two tables, addressing unit specific requirements. The first table, the Unit Summary, includes a list of units with applicable requirements, the unit type, the applicable regulation, and the requirement driver. The intent of the requirement driver is to inform the reader that a given unit may have several different operating scenarios and the differences between those operating scenarios.

The applicable requirements summary table provides the detailed citations of the rules that apply to the various units. For each unit and operating scenario, there is an added modifier called the “index number,” detailed citations specifying monitoring and testing requirements, recordkeeping requirements, and reporting requirements. The data for this table are based on data supplied by the applicant on the OP-SUM and various OP-UA forms.

Additional Monitoring Requirement. The next attachment includes additional monitoring the applicant must perform to ensure compliance with the applicable standard. Compliance assurance monitoring (CAM) is often required to provide a reasonable assurance of compliance with applicable emission limitations/standards for large emission units that use control devices to achieve compliance with applicant requirements. When necessary, periodic monitoring (PM) requirements are specified for certain parameters (i.e. feed rates, flow rates, temperature, fuel type and consumption, etc.) to determine if a term and condition or emission unit is operating within specified limits to control emissions. These additional monitoring approaches may be required for two reasons. First, the applicable rules do not adequately specify monitoring requirements

(exception- Maximum Achievable Control Technology Standards (MACTs) generally have sufficient monitoring), and second, monitoring may be required to fill gaps in the monitoring requirements of certain applicable requirements. In situations where the NSR permit is the applicable requirement requiring extra monitoring for a specific emission unit, the preferred solution is to have the monitoring requirements in the NSR permit updated so that all NSR requirements are consolidated in the NSR permit.

Permit Shield. A permit may or may not have a permit shield, depending on whether an applicant has applied for, and justified the granting of, a permit shield. A permit shield is a special condition included in the permit document stating that compliance with the conditions of the permit shall be deemed compliance with the specified potentially applicable requirement(s) or specified applicable state-only requirement(s).

New Source Review Authorization References. All activities which are related to emissions in the state of Texas must have a NSR authorization prior to beginning construction. This section lists all units in the permit and the NSR authorization that allowed the unit to be constructed or modified. Units that do not have unit specific applicable requirements other than the NSR authorization do not need to be listed in this attachment. While NSR permits are not physically a part of the Title V permit, they are legally incorporated into the Title V permit by reference. Those NSR permits whose emissions exceed certain PSD/NA thresholds must also undergo a Federal review of federally regulated pollutants in addition to review for state regulated pollutants.

Compliance Plan. A permit may have a compliance schedule attachment for listing corrective actions plans for any emission unit that is out of compliance with an applicable requirement.

Alternative Requirements. This attachment will list any alternative monitoring plans or alternative means of compliance for applicable requirements that have been approved by the EPA Administrator and/or the TCEQ Executive Director.

Appendix A

Acronym list. This attachment lists the common acronyms used when discussing the FOPs.

Stationary vents subject to 30 TAC Chapter 111, Subchapter A, § 111.111(a)(1)(B) addressed in the Special Terms and Conditions

The site contains stationary vents with a flowrate less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute (acfm) and constructed after January 31, 1972 which are limited, over a six-minute average, to 20% opacity as required by 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B). As a site may have a large number of stationary vents that fall into this category, they are not required to be listed individually in the permit's Applicable Requirement Summary. This is consistent with EPA's White Paper for Streamlined Development of Part 70 Permit Applications, July 10, 1995, that states that requirements that apply identically to emission units at a site can be treated on a generic basis such as source-wide opacity limits.

Periodic monitoring is specified in Special Term and Condition 3 for stationary vents subject to 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B) to verify compliance with the 20% opacity limit. These vents are not expected to produce visible emissions during normal operation. The TCEQ evaluated the probability of these sources violating the opacity standards and determined that there is a very low potential that an opacity standard would be exceeded. It was determined that continuous monitoring for these sources is not warranted as there would be very limited environmental benefit in continuously monitoring sources that have a low potential to produce visible emissions. Therefore, the TCEQ set the visible observation monitoring frequency for these sources to once per calendar quarter.

The TCEQ has exempted vents that are not capable of producing visible emissions from periodic monitoring requirements. These vents include sources of colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, and other materials that

cannot produce emissions that obstruct the transmission of light. Passive ventilation vents, such as plumbing vents, are also included in this category. Since this category of vents are not capable of producing opacity due to the physical or chemical characteristics of the emission source, periodic monitoring is not required as it would not yield any additional data to assure compliance with the 20% opacity standard of 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B).

In the event that visible emissions are detected, either through the quarterly observation or other credible evidence, such as observations from company personnel, the permit holder shall either report a deviation or perform a Test Method 9 observation to determine the opacity consistent with the 6-minute averaging time specified in 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B). An additional provision is included to monitor combustion sources more frequently than quarterly if alternate fuels are burned for periods greater than 24 consecutive hours. This will address possible emissions that may arise when switching fuel types.

Stationary Vents subject to 30 TAC Chapter 111 not addressed in the Special Terms and Conditions

All other stationary vents subject to 30 TAC Chapter 111 not covered in the Special Terms and Conditions are listed in the permit’s Applicable Requirement Summary. The basis for the applicability determinations for these vents are listed in the Determination of Applicable Requirements table.

Federal Regulatory Applicability Determinations

The following chart summarizes the applicability of the principal air pollution regulatory programs to the permit area:

Regulatory Program	Applicability (Yes/No)
Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD)	No
Nonattainment New Source Review (NNSR)	No
Minor NSR	Yes
40 CFR Part 60 - New Source Performance Standards	Yes
40 CFR Part 61 - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPs)	Yes
40 CFR Part 63 - NESHAPs for Source Categories	Yes
Title IV (Acid Rain) of the Clean Air Act (CAA)	No
Title V (Federal Operating Permits) of the CAA	Yes
Title VI (Stratospheric Ozone Protection) of the CAA	Yes
CAIR (Clean Air Interstate Rule)	No

Basis for Applying Permit Shields

An operating permit applicant has the opportunity to specifically request a permit shield to document that specific applicable requirements do not apply to emission units in the permit. A permit shield is a special condition stating that compliance with the conditions of the permit shall be deemed compliance with the specified potentially applicable requirements or specified potentially applicable state-only requirements. A

permit shield has been requested in the application for specific emission units. For the permit shield requests that have been approved, the basis of determination for regulations that the owner/operator need not comply with are located in the "Permit Shield" attachment of the permit.

Insignificant Activities

In general, units not meeting the criteria for inclusion on either Form OP-SUM or Form OP-REQ1 are not required to be addressed in the operating permit application. Examples of these types of units include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. Office activities such as photocopying, blueprint copying, and photographic processes.
2. Sanitary sewage collection and treatment facilities other than those used to incinerate wastewater treatment plant sludge. Stacks or vents for sanitary sewer plumbing traps are also included.
3. Food preparation facilities including, but not limited to, restaurants and cafeterias used for preparing food or beverages primarily for consumption on the premises.
4. Outdoor barbecue pits, campfires, and fireplaces.
5. Laundry dryers, extractors, and tumblers processing bedding, clothing, or other fabric items generated primarily at the premises. This does not include emissions from dry cleaning systems using perchloroethylene or petroleum solvents.
6. Facilities storing only dry, sweet natural gas, including natural gas pressure regulator vents.
7. Any air separation or other industrial gas production, storage, or packaging facility. Industrial gases, for purposes of this list, include only oxygen, nitrogen, helium, neon, argon, krypton, and xenon.
8. Storage and handling of sealed portable containers, cylinders, or sealed drums.
9. Vehicle exhaust from maintenance or repair shops.
10. Storage and use of non-VOC products or equipment for maintaining motor vehicles operated at the site (including but not limited to, antifreeze and fuel additives).
11. Air contaminant detectors and recorders, combustion controllers and shut-off devices, product analyzers, laboratory analyzers, continuous emissions monitors, other analyzers and monitors, and emissions associated with sampling activities. Exception to this category includes sampling activities that are deemed fugitive emissions and under a regulatory leak detection and repair program.
12. Bench scale laboratory equipment and laboratory equipment used exclusively for chemical and physical analysis, including but not limited to, assorted vacuum producing devices and laboratory fume hoods.
13. Steam vents, steam leaks, and steam safety relief valves, provided the steam (or boiler feedwater) has not contacted other materials or fluids containing regulated air pollutants other than boiler water treatment chemicals.
14. Storage of water that has not contacted other materials or fluids containing regulated air pollutants other than boiler water treatment chemicals.
15. Well cellars.
16. Fire or emergency response equipment and training, including but not limited to, use of fire control equipment including equipment testing and training, and open burning of materials or fuels associated with firefighting training.
17. Crucible or pot furnaces with a brim full capacity of less than 450 cubic inches of any molten metal.
18. Equipment used exclusively for the melting or application of wax.
19. All closed tumblers used for the cleaning or deburring of metal products without abrasive blasting, and all open tumblers with a batch capacity of 1,000 lbs. or less.
20. Shell core and shell mold manufacturing machines.
21. Sand or investment molds with a capacity of 100 lbs. or less used for the casting of metals;
22. Equipment used for inspection of metal products.
23. Equipment used exclusively for rolling, forging, pressing, drawing, spinning, or extruding either hot or cold metals by some mechanical means.
24. Instrument systems utilizing air, natural gas, nitrogen, oxygen, carbon dioxide, helium, neon, argon, krypton, and xenon.

