

WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN (WPAP)

FOR

CARPENTER RANCH RV PARK

584 MCKINNON LOOP BUDA, HAYS COUNTY, TEXAS 78610

Prepared For:

CARPENTER ROAD RANCH LLC 10417 TULAROSA PASS AUSTIN, TX 78726

Prepared By:

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> August 2023 Project #: 0946-001-20

HEADQUARTERS

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EDWARDS AQUIFER APPLICATION COVER PAGE (TCEQ-20705)

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page

Our Review of Your Application

The Edwards Aquifer Program staff conducts an administrative and technical review of all applications. The turnaround time for administrative review can be up to 30 days as outlined in 30 TAC 213.4(e). Generally administrative completeness is determined during the intake meeting or within a few days of receipt. The turnaround time for technical review of an administratively complete Edwards Aquifer application is 90 days as outlined in 30 TAC 213.4(e). Please know that the review and approval time is directly impacted by the quality and completeness of the initial application that is received. In order to conduct a timely review, it is imperative that the information provided in an Edwards Aquifer application include final plans, be accurate, complete, and in compliance with 30 TAC 213.

Administrative Review

- 1. <u>Edwards Aquifer applications</u> must be deemed administratively complete before a technical review can begin. To be considered administratively complete, the application must contain completed forms and attachments, provide the requested information, and meet all the site plan requirements. The submitted application and plan sheets should be final plans. Please submit one full-size set of plan sheets with the original application, and half-size sets with the additional copies.
 - To ensure that all applicable documents are included in the application, the program has developed tools to guide you and web pages to provide all forms, checklists, and guidance. Please visit the below website for assistance: http://www.tceq.texas.gov/field/eapp.
- 2. This Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page form (certified by the applicant or agent) must be included in the application and brought to the administrative review meeting.
- 3. Administrative reviews are scheduled with program staff who will conduct the review. Applicants or their authorized agent should call the appropriate regional office, according to the county in which the project is located, to schedule a review. The average meeting time is one hour.
- 4. In the meeting, the application is examined for administrative completeness. Deficiencies will be noted by staff and emailed or faxed to the applicant and authorized agent at the end of the meeting, or shortly after. Administrative deficiencies will cause the application to be deemed incomplete and returned.
 - An appointment should be made to resubmit the application. The application is re-examined to ensure all deficiencies are resolved. The application will only be deemed administratively complete when all administrative deficiencies are addressed.
- 5. If an application is received by mail, courier service, or otherwise submitted without a review meeting, the administrative review will be conducted within 30 days. The applicant and agent will be contacted with the results of the administrative review. If the application is found to be administratively incomplete, it can be retrieved from the regional office or returned by regular mail. If returned by mail, the regional office may require arrangements for return shipping.
- 6. If the geologic assessment was completed before October 1, 2004 and the site contains "possibly sensitive" features, the assessment must be updated in accordance with the *Instructions to Geologists* (TCEQ-0585 Instructions).

Technical Review

- When an application is deemed administratively complete, the technical review period begins. The regional
 office will distribute copies of the application to the identified affected city, county, and groundwater
 conservation district whose jurisdiction includes the subject site. These entities and the public have 30 days
 to provide comments on the application to the regional office. All comments received are reviewed by TCEQ.
- 2. A site assessment is usually conducted as part of the technical review, to evaluate the geologic assessment and observe existing site conditions. The site must be accessible to our staff. The site boundaries should be

- clearly marked, features identified in the geologic assessment should be flagged, roadways marked and the alignment of the Sewage Collection System and manholes should be staked at the time the application is submitted. If the site is not marked the application may be returned.
- 3. We evaluate the application for technical completeness and contact the applicant and agent via Notice of Deficiency (NOD) to request additional information and identify technical deficiencies. There are two deficiency response periods available to the applicant. There are 14 days to resolve deficiencies noted in the first NOD. If a second NOD is issued, there is an additional 14 days to resolve deficiencies. If the response to the second notice is not received, is incomplete or inadequate, or provides new information that is incomplete or inadequate, the application must be withdrawn or will be denied. Please note that because the technical review is underway, whether the application is withdrawn or denied **the application fee will be forfeited**.
- 4. The program has 90 calendar days to complete the technical review of the application. If the application is technically adequate, such that it complies with the Edwards Aquifer rules, and is protective of the Edwards Aquifer during and after construction, an approval letter will be issued. Construction or other regulated activity may not begin until an approval is issued.

Mid-Review Modifications

It is important to have final site plans prior to beginning the permitting process with TCEQ to avoid delays.

Occasionally, circumstances arise where you may have significant design and/or site plan changes after your Edwards Aquifer application has been deemed administratively complete by TCEQ. This is considered a "Mid-Review Modification". Mid-Review Modifications may require redistribution of an application that includes the proposed modifications for public comment.

If you are proposing a Mid-Review Modification, two options are available:

- If the technical review has begun your application can be denied/withdrawn, your fees will be forfeited, and the plan will have to be resubmitted.
- TCEQ can continue the technical review of the application as it was submitted, and a modification application can be submitted at a later time.

If the application is denied/withdrawn, the resubmitted application will be subject to the administrative and technical review processes and will be treated as a new application. The application will be redistributed to the affected jurisdictions.

Please contact the regional office if you have questions. If your project is located in Williamson, Travis, or Hays County, contact TCEQ's Austin Regional Office at 512-339-2929. If your project is in Comal, Bexar, Medina, Uvalde, or Kinney County, contact TCEQ's San Antonio Regional Office at 210-490-3096

Please fill out all required fields below and submit with your application.

