

MATKINHOOVER.COM

QuikTrip Store #4183 Georgetown, Texas

Organized Sewage Collection System Plan

March 2023 TBPE # F-4512 MHE 4183.00



February 14, 2023

Edwards Aquifer Protection Program Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Austin Regional Office 12100 Park 35 Circle Austin, Texas 78753

Re:

QuikTrip Store #4183 Georgetown, Texas

Sewage Collection System

To whom it may concern,

Please find the QuikTrip Store 4183 organized Sewage Collection System Plan (SCS) enclosed. The SCS has been prepared in accordance with the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (30 TAC 217) and current policies for development over the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone.

The Sewage Collection System plan applies to 1468 linear feet of sewer system to serve the development.

Please review the attached SCS information for the items it is intended to address, and if acceptable, provide a written approval of the plan in order that construction may begin at the earliest opportunity.

The review fee of \$734 and fee application is included. If you have any questions regarding this information, please call our office.

Sincerely,

Matkin Hoover Engineering & Surveying

TBPE Firm No. F-4512

Garrett D. Keller, P.E.

President & COO

Organized Sewage Collection System Plan Checklist

- Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page (TCEQ-20705)
- General Information Form (TCEQ-0587)
 - Attachment A Road Map
 - Attachment B USGS / Edwards Recharge Zone Map
 - Attachment C Project Description
- Geologic Assessment Form (TCEQ-0585)
 - Attachment A Geologic Assessment Table (TCEQ-0585-Table)
 - Attachment B Stratigraphic Column
 - Attachment C Site Geology
 - Attachment D Site Geologic Map(s)
- Organized Sewage Collection System Plan (TCEQ-0582)
 - Attachment A SCS Engineering Design Report
 - Attachment B Justification and Calculations for Deviation in Straight Alignment
 - Without Manholes
 - Attachment C Justification for Variance from Maximum Manhole Spacing
 - Attachment D Calculations for Slopes for Flows Greater Than 10.0 Feet Per Second
 - Site Plan
 - Final Plan and Profile Sheets
- Lift Station / Force Main System Application (TCEQ-0624) if applicable
 - Attachment A Engineering Design Report
 - Site Plan
 - Final Plan and Profile Sheets
- Temporary Stormwater Section (TCEQ-0602)
 - Attachment A Spill Response Actions
 - Attachment B Potential Sources of Contamination
 - Attachment C Sequence of Major Activities
 - Attachment D Temporary Best Management Practices and Measures
 - Attachment E Request to Temporarily Seal a Feature (if requested)
 - Attachment F Structural Practices
 - Attachment G Drainage Area Map
 - Attachment H Temporary Sediment Pond(s) Plans and Calculations
 - Attachment I Inspection and Maintenance for BMPs
 - Attachment J Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices
- Agent Authorization Form (TCEQ-0599), if application submitted by agent
- Application Fee Form (TCEQ-0574)

- Check Payable to the "Texas Commission on Environmental Quality"
- Core Data Form (TCEQ-10400)

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page

Our Review of Your Application

The Edwards Aquifer Program staff conducts an administrative and technical review of all applications. The turnaround time for administrative review can be up to 30 days as outlined in 30 TAC 213.4(e). Generally administrative completeness is determined during the intake meeting or within a few days of receipt. The turnaround time for technical review of an administratively complete Edwards Aquifer application is 90 days as outlined in 30 TAC 213.4(e). Please know that the review and approval time is directly impacted by the quality and completeness of the initial application that is received. In order to conduct a timely review, it is imperative that the information provided in an Edwards Aquifer application include final plans, be accurate, complete, and in compliance with 30 TAC 213.

Administrative Review

- Edwards Aquifer applications must be deemed administratively complete before a technical review can begin. To be considered administratively complete, the application must contain completed forms and attachments, provide the requested information, and meet all the site plan requirements. The submitted application and plan sheets should be final plans. Please submit one full-size set of plan sheets with the original application, and half-size sets with the additional copies.
 - To ensure that all applicable documents are included in the application, the program has developed tools to guide you and web pages to provide all forms, checklists, and guidance. Please visit the below website for assistance: http://www.tceq.texas.gov/field/eapp.
- 2. This Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page form (certified by the applicant or agent) must be included in the application and brought to the administrative review meeting.
- 3. Administrative reviews are scheduled with program staff who will conduct the review. Applicants or their authorized agent should call the appropriate regional office, according to the county in which the project is located, to schedule a review. The average meeting time is one hour.
- 4. In the meeting, the application is examined for administrative completeness. Deficiencies will be noted by staff and emailed or faxed to the applicant and authorized agent at the end of the meeting, or shortly after. Administrative deficiencies will cause the application to be deemed incomplete and returned.
 - An appointment should be made to resubmit the application. The application is re-examined to ensure all deficiencies are resolved. The application will only be deemed administratively complete when all administrative deficiencies are addressed.
- 5. If an application is received by mail, courier service, or otherwise submitted without a review meeting, the administrative review will be conducted within 30 days. The applicant and agent will be contacted with the results of the administrative review. If the application is found to be administratively incomplete, it can be retrieved from the regional office or returned by regular mail. If returned by mail, the regional office may require arrangements for return shipping.
- 6. If the geologic assessment was completed before October 1, 2004 and the site contains "possibly sensitive" features, the assessment must be updated in accordance with the *Instructions to Geologists* (TCEQ-0585 Instructions).

Technical Review

1. When an application is deemed administratively complete, the technical review period begins. The regional office will distribute copies of the application to the identified affected city, county, and groundwater conservation district whose jurisdiction includes the subject site. These entities and the public have 30 days to provide comments on the application to the regional office. All comments received are reviewed by TCEQ.

- 2. A site assessment is usually conducted as part of the technical review, to evaluate the geologic assessment and observe existing site conditions. The site must be accessible to our staff. The site boundaries should be clearly marked, features identified in the geologic assessment should be flagged, roadways marked and the alignment of the Sewage Collection System and manholes should be staked at the time the application is submitted. If the site is not marked the application may be returned.
- 3. We evaluate the application for technical completeness and contact the applicant and agent via Notice of Deficiency (NOD) to request additional information and identify technical deficiencies. There are two deficiency response periods available to the applicant. There are 14 days to resolve deficiencies noted in the first NOD. If a second NOD is issued, there is an additional 14 days to resolve deficiencies. If the response to the second notice is not received, is incomplete or inadequate, or provides new information that is incomplete or inadequate, the application must be withdrawn or if not withdrawn the application will be denied and the application fee will be forfeited.
- 4. The program has 90 calendar days to complete the technical review of the application. If the application is technically adequate, such that it complies with the Edwards Aquifer rules, and is protective of the Edwards Aquifer during and after construction, an approval letter will be issued. Construction or other regulated activity may not begin until an approval is issued.

Mid-Review Modifications

It is important to have final site plans prior to beginning the permitting process with TCEQ to avoid delays.

Occasionally, circumstances arise where you may have significant design and/or site plan changes after your Edwards Aquifer application has been deemed administratively complete by TCEQ. This is considered a "Mid-Review Modification". Mid-Review Modifications may require redistribution of an application that includes the proposed modifications for public comment.

If you are proposing a Mid-Review Modification, two options are available to you:

- You can withdraw your application, and your fees will be refunded or credited for a resubmittal.
- TCEQ can continue the technical review of the application as it was submitted, and a modification application can be submitted at a later time.

If the application is withdrawn, the resubmitted application will be subject to the administrative and technical review processes and will be treated as a new application. The application will be redistributed to the effected jurisdictions.

Please contact the regional office if you have questions. If your project is located in Williamson, Travis, or Hays County, contact TCEQ's Austin Regional Office at 512-339-2929. If your project is in Comal, Bexar, Medina, Uvalde, or Kinney County, contact TCEQ's San Antonio Regional Office at 210-490-3096

Please fill out all required fields below and submit with your application.

1. Regulated Entity Name: QuikTrip Store 4183				2. Regulated Entity No.: RN111592622					
3. Customer Name: QT South, LLC					4. Customer No.: CN605786011				
5. Project Type: (Please circle/check one)	New Modification		Extension		Exception				
6. Plan Type: (Please circle/check one)	WPAP	CZP	[SCS]	UST	AST	EXP	EXT	Technical Clarification	Optional Enhanced Measures
7. Land Use: (Please circle/check one)	Residen	tial	Non-residential		8. Site (acres):		e (acres):	4.857	
9. Application Fee:	\$ 734		10. Permanent B		MP(s): N/A		N/A		
11. SCS (Linear Ft.):	1,468		12. AST/UST (No		. Tanks): N/A		N/A		
13. County:	William	son	14. Watershed:			Lower Berry Creek 1207020503		Creek 120702050303	

Application Distribution

Instructions: Use the table below to determine the number of applications required. One original and one copy of the application, plus additional copies (as needed) for each affected incorporated city, county, and groundwater conservation district are required. Linear projects or large projects, which cross into multiple jurisdictions, can require additional copies. Refer to the "Texas Groundwater Conservation Districts within the EAPP Boundaries" map found at:

http://www.tceq.texas.gov/assets/public/compliance/field_ops/eapp/EAPP%20GWCD%20map.pdf

For more detailed boundaries, please contact the conservation district directly.

Austin Region						
County:	Hays	Travis	Williamson			
Original (1 req.)	_		<u>X</u>			
Region (1 req.)	_	_	_ <u>X</u> _			
County(ies)			_ <u>X</u> _			
Groundwater Conservation District(s)	Edwards Aquifer AuthorityBarton Springs/ Edwards AquiferHays TrinityPlum Creek	Barton Springs/ Edwards Aquifer	NA			
City(ies) Jurisdiction	AustinBudaDripping SpringsKyleMountain CitySan MarcosWimberleyWoodcreek	AustinBee CavePflugervilleRollingwoodRound RockSunset ValleyWest Lake Hills	AustinCedar ParkFlorence X GeorgetownJerrellLeanderLiberty HillPflugervilleRound Rock			

San Antonio Region						
County:	Bexar	Comal	Kinney	Medina	Uvalde	
Original (1 req.)	_	_	_	_	_	
Region (1 req.)	_	_			_	
County(ies)		_	_		_	
Groundwater Conservation District(s)	Edwards Aquifer Authority Trinity-Glen Rose	Edwards Aquifer Authority	Kinney	EAA Medina	EAA Uvalde	
City(ies) Jurisdiction	Castle HillsFair Oaks RanchHelotesHill Country VillageHollywood ParkSan Antonio (SAWS)Shavano Park	Bulverde Fair Oaks Ranch Garden Ridge New Braunfels Schertz	NA	San Antonio ETJ (SAWS)	NA	

FOR TCEQ INTERNAL USE ONLY					
Date(s)Reviewed: Date Administratively Complete:					
Received From:		Correct N	Number of Copies:		
Received By:		Distribut	ion Date:		
EAPP File Number:	EAPP File Number: Con		Complex:		
Admin. Review(s) (No.):		No. AR Rounds:			
Delinquent Fees (Y/N):		Review Time Spent:			
Lat./Long. Verified: SOS Custor		tomer Verification:			
Agent Authorization Complete/Notarized (Y/N):		Fee	Payable to TCEQ (Y/N):		
ore Data Form Complete (Y/N):	1 1	Check:	Signed (Y/N):		
Core Data Form Incomplete Nos.:			Less than 90 days of	ld (Y/N):	



QuikTrip Store #4183 SCS Application

Section 2 – General Information

General Information Form

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

For Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge and Transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.4(b) & §213.5(b)(2)(A), (B) Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information

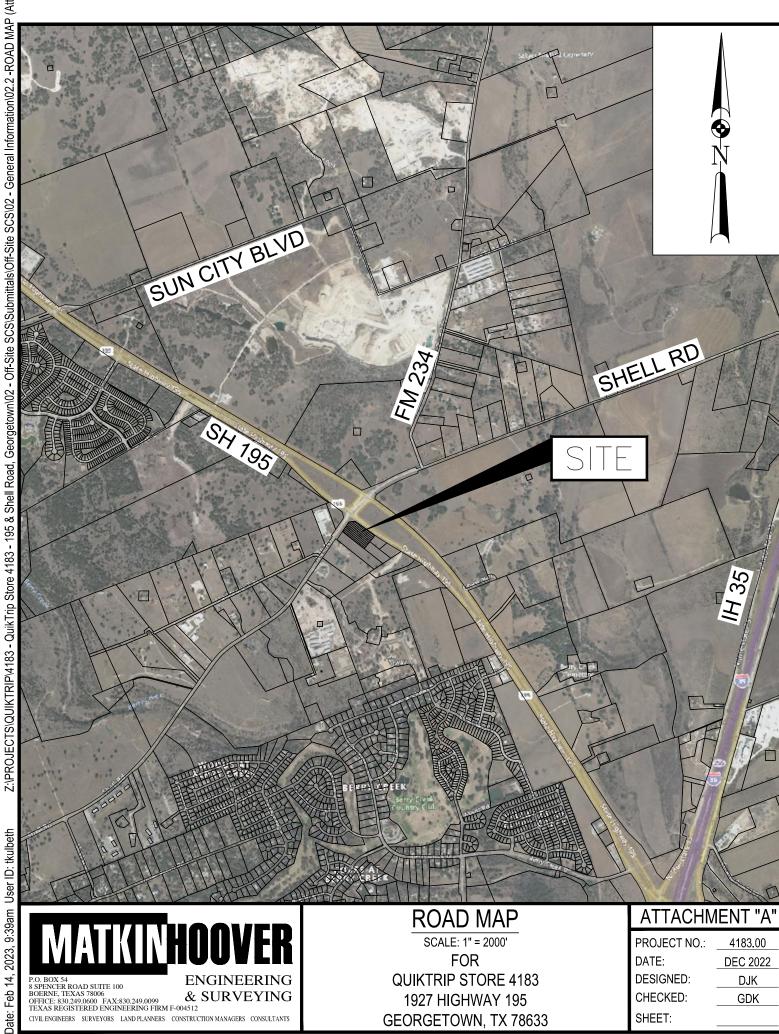
requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This General Information Form is hereby submitted for TCEQ review. The application was prepared by:	
Print Name of Customer/Agent: Garrett D Keller, P.E.	
Date: 2/22/23	
Signature of Customer/Agent:	
Jan Hell	
Project Information	
1. Regulated Entity Name: QuikTrip Store 4183	
2. County: Williamson	
3. Stream Basin: Lower Berry Creek	
4. Groundwater Conservation District (If applicable): N/A	
5. Edwards Aquifer Zone:	
Recharge Zone Transition Zone	
6. Plan Type:	
 WPAP SCS Modification AST UST Exception Request 	/
$L \cap L$	/

7.	Customer (Applicant):	
	Contact Person: Kyla Rudd Entity: QT South, LLC Mailing Address: 4705 South 129th East Avenue City, State: Tulsa, OK Telephone: 918-615-7233 Email Address: krudd@quiktrip.com	Zip: <u>74134</u> FAX: <u>N/A</u>
3.	Agent/Representative (If any):	
	Contact Person: <u>Garrett Keller</u> Entity: <u>Matkin Hoover Engineering & Surveying</u> Mailing Address: <u>8 Spencer Road, Suite 100</u> City, State: <u>Boerne, Texas</u> Telephone: <u>830 - 249 - 0600</u> Email Address: <u>GKeller@matkinhoover.com</u>	Zip: <u>78006</u> FAX: <u>830 - 249 - 0099</u>
Э.	Project Location:	
	 ☐ The project site is located inside the city limits ☐ The project site is located outside the city limit jurisdiction) of ☐ The project site is not located within any city's 	s but inside the ETJ (extra-territorial
10.	The location of the project site is described bel detail and clarity so that the TCEQ's Regional so boundaries for a field investigation.	
	The property is located on the South corner of Georgetown, Williamson County, Texas. Accordance appraisal district (WCAD), the property is locat R418242, and R616277 owned by QT South, LL 3930 Shell Road, Georgetown, Williamson County access road is proposed for the southeast adjournment of Boss N Vespa, LLC) and two driveways totaling Williamson County right-of-way.	ding to the Williamson County ed on parcels R600274, R418243, C and has a proposed address of nty, Texas 78628. A 0.199-acre offsite ining property (R446512, owner
11.	Attachment A – Road Map. A road map showing project site is attached. The project location are the map.	_
12.	Attachment B - USGS / Edwards Recharge Zon USGS Quadrangle Map (Scale: 1" = 2000') of th The map(s) clearly show:	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	✓ Project site boundaries.✓ USGS Quadrangle Name(s).✓ Boundaries of the Recharge Zone (and Tran	sition Zone, if applicable).

	Drainage path from the project site to the boundary of the Recharge Zone.
13. 🔀	The TCEQ must be able to inspect the project site or the application will be returned. Sufficient survey staking is provided on the project to allow TCEQ regional staff to locate the boundaries and alignment of the regulated activities and the geologic or manmade features noted in the Geologic Assessment.
	Survey staking will be completed by this date:
14. 🔀	Attachment C – Project Description . Attached at the end of this form is a detailed narrative description of the proposed project. The project description is consistent throughout the application and contains, at a minimum, the following details:
	 Area of the site ✓ Offsite areas ✓ Impervious cover ✓ Permanent BMP(s) ✓ Proposed site use ✓ Site history ✓ Previous development ✓ Area(s) to be demolished
15. Exi	sting project site conditions are noted below:
	Existing commercial site Existing industrial site Existing residential site Existing paved and/or unpaved roads Undeveloped (Cleared) Undeveloped (Undisturbed/Uncleared) Other:
Proh	nibited Activities
16. 🔀	I am aware that the following activities are prohibited on the Recharge Zone and are not proposed for this project:
	(1) Waste disposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 of this title (relating to Underground Injection Control);
	(2) New feedlot/concentrated animal feeding operations, as defined in 30 TAC §213.3;
	(3) Land disposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC §335.1;
	(4) The use of sewage holding tanks as parts of organized collection systems; and
	(5) New municipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I standards which are defined in §330.41(b), (c), and (d) of this title (relating to Types

of Municipal Solid Waste Facilities).

- (6) New municipal and industrial wastewater discharges into or adjacent to water in the state that would create additional pollutant loading. 17. I am aware that the following activities are prohibited on the Transition Zone and are not proposed for this project: (1) Waste disposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 (relating to Underground Injection Control); (2) Land disposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC §335.1; and (3) New municipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I standards which are defined in §330.41 (b), (c), and (d) of this title. Administrative Information 18. The fee for the plan(s) is based on: For a Water Pollution Abatement Plan or Modification, the total acreage of the site where regulated activities will occur. For an Organized Sewage Collection System Plan or Modification, the total linear footage of all collection system lines. For a UST Facility Plan or Modification or an AST Facility Plan or Modification, the total number of tanks or piping systems. A request for an exception to any substantive portion of the regulations related to the protection of water quality. A request for an extension to a previously approved plan. 19. Application fees are due and payable at the time the application is filed. If the correct fee is not submitted, the TCEQ is not required to consider the application until the correct fee is submitted. Both the fee and the Edwards Aquifer Fee Form have been sent to the Commission's: TCEQ cashier \bowtie Austin Regional Office (for projects in Hays, Travis, and Williamson Counties) San Antonio Regional Office (for projects in Bexar, Comal, Kinney, Medina, and **Uvalde Counties**)
- 20. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
- 21. No person shall commence any regulated activity until the Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan(s) for the activity has been filed with and approved by the Executive Director.



<u>atkin</u>hoover

P.O. BOX 54 8 SPENCER ROAD SUITE 100 BOERNE, TEXAS 78006 OFFICE: \$30,249,0600 FAX:830,249,0099 TEXAS REGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-004512

ENGINEERING & SURVEYING

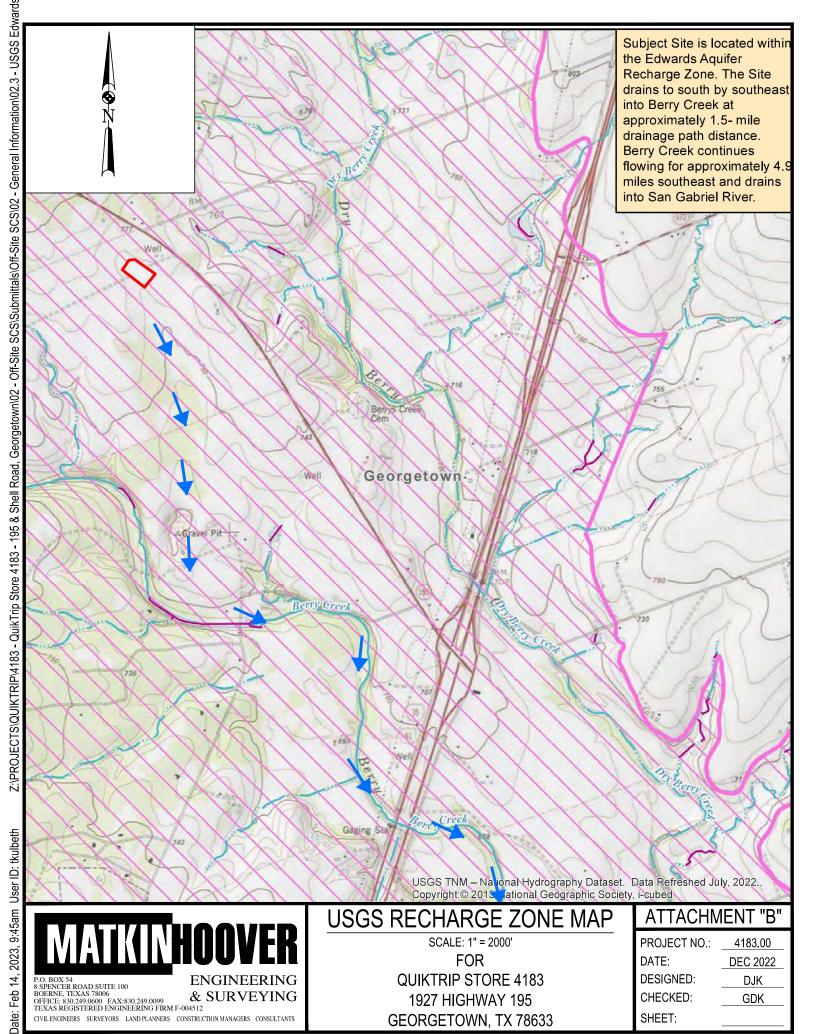
CIVIL ENGINEERS SURVEYORS LAND PLANNERS CONSTRUCTION MANAGERS CONSULTANTS

ROAD MAP

SCALE: 1" = 2000' **FOR QUIKTRIP STORE 4183** 1927 HIGHWAY 195 GEORGETOWN, TX 78633

ATTACHMENT "A"

PROJECT NO.: 4183.00 DATE: **DEC 2022** DESIGNED: DJK CHECKED: **GDK** SHEET:



1. Area of the Site

The proposed sewer collection system (SCS) for the QuikTrip Store #4183 is located onsite and in the public right of way along both Hwy 195 and Shell Road between the QuikTrip store and Scenic Oaks Road consisting of two 8-inch PVC sewer lines, Line A and Line C, respectively. The on-site property is located south of the State Highway 195 (SH -195) and Shell Road intersection in Georgetown, Williamson County, Texas.

Line A is 313 linear feet along SH- 195 and serves as a future sewer connection to the QuikTrip Store following further development in the area. A 2-inch force main (Line B) conveys sewerage from the on-site sanitary sewer service lateral to Line C. Line B is not considered in this application as this line is private and will be abandoned after Line A is connected to the city's sanitary sewer system with future development. Line C is 1,155 linear feet located within the Shell Road right of way connecting the QuikTrip Store to Scenic Oak Road.

The proposed QuikTrip site is 4.857 acres and is comprised of the 4.658-acre on-site property and a 0.199-acre adjacent access (wing) road. According to the Williamson County appraisal district (WCAD), the property is located on parcels R600274, R418243, R418242, and R616277 owned by QT South, LLC and has a proposed address of 3930 Shell Road, Georgetown, Williamson County, Texas 78628.

A 0.199-acre off-site access road is proposed for the southeast adjoining property (R446512, owner Boss N Vespa, LLC).

Although not considered part of the project area, two driveways for accessing the project total 0.29-acre and are located within Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) (SH-195) and Williamson County (Shell Road) rights-of-way.

2. Offsite area

Sanitary Sewer Line C is located off-site and is within the Shell Road right of way.

A 0.199-acre off-site access road is proposed for the southeast adjoining property (R446512, owner Boss N Vespa, LLC).

Two driveways for accessing the project total 0.29-acre and are located within Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) (SH-195) and Williamson County (Shell Road) rights-of-way.

3. Impervious cover

No impervious cover is proposed as part of the SCS system. The total impervious cover acreage for the site is 3.23 acres.

4. Permanent BMPs

No permanent BMP's are proposed for the SCS; however, the site will utilize an on-site water quality (batch detention) pond as a permanent BMP for stormwater treatment.

5. Proposed site use

QuikTrip Corporation is proposing to develop the Subject Site as a QuikTrip Store Number 4183 (QuikTrip 4183). The subject site will be developed with a single building for retail gas sales and convenience store, an underground storage tank (UST) system, two canopy areas to cover the tank dispensers, trash enclosure, and paved parking and driving lanes.

6. Site history and previous development

According to topographic maps and satellite imagery, the Site remained undeveloped and included an unpaved road since 1995 or earlier. The surrounding area consists of low-intensity residential and commercial developments (3900 Shell Rd & 3901 Shell Road) and undeveloped land.

7. Area to be demolished

There are no structures that require demolition along the length of the proposed sewer collection system. 2 bores under driveways and some pavement cuts will be needed during the construction of Line C.



QuikTrip Store #4183 SCS Application

Section 3 – Geologic Assessment

Geologic Assessment

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Print Name of Geologist: Craig Crawford, PG

For Regulated Activities on The Edwards Aquifer Recharge/transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(3), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. My signature certifies that I am qualified as a geologist as defined by 30 TAC Chapter 213.

