## Statement of Basis of the Federal Operating Permit

#### **INEOS Americas LLC**

Site Name: INEOS Americas Pasadena Site Physical Location: 3503 Pasadena Fwy Nearest City: Pasadena County: Harris

> Permit Number: O1621 Project Type: Renewal

The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Code: 325192 NAICS Name: Cyclic Crude and Intermediate Manufacturing

This Statement of Basis sets forth the legal and factual basis for the draft permit conditions in accordance with 30 TAC §122.201(a)(4). Per 30 TAC §§ 122.241 and 243, the permit holder has submitted an application under § 122.134 for permit renewal. This document may include the following information:

A description of the facility/area process description;

A basis for applying permit shields;

A list of the federal regulatory applicability determinations;

A table listing the determination of applicable requirements;

A list of the New Source Review Requirements;

The rationale for periodic monitoring methods selected;

The rationale for compliance assurance methods selected;

A compliance status; and

A list of available unit attribute forms.

Prepared on: August 1, 2025

# Operating Permit Basis of Determination

# Permit Area Process Description Cumene Production Process

Benzene is received from several suppliers via marine vessel (ship or barge) and stored onsite. Propylene is received on site as a propylene/propane (P/P) mix via rail, truck or pipeline from various companies via a grid system and stored in a pressurized sphere.

The P/P mixture is treated to remove traces of ethylene and butane which can result in impurities in the product. Benzene and the treated P/P mixture are combined in reactors which operate in series. Benzene and propylene, in liquid phase, react in the presence of a zeolite catalyst to form isopropyl benzene (cumene).

Material generated from the aforementioned reaction is further refined utilizing a series of process vessels and exchangers. A byproduct of the cumene production process is propane.

Propane is part of the P/P mixture that goes unused in the reaction process. Propane is collected in pressurized bullets located on site and then exported via pipeline, rail car and/or tank truck as propane product to an off-property destination. Propane, in its natural state, has no odor; therefore, propane will be stenched at either the tank truck or rail car at the request of the customer. During non-stenched transfers, loading vapors will be routed back to the original storage bullet(s). During stenched transfers, loading vapors will be routed back to bullet(s) specifically utilized for stenched vapor collection. Vapors will be routed back to a storage bullet during loading; therefore, a 100% collection efficiency is assumed.

Another byproduct of this process is known as cumene heavies. Cumene and cumene heavies collected from their respective process vessels are stored until loaded onto tank trucks or marine vessels for export. Off-spec cumene generated by the production process is collected and stored on site and re-introduced into the production process.

Process cooling is provided by cooling towers while process heat is provided by a gas/production distillation fuel fired hot oil heater.

Collected storm water, ground water and process/maintenance wastewater is processed in the wastewater treatment plant (WWTP) located on site.

Waste gases/vapors generated from the cumene production process, which are not collected for re-use or for sale (i.e. propane), are routed to the five-stage pressure assisted flare (flare). The flare system operates at 98% destruction efficiency or greater for organics. The flare is on-line at all times while the cumene plant is operating. Flare pilots are monitored continuously by thermocouples, which alarm and record in the cumene control room. The first four stages of the flare consist of rows of ground level burners with the fifth state consisting of an elevated flare utilized in emergency situations.

#### **Other Activities**

INEOS utilizes an on-site wastewater treatment plant (WWTP) to treat collected storm water, contaminated ground water and process/maintenance wastewater.

Maintenance, startup and shutdown and support activities are also performed that the facility.

#### **FOPs at Site**

The "application area" consists of the emission units and that portion of the site included in the application and this permit. Multiple FOPs may be issued to a site in accordance with 30 TAC § 122.201(e). When there is only one area for the site, then the application information and permit will include all units at the site. Additional FOPs that exist at the site, if any, are listed below.

Additional FOPs: None

#### **Major Source Pollutants**

The table below specifies the pollutants for which the site is a major source:

Major Pollutants	VOC, HAPS

#### **Reading State of Texas's Federal Operating Permit**

The Title V Federal Operating Permit (FOP) lists all state and federal air emission regulations and New Source Review (NSR) authorizations (collectively known as "applicable requirements") that apply at a particular site or permit area (in the event a site has multiple FOPs). **The FOP does not authorize new emissions or new construction activities.** The FOP begins with an introductory page which is common to all Title V permits. This page gives the details of the company, states the authority of the issuing agency, requires the company to operate in accordance with this permit and 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 122, requires adherence with NSR requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 116, and finally indicates the permit number and the issuance date.

This is followed by the table of contents, which is generally composed of the following elements. Not all permits will have all of the elements.

- General Terms and Conditions
- Special Terms and Conditions
  - Emissions Limitations and Standards, Monitoring and Testing, and Recordkeeping and Reporting
  - Additional Monitoring Requirements
  - New Source Review Authorization Requirements
  - o Compliance Requirements
  - o Protection of Stratosphere Ozone
  - o Permit Location
  - Permit Shield (30 TAC § 122.148)
- Attachments
  - o Applicable Requirements Summary
    - Unit Summary
    - Applicable Requirements Summary
  - Additional Monitoring Requirements
  - o Permit Shield
  - New Source Review Authorization References
  - o Compliance Plan
  - o Alternative Requirements
- Appendix A
  - o Acronym list

#### General Terms and Conditions

The General Terms and Conditions are the same and appear in all permits. The first paragraph lists the specific citations for 30 TAC Chapter 122 requirements that apply to all Title V permit holders. The second paragraph describes the requirements for record retention. The third paragraph provides details for voiding the permit, if applicable. The fourth paragraph states that the permit holder shall comply with the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 116 by obtaining a New Source Review authorization prior to new construction or modification of emission units located in the area covered by this permit. The fifth paragraph provides details on submission of reports required by the permit.

#### Special Terms and Conditions

Emissions Limitations and Standards, Monitoring and Testing, and Recordkeeping and Reporting. The TCEQ has designated certain applicable requirements as site-wide requirements. A site-wide requirement is a requirement that applies uniformly to all the units or activities at the site. Units with only site-wide requirements are addressed on Form OP-REQ1 and are not required to be listed separately on an OP-UA Form or Form OP-SUM. Form OP-SUM must list all units addressed in the application and provide identifying information, applicable OP-UA Forms, and preconstruction authorizations. The various OP-UA Forms provide the characteristics of each unit from which applicable requirements are established. Some exceptions exist as a few units may have both site-wide requirements and unit specific requirements.

Other conditions. The other entries under special terms and conditions are in general terms referring to compliance with the more detailed data listed in the attachments.

#### Attachments

Applicable Requirements Summary. The first attachment, the Applicable Requirements Summary, has two tables, addressing unit specific requirements. The first table, the Unit Summary, includes a list of units with applicable requirements, the unit type, the applicable regulation, and the requirement driver. The intent of the requirement driver is to inform the reader that a given unit may have several different operating scenarios and the differences between those operating scenarios.

The applicable requirements summary table provides the detailed citations of the rules that apply to the various units. For each unit and operating scenario, there is an added modifier called the "index number," detailed citations specifying monitoring and testing requirements, recordkeeping requirements, and reporting requirements. The data for this table is based on data supplied by the applicant on the OP-SUM and various OP-UA forms.

Additional Monitoring Requirement. The next attachment includes additional monitoring the applicant must perform to ensure compliance with the applicable standard. Compliance assurance monitoring (CAM) is often required to provide a reasonable assurance of compliance with applicable emission limitations/standards for large emission units that use control devices to achieve compliance with applicant requirements. When necessary, periodic monitoring (PM) requirements are specified for certain parameters (i.e. feed rates, flow rates, temperature, fuel type and consumption, etc.) to determine if a term and condition or emission unit is operating within specified limits to control emissions. These additional monitoring approaches may be required for two reasons. First, the applicable rules do not adequately specify monitoring requirements (exception- Maximum Achievable Control Technology Standards (MACTs) generally have sufficient monitoring), and second, monitoring may be required to fill gaps in the monitoring requirements of certain applicable requirements. In situations where the NSR permit is the applicable requirement requiring extra monitoring for a specific emission unit, the preferred solution is to have the monitoring requirements in the NSR permit updated so that all NSR requirements are consolidated in the NSR permit.

Permit Shield. A permit may or may not have a permit shield, depending on whether an applicant has applied for, and justified the granting of, a permit shield. A permit shield is a special condition included in the permit document stating that compliance with the conditions of the permit shall be deemed compliance with the specified potentially applicable requirement(s) or specified applicable state-only requirement(s).

New Source Review Authorization References. All activities which are related to emissions in the state of Texas must have a NSR authorization prior to beginning construction. This section lists all units in the permit and the NSR authorization that allowed the unit to be constructed or modified. Units that do not have unit specific applicable requirements other than the NSR authorization do not need to be listed in this attachment. While NSR permits are not physically a part of the Title V permit, they are legally incorporated into the Title V permit by reference. Those NSR permits whose emissions exceed certain PSD/NA thresholds must also undergo a Federal review of federally regulated pollutants in addition to review for state regulated pollutants.