1. Regulated Entity Name: Carpenter Ranch RV Park				2. Regulated Entity No.:					
3. Customer Name: Carpenter Road Ranch LLC				4. Cu	4. Customer No.:				
5. Project Type: (Please circle/check one)	New		Modification		Extension		Exception		
6. Plan Type: (Please circle/check one)	WPAP	CZP	SCS	UST	AST	EXP	EXT	Technical Clarification	Optional Enhanced Measures
7. Land Use: (Please circle/check one)	Resider	ntial	Non-r	Non-residential		8. Sit		te (acres):	57.4
9. Application Fee:	\$8,000)	10. P	10. Permanent BMP(s)			s):	Wet Pond (Water Quality W/ Detention)	
11. SCS (Linear Ft.):	N/A		12. AST/UST (No. Ta			o. Tar	ıks):	N/A	
13. County:	Hays		14. Watershed:				Little Bear C	reek - Colorado River	

Application Distribution

Instructions: Use the table below to determine the number of applications required. One original and one copy of the application, plus additional copies (as needed) for each affected incorporated city, county, and groundwater conservation district are required. Linear projects or large projects, which cross into multiple jurisdictions, can require additional copies. Refer to the "Texas Groundwater Conservation Districts within the EAPP Boundaries" map found at:

http://www.tceq.texas.gov/assets/public/compliance/field_ops/eapp/EAPP%20GWCD%20map.pdf

For more detailed boundaries, please contact the conservation district directly.

Austin Region				
County:	Hays	Travis	Williamson	
Original (1 req.)	<u> </u>		_	
Region (1 req.)	✓_	_		
County(ies)	✓_			
Groundwater Conservation District(s)	Edwards Aquifer Authority ✓ Barton Springs/ Edwards Aquifer Hays Trinity Plum Creek	Barton Springs/ Edwards Aquifer	NA	
City(ies) Jurisdiction	AustinBudaDripping SpringsKyleMountain CitySan MarcosWimberleyWoodcreek	AustinBee CavePflugervilleRollingwoodRound RockSunset ValleyWest Lake Hills	AustinCedar ParkFlorenceGeorgetownJerrellLeanderLiberty HillPflugervilleRound Rock	

	Sa	an Antonio Region			
County:	Bexar	Comal	Kinney	Medina	Uvalde
Original (1 req.)					
Region (1 req.)			_		
County(ies)					
Groundwater Conservation District(s)	Edwards Aquifer Authority Trinity-Glen Rose	Edwards Aquifer Authority	Kinney	EAA Medina	EAA Uvalde
City(ies) Jurisdiction	Castle HillsFair Oaks RanchHelotesHill Country VillageHollywood ParkSan Antonio (SAWS)Shavano Park	Bulverde Fair Oaks Ranch Garden Ridge New Braunfels Schertz	NA	San Antonio ETJ (SAWS)	NA

I certify that to the best of my knowledge, that the appaphication is hereby submitted to TCEQ for administ	
Henry Juarez	
Print Name of Customer/Authorized Agent	
Signature of Customer/Authorized Agent	Date 9/1/2022

**FOR TCEQ INTERNAL USE ONI				
Date(s)Reviewed:	Date Administratively Complete:		ete:	
Received From:		Correct N	Number of Copies:	
Received By:		Distribut	ion Date:	
EAPP File Number:		Complex	:	
Admin. Review(s) (No.):		No. AR R	Counds:	
Delinquent Fees (Y/N):		Review T	ime Spent:	
Lat./Long. Verified:		SOS Cust	comer Verification:	
Agent Authorization Complete/Notarized (Y/N):		Fee	Payable to TCEQ (Y	T/N):
Core Data Form Complete (Y/N):		Check:	Signed (Y/N):	
Core Data Form Incomplete Nos.:			Less than 90 days o	ld (Y/N):

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11.

General Information Form (TCEQ-0587)

General Information Form

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

For Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge and Transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.4(b) & §213.5(b)(2)(A), (B) Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **General Information Form** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review. The application was prepared by:

-	uifer. This General Information Form is hereby submitted for TCEQ review. The applic as prepared by:
Pri	nt Name of Customer/Agent: <u>Henry Juarez</u>
Dа	te: <u>9/1/2022</u>
Sig	nature of Customer/Agent:
P	voject Information
1.	Regulated Entity Name: Carpenter Ranch RV Park
2.	County: Hays County
3.	Stream Basin: Colorado River Basin
4.	Groundwater Conservation District (If applicable): <u>Barton Springs Edwards Aquifer</u> <u>Conservation District</u>
5.	Edwards Aquifer Zone:
	Recharge Zone Transition Zone
ŝ.	Plan Type:
	WPAP ☐ Modification SCS ☐ AST

	UST	Exception Request
7.	Customer (Applicant):	
	Contact Person: <u>James Stinson</u> Entity: <u>Carpenter Road Ranch LLC</u> Mailing Address: <u>10417 Tularosa Pass</u> City, State: <u>Austin, TX</u> Telephone: <u>512-221-0780</u> Email Address: <u>centexhuntclub@gmail.com</u>	Zip: <u>78726</u> FAX:
8.	Agent/Representative (If any):	
	Contact Person: <u>Henry Juarez</u> Entity: <u>Southwest Engineers, Inc.</u> Mailing Address: <u>205 Cimarron Park Loop</u> City, State: <u>Buda, TX</u> Telephone: <u>512-312-4336</u> Email Address: <u>henry.juarez@swengineers.com</u>	Zip: <u>78610</u> FAX:
9.	Project Location:	
	 ☐ The project site is located inside the city limits ☐ The project site is located outside the city limit jurisdiction) of <u>Hays</u>. ☐ The project site is not located within any city's 	s but inside the ETJ (extra-territorial
10.	The location of the project site is described bel detail and clarity so that the TCEQ's Regional s boundaries for a field investigation.	
	584 McKinnon Loop Buda, TX 78610	
11.	Attachment A – Road Map. A road map show project site is attached. The project location are the map.	-
12.	Attachment B - USGS / Edwards Recharge Zon USGS Quadrangle Map (Scale: 1" = 2000') of the map(s) clearly show:	
	 ✓ Project site boundaries. ✓ USGS Quadrangle Name(s). ✓ Boundaries of the Recharge Zone (and Trange) ✓ Drainage path from the project site to the Boundaries 	
13.	The TCEQ must be able to inspect the project Sufficient survey staking is provided on the prothe boundaries and alignment of the regulated features noted in the Geologic Assessment.	pject to allow TCEQ regional staff to locate

