

**Lori Rowe**

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**From:** PUBCOMMENT-OCC  
**Sent:** Wednesday, September 15, 2021 3:52 PM  
**To:** PUBCOMMENT-OCC2; PUBCOMMENT-OPIC; PUBCOMMENT-ELD; PUBCOMMENT-APD  
**Subject:** FW: Public comment on Permit Number 166032  
**Attachments:** Ex. 1 Public Comments and Requests for Meeting UPDATED1.pdf

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NSR  
166032

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**From:** joshua.smith@sierraclub.org <joshua.smith@sierraclub.org>  
**Sent:** Tuesday, September 14, 2021 4:28 PM  
**To:** PUBCOMMENT-OCC <PUBCOMMENT-OCC@tceq.texas.gov>  
**Subject:** Public comment on Permit Number 166032

**REGULATED ENTY NAME** SABINE PLANT

**RN NUMBER:** RN102513041

**PERMIT NUMBER:** 166032

**DOCKET NUMBER:**

**COUNTY:** ORANGE

**PRINCIPAL NAME:** ENTERGY TEXAS INC

**CN NUMBER:** CN603282054

**FROM**

**NAME:** Joshua Smith

**E-MAIL:** [joshua.smith@sierraclub.org](mailto:joshua.smith@sierraclub.org)

**COMPANY:**

**ADDRESS:** 2101 WEBSTER ST Suite 1300  
OAKLAND CA 94612-3011

**PHONE:** 5034847194

**FAX:**

**COMMENTS:** On behalf of nearly 30,000 members in Texas—including the approximately 465 members and supporters who live, work, and recreate in or around Orange County, Texas—Sierra Club, Environmental Integrity Project, Environment Texas, Air Alliance Houston, Clean Energy Fund of Texas, Inc., Port Arthur Community Action Network, and

Texas Campaign for the Environment (collectively, the "Conservation Organizations") submit these preliminary comments on the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality's ("TCEQ's") Notice of Receipt of Application and Intent to Obtain Air Permit for the Entergy Texas, Inc., Orange County Advanced Power Station, Proposed Air Quality Permit 166032, Prevention of Significant Deterioration Permit PSDTX1598, Greenhouse Gas Prevention of Significant Deterioration Permit GHGPSDTX210. The following 465 members and supporters of the Conservation Organizations respectfully request a public meeting so that interested members of the public and our members and supporters can better understand the Application and any proposed permit. See 30 T.A.C. § 55.154(c)(1) and (3). We further urge TCEQ to deny Entergy's request for expedited permit processing, and to provide the public with notice and an opportunity to more fully review the permit file and provide more complete comments on any proposed permit.

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**A public meeting is needed so that concerned citizens can let their concerns be known. Responsible decision-making requires public input. Commercial concerns must not be given priority over citizen concerns: citizens have a better sense of long-term impacts, on environment plus quality of life, whereas commercial interests are only interested in what accrues to them in the shorter term, financially and professionally. This is a serious imbalance in decision-making priorities. Citizens MUST be heard.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

The proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will be a major source of pollution under the Clean Air Act, emit significant amounts of harmful aqueous ammonia, carbon monoxide, hazardous air pollutants, hydrogen, nitrogen oxides, organic compounds, particulate matter, sulfur dioxide, sulfuric acid mist, and greenhouse gases.

It is my understanding that TCEQ has not made the underlying air permit application readily available to the public, as required by TCEQ regulations. As a result, the public has not had an adequate opportunity to review the proposed project and understand the implications for the community and environment. TCEQ should immediately make the application available to the public and hold a public hearing so that the agency and public can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Joan Cunningham  
San Antonio, TX 78209

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**As a Houstonian, I ask you not to add more pollution to the air my children and I breathe.**

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Sincerely,

Sarah Frazier  
Houston, TX 77006

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**As a nation and to set an example to the entire world, the only one we have, we must change to renewable energy for the survival of all.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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Sincerely,

Maricela Carmona  
Frisco, TX 75033

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**As a resident of Houston, I am deeply concerned about the possibility of the proposed power station, and strongly urge the TCEQ to schedule a public meeting so our voices can be heard.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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Sincerely,

Delaina Foster  
Houston, TX 77024

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**As a Texan, Houston, which is ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States is worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth. Time to STOP Pollution!**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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Sincerely,

Kathyrn Davidson  
Austin, TX 78731

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**Be part of the solution to clean up the environment, people's lives are at stake!**

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Sincerely,

Evangeline Caridas  
Houston, TX 77080



Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**Citizens and voters are more than ever concerned about air quality and pollution. Hurricane Ida is yet another incident showing us that we need to pay attention and learn. Please listen to our concerns.**

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Sincerely,

Clara Boyer  
Dallas, TX 75206

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

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**Clean air - a must! Our ecosystem is a mess because because of all the pollutants-**

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Sincerely,

L Kifer

Harker Heights, TX 76548

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**Clean energy only**

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Sincerely,

Jeff Dravis  
Houston, TX 77005

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I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**Clean renewable energy is here and available and we should be investing in it. Air in a 200 miles radius of Houston is already black on my windshield. My lungs must be black as well.**

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Sincerely,

Victoria Scharen  
Port Isabel, TX 78578

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I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**Climate change is here, and happening now. Our air is already polluted, and getting worse. Texas has sun, and Texas has wind - both of those things are cheap, renewable, and non-polluting. Fracked gas is dirty, releases both greenhouse gases CO2 and methane, contaminates groundwater, and is not renewable. I say NO MORE!**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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Sincerely,

Craig Nazor  
Austin, TX 78758

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**Don't destroy our coast.**

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Sincerely,

Jessie Wheat  
Krugerville, TX 76227

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**Encourage renewable clean energy projects not more polluting fossil fuel foolishness, where were the fossil fuel plants when the power went out last winter, hundreds froze in their homes and last century's technology with all its subsidized costs could not respond to the crisis...**

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Sincerely,

Richard Willing  
Terlingua, TX 79852

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**Entergy's proposal for a giant, polluting, fracked-gas power plant could devastate air quality on the Texas Coast. The public not only deserves to know about this proposal - they deserve an opportunity to speak out against it. The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) needs to schedule and conduct a public meeting on this needless attack on Texas air quality by Entergy.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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Sincerely,

Joe Samples

West Lake Hills, TX 78746



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**Following the destruction resulting from strong hurricanes and tropical storms over the last decade and the likelihood that such destruction will continue to be much more common due to warmer and higher seawater that scientists have now overwhelmingly recognized as man made climate change, power and chemical plants along the coastline have become an unacceptable environmental risk. Not only should this application be rejected outright but plans made to protect or relocate existing risky installations.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

The proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will be a major source of pollution under the Clean Air Act, emit significant amounts of harmful aqueous ammonia, carbon monoxide, hazardous air pollutants, hydrogen, nitrogen oxides, organic compounds, particulate matter, sulfur dioxide, sulfuric acid mist, and greenhouse gases.

It is my understanding that TCEQ has not made the underlying air permit application readily available to the public, as required by TCEQ regulations. As a result, the public has not had an adequate opportunity to review the proposed project and understand the implications for the community and environment. TCEQ should immediately make the application available to the public and hold a public hearing so that the agency and public can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Maury Jacob  
Bryan, TX 77801

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**How many times did your Mom have to tell you to clean up your room till you finally did it? Well, it's past time. Do it now and do it forever - clean up the mess we humans are making of our planet!**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Lisa Johnson  
San Antonio, TX 78240

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**I agree with this message.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Chris Nicolosi  
Houston, TX 77062

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**I am requesting that you hold a public hearing for this proposed plant. We don't need more pollution in our air. In addition, it makes much more health sense to invest in clean energy instead. It makes sense for public health and the good of the planet.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Joyce Kelly  
Venus, TX 76084

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**I am very concerned about climate change. If we are going to have any chance of limiting global temperature increase to 1.5 degrees Celsius, it is essential that no further long term fossil fuel investments are made.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Paul Gonin  
Georgetown, TX 78633

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**I am very concerned about the possibility Entergy will build a large fracked-gas power plant on the north Texas Coast. This plant would pollute air quality and would also be a source of dirty energy. Please request that TCEQ hold a public meeting so that citizens an voice their opinions about this power plant.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Jeanne Jordan  
Carrollton, TX 75007

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**I care.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Thomas Moore  
Houston tx, TX 77084

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**I have asthma, and have been taking asthma medications for twenty years now. The cost of my asthma medications has been steadily rising. Air quality issues are very important to me.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Frank Blake  
Houston, TX 77006



Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**I hereby request a public hearing by TCEQ regarding this proposed powerplant; I am opposed to it as it will further increase greenhouse gases and contaminants into the already over-saturated SETX air, at a time when we should be investing in Wind, solar and renewables.**

**I urge you to hold a public hearing, and let SETX voices be heard.**

Respectfully,

**John Beard, Jr.  
Port Arthur, TX resident  
CEO, PACAN**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

John Beard  
Port Arthur, TX 77640

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**I live in Beaumont, Texas. Our coastline is highly important to our way of life where I live. It provides jobs and recreation. It affects the air we breath and determines our climate. We deserve to be fully informed about any project which could affect our way of life.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Joyce Bowman  
Beaumont, TX 77706

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**I live in Houston and this issue is of utmost importance to me.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Sahand Naghavi  
Houston, TX 77019

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**It's the 21st century! Try something new - and improved - and SAFE!**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Ellen Isaly  
Dallas, TX 75228

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**It's time to really pay attention to the damage on our coastal communities. We need our grandchildren to inherit a better world.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Cristina Gonzalez  
El Paso, TX 79912

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**Just don't. Quality of life must begin NOW for future generations. We have sufficient issues in Texas, no need to include another. Please, just don't.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Pam Webster  
CAMPBELL, TX 75422

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**Keep our coasts clean not with dirty energy. Thank you.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Beverly Hoff  
Pflugerville, TX 78660



Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**Let's protect our Texas lands from harm.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Sara Wood  
Houston, TX 77095

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**Make it so.**

**Charles Hill**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Charles C Hill  
Houston, TX 77019

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**My mother comes from Galveston and our family still owns a house there. I love the Gulf coast. However, it has long suffered under the weight of polluting industry. We should be making efforts to clean-up and restore this wonderful region, not add to its burden. There are plenty of ways to generate clean energy in the area. The coast has lots of wind, tidal energy could be developed, and as we know, Texas has plenty of sun. I don't want to deprive the area of energy, but to move towards a more sustainable way of powering the region so it can recover and thrive.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

David Stokes  
Austin, TX 78726

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**NO MORE DIRTY ENERGY ON OUR TEXAS COAST WHICH HAS BECOME FILTHY IN THE LAST 50 YEARS. I FOUND DEAD FISH AND BIRDS ON MY USUAL WALK TO PICK UP SHELLS NEAR THE WATER. NEVER EVER HAVE I SEEN SUCH TRASH AND DEATH.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Kate Mathis  
Kyle, TX 78640

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**No More Dirty Energy on the Texas Coast !**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Tim Duda

San Antonio, TX, USA, TX 78209

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**NO MORE DIRTY ENERGY PLANTS ON OUR NORTHERN TEXAS GULF COAST!!!!!!**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Bonnie Clements  
Houston, TX 77092

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**No more dirty energy plants. We need renewable energy now!**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Michael Chitty  
Austin, TX 78731

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**No more fracking in Texas. We must move away from gas power plants with their pollution and dirty energy.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Sandy Schmidt  
Fischer, TX 78623



Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**No more pollution on our coast!**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Steven Smith  
Pflugerville, TX 78660

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**Only clean energy. We are damn tired of all the pollution etc**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Houston, TX 77005

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**Our future depends upon clean energy, energy that doesn't pollute our soil, water, or air. Entergy Texas' air permit applications for the Orange County plant site need to be viewed and discussed by the people who will be most affected, those who breathe the very air that Entergy Texas' proposed station would pollute. Therefore I am asking for an open meeting to discuss the aforementioned air permit applications.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Jeannie Coggins  
Fort Worth, TX 76133

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**Our planet is killing us - no more pollutants!!!**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Zack Brown  
McKinney, TX 75070

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**Please allow a public meeting regarding the plans for this power plant. People's health will be impacted by the pollution generated.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Nicole Ray  
Austin, TX 78745

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**Please allow us to speak. We don't need more frack gas and pollution. Let us come into the modern era. Call a public meeting so we can speak**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Marianne Poythress  
Laguna Vista, TX 78578

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**Please help preserve the earth for which God has made us stewards by developing sources of clean energy rather than dirty energy that deface and damage creation, contribute to deleterious climate change, and contribute to human illness.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Gordon Bourland  
Arlington, TX 76016

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**Please help!**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Debra Greenberg  
Lewisville, TX 75067



Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**Please host a community public meeting in English and Spanish!**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Dave Cortez  
Austin, TX 78745

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**Please protect our environment and prevent anything that will further hurt our environment from being anywhere near the Texas coast. I cannot understand why no one seems to care about protecting our beautiful planet.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Carol Vincent  
Kerrville, TX 78028

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

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**Please protect our only home, Earth.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Ruth Reid  
Corpus Christi, TX 78414

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**Please stop the destruction of our coast, unless we act now the future will be lost for our children.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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Sincerely,

Brian Voris  
LAREDO, TX 78043

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**Please, please, please do not erect any more power stations along the TX coast!!!!!! We all know we must move away from fossil fuel usage--let's continue to work on alternative power sources.**

**Linda Carr, Wichita Falls, TX**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Linda Carr  
Wichita Falls, TX 76308

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**Protect the Texas coast!**

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Kate Smith  
Austin, TX 78727

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**Put people and life before profit!**

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Carol Grimm  
San Marcos, TX 78666

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**renewables, stop poisoning the planet**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Jack Kirfman  
Austin, TX 78717



Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**Show some corporate citizen responsibility and clean up your mess. Time for corporations to do their fair share if you want to continue to operate here.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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Sincerely,

Jonathan Davis  
Houston, TX 77080

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**Some people (most consumers) are affected indirectly by energy production. Others are affected directly. The people who live near energy facilities have their health and their livelihood on the line. They deserve to have public input into the decision whether to build this plant.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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Sincerely,

Bill King  
Austin, TX 78756

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**Stop polluting our planet with dirty energy and invest in the future with clean energy!**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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Sincerely,

Susan Hernandez  
Brookshire, TX 77423

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**Stop polluting our state. Reversing climate change and acting on behalf of the people instead of big business polluters is your job. Please stop allowing this to happen.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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Sincerely,

Emily Hausler  
Dripping Springs, TX 78620

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

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**Stop polluting the Texas coast and pandering to oil and gas companies.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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Sincerely,

Lauren Spear  
Alpine, TX 79830

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**STOP the senseless destruction of OUR Environment in the name of Ignorance and Greed! NO MORE!! ENOUGH!!!**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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Sincerely,

Tracey Bonner  
Arlington, TX 76014

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**Texas' coast is filthy enough AND our legislators are TOTALLY in the pocket of fossil fuel companies!**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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Sincerely,

Karen Sterling  
Cedar Creek, TX 78612

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**Texas produces and exploits the state's resources; Texas needs to clean up the pollution it has made and transition to renewable and cleaner energy sources! NOW!!**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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Sincerely,

Jan E. Vaughan  
Seguin, TX 78155



Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**Thanks for reading my letter.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

The proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will be a major source of pollution under the Clean Air Act, emit significant amounts of harmful aqueous ammonia, carbon monoxide, hazardous air pollutants, hydrogen, nitrogen oxides, organic compounds, particulate matter, sulfur dioxide, sulfuric acid mist, and greenhouse gases.

It is my understanding that TCEQ has not made the underlying air permit application readily available to the public, as required by TCEQ regulations. As a result, the public has not had an adequate opportunity to review the proposed project and understand the implications for the community and environment. TCEQ should immediately make the application available to the public and hold a public hearing so that the agency and public can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Mark Goodman  
Dallas, TX 75248

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**The coastal ecosystem is fragile and important to both nature and the fishing industry. We must not continue to treat our natural resources as disposable. This land is our land. We need to talk about this. A public meeting is needed.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Diane Castro  
Keller, TX 76248

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**The cost of renewable power is now on par with carbon based fuel. There is no reason to built a gas powered power plant. Please consider the health of your citizens.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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Sincerely,

Robert Rinker  
Grand Prairie, TX 75052

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**The gulf and Mississippi have fouled too many times due to petro chem pollution**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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Sincerely,

T Logan  
Marble Falls, TX 78654

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**The Proposed construction in my eyes appears to be harmful to the environment. I am a mechanical engineer and have built similar plants around the world. But look back I see no Benefits for more of these plants since we should be looking at other methods that will help the environment and not hurt the environment.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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Sincerely,

April Lauper  
Houston, TX 77055

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**The Texas coast is already filled with 100's of square miles of refineries. No more dirty energy spoiling the Texas coast!**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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Sincerely,

L. Fielder  
Carrollton, TX 75006

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**The Texas gulf coast must be preserved. This should be a huge priority. But it will not last if industry is allowed to corrupt it, please stop this atmospheric destruction!**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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Sincerely,

Thomas Crofts  
San Antonio, TX 78209

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**There are so many affordable non polluting solutions available. For one, we could make homes and businesses more energy efficient.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Ashley Bull  
Dallas, TX 75214



Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**This effects all of us. Pollution kills. Carbon causes catastrophic weather and climate change. Please invest in renewable energy--the way of the future.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

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Sincerely,

Linda Moore  
Wimberley, TX 78676

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**This is obviously a bad idea.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

George (Buzz) Avery  
Austin, TX 98663

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**This land is for the futures children. Generations to come!!!**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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Sincerely,

Rose Gomez  
San Antonio, TX 78264

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**This region already is over burdened by refineries, pipelines and chemical plants that pollute air, water and land. Human life and wildlife in this county don't need any more dirty industries.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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Sincerely,

Carrie Schweitzer  
Dallas, TX 75214

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**This, like numerous other issues (climate change, gun safety, immigration reform, prison reform, education reform, short-term lending regulation, healthcare reform, banking regulation, opioid regulation) remains a vexing problem primarily due to corporations' ability to curry favor with elected officials. The corrupting influence of money in our political system is undermining our democratic traditions and discouraging Americans from voting and/or running for office. This ominous development may well end our experiment in representative democracy unless we alter this decades-long trend. For the sake of the republic, we must amend the US Constitution to state that corporations are not people (and do not have constitutional rights) and money is not speech (and thus can be regulated by state and/or federal campaign finance laws). Short of accomplishing this, no other reform of significance will be achieved.**

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Sincerely,

James Klein  
Corpus Christi, TX 78411

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**We already have more than our fair share of environmentally disruptive industries along our coast. We do NOT need any more, no matter how much squawking is done that it is necessary. This plant will only make global warming even worse than it is now, and we are already dealing with the direct and indirect effects of fires, flooding, drought, and extreme heat. We are at the final moment for you republican politicians to stop with your capitalist BS and straight up lying and take REAL effective steps to address this increasingly dangerous situation.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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Sincerely,

Tria Shaffer  
Leander, TX 78641

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**We have gone far too long relying on fossil fuels for energy production. Besides air pollution, the climate is going wacko and there are major consequences on the ground, right now, costing homeowners, businesses and governments plenty.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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Sincerely,

Brian Schill  
San Antonio, TX 78231



Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**We know that fossil fuel extraction and recovery are polluting processes by their nature, with a history of periodic disastrous accidents.**

**The science is undeniable - we must keep oil and gas in the ground. We must shift our investments to building renewable fuel infrastructure, for the sake of our children and grandchildren.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Jack Balsley  
Pipe Creek, TX 78063

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**We must leave a planet that our grandchildren and their grandchildren can exist on.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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Sincerely,

Jane & Ben Garrett  
Heath, TX 75032

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**We must move away from fossil fuels. I live in Corpus Christi and the hyperexpansion of petrochemical industries is threatening the health of our bay and air.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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Sincerely,

Margaret Duran  
CORPUS CHRISTI, TX 78413

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**We need clean energy. Become a power company, not a fossil fuel dinosaur.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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I ask that TCEQ schedule a public meeting regarding this proposal as quickly as possible, so that people of Bridge City, Texas, and the Houston-Galveston area can make a transparent and informed decision about approving this major source of pollution.

Sincerely,

Sandy Spann Leissler  
ARLINGTON, TX 76001

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**We need more power generated by renewable sources. We do not need any more dinosaur power plants that use fossil fuels. This should not even be a consideration in the 21st century.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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Sincerely,

Diane Duesterhoeft  
San Antonio, TX 78228

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**We need to consider all the environmental factors at play within the region and what building a plant may yield further of those factors or potentially even create new ones. Please consider holding a public meeting to inform and allow transparency to be provided.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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Sincerely,

Virginia Gutierrez  
Universal City, TX 78148

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**We need to do whatever we can to protect our environment from pollution. Lets get going to save our Texas costline.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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Sincerely,

Kathleen Wilson  
Houston, TX 77077

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**We now have a new oil slick in the Gulf of Mexico after hurricane Ida passed. We already have a huge dead zone in the Gulf. This is an area of high hurricane activity and, with climate change, this activity throughout the globe will only be more extreme and more frequent.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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Sincerely,

Nara Wood  
Leonard, TX 75452



Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**We want clean energy only. The time for oil and gas has long past, and their damage is still with us. TCEQ leaders, please host a public meeting and act steadily to stop Entergy from building this polluting power plant -- the plant would damage Texas further and the plant is NOT needed.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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Sincerely,

Sue Batchelor  
Bryan, TX 77802

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I am concerned that Entergy Texas' proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ host a public meeting regarding Entergy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

**Whenever we burn gas for power in Texas, residents are affected along the entire supply chain, starting the fracking operations in the Permian basin and all along the pipeline routes--harming or endangering the air, the water, the environment, and the health and lives of everyone all along the way --and ending with damage to the air and water and the health of residents where the gas is burned. These are no longer necessary costs to pay for the benefit of having electricity; clean alternatives now exist, and are becoming ever more cost-effective. It is vital to invest in the transition to the clean energy of the future, and not the dirty energy of the past.**

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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Sincerely,

Susan Lippman  
Austin, TX 78748

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

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**Why don't you care..**

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Sincerely,

Terry Sailer  
Pattison, TX 77423

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**With the threat of climate change already hitting communities in Texas, we should be investing in clean, renewable energy sources.**

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Sincerely,

Emmalyn Terracciano  
San Antonio, TX 78216

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Sincerely,

San Antonio, TX 78264

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Martin Pesaresi  
San Antonio, TX 78213

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Sincerely,

Michael Earney  
Utopia, TX 78884

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Sincerely,

Michael Dubrick  
Highland Village, TX 75077



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Sincerely,

Sandra La Mont  
Orange, TX 77630

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Analisa Crandall  
Adkins, TX 78101

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Sincerely,

Phil Curry  
Austin, TX 78757

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Catherine Bass  
Rising Star, TX 76471

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Pete Whelan  
Lewisville, TX 75077

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Gilberto Lopez  
Austin, TX 78736

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Barbara Burton  
Kerrville, TX 78028

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Alan Holt  
Manchaca, TX 78652

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Herman Rhein  
South Padre Island, TX 78597

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Richard Pressman  
San Antonio, TX 78230

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Manning Mpinduzi-Mott  
Houston, TX 77021

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Debbie McBride  
Houston, TX 77098

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Kelly Epstein  
Spring, TX 77379

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Ray C. Telfair II, Ph.D.  
Whitehouse, TX 75791

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Rachael Jett  
McKinney, TX 75070



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Lago Vista, TX 78645

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Sincerely,

Kathryn Johnson  
Frisco, TX 75034

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Sincerely,

James Talbot  
Austin, TX 78704

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Jim Anderson  
Garland, TX 75044

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Ryan Reed  
Houston, TX 77047

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Steve Hess  
Dallas, TX 75201

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Nada Chandler  
Houston, TX 77025

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Kambra Allen  
Austin, TX 78749



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Holly Thornell  
Port Arthur, TX 77640

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Susan Myers  
San Antonio, TX 78209

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Margaret Baker  
Rockport, TX 78382

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Anne Caton  
Brenham, TX 77833

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Marian Alexander  
Austin, TX 78731

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Crystal Delgado  
El Paso, TX 79902

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Julia Perry  
Tyler, TX 75708

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Deann Darling  
Arlington, TX 76011



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Martha Gorak  
Katy, TX 77450

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Eugenia Schuler  
Kerrville, TX 78028

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Sincerely,

STEPHEN CRANE  
Paige, TX 78659

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Sincerely,

Sandra Bieri  
Austin, TX 78751

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Sincerely,

Jerell Lambert  
Austin, TX 78748

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Agnes M Klar  
San Antonio, TX 78207

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Jane Jatinen  
Austin, TX 78733

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Sincerely,

James Schweitzer  
Galveston, TX 77551



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Maryrose Cimino  
Dallas, TX 75287

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Donna Brown  
Donna, TX 77550

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Spring Branch, TX 78070

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Cheryl Smith  
Gorman, TX 76454

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San Antonio, TX 78247

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Christine Guldi  
Dallas, TX 75248

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Kevin Rolfes  
Austin, TX 78737

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Duncan Brown  
Canyon, TX 79015



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Bruce Ross  
Katy, TX 77449

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Laura Maverick  
Austin, TX 78723

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Don Sawyer  
Conroe, TX 77302

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Sincerely,

Nikhil Batra  
Austin, TX 78704

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Sincerely,

Jona Morrison  
Portland, TX 78374

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Sincerely,

Sally Jacques  
Austin, TX 78745

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Sincerely,

Cheryl Watson  
Galveston, TX 77551

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Sincerely,

David McAninch  
Houston, TX 77006



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Sincerely,

Margaret Tatum  
Kerrville, TX 78028

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Philip Lemessurier  
San Antonio, TX 78209

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Pat Lastrapes  
Houston, TX 77089

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Jan Smith  
New Braunfels, TX 78130

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Bria Morse  
San Antonio, TX 78205

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Nancy Latner  
DALLAS, TX 75230

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Grace Holman  
Childress, TX 79201

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Jill Robison  
Houston, TX 77077



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Kathy Spera  
Tyler, TX 75706

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Gregg Fletcher  
Frisco, TX 75034

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Eric Scheihagen  
Dallas, TX 75229

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Bonni Scudder  
Cedar Park, TX 78613

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Sincerely,

Steve Englander  
Austin, TX 78704

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Sincerely,

Ann Loera  
Kingwood, TX 77339

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Sincerely,

Al Braden  
Austin, TX 78731

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Sincerely,

Ricardo Rojas  
San Antonio, TX 78215



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Madalynn Carey  
San Antonio, TX 78230

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Sincerely,

Rebecca Iles  
Beaumont, TX 77702

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Frederick Stadelbauer  
Bee Cave, TX 78738

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Sharon Cloninger  
Austin, TX 78757

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John Boyd  
Boerne, TX 78015

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Ivo Van Der Werff  
Houston, TX 77025

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Wylie, TX 75098

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Afton Martin  
Garland, TX 75044



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Gary Barton  
Dallas, TX 75229

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Bill Holt  
Austin, TX 78736

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Eric Casey  
Plano, TX 75075

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Michael Spencer  
TIOGA, TX 76271

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Irene Martinez  
Round Rock, TX 78681

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Sincerely,

Steven G. Kellman  
Shavano Park, TX 78231

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Sincerely,

Linda Berger  
Fort Worth, TX 76137

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Sincerely,

Judy Haas  
Houston, TX 77084



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Sincerely,

Alice Nicholson  
Terrell, TX 75160

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Joyce Overton  
Rowlett, TX 75088

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Sincerely,

Pat Perry  
Tyler, TX 75701

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Victoria Shih  
Plano, TX 75025

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Sarah Page  
Elgin, TX 78621

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Fred Suhr  
McAllen, TX 78504

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Sincerely,

Darren Huff  
Round Rock, TX 78681

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Julia Landress  
Ozona, TX 76943



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Dash Hines  
Houston, TX 77074

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Mary Laskowski  
SPRING, TX 77389

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Michael Buescher  
Lewisville, TX 75077

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Catherine Croom  
Bulverde, TX 78163

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Christian Richer  
Corpus Christi, TX 78413

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Carrie Watson  
Huntsville, TX 77340

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Sincerely,

Paul Bae  
Katy, TX 77494

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Sincerely,

Scott McClimans  
Houston, TX 77037



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Sincerely,

Linda Hahus  
San Antonio, TX 78245

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Sincerely,

Robert Beverly  
Orange, TX 77630

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Dorothea Stoep  
Houston, TX 77079

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Anne Kilgore  
Houston, TX 77009

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Sincerely,

Kurt Schultz  
Austin, TX 78704

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Elizabeth Schaub  
Austin, TX 78705

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Fort Worth, TX 76110

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Becky Wharton  
Bastrop, TX 78602



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Patsy Goss  
Ennis, TX 75119

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Sallie Delahoussaye  
Lockhart, TX 78644

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Sylvia Duncan  
Plano, TX 75075

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Pam Evans  
KEMP, TX 75143

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Thomas Windberg  
Austin, TX 78745

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Vincent Fonseca  
El Paso, TX 79930

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Lisa Wegman  
Wichita Falls, TX 76310

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Sincerely,

Jose Choquehuanca  
Katy, TX 77494



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Sincerely,

Sue Simmons  
Port Arthur, TX 77642

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Theodore Brazeau  
Donna, TX 78537

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San Marcos, TX 78666

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Sincerely,

Dennis Jones  
Corpus Christi, TX 78413

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Pamela Miller  
Tolar, TX 76476

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Mary Adam  
Bryan, TX 77808

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Douglas Rives  
Wheeler, TX 79096



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Kevin Courtney  
Dallas, TX 75249

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Corpus Christi, TX 78415

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Karen Berning  
Fort Worth, TX 76107

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Jim & Sally Galindo  
San Antonio, TX 78247

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Deanna M Pena  
Houston, TX 77036

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Mary Morris  
Georgetown, TX 78633

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Beenda Perkins  
Sugar Land, TX 77479

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Susan Derammelaere  
Arlington, TX 76016



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Sincerely,

Scott Swanson  
Austin, TX 78704

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Sincerely,

Michael Gray  
Mansfield, TX 76063

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Sincerely,

John Haller  
Brownsville, TX 78520

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Melinda Fritsch  
Houston, TX 77084

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Karen Smith  
Houston, TX 77018

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Darlene Aksoy  
Coppell, TX 75019

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Kathryn Melton  
Deer Park, TX 77536

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Sabrina Eckles  
Lubbock, TX 79416



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Carol Pennington  
Manchaca, TX 78652

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Bill Maina  
Dallas, TX 75243

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Andrew Katsetos  
Austin, TX 78704

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Bryan Taylor  
Fort Worth, TX 76107

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Jade Madrid  
Gardendale, TX 79758

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Ellen Buchanan  
Kountze, TX 77625

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Jacky Kusterer  
McKinney, TX 75071

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Norman Williams  
Austin, TX 78748



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Joy Clark  
Waco, TX 76705

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Sincerely,

Cameron Babberney  
Austin, TX 78756

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Sincerely,

Brian Dolenz  
Keller, TX 76248

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Charlene Gagon  
Manchaca, TX 78652

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Patricia Brooks  
Houston, TX 77074

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Sincerely,

Rebecca Pollinzi  
Carrollton, TX 75007

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Donald Cramer  
Corpus Christi, TX 78412

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Brad Youngblood  
Plano, TX 75074



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Stuart Newberg  
Austin, TX 78731

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Plano, TX 75023

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Lisa Stone  
Houston, TX 77096

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Emma Goode-Deblanc  
Spring, TX 77381

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Kelly and Patricia Breazeale  
Dallas, TX 75770

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T. Longoria  
San Antonio, TX 78253

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Tim Milam  
Mission, TX 78572

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Susan Nichols  
Kingwood, TX 77339



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David Burnett  
Ben Arnold, TX 76519

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L A Toner  
Fort Worth, TX 76109

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Sincerely,

Kristin Lewis  
Stafford, TX 77497

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Mark Blandford  
Amarillo, TX 79124

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Sincerely,

Dodie Sweeney  
Alpine, TX 79831

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Natasha Tuckett  
College Station, TX 77845

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Sincerely,

Adele Murphy  
San Antonio, TX 78209

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Sincerely,

Jan Casner  
Dallas, TX 75248



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Robert Stark  
Houston, TX 77062

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Brad Hall  
Huntsville, TX 77320

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Terry Richter  
Houston, TX 77068

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Leah Mackay  
Houston, TX 77034

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Winston Kile  
Houston, TX 77096

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Sherolyn Smith  
Weatherford, TX 76087

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Cheryl Carney  
San Antonio, TX 78201

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Linda Hollar  
Dallas, TX 75234



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Randee Hughes  
Fort Worth, TX 76177

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Alfonso Lopez  
San Antonio, TX 78237

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Debra Atlas  
Weslaco, TX 78596

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Sincerely,

San Antonio, TX 78212

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Sandra Green  
San Antonio, TX 78217

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Marie Sophia Vassilakidis  
Houston, TX 77057

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Sincerely,

Mary Kearney  
Bedford, TX 76022

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Sincerely,

A Patterson  
Dallas, TX 75218



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Leslie O'Loughlin  
Amarillo, TX 79106

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Jon Pitt  
Dallas, TX 75243

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Vivian Andrews-Burke  
New Braunfels, TX 78130

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Joanne Zipay  
Plano, TX 75074

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Pam Pepperell  
Houston, TX 77005

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Barbara Welch  
El Paso, TX 79922



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Kimberly Holborn  
Grapevine, TX 76051

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Robin Yates  
Houston, TX 77059

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Sabrina Cook  
Missouri City, TX 77459

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Katharine Sommerfield  
San Antonio, TX 78232

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Sincerely,

Cindy Engel  
Dallas, TX 75238

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Joe Van Blargan  
Dallas, TX 75214

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Sincerely,

James Bryson  
Houston, TX 77015

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Sincerely,

Christina Gregory  
Beaumont, TX 77706



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Sincerely,

Kaylynn Lyon  
Georgetown, TX 78633

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Sincerely,

Brant Kotch  
Houston, TX 77024

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Richard and Callie Clark  
Houston, TX 77030

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Marie-Anne Schiffmann  
Rockwall, TX 75087

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Allen McCreynolds  
Longview, TX 75601

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San Antonio, TX 78260

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Jennifer Holburn  
Dallas, TX 75238

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A Patterson  
Dallas, TX 75218



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Deyanira Duarte  
Clute, TX 77531

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Greg Sells  
Austin, TX 78741

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Jennifer Koval  
Boerne, TX 78006

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Janet Delaney  
Austin, TX 78731

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Lolita Muhm  
Brazoria, TX 77422

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Sincerely,

Joyce Dixon  
DALLAS, TX 75219

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Sincerely,

Sandra Woodall  
San Antonio, TX 78212

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Sincerely,

Carol Fly  
Austin, TX 78727



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Sincerely,

John Servello  
Shady Shores, TX 76208

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Sincerely,

Sandra Varvel  
El Paso, TX 79936

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Tanya Finney  
El Paso, TX 79912

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James O'Flaherty  
Grapevine, TX 76051

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Yolanda Torres  
Austin, TX 78723

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Selene Perez  
San Antonio, TX 78251

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Robert Gilliland  
Austin, TX 78731

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Vince Mendieta  
Austin, TX 78715



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Linda Mundwiller  
Houston, TX 77024

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Diana Kalish  
San Antonio, TX 78232

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Raul Rodriguez  
Houston, TX 77084

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Terry Sailer  
Pattison, TX 77423

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Andrea Gonzalez  
Brownsville, TX 78521

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William Forbes  
Nacogdoches, TX 75964

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Sincerely,

Karen Baum  
Palestine, TX 75801

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Sincerely,

Cindy Hoffman  
Austin, TX 78704



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Sincerely,

Deborah Goodykoontz  
Houston, TX 77082

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Sincerely,

Bonny Gatchel  
Grandview, TX 76050

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Sincerely,

Cathy Simmons  
Austin, TX 78722

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Sincerely,

Edward Kern  
San Antonio, TX 78253

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Chantal Eldridge  
Austin, TX 78739

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La Porte, TX 77571

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Anne Way  
Jersey Village, TX 77040

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Caryl Elver  
Houston, TX 77065



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Clive O'Donoghue  
Longview, TX 75601

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Gerald Soliday  
Richardson, TX 75080

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George Staff  
Georgetown, TX 78626

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Jerry Mylius  
Austin, TX 78741