Compliance Plan. A permit may have a compliance schedule attachment for listing corrective actions plans for any emission unit that is out of compliance with an applicable requirement.

Alternative Requirements. This attachment will list any alternative monitoring plans or alternative means of compliance for applicable requirements that have been approved by the EPA Administrator and/or the TCEQ Executive Director.

### Appendix A

Acronym list. This attachment lists the common acronyms used when discussing the FOPs.

## Stationary vents subject to 30 TAC Chapter 111, Subchapter A, § 111.111(a)(1)(B) addressed in the Special Terms and Conditions

The site contains stationary vents with a flowrate less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute (acfm) and constructed after January 31, 1972 which are limited, over a six-minute average, to 20% opacity as required by 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B). As a site may have a large number of stationary vents that fall into this category, they are not required to be listed individually in the permit's Applicable Requirements Summary. This is consistent with EPA's White Paper for

Streamlined Development of Part 70 Permit Applications, July 10, 1995, that states that requirements that apply identically to emission units at a site can be treated on a generic basis such as source-wide opacity limits.

Periodic monitoring is specified in Special Term and Condition 3 for stationary vents subject to 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B) to verify compliance with the 20% opacity limit. These vents are not expected to produce visible emissions during normal operation. The TCEQ evaluated the probability of these sources violating the opacity standards and determined that there is a very low potential that an opacity standard would be exceeded. It was determined that continuous monitoring for these sources is not warranted as there would be very limited environmental benefit in continuously monitoring sources that have a low potential to produce visible emissions. Therefore, the TCEQ set the visible observation monitoring frequency for these sources to once per calendar quarter.

The TCEQ has exempted vents that are not capable of producing visible emissions from periodic monitoring requirements. These vents include sources of colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, and other materials that cannot produce emissions that obstruct the transmission of light. Passive ventilation vents, such as plumbing vents, are also included in this category. Since this category of vents are not capable of producing opacity due to the physical or chemical characteristics of the emission source, periodic monitoring is not required as it would not yield any additional data to assure compliance with the 20% opacity standard of 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B).

In the event that visible emissions are detected, either through the quarterly observation or other credible evidence, such as observations from company personnel, the permit holder shall either report a deviation or perform a Test Method 9 observation to determine the opacity consistent with the 6-minute averaging time specified in 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B). An additional provision is included to monitor combustion sources more frequently than quarterly if alternate fuels are burned for periods greater than 24 consecutive hours. This will address possible emissions that may arise when switching fuel types.

#### Stationary Vents subject to 30 TAC Chapter 111 not addressed in the Special Terms and Conditions

All other stationary vents subject to 30 TAC Chapter 111 not covered in the Special Terms and Conditions are listed in the permit's Applicable Requirements Summary. The basis for the applicability determinations for these vents are listed in the Determination of Applicable Requirements table.

#### **Federal Regulatory Applicability Determinations**

The following chart summarizes the applicability of the principal air pollution regulatory programs to the permit area:

Regulatory Program	Applicability (Yes/No)
Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD)	No
Nonattainment New Source Review (NNSR)	No
Minor NSR	Yes
40 CFR Part 60 - New Source Performance Standards	Yes
40 CFR Part 61 - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPs)	Yes
40 CFR Part 63 - NESHAPs for Source Categories	Yes
Title IV (Acid Rain) of the Clean Air Act (CAA)	No
Title V (Federal Operating Permits) of the CAA	Yes
Title VI (Stratospheric Ozone Protection) of the CAA	Yes

Regulatory Program	Applicability (Yes/No)
CSAPR (Cross-State Air Pollution Rule)	No
Federal Implementation Plan for Regional Haze (Texas SO <sub>2</sub> Trading Program)	No

#### **Basis for Applying Permit Shields**

An operating permit applicant has the opportunity to specifically request a permit shield to document that specific applicable requirements do not apply to emission units in the permit. A permit shield is a special condition stating that compliance with the conditions of the permit shall be deemed compliance with the specified potentially applicable requirements or specified potentially applicable state-only requirements. A permit shield has been requested in the application for specific emission units. For the permit shield requests that have been approved, the basis of determination for regulations that the owner/operator need not comply with are located in the "Permit Shield" attachment of the permit.

#### **Insignificant Activities and Emission Units**

In general, units not meeting the criteria for inclusion on either Form OP-SUM or Form OP-REQ1 are not required to be addressed in the operating permit application. Examples of these types of units include, but are not limited to, the following:

#### De Minimis Sources

1. Sources identified in the "De Minimis Facilities or Sources" list maintained by TCEQ. The list is available at https://www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/newsourcereview/de minimis.html.

#### Miscellaneous Sources

- 2. Office activities such as photocopying, blueprint copying, and photographic processes.
- 3. Outdoor barbecue pits, campfires, and fireplaces.
- 4. Storage and handling of sealed portable containers, cylinders, or sealed drums.
- 5. Vehicle exhaust from maintenance or repair shops.
- 6. Storage and use of non-VOC products or equipment for maintaining motor vehicles operated at the site (including but not limited to, antifreeze and fuel additives).
- 7. Air contaminant detectors and recorders, combustion controllers and shut-off devices, product analyzers, laboratory analyzers, continuous emissions monitors, other analyzers and monitors, and emissions associated with sampling activities. Exception to this category includes sampling activities that are deemed fugitive emissions and under a regulatory leak detection and repair program.
- 8. Steam vents, steam leaks, and steam safety relief valves, provided the steam (or boiler feedwater) has not contacted other materials or fluids containing regulated air pollutants other than boiler water treatment chemicals.
- 9. Storage of water that has not contacted other materials or fluids containing regulated air pollutants other than boiler water treatment chemicals.
- 10. Well cellars.
- 11. Fire or emergency response equipment and training, including but not limited to, use of fire control equipment including equipment testing and training, and open burning of materials or fuels associated with firefighting training.
- 12. Equipment used exclusively for the melting or application of wax.
- 13. Instrument systems utilizing air, natural gas, nitrogen, oxygen, carbon dioxide, helium, neon, argon, krypton, and xenon.
- 14. Battery recharging areas.

### Sources Authorized by 30 TAC Chapter 106, Permits by Rule

15. Sources authorized by §106.102: Combustion units designed and used exclusively for comfort heating purposes employing liquid petroleum gas, natural gas, solid wood, or distillate fuel oil.

- 16. Sources authorized by §106.122: Bench scale laboratory equipment and laboratory equipment used exclusively for chemical and physical analysis, including but not limited to, assorted vacuum producing devices and laboratory fume hoods.
- 17. Sources authorized by §106.141: Batch mixers with rated capacity of 27 cubic feet or less for mixing cement, sand, aggregate, lime, gypsum, additives, and/or water to produce concrete, grout, stucco, mortar, or other similar products.
- 18. Sources authorized by §106.143: Wet sand and gravel production facilities that obtain material from subterranean and subaqueous beds where the deposits of sand and gravel are consolidated granular materials resulting from natural disintegration of rock and stone and have a production rate of 500 tons per hour or less.
- 19. Sources authorized by §106.148: Railcar or truck unloading of wet sand, gravel, aggregate, coal, lignite, and scrap iron or scrap steel (but not including metal ores, metal oxides, battery parts, or fine dry materials) into trucks or other railcars for transportation to other locations.
- 20. Sources authorized by §106.149: Sand and gravel production facilities that obtain material from deposits of sand and gravel consisting of natural disintegration of rock and stone, provided that crushing or breaking operations are not used and no blasting is conducted to obtain the material.
- 21. Sources authorized by §106.161: Animal feeding operations which confine animals in numbers specified and any associated on-site feed handling and/or feed millings operations, not including caged laying and caged pullet operations.
- 22. Sources authorized by §106.162: Livestock auction sales facilities.
- 23. Sources authorized by §106.163: All animal racing facilities, domestic animal shelters, zoos, and their associated confinement areas, stables, feeding areas, and waste collection and treatment facilities, other than incineration units.
- 24. Sources authorized by §106.229: Equipment used exclusively for the dyeing or stripping of textiles.
- 25. Sources authorized by §106.241: Any facility where animals or poultry are slaughtered and prepared for human consumption provided that waste products such as blood, offal, and feathers are stored in such a manner as to prevent the creation of a nuisance condition and these waste products are removed from the premises daily or stored under refrigeration.
- 26. Sources authorized by §106.242: Equipment used in eating establishments for the purpose of preparing food for human consumption.
- 27. Sources authorized by §106.243: Smokehouses in which the maximum horizontal inside cross-sectional area does not exceed 100 square feet.
- 28. Sources authorized by §106.244: Ovens, mixers, blenders, barbecue pits, and cookers if the products are edible and intended for human consumption.
- 29. Sources authorized by §106.266: Vacuum cleaning systems used exclusively for industrial, commercial, or residential housekeeping purposes.
- 30. Sources authorized by §106.301: Aqueous fertilizer storage tanks.
- 31. Sources authorized by §106.313: All closed tumblers used for the cleaning or deburring of metal products without abrasive blasting, and all open tumblers with a batch capacity of 1,000 lbs. or less.
- 32. Sources authorized by §106.316: Equipment used for inspection of metal products.
- 33. Sources authorized by §106.317: Equipment used exclusively for rolling, forging, pressing, drawing, spinning, or extruding either hot or cold metals by some mechanical means.
- 34. Sources authorized by §106.318: Die casting machines.
- 35. Sources authorized by §106.319: Foundry sand mold forming equipment to which no heat is applied.
- 36. Sources authorized by §106.331: Equipment used exclusively to package pharmaceuticals and cosmetics or to coat pharmaceutical tablets.
- 37. Sources authorized by §106.333: Equipment used exclusively for the mixing and blending of materials at ambient temperature to make water-based adhesives.
- 38. Sources authorized by §106.372: Any air separation or other industrial gas production, storage, or packaging facility. Industrial gases, for purposes of this list, include only oxygen, nitrogen, helium, neon, argon, krypton, and xenon.
- 39. Sources authorized by §106.391: Presses used for the curing of rubber products and plastic products.
- 40. Sources authorized by §106.394: Equipment used for compression molding and injection molding of plastics.
- 41. Sources authorized by §106.414: Equipment used exclusively for the packaging of lubricants or greases.
- 42. Sources authorized by §106.415: Laundry dryers, extractors, and tumblers used for fabrics cleaned with water solutions of bleach or detergents.
- 43. Sources authorized by §106.431: Equipment used exclusively to mill or grind coatings and molding compounds where all materials charged are in paste form.
- 44. Sources authorized by §106.432: Containers, reservoirs, or tanks used exclusively for dipping operations for coating objects with oils, waxes, or greases where no organic solvents, diluents, or thinners are used; or dipping operations for applying coatings of natural or synthetic resins which contain no organic solvents.