Survey stak	ing will be completed by this date:
narrative de	t C – Project Description. Attached at the end of this form is a detailed escription of the proposed project. The project description is consistent the application and contains, at a minimum, the following details:
✓ Perman✓ Propose✓ Site hist✓ Previous	areas ous cover ent BMP(s) ed site use
15. Existing project	site conditions are noted below:
Existing Existing Existing Undeve	commercial site industrial site residential site paved and/or unpaved roads loped (Cleared) loped (Undisturbed/Uncleared)
Prohibited A	Activities
	that the following activities are prohibited on the Recharge Zone and are not or this project:
	lisposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 of this title (relating to round Injection Control);
(2) New fee	edlot/concentrated animal feeding operations, as defined in 30 TAC §213.3;
(3) Land dis	sposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC §335.1;
(4) The use	of sewage holding tanks as parts of organized collection systems; and
standar	unicipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I ds which are defined in §330.41(b), (c), and (d) of this title (relating to Types cipal Solid Waste Facilities).
• •	unicipal and industrial wastewater discharges into or adjacent to water in the at would create additional pollutant loading.
	that the following activities are prohibited on the Transition Zone and are ed for this project:

(1) Waste disposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 (relating to Underground

Injection Control);

- (2) Land disposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC §335.1; and
- (3) New municipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I standards which are defined in §330.41 (b), (c), and (d) of this title.

Administrative Information

18. Ine	e fee for the plan(s) is based on:
	For a Water Pollution Abatement Plan or Modification, the total acreage of the site where regulated activities will occur. For an Organized Sewage Collection System Plan or Modification, the total linear footage of all collection system lines. For a UST Facility Plan or Modification or an AST Facility Plan or Modification, the total number of tanks or piping systems. A request for an exception to any substantive portion of the regulations related to the protection of water quality. A request for an extension to a previously approved plan.
19. 🔀	Application fees are due and payable at the time the application is filed. If the correct fee is not submitted, the TCEQ is not required to consider the application until the correct fee is submitted. Both the fee and the Edwards Aquifer Fee Form have been sent to the Commission's:
	 ☐ TCEQ cashier ☐ Austin Regional Office (for projects in Hays, Travis, and Williamson Counties) ☐ San Antonio Regional Office (for projects in Bexar, Comal, Kinney, Medina, and Uvalde Counties)
20. 🔀	Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
21. 🔀	No person shall commence any regulated activity until the Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan(s) for the activity has been filed with and approved by the Executive Director.

WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN ATTACHMENT A

ROAD/LOCATION MAP



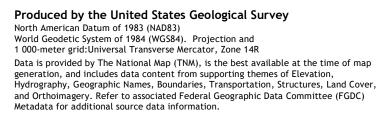


584 MCKINNON LOOP BUDA, TX 78610

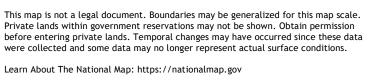
CONTRIBUTING ZONE PLAN ATTACHMENT B

USGS/EDWARDS AQUIFER RECHARGE ZONE MAPS

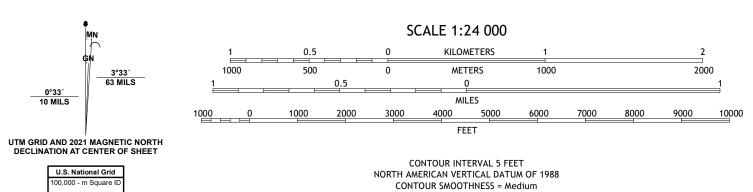


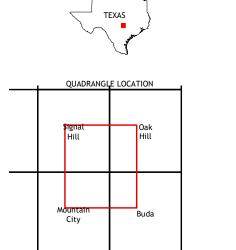


This map is not a legal document. Boundaries may be generalized for this map scale. Private lands within government reservations may not be shown. Obtain permission before entering private lands. Temporal changes may have occurred since these data were collected and some data may no longer represent actual surface conditions.



Grid Zone Designati 14R





ADJOINING QUADRANGLES



7.5-MINUTE TOPO 1, TX 2022

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GENERAL INFORMATION SECTION ATTACHMENT C

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The subject property consists of a 54.7-acre tract located at 584 McKinnon Loop, Buda, TX 78610. The property is located within the City of Hays Extraterritorial Jurisdiction (ETJ) and City of Austin's 2-mile ETJ as well as within Hays County and the Edwards Aquifer Recharge as defined by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The project tract is located within the Onion Creek-Colorado River Watershed. Currently, the property consists of undeveloped land with natural vegetation and trees. There are several drainage swales or creeks that drain across the property. The storm water runoff drains primarily by overland sheet flow in an easterly direction. The proposed development includes the constructions of 105 unit recreational vehicle park with associated access roads and driveways and a 3.63 acre wet pond. The wet pond will be used as a Permanent Best Management Practices (BMP) onsite to treat storm water generated from the maximum allowable impervious cover of 15%. The BMP has been designed in accordance with TCEQ's complying with the Edwards Aquifer Rules Technical Guidance on Best Management Practices RG-348 Addendum Sheet. Stormwater will be detained in the wet pond prior being released into a tributary of Onion Creek.

The WPAP describes the measures taken to design the wet pond. The design calculations are based on a maximum allowable impervious cover of approximately 5.09 acres draining to the wet pond at an ultimate built-out of 15% impervious cover. The impervious cover will be a combination of paved roadways and parking areas for recreational vehicles along with amenity buildings. Please refer to the site construction drawings provided with this WPAP for more information.

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III.

Geologic Assessment Form (TCEQ-0585)

Geologic Assessment

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

For Regulated Activities on The Edwards Aquifer Recharge/transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(3), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. My signature certifies that I am qualified as a geologist as defined by 30TAC213.