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Spring, TX 77380

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Ron Duke  
Hunt, TX 78024

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Sincerely,

Dripping Springs, TX 78620



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Sincerely,

Bulverde, TX 78163

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Sincerely,

Manchaca, TX 78652

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Sincerely,

Peggy Brod  
Katy, TX 77450

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Sincerely,

Jennifer Yacio  
Arlington, TX 76012

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Sincerely,

Raymond Ings  
Plano, TX 75093

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Paula Wyche  
Fort Worth, TX 76132

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Lynn Willhite  
Palestine, TX 75801

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Evelyn Adams  
McKinney, TX 75071



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Sincerely,

Frances Morgan  
El Paso, TX 79930

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Kathy Glass  
San Antonio, TX 78228

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Barbara Pettit  
Lubbock, TX 79416

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Mary Hancock  
Fort Worth, TX 76118

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Stephanie Haley  
Dallas, TX 75230

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Cecil Philip  
LEWISVILLE, TX 75056

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Greg Kay  
Cypress, TX 77433

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Nyla Lenart  
Allen, TX 75013



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Sincerely,

Hank Hammett  
Dallas, TX 75203

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Sincerely,

Roy Waley  
Austin, TX 78756

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Sincerely,

Taryn Geer  
Schertz, TX 78154

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Sincerely,

James Hollis  
League City, TX 77573

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Sincerely,

Andrew Watts  
Houston, TX 77025

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Sincerely,

Tom Bray  
Austin, TX 78748

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Maryanne Delgado

League City. Apt.328, TX 77573

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Sincerely,

Alexander Grant  
Conroe, TX 77385



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Claudia Richner  
Kerrville, TX 78028

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Sincerely,

Carolynn Snyder  
San Antonio, TX 78254

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Amanda Gillespie  
Houston, TX 77095

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Jerry Morrisey  
San Antonio, TX 78259

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Robert Barnes  
The Woodlands, TX 77381

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Lowell Tacker  
San Antonio, TX 78209

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Sharla Ensle  
Austin, TX 78745

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Melssa Lugo  
San Antonio, TX 78251



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Robert King  
Austin, TX 78739

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Sincerely,

Leslie Smith  
San Marcos, TX 78666

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Sincerely,

Kayla Pelton  
Waco, TX 76705

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Sincerely,

Kim Williams  
Houston, TX 77081

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Blake O'Quinn  
Mt Pleasant, TX 75455

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Marquita Tanner  
Corpus Christi, TX 78411

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Sincerely,

Donna Brslik-Lumicao  
Houston, TX 77084

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Sincerely,

Garland Stevenson  
Telephone, TX 75488



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Brian Leonard  
BRYAN, TX 77802

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Sincerely,

Linda steward  
Pattison, TX 77466

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Carol Whalen  
Austin, TX 78730

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Diane Moore  
Dallas, TX 75205

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Jan Beauchamp  
Corsicana, TX 75110

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Harmon Lisnow  
Austin, TX 78737

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Lisa Yelenick  
Houston, TX 77095



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Sarah Pacheco  
Austin, TX 78747

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Maria Vela  
SAN ANTONIO, TX 78201

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Sincerely,

Jan Parham  
Wylie, TX 75098

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Sincerely,

Margarita Bach  
Eules, TX 76039

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Sincerely,

Tanya Teneyuque  
Houston, TX 77004

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Gloria Bertrand  
Houston, TX 77004

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Sincerely,

Diana Franta  
Pharr, TX 78577

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Sincerely,

Kylara Hunter  
Donna, TX 78537



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James Evans  
Austin, TX 78737

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Claudia Morgan  
Houston, TX 77006

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Marce Walsh  
Houston, TX 77066

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Susan Knabeschuh  
Beaumont, TX 77706

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Jason Richter  
Houston, TX 77074

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Angela Wilkinson  
Universl City, TX 78148

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Gary Graham  
Plantersville, TX 77363

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Nancy Hardwick  
Garden Ridge, TX 78266



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Vernon Berger  
Austin, TX 78731

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Patrick De La Garza Und Senkel  
McAllen, TX 78501

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Dana Spottswood  
San Antonio, TX 78209

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Sincerely,

Mavis Belisle  
Dallas, TX 75233

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Sincerely,

James Deleon  
Plano, TX 75023

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Sincerely,

Chris Brunner  
Allen, TX 75002

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Barbara Sargent  
El Paso, TX 79934

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Sincerely,

Jim Summers  
AUSTIN, TX 78748



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Sincerely,

Lynda Alvarez  
Arlington, TX 76013

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Sue Holtz  
Garland, TX 75040

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Erica Brown  
Dallas, TX 75287

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Katherine Pickett  
Houston, TX 77094

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Nancy Fullerton  
San Antonio, TX 78212

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Joanna And Larry Vaughn  
Austin, TX 78702

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Pamela Vangiessen  
Houston, TX 77009

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James Baker  
San Marcos, TX 78666



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Nicole Punday  
Frisco, TX 75035

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Patricia Flynn-Williams  
Midland, TX 79706

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Zeoma Olszewski  
El Paso, TX 79924

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Sarah Sudheer  
Austin, TX 78750

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Sincerely,

Denise Jones  
Conroe, TX 77305

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Sincerely,

Steve Chelewski  
San Antonio, TX 78228

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Sincerely,

Diane Carmona  
Live Oak, TX 78233

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Sincerely,

Barbara Lavender  
Haslet, TX 76052



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Sincerely,

Rajesh Iyer  
Round Rock, TX 78681

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Sincerely,

Rick Becker  
Galveston, TX 77550

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Kathy Harrison  
Sugar Land, TX 77498

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Dorothea Theus  
Colleyville, TX 76034

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Evelyn Granahan  
Houston, TX 77059

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Glyn Bailey  
Seabrook, TX 77586

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John Bridgest  
San Antonio, TX 78250

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Michael Dunson  
Belton, TX 76513



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Shaureece Park  
Denton, TX 76201

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Jennie Barajas  
Helotes, TX 78023

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Joseph Garfunkel  
Houston, TX 77086

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Vincent Goetz  
Arlington, TX 76013

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According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

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Sincerely,

Rona Neuneker  
Austin, TX 78727

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Kenneth Walter  
Dallas, TX 75225

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Sincerely,

Rhona Richardson  
Katy, TX 77449



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Sincerely,

Jim Summers  
AUSTIN, TX 78748

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Sincerely,

Steven Rosenberg  
El Paso, TX 79936

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Sincerely,

Laurie Abshire  
Allen, TX 75002

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Mary Cato  
Arlington, TX 76012

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Benjamin Alpers  
Austin, TX 78721

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Zach Myones  
Sugar Land, TX 77478

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**I live Near bad old Texas city's refineries, our state needs to clean up the state, not continue just polluting our way to destroying our country**

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Mark Daniels  
Galveston, TX 77550

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Suzanne Ivy  
Paige, TX 78659



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**We must stop pollution of the Gulf and our coastline. Hold a public hearing so that the polluter cannot pollute anymore. Let the public tell you why this project should not be approved, or if approved strict limits and cleanups must be required and enforced.**

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Jo Ann Duman  
Texarkana, TX 75503

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Suzanne O'Brien  
Dallas, TX 75228

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Sincerely,

Edward Whitehead  
Austin, TX 78727

**Lori Rowe**

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**From:** PUBCOMMENT-OCC  
**Sent:** Wednesday, September 15, 2021 3:54 PM  
**To:** PUBCOMMENT-OCC2; PUBCOMMENT-OPIC; PUBCOMMENT-ELD; PUBCOMMENT-APD  
**Subject:** FW: Public comment on Permit Number 166032  
**Attachments:** Sierra Club Comment on Application and Request for Hearing.pdf

PM  
H

NSR  
~~166032~~  
124528

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**From:** joshua.smith@sierraclub.org <joshua.smith@sierraclub.org>  
**Sent:** Tuesday, September 14, 2021 4:25 PM  
**To:** PUBCOMMENT-OCC <PUBCOMMENT-OCC@tceq.texas.gov>  
**Subject:** Public comment on Permit Number 166032

**REGULATED ENTY NAME** SABINE PLANT

**RN NUMBER:** RN102513041

**PERMIT NUMBER:** 166032

**DOCKET NUMBER:**

**COUNTY:** ORANGE

**PRINCIPAL NAME:** ENTERGY TEXAS INC

**CN NUMBER:** CN603282054

**FROM**

**NAME:** Joshua Smith

**E-MAIL:** [joshua.smith@sierraclub.org](mailto:joshua.smith@sierraclub.org)

**COMPANY:** Sierra Club

**ADDRESS:** 2101 WEBSTER ST Suite 1300  
OAKLAND CA 94612-3011

**PHONE:** 5034847194

**FAX:**

**COMMENTS:** On behalf of nearly 30,000 members in Texas—including the approximately 465 members and supporters who live, work, and recreate in or around Orange County, Texas—Sierra Club, Environmental Integrity Project, Environment Texas, Air Alliance Houston, Clean Energy Fund of Texas, Inc., Port Arthur Community Action Network, and

Texas Campaign for the Environment (collectively, the "Conservation Organizations") submit the attached comments on the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality's ("TCEQ's") Notice of Receipt of Application and Intent to Obtain Air Permit for the Entergy Texas, Inc., Orange County Advanced Power Station, Proposed Air Quality Permit 166032, Prevention of Significant Deterioration Permit PSDTX1598, Greenhouse Gas Prevention of Significant Deterioration Permit GHGPSDTX210. Given the size and scope of the proposed project, and the complexity of the requested Prevention of Significant Deterioration ("PSD") permit and associated air quality analysis, the Conservation Organizations, including at least 465 members and supporters, respectfully request a public meeting so that interested members of the public and our members and supporters can better understand the Application and any proposed permit. See 30 T.A.C. § 55.154(c)(1) and (3). We further urge TCEQ to deny Entergy's request for expedited permit processing, and to provide the public with notice and an opportunity to more fully review the permit file and provide more complete comments on any proposed permit.



VIA [www14.tceq.texas.gov/epic/eComment/](http://www14.tceq.texas.gov/epic/eComment/)

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality  
Office of the Chief Clerk, MC-105  
P.O. Box 13087  
Austin, Texas 78711-3087

September 14, 2021

**RE: Conservation Organizations' Comments and Request for Public Meeting; Notice of Receipt of Application and Intent to Obtain Air Permit, Entergy Texas, Inc., Orange County Advanced Power Station, Proposed Air Quality Permit 166032, Prevention of Significant Deterioration Permit PSDTX1598, Greenhouse Gas Prevention of Significant Deterioration Permit GHGPSDTX210**

To whom it may concern,

On behalf of nearly 30,000 members in Texas—including the approximately 465 members and supporters who live, work, and recreate in or around Orange County, Texas—Sierra Club, Environmental Integrity Project, Environment Texas, Air Alliance Houston, Clean Energy Fund of Texas, Inc., Port Arthur Community Action Network, and Texas Campaign for the Environment (collectively, the “Conservation Organizations”) submit these preliminary comments on the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality’s (“TCEQ’s”) Notice of Receipt of Application and Intent to Obtain Air Permit for the Entergy Texas, Inc., Orange County Advanced Power Station, Proposed Air Quality Permit 166032, Prevention of Significant Deterioration Permit PSDTX1598, Greenhouse Gas Prevention of Significant Deterioration Permit GHGPSDTX210.

Based on Entergy’s August 14 and 15 Notices of Application and Intent to Obtain a Permit, the public has only 30 days—until September 14, 2021—to evaluate and provide comment on hundreds of pages of highly-technical technology analyses, emissions calculations, and air dispersion modeling. To make matters more difficult, the Application materials were not made readily available to the public despite multiple public information requests seeking those documents. And when TCEQ finally produced the hundreds of pages of documents—just two business days before the comment deadline—there were apparent deficiencies in the

underlying air quality modeling, effectively precluding the public from providing fully informed comments on the Application itself.

Given the size and scope of the proposed project, and the complexity of the requested Prevention of Significant Deterioration (“PSD”) permit and associated air quality analysis, the Conservation Organizations, including at least 465 members and supporters, respectfully request a public meeting so that interested members of the public and our members and supporters can better understand the Application and any proposed permit. *See* 30 T.A.C. § 55.154(c)(1) and (3).<sup>1</sup> We further urge TCEQ to deny Entergy’s request for expedited permit processing, and to provide the public with notice and an opportunity to more fully review the permit file and provide more complete comments on any proposed permit.

## I. ENTERGY’S PROPOSED GAS PLANT

Entergy Texas, Inc., proposes to construct a 1,215 megawatt (“MW”) fossil gas-burning combined-cycle turbine power plant adjacent to the existing Sabine power plant in Orange County, Texas.<sup>2</sup> Because the plant would consist of two gas-burning combustion turbines, each capable of co-firing up to 30% hydrogen, the facility is subject to additional disaster review under 40 C.F.R. Part 68.<sup>3</sup> That disaster review and management plan are not included in the publicly-available Application. If constructed, the facility will emit approximately 4 million tons of carbon dioxide equivalents annually, as well as thousands of tons of conventional pollutants in an area that has already experienced a significant increase in industrial development in recent years.<sup>4</sup>

Residents of the Orange County and greater Houston-Galveston region area are already exposed to some of the highest ozone levels in the Central United States. The proposed power plant will only contribute to unhealthy increases pollution levels that would affect the air quality and health of nearby communities, including children and senior citizens susceptible to higher risks of respiratory illnesses due to the proximity of the plant to schools and homes. Indeed, the proposed gas plant—which will emit approximately 2,000 tons per year of harmful particulate matter, nitrogen oxides, volatile organic compounds, and other toxic pollutants—is just 1.3 miles to the southwest of Bridge City Elementary and Intermediate Schools. As the Application indicates, the prevailing winds will

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<sup>1</sup> *See* Ex. 1 (collection of 465 individual Sierra Club members and supporters requesting a public meeting on the proposed permit, including 92 individual, personal comments raising concerns about the project).

<sup>2</sup> PSD Application for Orange County Power Station at 1, Project No.: 0574234, CN603282054, RN102513041 (July 15, 2021).

<sup>3</sup> *Id.* at 30.

<sup>4</sup> *Id.* at 22.

frequently carry pollution from the power plant directly to the schools.<sup>5</sup> Moreover, the nearby Houston-Galveston region is already in violation of EPA’s health-based National Ambient Air Quality Standards (“NAAQS”) for ozone, and the Application likewise indicates that emissions from the facility will drift to the nonattainment area, likely exacerbating the failing air quality in the Houston area.

Texas’s failing air quality has adverse and well-documented public health and economic consequences for the millions of Texans that live in the greater Houston areas, where EPA has deemed the air quality unsafe to breathe. More than 13% of Texas children under the age of 18 will have asthma over the course of their childhood, and nearly 9% of children currently have asthma.<sup>6</sup> Children, the elderly, minorities, and low-income households are especially sensitive to ground-level smog, and often bear a disproportionate asthma burden. Non-Hispanic blacks have the highest asthma hospitalization rates out of any group in Texas—double the rate of non-Hispanic whites. Moreover, black Texans are twice as likely as white Texans to visit the emergency department for asthma. And Black Texans are nearly 2.5 times more likely to die from asthma than white Texans.<sup>7</sup>

## II. COMMENTS

### A. TCEQ Must Hold a Public Meeting on the Proposed Permit.

Under 30 T.A.C. § 55.154(c)(1), the executive director or the Office of the Chief Clerk “shall” hold a public meeting on a proposed permit if the executive director determines that there is a substantial or significant degree of public interest in the application. Under section 55.154(c)(3), the agency must hold a public meeting if an interested person requests one regarding a draft PSD permit or “air quality analysis.”

TCEQ must hold a public meeting on the Entergy Application under either standard. First, as reflected in the attached, individual comments, at least 455 Sierra Club members and supporters have expressed concerns regarding the proposed permit and specifically request a public meeting to better understand the Application and its potential environmental and public health impacts.<sup>8</sup> These comments, which include at least 90 individualized sets of comments on the

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<sup>5</sup> See Orange County Advanced Power Station Air Dispersion Modeling Protocol at 19 (July 21, 2021).

<sup>6</sup> Center for Disease Control, National Center for Environmental Health, Asthma in Texas, [http://www.cdc.gov/asthma/stateprofiles/asthma\\_in\\_tx.pdf](http://www.cdc.gov/asthma/stateprofiles/asthma_in_tx.pdf); Texas Dep’t of State Health Services, 2010 Texas Asthma Burden Report, <https://www.dshs.state.tx.us/WorkArea/linkit.aspx?LinkIdentifier=id&ItemID=8589994855>.

<sup>7</sup> *Id.* at 20.

<sup>8</sup> See Ex. 1.



proposed gas plant, make clear that there is “significant degree of public interest” in the Application, and TCEQ must therefore hold a public hearing. 30 T.A.C. § 55.154(c)(1).

Second, in addition to the significant public interest in the proposed gas plant, TCEQ must hold a public meeting because the Conservation Organizations specifically request such a meeting regarding the proposed PSD permit and underlying air quality analysis. 30 T.A.C. § 55.154(c)(3). Among other PSD issues, the Conservation Organizations have numerous concerns about Entergy’s underlying air quality analysis, which are not readily discernible from the Application or the current permit file. As an initial matter, it does not appear that Entergy has completed the required, final air quality modeling according to TCEQ’s specifications.<sup>9</sup> Specifically, TCEQ’s August 16, 2021 deficiency letter and PSD modeling protocol response identify multiple and fundamental deficiencies in Entergy’s modeling protocol for the Orange County facility, including, among other missing analyses, the need to provide “full documentation for each source characterization and complete technical justification for” the project’s emission sources,<sup>10</sup> the need to “consider all new and increased emissions from the site related to the project,” including emissions from maintenance, startup, and shutdown activities in conducting both the NAAQS and increment analysis,<sup>11</sup> the need to provide a “full increment analysis for PM2.5,”<sup>12</sup> and the need to provide a speciated VOC evaluation as part of “health effects analysis in addition to VOCs being evaluated as part of ozone formation.”<sup>13</sup> TCEQ’s Notice of Deficiency directs Entergy to provide a complete response and a revised modeling protocol by September 18, 2021—after the deadline for public comment on the Application.

The Conservation Organizations share TCEQ’s initial concerns about Entergy’s modeling protocol. Moreover, it is critical that the public also have an opportunity to review and provide comment on Entergy’s underlying modeling files to confirm the extent and significance of the air quality impacts of the proposed project, evaluate whether the project contributes to nonattainment, and evaluate whether the project exceeds significant impact levels or requires a comprehensive evaluation of all emissions from the proposed project and nearby facilities.

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<sup>9</sup> See Aug. 19, 2021 Email from Huy Pham to Annisa White, 20210824\_094344\_EMAIL\_RE Application Deficiency Permit 166032 Entergy Texas Inc, Project 331768.pdf

<sup>10</sup> See Aug. 16, 2021 Entergy Texas Inc Air Quality Analysis Protocol § 1.3, AIR NSR\_xPrimaryID-331768\_Permits\_Public\_20210817\_Modeling\_5743678\_.pdf

<sup>11</sup> *Id.* § 2.6.2.

<sup>12</sup> *Id.* § 3.0.

<sup>13</sup> *Id.* § 1.1.

In sum, given the size and scope of the proposed project, and the complexity of the requested PSD permit and associated air quality analysis, and the requests of the Conservation Organizations and at least 455 individual members and supporters, TCEQ must hold a public meeting so that the public and our members and supporters may better understand the Application and any proposed permit. *See* 30 T.A.C. § 55.154(c)(1) and (3).

### **B. Entergy Has Not Demonstrated That Expedited Permitting Is Appropriate.**

In its Application, Entergy requests expedited processing because of the purported benefits of the proposed project to the local economy. Under 30 T.A.C. § 101, 600, however, TCEQ “may” expedite the processing of a permit application only if the applicant “demonstrates that the purpose of the application will benefit the economy,” and executive director determines that expediting the permit will, in fact, benefit the economy. Here, Entergy’s Application fails to demonstrate that this proposed permit qualifies for expedited processing; and the public’s interest in transparency and the opportunity to fully evaluate the environmental and air quality impacts of a 1,200 MW fossil gas plant weighs against fast-tracking this permit. As an initial matter, Entergy’s conclusory, one-sentence assertion that the project will result in incidental benefits to the local economy through the addition of jobs is simply inadequate to demonstrate that “the purpose” of the project is to benefit the economy.<sup>14</sup> In fact, Entergy’s representations to its shareholders suggest that the Company’s goal in proposing this particular gas plant is to “leverage” existing infrastructure, including hydrogen pipelines that might be used to fuel the facility.<sup>15</sup> In any event, the Company makes no effort to quantify the jobs that will supposedly be created or to compare that figure to alternative generation proposals, such as a mix of renewable and energy efficiency options.

Given the scope, volume of data, and complexity of the Application, as well as the size of the proposed gas plant and Entergy’s proposal to transport and co-fire hydrogen, the Conservation Organizations believe that expedited permitting is not appropriate. To provide the public an opportunity to fully analyze the potential impacts of the proposed permit, which contemplates a novel hydrogen co-firing option, and provide meaningful comments on this highly-technical BACT and air quality modeling analyses, TCEQ should deny Entergy’s proposal to fast-track this permit. Instead, the agency should follow its standard practice for processing and permitting major fossil-fuel burning power plants with the potential to substantially increase pollution in the area.

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<sup>14</sup> *See* Application at 2; *see also* Expedited Permitting Request, Form APD-EXP, OTHER\_INFORMATION\_20210729\_013753.pdf.

<sup>15</sup> *See* Ex. 2, slide 22.

To the extent that standard permit processing would delay a final permit decision, we believe any delay would be minimal and outweighed by the value of administrative transparency, carefully considering public input, technical comments, and making any necessary permit revisions. Conversely, given the scope and complexity of the proposed permit, expedited processing will hamper the public's ability to review all of the relevant technical data and provide meaningful legal and technical comments. Moreover, fast-tracking this proposed permit will adversely affect the Conservation Organizations' and their supporters' interests in pollution reduction, the environment, as well their health and welfare. To provide a more transparent and comprehensive public participation process, we respectfully request that TCEQ deny the request for expedited processing.

### **C. TCEQ's Public Participation Process Was Deficient**

Finally, the Conservation Organizations have serious concerns about TCEQ's compliance with Texas's public notice requirements in processing Entergy's Application and Notice of Intent to Obtain a Permit. As an initial matter, contrary to the public notice and the agency's regulations, TCEQ failed to make the Application available for "viewing and copying at the TCEQ central office."<sup>16</sup> On September 10, 2021, in response to an in-person visit to the central office to review the permit file, TCEQ informed Sierra Club staff that they did not have the Application. Moreover, despite multiple electronic public records requests for the Application materials, TCEQ also failed to produce the Application and supporting documents. And when the agency did provide the Application materials—just two business days before the deadline for public comment—the file was incomplete, missing records of several communications between TCEQ and Entergy regarding deficiencies in the Application.<sup>17</sup> We also note that the contact information listed in the Notice of Application for the Entergy contact was incorrect, which not only defeats the requirements of the agency's public notice requirements,<sup>18</sup> but impedes the ability of the public to obtain and evaluate the Application.

Although the Conservation Organizations were able to obtain a copy of the Application two business days before the comment deadline as a result of repeated requests, the difficulties in obtaining information about this project suggest that the

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<sup>16</sup> See Notice of Application at 1.

<sup>17</sup> Sierra Club discovered these discrepancies only by comparing TCEQ's September 10, 2021 document production to the full permit file, which was obtained by Environmental Integrity Project through a separate request.

<sup>18</sup> 30 T.A.C. § 39.411(e)(2) requires the Notice of Application to include the name, address, and telephone number of the applicant so that the public may obtain further information. The phone number for the Entergy contact listed in the Notice of Application has been disconnected and as such, it was not possible to obtain additional information through the Applicant.

general public lacks access to basic information about the potential impacts of this project. In short, the lack of transparency and difficulty obtaining the Application for this project provide further support for holding a public meeting in this case so that interested members of the public may ask questions and fully evaluate Entergy's Application to construct and operate for many years a very large fossil gas-burning power plant in the Bridge City community.

### III. CONCLUSION

The Conservation Organizations and their members and supporters have serious concerns about the potential environmental and public health impacts of Entergy's proposal to build a new gas-burning power plant in an area that is already exposed to some of the highest pollution levels in the Central United States. Based on the Conservation Organizations' difficulties obtaining basic information about the proposed project, we have significant concerns about the ability of the public to engage in, and obtain information about, the process. We urge TCEQ to deny Entergy's request for expedited permit processing so that the public may fully evaluate any proposed permit and provide meaningful comment. Moreover, given the size and scope of the proposed project, and the complexity of the requested PSD permit and associated air quality analysis, the Conservation Organizations respectfully request a public meeting so that interested members of the public and our members and supporters may better understand the Application and any proposed permit. *See* 30 T.A.C. § 55.154(c)(1) and (3).

Sincerely,

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/s/ Luke Metzger  
Executive Director  
Environment Texas  
[luke@environmenttexas.org](mailto:luke@environmenttexas.org)

/s/ Steve Brown  
Chief Executive Officer  
Clean Energy Fund of Texas, Inc.

/s/ Jeffrey Jacoby  
Deputy Director  
Texas Campaign for the Environment

/s/ John Beard  
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer  
Port Arthur Community Action  
Network

**Lori Rowe**

---

**From:** PUBCOMMENT-OCC  
**Sent:** Wednesday, September 15, 2021 3:49 PM  
**To:** PUBCOMMENT-OCC2; PUBCOMMENT-OPIC; PUBCOMMENT-ELD; PUBCOMMENT-APD  
**Subject:** FW: Public comment on Permit Number 166032  
**Attachments:** Ex. 2 Entergy Corporation\_EP\_2021-06-30\_English.pdf

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**From:** joshua.smith@sierraclub.org <joshua.smith@sierraclub.org>  
**Sent:** Tuesday, September 14, 2021 4:29 PM  
**To:** PUBCOMMENT-OCC <PUBCOMMENT-OCC@tceq.texas.gov>  
**Subject:** Public comment on Permit Number 166032

**REGULATED ENTY NAME** SABINE PLANT

**RN NUMBER:** RN102513041

**PERMIT NUMBER:** 166032

**DOCKET NUMBER:**

**COUNTY:** ORANGE

**PRINCIPAL NAME:** ENTERGY TEXAS INC

**CN NUMBER:** CN603282054

**FROM**

**NAME:** Joshua Smith

**E-MAIL:** [joshua.smith@sierraclub.org](mailto:joshua.smith@sierraclub.org)

**COMPANY:**

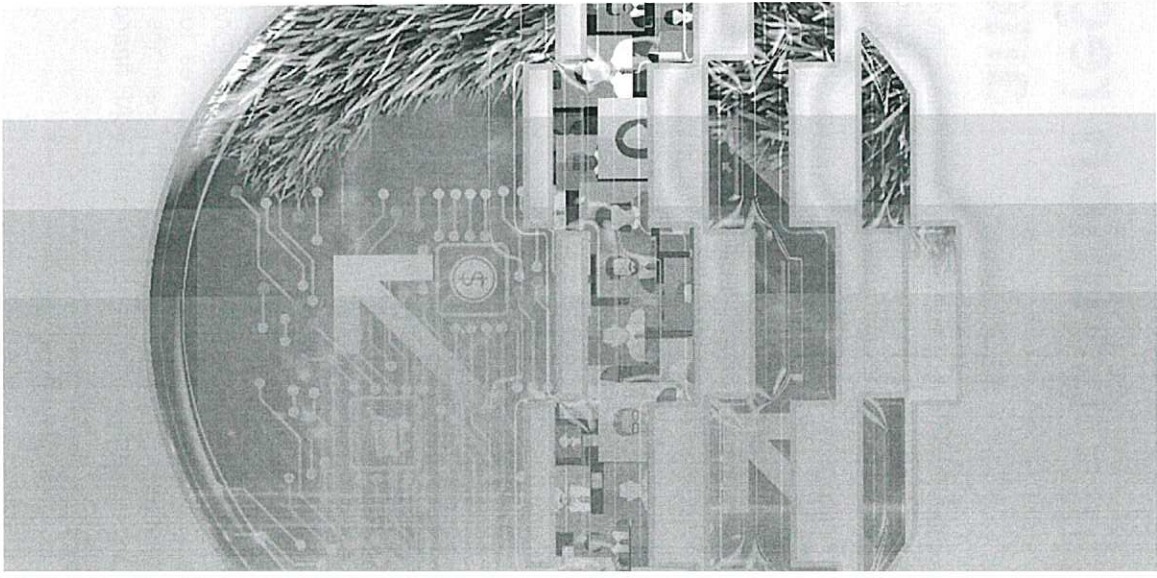
**ADDRESS:** 2101 WEBSTER ST STE 1300  
OAKLAND CA 94612-3546

**PHONE:** 5034847194

**FAX:**

**COMMENTS:** On behalf of nearly 30,000 members in Texas—including the approximately 465 members and supporters who live, work, and recreate in or around Orange County, Texas—Sierra Club, Environmental Integrity Project, Environment Texas, Air Alliance Houston, Clean Energy Fund of Texas, Inc., Port Arthur Community Action Network, and Texas Campaign for the Environment (collectively, the “Conservation Organizations”) submit the attached Exhibit 2

supporting their preliminary comments on the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality's ("TCEQ's") Notice of Receipt of Application and Intent to Obtain Air Permit for the Entergy Texas, Inc., Orange County Advanced Power Station, Proposed Air Quality Permit 166032, Prevention of Significant Deterioration Permit PSDTX1598, Greenhouse Gas Prevention of Significant Deterioration Permit GHGPSDTX210.



August 4, 2021

Entergy  
Corporation  
Second Quarter  
Earnings Call

# Building the Premier Utility

# Caution regarding forward-looking statements and Regulation G compliance

In this presentation, and from time to time, Entergy Corporation makes certain “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such forward-looking statements include, among other things, statements regarding Entergy’s 2021 earnings guidance; its current financial and operational outlooks; and other statements of Entergy’s plans, beliefs, or expectations included in this presentation. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which apply only as of the date of this presentation. Except to the extent required by the federal securities laws, Entergy undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

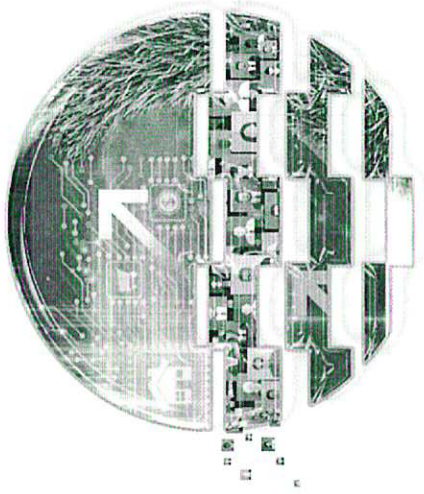
Forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks, uncertainties, and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in such forward-looking statements, including (a) those factors discussed elsewhere in this presentation and in Entergy’s most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K, any subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, and Entergy’s other reports and filings made under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; (b) uncertainties associated with (1) rate proceedings, formula rate plans, and other cost recovery mechanisms, including the risk that costs may not be recoverable to the extent anticipated by the utilities and (2) implementation of the ratemaking effects of changes in law; (c) uncertainties associated with efforts to remediate the effects of major storms and recover related restoration costs; (d) risks associated with operating nuclear facilities, including plant relicensing, operating, and regulatory costs and risks; (e) changes in decommissioning trust fund values or earnings or in the timing or cost of decommissioning Entergy’s nuclear plant sites; (f) legislative and regulatory actions and risks and uncertainties associated with claims or litigation by or against Entergy and its subsidiaries; (g) risks and uncertainties associated with executing on business strategies, including strategic transactions that Entergy or its subsidiaries may undertake and the risk that any such transaction may not be completed as and when expected and the risk that the anticipated benefits of the transaction may not be realized; (h) effects of changes in federal, state, or local laws and regulations and other governmental actions or policies, including changes in monetary, fiscal, tax, environmental, or energy policies; (i) the effects of changes in commodity markets, capital markets, or economic conditions; (j) impacts from a terrorist attack, cybersecurity threats, data security breaches, or other attempts to disrupt Entergy’s business or operations, and/or other catastrophic events; (k) the direct and indirect impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on Entergy and its customers; and (l) the effects of technological change, including the costs, pace of development, and commercialization of new and emerging technologies.

This presentation includes the non-GAAP financial measures of adjusted EPS; adjusted ROE; adjusted ROE, excluding affiliate preferred; parent debt to total debt, excluding securitization debt; FFO to debt, excluding securitization debt; FFO to debt, excluding securitization debt, return of unprotected excess ADIT, and severance and retention payments associated with exit of EWC; and adjusted EBITDA when describing Entergy’s results of operations and financial performance. We have prepared reconciliations of these financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP measure, which can be found in this presentation. This presentation should be considered together with the Entergy earnings release to which this teleconference relates, which is posted on the company’s website at [www.entergy.com](http://www.entergy.com) and which contains further information on non-GAAP financial measures.