- 45. Sources authorized by §106.451: Blast cleaning equipment using a suspension of abrasives in water.
- 46. Sources authorized by §106.453: Equipment used for washing or drying products fabricated from metal or glass, provided no volatile organic materials are used in the process and no oil or solid fuel is burned.
- 47. Sources authorized by §106.471: Equipment used exclusively to store or hold dry natural gas.
- 48. Sources authorized by §106.531: Sewage treatment facilities, excluding combustion or incineration equipment, land farms, or grease trap waste handling or treatment facilities.

#### **Determination of Applicable Requirements**

The tables below include the applicability determinations for the emission units, the index number(s) where applicable, and all relevant unit attribute information used to form the basis of the applicability determination. The unit attribute information is a description of the physical properties of an emission unit which is used to determine the requirements to which the permit holder must comply. For more information about the descriptions of the unit attributes specific Unit Attribute Forms may be viewed at <a href="https://www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air">www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air</a> all ua forms.html.

A list of unit attribute forms is included at the end of this document. Some examples of unit attributes include construction date; product stored in a tank; boiler fuel type; etc.. Generally, multiple attributes are needed to determine the requirements for a given emission unit and index number. The table below lists these attributes in the column entitled "Basis of Determination." Attributes that demonstrate that an applicable requirement applies will be the factual basis for the specific citations in an applicable requirement that apply to a unit for that index number. The TCEQ Air Permits Division has developed flowcharts for determining applicability of state and federal regulations based on the unit attribute information in a Decision Support System (DSS). These flowcharts can be accessed via the internet at <a href="https://www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air\_supportsys.html">www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air\_supportsys.html</a>. The Air Permits Division staff may also be contacted for assistance at (512) 239-1250.

The attributes for each unit and corresponding index number provide the basis for determining the specific legal citations in an applicable requirement that apply, including emission limitations or standards, monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting. The rules were found to apply or not apply by using the unit attributes as answers to decision questions found in the flowcharts of the DSS. Some additional attributes indicate which legal citations of a rule apply. The legal citations that apply to each emission unit may be found in the Applicable Requirements Summary table of the draft permit. There may be some entries or rows of units and rules not found in the permit, or if the permit contains a permit shield, repeated in the permit shield area. These are sets of attributes that describe negative applicability, or; in other words, the reason why a potentially applicable requirement does not apply.

If applicability determinations have been made which differ from the available flowcharts, an explanation of the decisions involved in the applicability determination is specified in the column "Changes and Exceptions to RRT." If there were no exceptions to the DSS, then this column has been removed.

The draft permit includes all emission limitations or standards, monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting required by each applicable requirement. If an applicable requirement does not require monitoring, recordkeeping, or reporting, the word "None" will appear in the Applicable Requirements Summary table. If additional periodic monitoring is required for an applicable requirement, it will be explained in detail in the portion of this document entitled "Rationale for Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM)/ Periodic Monitoring Methods Selected."

When attributes demonstrate that a unit is not subject to an applicable requirement, the applicant may request a permit shield for those items. The portion of this document entitled "Basis for Applying Permit Shields" specifies which units, if any, have a permit shield.

#### Operational Flexibility

When an emission unit has multiple operating scenarios, it will have a different index number associated with each operating condition. This means that units are permitted to operate under multiple operating conditions. The applicable requirements for each operating condition are determined by a unique set of unit attributes. For example, a tank may store two different products at different points in time. The tank may, therefore, need to comply with two distinct sets of requirements, depending on the product that is stored. Both sets of requirements are included in the permit, so that the permit holder may store either product in the tank.

### **Determination of Applicable Requirements**

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
T-1	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-085	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons
			Tank Description = Welded tank using an external floating roof
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 4.0 psia
			Primary Seal = Mechanical shoe, liquid-mounted foam, or liquid-mounted liquid-filled type seal installed before August 22, 1980
T-1	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT-005Y	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G).
			NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.
			Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is less than 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa)
			Emission Control Type = External floating roof
			Seal Type = Two seals, one located above the other, the primary seal being a metallic shoe seal
T-10	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-00c	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
T-10	40 CFR Part 63,	63GT-043	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 2 vessel.
	Subpart G		NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.
			NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.
T-11	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-00c	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
T-11	40 CFR Part 63,	63GT-043	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 2 vessel.
	Subpart G		NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.
			NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.
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Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
T-12	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-00c	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
T-12	40 CFR Part 63,	63GT-043	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 2 vessel.
	Subpart G		NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.
			NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.
T-14	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-069	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia
T-14	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT-004Y	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G).
			NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.
			Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is less than 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa)
			Emission Control Type = Internal floating roof
			Seal Type = Two seals mounted one above the other so that each forms a continuous closure that completely covers the space between the wall of the storage vessel and the edge of the floating roof
T-2BZ	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-085	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons
			Tank Description = Welded tank using an external floating roof
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 4.0 psia
			Primary Seal = Mechanical shoe, liquid-mounted foam, or liquid-mounted liquid-filled type seal installed before August 22, 1980
T-2BZ	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT-005Y	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G).
			NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.
			Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is less than 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa)
			Emission Control Type = External floating roof
			Seal Type = Two seals, one located above the other, the primary seal being a metallic shoe seal

