TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY AGENDA ITEM REQUEST

for Rulemaking Adoption

AGENDA REQUESTED: June 1, 2022

DATE OF REQUEST: May 13, 2021

INDIVIDUAL TO CONTACT REGARDING CHANGES TO THIS REQUEST, IF NEEDED: Gwen Ricco, Rule/Agenda Coordinator, (512) 239-2678

CAPTION: Docket No. 2021-1099-RUL. Consideration of the adoption of amendment to Section 114.622 of 30 TAC Chapter 114, Control of Air Pollution from Motor Vehicles, and corresponding revisions to the State Implementation Plan.

The rulemaking adoption will implement House Bill 4472 from the 87th Texas Legislature, 2021, Regular Session, and align with the existing statute relating to the Diesel Emissions Reduction Incentive Program (DERIP) providing that the commission set the minimum percentage of annual hours of operation required for Texas Emission Reduction Plan-funded marine vessels or engines at 55% under the DERIP. Additionally, the adopted rule will establish that, over the life of the project, the marine vessels or engines must be operated in the intercoastal waterways or bays adjacent to a nonattainment area or affected county of this state by the percentage established by the commission. The proposed rules were published in the January 28, 2022, issue of the *Texas Register* (47 TexReg 249). (Nate Hickman, Sierra Redding; Rule Project No. 2021-032-114-AI)

Tonya Baer

Mike Wilson

Director

Division Deputy Director

Gwen Ricco

Agenda Coordinator

Copy to CCC Secretary? NO \Box YES \boxtimes

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Interoffice Memorandum

То:	Commissioners	Date:	May 13, 2022	
Thru:	Laurie Gharis, Chief Clerk Toby Baker, Executive Director			
From:	Tonya Baer, Director Office of Air			
Docket No.:	2021-1099-RUL			
Subject:	Commission Approval for Rulemaking Adoption Chapter 114, Control of Air Pollution from Motor Vehicles HB 4472: TERP Amendments Rule Project No. 2021-032-114-AI			

Background and reason(s) for the rulemaking:

The purpose of the rulemaking is to amend 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 114 in accordance with the amendments to Texas Health and Safety Code (THSC), Chapter 386 as a result of House Bill (HB) 4472, 87th Texas Legislature, 2021 and to align with the existing statute. HB 4472 provided the commission with the authority to set a minimum percentage of annual hours of operation required for TERP-funded marine vessels or engines at 55% under the Diesel Emissions Reduction Incentive Program (DERIP). Existing statute requires that, over the lifetime of a project, the marine vessels or engines must be operated in the intercoastal waterways or bays adjacent to a nonattainment area or affected county of this state by the percentage established by the commission.

Scope of the rulemaking:

The rulemaking adoption will amend DERIP provisions to align current regulations with statute.

A.) Summary of what the rulemaking will do:

The rulemaking adoption will amend 30 TAC §114.622, creating a new subsection (c), establishing that proposed projects involving marine vessels or engines must be operated in the intercoastal waterways or bays adjacent to a nonattainment area or affected county of this state for not less than 55% over the lifetime of the project to implement HB 4472. Also, the commission adopts to amend subsequent subsections to align with the new subsection (c).

B.) Scope required by federal regulations or state statutes:

The rulemaking adoption will implement HB 4472 and existing statute.

C.) Additional staff recommendations that are not required by federal rule or state statute: None.

Statutory authority:

The amendments will be adopted under Texas Water Code (TWC), §5.102, which provides the commission with the general powers to carry out its duties under the TWC; TWC, §5.103, which authorizes the commission to adopt any rules necessary to carry out the powers and duties under the provisions of the TWC and other laws of this state; and TWC, §5.105, which authorizes the commission by rule to establish and approve all general policy of the commission. The amendments will also be under THSC, Texas Clean Air Act, §382.017, which authorizes the commission to adopt rules consistent with the policy and purposes of the THSC; THSC, §382.011, which authorizes the commission to establish the level of quality to be maintained in the state's air and to control the quality of the state's air; THSC, §382.012, which authorizes the commission to prepare and develop a general, comprehensive plan for the control of the state's air; and THSC, Chapter 386, which establishes TERP.

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Re: Docket No. 2021-1099-RUL

Effect on the:

A.) Regulated community:

The programs affected by this rulemaking are voluntary programs. The rulemaking adoption is not anticipated to have any implications on the regulated community.

B.) Public:

The programs affected by this rulemaking are voluntary programs. The rulemaking adoption is not anticipated to have any implications on the public.

C.) Agency programs:

Agency publications and websites relating to these programs will need to be updated.

Stakeholder meetings:

The commission did not hold any stakeholder meetings related to this rulemaking; however, a public hearing was offered in Austin during the rulemaking comment period.

Public comment:

The commission offered a public hearing on February 18, 2022. The comment period closed on February 28, 2022. No public comments were received.

Potential controversial concerns and legislative interest:

None.

Will this rulemaking affect any current policies or require development of new policies? The rulemaking will require revisions to internal policies and procedures for DERIP to align with amended rules. Existing guidelines available to the public will also be updated.

What are the consequences if this rulemaking does not go forward? Are there alternatives to rulemaking?

HB 4472 requires the commission to amend DERIP provisions. This rulemaking complies with that requirement, and there are no alternatives to rulemaking. If the rulemaking does not move forward, commission rules will not align with statute.

Key points in the rulemaking adoption schedule:

Texas Register publication date: January 28, 2022 Anticipated *Texas Register* adoption publication date: June 16, 202 Anticipated effective date: June 23, 2022 Six-month *Texas Register* filing deadline: July 1, 2022

Agency contacts:

Nate Hickman, Rule Project Manager, Air Grants Division, (512) 239-4434 Sierra Redding, Staff Attorney, (512) 239-2496 Gwen Ricco, Texas Register Rule/Agenda Coordinator, (512) 239-2678

Attachments:

House Bill 4472

cc: Chief Clerk, 2 copies Executive Director's Office Jim Rizk Commissioners Page 3 May 13, 2022

Re: Docket No. 2021-1099-RUL

Morgan Johnson Krista Kyle Office of General Counsel Nate Hickman Sierra Redding Gwen Ricco

1 AN ACT relating to the Texas emissions reduction plan. 2 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: SECTION 1. Section 386.051(b), Health and Safety Code, is 4 5 amended to read as follows: Under the plan, the commission and the comptroller shall 6 (b) provide grants or other funding for: 7 8 (1) the diesel emissions reduction incentive program established under Subchapter C, including for infrastructure 9 projects established under that subchapter; 10 11 (2) the motor vehicle purchase or lease incentive 12 program established under Subchapter D; 13 (3) the air quality research support program 14 established under Chapter 387; (4) the clean school bus program established under 15 Chapter 390; 16 17 (5) the new technology implementation grant program established under Chapter 391; 18 19 (6) the regional air monitoring program established under Section 386.252(a); 20 21 (7) a health effects study as provided by Section 22 386.252(a); (8) air quality planning activities as provided by 23 Section 386.252(d); 24

(9) a contract with the Energy Systems Laboratory at
 the Texas A&M Engineering Experiment Station for computation of
 creditable statewide emissions reductions as provided by Section
 386.252(a);

5 (10) the <u>Texas</u> clean fleet program established under
6 Chapter 392;

7 (11) the <u>Texas</u> alternative fueling facilities program
8 established under Chapter 393;

