# FEDERAL OPERATING PERMIT

A FEDERAL OPERATING PERMIT IS HEREBY ISSUED TO Southwestern Public Service Company

AUTHORIZING THE OPERATION OF Harrington Station Power Plant Fossil Fuel Electric Power Generation

#### LOCATED AT

Potter County, Texas
Latitude 35° 17′ 50″ Longitude 101° 44′ 54″
Regulated Entity Number: RN100224849

This permit is issued in accordance with and subject to the Texas Clean Air Act (TCAA), Chapter 382 of the Texas Health and Safety Code and Title 30 Texas Administrative Code Chapter 122 (30 TAC Chapter 122), Federal Operating Permits. Under 30 TAC Chapter 122, this permit constitutes the permit holder's authority to operate the site, emission units and affected source listed in this permit. Operations of the site, emission units and affected source listed in this permit are subject to all additional rules or amended rules and orders of the Commission pursuant to the TCAA.

This permit does not relieve the permit holder from the responsibility of obtaining New Source Review authorization for new, modified, or existing facilities in accordance with 30 TAC Chapter 116, Control of Air Pollution by Permits for New Construction or Modification.

The site, emission units and affected source authorized by this permit shall be operated in accordance with 30 TAC Chapter 122, the general terms and conditions, special terms and conditions, and attachments contained herein.

This permit shall expire five years from the date of issuance. The renewal requirements specified in 30 TAC § 122.241 must be satisfied in order to renew the authorization to operate the site, emission units and affected source.

Permit No:	U I 5	issuance Date:	April 2, 2025	
For the Con	nmission			

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#### **General Terms and Conditions**

The permit holder shall comply with all terms and conditions contained in 30 TAC § 122.143 (General Terms and Conditions), 30 TAC § 122.144 (Recordkeeping Terms and Conditions), 30 TAC § 122.145 (Reporting Terms and Conditions), and 30 TAC § 122.146 (Compliance Certification Terms and Conditions).

In accordance with 30 TAC § 122.144(1), records of required monitoring data and support information required by this permit, or any applicable requirement codified in this permit, are required to be maintained for a period of five years from the date of the monitoring report, sample, or application unless a longer data retention period is specified in an applicable requirement. The five-year record retention period supersedes any less stringent retention requirement that may be specified in a condition of a permit identified in the New Source Review Authorization attachment.

If the permit holder chooses to demonstrate that this permit is no longer required, a written request to void this permit shall be submitted to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) by the Responsible Official in accordance with 30 TAC § 122.161(e). The permit holder shall comply with the permit's requirements, including compliance certification and deviation reporting, until notified by the TCEQ that this permit is voided.

The permit holder shall comply with 30 TAC Chapter 116 by obtaining a New Source Review authorization prior to new construction or modification of emission units located in the area covered by this permit.

All reports required by this permit must include in the submittal a cover letter which identifies the following information: company name, TCEQ regulated entity number, air account number (if assigned), site name, area name (if applicable), and Air Permits Division permit number(s).

#### **Special Terms and Conditions:**

#### Emission Limitations and Standards, Monitoring and Testing, and Recordkeeping and Reporting

- 1. Permit holder shall comply with the following requirements:
  - A. Emission units (including groups and processes) in the Applicable Requirements Summary attachment shall meet the limitations, standards, equipment specifications, monitoring, recordkeeping, reporting, testing, and other requirements listed in the Applicable Requirements Summary attachment to assure compliance with the permit.
  - B. The textual description in the column titled "Textual Description" in the Applicable Requirements Summary attachment is not enforceable and is not deemed as a substitute for the actual regulatory language. The Textual Description is provided for information purposes only.
  - C. A citation listed on the Applicable Requirements Summary attachment, which has a notation [G] listed before it, shall include the referenced section and subsection for all commission rules, or paragraphs for all federal and state regulations and all subordinate paragraphs, subparagraphs and clauses, subclauses, and items contained within the referenced citation as applicable requirements.
  - D. When a grouped citation, notated with a [G] in the Applicable Requirements Summary, contains multiple compliance options, the permit holder must keep records of when each compliance option was used.
  - E. Emission units subject to 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ or DDDDD as identified in the attached Applicable Requirements Summary table are subject to 30 TAC Chapter 113,

- Subchapter C, § 113.1090 or § 113.1130 which incorporates the 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart by reference.
- 2. The permit holder shall comply with the following sections of 30 TAC Chapter 101 (General Air Quality Rules):
  - A. Title 30 TAC § 101.1 (relating to Definitions), insofar as the terms defined in this section are used to define the terms used in other applicable requirements
  - B. Title 30 TAC § 101.3 (relating to Circumvention)
  - Title 30 TAC § 101.8 (relating to Sampling), if such action has been requested by the TCEQ
  - D. Title 30 TAC § 101.9 (relating to Sampling Ports), if such action has been requested by the TCEQ
  - E. Title 30 TAC § 101.10 (relating to Emissions Inventory Requirements)
  - F. Title 30 TAC § 101.201 (relating to Emission Event Reporting and Recordkeeping Requirements)
  - G. Title 30 TAC § 101.211 (relating to Scheduled Maintenance, Start-up, and Shutdown Reporting and Recordkeeping Requirements)
  - H. Title 30 TAC § 101.221 (relating to Operational Requirements)
  - I. Title 30 TAC § 101.222 (relating to Demonstrations)
  - J. Title 30 TAC § 101.223 (relating to Actions to Reduce Excessive Emissions)
- 3. Permit holder shall comply with the following requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 111:
  - A. Visible emissions from stationary vents with a flow rate of less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute and constructed after January 31, 1972, that are not listed in the Applicable Requirements Summary attachment for 30 TAC Chapter 111, Subchapter A, Division 1, shall not exceed 20% opacity averaged over a six-minute period. The permit holder shall comply with the following requirements for stationary vents at the site subject to this standard:
    - (i) Title 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B) (relating to Requirements for Specified Sources)
    - (ii) Title 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(E)
    - (iii) Title 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(F)(i), (ii), (iii), or (iv)
    - (iv) For emission units with vent emissions subject to 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B), complying with 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(F)(ii), (iii), or (iv), and capable of producing visible emissions from, but not limited to, particulate matter, acid gases and NO<sub>x</sub>, the permit holder shall also comply with the following periodic monitoring requirements for the purpose of annual compliance certification under 30 TAC § 122.146. These periodic monitoring requirements do not apply to vents that are not capable of producing visible emissions such as vents that emit only colorless VOCs; vents from non-fuming liquids; vents that provide passive ventilation, such as plumbing vents; or vent emissions from any other source that

does not obstruct the transmission of light. Vents, as specified in the "Applicable Requirements Summary" attachment, that are subject to the emission limitation of 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B) are not subject to the following periodic monitoring requirements:

- (1) An observation of stationary vents from emission units in operation shall be conducted at least once during each calendar quarter unless the emission unit is not operating for the entire quarter.
- (2) For stationary vents from a combustion source, if an alternative to the normally fired fuel is fired for a period greater than or equal to 24 consecutive hours, the permit holder shall conduct an observation of the stationary vent for each such period to determine if visible emissions are present. If such period is greater than 3 months, observations shall be conducted once during each quarter. Supplementing the normally fired fuel with natural gas or fuel gas to increase the net heating value to the minimum required value does not constitute creation of an alternative fuel.
- (3) Records of all observations shall be maintained.
- (4) Visible emissions observations of emission units operated during daylight hours shall be conducted no earlier than one hour after sunrise and no later than one hour before sunset. Visible emissions observations of emission units operated only at night must be made with additional lighting and the temporary installation of contrasting backgrounds. Visible emissions observations shall be made during times when the activities described in 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(E) are not taking place. Visible emissions shall be determined with each stationary vent in clear view of the observer. The observer shall be at least 15 feet, but not more than 0.25 mile, away from each stationary vent during the observation. For outdoor locations, the observer shall select a position where the sun is not directly in the observer's eyes. When condensed water vapor is present within the plume, as it emerges from the emissions outlet, observations must be made beyond the point in the plume at which condensed water vapor is no longer visible. When water vapor within the plume condenses and becomes visible at a distance from the emissions outlet, the observation shall be evaluated at the outlet prior to condensation of water vapor. A certified opacity reader is not required for visible emissions observations.
- (5) Compliance Certification:
  - (a) If visible emissions are not present during the observation, the RO may certify that the source is in compliance with the applicable opacity requirement in 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1) and (a)(1)(B).
  - (b) However, if visible emissions are present during the observation, the permit holder shall either list this occurrence as a deviation on the next deviation report as required under 30 TAC § 122.145(2) or conduct the appropriate opacity test specified in 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(F) as soon as practicable, but no later than 24 hours after observing visible emissions to determine if the source is in compliance with the opacity requirements. If an opacity test is performed and the source is

determined to be in compliance, the RO may certify that the source is in compliance with the applicable opacity requirement. However, if an opacity test is performed and the source is determined to be out of compliance, the permit holder shall list this occurrence as a deviation on the next deviation report as required under 30 TAC § 122.145(2). The opacity test must be performed by a certified opacity reader.

- (c) Some vents may be subject to multiple visible emission or monitoring requirements. All credible data must be considered when certifying compliance with this requirement even if the observation or monitoring was performed to demonstrate compliance with a different requirement.
- B. Certification of opacity readers determining opacities under Method 9 (as outlined in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A) to comply with opacity monitoring requirements shall be accomplished by completing the Visible Emissions Evaluators Course, or approved agency equivalent, no more than 180 days before the opacity reading.
- C. Emission limits on nonagricultural processes, except for the steam generators specified in 30 TAC § 111.153, shall comply with the following requirements:
  - (i) Emissions of PM from any source may not exceed the allowable rates as required in 30 TAC § 111.151(a) (relating to Allowable Emissions Limits)
  - (ii) Sources with an effective stack height (h<sub>e</sub>) less than the standard effective stack height (H<sub>e</sub>), must reduce the allowable emission level by multiplying it by [h<sub>e</sub>/H<sub>e</sub>]<sup>2</sup> as required in 30 TAC § 111.151(b)
  - (iii) Effective stack height shall be calculated by the equation specified in 30 TAC § 111.151(c)
- D. Permit holder shall comply with the following requirements for steam generators:
  - (i) Emissions from any oil or gas fuel-fired steam generator with a heat input capacity greater than 2,500 MMBtu per hour may not exceed 0.1 pound of TSP per MMBtu of heat input, averaged over a two-hour period, as required in 30 TAC § 111.153(c) (relating to Emissions Limits for Steam Generators).
- E. Outdoor burning, as stated in 30 TAC § 111.201, shall not be authorized unless the following requirements are satisfied:
  - (i) Title 30 TAC § 111.205 (relating to Exception for Fire Training)
  - (ii) Title 30 TAC § 111.207 (relating to Exception for Recreation, Ceremony, Cooking, and Warmth)
  - (iii) Title 30 TAC § 111.211 (relating to Exception for Prescribed Burn)
  - (iv) Title 30 TAC § 111.219 (relating to General Requirements for Allowable Outdoor Burning)
  - (v) Title 30 TAC § 111.221 (relating to Responsibility for Consequences of Outdoor Burning)

- 4. The permit holder shall comply with the following requirements for units subject to any subpart of 40 CFR Part 60, unless otherwise stated in the applicable subpart:
  - A. Title 40 CFR § 60.7 (relating to Notification and Recordkeeping)
  - B. Title 40 CFR § 60.8 (relating to Performance Tests)
  - C. Title 40 CFR § 60.11 (relating to Compliance with Standards and Maintenance Requirements)
  - D. Title 40 CFR § 60.12 (relating to Circumvention)
  - E. Title 40 CFR § 60.13 (relating to Monitoring Requirements)
  - F. Title 40 CFR § 60.14 (relating to Modification)
  - G. Title 40 CFR § 60.15 (relating to Reconstruction)
  - H. Title 40 CFR § 60.19 (relating to General Notification and Reporting Requirements)
- 5. The permit holder shall comply with the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 113, Subchapter C, § 113.100 for units subject to any subpart of 40 CFR Part 63, unless otherwise stated in the applicable subpart.

#### **Additional Monitoring Requirements**

6. The permit holder shall comply with the periodic monitoring requirements as specified in the attached "Periodic Monitoring Summary" upon issuance of the permit. Except for, as applicable, monitoring malfunctions, associated repairs, and required quality assurance or control activities (including, as applicable, calibration checks and required zero and span adjustments), the permit holder shall conduct all monitoring in continuous operation (or shall collect data at all required intervals) at all times that the pollutant-specific emissions unit is operating. The permit holder may elect to collect monitoring data on a more frequent basis and average the data, consistent with the averaging time or minimum frequency specified in the "Periodic Monitoring Summary," for purposes of determining whether a deviation has occurred. However, the additional data points must be collected on a regular basis. In no event shall data be collected and used in particular instances to avoid reporting deviations. Deviations shall be reported according to 30 TAC § 122.145 (Reporting Terms and Conditions).

#### **New Source Review Authorization Requirements**

- 7. Permit holder shall comply with the requirements of New Source Review authorizations issued or claimed by the permit holder for the permitted area, including permits, permits by rule (including the terms, conditions, monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting identified in registered PBRs and permits by rule identified in the PBR Supplemental Tables dated May 15, 2025 in the application for project 37464), standard permits, flexible permits, special permits, permits for existing facilities including Voluntary Emissions Reduction Permits and Electric Generating Facility Permits issued under 30 TAC Chapter 116, Subchapter I, or special exemptions referenced in the New Source Review Authorization References attachment. These requirements:
  - A. Are incorporated by reference into this permit as applicable requirements
  - B. Shall be located with this operating permit
  - C. Are not eligible for a permit shield

- 8. The permit holder shall comply with the general requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 106, Subchapter A or the general requirements, if any, in effect at the time of the claim of any PBR.
- 9. The permit holder shall maintain records to demonstrate compliance with any emission limitation or standard that is specified in a permit by rule (PBR) or Standard Permit listed in the New Source Review Authorizations attachment. The records shall yield reliable data from the relevant time period that are representative of the emission unit's compliance with the PBR or Standard Permit. These records may include, but are not limited to, production capacity and throughput, hours of operation, safety data sheets (SDS), chemical composition of raw materials, speciation of air contaminant data, engineering calculations, maintenance records, fugitive data, performance tests, capture/control device efficiencies, direct pollutant monitoring (CEMS, COMS, or PEMS), or control device parametric monitoring. These records shall be made readily accessible and available as required by 30 TAC § 122.144. Any monitoring or recordkeeping data indicating noncompliance with the PBR or Standard Permit shall be considered and reported as a deviation according to 30 TAC § 122.145 (Reporting Terms and Conditions).
- 10. The permit holder shall comply with the following requirements for Air Quality Standard Permits:
  - A. Registration requirements listed in 30 TAC § 116.611, unless otherwise provided for in an Air Quality Standard Permit
  - B. General Conditions listed in 30 TAC § 116.615, unless otherwise provided for in an Air Quality Standard Permit
  - C. Requirements of the non-rule Air Quality Standard Permit for Pollution Control Projects

#### **Compliance Requirements**

- 11. The permit holder shall certify compliance in accordance with 30 TAC § 122.146. The permit holder shall comply with 30 TAC § 122.146 using at a minimum, but not limited to, the continuous or intermittent compliance method data from monitoring, recordkeeping, reporting, or testing required by the permit and any other credible evidence or information. The certification period may not exceed 12 months and the certification must be submitted within 30 days after the end of the period being certified.
- 12. Use of Discrete Emission Credits to comply with the applicable requirements:
  - A. Unless otherwise prohibited, the permit holder may use discrete emission credits to comply with the following applicable requirements listed elsewhere in this permit:
    - (i) Title 30 TAC Chapter 115
    - (ii) Title 30 TAC Chapter 117
    - (iii) If applicable, offsets for Title 30 TAC Chapter 116
    - (iv) Temporarily exceed state NSR permit allowables
  - B. The permit holder shall comply with the following requirements in order to use the credit to comply with the applicable requirements:
    - (i) The permit holder must notify the TCEQ according to 30 TAC § 101.376(d)

- (ii) The discrete emission credits to be used must meet all the geographic, timeliness, applicable pollutant type, and availability requirements listed in 30 TAC Chapter 101, Subchapter H, Division 4
- (iii) The executive director has approved the use of the discrete emission credits according to 30 TAC § 101.376(d)(1)(A)
- (iv) The permit holder keeps records of the use of credits towards compliance with the applicable requirements in accordance with 30 TAC § 101.372(h) and 30 TAC Chapter 122
- (v) Title 30 TAC § 101.375 (relating to Emission Reductions Achieved Outside the United States)

### **Protection of Stratospheric Ozone**

- 13. Permit holders at a site subject to Title VI of the FCAA Amendments shall meet the following requirements for protection of stratospheric ozone:
  - A. Any on site servicing, maintenance, and repair on refrigeration and nonmotor vehicle airconditioning appliances using ozone-depleting refrigerants or non-exempt substitutes shall be conducted in accordance with 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F. Permit holders shall ensure that repairs on or refrigerant removal from refrigeration and nonmotor vehicle airconditioning appliances using ozone-depleting refrigerants are performed only by properly certified technicians using certified equipment. Records shall be maintained as required by 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F.

## Temporary Fuel Shortages (30 TAC § 112.15)

- 14. The permit holder shall comply with the following 30 TAC Chapter 112 requirements:
  - A. Title 30 TAC § 112.15 (relating to Temporary Fuel Shortage Plan Filing Requirements)
  - B. Title 30 TAC § 112.16(a), (a)(1), and (a)(2)(B) (C) (relating to Temporary Fuel Shortage Plan Operating Requirements)
  - C. Title 30 TAC § 112.17 (relating to Temporary Fuel Shortage Plan Notification Procedures)
  - D. Title 30 TAC § 112.18 (relating to Temporary Fuel Shortage Plan Reporting Requirements)

#### **Permit Location**

15. The permit holder shall maintain a copy of this permit and records related to requirements listed in this permit on site.

#### Permit Shield (30 TAC § 122.148)

16. A permit shield is granted for the emission units, groups, or processes specified in the attached "Permit Shield." Compliance with the conditions of the permit shall be deemed compliance with the specified potentially applicable requirements or specified potentially applicable state-only requirements listed in the attachment "Permit Shield." Permit shield provisions shall not be modified by the executive director until notification is provided to the permit holder. No later than 90 days after notification of a change in a determination made by the executive director, the

permit holder shall apply for the appropriate permit revision to reflect the new determination. Provisional terms are not eligible for this permit shield. Any term or condition, under a permit shield, shall not be protected by the permit shield if it is replaced by a provisional term or condition or the basis of the term and condition changes.