Telephone: 512.705.5541

Da	te: <u>January 30th 2023</u>	Fax:	
	presenting: <u>Cambrian Environmental (TBPG Firm</u> PE registration number)	<u>n # 50484)</u> (Name of C	Company and TBPG or
(gulated Entity Name: Offsite SCS Utility (for serv	vicing QuikTrip Store	#4183 <u>)</u>
PI	roject Information		-23111
1.	Date(s) Geologic Assessment was performed: D	December 21st 2022	STATE OF TEXAS
2.	Type of Project:		
3.	WPAPSCSLocation of Project:	AST UST	CRAIG CRAWFORD GEOLOGY NO. 10791 SOLUCENSED
	Recharge Zone Transition Zone Contributing Zone within the Transition Zone	ne	ANAT & GO

4.			eologic Assessme Table) is attached		ed Geologic Assessment Table
5.	Hydrolog 55, Appe	gic Soil Gr endix A, So	oups* (Urban Hyd oil Conservation S	e below and uses the SCS atersheds, Technical Release No. ere is more than one soil type on gic Map or a separate soils map.	
	ible 1 - Soil naracteristic				Group Definitions (Abbreviated) Soils having a high infiltration
	Soil Name	Group*	Thickness(feet)	B	rate when thoroughly wetted.
E	ckrant (EaD)	D	< 2	Б.	Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
				С.	Soils having a slow infiltration
				0	rate when thoroughly wetted. Soils having a very slow
				Д.	infiltration rate when thoroughly
					wetted.
 7. 	member top of the the strat	rs, and thine stratigratigraphic content C – Si	cknesses is attach aphic column. Ot column. te Geology . A nar	ed. The outcroppin herwise, the upper rative description o	column showing formations, ag unit, if present, should be at the most unit should be at the top of the site specific geology
	potentia	l for fluid		•	sment Table, a discussion of the stratigraphy, structure(s), and
8.	No.			(s). The Site Geolog num scale is 1": 400	ric Map must be the same scale as D'
	Site Geo	logic Map	an Scale: $1'' = \underline{60}'$ Scale: $1'' = \underline{60}'$ le (if more than 1	soil type): 1" = <u>250</u>	<u>'</u>
9.	Method of o	collecting	positional data:		
			System (GPS) tec Please describe m	hnology. ethod of data colle	ection:
10	. 🔀 The proj	ect site ar	nd boundaries are	clearly shown and	labeled on the Site Geologic Map.
11	. Surface	geologic u	nits are shown an	d labeled on the Si	te Geologic Map.

12. Geologic or manmade features were discovered on the project site during the field investigation. They are shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map and are describe in the attached Geologic Assessment Table.
Geologic or manmade features were not discovered on the project site during the fiel investigation.
13. 🔀 The Recharge Zone boundary is shown and labeled, if appropriate.
14. All known wells (test holes, water, oil, unplugged, capped and/or abandoned, etc.): If applicable, the information must agree with Item No. 20 of the WPAP Application Section
 ☐ There are (#) wells present on the project site and the locations are shown and labeled. (Check all of the following that apply.) ☐ The wells are not in use and have been properly abandoned. ☐ The wells are not in use and will be properly abandoned. ☐ The wells are in use and comply with 16 TAC Chapter 76. ☐ There are no wells or test holes of any kind known to exist on the project site.
Administrative Information
15. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as

needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional

office.



Narrative Description of Site-Specific Geology for an Offsite Sewage Collection System (SCS) Utility Line Located at the Intersection of SH 195 and Shell Road, Georgetown, Williamson County, Texas

Prepared for:

MATKIN HOOVER

Prepared by:

Cambrian Environmental

January 30th, 2023

NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION OF SITE-SPECIFIC GEOLOGY FOR AN OFFSITE SEWAGE COLLECTION SYSTEM (SCS) UTILITY LINE LOCATED NEAR THE INTERSECTION OF SH 195 AND SHELL ROAD, GEORGETOWN, WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS

Prepared for:

MATKIN HOOVER

1701 Williams Drive Georgetown, Texas 78628

Prepared by:

Craig Crawford, P.G.

Cambrian Environmental

4422 Pack Saddle Pass Suite 204 Austin, Texas 78745

TX Geoscience Firm Registration #50484



As a licensed professional geoscientist, I attest that the contents of this report are complete and accurate to the best of my knowledge.

INTRODUCTION

This narrative Geologic Assessment accompanies the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) Geologic Assessment Form TCEQ-0585 completed for approximately 1460 feet of an offsite sewage collection system (SCS) utility located in Georgetown, Williamson County, Texas (Site Location Map). The project area is located approximately 2 miles west of Interstate Highway (IH) 35, on the south side of State Highway (SH) 195 and south of its intersection with Shell Road. Cambrian understands that the wastewater line is proposed to service a gas station (QuikTrip Store # 4183).

METHODOLOGY

A Cambrian Environmental Registered Professional Geoscientist (License # 10791) conducted a field survey for a Geologic Assessment on the 21st of December 2023. The pedestrian survey was completed by walking parallel transects spaced approximately 50 feet apart as directed by the TCEQ in the Instructions to Geologists for Geologic Assessments on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge/Transition Zones (Rev. 10-01-04). Closer spacing was used where vegetation inhibited clear observation. All potential karst features, including depressions, holes, and animal burrows, were carefully examined for evidence of subsurface extent. A number of techniques were used for this effort, including probing with a digging implement to determine the thickness and consistency of fill material and feeling for the presence of air flow, which may indicate the presence of a subsurface void space. Other techniques included making observations of any notable characteristics of the feature site such as the presence of various types of vegetation or a semi-circular burrow mound produced by the activities of small mammals. The locations of any discovered features were recorded with a handheld GPS unit. We also conducted due diligence activities as called for under the City of Georgetown Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone Water Quality Ordinance. Additionally, Cambrian also conducted the Geologic Assessment (report dated 4th November 2022) for the above-mentioned 10-acre gas station site (QuikTrip # 4183) proposed for development and which this SCS is intended to service, and information from this investigation was considered and incorporated in this assessment.

RESULTS

Soils

Soils mapped on the property consist of the Eckrant (EaD) series soils² (Figure 2). The Eckrant series soils are within the "D" classification of the hydrologic soil groups. Type "D" soils have a very slow infiltration rate (very high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. The Eckrant series soils occur on uplands, and typically the surface layer is about 13 inches thick. The upper part of this soil profile is dark grayish brown cobbly clay, and the lower part is dark brown cobbly clay. The underlying material is coarsely fractured indurated limestone.

¹ United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resource Conservation Service. Online Web Soil Survey, Williamson County, Texas. http://websoilsurvey.sc.egov.usda.gov/

Geology

The bedrock lithology underlying the site consists of the Georgetown and Edwards Limestones, and the tract is located entirely within the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone (Figure 3). The Georgetown Limestone is the upper confining unit of the lithologies that comprise the Edwards Aquifer, and the Edwards Limestone is the primary karstic unit in this area. No native bedrock outcrops were observed along the utility alignment, and the bedrock appears to be obscured by a thin layer of soil and the associated vegetation. The geology of the property has been mapped most recently at a useful scale by Collins (2005) and we find his interpretation of the geology to be generally accurate.²

Recharge into the aquifer primarily occurs in areas where the Edwards Group and upper confining units are exposed at the surface. Most recharge is from direct infiltration via precipitation and streamflow loss. Recharge occurs predominantly along secondary porosity features such as faults, fractures, and karst features (caves, solution cavities, sinkholes, etc.). Karst features are commonly formed along joints, fractures, and bedding plane surfaces in the Edwards Group (which is stratigraphically below the Georgetown Limestone). No faults are mapped within the project area, and none were directly observed during the pedestrian survey. However, some of the available geologic maps indicate one fault may occur several hundred feet west-northwest of the alignment of this utility (on the opposite side of Shell Road). No potential recharge features were identified during the pedestrian survey. A review of the Texas Water Development Board's groundwater data base did not produce any results for any wells located on this property.³

Site Hydrogeologic Assessment

In the absence of discrete recharge features, the likelihood of recharge occurring within the project area limits and contributing to the main body of the aquifer is thought to be low. However, precipitation events significant enough to initiate runoff could ultimately drain towards either Berry Creek or Dry Berry Creek, where it may recharge into the aquifer via karst features or faults located within the channel beds (which are downstream and off-site). Should any karst features be discovered during the construction phase of the project, they should be reported to TCEQ to determine the appropriate mitigation measures.

² Collins, E.W., 2005, Geologic Map of the West Half of the Taylor 30x60 Quadrangle: Central Texas Urban Corridor, Encompassing Round Rock, Georgetown, Salado, Briggs, Liberty Hill, and Leander. Bureau of Economic Geology, The University of Texas at Austin. Austin, Texas 78713-8924.

³ https://www3.twdb.texas.gov/apps/WaterDataInteractive/GroundWaterDataViewer

City of Georgetown Ordinance

No springs or streams were identified on the property during the pedestrian survey, and therefore no occupied site protection, or spring or stream buffer protection measures will be required for the property.

All regulated activities within the recharge zone must follow water quality best management practices, and development of the property will need to comply with the water quality protection measures as outlined in Section 8 of the Ordinance.

Stratigraphic Column

*Shaded areas represent lithologies underlying the project area

		Map Symbol	Stratigraphic Unit	Maximum thickness	
r		Kbu	Buda Limestone		
Upper		Kdr	Del Rio Clay	60 feet	
Ō		Kgt	Georgetown Limestone	100 feet	
Lower Cretaceous		Ked	Edwards Group Limestone	200 feet	Edwards Aquifer
J		Кср	Comanche Peak Limestone	50 feet	
		Kwa	Walnut Formation	150 feet	

	SSESSME	NITABLE					PR	OJE	CT NA	ME	: Off	site S	CS U	tility (Qu	uikTri	ip S	tore	418	3)	
	LOCATION			18		FEA	TUR	E CH	HARACT	ΓER	ISTICS	3			EVAL	_UA1	TION			SICAL SETTING
1A	1B *	1C*	2A	2B	3		4		5	5A	6	7	8A	8B	9		10	_	11	12
FEATURE ID	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	FEATURE TYPE	POINTS	FORMATION	DIME	NSIONS	(FEET)	TREND (DEGREES)	DOM	DENSITY (NO/FT)	APERTURE (FEET)	INFILL	RELATIVE INFILTRATION RATE	TOTAL	SENS	SITIVITY		ENT AREA RES)	TOPOGRAPHY
	-		-			Х	Υ	Z		10						<40	<u>>40</u>	<1.6	<u>>1.6</u>	
No geo	logic or ma	nmade fea	tures	were	discov	ere	d 			-			-		_	-	-			
J			1			0.0	_						-			\vdash		_	-	
	 									-						_				
				7					21				,			-		-	-	
	-					_									_		_			
																		_		
						-	-	-		-			-		-					
									_											
									1											

*DATUM: WGS84

2A TYPE	TYPE	2B POINTS
С	Cave	30
SC	Solution cavity	20
SF	Solution-enlarged fracture(s)	20
F	Fault	20
0	Other natural bedrock features	5
MB .	Manmade feature in bedrock	30
SW	Swallow hole	30
SH	Sinkhole	20
CD	Non-karst closed depression	5
Z	Zone, clustered or aligned features	30

	8A INFILLING
N	None, exposed bedrock
С	Coarse - cobbles, breakdown, sand, gravel
0	Loose or soft mud or soil, organics, leaves, sticks, dark colors
F	Fines, compacted clay-rich sediment, soil profile, gray or red colors
V	Vegetation. Give details in narrative description
FS	Flowstone, cements, cave deposits
X	Other materials

12 TOPOGRAPHY Cliff, Hilltop, Hillside, Drainage, Floodplain, Streambed

I have read, I understood, and I have followed the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality's Instructions to Geologists. The information presented here complies with that document and is a true representation of the conditions observed in the field.

My signature certifies that I am qualified as a geologist as defined by 30 TAC Chapter 213.

Date 30 January 2023

Sheet 1 of 1

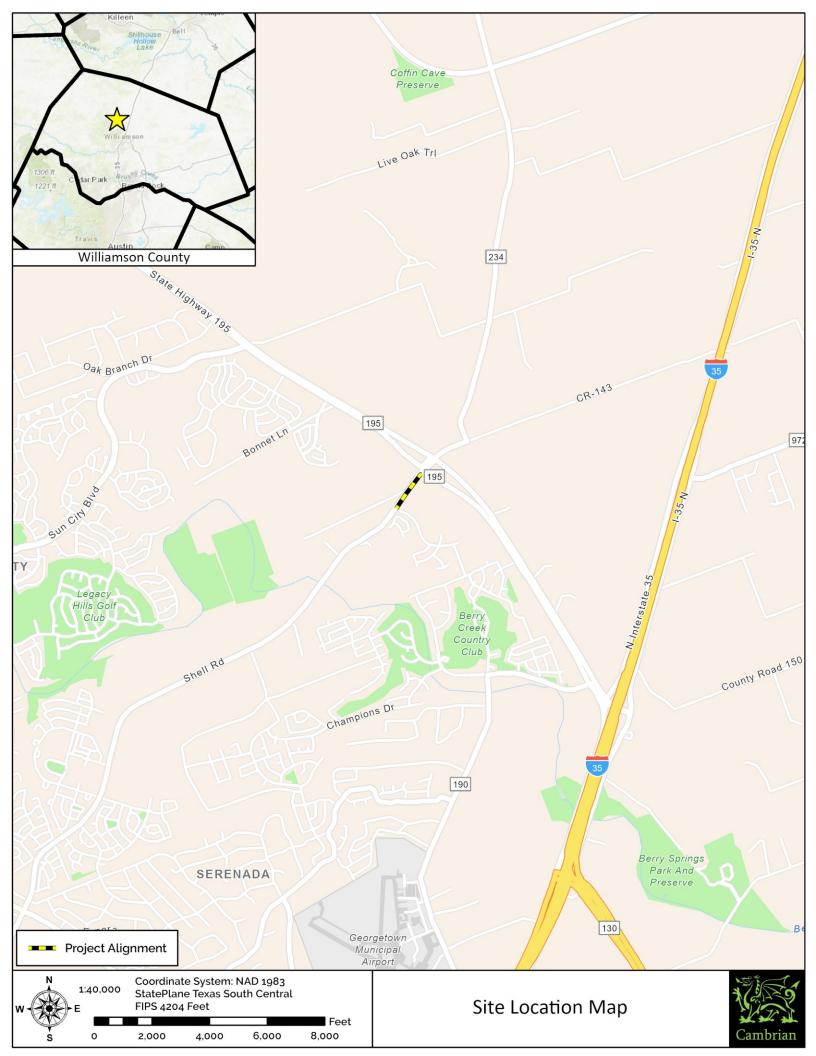


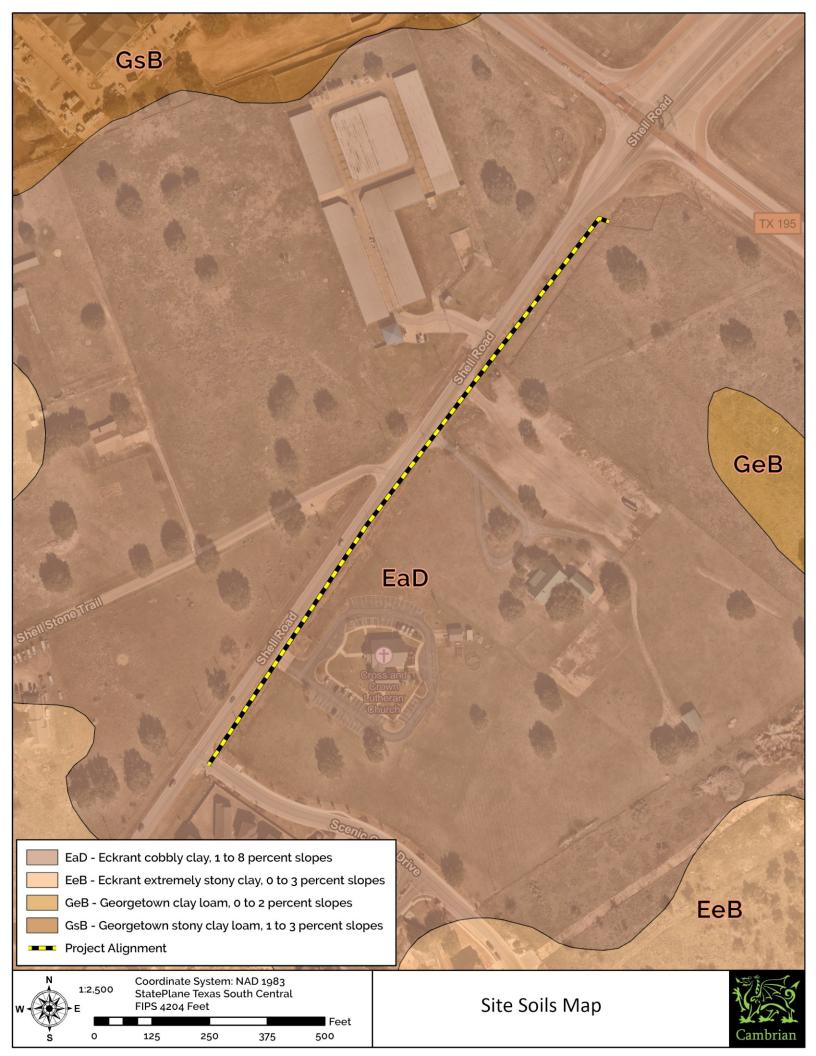


Photo 1 - View of the project site.



Photo 2 - View of the project site.









QuikTrip Store #4183 SCS Application

Section 4 - SCS Application

Organized Sewage Collection System Application

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

For Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(c), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Regulated Entity Name: QuikTrip Store 4183

1. Attachment A – SCS Engineering Design Report. This Engineering Design Report is provided to fulfill the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 217, including 217.10 of Subchapter A, §§217.51 – 217.70 of Subchapter C, and Subchapter D as applicable, and is required to be submitted with this SCS Application Form.

Customer Information

2. The entity and contact person responsible for providing the required engineering certification of testing for this sewage collection system upon completion (including private service connections) and every five years thereafter to the appropriate TCEQ region office pursuant to 30 TAC §213.5(c) is:

Contact Person: <u>Kyla Rudd</u> Entity: <u>QuikTrip Store 4183</u>

Mailing Address: 4705 South 129th East Avenue

 City, State: Tulsa, OK
 Zip: 74134

 Telephone: 918-615-7233
 Fax: N/A

Email Address: krudd@quiktrip.com

The appropriate regional office must be informed of any changes in this information within 30 days of the change.

3. The engineer responsible for the design of this sewage collection system is:

Contact Person: Garrett D Keller, P.E.

Texas Licensed Professional Engineer's Number: 111511

Entity: MatkinHoover Engineering & Surveying

Mailing Address: 8 Spencer Road

City, State: Boerne, Texas Zip: 78006 Telephone: (830) 249-0600 Fax: N/A

Email Address:gkeller@matkinhoover.com

Project Information

4.	Anticipated type of development to be served (estimated future population to be served, plus adequate allowance for institutional and commercial flows):						
	Residential: Number of single-family lots: _ Multi-family: Number of residential units: _ Commercial Industrial Off-site system (not associated with any decouple) Other:						
5.	The character and volume of wastewater is shown	below:					
	100 % Domestic% Industrial% Commingled Total gallons/day: 6,000	6,000 gallons/day gallons/day gallons/day					
6.	Existing and anticipated infiltration/inflow is <u>14,09</u> . <u>Berry Creek WWTP</u> .	8 gallons/day. This will be addressed by:					
7.	A Water Pollution Abatement Plan (WPAP) is requi commercial, industrial or residential project locate	•					
	 The WPAP application for this development was copy of the approval letter is attached. The WPAP application for this development was has not been approved. A WPAP application is required for an associated. There is no associated project requiring a WPAR 	s submitted to the TCEQ on, but ed project, but it has not been submitted.					

8. Pipe description:

Table 1 - Pipe Description

Pipe Diameter(Inches)	Linear Feet (1)	Pipe Material (2)	Specifications (3)
8	313	PVC	SDR 26
8	1155	PVC	SDR 26

Total Linear Feet: <u>1468</u>

- (1) Linear feet Include stub-outs and double service connections. Do not include private service laterals.
- (2) Pipe Material If PVC, state SDR value.
- (3) Specifications ASTM / ANSI / AWWA specification and class numbers should be included.

9.	-	on system will convey th e treatment facility is:	e wastewater to the <u>Ber</u>	ry Creek WWTP (name)
	Existing Proposed			
10.	All components of tl	his sewage collection sys	stem will comply with:	
		eorgetown standard spe fications are attached.	ecifications.	
11.	No force main(s)	and/or lift station(s) are	e associated with this sev	wage collection system.
		and/or lift station(s) is as Force Main System App	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Αl	lignment			
12.		viations from uniform graith open cut constructio		ction system without
13.	There are no dev	viations from straight alią es.	gnment in this sewage co	ollection system
	without Manhol collection system allowing pipe cu For curved sewe	Justification and Calcula les. A justification for de n without manholes with rvature is attached. r lines, all curved sewer ns for the wastewater co	viations from straight alindocumentation from pline notes (TCEQ-0596) a	gnment in this sewage ipe manufacturer
M	anholes and	Cleanouts		
14.	—	an-outs exist at the end of the end of the contract and the contract if	, ,	nese locations are listed
Ta	ble 2 - Manholes a	nd Cleanouts		Manhala an Class
	Line	Shown on Sheet	Station	Manhole or Clean- out?
	Α	48 Of 92	1+72.73	Manhole

Line	Shown on Sheet	Station	Manhole or Clean- out?
А	48 Of 92	1+72.73	Manhole
А	48 Of 92	4+09.21	Cleanout
А	48 Of 92	4+12.47	Manhole
С	50 Of 92	1+04.95	Manhole
С	50 Of 92	5+33.94	Manhole
С	51 Of 92	9+27.88	Manhole
С	52 Of 92	12+59.43	Manhole

	lino	Shown on Shoot	Station	Manhole or Clean-	
	Line	Shown on Sheet Of	Station	out?	
		Of			
		_			
		Of			
15.	Manholes are instance line.	stalled at all Points of Cu	rvature and Points of Te	rmination of a sewer	
16.	The maximum sp	pacing between manhole	es on this project for eac	h pipe diameter is no	
	Pipe Dian	neter (inches)	Max. Ma	nhole Spacing (feet)	
		5 - 15		500	
		6 - 30		800	
	_	6 - 48		1000 2000	
	•	≥54 Justification for Varianc			
	maximum spacing between manholes on this project (for each pipe diameter used) is greater than listed in the table above. A justification for any variance from the maximum spacing is attached, and must include a letter from the entity which will operate and maintain the system stating that it has the capability to maintain lines with manhole spacing greater than the allowed spacing.				
17.	7. All manholes will be monolithic, cast-in-place concrete.				
	The use of pre-cast manholes is requested for this project. The manufacturer's specifications and construction drawings, showing the method of sealing the joints, are attached.				
Site	Plan Requ	irements			
Items .	18 - 25 must be ir	ncluded on the Site Plan.			
18.	The Site Plan mu	ıst have a minimum scale	e of 1" = 400'.		
	Site Plan Scale: 1	L" = <u>60</u> '.			
19.	19. The Site Plan must include the sewage collection system general layout, including manholes with station numbers, and sewer pipe stub outs (if any). Site plan must be overlain by topographic contour lines, using a contour interval of not greater than ten feet and showing the area within both the five-year floodplain and the 100-year floodplain of any drainage way.				
20. Lat	20. Lateral stub-outs:				
	The location of all lateral stub-outs are shown and labeled.No lateral stub-outs will be installed during the construction of this sewer collection system.				

21. Location of existing and prop	oosed water lines:	
If not shown on the Site I sewer systems.	tion system for this project is sh Plan, a Utility Plan is provided sh nes associated with this project.	
22. 100-year floodplain:		
floodplain, either natura lined channels constructo After construction is com have water-tight manhol	plete, all sections located withines. These locations are listed in lan. (Do not include streets or continues.)	not include streets or concrete- n the 100-year floodplain will the table below and are shown
Line	Sheet	Station
	of	to
floodplain, either natura lined channels constructon After construction is comencased in concrete or cased	plete, all sections located within apped with concrete. These loca d labeled on the Site Plan. (Do r	not include streets or concrete- n the 5-year floodplain will be ations are listed in the table
Line	Sheet	Station
	of	to
 24. Legal boundaries of the s 25. The <i>final plans and techn</i> sheet of the construction 		

Texas Licensed Professional Engineer responsible for the design on each sheet.

Items 26 - 33 must	be included on the	Plan and Profile s	heets.	
sewer lines rated pipe t variance fro	or proposed water lare listed in the tab to be installed show om the required pre om 30 TAC Chapter	ole below. These ling on on the plan and person on the plan and person of the plan and person of the	nes must have the profile sheets. Any	request for a
	e no water line cros e no water lines wit	•	osed sewer lines.	
Table 5 - Water	Line Crossings			
Line	Station or Closest Point	Crossing or Parallel	Horizontal Separation Distance	Vertical Separation Distance
С	1+50.00	Crossing	N/A	TBD
С	8+20.00	Crossing	N/A	TBD
required by A portion o be provided the table be A portion o venting sha alternative A portion o	this sewer line is with 30 TAC Chapter 21 of this sewer line is well at less than 1500 felow and labeled on this sewer line is well be provided at less means is described of this sewer line is well be ger than 1500 feet less were line is well at less wer line is well at less were line is well at less we	7. vithin the 100-year oot intervals. These the appropriate price of the the 100-year is than 1500 feet in on the following price of the 100-year within the 100-year on the following provithin the 100-year	floodplain and verse water-tight man rofile sheets. floodplain and an atervals. A descriptage. floodplain; howey	holes are listed in alternative means o tion of the ver, there is no
Line	Manho	ole .	Station	Sheet

Line	Manhole	Station	Sheet				
Sewer lines whic 24 inches above	There are no drop manholes associated with this project. Sewer lines which enter new or existing manholes or "manhole structures" higher than 24 inches above the manhole invert are listed in the table below and labeled on the appropriate profile sheets. These lines meet the requirements of 30 TAC						
Table 7 - Drop Manho							
Line	Manhole	Station	Sheet				
29. Sower line stub outs							
29. Sewer line stub-outs	•	•					
No sewer line stu	 The placement and markings of all sewer line stub-outs are shown and labeled. No sewer line stub-outs are to be installed during the construction of this sewage collection system. 						
30. Lateral stub-outs (Fo	0. Lateral stub-outs (For proposed private service connections):						
	 ☐ The placement and markings of all lateral stub-outs are shown and labeled. ☐ No lateral stub-outs are to be installed during the construction of this sewage collection system. 						
31. Minimum flow veloc	1. Minimum flow velocity (From Appendix A)						
	Assuming pipes are flowing full; all slopes are designed to produce flows equal to or greater than 2.0 feet per second for this system/line.						
32. Maximum flow velocity/slopes (From Appendix A)							
 Assuming pipes are flowing full, all slopes are designed to produce maximum flows of less than or equal to 10 feet per second for this system/line. Attachment D – Calculations for Slopes for Flows Greater Than 10.0 Feet per Second. Assuming pipes are flowing full, some slopes produce flows which are greater than 10 feet per second. These locations are listed in the table below. Calculations are attached 							

Table 8 - Flows Greater Than 10 Feet per Second

Line	Profile Sheet	Station to Station	FPS	% Slope	Erosion/Shock Protection

b	Assuming pipes are flowing full, where flows are \geq 10 feet per second, the provisions noted below have been made to protect against pipe displacement by erosion and/or shock under 0 TAC §217.53(I)(2)(B).
_	Concrete encasement shown on appropriate Plan and Profile sheets for the locations listed in the table above. Steel-reinforced, anchored concrete baffles/retards placed every 50 feet shown on appropriate Plan and Profile sheets for the locations listed in the table above. N/A

Administrative Information

- 34. The final plans and technical specifications are submitted for TCEQ review. Each sheet of the construction plans and specifications are dated, signed, and sealed by the Texas Licensed Professional Engineer responsible for the design on each sheet.
- 35. Standard details are shown on the detail sheets, which are dated, signed, and sealed by the Texas Licensed Professional Engineer, as listed in the table below:

Table 9 - Standard Details

Standard Details	Shown on Sheet
Lateral stub-out marking [Required]	N/A of N/A
Manhole, showing inverts comply with 30 TAC §217.55(I)(2) [Required]	84 of 92
Alternate method of joining lateral to existing SCS line for potential future connections [Required]	84 of 92
Typical trench cross-sections [Required]	84 of 92
Bolted manholes [Required]	84 of 92
Sewer Service lateral standard details [Required]	N/A of N/A
Clean-out at end of line [Required, if used]	85 of 92
Baffles or concrete encasement for shock/erosion protection [Required, if flow velocity of any section of pipe >10 fps]	N/A of N/A
Detail showing Wastewater Line/Water Line Crossing [Required, if crossings are proposed]	83 of 92
Mandrel detail or specifications showing compliance with 30 TAC §217.57(b) and (c) [Required, if Flexible Pipe is used]	83 of 92

Standard Details	Shown on Sheet
Drop manholes [Required, if a pipe entering a manhole is more than 24 inches above manhole invert]	of

36. 🔀 All organized sewage collection system general construction notes (TCEQ-0596) are
included on the construction plans for this sewage collection system.	