25. Battery recharging areas.
26. Brazing, soldering, or welding equipment.

Determination of Applicable Requirements

The tables below include the applicability determinations for the emission units, the index number(s) where applicable, and all relevant unit attribute information used to form the basis of the applicability determination. The unit attribute information is a description of the physical properties of an emission unit which is used to determine the requirements to which the permit holder must comply. For more information about the descriptions of the unit attributes specific Unit Attribute Forms may be viewed at www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air_all_ua_forms.html.

A list of unit attribute forms is included at the end of this document. Some examples of unit attributes include construction date; product stored in a tank; boiler fuel type; etc.. Generally, multiple attributes are needed to determine the requirements for a given emission unit and index number. The table below lists these attributes in the column entitled "Basis of Determination." Attributes that demonstrate that an applicable requirement applies will be the factual basis for the specific citations in an applicable requirement that apply to a unit for that index number. The TCEQ Air Permits Division has developed flowcharts for determining applicability of state and federal regulations based on the unit attribute information in a Decision Support System (DSS). These flowcharts can be accessed via the internet at www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air_supportsys.html. The Air Permits Division staff may also be contacted for assistance at (512) 239-1250.

The attributes for each unit and corresponding index number provide the basis for determining the specific legal citations in an applicable requirement that apply, including emission limitations or standards, monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting. The rules were found to apply or not apply by using the unit attributes as answers to decision questions found in the flowcharts of the DSS. Some additional attributes indicate which legal citations of a rule apply. The legal citations that apply to each emission unit may be found in the Applicable Requirements Summary table of the draft permit. There may be some entries or rows of units and rules not found in the permit, or if the permit contains a permit shield, repeated in the permit shield area. These are sets of attributes that describe negative applicability, or; in other words, the reason why a potentially applicable requirement does not apply.

If applicability determinations have been made which differ from the available flowcharts, an explanation of the decisions involved in the applicability determination is specified in the column "Changes and Exceptions to RRT." If there were no exceptions to the DSS, then this column has been removed.

The draft permit includes all emission limitations or standards, monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting required by each applicable requirement. If an applicable requirement does not require monitoring, recordkeeping, or reporting, the word "None" will appear in the Applicable Requirements Summary table. If additional periodic monitoring is required for an applicable requirement, it will be explained in detail in the portion of this document entitled "Rationale for Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM)/ Periodic Monitoring Methods Selected."

When attributes demonstrate that a unit is not subject to an applicable requirement, the applicant may request a permit shield for those items. The portion of this document entitled "Basis for Applying Permit Shields" specifies which units, if any, have a permit shield.

Operational Flexibility

When an emission unit has multiple operating scenarios, it will have a different index number associated with each operating condition. This means that units are permitted to operate under multiple operating conditions. The applicable requirements for each operating condition are determined by a unique set of unit attributes.

For example, a tank may store two different products at different points in time. The tank may, therefore, need to comply with two distinct sets of requirements, depending on the product that is stored. Both sets of requirements are included in the permit, so that the permit holder may store either product in the tank.