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Financial summaries and Regulation G reconciliations	52-57



# Uniquely positioned to be the Premier Utility

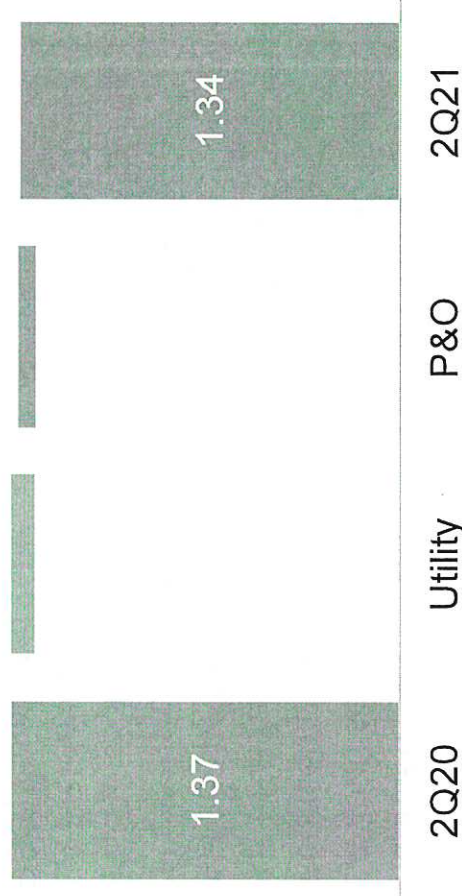
- ✔ Industry leader in critical measures of sustainability
- ✔ Among the lowest retail rates in the U.S.
- ✔ One of the cleanest large-scale generation fleets in the U.S.
- ✔ Robust capital plan to meet our customers' evolving needs
- ✔ Strong 5% to 7% adjusted EPS growth
- ✔ Expect dividend growth rate in line with adjusted EPS growth rate by 4Q21
- ✔ Commitment to continuous improvement
- ✔ Unique opportunity to provide sustainability solutions to industrial customers

# 2021 key deliverables

1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q
✓ MCPS in service	✓ E-AR 2020 solar RFP announced (added 2Q)	• Liberty County Solar decision (PUCT)	• ~3M advanced meters installed (cumulative)
✓ MCPS in rates	✓ E-MS IRP filing	• OCAPS filing (PUCT)	• Sunflower Solar project completed
✓ NOSS in rates	✓ Walnut Bend Solar decision (APSC) (rec'd 3Q)	• West Memphis Solar decision (APSC)	• Searcy Solar project completed
✓ E-TX 2021 solar RFP announced	✓ E-NO annual FRP filing (filed 3Q)	• E-LA renewable RFP selections	• E-AR IRP filing
✓ E-LA 2020 solar RFP announced (added 1Q)	✓ E-MS FRP rates effective	✓ E-AR FRP filing	• E-TX Power Through decision (expect to be addressed in 2022)
✓ E-AR FRP rates effective	✓ E-MS FRP decision (MPSC)	• E-LA FRP rates effective	• MTEP 2021 approval
✓ E-AR 2021 FRP rehearing and FRP extension decisions (APSC) (resolved 2Q)	✓ E-LA FRP filing	• E-TX 2021 DCRF filing	• E-NO FRP rates effective
✓ E-LA FRP extension decision (LPSC) (completed 2Q)	✓ E-TX 2020 DCRF decision (PUCT)	• E-TX 2021 TCRF filing	• E-AR FRP decision
✓ E-MS annual FRP filing	✓ E-TX 2020 TCRF decision (PUCT)		• Annual dividend review
✓ E-LA storm cost filing (filed 2Q)	✓ E-NO storm cost filing		
✓ E-TX storm cost filing (filed 2Q)	✓ Indian Point 3 shutdown		
✓ SERI ROE initial decision (ALJ)	✓ Indian Point sale to Holtec		

# Second quarter highlights

Energy adjusted EPS; \$

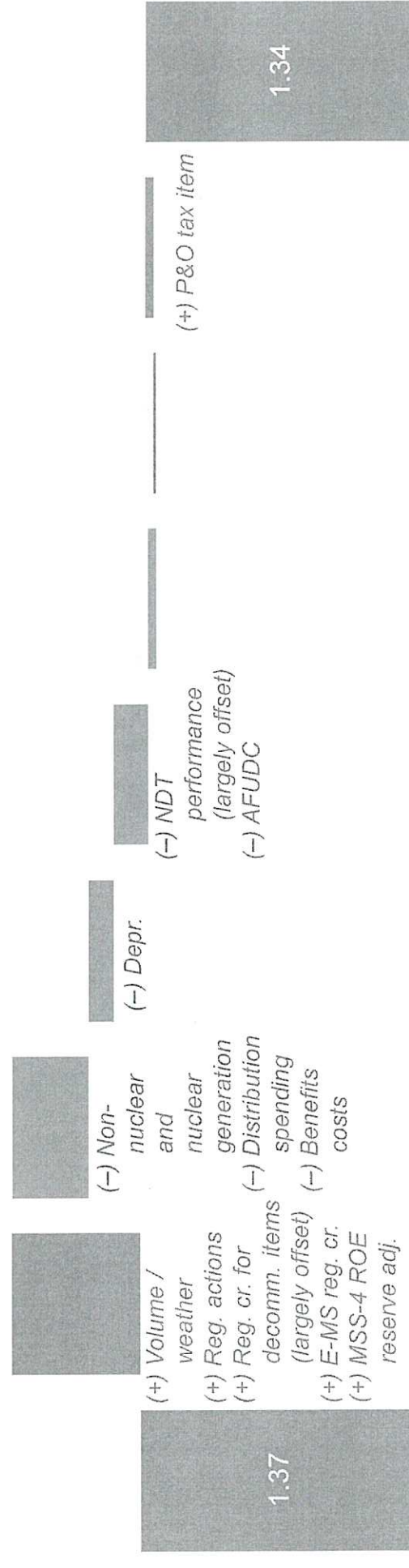


## Key takeaways

- Another solid quarter that keeps us on track for guidance
- Continue to execute on key deliverables
- Strong plan with significant certainty to deliver on commitments to stakeholders

# Second quarter Entergy adjusted EPS

Entergy adjusted EPS; \$



	2Q20	Utility operating rev. less fuel, purch. power and reg. chrgs. <sup>1</sup>	Utility other O&M	Utility other operating expenses <sup>2</sup>	Utility other income	Utility interest exp.	P&O excl. income taxes / other	Income taxes <sup>1</sup>	2Q21
2Q20	1.37								1.34

See Financial summaries and Regulation G reconciliations section for earnings summary 201M and 201M diluted average common shares outstanding for 2Q21 and 2Q20, respectively

<sup>1</sup> Utility operating revenue / regulatory charges and Utility income taxes exclude \$14M in 2Q21 and \$15M in 2Q20 for the return of unprotected excess ADIT to customers (net effect is neutral to earnings)

<sup>2</sup> Other operating expenses include nuclear refueling outage expense, depreciation expense, taxes other than income taxes, and decommissioning expense

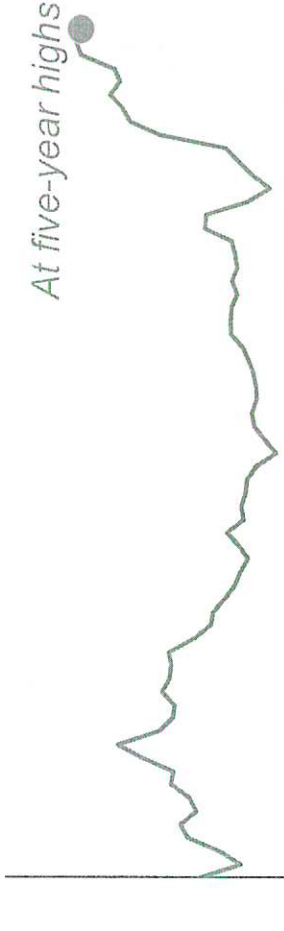
# Strong second quarter industrial sales

## U.S. industrial segment health metrics

Refining margins, LLS 321 crack spread



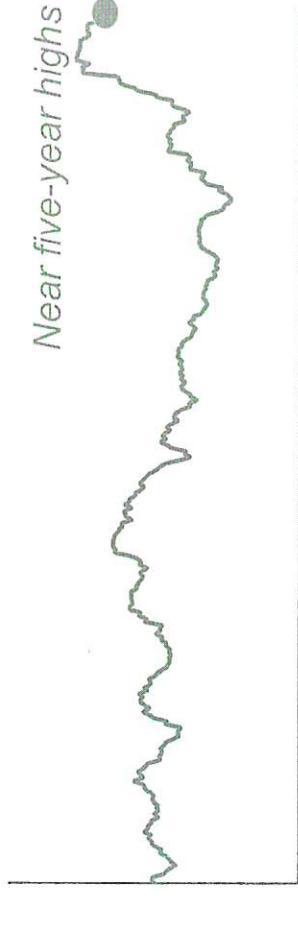
Chlor-alkali, PVC margins, \$/MT



Steel, capacity utilization

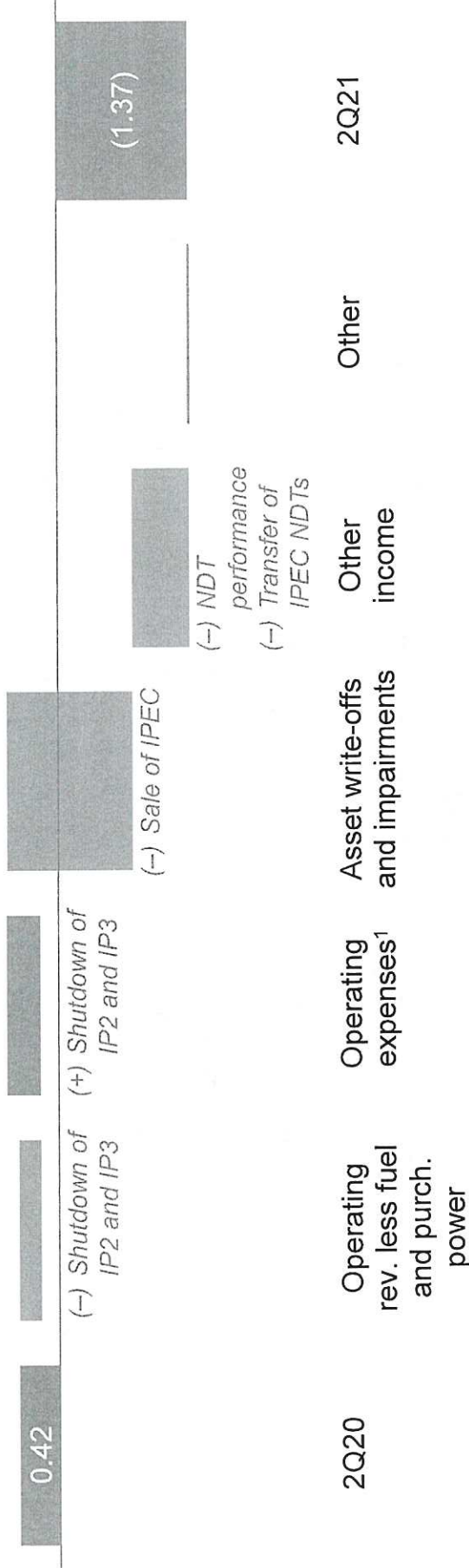


Petrochemicals, polyethylene margins, \$/MT



# Second quarter EWC as-reported EPS

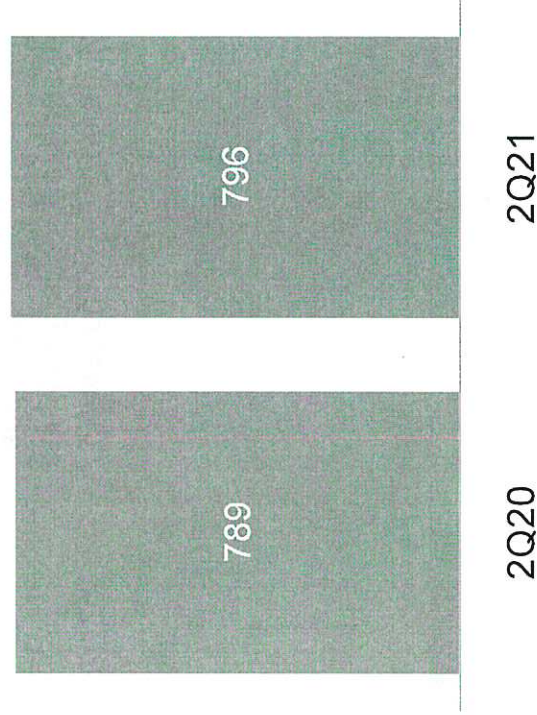
EWC as-reported EPS; \$



See Financial summaries and Regulation G reconciliations section for earnings summary 201M and 201M diluted average common shares outstanding for 2Q21 and 2Q20, respectively  
<sup>1</sup> Operating expenses include other O&M, nuclear refueling outage expense, depreciation expense, taxes other than income taxes, and decommissioning expense

# Second quarter OCF

Consolidated OCF; \$M



Key drivers

- Higher collections from Utility customers

Largely offset by

- Timing of fuel and purchased power cost recovery
- Higher EWC severance and retention payments
- Payments related to 2020 storm restoration (non-capital portion)
- DOE proceeds in 2Q20



# Credit and liquidity

FFO to debt affected by timing of storm costs vs. recovery



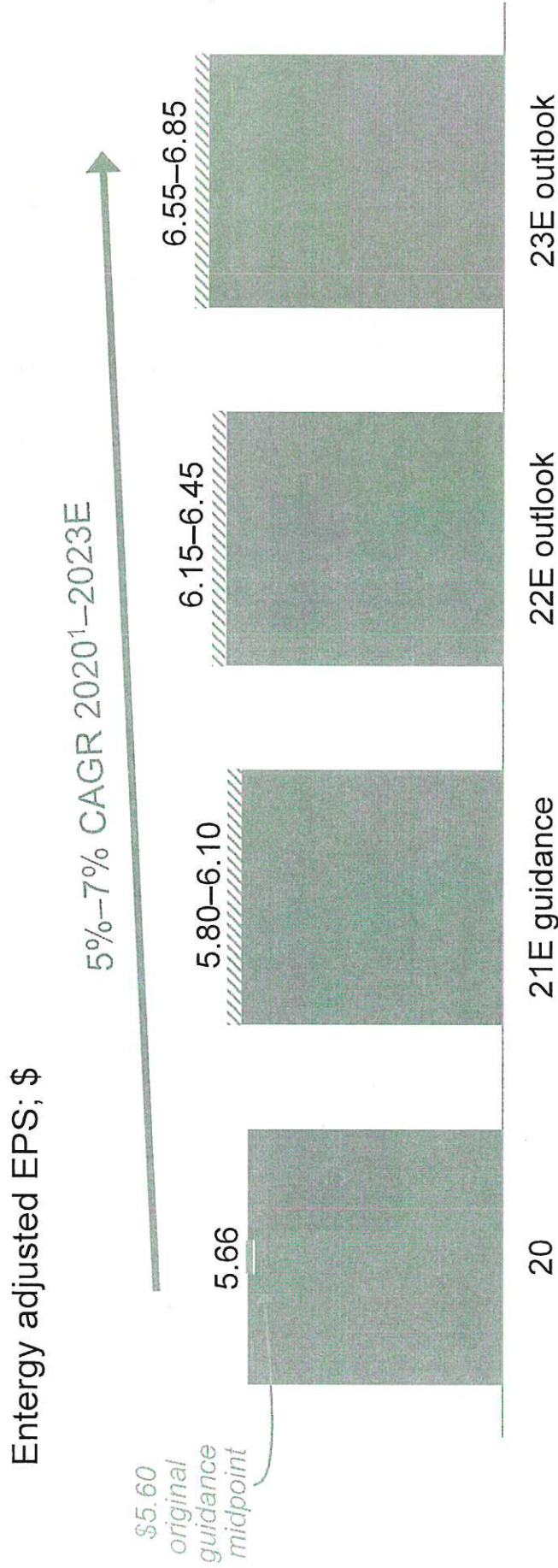
- FFO to debt temporarily lower than target due largely to impact of storms
- Expect to return to targeted levels in 2022 once securitization proceeds received

<sup>1</sup> Excludes securitization debt; see appendix for Regulation G reconciliation

<sup>2</sup> Excludes securitization debt, return of unprotected excess ADIT, and severance and retention payments associated with exit of EWC; see appendix for Regulation G reconciliation

# Adjusted EPS guidance and outlooks

Expect to be in upper half of ranges in 21E, 22E, and 23E



As-reported  
6.90

<sup>1</sup> Based on original 2020E guidance midpoint of \$5.60

# Appendix

# Leader in sustainability



Member of

## Dow Jones Sustainability Indices

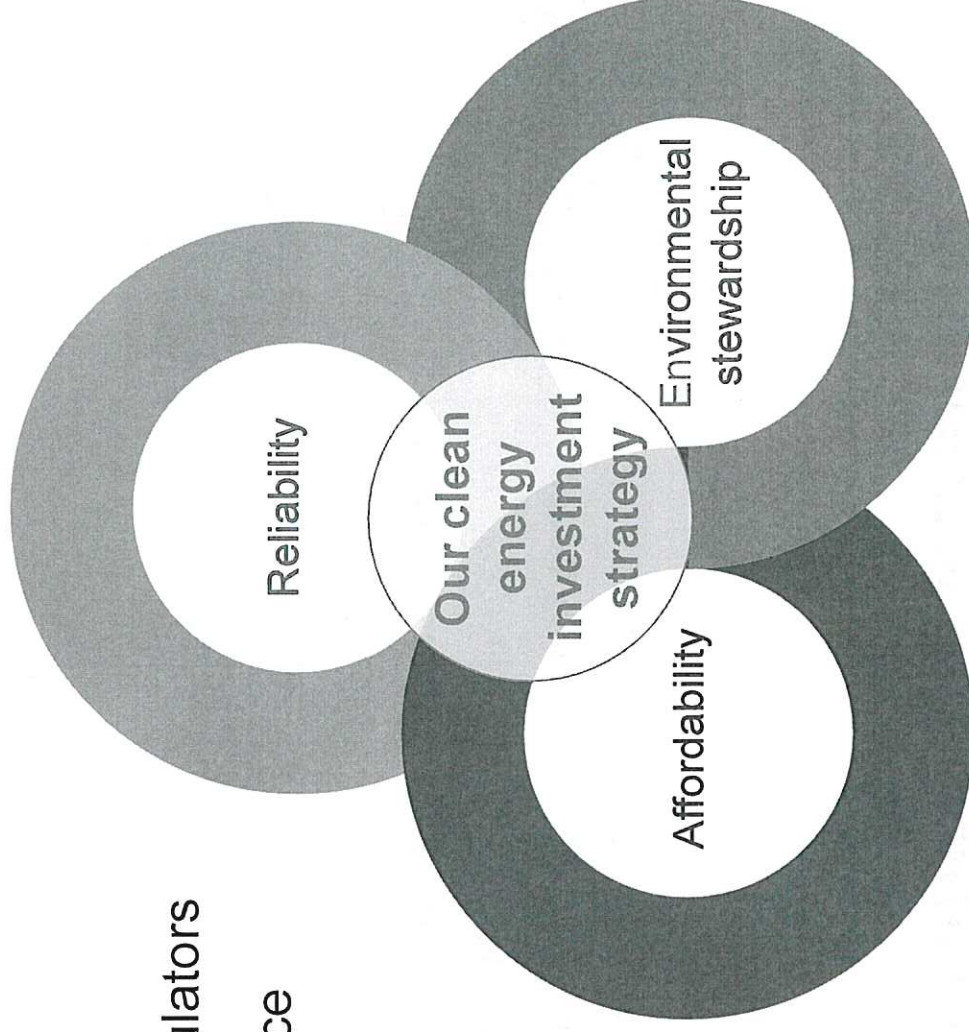
Powered by the S&P Global CSA



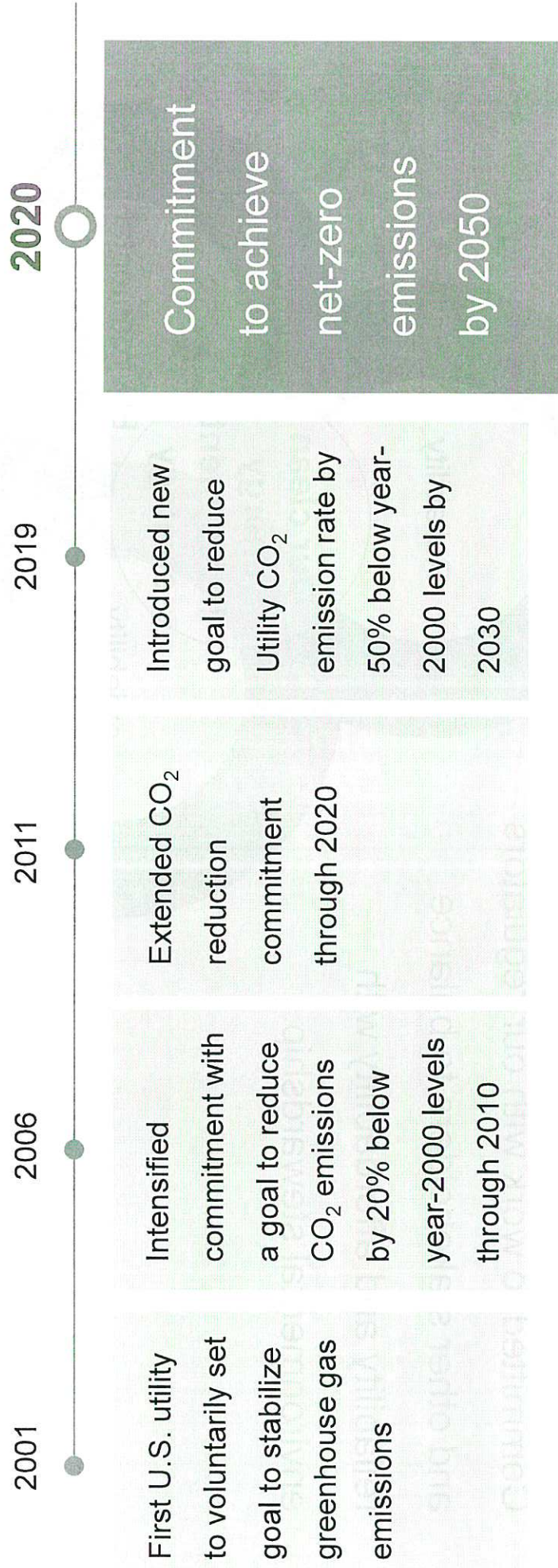
- Entergy is the only U.S. company in the electric utility sector to be included on the DJSI for 19 consecutive years
- In 2020, perfect scores in
  - ✓ Climate strategy
  - ✓ Environmental reporting
  - ✓ Materiality
  - ✓ Policy influence
  - ✓ Social reporting
  - ✓ Water-related risks

# Committed to maximizing clean energy

Committed to work with our regulators and other stakeholders to balance reliability and affordability with environmental stewardship

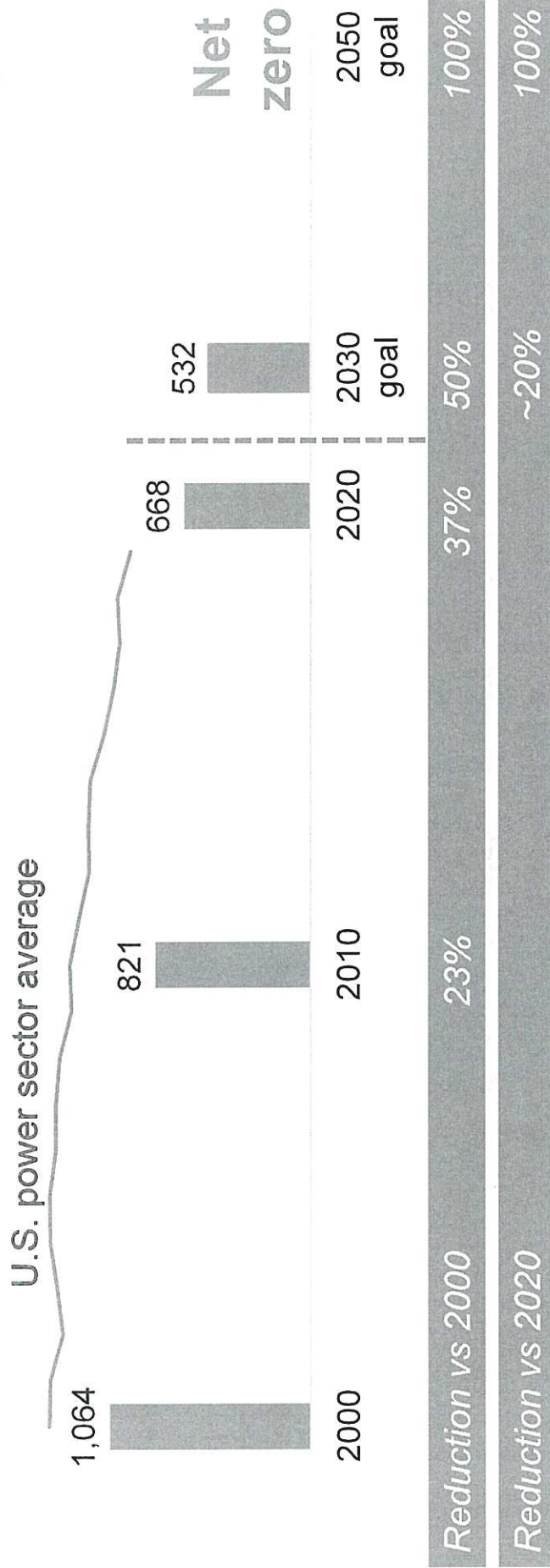


# 20 years of environmental leadership



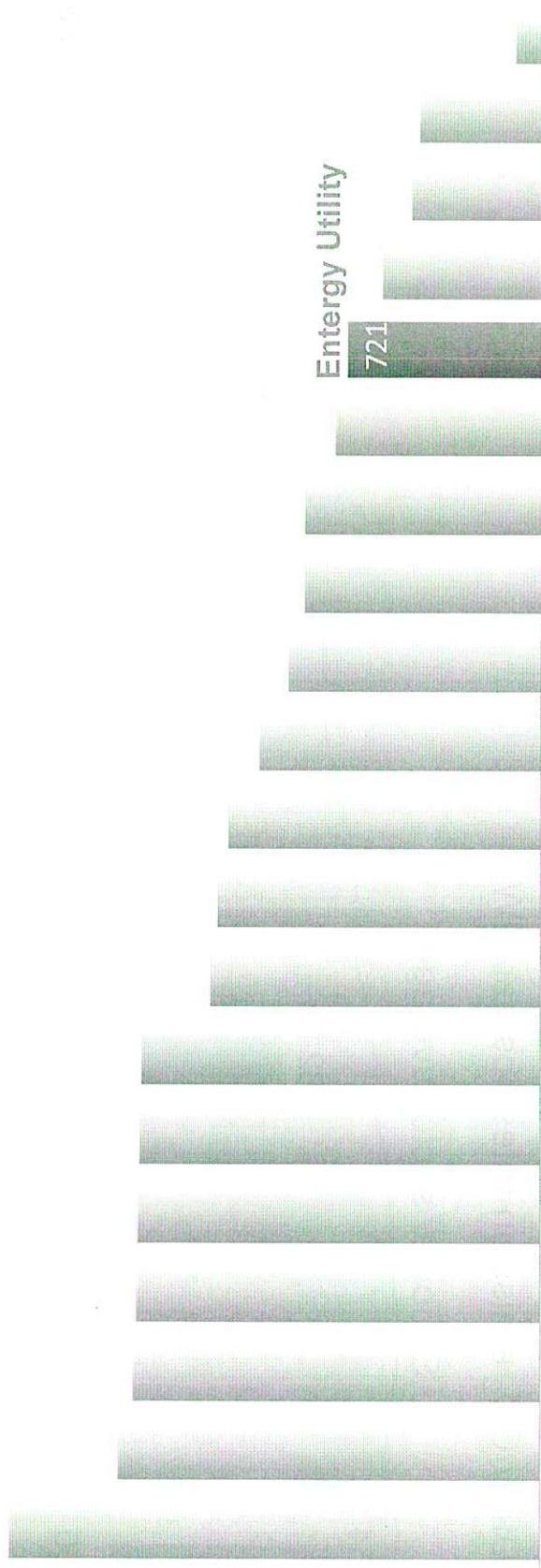
# A track record of results

Entergy Utility CO<sub>2</sub> emission rates; lbs per MWh



# Among the cleanest large-scale fleets in the U.S.

CO<sub>2</sub> emission rates of top 20 privately- / investor-owned power producers; lbs per MWh

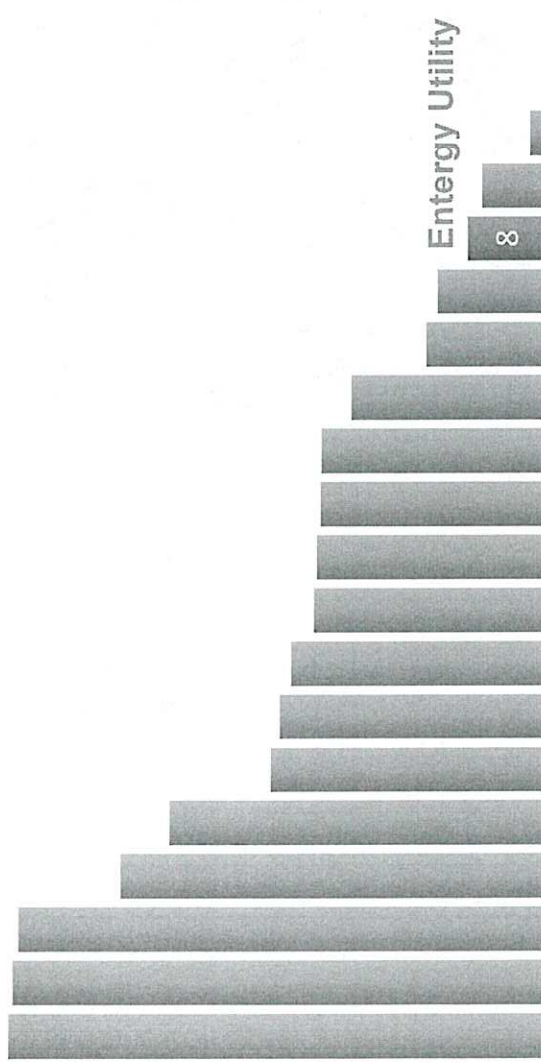


Based on MJ Bradley, Benchmarking Air Emissions of the 100 Largest Electric Power Producers in the United States, published July 2021 (2019 data)



# Minimal coal generation

Coal generation of top 20 privately- / investor-owned power producers; MWh



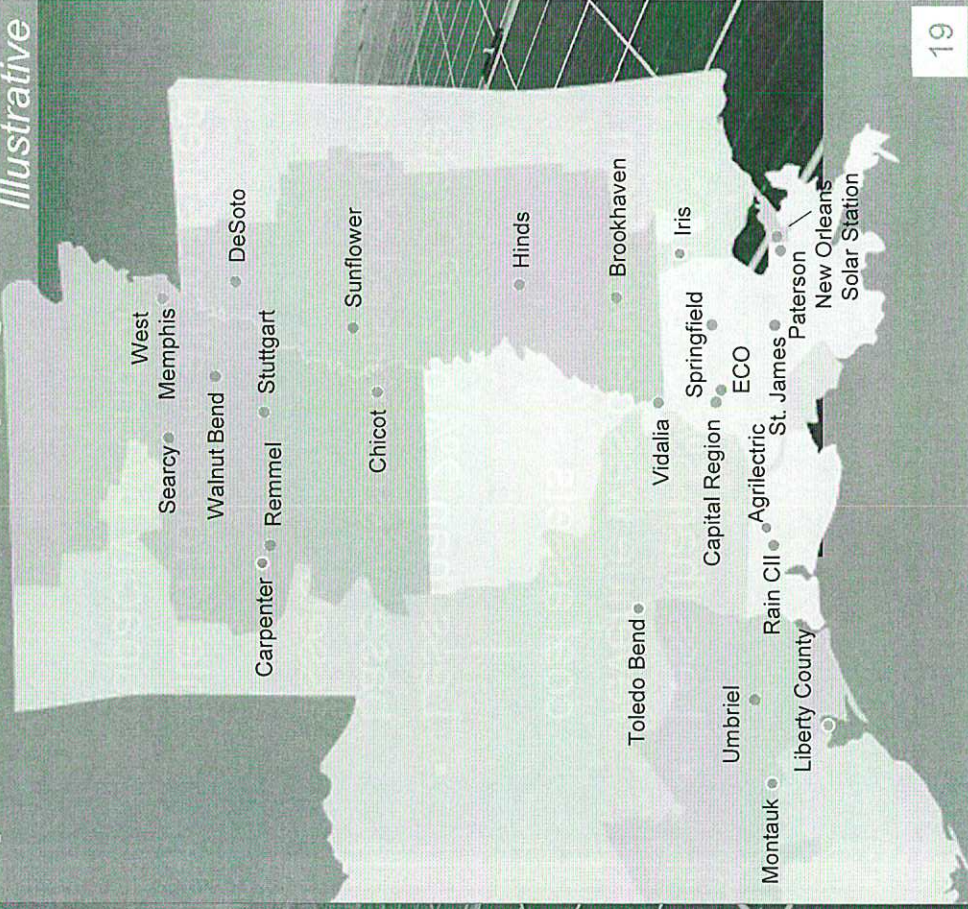
Based on MJ Bradley, Benchmarking Air Emissions of the 100 Largest Electric Power Producers in the United States, published July 2021 (2019 data)

- Less than 5% of 2020 revenue was derived from coal assets
- Less than 2% of 2020 rate base was comprised of coal assets
- Intend to retire all coal-fired capacity by end of 2030

# Growing our renewables portfolio

5GW by 2030 with 3GW of that already in-service / in progress

*Illustrative*



In service, in progress, and announced renewables portfolio

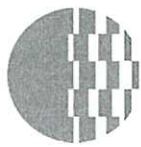
- 537 MW in service
- ~545 MW approved / in progress
- 280 MW announced

Plus:

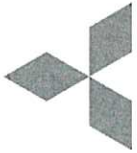
- Four RFPs for renewable resources totaling 1,800 MW

# Entergy / Mitsubishi decarbonization collaboration

Combining the strengths of industry leaders to move towards net-zero



**Entergy**<sup>®</sup>

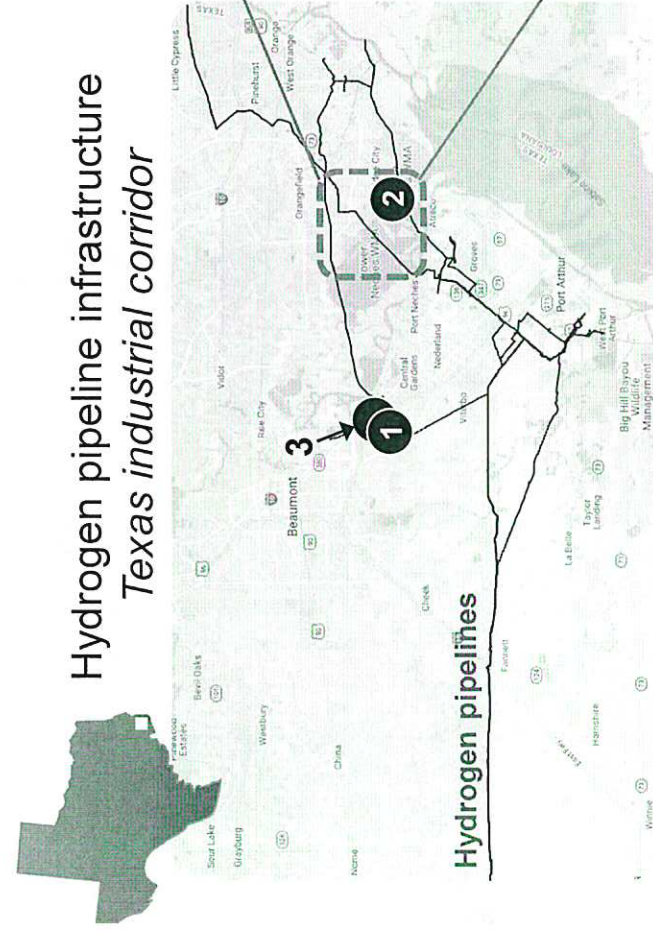


**MITSUBISHI  
POWER**

## Identified areas of collaboration

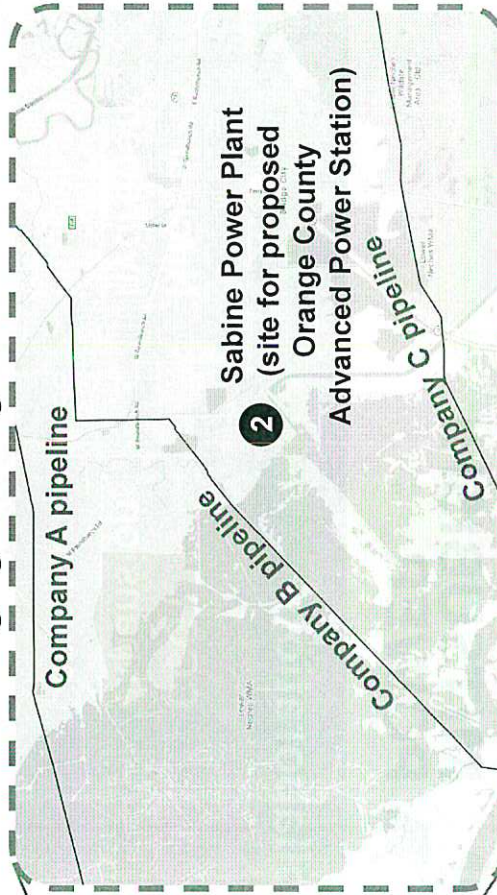
CCGT innovation	New build resource	Storage projects	CCGT expansion	Nuclear hydrogen
Demonstrate hydrogen flex concepts	Includes storage, new build, and battery	Storage and conversion	Convert renewables to green hydrogen, with battery	Nuclear-supplied electrolysis facility with storage

# Multiple hydrogen pipelines nearby existing plants



*Illustrative*

Multiple hydrogen pipelines nearby  
leveraging existing infrastructure



- 1 Large scale storage (Spindletop)
- 2 Entergy's Sabine Power Plant
- 3 Hydrogen storage facility (third party)

# Extensive and transparent sustainability reporting

Visit Entergy's  
Sustainability page  
[entergy.com/sustainability](http://entergy.com/sustainability)

**Sustainability**

**Featured: Entergy Corporation Names John Weiss as Vice President of Sustainability and Environmental Policy**

Entergy's sustainability mission is to create superior value for our customers, employees, investors and the communities we serve through the use of sustainable business practices that integrate environmental, social and economic objectives and concerns. Learn more about what sustainability means to Entergy in the focus areas below.