Storage of VOCs with applicable control requirements or exemption orderia. Product Storade = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  T-2CU 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G 63GT-042 MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart X Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart X Applicability = The unit is subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Xb.  T-4 30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous complia with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Product Storad = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Xb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Xb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Yb.  T-5 30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous complia with applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Yb.  R5112-00c Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous complia with applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Yb.  T-5 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G GGGT-043 MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Yb.  NSPS Subpart Yb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Yb.  NSPS Subpart Yb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part	Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  T-2CU  40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G  ACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 2 vessel. NESHAP Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.  T-4  30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs  R5112-00c  Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compilar with applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.  T-4  40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G  ACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.  T-5  30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs  Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compilar than the control requirements or exemption criteria. Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Gapacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  ACT Subpart G  ACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.  Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstr	T-2CU		R5112-00c	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psial  T-2CU 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G 63GT-042 MACT Subpart Fr/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 2 Vessel. NESHAP Subpart V Applicability = The unit is subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart V. NSPS Subpart No Applicability = The unit is subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart No.  Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compila with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  MACT Subpart Fr/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 2 vessel. NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart No Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Nb.  Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compila with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  T-5 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G 63GT-043 MACT Subpart Fr/G Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.  Alternate Control Requirement = No				Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  T-2CU 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G 83GT-042 MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 2 vessel. NESHAP Subpart V Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.  T-4 30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compila with applicabile control requirements or exemption criteria. Product Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Kb.  T-5 30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs  Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compila with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Product Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart X Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Y Applicability = The				Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons
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NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.   T-4				True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
NESHAP Subpart X Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart X.  NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Xb.  Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous complia with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  T-4  40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G  MACT Subpart Y/Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y, NSPS Subpart Xb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y, NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.  T-5  30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs  Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous complia with applicable control requirements = rexemption criteria.  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons  Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 2 vessel.  NESHAP Subpart YA Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.  NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.  NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.  NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.  NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.  Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous complia with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Product Stored = VOC other t	T-2CU		63GT-042	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 2 vessel.
T-4 30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs Atternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compilar with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 2 vessel.  NESHAP Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.  T-5 30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs Atternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compilar with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 2 vessel.  NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.  NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.  NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.  NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.  Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compilar with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons		Subpart G		NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.
Storage of VOCs with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  T-4 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G 63GT-043 MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 2 vessel. NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.  T-5 30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous complia with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 2 vessel. NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart NS Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Xb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Yb.  Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous complia with applicable control requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous complia with applicable control requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous complia with applicable control requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous complia with applicable control requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous				NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.
Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  T-4  40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G  MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 2 vessel. NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.  T-5  30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs  R5112-00c  Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous complia with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Y Description is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Y Description is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Y Description is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Y Description is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Y Description is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Y Description is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Y Description is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Y Description is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Y Description is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Y Description is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Y Description is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Y Description is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Y. NS	T-4		R5112-00c	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  T-4  40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G  63GT-043  MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 2 vessel.  NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.  NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.  T-5  30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs  Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous complia with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 2 vessel.  NESHAP Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.  NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.  NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.  Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous complia with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons				Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
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T-4  40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G  MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 2 vessel.  NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.  NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.  T-5  30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs  Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous complia with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 2 vessel.  NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.  NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.  T-8  30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs  Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous complia with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons				Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls
Subpart G  NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.  Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous complia with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  T-5  40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G  MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 2 vessel. NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.  T-8  30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs  Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous complia with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons				True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
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T-5  30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs  R5112-00c  Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous complia with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons  Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 2 vessel.  NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.  NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.  Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous complia with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons				NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.
Storage of VOCs  with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate  Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons  Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls  True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  T-5  40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G  MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 2 vessel.  NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.  NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.  T-8  30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs  R5112-00c  Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous complia with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons				NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.
Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 2 vessel.  NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.  NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.  T-8  30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs  R5112-00c  Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous complia with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	T-5		R5112-00c	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  T-5  40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G  MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 2 vessel.  NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.  NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.  T-8  30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs  R5112-00c  Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous complia with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons				Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia  MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 2 vessel.  NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.  NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.  T-8  30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs  R5112-00c  Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous complia with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons				Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons
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Subpart G  NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.  NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.  T-8  30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs  R5112-00c  Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous complia with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons				True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
T-8  30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs  R5112-00c  R5112-00c  Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous complia with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate  Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	T-5	40 CFR Part 63,	63GT-043	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 2 vessel.
T-8  30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs  Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous complia with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Product Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons		Subpart G		NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.
Storage of VOCs  with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.  Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate  Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons				NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.
Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	T-8		R5112-00c	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
				Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls				Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons
				Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls
True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia				True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
T-8	40 CFR Part 63,	63GT-043	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 2 vessel.
	Subpart G		NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.
			NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.
T-9BZ	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-083	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons
			Tank Description = Welded tank using an external floating roof
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia
			Primary Seal = Mechanical shoe
			Secondary Seal = Secondary seal not determined since 30 TAC §§ 115.117(a)(4) or 115.117(b)(4) exemption is not utilized
T-9BZ	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT-005Y	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G).
			NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.
			Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is less than 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa)
			Emission Control Type = External floating roof
			Seal Type = Two seals, one located above the other, the primary seal being a metallic shoe seal
T-9CU	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-00c	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
T-9CU	40 CFR Part 63,	63GT-043	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 2 vessel.
	Subpart G		NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.
			NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.
V-113	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5121-23	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
V-114	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-00c	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate  Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons  Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls  True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
D-13CU	30 TAC Chapter 115, Loading and Unloading of VOC	R5211-032	Chapter 115 Facility Type = Marine terminal Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized.  Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas and gasoline.  Transfer Type = Only loading.  True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure less than 0.5 psia.
TRK-15	30 TAC Chapter 115, Loading and Unloading of VOC	R5211-018	Chapter 115 Facility Type = Facility type other than a gasoline terminal, gasoline bulk plant, motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility or marine terminal.  Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized.  Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas and gasoline.  Transfer Type = Only loading.  True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure less than 0.5 psia.
TRK-15	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GL-0g2a	Transfer Rack Type = Group 2 transfer rack (as defined in 40 CFR § 63.111).  Subject to Subpart BB = The transfer rack is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart BB.
H-1	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter B	R7ICI-507	Unit Type = Process heater  Maximum Rated Capacity = MRC is greater than or equal to 200 MMBtu/hr  Fuel Type #1 = Natural gas  Annual Heat Input = Annual heat input is less than or equal to 2.2 (10 <sup>11</sup> ) Btu/yr, based on a rolling 12-month average.  NOx Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC §§ 117.310(d)(3) and 117.310(a)(8)  Diluent CEMS = The process heater does not use a carbon dioxide CEMS to monitor diluent.  NOx Emission Limit Basis = Complying with the applicable emission limit using a block one-hour average  NOx Reduction = Forced flue gas recirculation  NOx Monitoring System = Continuous emissions monitoring system  Fuel Flow Monitoring = Fuel flow is monitored with a totalizing fuel flow meter per 30 TAC §§ 117.140(a), 117.340(a) or 117.440(a).  CO Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC § 117.310(c)(1) 400 ppmv option  CO Monitoring System = Continuous emissions monitoring system
H-2	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	R1111-002	Acid Gases Only = Flare is not used only as an acid gas flare as defined in 30 TAC § 101.1.  Emergency/Upset Conditions Only = Flare is used under conditions other than emergency or upset conditions.  Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
H-2	30 TAC Chapter 115, HRVOC Vent Gas	R5720-ALL	Out of Service = Flare was not permanently out of service by April 1, 2006.  Total Gas Stream = Flare receives a total gas stream with greater than 100 ppmv HRVOC at some time.  Gas Stream Concentration = Flare receives a gas stream containing 5% or greater HRVOC by weight at some time.  Alternative Monitoring Approach = The alternative monitoring approach described in 115.725(m)(2)(A)-(B) is being used.  Modifications to Testing/Monitoring = No modifications to test methods or monitoring methods specified in this section.  Flare Type = Flare is in multi-purpose service.  Monitoring Requirements = Flare is complying with the continuous monitoring requirements of § 115.725(d).  Tank Service = Flare is not in dedicated service for storage tanks with 95% or greater of an individual HRVOC.
H-2	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A	60A-0001	Subject to 40 CFR § 60.18 = Flare is subject to 40 CFR § 60.18.  Adhering to Heat Content Specifications = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(3)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(4)(i)-(iii) or (c)(5).  Flare Assist Type = Non-assisted  Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is greater than or equal to 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec) but less than 400 ft/s (122 m/sec).  Heating Value of Gas = Heating value is greater than 1000 Btu/scf (37.3 MJ/scm)
H-2	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A	63A-0001	Required Under 40 CFR Part 63 = Flare is required by a Subpart under 40 CFR Part 63.  Heat Content Specification = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(6)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(7) or 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(8).  Flare Assist Type = Non-assisted  Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is greater than or equal to 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec) but less than 400 ft/s (122 m/sec).  Heating Value of Gas = Heating value is greater than 1000 Btu/scf (37.3 MJ/scm).
FU-1	30 TAC Chapter 115, HRVOC Fugitive Emissions	R5780-ALL	SOP/GOP Index No. = Owner/Operator assumes HRVOC fugitive control requirements for all components subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter H, Division 3 with no alternate control or control device.  Title 30 TAC §115.780 Applicable = The fugitive unit contains a defined process and Highly Reactive VOC.  Weight Percent HRVOC = All components contact only a process fluid that contains at least 5.0% HRVOC by weight on an annual average basis.  Process Drains = The fugitive unit does not contain process drains.  Pressure Relief Valves = The fugitive unit contains pressure relief valves.  Open-ended Valves or Lines = The fugitive unit contains open-ended valves or lines.  Bypass Line Valves = The fugitive unit does not contain bypass line valves.  Valves (not pressure relief, open-ended or bypass line valves) = The fugitive unit contains valves other than pressure relief, open-ended or bypass line valves.  Flanges or Other Connectors = The fugitive unit contains flanges or other connectors.  Compressor Seals = The fugitive unit contains compressor seals.  Pump Seals = The fugitive unit contains pump seals.  Agitators = The fugitive unit does not contain agitators.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Heat Exchanger Heads, etc. = The fugitive unit contains heat exchanger heads, sight glasses, meters, gauges, sampling connections, bolter manways, hatches, sump covers, junction vent boxes or covers and seals on VOC water separators.
FU-1	30 TAC Chapter 115, Pet. Refinery & Petrochemicals	R5352-ALL	SOP/GOP Index No. = Owner/Operator assumes VOC fugitive control requirements for all components subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter D, Division 3 with no alternate control or control device.
FU-1	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart H	63HALL	SOP Index No. = Owner/Operator assumes fugitive control requirements for all components in VOC or VHAP service subject to 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart H with no alternated control or control device.
FUG-2	30 TAC Chapter 115, Pet. Refinery & Petrochemicals	R5352-ALL	SOP/GOP Index No. = Owner/Operator assumes VOC fugitive control requirements for all components subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter D, Division 3 with no alternate control or control device.
CT-1	30 TAC Chapter 115, HRVOC Cooling	R5760-ALL	Cooling Tower Heat Exchange System Exemptions = The cooling tower heat exchange system does not qualify for an exemption.
	Towers		Alternative Monitoring = Alternative monitoring and testing methods approved by the executive director as allowed in § 115.764(f) are being used.
			Modified Monitoring = Minor modifications to the monitoring and testing methods approved by the executive director as allowed in § 115.764(f) are being used.
			Jacketed Reactor = The cooling tower heat exchange system is not in dedicated service to a jacketed reactor.
			Design Capacity = Design capacity to circulate less than 8000 gpm.
			Finite Volume System = The cooling tower heat exchange system is complying with the requirements in § 115.764(a).
			Flow Monitoring/Testing Method = Choosing to monitor cooling water flow rate at a location representative of the total flow rate to the cooling tower in accordance with § 115.764(g)(2).
			Total Strippable VOC = The cooling tower heat exchange system is complying with the requirements of § 115.764(a).
			On-Line Monitor = Speciated strippable HRVOC concentration is being determined by sampling.
CT-3	30 TAC Chapter 115, HRVOC Cooling	R5760-ALL	Cooling Tower Heat Exchange System Exemptions = The cooling tower heat exchange system does not qualify for an exemption.
	Towers		Alternative Monitoring = Alternative monitoring and testing methods approved by the executive director as allowed in § 115.764(f) are being used.
			Modified Monitoring = Minor modifications to the monitoring and testing methods approved by the executive director as allowed in § 115.764(f) are being used.
			Jacketed Reactor = The cooling tower heat exchange system is not in dedicated service to a jacketed reactor.
			Design Capacity = Design capacity to circulate less than 8000 gpm.
			Finite Volume System = The cooling tower heat exchange system is complying with the requirements in § 115.764(a).
			Flow Monitoring/Testing Method = Choosing to monitor cooling water flow rate at a location representative of the total flow rate to the cooling tower in accordance with § 115.764(g)(2).
			Total Strippable VOC = The cooling tower heat exchange system is complying with the requirements of § 115.764(a).
			On-Line Monitor = Speciated strippable HRVOC concentration is being determined by sampling.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
CT-4	30 TAC Chapter 115, HRVOC Cooling	R5760-ALL	Cooling Tower Heat Exchange System Exemptions = The cooling tower heat exchange system does not qualify for an exemption.
	Towers		Alternative Monitoring = Alternative monitoring and testing methods approved by the executive director as allowed in § 115.764(f) are being used.
			Modified Monitoring = Minor modifications to the monitoring and testing methods approved by the executive director as allowed in § 115.764(f) are being used.
			Jacketed Reactor = The cooling tower heat exchange system is not in dedicated service to a jacketed reactor.
			Design Capacity = Design capacity to circulate less than 8000 gpm.
			Finite Volume System = The cooling tower heat exchange system is complying with the requirements in § 115.764(a).
			Flow Monitoring/Testing Method = Choosing to monitor cooling water flow rate at a location representative of the total flow rate to the cooling tower in accordance with § 115.764(g)(2).
			Total Strippable VOC = The cooling tower heat exchange system is complying with the requirements of § 115.764(a).
			On-Line Monitor = Speciated strippable HRVOC concentration is being determined by sampling.
T-7	30 TAC Chapter 115, Water Separation	R5131-000	Alternate Control Requirement = The executive director (or the EPA Administrator) has not approved an ACR or exemption criteria in accordance with 30 TAC § 115.910.
			Exemption = Any single or multiple compartment VOC water separator which is designed solely to capture stormwater, spills, or exterior surface cleanup waters and is fully covered.
V-15	30 TAC Chapter 115, Water Separation	R5131-006	Alternate Control Requirement = The executive director (or the EPA Administrator) has not approved an ACR or exemption criteria in accordance with 30 TAC § 115.910.
			Exemption = Water separator does not qualify for exemption.
			Emission Control Option = Vapor recovery system which satisfies the provisions of 30 TAC § 115.131.
			Control Device = Control device or vapor recovery system other than a chiller, carbon adsorber, or incinerator.
V-18	30 TAC Chapter 115, Water Separation	R5131-001	Alternate Control Requirement = The executive director (or the EPA Administrator) has not approved an ACR or exemption criteria in accordance with 30 TAC § 115.910.
			Exemption = Any single or multiple compartment VOC water separator which separates materials having a true vapor pressure less than 0.5 psia (3.4 kPa) obtained from any equipment.
V-2017	30 TAC Chapter 115, Water Separation	R5131-004	Alternate Control Requirement = The executive director (or the EPA Administrator) has not approved an ACR or exemption criteria in accordance with 30 TAC § 115.910.
			Exemption = Water separator does not qualify for exemption.
			Emission Control Option = Vapor recovery system which satisfies the provisions of 30 TAC § 115.131.
			Control Device = Direct flame incinerator.
H-1	30 TAC Chapter 111,	AC Chapter 111, P1111-004 R1111-004	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.
	VISIDIE EMISSIONS		Vent Source = The source of the vent is not a steam generator fired by solid fossil fuel, oil or a mixture of oil and gas and is not a catalyst regenerator for a fluid bed catalytic cracking unit.
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Construction Date = After January 31, 1972
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is at least 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.
V-24	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-4	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.
			Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare
V-28	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-3	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream originates from a synthetic organic chemical manufacturing industry reactor process or distillation operation, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10.
			Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
			Control Device Type = Other vapor control/recovery system, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10
V-48	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-1	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream originates from a synthetic organic chemical manufacturing industry reactor process or distillation operation, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10.
			Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare
V-48	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-3	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream originates from a synthetic organic chemical manufacturing industry reactor process or distillation operation, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10.
			Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
			Control Device Type = Other vapor control/recovery system, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10
V-48	40 CFR Part 63,	63GV-012	Overlap = Title 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G only
	Subpart G		Group 1 = The process vent meets the definition of a Group 1 process vent.
			Control Device = Flare