9 (12) the <u>Texas</u> natural gas vehicle grant program
10 established under Chapter 394;

(13) other programs the commission may develop that lead to reduced emissions of nitrogen oxides, particulate matter, or volatile organic compounds in a nonattainment area or affected county;

15 (14) other programs the commission may develop that 16 support congestion mitigation to reduce mobile source ozone 17 precursor emissions;

18 (15) the seaport and rail yard areas emissions
19 reduction program established under Subchapter D-1;

20 (16) conducting research and other activities 21 associated with making any necessary demonstrations to the United 22 States Environmental Protection Agency to account for the impact of 23 foreign emissions or an exceptional event;

(17) studies of or pilot programs for incentives for port authorities located in nonattainment areas or affected counties as provided by Section 386.252(a); [and]

27 (18) the governmental alternative fuel fleet grant

1	program established under Chapter 395; and
2	(19) remittance of funds to the state highway fund for
3	use by the Texas Department of Transportation for congestion
4	mitigation and air quality improvement projects in nonattainment
5	areas and affected counties.
6	SECTION 2. Section 386.057, Health and Safety Code, is
7	amended by adding Subsection (e) to read as follows:
8	(e) Not later than October 1 of each year, the Texas
9	Department of Transportation shall report to the commission the
10	following information for all congestion mitigation and air quality
11	improvement projects in nonattainment areas and affected counties
12	that are planned to be funded, or received initial funding during
13	the preceding 10 years, from money received by the department under
14	this chapter:
15	(1) projects to mitigate congestion and improve air
16	quality that are currently planned;
17	(2) projects to mitigate congestion and improve air
18	quality that have been completed;
19	(3) estimated emissions reductions for all planned and
20	completed congestion mitigation projects; and
21	(4) estimated cost per ton analysis of reduced
22	emissions of nitrogen oxides, particulate matter, or volatile
23	organic compounds for each congestion mitigation project planned or
24	completed.
25	SECTION 3. Sections 386.104(c) and (c-1), Health and Safety
26	Code, are amended to read as follows:
27	(c) Except as otherwise provided by this subsection, for a

1 proposed project as described by Section 386.102(b), [other than a project involving a marine vessel or engine,] not less than 75 2 3 percent of vehicle miles traveled or hours of operation projected for the five years immediately following the award of a grant must 4 5 be projected to take place in a nonattainment area or affected county of this state. The commission may set the minimum percentage 6 of vehicle miles traveled or hours of operation required to take 7 8 place in a nonattainment area or affected county at a percentage and for a period that is different from the percentage and period 9 10 specified by this subsection, provided that the commission may not set the minimum percentage at a level that is less than 55 percent. 11 The commission may allow vehicle travel on highways and roadways, 12 or portions of a highway or roadway, designated by the commission 13 14 and located outside a nonattainment area or affected county to 15 count towards the percentage of use requirement in this subsection.

(c-1) For a proposed project involving a marine vessel or 16 17 engine, the vessel or engine must be operated in the intercoastal waterways or bays adjacent to a nonattainment area or affected 18 19 county of this state for a sufficient percentage [amount] of time over the lifetime of the project, as determined by the commission, 20 to meet the cost-effectiveness requirements of Section 386.105. 21 The percentage determined by the commission under this subsection 22 23 may not be less than 55 percent.

24 SECTION 4. Section 386.250(c), Health and Safety Code, as 25 effective September 1, 2021, is amended to read as follows:

26 (c) Not later than the 30th day after the last day of each27 state fiscal biennium, the commission shall transfer the

1 unencumbered balance of the fund remaining on the last day of the 2 state fiscal biennium to the credit of the state highway fund for 3 use by the Texas Department of Transportation for projects 4 described by Section 386.051(b)(19) [Texas emissions reduction 5 plan account].

H.B. No. 4472

6 SECTION 5. Section 386.251(c), Health and Safety Code, as 7 effective September 1, 2021, is amended to read as follows:

8 (c) The account consists of its accumulated balance [and the 9 amount of money transferred to the account under Section 10 <u>386.250(c)</u>].

11 SECTION 6. Section 386.252, Health and Safety Code, as 12 effective September 1, 2021, is amended by amending Subsection (a) 13 and adding Subsection (a-1) to read as follows:

14 (a) Money in the fund and account may be used only to 15 implement and administer programs established under the Subject to the reallocation of funds by the commission under 16 plan. 17 Subsection (h) and after remittance to the state highway fund under Subsection (a-1), money from the fund and account to be used for the 18 19 programs under Section 386.051(b) shall initially be allocated as follows: 20

(1) four percent may be used for the clean school bus
program under Chapter 390;

(2) three percent may be used for the new technology implementation grant program under Chapter 391, from which at least \$1 million will be set aside for electricity storage projects related to renewable energy;

27 (3) five percent may be used for the <u>Texas</u> clean fleet

1 program under Chapter 392;

2 (4) not more than \$3 million may be used by the 3 commission to fund a regional air monitoring program in commission Regions 3 and 4 to be implemented under the commission's oversight, 4 5 including direction regarding the type, number, location, and operation of, and data validation practices for, monitors funded by 6 the program through a regional nonprofit entity located in North 7 8 Texas having representation from counties, municipalities, higher education institutions, and private sector interests across the 9 10 area;

11 (5) 10 percent may be used for the Texas natural gas 12 vehicle grant program under Chapter 394;

13 (6) not more than \$6 million may be used for the Texas 14 alternative fueling facilities program under Chapter 393, of which 15 a specified amount may be used for fueling stations to provide 16 natural gas fuel, except that money may not be allocated for the 17 Texas alternative fueling facilities program for the state fiscal 18 year ending August 31, 2019;

19 (7) not more than \$750,000 may be used each year to
20 support research related to air quality as provided by Chapter 387;

21 (8) not more than \$200,000 may be used for a health 22 effects study;

(9) at least \$6 million but not more than \$16 million may be used by the commission for administrative costs, including all direct and indirect costs for administering the plan, costs for conducting outreach and education activities, and costs attributable to the review or approval of applications for

1 marketable emissions reduction credits;

2 (10) six percent may be used by the commission for the
3 seaport and rail yard areas emissions reduction program established
4 under Subchapter D-1;

5 (11) five percent may be used for the light-duty motor
6 vehicle purchase or lease incentive program established under
7 Subchapter D;

8 (12) not more than \$216,000 may be used by the 9 commission to contract with the Energy Systems Laboratory at the 10 Texas A&M Engineering Experiment Station annually for the 11 development and annual computation of creditable statewide 12 emissions reductions obtained through wind and other renewable 13 energy resources for the state implementation plan;

14 (13) not more than \$500,000 may be used for studies of 15 or pilot programs for incentives for port authorities located in 16 nonattainment areas or affected counties to encourage cargo 17 movement that reduces emissions of nitrogen oxides and particulate 18 matter; and

19 (14) the balance is to be used by the commission for 20 the diesel emissions reduction incentive program under Subchapter C 21 as determined by the commission.

22 (a-1) The commission shall remit not less than 35 percent of 23 the amount deposited to the credit of the fund to the state highway 24 fund for use by the Texas Department of Transportation for projects 25 described by Section 386.051(b)(19).