- Environmental**  
Leading on Climate Action  
[Learn More](#)
- Sustainable Value**  
Boosting Our Economy  
[Learn More](#)
- Social**  
Improving Lives and Creating Prosperity  
[Learn More](#)
- Global Impact**  
UN Sustainable Development Goals  
[Learn More](#)
- Governance**  
Operating with Transparency, Accountability and Integrity  
[Learn More](#)
- Disclosures**  
Measuring and Reporting Our Progress  
[Learn More](#)

# Utility overview



E-AR

- Electric utility  
722,000 customers
- Authorized ROE: 9.15% – 10.15%<sup>1</sup>
- Forward test year FRP



E-LA

- Electric and gas utility  
1,096,000 electric customers  
94,000 gas customers
- Authorized ROE:  
Electric 9.0% – 10.0%<sup>2</sup>  
Gas 9.3% – 10.3%
- Electric FRP with riders (incl. capacity, transmission, distribution)<sup>2</sup>,  
Gas RSP



E-MS

- Electric utility  
456,000 customers
- Authorized ROE: 9.03% – 11.08%
- FRP with forward-looking features



E-NO

- Electric and gas utility  
207,000 electric customers  
108,000 gas customers
- Authorized ROE: 8.85% – 9.85%
- FRP with forward-looking features



E-TX

- Electric utility  
473,000 customers
- Authorized ROE: 9.65%
- Rate case and cost recovery riders (transmission, distribution, and generation)

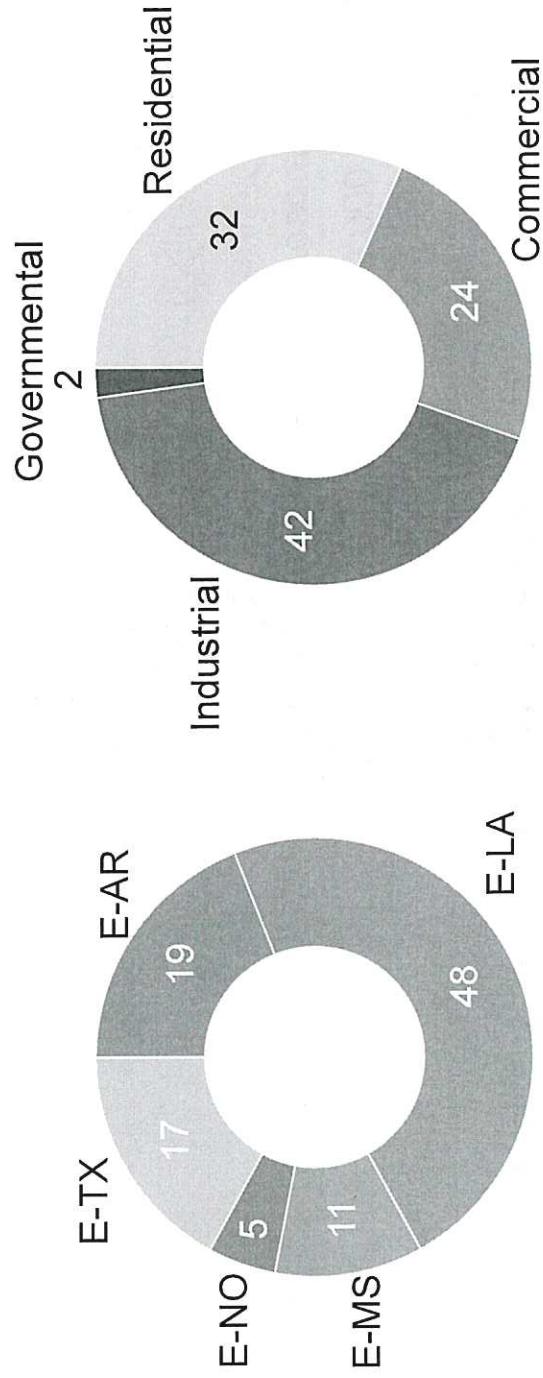
See operating company slides for more details  
Customer counts at the end of period 12/31/20

<sup>1</sup> Effective with the 2022 rate change

<sup>2</sup> Effective with the 2021 rate change

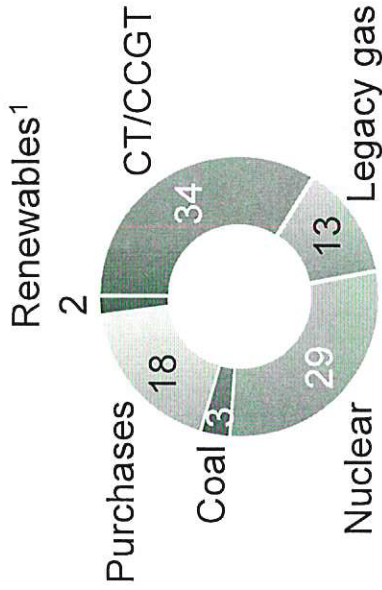
# Utility 2020 electric retail sales

2020 electric retail sales; % of total

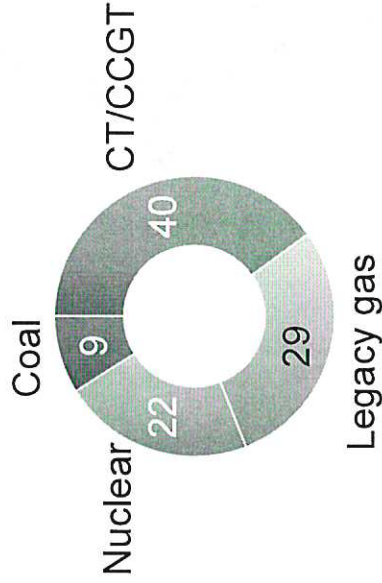


# Utility generation overview

2020 generation sources; %



Owned and leased capability as of 12/31/20; %



Our business plan supports our goal to achieve at least 5,000 MW of renewable resources by 2030 and our 2030 commitment to reduce the Utility 2000 CO<sub>2</sub> emission rate by 50% (or better)

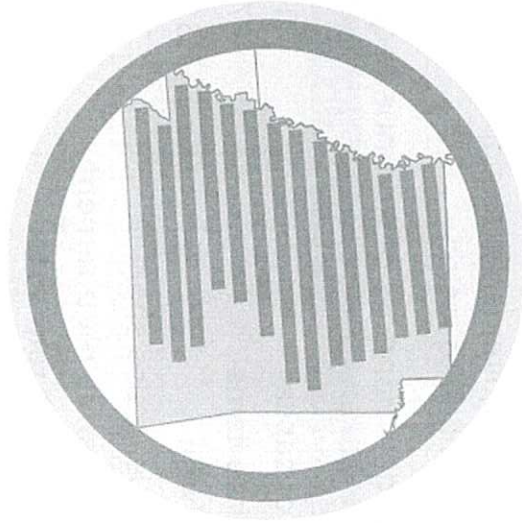
<sup>1</sup> Includes generation from both owned and purchased power resources as well as renewable energy credits



# Entergy Arkansas

## E-AR (currently in rates)

Metric	Detail
Authorized ROE	9.25% – 10.25%
Rate base	\$8.4B retail rate base (2021 test year)
WACC (after-tax)	5.04%
Equity ratio	36.5% (47.0% excluding \$1.8B ADIT at 0% cost rate)
Regulatory construct	Forward test year FRP; result outside authorized ROE range resets to midpoint; maximum rate change 4% of filing year total retail revenue; true-up of projection to actuals netted with future projection
FRP rate change	\$40M retroactive to Jan. 2021 (to be collected May to Dec. in 2021)
Riders	Fuel and purchased power, MISO, capacity, Grand Gulf, tax adjustment, energy efficiency



# Entergy Arkansas – annual FRP filing

## 2021 evaluation report – (docket 16-036-FR)

Filing highlights	2022 test year	2020 test year
Earned ROE	7.65%	7.92%
Rate base (ADIT incl. in WACC, not rate base)	\$8.9B	\$7.9B
WACC (after-tax)	5.16%	5.30%
Equity ratio (traditional equity ratio)	37.47% (47% excluding \$1.76B ADIT at 0% cost rate)	37.46% (48% excluding \$1.8B ADIT at 0% cost rate)
Revenue requirements to midpoint	\$89M	\$19M
Rate change requested	\$73M (cap)	

## Major components of revenue requirement; \$M

Category	2022 test year	2020 test year
Cost of capital	11	12
Expense items	27	(66)
Rate base	31	(1)
Revenue / sales shortfall	20	73
<b>Total revenue requirement</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>19</b>
<b>Rate change requested</b>	<b>73 (cap)</b>	

## Key dates

Date	Event
10/6/21	Staff / intervenor errors and objections
10/21/21	E-AR response to errors and objections
10/28/21	Stipulation or settlement deadline
11/4/21	Hearing
12/15/21	Requested decision
1/4/22	Requested rate effective date

# Entergy Arkansas – West Memphis Solar filing

## Project overview

Item	Details
Docket	20-067-U
MW	180
Location	West Memphis, AR
Recovery mechanism	Proposed FRP or a rider
Status	Pending commission decision

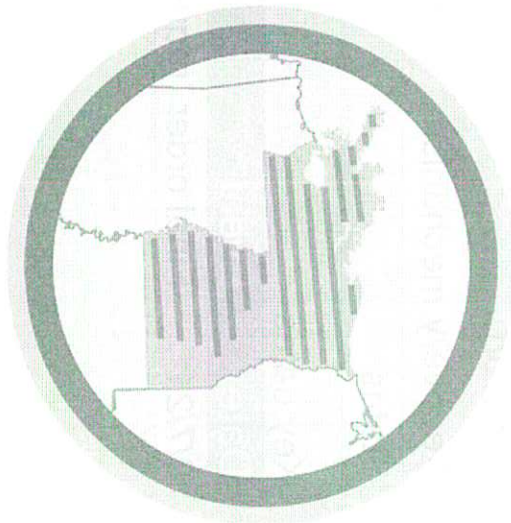
## Key dates

Date	Event
9/7/21	Final order (requested)

# Entergy Louisiana

## E-LA (currently in rates)

Metric	Detail – electric <sup>1</sup>	Detail – gas
Authorized ROE	9.2% – 10.4%	9.3% – 10.3%
Last filed rate base	\$11.9B (12/31/19 test year) + \$0.4B for transmission rider + \$1.1B for capacity rider	\$0.08B (9/30/19 test year)
WACC (after-tax)	6.97%	6.96%
Equity ratio	48.63%	48.37%
Regulatory construct	FRP; 60/40 customer/company sharing outside bandwidth	RSP <sup>2</sup>
FRP and certain rider rate changes <sup>3</sup>	\$45M FRP (transmission rider) (Sept. 2020); \$108M for LCPS (April 2020) and \$35M for WPEC (Dec. 2020) included in capacity rider (first year annual revenue requirements)	\$(0.7M) IIRR-G
Riders / specific recovery	Fuel, capacity, MISO, transmission, distribution	Gas infrastructure



<sup>1</sup> Pending finalization of the 2019 test year filing (docket U-35581), the 2018 test year filing (docket U-35205), and the 2017 test year filing (docket U-34951)  
<sup>2</sup> 50 bps dead band, 51 bps–200 bps 50% sharing, >200 bps adjust to 200 bps plus 75 bps sharing; for infrastructure costs, 100% sharing above the band  
<sup>3</sup> Does not include MISO / other or tax reform adjustment mechanism (amounts vary over time)

# Entergy Louisiana – annual FRP filing

Annual FRP – (docket U-355665)

Filing highlights	2020 test year
Earned ROE	8.45%
Allowed ROE	9.0% – 10.0% (9.5% midpoint)
Rate base	\$13.6B plus \$0.4B for transmission and distribution plant closings through 8/31/21
WACC (after-tax)	6.74%
Equity ratio	49.98%

Major drivers of proposed rate change

Category	\$M
Base FRP	63
Transmission recovery mechanism	12
Distribution recovery mechanism	32
<b>Total change from cost of service</b>	<b>107</b>
MISO, capacity, and other	(52)
Annualized tax reform mechanism	(4)
<b>Total</b>	<b>51</b>

Key dates

Date	Event
9/1/21	Rate effective date
9/20/21	Deadline for Staff and parties to identify issues with the filing

# Entergy Louisiana – storm cost recovery filing

Storm cost filing (docket U-35991)

- Phase I filing requested that storm restoration costs and carrying costs through Jan. 2022 be deemed eligible for recovery; also requested authorization of storm escrow funding of \$290M

Storm cost summary, \$M		Storm cost	Carrying costs thru Jan. 2022	Total
Hurricanes Laura, Delta, and Zeta		2,007	48	2,056
Winter Storm Uri		50	4	53
<b>Total</b>		<b>2,057</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>2,109</b>

- Phase II financing order application requested recovery through off-balance sheet securitization debt

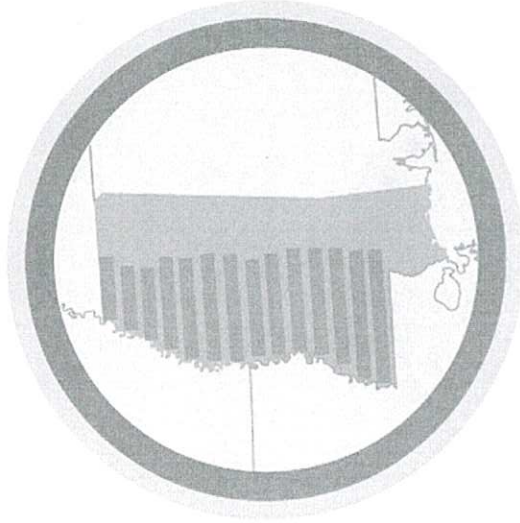
Key dates

Date	Event
10/12/21	Staff and intervenor direct testimony
11/12/21	Staff and intervenor cross-answering testimony
11/22/21	E-LA rebuttal testimony
1/14/22	Pre-hearing briefs
1/25–28/22	Hearing
2022	Securitization completed

# Entergy Mississippi

## E-MS (currently in rates)

Metric	Detail
Authorized ROE	10.06% performance-adjusted midpoint (9.43% + 0.63% performance factor); 9.03% – 11.08% range (annual redetermination based on formula)
Rate base	\$3.6B (2021 forward test year)
WACC (after-tax)	6.85%
Equity ratio	48.63%
Regulatory construct	FRP with forward-looking features; performance-based bandwidth; subject to annual “look-back” evaluation; maximum rate increase 4% of test year retail revenue (increase above 4% requires base rate case)
FRP and certain rider rate changes <sup>1</sup>	\$44M FRP effective April 2021; \$4M for DSM added to FRP (April 2021); \$7M vegetation rider (May 2021)
Riders	Fuel, Grand Gulf, MISO, unit power cost, storm damage, ad valorem tax adjustment, vegetation, grid modernization, restructuring credit, PMR

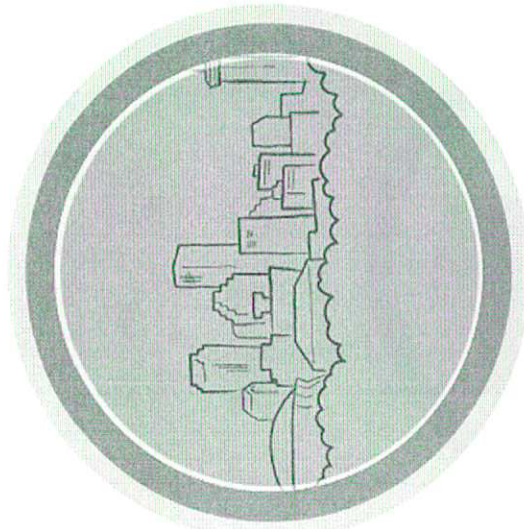


<sup>1</sup> In 2Q21, E-MS recorded a \$6M regulatory provision for the portion of the 2021 rate change that relates back to April to June but will be collected July 2021 through June 2022; regulatory provisions were also recorded for rate changes associated with prior periods that will be collected beginning in July 2021: \$2M for Choctaw true-up through March 2022 and \$12M for 2020 lookback through June 2022

# Entergy New Orleans

## E-NO (currently in rates)

Metric	Detail – electric	Detail – gas
Authorized ROE	9.35%	9.35%
Rate base	\$0.8B (12/31/18 test year and known and measurables through 12/31/19), \$0.19B NOPS in FRP interim adjustment, and \$0.04B NOSS in purchased power rider	\$0.1B (12/31/18 test year and known and measurables through 12/31/19)
WACC (after-tax)	7.09%	7.09%
Equity ratio	50%	50%
Regulatory construct	FRP with forward-looking features	FRP with forward-looking features
Base rate change and certain rider changes	\$(13M) (April 2020, retroactive to Aug. 2019) (including ~\$(6M) for depreciation rate decrease), \$33M for NOPS (Nov. 2020) and \$5M for NOSS (Jan. 2021) (first year revenue requirements)	\$(2M)
Riders / specific recovery	Fuel and purchased power, MISO, energy efficiency, environmental	Purchased gas





# Entergy New Orleans – annual FRP filing

## Annual FRP (docket UD-18-07)

Filing highlights	Electric	Gas
Earned ROE	3.61%	(4.52)%
Allowed ROE	8.85% – 9.85% (9.35% midpoint)	
Rate base	\$1.1B	\$0.2B
WACC (after-tax)	6.89%	
Equity ratio	51%	
Revenue requirement to midpoint	\$45.3M <sup>1</sup>	\$18.8M
Other recoveries <sup>1</sup>	\$5.2M	\$0.3M
<b>Total FRP revenue request</b>	<b>\$50.5M</b>	<b>\$19.1M</b>
NOSS realignment from rider	\$(5.3M)	-
<b>Net increase</b>	<b>\$45.2M</b>	<b>\$19.1M</b>

Major components of rev. req.; \$M	Electric	Gas
Expenses (O&M and A&G)	5.3	5.9
Investment in plant	38.5	8.6
Revenue reduction	-	2.7
Income taxes	4.5	-
Other cost of service	(3.1)	1.6
Other recoveries <sup>1</sup>	5.2	0.3
<b>Total FRP revenue request</b>	<b>50.5</b>	<b>19.1</b>
NOSS realignment from rider	(5.3)	-
<b>Total FRP request</b>	<b>45.2</b>	<b>19.1</b>

## Key dates

Date	Event
10/1/21	End of 75-day review period
Nov. 2021	Rate effective date



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Calculations may differ due to rounding

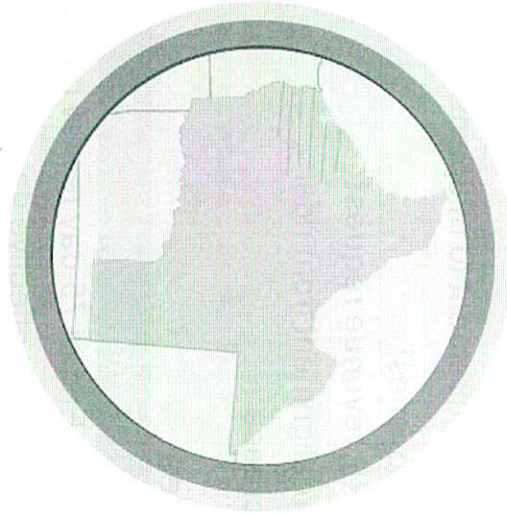
See discussion of Rate and Regulatory Matters in the most recent Form 10-K and/or any subsequent Form 10-Qs

<sup>1</sup> Amount previously authorized outside-the-bandwidth formula recoveries

# Entergy Texas

## E-TX (currently in rates)

Metric	Detail
Authorized ROE	9.65%
Rate base	\$2.4B (12/31/17 test year); plus \$1.4B in cost recovery riders
WACC (after-tax)	7.73%
Equity ratio	50.90%
Regulatory construct	Rate case
Base and certain rider rate changes <sup>1</sup>	\$53M (Oct. 2018); \$16M DCRF (Oct. 2020); \$86M for MCPS in GCRR (Jan. 2021); \$32M TCRF (March 2021); \$7M DCRF (March 2021)
Riders	Fuel, capacity, cost recovery riders (DCRF, TCRF, and GCRR), rate case expenses, AMI surcharge, tax reform, among others



<sup>1</sup> Does not include the Tax Reduction rider

# Entergy Texas – Liberty County Solar filing

## Project overview

Item	Details
Docket	51215
MW	100
Location	Liberty County, Texas
In-service date	Targeted May 2023
Recovery mechanism	Anticipate a combination of rate mechanisms, including base rates and fixed fuel factor
Status	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>In July 2021, the ALJ issued a proposal for decision</li> <li>Awaiting PUCT decision</li> </ul>

## Key dates

Date	Event
Sept. 2021	Final PUCT decision expected

# Entergy Texas – storm cost recovery filing

Storm cost determination filing (docket 51997)

- Requested recovery of \$266M storm restoration costs plus cost of capital at 7.73% (after-tax)

Storm	\$M
Hurricane Laura	207
Hurricane Delta	41
Winter Storm Uri (restoration costs only)	5
Balance of Hurricane Harvey	13
<b>Total</b>	<b>266</b>

- On 7/9/21, E-TX filed its application for a financing order to authorize the issuance of bonds to securitize the storm costs

## Key dates

Date	Event	Date	Event
8/6/21	Intervenor direct testimony	9/20/21	Reply briefs
8/13/21	Staff direct testimony	10/7/21	90-day deadline for decision on financing order
8/25/21	Intervenor and Staff cross rebuttal; E-TX rebuttal	11/19/21	Proposal for decision (estimate)
9/3/21	Hearing	12/16/21	Commission Open Meeting (estimate)
9/13/21	Briefs	2022	Securitization bonds issued



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Calculations may differ due to rounding  
See discussion of Rate and Regulatory Matters in the most recent Form 10-K and/or any subsequent Form 10-Qs

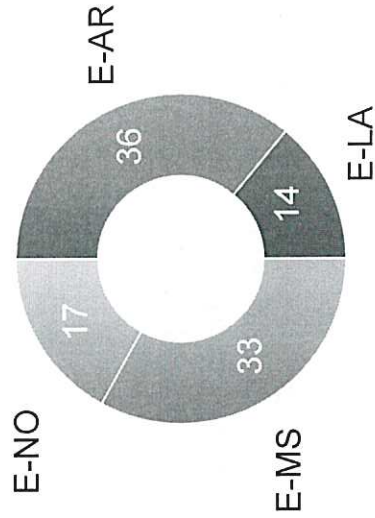
# System Energy Resources, Inc.



SERI – generation company

Metric	Detail
Principal asset	An ownership and leasehold interest in Grand Gulf
Authorized ROE	10.94% <sup>1</sup>
Last calculated rate base	\$1.6B (6/30/21)
WACC (after-tax)	8.32%
Equity ratio	65% <sup>1,2</sup>
Regulatory construct	Monthly cost of service

Energy and capacity allocation<sup>3</sup>; %



<sup>1</sup> Ongoing proceeding at FERC challenging SERI's authorized ROE and equity component (see next slide)  
<sup>2</sup> For SERI ratemaking, the sale leaseback obligation is excluded from the capital structure and instead is treated as an operating lease and recovered as an O&M cost  
<sup>3</sup> Percentages under SERI's UPSA

# System Energy Resources – FERC cases (1 of 2)

## LPSC complaint regarding GGNS sale-leaseback renewal and uncertain tax position (docket EL18-152)

- Complaint alleging (1) SERI double-recovering costs by including both the lease payments and the capital additions in UPSA billings and (2) SERI incorrectly excluded FIN 48 liabilities associated with uncertain tax position from UPSA billings
- ALJ initial decision issued 4/6/20

### Next step

Date	Event
TBD	FERC ruling on initial decision

## ROE complaints and equity complaint (consolidated dockets EL17-41, EL18-142, EL18-204)

- APSC, MPSC, and LPSC filed ROE complaints at FERC; LPSC also alleged that SERI's equity component was unjust and unreasonable (these complaints are now consolidated)
- ALJ initial decision issued 3/24/21; briefs on exceptions filed 4/23/21; briefs opposing exceptions filed 5/13/21

### Next step

Date	Event
TBD	FERC ruling on initial decision

# System Energy Resources – FERC cases (2 of 2)

## Prudence complaint (docket EL21-56)

- In March 2021, the LPSC, APSC, and CCNO filed a complaint alleging operational prudence claims, primarily:
  - (1) based on the plant's capacity factor and alleged safety performance, SERI imprudently operated Grand Gulf during the period 2016-2020, and
  - (2) the performance and/or management of the 2012 extended power uprate of Grand Gulf was imprudent
- In April 2021, SERI filed an answer disputing the allegations and requested FERC to dismiss the complaint
- In May 2021, the Complainants filed an answer in response to SERI's motion to dismiss

Next step	Date	Event
	TBD	FERC Order on the complaint

## UPSA formula rate complaint (docket EL20-72)

- In Sept. 2020, the LPSC, APSC, MPSC, and CCNO filed a complaint alleging two categories of UPSA rate issues
  - (1) violations of the filed rate that require refunds for prior periods, and
  - (2) elements of the UPSA that the retail regulators contend are unjust and unreasonable that require refunds for the 15-month refund period and changes to the UPSA prospectively
- In May 2021, FERC issued an order setting the complaint for hearing, establishing a refund effective date of Sept. 2020, and holding the hearing procedures in abeyance pending FERC's review of the initial decision in the Grand Gulf sale-leaseback renewal and uncertain tax position case

Next step	Date	Event
	TBD	FERC order lifting abeyance on hearing

# Jurisdictional base rate filing frameworks

	E-AR	E-LA	E-MS	E-NO	E-TX	SERI
Latest filing date	FRP filed 7/7/21	FRP filed 6/30/21	FRP filed 3/1/21	FRP filed 7/16/21	Rate case filed 5/15/18	Monthly cost of service <sup>1</sup>
Next filing date	FRP: 7/7/22	FRP: 5/31/22	FRP: by 3/1/22	FRP: by 4/30/22	Rate case: by June 2022 <sup>2</sup>	Every month
Rate effective date	January following filing	September following filing	April following filing <sup>3</sup>	Nov. 2021 for 2021 filing, Sept. in 2022–2023	35 days after filing <sup>4</sup>	Immediate
Evaluation period	Forward test year ended 12/31	Historical test year ended 12/31 plus transmission and distribution closed to plant above baseline through 8/31 of filing year; in-service rate adjustments permitted for certain generation additions	Historical test year ended 12/31 plus certain known and measurable changes through 12/31 of filing year	Historical test year ended 12/31 plus certain known and measurable changes through 12/31 of filing year	12-month historical test year with available updates	Actual current month expense and prior month-end balance sheet
FRP term / post FRP framework	Five years (2021–2026 filing years); rate case after extension period	Three years (2021–2023 filing years)	No specified termination; option to file rate case as needed	Three years (2021–2023 filing years)	n/a	Monthly cost of service continues until terminated by mutual agreement

<sup>1</sup> Not required to be filed per FERC order

<sup>2</sup> Requirement to file a base case filing every four years, requirement may be extended by PUCT if non-material change in rates would result; base rate case also required 18 months after generation recovery rider becomes effective

<sup>3</sup> Rate change up to 2% effective April 1, any rate change above 2% would be effective the month following the receipt of an MPSC order

<sup>4</sup> May be suspended for an additional 150 days



# Renewables

Project		MW	Owned / PPA	In service <sup>1</sup>	Project		MW	Owned / PPA	Est. in service <sup>1</sup>
In service					Approved / in progress				
Rommel Hydro (E-AR)		~11	Owned	1925	Various solar projects (E-LA)		~25	PPA	2021
Carpenter Hydro (E-AR)		~62	Owned	1932	St. James Solar (E-NO)		20	PPA	2021
Toledo Bend Hydro (E-LA)		~41	PPA	1968	Iris Solar (E-NO)		50	PPA	2021
Vidalia Hydro (E-LA)		~114	PPA	1990	Sunflower County Solar (E-MS)		100	Owned	2021
Agrilectric (bio-mass) (E-LA)		~9	PPA	2013	Searcy Solar (E-AR)		100	Owned	2021
Rain CII (waste heat) (E-LA)		~27	PPA	2013	Walnut Bend Solar (E-AR)		100	Owned	2022
Montauk (bio-mass) (E-LA)		~3	PPA	2014	Umbriel Solar (E-TX)		150	PPA	2023
DeSoto Solar (E-MS)		0.5	Owned	2015	Announced / regulatory filings pending				
Brookhaven Solar (E-MS)		0.5	Owned	2016	Liberty County Solar (E-TX)		100	Owned	2023
Hinds Solar (E-MS)		0.5	Owned	2016	West Memphis Solar (E-AR)		180	Owned	2023
New Orleans Solar (E-NO)		1	Owned	2016	RFPs				
Stuttgart Solar (E-AR)		81	PPA	2017	2020 E-LA Solar <sup>2</sup>		300	TBD	2023
ECO Services (waste heat) (E-LA)		6	PPA	2019	2021 E-LA Solar		600	TBD	2024
Capital Region Solar (E-LA)		50	PPA	2020	2021 E-TX Solar		400	TBD	2025
New Orleans Residential Rooftop Solar (E-NO)		0.5	Owned	2020	2021 E-AR Solar and Wind		500	TBD	2025
N.O. Commercial Rooftop Solar (E-NO)		5	Owned	2020					
Chicot Solar (E-AR)		100	PPA	2020					
New Orleans Solar Station (E-NO)		20	Owned	2020					
South Alexander Development – Springfield (E-LA)		~5	PPA	2020					



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<sup>1</sup> Date of COD or entry of contract  
<sup>2</sup> E-LA concluded evaluations of the 2020 ELL Solar RFP and three proposals have been placed on the primary selection list and two proposals have been placed on the secondary selection list; E-LA will provide additional information about the preferred proposals if and after the parties reach a definitive agreement based on the terms of the proposal

# EWC overview

## EWC nuclear plants

	Palisades
Planned shut down	5/31/22
Net MW	811
Energy market (closest hubs)	MISO (Indiana)
Net book value (6/30/21) <sup>1</sup>	\$5M
NDT balance (6/30/21)	\$564M
ARO liability balance (6/30/21) <sup>2</sup>	\$659M <sup>3</sup>

## EWC non-nuclear plants

	ISES 2 <sup>4</sup>	Nelson 6 <sup>4</sup>	RS Cogen <sup>5</sup>
COD	1983	1982	2002
Fuel / technology	Coal	Coal	CCGT cogen
Net MW owned	121	60	213
Market	MISO	MISO	MISO

- <sup>1</sup> Entergy's adjusted investment in the company being sold
- <sup>2</sup> ARO liability balance is based on estimate and is subject to change
- <sup>3</sup> Includes \$41M for Big Rock Point
- <sup>4</sup> Entergy plans to retire all coal-fired capacity by the end of 2030
- <sup>5</sup> In December 2020, Entergy's wholly-owned subsidiary with a direct interest in RS Cogen, LLC entered into a membership interest purchase agreement with a subsidiary of the other 50% equity partner to sell its 50% membership interest to the equity partner, the targeted closing date for the transaction is October 2022

# Palisades transaction

## Transaction highlights

Item	Details
Structure	Equity sale of Palisades owner <sup>1</sup>
Purchaser	Nuclear Asset Management Co., LLC (Holtec International subsidiary)
Conditions to close include	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Permanent shutdown and reactor defuel</li> <li>• NRC approval</li> </ul>
NDT	• No NDT minimum balance requirement <sup>2</sup>
Status	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• NRC filing submitted 12/23/20</li> <li>• Hearing requests filed by Michigan AG, three NGOs, and one individual remain pending with the NRC</li> </ul>

## Timeline

Date	Event
12/23/20	NRC filing
By the end of 2022	Targeted close

# EWC nuclear capacity and generation table

EWC nuclear portfolio (based on market prices as of June 30, 2021)<sup>1</sup>

	ROY 21E	22E
<i>Energy</i>		
Planned TWh of generation	3.4	2.8
% of planned generation under contract (unit contingent)	98%	99%
Average revenue per MWh on contracted volumes (in \$) (expected based on current market prices)	62.1	47.1
<i>Capacity</i>		
Planned net MW in operation (average)	803	338
% of capacity sold forward (all under bundled capacity and energy contracts)	98%	98%
Average revenue under contract (applies to capacity contracts only) (in \$/kW-month)	-	-
<i>Total energy and capacity revenues<sup>2</sup> (in \$)</i>		
Expected sold and market total revenue per MWh	61.5	46.9
Sensitivity: +/- \$10 per MWh market price change	61.4–61.7	46.7–47.0

See Appendix F in the earnings news release for definitions

<sup>1</sup> Reflects shutdown of Palisades (5/31/22)

<sup>2</sup> Excludes non-cash revenue from the amortization of the Palisades below-market PPA, mark-to-market activity, and service revenues

# Estimated EWC adjusted EBITDA (as of 6/30/21)

Estimated EWC adjusted EBITDA; \$M

	21E	22E
Operating revenues, less fuel and fuel-related expenses, and purchased power	540	160
Other O&M and nuclear refueling outage expense	(365)	(145)
Severance and retention expense	(10)	(5)
Asset impairments (includes gains / (losses) <sup>1</sup> , capital, fuel, refuel, DOE proceeds, other)	(270)	125
Other	(90)	(25)
Estimated adjusted EBITDA	(195)	110

Note: The table above reflects estimates for EWC operations and the costs associated with the strategic decision to exit the EWC business. Other items may occur during the periods presented, the impact of which cannot reasonably be estimated at this time.

<sup>1</sup> *Net gain / (loss) on sale of assets* represents current estimates (subject to change). Primary variables in ultimate gain / (loss) include values of NDTs and asset retirement obligations, financial results from plant operations, and the level of any unrealized deferred tax balances at closing.

# EWC capital plan

EWC forecast; \$M

	21E	22E
Capital plan	10	5
Estimated depreciation expense	50	20

# Financial disclosures

# Credit ratings

Credit ratings<sup>1</sup> (outlooks)

	E-AR	E-LA	E-MS	E-NO	E-TX	SERI	ETR
S&P	A (stable)	A (stable)	A (stable)	A- (negative)	A (stable)	A (stable)	BBB+ (stable)
Moody's	A2 (stable)	A2 (stable)	A2 (stable)	Baa2 (stable)	Baa1 (positive)	Baa1 (negative)	Baa2 (stable)

<sup>1</sup> Senior secured ratings for the OpCos and SERI; corporate credit rating for ETR



# Progress against guidance

Driver	Guidance assumption <sup>1</sup>	YTD result <sup>1</sup>	Full-year comments
ETR adjusted EPS	5.80-6.10	2.81	• Expect results in upper half of range
Estimated weather in billed sales	Normal	0.02	
Weather adj. sales growth	~2.5%	1.1%	• Current full year estimate ~2.2%
Retail price updates			• E-AR 2021 FRP rate change \$40M
Utility other O&M	(0.70)	(0.52)	• Current YoY estimate ~\$(0.80)
Utility nuclear refueling outage exp.	0.05	0.02	
Utility taxes other income taxes	(0.15)	(0.02)	
Utility depreciation expense	(0.45)	(0.24)	
Utility net interest expense	(0.25)	(0.15)	• Current YoY estimate ~\$(0.30), due to differences in NDT returns which are offset and are earnings neutral
P&O (excl. income tax and share effect) / other	(0.06)	0.05	• Current YoY estimate ~\$(0.10), due to improved liquidity
Effective income tax rate	~22%	22%	
Fully diluted average shares	~204M	201M	• Under review

# 2021 ETR adjusted earnings sensitivities

Variable	Description of sensitivity	Estimated annual EPS impact
<b>Utility</b>		
Retail sales growth for existing customers	1% change in residential MWh sold	+/- 0.09
	1% change in commercial / governmental MWh sold	+/- 0.05
	1% change in industrial MWh sold	+/- 0.02
Other O&M and nuclear refueling outage exp.	1% change in expense	+/- 0.10
Rate base	\$100 million change in rate base in rates	+/- 0.02
ROE	25 basis point change in allowed ROE	+/- 0.19
<b>ETR Adjusted</b>		
Interest expense	1% change in interest rate on \$1 billion debt	+/- 0.04
Pension and OPEB	25 bps change in discount rate	+/- 0.06
Effective tax rate	1% change in effective tax rate	+/- 0.08

# **Financial summaries and Regulation G reconciliations**

# Earnings summary

Table 1: Second quarter earnings summary

	Second Quarter			
	\$ in millions		Per share in \$	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
<b>As-reported (after-tax)</b>				
Utility	326	345	1.62	1.71
Parent & Other	(57)	(69)	(0.28)	(0.34)
EWC	(275)	85	(1.37)	0.42
Consolidated	(6)	361	(0.03)	1.79
<b>Less adjustments</b>				
Utility	-	-	-	-
Parent & Other	-	-	-	-
EWC	(275)	85	(1.37)	0.42
Consolidated	(275)	85	(1.37)	0.42
<b>Adjusted (non-GAAP)</b>				
Utility	326	345	1.62	1.71
Parent & Other	(57)	(69)	(0.28)	(0.34)
EWC	-	-	-	-
Consolidated	269	276	1.34	1.37

# Utility book ROEs

Table 2: Utility book ROE summary  
LTM ending June 30, 2021

		E-AR	E-LA	E-MS	E-NO	E-TX	Utility <sup>1</sup>
As-reported earnings available to common stock	(a)	290	1,033	157	40	228	1,818
Less adjustments:							
2014/2015 IRS audit settlement (E-LA Business Combination)		6	383	4	(1)	2	396
SERI NOPA rate base effect retroactive refund		-	-	-	-	-	(19)
Total adjustments	(b)	6	383	4	(1)	2	377
Adjusted earnings available to common stock (non-GAAP)	(c) = (a)-(b)	284	650	153	41	227	1,440
Average common equity	(d)	3,328	7,259	1,676	564	2,160	15,758
Adjustment for E-LA affiliate preferred (offset at P&O)							
Earnings from affiliate preferred	(e)		128				
Preferred investment	(f)		1,391				
Equity ratio in last rate proceeding	(g)		48.6%				
Estimated equity financing for preferred investment	(h) = (f) x (g)		676				
As-reported ROE	(a) / (d)	8.7%	14.2%	9.3%	7.0%	10.6%	11.5%
Adjusted ROE (non-GAAP)	(c) / (d)	8.5%	9.0%	9.1%	7.2%	10.5%	9.1%
Adjusted ROE, excluding affiliate preferred (non-GAAP)	(c-e) / (d-h)		7.9%				

Calculations may differ due to rounding

<sup>1</sup> Utility earnings do not equal the sum of the operating companies due primarily to SERI (as-reported and adjusted earnings ~\$96M and average common equity ~\$909M) and Entergy Utility Holding Co.