#### **Acid Rain Permit Requirements**

17. For UNIT 1, UNIT 2 and UNIT 3 (identified in the Certificate of Representation as units 061B, 062B and 063B), located at the site identified by ORIS/Facility code 6193, the designated representative and the owner or operator, as applicable, shall comply with the following Acid Rain Permit requirements.

#### A. General Requirements

- (i) Under 30 TAC § 122.12(1) and 40 CFR Part 72, the Acid Rain Permit requirements contained here are a separable portion of the Federal Operating Permit (FOP) and have an independent public comment process which may be separate from, or combined with the FOP.
- (ii) The owner and operator shall comply with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 72 and 40 CFR Part 76. Any noncompliance with the Acid Rain Permit will be considered noncompliance with the FOP and may be subject to enforcement action.
- (iii) The owners and operators of the affected source shall operate the source and the unit in compliance with the requirements of this Acid Rain Permit and all other applicable State and federal requirements.
- (iv) The owners and operators of the affected source shall comply with the General Terms and Conditions of the FOP that incorporates this Acid Rain Permit.
- (v) The term for the Acid Rain permit shall commence with the issuance of the FOP that incorporates the Acid Rain permit and shall be run concurrent with the remainder of the term of the FOP. Renewal of the Acid Rain permit shall coincide with the renewal of the FOP that incorporates the Acid Rain permit and subsequent terms shall be no more than five years from the date of renewal of the FOP and run concurrent with the permit term of the FOP.

#### B. Monitoring Requirements

- (i) The owners and operators, and the designated representative, of the affected source and each affected unit at the source shall comply with the monitoring requirements contained in 40 CFR Part 75.
- (ii) The emissions measurements recorded and reported in accordance with 40 CFR Part 75 and any other credible evidence shall be used to determine compliance by the affected source with the acid rain emissions limitations and emissions reduction requirements for SO<sub>2</sub> and NO<sub>x</sub> under the ARP.
- (iii) The requirements of 40 CFR Part 75 shall not affect the responsibility of the owners and operators to monitor emission of other pollutants or other emissions characteristics at the unit under other applicable requirements of the FCAA Amendments (42 U.S.C. 7401, as amended November 15, 1990) and other terms and conditions of the operating permit for the source.

#### C. SO<sub>2</sub> emissions requirements

- (i) The owners and operators of each source and each affected unit at the source shall comply with the applicable acid rain emissions limitations for SO<sub>2</sub>.
- (ii) As of the allowance transfer deadline the owners and operators of the affected source and each affected unit at the source shall hold, in the unit's compliance subaccount, allowances in an amount not less than the total annual emissions of SO<sub>2</sub> for the previous calendar year.
- (iii) Each ton of  $SO_2$  emitted in excess of the acid rain emissions limitations for  $SO_2$  shall constitute a separate violation of the FCAA amendments.
- (iv) An affected unit shall be subject to the requirements under (i) and (ii) of the SO<sub>2</sub> emissions requirements as follows:
  - (1) Starting January 1, 2000, an affected unit under 40 CFR § 72.6(a)(2); or
  - (2) Starting on the later of January 1, 2000 or the deadline for monitor certification under 40 CFR Part 75, an affected unit under 40 CFR § 72.6(a)(3).
- (v) Allowances shall be held in, deducted from, or transferred into or among Allowance Tracking System accounts in accordance with the requirements of the ARP.
- (vi) An allowance shall not be deducted, for compliance with the requirements of this permit, in a calendar year before the year for which the allowance was allocated.
- (vii) An allowance allocated by the EPA Administrator or under the ARP is a limited authorization to emit SO<sub>2</sub> in accordance with the ARP. No provision of the ARP, Acid Rain permit application, this Acid Rain Permit, or an exemption under 40 CFR §§ 72.7 or 72.8 and no provision of law shall be construed to limit the authority of the United States to terminate or limit such authorization.
- (viii) An allowance allocated by the EPA Administrator under the ARP does not constitute a property right.

#### D. NO<sub>x</sub> Emission Requirements

- (i) The owners and operators of the source and each affected unit at the source shall comply with the applicable acid rain emissions limitations for  $NO_x$  under 40 CFR Part 76.
- E. Excess emissions requirements for SO<sub>2</sub> and NO<sub>x</sub>.
  - (i) The designated representative of an affected unit that has excess emissions in any calendar year shall submit a proposed offset plan, as required under 40 CFR Part 77.
  - (ii) If an affected source has excess emissions in any calendar year shall, as required by 40 CFR Part 77:
    - (1) Pay, without demand, the penalty required and pay, upon demand, the interest on that penalty.

(2) Comply with the terms of an approved offset plan.

## F. Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements

- (i) Unless otherwise provided, the owners and operators of the affected source and each affected unit at the source shall keep on site at the source each of the following documents for a period of 5 years from the date the document is created. This period may be extended for cause, at any time before the end of 5 years, in writing by the permitting authority or the EPA Administrator.
  - (1) The certificate of representation for the designated representative for the source and each affected unit and all documents that demonstrate the truth of the statements in the certificate of representation, in accordance with 40 CFR § 72.24; provided that the certificate and documents shall be retained on site at the source beyond such 5-year period until such documents are superseded because of the submission of a new certificate of representation changing the designated representative.
  - (2) All emissions monitoring information, in accordance with 40 CFR Part 75, provided that to the extent that 40 CFR Part 75 provides for a 3-year period for recordkeeping (rather than a five-year period cited in 30 TAC § 122.144), the 3-year period shall apply.
  - (3) Copies of all reports, compliance certifications, and other submissions and all records made or required under the ARP or relied upon for compliance certification.
  - (4) Copies of all documents used to complete an acid rain permit application and any other submission under the ARP or to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of the ARP.
- (ii) The designated representative of an affected source and each affected unit at the source shall submit the reports required under the ARP including those under 40 CFR Part 72, Subpart I and 40 CFR Part 75.

### G. Liability

- (i) Any person who knowingly violates any requirement or prohibition of the ARP, a complete acid rain permit application, an acid rain permit, or a written exemption under 40 CFR §§ 72.7 or 72.8, including any requirement for the payment of any penalty owed to the United States, shall be subject to enforcement pursuant to FCAA § 113(c).
- (ii) Any person who knowingly makes a false, material statement in any record, submission, or report under the ARP shall be subject to criminal enforcement pursuant to FCAA § 113(c) and 18 U.S.C. 1001.
- (iii) No permit revision shall excuse any violation of the requirements of the ARP that occurs prior to the date that the revision takes effect.
- (iv) The affected source and each affected unit shall meet the requirements of the ARP contained in 40 CFR Parts 72 through 78.

- (v) Any provision of the ARP that applies to an affected source or the designated representative of an affected source shall also apply to the owners and operators of such source and of the affected units at the source.
- (vi) Any provision of the ARP that applies to an affected unit (including a provision applicable to the DR of an affected unit) shall also apply to the owners and operators of such unit. Except as provided under 40 CFR § 72.44 (Phase II repowering extension plans) and 40 CFR § 76.11 (NO<sub>x</sub> averaging plans), and except with regard to the requirements applicable to units with a common stack under 40 CFR Part 75 (including 40 CFR §§ 75.16, 75.17, and 75.18), the owners and operators and the DR of one affected unit shall not be liable for any violation by any other affected unit of which they are not owners or operators or the DR and that is located at a source of which they are not owners or operators or the DR.
- (vii) Each violation of a provision of 40 CFR Parts 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, and 78 by an affected source or affected unit, or by an owner or operator or DR of such source or unit, shall be a separate violation of the FCAA Amendments.
- H. Effect on other authorities. No provision of the ARP, an acid rain permit application, an acid rain permit, or an exemption under 40 CFR §§ 72.7 or 72.8 shall be construed as:
  - (i) Except as expressly provided in Title IV of the FCAA Amendments, exempting or excluding the owners and operators and, to the extent applicable, the DR of an affected source or affected unit from compliance with any other provision of the FCAA Amendments, including the provisions of Title I of the FCAA Amendments relating to applicable National Ambient Air Quality Standards or State Implementation Plans.
  - (ii) Limiting the number of allowances a unit can hold; provided, that the number of allowances held by the unit shall not affect the source's obligation to comply with any other provisions of the FCAA Amendments.
  - (iii) Requiring a change of any kind in any state law regulating electric utility rates and charges, affecting any state law regarding such state regulation, or limiting such state regulation, including any prudence review requirements under such state law.
  - (iv) Modifying the Federal Power Act or affecting the authority of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission under the Federal Power Act; or,
  - (v) Interfering with or impairing any program for competitive bidding for power supply in a state in which such program is established.
- I. The number of SO<sub>2</sub> allowances allocated by the EPA in 40 CFR Part 73 is enforceable only by the EPA Administrator.

#### **Cross-State Air Pollution Rule (CSAPR) Trading Program Requirements**

- 18. For units UNIT 1, UNIT 2 and UNIT 3 (identified in the Certificate of Representation as units 061B, 062B and 063B), located at the site identified by ORIS/Facility code 6193, the designated representative and the owner or operator, as applicable, shall comply with the following CSAPR requirements.
  - A. General Requirements

- (i) The owners and operators of the CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 source and each CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 unit at the source shall operate the source and the unit in compliance with the requirements of the CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 Trading Program and all other applicable State and federal requirements.
- (ii) The owners and operators of the CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 source and each CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 unit at the source shall comply with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 97, Subpart EEEEE for CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 Trading Program, and with the General Terms and Conditions of the Federal Operating Permit (FOP) that incorporates the CSAPR requirements.

### B. Description of CSAPR Monitoring Provisions

- (i) The CSAPR subject unit(s), and the unit-specific monitoring provisions at this source, are identified in the following paragraph(s). These unit(s) are subject to the requirements for the CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 Trading Program.
  - (1) For UNIT 1, UNIT 2, and UNIT 3, the owners and operators shall comply with the continuous emission monitoring system or systems (CEMS) requirements pursuant to 40 CFR Part 75, Subpart H for NO<sub>x</sub>, and with the excepted monitoring system requirements for gas- and oil-fired units pursuant to 40 CFR Part 75, Appendix D for heat input.
- (ii) The above description of the monitoring used by a unit does not change, create an exemption from, or otherwise affect the monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements applicable to the unit under 40 CFR §§ 97.830 through 97.835 (CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 Trading Program). The monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting requirements applicable to each unit are included below in the standard conditions for the applicable CSAPR trading program.
- (iii) Owners and operators must submit to the Administrator a monitoring plan for each unit in accordance with 40 CFR §§ 75.53, 75.62 and 75.73, as applicable. The monitoring plan for each unit is available at the EPA's website at https://www.epa.gov/airmarkets/monitoring-plans-part-75-sources.
- (iv) Owners and operators that want to use an alternative monitoring system must submit to the Administrator a petition requesting approval of the alternative monitoring system in accordance with 40 CFR Part 75, Subpart E and 40 CFR § 75.66 and § 97.835 (CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 Trading Program). The Administrator's response approving or disapproving any petition for an alternative monitoring system is available on the EPA's website at https://www.epa.gov/airmarkets/part-75-petition-responses.
- (v) Owners and operators that want to use an alternative to any monitoring, recordkeeping, or reporting requirement under 40 CFR §§ 97.830 through 97.834 (CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 Trading Program) must submit to the Administrator a petition requesting approval of the alternative in accordance with 40 CFR § 75.66 and § 97.835 (CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 Trading Program). The Administrator's response approving or disapproving any petition for an alternative to a monitoring, recordkeeping, or reporting requirement is available on the EPA's website at https://www.epa.gov/airmarkets/part-75-petition-responses.

- (vi) The descriptions of monitoring applicable to the unit(s) included above meet the requirement of 40 CFR §§ 97.830 through 97.834 (CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 Trading Program), and therefore procedures for minor permit revisions, in accordance with 30 TAC § 122.217, may be used to add or change this unit's monitoring system description.
- 19. CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 Trading Program Requirements (40 CFR § 97.806)
  - A. Designated representative requirements
    - (i) The owners and operators shall comply with the requirement to have a designated representative, and may have an alternate designated representative, in accordance with 40 CFR §§ 97.813 through 97.818.
  - B. Emissions monitoring, reporting, and recordkeeping requirements
    - (i) The owners and operators, and the designated representative, of each CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 source and each CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 unit at the source shall comply with the monitoring, reporting, and recordkeeping requirements of 40 CFR § 97.830 (general requirements, including installation, certification, and data accounting, compliance deadlines, reporting data, prohibitions, and long-term cold storage), § 97.831 (initial monitoring system certification and recertification procedures), § 97.832 (monitoring system out-of-control periods), § 97.833 (notifications concerning monitoring), § 97.834 (recordkeeping and reporting, including monitoring plans, certification applications, quarterly reports, and compliance certification), and § 97.835 (petitions for alternatives to monitoring, recordkeeping, or reporting requirements).
    - (ii) The emissions data determined in accordance with 40 CFR § 97.830 through § 97.835 and any other credible evidence shall be used to calculate allocations of CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 allowances under 40 CFR §§ 97.811(a)(2) and (b) and § 97.812 and to determine compliance with the CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 emissions limitation and assurance provisions under paragraph C. below, provided that, for each monitoring location from which mass emissions are reported, the mass emissions amount used in calculating such allocations and determining such compliance shall be the mass emissions amount for the monitoring location determined in accordance with 40 CFR §§ 97.830 through 97.835 and rounded to the nearest ton, with any fraction of a ton less than 0.50 being deemed to be zero.
  - C. NO<sub>x</sub> emissions requirements
    - (i) CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 emissions limitation
      - (1) As of the allowance transfer deadline for a control period in a given year, the owners and operators of each CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 source and each CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 unit at the source shall hold, in the source's compliance account, CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 allowances available for deduction for such control period under 40 CFR § 97.824(a) in an amount not less than the tons of total NO<sub>x</sub> emissions for such control period from all CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 units at the source.

- (2) If total NO<sub>x</sub> emissions during a control period in a given year from the CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 units at a CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 source are in excess of the CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 emissions limitation set forth in paragraph C.(i)(1) above, then:
  - (a) The owners and operators of the source and each CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 unit at the source shall hold the CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 allowances required for deduction under 40 CFR § 97.824(d); and
  - (b) The owners and operators of the source and each CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 unit at the source shall pay any fine, penalty, or assessment or comply with any other remedy imposed, for the same violations, under the Clean Air Act, and each ton of such excess emissions and each day of such control period shall constitute a separate violation of 40 CFR Part 97, Subpart EEEEE and the Clean Air Act.
- (ii) CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 assurance provisions
  - (1) If total NO<sub>x</sub> emissions during a control period in a given year from all CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 units at CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 sources in the state exceed the state assurance level. then the owners and operators of such sources and units in each group of one or more sources and units having a common designated representative for such control period, where the common designated representative's share of such NO<sub>x</sub> emissions during such control period exceeds the common designated representative's assurance level for the state and such control period, shall hold (in the assurance account established for the owners and operators of such group) CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 allowances available for deduction for such control period under 40 CFR § 97.825(a) in an amount equal to two times the product (rounded to the nearest whole number), as determined by the Administrator in accordance with 40 CFR § 97.825(b), of multiplying -
    - (a) The quotient of the amount by which the common designated representative's share of such NO<sub>x</sub> emissions exceeds the common designated representative's assurance level divided by the sum of the amounts, determined for all common designated representatives for such sources and units in the state for such control period, by which each common designated representative's share of such NO<sub>x</sub> emissions exceeds the respective common designated representative's assurance level; and
    - (b) The amount by which total NO<sub>x</sub> emissions from all CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 units at CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 sources in the state for such control period exceed the state assurance level.
  - (2) The owners and operators shall hold the CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 allowances required under paragraph C.(ii)(1) above, as of midnight of November 1 (if it is a business day), or midnight of the first business day thereafter (if November 1 is not a business day), immediately after such control period.

- (3) Total NO<sub>x</sub> emissions from all CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 units at CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 sources in the state during a control period in a given year exceed the state assurance level if such total NO<sub>x</sub> emissions exceed the sum, for such control period, of the state NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 trading budget under 40 CFR § 97.810(a) and the state's variability limit under 40 CFR § 97.810(b).
- (4) It shall not be a violation of 40 CFR Part 97, Subpart EEEEE or of the Clean Air Act if total NO<sub>x</sub> emissions from all CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 units at CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 sources in the state during a control period exceed the state assurance level or if a common designated representative's share of total NO<sub>x</sub> emissions from the CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 units at CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 sources in the state during a control period exceeds the common designated representative's assurance level.
- (5) To the extent the owners and operators fail to hold CSAPR  $NO_x$  Ozone Season Group 2 allowances for a control period in a given year in accordance with paragraphs C.(ii)(1) through (3) above,
  - (a) The owners and operators shall pay any fine, penalty, or assessment or comply with any other remedy imposed under the Clean Air Act; and
  - (b) Each CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 allowance that the owners and operators fail to hold for such control period in accordance with paragraphs C.(ii)(1) through (3) above and each day of such control period shall constitute a separate violation of 40 CFR Part 97, Subpart EEEEE and the Clean Air Act.

### (iii) Compliance periods

- (1) A CSAPR NO $_{\rm x}$  Ozone Season Group 2 unit shall be subject to the requirements under paragraph C.(i) above for the control period starting on the later of May 1, 2017 or the deadline for meeting the unit's monitor certification requirements under 40 CFR § 97.830(b) and for each control period thereafter.
- (2) A CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 unit shall be subject to the requirements under paragraph C.(ii) above for the control period starting on the later of May 1, 2017 or the deadline for meeting the unit's monitor certification requirements under 40 CFR § 97.830(b) and for each control period thereafter.
- (iv) Vintage of allowances held for compliance
  - (1) A CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 allowance held for compliance with the requirements under paragraph C.(i)(1) above for a control period in a given year must be a CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 allowance that was allocated for such control period or a control period in a prior year.
  - (2) A CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 allowance held for compliance with the requirements under paragraphs C.(i)(2)(a) and (ii)(1) through (3) above for a control period in a given year must be a CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone

Season Group 2 allowance that was allocated for a control period in a prior year or the control period in the given year or in the immediately following year.

- (v) Allowance Management System requirements. Each CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 allowance shall be held in, deducted from, or transferred into, out of, or between Allowance Management System accounts in accordance with 40 CFR Part 97, Subpart EEEEE.
- (vi) Limited authorization. A CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 allowance is a limited authorization to emit one ton of NO<sub>x</sub> during the control period in one year. Such authorization is limited in its use and duration as follows:
  - (1) Such authorization shall only be used in accordance with the CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 Trading Program; and
  - (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of 40 CFR Part 97, Subpart EEEEE, the Administrator has the authority to terminate or limit the use and duration of such authorization to the extent the Administrator determines is necessary or appropriate to implement any provision of the Clean Air Act.
- (vii) Property right. A CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 allowance does not constitute a property right.