26 SECTION 7. Section 391.002(b), Health and Safety Code, is 27 amended to read as follows:

H.B. No. 4472 1 (b) Projects that may be considered for a grant under the program include: 2 3 (1) advanced clean energy projects, as defined by Section 382.003; 4 5 (2) new technology projects that reduce emissions of regulated pollutants from stationary sources; 6 new technology projects that reduce emissions from 7 (3) 8 upstream and midstream oil and gas production, completions, gathering, storage, processing, and transmission activities 9 10 through: the replacement, repower, or retrofit of 11 (A) stationary compressor engines; 12 the installation of systems to reduce or 13 (B) 14 eliminate the loss of gas, flaring of gas, or burning of gas using 15 other combustion control devices; or 16 (C) the installation of systems that reduce 17 flaring emissions and other site emissions [by capturing waste heat to generate electricity solely for on-site service]; and 18 electricity storage projects related to renewable 19 (4) energy, including projects to store electricity produced from wind 20 and solar generation that provide efficient means of making the 21 stored energy available during periods of peak energy use. 22 SECTION 8. Section 391.205(a), Health and Safety Code, is 23 24 amended to read as follows: 25 Except as provided by Subsection (c), in awarding grants (a) 26 under this chapter the commission shall give preference to projects 27 that:

(1) involve the transport, use, recovery for use, or
 prevention of the loss of natural resources originating or produced
 in this state;

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(3) include the use of solar, wind, or other renewableenergy sources; [or]

contain an energy efficiency component;

7 (4) recover waste heat from the combustion of natural
8 resources and use the heat to generate electricity; or

9

10

(5) reduce flaring emissions and other site emissions. SECTION 9. Section 391.301, Health and Safety Code, is

11 amended to read as follows:

(2)

Sec. 391.301. RESTRICTION ON USE OF GRANT. A recipient of a 12 grant under this chapter must use the grant to pay the incremental 13 14 costs of the purchase, lease, or [and] installation of the project 15 for which the grant is made, which may include reasonable and expenses for the labor needed 16 necessary to install 17 emissions-reducing equipment. The recipient may [not] use the grant for the costs of operating and maintaining 18 the emissions-reducing equipment. 19

20 SECTION 10. Section 501.138, Transportation Code, is 21 amended by amending Subsections (b-1), (b-2), and (b-3) and adding 22 Subsection (b-4) to read as follows:

(b-1) Except as provided by Subsection (b-4), fees [Fees]
collected under Subsection (b) to be sent to the comptroller shall
be deposited to the credit of the Texas [Mobility Fund, except that
\$5 of each fee imposed under Subsection (a)(1) and deposited on or
after September 1, 2008, and before September 1, 2015, shall be

H.B. No. 4472 1 deposited to the credit of the Texas] emissions reduction plan 2 fund.

3 (b-2) The comptroller shall establish a record of the amount of the fees deposited to the credit of the Texas emissions reduction 4 5 plan fund [Mobility Fund] under Subsection (b-1). On or before the fifth workday of each month, the Texas Department of Transportation 6 shall remit to the comptroller for deposit to the credit of the 7 8 Texas Mobility Fund [emissions reduction plan fund] an amount of money equal to the amount of the fees deposited by the comptroller 9 to the credit of the Texas emissions reduction plan fund [Mobility 10 Fund] under Subsection (b-1) in the preceding month. The Texas 11 Department of Transportation shall use for remittance to the 12 comptroller as required by this subsection money in the state 13 14 highway fund that is not required to be used for a purpose specified 15 by Section 7-a, Article VIII, Texas Constitution, and may not use for that remittance money received by this state under the 16 17 congestion mitigation and air quality improvement program established under 23 U.S.C. Section 149. 18

19 (b-3) This subsection and <u>Subsections (b-1) and</u> 20 [Subsection] (b-2) expire on the last day of the state fiscal 21 biennium during which the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality 22 publishes in the Texas Register the notice required by Section 23 382.037, Health and Safety Code.

24 (b-4) Fees collected under Subsection (b) to be sent to the 25 comptroller shall be deposited to the credit of the Texas Mobility 26 Fund if the fees are collected on or after the last day of the state 27 fiscal biennium during which the Texas Commission on Environmental

Quality publishes in the Texas Register the notice required by Section 382.037, Health and Safety Code.

3 SECTION 11. The changes in law made by this Act apply only 4 to a Texas emissions reduction plan grant awarded on or after the 5 effective date of this Act. A grant awarded before the effective 6 date of this Act is governed by the law in effect on the date the 7 award was made, and the former law is continued in effect for that 8 purpose.

9 SECTION 12. The change in law made by this Act to Section 10 501.138, Transportation Code, applies only to a fee collected on or 11 after the effective date of this Act. A fee collected before the 12 effective date of this Act is governed by the law in effect when the 13 fee was collected, and the former law is continued in effect for 14 that purpose.

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SECTION 13. This Act takes effect September 1, 2021.

President of the Senate

Speaker of the House

I certify that H.B. No. 4472 was passed by the House on May 14, 2021, by the following vote: Yeas 117, Nays 27, 3 present, not voting; and that the House concurred in Senate amendments to H.B. No. 4472 on May 28, 2021, by the following vote: Yeas 103, Nays 32, 1 present, not voting.

Chief Clerk of the House

I certify that H.B. No. 4472 was passed by the Senate, with amendments, on May 25, 2021, by the following vote: Yeas 31, Nays O.

Secretary of the Senate

APPROVED: _____

Date

Governor

The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ, agency, or commission) adopts to amend §114.622.

Amended §114.622 will be adopted without changes to the proposed text as published in the January 28, 2022, issue of the *Texas Register* (47 TexReg 249), and, therefore, the rule will not be republished.

If adopted, the amendments to §114.622 will be submitted to the United States Environmental Protection Agency as revisions to the State Implementation Plan.

Background and Summary of the Factual Basis for the Adopted Rule

The Texas Emissions Reduction Plan (TERP) was established under Texas Health and Safety Code (THSC), Chapter 386, by Senate Bill 5, during the 77th Texas Legislature, 2001. The TERP was created to provide financial incentives for reducing emissions of on-road heavy-duty motor vehicles and non-road equipment, with the Diesel Emissions Reduction Incentive Program (DERIP) established under THSC, Chapter 386, Subchapter C as the primary incentive program.

House Bill (HB) 4472, 87th Texas Legislature, 2021, amended THSC, Chapter 386, Subchapter C to provide that the commission may not set the minimum percentage of annual hours of operation required for TERP-funded marine vessels or engines as less than 55%.

The rulemaking adoption will revise §114.622 to implement HB 4472 and align with existing statute.

Section Discussion

§114.622, Incentive Program Requirements

The commission adopts to amend §114.622, creating a new subsection (c), establishing that proposed projects involving marine vessels or engines must be operated in the intercoastal waterways or bays adjacent to a nonattainment area or affected county of this state for not less than 55% over the lifetime of the project to implement HB 4472. Also, the commission adopts to amend subsequent subsections to align with the new subsection (c).

Final Regulatory Impact Determination

The commission reviewed the rulemaking action in light of the regulatory analysis requirements of Texas Government Code, §2001.0225, and determined that the action is not subject to Texas Government Code, §2001.0225, because it does not meet the definition of a "Major environmental rule" as defined in that statute. A "Major environmental rule" is a rule, the specific intent of which is to protect the environment or reduce risks to human health from environmental exposure and that may adversely affect, in a material way, the economy, a sector of the economy, productivity, competition, jobs, the environment, or the public health and safety of the state or a sector of the state.