37. X All propose	d sewer lines will be sufficiently	y surveyed/staked to allow an asses	ssment
prior to TCE	Q executive director approval.	If the alignments of the proposed	sewer lines
are not wal	kable on that date, the applicat	tion will be deemed incomplete and	d returned.

Survey staking was completed on this date:	
--------------------------------------------	--

- 38. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
- 39. Any modification of this SCS application will require TCEQ approval, prior to construction, and may require submission of a revised application, with appropriate fees.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Organized Sewage Collection System Application** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The system was designed in accordance with the requirements of 30 TAC §213.5(c) and 30 TAC §217 and prepared by:

Print Name of Licensed Professional Engineer: Garrett D. Keller, P.E.

Date: 3/8/2

Place engineer's seal here:



Signature of Licensed Professional Engineer:

Appendix A-Flow Velocity Table

Flow Velocity (Flowing Full) All gravity sewer lines on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone shall be designed and constructed with hydraulic slopes sufficient to give a velocity when flowing full of not less than 2.0 feet per second, and not greater than 10 feet per second. The grades shown in the following table are based on Manning's formula and an n factor of 0.013 and shall be the minimum and maximum acceptable slopes unless provisions are made otherwise.

Table 10 - Slope Velocity

Pipe Diameter(Inches)	% Slope required for minimum flow velocity of 2.0 fps	% Slope which produces flow velocity of 10.0 fps
6	0.50	12.35
8	0.33	8.40
10	0.25	6.23
12	0.20	4.88
15	0.15	3.62
18	0.11	2.83
21	0.09	2.30
24	0.08	1.93
27	0.06	1.65
30	0.055	1.43
33	0.05	1.26
36	0.045	1.12
39	0.04	1.01
>39	*	*

^{*}For lines larger than 39 inches in diameter, the slope may be determined by Manning's formula (as shown below) to maintain a minimum velocity greater than 2.0 feet per second when flowing full and a maximum velocity less than 10 feet per second when flowing full.

$$v = \frac{1.49}{n} \times R_h^{0.67} \times \sqrt{S}$$

Figure 1 - Manning's Formula

v = velocity (ft/sec)
n = Manning's roughness coefficient
(0.013)
Rh = hydraulic radius (ft)
S = slope (ft/ft)

Jon Niermann, *Chairman*Emily Lindley, *Commissioner*Bobby Janecka, *Commissioner*Erin E. Chancellor, *Interim Executive Director*



TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Protecting Texas by Reducing and Preventing Pollution

January 13, 2023

Ms. Kyla Rudd QT South, LLC 4705 S. 129th East Ave. Tulsa, OK 74134-7005

Re: Edwards Aquifer, Williamson County

NAME OF PROJECT: QuikTrip 4183; Located 3930 Shell Road; Georgetown, Texas

TYPE OF PLAN: Request for Approval of a Water Pollution Abatement Plan (WPAP); 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 213 Edwards Aguifer

Edwards Aquifer Protection Program ID No. 11003320; Regulated Entity No. RN111592622

Dear Ms. Rudd:

The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) has completed its review of the WPAP application for the above-referenced project submitted to Austin Regional Office by Apex Companies, LLC on behalf of QT South, LLC on October 21, 2022. Final review of the WPAP was completed after additional material was received on January 10, 2023. As presented to the TCEO, the Temporary Best Management Practices (BMPs) were selected and construction plans were prepared by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer to be in general compliance with the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 213. These planning materials were sealed, signed and dated by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. Therefore, based on the engineer's concurrence of compliance, the planning materials for construction of the proposed project and pollution abatement measures are hereby approved subject to applicable state rules and the conditions in this letter. The applicant or a person affected may file with the chief clerk a motion for reconsideration of the executive director's final action on this Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan. A motion for reconsideration must be filed no later than 23 days after the date of this approval letter. This approval expires two (2) years from the date of this letter unless, prior to the expiration date, more than 10 percent of the construction has commenced on the project or an extension of time has been requested.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The proposed commercial project will have an approximate area of 4.86 acres. It will include one commercial building for retail gas sales and convenience store, parking, drive lanes, an underground storage tank system (EAPP ID No. 11003319), water quality facilities, and associated appurtenances. The impervious cover will be 3.23 acres (66.5 percent). Project wastewater will be disposed of by conveyance to the existing Pecan Branch Wastewater Treatment Plant.

PERMANENT POLLUTION ABATEMENT MEASURES

To prevent the pollution of stormwater runoff originating on-site or upgradient of the site and potentially flowing across and off the site after construction, a batch detention basin, designed using the TCEQ technical guidance document, <u>Complying with the Edwards Aquifer Rules: Technical Guidance on Best Management Practices (2005)</u>, will be constructed to treat stormwater runoff. The required total suspended solids (TSS) treatment for this project is 2,811 pounds of TSS generated from the 3.23 acres of impervious cover. The approved measures meet the required 80 percent removal of the increased load in TSS caused by the project.

GEOLOGY

According to the Geologic Assessment (GA) included with the application, the surficial geologic unit underlying the site is the Georgetown Limestone. There are no geologically sensitive features on site. The Austin Regional Office site assessment conducted on December 13, 2022, revealed the site to be generally as described by the GA.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

- I. All permanent pollution abatement measures shall be operational prior to occupancy of the facility.
- II. All sediment and/or media removed from the permanent BMP during maintenance activities shall be properly disposed of according to 30 TAC 330 or 30 TAC 335, as applicable.

STANDARD CONDITIONS

- 1. Pursuant to Chapter 7 Subchapter C of the Texas Water Code, any violations of the requirements in 30 TAC Chapter 213 may result in administrative penalties.
- 2. The holder of the approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan must comply with all provisions of 30 TAC Chapter 213 and all best management practices and measures contained in the approved plan. Additional and separate approvals, permits, registrations and/or authorizations from other TCEQ Programs (i.e., Stormwater, Water Rights, UIC) can be required depending on the specifics of the plan.
- 3. In addition to the rules of the Commission, the applicant may also be required to comply with state and local ordinances and regulations providing for the protection of water quality.

Prior to Commencement of Construction:

- 4. Within 60 days of receiving written approval of an Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan, the applicant must submit to the Austin Regional Office, proof of recordation of notice in the county deed records, with the volume and page number(s) of the county deed records of the county in which the property is located. A description of the property boundaries shall be included in the deed recordation in the county deed records. A suggested form (Deed Recordation Affidavit, TCEQ-0625) that you may use to deed record the approved WPAP is enclosed.
- 5. All contractors conducting regulated activities at the referenced project location shall be provided a copy of this notice of approval. At least one complete copy of the approved WPAP and this notice of approval shall be maintained at the project location until all regulated activities are completed.

Ms. Kyla Rudd Page 3 January 13, 2023

- 6. Modification to the activities described in the referenced WPAP application following the date of approval may require the submittal of a plan to modify this approval, including the payment of appropriate fees and all information necessary for its review and approval prior to initiating construction of the modifications.
- 7. The applicant must provide written notification of intent to commence construction, replacement, or rehabilitation of the referenced project. Notification must be submitted to the Austin Regional Office no later than 48 hours prior to commencement of the regulated activity. Written notification must include the date on which the regulated activity will commence, the name of the approved plan and program ID number for the regulated activity, and the name of the prime contractor with the name and telephone number of the contact person. The executive director will use the notification to determine if the approved plan is eligible for an extension.
- 8. Temporary erosion and sedimentation (E&S) controls, i.e., silt fences, rock berms, stabilized construction entrances, or other controls described in the approved WPAP, must be installed prior to construction and maintained during construction. Temporary E&S controls may be removed when vegetation is established and the construction area is stabilized. If a water quality pond is proposed, it shall be used as a sedimentation basin during construction. The TCEQ may monitor stormwater discharges from the site to evaluate the adequacy of temporary E&S control measures. Additional controls may be necessary if excessive solids are being discharged from the site.
- 9. All borings with depths greater than or equal to 20 feet must be plugged with non-shrink grout from the bottom of the hole to within three (3) feet of the surface. The remainder of the hole must be backfilled with cuttings from the boring. All borings less than 20 feet must be backfilled with cuttings from the boring. All borings must be backfilled or plugged within four (4) days of completion of the drilling operation. Voids may be filled with gravel.

During Construction:

- 10. During the course of regulated activities related to this project, the applicant or agent shall comply with all applicable provisions of 30 TAC Chapter 213, Edwards Aquifer. The applicant shall remain responsible for the provisions and conditions of this approval until such responsibility is legally transferred to another person or entity.
- 11. This approval does not authorize the installation of temporary aboveground storage tanks on this project. If the contractor desires to install a temporary aboveground storage tank for use during construction, an application to modify this approval must be submitted and approved prior to installation. The application must include information related to tank location and spill containment. Refer to Standard Condition No. 6, above.
- 12. If any sensitive feature (caves, solution cavities, sink holes, etc.) is discovered during construction, all regulated activities near the feature must be suspended immediately. The applicant or his agent must immediately notify the Austin Regional Office of the discovery of the feature. Regulated activities near the feature may not proceed until the executive director has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the feature and the aquifer from potentially adverse impacts to water quality. The plan must be sealed, signed, and dated by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer.
- 13. All water wells, including injection, dewatering, and monitoring wells must be in compliance with the requirements of the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation under Title 16 TAC Chapter 76 (relating to Water Well Drillers and Pump Installers) and all other locally applicable rules, as appropriate.

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- 14. If sediment escapes the construction site, the sediment must be removed at a frequency sufficient to minimize offsite impacts to water quality (e.g., fugitive sediment in street being washed into surface streams or sensitive features by the next rain). Sediment must be removed from sediment traps or sedimentation ponds not later than when design capacity has been reduced by 50 percent. Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals shall be prevented from becoming stormwater discharge pollutants.
- 15. Intentional discharges of sediment laden water are not allowed. If dewatering becomes necessary, the discharge will be filtered through appropriately selected best management practices. These may include vegetated filter strips, sediment traps, rock berms, silt fence rings, etc.
- 16. The following records shall be maintained and made available to the executive director upon request: the dates when major grading activities occur, the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site, and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 17. Stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, and construction activities will not resume within 21 days. When the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day is precluded by weather conditions, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable.

After Completion of Construction:

- 18. A Texas Licensed Professional Engineer must certify in writing that the permanent BMPs or measures were constructed as designed. The certification letter must be submitted to the Austin Regional Office within 30 days of site completion.
- 19. The applicant shall be responsible for maintaining the permanent BMPs after construction until such time as the maintenance obligation is either assumed in writing by another entity having ownership or control of the property (such as without limitation, an owner's association, a new property owner or lessee, a district, or municipality) or the ownership of the property is transferred to the entity. The regulated entity shall then be responsible for maintenance until another entity assumes such obligations in writing or ownership is transferred. A copy of the transfer of responsibility must be filed with the executive director through Austin Regional Office within 30 days of the transfer. A copy of the transfer form (TCEO-10263) is enclosed.
- 20. Upon legal transfer of this property, the new owner(s) is required to comply with all terms of the approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan. If the new owner intends to commence any new regulated activity on the site, a new Edwards Aquifer protection plan that specifically addresses the new activity must be submitted to the executive director. Approval of the plan for the new regulated activity by the executive director is required prior to commencement of the new regulated activity.
- 21. An Edwards Aquifer protection plan approval or extension will expire and no extension will be granted if more than 50 percent of the total construction has not been completed within ten years from the initial approval of a plan. A new Edwards Aquifer protection plan must be submitted to the Austin Regional Office with the appropriate fees for review and approval by the executive director prior to commencing any additional regulated activities.
- 22. At project locations where construction is initiated and abandoned, or not completed, the site shall be returned to a condition such that the aquifer is protected from potential contamination.

Ms. Kyla Rudd Page 5 January 13, 2023

This action is taken under authority delegated by the Executive Director of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality. If you have any questions or require additional information, please contact Ryan Soutter of the Edwards Aquifer Protection Program of the Austin Regional Office at (512) 339-2929.

Sincerely,

Lillian Butler, Section Manager

Edwards Aquifer Protection Program

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

LIB/rts

Enclosure: Deed Recordation Affidavit, Form TCEQ-0625

Change in Responsibility for Maintenance of Permanent BMPs, Form TCEQ-10263

cc: Mr. Aaron Brewer, P.G.; Apex Companies, LLC

Change in Responsibility for Maintenance on Permanent Best Management Practices and Measures

The applicant is no longer responsible for maintaining the permanent best management practice (BMP) and other measures. The project information and the new entity responsible for maintenance is listed below.

Customer:					
Regulated Entity Name):				
Site Address:					_
City, Texas, Zip:					_
County:					_
Approval Letter Date:					_
BMPs for the project:					_
New Responsible Party	/:				
Name of contact:					_
Mailing Address:					-
City, State:				Zip:	-
Telephone:			_FAX:		-
Signature of New Resp	onsible Party	Date			

I acknowledge and understand that I am assuming full responsibility for maintaining all permanent best management practices and measures approved by the TCEQ for the site, until another entity assumes such obligations in writing or ownership is transferred.

If you have questions on how to fill out this form or about the Edwards Aquifer protection program, please contact us at 210/490-3096 for projects located in the San Antonio Region or 512/339-2929 for projects located in the Austin Region.

Individuals are entitled to request and review their personal information that the agency gathers on its forms. They may also have any errors in their information corrected. To review such information, contact us at 512/239-3282.

Deed Recordation Affidavit

Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan

THE STATE	OF TEXAS	§			
County of		§			
	ORE ME, the un , deposes and	•	on this day pers	onally appeared	who, being duly
(1)	That my nar	ne is		and that I own the real prope	erty described below.
(2)		al property is subject) Texas Administrati		AQUIFER PROTECTION PL Chapter 213.	AN which was required
(3)	That the ED Commission	WARDS AQUIFER P on Environmental C	ROTECTION PLA Quality (TCEQ) or	ANfor said real property was a า	approved by the Texas
		he letter of approva d herein by reference		Q is attached to this affidav	it as Exhibit A and is
(4)		al property is located is as follows:	I in	County, Texas, and t	he legal description of
SWORN AND	O SUBSCRIBE	D TO before me, on t	·	·	
THE STATE	OF	_ §			
County of		_\$			
be the persor	n whose name	signed authority, on t is subscribed to the consideration therein	foregoing instrui	ly appeared ment, and acknowledged to r	known to me to me tome that (s)he executed
GIVEN under	r my hand and	seal of office on this	day of	,·	
		NOTARY	PUBLIC		
		Typed or	Printed Name of	Notary	
		MY COM	MISSION EXPIRE	S:	

The following Engineering Design Report (EDR) for the QUICKTRIP Store #4183 Sewer Sewage Collection System, is in compliance with the 30 TAC Chapter 217, Subchapter A, Rule 217.10 "Final Engineering Design Report", and 30 TAC Chapter 217, Subchapter C, Rule 217.55 "Manholes and Related Structures". Information provided on this form will follow the order provided by item (e) "The report for a wastewater collection system must include the following:", located in 30 TAC Chapter 217, Subchapter A, Rule 217.10 "Final Engineering Design Report". The intent of the design report is to meet the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) plan review of SCS applications.

This project consists of 1,468 LF of proposed sewer line into the existing Dove Springs Wastewater Treatment Plant. The sewage collection system will service approximately 5,726 GPD.

- (e-1) \underline{X} Map showing the current service area, the proposed service area, and any area proposed for future expansion.
 - Attachment C158- "Sewer Collection System (SCS) Site Plan"- shows the current service area for the Berry Creek WWTP.
- (e-2) X The topographical features of the current, the proposed, and any future service areas. (Refer to Attachment "SCS Site Plan" and "Sanitary Sewer Plan and Profile Sheets: C153 C157 for Topographic details)
- (e-3) X A description of how the design flow was determined. (Attachment "Capacity Design")

The design flow for QuikTrip Store #4183, SCS, was derived using the CDM Smith "Water and Wastewater System Recommended Design Criteria" 2014 section C.2.

- Inflow/Infiltration rates are derived from section C.2.1.3 which includes an approximation of 1,000 gallons/acre/day. This provides a multiplier of 0.004726547 gpd/ft², for a contributing area of \pm 4.857 acres.
- Peak dry weather flow calculations are derived from formula provided by section C.2. Refer to attachment for commercial, and the associated flow values used for design.
- Peak wet weather flow is obtained by adding inflow and infiltration to the peak dry weather flow. These calculations were derived from formula provided by section C.2. Refer to attachment for commercial, and the associated flow values used for design.
- (e-4) X The minimum and maximum grades for each size and type of pipe. (Refer to Attachment "Capacity Design Minimum and Maximum Slope Table")

Pipe sizing and minimum/maximum grades for QuikTrip Store #4183 SCS, was derived using the CDM Smith "Water and Wastewater System Recommended Design Criteria" 2014 section C.2.2.

• 1.6.3.B.2.b "Percent Pipe Full at Design Flow", requires a minimum diameter of eight (8) inches for all gravity lines sewer mains. QuikTrip Store #4183 sanitary sewer system contains 8" lines. Minimum

- allowable slopes for mains in the conformance with the DACS table provided and shown on (Refer to Attachment "Capacity Design Minimum and Maximum Slope Table")
- (e-5) X Calculations of expected minimum and maximum velocities in the system for each size and type of a pipe. (Refer to attachment "Capacity Design –Flow Velocity Table")

Minimum maximum velocities for QuikTrip Store #4183 SCS, was derived using CDM SMITH TABLE C-8 2014, "Minimum and Maximum Slope for Gravity Sewer".

- 2.9.3, B-3, "Design Velocities" requires a minimum design velocity calculated using the Peak Dry Weather flow not be less than two (2) feet per second (fps). The maximum design velocity calculated using the Peak Wet Weather Flow should not exceed ten (10) fps. Slopes per pipe diameter size comply with Appendix A, listed above to meet minimum and maximum velocity requirements.
- (e-6) X The proposed system's effect on an associated existing system's capacity.
 - The proposed system for the entire system will discharge at peak wet weather flow rate of 546 gpm (Refer to attachment "Capacity Design").
- (e-7) X The existing and anticipated inflow and infiltration, the hydraulic effect of the inflow and infiltration on the proposed and existing systems, any inflow and infiltration flow rate monitoring, and any inflow and infiltration abatement measures.
 - The QuikTrip Store #4183 sanitary sewer design complies with design standards to prevent infiltration into the system. This will be prevented through sealing manholes (where required), by means of gasketing and bolts shown in the utility detail sheets attached.
- (e-8) N/A A description of the ability of the existing and proposed trunk and interceptor wastewater collection systems and lift stations to handle the peak flow.
- (e-9) X The capability of the receiving treatment facility to receive and adequately treat the anticipated peak flow. The proposed system for the entire subdivision will discharge at peak wet weather flow rate of 546 gpm (Refer to attachment "Capacity Design").
- (e-10) X An engineering analysis showing compliance with structural design, minimization of odor-causing conditions, and the pipe design requirements of 217.55 of this title (relating to Manholes and Related Structures)

30 TAC 217, Subchapter C, Rule 217.55 Manholes and Related Structures

- 217.55(a) Manholes for the proposed wastewater system are included at all points of change in alignment, grade, size, intersection of all pipes, and at the end of all pipes that may be extended at a future date. (Complied Refer to SCS Site Plan)
- 217.55(b) Manholes placed at the end of a wastewater collection system pipe that may be extended in the future must include pipe stub outs with plugs (Complied Refer to SCS Site Plan)

- 217.55(c) A clean-out with watertight plugs may be installed in lieu of a manhole at the end of a wastewater collection system pipe if no extensions are anticipated. (N/A)
- 217.55(d) Cleanout installations must pass all applicable testing requirements outlined for gravity collection pipes in 217.57 of this title (relating to Testing Requirements for Installation of Gravity Collection System Pipes). (N/A)
- 217.55(e) A manhole must be made of monolithic, cast-in-place concrete, fiberglass, pre-cast concrete, high density polyethylene, or equivalent material that provides adequate structural integrity. (Pre-cast Concrete. Location in submittal: C571)
- 217.55(f) The use of bricks to adjust a manhole cover to grade or construct a manhole is prohibited. (Complied)
- 217.55(g) Manholes may be spaced no further apart than the distances specified in the following table for a wastewater collection system with straight alignment and uniform grades, unless a variance based on the availability of cleaning equipment that is capable of servicing greater distances is granted by the executive director.

The maximum manhole spacing allowed by the TCEO are as follows:

Pipe Diameter (in)	Maximum Manhole Spacing (ft)
6 - 15	500
18 - 30	800
36 - 48	1000
54 or Larger	2000

Indicate what the maximum spacing in this project will be for each proposed diameter of pipe. Pipe Diameter: 8" Max. Spacing: 429'

- 217.55(h) Tunnels are exempt from manhole spacing requirements because of construction constraints. (N/A)
- 217.55(i) An intersection of three or more collection pipes must have a manhole. (Complied)
- 217.55(j) A manhole must not be located in the flow path of a watercourse, or in an area where ponding of surface water is probable. (See below)

Manhole covers which lie within a 100-year flood plain must be sealed and gasketed or otherwise provided with adequate protection against inflow. Such measures should also be provided to any manholes lying in drainage ways or streets subject to carrying drainage flows. Will this requirement be met? <u>N/A</u>

(k) The inside diameter of a manhole must be no less than 48 inches. A manhole diameter must be sufficient to allow personnel and equipment to enter, exit, and work in the manhole and to allow proper joining of the collection system pipes in the manhole wall.

(1) Manhole Covers:

- (A) A manhole where personnel entry is anticipated requires at least a 30 inch diameter clear opening. (Complied Refer to Sheet C571)
- (B) A manhole located within a 100-year flood plain must have a means of preventing inflow. (N/A No manholes are within the 100-year flood plain. Refer to FEMA F.I.R.M. Map #48491C0285F dated 12/20/2019).
- (C) A manhole cover construction must be constructed of impervious material. (Complied)
- (D) A manhole cover that is located in a roadway must meet or exceed the American Association of State Highways and Transportation Officials standard M-306 for load bearing. (Complied)

(2) Manhole Inverts:

- (A) The bottom of a manhole must contain a U-shaped channel that is a smooth continuation of the inlet and outlet pipes. (Complied Refer to Sheet C571)
- (B) A manhole connected to a pipe less than 15 inches in diameter must have a channel depth equal to at least half the largest pipe's diameter. (Complied Refer to Sheet C571)
- (C) A manhole connected to a pipe at least 15 inches in diameter but not more than 24 inches in diameter must have a channel depth equal to at least three-fourths of the largest pipe's diameter. (N/A)
- (D) A manhole connected to a pipe greater than 24 inches in diameter must have a channel depth equal to at least the largest pipe's diameter. (N/A)
- (E) A manhole with pipes of different sizes must have the tops of the pipes at the same elevation and flow channels in the invert sloped on an even slope from pipe to pipe. (Complied)
- (F) A bench provided above a channel must slope at a minimum of 0.5 inch per foot. **(Complied)**
- (G) An invert must be filleted to prevent solids from being deposited if a wastewater collection system pipe enters a manhole higher than 24 inches above a manhole invert. (Complied)
- (H) A wastewater collection system pipe entering a manhole more than 24 inches above an invert must have a drop pipe. (Complied)
- (m) The inclusion of steps in a manhole is prohibited. (N/A)
- (n) Connections. A manhole-pipe connection must use watertight, size-on-size resilient connectors that allow for differential settlement and must conform to American Society for Testing and Materials C-923. (Location in submittal: Plan sheet C570)

- (o) Venting. An owner must use an alternate means of venting if manholes are at more than 1,500 foot intervals and gasketed manhole covers are required for more than three manholes in sequence. (N/A)
- (p) Cleanouts. The size of a cleanout must be equal to the size of the wastewater collection system main. (N/A)

Structural Analysis of Wastewater System, 30 TAC, 217.53 Pipe Design.

Proposed Pipe Information:

S-1) List all the pipe diameters proposed for this project. Specify the total linear feet of pipe proposed for each listed diameter, the pipe material proposed for each diameter, the national standard specifications (ASTM, AWWA, ANSI, etc...) which govern each proposed pipe material and the appropriate national standard specifications for joints which correspond to each of these proposed materials.