### D. FOP revision requirements

- (i) No FOP revision shall be required for any allocation, holding, deduction, or transfer of CSAPR  $NO_x$  Ozone Season Group 2 allowances in accordance with 40 CFR Part 97, Subpart EEEEE.
- (ii) This FOP incorporates the CSAPR emissions monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting requirements pursuant to 40 CFR §§ 97.830 through 97.835, and the requirements for a continuous emission monitoring system (pursuant to 40 CFR Part 75, subpart H), an excepted monitoring system (pursuant to 40 CFR Part 75, appendices D and E), a low mass emissions excepted monitoring methodology (pursuant to 40 CFR § 75.19), and an alternative monitoring system (pursuant to 40 CFR Part 75, subpart E). Therefore the Description of CSAPR Monitoring Provisions for CSAPR subject unit(s) may be added to, or changed, in this FOP using procedures for minor permit revisions in accordance with 30 TAC § 122.217.

#### E. Additional recordkeeping and reporting requirements

- (i) Unless otherwise provided, the owners and operators of each CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 source and each CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 unit at the source shall keep on site at the source each of the following documents (in hardcopy or electronic format) for a period of 5 years from the date the document is created. This period may be extended for cause, at any time before the end of 5 years, in writing by the Administrator.
  - (1) The certificate of representation under 40 CFR § 97.816 for the designated representative for the source and each CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 unit at the source and all documents that demonstrate the truth of the statements in the certificate of representation; provided

that the certificate and documents shall be retained on site at the source beyond such 5-year period until such certificate of representation and documents are superseded because of the submission of a new certificate of representation under 40 CFR § 97.816 changing the designated representative.

- (2) All emissions monitoring information, in accordance with 40 CFR Part 97, Subpart EEEEE.
- (3) Copies of all reports, compliance certifications, and other submissions and all records made or required under, or to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of, the CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 Trading Program.
- (ii) The designated representative of a CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 source and each CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 unit at the source shall make all submissions required under the CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 Trading Program, except as provided in 40 CFR § 97.818. This requirement does not change, create an exemption from, or otherwise affect the responsible official submission requirements under 30 TAC § 122.165.

### F. Liability

- (i) Any provision of the CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 Trading Program that applies to a CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 source or the designated representative of a CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 source shall also apply to the owners and operators of such source and of the CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 units at the source.
- (ii) Any provision of the CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 Trading Program that applies to a CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 unit or the designated representative of a CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 unit shall also apply to the owners and operators of such unit.

#### G. Effect on other authorities

(i) No provision of the CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 Trading Program or exemption under 40 CFR § 97.805 shall be construed as exempting or excluding the owners and operators, and the designated representative, of a CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 source or CSAPR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Group 2 unit from compliance with any other provision of the applicable, approved state implementation plan, a federally enforceable permit, or the Clean Air Act.

### Federal Implementation Plan for Regional Haze (Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program) Requirements

20. For UNIT 1, UNIT 2 and UNIT 3 (identified in the Certificate of Representation as units 061B, 062B and 063B), located at the site identified by ORIS/Facility code 6193, the designated representative and the owner or operator, as applicable, shall comply with the following Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program requirements.

### A. General Requirements

(i) The owners and operators of the Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program source and each Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program unit at the source shall operate the source and the

- unit in compliance with the requirements of the Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program and all other applicable State and federal requirements.
- (ii) The owners and operators of the Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program source and each Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program unit at the source shall comply with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 97, Subpart FFFFF for Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program, and with the General Terms and Conditions of the Federal Operating Permit (FOP) that incorporates the Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program requirements.

#### B. Description of Monitoring Provisions

- (i) The Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program subject unit(s), and the unit-specific monitoring provisions at this source, are identified in the following paragraph(s).
  - (1) For UNIT 1, UNIT 2, and UNIT 3, the owners and operators shall comply with the excepted monitoring system requirements for gas- and oil-fired units pursuant to 40 CFR Part 75, Appendix D for SO<sub>2</sub> and heat input.
- (ii) The above description of the monitoring used by a unit does not change, create an exemption from, or otherwise affect the monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements applicable to the unit under 40 CFR §§ 97.930 through 97.935 (Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program). The monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting requirements applicable to each unit are included below in the standard conditions for the Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program.
- (iii) Owners and operators must submit to the Administrator a monitoring plan for each unit in accordance with 40 CFR §§ 75.53, 75.62 and 75.73, as applicable. The monitoring plan for each unit is available at the EPA's website at https://www.epa.gov/airmarkets/clean-air-markets-monitoring-plans-part-75-sources.
- (iv) Owners and operators that want to use an alternative monitoring system must submit to the Administrator a petition requesting approval of the alternative monitoring system in accordance with 40 CFR Part 75, Subpart E and 40 CFR § 75.66 and § 97.935 (Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program). The Administrator's response approving or disapproving any petition for an alternative monitoring system is available on the EPA's website at https://www.epa.gov/airmarkets/part-75-petition-responses.
- (v) Owners and operators that want to use an alternative to any monitoring, recordkeeping, or reporting requirement under 40 CFR §§ 97.930 through 97.934 (Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program) must submit to the Administrator a petition requesting approval of the alternative in accordance with 40 CFR § 75.66 and § 97.935 (Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program). The Administrator's response approving or disapproving any petition for an alternative to a monitoring, recordkeeping, or reporting requirement is available on the EPA's website at https://www.epa.gov/airmarkets/part-75-petition-responses.
- (vi) The descriptions of monitoring applicable to the unit(s) included above meet the requirement of 40 CFR §§ 97.930 through 97.934 (Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program), and therefore procedures for minor permit revisions, in accordance with 30 TAC § 122.217, may be used to add or change this unit's monitoring system description.
- 21. Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program Requirements (40 CFR § 97.906)

#### A. Designated representative requirements

(i) The owners and operators shall comply with the requirement to have a designated representative, and may have an alternate designated representative, in accordance with 40 CFR §§ 97.913 through 97.918.

#### B. Emissions monitoring, reporting, and recordkeeping requirements

- (i) The owners and operators, and the designated representative, of each Texas SO<sub>2</sub> source and each Texas SO<sub>2</sub> unit at the source shall comply with the monitoring, reporting, and recordkeeping requirements of 40 CFR § 97.930 (general requirements, including installation, certification, and data accounting, compliance deadlines, reporting data, prohibitions, and long-term cold storage), § 97.931 (initial monitoring system certification and recertification procedures), § 97.932 (monitoring system out-of-control periods), § 97.933 (notifications concerning monitoring), § 97.934 (recordkeeping and reporting, including monitoring plans, certification applications, quarterly reports, and compliance certification), and § 97.935 (petitions for alternatives to monitoring, recordkeeping, or reporting requirements).
- (ii) The emissions data determined in accordance with §§ 97.930 through 97.935 shall be used to calculate allocations of Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program allowances under § 97.912 and to determine compliance with the Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program emissions limitation under paragraph (c) of this section, provided that, for each monitoring location from which mass emissions are reported, the mass emissions amount used in calculating such allocations and determining such compliance shall be the mass emissions amount for the monitoring location determined in accordance with §§ 97.930 through 97.935 and rounded to the nearest ton, with any fraction of a ton less than 0.50 being deemed to be zero and any fraction of a ton greater than or equal to 0.50 being deemed to be a whole ton.

#### C. SO<sub>2</sub> emissions requirements

- (i) Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program emissions limitation
  - (1) As of the allowance transfer deadline for a control period in a given year, the owners and operators of each Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program source and each Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program unit at the source shall hold, in the source's compliance account, Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program allowances available for deduction for such control period under § 97.924(a) in an amount not less than the tons of total SO<sub>2</sub> emissions for such control period from all Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program units at the source.
  - (2) If total SO<sub>2</sub> emissions during a control period in a given year from the Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program units at a Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program source are in excess of the Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program emissions limitation set forth in paragraph C.(i)(1) of this section, then:
    - (a) The owners and operators of the source and each Texas SO<sub>2</sub>
      Trading Program unit at the source shall hold the Texas SO<sub>2</sub>
      Trading Program allowances required for deduction under §
      97.924(d); and

- (b) The owners and operators of the source and each Texas SO<sub>2</sub>
  Trading Program unit at the source shall pay any fine, penalty, or assessment or comply with any other remedy imposed, for the same violations, under the Clean Air Act, and each ton of such excess emissions and each day of such control period shall constitute a separate violation of this subpart and the Clean Air Act.
- (ii) Compliance periods. A Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program unit shall be subject to the requirements under paragraph C.(i) of this section for the control period starting on the later of January 1, 2019 or the deadline for meeting the unit's monitor certification requirements under § 97.930(b) and for each control period thereafter.
- (iii) Vintage of allowances held for compliance
  - (1) A Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program allowance held for compliance with the requirements under paragraph C.(i)(1) of this section for a control period in a given year must be a Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program allowance that was allocated for such control period or a control period in a prior year.
  - (2) A Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program allowance held for compliance with the requirements under paragraph C.(i)(2)(a) of this section for a control period in a given year must be a Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program allowance that was allocated for a control period in a prior year or the control period in the given year or in the immediately following year.
- (iv) Allowance Management System requirements. Each Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program allowance shall be held in, deducted from, or transferred into, out of, or between Allowance Management System accounts in accordance with 40 CFR Part 97, Subpart FFFFF.
- (v) Limited authorization. A Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program allowance is a limited authorization to emit one ton of SO<sub>2</sub> during the control period in one year. Such authorization is limited in its use and duration as follows:
  - (1) Such authorization shall only be used in accordance with the Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program; and
  - (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of 40 CFR Part 97, Subpart FFFFF, the Administrator has the authority to terminate or limit the use and duration of such authorization to the extent the Administrator determines is necessary or appropriate to implement any provision of the Clean Air Act.
- (vi) Property right. A Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program allowance does not constitute a property right.

#### D. FOP revision requirements

(i) No FOP revision shall be required for any allocation, holding, deduction, or transfer of Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program allowances in accordance with 40 CFR Part 97, Subpart FFFFF.

(ii) This FOP incorporates the Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program emissions monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting requirements pursuant to 40 CFR §§ 97.930 through 97.935, and the requirements for a continuous emission monitoring system (pursuant to 40 CFR Part 75, subpart B), an excepted monitoring system (pursuant to 40 CFR Part 75, appendices D and E), a low mass emissions excepted monitoring methodology (pursuant to 40 CFR § 75.19), and an alternative monitoring system (pursuant to 40 CFR Part 75, subpart E). Therefore the Description of Monitoring Provisions for Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program subject unit(s) may be added to, or changed, in this FOP using procedures for minor permit revisions in accordance with 30 TAC § 122.217.

#### E. Additional recordkeeping and reporting requirements

- (i) Unless otherwise provided, the owners and operators of each Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program source and each Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program unit at the source shall keep on site at the source each of the following documents (in hardcopy or electronic format) for a period of 5 years from the date the document is created. This period may be extended for cause, at any time before the end of 5 years, in writing by the Administrator.
  - (1) The certificate of representation under § 97.916 for the designated representative for the source and each Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program unit at the source and all documents that demonstrate the truth of the statements in the certificate of representation; provided that the certificate and documents shall be retained on site at the source beyond such 5-year period until such certificate of representation and documents are superseded because of the submission of a new certificate of representation under § 97.916 changing the designated representative.
  - (2) All emissions monitoring information, in accordance with 40 CFR Part 97, Subpart FFFFF.
  - (3) Copies of all reports, compliance certifications, and other submissions and all records made or required under, or to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of, the Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program.
- (ii) The designated representative of a Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program source and each Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program unit at the source shall make all submissions required under the Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program, except as provided in § 97.918. This requirement does not change, create an exemption from, or otherwise affect the responsible official submission requirements under 30 TAC § 122.165.

#### F. Liability

- (i) Any provision of the Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program that applies to a Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program source or the designated representative of a Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program source shall also apply to the owners and operators of such source and of the Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program units at the source.
- (ii) Any provision of the Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program that applies to a Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program unit or the designated representative of a Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program unit shall also apply to the owners and operators of such unit.

### G. Effect on other authorities

(i) No provision of the Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program or exemption under § 97.905 shall be construed as exempting or excluding the owners and operators, and the designated representative, of a Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program source or Texas SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program unit from compliance with any other provision of the applicable, approved State implementation plan, a federally enforceable permit, or the Clean Air Act.

### **Attachments**

**Applicable Requirements Summary** 

**Additional Monitoring Requirements** 

**Permit Shield** 

**New Source Review Authorization References** 

Unit Summary	25
Applicable Requirements Summary	27

Note: A "none" entry may be noted for some emission sources in this permit's "Applicable Requirements Summary" under the heading of "Monitoring and Testing Requirements" and/or "Recordkeeping Requirements" and/or "Reporting Requirements." Such a notation indicates that there are no requirements for the indicated emission source as identified under the respective column heading(s) for the stated portion of the regulation when the emission source is operating under the conditions of the specified SOP Index Number. However, other relevant requirements pursuant to 30 TAC Chapter 122 including Recordkeeping Terms and Conditions (30 TAC § 122.144), Reporting Terms and Conditions (30 TAC § 122.145), and Compliance Certification Terms and Conditions (30 TAC § 122.146) continue to apply.

## **Unit Summary**

Unit/Group/ Process ID No.	Unit Type	Group/Inclusive Units	SOP Index No.	Regulation	Requirement Driver
1-1	EMISSION POINTS/STATIONARY VENTS/PROCESS VENTS	N/A	R111-1	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	No changing attributes.
2-1	EMISSION POINTS/STATIONARY VENTS/PROCESS VENTS	N/A	R111-1	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	No changing attributes.
3-1	EMISSION POINTS/STATIONARY VENTS/PROCESS VENTS	N/A	R111-1	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	No changing attributes.
AUXBLR1	BOILERS/STEAM GENERATORS/STEAM GENERATING UNITS	N/A	60Dc-001	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Dc	No changing attributes.
AUXBLR1	BOILERS/STEAM GENERATORS/STEAM GENERATING UNITS	N/A	63DDDD	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD	No changing attributes.
AUXBLR2	BOILERS/STEAM GENERATORS/STEAM GENERATING UNITS	N/A	60Dc-001	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Dc	No changing attributes.
AUXBLR2	BOILERS/STEAM GENERATORS/STEAM GENERATING UNITS	N/A	63DDDDD	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD	No changing attributes.
DFP	SRIC ENGINES	N/A	63 ZZZZ	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	No changing attributes.
EG-2	SRIC ENGINES	N/A	60 IIII	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	No changing attributes.
EG-2	SRIC ENGINES	N/A	63 ZZZZ	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	No changing attributes.
EG-3	SRIC ENGINES	N/A	60 IIII	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	No changing attributes.
EG-3	SRIC ENGINES	N/A	63 ZZZZ	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	No changing attributes.

## **Unit Summary**

Unit/Group/ Process ID No.	Unit Type	Group/Inclusive Units	SOP Index No.	Regulation	Requirement Driver
GRP-VENT	EMISSION POINTS/STATIONARY VENTS/PROCESS VENTS	1-3, 2-3, 3-3, DFP, WS-N, WS-S	R1111-0001	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	No changing attributes.
UNIT 1	BOILERS/STEAM GENERATORS/STEAM GENERATING UNITS	N/A	R111.153	30 TAC Chapter 111, Nonagricultural Processes	No changing attributes.
UNIT 1	BOILERS/STEAM GENERATORS/STEAM GENERATING UNITS	N/A	60-3	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	No changing attributes.
UNIT 2	BOILERS/STEAM GENERATORS/STEAM GENERATING UNITS	N/A	R111.153	30 TAC Chapter 111, Nonagricultural Processes	No changing attributes.
UNIT 2	BOILERS/STEAM GENERATORS/STEAM GENERATING UNITS	N/A	60-3	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	No changing attributes.
UNIT 3	BOILERS/STEAM GENERATORS/STEAM GENERATING UNITS	N/A	R111.153	30 TAC Chapter 111, Nonagricultural Processes	No changing attributes.
UNIT 3	BOILERS/STEAM GENERATORS/STEAM GENERATING UNITS	N/A	60-3	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	No changing attributes.