The amendments to §114.622 are adopted in accordance with HB 4472, which amended THSC, Chapter 386, Subchapter C. The rulemaking adoption revises eligibility criteria for a voluntary grant program. Because the rulemaking adoption places no involuntary requirements on the regulated community, the rulemaking adoption would not adversely affect, in a material way, the economy, a sector of the economy, productivity, competition, jobs, the environment, or public health and safety of the state or a sector of the state. In addition, none of these amendments place additional financial burdens on the regulated community.

In addition, a regulatory impact analysis is not required because the rulemaking adoption does not meet any of the applicability criteria for requiring a regulatory analysis of a "Major environmental rule" as defined in the Texas Government Code. Texas Government Code, §2001.0225, applies only to a major environmental rule, the result of which is to: 1) exceed a standard set by federal law, unless the rule is specifically required by state law; 2) exceed an express requirement of state law, unless the rule is specifically required by federal law; 3) exceed a requirement of a delegation agreement or contract between the state and an agency or representative of the federal government to implement a state and federal program; or 4) adopt a rule solely under the general authority of the commission. This rulemaking does not exceed a standard set by federal law. Additionally, this rulemaking does not exceed an express requirement of state law or a requirement of a delegation agreement and was not developed solely under the general powers of the agency but is authorized by specific sections of the THSC that are cited in the Statutory Authority section of this preamble. Therefore, this rulemaking is not subject to the regulatory analysis provisions of Texas Government Code, §2001.0225(b).

The commission invited public comment regarding the Draft Regulatory Impact Analysis Determination during the public comment period. No comments were received regarding the regulatory impact analysis determination.

Takings Impact Assessment

The commission evaluated the rulemaking adoption and performed an analysis of whether the rulemaking adoption constitutes a taking under Texas Government Code, Chapter 2007. The commission's preliminary assessment indicates Texas Government Code, Chapter 2007, does

not apply.

Under Texas Government Code, §2007.002(5), taking means: (A) a governmental action that affects private real property, in whole or in part or temporarily or permanently, in a manner that requires the governmental entity to compensate the private real property owner as provided by the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution or Section 17 or 19, Article I, Texas Constitution; or (B) a governmental action that: (i) affects an owner's private real property that is the subject of the governmental action, in whole or in part or temporarily or permanently, in a manner that restricts or limits the owner's right to the property that would otherwise exist in the absence of the governmental action; and (ii) is the producing cause of a reduction of at least 25% in the market value of the affected private real property, determined by comparing the market value of the property as if the governmental action is not in effect and the market value of the property determined as if the governmental action is in effect.

Promulgation and enforcement of the rulemaking adoption will be neither a statutory nor a constitutional taking of private real property. The primary purpose of the rulemaking is to amend Chapter 114 in accordance with the amendments to THSC, Chapter 386 as a result of HB 4472. The rulemaking adoption will revise a voluntary program and only affect motor vehicles that are not considered to be private real property. The rulemaking adoption does not affect a landowner's rights in private real property because this rulemaking does not burden, restrict, or limit the owner's right to property, nor does it reduce the value of any private real property by 25% or more beyond that which would otherwise exist in the absence of the regulations. Therefore, the rulemaking adoption would not constitute a taking under Texas Government Code, Chapter 2007.

Consistency with the Coastal Management Program

The commission reviewed the rulemaking adoption and found that it is identified in the Coastal Coordination Act implementation rules, 31 TAC §505.11(b)(2), relating to rules subject to the Coastal Management Program (CMP), and will, therefore, require that the goals and policies of the Texas Coastal Management Program be considered during the rulemaking process.

The commission reviewed this rulemaking for consistency with the CMP goals and policies in accordance with the regulations of the Coastal Coordination Advisory Committee and determined that the rulemaking is procedural in nature and will have no substantive effect on commission actions subject to the CMP and is, therefore, consistent with the CMP goals and policies.

The commission invited public comment regarding the consistency with the CMP during the public comment period. No comments were received regarding the CMP.

Public Comment

The commission offered a public hearing on February 18, 2022. The comment period closed on February 28, 2022. The commission received no comments.

Response to Comments

The commission received no comments.

SUBCHAPTER K: MOBILE SOURCE INCENTIVE PROGRAMS DIVISION 3: DIESEL EMISSIONS REDUCTION INCENTIVE PROGRAM FOR ON-ROAD AND NON-ROAD VEHICLES

§114.622

Statutory Authority

The amendments are adopted under Texas Water Code (TWC), §5.102, which provides the commission with the general powers to carry out its duties under the TWC; TWC, §5.103, which authorizes the commission to adopt any rules necessary to carry out the powers and duties under the provisions of the TWC and other laws of this state; and TWC, §5.105, which authorizes the commission by rule to establish and approve all general policy of the commission. The amendments are also adopted under Texas Health and Safety Code (THSC), Texas Clean Air Act, §382.017, which authorizes the commission to adopt rules consistent with the policy and purposes of the THSC; THSC, §382.011, which authorizes the commission to establish the level of quality to be maintained in the state's air and to control the quality of the state's air; THSC, §382.012, which authorizes the commission to prepare and develop a general, comprehensive plan for the control of the state's air; and THSC, Chapter 386, which establishes the Texas Emissions Reduction Plan.

The amendments are adopted as part of the implementation of THSC, Chapter 386, Subchapter C, as amended by House Bill 4472, 87th Texas Legislature, 2021.

§114.622. Incentive Program Requirements.

(a) Eligible projects include:

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(1) purchase or lease of on-road and non-road diesels;

(2) emissions-reducing retrofit projects for on-road or non-road diesels;

(3) emissions-reducing repower projects for on-road or non-road diesels;

(4) purchase and use of emissions-reducing add-on equipment for on-road or

non-road diesels;

(5) development and demonstration of practical, low-emissions retrofit

technologies, repower options, and advanced technologies for on-road or non-road diesels with lower nitrogen oxides (NO_x) emissions;

(6) use of qualifying fuel;

(7) implementation of infrastructure projects;

(8) replacement of on-road and non-road diesels with newer on-road and non-road diesels; and

(9) other projects that have the potential to reduce anticipated NO_x emissions from diesel engines.

(b) For a proposed project as listed in subsection (a) of this section, other than a project involving a marine vessel or engine, a project involving non-road equipment used for natural

gas recovery purposes, a project involving replacement of a motor vehicle, or a project involving the purchase or lease of a motor vehicle, not less than 55% of vehicle miles traveled or hours of operation projected for the five years immediately following the award of a grant must be projected to take place in a nonattainment area or affected county of this state. The commission may also allow vehicle travel on highways and roadways, or portions of a highway or roadway, designated by the commission and located outside a nonattainment area or affected county to count towards the percentage of use requirement.

(c) For a proposed project involving a marine vessel or engine, the vessel or engine must be operated in the intercoastal waterways or bays adjacent to a nonattainment area or affected county of this state for not less than 55% of time over the lifetime of the project.

(d) [(c)] For a proposed motor vehicle replacement, purchase, or lease project, the period used to determine the emissions reductions and cost-effectiveness of each replacement, purchase, or lease activity included in the project must extend for five years or more, or 400,000 miles, whichever occurs earlier. Not less than 55% of the vehicle miles traveled projected for the period used to determine the emissions reductions must be projected to take place in a nonattainment area or affected county of this state. The commission may also allow vehicle travel on highways and roadways, or portions of a highway or roadway, designated by the commission and located outside of a nonattainment county or affected county to count towards the percentage of use requirement.