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Halogenated = Vent stream is not halogenated.
			Alternate Monitoring Parameters = The EPA Administrator has not approved alternate monitoring parameters or alternate monitoring parameters are not used.
			Continuous Monitoring = Complying with the continuous monitoring requirements of 40 CFR §§ 63.114, 63.117, and 63.118.
			By-pass Lines = The vent system does not contain by-pass lines that can divert the vent stream from the control device.
V-81B	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-1	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream originates from a synthetic organic chemical manufacturing industry reactor process or distillation operation, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10.
			Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare
V-81B	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-3	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream originates from a synthetic organic chemical manufacturing industry reactor process or distillation operation, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10.
			Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
			Control Device Type = Other vapor control/recovery system, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10
V-85	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-1	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream originates from a synthetic organic chemical manufacturing industry reactor process or distillation operation, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10.
			Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare
V-85	40 CFR Part 63,	63GV-012N	Overlap = Title 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN
	Subpart G		Group 1 = The process vent meets the definition of a Group 1 process vent.
			Control Device = Flare
			Halogenated = Vent stream is not halogenated.
			Alternate Monitoring Parameters = The EPA Administrator has not approved alternate monitoring parameters or alternate monitoring parameters are not used.
			By-pass Lines = The vent system does not contain by-pass lines that can divert the vent stream from the control device.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
SAFEKLEEN	30 TAC Chapter 115,	R5412-001	Solvent Degreasing Machine Type = Cold solvent cleaning machine.
	Degreasing Processes		Alternate Control Requirement = The TCEQ Executive Director has not approved an alternative control requirement as allowed under 30 TAC § 115.413 or not alternative has been requested.
			Solvent Sprayed = A solvent is sprayed.
			Solvent Vapor Pressure = Solvent vapor pressure is less than or equal to 0.6 psia as measured at 100 degrees Fahrenheit.
			Solvent Heated = The solvent is not heated to a temperature greater than 120 degrees Fahrenheit
			Parts Larger than Drainage = No cleaned parts for which the machine is authorized to clean are larger than the internal drainage facility of the machine.
			Drainage Area = Area is greater than or equal to 16 square inches.
			Disposal in Enclosed Containers = Waste solvent is properly disposed of in enclosed containers.
V-81B	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN	60NNN-048	Subpart NNN Chemicals = The distillation unit produces any chemical listed in 40 CFR § 60.667 as a product, co-product, by-product, or intermediate.
			Construction/Modification Date = After December 30, 1983.
			Vent Type = A single distillation unit discharging vent stream into a vapor recovery system.
			Distillation Unit Type = Does not qualify for any exemption under § 60.660(c)(1)-(3).
			Total Design Capacity = 1 gigagram per year or greater.
			Vent Stream Flow Rate = Flow rate greater than or equal to 0.008 scm/min.
			Total Resource Effectiveness = TRE index value less than 8.0 not from a halogenated vent stream.
			TOC Reduction = Compliance is achieved by reducing total organic compound emissions (less methane and ethane) by 98 weight-percent or to a concentration of 20 ppmv dry basis corrected to 3 percent oxygen using a VOC emissions non-flare combustion control device.
			Subpart NNN Control Device = Boiler or process heater design heat input capacity greater than or equal to 44 MW (150 MMBtu/hr).
V-81B	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN	60NNN-049	Subpart NNN Chemicals = The distillation unit produces any chemical listed in 40 CFR § 60.667 as a product, co-product, by-product, or intermediate.
			Construction/Modification Date = After December 30, 1983.
			Vent Type = A single distillation unit discharging vent stream into a vapor recovery system.
			Distillation Unit Type = Does not qualify for any exemption under § 60.660(c)(1)-(3).
			Total Design Capacity = 1 gigagram per year or greater.
			Vent Stream Flow Rate = Flow rate greater than or equal to 0.008 scm/min.
			Total Resource Effectiveness = TRE index value less than 8.0 not from a halogenated vent stream.
			TOC Reduction = Compliance is achieved through use of a flare or recovery device.
			Subpart NNN Control Device = Flare.
GRP-EXHEHAP	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart F	63F-005	Applicable Chemicals = The chemical manufacturing process unit manufactures, as a primary product, one or more of the chemicals listed in 40 CFR § 63.100(b)(1)(i) or 40 CFR § 63.100(b)(1)(ii).
			Table 2 HAP = The chemical manufacturing process unit uses as a reactant or manufactures, as a product or co-product, one or more of the organic hazardous air pollutants in Table 2.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
			Alternate Means of Emission Limitation = No alternative means of emission limitation has been approved by the EPA Administrator to achieve a reduction in organic HAP emission or no alternate has been requested.
			Heat Exchange System = A heat exchange system is utilized.
			Cooling Water Pressure = The heat exchange system is not operated with the minimum pressure on the cooling water side at least 35 kilopascals greater than the maximum pressure on the process side.
			Intervening Cooling Fluid = There is no intervening cooling fluid containing less than 5 percent by weight of total HAPs listed in Table 4 of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart F, between the process and cooling water.
			Table 4 HAP Content = The recirculating heat exchange system is used exclusively to cool process fluids that contain less than 5 percent by weight of total HAPs listed in Table 4 of title 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart F.
GRP-EXHEPR	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart F	63F-003	Applicable Chemicals = The chemical manufacturing process unit manufactures, as a primary product, one or more of the chemicals listed in 40 CFR § 63.100(b)(1)(i) or 40 CFR § 63.100(b)(1)(ii).
			Table 2 HAP = The chemical manufacturing process unit uses as a reactant or manufactures, as a product or co-product, one or more of the organic hazardous air pollutants in Table 2.
			Alternate Means of Emission Limitation = No alternative means of emission limitation has been approved by the EPA Administrator to achieve a reduction in organic HAP emission or no alternate has been requested.
			Heat Exchange System = A heat exchange system is utilized.
			Cooling Water Pressure = The heat exchange system is operated with the minimum pressure on the cooling water side at least 35 kilopascals greater than the maximum pressure on the process side.
PRO-CT1A	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart F	63F-010	Applicable Chemicals = The chemical manufacturing process unit manufactures, as a primary product, one or more of the chemicals listed in 40 CFR § 63.100(b)(1)(i) or 40 CFR § 63.100(b)(1)(ii).
			Table 2 HAP = The chemical manufacturing process unit uses as a reactant or manufactures, as a product or co-product, one or more of the organic hazardous air pollutants in Table 2.
			Alternate Means of Emission Limitation = No alternative means of emission limitation has been approved by the EPA Administrator to achieve a reduction in organic HAP emission or no alternate has been requested.
			Heat Exchange System = A heat exchange system is utilized.
			Cooling Water Pressure = The heat exchange system is not operated with the minimum pressure on the cooling water side at least 35 kilopascals greater than the maximum pressure on the process side.
			Intervening Cooling Fluid = There is no intervening cooling fluid containing less than 5 percent by weight of total HAPs listed in Table 4 of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart F, between the process and cooling water.
			Table 4 HAP Content = The recirculating heat exchange system is not used exclusively to cool process fluids that contain less than 5 percent by weight of total HAPs listed in Table 4 of title 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart F.
			NPDES Permit = The once-through heat exchange system is not subject to NPDES permit with an allowable discharge limit of 1 part per million or less above influent concentration or 10 percent or less above influent concentration.
			Meets 40 CFR 63.104(a)(4)(i)-(iv) = The once-through heat exchange system is not subject to an NPDES permit that meets 40 CFR § 63.104(a)(4)(i) - (iv).
			Table 9 HAP Content = The once-through heat exchange system is not used exclusively to cool process fluids that contain less than 5 percent by weight of total HAPs listed in Table 9 of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G.
			Cooling Water Monitored = The cooling water is not being monitored for the presence of one or more HAPs or other representative substances whose presence in cooling water indicates a leak.