Pipe Diameter	Linear Feet	Pipe Material	National Standard Specification for Pipe Material	National Standard for Pipe Joints
8"	313	PVC SDR 26	ASTM 2241	ASTM D3139
8"	1155	PVC SDR 26	ASTM 2241	ASTM D3139

Utility Trench Information:

- 3-2) For purposes of TCEQ review, flexible materials include, but are not limited to, plastics, PVC, ABS, fiberglass, and, polyethylene. If the design does not include flexible pipe, skip to T13. If the design includes flexible pipe materials, the specified bedding must comply with ASTM D-2321 class IA, IB, II or III for materials and densification. A minimum of 6 inches of bedding is required for all pipe. Will the proposed project comply with these requirements? **Yes**
- S-3) The trench width must be minimized while still allowing adequate width for proper compaction of backfill, and while still ensuring that at least 6 inches of backfill exists on each side of the pipe. Will this be accomplished? <u>Yes</u>
- S-4) For each diameter of pipe, indicate minimum and maximum trench width: Pipe Diameter: <u>8"</u> Min. Trench Width: <u>24"</u> Max. Trench Width: <u>36"</u>
- S-5) Will the trench walls be vertical to at least one foot above the pipe? Yes

Location in submittal: Plan sheets C571

S-6) Will the backfill be free of stones greater than 6 inches in diameter and free of organic or any other unstable material? <u>Yes</u>

General Requirements: 30 TAC 217.53

Structural Analysis: 30 TAC 217.53(k)

Flexible Pipe Design

Live Load Analysis:

For the purposes of this application, the minimum depth of burial for gravity sanitary sewer pipe, from the ground surface to the crown of the pipe (H) is 2 feet. Does the submitted design comply with this minimum H? **Yes**

Live Load due to H-25 or HS-25 vehicle loading per AASHTO Table 5-3 (N/A)

$$(L_v) = 3 \text{ cover} = 5.21 \text{ psi}$$

Live Load due to 100-yr surface water elevation in water quality pond (See Attachment for L_I calculation) N/A

- S-7) Indicate maximum anticipated L_I as determined in T63: N/A
- S-8) Are all proposed flexible pipe materials capable of supporting this L_1 ? N/A
- S-9) Indicate source of maximum L₁: N/A

Buckling Analysis:

- S-10) Calculate allowable and predicted buckling pressure based on Moser's book. Predicted and allowable buckling pressures must be calculated for each size of pipe and type of flexible pipe material. For the purposes of this application form, the buckling analysis must be performed using the method outlined below. The method of calculating allowable buckling pressure provided below is only valid for lines which are installed at depths of 2 ft \leq H \leq 80 feet, and where the groundwater elevation is below the ground surface.
 - a) Calculate allowable bucking pressure as follows:

 (Areas where groundwater elevation is below the ground surface)

$$q_a = 0.4 \sqrt[2]{32 * R_W * B' * (E * \frac{l}{D^3})}$$
 Equation (1)
$$q_a = 0.4 \sqrt[2]{32 * 1.00 * 0.69 * (400,000 * \frac{0.00305}{7.921^3})} = 115.98 (8" PVC SDR 26 160 PSI)$$

See attachment for $\,q_a\,$ calculation.

$$R_W = 1 - 0.33 * \left(\frac{h_W}{h}\right)$$
 Equation (2)

For unsaturated:
$$R_W = 1 - 0.33 * \left(\frac{0}{123.42}\right) = 1.00 (8" PVC SDR 26 160 PSI)$$

For fully saturated hw = h:
$$R_w = 1 - 0.33 * (1) = 0.67$$
 N/A

$$B' = \frac{1}{1 + 4 * e^{-0.213H}}$$
 Equation (3)

See attachment for B' calculation.*

$$I = \left(\frac{t^3}{12}\right) \left(\frac{inches^4}{inch_{Linear}}\right)$$
 Equation (4)

See attachment for I calculation.

q_a = allowable buckling pressure, pounds per square inch (psi)

h = height of soil surface above top of pipe in inches (in)

h_w = height of water surface above top of pipe in inches (in) (groundwater elevation)

 R_w = Water buoyancy factor. If $h_w = 0$, $R_w = 1$. If $0 \le h_w \le h$ (groundwater elevation is between the top of the pipe and the ground surface), calculate R_w with Equation 2

H = Depth of burial in feet (ft) from ground surface to crown of pipe.

B' = Empirical coefficient of elastic support

 E_b = modulus of soil reaction for the bedding material (psi)

E = modulus of elasticity of the pipe material (psi)

I = moment of inertia of the pipe wall cross section per linear inch of pipe, inch⁴/linear inch = inch³. For solid wall pipe, I can be calculated with equation 4. If the pipe used is not solid wall pipe (for example a pipe with a ribbed cross section), the proper moment of inertia formula must be obtained from the manufacturer.

t = pipe structural wall thickness (in)

D = mean pipe diameter (in)

b) Calculate pressure applied to pipe under installed conditions:

$$q_P = \gamma_w * h_w + R_w * \left(\frac{W_c}{D}\right) + L_1$$
 Equation (5)

 $q_P = 0.0361 * 0 + 1 * \left(\frac{73.68}{8}\right) + 0 = 9.30$ ("Worst Case" Max. Depth - 8" PVC SDR 26 160 PSI)

$$W_c = \gamma_s * H * \frac{(D+t)}{144}$$
 Equation (6)

$$W_c = 125 * 10.29 * \frac{8+0.332}{144} = 73.68$$
 ("Worst Case" Max. Depth - 8" PVC SDR 26 160 PSI)

q_P = pressure applied to pipe under installed conditions (psi)

 $\gamma_{\rm w} = 0.0361$ pounds per cubic inch (pci), specific weight of water

 γ_s = specific weight of soil in pounds per cubic foot (pcf)

W_c = vertical soil load on the pipe per unit length in pounds per linear inch (lb/in)

L₁ = Live load as determined in T63 (see attached Capacity Design)

S-11) Report qa and qp for each pipe diameter proposed and for each type of pipe material proposed:

$$\gamma_s = 125 \text{ pcf}$$
; $h_w = 0$; $t = 0.332$ " (8" PVC SDR 26 160 PSI);

Pipe Diameter: **8"** Pipe Material: **PVC SDR 26 160 PSI** qa: **115.98** qP: **9.30**

S-12) If $q_a \ge q_P$, specified pipe is acceptable for the proposed installation. If $q_a \le q_P$, the wall thickness of the pipe must be increased and/or a pipe with a larger modulus of elasticity (E) must be used. Make the appropriate modifications and repeat the buckling analysis, showing that for the upgraded pipe, $q_a \ge q_P$. Does all the pipe proposed for this project meet these requirements? **Yes**

Wall Crushing:

S-13) If no concrete cradled flexible pipe is proposed for the submitted project, skip to T73. If any flexible pipe will be installed in rigid cradle (e.g. concrete), calculate the maximum depth that the pipe can be buried before wall crushing (or failure by ring compression) will occur using the method outlined below. It should be noted that cement stabilized sand or soil is not considered a rigid cradle for purposes of TCEQ review: No concrete cradle proposed, calculations shown for information only.

$$H = \frac{24*P_c*A}{\gamma_s*D_o} \quad \text{Equation (7)}$$

$$H = \frac{24*4000*3.984}{125*8.625} = 354.75' \quad \textbf{(8" PVC SDR 26 160 PSI)}$$

 D_0 = outside pipe diameter, in.

P_c = compressive stress or hydrostatic design basis (HDB). For typical PVC pipe assume 4,000 psi. For any other pipe material the HDB must be supplied by the pipe manufacturer.

A = surface area of the pipe wall, $\frac{in^2}{ft}$

 γ_s = specific weight of soil in pounds per cubic foot (pcf)

H = Depth of burial in feet (ft) from ground surface to crown of pipe.

24 = conversions and coefficients

S-14) Will all pipe installations proposed for this project have an H less than or equal to the maximum allowable H calculated in S-13 and greater than or equal to 2 feet? <u>Yes</u> Report maximum allowable H, (H_a), and the maximum H which is proposed, (H), for each proposed pipe diameter and each type of flexible pipe material. **N/A**

Pipe Diameter: <u>8"</u> Pipe Material: <u>PVC SDR 26 ASTM D-2241</u> H_a: <u>354.75 ft</u> H: <u>10.29 ft</u>

Tensile Strength:

S-15) The project specifications need to indicate minimum allowable tensile **strength** in psi for each flexible pipe material. If PVC pipe is proposed, specify cell class:

Pipe Material: <u>PVC SDR 26 CL 160</u> Tensile Strength: <u>7,000</u> Cell Class (PVC only): <u>12364/12454</u> <u>"Handbook of PVC Pipe, Design and Construction" Table 2.1 pg. 14-15.</u>

Strain:

S-16) Are the conditions of this installation such that strain-related failure will not be a problem? <u>Yes</u> If any proposed flexible pipe material is considered to be susceptible to strain-related failure at less than 5% long-term deflection provide analysis for predicted strain due to hoop stress and bending strain.

Deflection Analysis:

S-17) Indicate E_b (modulus of soil reaction for the bedding material) in psi. If E_b is greater than 750 psi, justification must be provided: **2,000 psi**

How was E_b determined or estimated? "AWWA, M23 Manual" Table 4-5 pg. 30.

S-18) Indicate E'n (modulus of soil reaction for the in-situ soil) in psi: 5,000 psi

How was E'n determined or estimated? "Table 5 – E'native for Various Native Soil Conditions" (Reference: American Concrete Pipe Association, Page 20)

S-19) Calculate the ratio of bedding modulus to soil modulus:

Eb/E'n =
$$\frac{2,000 \, psi}{5,000 \, psi}$$
 = $\underline{\mathbf{0.40}}$

If this ratio is greater than 1.25, a zeta factor must be calculated, where zeta is a factor which corrects for the effect of in-situ soil on pipe stability. If the ratio of bedding modulus to soil modulus is less than or equal to 1.25, assume zeta = 1.0.

S-20) Where native soil is significantly weaker than bedding material, or where predicted deflection approaches 5%, the effect of native soil must be quantified using Leonhardt's Zeta factor. Zeta must be determined for each diameter of pipe and corresponding trench width. Zeta may be estimated graphically or calculated directly. If zeta is estimated graphically, identify the source for tables, figures, etc...(including page numbers and table numbers or figure numbers for each source) which were used to estimate zeta.

Calculations:

$$zeta = \frac{1.44}{f + (1.44 - f)*(\frac{E_b}{E_{In}})}$$
 Equation (8)

$$zeta = \frac{1.44}{0.99 + (1.44 - 0.99) * (\frac{2,000}{5,000})} = 1.00 \text{ 8" PIPE}$$

$$f = \frac{\frac{b}{da} - 1}{1.154 + 0.444 * (\frac{b}{da} - 1)}$$
 Equation (9)

$$f = \frac{\frac{24}{7.921} - 1}{1.154 + 0.444 * (\frac{24}{8} - 1)} = 0.99$$
 8" PIPE

f = pipe/trench width coefficient

b = trench width

d_a = pipe diameter

 E_b = modulus of soil reaction for the bedding material (psi)

 E'_n = modulus of soil reaction for the in-situ soil (psi)

S-21) For each size of pipe, report zeta factor determined:

S-22) Determine pipe stiffness (P_s) in psi. P_s can be determined either by parallel plate test at 5% deflection, based on manufacturer's data or national reference standards; or, calculated using either equation 10 or equation 11. As an example, the minimum pipe stiffness at 5% deflection for PVC pipe less than 15 inches in diameter meeting ASTM D 3034, is 46 psi for SDR-35 and 115 psi for SDR 26. If equation 11 is used, the ring stiffness constant (RSC) is provided by the pipe manufacturer. Show calculations, or provide proper references, for each size of pipe and for each flexible pipe material.

$$P_{s} = \frac{EI}{0.149*r^{3}}$$
 Equation (10)

or

$$P_s = 0.80 * RSC * (\frac{8.337}{D})$$
 Equation (11)

E = modulus of elasticity of the pipe material (psi)

I = moment of inertia of the pipe wall cross section per linear inch of pipe, inch⁴/linear inch = inch³. For solid wall pipe, I can be calculated with equation 4. If the pipe used is not solid wall pipe (for example a pipe with a ribbed cross section), the proper moment of inertia formula must be obtained from the manufacturer.

D = mean pipe diameter (in)

r = mean radius (in)

S-23) Report P_s for each pipe size and each type of flexible pipe material as determined.

Pipe Diameter: 8" Pipe Material: PVC SDR 26/ASTM D-2241 Ps: 160 psi

S-24)Because the terms in the denominator of the modified Iowa formula (Equation 13) are added, it is theoretically possible to have zero pipe stiffness (P_s =0) and still predict flexible pipe deflections less than 5%. In order to ensure that the stiffness being provided to the installation has a reasonable contribution from pipe stiffness, and does not rely solely on the stiffness provided by the soil stiffness factor (SSF), the ratio of P_s /SSF must be calculated. If P_s /SSF < 0.15, S-22 and S-23 must be repeated such that a higher stiffness pipe is chosen for each portion of the project where P_s /SSF < 0.15. The P_s /SSF ratio(s) must then be recalculated for the new higher stiffness pipe. This process must be repeated until P_s /SSF \geq 0.15 exists for all proposed pipe sizes and for all types of flexible pipe materials.

$$\frac{P_s}{SSF} = \frac{P_s}{(0.061*zeta*E_b)} \ge 0.15$$
 Equation (12)

$$\frac{P_S}{SSF} = \frac{160}{(0.061*1*2,000)} = 1.31 \ge 0.15 \quad (8" \text{ PVC SDR 26 160 PSI})$$

 E_b = modulus of soil reaction for the bedding material (psi) [from T76]

zeta = 1.0, or a value calculated with the method in T79

SSF = soil stiffness factor $(0.061*zeta*E_b)$

S-25) Indicate the final values calculated for P_s/SSF for each diameter of pipe and for each pipe material:

Pipe Diameter: <u>8"</u> Pipe Material: <u>PVC SDR 26/ASTM D-2241</u> P_s/SSF: <u>1.31</u>

- 3-26) Do all proposed pipe sizes and flexible pipe materials have a pipe stiffness to soil stiffness factor ratio of greater than or equal to 0.15? <u>Yes</u>
- S-27) Calculate and report predicted deflection. Predicted deflection must be calculated for each size of pipe and type of flexible pipe material. For the purposes of this application form, predicted deflection must be calculated using the method outlined below. Show calculations and report calculated maximum deflection for each size of pipe and type of flexible pipe material. Maximum allowable deflection in installed lines is 5%, as determined by the deflection analysis and verified by a mandrel test. Some conservatism should be employed in determining allowable predicted deflections. This conservatism is necessary to allow for variability in the quality of installation.

$$\frac{\Delta Y}{D(\%)} = \frac{K*(L_p + L_1)*100}{(0.149*P_S) + (0.061*zeta*E_b)} \qquad \text{Equation (13)}$$

$$\frac{\Delta Y}{D(\%)} = \frac{0.11*(13.39+0.00)*100}{(0.149*160) + (0.061*1.00*2,000)} = 0.84\% \qquad (8" PVC SDR 26 160 PSI)$$

See attachment for calculation.

 $\frac{\Delta Y}{D(\%)}$ = Predicted % vertical deflection under load.

 ΔY = Change in vertical pipe diameter under load

D = Undeflected mean pipe diameter (in)

$$L_p = \frac{\gamma_s*H}{144} * 1.5$$
 Equation (14)
$$L_p = \frac{125*10.29}{144} * 1.5 = 13.39$$
 (8" PVC SDR 26 160 PSI, H=10.31 ft)

K = Bedding angle constant. Assumed to be 0.110 unless otherwise justified.

 γ_s = Unit weight of soil (pcf). γ_s less than 120 pcf must be justified.

H = Depth of burial (ft) from ground surface to crown of pipe.

 L_p = Prism load (psi). If prism load is calculated using Marston's load formula, or other formulas less conservative than the one provided above, the load should be multiplied by a deflection lag factor $D_L = 1.5$ to account for long-term deflection of the pipe as the bedding consolidates S-27) Report the final pipe diameters, types of pipe material proposed for each diameter, type of pipe material, pipe stiffness for each pipe material (P_s), zeta factors assumed or calculated for each pipe diameter, modulus of the pipe bedding material (E_b) and % deflection predicted for each pipe size and type of pipe material.

	Type of Pipe Material	P _s (psi)	zeta Factor Assumed or Calculated	E _b (psi)	% Deflection
Pipe Diameter 1	8" PVC SDR 26/ASTM D-2241	160	1.00	2,000	0.84

S-28) Do all pipes proposed for this project have a maximum predicted deflection of 5.0%? Yes

217.10(e)(11) X A description of the areas not initially served by a project, and the projected means of providing service to these areas, including special provisions incorporated in the present plans for future expansion.

- Refer to Attachment "No future areas served by this development."
- 217.10(e)(12) <u>N/A</u> The calculations and curves showing the operating characteristics of all system lift stations at minimum, maximum, and design flows during both present and future conditions.

217.10(e)(13) N/A The safety considerations incorporated into a project design, including ventilation, entrances, working areas, and explosion prevention

Place engineer's seal here:



Garrett D. Kelle	er, P.E.		
Print Name of I	icensed	Professional	Engineer

Signature of Licensed Professional Engineer

4 (4 23 Date

QT4138 SCS - Capacity Design Peak Dry Weather Flow (Qpd) MH-A-Z Size Flow Calculation: Design Parameters (DACS; Water, Reuse Water, and Wastewater; Funits = 0.00 (00295200).DOC) F(Com) =6.000 4.17 6.000 4.16 Ftot = Peak Dry Weather Flow @ Appartment Connection 4.16 gpm Qpdwf= ([18+ (0.018 x F)^0.5]/ [4+(0.018 x F)^0.5])x F n/a, base flow based on City of Round Rock bypass pumping rate Peak Wet Weather Flow (Qpw) Flow Calculation: @ Appartment Connection Inflow/Infiltration ACRES GPM PDWF = 6,000 4.16 0.69444444 1000gal/ac/day pre CDM Smith GUS Manual 14.1 Area GPM 9.79 (DACS; Water, Reuse Water, and Wastewater; (00295200).DOC) INI = 9 79 Ftot = 13 95 Peak Wet Weather Flow = Inflow Q + Waste Q (@ Appartment Connection) 13.95 gpm = n/a, base flow based on City of Georgetown bypass pumping rate Peaking Factor = Peak Dry Weather Minimum and Maximum Flow Capacities 0.013 Capacity Calculation: Manning's "n" value: n = Minimum Slope Values per Appendix A. Flow Velocity Table Q max at Main Size Inside dia Hydraulic R^(2/3) Max Pipe S^(1/2) (ft/ft) Min Slope (%) Area (ft^2) min slope Radius (ft) (cfs) Velocity (gpm) SDR 26, CL 160 8.625 7.921 0.35 0.34 0.17 0.30 0.059 0.70 65.00 238.00 FlowRate > 2fps (Acceptable) 2.03 Maximum Slope Values per Appendix A, Flow Velocity Table Q max at Main Size nside dia Hydraulic R^(2/3) Q (Full) Max Pipe S^(1/2) (ft/ft) Max Slope (%) Area (ft^2) max slope (in.) (in.) Radius (ft) (ft) (cfs) % Velocity (gpm) SDR 26, CL 160 8.625 7.921 0.17 0.30 1.18 65.00 402.00 FlowRate < 10fps (Acceptable) 0.100 3.43 Peak Wet Weather Minimum and Maximum Flow Capacities Capacity Calculation: Manning's "n" value: 0.013 n= Minimum Slope Values per Appendix A, Flow Velocity Table Q max at Main Size Inside dia Hydraulic R^(2/3) Q (Full) Max Pipe Flow Min Slope (%) Area (ft^2) S^(1/2) (ft/ft) min slope (in.) (in.) Radius (ft (ft) (cfs) % Velocity (gpm) SDR 26, CL 160 8.625 7.921 0.17 0.30 0.70 85.00 323.00 Qpw < 85% Qfull (Acceptable) Maximum Slope Values per Appendix A, Flow Velocity Table O max at Main Size Inside dia Hydraulic R^(2/3) Q (Full) Max Pipe Flow Max Slope (%) Area (ft^2) S^(1/2) (ft/ft) max slope (in.) (in.) Radius (ft (ft) (cfs) % Velocity (gpm) SDR 26, CL 160 8.625 7.921 1.00 0.34 0.17 0.30 0.100 1.18 85.00 546.00 FlowRate < 10fps (Acceptable) DACS; Water, Reuse Water, and Wastewater; (00295200).DOC "Percent Pipe Full at Design Flow 1. DACS; Water, Reuse Water, and Wastewater; (00295200).DOC, "For all wastewater gravity lines, the peak WWF (design flow) is not to exceed 85 percent of the capacity of the pipe flowing Note:

Flow Velocity Table

APPENDIX A Flow Velocity Table

Flow Velocity (Flowing Full)

All gravity sewer lines on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone shall be designed and constructed with hydraulic slopes sufficient to give a velocity when **flowing full** of not less than 2.0 feet per second, and not greater than 10 feet per second. The grades shown in the following table are based on Manning's formula and an n factor of 0.013 and shall be the minimum and maximum acceptable slopes unless provisions are made otherwise.

Pipe Diameter (Inches)	% Slope required for minimum flow velocity of 2.0 fps	% Slope which produces flow velocity of 10.0 fps			
6 8 10 12 15 18 21	0.50 0.33 0.25 0.20 0.15 0.11	12.35 8.40 6.23 4.88 3.62 2.83			
21 24 27 30 33 36 39	0.09 0.08 0.06 0.055 0.05 0.045	2.30 1.93 1.65 1.43 1.26 1.12 1.01			

*For lines larger than 39 inches in diameter, the slope may be determined by Manning's formula (as shown below) to maintain a minimum velocity greater than 2.0 feet per second when flowing full and a maximum velocity less than 10 feet per second when flowing full.

$$v = \frac{1.49}{n} \times R_h^{0.67} \times \sqrt{S}$$

Where:

v = velocity (Hrec)

n = Manning's roughness coefficient (0.013)

E. - hydraulic radius (H)

S = slope (H/H)

Flow Velocity Table provided by TCEQ for 0582 - Organized Sewage Collection System (SCS) Application

		SDR 26 160 PSI	SDR 26 160 PSI	SDR 26 160 PSI	SDR 26 160 PSI
		Worse Case Line A, Sta: 1+45.88 (Deepest Depth of Cover)	Line A, Sta: 3+49.06 (Minimum Depth of Cover and Max Live Load)	Worse Case Line C, Sta: 9+60.51 (Deepest Depth of Cover)	Line C, Sta: 12+41.12 (Minimum Depth of Cover and Max Live Load)
		•	General	· -	
	E (psi) = Eb (psi) =	400000 2000	400000 2000	400000 2000	400000 2000
	E'n (psi) =	5000	5000	5000	5000
	Ys (pcf) =	125	125	125	125
	Yw (pci) =	0.0361 62.4	0.0361	0.0361 62.4	0.0361 62.4
	(pcf) = b (min trench width)(in) =	24	62.4 24	24	24
	Pc =	4000	4000	4000	4000
	K =	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11
	Total length of Pipe (ft.) SCS Cost	313.00 \$156.50	313.00 \$156.50	1155.00 \$577.50	1155.00 \$577.50
	363 6636	\$150.50	\$150.50	\$377.50	\$377.50
	Type of Pipe	ASTM 2241	ASTM 2241	ASTM 3034	ASTM 3034
	SDR	26 CL 160	26 CL 160	26 CL 160	26 CL 160
	D (Pipe Diameter) (in) length of Pipe (LF)	7.921 313.00	7.921 313.00	7.921 1155.00	7.921 1155.00
	Do (outside Dia.) (in)	8.625	8.625	8.625	8.625
	T (thickness) (in)	0.332	0.332	0.332	0.332
	(Fill Height) H (ft)	10.29	5.24	6.08	3
	(Fill Height) h (in) hw (in)	123.42 0	62.88 0	72.96 0	36.00 0
	Pipe Stiffness Ps (psi)	160	160	160	160
Equations	Surface Water Depth (SWD) (in)	0	0	0	0
T68) Allowable Buckling Pressure					
$q_a = 0.4 * \sqrt[2]{32 * R_w * B' * E_b * (E * I/D^3)}$ Allowable Buckling Pressure (psi)	qa	115.98	91.80	96.38	79.10
$R_{w} = 1 - 0.33 * (h_{w}/h)$ Water Buoyancy Factor	Rw	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
$R_{\ \ w}=1$ - 0.33 * ($h_{\ \ w}$ /h) Water Buoyancy Factor $B'=\frac{I}{I+4} *_{-0.213\ H}$ Empirical Coefficient of Elastic Support	В'	0.69	0.43	0.48	0.32
$I = (t^3/12)(inches^4/Linch)$ Moment of Inertia of the Pipe Wall Cross Section (in^3)		0.00305	0.00305	0.00305	0.00305
$L_1 = \frac{\gamma_w * SWD}{144}$	Lı	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
$\begin{split} L_{\rm I} &= \frac{\gamma_{_{_{_{_{}}}}} * SWD}{144} \\ \textit{Live Load (psi)} \\ q_{_{_{_{_{_{}}}}}} &= \gamma_{_{_{_{_{_{}}}}}} * h_{_{_{_{_{}}}}} + R_{_{_{_{_{_{}}}}}} * (W_{_{_{_{_{_{_{}}}}}}}/D) + L_{_{_{_{_{_{_{_{}}}}}}}} \\ \textit{Pressure Applied to Pipe Under Installed Conditions (psi)} \\ \textit{W}_{_{_{_{_{_{_{_{_{_{_{_{_{_{_{_{_{_{_$	qp	9.30	4.74	5.50	2.71
	Wc	73.68	37.54	43.56	21.49
Vertical Soil Load on the Pipe (lb/in)	TEST: if qa <qp th="" wrong<=""><th>Acceptable</th><th>Acceptable</th><th>Acceptable</th><th>Acceptable</th></qp>	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable
T71) Concrete Cradle					
	На	354.75	354.75	354.75	354.75
$H_a = (24 * P_c * A)/(\gamma_s * D_o)$	Α	3.984	3.984	3.984	3.984
	Test if Hp>Ha	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable
T78) Ratio of Bedding Modulus to Soil Modulus					
	Eb/E'n	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40
T79) Zeta Factor					
zeta = $\frac{1.44}{f + (1.44 - f)^* (E_b / E_{n'})}$	zeta	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
$f = \frac{b/d_a - 1}{1.154 + 0.444 * (b/d_a - 1)}$	f	0.99	0.99	0.99	0.99