(e) [(d)] For a proposed project that includes a replacement of equipment or a repower, the old equipment or engine must be recycled or scrapped provided, however, that the executive director may allow permanent removal from the state of Texas in specific grants

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where the applicant has provided sufficient assurances that the old locomotive will not be returned to the state of Texas.

(f) [(e)] For a proposed project to replace a motor vehicle, the vehicle and engine must be decommissioned by crushing the vehicle and engine, by making a hole in the engine block and permanently destroying the frame of the vehicle, or by another method approved by the executive director that permanently removes the vehicle and engine from operation in this state. For a proposed project to repower a motor vehicle, the engine being replaced must be decommissioned in a manner consistent with the requirements for decommissioning an engine as part of a vehicle replacement project. The executive director shall allow an applicant for a motor vehicle replacement or repower project to propose an alternative method for complying with the requirements of this subsection.

(g) [(f)] For a project to replace a motor vehicle, the vehicle being replaced may have been owned, leased, or otherwise commercially financed by the applicant. The applicant must have a legal right to replace and recycle or scrap the vehicle and engine before a grant is awarded for that project.

(h) [(g)] The commission may set cost-effectiveness limits as needed to ensure the best use of available funds. The commission may also base project selection decisions on additional measures to evaluate the effectiveness of projects in reducing NO_x emissions in relation to the funds to be awarded.

(i) [(h)] The executive director may waive eligibility requirements established under subsections (b) - (f) of this section on a finding of good cause, which may include a waiver of

any ownership and use requirements established for replacement of a motor vehicle for short lapses in registration or operation attributable to economic conditions, seasonal work, or other circumstances. In determining good cause and deciding whether to grant a waiver, the executive director shall ensure that the emissions reductions that will be attributed to the project will still be valid and, where applicable, meet the conditions for assignment for credit to the state implementation plan.

(j) [(i)] Projects funded with a grant from this program may not be used for credit under any state or federal emissions reduction credit averaging, banking, or trading program except as provided under Texas Health and Safety Code, §386.056.

(k) [(j)] A proposed project as listed in subsection (a) of this section is not eligible if it is required by any state or federal law, rule or regulation, memorandum of agreement, or other legally binding document. This subsection does not apply to:

(1) an otherwise qualified project, regardless of the fact that the state implementation plan assumes that the change in equipment, vehicles, or operations will occur, if on the date the grant is awarded the change is not required by any state or federal law, rule or regulation, memorandum of agreement, or other legally binding document; or

(2) the purchase of an on-road diesel or equipment required only by local law or regulation or by corporate or controlling board policy of a public or private entity.

(<u>l</u>) [(k)] A proposed retrofit, repower, replacement, or add-on equipment project must achieve a reduction in NO_x emissions to the level established in the commission's *Texas*

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Emissions Reduction Plan: Guidelines for Emissions Reduction Incentive Grants Program (RG-388) for that type of project compared with the baseline emissions adopted by the commission for the relevant engine year and application.

(<u>m</u>) [(l)] If a grant recipient fails to meet the terms of a project grant or the conditions of this division, the executive director can require that the grant recipient return some or all of the grant funding to the extent that emission reductions are not achieved or cannot be demonstrated.

(<u>n</u>) [(m)] Criteria established in the guidelines, including revisions to the commission's Texas Emissions Reduction Plan: Guidelines for Emissions Reduction Incentive Grants Program (RG-388), apply to the Texas Emissions Reduction Plan program. Regardless of the provisions of this chapter, as authorized under Texas Health and Safety Code, §386.053(d), revisions to the guidelines may include, among other changes, adding additional pollutants; adding stationary engines or engines used in stationary applications; adding vehicles and equipment that use fuels other than diesel; or adjusting eligible program categories; as appropriate, to ensure that incentives established under this program achieve the maximum possible emission reductions. cro businesses, or on rural communities. The proposed new section will help ensure that any TWIA policyholders that are small or micro businesses, or who reside in rural communities, can avoid a lapse in coverage if the renewal premium payment is made within 10 calendar days after the due date. As a result, and in accordance with Government Code §2006.002(c), TDI is not required to prepare a regulatory flexibility analysis.

EXAMINATION OF COSTS UNDER GOVERNMENT CODE §2001.0045. TDI has determined that this proposal does not impose a possible cost on regulated persons. However, even if there was a cost, no additional rule amendments are required under Government Code §2001.0045 because proposed §5.4906 is necessary to implement legislation. The proposed rule implements Insurance Code §2210.203(c-1), as added by HB 2920.

GOVERNMENT GROWTH IMPACT STATEMENT. TDI has determined that for each year of the first five years that the proposed new section is in effect, the proposed rule:

- will not create or eliminate a government program;

- will not require the creation of new employee positions or the elimination of existing employee positions;

- will not require an increase or decrease in future legislative appropriations to the agency;

- will not require an increase or decrease in fees paid to the agency;

- will create a new regulation;

- will not expand, limit, or repeal an existing regulation;

- will increase the number of individuals subject to the rule's applicability; and

- will positively affect the Texas economy by giving TWIA policyholders a 10-day grace period when paying their renewal premium.

TAKINGS IMPACT ASSESSMENT. TDI has determined that no private real property interests are affected by this proposal and that this proposal does not restrict or limit an owner's right to property that would otherwise exist in the absence of government action. As a result, this proposal does not constitute a taking or require a takings impact assessment under Government Code §2007.043.

REQUEST FOR PUBLIC COMMENT. TDI will consider any written comments on the proposal that are received by TDI no later than 5:00 p.m., central time, on February 28, 2022. Send your comments to ChiefClerk@tdi.texas.gov or to the Office of the Chief Clerk, MC-GC-CCO, Texas Department of Insurance, P.O. Box 12030, Austin, Texas 787 11-2030.

To request a public hearing on the proposal, submit a request before the end of the comment period to ChiefClerk@tdi.texas.gov or to the Office of the Chief C erk, MC-GC-CCO, Texas Department of Insurance, P.O. Box 12030, Austin, Texas 78711-2030. The request for public hearing must be separate from any comments and received by TDI nc later than 5:00 p.m., central time, on February 28, 2022. If TDI holds a public hearing, TDI will consider written and oral comments presented at the hearing.

STATUTORY AUTHORITY. TDI proposes new §5.4906 under Insurance Code §§2210.008, 2210.203(c-1), and 36.001.

Insurance Code §2210.008 provices that the Commissioner may adopt rules as reasonable and necessary to implement Chapter 2210.

Insurance Code §2210.203(c-1) requires TDI to adopt rules establishing a grace period of not more than 10 days after the due date for the receipt of payment of premium for the renewal of a policy.

Insurance Code §36.001 provides that the Commissioner may adopt any rules necessary and appropriate to implement the powers and duties of TDI under the Insurance Code and other laws of this state.

CROSS-REFERENCE TO STATUTE. Section §5.4906 implements Insurance Code §2210.203(c-1).

§5.4906. Renewal Premium Grace Period.

(a) Grace period. The prem un payment for policy renewal is considered timely if the Association receives it within 10 calendar days after the due date.

(b) Applicability of the grace period to certain premium surcharges. The grace period described in subsection (a) of this section applies to a premium surcharge payment by an Association policyholder under Insurance Code §2210.259, concerning Surcharge for Certain Noncompliant Structures, or §2210.6132, concerning Contingent Source of Payment for Class 2 and Class 3 Public Securities.