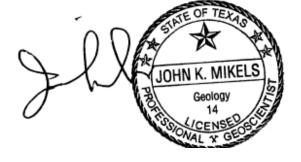
Print Name of Geologist: John K. Mikels, PG	Telephone: <u>512-445-3433</u>
---	--------------------------------

Date: 7/9/22 Email: geos-jkm@swbell.net Fax: 512-445-5005

Representing: Sole Proprietorship, d/b/a GEOS Consulting (No TBPG Firm Registration #)

(Name of Company and TBPG or TBPE registration number)

Signature & Seal of Geologist:



Regulated Entity Name:

Project Information

	-	
1.	Date(s) Geologic Assessment was performed: 4/27/2	22
2.	Type of Project:	
3.	WPAP [SCS [Location of Project:	AST UST
	Recharge Zone (per TCEQ online Edwards Aquife Transition Zone	r map

Contributing Zone within the Transition Zone

Regulated Entity: Carpenter Ranch Resort, Hays City, TX

4.	Attachment A - Geologic Assessment Table. Completed Geologic Assessment Table (Form TCEQ-0585-Table) is attached.
5.	Soil cover on the project site is summarized in the table below and uses the SCS Hydrologic Soil Groups* (Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds, Technical Release No. 55, Appendix A, Soil Conservation Service, 1986). If there is more than one soil type on the project site, show each soil type on the site Geologic Map or a separate soils map.
	Soil Name Group Thickness (ft)
	RUD: Rumple-Comfort, rubbly association, 1-8% slopesC/D0.8-3.3
	CrD: Comfort-Rock outcrop complex, 1-8% slopesD
	*Soil Group Definitions (abbreviated)
	A - Soils having a high infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
	B - Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
	C - Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
	D - Soils having a very slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
6.	Attachment B – Stratigraphic Column. A stratigraphic column showing formations, members, and thicknesses is attached. The outcropping unit, if present, should be at the top of the stratigraphic column. Otherwise, the uppermost unit should be at the top of the stratigraphic column (combined with Attachment C).
7.	Attachment C – Site Geology. A narrative description of the site-specific geology including any features identified in the Geologic Assessment Table, a discussion of the potential for fluid movement to the Edwards Aquifer, stratigraphy, structure(s), and karst characteristics is attached.
8.	Attachment D – Site Geologic Map(s). The Site Geologic Map must be the same scale as the applicant's Site Plan. The minimum scale is $1'' = 400'$
	Applicant's Site Plan Scale: $1'' = \frac{168'}{}$ Site Geologic Map Scale: $1'' = \frac{168'}{}$ (for printing on 24" x 18" paper) Site Soils Map Scale (if more than 1 soil type): N/A
9.	Method of collecting positional data:
	☐ Global Positioning System (GPS) technology. ☐ Other method(s). Please describe method of data collection: Aerial imagery & site maps
10.	The project site and boundaries are clearly shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map
11.	Surface geologic units are shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map.
12.	Geologic or <u>manmade</u> features were discovered on the project site during the field investigation. They are shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map and are described in the attached Geologic Assessment Table.

Regulated Entity: Carpenter Ranch Resort, Hays City, TX

	Geologic or manmade features were not discovered on the project site during the field investigation.
L3. 🏻	The Recharge Zone boundary is shown & labeled, if appropriate. (nearest RZ-TZ boundary is about 230 feet SE of Site and indicated on the GA Map)
	Il known wells (test holes, water, oil, unplugged, capped and/or abandoned, etc.): If pplicable, the information must agree with Item No. 20 of the WPAP Application Section.
	 There is/are <u>0</u> well(s) present on the project site and the location(s) is/are shown and labeled. (Check all of the following that apply.) The wells are not in use and have been properly abandoned. The wells are not in use and will be properly abandoned. The wells are, or will be, in use and comply with 16 TAC Chapter 76.
	There are no wells or test holes of any kind known to exist on the project site. (NOTE: No wells were seen on the Site and no records of wells on this Site were found in the TWDB/WDI online well database. The Texas RRC online well viewer did not indicate the presence of any oil/gas/exploratory wells on/near the Site.)

Administrative Information

15. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, & county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.

Site Name & Address: Carpenter Ranch Resort (access road), Hays City, Hays County, TX

Attachment A - Geologic Assessment Table: (attached hereto)

Attachment B - Stratigraphic Column: (*indicates formations cropping out on/near this Site)

		Est. Thickness
Group/Formation	Member(s)	Beneath Site (ft)
Kdr, Del Rio Fm	NA	$10-20\pm$
Kgt, Georgetown Fm	NA	$30-40\pm$
Ked, Edwards*	Regional Dense, Leached & Collapsed	70±

Attachment C - Site Geology

The surficial geology and soils of the Site are indicated on the attached Geologic Assessment Map. The geology and soils indicated are based on:

- Regional geologic mapping by the BEG and the BSEACD
- Site inspection by GEOS Consulting on 4/27/22
- Soils data from the USDA/NRCS Web Soil Survey site

The only strata seen on the Site were the Georgetown Fm., and the Edwards limestone (Leached & Collapsed and Regional Dense Members of the Edwards per regional geo mapping?). Due to the overall low topo relief on the Site, vertical bedrock outcrops, where strata bedding/thickness, joints, faults and other geologic features can be clearly observed, were not seen on the Site. In addition, the proposed road access easement area is largely coincidental with an existing, unpaved "ranch" road, along which there has been much grading, to make the road drivable. Numerous piles of rock rubble along the sides the road attest to the grading of the existing road. Much of the undisturbed land along the road sides is covered with dense vegetation, obscuring clear observation of the underlying strata. There are some minor bedrock outcrops along the ephemeral creek (tributary to Little Bear Creek) that transects the Site (indicated on the Geologic Map). The faults and contacts shown on the Geologic Map are from regional mapping, not site-specific observations. The Site is in the Balcones Fault Zone. Strata beneath the Site probably dip south-easterly at 2 to 5 degrees, the regional trend.

TCEQ's online Edwards Aquifer Viewer map indicates that the Site is inside the Recharge Zone. No reportable features were found on the Site. Recharge to the Edwards Aquifer directly from the Site is probably low due to: (1) the lack of significant karst/recharge features on the site, (2) the clayey soils (Hydrologic Groups C & D) across much of the Site, and (3) the lack of ponds on and/or continuous flowing creeks crossing the Site.