Unit Group Process ID No.	Unit Group Process Type	SOP Index No.	Pollutant	State Rule or Federal Regulation Name	Emission Limitation, Standard or Equipment Specification Citation	Textual Description (See Special Term and Condition 1.B.)	Monitoring And Testing Requirements	Recordkeeping Requirements (30 TAC § 122.144)	Reporting Requirements (30 TAC § 122.145)
1-1	EP	R111-1	Opacity	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	§ 111.111(a)(1)(C) § 111.111(a)(1)(E)	Visible emissions from any stationary vent shall not exceed an opacity of 15% averaged over a six-minute period for any source with a total flow rate of at least 100,000 acfm unless a CEMS is installed.	[G]§ 111.111(a)(1)(F) ** See Periodic Monitoring Summary	None	None
2-1	EP	R111-1	Opacity	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	§ 111.111(a)(1)(C) § 111.111(a)(1)(E)	Visible emissions from any stationary vent shall not exceed an opacity of 15% averaged over a six-minute period for any source with a total flow rate of at least 100,000 acfm unless a CEMS is installed.	[G]§ 111.111(a)(1)(F) ** See Periodic Monitoring Summary	None	None
3-1	EP	R111-1	Opacity	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	§ 111.111(a)(1)(C) § 111.111(a)(1)(E)	Visible emissions from any stationary vent shall not exceed an opacity of 15% averaged over a six-minute period for any source with a total flow rate of at least 100,000 acfm unless a CEMS is installed.	[G]§ 111.111(a)(1)(F) ** See Periodic Monitoring Summary	None	None
AUXBLR1	EU	60Dc-001	РМ	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Dc	§ 60.40c(a)	This subpart applies to each steam generating unit constructed, reconstructed, or modified after 6/9/89 and that has a maximum design heat input capacity of 2.9-29 megawatts (MW).	None	§ 60.48c(g)(1) § 60.48c(g)(2) § 60.48c(g)(3) § 60.48c(i)	[G]§ 60.48c(a)
AUXBLR1	EU	60Dc-001	PM (Opacity)	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Dc	§ 60.40c(a)	This subpart applies to each steam generating unit constructed, reconstructed, or modified after 6/9/89 and that has a maximum design heat input capacity of 2.9-29	None	§ 60.48c(g)(1) § 60.48c(g)(2) § 60.48c(g)(3) § 60.48c(i)	[G]§ 60.48c(a)

Unit Group Process ID No.	Unit Group Process Type	SOP Index No.	Pollutant	State Rule or Federal Regulation Name	Emission Limitation, Standard or Equipment Specification Citation	Textual Description (See Special Term and Condition 1.B.)	Monitoring And Testing Requirements	Recordkeeping Requirements (30 TAC § 122.144)	Reporting Requirements (30 TAC § 122.145)
						megawatts (MW).			
AUXBLR1	EU	60Dc-001	SO <sub>2</sub>	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Dc	§ 60.40c(a)	This subpart applies to each steam generating unit constructed, reconstructed, or modified after 6/9/89 and that has a maximum design heat input capacity of 2.9-29 megawatts (MW).	None	§ 60.48c(g)(1) § 60.48c(g)(2) § 60.48c(g)(3) § 60.48c(i)	[G]§ 60.48c(a)
AUXBLR1	EU	63DDDDD	112(B) HAPS	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD	§ 63.7500(a)(1)- Table 3.3 § 63.7500(a)(1) § 63.7500(a)(3) § 63.7505(a) § 63.7540(a) [G]§ 63.7540(a)(10) § 63.7540(a)(13)	A new or existing boiler or process heater without a continuous oxygen trim system and with heat input capacity of 10 million Btu per hour or greater must conduct a tune-up of the boiler or process heater annually as specified in § 63.7540. Units in either the Gas 1 or Metal Process Furnace subcategories will conduct this tune-up as a work practice for all regulated emissions.	§ 63.7510(g) § 63.7515(d) [G]§ 63.7521(f) [G]§ 63.7521(g) § 63.7521(h) § 63.7521(i) § 63.7530(g) § 63.7540(a) [G]§ 63.7540(a)(10) [G]§ 63.7540(c)	§ 63.7555(a) § 63.7555(a)(1) § 63.7555(a)(2) § 63.7555(g) § 63.7555(h) § 63.7560(a) § 63.7560(b) § 63.7560(c)	[G]§ 63.7521(g) § 63.7530(e) § 63.7530(f) § 63.7545(a) § 63.7545(b) § 63.7545(c) [G]§ 63.7545(e) [G]§ 63.7545(f) § 63.7550(a) [G]§ 63.7550(b) [G]§ 63.7550(c) [G]§ 63.7550(h)
AUXBLR2	EU	60Dc-001	PM	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Dc	§ 60.40c(a)	This subpart applies to each steam generating unit constructed, reconstructed, or modified after 6/9/89 and that has a maximum design heat input capacity of 2.9-29 megawatts (MW).	None	§ 60.48c(g)(1) § 60.48c(g)(2) § 60.48c(g)(3) § 60.48c(i)	[G]§ 60.48c(a)
AUXBLR2	EU	60Dc-001	PM (Opacity)	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Dc	§ 60.40c(a)	This subpart applies to each steam generating unit constructed, reconstructed, or modified after 6/9/89 and that has a maximum design heat input capacity of 2.9-29 megawatts (MW).	None	§ 60.48c(g)(1) § 60.48c(g)(2) § 60.48c(g)(3) § 60.48c(i)	[G]§ 60.48c(a)

Unit Group Process ID No.	Unit Group Process Type	SOP Index No.	Pollutant	State Rule or Federal Regulation Name	Emission Limitation, Standard or Equipment Specification Citation	Textual Description (See Special Term and Condition 1.B.)	Monitoring And Testing Requirements	Recordkeeping Requirements (30 TAC § 122.144)	Reporting Requirements (30 TAC § 122.145)
AUXBLR2	EU	60Dc-001	SO <sub>2</sub>	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Dc	§ 60.40c(a)	This subpart applies to each steam generating unit constructed, reconstructed, or modified after 6/9/89 and that has a maximum design heat input capacity of 2.9-29 megawatts (MW).	None	§ 60.48c(g)(1) § 60.48c(g)(2) § 60.48c(g)(3) § 60.48c(i)	[G]§ 60.48c(a)
AUXBLR2	EU	63DDDDD	112(B) HAPS	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD	§ 63.7500(a)(1)- Table 3.3 § 63.7500(a)(1) § 63.7500(a)(3) § 63.7505(a) § 63.7540(a) [G]§ 63.7540(a)(10) § 63.7540(a)(13)	A new or existing boiler or process heater without a continuous oxygen trim system and with heat input capacity of 10 million Btu per hour or greater must conduct a tune-up of the boiler or process heater annually as specified in § 63.7540. Units in either the Gas 1 or Metal Process Furnace subcategories will conduct this tune-up as a work practice for all regulated emissions.	§ 63.7510(g) § 63.7515(d) [G]§ 63.7521(f) [G]§ 63.7521(g) § 63.7521(h) § 63.7521(i) § 63.7530(g) § 63.7540(a) [G]§ 63.7540(a)(10) [G]§ 63.7540(c)	§ 63.7555(a) § 63.7555(a)(1) § 63.7555(a)(2) § 63.7555(g) § 63.7555(h) § 63.7560(a) § 63.7560(b) § 63.7560(c)	[G]§ 63.7521(g) § 63.7530(e) § 63.7530(f) § 63.7545(a) § 63.7545(b) § 63.7545(c) [G]§ 63.7545(e) [G]§ 63.7545(f) § 63.7550(a) [G]§ 63.7550(b) [G]§ 63.7550(b) [G]§ 63.7550(b)
DFP	EU	63 ZZZZ	112(B) HAPS	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	§ 63.6602-Table 2c.1 § 63.6595(a)(1) § 63.6605(a) § 63.6605(b) § 63.6625(e) § 63.6625(f) § 63.6625(h) § 63.6625(i) § 63.6640(f)(1) § 63.6640(f)(2) § 63.6640(f)(3)	For each existing emergency stationary CI RICE and black start stationary CI RICE, located at a major source, you must comply with the requirements as specified in Table 2c.1.a-c.	§ 63.6625(i) § 63.6640(a) § 63.6640(a)-Table 6.9.a.i § 63.6640(a)-Table 6.9.a.ii	§ 63.6625(i) § 63.6655(e) § 63.6655(f) § 63.6660(a) § 63.6660(b) § 63.6660(c)	§ 63.6640(e) § 63.6650(f)
EG-2	EU	60 IIII	СО	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	§ 60.4205(b) § 1042-Appendix I § 60.4202(e)(3)	Owners and operators of emergency stationary CI ICE, that are not fire pump	§ 60.4209(a)	§ 60.4214(b)	[G]§ 60.4214(d)

Unit Group Process ID No.	Unit Group Process Type	SOP Index No.	Pollutant	State Rule or Federal Regulation Name	Emission Limitation, Standard or Equipment Specification Citation	Textual Description (See Special Term and Condition 1.B.)	Monitoring And Testing Requirements	Recordkeeping Requirements (30 TAC § 122.144)	Reporting Requirements (30 TAC § 122.145)
					§ 60.4206 § 60.4207(b) [G]§ 60.4211(a) § 60.4211(c) [G]§ 60.4211(f)	engines, with a displacement of greater than or equal to 10 liters per cylinder and less than 30 liters per cylinder and is a 2007 model year and later must comply with a CO emission limit of 5.0 g/KW-hr, as stated in 40 CFR 60.4202(e)-(f), 40 CFR 1042.101, and 40 CFR 1042-Appendix I.			
EG-2	EU	60 IIII	РМ	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	§ 60.4205(b) § 1042-Appendix I § 60.4202(e)(3) § 60.4206 § 60.4207(b) [G]§ 60.4211(a) § 60.4211(c) [G]§ 60.4211(f)	Owners and operators of emergency stationary CI ICE, that are not fire pump engines, with a displacement of greater than or equal to 15 liters per cylinder and less than 30 liters per cylinder and is a 2007 - 2013 model year must comply with a PM emission limit of 0.50 g/KW-hr, as stated in 40 CFR 60.4202(e)(1), (e)(3) and 40 CFR 1042-Appendix I.	§ 60.4209(a)	§ 60.4214(b)	[G]§ 60.4214(d)
EG-2	EU	60 IIII	Total Hydrocarbo ns/NO <sub>X</sub>	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	§ 60.4205(b) § 1042-Appendix I § 60.4202(e)(3) § 60.4206 § 60.4207(b) [G]§ 60.4211(a) § 60.4211(c) [G]§ 60.4211(f)	Owners and operators of emergency stationary CI ICE, that are not fire pump engines, with a maximum engine power less than 3300 KW and a displacement of greater than or equal to 15 liters per cylinder and less than 20 liters per cylinder and is a 2013 model year must comply with a THC+NOx	§ 60.4209(a)	§ 60.4214(b)	[G]§ 60.4214(d)

Unit Group Process ID No.	Unit Group Process Type	SOP Index No.	Pollutant	State Rule or Federal Regulation Name	Emission Limitation, Standard or Equipment Specification Citation	Textual Description (See Special Term and Condition 1.B.)	Monitoring And Testing Requirements	Recordkeeping Requirements (30 TAC § 122.144)	Reporting Requirements (30 TAC § 122.145)
						emission limit of 8.7 g/KW-hr, as stated in 40 CFR 60.4202(e)(3) and 40 CFR 1042-Appendix I.			
EG-2	EU	63 ZZZZ	112(B) HAPS	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	§ 63.6590(b)(1) § 63.6595(c) § 63.6640(f)(1) § 63.6640(f)(2) § 63.6640(f)(2)(i) § 63.6640(f)(3)	An affected source which meets either of the criteria in paragraphs §63.6590(b)(1)(i)-(ii) of this section does not have to meet the requirements of this subpart and of subpart A of this part except for the initial notification requirements of §63.6645(f).	None	None	§ 63.6645(f)
EG-3	EU	60 IIII	NOx	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	§ 60.4205(a) § 1042-Appendix I § 60.4206 § 60.4207(b) § 60.4211(b) [G]§ 60.4211(f) § 60.4218	Owners and operators of emergency stationary CI ICE, that are not fire pump engines, with a displacement of greater than or equal to 10 liters per cylinder and less than 30 liters per cylinder and less than 30 liters per cylinder and is a pre-2007 model year must comply with the following NOx emission limits: 17.0 g/KW-hr when maximum test speed is less than 130 rpm, 45.0 x N-0.20 when maximum test speed is at least 130 but less than 2000 rpm, and 9.8 g/KW-hr when maximum test speed is 2000 rpm or more, as listed in 40 CFR 1042-App	§ 60.4209(a)	§ 60.4211(b)(3) § 60.4214(b)	[G]§ 60.4214(d)
EG-3	EU	63 ZZZZ	112(B) HAPS	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	§ 63.6590(b)(1) § 63.6595(c) § 63.6640(f)(1)	An affected source which meets either of the criteria in paragraphs	None	None	§ 63.6645(f)

Unit Group Process ID No.	Unit Group Process Type	SOP Index No.	Pollutant	State Rule or Federal Regulation Name	Emission Limitation, Standard or Equipment Specification Citation	Textual Description (See Special Term and Condition 1.B.)	Monitoring And Testing Requirements	Recordkeeping Requirements (30 TAC § 122.144)	Reporting Requirements (30 TAC § 122.145)
					§ 63.6640(f)(2) § 63.6640(f)(2)(i) § 63.6640(f)(3)	§63.6590(b)(1)(i)-(ii) of this section does not have to meet the requirements of this subpart and of subpart A of this part except for the initial notification requirements of §63.6645(f).			
GRP-VENT	EP	R1111- 0001	Opacity	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	§ 111.111(a)(1)(B) § 111.111(a)(1)(E)	Visible emissions from any stationary vent shall not exceed an opacity of 20% averaged over a six-minute period for any source on which construction was begun after January 31, 1972.	[G]§ 111.111(a)(1)(F) ** See Periodic Monitoring Summary	None	None
UNIT 1	EU	R111.153	PM	30 TAC Chapter 111, Nonagricultural Processes	§ 111.153(c)	No person may cause, suffer, allow, or permit emissions of particulate matter from any oil or gas fuel-fired steam generator with a heat input greater than 2,500 million Btu per hour to exceed 0.1 pound of total suspended particulate per million Btu input averaged over a two-hour period.	** See Periodic Monitoring Summary	None	None
UNIT 1	EU	60-3	NO <sub>x</sub>	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	§ 60.44(a)(1)	On/after the §60.8 test, no affected facility shall emit gases containing NO <sub>x</sub> , expressed as NO <sub>2</sub> in excess of 86 ng/J heat input (0.20 lb/MMBtu) derived from gaseous fossil fuel.	\$ 60.45(b)(3) \$ 60.45(b)(4) \$ 60.46(a) \$ 60.46(b)(1) [G]\$ 60.46(b)(5) [G]\$ 60.46(d)(1) \$ 60.46(d)(5) \$ 60.46(d)(6) \$ 60.46(d)(7) ** See Periodic	None	None

Unit Group Process ID No.	Unit Group Process Type	SOP Index No.	Pollutant	State Rule or Federal Regulation Name	Emission Limitation, Standard or Equipment Specification Citation	Textual Description (See Special Term and Condition 1.B.)	Monitoring And Testing Requirements	Recordkeeping Requirements (30 TAC § 122.144)	Reporting Requirements (30 TAC § 122.145)
							Monitoring Summary		
UNIT 2	EU	R111.153	PM	30 TAC Chapter 111, Nonagricultural Processes	§ 111.153(c)	No person may cause, suffer, allow, or permit emissions of particulate matter from any oil or gas fuel-fired steam generator with a heat input greater than 2,500 million Btu per hour to exceed 0.1 pound of total suspended particulate per million Btu input averaged over a two-hour period.	** See Periodic Monitoring Summary	None	None
UNIT 2	EU	60-3	NO <sub>X</sub>	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	§ 60.44(a)(1)	On/after the §60.8 test, no affected facility shall emit gases containing NO <sub>x</sub> , expressed as NO <sub>2</sub> in excess of 86 ng/J heat input (0.20 lb/MMBtu) derived from gaseous fossil fuel.	\$ 60.45(b)(3) \$ 60.45(b)(4) \$ 60.46(a) \$ 60.46(b)(1) [G]\$ 60.46(b)(5) [G]\$ 60.46(d)(1) \$ 60.46(d)(5) \$ 60.46(d)(7) ** See Periodic Monitoring Summary	None	None
UNIT 3	EU	R111.153	PM	30 TAC Chapter 111, Nonagricultural Processes	§ 111.153(c)	No person may cause, suffer, allow, or permit emissions of particulate matter from any oil or gas fuel-fired steam generator with a heat input greater than 2,500 million Btu per hour to exceed 0.1 pound of total suspended particulate per million Btu input averaged over a two-hour period.	** See Periodic Monitoring Summary	None	None

Unit Group Process ID No.	Unit Group Process Type	SOP Index No.	Pollutant	State Rule or Federal Regulation Name	Emission Limitation, Standard or Equipment Specification Citation	Textual Description (See Special Term and Condition 1.B.)	Monitoring And Testing Requirements	Recordkeeping Requirements (30 TAC § 122.144)	Reporting Requirements (30 TAC § 122.145)
UNIT 3	EU	60-3	NO <sub>X</sub>	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	§ 60.44(a)(1)	On/after the §60.8 test, no affected facility shall emit gases containing $NO_x$ , expressed as $NO_2$ in excess of 86 ng/J heat input (0.20 lb/MMBtu) derived from gaseous fossil fuel.	§ 60.45(b)(3) § 60.45(b)(4) § 60.46(a) § 60.46(b)(1) [G]§ 60.46(b)(5) [G]§ 60.46(d)(1) § 60.46(d)(5) § 60.46(d)(7) ** See Periodic Monitoring Summary	None	None

	Addi	tional Monitorir	ng Requiremen	ts	
Periodic Monitoring	Summary				36
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Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: 1-1		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	SOP Index No.: R111-1	
Pollutant: Opacity	Main Standard: § 111.111(a)(1)(C)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Fuel Type		
Minimum Frequency: Annually or at any time an altern	ate fuel is used	
Averaging Period: N/A		
Deviation Limit: 15% opacity averaged over a six-minu	ute period.	

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: 2-1		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	SOP Index No.: R111-1	
Pollutant: Opacity	Main Standard: § 111.111(a)(1)(C)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Fuel Type		
Minimum Frequency: Annually or at any time an alternate fuel is used		
Averaging Period: N/A		
Deviation Limit: 15% opacity averaged over a six-minute period.		

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: 3-1	
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	SOP Index No.: R111-1
Pollutant: Opacity	Main Standard: § 111.111(a)(1)(C)
Monitoring Information	
Indicator: Fuel Type	
Minimum Frequency: Annually or at any time an alterna	ate fuel is used
Averaging Period: N/A	
Deviation Limit: 15% opacity averaged over a six-minu	ite period.
D	

Unit/Group/Process Information		
Control Device Type: N/A		
SOP Index No.: R1111-0001		
Main Standard: § 111.111(a)(1)(B)		
Minimum Frequency: Once per quarter		
Averaging Period: 6 minutes		

Periodic Monitoring Text: Visible emissions observations shall be made and recorded during each calendar quarter unless the emission unit is not operating for the entire quarter. Note that to properly determine the presence of visible emissions, all sources must be in clear view of the observer. If the observations cannot be conducted due to weather conditions, the date, time, and specific weather conditions shall be recorded. When condensed water vapor is present within the plume, as it emerges from the emissions outlet, observations must be made beyond the point in the plume at which condensed water vapor is no longer visible. When water vapor within the plume condenses and becomes visible at a distance from the emissions outlet, the observation shall be evaluated at the outlet prior to condensation of water vapor. A certified opacity reader is not required for visible emission observations.

If visible emissions are observed, the permit holder shall report a deviation. As an alternative, the permit holder may determine the opacity consistent with Test Method 9, as soon as practicable, but no later than 24 hours after observing visible emissions. If a Test Method 9 is performed, the opacity limit is the corresponding opacity limit associated with the particulate matter standard in the underlying applicable requirement. If there is no corresponding opacity limit in the underlying applicable requirement, the maximum opacity will be established using the most recent performance test. If the result of the Test Method 9 is opacity above the corresponding opacity limit (associated with the particulate matter standard in the underlying applicable requirement or as identified as a result of a previous performance test to establish the maximum opacity limit), the permit holder shall report a deviation.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: UNIT 1		
Control Device ID No.: N/A Control Device Type: N/A		
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 111, Nonagricultural Processes	SOP Index No.: R111.153	
Pollutant: PM	Main Standard: § 111.153(c)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Fuel Type		
Minimum Frequency: Annually or at any time an alternate fuel is used		
Averaging Period: N/A		
Deviation Limit: Emissions from any oil or gas fuel-fired steam generator with a heat input capacity greater than 2,500 MMBtu per hour may not exceed 0.1 pound of TSP per MMBtu of heat input, averaged over a two-hour period.		