The agency certifies that legal counsel has reviewed the proposal and found it to be within the state agency's legal authority to adopt.

Filed with the Office of the Secretary of State on January 13,

2022.

TRD-202200100 James Person General Counsel

Texas Department of Insurance

Earliest possible date of adoption: February 27, 2022 For further information, please call: (512) 676-6584

TITLE 30. ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

PART 1. TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

CHAPTER 114. CONTROL OF AIR POLLUTION FROM MOTOR VEHICLES SUBCHAPTER K. MOBILE SOURCE INCENTIVE PROGRAMS DIVISION 3. DIESEL EMISSIONS REDUCTION INCENTIVE PROGRAM FOR ON-ROAD AND NON-ROAD VEHICLES

30 TAC §114.622

The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ, agency, or commission) proposes to amend §114.622, concerning Incentive Program requirements.

If adopted, the amendments to §114.622 will be submitted to the United States Environmental Protection Agency as revisions to the State Implementation Plan.

Background and Summary of the Factual Basis for the Proposed Rule

The Texas Emissions Reduction Plan (TERP) was established under Texas Health and Safety Code (THSC), Chapter 386, by Senate Bill 5, during the 77th Texas Legislature, 2001. The TERP was created to provide financial incentives for reducing emissions of on-road heavy-duty motor vehicles and non-road equipment, with the Diesel Emissions Reduction Incentive Program (DERIP) established under THSC, Chapter 386, Subchapter C as the primary incentive program.

House Bill (HB) 4472, 87th Texas Legislature, 2021, amended THSC, Chapter 386, Subchapter C to provide that the commission may not set the minimum percentage of annual hours of operation required for TERP-funded marine vessels or engines as less than 55%.

The proposed rulemaking would revise §114.622 to implement HB 4472 and align with existing statute.

Section Discussion

§114.622, Incentive Program Requirements

The commission proposes to amend §114.622, creating a new subsection (c), establishing that proposed projects involving marine vessels or engines must be operated in the intercoastal waterways or bays adjacent to a nonattainment area or affected county of this state for not less than 55% over the lifetime of the project to implement HB 4472. Also, the commission proposes to amend subsequent subsections to align with the new subsection (c).

Fiscal Note: Costs to State and Local Government

Jené Bearse, Analyst in the Budget and Planning Division, has determined that for the first five-year period the proposed rules are in effect, no significant fiscal implications are anticipated for the agency or for other units of state as a result of administration or enforcement of the proposed rule.

Public Benefits and Costs

Ms. Bearse determined that for each year of the first five years the proposed rules are in effect, the public benefit anticipated will be improved air quality in eligible program areas and compliance with state law.

The proposed rulemaking may result in fiscal implications for businesses or individuals. Eligible businesses or individuals that apply for and receive a grant may experience a cost savings by having a percentage of costs to replace or upgrade vehicles or equipment covered by the grant. Grant recipients may also experience a cost savings from lower fuel and maintenance costs associated with operating a newer or upgraded vehicle or equipment.

Local Employment Impact Statement

The commission reviewed this proposed rulemaking and determined that a Local Employment Impact Statement is not required because the proposed rulemaking does not adversely affect a local economy in a material way for the first five years that the proposed rule is in effect.

Rural Communities Impact Assessment

The commission reviewed this proposed rulemaking and determined that the proposed rulemaking does not adversely affect rural communities in a material way for the first five years that the proposed rules are in effect. The amendments would apply statewide and have the same effect in rural communities as in urban communities.

Small Business and Micro-Business Assessment

No adverse fiscal implications are anticipated for small or microbusinesses due to the implementation or administration of the proposed rule for the first five-year period the proposed rules are in effect.

Small Business Regulatory Flexibility Analysis

The commission reviewed this proposed rulemaking and determined that a Small Business Regulatory Flexibility Analysis is not required because the proposed rule does not adversely affect a small or micro-business in a material way for the first five years the proposed rules are in effect.

Government Growth Impact Statement

The commission prepared a Government Growth Impact Statement assessment for this proposed rulemaking. The proposed rulemaking does not create or eliminate a government program and will not require an increase or decrease in future legislative appropriations to the agency. The proposed rulemaking does not require the creation of new employee positions, eliminate current employee positions, nor require an increase or decrease in fees paid to the agency. The proposed rulemaking amends an existing regulation and may increase the number of individuals subject to its applicability. During the first five years, the proposed rule should not impact positively or negatively the state's economy.

Draft Regulatory Impact Analysis Determination

The commission reviewed the rulemaking action in light of the regulatory analysis requirements of Texas Government Code, §2001.0225, and determined that the action is not subject to Texas Government Code, §2001.0225, because it does not meet the definition of a "Major environmental rule" as defined in that statute. A "Major environmental rule" is a rule, the specific intent of which is to protect the environment or reduce risks to human health from environmental exposure and that may adversely affect, in a material way, the economy, a sector of the economy, productivity, competition, jobs, the environment, or the public health and safety of the state or a sector of the state.

The amendments to §114.622 are proposed in accordance with HB 4472, which amended THSC, Chapter 386, Subchapter C. The proposed rule revises eligibility criteria for a voluntary grant program. Because the proposed rule places no involuntary requirements on the regulated community, the proposed rule would not adversely affect, in a material way, the economy, a sector of the economy, productivity, competition, jobs, the environment, or public health and safety of the state or a sector of the state. In addition, none of these amendments place additional financial burdens on the regulated community.

In addition, a regulatory impact analysis is not required because the proposed rulemaking does not meet any of the applicability criteria for requiring a regulatory analysis of a "Major environmental rule" as defined in the Texas Government Code. Texas Government Code, §2001.0225, applies only to a major environmental rule, the result of which is to: 1) exceed a standard set by federal law, unless the rule is specifically required by state law; 2) exceed an express requirement of state law, unless the rule is specifically required by federal law; 3) exceed a requirement of a delegation agreement or contract between the state and an agency or representative of the federal government to implement a state and federal program; or 4) adopt a rule solely under the general authority of the commission. This rulemaking does not exceed a standard set by federal law. Additionally, this rulemaking does not exceed an express requirement of state law or a requirement of a delegation agreement and was not developed solely under the general powers of the agency but is authorized by specific sections of the THSC that are cited in the Statutory Authority section of this preamble. Therefore, this rulemaking is not subject to the regulatory analysis provisions of Texas Government Code, §2001.0225(b).

The commission invites public comment regarding the Draft Regulatory Impact Analysis during the public comment period. Written comments on the Draft Regulatory Impact Analysis may be submitted to the contact person at the address listed under the Submittal of Comments section of this preamble.

Takings Impact Assessment

The commission evaluated the proposed rulemaking and performed an analysis of whether the proposed rulemaking constitutes a taking under Texas Government Code, Chapter 2007. The commission's preliminary assessment indicates Texas Government Code, Chapter 2007, does not apply.

Under Texas Government Code, §2007.002(5), taking means: (A) a governmental action that affects private real property, in whole or in part or temporarily or permanently, in a manner that requires the governmental entity to compensate the private real property owner as provided by the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution or Section 17 or 19, Article I, Texas Constitution; or (B) a governmental action that: (i) affects an owner's private real property that is the subject of the governmental action, in whole or in part or temporarily or permanently, in a manner that restricts or limits the owner's right to the property that would otherwise exist in the absence of the governmental action; and (ii) is the producing cause of a reduction of at least 25% in the market value of the affected private real property, determined by comparing the market value of the property as if the governmental action is not in effect and the market value of the property determined as if the governmental action is in effect.