Attachment D - Geologic Map (included w/ this report)



GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT TABLE

Project I	Name:	Carpenter	Ranch R	esort				L	ocation:	Carp	enter L	ane & M	lcKinnon	Loop, Hay	s City (E	TJ), H	ays C	ounty	, TX	
	LOCATION	N					FE	ATURE	CHARACTE	RISTI	CS				EVA	LUATIO	ON	PH	YSICA	AL SETTING
1A	1B	1C	2A	2B	3		4		5	5A	6	7	8A	8B	9	1	10	1	1	12
FEATURE I.D. NO.	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	FEATURE TYPE	POINTS	GEOL. FORM.	DIMEN	NSIONS	(FEET)	TREND (DEGREES)	DOM		APERTURE (FEET)	INFILLING	RELATIVE INFILTRATION RATE	TOTAL	SENS	ITIVITY	CATCH AREA (A		TOPOGRAPHY
						Х	Υ	Z		0/10	SF,Z,O	SF,Z,O		per flowchart	2B+5A+8B	<40	≥40	<1.6	≥1.6	
					No signif	icant f	eature	s (geol	ogic, karst	, rech	arge) fo	und on th	is site							

NOTES:

Lat/Long Datum: NAD1983 & Google Earth Pro

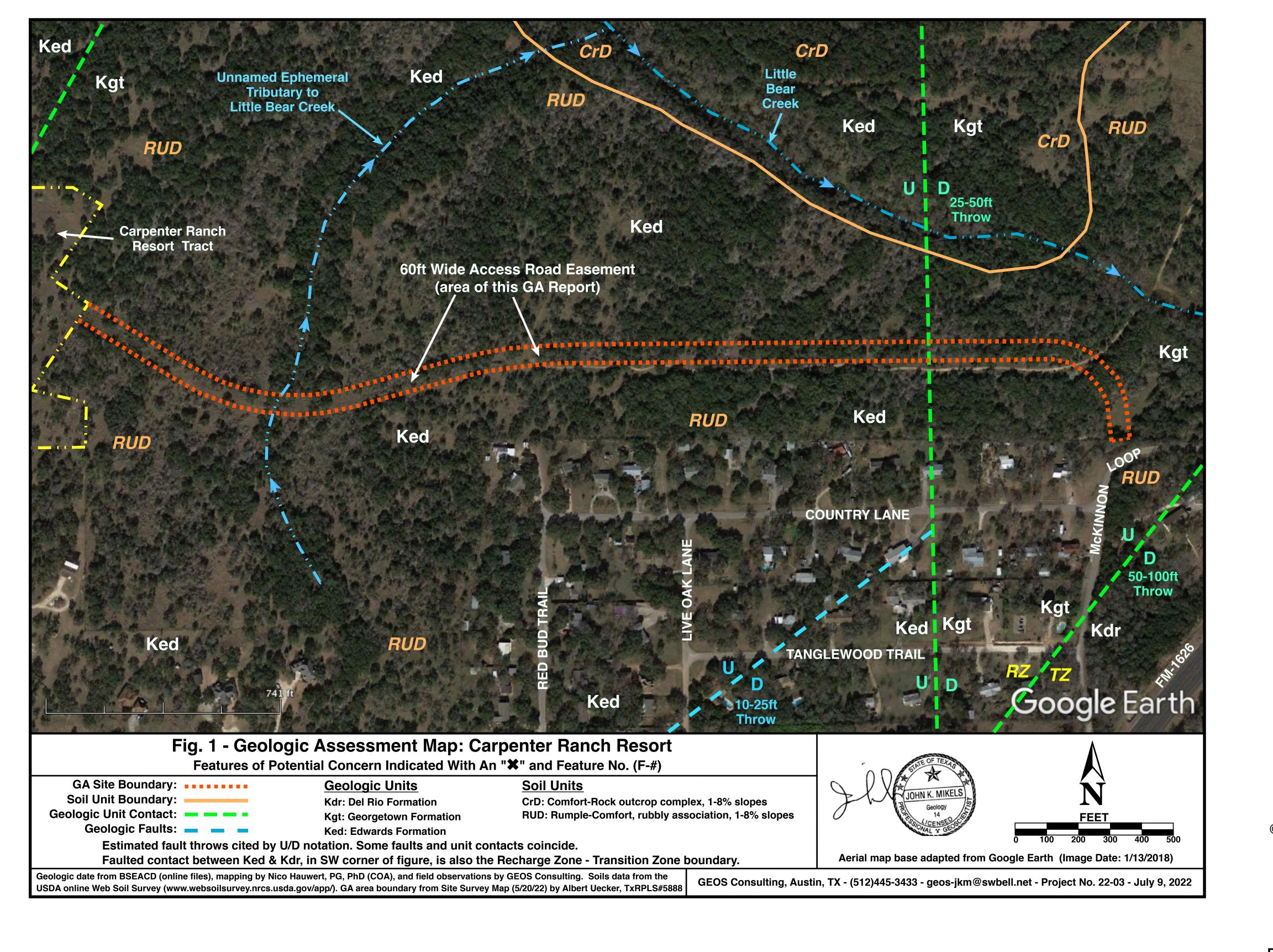
2A: FEATU	JRE TYPE	2B: POINTS
С	Cave	30
SC	Solution cavity	20
SF	Solution-enlarged fracture(s)	20
F	Fault	20
0	Other natural bedrock features, vuggy rock, etc	5. 5
MB	Manmade feature in bedrock	30
SW	Swallow hole	30
SH	Sinkhole	20
CD	Non-karst closed depression	5
Z	Zone, clustered or aligned features	30

8A: IN	<u>IFILLING</u>
Ν	None, exposed bedrock
С	Coarse - cobbles, breakdown, sand, gravel
0	Loose or soft mud or soil, organics, leaves, sticks, dark colors
F	Fines, compacted clay-rich sediment, soil profile, gray or red colors
V	Vegetation. Give details in narrative description
FS	Flowstone, cements, cave deposits
Χ	Other materials

12: TOPOGRAPHY
Cliff, Hillside, Drainage, Floodplain, Streambed

I have read, I understood, and I have followed the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality's Instructions to Geologists. The information presented here complies with that document and is a true representation of the conditions observed in the field. My signature certifies that I am qualified as a geologist as defined by 30 TAC Chapter 213.







October 1, 2022

Jacquelyn Bruegging

7811 Menchaca Road Austin, Texas 78745

Attn.: Ms. Jacquelyn Bruegging

Re: Geotechnical Investigation

Pond Construction and Liner Recommendations

Stinson-Hays RV Park Lake

Manchaca, Texas

Engineer's Job No.: 22103100.013

Dear Ms. Bruegging:

As requested, we have developed recommendations for the design and construction of the wet pond at this site. The design and construction information is contained in two documents that are included as attachments to this letter:

- 1. Recommendations Wet Pond This document contains general guidelines and discussion of wet pond design and construction including information on clay liners. It is intended for use by the civil engineer to use in developing the pond details.
- 2. Quality Assurance/Quality Control Recommendations for Clay Liners for Wet Ponds This document contains recommendations regarding QA/QC for the wet pond. These recommendations follow the City of Austin's draft document for Liner Construction and Testing dated April 18, 2007, and meet the requirements of the COA Environmental Criteria Manual.