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: UNIT 1	
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	SOP Index No.: 60-3
Pollutant: NO <sub>x</sub>	Main Standard: § 60.44(a)(1)
Monitoring Information	•
Indicator: Stack NOx rate	
Minimum Frequency: Four times per hour	
Averaging Period: Three hours	
Deviation Limit: Maximum concentration = 0.20 lb NOx (expressed as NO2)/MMBtu	
Periodic Monitoring Text: Measure and record the concentration of nitrogen oxide in the exhaust stream with a continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS). In addition, monitor the oxygen or carbon	

Periodic Monitoring Text: Measure and record the concentration of nitrogen oxide in the exhaust stream with a continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS). In addition, monitor the oxygen or carbon dioxide content of the flue gas with a CEMS. The CEMS shall be installed and operated in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR §75.10(b), (d)(1), and (d)(2). All quality assured, valid monitoring data shall be compared to the applicable standard. Any monitoring data above the maximum limit shall be considered and reported as a deviation.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: UNIT 2		
Control Device ID No.: N/A Control Device Type: N/A		
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 111, Nonagricultural Processes	SOP Index No.: R111.153	
Pollutant: PM	Main Standard: § 111.153(c)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Fuel Type		
Minimum Frequency: Annually or at any time an alternate fuel is used		
Averaging Period: N/A		
Deviation Limit: Emissions from any oil or gas fuel-fired stead greater than 2,500 MMBtu per hour may not exceed 0.1 pol averaged over a two-hour period.		

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: UNIT 2		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	SOP Index No.: 60-3	
Pollutant: NO <sub>X</sub>	Main Standard: § 60.44(a)(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Stack NOx rate		
Minimum Frequency: Four times per hour		
Averaging Period: Three hours		
Deviation Limit: Maximum concentration = 0.2 lb NOx/MMBtu		
Periodic Monitoring Text: Measure and record the concentration of nitrogen oxide in the exhaust stream		

Periodic Monitoring Text: Measure and record the concentration of nitrogen oxide in the exhaust stream with a continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS). In addition, monitor the oxygen or carbon dioxide content of the flue gas with a CEMS. The CEMS shall be installed and operated in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR §75.10(b), (d)(1), and (d)(2). All quality assured, valid monitoring data shall be compared to the applicable standard. Any monitoring data above the maximum limit shall be considered and reported as a deviation.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: UNIT 3		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 111, Nonagricultural Processes	SOP Index No.: R111.153	
Pollutant: PM	Main Standard: § 111.153(c)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Fuel Type		
Minimum Frequency: Annually or at any time an alternate fuel is used		
Averaging Period: N/A		
Deviation Limit: Emissions from any oil or gas fuel-fired steam generator with a heat input capacity greater than 2,500 MMBtu per hour may not exceed 0.1 pound of TSP per MMBtu of heat input, averaged over a two-hour period.		

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: UNIT 3		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	SOP Index No.: 60-3	
Pollutant: NOx	Main Standard: § 60.44(a)(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Stack NOX rate		
Minimum Frequency: Four times per hour		
Averaging Period: Three hours		
Deviation Limit: Maximum concentration = 0.2 lb NOx/MMBtu		
Periodic Monitoring Text: Measure and record the concentration of nitrogen oxide in the exhaust stream		

Periodic Monitoring Text: Measure and record the concentration of nitrogen oxide in the exhaust stream with a continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS). In addition, monitor the oxygen or carbon dioxide content of the flue gas with a CEMS. The CEMS shall be installed and operated in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR §75.10(b), (d)(1), and (d)(2). All quality assured, valid monitoring data shall be compared to the applicable standard. Any monitoring data above the maximum limit shall be considered and reported as a deviation.

	Permit Shield
Permit Shield	4

# **Permit Shield**

The Executive Director of the TCEQ has determined that the permit holder is not required to comply with the specific regulation(s) identified for each emission unit, group, or process in this table.

Unit / Group / Group / Inclusive Units Process ID No.		Regulation	Basis of Determination
UNIT 1	N/A	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Da	Unit construction began prior to September 18, 1978.
UNIT 1	N/A	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Db	Unit is not a commercial boiler and was built prior to June 19, 1981.
UNIT 1	N/A	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Dc	Unit is not a small commercial boiler and was built prior to June 9, 1989.
UNIT 2	N/A	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Da	Unit construction began prior to September 18, 1978.
UNIT 2	N/A	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Db	Unit is not a commercial boiler and was built prior to June 19, 1981.
UNIT 2	N/A	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Dc	Unit is not a small commercial boiler and was built prior to June 9, 1989.
UNIT 3	N/A	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Da	Unit construction began prior to September 18, 1978.
UNIT 3	N/A	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Db	Unit is not a commercial boiler and was built prior to June 19, 1981.
UNIT 3	N/A	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Dc	Unit is not a small commercial boiler and was built prior to June 9, 1989.

# **New Source Review Authorization References**

New Source Review Authorization References					
New Source Review Authorization References by Emission Unit	. 50				

# **New Source Review Authorization References**

The New Source Review authorizations listed in the table below are applicable requirements under 30 TAC Chapter 122 and enforceable under this operating permit.

Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Permits					
PSD Permit No.: PSDTX017M2	Issuance Date: 09/22/2025				
PSD Permit No.: PSDTX631M1	Issuance Date: 09/22/2025				
Title 30 TAC Chapter 116 Permits, Special Permits, and Other Authorizations (Other Than Per By Rule, PSD Permits, or NA Permits) for the Application Area.					
Authorization No.: 1388	Issuance Date: 09/22/2025				
Authorization No.: 5129	Issuance Date: 09/22/2025				
Authorization No.: 108023	Issuance Date: 06/09/2022				
Authorization No.: 113945	Issuance Date: 04/19/2023				
Authorization No.: 114029	Issuance Date: 04/19/2023				
Permits By Rule (30 TAC Chapter 106) for the	Application Area				
Number: 8	Version No./Date: 06/07/1996				
Number: 51	Version No./Date: 11/05/1986				
Number: 51	Version No./Date: 05/04/1994				
Number: 53	Version No./Date: 11/05/1986				
Number: 70	Version No./Date: 11/05/1986				
Number: 106.183	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000				
Number: 106.227	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000				
Number: 106.262	Version No./Date: 11/01/2003				
Number: 106.355	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000				
Number: 106.412	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000				
Number: 106.472	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000				
Number: 106.511	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000				

# New Source Review Authorization References by Emissions Unit

The following is a list of New Source Review (NSR) authorizations for emission units listed elsewhere in this operating permit. The NSR authorizations are applicable requirements under 30 TAC Chapter 122 and enforceable under this operating permit.

Unit/Group/Process ID No.	Emission Unit Name/Description	New Source Review Authorization**
1-1	UNIT 1 BOILER STACK	1388, PSDTX631M1
1-3	UNIT 1 EMERGENCY GENERATOR	106.511/09/04/2000 [45703]
2-1	UNIT 2 BOILER STACK	5129, PSDTX017M2
2-3	UNIT 2 EMERGENCY GENERATOR	106.511/09/04/2000
3-1	UNIT 3 BOILER STACK	5129, PSDTX017M2
3-3	UNIT 3 EMERGENCY GENERATOR	106.511/09/04/2000
AUXBLR1	AUXILIARY BOILER	106.183/09/04/2000
AUXBLR2	AUXILIARY BOILER	106.183/09/04/2000
CT-1	COOLING TOWER 1	8/06/07/1996
CT-2	COOLING TOWER 2	8/06/07/1996
CT-3	COOLING TOWER 3	8/06/07/1996
DFP	DIESEL FIRE PUMP	106.511/09/04/2000
EG-2	EMERGENCY GENERATOR UNIT 2	106.511/09/04/2000
EG-3	EMERGENCY GENERATOR UNIT 3	106.511/09/04/2000
LC-1	LAMP CRUSHER	106.262/11/01/2003 [84932]
UNIT 1	UNIT 1 BOILER	1388, PSDTX631M1
UNIT 2	UNIT 2 BOILER	5129, PSDTX017M2
UNIT 3	UNIT 3 BOILER	5129, PSDTX017M2
WS-N	WELDING SHOP VENT NORTH	106.227/09/04/2000
WS-S	WELDING SHOP VENT SOUTH	106.227/09/04/2000

<sup>\*\*</sup>This column may include Permit by Rule (PBR) numbers and version dates, PBR Registration numbers in brackets, Standard Permit Registration numbers, Minor NSR permit numbers, and Major NSR permit numbers.

	Appendix A	
Acronym List		52

# **Acronym List**

The following abbreviations or acronyms may be used in this permit:

A C E NA	actual authir fact was reinvita
	actual cubic feet per minute
	Acid Rain Program
ASTM	American Society of Testing and Materials
B/PA	Beaumont/Port Arthur (nonattainment area)
	control device
	continuous emissions monitoring system
	continuous opacity monitoring system
CVS	closed vent system
D/FW	
	emission point
	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
	emission unit
	Federal Clean Air Act Amendments
	federal operating permit
gr/100 scf	grains per 100 standard cubic feet
HAP	hazardous air pollutant
	Houston/Galveston/Brazoria (nonattainment area)
	hydrogen sulfide
	identification number
ID/Nr	pound(s) per hour
	Maximum Achievable Control Technology (40 CFR Part 63)
MMBtu/hr	Million British thermal units per hour
NA	nonattainment
N/A	not applicable
	National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (40 CFR Part 61)
NO	nitrogen oxides
NSPS	
	Office of Regulatory Information Systems
Pb	lead
PBR	Permit By Rule
	predictive emissions monitoring system
	particulate matter
	parts per million by volume
	process unit
	prevention of significant deterioration
psia	pounds per square inch absolute
	state implementation plan
	sulfur dioxide
	Texas Commission on Environmental Quality
	total suspended particulate
	true vapor pressure
11 C C	
	United States Code volatile organic compound

	Appendix B	
Major NSR Summary	<sup>7</sup> Table	54

# **Major NSR Summary Table**

Permit Numbers	1388 and PSDTX631M1		Issuance Date: September 22, 2025				
Emission Point	Source Name (2)	Name (2) Air Contaminant	Emission Rates		Monitoring and Testing Requirements	Recordkeeping Requirements	Reporting Requirements
No. (1)	Course Name (2)	Name (3)	lb/hr	Special (hr TPY (4) Condition/Application	Condition/Application	Special Condition/Application Information	Special Condition/Application Information
1-1	Harrington Station Unit No. 1	SO <sub>2</sub>	53.58	234.67	2, 3, 4	2, 5, 10, 11	2
	369 MW Natural Gas- Fired Electric Generating Unit (5)	СО	927.98	2,023.31	2, 4, 9	6, 12, 10, 11	9
		NO <sub>x</sub>	1,226.40	3,366.22	2, 4, 9	2, 6, 9, 10, 11	2, 9
		PM	32.70	89.53	2, 4	2, 10, 11	2
		PM <sub>10</sub>	32.70	89.53	2, 4	2, 10, 11	2
		PM <sub>2.5</sub>	32.70	89.53	2, 4	2, 10, 11	
		VOC	13.04	49.24	4, 8	10	
FUG1	Unit 1 Natural Gas Fugitives	VOC	0.31	1.34	2	10, 11	
MSS-FUG1	Unit 1 Maintenance, Startup, and Shutdown (MSS) Fugitives	СО	0.01	0.01	17	10, 15, 16	
		NO <sub>x</sub>	0.01	0.01			
		VOC	16.61	1.47			

- (1) Emission point identification either specific equipment designation or emission point number from plot plan.
- (2) Specific point source name. For fugitive sources, use area name or fugitive source name.
- (3) VOC volatile organic compounds as defined in Title 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) § 101.1

NO<sub>x</sub> - total oxides of nitrogen

SO<sub>2</sub> - sulfur dioxide

PM - particulate matter emissions, as defined in Title 30 TAC § 101.1, including  $PM_{10}$  and  $PM_{2.5}$  PM<sub>10</sub> - particulate matter emissions equal to or less than 10 microns in diameter, including  $PM_{2.5}$ 

PM<sub>2.5</sub> - direct particulate matter emissions equal to or less than 2.5 microns in diameter

CO - carbon monoxide

- (4) (5)
- Compliance with annual emission limits (tons per year) is based on a 12-month rolling period.

  The lbs/hour and tpy emission limits specified in the MAERT for this facility include emissions from the facility during both normal operations and planned MSS activities.

# **Major NSR Summary Table**

Permit Numbers 5129 and PSDTX017M2					Issuance Date: Septen	nber 22, 2025	
Emission Point	Source Name (2)	Air Contaminant	Emission Rates		Monitoring and Testing Requirements	Recordkeeping Requirements	Reporting Requirements
No. (1)	Course Name (2)	Name (3)	lb/hr	TPY (4)	Special Condition/Application Information	Special Condition/Application Information	Special Condition/Application Information
2-1	Unit 2 Boiler Stack (6)	NOx	1,149.00	3,153.78	2, 4, 8	2, 6, 9, 10	2, 8
		СО	869.41	1,895.62	2, 4, 8	6, 9, 10	8
		VOC	12.22	46.13	4	9	
		SO <sub>2</sub>	50.20	219.86	2, 3, 4	2, 5, 9, 10	2
		PM	30.64	83.88	2, 4	2, 9, 10	2
		PM <sub>10</sub>	30.64	83.88	2, 4	2, 9, 10	2
		PM <sub>2.5</sub>	30.64	83.88	2, 4	2, 9, 10	2
3-1	Unit 3 Boiler Stack (6)	NO <sub>x</sub>	1,161.00	3,186.71	2, 4, 8	2, 6, 9, 10	2, 8
		СО	878.49	1,915.42	2, 4, 8	6, 9, 10	8
		VOC	12.35	46.61	4	9	
		SO <sub>2</sub>	50.72	222.16	2, 3, 4	2, 5, 9, 10	2
		PM	30.96	84.75	2, 4	2, 9, 10	2
		PM <sub>10</sub>	30.96	84.75	2, 4	2, 9, 10	2
		PM <sub>2.5</sub>	30.96	84.75	2, 4	2, 9, 10	2
FUG2	Units 2 and 3 Boilers and Other Sitewide Natural Gas Fugitives (5)	VOC	0.71	3.10	4	9, 10	

# **Major NSR Summary Table**

Permit Numbers 5129 and PSDTX017M2				Issuance Date: Septem	te: September 22, 2025		
Emission Point	Source Name (2)	Air Contaminant	Emission Rates  Contaminant  Monitoring and Testing Requirements	Recordkeeping Requirements	Reporting Requirements		
No. (1)	Course Hame (2)	Name (3)	lb/hr	TPY (4)	Special Condition/Application Information	Special Condition/Application Information	Special Condition/Application Information
MSS-FUG2	MSS Fugitives (5)	NOx	0.01	0.01	16	9, 4, 15	
		СО	0.03	0.01	16	9, 14, 15	
		VOC	216.40	3.52	12, 16	9, 12, 15	

- (1) Emission point identification either specific equipment designation or emission point number from plot plan.
- (2) Specific point source name. For fugitive sources, use area name or fugitive source name.
- (3) VOC volatile organic compounds as defined in Title 30 Texas Administrative Code § 101.1

NO<sub>x</sub> - total oxides of nitrogen

SO<sub>2</sub> - sulfur dioxide

PM - total particulate matter, suspended in the atmosphere, including PM<sub>10</sub> and PM<sub>2.5</sub>, as represented - total particulate matter equal to or less than 10 microns in diameter, including PM<sub>2.5</sub>, as represented

PM<sub>2.5</sub> - particulate matter equal to or less than 2.5 microns in diameter

CO - carbon monoxide

- (4) Compliance with annual emission limits (tons per year) is based on a 12 month rolling period.
- (5) Emission rate is an estimate and is enforceable through compliance with the applicable special condition(s) and permit application representations.
- (6) The lb/hr and tpy emission limits specified in the MAERT for this facility includes emissions from the facility during both normal operations and planned MSS activities. (05/12)



# Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Air Quality Permit

A Permit Is Hereby Issued To
Southwestern Public Service Company
Authorizing the Construction and Operation of
Harrington Station Power Plant
Located at Amarillo, Potter County, Texas
Latitude 35.297222 Longitude -101.748333

Amendment Date: September 22, 2025

Expiration Date: February 27, 2034

For the Commission

1

- 1. **Facilities** covered by this permit shall be constructed and operated as specified in the application for the permit. All representations regarding construction plans and operation procedures contained in the permit application shall be conditions upon which the permit is issued. Variations from these representations shall be unlawful unless the permit holder first makes application to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (commission) Executive Director to amend this permit in that regard and such amendment is approved. [Title 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Section 116.116 (30 TAC § 116.116)] <sup>1</sup>
- 2. **Voiding of Permit**. A permit or permit amendment is automatically void if the holder fails to begin construction within 18 months of the date of issuance, discontinues construction for more than 18 months prior to completion, or fails to complete construction within a reasonable time. Upon request, the executive director may grant an 18-month extension. Before the extension is granted the permit may be subject to revision based on best available control technology, lowest achievable emission rate, and netting or offsets as applicable. One additional extension of up to 18 months may be granted if the permit holder demonstrates that emissions from the facility will comply with all rules and regulations of the commission, the intent of the Texas Clean Air Act (TCAA), including protection of the public's health and physical property; and (b)(1)the permit holder is a party to litigation not of the permit holder's initiation regarding the issuance of the permit; or (b)(2) the permit holder has spent, or committed to spend, at least 10 percent of the estimated total cost of the project up to a maximum of \$5 million. A permit holder granted an extension under subsection (b)(1) of this section may receive one subsequent extension if the permit holder meets the conditions of subsection (b)(2) of this section. [30 TAC § 116.120]
- 3. **Construction Progress**. Start of construction, construction interruptions exceeding 45 days, and completion of construction shall be reported to the appropriate regional office of the commission not later than 15 working days after occurrence of the event. [30 TAC § 116.115(b)(2)(A)]
- 4. **Start-up Notification**. The appropriate air program regional office shall be notified prior to the commencement of operations of the facilities authorized by the permit in such a manner that a representative of the commission may be present. The permit holder shall provide a separate notification for the commencement of operations for each unit of phased construction, which may involve a series of units commencing operations at different times. Prior to operation of the facilities authorized by the permit, the permit holder shall identify the source or sources of allowances to be utilized for compliance with Chapter 101, Subchapter H, Division 3 of this title (relating to Mass Emissions Cap and Trade Program). [30 TAC § 116.115(b)(2)(B)]
- 5. **Sampling Requirements**. If sampling is required, the permit holder shall contact the commission's Office of Compliance and Enforcement prior to sampling to obtain the proper data forms and procedures. All sampling and testing procedures must be approved by the executive director and coordinated with the regional representatives of the commission. The permit holder is also responsible for providing sampling facilities and conducting the sampling operations or contracting with an independent sampling consultant. [30 TAC § 116.115(b)(2)(C)]
- 6. **Equivalency of Methods.** The permit holder must demonstrate or otherwise justify the equivalency of emission control methods, sampling or other emission testing methods, and monitoring methods proposed as alternatives to methods indicated in the conditions of the permit. Alternative methods shall be applied for in writing and must be reviewed and approved by the executive director prior to their use in fulfilling any requirements of the permit. [30 TAC § 116.115(b)(2)(D)]
- 7. **Recordkeeping.** The permit holder shall maintain a copy of the permit along with records containing the information and data sufficient to demonstrate compliance with the permit, including production records and