# Regulation G reconciliations

Table 3: ETR adjusted earnings Reconciliation of GAAP to Non-GAAP measures		
	2Q21	2Q20
(\$ in millions, except diluted average common shares outstanding)		
Net income (loss) attributable to ETR Corp.	(6)	361
Less adjustments:		
EWC earnings	(275)	85
ETR adjusted earnings (non-GAAP)	269	276
Diluted average common shares outstanding (in millions)		
	201	201
(\$ per share)		
Net income (loss) attributable to ETR Corp.	(0.03)	1.79
Less adjustments:		
EWC earnings	(1.37)	0.42
ETR adjusted earnings (non-GAAP)	1.34	1.37

# Regulation G reconciliations

Table 4: Parent debt to total debt, excluding securitization debt		2Q21
Reconciliation of GAAP to Non-GAAP measures		
(\$ in millions)		
Energy Corporation notes:		
Due July 2022		650
Due September 2025		800
Due September 2026		750
Due June 2028		650
Due June 2030		600
Due June 2031		650
Due June 2050		600
Total Energy Corporation notes		4,700
Revolver draw		150
Commercial paper		866
Unamortized debt issuance costs and discounts		(52)
Total parent debt	(a)	5,664
Total debt		25,435
Less securitization debt		114
Total debt, excluding securitization debt	(b)	25,321
Parent debt to total debt, excluding securitization debt (non-GAAP)	(a) / (b)	22.4%

# Regulation G reconciliations

Table 5: FFO to debt, excluding securitization debt; FFO to debt, excluding securitization debt, return of unprotected excess ADIT, and severance and retention payments associated with exit of EWC  
Reconciliation of GAAP to Non-GAAP measures  
(\$ in millions)

Total debt		2Q21
Less securitization debt		25,435
Total debt, excluding securitization debt	(a)	114
OCF (LTM)		25,321
AFUDC-borrowed funds (LTM)		1,988
Less working capital in OCF (LTM):		(38)
Receivables		(263)
Fuel inventory		9
Accounts payable		45
Taxes accrued		93
Interest accrued		3
Other working capital accounts		(166)
Securitization regulatory charges (LTM)		119
Total		(159)
FFO (LTM) (non-GAAP)	(b)	2,109
FFO to debt, excluding securitization debt (non-GAAP)	(b) / (a)	8.3%
Estimated return of unprotected excess ADIT (LTM)	(c)	83
Severance and retention payments assoc. with exit of EWC (LTM pre-tax)	(d)	160
FFO to debt, excluding securitization debt, return of unprotected excess ADIT, and severance and retention payments assoc. with exit of EWC (non-GAAP)	(b+c+d) / (a)	9.3%



TCEQ Public Meeting Form  
August 1, 2022

Entergy Texas, Inc.  
Proposed Air Quality Permit  
Proposed Permit Nos. 166032, PSDTX1598, and  
GHGPSDTX210

PLEASE PRINT

Name: John BEARD Jr

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 1033

Physical Address (if different): \_\_\_\_\_

City/State: Port Arthur, TX Zip: 77641-1033

**\*\*This information is subject to public disclosure under the Texas Public Information Act\*\***

Email: john.beard901456@outlook.com

Phone Number: 409-626-1179

• Are you here today representing a municipality, legislator, agency, or group?  Yes  No

If yes, which one? Group - PACAN

Please add me to the mailing list.

I wish to provide formal *ORAL COMMENTS* at tonight's public meeting.

I wish to provide formal *WRITTEN COMMENTS* at tonight's public meeting.

## Debbie Zachary

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**From:** PUBCOMMENT-OCC  
**Sent:** Thursday, August 4, 2022 11:53 AM  
**To:** PUBCOMMENT-OCC2; PUBCOMMENT-OPIC; PUBCOMMENT-ELD; PUBCOMMENT-APD  
**Subject:** FW: Public comment on Permit Number 166032  
**Attachments:** Entergy 166032 Comments FINAL w attachment.pdf

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**From:** colincox@environmentalintegrity.org <colincox@environmentalintegrity.org>  
**Sent:** Monday, August 1, 2022 5:18 PM  
**To:** PUBCOMMENT-OCC <PUBCOMMENT-OCC@tceq.texas.gov>  
**Subject:** Public comment on Permit Number 166032

**REGULATED ENTITY NAME** SABINE PLANT

**RN NUMBER:** RN102513041

**PERMIT NUMBER:** 166032

**DOCKET NUMBER:**

**COUNTY:** ORANGE

**PRINCIPAL NAME:** ENTERGY TEXAS INC

**CN NUMBER:** CN603282054

**FROM**

**NAME:** Colin Cox

**EMAIL:** [colincox@environmentalintegrity.org](mailto:colincox@environmentalintegrity.org)

**COMPANY:** Environmental Integrity Project

**ADDRESS:** 1206 SAN ANTONIO ST  
AUSTIN TX 78701-1834

**PHONE:** 8323160580

**FAX:**

**COMMENTS:** Please see the attached comments from Environmental Integrity Project and Sierra Club.



1206 San Antonio St.  
Austin, Texas 78701  
[www.environmentalintegrity.org](http://www.environmentalintegrity.org)

August 1, 2022

Ms. Laurie Gharis  
Chief Clerk, MC-105  
Texas Commission on Environmental Quality  
P.O. Box 13087  
Austin, Texas 78711-3087

*Via Electronic Filing*

**Re: Comments on the Application by Entergy Texas, Inc. for Issuance of Air Quality Permit Nos. 166032, PSDTX1598, AND GHGPSDTX210 to Authorize Construction of the Orange County Advanced Power Station**

Dear Ms. Gharis,

Entergy Texas, Inc. (Entergy) has applied to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality ("TCEQ") for issuance of Air Quality Permit Nos. 166032, PSDTX1598, and GHGPSDTX210 (the "Application") to authorize the construction of the Orange County Advanced Power Station ("Plant") located at 1000 Power House Road, Orange, Orange County, Texas 77630. The Executive Director of the TCEQ has published the proposed permit ("Draft Permit"), which will authorize the plant to emit carbon monoxide, volatile organic compounds, particulate matter including particulate matter with diameters of 10 microns or less and 2.5 microns or less, sulfuric acid mist, nitrogen oxides, hazardous air pollutants, sulfur dioxide, hydrogen, aqueous ammonia, and greenhouse gases.

Sierra Club and Environmental Integrity Project (collectively, "Commenters") appreciate the opportunity to submit these comments on the Application and Draft Permit.

#### **I. Application and Draft Permit Issues**

Dr. Ranajit Sahu identified several problems with the Application and Draft Permit that must be addressed before the permit can be issued. These problems are detailed in his comments, Attachment 1.<sup>1</sup> Commenters summarize Dr. Sahu's findings here.

##### **1. The Draft Permit contains numerous exceptions to important pollution limits.**

The Draft Permit limits emission of nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>) and carbon monoxide (CO) from the turbines to 2.0 parts per million (ppm) on a 24-hour rolling average basis and ammonia (NH<sub>3</sub>) to 7.0 ppm, also on a 24-hour rolling average basis. Entergy proposes these limits to meet the requirements for Best Available Control Technology, an important part of the Clean Air Act. But

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<sup>1</sup> Dr. Ranajit Sahu, Consultant, *Comments on the Proposed PSD Permit PSDTX1598 for the Entergy Orange County Advanced Power Station* (July 29, 2022), Attachment 1.

Draft Permit Special Condition 5 lays out six separate exceptions to these limits. Collectively, these exceptions undermine the pollution limits Entergy is ostensibly committing to.

The first such exception is that the NO<sub>x</sub>, CO, and NH<sub>3</sub> limits shall not apply except when each turbine is in “Environmental Compliance Mode,” defined as when the minimum turbine load exceeds a specified percentage for the relevant temperature range. The Draft Permit defines Environmental Compliance Mode in this table:

- A. In order for each CTG to enter Environmental Compliance Mode, the CTG load shall exceed the following percent for at least 3 minutes (for the specified ambient temperature ranges):

Minimum Turbine Load %	Ambient Temperature Range (deg. F)
50	10.0 – 93.0
55	93.1 – 106.1

The second exception is for planned startup events. While exceptions for startup are standard in the power industry, the startup exception for Entergy’s Plant is exceedingly broad. According to the Draft Permit, planned startup events can last up to six hours, and Entergy estimates it will perform 225 startups per year. This is far broader than startup for turbines in the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Combustion Turbines, which limits startup for combined cycle turbines to the lesser of three hours or when the turbine achieves stable operation.

The third exception to these emission limits is for planned shutdowns. Entergy’s shutdowns can last up to one hour, and Entergy estimates it will perform 225 shutdowns per year. Notably, the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Combustion Turbines do not include any exceptions for shutdowns.

The fourth exception is for planned maintenance activities, which include combustion unit tuning and gaseous fuel venting. Entergy’s Application includes emission calculations for maintenance activities but does not detail how often the events will happen or how long they will last.

The fifth exception is for “reduced load” operations, defined as when the turbine is below 60% load. This exception appears to make the first exception for “Environmental Compliance Mode” redundant, because that mode exempts the turbines from pollution limits when the turbine is below 50%-55% load. Commenters are concerned that the Application and Draft Permit do not specify how often or for how long Entergy intends to operate the turbines at reduced load. Commenters are especially concerned that the Draft Permit does not limit the amount of time Entergy can operate the turbines at reduced load.

The sixth and final exception is for “transitional load” operations, defined as when the turbine has a ramp rate greater than 5 megawatts per minute. The Draft Permit exempts the turbine from these NO<sub>x</sub>, CO, and NH<sub>3</sub> limits when the turbine ramp rate exceeds 5 megawatts per minute during at least one hour in a 24-hour period. The Application does not specify how often Entergy expects this transitional load exception to apply.

Collectively, these six exceptions render Entergy's pollution limits unenforceable and meaningless. Between operation outside of environmental compliance mode, planned startup, shutdown, and maintenance, reduced load operations, and transitional load operations, it is highly likely that Entergy's NO<sub>x</sub>, CO, and NH<sub>3</sub> limits will rarely apply. Instead, Entergy will only be required to meet the hourly and annual emissions limits in the Draft Permit, which are not based on the application of Best Available Control Technology.

The Draft Permit must be amended to eliminate or place enforceable restrictions on Entergy's use of these many exceptions from Best Available Control Technology pollution limits. And the Draft Permit's hourly and annual limits must be updated to reflect the use of Best Available Control Technology.

**2. The Draft Permit fails to require adequate monitoring to ensure compliance with emission limits.**

The Draft Permit fails to require monitoring of fine particulate matter, hazardous air pollutants, and sulfur dioxide sufficient to ensure compliance with relevant emission limits. According to the "Monitoring" table in Entergy's PI-1 General Application, fine particulate matter emissions from the turbines will be monitored by quarterly visual observations to demonstrate compliance with opacity, and fuel flow monitoring to calculate the emission rate. Hazardous air pollutants and sulfur dioxide from the turbines will similarly be monitored by continuous flow monitoring of the fuel. The emission rates will then be calculated based fuel flow and the relevant emission factors.

Monitoring based on fuel flow, and emission rates, and emission factors is circular and self-proving. It does not actually measure what is coming out of the turbine exhaust. Instead, it assumes the accuracy of the rates or factors. While such monitoring can be useful in many situations, it should not be the sole method relied upon to demonstrate compliance with emission limits. Meaningful monitoring and stack testing is especially important where the emission factors are poor quality, which is the case for many of the hazardous air pollutants in this Application, discussed in more detail below.

The Draft Permit must be amended to include monitoring and regular stack testing for particulate matter, hazardous air pollutants, and sulfur dioxide from Entergy's turbines.

**3. The Application does not include referenced vendor information to support emission calculations and emission limits.**

The Draft Permit establishes emission limit for particulate matter from its turbines of 0.005 pounds per MMBtu. According to the Application, this limit is based on vendor emission estimates, but that vendor data is not included in the publicly available application materials. Without that vendor data, Commenters are unable to verify Entergy's calculations. This is especially problematic because Entergy proposes to demonstrate compliance with this particulate limit by calculating emissions based on the vendor-supplied emission rate, as discussed above. Because the emission rate is self-proving and basing compliance on that emission rate is self-proving, Entergy must provide adequate documentation to support the rate.

Commenters request that Entergy and TCEQ supplement the application with the referenced vendor estimates and data that Entergy has relied upon to establish particulate matter emission rates and limits for its turbines at the Plant.

#### 4. The Application fails to adequately analyze the impacts of Hazardous Air Pollutants.

The Application’s analysis of Hazard Air Pollutant impacts is inadequate for three reasons. First, the Application assumes there will be no emissions of many hazardous air pollutants, including formaldehyde, during periods of maintenance, startup, and shutdown, as shown in table B-17 from the Application (maintenance, startup, and shutdown emissions outlined in red):

TABLE B-17  
Speciated Emissions Summary  
Entergy Texas, Inc.  
Orange County Advanced Power Station  
Orange, Texas

Constituent	Speciated Annual Emissions (tpy)									
	Combined Cycle Turbines	Standby Generator	Firewater Pump	CT1A Fire Protection Generator	CT1B Fire Protection Generator	Fuel Gas Water Bath Heater	Fugitives <sup>[1]</sup>	Lube Oil Vents	MSS <sup>[1]</sup>	Storage Tanks
1,3-butadiene	0.01	-0-	4.01E-06	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
acetaldehyde	1.32	2.36E-05	7.96E-05	4.57E-06	4.57E-06	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
acrolein	0.21	7.37E-06	9.48E-06	1.43E-06	1.43E-06	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
ammonia	329.91	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	0.37	-0-	1.37E-03	-0-
benzene	0.39	7.25E-04	9.56E-05	1.41E-04	1.41E-04	8.71E-05	2.62E-03	-0-	0.04	-0-
diesel	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	0.45	-0-	-0-	0.01
ethylbenzene	1.05	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	2.62E-03	-0-	0.04	-0-
formaldehyde	7.31	7.38E-05	1.21E-04	1.43E-05	1.43E-05	3.11E-03	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
hexane	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	0.07	2.62E-03	-0-	0.04	-0-
lube oil <sup>[2]</sup>	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	0.13	-0-	0.27
naphthalene	0.04	9.63E-05	8.69E-06	1.07E-05	1.07E-05	2.53E-05	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
natural gas condensate	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	0.11
PAH	0.07	1.02E-04	8.53E-06	1.98E-05	1.98E-05	3.66E-06	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
propylene oxide	0.95	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
sodium hypochlorite	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	2.05E-03
sulfuric acid	65.30	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	2.59E-06
toluene	4.28	2.83E-04	4.19E-05	5.10E-05	5.10E-05	1.41E-04	2.62E-03	-0-	0.04	-0-
xylenes	2.11	1.80E-04	2.92E-05	3.50E-05	3.50E-05	-0-	2.62E-03	-0-	0.04	-0-
arsenic	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	8.30E-06	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
barium	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	4.98E-07	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
cadmium	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	4.56E-05	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
chromium	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	5.81E-05	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
cobalt	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	3.48E-06	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
lead	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	2.07E-05	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
manganese	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	1.56E-05	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
mercury	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	1.08E-05	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
nickel	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	8.71E-05	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
selenium	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	9.95E-07	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-

NOTES:

[1] Natural gas fugitive and MSS HAP emissions were assumed to be any of the following constituents: benzene, ethylbenzene, hexane, toluene, and xylenes.  
[2] Control oil, oily water, and seal oil emissions were included in the lube oil emissions.

This is inaccurate because emissions of many Hazardous Air Pollutants are actually higher during maintenance, startup, and shutdown when pollution controls including the proposed oxidation catalyst are not operating. As discussed above, Entergy plans 225 startups and 225 shutdowns per year, with the startups lasting up to six hours and the shutdowns lasting up to one hour. Significant emissions of formaldehyde are expected during these times, but they are absent from Entergy’s calculations.

Second, Entergy bases most of its calculations on EPA emission factors, many of which are poor quality. EPA publishes these emission factors to aid in estimating emissions from sources like Entergy’s turbines, and EPA rates each factor based on its expected accuracy and applicability to similar sources. As detailed in the Dr. Sahu’s comments, many of the emission factors Entergy uses are rated “D,” or “E.” According to EPA, a “D” rating means the factor is “below average,” based on test data from a “small number of facilities, and there may be reason to suspect that these facilities do not represent a random sample of the industry,” and “there also may be evidence of

variability within the source population.”<sup>2</sup> A rating of “E” means the factor is “poor,” based on low quality data, and “there may be reason to suspect that the facilities tested do not represent a random sample of the industry,” and “there also may be evidence of variability within the source category population.”<sup>3</sup>

Entergy has relied on these below average and poor emission factors to demonstrate that its emissions of Hazardous Air Pollutants will not harm human health or the environment. Entergy also relies on these emission factors to demonstrate compliance with its emission limits, discussed above. Because many of these factors are poor quality, it is possible they greatly underestimate emissions, potentially threatening the health and safety of people living and working near the Plant.

Third, and finally, Entergy does not include alternate emission calculations for co-firing of hydrogen. While the Draft Permit allows Entergy to burn up to 30% hydrogen in its turbines, this is not accounted for in the Application’s emission calculations. Instead, all emissions calculations appear to be based entirely on the burning of methane gas. If this permit is meant to authorize burning of hydrogen, information supporting that authorization must be in the Application.

To remedy these deficiencies, Entergy must accurately account for emission of Hazardous Air Pollutants from maintenance, startup, and shutdown. Entergy must also provide vendor data to demonstrate that its emission calculations for Hazardous Air Pollutants are accurate. And Entergy must include emissions calculations that reflect co-firing of hydrogen.

#### **5. The Draft Permit is unclear regarding the timing of Entergy’s claimed emission reductions from the retirement of Boiler Unit 1.**

The Application includes many assumptions based on the retirement of an old boiler unit at the Plant. Specifically, Entergy avoided exceeding the major modification thresholds for nitrogen oxides and sulfur dioxide based on the claimed emission reductions from the retirement of the older boiler unit. Regarding this boiler unit retirement, the Draft Permit states that “this reduction of emissions shall occur not later than the commencement of operation of these gas turbine facilities.” But the Draft Permit does not define the “commencement of operation of these gas turbine facilities.” Commenters request clarification of this term. Entergy avoided the major modification threshold for sulfur dioxide by a small margin, and any period of simultaneous emission from the old boiler and the new turbines, including startup or other testing, would likely lead to an exceedance of that threshold. The Draft Permit must be amended to clearly define the retirement deadline of the old boiler and ensure that operation of the old boiler and new turbines do not overlap.

#### **6. Entergy’s air quality modeling is based on unsupported assumptions.**

As discussed above, Entergy bases many of its emissions rates for Hazardous Air Pollutants on poorly rated emission factors. Entergy bases other emission rates, including emissions rates for particulate matter, on vendor data that is not in the publicly available Application files. Entergy’s air quality modeling analysis then uses these emission rates to predict the expected worst-case impacts of its pollution on the surrounding communities and environment.

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<sup>2</sup> U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, *Introduction to AP-42, Volume 1, Fifth Edition* at 10 (Jan. 1995).

<sup>3</sup> *Id.*

Entergy should not use, and TCEQ should not accept, air quality modeling based on poor emission factors or unverifiable vendor estimates. Absent reliable emission rates, Commenters are unable to verify whether Entergy's pollution will impact human health or the environment. And TCEQ cannot issue this permit unless Entergy demonstrates that its pollution will not harm human health or the environment.

To remedy this deficiency, Entergy must supplement its air quality analysis with accurate emissions rates and information supporting those rates.

#### **7. Entergy's Draft Permit must be updated to incorporate recent changes to National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants: Stationary Combustion Turbines.**

In addition to the issues identified by Dr. Sahu, Commenters also object to the Draft Permit's failure to incorporate the emission limits and monitoring conditions required by the recently finalized National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants: Stationary Combustion Turbines.<sup>4</sup> On March 9, 2022, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) finalized this health-based rule to limit carcinogenic formaldehyde emissions from turbines to a maximum of 91 parts per million. The rule also requires an initial compliance demonstration and ongoing annual compliance demonstrations for the life of the turbines. Entergy's Application and Draft Permit do not include these requirements.

Currently, Draft Permit Special Condition 3 states that Entergy will comply with National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Source Categories in 40 CFR Part 63, including Subpart YYY for Stationary Combustion Turbines. But the Application claims that only a small piece of Subpart YYY, namely the initial notification requirement, applies to this Plant. From the Application:

NESHAP Subpart YYY applies to "Stationary Combustion Turbines" and thus potentially impacts the operation of the two proposed CTs [combustion turbines]. A new or reconstructed stationary CT that is a lean premix gas-fired stationary CT or diffusion flame gas-fired stationary CT must comply with the Initial Notification requirements set forth in §63.6145 but need not comply with any other requirement of this subpart until U.S. EPA takes final action to require compliance and publishes a document in the Federal Register [§63.6095(d)].<sup>5</sup>

While that claim was true when Entergy submitted the Application, EPA has since taken final action to require compliance with all of subpart YYY. Because of this, the Draft Permit must be updated to reflect these requirements. Entergy's turbines must meet a limit of 91 ppm of formaldehyde at all times except during periods of startup. Importantly, subpart YYY has its own definition of "startup," which is:

Startup begins at the first firing of fuel in the stationary combustion turbine. For simple cycle turbines, startup ends when the stationary combustion turbine has

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<sup>4</sup> National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants: Stationary Combustion Turbines; Amendments, 87 Fed. Reg. 13183 (March 9, 2022).

<sup>5</sup> Entergy Application at 24, Regulatory Review, Section 4.1.4.2 (July 15, 2021).



reached stable operation or after 1 hour, whichever is less. For combined cycle turbines, startup ends when the stationary combustion turbine has reached stable operation or after 3 hours, whichever is less. Turbines in combined cycle configurations that are operating as simple cycle turbines must meet the startup requirements for simple cycle turbines while operating as simple cycle turbines.<sup>6</sup>

We include this definition of startup because this rule's three-hour startup window for combined cycle turbines is far less expansive than the six-hour startup window Entergy and TCEQ propose for this Plant. Entergy must meet the 91 ppm formaldehyde limit at all times except for periods of startup that meet the federal definition of startup listed here.

Further, Entergy must demonstrate compliance with this 91 ppm formaldehyde limit when it begins operating the turbines and annually thereafter. These requirements must be explicitly written into Entergy's Draft Permit.

## II. Conclusion

Commenters appreciate the opportunity to file these comments. If you would like to discuss these comments, please contact Colin Cox or Joshua Smith at the information below.

### /s/Colin Cox

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Attachment: Dr. Ranajit Sahu, Consultant, *Comments on the Proposed PSD Permit PSDTX1598 for the Entergy Orange County Advanced Power Station* (July 29, 2022).

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<sup>6</sup> 40 Code Fed. Reg. § 63.6175.

# Comments on the Proposed PSD Permit PSDTX1598 for the Entergy Orange County Advanced Power Station

by

**Dr. Ranajit (Ron) Sahu, Consultant<sup>1</sup>**

## Introduction

The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) is proposing to grant Entergy Texas, Inc. (“Entergy”) a Clean Air Act Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Air Quality Permit PSDTX1598 as well as a Greenhouse Gas (GHG) PSD Air Quality Permit GHGPSDTX210 for emissions of various air pollutants to authorize the construction of the Orange County Advanced Power Station (“Plant”) to be located at 1000 Power House Road, Orange, Orange County, Texas 77630.

The proposed permit authorizes two natural gas fired combustion generators (CTGs) to operate in combined cycle mode. These CTGs are also authorized to co-fire up to 30% hydrogen gas by volume. Both turbines are Mitsubishi model M501JAC turbines, each with an average heat input of 3,756.2 million British thermal units per hour (MMBtu/hr). Each turbine is rated at a nominal capacity of 428 gross megawatts (MWg). Each CTG will have a heat recovery steam generator (HRSG) with no supplemental duct firing. Each HRSG supplies steam to a common steam turbine which drives a third electric generator with a rated nominal capacity of 387 MWg. Therefore, the total rated nominal capacity of this 2 x 1 combined cycle plant is 1,243 MWg.

## Comments

1. The proposed permit limits nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>) and carbon monoxide (CO) emissions to 2.0 parts per million (ppm) on a 24-hour rolling average basis and ammonia (NH<sub>3</sub>) to 7.0 ppm, also on a 24-hour rolling average basis. However, these limits are only applicable under certain Environmental Compliance Mode conditions. Those include operations above specified minimum loads, which depend on ambient temperature ranges shown below:

- A. In order for each CTG to enter Environmental Compliance Mode, the CTG load shall exceed the following percent for at least 3 minutes (for the specified ambient temperature ranges):

Minimum Turbine Load %	Ambient Temperature Range (deg. F)
50	10.0 – 93.0
55	93.1 – 106.1

The basis for the Environmental Compliance Mode, as defined above is not clear. And, in particular, it is not clear why the concentrations specified (that have to be met on a 24-hour average basis) cannot be met at lower minimum loads. The record should provide the basis.

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<sup>1</sup> Resume provided in Attachment A.

In addition, the proposed permit exempts the requirement to meet the above concentration limits for NO<sub>x</sub>, CO, and NH<sub>3</sub> during:

(i) planned startup events, where each startup period is not to exceed six hours and is defined as the period that begins when fuel is introduced and a “combustion flame has been established” in the CTG. A startup period ends when “signals are received” indicating that the CTG is in Environmental Compliance Mode, ammonia injection is in service, “and the startup emissions have purged through the continuous emissions monitoring system (CEMS).” The basis for these many attributes and qualifiers that define startup is not explained in the record, including: the need for startup, as defined, to last as long as six hours; what is meant by “establishment” of the combustion flame (especially given that the fuel can include up to 30% hydrogen, which tends to burn with no visible flame; what “signals” must be received (and where) indicating entry into Environmental Compliance Mode; and the need to show purging of “startup emissions” through the CEMS. I note that the last requirement defining the end of startup includes “startup” emissions – creating further confusion. Taken together, this definition of startup is highly confusing and will allow the operator to impermissibly argue for much longer startup periods than needed;

(ii) planned shutdown periods, which can last as long as one hour;

(iii) when emissions are due to specified (in Attachment B) maintenance activities;

(iv) during “reduced load” operations defined as operational loads below 60% of full load. This is confusing because the Environmental Compliance Mode states that it can be triggered when the load is greater than 50% or 55% of full load. If “reduced” load is below 60% and the concentrations do not have to be met under reduced load conditions, what limits, if any, apply during loads of 50-60% (when the temperature is between 10 – 93° F) or during loads of 55-60% (when the temperature is between 93.1 – 106.1° F)?; and

(v) for the 2 ppm NO<sub>x</sub> concentration, during “transitional load” operations, defined in the proposed permit as “a CTG ramp rate greater than 5 MW per minute (MW/min)...”. The proposed permit allows for exclusion of all concentrations from the 2 ppm calculation if the turbine ramp rate “exceeds 5 MW/minute during at least one hour” in a 24-hour period.

Collectively, the multiple exclusions above, including the convoluted definitions of startup, reduced load, and transitional load, means that the periods of time when the stated concentrations limits for NO<sub>x</sub> (and also for CO and NH<sub>3</sub>) should apply, are likely to be very small. This is particularly true given the large number of expected startups and shutdowns expected, as excerpted below from the permit application, Table 3-Ba.

*Operational Parameters - Startups and Shutdowns*

Event	Number of Events	Event Duration for Lead Turbine (min)		Event Duration for Lag Turbine (min)		Fuel Use Per Turbine Per Event (MMBtu)
		1X1	2X1	1X1	2X1	
Cold Startup	5	360	360	--	323	9,352
Warm Startup	20	240	240	--	201	6,285
Hot Startup	200	120	120	--	74	4,606
Shutdown	225	8.6	8.6	--	8.6	178.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>450</b>	--	--	--	--	<b>1,133,816</b>

The table above shows that there can be 225 startups and 225 shutdowns in a year. That means a startup or shutdown once every 1.5 days or 36 hours. If a startup can last up to 6 hours, as allowed, and with the additional reduced load and transitional load exclusions, it is likely that there will simply be no periods of 24-hour non-excluded operation of the CTG where the concentration limits of 2.0 ppm for NO<sub>x</sub> will apply and the only limit that would apply is the hourly maintenance, startup, and shutdown (MSS) limit. Yet, the permit application presumes that the future emissions of NO<sub>x</sub>, for example, will meet 2 ppm. I ask the TCEQ to clarify in the record why the 2.0 ppm NO<sub>x</sub> limit should apply given the many exclusions noted above. Similarly, it should also clarify how the CO and NH<sub>3</sub> emissions would be affected if all of the exclusions except that of the transitional load, apply to their respective limits.

2. The permit requires testing (from the CTGs) for various pollutants but not for PM<sub>2.5</sub> nor for any Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs), such as formaldehyde and other toxic VOCs that will be emitted from the CTGs under all modes of operation. The testing requirement should be expanded to include both filterable and condensable PM<sub>2.5</sub> as well as all HAPs. The requirement to test for these pollutants should be annually at the least.

Further, the testing requirement notes that testing should be when each CTG is "...at or above ninety percent (90%) of maximum load operations." But not all emissions are highest during these high load conditions. For example, VOCs, VOC HAPs like formaldehyde, and CO will likely be higher during lower load conditions. The testing requirement should be modified to require testing for each pollutant when it is likely to be highest in emissions. This is particularly true given the lack of operation of the oxidation catalyst under low load conditions (i.e., allowing higher CO and VOC/HAP emissions under such conditions) and the frequent anticipated startup/shutdown events. The permit application confirms this.<sup>2</sup>

While the permit allows the use of a CEMS to measure ammonia, it is one of four possible options. The permit should require the use of ammonia CEMS, given the widely varying loads for the CTGs.

Finally, the permit should also require a CO<sub>2</sub> CEMS for each CTG. This is particularly important given that the permit, while limiting CTG CO<sub>2</sub> emissions to 814.7 lb/MWg-hr, allows exemptions for maintenance activities. Without a CEMS, it is not clear how the actual CO<sub>2</sub> emissions will be assessed, given the exemptions allowed. It also makes sense for the permit to have a CO<sub>2</sub> limit that should be met under all conditions of operation of the CTGs, without any exclusions.

3. Throughout the permitting record, including in the permit application<sup>3</sup> and also in the proposed permit there are references to "vendor" data and information. This includes support for various emissions calculations in the permit, as well as, for example, support for the proposed PM, PM<sub>10</sub>,

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<sup>2</sup> ERM, PSD Application for Orange County Advanced Power Station, 15 July 2021. Section 3.2.

"...the oxidation catalyst requires temperatures approaching 600 °F to reach their full conversion potential. As the [Dry Low NO<sub>x</sub> Burner] DLNB progresses through various stages of operation during SU/SD operation both CO and VOC emissions will be at higher levels than during normal operations."

<sup>3</sup> ERM, PSD Application for Orange County Advanced Power Station, 15 July 2021. See for example, Table 3-1.

PM<sub>2.5</sub> BACT of 0.005 lb/MMBtu “based on vendor emission estimates for the turbines and an assumed conversion rate of ammonia into ammonium sulfate in the SCR based on vendor data...”, etc. Yet, no such vendor data seem to be present in the permit record. It is not clear, therefore, what these many references to “vendor data” mean. The TCEQ should require Entergy to provide all vendor data that it purports to rely on.

4. HAP emissions and their impact analyses are very poorly supported in the permit. To begin with, the excerpted table below shows the HAPs considered and their modeling results. I have highlighted a few just to show that the modeled maximum results are not too low compared to respective ESL thresholds shown in the following Table 9:

**Table 9. Minor NSR Site-wide Modeling Results for Health Effects**

Pollutant	CAS#	Averaging Time	GLCmax (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	GLCmax Location	ESL (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )
ammonia	7664-41-7	1-hr	155	Eastern Property Line	180
benzene	71-43-2	1-hr	146	Northern Property Line	170
benzene	71-43-2	Annual	1.4	Northern Property Line	4.5
diesel fuel	68334-30-5	1-hr	97	Eastern Property Line	1000
formaldehyde	50-00-0	1-hr	3	Eastern Property Line	15
C15-30 petroleum lubricating oils, hydrotreated neutral oil-based	72623-86-0	1-hr	43	Eastern Property Line	1000
polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	130498-29-2	1-hr	0.2	Eastern Property Line	0.5
sodium hypochlorite	7681-52-9	1-hr	21	Eastern Property Line	50
cadmium	7440-43-9	1-hr	0.02	Eastern Property Line	5.4
cadmium	7440-43-9	Annual	0.0004	Northern Property Line	0.0033

Yet, a review of the application indicates that HAP emissions were improperly estimated for multiple reasons.

(i) with no justification, emissions for most HAPs are simply presumed to be zero during MSS time periods, including from the CTGs themselves. This is confirmed from the excerpted Table B-17 taken from the application, shown below. Note the many zero entries in the MSS column. As an example (and example only), emissions of formaldehyde are shown as zero during MSS. This is simply false. Significant emissions of this carcinogen will result during startup from each of the CTGs.

**TABLE B-17**  
**Speciated Emissions Summary**  
**Entergy Texas, Inc.**  
**Orange County Advanced Power Station**  
**Orange, Texas**

Constituent	Speciated Annual Emissions (tpy)									
	Combined Cycle Turbines	Standby Generator	Firewater Pump	CTIA Fire Protection Generator	CTIB Fire Protection Generator	Fuel Gas Water Bath Heater	Fugitives <sup>(1)</sup>	Lube Oil Vents	MSS <sup>(1)</sup>	Storage Tanks
1,3-butadiene	0.01	-0	4.01E-06	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0
acetaldehyde	1.32	2.36E-05	7.86E-05	4.57E-06	4.57E-06	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0
acrolein	0.21	7.31E-06	0.48E-06	1.43E-06	1.43E-06	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0
ammonia	329.91	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	0.37	-0	1.37E-03	-0
benzene	0.39	7.25E-04	9.56E-05	1.41E-04	1.41E-04	8.71E-05	2.62E-03	-0	0.04	-0
Diesel	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	0.45	-0	-0	0.01
ethylbenzene	1.05	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	2.62E-03	-0	0.04	-0
formaldehyde	7.31	7.38E-05	1.21E-04	1.43E-05	1.43E-05	3.11E-03	-0	-0	-0	-0
hexane	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	9.07	2.62E-03	-0	0.04	-0
lube oil <sup>(2)</sup>	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	0.13	-0	0.27
naphthalene	0.04	9.63E-05	8.69E-06	1.87E-05	1.87E-05	2.53E-05	-0	-0	-0	-0
natural gas condensate	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	0.11
PAH	0.07	1.02E-04	8.53E-06	1.96E-05	1.96E-05	3.66E-06	-0	-0	-0	-0
propylene oxide	0.95	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0
sodium hypochlorite	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	2.05E-03
sulfuric acid	65.30	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	2.58E-06
toluene	4.28	2.63E-04	4.19E-05	5.10E-05	5.10E-05	1.41E-04	2.62E-03	-0	0.04	-0
xylene	2.11	1.80E-04	2.92E-05	3.50E-05	3.50E-05	-0	2.62E-03	-0	0.04	-0
arsenic	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	8.30E-06	-0	-0	-0	-0
barium	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	4.96E-07	-0	-0	-0	-0
cadmium	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	4.56E-05	-0	-0	-0	-0
chromium	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	5.81E-05	-0	-0	-0	-0
cobalt	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	3.48E-06	-0	-0	-0	-0
lead	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	2.07E-05	-0	-0	-0	-0
manganese	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	1.58E-05	-0	-0	-0	-0
mercury	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	1.98E-05	-0	-0	-0	-0
nickel	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	8.71E-05	-0	-0	-0	-0
selenium	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	9.95E-07	-0	-0	-0	-0

**NOTES:**

[1] Natural gas fugitive and MSS HAP emissions were assumed to be any of the following constituents: benzene, ethylbenzene, hexane, toluene, and xylenes.  
 [2] Control oil, oily water, and seal oil emissions were included in the lube oil emissions.