Determination of Applicable Requirements

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	
GRP-TF10	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	5112-GRP-TF101	<p>Construction Date = On or after May 12, 1973</p> <p>Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.</p> <p>Tank Description = Tank using a submerged fill pipe and vapor recovery system</p> <p>True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia</p> <p>Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate</p> <p>Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons</p> <p>Control Device Type = Other vapor destruction unit</p> <p>Potential to Emit = The uncontrolled VOC emissions from the individual tank, or from the aggregate of storage tanks in a tank battery, is less than 25 tons per year.</p>	
GRP-TF10	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	5112-GRP-TF102	<p>Construction Date = On or after May 12, 1973</p> <p>Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.</p> <p>Tank Description = Tank using a submerged fill pipe and vapor recovery system</p> <p>True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia</p> <p>Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate</p> <p>Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons</p> <p>Control Device Type = Carbon adsorber (non-regenerative).</p> <p>Potential to Emit = The uncontrolled VOC emissions from the individual tank, or from the aggregate of storage tanks in a tank battery, is less than 25 tons per year.</p>	
GRP-TF10	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	5112-GRP-TF103	<p>Construction Date = On or after May 12, 1973</p> <p>Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.</p> <p>Tank Description = Tank using a submerged fill pipe and vapor recovery system</p> <p>True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.0 psia but less than 1.5 psia</p> <p>Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate</p> <p>Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons</p> <p>Control Device Type = Other vapor destruction unit</p> <p>Potential to Emit = The uncontrolled VOC emissions from the individual tank, or from the aggregate of storage tanks in a tank battery, is less than 25 tons per year.</p>	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	
GRP-TF10	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	5112-GRP-TF104	<p>Construction Date = On or after May 12, 1973</p> <p>Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.</p> <p>Tank Description = Tank using a submerged fill pipe and vapor recovery system</p> <p>True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.0 psia but less than 1.5 psia</p> <p>Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate</p> <p>Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons</p> <p>Control Device Type = Carbon adsorber (non-regenerative).</p> <p>Potential to Emit = The uncontrolled VOC emissions from the individual tank, or from the aggregate of storage tanks in a tank battery, is less than 25 tons per year.</p>	
GRP-TF10	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	5112-GRP-TF105	<p>Construction Date = On or after May 12, 1973</p> <p>Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.</p> <p>Tank Description = Tank using a submerged fill pipe and vapor recovery system</p> <p>True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia</p> <p>Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate</p> <p>Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons</p> <p>Control Device Type = Other vapor destruction unit</p> <p>Potential to Emit = The uncontrolled VOC emissions from the individual tank, or from the aggregate of storage tanks in a tank battery, is less than 25 tons per year.</p>	
GRP-TF10	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	5112-GRP-TF106	<p>Construction Date = On or after May 12, 1973</p> <p>Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.</p> <p>Tank Description = Tank using a submerged fill pipe and vapor recovery system</p> <p>True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia</p> <p>Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate</p> <p>Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons</p> <p>Control Device Type = Carbon adsorber (non-regenerative).</p> <p>Potential to Emit = The uncontrolled VOC emissions from the individual tank, or from the aggregate of storage tanks in a tank battery, is less than 25 tons per year.</p>	
GRP-TF10	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60Kb-GRP-TF101	<p>Product Stored = Waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition</p> <p>Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 10,600 gallons (40,000 liters)</p>	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	
GRP-TF10	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-GRP-TF101	<p>Bypass Line = The closed vent system does not contain any by-pass line that could divert the vent stream away from the control device.</p> <p>Tank Control Requirements = The tank has a fixed roof and closed vent system routing vapors to either a fuel gas system or control device.</p> <p>Waste Treatment Tank = The tank manages, treats or stores a waste stream subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF.</p> <p>Alternative Standard for Tanks = The tank is not complying with the alternative standards in 40 CFR § 61.351.</p> <p>Fuel Gas System = Gaseous emissions from the tank or enclosure are not routed to a fuel gas system.</p> <p>Closed Vent System and Control Device = A closed vent system and control device is used.</p> <p>Control Device Type/Operations = Thermal vapor incinerator with a reduction of organics being greater than or equal to 95 weight percent</p> <p>Cover and Closed Vent = The cover and closed vent system are not operated such that the tank is maintained at a pressure less than atmospheric pressure and meets the conditions of 40 CFR § 61.343(a)(1)(i)(C)(1) - (3).</p> <p>Closed Vent System and Control Device AMOC = Not using an alternate means of compliance</p> <p>Engineering Calculations = Results of performance tests are used to demonstrate that the control device achieves emission limitation.</p> <p>Alternate Monitoring Parameters = Alternate monitoring parameters not requested</p> <p>Alternative Means of Compliance = Not using an alternate means of compliance to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.343 for tanks.</p>	
GRP-TF10	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-GRP-TF102	<p>Bypass Line = The closed vent system does not contain any by-pass line that could divert the vent stream away from the control device.</p> <p>Tank Control Requirements = The tank has a fixed roof and closed vent system routing vapors to either a fuel gas system or control device.</p> <p>Waste Treatment Tank = The tank manages, treats or stores a waste stream subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF.</p> <p>Alternative Standard for Tanks = The tank is not complying with the alternative standards in 40 CFR § 61.351.</p> <p>Fuel Gas System = Gaseous emissions from the tank or enclosure are not routed to a fuel gas system.</p> <p>Closed Vent System and Control Device = A closed vent system and control device is used.</p> <p>Control Device Type/Operations = Carbon adsorption system that does not regenerate the carbon bed directly in the control device</p> <p>Cover and Closed Vent = The cover and closed vent system are not operated such that the tank is maintained at a pressure less than atmospheric pressure and meets the conditions of 40 CFR § 61.343(a)(1)(i)(C)(1) - (3).</p> <p>Closed Vent System and Control Device AMOC = Not using an alternate means of compliance</p> <p>Engineering Calculations = Engineering calculations show that the control device is proven to achieve its emission limitation.</p> <p>Alternative Means of Compliance = Not using an alternate means of compliance to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.343 for tanks.</p> <p>Carbon Replacement Interval = The carbon in the carbon adsorption system is replaced at a regular predetermined interval.</p>	
GRP-TF10	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DD	61DD-GRP-TF101	<p>Subject to Another Subpart of Part 61 or 63 = The tank is subject to another subpart under 40 CFR Part 61 or Part 63, and the owner or operator is controlling the HAP listed in Table 1 of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DD that are emitted in compliance with the provisions of the other subpart.</p>	
GRP-TF10	40 CFR Part 63,	63DD-GRP-TF102	<p>Subject to Another Subpart of Part 61 or 63 = The tank is subject to another subpart under 40 CFR Part 61 or Part 63,</p>	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	
	Subpart DD		and the owner or operator is controlling the HAP listed in Table 1 of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DD that are emitted in compliance with the provisions of the other subpart.	
GRP-TF10	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63G-GRP-TF101	<p>Negative Pressure = The fixed roof and closed vent systems are not operated and maintained under negative pressure.</p> <p>Process Wastewater = The tank receives, manages, or treats process wastewater streams</p> <p>Wastewater Tank Usage = The wastewater tank is not used for heating wastewater, treating by means of an exothermic reaction, nor are the contents of the tank are sparged.</p> <p>Closed Vent System = Closed vent system is not maintained under negative pressure and is subject to 40 CFR § 63.172</p> <p>Wastewater Tank Properties = Properties do not qualify for exemption</p> <p>By-pass Lines = Closed vent system has no by-pass lines</p> <p>Emission Control Type = Fixed roof tank vented through a closed vent system that routes the organic HAP vapors vented from the wastewater tank to a control device</p> <p>Combination of Control Devices = The vent stream is treated using a single control device.</p> <p>Control Device Type = Hazardous waste incinerator</p> <p>New Source = The source is an existing source.</p> <p>Alternate Monitoring Parameters = Alternate monitoring parameters for the control device have not been requested or approved.</p>	