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operating hours; keep all required records in a file at the plant site. If, however, the facility normally operates unattended, records shall be maintained at the nearest staffed location within Texas specified in the application; make the records available at the request of personnel from the commission or any air pollution control program having jurisdiction in a timely manner; comply with any additional recordkeeping requirements specified in special conditions in the permit; and retain information in the file for at least two years following the date that the information or data is obtained. [30 TAC § 116.115(b)(2)(E)]

- 9. **Maintenance of Emission Control**. The permitted facilities shall not be operated unless all air pollution emission capture and abatement equipment is maintained in good working order and operating properly during normal facility operations. The permit holder shall provide notification in accordance with 30 TAC §101.201, 101.211, and 101.221 of this title (relating to Emissions Event Reporting and Recordkeeping Requirements; Scheduled Maintenance, Startup, and Shutdown Reporting and Recordkeeping Requirements; and Operational Requirements). [30 TAC§ 116.115(b)(2)(G)]
- 10. Compliance with Rules. Acceptance of a permit by an applicant constitutes an acknowledgment and agreement that the permit holder will comply with all rules and orders of the commission issued in conformity with the TCAA and the conditions precedent to the granting of the permit. If more than one state or federal rule or regulation or permit condition is applicable, the most stringent limit or condition shall govern and be the standard by which compliance shall be demonstrated. Acceptance includes consent to the entrance of commission employees and agents into the permitted premises at reasonable times to investigate conditions relating to the emission or concentration of air contaminants, including compliance with the permit. [30 TAC § 116.115(b)(2)(H)]
- 11. **This** permit may not be transferred, assigned, or conveyed by the holder except as provided by rule. [30 TAC § 116.110(e)]
- 12. **There** may be additional special conditions attached to a permit upon issuance or modification of the permit. Such conditions in a permit may be more restrictive than the requirements of Title 30 of the Texas Administrative Code. [30 TAC § 116.115(c)]
- 13. **Emissions** from this facility must not cause or contribute to "air pollution" as defined in Texas Health and Safety Code (THSC) §382.003(3) or violate THSC § 382.085. If the executive director determines that such a condition or violation occurs, the holder shall implement additional abatement measures as necessary to control or prevent the condition or violation.
- 14. **The** permit holder shall comply with all the requirements of this permit. Emissions that exceed the limits of this permit are not authorized and are violations of this permit. <sup>1</sup>

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Please be advised that the requirements of this provision of the general conditions may not be applicable to greenhouse gas emissions.

# Common Acronyms in Air Permits

°C = Temperature in degrees Celsius °F = Temperature in degrees Fahrenheit °K = Temperature in degrees Kelvin

μg = microgram

µg/m<sup>3</sup> = microgram per cubic meter acfm = actual cubic feet per minute AMOC = alternate means of control AOS = alternative operating scenario

AP-42 = Air Pollutant Emission Factors, 5th edition

APD = Air Permits Division

API = American Petroleum Institute APWL = air pollutant watch list BPA = Beaumont/ Port Arthur

BACT = best available control technology

BAE = baseline actual emissions

bbl = barrel

bbl/day = barrel per day bhp = brake horsepower

BMP = best management practices

Btu = British thermal unit

Btu/scf = British thermal unit per standard cubic foot or feet

CAA = Clean Air Act

CAM = compliance-assurance monitoring

CEMS = continuous emissions monitoring systems

cfm = cubic feet (per) minute

CFR = Code of Federal Regulations CN = customer ID number

CNG = customer ID number
CNG = compressed natural gas

CO = carbon monoxide

COMS = continuous opacity monitoring system CPMS = continuous parametric monitoring system

DFW = Dallas/ Fort Worth (Metroplex)

DE = destruction efficiency

DRE = destruction and removal efficiency dscf = dry standard cubic foot or feet

dscfm = dry standard cubic foot or feet per minute

ED = (TCEQ) Executive Director

EF = emissions factor

EFR = external floating roof tank EGU = electric generating unit EI = Emissions Inventory

ELP = El Paso

EPA = (United States) Environmental Protection Agency

EPN = emission point number
ESL = effects screening level
ESP = electrostatic precipitator
FCAA = Federal Clean Air Act
FCCU = fluid catalytic cracking unit
FID = flame ionization detector

FIN = facility identification number ft = foot or feet

ft/sec = foot or feet per second

g = gram

gal/wk = gallon per week gal/yr = gallon per year

GLC = ground level concentration

GLC<sub>max</sub> = maximum (predicted) ground-level

concentration

gpm = gallon per minute

gr/1000scf = grain per 1000 standard cubic feet gr/dscf = grain per dry standard cubic feet

H<sub>2</sub>CO = formaldehyde H<sub>2</sub>S = hydrogen sulfide H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> = sulfuric acid

HAP = hazardous air pollutant as listed in § 112(b) of the

Federal Clean Air Act or Title 40 Code of Federal

Regulations Part 63, Subpart C

HC = hydrocarbons

HCI = hydrochloric acid, hydrogen chloride

Hg = mercury

HGB = Houston/Galveston/Brazoria

hp = horsepower

hr = hour

IFR = internal floating roof tank

in H<sub>2</sub>O = inches of water in H<sub>g</sub> = inches of mercury

IR = infrared

ISC3 = Industrial Source Complex, a dispersion model ISCST3 = Industrial Source Complex Short-Term, a

dispersion model

K = Kelvin; extension of the degree Celsius scaled-down

to absolute zero

LACT = lease automatic custody transfer LAER = lowest achievable emission rate

lb = pound

lb/day = pound per day lb/hr = pound per hour

lb/MMBtu = pound per million British thermal units LDAR = Leak Detection and Repair (Requirements)

LNG = liquefied natural gas LPG = liquefied petroleum gas

LT/D = long ton per day

m = meter

 $m^3$  = cubic meter

m/sec = meters per second

MACT = maximum achievable control technology MAERT = Maximum Allowable Emission Rate Table MERA = Modeling and Effects Review Applicability

mg = milligram

mg/g = milligram per gram

mL = milliliter

MMBtu = million British thermal units

MMBtu/hr = million British thermal units per hour

MSDS = material safety data sheet

MSS = maintenance, startup, and shutdown

MW = megawatt

NAAQS = National Ambient Air Quality Standards

NESHAP = National Emission Standards for Hazardous

Air Pollutants

NGL = natural gas liquids

NNSR = nonattainment new source review

 $NO_x$  = total oxides of nitrogen

NSPS = New Source Performance Standards

PAL = plant-wide applicability limit

PBR = Permit(s) by Rule

PCP = pollution control project

PEMS = predictive emission monitoring system

PID = photo ionization detector

PM = periodic monitoring

PM = total particulate matter, suspended in the

atmosphere, including PM<sub>10</sub> and PM<sub>2.5</sub>, as represented

 $PM_{2.5}$  = particulate matter equal to or less than 2.5

microns in diameter

 $PM_{10}$  = total particulate matter equal to or less than 10 microns in diameter, including  $PM_{2.5}$ , as represented

POC = products of combustion

ppb = parts per billion

ppm = parts per million

ppmv = parts per million (by) volume

psia = pounds (per) square inch, absolute

psig = pounds (per) square inch, gage

PTE = potential to emit

RA = relative accuracy

RATA = relative accuracy test audit

RM = reference method

RVP = Reid vapor pressure

scf = standard cubic foot or feet

scfm = standard cubic foot or feet (per) minute

SCR = selective catalytic reduction

SIL = significant impact levels

SNCR = selective non-catalytic reduction

 $SO_2$  = sulfur dioxide

SOCMI = synthetic organic chemical manufacturing

industry

SRU = sulfur recovery unit

TAC = Texas Administrative Code

TCAA = Texas Clean Air Act

TCEQ = Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

TD = Toxicology Division

TLV = threshold limit value

TMDL = total maximum daily load

tpd = tons per day

tpy = tons per year

TVP = true vapor pressure

VOC = volatile organic compounds as defined in Title 30

Texas Administrative Code § 101.1

VRU = vapor recovery unit or system

#### **Special Conditions**

#### Permit Numbers 1388 and PSDTX631M1

This permit covers only those sources of emissions listed in the attached table entitled, "Emission Sources - Maximum Allowable Emission Rates" (MAERT), and those sources are limited to the emission limits and other conditions specified in that attached table. This permit authorizes maintenance, startup, and shutdown (MSS) activities which comply with the emission limits in the MAERT.

#### **Federal Regulation Applicability**

- 2. These facilities shall comply with all applicable requirements of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) regulations on Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources promulgated in Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations Part 60 (40 CFR Part 60):
  - A. Subpart A, General Provisions.
  - B. Subpart D, Fossil-Fuel-Fired Steam Generators.

# **Operational Limitations**

- 3. Unit 1 Boiler (EPN 1-1) shall be fired with natural gas containing no more than 5 grains of total sulfur per 100 dry standard cubic feet (dscf). **(09/25)**
- 4. In order to determine continuing compliance with the MAERT, the firing rate of Unit 1 Boiler shall be limited to 4,088 million British thermal units per hour (MMBtu/hr) on an hourly average (09/25)
- 5. The natural gas shall be sampled every 6 months to determine total sulfur and net heating value. Test results from the fuel supplier may be used to satisfy this requirement. **(09/25)**
- 6.  $NO_x$  and CO emissions from Unit 1 Boiler (EPN 1-1) shall not exceed the following concentrations, except during periods of planned maintenance, startup, and shutdown (MSS): (09/25)
  - 0.30 lb NO<sub>x</sub>/MMBtu on a three-hour average and 0.188 lb NO<sub>x</sub>/MMBtu on an annual average
  - 0.227 lb CO/MMBtu on a three-hour average and 0.113 lb CO/MMBtu on an annual average

#### Opacity / Visible Emissions (09/25)

- 7. During normal operations, opacity of emissions from the Unit 1 Boiler authorized by this permit shall not exceed 15 percent averaged over a six-minute period. The permit holder shall demonstrate compliance with this Special Condition in accordance with the following procedures:
  - A. Visible emission observations shall be conducted and recorded at least once during each calendar quarter while the facilities are in operation, unless the emission unit is not operating for the entire calendar quarter.
  - B. This determination shall be made by first observing for visible emissions while each facility is in operation. Observations shall be made at least 15 feet and no more than 0.25 miles from the emission point(s). Up to three emissions points may be read concurrently, provided that all three emissions points are within a 70-degree viewing sector or angle in front of the observer such that the proper sun position (at the observer's back) can be maintained for all

- three emission points. A certified opacity reader is not required for these visible emission observations.
- C. If visible emissions are observed from an emission point, then the opacity shall be determined and documented within 24 hours for that emission point using Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations Part 60 (40 CFR Part 60), Appendix A, Reference Method 9.
- D. If the opacity limitations of this Special Condition are exceeded, corrective action to eliminate the source of visible emissions shall be taken promptly and documented within one week of first observation.

#### **Initial Determination of Compliance**

8. Stack testing was completed for VOC on March 21, 2025 for natural gas firing operations. (09/25)

# **Continuous Determination of Compliance**

- 9. The permit holder shall install, calibrate, and maintain a CEMS to measure and record the in-stack concentration of CO, NO<sub>x</sub>, and O<sub>2</sub> from Unit 1 Boiler (EPN 1-1). **(09/25)** 
  - A. The CEMS shall meet the design and performance specifications, pass the field tests, and meet the installation requirements and the data analysis and reporting requirements specified in the applicable Performance Specification Nos. 1 through 9, Title 40 Code of Federal Regulation Part 60 (40 CFR Part 60), Appendix B. If there are no applicable performance specifications in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix B, contact the TCEQ Office of Air, Air Permits Division for requirements to be met.
  - B. Section 1 below applies to sources subject to the quality-assurance requirements of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix F; section 2 applies to all other sources:
    - (1) The permit holder shall assure that the CEMS meets the applicable quality-assurance requirements specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix F, Procedure 1. Relative accuracy exceedances, as specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix F, Section 5.2.3 and any CEMS downtime shall be reported to the appropriate TCEQ Regional Manager, and necessary corrective action shall be taken. Supplemental stack concentration measurements may be required at the discretion of the appropriate TCEQ Regional Manager. The requirements of 40 CFR Part 75, Appendices A and B are deemed an acceptable alternative to the performance specifications and quality assurance requirements of 40 CFR Part 60. Data used to meet the requirements of this permit shall not include substitute data values derived from the missing data procedures in subpart D of 40 CFR Part 75, nor shall the data have been bias adjusted according to the procedures of 40 CFR Part 75.
    - (2) The system shall be zeroed and spanned daily, and corrective action taken when the 24-hour span drift exceeds two times the amounts specified in the applicable Performance Specification Nos. 1 through 9, 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix B, or as specified by the TCEQ if not specified in Appendix B. Zero and span is not required on weekends and plant holidays if instrument technicians are not normally scheduled on those days.

Each monitor shall be quality-assured at least quarterly using Cylinder Gas Audits (CGA) in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix F, Procedure 1, Section 5.1.2, with the following exception: a relative accuracy test audit (RATA) is not required once every four quarters (i.e., four successive quarterly CGA may be conducted). An

equivalent quality-assurance method approved by the TCEQ may also be used. Successive quarterly audits shall occur no closer than two months.

All CGA exceedances of +15 percent accuracy indicate that the CEMS is out of control.

C. The monitoring data shall be reduced to hourly average concentrations at least once every day, using a minimum of four equally-spaced data points from each one-hour period. The individual average concentrations shall be reduced to units of pounds per hour at least once every week as follows:

The measured (averaging period) average concentration from the CEMS shall be multiplied by the CEMS-reported heat input to determine the hourly emission rate.

The permit holder shall install and operate a fuel flow meter to measure the gas fuel usage for each boiler. The monitored data shall be reduced to an hourly average flow rate at least once every day, using a minimum of four equally-spaced data points from each one-hour period. Each monitoring device shall be calibrated at a frequency in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications or at least annually, whichever is more frequent, and shall be accurate to within 5 percent. In lieu of monitoring fuel flow, the permit holder may monitor stack exhaust flow using the flow monitoring specifications of 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 60, Appendix B, Performance Specification 6 or 40 CFR Part 75, Appendix A.

- D. All monitoring data and quality-assurance data shall be maintained by the source. The data from the CEMS may, at the discretion of the TCEQ, be used to determine compliance with the conditions of this permit.
- E. The appropriate TCEQ Regional Office shall be notified at least 30 days prior to any required RATA in order to provide them the opportunity to observe the testing.
- F. Quality-assured (or valid) data must be generated when the EPN 1-1 is operating except during the performance of a daily zero and span check. Loss of valid data due to periods of monitor break down, out-of-control operation (producing inaccurate data), repair, maintenance, or calibration may be exempted provided it does not exceed 5 percent of the time (in minutes) that the EPN 1-1 operated over the previous rolling 12-month period. The measurements missed shall be estimated using engineering judgment and the methods used recorded. Options to increase system reliability to an acceptable value, including a redundant CEMS, may be required by the TCEQ Regional Manager.

# Recordkeeping

- 10. The following records shall be kept at the plant for the life of the permit and made available at the request of personnel from the TCEQ, EPA, or any air pollution control agency with jurisdiction.
  - A. A copy of this permit.
  - B. Permit application and subsequent representations submitted to the TCEQ.
  - C. A complete copy of the testing reports and records to demonstrate initial compliance.
  - D. The permit holder shall keep records to identify: periods of planned maintenance, startup and shutdown (MSS); and that the work practices in Special Condition Nos. 15 through 19 are followed during the planned MSS activities.

- 11. The following records shall be maintained at the plant site by the holder of this permit, and data shall be retained for at least five years following the date the data is obtained.
  - A. Records of the hours of operation;
  - B. Records of gas Btu monitoring;
  - C. Records of hourly electrical generation;
  - D. Records of the amount of natural gas fired each month and rolling 12-month totals in each boiler; (09/25)
  - E. Records of the sulfur content of natural gas fuel fired in the units at the site; (09/25)
  - F. Records of visible emissions, opacity observations, and any corrective action taken; (09/25)
  - G. The CEMS data of NO<sub>x</sub>, CO, and O<sub>2</sub> emissions to demonstrate compliance with the emission rates listed in the MAERT and concentration limit for EPN 1-1 in Special Condition No. 6; (09/25)
  - H. Raw data files of all CEMS data including calibration checks, adjustments, and maintenance performed on these systems in a permanent form suitable for inspection; **(04/22)**
  - I. RATA reports. (09/25)

# Maintenance, Startup, and Shutdown

- 12. This permit authorizes the emissions from the planned MSS activities listed in Attachment A [Inherently Low Emitting (ILE) maintenance activities], Attachment B (non-ILE maintenance activities), and the MAERT attached to this permit.
- 13. When a planned maintenance activity identified in Attachment A is associated with a VOC liquid storage facility and may result in VOC emissions from that facility, the permit holder shall not open that facility to the atmosphere in connection with the planned maintenance activity until the VOC liquids are removed from that facility to the maximum extent practicable.
- 14. The holder of this permit shall minimize emissions during planned MSS activities by operating the facility and associated air pollution control equipment in accordance with good air pollution control practices, safe operating practices, and protection of the facility, including the work practice of the manufacturer's operating procedures or permittee's written standard operating procedure manual shall be located on-site and be available to the TCEQ regional investigator. (09/25)
- 15. Emissions during planned startup and shutdown activities will be minimized by limiting the duration of operation in planned startup and shutdown mode as follows: **(09/25)** 
  - A. A planned startup of the Unit 1 steam generator is defined as the period that begins when a set of fans are placed into service and ends when the unit generator breaker is closed. In the event that the fans are already running for maintenance purposes as allowed in Attachment B of this permit, startup begins when main gas firing is commenced. In addition:
    - (1) A planned startup shall not exceed 48 hours after main gas firing has commenced, except as allowed in Special Condition No. 20.A.(2).