This confirms that HAP emissions are underestimated for this reason alone.

(ii) the quality of the emission factors used to estimate HAP emissions (i.e., using AP-42 emission factors in most instances) is never discussed even though most of the cited AP-42 emission factors are very poorly rated (i.e., not rated A or even B, the two relatively higher quality ratings in AP-42). That AP-42 is the main source of the HAP emission factors is easily confirmed by a review of the emissions calculations shown in the permit application. For the CTGs, as shown in Table B-3a in the application, all HAP emission factors except for formaldehyde are taken from AP-42 Table 3.1-3. I have reproduced AP-42 Table 3.1-3 below. It is clear that except for benzene (and formaldehyde) none of the other AP-42 factors are of good quality since they are rated C or D. For formaldehyde, the application Table B-3a states that the emission factor was “based on vendor provided information.” Per comment prior, no vendor data were found in the permitting record.

Table 3.1-3. EMISSION FACTORS FOR HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS  
FROM NATURAL GAS-FIRED STATIONARY GAS TURBINES<sup>a</sup>

Emission Factors <sup>b</sup> - Uncontrolled		
Pollutant	Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu) <sup>c</sup>	Emission Factor Rating
1,3-Butadiene <sup>d</sup>	< 4.3 E-07	D
Acetaldehyde	4.0 E-05	C
Acrolein	6.4 E-06	C
Benzene <sup>e</sup>	1.2 E-05	A
Ethylbenzene	3.2 E-05	C
Formaldehyde <sup>f</sup>	7.1 E-04	A
Naphthalene	1.3 E-06	C
PAH	2.2 E-06	C
Propylene Oxide <sup>d</sup>	< 2.9 E-05	D
Toluene	1.3 E-04	C
Xylenes	6.4 E-05	C

As another example, for the fuel gas water bath heater, per Table B-9 in the application, HAP emission were taken from AP-42 Tables 1.4-3 and 1.4-4. I have excerpted these tables below for ease of reference.

TABLE I.4-3. EMISSION FACTORS FOR SPECIATED ORGANIC COMPOUNDS FROM NATURAL GAS COMBUSTION<sup>a</sup>

CAS No.	Pollutant	Emission Factor (lb/10 <sup>6</sup> scf)	Emission Factor Rating
91-57-6	2-Methylnaphthalene <sup>b,c</sup>	2.4E-05	D
56-49-5	3-Methylcholanthrene <sup>b,c</sup>	<1.8E-06	E
	7,12-Dimethylbenz(a)anthracene <sup>b,c</sup>	<1.6E-05	E
83-32-9	Acenaphthene <sup>b,c</sup>	<1.8E-06	E
203-96-8	Acenaphthylene <sup>b,c</sup>	<1.8E-06	E
120-12-7	Anthracene <sup>b,c</sup>	<2.4E-06	E
56-55-3	Benz(a)anthracene <sup>b,c</sup>	<1.8E-06	E
71-43-2	Benzene <sup>b</sup>	2.1E-03	B
50-32-8	Benzo(a)pyrene <sup>b,c</sup>	<1.2E-06	E
205-99-2	Benzo(b)fluoranthene <sup>b,c</sup>	<1.8E-06	E
191-24-2	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene <sup>b,c</sup>	<1.2E-06	E
207-08-9	Benzo(k)fluoranthene <sup>b,c</sup>	<1.8E-06	E
106-97-8	Butane	2.1E+00	E
218-01-9	Chrysene <sup>b,c</sup>	<1.8E-06	E
53-70-3	Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene <sup>b,c</sup>	<1.2E-06	E
25321-22-6	Dichlorobenzene <sup>b</sup>	1.2E-03	E
74-84-0	Ethane	3.1E+00	E
206-44-0	Fluoranthene <sup>b,c</sup>	3.0E-06	E
86-73-7	Fluorene <sup>b,c</sup>	2.8E-06	E
50-00-0	Formaldehyde <sup>b</sup>	7.5E-02	B
110-54-3	Hexane <sup>b</sup>	1.8E+00	E
193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene <sup>b,c</sup>	<1.8E-06	E
91-20-3	Naphthalene <sup>b</sup>	6.1E-04	E
109-66-0	Pentane	2.6E+00	E
85-01-8	Phenanthrene <sup>b,c</sup>	1.7E-05	D
74-98-6	Propane	1.6E+00	E



CAS No.	Pollutant	Emission Factor (lb/10 <sup>6</sup> scf)	Emission Factor Rating
129-00-0	Pyrene <sup>b, c</sup>	5.0E-06	E
108-88-3	Toluene <sup>b</sup>	3.4E-03	C

TABLE 1.4-4. EMISSION FACTORS FOR METALS FROM NATURAL GAS COMBUSTION<sup>a</sup>

CAS No.	Pollutant	Emission Factor (lb/10 <sup>6</sup> scf)	Emission Factor Rating
7440-38-2	Arsenic <sup>b</sup>	2.0E-04	E
7440-39-3	Barium	4.4E-03	D
7440-41-7	Beryllium <sup>b</sup>	<1.2E-05	E
7440-43-9	Cadmium <sup>b</sup>	1.1E-03	D
7440-47-3	Chromium <sup>b</sup>	1.4E-03	D
7440-48-4	Cobalt <sup>b</sup>	8.4E-05	D
7440-50-8	Copper	8.5E-04	C
7439-96-5	Manganese <sup>b</sup>	3.8E-04	D
7439-97-6	Mercury <sup>b</sup>	2.6E-04	D
7439-98-7	Molybdenum	1.1E-03	D
7440-02-0	Nickel <sup>b</sup>	2.1E-03	C
7782-49-2	Selenium <sup>b</sup>	<2.4E-05	E
7440-62-2	Vanadium	2.3E-03	D
7440-66-6	Zinc	2.9E-02	E

The extremely poor ratings for the HAPs in the AP-42 tables (i.e., ratings of mostly D and E with a few Cs and just a couple of Bs) is evident. Using these poorly rated emission factors there is no reason to believe that the estimated HAP emissions are reliable, even in the instances when they are estimated.

(iii) the emission calculations for HAPs make no distinction when just natural gas is used as fuel versus when natural gas is supplemented with hydrogen (up to 30%, as the proposed permit allows). This is evident by a review of the emission factors for HAPs in the application. But no explanation of why the same emission factors should apply under all fuel conditions is provided in the permit record.

Based on the above, including the total exclusion of HAPs from MSS in many instances, as well as the use of poorly rated emission factors and the use of unsupported vendor-derived factors and

use of the same factors for all fuel conditions, it is clear that the entire set of HAP estimates is simply useless. Thus, all modeling using such unreliable HAP emissions is also useless. The TCEQ needs to provide far better (or any) justifications for the HAP analysis.

Further, given the poor quality of the HAP analysis, it is paramount that the proposed permit require frequent and comprehensive testing for all HAPs from at least the CTGs under all operating conditions. Many of the HAPs will be emitted in greater quantities under low load conditions and under MSS conditions.

5. As noted in TCEQ’s Preliminary Determination Summary (PDS) accompanying the proposed permit, the emissions of the major pollutants from the Plant are shown in the Table excerpted below. The Table does not include various hazardous air pollutants (HAPs) that will also be emitted. I discuss HAPs later in these comments. As the Table below shows, PSD was not triggered for NO<sub>x</sub> and SO<sub>2</sub> since Entergy has claimed a creditable, contemporaneous decrease of these pollutants via the retirement of existing Unit 1. The net change for SO<sub>2</sub> at 39.12 tons per year, however, is barely below the PSD Significant Emission Rate (SER) of 40 tons per year.

While the PDS states that Unit 1 will shut down “prior to the operation of the gas turbine facilities” it is not clear what “operation” means in this context – in particular if it allows simultaneous and overlapping periods of power generation and emissions from Unit 1 and the new CTGs. Given the closeness of the SO<sub>2</sub> increase noted above, even a small period of overlapping and simultaneous emissions from Unit 1 and the new CTGs will likely trigger PSD for SO<sub>2</sub>. Thus, the TCEQ should fully define and exclude any overlapping periods of emissions from Unit 1 and the new CTGs in the permit.

Pollutant	Project Increase (tpy) <sup>1</sup>	NA Netting Trigger (tpy)	PSD Netting Trigger (tpy)	Netting Required Y/N	Net Emission Change (tpy) <sup>2</sup>	Major Mod Trigger (tpy)	PSD Triggered Y/N	NA Triggered Y/N
VOC <sup>3</sup>	1,002.83	N/A	40	Y	988.97	40	Y	N/A
NO <sub>x</sub> <sup>3,4</sup>	326.10	N/A	40	Y	-77.96	40	N	N/A
SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>4</sup>	40.68	N/A	40	Y	39.12	40	N	N/A
CO	2,430.82	N/A	100	Y	2,422.93	100	Y	N/A
PM	175.78	N/A	25	Y	156.63	25	Y	N/A
PM <sub>10</sub>	175.26	N/A	15	Y	156.11	15	Y	N/A
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	173.19	N/A	10	Y	154.04	10	Y	N/A
H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	63.86	N/A	0.60	Y	65.86	0.60	Y	N/A
CO <sub>2</sub> e	4,074,700	N/A	75,000	Y	3,762,138	75,000	Y	N/A

6. The modeling conducted in support for the proposed permit contains several assumptions which need to be supported or better supported. For example:

(i) while NO<sub>x</sub> emissions are presumed to be lowered from the current baseline as a result of the shutdown of Unit 1, the modeling should: (a) include all periods of overlapping emissions of Unit 1 and the CTGs unless this is explicitly and totally barred in the permit (see prior comment regarding this); and (b) separately model the increase of NO<sub>x</sub> from the CTGs and the reduction of NO<sub>x</sub> from Unit 1 given the different stack and therefore dispersion characteristics of Unit 1 and the CTGs. It is not clear if this was done or not;

(ii) the model results include “background” concentrations for various pollutants. These include the background concentrations: for PM<sub>2.5</sub> from the EPA AIRS monitor 482450021 located at 2200 Jefferson Dr., Port Arthur, Jefferson County; for O<sub>3</sub> were obtained from the EPA AIRS monitor 483611001 at 2700 Austin Ave., West Orange, Orange County; and for NO<sub>x</sub> from the EPA AIRS monitor 482450009 located at 1086 Venmont Avenue, Beaumont, Jefferson County. Although these are all located in different places, the same justification language for each of these background locations is provided as follows: “[T]his monitor is reasonable based on the applicant’s land use comparison, quantitative review of emissions sources in the surrounding area of the monitor site relative to the project site, and the proximity of the monitor to the project site....” It is not clear how this “reasonable” finding was arrived at in each instance or what “quantitative review of emissions in the surrounding area” was conducted and by whom since no such analysis is provided in the permitting record. Justification for the use of each of these monitoring locations, and their representativeness, should be clearly provided in the record.

## Attachment A

**RANAJIT (RON) SAHU, Ph.D, CEM (Nevada)**

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### EXPERIENCE SUMMARY

Dr. Sahu has over thirty two years of experience in the fields of environmental, mechanical, and chemical engineering including: program and project management services; design and specification of pollution control equipment for a wide range of emissions sources including stationary and mobile sources; soils and groundwater remediation including landfills as remedy; combustion engineering evaluations; energy studies; multimedia environmental regulatory compliance (involving statutes and regulations such as the Federal CAA and its Amendments, Clean Water Act, TSCA, RCRA, CERCLA, SARA, OSHA, NEPA as well as various related state statutes); transportation air quality impact analysis; multimedia compliance audits; multimedia permitting (including air quality NSR/PSD permitting, Title V permitting, NPDES permitting for industrial and storm water discharges, RCRA permitting, etc.), multimedia/multi-pathway human health risk assessments for toxics; air dispersion modeling; and regulatory strategy development and support including negotiation of consent agreements and orders.

He has over thirty years of project management experience and has successfully managed and executed hundreds of projects in this time period. This includes basic and applied research projects, design projects, regulatory compliance projects, permitting projects, energy studies, risk assessment projects, and projects involving the communication of environmental data and information to the public.

He has provided consulting services to numerous private sector, public sector and public interest group clients. His major clients over the past three decades include various trade associations as well as individual companies such as steel mills, petroleum refineries, chemical plants, cement manufacturers, aerospace companies, power generation facilities, lawn and garden equipment manufacturers, spa manufacturers, chemical distribution facilities, land development companies, and various entities in the public sector including EPA, the US Dept. of Justice, several states (including New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, Kansas, Oregon, New Mexico, Pennsylvania, and others), various agencies such as the California DTSC, and various cities and municipalities. Dr. Sahu has executed projects in all 50 US states, numerous local jurisdictions and internationally.

In addition to consulting, for approximately two decades, Dr. Sahu taught numerous courses in several Southern California universities as adjunct faculty, including UCLA (air pollution), UC Riverside (air pollution, process hazard analysis), and Loyola Marymount University (air pollution, risk assessment, hazardous waste management). He also taught at Caltech, his alma mater (various engineering courses), at the University of Southern California (air pollution controls) and at California State University, Fullerton (transportation and air quality).

Dr. Sahu has and continues to provide expert witness services in a number of environmental and engineering areas discussed above in both state and Federal courts as well as before administrative bodies (please see Annex A).

### EXPERIENCE RECORD

2000-present **Independent Consultant.** Providing a variety of private sector (industrial companies, land development companies, law firms, etc.), public sector (such as the US Department of Justice), and public interest group clients with project management, environmental consulting, project management, as well as regulatory and engineering support consulting services.

- 1995-2000 Parsons ES, **Associate, Senior Project Manager and Department Manager for Air Quality/Geosciences/Hazardous Waste Groups**, Pasadena, CA.  
Parsons ES, **Manager for Air Source Testing Services**. Responsible for the management of 8 individuals in the area of air source testing and air regulatory permitting projects located in Bakersfield, California.
- 1992-1995 Engineering-Science, Inc. **Principal Engineer and Senior Project Manager** in the air quality department.
- 1990-1992 Engineering-Science, Inc. **Principal Engineer and Project Manager** in the air quality department.
- 1989-1990 Kinetics Technology International, Corp. **Development Engineer**. Involved in thermal engineering R&D and project work related to low-NOx ceramic radiant burners, fired heater NOx reduction, SCR design, and fired heater retrofitting.
- 1988-1989 Heat Transfer Research, Inc. **Research Engineer**. Involved in the design of fired heaters, heat exchangers, air coolers, and other non-fired equipment. Also did research in the area of heat exchanger tube vibrations.

#### EDUCATION

- 1984-1988 Ph.D., Mechanical Engineering, California Institute of Technology (Caltech), Pasadena, CA.
- 1984 M. S., Mechanical Engineering, California Institute of Technology (Caltech), Pasadena, CA.
- 1978-1983 B. Tech (Honors), Mechanical Engineering, Indian Institute of Technology (IIT) Kharagpur, India

#### TEACHING EXPERIENCE

##### Caltech

- "Thermodynamics," Teaching Assistant, California Institute of Technology, 1983, 1987.
- "Air Pollution Control," Teaching Assistant, California Institute of Technology, 1985.
- "Caltech Secondary and High School Saturday Program," - taught various mathematics (algebra through calculus) and science (physics and chemistry) courses to high school students, 1983-1989.
- "Heat Transfer," - taught this course in the Fall and Winter terms of 1994-1995 in the Division of Engineering and Applied Science.
- "Thermodynamics and Heat Transfer," Fall and Winter Terms of 1996-1997.

##### U.C. Riverside. Extension

- "Toxic and Hazardous Air Contaminants," University of California Extension Program, Riverside, California. Various years since 1992.
- "Prevention and Management of Accidental Air Emissions," University of California Extension Program, Riverside, California. Various years since 1992.
- "Air Pollution Control Systems and Strategies," University of California Extension Program, Riverside, California, Summer 1992-93, Summer 1993-1994.
- "Air Pollution Calculations," University of California Extension Program, Riverside, California, Fall 1993-94, Winter 1993-94, Fall 1994-95.
- "Process Safety Management," University of California Extension Program, Riverside, California. Various years since 1992-2010.
- "Process Safety Management," University of California Extension Program, Riverside, California, at SCAQMD, Spring 1993-94.

"Advanced Hazard Analysis - A Special Course for LEPCs," University of California Extension Program, Riverside, California, taught at San Diego, California, Spring 1993-1994.

"Advanced Hazardous Waste Management" University of California Extension Program, Riverside, California. 2005.

#### Loyola Marymount University

"Fundamentals of Air Pollution - Regulations, Controls and Engineering," Loyola Marymount University, Dept. of Civil Engineering. Various years beginning 1993.

"Air Pollution Control," Loyola Marymount University, Dept. of Civil Engineering, Fall 1994.

"Environmental Risk Assessment," Loyola Marymount University, Dept. of Civil Engineering. Various years beginning 1998.

"Hazardous Waste Remediation" Loyola Marymount University, Dept. of Civil Engineering. Various years beginning 2006.

#### University of Southern California

"Air Pollution Controls," University of Southern California, Dept. of Civil Engineering, Fall 1993, Fall 1994.

"Air Pollution Fundamentals," University of Southern California, Dept. of Civil Engineering, Winter 1994.

#### University of California, Los Angeles

"Air Pollution Fundamentals," University of California, Los Angeles, Dept. of Civil and Environmental Engineering, Spring 1994, Spring 1999, Spring 2000, Spring 2003, Spring 2006, Spring 2007, Spring 2008, Spring 2009.

#### International Programs

"Environmental Planning and Management," 5 week program for visiting Chinese delegation, 1994.

"Environmental Planning and Management," 1 day program for visiting Russian delegation, 1995.

"Air Pollution Planning and Management," IEP, UCR, Spring 1996.

"Environmental Issues and Air Pollution," IEP, UCR, October 1996.

### PROFESSIONAL AFFILIATIONS AND HONORS

**President of India Gold Medal, IIT Kharagpur, India, 1983.**

Member of the Alternatives Assessment Committee of the Grand Canyon Visibility Transport Commission, established by the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990, 1992.

American Society of Mechanical Engineers: Los Angeles Section Executive Committee, Heat Transfer Division, and Fuels and Combustion Technology Division, 1987-mid-1990s.

Air and Waste Management Association, West Coast Section, 1989-mid-2000s.

### PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATIONS

EIT, California (#XE088305), 1993.

REA I, California (#07438), 2000.

Certified Permitting Professional, South Coast AQMD (#C8320), since 1993.

QEP, Institute of Professional Environmental Practice, 2000 - 2021.

CEM, State of Nevada (#EM-1699).

### PUBLICATIONS (PARTIAL LIST)

- "Physical Properties and Oxidation Rates of Chars from Bituminous Coals," with Y.A. Levendis, R.C. Flagan and G.R. Gavalas, *Fuel*, **67**, 275-283 (1988).
- "Char Combustion: Measurement and Analysis of Particle Temperature Histories," with R.C. Flagan, G.R. Gavalas and P.S. Northrop, *Comb. Sci. Tech.* **60**, 215-230 (1988).
- "On the Combustion of Bituminous Coal Chars," PhD Thesis, California Institute of Technology (1988).
- "Optical Pyrometry: A Powerful Tool for Coal Combustion Diagnostics," *J. Coal Quality*, **8**, 17-22 (1989).
- "Post-Ignition Transients in the Combustion of Single Char Particles," with Y.A. Levendis, R.C. Flagan and G.R. Gavalas, *Fuel*, **68**, 849-855 (1989).
- "A Model for Single Particle Combustion of Bituminous Coal Char." Proc. ASME National Heat Transfer Conference, Philadelphia, **HTD-Vol. 106**, 505-513 (1989).
- "Discrete Simulation of Cenospheric Coal-Char Combustion," with R.C. Flagan and G.R. Gavalas, *Combust. Flame*, **77**, 337-346 (1989).
- "Particle Measurements in Coal Combustion," with R.C. Flagan, in "**Combustion Measurements**" (ed. N. Chigier), Hemisphere Publishing Corp. (1991).
- "Cross Linking in Pore Structures and Its Effect on Reactivity," with G.R. Gavalas in preparation.
- "Natural Frequencies and Mode Shapes of Straight Tubes," Proprietary Report for Heat Transfer Research Institute, Alhambra, CA (1990).
- "Optimal Tube Layouts for Kamui SL-Series Exchangers," with K. Ishihara, Proprietary Report for Kamui Company Limited, Tokyo, Japan (1990).
- "HTRI Process Heater Conceptual Design," Proprietary Report for Heat Transfer Research Institute, Alhambra, CA (1990).
- "Asymptotic Theory of Transonic Wind Tunnel Wall Interference," with N.D. Malmuth and others, Arnold Engineering Development Center, Air Force Systems Command, USAF (1990).
- "Gas Radiation in a Fired Heater Convection Section," Proprietary Report for Heat Transfer Research Institute, College Station, TX (1990).
- "Heat Transfer and Pressure Drop in NTIW Heat Exchangers," Proprietary Report for Heat Transfer Research Institute, College Station, TX (1991).
- "NOx Control and Thermal Design," Thermal Engineering Tech Briefs, (1994).
- "From Purchase of Landmark Environmental Insurance to Remediation: Case Study in Henderson, Nevada," with Robin E. Bain and Jill Quillin, presented at the AQMA Annual Meeting, Florida, 2001.
- "The Jones Act Contribution to Global Warming, Acid Rain and Toxic Air Contaminants," with Charles W. Botsford, presented at the AQMA Annual Meeting, Florida, 2001.

### PRESENTATIONS (PARTIAL LIST)

- "Pore Structure and Combustion Kinetics - Interpretation of Single Particle Temperature-Time Histories," with P.S. Northrop, R.C. Flagan and G.R. Gavalas, presented at the AIChE Annual Meeting, New York (1987).
- "Measurement of Temperature-Time Histories of Burning Single Coal Char Particles," with R.C. Flagan, presented at the American Flame Research Committee Fall International Symposium, Pittsburgh, (1988).
- "Physical Characterization of a Cenospheric Coal Char Burned at High Temperatures," with R.C. Flagan and G.R. Gavalas, presented at the Fall Meeting of the Western States Section of the Combustion Institute, Laguna Beach, California (1988).

"Control of Nitrogen Oxide Emissions in Gas Fired Heaters - The Retrofit Experience," with G. P. Croce and R. Patel, presented at the International Conference on Environmental Control of Combustion Processes (Jointly sponsored by the American Flame Research Committee and the Japan Flame Research Committee), Honolulu, Hawaii (1991).

"Air Toxics - Past, Present and the Future," presented at the Joint AIChE/AAEE Breakfast Meeting at the AIChE 1991 Annual Meeting, Los Angeles, California, November 17-22 (1991).

"Air Toxics Emissions and Risk Impacts from Automobiles Using Reformulated Gasolines," presented at the Third Annual Current Issues in Air Toxics Conference, Sacramento, California, November 9-10 (1992).

"Air Toxics from Mobile Sources," presented at the Environmental Health Sciences (ESE) Seminar Series, UCLA, Los Angeles, California, November 12, (1992).

"Kilns, Ovens, and Dryers - Present and Future," presented at the Gas Company Air Quality Permit Assistance Seminar, Industry Hills Sheraton, California, November 20, (1992).

"The Design and Implementation of Vehicle Scrapping Programs," presented at the 86th Annual Meeting of the Air and Waste Management Association, Denver, Colorado, June 12, 1993.

"Air Quality Planning and Control in Beijing, China," presented at the 87th Annual Meeting of the Air and Waste Management Association, Cincinnati, Ohio, June 19-24, 1994.



## Annex A

### Expert Litigation Support

#### A. Occasions where Dr. Sahu has provided Written or Oral testimony before Congress:

1. In July 2012, provided expert written and oral testimony to the House Subcommittee on Energy and the Environment, Committee on Science, Space, and Technology at a Hearing entitled "Hitting the Ethanol Blend Wall – Examining the Science on E15."

#### B. Matters for which Dr. Sahu has provided affidavits and expert reports include:

2. Affidavit for Rocky Mountain Steel Mills, Inc. located in Pueblo Colorado – dealing with the technical uncertainties associated with night-time opacity measurements in general and at this steel mini-mill.
3. Expert reports and depositions (2/28/2002 and 3/1/2002; 12/2/2003 and 12/3/2003; 5/24/2004) on behalf of the United States in connection with the Ohio Edison NSR Cases. *United States, et al. v. Ohio Edison Co., et al.*, C2-99-1181 (Southern District of Ohio).
4. Expert reports and depositions (5/23/2002 and 5/24/2002) on behalf of the United States in connection with the Illinois Power NSR Case. *United States v. Illinois Power Co., et al.*, 99-833-MJR (Southern District of Illinois).
5. Expert reports and depositions (11/25/2002 and 11/26/2002) on behalf of the United States in connection with the Duke Power NSR Case. *United States, et al. v. Duke Energy Corp.*, 1:00-CV-1262 (Middle District of North Carolina).
6. Expert reports and depositions (10/6/2004 and 10/7/2004; 7/10/2006) on behalf of the United States in connection with the American Electric Power NSR Cases. *United States, et al. v. American Electric Power Service Corp., et al.*, C2-99-1182, C2-99-1250 (Southern District of Ohio).
7. Affidavit (March 2005) on behalf of the Minnesota Center for Environmental Advocacy and others in the matter of the Application of Heron Lake BioEnergy LLC to construct and operate an ethanol production facility – submitted to the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency.
8. Expert Report and Deposition (10/31/2005 and 11/1/2005) on behalf of the United States in connection with the East Kentucky Power Cooperative NSR Case. *United States v. East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.*, 5:04-cv-00034-KSF (Eastern District of Kentucky).
9. Affidavits and deposition on behalf of Basic Management Inc. (BMI) Companies in connection with the BMI vs. USA remediation cost recovery Case.
10. Expert Report on behalf of Penn Future and others in the Cambria Coke plant permit challenge in Pennsylvania.
11. Expert Report on behalf of the Appalachian Center for the Economy and the Environment and others in the Western Greenbrier permit challenge in West Virginia.
12. Expert Report, deposition (via telephone on January 26, 2007) on behalf of various Montana petitioners (Citizens Awareness Network (CAN), Women's Voices for the Earth (WVE) and the Clark Fork Coalition (CFC)) in the Thompson River Cogeneration LLC Permit No. 3175-04 challenge.
13. Expert Report and deposition (2/2/07) on behalf of the Texas Clean Air Cities Coalition at the Texas State Office of Administrative Hearings (SOAH) in the matter of the permit challenges to TXU Project Apollo's eight new proposed PRB-fired PC boilers located at seven TX sites.
14. Expert Testimony (July 2007) on behalf of the Izaak Walton League of America and others in connection with the acquisition of power by Xcel Energy from the proposed Gascoyne Power Plant – at the State of

Minnesota, Office of Administrative Hearings for the Minnesota PUC (MPUC No. E002/CN-06-1518; OAH No. 12-2500-17857-2).

15. Affidavit (July 2007) Comments on the Big Cajun I Draft Permit on behalf of the Sierra Club – submitted to the Louisiana DEQ.
16. Expert Report and Deposition (12/13/2007) on behalf of Commonwealth of Pennsylvania – Dept. of Environmental Protection, State of Connecticut, State of New York, and State of New Jersey (Plaintiffs) in connection with the Allegheny Energy NSR Case. *Plaintiffs v. Allegheny Energy Inc., et al.*, 2:05cv0885 (Western District of Pennsylvania).
17. Expert Reports and Pre-filed Testimony before the Utah Air Quality Board on behalf of Sierra Club in the Sevier Power Plant permit challenge.
18. Expert Report and Deposition (October 2007) on behalf of MTD Products Inc., in connection with *General Power Products, LLC v MTD Products Inc.*, 1:06 CVA 0143 (Southern District of Ohio, Western Division).
19. Expert Report and Deposition (June 2008) on behalf of Sierra Club and others in the matter of permit challenges (Title V: 28.0801-29 and PSD: 28.0803-PSD) for the Big Stone II unit, proposed to be located near Milbank, South Dakota.
20. Expert Reports, Affidavit, and Deposition (August 15, 2008) on behalf of Earthjustice in the matter of air permit challenge (CT-4631) for the Basin Electric Dry Fork station, under construction near Gillette, Wyoming before the Environmental Quality Council of the State of Wyoming.
21. Affidavits (May 2010/June 2010 in the Office of Administrative Hearings)/Declaration and Expert Report (November 2009 in the Office of Administrative Hearings) on behalf of NRDC and the Southern Environmental Law Center in the matter of the air permit challenge for Duke Cliffside Unit 6. Office of Administrative Hearing Matters 08 EHR 0771, 0835 and 0836 and 09 HER 3102, 3174, and 3176 (consolidated).
22. Declaration (August 2008), Expert Report (January 2009), and Declaration (May 2009) on behalf of Southern Alliance for Clean Energy in the matter of the air permit challenge for Duke Cliffside Unit 6. *Southern Alliance for Clean Energy et al., v. Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC*, Case No. 1:08-cv-00318-LHT-DLH (Western District of North Carolina, Asheville Division).
23. Declaration (August 2008) on behalf of the Sierra Club in the matter of Dominion Wise County plant MACT.us
24. Expert Report (June 2008) on behalf of Sierra Club for the Green Energy Resource Recovery Project, MACT Analysis.
25. Expert Report (February 2009) on behalf of Sierra Club and the Environmental Integrity Project in the matter of the air permit challenge for NRG Limestone’s proposed Unit 3 in Texas.
26. Expert Report (June 2009) on behalf of MTD Products, Inc., in the matter of *Alice Holmes and Vernon Holmes v. Home Depot USA, Inc., et al.*
27. Expert Report (August 2009) on behalf of Sierra Club and the Southern Environmental Law Center in the matter of the air permit challenge for Santee Cooper’s proposed Pee Dee plant in South Carolina).
28. Statements (May 2008 and September 2009) on behalf of the Minnesota Center for Environmental Advocacy to the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency in the matter of the Minnesota Haze State Implementation Plans.
29. Expert Report (August 2009) on behalf of Environmental Defense, in the matter of permit challenges to the proposed Las Brisas coal fired power plant project at the Texas State Office of Administrative Hearings (SOAH).
30. Expert Report and Rebuttal Report (September 2009) on behalf of the Sierra Club, in the matter of challenges to the proposed Medicine Bow Fuel and Power IGL plant in Cheyenne, Wyoming.
31. Expert Report (December 2009) and Rebuttal reports (May 2010 and June 2010) on behalf of the United States in connection with the Alabama Power Company NSR Case. *United States v. Alabama Power Company*, CV-01-HS-152-S (Northern District of Alabama, Southern Division).

32. Pre-filed Testimony (October 2009) on behalf of Environmental Defense and others, in the matter of challenges to the proposed White Stallion Energy Center coal fired power plant project at the Texas State Office of Administrative Hearings (SOAH).
33. Pre-filed Testimony (July 2010) and Written Rebuttal Testimony (August 2010) on behalf of the State of New Mexico Environment Department in the matter of Proposed Regulation 20.2.350 NMAC – *Greenhouse Gas Cap and Trade Provisions*, No. EIB 10-04 (R), to the State of New Mexico, Environmental Improvement Board.
34. Expert Report (August 2010) and Rebuttal Expert Report (October 2010) on behalf of the United States in connection with the Louisiana Generating NSR Case. *United States v. Louisiana Generating, LLC*, 09-CV100-RET-CN (Middle District of Louisiana) – Liability Phase.
35. Declaration (August 2010), Reply Declaration (November 2010), Expert Report (April 2011), Supplemental and Rebuttal Expert Report (July 2011) on behalf of the United States in the matter of DTE Energy Company and Detroit Edison Company (Monroe Unit 2). *United States of America v. DTE Energy Company and Detroit Edison Company*, Civil Action No. 2:10-cv-13101-BAF-RSW (Eastern District of Michigan).
36. Expert Report and Deposition (August 2010) as well as Affidavit (September 2010) on behalf of Kentucky Waterways Alliance, Sierra Club, and Valley Watch in the matter of challenges to the NPDES permit issued for the Trimble County power plant by the Kentucky Energy and Environment Cabinet to Louisville Gas and Electric, File No. DOW-41106-047.
37. Expert Report (August 2010), Rebuttal Expert Report (September 2010), Supplemental Expert Report (September 2011), and Declaration (November 2011) on behalf of Wild Earth Guardians in the matter of opacity exceedances and monitor downtime at the Public Service Company of Colorado (Xcel)'s Cherokee power plant. No. 09-cv-1862 (District of Colorado).
38. Written Direct Expert Testimony (August 2010) and Affidavit (February 2012) on behalf of Fall-Line Alliance for a Clean Environment and others in the matter of the PSD Air Permit for Plant Washington issued by Georgia DNR at the Office of State Administrative Hearing, State of Georgia (OSAH-BNR-AQ-1031707-98-WALKER).
39. Deposition (August 2010) on behalf of Environmental Defense, in the matter of the remanded permit challenge to the proposed Las Brisas coal fired power plant project at the Texas State Office of Administrative Hearings (SOAH).
40. Expert Report, Supplemental/Rebuttal Expert Report, and Declarations (October 2010, November 2010, September 2012) on behalf of New Mexico Environment Department (Plaintiff-Intervenor), Grand Canyon Trust and Sierra Club (Plaintiffs) in the matter of *Plaintiffs v. Public Service Company of New Mexico* (PNM), Civil No. 1:02-CV-0552 BB/ATC (ACE) (District of New Mexico).
41. Expert Report (October 2010) and Rebuttal Expert Report (November 2010) (BART Determinations for PSCo Hayden and CSU Martin Drake units) to the Colorado Air Quality Commission on behalf of Coalition of Environmental Organizations.
42. Expert Report (November 2010) (BART Determinations for TriState Craig Units, CSU Nixon Unit, and PRPA Rawhide Unit) to the Colorado Air Quality Commission on behalf of Coalition of Environmental Organizations.
43. Declaration (November 2010) on behalf of the Sierra Club in connection with the Martin Lake Station Units 1, 2, and 3. *Sierra Club v. Energy Future Holdings Corporation and Luminant Generation Company LLC*, Case No. 5:10-cv-00156-DF-CMC (Eastern District of Texas, Texarkana Division).
44. Pre-Filed Testimony (January 2011) and Declaration (February 2011) to the Georgia Office of State Administrative Hearings (OSAH) in the matter of Minor Source HAPs status for the proposed Longleaf Energy Associates power plant (OSAH-BNR-AQ-1115157-60-HOWELLS) on behalf of the Friends of the Chattahoochee and the Sierra Club).
45. Declaration (February 2011) in the matter of the Draft Title V Permit for RRI Energy MidAtlantic Power Holdings LLC Shawville Generating Station (Pennsylvania), ID No. 17-00001 on behalf of the Sierra Club.