GRP-TF10	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63G-GRP-TF102	<p>Negative Pressure = The fixed roof and closed vent systems are not operated and maintained under negative pressure.</p> <p>Process Wastewater = The tank receives, manages, or treats process wastewater streams</p> <p>Regenerate On-site = Carbon adsorption bed is not regenerated directly onsite.</p> <p>Wastewater Tank Usage = The wastewater tank is not used for heating wastewater, treating by means of an exothermic reaction, nor are the contents of the tank are sparged.</p> <p>Closed Vent System = Closed vent system is not maintained under negative pressure and is subject to 40 CFR § 63.172</p> <p>Performance Test = Performance tests are not conducted using the methods and procedures specified in § 63.145(i).</p> <p>Wastewater Tank Properties = Properties do not qualify for exemption</p> <p>By-pass Lines = Closed vent system has no by-pass lines</p> <p>Emission Control Type = Fixed roof tank vented through a closed vent system that routes the organic HAP vapors vented from the wastewater tank to a control device</p> <p>Combination of Control Devices = The vent stream is treated using a single control device.</p> <p>Monitoring Options = Non-regenerative carbon adsorber is replacing the carbon at a predetermined replacement interval.</p> <p>Control Device Type = Carbon adsorber</p> <p>New Source = The source is an existing source.</p> <p>Alternate Monitoring Parameters = Alternate monitoring parameters for the control device have not been requested or approved.</p>	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	
GRP-TF30	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	5112-GRP-TF301	<p>Construction Date = On or after May 12, 1973</p> <p>Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.</p> <p>Tank Description = Tank using a submerged fill pipe and vapor recovery system</p> <p>True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia</p> <p>Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate</p> <p>Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 25,000 gallons but less than or equal to 40,000 gallons</p> <p>Control Device Type = Other vapor destruction unit</p> <p>Potential to Emit = The uncontrolled VOC emissions from the individual tank, or from the aggregate of storage tanks in a tank battery, is less than 25 tons per year.</p>	
GRP-TF30	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	5112-GRP-TF302	<p>Construction Date = On or after May 12, 1973</p> <p>Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.</p> <p>Tank Description = Tank using a submerged fill pipe and vapor recovery system</p> <p>True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia</p> <p>Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate</p> <p>Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 25,000 gallons but less than or equal to 40,000 gallons</p> <p>Control Device Type = Carbon adsorber (non-regenerative).</p> <p>Potential to Emit = The uncontrolled VOC emissions from the individual tank, or from the aggregate of storage tanks in a tank battery, is less than 25 tons per year.</p>	
GRP-TF30	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	5112-GRP-TF303	<p>Construction Date = On or after May 12, 1973</p> <p>Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.</p> <p>Tank Description = Tank using a submerged fill pipe and vapor recovery system</p> <p>True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.0 psia but less than 1.5 psia</p> <p>Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate</p> <p>Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 25,000 gallons but less than or equal to 40,000 gallons</p> <p>Control Device Type = Other vapor destruction unit</p> <p>Potential to Emit = The uncontrolled VOC emissions from the individual tank, or from the aggregate of storage tanks in a tank battery, is less than 25 tons per year.</p>	
GRP-TF30	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	5112-GRP-TF304	<p>Construction Date = On or after May 12, 1973</p> <p>Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.</p> <p>Tank Description = Tank using a submerged fill pipe and vapor recovery system</p> <p>True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.0 psia but less than 1.5 psia</p> <p>Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate</p> <p>Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 25,000 gallons but less than or equal to 40,000 gallons</p> <p>Control Device Type = Carbon adsorber (non-regenerative).</p>	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	
			Potential to Emit = The uncontrolled VOC emissions from the individual tank, or from the aggregate of storage tanks in a tank battery, is less than 25 tons per year.	
GRP-TF30	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	5112-GRP-TF305	<p>Construction Date = On or after May 12, 1973</p> <p>Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.</p> <p>Tank Description = Tank using a submerged fill pipe and vapor recovery system</p> <p>True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia</p> <p>Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate</p> <p>Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 25,000 gallons but less than or equal to 40,000 gallons</p> <p>Control Device Type = Other vapor destruction unit</p> <p>Potential to Emit = The uncontrolled VOC emissions from the individual tank, or from the aggregate of storage tanks in a tank battery, is less than 25 tons per year.</p>	
GRP-TF30	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	5112-GRP-TF306	<p>Construction Date = On or after May 12, 1973</p> <p>Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.</p> <p>Tank Description = Tank using a submerged fill pipe and vapor recovery system</p> <p>True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia</p> <p>Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate</p> <p>Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 25,000 gallons but less than or equal to 40,000 gallons</p> <p>Control Device Type = Carbon adsorber (non-regenerative).</p> <p>Potential to Emit = The uncontrolled VOC emissions from the individual tank, or from the aggregate of storage tanks in a tank battery, is less than 25 tons per year.</p>	
GRP-TF30	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60Kb-GRP-TF301	<p>Product Stored = Waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition</p> <p>Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 19,800 gallons (75,000 liters) but less than 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)</p> <p>Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 2.2 psia</p> <p>Storage Vessel Description = CVS and control device other than a flare (fixed roof)</p>	
GRP-TF30	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60Kb-GRP-TF302	<p>Product Stored = Waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition</p> <p>Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 19,800 gallons (75,000 liters) but less than 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)</p> <p>Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 2.2 psia but less than 4.0 psia</p> <p>Storage Vessel Description = CVS and control device other than a flare (fixed roof)</p>	
GRP-TF30	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60Kb-GRP-TF303	<p>Product Stored = Waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition</p> <p>Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 19,800 gallons (75,000 liters) but less than 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)</p> <p>Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 4.0 psia but less than 11.1 psia</p> <p>Storage Vessel Description = CVS and control device other than a flare (fixed roof)</p>	
GRP-TF30	40 CFR Part 60,	60Kb-GRP-TF304	Product Stored = Waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 19,800 gallons (75,000 liters) but less than 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters) Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 11.1 psia Storage Vessel Description = CVS and control device other than a flare (fixed roof)	
GRP-TF30	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60Kb-GRP-TF305	Product Stored = Waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 19,800 gallons (75,000 liters) but less than 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters) Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 2.2 psia Storage Vessel Description = CVS and control device other than a flare (fixed roof)	
GRP-TF30	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60Kb-GRP-TF306	Product Stored = Waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 19,800 gallons (75,000 liters) but less than 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters) Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 2.2 psia but less than 4.0 psia Storage Vessel Description = CVS and control device other than a flare (fixed roof)	
GRP-TF30	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60Kb-GRP-TF307	Product Stored = Waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 19,800 gallons (75,000 liters) but less than 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters) Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 4.0 psia but less than 11.1 psia Storage Vessel Description = CVS and control device other than a flare (fixed roof)	
GRP-TF30	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60Kb-GRP-TF308	Product Stored = Waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 19,800 gallons (75,000 liters) but less than 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters) Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 11.1 psia Storage Vessel Description = CVS and control device other than a flare (fixed roof)	
GRP-TF30	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-GRP-TF301	Bypass Line = The closed vent system does not contain any by-pass line that could divert the vent stream away from the control device. Tank Control Requirements = The tank has a fixed roof and closed vent system routing vapors to either a fuel gas system or control device. Waste Treatment Tank = The tank manages, treats or stores a waste stream subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF. Alternative Standard for Tanks = The tank is not complying with the alternative standards in 40 CFR § 61.351. Fuel Gas System = Gaseous emissions from the tank or enclosure are not routed to a fuel gas system. Closed Vent System and Control Device = A closed vent system and control device is used. Control Device Type/Operations = Thermal vapor incinerator with a reduction of organics being greater than or equal to 95 weight percent Cover and Closed Vent = The cover and closed vent system are not operated such that the tank is maintained at a pressure less than atmospheric pressure and meets the conditions of 40 CFR § 61.343(a)(1)(i)(C)(1) - (3). Closed Vent System and Control Device AMOC = Not using an alternate means of compliance Engineering Calculations = Results of performance tests are used to demonstrate that the control device achieves emission limitation.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	