We hope that the information provided herein is sufficient for your use. If you have any questions or comments or need any additional information, please contact our office.

Sincerely,

MLA Geotechnical TBPE FIRM # F-2684

Geotechnical Engineering and Construction Materials Testing"put us to the test"

Timothy R. Weston, P.E.

President

ent [0]3|22

Additional Attachments: MLA Geotechnical Appendix A & Appendix B

Stinson-Hays RV Park Lake October 1, 2022 Engineer's Job No.: 22103100.013 Page 2 of 9

RECOMMENDATIONS – WET POND

It is our understanding that wet ponds are planned for this site. These recommendations have been developed based upon our experience with wet ponds on sites such as this one. All site preparation and earthwork should be consistent with the <u>City of Austin Standard Specification</u> Items in Series 100 and 200, as applicable and as per the <u>City of Austin Environmental Criteria Manual</u> Section 1 unless elsewhere specified in this report.

- Excavation for the wet pond may be performed using ordinary power equipment to the surface of limestone as shown on the Logs of Boring. Excavation within the limestone will require heavyduty rock excavating equipment.
- 2. Embankments using on-site material constructed with side slopes of 3:1 (horizontal to vertical) are expected to stand freely. In addition, the maximum cut side slope should also be 3:1 (horizontal to vertical) in the pond area.
- 3. A pond "liner" will be required for the pond. Compacted clay liners have been used in similar subsurface conditions with acceptable results. A compacted clay liner placed on the bottom and side slopes of the entire pond should be a minimum of 12 inches thick. Greater thickness may be required depending upon the planned pond use. The clay liner material, compaction and construction should meet the enclosed *Quality Assurance/Quality Control Recommendations for Clay Liners for Wet Ponds*.
- 4. In the design of wet ponds, a single small leak can often cause drainage of the entire wet pond.

 Consequently, care must be taken to preserve the integrity of the pond liner at all possible points that water may find a path to exit the pond. Possible point leakage can be caused by the following:
 - Drain pipes between pools and where drain pipes or other elements penetrate the pond liner are potential leakage areas. Gravel bedding for inlet and outlet drain pipes or crossover pipes is often the source of leakage. Care should be taken to make a good, tight contact between pipe trenches and the pond liner. Please note that compaction of

Stinson-Hays RV Park Lake October 1, 2022 Engineer's Job No.: 22103100.013 Page 3 of 9

the clay liner beneath inlet and outlet structures is recommended. This means that the compacted liner should be completed in the vicinity of inlet and outlet structures prior to construction of the inlet and outlet structures.

- Leaking storm sewer pipe, drain pipe and/or crossover pipe joints that could potentially
 hold water because they are below the permanent pool elevation of the pond should be
 sealed to make the joints water tight.
- Erosion of the pond liner can occur due to the velocity of water entering the pond or traveling within the pond. Velocity should be suitably reduced to avoid eroding the pond liner.
- The liner will typically crack in areas not submerged in water because the liner will be exposed to the heat. When the water level in the pond rises and reaches the formerly exposed liner, water can leak out. This is usually caused by evaporation of the water in a wet pond due to an extended period without significant rainfall. Consequently, all wet ponds should typically have a source of water other than storm runoff that can keep the pond at a constant level.
- After completion of the compacted clay liner, the pond should be filled with water to the permanent pool elevation as soon as possible. Care should be taken to keep the pond liner wet until the pond can be filled by watering the liner regularly such that cracks do not form in the liner surface. If the pond liner is allowed to dry out before the pond is filled with water, it will likely crack, lose its integrity and leak once it is filled with water.
- 5. If a seepage condition occurs in the subsurface beneath the pond liner prior to filling the pond with water, the liner can possibly be compromised. This often occurs when the pond is rough cut and liner construction is about to begin. These seeps are often large enough to partially fill the pond with water prior to liner construction, making liner construction impossible. The key to getting the pond liner constructed is to intercept the ground water before it reaches the pond and take the water to another location so that the excavation for the pond will dry out. This is often

Stinson-Hays RV Park Lake

Engineer's Job No.: 22103100.013

October 1, 2022

Page 4 of 9

accomplished using intercepting trenches and/or wells. Pumping of the water to another location is usually required. Input from the earthwork contractor on the best method to intercept the water before it gets to the pond is key to solving these problems as they arise. Once the seepage of water into the pond excavation is stopped and the excavation dried out, the pond liner can be constructed. Upon completion of pond liner construction, the pond must be filled with water prior to abandoning the dewatering trenches or wells. If the dewatering solution is abandoned prior to filling the pond, water pressure can build up behind the pond liner and seep through the liner, destroying the liner's integrity. Consequently, the contractor should identify seep areas during and after excavation is complete to assist in developing a dewatering plan prior to placing the pond liner.

- 6. The liner should extend a minimum of two feet above the permanent pool elevation of the completed pond.
- 7. Pond liner design and construction should be done in accordance with the enclosed *Quality*Assurance/Quality Control Recommendations for Clay Liners for Wet Ponds.
- 8. For a pond to be constructed properly by an earthwork contractor, a set of plans including cross sections, details and testing specifications should be developed by the civil engineer. The geotechnical engineer should be retained to review the plans, specifications and details for the ponds and pond liners prior to construction. The geotechnical engineer should also be retained to monitor the construction of the pond liners.
- 9. The soil encountered in the pond boring is not expected to meet the material requirements of the enclosed *Quality Assurance/Quality Control Recommendations for Clay Liners for Wet Ponds*.

Stinson-Hays RV Park Lake October 1, 2022 Engineer's Job No.: 22103100.013 Page 5 of 9

Quality Assurance/Quality Control Recommendations for Clay Liners for Wet Ponds

The following recommendations for quality control and quality assurance with respect to material testing and construction recommendations shall apply to clay liners for ponds that are to have permanent pools. Pond construction details are specifically not included in this document and should be provided by the civil engineer for the project based upon the recommendations contained herein. In addition, no hydrologic or environmental analysis of the pond has been performed in developing these recommendations.