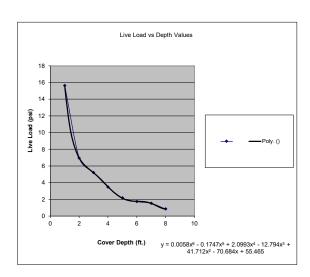
T83) Pipe Stiffness					
$\frac{P_s}{SSF} = \frac{P_s}{(0.061 * zeta * E_b)} \ge 0.15$	SSF	122.00	122.00	122.00	122.00
$SSF = (0.061 + zeta + E_b)$	Ps/SSF	1.31	1.31	1.31	1.31
	Test if >0.15	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable
T86) Deflection					
$\Delta Y / D(\%) = \frac{K * (L_p + L_1) * 100}{(0.149 * P_s) + (0.061 * zeta * E_b)}$	ΔΥ	122.00	122.00	122.00	122.00
	D(%)	145.84	145.84	145.84	145.84
γ.* H , ,	Δ Y/D(%)	0.84%	0.84%	0.84%	0.84%
$L_p = \frac{{\gamma_s}^* H}{144} x1.5$ Note: Deflection Lag Factor = 1.5 (as shown above)	Lp	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable
T-63) Live Load Analysis					

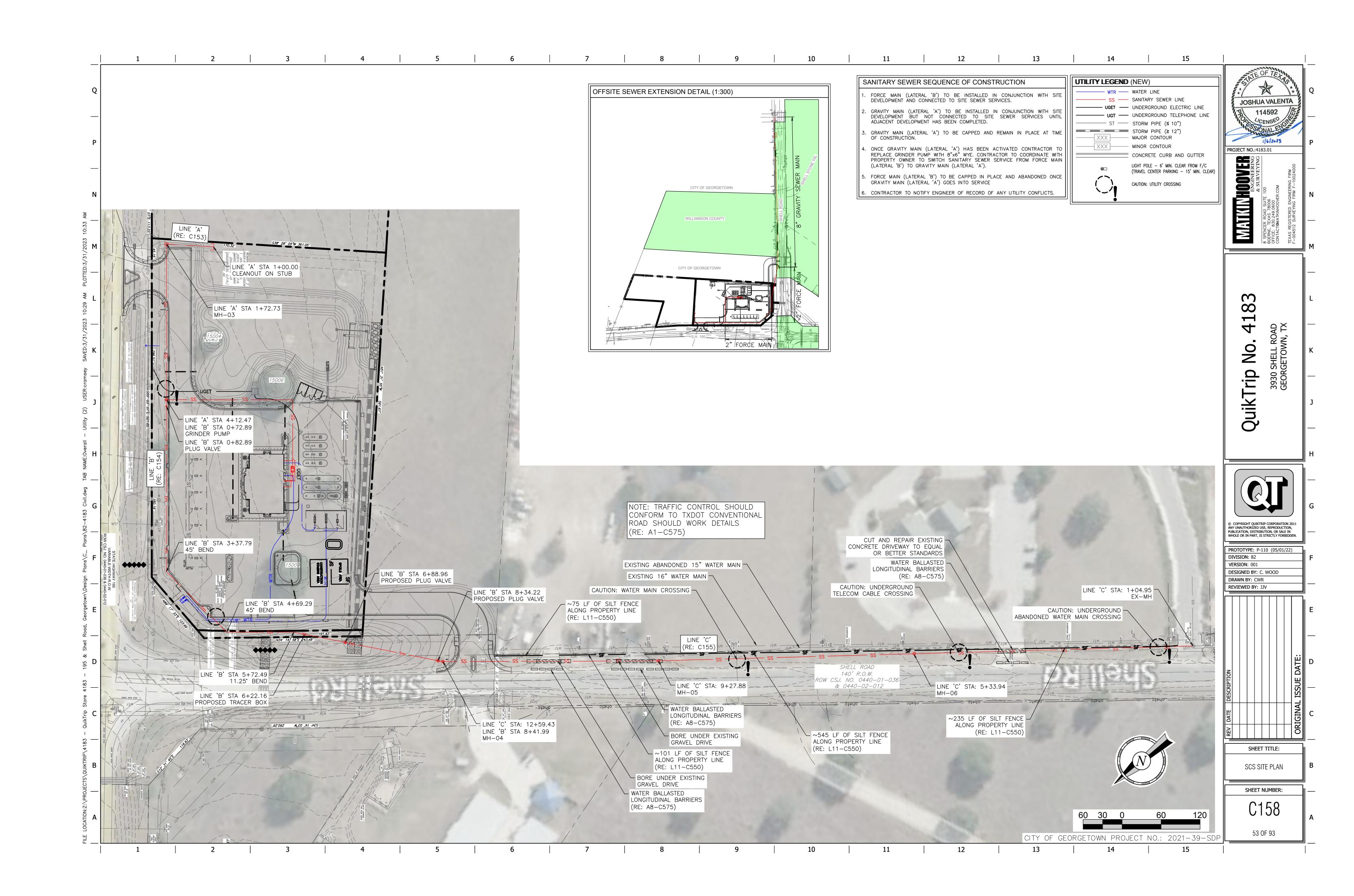
Vehicle Live Load (Lv)			
Cover(ft)	Live Load (psi)		
1	15.63		
2	6.95		
3	5.21		
4	3.48		
5	2.18		
6	1.74		
7	1.53		
8	0.86		

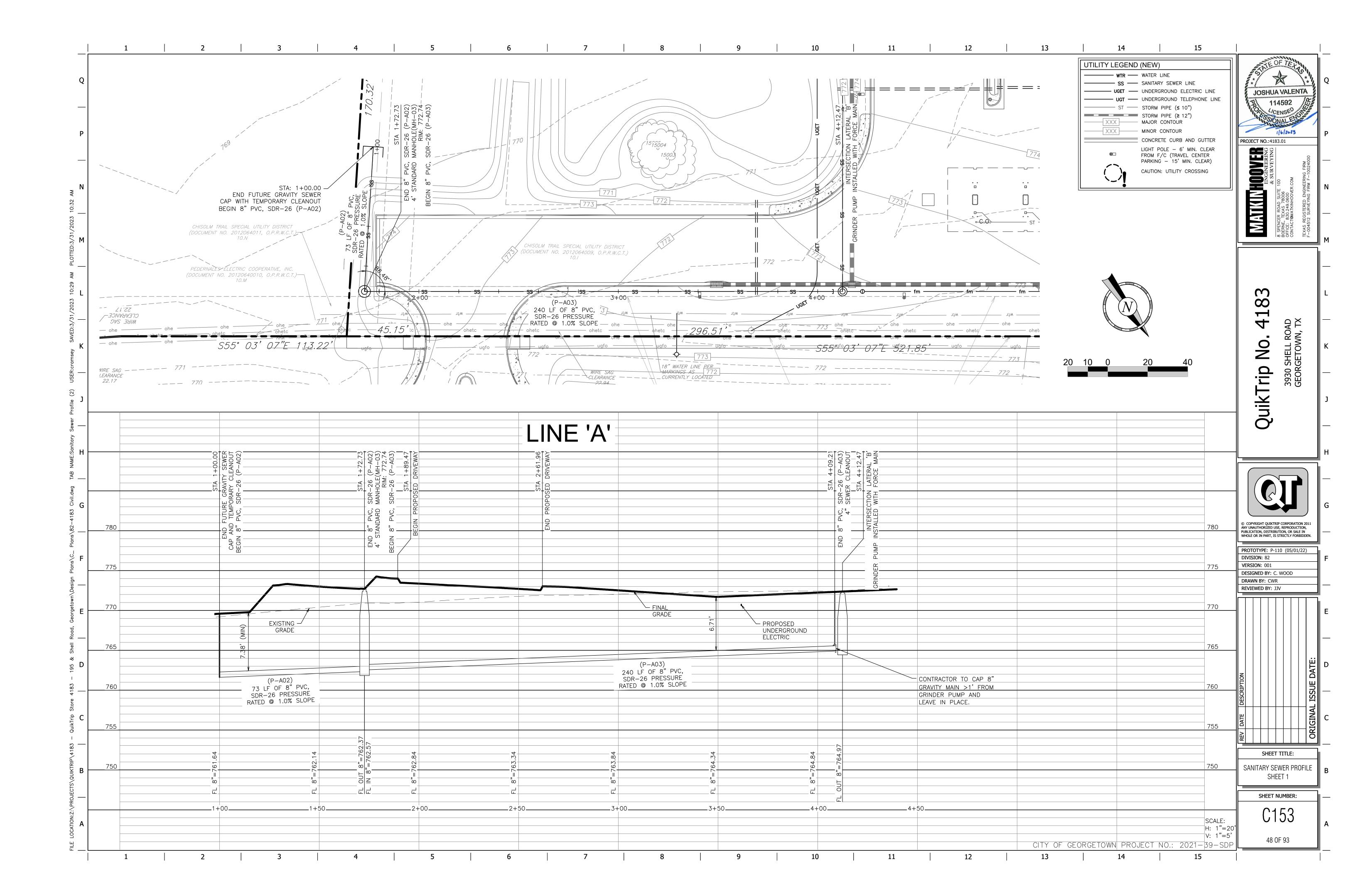
(Reference Table 2-7 Live Load Data AASHTO H-25)

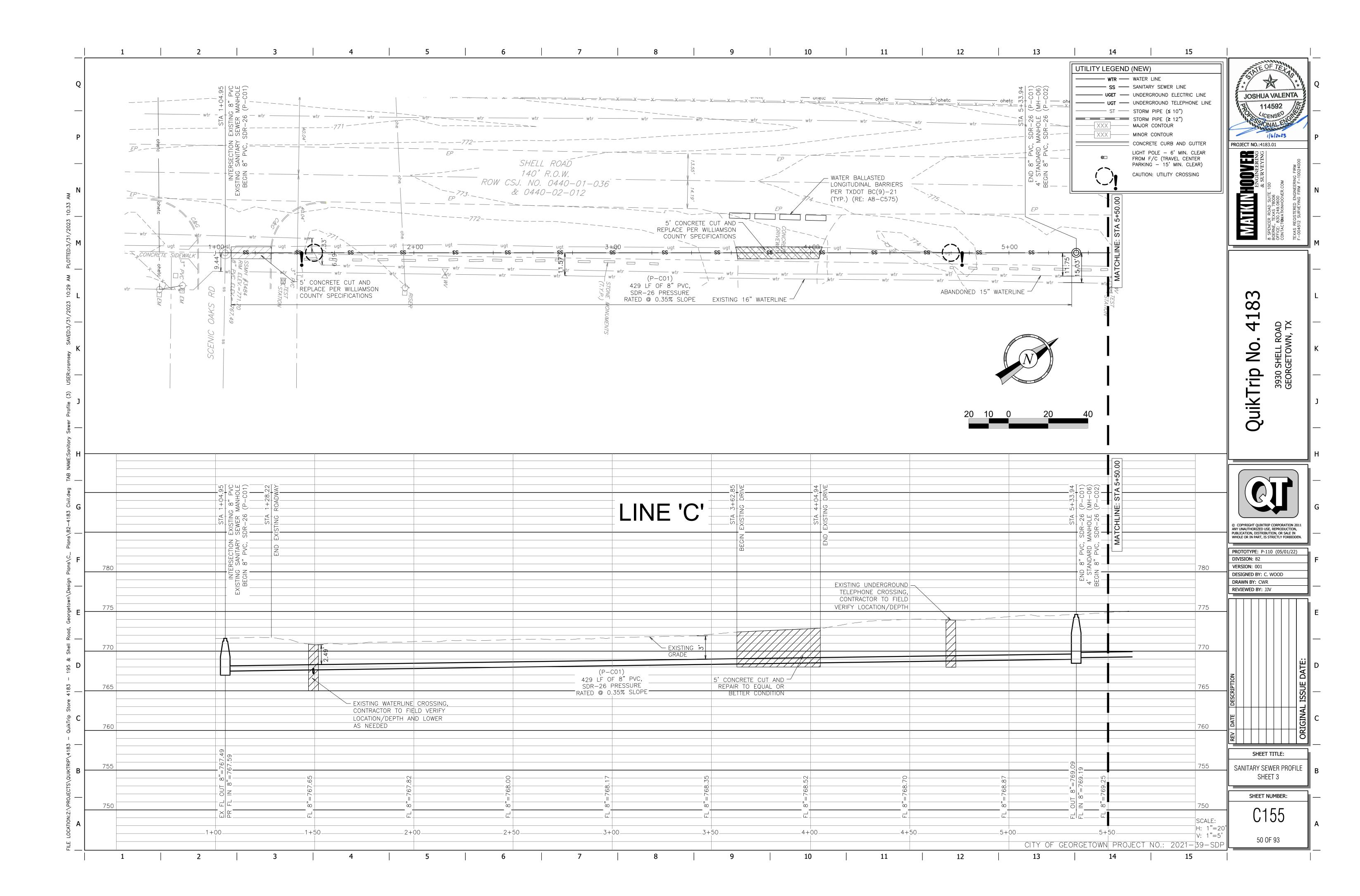
	(min depth of cover, ft.)
SDR 26	3

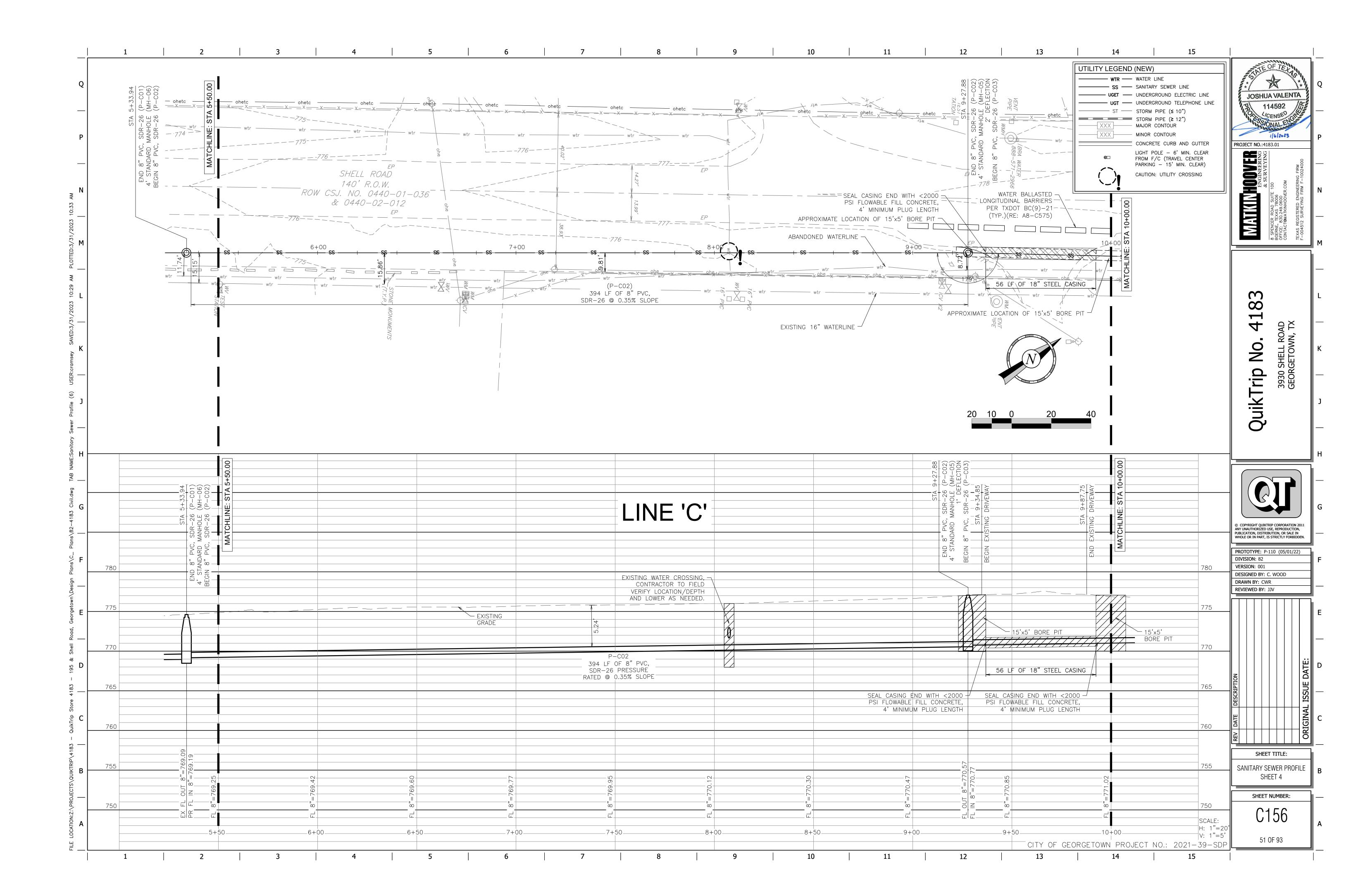
(through interpolation)