			<p>Alternate Monitoring Parameters = Alternate monitoring parameters not requested</p> <p>Alternative Means of Compliance = Not using an alternate means of compliance to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.343 for tanks.</p>	
GRP-TF30	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-GRP-TF302	<p>Bypass Line = The closed vent system does not contain any by-pass line that could divert the vent stream away from the control device.</p> <p>Tank Control Requirements = The tank has a fixed roof and closed vent system routing vapors to either a fuel gas system or control device.</p> <p>Waste Treatment Tank = The tank manages, treats or stores a waste stream subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF.</p> <p>Alternative Standard for Tanks = The tank is not complying with the alternative standards in 40 CFR § 61.351.</p> <p>Fuel Gas System = Gaseous emissions from the tank or enclosure are not routed to a fuel gas system.</p> <p>Closed Vent System and Control Device = A closed vent system and control device is used.</p> <p>Control Device Type/Operations = Carbon adsorption system that does not regenerate the carbon bed directly in the control device</p> <p>Cover and Closed Vent = The cover and closed vent system are not operated such that the tank is maintained at a pressure less than atmospheric pressure and meets the conditions of 40 CFR § 61.343(a)(1)(i)(C)(1) - (3).</p> <p>Closed Vent System and Control Device AMOC = Not using an alternate means of compliance</p> <p>Engineering Calculations = Engineering calculations show that the control device is proven to achieve its emission limitation.</p> <p>Alternative Means of Compliance = Not using an alternate means of compliance to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.343 for tanks.</p> <p>Carbon Replacement Interval = The carbon in the carbon adsorption system is replaced at a regular predetermined interval.</p>	
GRP-TF30	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DD	63DD-GRP-TF301	Subject to Another Subpart of Part 61 or 63 = The tank is subject to another subpart under 40 CFR Part 61 or Part 63, and the owner or operator is controlling the HAP listed in Table 1 of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DD that are emitted in compliance with the provisions of the other subpart.	
GRP-TF30	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DD	63DD-GRP-TF302	Subject to Another Subpart of Part 61 or 63 = The tank is subject to another subpart under 40 CFR Part 61 or Part 63, and the owner or operator is controlling the HAP listed in Table 1 of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DD that are emitted in compliance with the provisions of the other subpart.	
GRP-TF30	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63G-GRP-TF303	<p>Negative Pressure = The fixed roof and closed vent systems are not operated and maintained under negative pressure.</p> <p>Process Wastewater = The tank receives, manages, or treats process wastewater streams</p> <p>Wastewater Tank Usage = The wastewater tank is not used for heating wastewater, treating by means of an exothermic reaction, nor are the contents of the tank are sparged.</p> <p>Closed Vent System = Closed vent system is not maintained under negative pressure and is subject to 40 CFR § 63.172</p> <p>Wastewater Tank Properties = Properties do not qualify for exemption</p> <p>By-pass Lines = Closed vent system has no by-pass lines</p> <p>Emission Control Type = Fixed roof tank vented through a closed vent system that routes the organic HAP vapors vented from the wastewater tank to a control device</p> <p>Combination of Control Devices = The vent stream is treated using a single control device.</p> <p>Control Device Type = Hazardous waste incinerator</p> <p>New Source = The source is an existing source.</p>	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	
			Alternate Monitoring Parameters = Alternate monitoring parameters for the control device have not been requested or approved.	
GRP-TF30	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63G-GRP-TF304	<p>Negative Pressure = The fixed roof and closed vent systems are not operated and maintained under negative pressure.</p> <p>Process Wastewater = The tank receives, manages, or treats process wastewater streams</p> <p>Regenerate On-site = Carbon adsorption bed is not regenerated directly onsite.</p> <p>Wastewater Tank Usage = The wastewater tank is not used for heating wastewater, treating by means of an exothermic reaction, nor are the contents of the tank are sparged.</p> <p>Closed Vent System = Closed vent system is not maintained under negative pressure and is subject to 40 CFR § 63.172</p> <p>Performance Test = Performance tests are not conducted using the methods and procedures specified in § 63.145(i).</p> <p>Wastewater Tank Properties = Properties do not qualify for exemption</p> <p>By-pass Lines = Closed vent system has no by-pass lines</p> <p>Emission Control Type = Fixed roof tank vented through a closed vent system that routes the organic HAP vapors vented from the wastewater tank to a control device</p> <p>Combination of Control Devices = The vent stream is treated using a single control device.</p> <p>Monitoring Options = Non-regenerative carbon adsorber is replacing the carbon at a predetermined replacement interval.</p> <p>Control Device Type = Carbon adsorber</p> <p>New Source = The source is an existing source.</p> <p>Alternate Monitoring Parameters = Alternate monitoring parameters for the control device have not been requested or approved.</p>	
INC-LOAD1	30 TAC Chapter 115, Loading and Unloading of VOC	R5211-LOAD1-1A	<p>Chapter 115 Control Device Type = Vapor control system with a vapor combustor.</p> <p>Chapter 115 Facility Type = Facility type other than a gasoline terminal, gasoline bulk plant, motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility or marine terminal.</p> <p>Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized.</p> <p>Vapor Tight = Not all liquid and vapor lines are equipped with fittings which make vapor-tight connections that close automatically when disconnected.</p> <p>Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas and gasoline.</p> <p>Transfer Type = Loading and unloading.</p> <p>True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure less than 0.5 psia.</p> <p>Daily Throughput = Daily throughput not determined since 30 TAC § 115.217(a)(2)(A) or 30 TAC § 115.217(b)(3)(A) exemption is not utilized.</p> <p>Control Options = Vapor control system that maintains a control efficiency of at least 90%.</p>	
INC-LOAD1	30 TAC Chapter 115, Loading and Unloading of VOC	R5211-LOAD1-1B	<p>Chapter 115 Control Device Type = Vapor control system with a carbon adsorption system.</p> <p>Chapter 115 Facility Type = Facility type other than a gasoline terminal, gasoline bulk plant, motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility or marine terminal.</p> <p>Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized.</p> <p>Vapor Tight = Not all liquid and vapor lines are equipped with fittings which make vapor-tight connections that close automatically when disconnected.</p> <p>Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas and gasoline.</p>	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	
			<p>Transfer Type = Loading and unloading.</p> <p>True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure less than 0.5 psia.</p> <p>Daily Throughput = Daily throughput not determined since 30 TAC § 115.217(a)(2)(A) or 30 TAC § 115.217(b)(3)(A) exemption is not utilized.</p> <p>Control Options = Vapor control system that maintains a control efficiency of at least 90%.</p>	
INC-LOAD1	30 TAC Chapter 115, Loading and Unloading of VOC	R5211-LOAD1-2A	<p>Chapter 115 Control Device Type = Vapor control system with a vapor combustor.</p> <p>Chapter 115 Facility Type = Facility type other than a gasoline terminal, gasoline bulk plant, motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility or marine terminal.</p> <p>Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized.</p> <p>Vapor Tight = Not all liquid and vapor lines are equipped with fittings which make vapor-tight connections that close automatically when disconnected.</p> <p>Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas and gasoline.</p> <p>Transfer Type = Loading and unloading.</p> <p>True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure greater than or equal to 0.5 psia.</p> <p>Daily Throughput = Daily throughput not determined since 30 TAC § 115.217(a)(2)(A) or 30 TAC § 115.217(b)(3)(A) exemption is not utilized.</p> <p>Control Options = Vapor control system that maintains a control efficiency of at least 90%.</p>	
INC-LOAD1	30 TAC Chapter 115, Loading and Unloading of VOC	R5211-LOAD1-2B	<p>Chapter 115 Control Device Type = Vapor control system with a carbon adsorption system.</p> <p>Chapter 115 Facility Type = Facility type other than a gasoline terminal, gasoline bulk plant, motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility or marine terminal.</p> <p>Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized.</p> <p>Vapor Tight = Not all liquid and vapor lines are equipped with fittings which make vapor-tight connections that close automatically when disconnected.</p> <p>Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas and gasoline.</p> <p>Transfer Type = Loading and unloading.</p> <p>True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure greater than or equal to 0.5 psia.</p> <p>Daily Throughput = Daily throughput not determined since 30 TAC § 115.217(a)(2)(A) or 30 TAC § 115.217(b)(3)(A) exemption is not utilized.</p> <p>Control Options = Vapor control system that maintains a control efficiency of at least 90%.</p>	
INC-LOAD2	30 TAC Chapter 115, Loading and Unloading of VOC	R5211-LOAD2-1	<p>Chapter 115 Control Device Type = Vapor control system with a carbon adsorption system.</p> <p>Chapter 115 Facility Type = Facility type other than a gasoline terminal, gasoline bulk plant, motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility or marine terminal.</p> <p>Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized.</p> <p>Vapor Tight = Not all liquid and vapor lines are equipped with fittings which make vapor-tight connections that close automatically when disconnected.</p> <p>Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas and gasoline.</p> <p>Transfer Type = Loading and unloading.</p> <p>True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure less than 0.5 psia.</p> <p>Daily Throughput = Daily throughput not determined since 30 TAC § 115.217(a)(2)(A) or 30 TAC § 115.217(b)(3)(A)</p>	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	