46. Expert Report (March 2011), Rebuttal Expert Report (June 2011) on behalf of the United States in *United States of America v. Cemex, Inc.*, Civil Action No. 09-cv-00019-MSK-MEH (District of Colorado).
47. Declaration (April 2011) and Expert Report (July 16, 2012) in the matter of the Lower Colorado River Authority (LCRA)'s Fayette (Sam Seymour) Power Plant on behalf of the Texas Campaign for the Environment. *Texas Campaign for the Environment v. Lower Colorado River Authority*, Civil Action No. 4:11-cv-00791 (Southern District of Texas, Houston Division).
48. Declaration (June 2011) on behalf of the Plaintiffs MYTAPN in the matter of Microsoft-Yes, Toxic Air Pollution-No (MYTAPN) v. State of Washington, Department of Ecology and Microsoft Corporation Columbia Data Center to the Pollution Control Hearings Board, State of Washington, Matter No. PCHB No. 10-162.
49. Expert Report (June 2011) on behalf of the New Hampshire Sierra Club at the State of New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission, Docket No. 10-261 – the 2010 Least Cost Integrated Resource Plan (LCIRP) submitted by the Public Service Company of New Hampshire (re. Merrimack Station Units 1 and 2).
50. Declaration (August 2011) in the matter of the Sandy Creek Energy Associates L.P. Sandy Creek Power Plant on behalf of Sierra Club and Public Citizen. *Sierra Club, Inc. and Public Citizen, Inc. v. Sandy Creek Energy Associates, L.P.*, Civil Action No. A-08-CA-648-LY (Western District of Texas, Austin Division).
51. Expert Report (October 2011) on behalf of the Defendants in the matter of *John Quiles and Jeanette Quiles et al. v. Bradford-White Corporation, MTD Products, Inc., Kohler Co., et al.*, Case No. 3:10-cv-747 (TJM/DEP) (Northern District of New York).
52. Declaration (October 2011) on behalf of the Plaintiffs in the matter of *American Nurses Association et al. (Plaintiffs), v. US EPA (Defendant)*, Case No. 1:08-cv-02198-RMC (US District Court for the District of Columbia).
53. Declaration (February 2012) and Second Declaration (February 2012) in the matter of *Washington Environmental Council and Sierra Club Washington State Chapter v. Washington State Department of Ecology and Western States Petroleum Association*, Case No. 11-417-MJP (Western District of Washington).
54. Expert Report (March 2012) and Supplemental Expert Report (November 2013) in the matter of *Environment Texas Citizen Lobby, Inc and Sierra Club v. ExxonMobil Corporation et al.*, Civil Action No. 4:10-cv-4969 (Southern District of Texas, Houston Division).
55. Declaration (March 2012) in the matter of *Center for Biological Diversity, et al. v. United States Environmental Protection Agency*, Case No. 11-1101 (consolidated with 11-1285, 11-1328 and 11-1336) (US Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit).
56. Declaration (March 2012) in the matter of *Sierra Club v. The Kansas Department of Health and Environment*, Case No. 11-105,493-AS (Holcomb power plant) (Supreme Court of the State of Kansas).
57. Declaration (March 2012) in the matter of the Las Brisas Energy Center *Environmental Defense Fund et al., v. Texas Commission on Environmental Quality*, Cause No. D-1-GN-11-001364 (District Court of Travis County, Texas, 261<sup>st</sup> Judicial District).
58. Expert Report (April 2012), Supplemental and Rebuttal Expert Report (July 2012), and Supplemental Rebuttal Expert Report (August 2012) on behalf of the states of New Jersey and Connecticut in the matter of the Portland Power plant *State of New Jersey and State of Connecticut (Intervenor-Plaintiff) v. RRI Energy Mid-Atlantic Power Holdings et al.*, Civil Action No. 07-CV-5298 (JKG) (Eastern District of Pennsylvania).
59. Declaration (April 2012) in the matter of the EPA's EGU MATS Rule, on behalf of the Environmental Integrity Project.
60. Expert Report (August 2012) on behalf of the United States in connection with the Louisiana Generating NSR Case. *United States v. Louisiana Generating, LLC*, 09-CV100-RET-CN (Middle District of Louisiana) – Harm Phase.
61. Declaration (September 2012) in the Matter of the Application of *Energy Answers Incinerator, Inc.* for a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity to Construct a 120 MW Generating Facility in Baltimore City, Maryland, before the Public Service Commission of Maryland, Case No. 9199.

62. Expert Report (October 2012) on behalf of the Appellants (Robert Concilus and Leah Humes) in the matter of Robert Concilus and Leah Humes v. Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection and Crawford Renewable Energy, before the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Environmental Hearing Board, Docket No. 2011-167-R.
63. Expert Report (October 2012), Supplemental Expert Report (January 2013), and Affidavit (June 2013) in the matter of various Environmental Petitioners v. North Carolina DENR/DAQ and Carolinas Cement Company, before the Office of Administrative Hearings, State of North Carolina.
64. Pre-filed Testimony (October 2012) on behalf of No-Sag in the matter of the North Springfield Sustainable Energy Project before the State of Vermont, Public Service Board.
65. Pre-filed Testimony (November 2012) on behalf of Clean Wisconsin in the matter of Application of Wisconsin Public Service Corporation for Authority to Construct and Place in Operation a New Multi-Pollutant Control Technology System (ReACT) for Unit 3 of the Weston Generating Station, before the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin, Docket No. 6690-CE-197.
66. Expert Report (February 2013) on behalf of Petitioners in the matter of Credence Crematory, Cause No. 12-A-J-4538 before the Indiana Office of Environmental Adjudication.
67. Expert Report (April 2013), Rebuttal report (July 2013), and Declarations (October 2013, November 2013) on behalf of the Sierra Club in connection with the Luminant Big Brown Case. *Sierra Club v. Energy Future Holdings Corporation and Luminant Generation Company LLC*, Civil Action No. 6:12-cv-00108-WSS (Western District of Texas, Waco Division).
68. Declaration (April 2013) on behalf of Petitioners in the matter of *Sierra Club, et al., (Petitioners) v. Environmental Protection Agency et al. (Respondents)*, Case No., 13-1112, (Court of Appeals, District of Columbia Circuit).
69. Expert Report (May 2013) and Rebuttal Expert Report (July 2013) on behalf of the Sierra Club in connection with the Luminant Martin Lake Case. *Sierra Club v. Energy Future Holdings Corporation and Luminant Generation Company LLC*, Civil Action No. 5:10-cv-0156-MHS-CMC (Eastern District of Texas, Texarkana Division).
70. Declaration (August 2013) on behalf of A. J. Acosta Company, Inc., in the matter of *A. J. Acosta Company, Inc., v. County of San Bernardino*, Case No. CIVSS803651.
71. Comments (October 2013) on behalf of the Washington Environmental Council and the Sierra Club in the matter of the Washington State Oil Refinery RACT (for Greenhouse Gases), submitted to the Washington State Department of Ecology, the Northwest Clean Air Agency, and the Puget Sound Clean Air Agency.
72. Statement (November 2013) on behalf of various Environmental Organizations in the matter of the Boswell Energy Center (BEC) Unit 4 Environmental Retrofit Project, to the Minnesota Public Utilities Commission, Docket No. E-015/M-12-920.
73. Expert Report (December 2013) on behalf of the United States in *United States of America v. Ameren Missouri*, Civil Action No. 4:11-cv-00077-RWS (Eastern District of Missouri, Eastern Division).
74. Expert Testimony (December 2013) on behalf of the Sierra Club in the matter of Public Service Company of New Hampshire Merrimack Station Scrubber Project and Cost Recovery, Docket No. DE 11-250, to the State of New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission.
75. Expert Report (January 2014) on behalf of Baja, Inc., in *Baja, Inc., v. Automotive Testing and Development Services, Inc. et al.*, Civil Action No. 8:13-CV-02057-GRA (District of South Carolina, Anderson/Greenwood Division).
76. Declaration (March 2014) on behalf of the Center for International Environmental Law, Chesapeake Climate Action Network, Friends of the Earth, Pacific Environment, and the Sierra Club (Plaintiffs) in the matter of *Plaintiffs v. the Export-Import Bank (Ex-Im Bank) of the United States*, Civil Action No. 13-1820 RC (District Court for the District of Columbia).

77. Declaration (April 2014) on behalf of Respondent-Intervenors in the matter of *Mexichem Specialty Resins Inc., et al., (Petitioners) v Environmental Protection Agency et al.*, Case No., 12-1260 (and Consolidated Case Nos. 12-1263, 12-1265, 12-1266, and 12-1267), (Court of Appeals, District of Columbia Circuit).
78. Direct Prefiled Testimony (June 2014) on behalf of the Michigan Environmental Council and the Sierra Club in the matter of the Application of DTE Electric Company for Authority to Implement a Power Supply Cost Recovery (PSCR) Plan in its Rate Schedules for 2014 Metered Jurisdictional Sales of Electricity, Case No. U-17319 (Michigan Public Service Commission).
79. Expert Report (June 2014) on behalf of ECM Biofilms in the matter of the US Federal Trade Commission (FTC) v. ECM Biofilms (FTC Docket #9358).
80. Direct Prefiled Testimony (August 2014) on behalf of the Michigan Environmental Council and the Sierra Club in the matter of the Application of Consumers Energy Company for Authority to Implement a Power Supply Cost Recovery (PSCR) Plan in its Rate Schedules for 2014 Metered Jurisdictional Sales of Electricity, Case No. U-17317 (Michigan Public Service Commission).
81. Declaration (July 2014) on behalf of Public Health Intervenors in the matter of *EME Homer City Generation v. US EPA* (Case No. 11-1302 and consolidated cases) relating to the lifting of the stay entered by the Court on December 30, 2011 (US Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia).
82. Expert Report (September 2014), Rebuttal Expert Report (December 2014) and Supplemental Expert Report (March 2015) on behalf of Plaintiffs in the matter of *Sierra Club and Montana Environmental Information Center (Plaintiffs) v. PPL Montana LLC, Avista Corporation, Puget Sound Energy, Portland General Electric Company, Northwestern Corporation, and PacifiCorp (Defendants)*, Civil Action No. CV 13-32-BLG-DLC-JCL (US District Court for the District of Montana, Billings Division).
83. Expert Report (November 2014) on behalf of Niagara County, the Town of Lewiston, and the Villages of Lewiston and Youngstown in the matter of CWM Chemical Services, LLC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Permit Application Nos.: 9-2934-00022/00225, 9-2934-00022/00231, 9-2934-00022/00232, and 9-2934-00022/00249 (pending).
84. *Declaration (January 2015) relating to Startup/Shutdown in the MATS Rule (EPA Docket ID No. EPA-HQ-OAR-2009-0234) on behalf of the Environmental Integrity Project.*
85. Pre-filed Direct Testimony (March 2015), Supplemental Testimony (May 2015), and Surrebuttal Testimony (December 2015) on behalf of Friends of the Columbia Gorge in the matter of the Application for a Site Certificate for the Troutdale Energy Center before the Oregon Energy Facility Siting Council.
86. Brief of Amici Curiae Experts in Air Pollution Control and Air Quality Regulation in Support of the Respondents, On Writs of Certiorari to the US Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia, No. 14-46, 47, 48. *Michigan et. al., (Petitioners) v. EPA et. al., Utility Air Regulatory Group (Petitioners) v. EPA et. al., National Mining Association et. al., (Petitioner) v. EPA et. al.*, (Supreme Court of the United States).
87. Expert Report (March 2015) and Rebuttal Expert Report (January 2016) on behalf of Plaintiffs in the matter of *Conservation Law Foundation v. Broadrock Gas Services LLC, Rhode Island LFG GENCO LLC, and Rhode Island Resource Recovery Corporation (Defendants)*, Civil Action No. 1:13-cv-00777-M-PAS (US District Court for the District of Rhode Island).
88. Declaration (April 2015) relating to various Technical Corrections for the MATS Rule (EPA Docket ID No. EPA-HQ-OAR-2009-0234) on behalf of the Environmental Integrity Project.
89. Direct Prefiled Testimony (May 2015) on behalf of the Michigan Environmental Council, the Natural Resources Defense Council, and the Sierra Club in the matter of the Application of DTE Electric Company for Authority to Increase its Rates, Amend its Rate Schedules and Rules Governing the Distribution and Supply of Electric Energy and for Miscellaneous Accounting Authority, Case No. U-17767 (Michigan Public Service Commission).
90. Expert Report (July 2015) and Rebuttal Expert Report (July 2015) on behalf of Plaintiffs in the matter of *Northwest Environmental Defense Center et. al., v. Cascade Kelly Holdings LLC, d/b/a Columbia Pacific Bio-Refinery, and Global Partners LP (Defendants)*, Civil Action No. 3:14-cv-01059-SI (US District Court for the District of Oregon, Portland Division).

91. Declaration (August 2015, Docket No. 1570376) in support of “Opposition of Respondent-Intervenors American Lung Association, et. al., to Tri-State Generation’s Emergency Motion;” Declaration (September 2015, Docket No. 1574820) in support of “Joint Motion of the State, Local Government, and Public Health Respondent-Intervenors for Remand Without Vacatur;” Declaration (October 2015) in support of “Joint Motion of the State, Local Government, and Public Health Respondent-Intervenors to State and Certain Industry Petitioners’ Motion to Govern, *White Stallion Energy Center, LLC v. US EPA*, Case No. 12-1100 (US Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia).
92. Declaration (September 2015) in support of the Draft Title V Permit for Dickerson Generating Station (Proposed Permit No 24-031-0019) on behalf of the Environmental Integrity Project.
93. Expert Report (Liability Phase) (December 2015) and Rebuttal Expert Report (February 2016) on behalf of Plaintiffs in the matter of *Natural Resources Defense Council, Inc., Sierra Club, Inc., Environmental Law and Policy Center, and Respiratory Health Association v. Illinois Power Resources LLC, and Illinois Power Resources Generating LLC (Defendants)*, Civil Action No. 1:13-cv-01181 (US District Court for the Central District of Illinois, Peoria Division).
94. Declaration (December 2015) in support of the Petition to Object to the Title V Permit for Morgantown Generating Station (Proposed Permit No 24-017-0014) on behalf of the Environmental Integrity Project.
95. Expert Report (November 2015) on behalf of Appellants in the matter of *Sierra Club, et al. v. Craig W. Butler, Director of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency et al.*, ERAC Case No. 14-256814.
96. Affidavit (January 2016) on behalf of Bridgewatch Detroit in the matter of *Bridgewatch Detroit v. Waterfront Petroleum Terminal Co., and Waterfront Terminal Holdings, LLC.*, in the Circuit Court for the County of Wayne, State of Michigan.
97. Expert Report (February 2016) and Rebuttal Expert Report (July 2016) on behalf of the challengers in the matter of the Delaware Riverkeeper Network, Clean Air Council, et. al., vs. Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection and R. E. Gas Development LLC regarding the Geyer well site before the Pennsylvania Environmental Hearing Board.
98. Direct Testimony (May 2016) in the matter of Tesoro Savage LLC Vancouver Energy Distribution Terminal, Case No. 15-001 before the State of Washington Energy Facility Site Evaluation Council.
99. Declaration (June 2016) relating to deficiencies in air quality analysis for the proposed Millenium Bulk Terminal, Port of Longview, Washington.
100. Declaration (December 2016) relating to EPA’s refusal to set limits on PM emissions from coal-fired power plants that reflect pollution reductions achievable with fabric filters on behalf of Environmental Integrity Project, Clean Air Council, Chesapeake Climate Action Network, Downwinders at Risk represented by Earthjustice in the matter of *ARIPPA v EPA, Case No. 15-1180*. (D.C. Circuit Court of Appeals).
101. Expert Report (January 2017) on the Environmental Impacts Analysis associated with the Huntley and Huntley Poseidon Well Pad on behalf citizens in the matter of the special exception use Zoning Hearing Board of Penn Township, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania.
102. Expert Report (January 2017) on the Environmental Impacts Analysis associated with the Apex Energy Backus Well Pad on behalf citizens in the matter of the special exception use Zoning Hearing Board of Penn Township, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania.
103. Expert Report (January 2017) on the Environmental Impacts Analysis associated with the Apex Energy Drakulic Well Pad on behalf citizens in the matter of the special exception use Zoning Hearing Board of Penn Township, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania.
104. Expert Report (January 2017) on the Environmental Impacts Analysis associated with the Apex Energy Deutsch Well Pad on behalf citizens in the matter of the special exception use Zoning Hearing Board of Penn Township, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania.
105. Affidavit (February 2017) pertaining to deficiencies water discharge compliance issues at the Wood River Refinery in the matter of *People of the State of Illinois (Plaintiff) v. Phillips 66 Company, ConocoPhillips Company, WRB Refining LP (Defendants)*, Case No. 16-CH-656, (Circuit Court for the Third Judicial Circuit, Madison County, Illinois).

106. Expert Report (March 2017) on behalf of the Plaintiff pertaining to non-degradation analysis for waste water discharges from a power plant in the matter of *Sierra Club (Plaintiff) v. Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (PADEP) and Lackawanna Energy Center*, Docket No. 2016-047-L (consolidated), (Pennsylvania Environmental Hearing Board).
107. Expert Report (March 2017) on behalf of the Plaintiff pertaining to air emissions from the Heritage incinerator in East Liverpool, Ohio in the matter of *Save our County (Plaintiff) v. Heritage Thermal Services, Inc. (Defendant)*, Case No. 4:16-CV-1544-BYP, (US District Court for the Northern District of Ohio, Eastern Division).
108. Rebuttal Expert Report (June 2017) on behalf of Plaintiffs in the matter of *Casey Voight and Julie Voight (Plaintiffs) v Coyote Creek Mining Company LLC (Defendant)*, Civil Action No. 1:15-CV-00109 (US District Court for the District of North Dakota, Western Division).
109. Expert Affidavit (August 2017) and Penalty/Remedy Expert Affidavit (October 2017) on behalf of Plaintiff in the matter of *Wildearth Guardians (Plaintiff) v Colorado Springs Utility Board (Defendant)*, Civil Action No. 1:15-cv-00357-CMA-CBS (US District Court for the District of Colorado).
110. Expert Report (August 2017) on behalf of Appellant in the matter of *Patricia Ann Troiano (Appellant) v. Upper Burrell Township Zoning Hearing Board (Appellee)*, Court of Common Pleas of Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, Civil Division.
111. Expert Report (October 2017), Supplemental Expert Report (October 2017), and Rebuttal Expert Report (November 2017) on behalf of Defendant in the matter of *Oakland Bulk and Oversized Terminal (Plaintiff) v City of Oakland (Defendant)*, Civil Action No. 3:16-cv-07014-VC (US District Court for the Northern District of California, San Francisco Division).
112. Declaration (December 2017) on behalf of the Environmental Integrity Project in the matter of permit issuance for ATI Flat Rolled Products Holdings, Breckenridge, PA to the Allegheny County Health Department.
113. Expert Report (Harm Phase) (January 2018), Rebuttal Expert Report (Harm Phase) (May 2018) and Supplemental Expert Report (Harm Phase) (April 2019) on behalf of Plaintiffs in the matter of *Natural Resources Defense Council, Inc., Sierra Club, Inc., and Respiratory Health Association v. Illinois Power Resources LLC, and Illinois Power Resources Generating LLC (Defendants)*, Civil Action No. 1:13-cv-01181 (US District Court for the Central District of Illinois, Peoria Division).
114. Declaration (February 2018) on behalf of the Chesapeake Bay Foundation, et. al., in the matter of the Section 126 Petition filed by the state of Maryland in *State of Maryland v. Pruitt (Defendant)*, Civil Action No. JKB-17-2939 (Consolidated with No. JKB-17-2873) (US District Court for the District of Maryland).
115. Direct Pre-filed Testimony (March 2018) on behalf of the National Parks Conservation Association (NPCA) in the matter of *NPCA v State of Washington, Department of Ecology and BP West Coast Products, LLC*, PCHB No. 17-055 (Pollution Control Hearings Board for the State of Washington).
116. Expert Affidavit (April 2018) and Second Expert Affidavit (May 2018) on behalf of Petitioners in the matter of *Coosa River Basin Initiative and Sierra Club (Petitioners) v State of Georgia Environmental Protection Division, Georgia Department of Natural Resources (Respondent) and Georgia Power Company (Intervenor/Respondent)*, Docket Nos: 1825406-BNR-WW-57-Howells and 1826761-BNR-WW-57-Howells, Office of State Administrative Hearings, State of Georgia.
117. Direct Pre-filed Testimony and Affidavit (December 2018) on behalf of Sierra Club and Texas Campaign for the Environment (Appellants) in the contested case hearing before the Texas State Office of Administrative Hearings in Docket Nos. 582-18-4846, 582-18-4847 (Application of GCGV Asset Holding, LLC for Air Quality Permit Nos. 146425/PSDTX1518 and 146459/PSDTX1520 in San Patricio County, Texas).
118. Expert Report (February 2019) on behalf of Sierra Club in the State of Florida, Division of Administrative Hearings, Case No. 18-2124EPP, Tampa Electric Company Big Bend Unit 1 Modernization Project Power Plant Siting Application No. PA79-12-A2.
119. Declaration (March 2019) on behalf of Earthjustice in the matter of comments on the renewal of the Title V Federal Operating Permit for Valero Houston refinery.



120. Expert Report (March 2019) on behalf of Plaintiffs for Class Certification in the matter of *Resendez et al v Precision Castparts Corporation* in the Circuit Court for the State of Oregon, County of Multnomah, Case No. 16cv16164.
121. Expert Report (June 2019), Affidavit (July 2019) and Rebuttal Expert Report (September 2019) on behalf of Appellants relating to the NPDES permit for the Cheswick power plant in the matter of *Three Rivers Waterkeeper and Sierra Club (Appellants) v. State of Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (Appellee) and NRG Power Midwest (Permittee)*, before the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Environmental Hearing Board, EHB Docket No. 2018-088-R.
122. Affidavit/Expert Report (August 2019) relating to the appeal of air permits issued to PTTGCA on behalf of Appellants in the matter of *Sierra Club (Appellants) v. Craig Butler, Director, et. al., Ohio EPA (Appellees)* before the State of Ohio Environmental Review Appeals Commission (ERAC), Case Nos. ERAC-19-6988 through -6991.
123. Expert Report (October 2019) relating to the appeal of air permit (Plan Approval) on behalf of Appellants in the matter of *Clean Air Council and Environmental Integrity Project (Appellants) v. Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection and Sunoco Partners Marketing and Terminals L.P.*, before the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Environmental Hearing Board, EHB Docket No. 2018-057-L.
124. Expert Report (December 2019), Affidavit (March 2020), Supplemental Expert Report (July 2020), and Declaration (February 2021) on behalf of Earthjustice in the matter of *Objection to the Issuance of PSD/NSR and Title V permits for Riverview Energy Corporation*, Dale, Indiana, before the Indiana Office of Environmental Adjudication, Cause No. 19-A-J-5073.
125. Affidavit (December 2019) on behalf of Plaintiff-Intervenor (Surfrider Foundation) in the matter of *United States and the State of Indiana (Plaintiffs), Surfrider Foundation (Plaintiff-Intervenor), and City of Chicago (Plaintiff-Intervenor) v. United States Steel Corporation (Defendant)*, Civil Action No. 2:18-cv-00127 (US District Court for the Northern District of Indiana, Hammond Division).
126. Declarations (January 2020, February 2020, May 2020, July 2020, and August 2020) and Pre-filed Testimony (April 2021) in support of Petitioner's Motion for Stay of PSCAA NOC Order of Approval No. 11386 in the matter of the *Puyallup Tribe of Indians v. Puget Sound Clean Air Agency (PSCAA) and Puget Sound Energy (PSE)*, before the State of Washington Pollution Control Hearings Board, PCHB No. P19-088.
127. Expert Report (April 2020) on behalf of the plaintiff in the matter of Orion Engineered Carbons, GmbH (Plaintiff) vs. Evonik Operations, GmbH (formerly Evonik Degussa GmbH) (Respondent), before the German Arbitration Institute, Case No. DIS-SV-2019-00216.
128. Expert Independent Evaluation Report (June 2020) for *PacifiCorp's Decommissioning Costs Study Reports dated January 15, 2020 and March 13, 2020 relating to the closures of the Hunter, Huntington, Dave Johnston, Jim Bridger, Naughton, Wyodak, Hayden, and Colstrip (Units 3&4) plants*, prepared for the Oregon Public Utility Commission (Oregon PUC).
129. Direct Pre-filed Testimony (July 2020) on behalf of the Sierra Club in the matter of *the Application of the Ohio State University for a certificate of Environmental Compatibility and Public Need to Construct a Combined Heat and Power Facility in Franklin County, Ohio*, before the Ohio Power Siting Board, Case No. 19-1641-EL-BGN.
130. Expert Report (August 2020) and Rebuttal Expert Report (September 2020) on behalf of WildEarth Guardians (petitioners) in the matter of *the Appeals of the Air Quality Permit No. 7482-M1 Issued to 3 Bear Delaware Operating – NM LLC (EIB No. 20-21(A) and Registrations Nos. 8729, 8730, and 8733 under General Construction Permit for Oil and Gas Facilities (EIB No. 20-33 (A))*, before the State of New Mexico, Environmental Improvement Board.
131. Expert Report (July 2020) on the *Initial Economic Impact Analysis (EIA) for A Proposal To Regulate NOx Emissions from Natural Gas Fired Rich-Burn Natural Gas Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines (RICE) Greater Than 100 Horsepower* prepared on behalf of Earthjustice and the National Parks Conservation Association in the matter of Regulation Number 7, Alternate Rules before the Colorado Air Quality Control Commission.

132. Expert Report (August 2020) and Supplemental Expert Report (February 2021) on the Potential Remedies to Avoid Adverse Thermal Impacts from the Merrimack Station on behalf of Plaintiffs in the matter of *Sierra Club Inc. and the Conservation Law Foundation (Plaintiffs) v. Granite Shore Power, LLC et. al., (Defendants)*, Civil Action No. 19-cv-216-JL (US District Court for the District of New Hampshire.)
133. Expert Report (August 2020) and Supplemental Expert Report (December 2020) on behalf of Plaintiffs in the matter of *PennEnvironment Inc., and Clean Air Council (Plaintiffs) and Allegheny County Health Department (Plaintiff-Intervenor) v. United States Steel Corporation (Defendant)*, Civil Action No. 2-19-cv-00484-MJH (US District Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania.)
134. Pre-filed Direct Testimony (October 2020) and Sur-rebuttal Testimony (November 2020) on behalf of petitioners (Ten Persons Group, including citizens, the Town of Braintree, the Town of Hingham, and the City of Quincy) in the matter of Algonquin Gas Transmission LLC, Weymouth MA, No. X266786 Air Quality Plan Approval, before the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Department of Environmental Protection, the Office of Appeals and Dispute Resolution, OADR Docket Nos. 2019-008, 2019-009, 2019010, 2019-011, 2019-012 and 2019-013.
135. Expert Report (November 2020) on behalf of Protect PT in the matter of *Protect PT v. Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection and Apex Energy (PA) LLC*, before the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Environmental Hearing Board, Docket No. 2018-080-R (consolidated with 2019-101-R)(the “Drakulic Appeal”).
136. Expert Report (December 2020) on behalf of Plaintiffs in the matter of *Sierra Club Inc. (Plaintiff) v. GenOn Power Midwest LP (Defendants)*, Civil Action No. 2-19-cv-01284-WSS (US District Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania.)
137. Pre-filed Testimony (January 2021) on behalf of the Plaintiffs (Shrimpers and Fishermen of the Rio Grande Valley represented by Texas RioGrande Legal Aid, Inc.) in the matter of the Appeal of Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) Permit Nos. 147681, PSDTX1522, GHGPSDTX172 for the Jupiter Brownsville Heavy Condensate Upgrader Facility, Cameron County, before the Texas State Office of Administrative Hearings, SOAH Docket No. 582-21-0111, TCEQ Docket No. 2020-1080-AIR.
138. Expert Reports (March 2021 and May 2021) regarding the Aries Newark LLC Sludge Processing Facility, Application No. CPB 20-74, Central Planning Board, City of Newark, New Jersey.
139. Expert Report (April 2021) for *Charles Johnson Jr. (Plaintiff) v. BP Exploration and Production Inc., et. al. (Defendant)*, Civil Action No. 2:20-CV-01329 (Related to 12-968 BELO in MDL No. 2179). (US District Court for the Eastern District of Louisiana, New Orleans Division).
140. Expert Report (April 2021) for *Floyd Ruffin (Plaintiff), v. BP Exploration and Production Inc., et. al. (Defendant)*, Civil Action No. 2:20-cv-00334-CJB-JCW (US District Court for the Eastern District of Louisiana, New Orleans Division).
141. Expert Report (April 2021) and Sur-Rebuttal Report (June 2021) on behalf of the Plaintiffs in the matter of *Modern Holdings, LLC, et al. (Plaintiffs) v. Corning Inc., et al. (Defendants)*, Civil Action No. 5:13-cv-00405-GFVT, (US District Court for the Eastern District of Kentucky, Central Division at Lexington).
142. Expert Report (May 2021) for *Clifford Osmer (Plaintiff) v. BP Exploration and Production Inc., et. al., (Defendants)* related to No. 18-CV-12557 (US District Court for the Eastern District of Louisiana).
143. Expert Report (May 2021) and Rebuttal Expert Report (January 2022) for *James Noel (Plaintiff) v. BP Exploration and Production Inc., et. al. (Defendant)*, Civil Action No. 1:19-CV-00694-JB-MU-C (US District Court for the Southern District of Alabama, Southern Division).
144. Expert Report (June 2021) and Declarations (May 2021 and June 2021) on behalf of Plaintiffs in the matter of *Sierra Club (Plaintiff) v. Woodville Pellets, LLC (Defendant)*, Civil Action No. 9:20-cv-00178-MJT (US District Court for the Eastern District of Texas, Lufkin Division.)
145. Expert Witness Disclosure (June 2021) on behalf of the Plaintiffs in the matter of *Jay Burdick, et. al., (Plaintiffs) v. Tanoga Inc. (d/b/a Taconic) (Defendant)*, Index No. 253835, (State of New York Supreme Court, County of Rensselaer).

146. Expert Report (June 2021) on behalf of Appellants in the matter of *PennEnvironment and Earthworks (Appellants) v. Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (Appellee) and MarkWest Liberty Midstream and resource, LLC (Permittee)*, before the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Environmental Hearing Board, EHB Docket No. 2020-002-R.
147. Expert Report (June 2021) for *Antonia Saavedra-Vargas (Plaintiff) v. BP Exploration and Production Inc., et. al. (Defendant)*, Civil Action No. 2:18-CV-11461 (US District Court for the Eastern District of Louisiana, New Orleans Division).
148. Affidavit (June 2021) for Lourdes Rubi in the matter of *Lourdes Rubi (Plaintiff) v. BP Exploration and Production Inc., et. al., (Defendants)*, related to 12-968 BELO in MDL No. 2179 (US District Court for the Eastern District of Louisiana, New Orleans Division).
149. Expert Report (June 2021) for *Wallace Smith (Plaintiff) v. BP Exploration and Production Inc., et. al. (Defendant)*, Civil Action No. 2:19-CV-12880 (US District Court for the Eastern District of Louisiana, New Orleans Division).
150. Declaration (July 2021) on behalf of Plaintiffs in the matter of *Stephanie Mackey and Nick Migliore, on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated (Plaintiffs) v. Chemtool Inc. and Lubrizol Corporation (Defendants)*, Case No. 2021-L-0000165, State of Illinois, Circuit Court of the 17<sup>th</sup> Judicial Circuit, Winnebago County.
151. Declaration (July 2021, August 2021) on behalf of Petitioners in the matter of the Petition for a Hearing on the Merits Regarding Air Quality Permit No. 3340-RMD issued to New Mexico Terminal Services, LLC by *Mountain View Neighborhood Association et. al., (Petitioners) v. City of Albuquerque Environmental Health Department*, AQCB Petition No. 2020-1 before the Albuquerque-Bernalillo County Air Quality Control Board.
152. Expert Disclosure (September 2021) on behalf of the Plaintiffs in the matter of *State of New York, Town of Hempstead, Town of Brookhaven, Incorporated Village of Garden City and Long Island Power Authority et. al., (Plaintiffs) v. Covanta Hempstead Company et. al., (Defendants)*, Index No. 7549/2013 before the Supreme Court of the State of New York, County of Nassau.
153. Expert Report (October 2021) for *John A. Battiste (Plaintiff) v. BP Exploration and Production Inc., et. al. (Defendant)*, Civil Action No. 1:21-CV-00118 (US District Court for the Southern District of Alabama, Mobile Division)
154. Declaration/Expert Report (October 2021) for *Charles K. Grasley et. al., (Plaintiffs) v. Chemtool Incorporated (Defendant)*, Case No. 2021-L-0000162 (State of Illinois, In the Circuit Court of the 17<sup>th</sup> Judicial Circuit, Winnebago County).
155. Declaration (October 2021) and Expert Report (November 2021) on behalf of the Plaintiffs in the matter of *Toll Brothers, Inc., and Porter Ranch Development Company (Plaintiffs) v. Sempra Energy, Southern California Gas Company et. al., (Defendants)*, Southern California [Aliso Canyon] Gas Leak Cases, JCCP No.: 4861, Lead Case No.: BC674622, Superior Court of the State of California for the County of Los Angeles.
156. Expert Report (November 2021) on behalf of Plaintiffs in Re: Deepwater Horizon BELO Cases, Case No. 3:19cv963-MCR-GRJ (US District Court for the Northern District of Florida, Pensacola Division).
157. Declaration (November 2021) for the *United States of America and the State of Kansas, Department of Health and Environment (Plaintiffs) v. Coffeyville Resources Refining & Marketing, LLC (Defendant)*, Civ. No. 6:04-cv-01064-JAR-KGG (US District Court for the District of Kansas).
158. Expert Report/Affidavit (December 2021) on behalf of the City of Detroit in the matter of *Marathon Petroleum Company (Claimant) v. City of Detroit Building Safety Engineering and Environmental Department, BSEED Case No. MCR 2018-2525, DAH Appeal No. 21-SWA-01*, before the State of Michigan, City of Detroit Department of Appeals and Hearings.
159. Expert Report (December 2021) for *John Pabst (Plaintiff) v. BP Exploration and Production Inc., et. al. (Defendant)*, Civil Action No. 21-CV-00290 (US District Court for the Eastern District of Louisiana).

160. Expert Report (December 2021) for *Audrey Annette Tillery-Perdue individually and as person representative of the estate of Eddie Lewis Perdue (Plaintiff) v. BP Exploration and Production Inc., et. al., (Defendant)*, Civil Action No. 5:19-cv-00052-MCR-GRJ (US District Court for the Northern District of Florida, Pensacola Division).
161. Expert Report (February 2022) for *Richard Dufour (Plaintiff) v. BP Exploration and Production Inc., et. al. (Defendant)*, Civil Action No. 19-cv-00591 (US District Court for the Southern District of Mississippi).
162. Expert Report (February 2022) and Rebuttal Expert Report (June 2022, in preparation) for *Kamuda (Plaintiff) v. Sterigenics U.S., LLC, et. al., (Defendant)*, Case No. 2018-L-010475 (Circuit Court of Cook County, Illinois).
163. Expert Report (February 2022) in the matter of the *Appeal Petition for Hearing on Air Quality Permit No. 8585 on behalf of Earth Care New Mexico et. al., (Petitioners) v. New Mexico Environment Department and Associated Asphalt and Materials, LLC (Applicant)*, No. EIB 21-48 before the State of New Mexico Environmental Improvement Board.
164. Expert Report (March 2022) and Affidavit (June 2022) in the matter of *Clean Air Council et. al., (Appellants) v. Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Department of Environmental Protection (Appellee) and Renovo Energy Center (Permittee)* EHB Docket No. 2021-055-R before the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Environmental Hearing Board.
165. Declaration (March 2022) in the matter of *Max Midstream Texas LLC Air Quality Permit No. 162941 for the Seahawk Crude Condensate Terminal in Calhoun County Texas, TCEQ Docket No. 2022-0157-AIR*, before the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality.
166. Expert Pre-filed Testimony (April 2022) in the matter of *Application of TPC Group LLC for New State and PSD Air Quality Permits (various)*, TCEQ Docket No. 2021-1422-AIR, SOAH Docket No. 582-22-0799, Before the Texas State Office of Administrative Hearings.
167. Expert Report (April 2022) for *Teresa Fornek (Plaintiff) v. Sterigenics U.S., LLC, et. al., (Defendant)*, Case No. 2018-L-010744 (Circuit Court of Cook County, Illinois.)
168. Rule 26 Disclosure (May 2022) in the matter of the *Water Works and Sewer Board of the City of Gadsden (Plaintiff) v. 3M Company, et. al., (Defendants)*, Civil Action No.: 31 CV-2016-900676.00 (Circuit County of Etowah County, Alabama)
169. Expert Report (June 2022) for *Heather Schumacher (Plaintiff) v. Sterigenics U.S., LLC, et. al., (Defendant)*, Case No. 2018-L-011939 (Circuit Court of Cook County, Illinois.)
170. Expert Affidavit (July 2022) for Center for Environmental Rights in connection with the 2019 South Africa Integrated Resource Plan in *African Climate Alliance et. al. v. The Minister of Mineral Resources and Energy et. al.*, in the High Court of South Africa, Gauteng Division, Pretoria.
171. Expert Affidavit (July 2022) for Center for Environmental Rights in connection with the Limpopo Mine in *Earthlife Africa v. The Minister of Forestry, Fisheries and Environment et. al.*, in the High Court of South Africa, Gauteng Division, Pretoria.

C. Occasions where Dr. Sahu has provided oral testimony in depositions, at trial or in similar proceedings include the following:

172. Deposition on behalf of Rocky Mountain Steel Mills, Inc. located in Pueblo, Colorado – dealing with the manufacture of steel in mini-mills including methods of air pollution control and BACT in steel mini-mills and opacity issues at this steel mini-mill.
173. Trial Testimony (February 2002) on behalf of Rocky Mountain Steel Mills, Inc. in Denver District Court.
174. Trial Testimony (February 2003) on behalf of the United States in the Ohio Edison NSR Cases, *United States, et al. v. Ohio Edison Co., et al.*, C2-99-1181 (Southern District of Ohio).