<sup>\* -</sup> The "unit attributes" or operating conditions that determine what requirements apply

#### **NSR Versus Title V FOP**

The state of Texas has two Air permitting programs, New Source Review (NSR) and Title V Federal Operating Permits. The two programs are substantially different both in intent and permit content.

NSR is a preconstruction permitting program authorized by the Texas Clean Air Act and Title I of the Federal Clean Air Act (FCAA). The processing of these permits is governed by 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 116.111. The Title V Federal Operating Program is a federal program authorized under Title V of the FCAA that has been delegated to the state of Texas to administer and is governed by 30 TAC Chapter 122. The major differences between the two permitting programs are listed in the table below:

NSR Permit	Federal Operating Permit (FOP)
Issued Prior to new Construction or modification of an existing facility	For initial permit with application shield, can be issued after operation commences; significant revisions require approval prior to operation.
Authorizes air emissions	Codifies existing applicable requirements, does not authorize new emissions
Ensures issued permits are protective of the environment and human health by conducting a health effects review and that requirement for best available control technology (BACT) is implemented.	Applicable requirements listed in permit are used by the inspectors to ensure proper operation of the site as authorized. Ensures that adequate monitoring is in place to allow compliance determination with the FOP.
Up to two Public notices may be required. Opportunity for public comment and contested case hearings for some authorizations.	One public notice required. Opportunity for public comments. No contested case hearings.
Applies to all point source emissions in the state.	Applies to all major sources and some non-major sources identified by the EPA.
Applies to facilities: a portion of site or individual emission sources	One or multiple FOPs cover the entire site (consists of multiple facilities)
Permits include terms and conditions under which the applicant must construct and operate its various equipment and processes on a facility basis.	Permits include terms and conditions that specify the general operational requirements of the site; and include codification of all applicable requirements for emission units at the site.
Opportunity for EPA review for Federal Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) and Nonattainment (NA) permits for major sources.	Opportunity for EPA review, affected states review, and a Public petition period for every FOP.
Permits have a table listing maximum emission limits for pollutants	Permit has an applicable requirements table and Periodic Monitoring (PM) / Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) tables which document applicable monitoring requirements.
Permits can be altered or amended upon application by company. Permits must be issued before construction or modification of facilities can begin.	Permits can be revised through several revision processes, which provide for different levels of public notice and opportunity to comment. Changes that would be significant revisions require that a revised permit be issued before those changes can be operated.
NSR permits are issued independent of FOP requirements.	FOPs are independent of NSR permits, but contain a list of all NSR permits incorporated by reference

#### **New Source Review Requirements**

Below is a list of the New Source Review (NSR) permits for the permitted area. These NSR permits are incorporated by reference into the operating permit and are enforceable under it. These permits can be found in the main TCEQ file room, located on the first floor of Building E, 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas. In addition, many of the permits are accessible online through the link provided below. The Public Education Program may be contacted at 1-800-687-4040 or the Air Permits Division (APD) may be contacted at 1-512-239-1250 for help with any question.

Additionally, the site contains emission units that are permitted by rule under the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 106, Permits by Rule. Permit by Rule (PBR) registrations submitted by permittees are also available online through the link provided below. The following table specifies the PBRs that apply to the site.

The status of air permits, applications, and PBR registrations may be found by performing the appropriate search of the databases located at the following website:

www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air status permits.html

Details on how to search the databases are available in the **Obtaining Permit Documents** section below.

