40 CFR Part 63, Subpart AAAA - Requirements Reference Tables

Subpart AAAA Standards

- §63.1959(b) Standards for a Municipal Solid Waste landfill that is not an area source and has a calculated NMOC emission rate that is less than 50 megagrams per year.
- §63.1959(b)(2)(iii)(A)|1 Standards for a Municipal Solid Waste landfill that has a design capacity equal to or greater than 2.5 million megagrams by mass or 2.5 million cubic meters by volume with a calculated NMOC emission rate that is greater than 50 megagrams per year that is routing the collected gas to a non-enclosed flare.
- §63.1959(b)(2)(iii)(A)|2
 Standards for a bioreactor located at a Municipal Solid Waste landfill that has a design capacity equal to or greater than 2.5 million megagrams by mass or 2.5 million cubic meters by volume with a calculated NMOC emission rate that is greater than 50 megagrams per year that is routing the collected gas to a non-enclosed flare.
- §63.1959(b)(2)(iii)(B)|1 Standards for a Municipal Solid Waste landfill that has a design capacity equal to or greater than 2.5 million megagrams by mass or 2.5 million cubic meters by volume with a calculated NMOC emission rate that is greater than 50 megagrams per year that is routing the collected gas to a control system designed and operated to reduce NMOC by 98 weight-percent.
- §63.1959(b)(2)(iii)(B)|2 Standards for a Municipal Solid Waste landfill that has a design capacity equal to or greater than 2.5 million megagrams by mass or 2.5 million cubic meters by volume with a calculated NMOC emission rate that is greater than 50 megagrams per year that is routing the collected gas to an enclosed combustion device to reduce the outlet NMOC concentration to less than 20 ppmv.
- §63.1959(b)(2)(iii)(B)|3
 Standards for a bioreactor located at a Municipal Solid Waste landfill that has a design capacity equal to or greater than 2.5 million megagrams by mass or 2.5 million cubic meters by volume with a calculated NMOC emission rate that is greater than 50 megagrams per year that is routing the collected gas to a control system designed and operated to reduce NMOC by 98 weight-percent.
- §63.1959(b)(2)(iii)(B)|4 Standards for a bioreactor located at a Municipal Solid Waste landfill that has a design capacity equal to or greater than 2.5 million megagrams by mass or 2.5 million cubic meters by volume with a calculated NMOC emission rate that is greater than 50 megagrams per year that is routing the collected gas to an enclosed combustion device to reduce the outlet NMOC concentration to less than 20 ppmv.
- §63.1959(b)(2)(iii)(C)|1 Standards for a Municipal Solid Waste landfill that has a design capacity equal to or greater than 2.5 million megagrams by mass or 2.5 million cubic meters by volume with a calculated NMOC emission rate that is greater than 50 megagrams per year that is routing the collected gas to a treatment system.
- §63.1959(b)(2)(iii)(C)|2 Standards for a bioreactor located at a Municipal Solid Waste landfill that has a design capacity equal to or greater than 2.5 million

megagrams by mass or 2.5 million cubic meters by volume with a calculated NMOC emission rate that is greater than 50 megagrams per year that is routing the collected gas to a treatment system.

• §63.1981(a)(2) Standards for a Municipal Solid Waste landfill that has a design capacity less than 2.5 million megagrams or 2.5 million m³.

These relationship entry screens and flowcharts are for use by sources subject to the Texas Federal Operating Permits Program only and are subject to revision.

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