175. Trial Testimony (June 2003) on behalf of the United States in the Illinois Power NSR Case, *United States v. Illinois Power Co., et al.*, 99-833-MJR (Southern District of Illinois).
176. Deposition (10/20/2005) on behalf of the United States in connection with the Cinergy NSR Case. *United States, et al. v. Cinergy Corp., et al.*, IP 99-1693-C-M/S (Southern District of Indiana).
177. Oral Testimony (August 2006) on behalf of the Appalachian Center for the Economy and the Environment re. the Western Greenbrier plant, WV before the West Virginia DEP.
178. Oral Testimony (May 2007) on behalf of various Montana petitioners (Citizens Awareness Network (CAN), Women's Voices for the Earth (WVE) and the Clark Fork Coalition (CFC)) re. the Thompson River Cogeneration plant before the Montana Board of Environmental Review.
179. Oral Testimony (October 2007) on behalf of the Sierra Club re. the Sevier Power Plant before the Utah Air Quality Board.
180. Oral Testimony (August 2008) on behalf of the Sierra Club and Clean Water re. Big Stone Unit II before the South Dakota Board of Minerals and the Environment.
181. Oral Testimony (February 2009) on behalf of the Sierra Club and the Southern Environmental Law Center re. Santee Cooper Pee Dee units before the South Carolina Board of Health and Environmental Control.
182. Oral Testimony (February 2009) on behalf of the Sierra Club and the Environmental Integrity Project re. NRG Limestone Unit 3 before the Texas State Office of Administrative Hearings (SOAH) Administrative Law Judges.
183. Deposition (July 2009) on behalf of MTD Products, Inc., in the matter of *Alice Holmes and Vernon Holmes v. Home Depot USA, Inc., et al.*
184. Deposition (October 2009) on behalf of Environmental Defense and others, in the matter of challenges to the proposed Coletto Creek coal fired power plant project at the Texas State Office of Administrative Hearings (SOAH).
185. Deposition (October 2009) on behalf of Environmental Defense, in the matter of permit challenges to the proposed Las Brisas coal fired power plant project at the Texas State Office of Administrative Hearings (SOAH).
186. Deposition (October 2009) on behalf of the Sierra Club, in the matter of challenges to the proposed Medicine Bow Fuel and Power IGL plant in Cheyenne, Wyoming.
187. Deposition (October 2009) on behalf of Environmental Defense and others, in the matter of challenges to the proposed Tenaska coal fired power plant project at the Texas State Office of Administrative Hearings (SOAH). (April 2010).
188. Oral Testimony (November 2009) on behalf of the Environmental Defense Fund re. the Las Brisas Energy Center before the Texas State Office of Administrative Hearings (SOAH) Administrative Law Judges.
189. Deposition (December 2009) on behalf of Environmental Defense and others, in the matter of challenges to the proposed White Stallion Energy Center coal fired power plant project at the Texas State Office of Administrative Hearings (SOAH).
190. Oral Testimony (February 2010) on behalf of the Environmental Defense Fund re. the White Stallion Energy Center before the Texas State Office of Administrative Hearings (SOAH) Administrative Law Judges.
191. Deposition (June 2010) on behalf of the United States in connection with the Alabama Power Company NSR Case. *United States v. Alabama Power Company*, CV-01-HS-152-S (Northern District of Alabama, Southern Division).
192. Trial Testimony (September 2010) on behalf of Commonwealth of Pennsylvania – Dept. of Environmental Protection, State of Connecticut, State of New York, State of Maryland, and State of New Jersey (Plaintiffs) in connection with the Allegheny Energy NSR Case in US District Court in the Western District of Pennsylvania. *Plaintiffs v. Allegheny Energy Inc., et al.*, 2:05cv0885 (Western District of Pennsylvania).

193. Oral Direct and Rebuttal Testimony (September 2010) on behalf of Fall-Line Alliance for a Clean Environment and others in the matter of the PSD Air Permit for Plant Washington issued by Georgia DNR at the Office of State Administrative Hearing, State of Georgia (OSAH-BNR-AQ-1031707-98-WALKER).
194. Oral Testimony (September 2010) on behalf of the State of New Mexico Environment Department in the matter of Proposed Regulation 20.2.350 NMAC – *Greenhouse Gas Cap and Trade Provisions*, No. EIB 10-04 (R), to the State of New Mexico, Environmental Improvement Board.
195. Oral Testimony (October 2010) on behalf of the Environmental Defense Fund re. the Las Brisas Energy Center before the Texas State Office of Administrative Hearings (SOAH) Administrative Law Judges.
196. Oral Testimony (November 2010) regarding BART for PSCo Hayden, CSU Martin Drake units before the Colorado Air Quality Commission on behalf of the Coalition of Environmental Organizations.
197. Oral Testimony (December 2010) regarding BART for TriState Craig Units, CSU Nixon Unit, and PRPA Rawhide Unit) before the Colorado Air Quality Commission on behalf of the Coalition of Environmental Organizations.
198. Deposition (December 2010) on behalf of the United States in connection with the Louisiana Generating NSR Case. *United States v. Louisiana Generating, LLC*, 09-CV100-RET-CN (Middle District of Louisiana).
199. Deposition (February 2011 and January 2012) on behalf of Wild Earth Guardians in the matter of opacity exceedances and monitor downtime at the Public Service Company of Colorado (Xcel)'s Cherokee power plant. No. 09-cv-1862 (D. Colo.).
200. Oral Testimony (February 2011) to the Georgia Office of State Administrative Hearings (OSAH) in the matter of Minor Source HAPs status for the proposed Longleaf Energy Associates power plant (OSAH-BNR-AQ-1115157-60-HOWELLS) on behalf of the Friends of the Chattahoochee and the Sierra Club).
201. Deposition (August 2011) on behalf of the United States in *United States of America v. Cemex, Inc.*, Civil Action No. 09-cv-00019-MSK-MEH (District of Colorado).
202. Deposition (July 2011) and Oral Testimony at Hearing (February 2012) on behalf of the Plaintiffs MYTAPN in the matter of Microsoft-Yes, Toxic Air Pollution-No (MYTAPN) v. State of Washington, Department of Ecology and Microsoft Corporation Columbia Data Center to the Pollution Control Hearings Board, State of Washington, Matter No. PCHB No. 10-162.
203. Oral Testimony at Hearing (March 2012) on behalf of the United States in connection with the Louisiana Generating NSR Case. *United States v. Louisiana Generating, LLC*, 09-CV100-RET-CN (Middle District of Louisiana).
204. Oral Testimony at Hearing (April 2012) on behalf of the New Hampshire Sierra Club at the State of New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission, Docket No. 10-261 – the 2010 Least Cost Integrated Resource Plan (LCIRP) submitted by the Public Service Company of New Hampshire (re. Merrimack Station Units 1 and 2).
205. Oral Testimony at Hearing (November 2012) on behalf of Clean Wisconsin in the matter of Application of Wisconsin Public Service Corporation for Authority to Construct and Place in Operation a New Multi-Pollutant Control Technology System (ReACT) for Unit 3 of the Weston Generating Station, before the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin, Docket No. 6690-CE-197.
206. Deposition (March 2013) in the matter of various Environmental Petitioners v. North Carolina DENR/DAQ and Carolinas Cement Company, before the Office of Administrative Hearings, State of North Carolina.
207. Deposition (August 2013) on behalf of the Sierra Club in connection with the Luminant Big Brown Case. *Sierra Club v. Energy Future Holdings Corporation and Luminant Generation Company LLC*, Civil Action No. 6:12-cv-00108-WSS (Western District of Texas, Waco Division).
208. Deposition (August 2013) on behalf of the Sierra Club in connection with the Luminant Martin Lake Case. *Sierra Club v. Energy Future Holdings Corporation and Luminant Generation Company LLC*, Civil Action No. 5:10-cv-0156-MHS-CMC (Eastern District of Texas, Texarkana Division).
209. Deposition (February 2014) on behalf of the United States in *United States of America v. Ameren Missouri*, Civil Action No. 4:11-cv-00077-RWS (Eastern District of Missouri, Eastern Division).

210. Trial Testimony (February 2014) in the matter of *Environment Texas Citizen Lobby, Inc and Sierra Club v. ExxonMobil Corporation et al.*, Civil Action No. 4:10-cv-4969 (Southern District of Texas, Houston Division).
211. Trial Testimony (February 2014) on behalf of the Sierra Club in connection with the Luminant Big Brown Case. *Sierra Club v. Energy Future Holdings Corporation and Luminant Generation Company LLC*, Civil Action No. 6:12-cv-00108-WSS (Western District of Texas, Waco Division).
212. Deposition (June 2014) and Trial (August 2014) on behalf of ECM Biofilms in the matter of the *US Federal Trade Commission (FTC) v. ECM Biofilms* (FTC Docket #9358).
213. Deposition (February 2015) on behalf of Plaintiffs in the matter of *Sierra Club and Montana Environmental Information Center (Plaintiffs) v. PPL Montana LLC, Avista Corporation, Puget Sound Energy, Portland General Electric Company, Northwestern Corporation, and Pacificorp (Defendants)*, Civil Action No. CV 13-32-BLG-DLC-JCL (US District Court for the District of Montana, Billings Division).
214. Oral Testimony at Hearing (April 2015) on behalf of Niagara County, the Town of Lewiston, and the Villages of Lewiston and Youngstown in the matter of CWM Chemical Services, LLC New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Permit Application Nos.: 9-2934-00022/00225, 9-2934-00022/00231, 9-2934-00022/00232, and 9-2934-00022/00249 (pending).
215. Deposition (August 2015) on behalf of Plaintiff in the matter of *Conservation Law Foundation (Plaintiff) v. Broadrock Gas Services LLC, Rhode Island LFG GENCO LLC, and Rhode Island Resource Recovery Corporation (Defendants)*, Civil Action No. 1:13-cv-00777-M-PAS (US District Court for the District of Rhode Island).
216. Testimony at Hearing (August 2015) on behalf of the Sierra Club in the matter of *Amendments to 35 Illinois Administrative Code Parts 214, 217, and 225* before the Illinois Pollution Control Board, R15-21.
217. Deposition (May 2015) on behalf of Plaintiffs in the matter of *Northwest Environmental Defense Center et al., (Plaintiffs) v. Cascade Kelly Holdings LLC, d/b/a Columbia Pacific Bio-Refinery, and Global Partners LP (Defendants)*, Civil Action No. 3:14-cv-01059-SI (US District Court for the District of Oregon, Portland Division).
218. Trial Testimony (October 2015) on behalf of Plaintiffs in the matter of *Northwest Environmental Defense Center et al., (Plaintiffs) v. Cascade Kelly Holdings LLC, d/b/a Columbia Pacific Bio-Refinery, and Global Partners LP (Defendants)*, Civil Action No. 3:14-cv-01059-SI (US District Court for the District of Oregon, Portland Division).
219. Deposition (April 2016) on behalf of the Plaintiffs in *UNatural Resources Defense Council, Respiratory Health Association, and Sierra Club (Plaintiffs) v. Illinois Power Resources LLC and Illinois Power Resources Generation LLC (Defendants)*, Civil Action No. 1:13-cv-01181 (Central District of Illinois, Peoria Division).
220. Trial Testimony at Hearing (July 2016) in the matter of Tesoro Savage LLC Vancouver Energy Distribution Terminal, Case No. 15-001 before the State of Washington Energy Facility Site Evaluation Council.
221. Trial Testimony (December 2016) on behalf of the challengers in the matter of the Delaware Riverkeeper Network, Clean Air Council, et. al., vs. Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection and R. E. Gas Development LLC regarding the Geyer well site before the Pennsylvania Environmental Hearing Board.
222. Trial Testimony (July-August 2016) on behalf of the United States in *United States of America v. Ameren Missouri*, Civil Action No. 4:11-cv-00077-RWS (Eastern District of Missouri, Eastern Division).
223. Trial Testimony (January 2017) on the Environmental Impacts Analysis associated with the Huntley and Huntley Poseidon Well Pad Hearing on behalf citizens in the matter of the special exception use Zoning Hearing Board of Penn Township, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania.
224. Trial Testimony (January 2017) on the Environmental Impacts Analysis associated with the Apex energy Backus Well Pad Hearing on behalf citizens in the matter of the special exception use Zoning Hearing Board of Penn Township, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania.

225. Trial Testimony (January 2017) on the Environmental Impacts Analysis associated with the Apex energy Drakulic Well Pad Hearing on behalf citizens in the matter of the special exception use Zoning Hearing Board of Penn Township, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania.
226. Trial Testimony (January 2017) on the Environmental Impacts Analysis associated with the Apex energy Deutsch Well Pad Hearing on behalf citizens in the matter of the special exception use Zoning Hearing Board of Penn Township, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania.
227. Deposition Testimony (July 2017) on behalf of Plaintiffs in the matter of *Casey Voight and Julie Voight v Coyote Creek Mining Company LLC (Defendant)* Civil Action No. 1:15-CV-00109 (US District Court for the District of North Dakota, Western Division).
228. Deposition Testimony (November 2017) on behalf of Defendant in the matter of *Oakland Bulk and Oversized Terminal (Plaintiff) v City of Oakland (Defendant,)* Civil Action No. 3:16-cv-07014-VC (US District Court for the Northern District of California, San Francisco Division).
229. Deposition Testimony (December 2017) on behalf of Plaintiff in the matter of *Wildearth Guardians (Plaintiff) v Colorado Springs Utility Board (Defendant)* Civil Action No. 1:15-cv-00357-CMA-CBS (US District Court for the District of Colorado).
230. Deposition Testimony (January 2018) in the matter of National Parks Conservation Association (NPCA) v. State of Washington Department of Ecology and British Petroleum (BP) before the Washington Pollution Control Hearing Board, Case No. 17-055.
231. Trial Testimony (January 2018) on behalf of Defendant in the matter of *Oakland Bulk and Oversized Terminal (Plaintiff) v City of Oakland (Defendant,)* Civil Action No. 3:16-cv-07014-VC (US District Court for the Northern District of California, San Francisco Division).
232. Trial Testimony (April 2018) on behalf of the National Parks Conservation Association (NPCA) in the matter of NPCA v State of Washington, Department of Ecology and BP West Coast Products, LLC, PCHB No. 17-055 (Pollution Control Hearings Board for the State of Washington).
233. Deposition (June 2018) (harm Phase) on behalf of Plaintiffs in the matter of *Natural Resources Defense Council, Inc., Sierra Club, Inc., and Respiratory Health Association v. Illinois Power Resources LLC, and Illinois Power Resources Generating LLC (Defendants)*, Civil Action No. 1:13-cv-01181 (US District Court for the Central District of Illinois, Peoria Division).
234. Trial Testimony (July 2018) on behalf of Petitioners in the matter of *Coosa River Basin Initiative and Sierra Club (Petitioners) v State of Georgia Environmental Protection Division, Georgia Department of Natural Resources (Respondent) and Georgia Power Company (Intervenor/Respondent)*, Docket Nos: 1825406-BNR-WW-57-Howells and 1826761-BNR-WW-57-Howells, Office of State Administrative Hearings, State of Georgia.
235. Deposition (January 2019) and Trial Testimony (January 2019) on behalf of Sierra Club and Texas Campaign for the Environment (Appellants) in the contested case hearing before the Texas State Office of Administrative Hearings in Docket Nos. 582-18-4846, 582-18-4847 (Application of GCGV Asset Holding, LLC for Air Quality Permit Nos. 146425/PSDTX1518 and 146459/PSDTX1520 in San Patricio County, Texas).
236. Deposition (February 2019) and Trial Testimony (March 2019) on behalf of Sierra Club in the State of Florida, Division of Administrative Hearings, Case No. 18-2124EPP, Tampa Electric Company Big Bend Unit 1 Modernization Project Power Plant Siting Application No. PA79-12-A2.
237. Deposition (June 2019) relating to the appeal of air permits issued to PTTGCA on behalf of Appellants in the matter of *Sierra Club (Appellants) v. Craig Butler, Director, et. al., Ohio EPA (Appellees)* before the State of Ohio Environmental Review Appeals Commission (ERAC), Case Nos. ERAC-19-6988 through -6991.
238. Deposition (September 2019) on behalf of Appellants relating to the NPDES permit for the Cheswick power plant in the matter of *Three Rivers Waterkeeper and Sierra Club (Appellants) v. State of Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (Appellee) and NRG Power Midwest (Permittee)*, before the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Environmental Hearing Board, EHB Docket No. 2018-088-R.



239. Deposition (December 2019) on behalf of the Plaintiffs in the matter of David Kovac, individually and on behalf of wrongful death class of Irene Kovac v. BP Corporation North America Inc., Circuit Court of Jackson County, Missouri (Independence), Case No. 1816-CV12417.
240. Deposition (February 2020, virtual) and testimony at Hearing (August 2020, virtual) on behalf of Earthjustice in the matter of *Objection to the Issuance of PSD/NSR and Title V permits for Riverview Energy Corporation*, Dale, Indiana, before the Indiana Office of Environmental Adjudication, Cause No. 19-A-J-5073.
241. Hearing (July 14-15, 2020, virtual) on behalf of the Sierra Club in the matter of *the Application of the Ohio State University for a certificate of Environmental Compatibility and Public Need to Construct a Combined Heat and Power Facility in Franklin County, Ohio*, before the Ohio Power Siting Board, Case No. 19-1641-EL-BGN.
242. Hearing (September 2020, virtual) on behalf of WildEarth Guardians (petitioners) in the matter of *the Appeals of the Air Quality Permit No. 7482-MI Issued to 3 Bear Delaware Operating – NM LLC (EIB No. 20-21(A) and Registrations Nos. 8729, 8730, and 8733 under General Construction Permit for Oil and Gas Facilities (EIB No. 20-33 (A))*, before the State of New Mexico, Environmental Improvement Board.
243. Deposition (December 2020, March 4-5, 2021, all virtual) and Hearing (April 2021, virtual) in support of Petitioner’s Motion for Stay of PSCAA NOC Order of Approval No. 11386 in the matter of the *Puyallup Tribe of Indians v. Puget Sound Clean Air Agency (PSCAA) and Puget Sound Energy (PSE)*, before the State of Washington Pollution Control Hearings Board, PCHB No. P19-088.
244. Hearing (September 2020, virtual) on the *Initial Economic Impact Analysis (EIA) for A Proposal To Regulate NOx Emissions from Natural Gas Fired Rich-Burn Natural Gas Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines (RICE) Greater Than 100 Horsepower* prepared on behalf of Earthjustice and the National Parks Conservation Association in the matter of Regulation Number 7, Alternate Rules before the Colorado Air Quality Control Commission.
245. Deposition (December 2020, virtual and Hearing February 2021, virtual) on behalf of the Plaintiffs (Shrimpers and Fishermen of the Rio Grande Valley represented by Texas RioGrande Legal Aid, Inc.) in the matter of the Appeal of Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) Permit Nos. 147681, PSDTX1522, GHGPSDTX172 for the Jupiter Brownsville Heavy Condensate Upgrader Facility, Cameron County, before the Texas State Office of Administrative Hearings, SOAH Docket No. 582-21-0111, TCEQ Docket No. 2020-1080-AIR.
246. Deposition (January 2021, virtual) on behalf of Plaintiffs in the matter of *PennEnvironment Inc., and Clean Air Council (Plaintiffs) and Allegheny County Health Department (Plaintiff-Intervenor) v. United States Steel Corporation (Defendant)*, Civil Action No. 2-19-cv-00484-MJH (US District Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania.)
247. Deposition (February 2021, virtual) on behalf of Plaintiffs in the matter of *Sierra Club Inc. (Plaintiff) v. GenOn Power Midwest LP (Defendants)*, Civil Action No. 2-19-cv-01284-WSS (US District Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania.)
248. Deposition (April 2021, virtual) on the Potential Remedies to Avoid Adverse Thermal Impacts from the Merrimack Station on behalf of Plaintiffs in the matter of *Sierra Club Inc. and the Conservation Law Foundation (Plaintiffs) v. Granite Shore Power, LLC et. al., (Defendants)*, Civil Action No. 19-cv-216-JL (US District Court for the District of New Hampshire.)
249. Deposition (June 2021, virtual) on behalf of Plaintiffs in the matter of *Sierra Club (Plaintiff) v. Woodville Pellets, LLC (Defendant)*, Civil Action No. 9:20-cv-00178-MJT (US District Court for the Eastern District of Texas, Lufkin Division).
250. Deposition (June 2021, virtual) on behalf of the Plaintiffs in the matter of *Modern Holdings, LLC, et al. (Plaintiffs) v. Corning Inc., et al. (Defendants)*, Civil Action No. 5:13-cv-00405-GFVT, (US District Court for the Eastern District of Kentucky, Central Division at Lexington).
251. Testimony (June 2021, virtual) regarding the Aries Newark LLC Sludge Processing Facility, Application No. CPB 20-74, (Central Planning Board, City of Newark, New Jersey).

252. Testimony at Hearing (October 2021) on behalf of Evraz Rocky Mountain Steel in the matter of Colorado's Proposed Revisions to Regulation 22, the Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Energy Management for the Manufacturing Sector in Colorado (GEMM Rule), before the Colorado Air Quality Control Commission.
253. Deposition (November 2021) for *Charles Johnson Jr. (Plaintiff) v. BP Exploration and Production Inc., et. al. (Defendant)*, Civil Action No. 2:20-CV-01329 (Related to 12-968 BELO in MDL No. 2179). (US District Court for the Eastern District of Louisiana).
254. Testimony at Hearing (November 2021) on behalf of *National Parks Conservation Association, et. al.*, in the matter of the Proposed Revisions to Colorado's Regional Haze State Implementation Plan (SIP) and Colorado Regulation 23, before the Colorado Air Quality Control Commission.
255. Deposition (December 2021) on behalf of Plaintiffs in Re: Deepwater Horizon BELO Cases, Case No. 3:19cv963-MCR-GRJ (US District Court for the Northern District of Florida, Pensacola Division).
256. Deposition (December 2021) for *James Noel (Plaintiff) v. BP Exploration and Production Inc., et. al. (Defendant)*, Civil Action No. 1:19-CV-00694-JB-MU-C (US District Court for the Southern District of Alabama, Southern Division).
257. Testimony at Hearing (February 2022, virtual) in the matter of the *Appeal Petition for Hearing on Air Quality Permit No. 8585 on behalf of Earth Care New Mexico et. al., (Petitioners) v. New Mexico Environment Department and Associated Asphalt and Materials, LLC (Applicant)*, No. EIB 21-48 before the State of New Mexico Environmental Improvement Board.
258. Deposition (March 2022) and Rebuttal Deposition (July 2022) for *Kamuda (Plaintiff) v. Sterigenics U.S., LLC, et. al., (Defendant)*, Case No. 2018-L-010475 (Circuit Court of Cook County, Illinois).
259. Deposition (April 2022, virtual) in the matter of Application of TPC Group LLC for New State and PSD Air Quality Permits (various), TCEQ Docket No. 2021-1422-AIR, SOAH Docket No. 582-22-0799, Before the Texas State Office of Administrative Hearings.
260. Deposition (May 2022, virtual) in the matter of the *Water Works and Sewer Board of the City of Gadsden (Plaintiff) v. 3M Company, et. al., (Defendants)*, Civil Action No.: 31 CV-2016-900676.00 (Circuit County of Etowah County, Alabama)
261. Deposition (June 2022, virtual) for *Teresa Fornek (Plaintiff) v. Sterigenics U.S., LLC, et. al., (Defendant)*, Case No. 2018-L-010744 (Circuit Court of Cook County, Illinois.)
262. Deposition (June 2022, virtual) on behalf of the Plaintiffs in the matter of Toll Brothers, Inc., and Porter Ranch Development Company (Plaintiffs) v. Sempra Energy, Southern California Gas Company et. al., (Defendants), Southern California [Aliso Canyon] Gas Leak Cases, JCCP No.: 4861, Lead Case No.: BC674622, Superior Court of the State of California for the County of Los Angeles.
263. Deposition (July 2022) for *Richard Dufour (Plaintiff) v. BP Exploration and Production Inc., et. al. (Defendant)*, Civil Action No. 19-cv-00591 (US District Court for the Southern District of Mississippi).

TCEQ Public Meeting Form  
August 1, 2022

Entergy Texas, Inc.  
Proposed Air Quality Permit  
Proposed Permit Nos. 166032, PSDTX1598, and  
GHGPSDTX210

PLEASE PRINT

Name: JORDAN WLESIAK

Mailing Address: 6808 CRUZ ST. AUSTIN, TX

Physical Address (if different): \_\_\_\_\_

City/State: AUSTIN/TX Zip: 78741

**\*\*This information is subject to public disclosure under the Texas Public Information Act\*\***

Email: \_\_\_\_\_

Phone Number: \_\_\_\_\_

• Are you here today representing a municipality, legislator, agency, or group?  Yes  No

If yes, which one? SIERRA CLUB

Please add me to the mailing list.

I wish to provide formal *ORAL COMMENTS* at tonight's public meeting.

I wish to provide formal *WRITTEN COMMENTS* at tonight's public meeting.

(Written comments may be submitted at any time during the meeting)  
Please give this form to the person at the information table. Thank you.

**Debbie Zachary**

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**From:** PUBCOMMENT-OCC  
**Sent:** Thursday, August 4, 2022 11:59 AM  
**To:** PUBCOMMENT-OCC2; PUBCOMMENT-OPIC; PUBCOMMENT-ELD; PUBCOMMENT-APD  
**Subject:** FW: Public comment on Permit Number 166032  
**Attachments:** SIERRA CLUB PUBLIC COMMENTS RE\_ PROPOSED AIR QUALITY PERMIT NUMBER 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX15981.pdf

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**From:** emma.pabst@sierraclub.org <emma.pabst@sierraclub.org>  
**Sent:** Monday, August 1, 2022 10:29 PM  
**To:** PUBCOMMENT-OCC <PUBCOMMENT-OCC@tceq.texas.gov>  
**Subject:** Public comment on Permit Number 166032

**REGULATED ENTY NAME** SABINE PLANT

**RN NUMBER:** RN102513041

**PERMIT NUMBER:** 166032

**DOCKET NUMBER:**

**COUNTY:** ORANGE

**PRINCIPAL NAME:** ENTERGY TEXAS INC

**CN NUMBER:** CN603282054

**FROM**

**NAME:** Emma Pabst

**EMAIL:** [emma.pabst@sierraclub.org](mailto:emma.pabst@sierraclub.org)

**COMPANY:** Sierra Club

**ADDRESS:** 6406 N INTERSTATE 35  
AUSTIN TX 78752-4352

**PHONE:** 5122289705

**FAX:**

**COMMENTS:** Please see the attached 224 comments from Sierra Club members and supporters urging TCEQ to reject Entergy's proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station, and to at least implement more stringent pollution controls for this major source of pollution.

PUBLIC COMMENTS RE: PROPOSED AIR QUALITY PERMIT NUMBER 166032,  
GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598

Dear Texas Commission on Environmental Quality,

I am concerned that Entergy Texas's proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will negatively impact the air that I breathe, and would like to request that TCEQ reject Energy's air permit application numbers 166032, GHGPSDTX210, AND PSDTX1598.

According to a 2020 State of the Air report from the American Lung Association, Houston, which is located just downwind of the Orange County plant site, ranked as the 11th most ozone-polluted metropolitan area in the United States -- worse than New York, Chicago, and Dallas-Fort Worth.

This pollution not only causes hazy skies for those visiting in our national parks; it also causes direct harm to individuals in our community in the form of health-related pollution risks. According to analysis by researchers at New York University and the American Thoracic Society, elevated ozone levels in the Houston area cause about 118 premature deaths, 367 emergency room visits, and over 475,000 missed work or school days every year. Furthermore, Orange County's emissions also contribute to ozone nonattainment in Houston, Galveston, and other areas in Texas.

The proposed Orange County Advanced Power Station will be a major source of pollution under the Clean Air Act, emit significant amounts of harmful aqueous ammonia, carbon monoxide, hazardous air pollutants, hydrogen, nitrogen oxides, organic compounds, particulate matter, sulfur dioxide, sulfuric acid mist, and greenhouse gasses.

More specifically, I am opposed to the following emission limits which are listed in TCEQ's draft air permit for Entergy's Orange County Advanced Power Station proposal:

A thirteen-fold increase in climate pollution, bringing this plant to over 4 million tons of carbon dioxide emissions a year – more than our quickly-warming state can afford.

A seventy-one fold increase in pollution from Volatile Organic Compounds, which are a well-documented threat to human health. These pollutants are known to cause difficulty breathing, nausea, and even damage the central nervous system over time.

An eight-fold increase in Particulate Matter pollution, which, when inhaled, can increase the risk of heart disease, lung cancer and asthma attacks.

This community is already burdened with disproportionate pollution impacts from the fossil fuel industry and is not a suitable option for a dirty new power plant. I ask that TCEQ reject this proposal and at least implement more-stringent air pollution controls for this major source of pollution.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

John McIntosh  
Houston, TX 77035

Jill Robison  
Houston, TX 77077

John Beard, Jr  
Port Arthur, TX 77640

Robin Yates  
Houston, TX 77059

William Brown  
Houston, TX 77018

Mary Gray  
Houston, TX 77062

JT Beebe  
Houston, TX 77036

Blanca Delagarza  
Houston, TX 77089

Schuyler Pulford  
Houston, TX 77077

Glenda Templeton  
Sealy, TX 77474

Jan E. Vaughan  
Seguin, TX 78155

Mai Ton  
Sugar Land, TX 77498

Jacob Lu  
Texas, TX 77005

Mary Fowler  
Austin, TX 78757

Joseph Bellino  
Fredericksburg, TX 78624

Ori Amodeo  
Orange, TX 77632

Stephanie Gordy  
Round Rock, TX 78665

Mende Snodgrass  
Columbus, TX 78934

Kassandra Allbright  
San Antonio, TX 78205

Antonia Harter  
Edcouch, TX 78538

Ken Wheatcroft-Pardue  
Fort Worth, TX 76111

Jean Flores  
San Antonio, TX 78254

Stephanie Williams  
Houston, TX 77084

Richard Stark  
Porter, TX 77365

Margaret Tyree  
Melissa, TX 75454

Craig Nazor  
Austin, TX 78758

Susan Summers  
Prosper, TX 75078

Juan Peralta  
Houston, TX 77065

Stacy Savage  
Bastrop, TX 78602

Kari Y  
San Antonio, TX 78240

Cheryl Carney  
San Antonio, TX 78201

Tim Speece  
Brownsville, TX 78521

Marie Sophia Vassilakidis  
Houston, TX 77057

Kate Shaw  
SAN MARCOS, TX 78666

Barbara Sadnavitch  
Round Rock, TX 78665

Timothy Maschal  
Tatum, TX 75391

Susan Seward  
Plano, TX 75075

Elizabeth Baur  
WICHITA FALLS, TX 76306

Jacqueline Cockrell  
Katy, TX 77493

Carol Tobias  
Dallas, TX 75243

Sid Totten  
Austin, TX 78723

Jorge Medrano  
Converse, TX 78109

Kennedy Gilmore  
Houston, TX 77056



Nancy Nixon  
Waco, TX 76712

Lauren Swan  
Tyler, TX 75701

Zack Brown  
McKinney, TX 75070

Alexandra Holland  
Plano, TX 75075

Gloria Lenoir  
Austin, TX 78701

Reuben Han  
AUSTIN, TX 78702

John Willis  
Argyle, TX 76226

George Lewis  
Corpus Christi, TX 78412

Aliza Gold  
Austin, TX 78702

Michelle Martinez  
San Antonio, TX 78269

Catherine McCalley  
Bastrop, TX 78602

Samantha Waxler  
Sealy, TX 77474

Danielle Evans  
Grand Prairie, TX 75051

Jeannette LaFontaine  
Austin, TX 78748

Diana Fitzgerald  
Webster, TX 77598

Stephanie Buckholdt  
San Antonio, TX 78253

Nina Buckland  
San Marcos, TX 78666

Marisela Candelaria  
San Antonio, TX 78217

Elisa Jiménez  
San Marcos, TX 78666

Kevin Schroder  
Houston, TX 77025

Andrea Christgau  
Keller, TX 76248

Joan Milford  
Mansfield, TX 76063

Brian Abernathy  
Bergheim, TX 78004

Aela Culver  
Bedford, TX 76021

Carole Sparks  
Terrell, TX 75160

Paul Thomas  
Beaumont, TX 77726

Laura Ferro  
Houston, TX 77025

Lisa Brady  
KYLE, TX 78640

Gary Popken  
Lancaster, TX 75146

Frank Netscher  
Houston, TX 77005

Lee Ann Cameron  
Austin, TX 78757

Lisa Gatti  
Bedford, TX 76021

Belkys Rodriguez  
Dallas, TX 75230

Evelyn Webert  
Princeton, TX 75407

Debra Gallop  
San Antonio, TX 78232

Archana Roberts  
Bonham, TX 75418

Brandi Clark Burton  
Austin, TX 78756

Christina Glover  
Duncanville, TX 75138

Oscarv Lipchak  
Austin, TX 78704

Kathleen Massey  
Waller, TX 77484

Aline Rosenzweig  
Houston, TX 77098

Joe McBride  
Austin, TX 78704

Elizabeth Caro  
Brownsville, TX 78521

Holly Morgan  
Austin, TX 78749

Megan Knapp  
Allen, TX 75013

Fiona Akomolede  
Plano, TX 75074

Stephen Griffith  
Galveston, TX 77550

Michael Primm  
Kyle, TX 78640

Toni Baker  
Amarillo, TX 79106

Deborah Vaughan  
Hurst, TX 76053

Patricia Cowan  
Corpus Christi, TX 78411

Jessica Carena  
La Porte, TX 77571

Edwina Baethge  
San Marcos, TX 78666

Dan Schmoker  
Dallas, TX 75218

Merideth Green  
Boerne, TX 78006

Angela Hopkins  
San Antonio, TX 78259

Geoffrey Holman  
CEDAR HILL, TX 75104

Michele Denis  
Fort Worth, TX 76111

Karen Ayyad  
Arlington, TX 76010

Matthew Carrigan  
Dallas, TX 75208

Betty Barton  
Lubbock, TX 79415

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Chas Duhvel  
Northbrook, TX 73301

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Kemah, TX 77565

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Little Elm, TX 75068

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Hillsboro, TX 76645

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Rebecca Barnes  
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San Antonio, TX 78239

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Zachary Vanderhider  
Galveston, TX 77550

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AUSTIN, TX 78704

Patricia Schon  
Bellaire, TX 77401

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Schertz, TX 78154

Chris Qualizza  
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Megan Esau  
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Andrea Garcia  
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Lois Looney Kochie  
Houston, TX 77062

Diana Bridges  
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Dian Wright  
Quinlan, TX 75474

Nicolas Kaschny  
Katy, TX 77494

Deirdre Wisniewski  
San Antonio, TX 78250

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MORGANS POINT RESORT, TX 76513

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Noe Carpio  
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Kacie Barnett  
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Travis Pharr  
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John Mery  
San Antonio, TX 78251

Sandra Brown  
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Jessica Saucedo  
San Antonio, TX 78254

Kristi Michener  
Austin, TX 78739

Marey Cohen  
Spring, TX 77388

Carol Mcgarvey  
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Annette Iott  
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Kathryn Koenig  
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Athens, TX 75752

Julia Reece  
Dallas, TX 75219

James Cassidy  
Corinth, TX 76210  
Jack East  
Brownwood, TX 76801

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**TCEQ Public Meeting Form  
August 1, 2022**

**Entergy Texas, Inc.  
Proposed Air Quality Permit  
Proposed Permit Nos. 166032, PSDTX1598, and  
GHGPSDTX210**

*PLEASE PRINT*

Name: Emma Pabst

Mailing Address: 1180 Red Bud Ln., Round Rock, TX 78664

Physical Address (if different): \_\_\_\_\_

City/State: Round Rock, TX Zip: 78664

**\*\*This information is subject to public disclosure under the Texas Public Information Act\*\***

Email: emma.pabst@sierraclub.org

Phone Number: 512 228 9705

• Are you here today representing a municipality, legislator, agency, or group?  Yes  No

If yes, which one? Sierra Club

Please add me to the mailing list.

I wish to provide formal *ORAL COMMENTS* at tonight's public meeting.

I wish to provide formal *WRITTEN COMMENTS* at tonight's public meeting.

(Written comments may be submitted at any time during the meeting)  
Please give this form to the person at the information table. Thank you.