#### **New Source Review Authorization References**

Title 30 TAC Chapter 116 Permits, Special Permits, and Other Authorizations (Other Than Permits by Rule, PSD Permits, or NA Permits) for the Application Area.		
Authorization No.: 4825A	Issuance Date: 04/18/2019	
Authorization No.: 159453	Issuance Date: 01/27/2020	
Authorization No.: 170236	Issuance Date: 09/29/2022	
Permits by Rule (30 TAC Chapter 106) for the	Application Area	
Number: 106.261	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000	
Number: 106.261	Version No./Date: 11/01/2003	
Number: 106.262	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000	
Number: 106.262	Version No./Date: 11/01/2003	
Number: 106.263	Version No./Date: 11/01/2001	
Number: 106.264	Version No./Date: 03/14/1997	
Number: 106.472	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000	
Number: 106.511	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000	
Number: 53	Version No./Date: 07/20/1992	
Number: 102	Version No./Date: 07/20/1992	
Number: 107	Version No./Date: 07/20/1992	

#### Permits by Rule

The TCEQ has interpreted the emission limits prescribed in 30 TAC §106.4(a) as both emission thresholds and default emission limits. The emission limits in 30 TAC §106.4(a) are all considered applicable to each facility as a threshold matter to ensure that the owner/operator qualifies for the PBR authorization. Those same emission limits are also the default emission limits if the specific PBR does not further limit emissions or there is no lower, certified emission limit claimed by the owner/operator.

This interpretation is consistent with how TCEQ has historically determined compliance with the emission limits prior to the addition of the "as applicable" language. The "as applicable" language was added in 2014 as part of changes to the sentence structure in a rulemaking that made other changes to address greenhouse gases and was not intended as a substantive rule change. This interpretation also provides for effective and practical enforcement of 30 TAC §106.4(a), since for the TCEQ to effectively enforce the emission limits in 30 TAC §106.4(a) as emission thresholds, all emission limits must apply. As provided by 30 TAC §106.4(a)(2) and (3), an owner/operator shall not claim a PBR authorization if the facility is subject to major New Source Review. The practical and legal effect of the language in 30 TAC § 106.4 is that if a facility does not emit a pollutant, then the potential to emit for that particular pollutant is zero, and thus, the facility is not authorized to emit the pollutant pursuant to the PBR.

The permit holder is required to keep records for demonstrating compliance with PBRs in accordance with 30 TAC § 106.8 for the following categories:

- As stated in 30 TAC § 106.8(a), the permit holder is not required to keep records for de minimis sources as designated in 30 TAC § 116.119.
- As stated in 30 TAC § 106.8(b) for PBRs on the insignificant activities list, the permit holder is required to provide information that would demonstrate compliance with the general requirements of 30 TAC § 106.4.
- As stated in 30 TAC § 106.8(c) for all other PBRs, the permit holder must maintain sufficient records to demonstrate compliance with the general requirements specified in 30 TAC § 106.4 and to demonstrate compliance with the emission limits and any specific conditions of the PBR as applicable.

The application, or a previously submitted application, contains a PBR Supplemental Table. This table provides supplemental information for all PBR authorizations at the site or application area, including PBRs that are not listed on the OP-REQ1 form. PBRs that are not listed on the OP-REQ1 form authorize emission units that the TCEQ has determined are insignificant sources of emissions (IEUs). PBRs are enforceable through permit condition number 19. The EPA gives States broad discretion in prescribing monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting for generally applicable requirements that cover insignificant emission units. (see EPA White Paper Number 2 for Improved Implementation of the Part 70 Operating Permits Program). Federal regulations specifically identify recordkeeping as an appropriate level of monitoring necessary to assure compliance with the requirements applicable to an emissions unit. Permitting authorities have the best sense of where it is appropriate to conclude that periodic monitoring is not necessary for IEUs, when state program rules already provide sufficient monitoring for these units.

In the case of IEUs in particular, the recordkeeping in 30 TAC §106.8 is sufficient because the units do not have the potential to violate emission limitations or other requirements under normal operating conditions. In particular, where the establishment of a regular program of monitoring would not significantly enhance the ability of the permit to assure compliance with the applicable requirement, the permitting authority can provide that the applicable requirement has monitoring sufficient to yield reliable data that is representative of the emission unit's compliance with the limitations. Therefore, for IEUs compliance with 30 TAC §106.8 is sufficient to meet federal monitoring requirements.

The PBR records may include, but are not limited to, production capacity and throughput, hours of operation, safety data sheets (SDS), chemical composition of raw materials, speciation of air contaminant data, engineering calculations, maintenance records, fugitive data, performance tests, capture/control device efficiencies, or parametric monitoring. The PBR records also satisfy the federal operating permit periodic monitoring requirements of 30 TAC § 122.142(c) as they are representative of the emission unit's compliance with 30 TAC Chapter 106.

#### **Emission Units and Emission Points**

In air permitting terminology, any source capable of generating emissions (for example, an engine or a sandblasting area) is called an Emission Unit. For purposes of Title V, emission units are specifically listed in the operating permit when they have applicable requirements other than New Source Review (NSR), or when they are listed in the permit shield table.

The actual physical location where the emissions enter the atmosphere (for example, an engine stack or a sand-blasting yard) is called an emission point. For New Source Review preconstruction permitting purposes, every emission unit has an associated emission point. Emission limits are listed in an NSR permit, associated with an emission point. This list of emission points and emission limits per pollutant is commonly referred to as the "Maximum Allowable Emission Rate Table", or "MAERT" for short. Specifically, the MAERT lists the Emission Point Number (EPN) that identifies the emission point, followed immediately by the Source Name, identifying the emission unit that is the source of those emissions on this table.

Thus, by reference, an emission unit in a Title V operating permit is linked by reference number to an NSR authorization, and its related emission point.

#### **Monitoring Sufficiency**

Federal and state rules, 40 CFR § 70.6(a)(3)(i)(B) and 30 TAC § 122.142(c) respectively, require that each federal operating permit include additional monitoring for applicable requirements that lack periodic or instrumental monitoring (which may include recordkeeping that serves as monitoring) that yields reliable data from a relevant time period that are representative of the emission unit's compliance with the applicable emission limitation or standard. Furthermore, the federal operating permit must include compliance assurance monitoring (CAM) requirements for emission sources that meet the applicability criteria of 40 CFR Part 64 in accordance with 40 CFR § 70.6(a)(3)(i)(A) and 30 TAC § 122.604(b).

With the exception of any emission units listed in the Periodic Monitoring or CAM Summaries in the FOP, the TCEQ Executive Director has determined that the permit contains sufficient monitoring, testing, recordkeeping, and reporting

requirements that assure compliance with the applicable requirements. If applicable, each emission unit that requires additional monitoring in the form of periodic monitoring or CAM is described in further detail under the Rationale for CAM/PM Methods Selected section following this paragraph.

#### Rationale for Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM)/ Periodic Monitoring Methods Selected

#### **Periodic Monitoring:**

The Federal Clean Air Act requires that each federal operating permit include monitoring sufficient to assure compliance with the terms and conditions of the permit. Most of the emission limits and standards applicable to emission units at Title V sources include adequate monitoring to show that the units meet the limits and standards. For those requirements that do not include monitoring, or where the monitoring is not sufficient to assure compliance, the federal operating permit must include such monitoring for the emission units affected. The following emission units are subject to periodic monitoring requirements because the emission units are subject to an emission limitation or standard for an air pollutant (or surrogate thereof) in an applicable requirement that does not already require monitoring, or the monitoring for the applicable requirement is not sufficient to assure compliance:

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: H-1		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	SOP Index No.: R1111-004	
Pollutant: Opacity	Main Standard: § 111.111(a)(1)(C)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Visible Emissions		
Minimum Frequency: Once per week		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: Visible emissions observations not condu emissions. A Method 9 observation conducted within 24 h provided the opacity is less than 15%.	cted weekly or observation indicates presence of visible nours of observing visible emissions negates the deviation,	

Basis of monitoring: The option to perform opacity readings or visible emissions to demonstrate compliance is consistent with EPA Reference Test Method 9 and 22. Opacity and visible emissions have been used as an indicator of particulate emissions in many federal rules including 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart F and Subpart HH. In addition, use of these indicators is consistent with the EPA's "Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) Technical Guidance Document" (August 1998). Monitoring specifications and procedures for the opacity are consistent with federal requirements and include the EPA's Test Method 9 for determining opacity by visual observations and the requirements of 40 CFR § 60.13 for a continuous opacity monitoring system (COMS). The monitoring specifications and procedures for the visible emissions monitoring are similar to "EPA Reference Method 22" procedures.

Unit/Group/Process Information			
ID No.: SAFEKLEEN			
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A		
Applicable Regulatory Requirement			
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Degreasing Processes	SOP Index No.: R5412-001		
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.412(a)(1)		
Monitoring Information			
Indicator: Visual Inspection			
Minimum Frequency: Monthly			
Averaging Period: n/a			
Deviation Limit: Visual inspection not performed at least once per month or inspection indicates non-compliance with an applicable requirement in 30 TAC 115.412(1)(A) - (F).			