Section 1: Material Qualification

1. Selection of clay liner material shall be guided by the following criteria.

Material Property	Requirement	Testing Standard
Minimum Liquid Limit	> 50	ASTM D 4318
Minimum Plasticity Index	> 30	ASTM D 4318
Minimum Percent Passing # 200 Sieve	> 60 %	ASTM D 422
Maximum Particle Size	< 1 inch	ASTM D 422
Maximum Laboratory Permeability	$< 1 \text{ x} 10^{-7} \text{ cm/sec}$	ASTM D 5084

- 2. Clay liner material shall be free of organics and debris, such as tree limbs, bark, leaves, trash or other deleterious material.
- 3. The maximum clay clod size during liner placement and compaction shall be approximately one inch.
- 4. For each potential source of pond liner material, enough material shall be provided by the earthwork contractor to run the tests listed in the table under Item 1 of Section 1. During permeability testing, the samples should be compacted in the laboratory to the density and moisture levels indicated in Section 3B Item 2 of this document.
- 5. At the same time that the tests listed in Item 1 of Section 1 are run, the moisture density relationship (ASTM D 698) must be determined for use during field compaction testing of the clay liner.
- 6. If all requirements listed under Item 1 of Section 1 are met, then the material provided shall be considered accepted for use in the construction of the compacted clay liner. If all requirements are not met, then another material must be chosen and tested for compliance with the material recommendations in Section 1.
- 7. If the subgrade material consists of soil, then Atterberg Limits, gradation and a moisture density relationship should be determined for the subgrade soils in preparation for subgrade moisture and density testing during construction. These tests should be run in accordance with the standards listed in Section 6 of this document.

Section 2: General

- 1. A compacted clay liner placed on the bottom and side slopes of the entire pond should be a minimum of 12 inches thick. Greater thickness may be required depending upon the planned pond use, as determined by the civil engineer. The clay liner shall be placed in maximum 6-inch thick lifts after compaction.
- 2. The liner should extend a minimum of two feet above the permanent pool elevation of the completed pond.
- 3. The clay liner shall extend below and around all concrete ramps, inflow/outflow headwall structures, aprons, walls, and other miscellaneous structures within the pond interior.
- 4. The velocity of water entering the pond should be suitably reduced to avoid eroding the pond liner.
- 5. Embankments constructed of clay liner material may be constructed with maximum side slopes of 3:1 (horizontal to vertical). In addition, the maximum cut side slope may also be 3:1 (horizontal to vertical) in the pond area.
- 6. Storm sewer pipe, drain pipe and/or crossover pipe joints that could potentially hold water because they are below the permanent pool elevation of the pond should be sealed to make the joints water tight.
- 7. Groundwater control during excavation and construction of the clay liner is the responsibility of the contractor. Groundwater control must be provided such that it results in the stable and dry subgrade that is

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Stinson-Hays RV Park Lake Engineer's Job No.: 22103100.013

- required for clay liner construction. An appropriate dewatering plan that could involve intercepting trenches, wells, pumps, sumps or other means to dewater the pond subgrade must be developed. The dewatering must be maintained throughout the entire liner construction process until the pond is completely filled to the permanent pool elevation.
- 8. Utilities with inlets/outlets below the permanent pond water level shall be completely backfilled with clay liner material, bentonite or another material acceptable to both the City of Austin and the geotechnical engineer.
- 9. After completion of the compacted clay liner, the pond should be filled with water to the permanent pool elevation as soon as possible. Until the pond can be completely filled with water to the permanent pool elevation, the pond liner must be kept wet by watering the liner regularly such that cracks do not form in the liner surface.
- 10. As required in the City of Austin Environmental Criteria Manual Section 1.6.2.C, a water balance study should be provided to determine the requirements for maintaining the proper pond water level should be conducted by the project civil engineer.
- 11. The completed clay liner must have a minimum one-foot thick soil cover overlying the compacted liner surface. This layer may need to be thicker in the area of the vegetative bench based upon expected root depth of the plants to be placed in the wet pond. The roots of the plants in the vegetative bench should not penetrate the clay liner.
- 12. For a pond to be constructed properly by an earthwork contractor, a set of plans including cross sections and details should be developed by the project civil engineer.

Section 3: Construction

A. Recommendations

- 1. Any loose material shall be removed from the subgrade prior to clay liner construction. If the subgrade consists of soil, then the subgrade shall be scarified to a depth of 6 inches, moisture conditioned and recompacted in accordance with Section 3B Item 1. If the subgrade consists of weathered or intact limestone, the surface shall be reasonably cleaned of any loose material and moisture conditioning and recompaction shall not be required.
- 2. The clay liner shall be constructed monolithically in the bottom and side slopes of the pond.
- 3. Compact lifts of the subgrade and clay liner with properly ballasted penetrating pad foot compactors. A minimum of 2 passes shall be required on each lift. A pass is defined as one trip of compacting equipment over the lift and back to the starting point by a single drum roller or one trip across the lift surface from one side to the other if the roller has both front and back compacting rollers. This requirement is to allow thorough remolding of the clay layer by kneading action. The final 6-inch lift (surface layer) of the clay liner shall be compacted with a smooth-wheeled vibratory roller to provide a smooth finish to the completed clay liner
- 4. Each clay liner lift shall satisfy the moisture and density requirements listed in Section 3B, Item 2 of this document before the next lift is placed.
- 5. Cracking and/or crusting of each lift surface shall be avoided as much as possible. If cracking and/or crusting of the lift surface occurs before placement of the next lift, this area shall be sprinkled with water, scarified to a depth below cracking/crusting, and recompacted as outlined in this section before placement of a subsequent lift.
- 6. During construction, finished lifts or portions of the compacted clay liner shall be kept wet enough to prevent drying and cracking of the clay.
- 7. Sections of liner that are constructed next to a completed section should not be constructed by "butting" the entire thickness of the new liner section next to the completed section. Instead, the edge of the completed section of clay liner shall be benched at mid-depth for a width of approximately 12 inches such that the section being newly constructed and the completed section are offset in a stair-step fashion without a construction joint through the entire liner thickness.