- (2) An extended planned startup is defined as a startup that lasts more than 48 hours after main gas firing has commenced. The total amount of time that extended startups exceed 48 hours shall not exceed 300 hours on an annual basis.
- B. A planned shutdown of the Unit 1 steam generator shall not exceed 36 hours and is defined as:
  - (1) the period that begins when the generator breaker is opened and ends when the main fuel is no longer fired in the boiler; or
  - (2) the period that begins when the main fuel no longer being fired in the boiler and ends when the generator breaker is opened.
- C. For purposes of counting startup and shutdown hours, any clock hour that includes one or more minutes of startup or shutdown activity is counted as one hour of startup or shutdown activity.
- 16. Compliance with the emissions limits for planned MSS activities identified in the MAERT attached to this permit may be demonstrated as follows:
  - A. For each pollutant emitted during planned ILE maintenance activities, the permit holder shall annually confirm the continued validity of the estimated potential to emit represented in the permit application for all ILE planned maintenance activities. The total emissions from all planned ILE maintenance activities identified in Attachment A of this permit shall be considered to be no more than the estimated potential to emit for those activities that are represented in the permit application.
  - B. For each pollutant emitted during planned non-ILE maintenance activities identified in Attachment B of this permit, the permit holder shall do the following for each calendar month.
    - (1) Determine the total emissions of the pollutant from such non-ILE planned maintenance activities in accordance with Special Condition No. 17.
    - (2) Once monthly emissions have been determined in accordance with Special Condition No. 16.B.(1) for 12 months after the MSS permit amendment has been issued, the permit holder shall compare the sum of the rolling 12-month emissions for the pollutant for all non-ILE planned maintenance activities to the annual emissions limit for the pollutant in the MAERT.
    - (3) This excludes the emissions associated with the combustion unit tuning/optimization activities, which are included in the normal operation emission limits for EPN 1-1 in the MAERT.
- 17. The permit holder shall determine the emissions during planned MSS activities for use in Special Condition No. 16 as follows:
  - A. For each pollutant whose emissions during normal facility operations are measured with a CEMS that has been certified to measure the pollutant's emissions over the entire range of a planned MSS activity, the permit holder shall measure the emissions of the pollutant during the planned MSS activity using the CEMS.
  - B. For each pollutant not described in Special Condition No. 17.A., the permit holder shall calculate the pollutant's emissions during all occurrences of each type of planned MSS activity for each calendar month using the frequency of the planned MSS activity identified in work orders or equivalent records and the emissions of the pollutant during the planned MSS

activity as represented in the planned MSS permit application. In lieu of using the emissions of the pollutant during the planned MSS activity as represented in the planned MSS permit application to calculate such emissions, the permit holder may determine the emissions of the pollutant during the planned MSS activity using an appropriate method, including but not limited to, any of the methods described in paragraphs 1 through 3 below, provided that the permit holder maintains appropriate records supporting such determination:

- (1) Use of emission factor(s), facility-specific parameter(s), and/or engineering knowledge of the facility's operations.
- (2) Use of emissions data measured (by a CEMS or during emissions testing) during the same type of planned MSS activity occurring at or on a similar facility, and correlation of that data with the facility's relevant operating parameters, including, but not limited to, electric load, temperature, fuel input, and fuel sulfur content.
- (3) Use of emissions testing data collected during a planned MSS activity occurring at or on the facility, and correlation of that data with the facility's relevant operating parameters, including, but not limited to, electric load, temperature, fuel input, and fuel sulfur content.

#### **Additional Authorizations**

18. The following projects and facilities authorized by Permit by Rule (PBR) and Standard Permit (SP) are listed here for reference purposes only. **(09/25)** 

Project/Facility	Authorization	Registration No.
Fluorescent Bulb Crusher	30 TAC § 106.262 (PBR)	84932
Bin Vent and Unit 1 Boiler	6001 non-Rule	114029

Date: September 22, 2025

#### Attachment A

# Permit Numbers 1388 and PSDTX631M1 Inherently Low Emitting (ILE) Planned Maintenance Activities

Planned Maintenance Activity	Emissions				
Planned Maintenance Activity		NO <sub>x</sub>	СО	PM	SO <sub>2</sub>
Degassing for maintenance of storage vessels storing material with vapor pressure <0.5 psia	х				
Inspection, repair, replacement, adjusting, testing, and calibration of analytical equipment, process instruments including sight glasses, meters, gauges, CEMS, PEMS	х	х	х		
Small equipment and fugitive component repair/replacement in VOC service <sup>3</sup>	х				
Management of Liquids/Sediment <sup>2</sup>	Х				

Date: September 22, 2025

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes, but is not limited to: mgmt. by vacuum truck/dewatering of material in open pits/ponds/sumps/tanks and other closed or open vessels. Material managed include water and sludge materials containing miscellaneous VOCs such as diesel, lube oil, and other waste oils.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes, but is not limited to: (1) repair/replacement of pumps, compressors, valves, pipes, flanges, transport lines, filters/screens in natural gas, fuel oil, diesel oil, ammonia, lube oil, and gasoline service; (2) vehicle and mobile equipment maintenance that may involve small VOC emissions, such as oil changes and transmission/hydraulic system service; (3) off-line NO<sub>x</sub> control device maintenance including aqueous ammonia systems.

#### **Attachment B**

# Permit Numbers 1388 and PSDTX631M1 Non-ILE Planned Maintenance Activities

Planned Maintenance Activity	EPN	Emissions				
		voc	NO <sub>x</sub>	CO	PM	SO <sub>2</sub>
Gaseous fuel venting <sup>1</sup>	MSS-FUG1	Х				
Combustion optimization <sup>2</sup>	1-1	х	х	х	х	х

Date: September 22, 2025

<sup>1</sup> Includes, but is not limited to, venting prior to pipeline pigging, and meter proving.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes, but is not limited to, (i) leak and operability checks (e.g. turbine over-speed tests, troubleshooting), and (ii) tuning activities that occur during seasonal tuning or after the completion of initial construction, a combustor change-out, a major repair, maintenance to a combustor, or other similar circumstances.

#### Emission Sources - Maximum Allowable Emission Rates

#### Permit Numbers 1388 and PSDTX631M1

This table lists the maximum allowable emission rates and all sources of air contaminants on the applicant's property covered by this permit. The emission rates shown are those derived from information submitted as part of the application for permit and are the maximum rates allowed for these facilities, sources, and related activities. Any proposed increase in emission rates may require an application for a modification of the facilities covered by this permit.

#### Air Contaminants Data

Emission Point No. (1)	Source Name (2)	Air Contaminant Name	Emission Rates		
		(3)	lbs/hour	TPY (4)	
1-1	Harrington Station Unit No. 1 369 MW Natural Gas-Fired Electric Generating Unit (5)	SO <sub>2</sub>	53.58	234.67	
		СО	927.98	2,023.31	
		NO <sub>x</sub>	1,226.40	3,366.22	
		PM	32.70	89.53	
		PM <sub>10</sub>	32.70	89.53	
		PM <sub>2.5</sub>	32.70	89.53	
		VOC	13.04	49.24	
FUG1	Unit 1 Natural Gas Fugitives	VOC	0.31	1.34	
MSS-FUG1	Unit 1 Maintenance, Startup, and Shutdown (MSS) Fugitives	СО	0.01	0.01	
		NO <sub>x</sub>	0.01	0.01	
		VOC	16.61	1.47	

- (1) Emission point identification either specific equipment designation or emission point number from plot plan.
- (2) Specific point source name. For fugitive sources, use area name or fugitive source name.
- (3) VOC volatile organic compounds as defined in Title 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) § 101.1
  - NO<sub>x</sub> total oxides of nitrogen
  - SO<sub>2</sub> sulfur dioxide
  - PM particulate matter emissions, as defined in Title 30 TAC § 101.1, including PM<sub>10</sub> and PM<sub>2.5</sub>
  - PM<sub>10</sub> particulate matter emissions equal to or less than 10 microns in diameter, including PM<sub>2.5</sub>
  - PM<sub>2.5</sub> direct particulate matter emissions equal to or less than 2.5 microns in diameter
  - CO carbon monoxide
- (4) Compliance with annual emission limits (tons per year) is based on a 12-month rolling period.
- (5) The lbs/hour and tpy emission limits specified in the MAERT for this facility include emissions from the facility during both normal operations and planned MSS activities.

Date: September 22, 2025

Project Number: 383684



# Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Air Quality Permit

A Permit Is Hereby Issued To
Southwestern Public Service Company
Authorizing the Construction and Operation of
Harrington Station Units 2 And 3
Located at Amarillo, Potter County, Texas
Latitude 35.297222 Longitude -101.748333

Amendment Date: September 22, 2025

Expiration Date: February 13, 2027

For the Commission

1

- 1. **Facilities** covered by this permit shall be constructed and operated as specified in the application for the permit. All representations regarding construction plans and operation procedures contained in the permit application shall be conditions upon which the permit is issued. Variations from these representations shall be unlawful unless the permit holder first makes application to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (commission) Executive Director to amend this permit in that regard and such amendment is approved. [Title 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Section 116.116 (30 TAC § 116.116)] <sup>1</sup>
- 2. **Voiding of Permit**. A permit or permit amendment is automatically void if the holder fails to begin construction within 18 months of the date of issuance, discontinues construction for more than 18 months prior to completion, or fails to complete construction within a reasonable time. Upon request, the executive director may grant an 18-month extension. Before the extension is granted the permit may be subject to revision based on best available control technology, lowest achievable emission rate, and netting or offsets as applicable. One additional extension of up to 18 months may be granted if the permit holder demonstrates that emissions from the facility will comply with all rules and regulations of the commission, the intent of the Texas Clean Air Act (TCAA), including protection of the public's health and physical property; and (b)(1)the permit holder is a party to litigation not of the permit holder's initiation regarding the issuance of the permit; or (b)(2) the permit holder has spent, or committed to spend, at least 10 percent of the estimated total cost of the project up to a maximum of \$5 million. A permit holder granted an extension under subsection (b)(1) of this section may receive one subsequent extension if the permit holder meets the conditions of subsection (b)(2) of this section. [30 TAC § 116.120]
- 3. **Construction Progress**. Start of construction, construction interruptions exceeding 45 days, and completion of construction shall be reported to the appropriate regional office of the commission not later than 15 working days after occurrence of the event. [30 TAC § 116.115(b)(2)(A)]
- 4. **Start-up Notification**. The appropriate air program regional office shall be notified prior to the commencement of operations of the facilities authorized by the permit in such a manner that a representative of the commission may be present. The permit holder shall provide a separate notification for the commencement of operations for each unit of phased construction, which may involve a series of units commencing operations at different times. Prior to operation of the facilities authorized by the permit, the permit holder shall identify the source or sources of allowances to be utilized for compliance with Chapter 101, Subchapter H, Division 3 of this title (relating to Mass Emissions Cap and Trade Program). [30 TAC § 116.115(b)(2)(B)]
- 5. **Sampling Requirements**. If sampling is required, the permit holder shall contact the commission's Office of Compliance and Enforcement prior to sampling to obtain the proper data forms and procedures. All sampling and testing procedures must be approved by the executive director and coordinated with the regional representatives of the commission. The permit holder is also responsible for providing sampling facilities and conducting the sampling operations or contracting with an independent sampling consultant. [30 TAC § 116.115(b)(2)(C)]
- 6. **Equivalency of Methods.** The permit holder must demonstrate or otherwise justify the equivalency of emission control methods, sampling or other emission testing methods, and monitoring methods proposed as alternatives to methods indicated in the conditions of the permit. Alternative methods shall be applied for in writing and must be reviewed and approved by the executive director prior to their use in fulfilling any requirements of the permit. [30 TAC § 116.115(b)(2)(D)]
- 7. **Recordkeeping.** The permit holder shall maintain a copy of the permit along with records containing the information and data sufficient to demonstrate compliance with the permit, including production records and

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operating hours; keep all required records in a file at the plant site. If, however, the facility normally operates unattended, records shall be maintained at the nearest staffed location within Texas specified in the application; make the records available at the request of personnel from the commission or any air pollution control program having jurisdiction in a timely manner; comply with any additional recordkeeping requirements specified in special conditions in the permit; and retain information in the file for at least two years following the date that the information or data is obtained. [30 TAC § 116.115(b)(2)(E)]

- 9. **Maintenance of Emission Control**. The permitted facilities shall not be operated unless all air pollution emission capture and abatement equipment is maintained in good working order and operating properly during normal facility operations. The permit holder shall provide notification in accordance with 30 TAC §101.201, 101.211, and 101.221 of this title (relating to Emissions Event Reporting and Recordkeeping Requirements; Scheduled Maintenance, Startup, and Shutdown Reporting and Recordkeeping Requirements; and Operational Requirements). [30 TAC§ 116.115(b)(2)(G)]
- 10. Compliance with Rules. Acceptance of a permit by an applicant constitutes an acknowledgment and agreement that the permit holder will comply with all rules and orders of the commission issued in conformity with the TCAA and the conditions precedent to the granting of the permit. If more than one state or federal rule or regulation or permit condition is applicable, the most stringent limit or condition shall govern and be the standard by which compliance shall be demonstrated. Acceptance includes consent to the entrance of commission employees and agents into the permitted premises at reasonable times to investigate conditions relating to the emission or concentration of air contaminants, including compliance with the permit. [30 TAC § 116.115(b)(2)(H)]
- 11. **This** permit may not be transferred, assigned, or conveyed by the holder except as provided by rule. [30 TAC § 116.110(e)]
- 12. **There** may be additional special conditions attached to a permit upon issuance or modification of the permit. Such conditions in a permit may be more restrictive than the requirements of Title 30 of the Texas Administrative Code. [30 TAC § 116.115(c)]
- 13. **Emissions** from this facility must not cause or contribute to "air pollution" as defined in Texas Health and Safety Code (THSC) §382.003(3) or violate THSC § 382.085. If the executive director determines that such a condition or violation occurs, the holder shall implement additional abatement measures as necessary to control or prevent the condition or violation.
- 14. **The** permit holder shall comply with all the requirements of this permit. Emissions that exceed the limits of this permit are not authorized and are violations of this permit. <sup>1</sup>

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Please be advised that the requirements of this provision of the general conditions may not be applicable to greenhouse gas emissions.

# Common Acronyms in Air Permits

°C = Temperature in degrees Celsius °F = Temperature in degrees Fahrenheit °K = Temperature in degrees Kelvin

μg = microgram

µg/m<sup>3</sup> = microgram per cubic meter acfm = actual cubic feet per minute AMOC = alternate means of control AOS = alternative operating scenario

AP-42 = Air Pollutant Emission Factors, 5th edition

APD = Air Permits Division

API = American Petroleum Institute APWL = air pollutant watch list BPA = Beaumont/ Port Arthur

BACT = best available control technology

BAE = baseline actual emissions

bbl = barrel

bbl/day = barrel per day bhp = brake horsepower

BMP = best management practices

Btu = British thermal unit

Btu/scf = British thermal unit per standard cubic foot or feet

CAA = Clean Air Act

CAM = compliance-assurance monitoring

CEMS = continuous emissions monitoring systems

cfm = cubic feet (per) minute CFR = Code of Federal Regulations

CN = customer ID number CNG = compressed natural gas

CO = carbon monoxide

COMS = continuous opacity monitoring system CPMS = continuous parametric monitoring system

DFW = Dallas/ Fort Worth (Metroplex)

DE = destruction efficiency

DRE = destruction and removal efficiency dscf = dry standard cubic foot or feet

dscfm = dry standard cubic foot or feet per minute

ED = (TCEQ) Executive Director

EF = emissions factor

EFR = external floating roof tank EGU = electric generating unit EI = Emissions Inventory

ELP = El Paso

EPA = (United States) Environmental Protection Agency

EPN = emission point number
ESL = effects screening level
ESP = electrostatic precipitator
FCAA = Federal Clean Air Act
FCCU = fluid catalytic cracking unit
FID = flame ionization detector
FIN = facility identification number

ft = foot or feet

ft/sec = foot or feet per second

g = gram

gal/wk = gallon per week gal/yr = gallon per year

GLC = ground level concentration

GLC<sub>max</sub> = maximum (predicted) ground-level

concentration

gpm = gallon per minute

gr/1000scf = grain per 1000 standard cubic feet gr/dscf = grain per dry standard cubic feet

H<sub>2</sub>CO = formaldehyde H<sub>2</sub>S = hydrogen sulfide H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> = sulfuric acid

HAP = hazardous air pollutant as listed in § 112(b) of the

Federal Clean Air Act or Title 40 Code of Federal

Regulations Part 63, Subpart C

HC = hydrocarbons

HCI = hydrochloric acid, hydrogen chloride

Hg = mercury

HGB = Houston/Galveston/Brazoria

hp = horsepower

hr = hour

IFR = internal floating roof tank

in H<sub>2</sub>O = inches of water in H<sub>g</sub> = inches of mercury

IR = infrared

ISC3 = Industrial Source Complex, a dispersion model ISCST3 = Industrial Source Complex Short-Term, a

dispersion model

K = Kelvin; extension of the degree Celsius scaled-down

to absolute zero

LACT = lease automatic custody transfer LAER = lowest achievable emission rate

lb = pound

lb/day = pound per day lb/hr = pound per hour

lb/MMBtu = pound per million British thermal units LDAR = Leak Detection and Repair (Requirements)

LNG = liquefied natural gas LPG = liquefied petroleum gas

LT/D = long ton per day

m = meter

m<sup>3</sup> = cubic meter

m/sec = meters per second

MACT = maximum achievable control technology MAERT = Maximum Allowable Emission Rate Table MERA = Modeling and Effects Review Applicability

mg = milligram

mg/g = milligram per gram

mL = milliliter

MMBtu = million British thermal units

MMBtu/hr = million British thermal units per hour

MSDS = material safety data sheet

MSS = maintenance, startup, and shutdown

MW = megawatt

NAAQS = National Ambient Air Quality Standards

NESHAP = National Emission Standards for Hazardous

Air Pollutants

NGL = natural gas liquids

NNSR = nonattainment new source review

 $NO_x$  = total oxides of nitrogen

NSPS = New Source Performance Standards

PAL = plant-wide applicability limit

PBR = Permit(s) by Rule

PCP = pollution control project

PEMS = predictive emission monitoring system

PID = photo ionization detector

PM = periodic monitoring

PM = total particulate matter, suspended in the

atmosphere, including PM<sub>10</sub> and PM<sub>2.5</sub>, as represented

 $PM_{2.5}$  = particulate matter equal to or less than 2.5

microns in diameter

 $PM_{10}$  = total particulate matter equal to or less than 10 microns in diameter, including  $PM_{2.5}$ , as represented

POC = products of combustion

ppb = parts per billion

ppm = parts per million

ppmv = parts per million (by) volume

psia = pounds (per) square inch, absolute

psig = pounds (per) square inch, gage

PTE = potential to emit

RA = relative accuracy

RATA = relative accuracy test audit

RM = reference method

RVP = Reid vapor pressure

scf = standard cubic foot or feet

scfm = standard cubic foot or feet (per) minute

SCR = selective catalytic reduction

SIL = significant impact levels

SNCR = selective non-catalytic reduction

SO<sub>2</sub> = sulfur dioxide

SOCMI = synthetic organic chemical manufacturing

industry

SRU = sulfur recovery unit

TAC = Texas Administrative Code

TCAA = Texas Clean Air Act

TCEQ = Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

TD = Toxicology Division

TLV = threshold limit value

TMDL = total maximum daily load

tpd = tons per day

tpy = tons per year

TVP = true vapor pressure

VOC = volatile organic compounds as defined in Title 30

Texas Administrative Code § 101.1

VRU = vapor recovery unit or system

# **Special Conditions**

#### Permit Numbers 5129 and PSDTX017M2

 This permit covers only those sources of emissions listed in the attached table entitled "Emission Sources - Maximum Allowable Emission Rates" (MAERT), and those sources are limited to the emission limits and other conditions specified in that table.