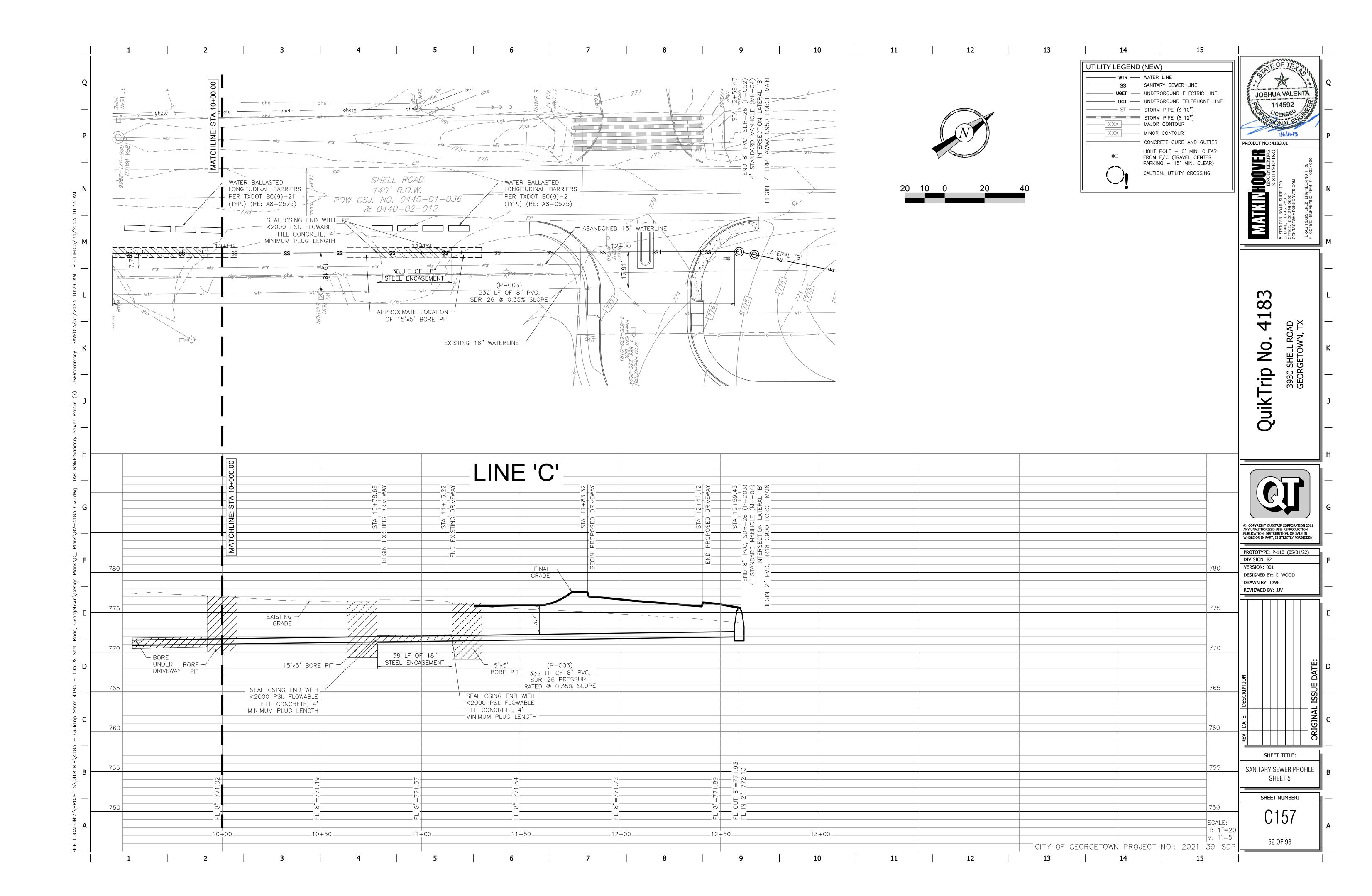


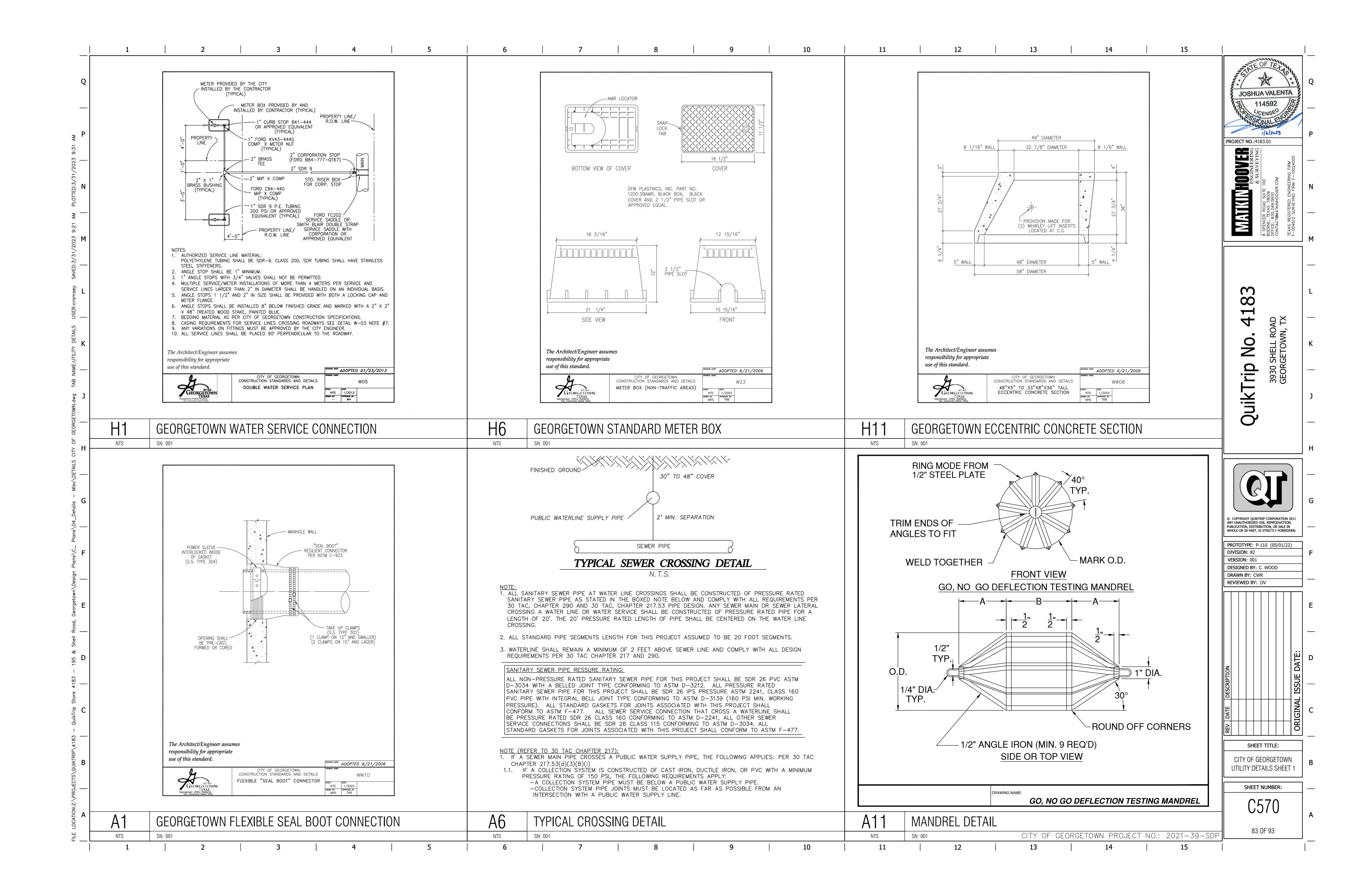


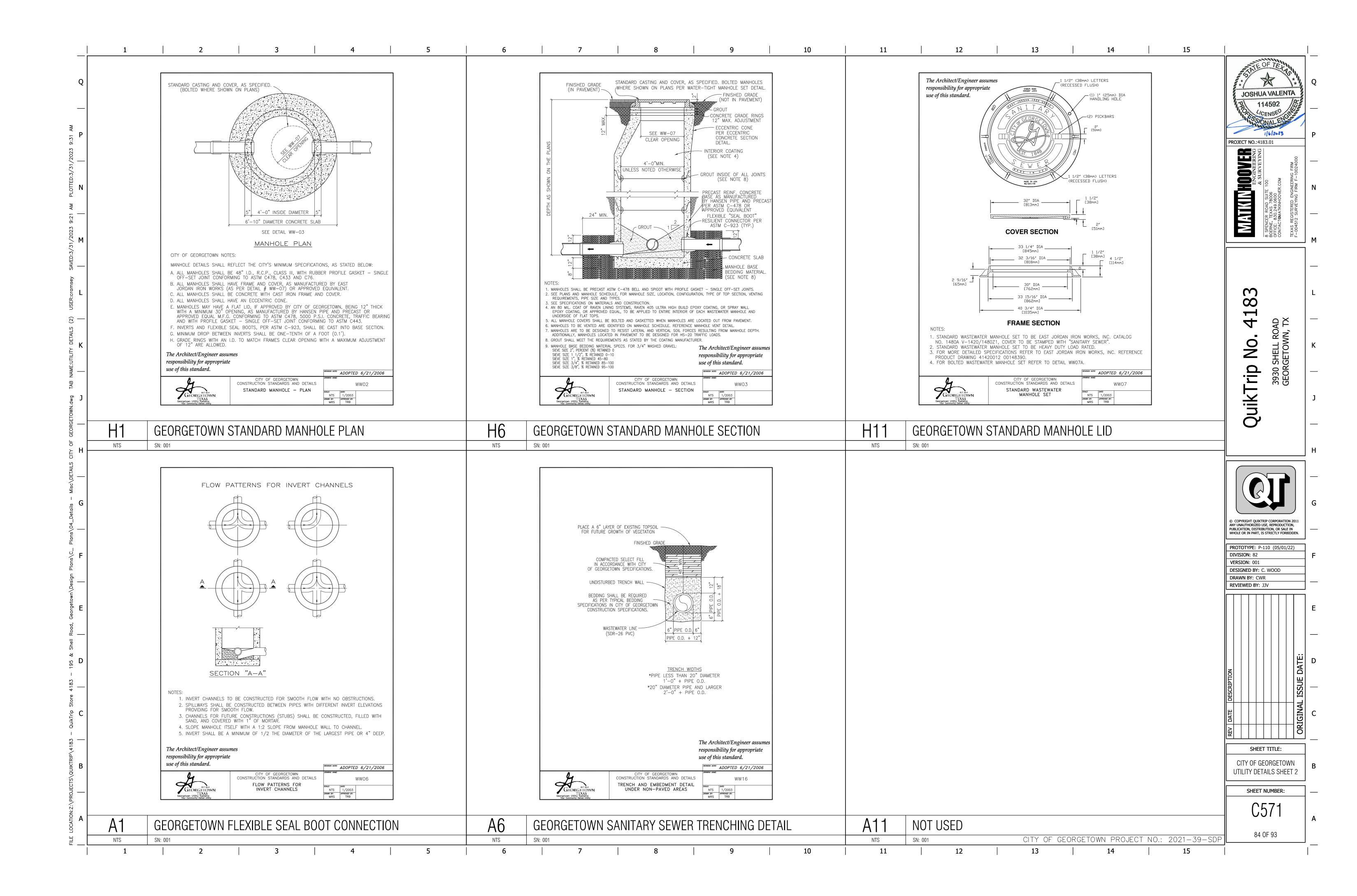


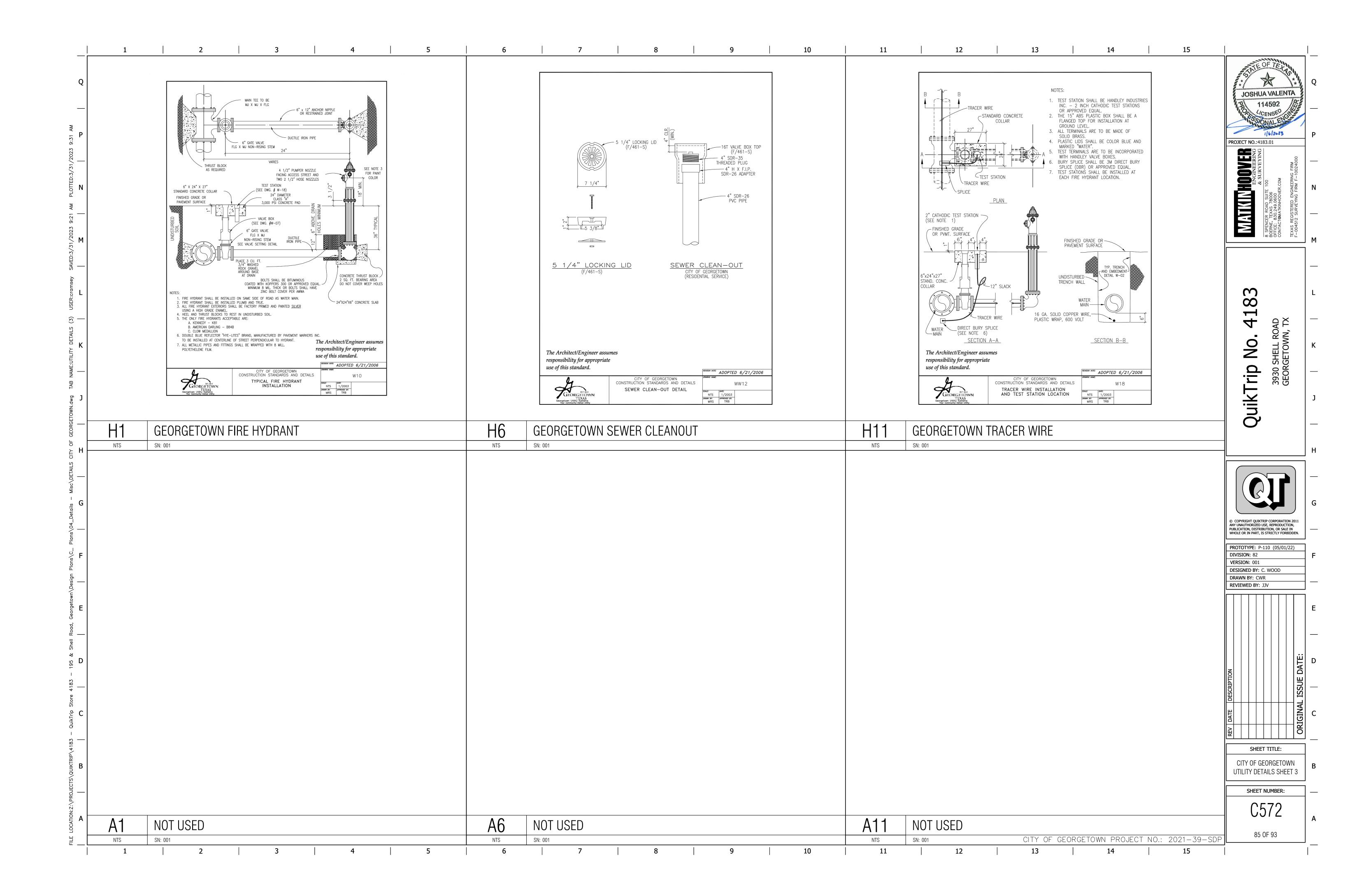












TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ORGANIZED SEWAGE COLLECTION SYSTEM GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES	(A) THE TOTAL EXFILTRATION, AS DETERMINED BY A HYDROSTATIC HEAD TEST, MUST NOT EXCEED 50 GALLONS PER INCH OF DIAMETER PER MILE OF PIPE PER 24 HOURS AT A MINIMUM TEST HEAD OF 2.0 FEET ABOVE THE CROWN OF A PIPE AT AN UPSTREAM MANHOLE. (B) AN OWNER SHALL USE AN INFILTRATION TEST IN LIEU OF AN EXFILTRATION TEST WHEN PIPES ARE INSTALLED BELOW THE GROUNDWATER LEVEL.	
EDWARDS AQUIFER PROTECTION PROGRAM CONSTRUCTION NOTES - LEGAL DISCLAIMER	(C) THE TOTAL EXFILTRATION, AS DETERMINED BY A HYDROSTATIC HEAD TEST, MUST NOT EXCEED 50 GALLONS PER INCH DIAMETER PER MILE OF PIPE PER 24 HOURS AT A MINIMUM TEST HEAD OF TWO FEET ABOVE THE CROWN OF A PIPE AT AN UPSTREAM MANHOLE, OR AT LEAST TWO FEET ABOVE EXISTING GROUNDWATER LEVEL, WHICHEVER IS GREATER. (D) FOR CONSTRUCTION WITHIN A 25-YEAR FLOOD PLAIN, THE INFILTRATION OR EXFILTRATION MUST NOT EXCEED 10 GALLONS PER INCH DIAMETER PER MILE OF PIPE PER 24 HOURS AT	1
THE FOLLOWING/LISTED "CONSTRUCTION NOTES" ARE INTENDED TO BE ADVISORY IN NATURE ONLY AND DO NOT CONSTITUTE AN APPROVAL OR CONDITIONAL APPROVAL BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, NOR DO THEY CONSTITUTE A COMPREHENSIVE LISTING OF RULES OR CONDITIONS TO BE FOLLOWED DURING CONSTRUCTION. FURTHER ACTIONS MAY BE REQUIRED TO ACHIEVE COMPLIANCE WITH TCEQ REGULATIONS FOUND IN TITLE 30, TEXAS ADMINISTRATIVE CODE, CHAPTERS 213 AND 217, AS WELL AS LOCAL ORDINANCES AND REGULATIONS PROVIDING FOR THE PROTECTION OF WATER QUALITY. ADDITIONALLY, NOTHING CONTAINED IN THE FOLLOWING/LISTED "CONSTRUCTION NOTES" RESTRICTS THE POWERS OF THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, THE COMMISSION OR ANY OTHER GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY TO PREVENT,	THE SAME MINIMUM TEST HEAD AS IN SUBPARAGRAPH (C) OF THIS PARAGRAPH. (E) IF THE QUANTITY OF INFILTRATION OR EXFILTRATION EXCEEDS THE MAXIMUM QUANTITY SPECIFIED, AN OWNER SHALL UNDERTAKE REMEDIAL ACTION IN ORDER TO REDUCE THE INFILTRATION OR EXFILTRATION TO AN AMOUNT WITHIN THE LIMITS SPECIFIED. AN OWNER SHALL RETEST A PIPE FOLLOWING A REMEDIATION ACTION.	
CORRECT, OR CURTAIL ACTIVITIES THAT RESULT OR MAY RESULT IN POLLUTION OF THE EDWARDS AQUIFER OR HYDROLOGICALLY CONNECTED SURFACE WATERS. THE HOLDER OF ANY EDWARDS AQUIFER PROTECTION PLAN CONTAINING "CONSTRUCTION NOTES" IS STILL RESPONSIBLE FOR COMPLIANCE WITH TITLE 30, TEXAS ADMINISTRATIVE CODE, CHAPTERS 213 OR ANY OTHER APPLICABLE TCEQ REGULATION, AS WELL AS ALL CONDITIONS OF AN EDWARDS AQUIFER PROTECTION PLAN THROUGH ALL PHASES OF PLAN IMPLEMENTATION. FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH ANY CONDITION OF THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S APPROVAL, WHETHER OR NOT IN CONTRADICTION OF ANY "CONSTRUCTION NOTES," IS A VIOLATION OF TCEQ REGULATIONS AND ANY VIOLATION IS SUBJECT TO ADMINISTRATIVE RULES, ORDERS, AND	 (i) IF A GRAVITY COLLECTION PIPE IS COMPOSED OF FLEXIBLE PIPE, DEFLECTION TESTING IS ALSO REQUIRED. THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURES MUST BE FOLLOWED: FOR A COLLECTION PIPE WITH INSIDE DIAMETER LESS THAN 27 INCHES, DEFLECTION MEASUREMENT REQUIRES A RIGID MANDREL. (A) MANDREL SIZING. (i) A RIGID MANDREL MUST HAVE AN OUTSIDE DIAMETER (OD) NOT LESS THAN 95% OF THE BASE INSIDE DIAMETER (ID) OR AVERAGE ID OF A PIPE, AS SPECIFIED IN THE APPROPRIATE 	
PENALTIES AS PROVIDED UNDER TITLE 30, TEXAS ADMINISTRATIVE CODE § 213.10 (RELATING TO ENFORCEMENT). SUCH VIOLATIONS MAY ALSO BE SUBJECT TO CIVIL PENALTIES AND INJUNCTION. THE FOLLOWING/LISTED "CONSTRUCTION NOTES" IN NO WAY REPRESENT AN APPROVED EXCEPTION BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR TO ANY PART OF TITLE 30 TEXAS ADMINISTRATIVE CODE, CHAPTERS 213 AND 217, OR ANY OTHER TCEQ APPLICABLE REGULATION.	(I) A RIGID MANDREL MUST HAVE AN OUTSIDE DIAMETER (OD) NOT LESS THAN 95% OF THE BASE INSTIDED DIAMETER (ID) OR AVERAGE ID OF A FIFE, AS SPECIFIED IN THE APPROPRIATE STANDARD STANDARD BY THE ASTAM, AMERICAN WATER WORKS ASSOCIATION, UNI-BELL, OR AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARDS INSTITUTE, OR ANY RELATED APPENDIX. (ii) IF A MANDREL SIZING DIAMETER IS NOT SPECIFIED IN THE APPROPRIATE STANDARD, THE MANDREL MUST HAVE AN OD EQUAL TO 95% OF THE ID OF A PIPE. IN THIS CASE, THE ID OF THE PURPOSE OF DETERMINING THE OD OF THE MANDREL, MUST EQUAL BE THE AVERAGE OUTSIDE DIAMETER MINUS TWO MINIMUM WALL THICKNESSES FOR OD	PF
1. THIS ORGANIZED SEWAGE COLLECTION SYSTEM (SCS) MUST BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH 30 TEXAS ADMINISTRATIVE CODE (TAC) §213.5(C), THE TEXAS COMMISSION ON	CONTROLLED PIPE AND THE AVERAGE INSIDE DIAMETER FOR ID CONTROLLED PIPE. (iii) ALL DIMENSIONS MUST MEET THE APPROPRIATE STANDARD. (B) MANDREL DESIGN.	
ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY'S (TCEQ) EDWARDS AQUIFER RULES AND ANY LOCAL GOVERNMENT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS. 2. ALL CONTRACTORS CONDUCTING REGULATED ACTIVITIES ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PROPOSED REGULATED PROJECT MUST BE PROVIDED WITH COPIES OF THE SCS PLAN AND THE TCEQ LETTER INDICATING THE SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF ITS APPROVAL. DURING THE COURSE OF THESE REGULATED ACTIVITIES. THE CONTRACTORS MUST BE REQUIRED TO KEEP ON-SITE COPIES OF THE PLAN	(i) A RIGID MANDREL MUST BE CONSTRUCTED OF A METAL OR A RIGID PLASTIC MATERIAL THAT CAN WITHSTAND 200 PSI WITHOUT BEING DEFORMED. (ii) A MANDREL MUST HAVE NINE OR MORE ODD NUMBER OF RUNNERS OR LEGS. (iii) A BARREL SECTION LENGTH MUST EQUAL AT LEAST 75% OF THE INSIDE DIAMETER OF A PIPE.	
AND THE APPROVAL LETTER. 3. A WRITTEN NOTICE OF CONSTRUCTION MUST BE SUBMITTED TO THE PRESIDING TCEQ REGIONAL OFFICE AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY REGULATED ACTIVITIES. THIS NOTICE	(iv) EACH SIZE MANDREL MUST USE A SEPARATE PROVING RING. (C) METHOD OPTIONS. (i) AN ADJUSTABLE OR FLEXIBLE MANDREL IS PROHIBITED. (ii) A TENT MAN NOT HOS TELL MISSION NOSE OTION AS A SUPPORTIVE FOR A DESIGNATION TEST.	
MUST INCLUDE: THE NAME OF THE APPROVED PROJECT; THE ACTIVITY START DATE; AND	 (ii) A TEST MAY NOT USE TELEVISION INSPECTION AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR A DEFLECTION TEST. (iii) IF REQUESTED, THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR MAY APPROVE THE USE OF A DEFLECTOMETER OR A MANDREL WITH REMOVABLE LEGS OR RUNNERS ON A CASE-BY-CASE BASIS. (2) FOR A GRAVITY COLLECTION SYSTEM PIPE WITH AN INSIDE DIAMETER 27 INCHES AND GREATER, OTHER TEST METHODS MAY BE USED TO DETERMINE VERTICAL DEFLECTION. (3) A DEFLECTION TEST METHOD MUST BE ACCURATE TO WITHIN PLUS OR MINUS 0.2% DEFLECTION. 	
- THE CONTACT INFORMATION OF THE PRIME CONTRACTOR. 4. ANY MODIFICATION TO THE ACTIVITIES DESCRIBED IN THE REFERENCED SCS APPLICATION FOLLOWING THE DATE OF APPROVAL MAY REQUIRE THE SUBMITTAL OF AN SCS APPLICATION TO MODIFY	(4) AN OWNER SHALL NOT CONDUCT A DEFLECTION TEST UNTIL AT LEAST 30 DAYS AFTER THE FINAL BACKFILL. (5) GRAVITY COLLECTION SYSTEM PIPE DEFLECTION MUST NOT EXCEED FIVE PERCENT (5%). (6) IF A PIPE SECTION FAILS A DEFLECTION TEST, AN OWNER SHALL CORRECT THE PROBLEM AND CONDUCT A SECOND TEST AFTER THE FINAL BACKFILL HAS BEEN IN PLACE AT LEAST 30	
THIS APPROVAL, INCLUDING THE PAYMENT OF APPROPRIATE FEES AND ALL INFORMATION NECESSARY FOR ITS REVIEW AND APPROVAL. 5. PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY, ALL TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION (E&S) CONTROL MEASURES MUST BE PROPERLY INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED IN ACCORDANCE	DAYS. 16. ALL MANHOLES MUST BE TESTED TO MEET OR EXCEED THE REQUIREMENTS OF 30 TAC §217.58.	
WITH THE MANUFACTURERS SPECIFICATIONS. THESE CONTROLS MUST REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE DISTURBED AREAS HAVE BEEN PERMANENTLY STABILIZED. 6. IF ANY SENSITIVE FEATURES ARE DISCOVERED DURING THE WASTEWATER LINE TRENCHING ACTIVITIES, ALL REGULATED ACTIVITIES NEAR THE SENSITIVE FEATURE MUST BE SUSPENDED.	 (a) ALL MANHOLES MUST PASS A LEAKAGE TEST. (b) AN OWNER SHALL TEST EACH MANHOLE (AFTER ASSEMBLY AND BACKFILLING) FOR LEAKAGE, SEPARATE AND INDEPENDENT OF THE COLLECTION SYSTEM PIPES, BY HYDROSTATIC EXFILTRATION TESTING, VACUUM TESTING, OR OTHER METHOD APPROVED BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR. 	F
IMMEDIATELY. THE APPLICANT MUST IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY THE APPROPRIATE REGIONAL OFFICE OF THE TCEQ OF THE FEATURE DISCOVERED. A GEOLOGIST'S ASSESSMENT OF THE LOCATION AND EXTENT OF THE FEATURE DISCOVERED MUST BE REPORTED TO THAT REGIONAL OFFICE IN WRITING AND THE APPLICANT MUST SUBMIT A PLAN FOR ENSURING THE STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY OF THE SEWER LINE OR FOR MODIFYING THE PROPOSED COLLECTION SYSTEM ALIGNMENT AROUND THE FEATURE. THE REGULATED ACTIVITIES NEAR THE SENSITIVE FEATURE MAY NOT PROCEED UNTIL THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR HAS REVIEWED AND APPROVED THE METHODS PROPOSED TO PROTECT THE SENSITIVE FEATURE AND THE EDWARDS AQUIFER FROM ANY POTENTIALLY ADVERSE IMPACTS TO WATER QUALITY WHILE MAINTAINING THE STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY OF THE LINE.	 (1) HYDROSTATIC TESTING. (A) THE MAXIMUM LEAKAGE FOR HYDROSTATIC TESTING OR ANY ALTERNATIVE TEST METHODS IS 0.025 GALLONS PER FOOT DIAMETER PER FOOT OF MANHOLE DEPTH PER HOUR. (B) TO PERFORM A HYDROSTATIC EXFILTRATION TEST, AN OWNER SHALL SEAL ALL WASTEWATER PIPES COMING INTO A MANHOLE WITH AN INTERNAL PIPE PLUG, FILL THE MANHOLE WITH WATER, AND MAINTAIN THE TEST FOR AT LEAST ONE HOUR. (C) A TEST FOR CONCRETE MANHOLES MAY USE A 24-HOUR WETTING PERIOD BEFORE TESTING TO ALLOW SATURATION OF THE CONCRETE. (2) VACUUM TESTING. 	
7. SEWER LINES LOCATED WITHIN OR CROSSING THE 5-YEAR FLOODPLAIN OF A DRAINAGE WAY WILL BE PROTECTED FROM INUNDATION AND STREAM VELOCITIES WHICH COULD CAUSE EROSION AND SCOURING OF BACKFILL. THE TRENCH MUST BE CAPPED WITH CONCRETE TO PREVENT SCOURING OF BACKFILL, OR THE SEWER LINES MUST BE ENCASED IN CONCRETE. ALL CONCRETE SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 6 INCHES.	(A) TO PERFORM A VACUUM TEST, AN OWNER SHALL PLUG ALL LIFT HOLES AND EXTERIOR JOINTS WITH A NON-SHRINK GROUT AND PLUG ALL PIPES ENTERING A MANHOLE. (B) NO GROUT MUST BE PLACED IN HORIZONTAL JOINTS BEFORE TESTING. (C) STUB-OUTS, MANHOLE BOOTS, AND PIPE PLUGS MUST BE SECURED TO PREVENT MOVEMENT WHILE A VACUUM IS DRAWN.	
8. BLASTING PROCEDURES FOR PROTECTION OF EXISTING SEWER LINES AND OTHER UTILITIES WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION CRITERIA. SAND IS NOT ALLOWED AS BEDDING OR BACKFILL IN TRENCHES THAT HAVE BEEN BLASTED. IF ANY EXISTING SEWER LINES ARE DAMAGED, THE LINES MUST BE REPAIRED AND RETESTED.	(D) AN OWNER SHALL USE A MINIMUM 60 INCH/LB TORQUE WRENCH TO TIGHTEN THE EXTERNAL CLAMPS THAT SECURE A TEST COVER TO THE TOP OF A MANHOLE. (E) A TEST HEAD MUST BE PLACED AT THE INSIDE OF THE TOP OF A CONE SECTION, AND THE SEAL INFLATED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. (F) THERE MUST BE A VACUUM OF 10 INCHES OF MERCURY INSIDE A MANHOLE TO PERFORM A VALID TEST. (G) A TEST DOES NOT BEGIN UNTIL AFTER THE VACUUM PUMP IS OFF. (H) A MANHOLE PASSES THE TEST IF AFTER 2.0 MINUTES AND WITH ALL VALVES CLOSED, THE VACUUM IS AT LEAST 9.0 INCHES OF MERCURY.	
9. ALL MANHOLES CONSTRUCTED OR REHABILITATED ON THIS PROJECT MUST HAVE WATERTIGHT SIZE ON SIZE RESILIENT CONNECTORS ALLOWING FOR DIFFERENTIAL SETTLEMENT. IF MANHOLES ARE CONSTRUCTED WITHIN THE 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN, THE COVER MUST HAVE A GASKET AND BE BOLTED TO THE RING. WHERE GASKETED MANHOLE COVERS ARE REQUIRED FOR MORE THAN THREE MANHOLES IN SEQUENCE OR FOR MORE THAN 1500 FEET, ALTERNATE MEANS OF VENTING WILL BE PROVIDED. BRICKS ARE NOT AN ACCEPTABLE CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL FOR ANY PORTION OF THE MANHOLE.	17. ALL PRIVATE SERVICE LATERALS MUST BE INSPECTED AND CERTIFIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH 30 TAC §213.5(C)(3)(I). AFTER INSTALLATION OF AND, PRIOR TO COVERING AND CONNECTING A PRIVATE SERVICE LATERAL TO AN EXISTING ORGANIZED SEWAGE COLLECTION SYSTEM, A TEXAS LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER, TEXAS REGISTERED SANITARIAN, OR APPROPRIATE CITY INSPECTOR MUST VISUALLY INSPECT THE PRIVATE SERVICE LATERAL AND THE CONNECTION TO THE SEWAGE COLLECTION SYSTEM, AND CERTIFY THAT IT IS CONSTRUCTED IN CONFORMITY WITH THE	
THE DIAMETER OF THE MANHOLES MUST BE A MINIMUM OF FOUR FEET AND THE MANHOLE FOR ENTRY MUST HAVE A MINIMUM CLEAR OPENING DIAMETER OF 30 INCHES. THESE DIMENSIONS AND OTHER DETAILS SHOWING COMPLIANCE WITH THE COMMISSION'S RULES CONCERNING MANHOLES AND SEWER LINE/MANHOLE INVERTS DESCRIBED IN 30 TAC §217.55 ARE INCLUDED ON PLAN SHEET 84 OF 93.	APPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION. THE OWNER OF THE COLLECTION SYSTEM MUST MAINTAIN SUCH CERTIFICATIONS FOR FIVE YEARS AND FORWARD COPIES TO THE APPROPRIATE REGIONAL OFFICE UPON REQUEST. CONNECTIONS MAY ONLY BE MADE TO AN APPROVED SEWAGE COLLECTION SYSTEM.	
IT IS SUGGESTED THAT ENTRANCE INTO MANHOLES IN EXCESS OF FOUR FEET DEEP BE ACCOMPLISHED BY MEANS OF A PORTABLE LADDER. THE INCLUSION OF STEPS IN A MANHOLE IS PROHIBITED.		
10. WHERE WATER LINES AND NEW SEWER LINE ARE INSTALLED WITH A SEPARATION DISTANCE CLOSER THAN NINE FEET (I.E., WATER LINES CROSSING WASTEWATER LINES, WATER LINES PARALLELING WASTEWATER LINES, OR WATER LINES NEXT TO MANHOLES) THE INSTALLATION MUST MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF 30 TAC §217.53(D) (PIPE DESIGN) AND 30 TAC §290.44(E) (WATER DISTRIBUTION).	AUSTIN REGIONAL OFFICE SAN ANTONIO REGIONAL OFFICE 12100 PARK 35 CIRCLE, BUILDING A 14250 JUDSON ROAD AUSTIN, TEXAS 78753-1808 SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS 78233-4480	
11. WHERE SEWERS LINES DEVIATE FROM STRAIGHT ALIGNMENT AND UNIFORM GRADE ALL CURVATURE OF SEWER PIPE MUST BE ACHIEVED BY THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURE WHICH IS RECOMMENDED BY THE PIPE MANUFACTURER: N/A	PHONE (512) 339-2929 PHONE (210) 490-3096 FAC (512) 339-3795 FAC (210) 545-4329	
IF PIPE FLEXURE IS PROPOSED, THE FOLLOWING METHOD OF PREVENTING DEFLECTION OF THE JOINT MUST BE USED: N/A SPECIFIC CARE MUST BE TAKEN TO ENSURE THAT THE JOINT IS PLACED IN THE CENTER OF THE TRENCH AND PROPERLY BEDDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH 30 TAC §217.54.		
12. NEW SEWAGE COLLECTION SYSTEM LINES MUST BE CONSTRUCTED WITH STUB OUTS FOR THE CONNECTION OF ANTICIPATED EXTENSIONS. THE LOCATION OF SUCH STUB OUTS MUST BE MARKED ON THE GROUND SUCH THAT THEIR LOCATION CAN BE EASILY DETERMINED AT THE TIME OF CONNECTION OF THE EXTENSIONS. SUCH STUB OUTS MUST BE MANUFACTURED WYES OR TEES THAT	WASTEWATER NOTES: 1. ALL NON-PRESSURE RATED SANITARY SEWER PIPE FOR THIS PROJECT SHALL BE SDR 26 PVC ASTM D-3034 WITH A BELLED JOINT TYPE	
ARE COMPATIBLE IN SIZE AND MATERIAL WITH BOTH THE SEWER LINE AND THE EXTENSION. AT THE TIME OF ORIGINAL CONSTRUCTION, NEW STUB-OUTS MUST BE CONSTRUCTED SUFFICIENTLY TO EXTEND BEYOND THE END OF THE STREET PAVEMENT. ALL STUB-OUTS MUST BE SEALED WITH A MANUFACTURED CAP TO PREVENT LEAKAGE. EXTENSIONS THAT WERE NOT ANTICIPATED AT THE TIME OF ORIGINAL CONSTRUCTION OR THAT ARE TO BE CONNECTED TO AN EXISTING SEWER LINE NOT FURNISHED WITH STUB OUTS MUST BE CONNECTED USING A MANUFACTURED SADDLE AND IN	CONFORMING TO ASTM D-3212. ALL PRESSURE RATED SANITARY SEWER PIPE FOR THIS PROJECT SHALL BE SDR 26 IPS PRESSURE ASTM 2241, CLASS160 PVC PIPE WITH INTEGRAL BELL JOINT TYPE CONFORMING TO ASTM D-3139 (160 PSI MIN. WORKING PRESSURE).	
ACCORDANCE WITH ACCEPTED PLUMBING TECHNIQUES. IF NO STUB-OUT IS PRESENT AN ALTERNATE METHOD OF JOINING LATERALS IS SHOWN IN THE DETAIL ON PLAN SHEET N/A. (FOR POTENTIAL FUTURE LATERALS).	ALL STANDARD GASKETS FOR JOINTS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PROJECT SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM F-477. ALL SEWER SERVICE CONNECTION THAT CROSS A WATERLINE SHALL BE PRESSURE RATED SDR 26 CLASS 160 CONFORMING TO ASTM D-2241, ALL OTHER	
THE PRIVATE SERVICE LATERAL STUB-OUTS MUST BE INSTALLED AS SHOWN ON THE PLAN AND PROFILE SHEETS ON PLAN SHEET N/A AND MARKED AFTER BACKFILLING AS SHOWN IN THE DETAIL ON PLAN SHEET N/A.	SEWER SERVICE CONNECTIONS SHALL BE SDR 26 CLASS 115 CONFORMING TO ASTM D-3034.	
13. TRENCHING, BEDDING AND BACKFILL MUST CONFORM WITH 30 TAC §217.54. THE BEDDING AND BACKFILL FOR FLEXIBLE PIPE MUST COMPLY WITH THE STANDARDS OF ASTM D-2321, CLASSES IA, IB, II OR III. RIGID PIPE BEDDING MUST COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM C 12 (ANSI A 106.2) CLASSES A, B OR C.		
14. SEWER LINES MUST BE TESTED FROM MANHOLE TO MANHOLE. WHEN A NEW SEWER LINE IS CONNECTED TO AN EXISTING STUB OR CLEAN-OUT, IT MUST BE TESTED FROM EXISTING MANHOLE TO NEW MANHOLE. IF A STUB OR CLEAN-OUT IS USED AT THE END OF THE PROPOSED SEWER LINE, NO PRIVATE SERVICE ATTACHMENTS MAY BE CONNECTED BETWEEN THE LAST MANHOLE AND THE CLEANOUT UNLESS IT CAN BE CERTIFIED AS CONFORMING WITH THE PROVISIONS OF 30 TAC §213.5(C)(3)(E).		
15. ALL SEWER LINES MUST BE TESTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH 30 TAC §217.57. THE ENGINEER MUST RETAIN COPIES OF ALL TEST RESULTS WHICH MUST BE MADE AVAILABLE TO THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR UPON REQUEST. THE ENGINEER MUST CERTIFY IN WRITING THAT ALL WASTEWATER LINES HAVE PASSED ALL REQUIRED TESTING TO THE APPROPRIATE REGIONAL OFFICE WITHIN 30		() A F
DAYS OF TEST COMPLTEION AND PRIOR TO USE OF THE NEW COLLECTION SYSTEM. TESTING METHOD WILL BE: (a) FOR A COLLECTION SYSTEM PIPE THAT WILL TRANSPORT WASTEWATER BY GRAVITY FLOW, THE DESIGN MUST SPECIFY AN INFILTRATION AND EXFILTRATION TEST OR A LOW-PRESSURE AIR TEST. A TEST MUST CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS:		
1. LOW PRESSURE AIR TEST. (A) A LOW PRESSURE AIR TEST MUST FOLLOW THE PROCEDURES DESCRIBED IN AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR TESTING AND MATERIALS (ASTM) C-828, ASTM C-924, OR ASTM F-1417 OR OTHER PROCEDURE APPROVED BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, EXCEPT AS TO TESTING TIMES AS REQUIRED IN TABLE C.3 IN SUBPARAGRAPH (C) OF THIS PARAGRAPH OR EQUATION C.3		
IN SUBPARAGRAPH (B)(II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH. (B) FOR SECTIONS OF COLLECTION SYSTEM PIPE LESS THAN 36 INCH AVERAGE INSIDE DIAMETER, THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURE MUST APPLY, UNLESS A PIPE IS TO BE TESTED AS REQUIRED BY PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION. (b) A PIPE MUST BE PRESSUBJIZED TO 3.5 POUNDS PER SOURCE INCH (RS)) OPERATER THAN THE PRESSURE EXERTED BY ORD INDIVIDUATER APOVE THE RIPE.		
(i) A PIPE MUST BE PRESSURIZED TO 3.5 POUNDS PER SQUARE INCH (PSI) GREATER THAN THE PRESSURE EXERTED BY GROUNDWATER ABOVE THE PIPE. (ii) ONCE THE PRESSURE IS STABILIZED, THE MINIMUM TIME ALLOWABLE FOR THE PRESSURE TO DROP FROM 3.5 PSI GAUGE TO 2.5 PSI GAUGE IS COMPUTED FROM THE FOLLOWING EQUATION:		
EQUATION C.3 $T = \frac{0.085 \times D \times K}{Q}$		
WHERE: Q		
T = TIME FOR PRESSURE TO DROP 1.0 POUND PER SQUARE INCH GAUGE IN SECONDS K = 0.000419 X D X L, BUT NOT LESS THAN 1.0 D = AVERAGE INSIDE PIPE DIAMETER IN INCHES L = LENGTH OF LINE OF SAME SIZE BEING TESTED, IN FEET		
Q = RATE OF LOSS, 0.0015 CUBIC FEET PER MINUTE PER SQUARE FOOT INTERNAL SURFACE (C) SINCE A K VALUE OF LESS THAN 1.0 MAY NOT BE USED, THE MINIMUM TESTING TIME FOR EACH PIPE DIAMETER IS SHOWN IN THE FOLLOWING TABLE C.3:		
DIDE DIAMETED MINIMUM TIME LENGTH FOR TIME FOR		
(INCHES) (SECONDS) MINIMUM TIME LENGTH LONGER LENGTH		
6 3404 3982 0.855		DESCE
8 5456 9823 1.520 10 76 91 2.374		ATF
12 80 99 3.419 15 850 159 5.342		SFV D
18 1020 133 7.693 21 1190 114 10.471		
24 1360 100 13.676 27 1530 88 17.309		
30 1700 80 21.369		
(D) AN OWNER MAY STOP A TEST IF NO PRESSURE LOSS HAS OCCURRED DURING THE FIRST 25% OF THE CALCULATED TESTING TIME. (E) IF ANY PRESSURE LOSS OR LEAKAGE HAS OCCURRED DURING THE FIRST 25% OF A TESTING PERIOD, THEN THE TEST MUST CONTINUE FOR THE ENTIRE TEST DURATION AS		
OÙTLINED ABOVE OR UNTIL FAILURE. (F) WASTEWATER COLLECTION SYSTEM PIPES WITH A 27 INCH OR LARGER AVERAGE INSIDE DIAMETER MAY BE AIR TESTED AT EACH JOINT INSTEAD OF FOLLOWING THE PROCEDURE OUTLINED IN THIS SECTION.		
(G) A TESTING PROCEDURE FOR PIPE WITH AN INSIDE DIAMETER GREATER THAN 33 INCHES MUST BE APPROVED BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR. (1) INFILTRATION/EXFILTRATION TEST.		