			exemption is not utilized. Control Options = Vapor control system that maintains a control efficiency of at least 90%.	
INC-LOAD2	30 TAC Chapter 115, Loading and Unloading of VOC	R5211-LOAD2-2	Chapter 115 Control Device Type = Vapor control system with a carbon adsorption system. Chapter 115 Facility Type = Facility type other than a gasoline terminal, gasoline bulk plant, motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility or marine terminal. Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized. Vapor Tight = Not all liquid and vapor lines are equipped with fittings which make vapor-tight connections that close automatically when disconnected. Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas and gasoline. Transfer Type = Loading and unloading. True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure greater than or equal to 0.5 psia. Daily Throughput = Daily throughput not determined since 30 TAC § 115.217(a)(2)(A) or 30 TAC § 115.217(b)(3)(A) exemption is not utilized. Control Options = Vapor control system that maintains a control efficiency of at least 90%.	
INC-TRANS	30 TAC Chapter 115, Loading and Unloading of VOC	R5211-INC-TRANS	Chapter 115 Control Device Type = Vapor control system with a carbon adsorption system. Chapter 115 Facility Type = Facility type other than a gasoline terminal, gasoline bulk plant, motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility or marine terminal. Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized. Vapor Tight = Not all liquid and vapor lines are equipped with fittings which make vapor-tight connections that close automatically when disconnected. Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas and gasoline. Transfer Type = Loading and unloading. True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure greater than or equal to 0.5 psia. Daily Throughput = Daily throughput not determined since 30 TAC § 115.217(a)(2)(A) or 30 TAC § 115.217(b)(3)(A) exemption is not utilized. Control Options = Vapor control system that maintains a control efficiency of at least 90%.	
INC-INCOO2	30 TAC Chapter 115, Pet. Refinery & Petrochemicals	R5352ALL	SOP/GOP Index No. = Owner/Operator assumes VOC fugitive control requirements for all components subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter D, Division 3 with no alternate control or control device.	
INC-INCOO2	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart J	61JALL	SOP Index No. = OWNER/OPERATOR ASSUMES FUGITIVE CONTROL REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL COMPONENTS IN BENZENE SERVICE SUBJECT TO NESHAPS J WITH NO ALTERNATE CONTROL OR CONTROL DEVICE 40 CFR 61 (NESHAP) SUBPART J DESIGN CAPACITY = SITE IS DESIGNED TO PRODUCE OR USE 1,000 MEGAGRAMS OF BENZENE PER YEAR OR LESS	
INC-INCOO2	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart V	61VALL	SOP Index No. = Owner or operator assumes fugitive unit control requirements for all components in benzene service subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart V with no alternate control or control device.	
INC-CTO1	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart Q	63Q-INC-CTO1	Used Compounds Containing Chromium on or After September 8, 1994 = The industrial process cooling tower has not used compounds containing chromium on or after September 8, 1994.	
INC-MIX	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	R1111-INC-MIX	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113. Vent Source = The source of the vent is not a steam generator fired by solid fossil fuel, oil or a mixture of oil and gas	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	
			<p>and is not a catalyst regenerator for a fluid bed catalytic cracking unit.</p> <p>Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).</p> <p>Construction Date = After January 31, 1972</p> <p>Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.</p>	
INC-INC01	30 TAC Chapter 113, Hos/Med/Inf Waste Incinerators	R3207-INC-INC01	<p>Construction Date = On or before June 20, 1996.</p> <p>Combustor Type = the HMIWI unit meets one of the combustor types specified in Table 1 of 30 TAC § 113.2070.</p> <p>Type of Waste = The incinerator is burning waste other than pathological waste, low-level radioactive waste, and/or chemotherapeutic waste.</p> <p>Co-Fired Combustor = The incinerator is not a co-fired combustor as defined in 30 TAC § 113.2070.</p>	
INC-INC01	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart C	61C-INC-INC01	<p>Ambient Limit = Approval to meet the ambient limits has not been requested or has not been approved.</p> <p>Burning = Beryllium and/or beryllium-containing waste, except propellants, are burned in the incinerator</p> <p>Waiver = No waiver of emission testing was obtained under 40 CFR § 61.13</p>	
INC-INC01	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart E	61E-INC-INC01	<p>Emission Testing Waiver = A waiver of emission testing was obtained under 40 CFR § 61.13</p> <p>Sludge Sampling = Stack sampling is conducted to determine compliance with § 61.52(b).</p> <p>Mercury Emissions = Mercury emissions are less than 1,600 grams per 24-hour period</p>	
INC-INC01	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart EEE	63EEE-INC-INC01	<p>CO/THC Standard = Complying with the CO standard in § 63.1219(a)(5)(i) or (b)(5)(i).</p> <p>Existing Source = The incinerator is an existing source (construction or reconstruction commenced on or before April 20, 2004).</p> <p>Baghouse = The furnace is equipped with a baghouse.</p> <p>Control System = The incinerator is equipped with a waste heat boiler or a dry air pollution control system.</p> <p>Inlet Temp = The gas temperature at the inlet of the initial PM control device is greater than 400° F.</p> <p>PM Detection = A bag leak detection system is used.</p> <p>Dioxin-Listed = The furnace does not burn the dioxin-listed hazardous wastes F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, or F027.</p> <p>Hg Feedrate = Extrapolation of feedrate levels is used for Hg.</p> <p>ALT Metals = Complying with the particulate matter standards.</p> <p>DRE Previous Test = Previous testing was used to document conformance with the DRE standard.</p> <p>Feed Zone = The source feeds waste at the normal flame zone.</p> <p>MET Feedrate = Extrapolation of feedrate levels is used for semivolatile and low volatile metals.</p>	
INC-CB02	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-CB-1A	<p>Unit Type = Container</p> <p>By-pass Line = System does not contain by-pass lines</p> <p>Control Device Type/Operation = Carbon adsorption system that does not regenerate the carbon bed directly in the control device.</p> <p>Engineering Calculations = Engineering calculations show that the control device is proven to achieve its emission limitation.</p> <p>Carbon Replacement Interval = Carbon adsorber is monitored and carbon replaced on indication of breakthrough.</p>	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
INC-CBo4	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-CB-2A	<p>Unit Type = Container</p> <p>By-pass Line = System does not contain by-pass lines</p> <p>Control Device Type/Operation = Carbon adsorption system that does not regenerate the carbon bed directly in the control device.</p> <p>Engineering Calculations = Engineering calculations show that the control device is proven to achieve its emission limitation.</p> <p>Carbon Replacement Interval = Carbon adsorber is monitored and carbon replaced on indication of breakthrough.</p>
INC-INCo1	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-INC-1A	<p>Unit Type = Container</p> <p>By-pass Line = System does not contain by-pass lines</p> <p>Control Device Type/Operation = Thermal vapor incinerator that provides a minimum residence time of 0.5 seconds at a minimum temperature of 760° C.</p> <p>Alternate Monitoring Parameters = Complying with the monitoring parameters in § 61.354 for the control device.</p>
INC-INCo1	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63G-INC-1A	<p>Alternate Monitoring Parameters = Complying with the monitoring parameters specified in Subpart G.</p> <p>Unit Type = Container</p> <p>New Source = Source is an existing source</p> <p>Closed Vent System = Closed vent system is maintained under negative pressure.</p> <p>Regeneration = Carbon bed is not regenerated directly onsite.</p> <p>By-pass Lines = No by-pass lines.</p> <p>Performance Test = Design evaluation is used to demonstrate compliance.</p> <p>Combination of Control Devices = Vent stream is treated using a single control device.</p> <p>Control Device Type = Hazardous waste incinerator.</p>
INC-INCo1	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-INC-INCo1	<p>AMOC = An alternate means of compliance (AMOC) to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.348 for treatment processes is not used.</p> <p>Complying with § 61.342(e) = The facility is not complying with 40 CFR § 61.342(e).</p> <p>Stream Combination = The process wastewater, product tank drawdown, or landfill leachate is not combined with other waste streams for the purpose of facilitating management or treatment in the wastewater treatment system.</p> <p>Benzene Removal = Benzene is destroyed in the waste stream by incinerating in an combustion unit with a destruction efficiency of 99% or greater for benzene.</p> <p>Process Or Stream Exemption = The treatment process or waste stream is complying with 40 CFR §61.348(d).</p>
INC-INCo1	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DD	63DD-INC-INCo1	Removal or Destruction Method = Incinerator.
INC-INCo1	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63G-INC-INCo1	<p>Series of Processes = The wastewater stream is treated using a single treatment process.</p> <p>Alternate Monitoring Parameters = The EPA Administrator has not approved alternate monitoring parameters or no alternate has been requested.</p> <p>Vented to Control = Emissions from the treatment process are not vented to a control device.</p> <p>Biological Treatment Process = Non-biological treatment process.</p> <p>Wastewater Stream Designation = Designated as Group 1 per 40 CFR § 63.132(e).</p> <p>Wastewater Stream Treatment = Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) unit option.</p>