# **Federal Regulation Applicability**

- These facilities shall comply with all applicable requirements of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) regulations on Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources promulgated in Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations Part 60 (40 CFR Part 60):
  - A. Subpart A, General Provisions.
  - B. Subpart D, Fossil-Fuel-Fired Steam Generators.

# **Emission Standards and Fuel Specifications**

- 3. Unit 2 and 3 Boilers (EPN 2-1 and 3-1) shall be fired with natural gas containing no more than 5 grains of total sulfur per 100 dry standard cubic feet (dscf). (09/25)
- 4. The firing rate of the Unit 2 and 3 Boilers (Emission Point Nos. 2-1 and 3-1) shall be limited to 3,830 and 3,870 MMBtu/hr, respectively, on an hourly average.
- 5. The natural gas shall be sampled every 6 months to determine total sulfur and net heating value. Test results from the fuel supplier may be used to satisfy this requirement. **(09/25)**
- 6. NO<sub>x</sub> and CO emissions from Unit 2 and 3 Boilers (EPN 2-1 and 3-1) shall not exceed the following concentrations, except during periods of planned maintenance, startup, and shutdown (MSS): (09/25)
  - 0.30 lb NO<sub>x</sub>/MMBtu on a three-hour average and 0.188 lb NO<sub>x</sub>/MMBtu on an annual average
  - 0.227 lb CO/MMBtu on a three-hour average and 0.113 lb CO/MMBtu on an annual average

### Opacity / Visible Emissions (09/25)

- 7. During normal operations, opacity of emissions from the Unit 2 and 3 Boilers authorized by this permit shall not exceed 15 percent averaged over a six-minute period. The permit holder shall demonstrate compliance with this Special Condition in accordance with the following procedures:
  - A. Visible emission observations shall be conducted and recorded at least once during each calendar quarter while the facilities are in operation, unless the emission unit is not operating for the entire calendar quarter.
  - B. This determination shall be made by first observing for visible emissions while each facility is in operation. Observations shall be made at least 15 feet and no more than 0.25 miles from the emission point(s). Up to three emissions points may be read concurrently, provided that all three emissions points are within a 70-degree viewing sector or angle in front of the observer such that the proper sun position (at the observer's back) can be maintained for all

- three emission points. A certified opacity reader is not required for these visible emission observations.
- C. If visible emissions are observed from an emission point, then the opacity shall be determined and documented within 24 hours for that emission point using Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations Part 60 (40 CFR Part 60), Appendix A, Reference Method 9.
- D. If the opacity limitations of this Special Condition are exceeded, corrective action to eliminate the source of visible emissions shall be taken promptly and documented within one week of first observation.

# Continuous Demonstration of Compliance (09/25)

- 8. The permit holder shall install, calibrate, and maintain a continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS) to measure and record the in-stack concentration of NO<sub>x</sub>, CO, and O<sub>2</sub> from Unit 2 and 3 Boilers (EPN 2-1 and 3-1).
  - A. The CEMS shall meet the design and performance specifications, pass the field tests, and meet the installation requirements and the data analysis and reporting requirements specified in the applicable Performance Specification Nos. 1 through 9, Title 40 Code of Federal Regulation Part 60 (40 CFR Part 60), Appendix B. If there are no applicable performance specifications in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix B, contact the TCEQ Office of Air, Air Permits Division for requirements to be met. The requirements of 40 CFR Part 75, Appendices A and B are deemed an acceptable alternative to the performance specifications and quality assurance requirements of 40 CFR Part 60. Data used to meet the requirements of this permit shall not include substitute data values derived from the missing data procedures in subpart D of 40 CFR Part 75, nor shall the data have been bias adjusted according to the procedures of 40 CFR Part 75.
  - B. Section 1 below applies to sources subject to the quality-assurance requirements of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix F; section 2 applies to all other sources:
    - (1) The permit holder shall assure that the CEMS meets the applicable quality-assurance requirements specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix F, Procedure 1. Relative accuracy exceedances, as specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix F, Section 5.2.3 and any CEMS downtime shall be reported to the appropriate TCEQ Regional Manager, and necessary corrective action shall be taken. Supplemental stack concentration measurements may be required at the discretion of the appropriate TCEQ Regional Manager.
    - (2) The system shall be zeroed and spanned daily, and corrective action taken when the 24-hour span drift exceeds two times the amounts specified in the applicable Performance Specification Nos. 1 through 9, 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix B, or as specified by the TCEQ if not specified in Appendix B. Zero and span is not required on weekends and plant holidays if instrument technicians are not normally scheduled on those days.

Each monitor shall be quality-assured at least quarterly using Cylinder Gas Audits (CGA) in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix F, Procedure 1, Section 5.1.2, with the following exception: a relative accuracy test audit (RATA) is not required once every four quarters (i.e., four successive quarterly CGA may be conducted). An equivalent quality-assurance method approved by the TCEQ may also be used. Successive quarterly audits shall occur no closer than two months.

All CGA exceedances of +15 percent accuracy indicate that the CEMS is out of control.

C. The monitoring data shall be reduced to 1 hour average concentrations at least once every day, using a minimum of four equally-spaced data points from each one-hour period. The individual average concentrations shall be reduced to units of pounds per hour and pounds per million BTU at least once every week as follows:

The measured (averaging period) average concentration from the CEMS shall be multiplied by the CEMS-reported heat input to determine the hourly emission rate.

The permit holder shall install and operate a fuel flow meter to measure the gas fuel usage for each boiler. The monitored data shall be reduced to an hourly average flow rate at least once every day, using a minimum of four equally-spaced data points from each one-hour period. Each monitoring device shall be calibrated at a frequency in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications or at least annually, whichever is more frequent, and shall be accurate to within 5 percent. In lieu of monitoring fuel flow, the permit holder may monitor stack exhaust flow using the flow monitoring specifications of 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 60, Appendix B, Performance Specification 6 or 40 CFR Part 75, Appendix A.

- D. All monitoring data and quality-assurance data shall be maintained by the source. The data from the CEMS may, at the discretion of the TCEQ, be used to determine compliance with the conditions of this permit.
- E. The appropriate TCEQ Regional Office shall be notified at least 30 days prior to any required RATA in order to provide them the opportunity to observe the testing.
- F. Quality-assured (or valid) data must be generated when Unit 2 and Unit 3 Boilers are operating except during the performance of a daily zero and span check. Loss of valid data due to periods of monitor break down, out-of-control operation (producing inaccurate data), repair, maintenance, or calibration may be exempted provided it does not exceed 5 percent of the time (in minutes) that the Unit 2 and Unit 3 Boilers operated over the previous rolling 12-month period. The measurements missed shall be estimated using engineering judgment and the methods used recorded. Options to increase system reliability to an acceptable value, including a redundant CEMS, may be required by the TCEQ Regional Manager.

## **Recordkeeping Requirements**

- 9. The following records shall be kept at the plant for the life of the permit. All records required in this permit shall be made available at the request of personnel from the TCEQ or any air pollution control agency with jurisdiction.
  - A. A copy of this permit.
  - B. A complete copy of the testing reports and records to demonstrate initial compliance.
  - C. The permit holder shall keep records to identify: periods of planned maintenance, startup and shutdown (MSS); and that the work practices in Special Condition Nos. 15 through 18 are followed during the planned MSS activities.
- 10. The following records shall be maintained at the plant site by the holder of this permit, and data shall be retained for at least five years following the date the data is obtained.

- A. Records of the hours of operation;
- B. Records of gas Btu monitoring;
- C. Records of hourly electrical generation;
- D. Records of the amount of natural gas fired each month and rolling 12-month totals in each boiler; (09/25)
- E. Records of the sulfur content of natural gas fuel fired in the units at the site; (09/25)
- F. Records of visible emissions, opacity observations, and any corrective action taken; (09/25)
- G. The CEMS data of NO<sub>x</sub>, CO, and O<sub>2</sub> emissions to demonstrate compliance with the emission rates listed in the MAERT and concentration limit for EPNs 2-1 and 3-1 in Special Condition No. 6; **(04/22)**
- H. Raw data files of all CEMS data including calibration checks, adjustments, and maintenance performed on these systems in a permanent form suitable for inspection; **(04/22)**
- I. RATA reports. (09/25)

# Maintenance, Startup, and Shutdown (MSS)

- 11. This permit authorizes the emissions from the MSS activities listed in Attachment A, Attachment B, and the MAERT attached to this permit. Attachment A identifies the inherently low emitting (ILE) planned maintenance activities that this permit authorizes to be performed. Attachment B identifies the planned maintenance activities that are non-ILE planned maintenance activities that this permit authorizes to be performed.
- 12. When a planned maintenance activity identified in Attachment A is associated with a volatile organic compound (VOC) liquid storage facility and may result in VOC emissions from that facility, the permit holder shall not open that facility to the atmosphere in connection with the maintenance activity until the VOC liquids are removed from that facility to the maximum extent practicable.
- 13. The holder of this permit shall minimize emissions during planned MSS activities by operating the facility and associated air pollution control equipment in accordance with good air pollution control practices, safe operating practices, and protection of the facility.
- 14. Emissions during planned startup and shutdown activities will be minimized by limiting the duration of operation in planned startup and shutdown mode as follows: **(09/25)** 
  - A. A planned startup of either of the two electric generating facilities (EGF) with EPNs 2-1 or 3-1 is defined as the period that begins when a set of fans are placed into service and ends when the unit generator breaker is closed. In the event that the fans are already running for maintenance purposes as allowed in Attachment A, startup begins when main gas firing has commenced.
    - (1) A planned startup of either EGF shall not exceed 48 hours after main gas firing has commenced, except as allowed in Special Condition No. 14.A(2) below
    - (2) An extended planned startup is defined as a startup that lasts more than 48 hours after main gas firing has commenced. The total amount of time the extended startups exceed 48 hours at each boiler shall not exceed a combined total of 600 hours for both fuel fired boilers at the facility on an annual basis.

- B. A planned shutdown of either EGF with EPNs 2-1 or 3-1 shall not exceed 36 hours and is defined as:
  - (1) the period that begins when the generator breaker is opened and ends when the main fuel is no longer being fired in the boiler; or
  - (2) the period that begins when the main fuel is no longer being fired in the boiler and ends when the generator breaker is opened.
- Compliance with the emissions limits for planned MSS activities identified in the MAERT attached to this permit may be demonstrated as follows.
  - A. For each pollutant emitted during ILE planned maintenance activities, the permit holder shall annually confirm the continued validity of the estimated potential to emit represented in the permit application for all ILE planned maintenance activities. The total emissions from all ILE planned maintenance activities (See Attachment A) shall be considered to be no more than the estimated potential to emit for those activities that are represented in the permit application.
  - B. For each pollutant emitted during non-ILE planned maintenance activities (See Attachment B) the permit holder shall do the following for each calendar month.
    - (1) Determine the total emissions of the pollutant from such non-ILE planned maintenance activities in accordance with Special Condition No. 16.
    - (2) Once monthly emissions have been determined in accordance with Special Condition No 15.B(1) for 12 months after the MSS permit amendment has been issued, the permit holder shall compare the sum of the rolling 12-month emissions for the pollutant for all non-ILE planned maintenance activities to the annual emissions limit for the pollutant in the MAERT.
    - (3) This excludes the emissions associated with the combustion unit tuning/optimization activities, which are included in the normal operation limits for EPN 2-1 and 3-1 as listed in the MAERT.
- 16. The permit holder shall determine the emissions during planned MSS activities for use in Special Condition No. 15 as follows.
  - A. For each pollutant whose emissions during normal facility operations are measured with a CEMS that has been certified to measure the pollutant's emissions over the entire range of a planned MSS activity, the permit holder shall measure the emissions of the pollutant during the planned MSS activity using the CEMS.
  - B. For each pollutant not described in Special Condition No. 16.A, the permit holder shall calculate the pollutant's emissions during all occurrences of each type of planned MSS activity for each calendar month using the frequency of the planned MSS activity identified in work orders or equivalent records and the emissions of the pollutant during the planned MSS activity as represented in the planned MSS permit application. In lieu of using the emissions of the pollutant during the planned MSS activity as represented in the planned MSS permit application to calculate such emissions, the permit holder may determine the emissions of the pollutant during the planned MSS activity using an appropriate method, including but not limited to, any of the methods described in paragraphs 1 through 3 below, provided that the permit holder maintains appropriate records supporting such determination:

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- (1) Use of emission factor(s), facility-specific parameter(s), and/or engineering knowledge of the facility's operations.
- (2) Use of emissions data measured (by a CEMS or during emissions testing) during the same type of planned MSS activity occurring at or on a similar facility, and correlation of that data with the facility's relevant operating parameters, including, but not limited to, electric load, temperature, fuel input, and fuel sulfur content.
- (3) Use of emissions testing data collected during a planned MSS activity occurring at or on the facility, and correlation of that data with the facility's relevant operating parameters, including, but not limited to, electric load, temperature, fuel input, and fuel sulfur content.

Date: September 22, 2025

### Attachment A

# Permit Numbers 5129 and PSDTX017M2 Inherently Low Emitting (ILE) Planned Maintenance Activities

Planned Maintenance Activity		Emissions				
		NO <sub>x</sub>	СО	PM	SO <sub>2</sub>	
Degassing for maintenance of storage vessels storing material with vapor pressure <0.5 psia	х					
Inspection, repair, replacement, adjusting, testing, and calibration of analytical equipment, process instruments including sight glasses, meters, gauges, CEMS, PEMS	х	х	х			
Small equipment and fugitive component repair/replacement in VOC service <sup>3</sup>	х					
Management of Liquids/Sediment <sup>2</sup>	х					

Date: September 22, 2025

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes, but is not limited to: mgmt. by vacuum truck/dewatering of material in open pits/ponds/sumps/tanks and other closed or open vessels. Material managed include water and sludge materials containing miscellaneous VOCs such as diesel, lube oil, and other waste oils.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes, but is not limited to: (1) repair/replacement of pumps, compressors, valves, pipes, flanges, transport lines, filters/screens in natural gas, fuel oil, diesel oil, ammonia, lube oil, and gasoline service; (2) vehicle and mobile equipment maintenance that may involve small VOC emissions, such as oil changes and transmission/hydraulic system service; (3) off-line NO<sub>x</sub> control device maintenance including aqueous ammonia systems.

### **Attachment B**

# Permit Numbers 5129 and PSDTX017M2 Non-ILE Planned Maintenance Activities

Planned Maintenance Activity	EPN	Emissions				
,		voc	NO <sub>x</sub>	СО	PM	SO <sub>2</sub>
Gaseous fuel venting <sup>1</sup>	MSS-FUG2	Х				
Combustion optimization <sup>2</sup>	2-1 and 3-1	х	х	х	х	х

Date: September 22, 2025

<sup>1</sup> Includes, but is not limited to, venting prior to pipeline pigging, and meter proving.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes, but is not limited to, (i) leak and operability checks (e.g. turbine over-speed tests, troubleshooting), and (ii) tuning activities that occur during seasonal tuning or after the completion of initial construction, a combustor change-out, a major repair, maintenance to a combustor, or other similar circumstances.

#### Emission Sources - Maximum Allowable Emission Rates

### Permit Numbers 5129 and PSDTX017M2

This table lists the maximum allowable emission rates and all sources of air contaminants on the applicant's property covered by this permit. The emission rates shown are those derived from information submitted as part of the application for permit and are the maximum rates allowed for these facilities, sources, and related activities. Any proposed increase in emission rates may require an application for a modification of the facilities covered by this permit.

Air Contaminants Data

- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Air Contaminants Data	Emission Rates			
Emission Point No. (1) Source Name	Source Name (2)	Air Contaminant Name (3)	lbs/hour	TPY (4)		
2-1	Unit 2 Boiler Stack (6)	NOx	1,149.00	3,153.78		
		СО	869.41	1,895.62		
		VOC	12.22	46.13		
		SO <sub>2</sub>	50.20	219.86		
		PM	30.64	83.88		
		PM <sub>10</sub>	30.64	83.88		
		PM <sub>2.5</sub>	30.64	83.88		
3-1	Unit 3 Boiler Stack (6)	NOx	1,161.00	3,186.71		
		СО	878.49	1,915.42		
		VOC	12.35	46.61		
		SO <sub>2</sub>	50.72	222.16		
		PM	30.96	84.75		
		PM <sub>10</sub>	30.96	84.75		
		PM <sub>2.5</sub>	30.96	84.75		
FUG2	Units 2 and 3 Boilers and Other Sitewide Natural Gas Fugitives (5)	VOC	0.71	3.10		
MSS-FUG2	MSS Fugitives (5)	NOx	0.01	0.01		
		СО	0.03	0.01		
		VOC	216.40	3.52		

- (1) Emission point identification either specific equipment designation or emission point number from plot plan.
- (2) Specific point source name. For fugitive sources, use area name or fugitive source name.
- (3) VOC volatile organic compounds as defined in Title 30 Texas Administrative Code § 101.1

NO<sub>x</sub> - total oxides of nitrogen

SO<sub>2</sub> - sulfur dioxide

PM - total particulate matter, suspended in the atmosphere, including PM<sub>10</sub> and PM<sub>2.5</sub>, as represented

PM<sub>10</sub> - total particulate matter equal to or less than 10 microns in diameter, including PM<sub>2.5</sub>, as

represented

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# Emission Sources - Maximum Allowable Emission Rates

PM $_{2.5}$  - particulate matter equal to or less than 2.5 microns in diameter CO - carbon monoxide

- (4) Compliance with annual emission limits (tons per year) is based on a 12 month rolling period.
- (5) Emission rate is an estimate and is enforceable through compliance with the applicable special condition(s) and permit application representations.
- (6) The lb/hr and tpy emission limits specified in the MAERT for this facility includes emissions from the facility during both normal operations and planned MSS activities. (05/12)

Date:	September 22, 2025
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