QuikTrip Store #4183 SCS Application

Section 5 – Temporary Stormwater

Temporary Stormwater Section

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(4)(A), (B), (D)(I) and (G); Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Temporary Stormwater Section** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The application was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: <u>Garrett D Keller, P.E.</u>
Date: <u>2/</u> 22/23
Signature of Customer/Agent:
Ant Holl
Regulated Entity Name: QuikTrip Store #4183

Project Information

Potential Sources of Contamination

Examples: Fuel storage and use, chemical storage and use, use of asphaltic products, construction vehicles tracking onto public roads, and existing solid waste.

Fuels for construction equipment and hazardous substances which will be used during construction:
The following fuels and/or hazardous substances will be stored on the site:
These fuels and/or hazardous substances will be stored in:
Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of less than 250 gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year.

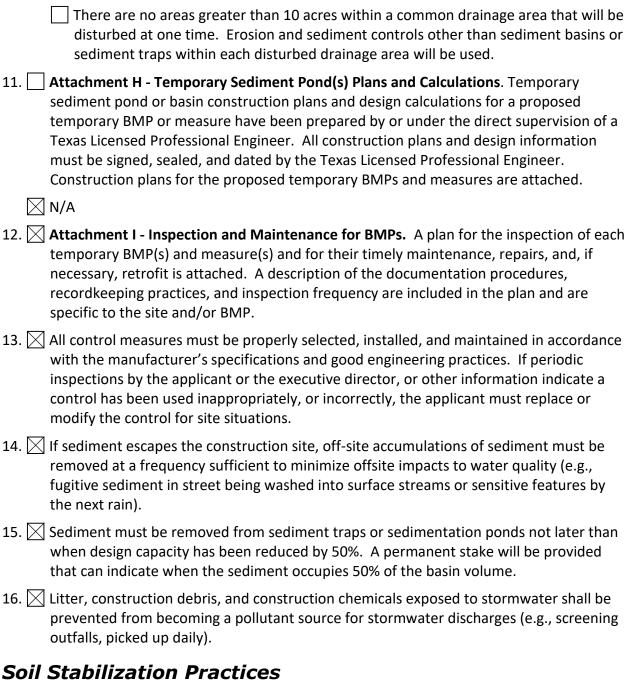
	Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity between 250 gallons and 499 gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year.
	Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of 500 gallons or more will be stored on the site. An Aboveground Storage Tank Facility Plan application must be submitted to the appropriate regional office of the TCEQ prior to moving the tanks onto the project.
	Fuels and hazardous substances will not be stored on the site.
2.	Attachment A - Spill Response Actions. A site specific description of the measures to be taken to contain any spill of hydrocarbons or hazardous substances is attached.
3.	Temporary aboveground storage tank systems of 250 gallons or more cumulative storage capacity must be located a minimum horizontal distance of 150 feet from any domestic, industrial, irrigation, or public water supply well, or other sensitive feature.
4.	Attachment B - Potential Sources of Contamination. A description of any activities or processes which may be a potential source of contamination affecting surface water quality is attached.
S	equence of Construction
5.	Attachment C - Sequence of Major Activities. A description of the sequence of major activities which will disturb soils for major portions of the site (grubbing, excavation, grading, utilities, and infrastructure installation) is attached.
	For each activity described, an estimate (in acres) of the total area of the site to be disturbed by each activity is given.
	For each activity described, include a description of appropriate temporary control measures and the general timing (or sequence) during the construction process that the measures will be implemented.
6.	Name the receiving water(s) at or near the site which will be disturbed or which will receive discharges from disturbed areas of the project: Lower Berry Creek

Temporary Best Management Practices (TBMPs)

Erosion control examples: tree protection, interceptor swales, level spreaders, outlet stabilization, blankets or matting, mulch, and sod. Sediment control examples: stabilized construction exit, silt fence, filter dikes, rock berms, buffer strips, sediment traps, and sediment basins. Please refer to the Technical Guidance Manual for guidelines and specifications. All structural BMPs must be shown on the site plan.

7. Attachment D – Temporary Best Management Practices and Measures. TBMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, and stormwater. The construction-phase BMPs for erosion and sediment controls have been designed to retain sediment on site to the extent practicable. The following information is attached:

	A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site.
	A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff from the site.
	A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollutants from entering surface streams, sensitive features, or the aquifer.
	A description of how, to the maximum extent practicable, BMPs and measures will maintain flow to naturally-occurring sensitive features identified in either the geologic assessment, TCEQ inspections, or during excavation, blasting, or construction.
8.	The temporary sealing of a naturally-occurring sensitive feature which accepts recharge to the Edwards Aquifer as a temporary pollution abatement measure during active construction should be avoided.
	Attachment E - Request to Temporarily Seal a Feature. A request to temporarily seal a feature is attached. The request includes justification as to why no reasonable and practicable alternative exists for each feature.
	There will be no temporary sealing of naturally-occurring sensitive features on the site.
9.	Attachment F - Structural Practices . A description of the structural practices that will be used to divert flows away from exposed soils, to store flows, or to otherwise limit runoff discharge of pollutants from exposed areas of the site is attached. Placement of structural practices in floodplains has been avoided.
10	Attachment G - Drainage Area Map . A drainage area map supporting the following requirements is attached:
	For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a sediment basin will be provided.
	For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a smaller sediment basin and/or sediment trap(s) will be used.
	For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a sediment basin or other equivalent controls are not
	attainable, but other TBMPs and measures will be used in combination to protect
	down slope and side slope boundaries of the construction area. There are no areas greater than 10 acres within a common drainage area that will be
	disturbed at one time. A smaller sediment basin and/or sediment trap(s) will be used in combination with other erosion and sediment controls within each disturbed drainage area.



Examples: establishment of temporary vegetation, establishment of permanent vegetation, mulching, geotextiles, sod stabilization, vegetative buffer strips, protection of trees, or preservation of mature vegetation.

17. Attachment J - Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices. A schedule of the interim and permanent soil stabilization practices for the site is attached.

- 18. Records must be kept at the site of the dates when major grading activities occur, the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site, and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 19. Stabilization practices must be initiated as soon as practicable where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased.

Administrative Information

- 20. All structural controls will be inspected and maintained according to the submitted and approved operation and maintenance plan for the project.
- 21. If any geologic or manmade features, such as caves, faults, sinkholes, etc., are discovered, all regulated activities near the feature will be immediately suspended. The appropriate TCEQ Regional Office shall be immediately notified. Regulated activities must cease and not continue until the TCEQ has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the aquifer from any adverse impacts.
- 22. Silt fences, diversion berms, and other temporary erosion and sediment controls will be constructed and maintained as appropriate to prevent pollutants from entering sensitive features discovered during construction.

General Response Actions

- 1. All leaks and spills should be cleaned immediately.
- 2. Rags, mops, and absorbent material may all be used to cleanup a spill.
- 3. If these materials are used to clean a hazardous material, then they must be disposed of as hazardous waste.
- 4. Never hose down or bury dry material spills.

Minor Spills

If a minor spill occurs (typically small quantities of oil, gasoline, etc.) the following actions should be taken.

- 1. Contain the spread of the spill
- 2. Recover spilled materials
- 3. Clean the contaminated area and properly dispose of contaminated materials

Semi-Significant Spills

If a semi-significant spill occurs the following actions should be taken.

- 1. Contain spread of the spill
- 2. Notify the project foreman immediately.
- 3. If the spill occurs on paved or impermeable surfaces, clean up using "dry" methods (absorbent materials, cat litter and/or rags). Contain the spill by encircling with absorbent materials and do not let the spill spread widely.
- 4. If the spill occurs in dirt areas, immediately contain the spill by constructing an earthen dike. Dig up and properly dispose of contaminated soil.
- 5. If the spill occurs during rain, cover spill with tarps or other material to prevent contaminating runoff.

Significant/Hazardous Spills

If a significant or hazardous spill occurs in reportable quantities the following actions should be taken.

- 1. Notify the TCEQ by telephone as soon as possible and within 24 hours at (512) 339-2929 (Austin) or (210) 490-3096 (San Antonio) between 8 am and 5 pm. After hours, contact the Environmental Release Hotline at 1-800-832-8224. It is the contractor's responsibility to have all emergency phone numbers at the construction site.
- 2. For spills of federal reportable quantities, in conformance with the requirements in 40 CFR parts 110, 119, and 302, the contactor should notify the National Response Center at 1-800-424-8802 or via the webpage at https://www.tceq.texas.gov/response/spills/spill_rq.html
- 3. Notification should first be made by telephone and followed up with a written report.
- 4. The services of a spills contractor or a Haz-Mat team should be obtained immediately. Construction personnel should not attempt to clean up until the appropriate and qualified staffs have arrived at the job site.
- 5. Other agencies which may need to be consulted include, but are not limited to, the City Police Department, County Sheriff Office, Fire Departments, etc.

Potential sources of contamination that may occur are:

- Oil, grease, fuel, and hydraulic fluid from construction equipment and vehicle drippings
- Miscellaneous trash and litter from construction workers and material wrappings
- Construction debris
- Excess application of fertilizers, herbicides, and pesticides

Preventative measures that will be taken to reduce contamination are:

- Vehicle maintenance will be performed within the construction staging area
- Trash containers will be placed throughout the site to encourage proper trash disposal if necessary
- Construction debris will be monitored daily be the contractor. Debris will be collected weekly and placed in disposal bins. Situations requiring immediate attention will be addressed on a case by case basis
- Fertilizers, herbicides, and pesticides will be applied only when necessary and in accordance with manufacturer's directions

Site and Utility Construction

- 1. Mobilization of the contractor's equipment. (.5 acres disturbed)
- 2. Installation of temporary best management practices as described in attachment "D" of this section (Silt Fence, Construction Entrance, and Rock Berms).
- 3. Construction of permanent best management practices. (Batch Detention Pond. See Permanent Stormwater Section Attachment "F")
- 4. Trenching and installation of utilities.
- 5. Construction of driveways, sidewalks, and site improvements
- 6. Establishment of permanent soil stabilization on disturbed areas for road and utility construction.
- 7. Removal of Temporary BMP's.

- **a.** All upgradient stormwater entering the site will be treated by the BMPs that will prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off site. See a list of these BMPs in section "b."
- **b.** The BMPs that will prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off site are:
 - i. Temporary Construction Entrance/Exit The installation of a stabilized construction entrance/exit will reduce the dispersion of sediment from the site. See Sheet 2 of the WPAP Site Plan which contains a copy of Section 1.4.2 from the Edwards Aquifer Rules: Technical Guidance on Best Management Practices for materials, installation, common trouble points, inspection and maintenance.
 - ii. **Silt Fence** The erection of silt fence along the boundary of construction activities will provide temporary erosion and sedimentation control. See Sheet 2 of the WPAP Site Plan which contains a copy of Section 1.4.3 from the Edwards Aquifer Rules: Technical Guidance on Best Management Practices for materials, installation, common trouble points, inspection and maintenance.
 - iii. Rock Berm The use of rock berms throughout the site will provide temporary erosion and sedimentation control. See Sheet 2 of the WPAP Site Plan which contains a copy of Section 1.4.5 from the Edwards Aquifer Rules: Technical Guidance on Best Management Practices for materials, installation, common trouble points, inspection and maintenance.
 - iv. Inlet Protection The installation of inlet protection consisting of permeable barriers will provide removal of sediment prior to it entering storm drain inlets. Install protection at storm sewer inlets that are operable during construction. Inlet protection materials should be approved by local jurisdiction prior to installation and should ensure that flows are treated and able to enter the storm drain without causing local flooding.
 - v. **Construction Staging Area** The construction staging area will provide onsite pollution prevention.
 - vi. Concrete Truck Washout Pit A concrete truck washout pit aids in the final cleanup and prevents unnecessary discharge of concrete residue from contaminating the storm water runoff. See Sheet 2 of the WPAP Site Plan which contains a copy of Section 1.4.18 from the Edwards Aquifer Rules: Technical Guidance on Best Management Practices for materials, installation, common trouble points, inspection and maintenance.
- **c.** Silt fence and rock berms (see section "b") will be used to prevent sediment-laden runoff from entering sensitive features on this site and surface streams off the site.

d. The flow to the natural sensitive features on this site, to a maximum practical extent, will not be disturbed. No clearing, excavation or grading will occur within the buffer zone of the sensitive feature. If another naturally occurring sensitive feature is identified during construction all activity will be stopped and the contractor should notify TCEQ.

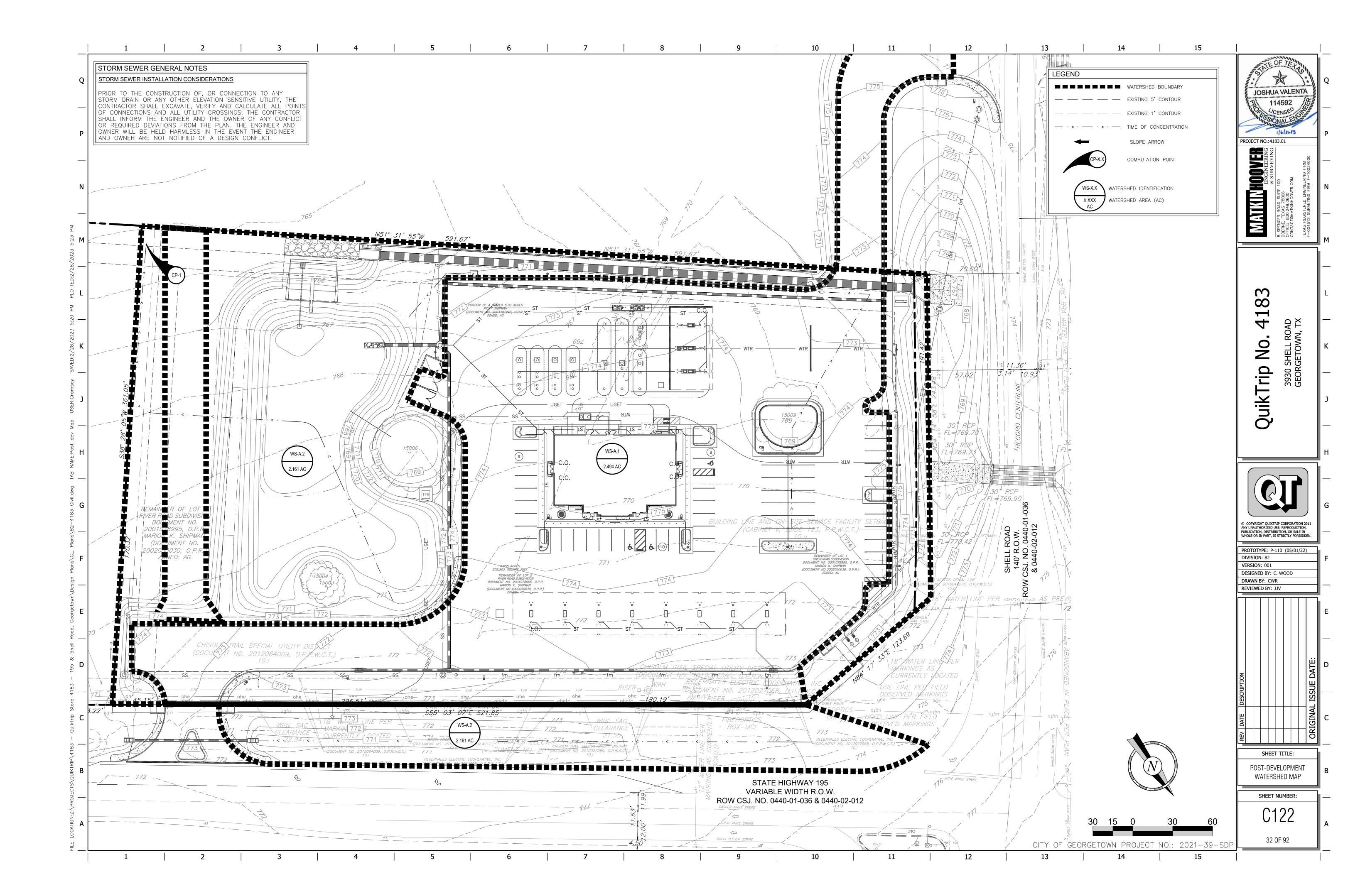
QUIKTRIP 4183 STRUCTURAL PRACTICES

Structural practices installed to prevent the runoff of pollutants from exposed areas of the site are:

- Silt fence
- Inlet Protection
- Stabilized Construction Entrance/Exit
- Construction Staging Area
- Concrete Truck Washout Pit
- Rock Berm

For the majority of the disturbed soil within the limits of this project, silt fence will capture and hold sediment laden runoff.

Placement of these structure practices within the floodplain will be avoided.