Promulgation and enforcement of the proposed rulemaking would be neither a statutory nor a constitutional taking of private real property. The primary purpose of the rulemaking is to amend Chapter 114 in accordance with the amendments to THSC, Chapter 386 as a result of HB 4472. The proposed rule would revise a voluntary program and only affect motor vehicles that are not considered to be private real property. The proposed rulemaking does not affect a landowner's rights in private real property because this rulemaking does not burden, restrict, or limit the owner's right to property, nor does it reduce the value of any private real property by 25% or more beyond that which would otherwise exist in the absence of the regulations. Therefore, the proposed rule would not constitute a taking under Texas Government Code, Chapter 2007.

The commission reviewed this rulemaking for consistency with the CMP goals and policies in accordance with the regulations of the Coastal Coordination Advisory Committee and determined that the rulemaking is procedural in nature and will have no substantive effect on commission actions subject to the CMP and is, therefore, consistent with the CMP goals and policies.

Written comments on the consistency of this rulemaking may be submitted to the contact person at the address listed under the Submittal of Comments section of this preamble.

Announcement of Hearing

The commission will hold a virtual public hearing on this proposal on February 18, 2022, at 10:00 a.m. The hearing is structured for the receipt of oral or written comments by interested persons. Individuals may present oral statements when called upon in order of registration. Open discussion will not be permitted during the virtual hearing; however, commission staff will be available to discuss the proposal 30 minutes prior to the hearing.

Consistency with the Coastal Management Program

The commission reviewed the proposed rulemaking and found the proposal is a rulemaking identified in the Coastal Coordination Act implementation rules, 31 TAC §505.11(b)(2), relating to rules subject to the Coastal Management Program, and will, therefore, require that the goals and policies of the Texas Coastal Management Program (CMP) be considered during the rulemaking process.

Registration

The hearing will be conducted remotely using an internet meeting service. Individuals who plan to attend the hearing and want to provide oral comments and/or want their attendance on record must register by February 16, 2022. To register for the hearing, please email *Rules@tceq.texas.gov* and provide the following information: your name, your affiliation, your email address, your phone number, and whether or not you plan to provide oral comments during the hearing. Instructions for participating in the hearing will be sent on February 17, 2022, to those who register for the hearing.

Members of the public who do not wish to provide oral comments but would like to view the hearing may do so at no cost at:

https://teams.microsoft.com/l/meetup-join/19%3ameeting_ZD-E2ZmVIYmQtZTdiYi00YjEwLTkyOWItZjI5ZTUwNGM1ZGI3% 40thread.v2/0?context=%7b%22Tid%22%3a%22871a83a4a1ce-4b7a-8156-3bcd93a08fba%22%2c%22Oid%22%3a%22 30ec010b-ff0b-4618-bbc4-622a14f9cb18%22%2c%22IsBroadcastMeeting%22%3atrue%7d&btype=a&role=a

Persons who have special communication or other accommodation needs who are planning to attend the hearing should contact Sandy Wong, Office of Legal Services at (512) 239-1802 or 1-800-RELAY-TX (TDD). Requests should be made as far in advance as possible.

Submittal of Comments

Written comments may be submitted to Gwen Ricco, MC 205, Office of Legal Services, Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, P.O. Box 13087, Austin, Texas 78711-3087, or faxed to fax4808@tceq.texas.gov. Electronic comments may be submitted at: *https://www6.tceq.texas.gov/rules/ecomments/*. File size restrictions may apply to comments being submitted via the eComments system. All comments should reference Rule Project Number 2021-032-114-AI. The comment period closes February 28, 2022. Please choose one of the methods provided to submit your written comments.

Copies of the proposed rulemaking can be obtained from the commission's website at https://www.tceq.texas.gov/rules/pro-

pose_adopt.html. For further information, please contact Nate Hickman, Air Grants Division, (512) 239-4434.

Statutory Authority

The amendments are proposed under Texas Water Code (TWC), §5.102, which provides the commission with the general powers to carry out its duties under the TWC; TWC, §5.103, which authorizes the commission to adopt any rules necessary to carry out the powers and duties under the provisions of the TWC and other laws of this state; and TWC, §5.105, which authorizes the commission by rule to establish and approve all general policy of the commission. The amendments are also proposed under Texas Health and Safety Code (THSC), Texas Clean Air Act, §382.017, which authorizes the commission to adopt rules consistent with the policy and purposes of the THSC; THSC, §382.011, which authorizes the commission to establish the level of guality to be maintained in the state's air and to control the quality of the state's air; THSC, §382.012, which authorizes the commission to prepare and develop a general, comprehensive plan for the control of the state's air; and THSC, Chapter 386, which establishes the Texas Emissions Reduction Plan.

The amendments are proposed as part of the implementation of THSC, Chapter 386, Subchapter C, as amended by House Bill 4472, 87th Texas Legislature, 2021.

§114.622. Incentive Program Requirements.

(a) Eligible projects include:

(1) purchase or lease of on-road and non-road diesels;

(2) emissions-reducing retrofit projects for on-road or non-road diesels;

(3) emissions-reducing repower projects for on-road or non-road diesels;

(4) purchase and use of emissions-reducing add-on equipment for on-road or non-road diesels;

(5) development and demonstration of practical, low-emissions retrofit technologies, repower options, and advanced technologies for on-road or non-road diesels with lower nitrogen oxides (NO_x) emissions;

- (6) use of qualifying fuel;
- (7) implementation of infrastructure projects;

(8) replacement of on-road and non-road diesels with newer on-road and non-road diesels; and

(9) other projects that have the potential to reduce anticipated NO_x emissions from diesel engines.

(b) For a proposed project as listed in subsection (a) of this section, other than a project involving a marine vessel or engine, a project involving non-road equipment used for natural gas recovery purposes, a project involving replacement of a motor vehicle, or a project involving the purchase or lease of a motor vehicle, not less than 55% of vehicle miles traveled or hours of operation projected for the five years immediately following the award of a grant must be projected to take place in a nonattainment area or affected county of this state. The commission may also allow vehicle travel on highways and roadways, or portions of a highway or roadway, designated by the commission and located outside a nonattainment area or affected county to count towards the percentage of use requirement.

(c) For a proposed project involving a marine vessel or engine, the vessel or engine must be operated in the intercoastal waterways or bays adjacent to a nonattainment area or affected county of this state for not less than 55% of time over the lifetime of the project.

(d) [(ϵ)] For a proposed motor vehicle replacement, purchase, or lease project, the period used to determine the emissions reductions and cost-effectiveness of each replacement, purchase, or lease activity included in the project must extend for five years or more, or 400,000 miles, whichever occurs earlier. Not less than 55% of the vehicle miles traveled projected for the period used to determine the emissions reductions must be projected to take place in a nonattainment area or affected county of this state. The commission may also allow vehicle travel on highways and roadways, or portions of a highway or roadway, designated by the commission and located outside of a nonattainment county or affected county to count towards the percentage of use requirement.

(e) [(d)] For a proposed project that includes a replacement of equipment or a repower, the old equipment or engine must be recycled or scrapped provided, however, that the executive director may allow permanent removal from the state of Texas in specific grants where the applicant has provided sufficient assurances that the old locomotive will not be returned to the state of Texas.