* - The “unit attributes” or operating conditions that determine what requirements apply

NSR Versus Title V FOP

The state of Texas has two Air permitting programs, New Source Review (NSR) and Title V Federal Operating Permits. The two programs are substantially different both in intent and permit content.

NSR is a preconstruction permitting program authorized by the Texas Clean Air Act and Title I of the Federal Clean Air Act (FCAA). The processing of these permits is governed by 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 116.111. The Title V Federal Operating Program is a federal program authorized under Title V of the FCAA that has been delegated to the state of Texas to administer and is governed by 30 TAC Chapter 122. The major differences between the two permitting programs are listed in the table below:

NSR Permit	Federal Operating Permit(FOP)
Issued Prior to new Construction or modification of an existing facility	For initial permit with application shield, can be issued after operation commences; significant revisions require approval prior to operation.
Authorizes air emissions	Codifies existing applicable requirements, does not authorize new emissions
Ensures issued permits are protective of the environment and human health by conducting a health effects review and that requirement for best available control technology (BACT) is implemented.	Applicable requirements listed in permit are used by the inspectors to ensure proper operation of the site as authorized. Ensures that adequate monitoring is in place to allow compliance determination with the FOP.
Up to two Public notices may be required. Opportunity for public comment and contested case hearings for some authorizations.	One public notice required. Opportunity for public comments. No contested case hearings.
Applies to all point source emissions in the state.	Applies to all major sources and some non-major sources identified by the EPA.
Applies to facilities: a portion of site or individual emission sources	One or multiple FOPs cover the entire site (consists of multiple facilities)
Permits include terms and conditions under which the applicant must construct and operate its various equipment and processes on a facility basis.	Permits include terms and conditions that specify the general operational requirements of the site; and also include codification of all applicable requirements for emission units at the site.
Opportunity for EPA review for Federal Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) and Nonattainment (NA) permits for major sources.	Opportunity for EPA review, Affected states review, and a Public petition period for every FOP.
Permits have a table listing maximum emission limits for pollutants	Permit has an applicable requirements table and Periodic Monitoring (PM) / Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) tables which document applicable monitoring requirements.
Permits can be altered or amended upon application by company. Permits must be issued before construction or modification of facilities can begin.	Permits can be revised through several revision processes, which provide for different levels of public notice and opportunity to comment. Changes that would be significant revisions require that a revised permit be issued before those changes can be operated.
NSR permits are issued independent of FOP requirements.	FOP are independent of NSR permits, but contain a list of all NSR permits incorporated by reference

New Source Review Requirements

Below is a list of the New Source Review (NSR) permits for the permitted area. These NSR permits are incorporated by reference into the operating permit and are enforceable under it. These permits can be found in the main TCEQ file room, located on the first floor of Building E, 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas. The Public Education Program may be contacted at 1-800-687-4040 or the Air Permits Division (APD) may be contacted at 1-512-239-1250 for help with any question.

Additionally, the site contains emission units that are permitted by rule under the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 106, Permits by Rule. The following table specifies the permits by rule that apply to the site. All current permits by rule are contained in Chapter 106. Outdated 30 TAC Chapter 106 permits by rule may be viewed at the following Web site:

www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/permitbyrule/historical_rules/old106list/index106.html

Outdated Standard Exemption lists may be viewed at the following Web site:

www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/permitbyrule/historical_rules/oldselist/se_index.html

The status of air permits and applications and a link to the Air Permits Remote Document Server is located at the following Web site:

www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air_status_permits.html

Title 30 TAC Chapter 116 Permits, Special Permits, and Other Authorizations (Other Than Permits By Rule, PSD Permits, or NA Permits) for the Application Area.	
Authorization No.: 9629	Issuance Date: 08/31/2011
Permits By Rule (30 TAC Chapter 106) for the Application Area	
Number: 106.261	Version No./Date: 12/24/1998
Number: 106.261	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000
Number: 106.261	Version No./Date: 11/01/2003
Number: 106.262	Version No./Date: 12/24/1998
Number: 106.262	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000
Number: 106.262	Version No./Date: 11/01/2003
Number: 106.263	Version No./Date: 11/01/2001
Number: 106.264	Version No./Date: 03/14/1997
Number: 106.264	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000
Number: 106.472	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000

Emission Units and Emission Points

In air permitting terminology, any source capable of generating emissions (for example, an engine or a sandblasting area) is called an Emission Unit. For purposes of Title V, emission units are specifically listed in the operating permit when they have applicable requirements other than New Source Review (NSR), or when they are listed in the permit shield table.

The actual physical location where the emissions enter the atmosphere (for example, an engine stack or a sandblasting yard) is called an emission point. For New Source Review preconstruction permitting purposes, every emission unit has an associated emission point. Emission limits are listed in an NSR permit, associated with an emission point. This list of emission points and emission limits per pollutant is commonly referred to as the “Maximum Allowable Emission Rate Table”, or “MAERT” for short. Specifically, the MAERT lists the Emission Point Number (EPN) that identifies the emission point, followed immediately by the Source Name, identifying the emission unit that is the source of those emissions on this table.

Thus, by reference, an emission unit in a Title V operating permit is linked by reference number to an NSR authorization, and its related emission point.

Monitoring Sufficiency

Federal and state rules, 40 CFR § 70.6(a)(3)(i)(B) and 30 TAC § 122.142(c) respectively, require that each federal operating permit include additional monitoring for applicable requirements that lack periodic or instrumental monitoring (which may include recordkeeping that serves as monitoring) that yields reliable data from a relevant time period that are representative of the emission unit’s compliance with the applicable emission limitation or standard. Furthermore, the federal operating permit must include compliance assurance monitoring (CAM) requirements for emission sources that meet the applicability criteria of 40 CFR Part 64 in accordance with 40 CFR § 70.6(a)(3)(i)(A) and 30 TAC § 122.604(b).

With the exception of any emission units listed in the Periodic Monitoring or CAM Summaries in the FOP, the TCEQ Executive Director has determined that the permit contains sufficient monitoring, testing, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements that assure compliance with the applicable requirements. If applicable, each emission unit that requires additional monitoring in the form of periodic monitoring or CAM is described in further detail under the Rationale for CAM/PM Methods Selected section following this paragraph.

Rationale for Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM)/ Periodic Monitoring Methods Selected

Periodic Monitoring:

The Federal Clean Air Act requires that each federal operating permit include monitoring sufficient to assure compliance with the terms and conditions of the permit. Most of the emission limits and standards applicable to emission units at Title V sources include adequate monitoring to show that the units meet the limits and standards. For those requirements that do not include monitoring, or where the monitoring is not sufficient to assure compliance, the federal operating permit must include such monitoring for the emission units affected. The following emission units are subject to periodic monitoring requirements because the emission units are subject to an emission limitation or standard for an air pollutant (or surrogate thereof) in an applicable requirement that does not already require monitoring, or the monitoring for the applicable requirement is not sufficient to assure compliance:

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: GRP-TF30	
Control Device ID No.: INC-INCo1	Control Device Type: Other Control Device Type
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	SOP Index No.: 6oKb-GRP-TF303
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: [G]§ 60.112b(a)(3)
Monitoring Information	
Indicator: Combustion Temperature / Exhaust Gas Temperature	
Minimum Frequency: Once per week	
Averaging Period: n/a*	
Deviation Limit: The afterburner exit temperature shall not be below 1600 degrees F.	
<p>Basis of monitoring: It is widely practiced and accepted to use performance tests, manufacturer's recommendations, engineering calculations and/or historical data to establish a minimum temperature for vapor combustors. This minimum temperature must be maintained in order for the proper destruction efficiency. Operation below the minimum combustion temperature will result in incomplete combustion and potential noncompliance with emission limitations and/or standards. The monitoring of the combustion temperature of a thermal incinerator is commonly required in federal and state rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts III, NNN, QQQ, and RRR; 40 CFR Part 61, Subparts BB and FF; 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts G, R, DD, EE, and HH; and 30 TAC Chapter 115.</p>	

*The permit holder may elect to collect monitoring data on a more frequent basis and calculate the average as specified by the minimum frequency, for purposes of determining whether a deviation has occurred. However, the additional data points must be collected on a regular basis and shall not be collected and used in particular instances to avoid reporting deviations.

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: GRP-TF30	
Control Device ID No.: INC-CB01	Control Device Type: Carbon Adsorption System (Non-Regenerative)
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	SOP Index No.: 60Kb-GRP-TF307
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: [G]§ 60.112b(a)(3)
Monitoring Information	
Indicator: Carbon Replacement Interval	
Minimum Frequency: At each replacement of carbon canister	
Averaging Period: n/a	
Deviation Limit: The maximum carbon replacement interval shall not exceed 168 hours.	
<p>Basis of monitoring: A common way to monitor a non-regenerative carbon adsorption system is by measuring the time intervals of the carbon canister replacement. The replacement interval may be determined by performance tests, manufacturer's recommendations, engineering calculations and/or historical data. Monitoring the carbon replacement interval of a carbon adsorption system is commonly required in federal and state rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart QQQ; 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF; 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts EE, HH, and MMM; and 30 TAC Chapter 115.</p>	

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: GRP-TF30	
Control Device ID No.: INC-INCo1	Control Device Type: Other Control Device Type
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	SOP Index No.: 60Kb-GRP-TF304
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 60.112b(b)(1)
Monitoring Information	
Indicator: Combustion Temperature / Exhaust Gas Temperature	
Minimum Frequency: Once per week	
Averaging Period: n/a*	
Deviation Limit: The afterburner exit temperature shall not be below 1600 degrees F.	
<p>Basis of monitoring: It is widely practiced and accepted to use performance tests, manufacturer's recommendations, engineering calculations and/or historical data to establish a minimum temperature for thermal incinerators. This minimum temperature must be maintained in order for the proper destruction efficiency. Operation below the minimum combustion temperature will result in incomplete combustion and potential noncompliance with emission limitations and/or standards. The monitoring of the combustion temperature of a thermal incinerator is commonly required in federal and state rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts III, NNN, QQQ, and RRR; 40 CFR Part 61, Subparts BB and FF; 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts G, R, DD, EE, and HH; and 30 TAC Chapter 115.</p>	

*The permit holder may elect to collect monitoring data on a more frequent basis and calculate the average as specified by the minimum frequency, for purposes of determining whether a deviation has occurred. However, the additional data points must be collected on a regular basis and shall not be collected and used in particular instances to avoid reporting deviations.