		·		CONDITIONS		C CALOUR T-10-12 /2 2	Marila D. etc. 5												
overning References:			EXISTING (CONDITIONS - MASTER	t DRAINAGE ANALYSIS	S CALCULATIONS (SCS	Method) - City of Ge	eorgetown, Texas	25	. 1									1 × 1
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ontrol Design Manual, 20	04	Mann	24-hr P2= 4.20	Trave eq. 100'L.		Ave Velo TR-55, 5.4		Travel :	eq 4 eq 4- TC = Tsh + Tcl	SCS Met	rates calculated using HEC	C-HMS 4.8							431
WATERSHE	DS		OVERLAND FLO		SHALLOW CONCEN	NTRATED FLOW	CH	HANNEL	LAG TIME	Poak Ele	ow; Q (c.f.s.) PER FREQUE	NCV STOPM							NO.
COMP. CONTRIBUTING	AREA ACREAGE (Ac.)	CN	n L	s Tsh PAV		vel. Tsc	L s	vel. To		ag									
CP-1 WS-A	4.655	80 0.1		(%) (min) (Y/N 1.0% 10.1 N	/N) (ft) (%) N 538 1.8%		(ft) (%)	(ft/s) (mi		(in) 2 .4 8.1	10 25 13.2 16.9	100 36.1							PROJECT I
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ty of Georgetown Draina	ge and Erosion		4-2	- 1 Time - 4-4 F. May		rage ocity: , Figur 4.2 Time:		Time:	- 4-8 4-3; sh + Ts Tch	DESIGNATION DESIGN	GN STORM ANALYSIS MET od for drainage areas with	HODOLGY detention: Flow			259 AC	70%			
ontrol Design Manual, 20	04	Mann:	24-hr P2= 4.20	Travel -		Ave Velc TR-55, 5.4		Travel	eq	se ⊢ ra	tes calculated using HEC-H	HMS 4.8	PERVIOUS	1.4		30%			
1	VATERSHEDS		OVERLAND FLO		SHALLOW CONCEN	NTRATED FLOW	CH	HANNEL	LAG TIME	Poak Fl	ow; Q (c.f.s.) PER FREQUE	ENCY STORM	PAVEMENT C			80			
OMP. CONTRIBUTING	AREA ACREAGE (Ac.)	CN	n L (ft)	s Tsh PAV		vel. Tsc	(ft) (%)	vel. To		ag			CALCULATED	CN =		93			
CD 1 WS-A.1	4.655	93 0.0		(%) (min) (Y/N 1.0% 1.4 Y				(ft/s) (mi		2 5.8	10 25 9.3 14.3	27.8							
WS-A.2	4.033	93 0.0	511 100 1	.0% 1.4 1	700 1.07	3.0 3.7		IN/	A / / 4	.2 3.8	9.3 14.3	27.0							
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overning References: ty of Georgetown Draina	ge and Fracion	1g's: 4-2	Time: 4-4 . Max.		ge ty:	Time: 4-5		7 Time: 4-8 4-3; h + Tsc ch	~ ·		SIS METHODOLGY								o l
ontrol Design Manual, 20		able	ravel -		Average Velocity: R-55, Figu	avel Ti	-	eq 4- eq 4- eq 4-3 = Tsh + Tch	상 이 SCS Method	d for drainage are es calculated usin	as with detention; Flow g HEC HMS 4.8								_ <u>-</u>
WATERSHE	DS.	24-hr P2		CHALLOW	CONCENTRATED FLOW	<u> </u>	CHANNEL	<u> </u>	Ĕ						pment v. Post-I				7
OMP. CONTRIBUTING		L	s Tsh	PAVED L	s vel.	Tsc L		Tch TC	Tlag Peak Flo	ow; Q (c.f.s.) PER	FREQUENCY STORM			(NKCS	Unit Hydrograp	orm Event Frequ	iency		(
OINT AREAS	(Ac.)	n (ft)	(%) (min)	(Y/N) (ft)	(%) (ft/s)	(min) (ft)		(min) (Min)	(Min) 2	10	25 100					10-year 25-ye			
P-1.1 WS-A.1 WS-A.2	4.655	0.011 100	1.0% 1.4	Y 700	1.0% 5.0	5.7		N/A 7	4.2 17.2	17.5	21.4 52.5			Dueslassel	(cfs)	(cfs) (cfs	- 		2
<u>—</u>	<u> </u>	<u>—</u>			<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>					Predevelopment Post-Development	8.1	13.2 16.9			Z;
			MASTER DRA	INAGE ANALYSIS CALC	ULATIONS (Rational	Method) - City of Geor	getown, Texas						WS-A	without Detention Post-Development	17.2	17.5 21.4			<u> </u>
verning References:			:: ×	The state of the s	ē			e: 2; Tsc					(CP-1)	with Detention	5.8	9.3 14.3			
y of Georgetown; Draina anual, 2004	age Design	ning's: le 2-4	vel Timo 7: - 2-2 L.F. Ma		Average Velocity: (-55, Figu	el Time 2-3		rel Time 2-4 - 2-4 on 2.4. on 2.4. Tsh + T	DESIGN STORM AN Rational Method (Q =	C*I*A) for Draina				Difference (w/o Det) Percent Change	9.1	4.3 4.5 32.6% 26.6°	- 		
		24-hr P2	= 4.20 Trave = 00.1		A. A. Ve	Trave		Trave eq. Section TC = 7	less tha	n 200 acres;									
WATERSHE	T -	OVERLA .	AND FLOW		CONCENTRATED FLOW	Too	CHANNEL	Tob TO	Peak Flow; Q (c.f.s.)	PER FREQUENCY	STORM			Predevelopment Post-Development	8.1	13.2 16.9			
OMP. CONTRIBUTING OINT AREAS	AREA ACREAGE (Ac.)	n <u>L</u> (ft)	s Tsh (%) (min)	PAVED L (Y/N) (ft)	s vel. (%) (ft/s)	Tsc L (min) (ft)		Tch TC (min) (Min)	2 5	25	100		WS-A	without Detention	17.2	17.5 21.4	4 52.5		
1 WS-1	0.122	0.011	N/A	Y		N/A		N/A 5	0.8 0.9	1.2	1.4		(CP-1)	Post-Development with Detention	5.8	9.3 14.3	3 27.8		
ilding							<u> </u>	Rainfall Intensity (I); Runoff Coefficient (C);	6.479 7.680 0.97 0.97	9.839 0.97	0.97			Difference (w Det) Percent Change	-2.3 -28.4%	-3.9 -2.6 -29.5% -15.4	 		
2 WS-2	0.046	0.011	N/A	Y		N/A		N/A 5	0.3 0.3	0.4	0.5			. Joseph Gridinge	-20.47/0	-10.4	-20.070		
Canopy								Rainfall Intensity (I); Runoff Coefficient (C);	6.479 7.680 0.97 0.97	9.839 0.97	11.880 0.97								© COPYRIGHT
3 WS-3	0.154	0.011	N/A	Υ		N/A		N/A 5	1.0 1.1	1.5	1.8								© COPYRIGH ANY UNAUTHO PUBLICATION, WHOLE OR IN
to Canopy	·	<u> </u>				1		Rainfall Intensity (I);	6.479 7.680	9.839	11.880								PROTOTY
4 WS-4	0.699	0.011	N/A	Τ γ Ι		N/A		Runoff Coefficient (C); N/A 5	0.97 0.97 4.4 5.2	0.97 6.7	0.97 8.1								DIVISION:
H-D02	1		1 1,7,7			.		Rainfall Intensity (I);	6.479 7.680	9.839	11.880								VERSION: DESIGNED
5 WS-5	0.248	0.011	N1/A			N/A		Runoff Coefficient (C); N/A 5	0.97 0.97 1.6 1.8	0.97 2.4	0.97 2.9								DRAWN BY
	0.240	0.011	N/A			177		Rainfall Intensity (I);	1.6 1.8 6.479 7.680	9.839	11.880								
A03	0.000	0.011	1			NI/A		Runoff Coefficient (C);	0.97 0.97	0.97	0.97								
6 WS-6	0.690	0.011	N/A	<u> </u>		N/A		N/A 5 Rainfall Intensity (I);	4.3 5.1 6.479 7.680	9.839	8.0								
B01	· ·	ı	1			ı		Runoff Coefficient (C);	0.97 0.97	0.97	0.97								
7 WS-7	0.663	0.011	N/A	<u> </u>		N/A		N/A 5 Rainfall Intensity (I);	4.2 4.9 6.479 7.680	6.3 9.839	7.6 11.880								
B02								Runoff Coefficient (C);	6.479 7.680 0.97 0.97	0.97	0.97								
8 WS-8	0.441	0.011	N/A	Y		N/A		N/A 5	2.8 3.3	4.2	5.1								NOIL
D02							<u> </u>	Rainfall Intensity (I); Runoff Coefficient (C);	6.479 7.680 0.97 0.97	9.839 0.97	0.97								SCRIP
								y,y, (O)/	0.57	3.37									DES
)ATE
																			TIME 0
																			SI
																_		ECT NO.: 2021—39—SI	

Designated and qualified person(s) shall inspect Pollution Control Measures every seven days and within 24 hours after a storm event. An inspection report that summarized the scope of the inspection, names and qualifications of personnel conducting the inspection, date of inspection, major observations, and actions taken as a result of the inspection shall be recorded and maintained as part of the Storm Water T.P.D.E.S. Plan. A copy of the inspection report form is provided as page 2 of this attachment. Inspection and Maintenance Guidelines are as follows:

Construction Entrance:

- (1) The entrance should be maintained in a condition, which will prevent tracking or flowing of sediment onto public rights-of-way. This may require periodic top dressing with additional stone as conditions demand and repair and/or cleanout of any measures used to trap sediment.
- (2) All sediment spilled, dropped, washed or tracked onto public rights-of-way should be removed immediately by contractor.
- (3) When necessary, wheels should be cleaned to remove sediment prior to entrance onto public right-of-way.
- (4) When washing is required, it should be done on an area stabilized with crushed stone that drains into an approved sediment trap or sediment basin.
- (5) All sediment should be prevented from entering any storm drain, ditch or water course by using approved methods.

Inlet Protection:

- (1) Inspection should be made weekly and after each rainfall. Repair or replacement should be made promptly as needed by the contractor.
- (2) Remove sediment when buildup reaches a depth of 3 inches. Removed sediment should be deposited in a suitable area and in such a manner that it will not erode.
- (3) Check placement of device to prevent gaps between device and curb.
- (4) Inspect filter fabric and patch or replace if torn or missing.
- (5) Structures should be removed and the area stabilized only after the remaining drainage area has been properly stabilized.

Silt Fence:

- (1) Inspect all fencing weekly, and after any rainfall.
- (2) Remove sediment when buildup reaches 6 inches.
- (3) Replace any torn fabric or install a second line of fencing parallel to the torn section.
- (4) Replace or repair any sections crushed or collapsed in the course of construction activity. If a section of fence is obstructing vehicular access, consider relocating it to a spot where it will provide equal protection, but will not obstruct vehicles. A triangular filter dike may be preferable to a silt fence at common vehicle access points.
- (5) When construction is complete, the sediment should be disposed of in a manner that will not cause additional siltation and the prior location of the silt fence should be revegetated. The fence itself should be disposed of in an approved landfill.

QUIKTRIP 4183 INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE FOR BMPs (ATTACHMENT I)

Temporary/Permanent Vegetation:

- (1) Permanent vegetation should be inspected weekly and after each rain event to locate and repair any erosion.
- (2) Erosion from storms or other damage should be repaired as soon as practical by regrading the area and applying new seed.
- (3) If the vegetated cover is less than 80%, the area should be reseeded.

Rock Berm:

- (1) Inspection should be made weekly and after each rainfall by the responsible party. For installations in streambeds, additional daily inspections should be made.
- (2) Remove sediment and other debris when buildup reaches 6 inches and dispose of the accumulated silt in an approved manner that will not cause any additional siltation.
- (3) Repair any loose wire sheathing.
- (4) The berm should be reshaped as needed during inspection.
- (5) The berm should be replaced when the structure ceases to function as intended due to silt accumulation among the rocks, washout, construction traffic damage, etc.
- (6) The rock berm should be left in place until all upstream areas are stabilized and accumulated silt removed.

INSPEC	CTION REPORT	
Approved Inspection intervals:		
i. Conducted once of	every 7 days AND within 24 hou	rs
after rainfall ever	nt greater than 0.5 inch	
DD O HECT MANGE		
PROJECT NAME		
REPORT # DATE		
INSPECTOR	TITLE	
REASON FOR INSPECTION (CHECK		' Rain
DATE OF LAST RAINFALL	AMOUNT	<u></u>
SITE	CONDITIONS:	
EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION	IN CONFORMANCE	EFFECTIVE
CONTROLS		
Concrete Washout Area	Yes/No/Na	Yes/No
Construction Entrance	Yes/No/Na	Yes/No
Permanent Vegetation	Yes/No/Na	Yes/No
Silt Fence	Yes/No/Na	Yes/No
Rock Berm	Yes/No/Na	Yes/No
Inlet Protection	Yes/No/Na	Yes/No
RECOMMENDED REMEDIAL	ACTIONS:	
COMMENTS:		
	his document and all attachments we	
my direction or supervision with a system degathered and evaluated the information subm		
who manage the system or those persons dire		
information submitted is, to the best of my ki	nowledge and belief, true, accurate, a	nd complete. I am
aware that there are significant penalties for	submitting false information, includi	ng the possibility of
fine and imprisonment."		
INSPECTOR:	DATE:	

Soil stabilization practices will be used to reduce the amount of erosion from the site. Only the areas essential for immediate construction should be cleared. This will keep a buffer zone around the area of construction as these areas will remain undisturbed until construction begins there.

Interim soil stabilization areas are determined in the field. Temporary vegetation will be used as an aid to control erosion on critical sites during establishment period of protective vegetation when construction is temporarily ceased.

Permanent soil stabilization areas are indicated on the included Site Plan. Permanent seeding will take place in these areas when construction is permanently ceased.

Stabilization practices should be installed according to the following rules:

- Stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practical in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, but in no case more than 14 days after the construction activity in that portion of the site has temporarily or permanently ceased.
- Where the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day after construction activity temporarily or permanently ceased is precluded by weather conditions, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practical.
- In areas experiencing droughts where the initiation of stabilization measure by the 14th day after construction activity has temporarily or permanently ceased is precluded by seasonal arid conditions, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practical.
- Bare soils should be seeded or otherwise stabilized within 14 calendar days after final grading or where construction activity has temporarily ceased for more than 21 days.



QuikTrip Store #4183 SCS Application

Section 6 – Agent Authorization Form

Agent Authorization Form

For Required Signature
Edwards Aquifer Protection Program
Relating to 30 TAC Chapter 213
Effective June 1, 1999

1	WESCEY WEIGHT	
,	Print Name	
	SUSTEMS ENGINEERING DIRECTOR Title - Owner/President/Other	
	Title - Owner/President/Other	
of	City of Georgetown	
2	Corporation/Partnership/Entity Name	
have authorized _	Garrett Keller	
	Print Name of Agent/Engineer	
of	Matkin Hoover Engineering	
	Print Name of Firm	

to represent and act on the behalf of the above named Corporation, Partnership, or Entity for the purpose of preparing and submitting this plan application to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the review and approval consideration of regulated activities.

I also understand that:

- 1. The applicant is responsible for compliance with 30 Texas Administrative Code Chapter 213 and any condition of the TCEQ's approval letter. The TCEQ is authorized to assess administrative penalties of up to \$10,000 per day per violation.
- 2. For those submitting an application who are not the property owner, but who have the right to control and possess the property, additional authorization is required from the owner.
- 3. Application fees are due and payable at the time the application is submitted. The application fee must be sent to the TCEQ cashier or to the appropriate regional office. The application will not be considered until the correct fee is received by the commission.
- 4. A notarized copy of the Agent Authorization Form must be provided for the person preparing the application, and this form must accompany the completed application.
- No person shall commence any regulated activity on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone, Contributing Zone or Transition Zone until the appropriate application for the activity has been filed with and approved by the Executive Director.

SIGNATURE PAGE:

Applicant's Signature

01/10/23 Date

THE STATE OF TEXAS §
County of WILLIAMSON §

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared wester which known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged to me that (s)he executed same for the purpose and consideration therein expressed.

GIVEN under my hand and seal of office on this 10 day of JANUARY BORS.

NOTARY PUBLIC

SHEILA K. MITCHELL
Typed or Printed Name of Notary

MY COMMISSION EXPIRES: 11-10-2025

SHEILA KAYE MITCHELL Notary Public, State of Texas Comm. Expires 11-10-2025 Notary ID 133441435

Agent Authorization Form

For Required Signature
Edwards Aquifer Protection Program
Relating to 30 TAC Chapter 213
Effective June 1, 1999

	Kyla Rudd	
	Print Name	
	Environmental Project Manager	
	Title - Owner/President/Other	
of	QT South, LLC Corporation/Partnership/Entity Name	
have authorized	Garrett Keller	
mave authorized	Print Name of Agent/Engineer	
of	Matkin Hoover Engineering	
	Print Name of Firm	

to represent and act on the behalf of the above named Corporation, Partnership, or Entity for the purpose of preparing and submitting this plan application to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the review and approval consideration of regulated activities.

I also understand that:

- 1. The applicant is responsible for compliance with 30 Texas Administrative Code Chapter 213 and any condition of the TCEQ's approval letter. The TCEQ is authorized to assess administrative penalties of up to \$10,000 per day per violation.
- 2. For those submitting an application who are not the property owner, but who have the right to control and possess the property, additional authorization is required from the owner.
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- 4. A notarized copy of the Agent Authorization Form must be provided for the person preparing the application, and this form must accompany the completed application.
- 5. No person shall commence any regulated activity on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone, Contributing Zone or Transition Zone until the appropriate application for the activity has been filed with and approved by the Executive Director.

SIGNATURE PAGE:

Applicant's Signature	1/16/2023 Date
THE STATE OF Clahomas	
County of <u>Tulsa</u> §	
ne that (s)he executed same for the	hority, on this day personally appeared Lya Rodd known me is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged to me purpose and consideration therein expressed.
GIVEN under my hand and seal of	office on this le day of January, 2023
#20013729 EXP. 11/06/24 #UNITED OF OKLANING	NOTARY BUBLIC Paige Herlin Typed or Printed Name of Notary
EXP. 11/06/24 OF OKLANINI	MY COMMISSION EXPIRES: 11/04/24
•••	



QuikTrip Store #4183 SCS Application

Section 7 – Application Fee

Application re	e rorm	
Texas Commission on Environme	ental Quality	
Name of Proposed Regulated Ent	ity: QuikTrip Store #4183	
Regulated Entity Location: 3920 S	Shell Rd, Georgetown	
Name of Customer: QT South, LLC		
Contact Person: Kyla Rudd		918-615-7700
Customer Reference Number (if i		
Regulated Entity Reference Numl		22
Austin Regional Office (3373)		<u></u>
Hays	Travis	Williamson
San Antonio Regional Office (336		
Bexar	Medina	Uvalde
Comal	Kinney	
Application fees must be paid by	check, certified check, or r	noney order, payable to the Texa s
Commission on Environmental C	Quality . Your canceled che	ck will serve as your receipt. This
form must be submitted with yo	ur fee payment. This pay	ment is being submitted to:
Austin Regional Office	□San	Antonio Regional Office
Mailed to: TCEQ - Cashier		rnight Delivery to: TCEQ - Cashier
Revenues Section		00 Park 35 Circle
Mail Code 214		
P.O. Box 13088		ding A, 3rd Floor
		tin, TX 78753
Austin, TX 78711-3088		2)239-0357
Site Location (Check All That App	oly):	
Recharge Zone	Contributing Zone	Transition Zone

Type of Plan	Size	Fee Due
Water Pollution Abatement Plan, Contributing Zone		
Plan: One Single Family Residential Dwelling	Acres	\$
Water Pollution Abatement Plan, Contributing Zone		
Plan: Multiple Single Family Residential and Parks	Acres	\$
Water Pollution Abatement Plan, Contributing Zone		
Plan: Non-residential	Acres	\$
Sewage Collection System	1468 L.F.	\$ 734
Lift Stations without sewer lines	Acres	\$
Underground or Aboveground Storage Tank Facility	Tanks	\$
Piping System(s)(only)	Each	\$
Exception	Each	\$
Extension of Time	Each	\$

Date:	

Application Fee Schedule

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Edwards Aquifer Protection Program 30 TAC Chapter 213 (effective 05/01/2008)

Water Pollution Abatement Plans and Modifications

Contributing Zone Plans and Modifications

Contributing Lone Flans and Floatineations	Project Area in	
Project	Acres	Fee
One Single Family Residential Dwelling	< 5	\$650
Multiple Single Family Residential and Parks	< 5	\$1,500
	5 < 10	\$3,000
	10 < 40	\$4,000
	40 < 100	\$6,500
	100 < 500	\$8,000
	≥ 500	\$10,000
Non-residential (Commercial, industrial,	< 1	\$3,000
institutional, multi-family residential, schools, and	1 < 5	\$4,000
other sites where regulated activities will occur)	5 < 10	\$5,000
	10 < 40	\$6,500
	40 < 100	\$8,000
	≥ 100	\$10,000

Organized Sewage Collection Systems and Modifications

Project	Cost per Linear Foot	Minimum Fee- Maximum Fee			
Sewage Collection Systems	\$0.50	\$650 - \$6,500			

Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank System Facility Plans and Modifications

Project	Cost per Tank or Piping System	Minimum Fee- Maximum Fee
Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank Facility	\$650	\$650 - \$6,500

Exception Requests

Project	Fee
Exception Request	\$500

Extension of Time Requests

Project	Fee
Extension of Time Request	\$150



QuikTrip Store #4183 SCS Application

Section 9 – TCEQ Core Data Form

TCEQ Use Only



TCEQ Core Data Form

For detailed instructions regarding completion of this form, please read the Core Data Form Instructions or call 512-239-5175.

SECTION I: General Inform	mation	,	,							
1. Reason for Submission (If other i	s checked please o	describe in	n space p	provided.)					
New Permit, Registration or Autho	rization (Core Data	a Form sho	ould be s	submitted	l with t	the pro	gram application	1.)		
Renewal (Core Data Form should	d be submitted with	the renev	wal form)		Othe	r				
2. Customer Reference Number (if is	sued) F	Follow this I	ink to sea	arch 3.	. Regu	ulated	Entity Reference	e Number	(if issued)	
CN 605786011		for CN or RN numbers in Central Registry** RN 111592622							é	
SECTION II: Customer Inf	<u>ormation</u>									
4. General Customer Information	5. Effective Da	te for Cus	stomer I	nformat	ion U	pdates	(mm/dd/yyyy)			
☐ New Customer	⊠ Upo	date to Cu	stomer Ir	nformatio	on		☐ Change in	Regulated E	Entity Ownership	
☐Change in Legal Name (Verifiable w	ith the Texas Secr	etary of S	tate or T	exas Co	mptrol	ller of F	Public Accounts)			
The Customer Name submitted	d here may be	updated	d auton	naticali	ly ba	sed o	n what is cu	rrent and	active with the	
Texas Secretary of State (SOS) or Texas Con	nptrollei	r of Pul	blic Ac	coun	ıts (C	PA).			
6. Customer Legal Name (If an individual, print last name first: eg: Doe, John) If new Customer, enter previous Customer below:										
QUIKTRIP CORPORATION	I									
7. TX SOS/CPA Filing Number	8. TX State Tax	x ID (11 digi	ts)		9 Fe	ederal	Tax ID (9 digits)	10 DUNS	S Number (if applicable)	
12299906	173067537		13)			0675		10. DON	o itamber (ii applicable)	
	500000 ADV 5000000 30 S		المطانياطيي		, ,					
11. Type of Customer: Corpora			Individua		Partnership: ☐ General ☐ Limited					
Government: City County Federal	☐ State ☐ Other		Sole Pro	oprietors			other:		(-10	
12. Number of Employees ☐ 0-20 ☐ 21-100 ☐ 101-250	251-500	⊠ 501 a	nd highe	er	13. I		ndently Owned	and Opera	ted?	
14. Customer Role (Proposed or Actual)	– as it relates to the	Regulated	Entity lis	ted on thi	s form.	Please	check one of the	followina:		
Owner Oper				Operator			100 010000000000 104-004 10 1000000			
	oonsible Party			Cleanup		cant	Other:			
QT South, LLC		ă.								
15. Mailing 4705 SOUTH 129	TH FAST AV	/FNI IF								
Address: City TUSLA		State	OK	ZII	D 7	74134	1	ZIP + 4		
		State						ZIF T 4		
16. Country Mailing Information (if ou	tside USA)						(if applicable)			
18. Telephone Number	10). Extensi		krudd(<i>w</i> qui		20. Fax Numbe	r (if applicat	2/0)	
		. Exterior	011 01 00	ouc			/ \	і (іі арріісаг	ne)	
(918) 615-7233							() -			
SECTION III: Regulated E	ntity Inform	ation								
21. General Regulated Entity Informa	tion (If 'New Regu	lated Entit	ty" is sele	ected be	low thi	is form	should be acco	mpanied by	a permit application)	
☐ New Regulated Entity ☐ Update	e to Regulated Ent	ity Name	⊠ U _l	pdate to	Regul	ated E	ntity Information		· ·	
The Regulated Entity Name su			ed in o	order to	mee	et TCI	EQ Agency D	ata Stand	dards (removal	
of organizational endings such										
22. Regulated Entity Name (Enter name	e of the site where th	e regulated	d action is	taking pla	ace.)					

23. Street Address	s of	QUI	ΚT	RIP 418	33												
the Regulated Ent		3930	SI	HELL R	D.												
(No PO Boxes)	<u>s</u>	City GEORGETOWN State TX									78628 ZIP+4 9249						
24. County	ja j	WIL	LIA	AMSON	1												
			E	nter Phys	ical L	ocation D	escriptio	n if no	street a	ddress i	s provi	ded.					
25. Description to Physical Location																	
26. Nearest City	,										Sta	te			Nea Cod	rest ZIP e	
27. Latitude (N)	In Deci	mal·		2						.ongitud	e (W)	In					
Degrees	III 200II	Minutes				Second	ls		Dec	mal: es		Minu	utes			Seconds	
29. Primary SIC C	ode (4 d	igits)	30.	Seconda	ry SIC	Code (4 d	ligits)		. Prima or 6 digits	ry NAIC	S Code		32. Se (5 or 6		γ NA	ICS Code	
5541								4	47110								
33. What is the Pr					ty?	(Do not repe	eat the SIC o	r NAICS d	lescriptior	1.)							
Jas Station W	1111 CO	iveni	CIIC	e store			4704	SCOULT	1 120th	EAST A	\/ENII						
34. Mailing				(+)			4100	30011	1 125	LASI A	VENUE						
Address:		Cit	v		TULS	Λ	Stat	OK	ZIP		741	2.4	ZIP	<u> </u>			
35. E-Mail Ad	ddress:	OIL	y		TOLO		Stat			uiktrip.c	om	741	34	ZIP	т 4		
	i. Telepl	none N	lum	ber			37. Exte			unter pro		38. Fax	(Numl	oer (if a	pplic	able)	
	(918)	615-7	233							() -							
39. TCEQ Programs orm. See the Core Data	and ID	Numb	ers	Check all P	rogram	s and write	in the perr	nits/regis	tration n	umbers th	at will be	affecte	ed by the	e update	s subr	nitted on this	
Dam Safety	a i oiiii ii		istric		guluai		vards Aquif	er		Emissions	Invento	ry Air		Industri	al Haz	ardous Waste	
☐ Municipal Solid \	Waste	□N	ew S	ource Revi	ew Air		SF		☐ Petroleum Storage Tank					PWS			
Sludge		По	torm	Water		☐ Title	e V Air		☐ Tires ☐ Used Oil						:1		
Siddye		П	tom	VValei			e v All		╁┸	11162				Osea O	II		
☐ Voluntary Clean	up	□w	/aste	Water		☐ Was	stewater Aç	griculture	☐ Water Rights ☐ Other:								
SECTION IV	: Pre	pare	r I	nforma	tion												
40. Name: Gar	rett D	Kell	er						41. Titl	e: I	reside	ent &	CO).			
42. Telephone Num	nber	43. Ext./Code 44. Fax Number 45. E-Mail Address															
(830)249-0600	0					()	-		gkel	ler@m	atkinl	100V6	er.cor	n			
SECTION V:	Autl	noriz	zed	Signat	ture												
46. By my signature signature authority to dentified in field 39.	below, submit	I certify this for	y, to rm o	the best on behalf o	f my k f the e	nowledge	e, that the i	informat ction II,	ion pro Field 6	vided in t and/or a	his forn s require	n is tru ed for t	e and che upd	omplete ates to t	, and he ID	that I have numbers	
Company:	Matkin I	Hoover	Eng	gineering a	and Su	rveying		Job T	tle:	Preside	ent & CC	00					
Name(In Print):	Garrett	D. Kell	er	11/	///	1					Pho	ne:	(83	80) 249	0600		
Clausaturas		Date: 4/14/23															
Signature:	///		1// 2	1///							Date	e:	4	14	2	3	

TCEQ-10400 (04/15)