Basis of monitoring: Maintaining monthly records of the cold solvent cleaner equipment inspections is an effective way to ensure that the system is operating in accordance with its design.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: V-28		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-3	
Pollutant: VOC Main Standard: § 115.122(a)(2)		
Monitoring Information		

Indicator: Period of Operation

Minimum Frequency: n/a

Averaging Period: n/a

Deviation Limit: Monitor and record the periods of operation of the process heater. All periods that are not recorded shall be considered and reported as a deviation.

Basis of monitoring: A common way to control VOC emissions is to route emissions to a boiler or process heater with a design heat input capacity of 44 MW or greater with minimum temperatures of 1100 °C and residence times greater than one second. Boilers and process heaters with the stated design have demonstrated to meet 98% reduction efficiency; therefore, it is only necessary to document the period of operation of the control equipment. Additionally, in the October, 21, 1983 preamble to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart III, (48 FR 48945), the EPA determined that installing a steam generating unit, with a design heat input capacity of 44 MW or greater, to control VOC emissions, is an acceptable means of demonstrating compliance with 40 CFR Part 60. Subpart III and waived the requirement for a performance test on such devices. Monitoring the period of operation of a boiler/process heater greater than 44 MW is commonly required in federal rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts III and NNN; 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart BB; 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: V-48		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-3	
Pollutant: VOC Main Standard: § 115.122(a)(2)		
Monitoring Information		

Indicator: Period of Operation

Minimum Frequency: n/a

Averaging Period: n/a

Deviation Limit: All periods that are not recorded shall be considered and reported as a deviation.

Basis of monitoring: A common way to control VOC emissions is to route emissions to a boiler or process heater with a design heat input capacity of 44 MW or greater with minimum temperatures of 1100 °C and residence times greater than one second. Boilers and process heaters with the stated design have demonstrated to meet 98% reduction efficiency; therefore, it is only necessary to document the period of operation of the control equipment. Additionally, in the October, 21, 1983 preamble to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart III, (48 FR 48945), the EPA determined that installing a steam generating unit, with a design heat input capacity of 44 MW or greater, to control VOC emissions, is an acceptable means of demonstrating compliance with 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart III and waived the requirement for a performance test on such devices. Monitoring the period of operation of a boiler/process heater greater than 44 MW is commonly required in federal rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts III and NNN; 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart BB; 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: V-81B		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-3	
Pollutant: VOC Main Standard: § 115.122(a)(2)		
Monitoring Information		

#### Monitoring Information

Indicator: Period of Operation

Minimum Frequency: n/a

Averaging Period: n/a

Deviation Limit: All periods that are not recorded shall be considered and reported as a deviation.

Basis of monitoring: A common way to control VOC emissions is to route emissions to a boiler or process heater with a design heat input capacity of 44 MW or greater with minimum temperatures of 1100 °C and residence times greater than one second. Boilers and process heaters with the stated design have demonstrated to meet 98% reduction efficiency; therefore, it is only necessary to document the period of operation of the control equipment. Additionally, in the October, 21, 1983 preamble to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart III, (48 FR 48945), the EPA determined that installing a steam generating unit, with a design heat input capacity of 44 MW or greater, to control VOC emissions, is an acceptable means of demonstrating compliance with 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart III and waived the requirement for a performance test on such devices. Monitoring the period of operation of a boiler/process heater greater than 44 MW is commonly required in federal rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts III and NNN; 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart BB; 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G.

#### **Obtaining Permit Documents**

The New Source Review Authorization References table in the FOP specifies all NSR authorizations that apply at the permit area covered by the FOP. Individual NSR permitting files are located in the TCEQ Central File Room (TCEQ Main Campus located at 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas, 78753, Building E, Room 103). They can also be obtained electronically from TCEQ's Central File Room Online (<a href="https://www.tceq.texas.gov/goto/cfr-online">https://www.tceq.texas.gov/goto/cfr-online</a>). Guidance documents that describe how to search electronic records, including Permits by Rule (PBRs) or NSR permits incorporated by reference into an FOP, archived in the Central File Room server are available at <a href="https://www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air status permits.html">https://www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air status permits.html</a>

All current PBRs are contained in Chapter 106 and can be viewed at the following website:

https://www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/permitbyrule/air pbr index.html

Previous versions of 30 TAC Chapter 106 PBRs may be viewed at the following website:

www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/permitbyrule/historical rules/old106list/index106.html

Historical Standard Exemption lists may be viewed at the following website:

www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/permitbyrule/historical rules/oldselist/se index.html

Additional information concerning PBRs is available on the TCEQ website:

https://www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air pbr.html

#### **Compliance Review**

- 1. In accordance with 30 TAC Chapter 60, the compliance history was reviewed on <u>June 30, 2025</u>. Site rating: <u>5.30 / Satisfactory</u> Company rating: <u>40.19 / Satisfactory</u> (High < 0.10; Satisfactory ≥ 0.10 and ≤ 55; Unsatisfactory > 55)
- 2. Has the permit changed on the basis of the compliance history or site/company rating?......No

#### Site/Permit Area Compliance Status Review

Were there any out-of-compliance units listed on Form OP-ACPS?

 Is a compliance plan and schedule included in the permit?

No

#### **Available Unit Attribute Forms**

- OP-UA1 Miscellaneous and Generic Unit Attributes
- OP-UA2 Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engine Attributes
- OP-UA3 Storage Tank/Vessel Attributes
- OP-UA4 Loading/Unloading Operations Attributes
- OP-UA5 Process Heater/Furnace Attributes
- OP-UA6 Boiler/Steam Generator/Steam Generating Unit Attributes
- OP-UA7 Flare Attributes
- OP-UA10 Gas Sweetening/Sulfur Recovery Unit Attributes
- OP-UA11 Stationary Turbine Attributes
- OP-UA12 Fugitive Emission Unit Attributes
- OP-UA13 Industrial Process Cooling Tower Attributes
- OP-UA14 Water Separator Attributes
- OP-UA15 Emission Point/Stationary Vent/Distillation Operation/Process Vent Attributes
- OP-UA16 Solvent Degreasing Machine Attributes
- OP-UA17 Distillation Unit Attributes
- OP-UA18 Surface Coating Operations Attributes
- OP-UA19 Wastewater Unit Attributes
- OP-UA20 Asphalt Operations Attributes
- OP-UA21 Grain Elevator Attributes
- OP-UA22 Printing Attributes
- OP-UA24 Wool Fiberglass Insulation Manufacturing Plant Attributes

- OP-UA25 Synthetic Fiber Production Attributes
- OP-UA26 Electroplating and Anodizing Unit Attributes
- OP-UA27 Nitric Acid Manufacturing Attributes
- OP-UA28 Polymer Manufacturing Attributes
- OP-UA29 Glass Manufacturing Unit Attributes
- OP-UA30 Kraft, Soda, Sulfite, and Stand-Alone Semichemical Pulp Mill Attributes
- OP-UA31 Lead Smelting Attributes
- OP-UA32 Copper and Zinc Smelting/Brass and Bronze Production Attributes
- OP-UA33 Mineral Processing Plant Attributes
- OP-UA34 Pharmaceutical Manufacturing
- **OP-UA35 Incinerator Attributes**
- OP-UA36 Steel Plant Unit Attributes
- OP-UA37 Basic Oxygen Process Furnace Unit Attributes
- OP-UA38 Lead-Acid Battery Manufacturing Plant Attributes
- OP-UA39 Sterilization Source Attributes
- OP-UA40 Ferroalloy Production Facility Attributes
- OP-UA41 Dry Cleaning Facility Attributes
- OP-UA42 Phosphate Fertilizer Manufacturing Attributes
- OP-UA43 Sulfuric Acid Production Attributes
- OP-UA44 Municipal Solid Waste Landfill/Waste Disposal Site Attributes
- OP-UA45 Surface Impoundment Attributes
- OP-UA46 Epoxy Resins and Non-Nylon Polyamides Production Attributes
- OP-UA47 Ship Building and Ship Repair Unit Attributes
- OP-UA48 Air Oxidation Unit Process Attributes
- OP-UA49 Vacuum-Producing System Attributes
- OP-UA50 Fluid Catalytic Cracking Unit Catalyst Regenerator/Fuel Gas Combustion Device/Claus Sulfur Recovery Plant Attributes
- OP-UA51 Dryer/Kiln/Oven Attributes
- OP-UA52 Closed Vent Systems and Control Devices
- OP-UA53 Beryllium Processing Attributes
- OP-UA54 Mercury Chlor-Alkali Cell Attributes
- OP-UA55 Transfer System Attributes
- OP-UA56 Vinyl Chloride Process Attributes
- OP-UA57 Cleaning/Depainting Operation Attributes
- **OP-UA58 Treatment Process Attributes**
- OP-UA59 Coke By-Product Recovery Plant Attributes
- OP-UA60 Chemical Manufacturing Process Unit Attributes
- OP-UA61 Pulp, Paper, or Paperboard Producing Process Attributes
- OP-UA62 Glycol Dehydration Unit Attributes
- OP-UA63 Vegetable Oil Production Attributes
- OP-UA64 Coal Preparation Plant Attributes