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: GRP-TF30	
Control Device ID No.: INC-INCo1	Control Device Type: Other Control Device Type
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	SOP Index No.: 60Kb-GRP-TF308
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 60.112b(b)(1)
Monitoring Information	
Indicator: Combustion Temperature / Exhaust Gas Temperature	
Minimum Frequency: Once per week	
Averaging Period: n/a*	
Deviation Limit: The afterburner exit temperature shall not be below 1600 degrees F.	
<p>Basis of monitoring: It is widely practiced and accepted to use performance tests, manufacturer's recommendations, engineering calculations and/or historical data to establish a minimum temperature for thermal incinerators. This minimum temperature must be maintained in order for the proper destruction efficiency. Operation below the minimum combustion temperature will result in incomplete combustion and potential noncompliance with emission limitations and/or standards. The monitoring of the combustion temperature of a thermal incinerator is commonly required in federal and state rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts III, NNN, QQQ, and RRR; 40 CFR Part 61, Subparts BB and FF; 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts G, R, DD, EE, and HH; and 30 TAC Chapter 115.</p>	

*The permit holder may elect to collect monitoring data on a more frequent basis and calculate the average as specified by the minimum frequency, for purposes of determining whether a deviation has occurred. However, the additional data points must be collected on a regular basis and shall not be collected and used in particular instances to avoid reporting deviations.

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: INC-MIX	
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: Unknown CD Type
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	SOP Index No.: R1111-INC-MIX
Pollutant: PM (OPACITY)	Main Standard: § 111.111(a)(1)(B)
Monitoring Information	
Indicator: Visible Emissions	
Minimum Frequency: once per quarter	
Averaging Period: n/a	
Deviation Limit: There shall be no visible emissions. If visible emissions are observed, the permit holder shall either report a deviation or perform Test Method 9 and opacity shall not exceed 20%.	
<p>Basis of monitoring: The option to perform opacity readings or visible emissions to demonstrate compliance is consistent with EPA Reference Test Method 9 and 22. Opacity and visible emissions have been used as an indicator of particulate emissions in many federal rules including 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart F and Subpart HH. In addition, use of these indicators is consistent with the EPA's "Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) Technical Guidance Document" (August 1998). Monitoring specifications and procedures for the opacity are consistent with federal requirements and include the EPA's Test Method 9 for determining opacity by visual observations and the requirements of 40 CFR § 60.13 for a continuous opacity monitoring system (COMS). The monitoring specifications and procedures for the visible emissions monitoring are similar to "EPA Reference Method 22" procedures.</p>	

Compliance History Review

1. In accordance with 30 TAC Chapter 60, the compliance history was reviewed on January 15, 2016.

Site rating: 11.01 / Satisfactory Company rating: 4.78 / Satisfactory

(High < 0.10; Satisfactory ≥ 0.10 and ≤ 55; Unsatisfactory > 55)

2. Has the permit changed on the basis of the compliance history or site/company rating?No

Site/Permit Area Compliance Status Review

1. Were there any out-of-compliance units listed on Form OP-ACPS?No

2. Is a compliance plan and schedule included in the permit?.....No

Available Unit Attribute Forms

OP-UA1 - Miscellaneous and Generic Unit Attributes

OP-UA2 - Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engine Attributes

OP-UA3 - Storage Tank/Vessel Attributes

OP-UA4 - Loading/Unloading Operations Attributes

OP-UA5 - Process Heater/Furnace Attributes

OP-UA6 - Boiler/Steam Generator/Steam Generating Unit Attributes

OP-UA7 - Flare Attributes

OP-UA8 - Coal Preparation Plant Attributes

OP-UA9 - Nonmetallic Mineral Process Plant Attributes

OP-UA10 - Gas Sweetening/Sulfur Recovery Unit Attributes

OP-UA11 - Stationary Turbine Attributes

OP-UA12 - Fugitive Emission Unit Attributes

OP-UA13 - Industrial Process Cooling Tower Attributes

OP-UA14 - Water Separator Attributes

OP-UA15 - Emission Point/Stationary Vent/Distillation Operation/Process Vent Attributes

OP-UA16 - Solvent Degreasing Machine Attributes

OP-UA17 - Distillation Unit Attributes

OP-UA18 - Surface Coating Operations Attributes

OP-UA19 - Wastewater Unit Attributes

OP-UA20 - Asphalt Operations Attributes

OP-UA21 - Grain Elevator Attributes

OP-UA22 - Printing Attributes

OP-UA24 - Wool Fiberglass Insulation Manufacturing Plant Attributes

OP-UA25 - Synthetic Fiber Production Attributes

OP-UA26 - Electroplating and Anodizing Unit Attributes

OP-UA27 - Nitric Acid Manufacturing Attributes

OP-UA28 - Polymer Manufacturing Attributes

OP-UA29 - Glass Manufacturing Unit Attributes

OP-UA30 - Kraft, Soda, Sulfite, and Stand-Alone Semichemical Pulp Mill Attributes

OP-UA31 - Lead Smelting Attributes

OP-UA32 - Copper and Zinc Smelting/Brass and Bronze Production Attributes

OP-UA33 - Metallic Mineral Processing Plant Attributes

OP-UA34 - Pharmaceutical Manufacturing

OP-UA35 - Incinerator Attributes

OP-UA36 - Steel Plant Unit Attributes

OP-UA37 - Basic Oxygen Process Furnace Unit Attributes

OP-UA38 - Lead-Acid Battery Manufacturing Plant Attributes

OP-UA39 - Sterilization Source Attributes

OP-UA40 - Ferrous Alloy Production Facility Attributes

OP-UA41 - Dry Cleaning Facility Attributes

OP-UA42 - Phosphate Fertilizer Manufacturing Attributes

OP-UA43 - Sulfuric Acid Production Attributes
OP-UA44 - Municipal Solid Waste Landfill/Waste Disposal Site Attributes
OP-UA45 - Surface Impoundment Attributes
OP-UA46 - Epoxy Resins and Non-Nylon Polyamides Production Attributes
OP-UA47 - Ship Building and Ship Repair Unit Attributes
OP-UA48 - Air Oxidation Unit Process Attributes
OP-UA49 - Vacuum-Producing System Attributes
OP-UA50 - Fluid Catalytic Cracking Unit Catalyst Regenerator/Fuel Gas Combustion Device/Claus Sulfur Recovery Plant Attributes
OP-UA51 - Dryer/Kiln/Oven Attributes
OP-UA52 - Closed Vent Systems and Control Devices
OP-UA53 - Beryllium Processing Attributes
OP-UA54 - Mercury Chlor-Alkali Cell Attributes
OP-UA55 - Transfer System Attributes
OP-UA56 - Vinyl Chloride Process Attributes
OP-UA57 - Cleaning/Depainting Operation Attributes
OP-UA58 - Treatment Process Attributes
OP-UA59 - Coke By-Product Recovery Plant Attributes
OP-UA60 - Chemical Manufacturing Process Unit Attributes
OP-UA61 - Pulp, Paper, or Paperboard Producing Process Attributes
OP-UA62 - Glycol Dehydration Unit Attributes
OP-UA63 - Vegetable Oil Production Attributes