(f) [(e)] For a proposed project to replace a motor vehicle, the vehicle and engine must be decommissioned by crushing the vehicle and engine, by making a hole in the engine block and permanently destroying the frame of the vehicle, or by another method approved by the executive director that permanently removes the vehicle and engine from operation in this state. For a proposed project to repower a motor vehicle, the engine being replaced must be decommissioning an engine as part of a vehicle replacement project. The executive director shall allow an applicant for a motor vehicle replacement or repower project to propose an alternative method for complying with the requirements of this subsection.

(g) [(f)] For a project to replace a motor vehicle, the vehicle being replaced may have been owned, leased, or otherwise commercially financed by the applicant. The applicant must have a legal right to replace and recycle or scrap the vehicle and engine before a grant is awarded for that project.

(h) [(g)] The commission may set cost-effectiveness limits as needed to ensure the best use of available funds. The commission may also base project selection decisions on additional measures to evaluate the effectiveness of projects in reducing NO_x emissions in relation to the funds to be awarded.

(i) [(h)] The executive director may waive eligibility requirements established under subsections (b) - (f) of this section on a finding of good cause, which may include a waiver of any ownership and use requirements established for replacement of a motor vehicle for short lapses in registration or operation attributable to economic conditions, seasonal work, or other circumstances. In determining good cause and deciding whether to grant a waiver, the executive director shall ensure that the emissions reductions that will be attributed to the project will still be valid and, where applicable, meet the conditions for assignment for credit to the state implementation plan.

(j) [(i)] Projects funded with a grant from this program may not be used for credit under any state or federal emissions reduction credit averaging, banking, or trading program except as provided under Texas Health and Safety Code, §386.056.

(k) [(i)] A proposed project as listed in subsection (a) of this section is not eligible if it is required by any state or federal law, rule or regulation, memorandum of agreement, or other legally binding document. This subsection does not apply to:

(1) an otherwise qualified project, regardless of the fact that the state implementation plan assumes that the change in equipment, vehicles, or operations will occur, if on the date the grant is awarded the change is not required by any state or federal law, rule or regulation, memorandum of agreement, or other legally binding document; or

(2) the purchase of an on-road diesel or equipment required only by local law or regulation or by corporate or controlling board policy of a public or private entity.

(1) [(k)] A proposed retrofit, repower, replacement, or add-on equipment project must achieve a reduction in NO_x emissions to the level established in the commission's *Texas Emissions Reduction Plan:* Guidelines for Emissions Reduction Incentive Grants Program (RG-388) for that type of project compared with the baseline emissions adopted by the commission for the relevant engine year and application.

(m) [(4)] If a grant recipient fails to meet the terms of a project grant or the conditions of this division, the executive director can require that the grant recipient return some or all of the grant funding to the extent that emission reductions are not achieved or cannot be demonstrated.

(n) [(m)] Criteria established in the guidelines, including revisions to the commission's Texas Emissions Reduction Plan: Guidelines for Emissions Reduction Incentive Grants Program (RG-388), apply to the Texas Emissions Reduction Plan program. Regardless of the provisions of this chapter, as authorized under Texas Health and Safety Code, §386.053(d), revisions to the guidelines may include, among other changes, adding additional pollutants; adding stationary engines or engines used in stationary applications; adding vehicles and equipment that use fuels other than diesel; or adjusting eligible program categories; as appropriate, to ensure that incentives established under this program achieve the maximum possible emission reductions.

The agency certifies that legal counsel has reviewed the proposal and found it to be within the state agency's legal authority to adopt.

Filed with the Office of the Secretary of State on January 13, 2022.

TRD-202200115 Guy Henry Deputy Director, Environmental Law Division Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Earliest possible date of adoption: February 27, 2022 For further information, please call: (512) 239-2809

TITLE 40. SOCIAL SERVICES AND ASSIS-TANCE

PART 20. TEXAS WORKFORCE COMMISSION

CHAPTER 800. GENERAL ADMINISTRATION SUBCHAPTER D. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

40 TAC §800.150, §800.151

The Texas Workforce Commission (TWC) proposes the following new subchapter to Chapter 800, relating to General Administration:

Subchapter D. Employee Benefits, §800.150 and §800.151

PART I. PURPOSE, BACKGROUND, AND AUTHORITY

The purpose of proposed new Chapter 800, Subchapter D is to establish administrative rules relating to the operation of TWC's sick and family leave pools.

Senate Bill 248 from the 73rd Texas Legislature, Regular Session (1993) (codified as Texas Government Code, §§661.001 -661.008), established the sick leave pool. The sick leave pool is for eligible state employees who have exhausted their sick and personal leave to cover time-and-leave absences for catastrophic and/or life-threatening illnesses and injuries for either the employee or his or her approved family member.

House Bill (HB) 2063 from the 87th Texas Legislature, Regular Session (2021) (codified as Texas Government Code, §§661.021 - 661.028), established the family leave pool. The family leave pool provides eligible state employees more flexibility in bonding with and caring for children during a child's first year following birth, adoption, or foster placement; and for caring for a seriously ill family member of the employee, including pandemic-related illnesses or complications caused by a pandemic.

PART II. EXPLANATION OF INDIVIDUAL PROVISIONS

SUBCHAPTER D. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

TWC proposes new Subchapter D, as follows:

§800.150. Sick Leave Pool

New §800.150 provides eligible employees with additional paid sick leave in documented cases of a catastrophic or life-threatening illness or injury to the employee or the employee's immediate family member.

§800.151. Family Leave Pool

New §800.151 provides eligible employees with additional family leave if they have exhausted all eligible compensatory, discretionary, sick, and vacation leave due to certain situations, and have provided proper documentation for using the family leave pool in extenuating circumstances, such as an ongoing pandemic that would include providing care for a family member. The family leave pool further provides eligible employees with the ability to apply for leave time and more flexibility in bonding with and caring for children during a child's first year following birth, adoption, or foster placement; or caring for a seriously ill family member of the employee, including pandemic-related illnesses or complications caused by a pandemic.

PART III. IMPACT STATEMENTS

Chris Nelson, Chief Financial Officer, determined that for each year of the first five years the rules will be in effect, the following statements will apply:

There are no additional estimated costs to the state and to local governments expected as a result of enforcing or administering the rules.

There are no estimated cost reductions to the state and to local governments as a result of enforcing or administering the rules.

There are no estimated losses or increases in revenue to the state or to local governments as a result of enforcing or administering the rules.

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality



ORDER ADOPTING AMENDED RULES

Docket No. 2021-1099-RUL

Rule Project No. 2021-032-114-AI

On June 1, 2022, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (Commission) adopted amended rules in 30 Texas Administrative Code Chapter 114, concerning Control of Air Pollution from Motor Vehicles. The proposed rules were published for comment in the January 28, 2022, issue of the *Texas Register* (47 TexReg 249).

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED BY THE COMMISSION that the amended rules are hereby adopted. The Commission further authorizes staff to make any non-substantive revisions to the rules necessary to comply with *Texas Register* requirements. The adopted rules and the preamble to the adopted rules are incorporated by reference in this Order as if set forth at length verbatim in this Order.

This Order constitutes the Order of the Commission required by the Administrative Procedure Act, Tex. Gov't Code Ann., Chapter 2001 (West 2016).

If any portion of this Order is for any reason held to be invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, the invalidity of any portion shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions.

TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Jon Niermann, Chairman

Date Signed