Stinson-Hays RV Park Lake October 1, 2022 Engineer's Job No.: 22103100.013

8. At the end of each day's construction, completed lifts or sections of compacted clay liner shall be sealed by rolling with a rubber tire or smooth drum roller and kept wet enough to prevent drying and cracking of the clay until liner construction resumes.

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9. Any areas that do not meet the moisture or density requirements during compaction testing shall be reworked and retested until the material meets the specifications.

B. Field Testing

- 1. If the subgrade consists of soil, then the subgrade below the clay liner shall be compacted to at least 95 percent of the maximum dry density determined by the Standard Proctor Test, ASTM D 698. If the subgrade soil has a plasticity index (PI) of 25 or greater, then the moisture content at the time of compaction shall be between optimum and 4 percent above the optimum moisture content. If the subgrade soil has a plasticity index (PI) of less than 25, then the moisture content at the time of compaction shall be between 3 percent below (-3%) and 3 percent above (+3%) the optimum moisture content. If the subgrade consists of limestone or weathered limestone, then moisture and density control is not required.
- 2. The clay liner shall be compacted to at least 95 percent of the maximum dry density as determined by the Standard Proctor Test, ASTM D 698. The moisture content at time of compaction shall be at or above the optimum moisture content.
- 3. An individual lift or section shall be tested for moisture and density upon the completion of compaction (prior to subsequent lift or section placement) using a nuclear density gauge. The resulting penetration from the driving pin of the nuclear density gauge shall be back filled with bentonite powder. The compacted clay lift or section shall meet the project specifications listed in Item 2 of Section 3B for moisture and density prior to placement of additional clay liner material.
- 4. The frequency of testing of the clay liner during construction shall be governed by the following criteria.

Test	Test Requirement	Testing Frequency	Testing Standard
In Place Nuclear	Greater than 95%	1 per 5,000 sq. ft. per lift	ASTM D 2922
Density		(minimum 3 per lift)	
In Place Nuclear	Greater than	1 per 5,000 sq. ft. per lift	ASTM D 3017
Moisture	optimum	(minimum 3 per lift)	
Liquid Limit	Greater Than 50	At 25%, 50%, 75% and 100%	ASTM D 4318
		of liner construction	
Plasticity Index	Greater Than 30**	At 25%, 50%, 75% and 100%	ASTM D 4318
		of liner construction	
% Passing # 200	Greater Than 60 %	At 25%, 50%, 75% and 100%	ASTM D 422
Sieve		of liner construction	
Maximum Particle	Less than 1 inch	At 25%, 50%, 75% and 100%	ASTM D 422
Size		of liner construction	
Completed Liner	Surveyed Liner	At Beginning and End of	Surveyed by RPLS
Thickness	Thickness	Liner Construction	(See Item 5 below)
Thickness of Soil	Surveyed Soil Cover	At Beginning and End of Soil	Surveyed by RPLS
Cover Over Liner	Thickness	Cover Layer Placement	(See Item 5 below)

The Plasticity Index (PI) should be within 10 percentage points of the PI determined during testing of the proposed liner material (Section 1, Item 1).

5. As required in the City of Austin Environmental Criteria Manual Section 1.6.2.C.1., the as built thickness of the clay liner shall be determined by survey methods performed by a professional surveyor registered in the state of Texas. Prior to the placement of any portion of the clay liner, the excavation surface shall be surveyed in a sufficient manner to establish the pond bottom and sideslopes. Upon completion of the clay liner, and prior to the construction of any other pond elements, the top of the clay liner shall be surveyed to verify that the specified thickness of clay liner has been achieved, and the top of the clay liner is at the civil engineer's specified grades and slopes, within a tolerance of 0 to +0.2 feet. Areas that do not meet the

Stinson-Hays RV Park Lake October 1, 2022 Engineer's Job No.: 22103100.013 Page 8 of 9

- specified thickness, grades, and slopes shall be corrected and re-surveyed. The same data points should be used for both the pre and post liner construction surveys. The same data points should also be used to survey the pond upon completion of the soil cover layer to verify soil cover layer thickness over the pond liner.
- 6. Any repair required to fix damage to completed portions of the clay liner shall be governed by Section 4 of this document.
- 7. Areas that do not meet the moisture or density specifications during initial testing shall be reworked and retested until the material meets the specifications.

Section 4: Repair

- 1. For any area of the clay liner that becomes damaged during construction, the damaged area shall be overexcavated to at least one foot beyond the damaged area in all directions.
- 2. The full depth of the clay liner shall be reconstructed in the damaged area using the previous specifications.
- 3. Between undamaged liner and the damaged area, the clay liner shall be benched at mid-depth such that the area being repaired and the undisturbed liner are offset in a stair-step fashion without a construction joint through the entire liner thickness.
- 4. Compaction equipment that is appropriate for the size of the damaged area shall be utilized.
- 5. All repaired clay liner areas shall be tested against the project specifications for the moisture and density listed in Section 3B, Item 2 prior to acceptance.
- 6. Repairs that do not meet the density and moisture specifications shall be reworked and retested.

Section 5: Documentation

- 1. Test reports shall be issued for all tests performed and shall indicate whether the test result is in compliance with the project specifications.
- 2. The Construction Materials Testing (CMT) firm shall issue a daily representative's report. This report shall include, as a minimum:
 - Date of Testing
 - CMT field technician name
 - A description of the work performed during the day
 - The type(s) of equipment used by contractor
 - Tests performed by the CMT field technician
 - Any failed tests or non-compliant areas that require retesting or corrective action
- 3. After liner construction is complete and all test results are acceptable, a Soil and Liner Evaluation Report (SLER) shall be prepared by the CMT firm. This report shall be sealed by a professional engineer registered in the state of Texas. This letter shall summarize the types of tests performed and state that the results are in general conformance with the project plans and specifications referring to previous reports regarding the clay liner.
- 4. After completion of the post liner construction survey, the Professional Surveyor shall prepare and seal a letter documenting the surveying process and the thickness of the clay liner. This letter shall include as an attachment a drawing indicating survey point locations with elevations at each point for pre liner construction and post liner construction.

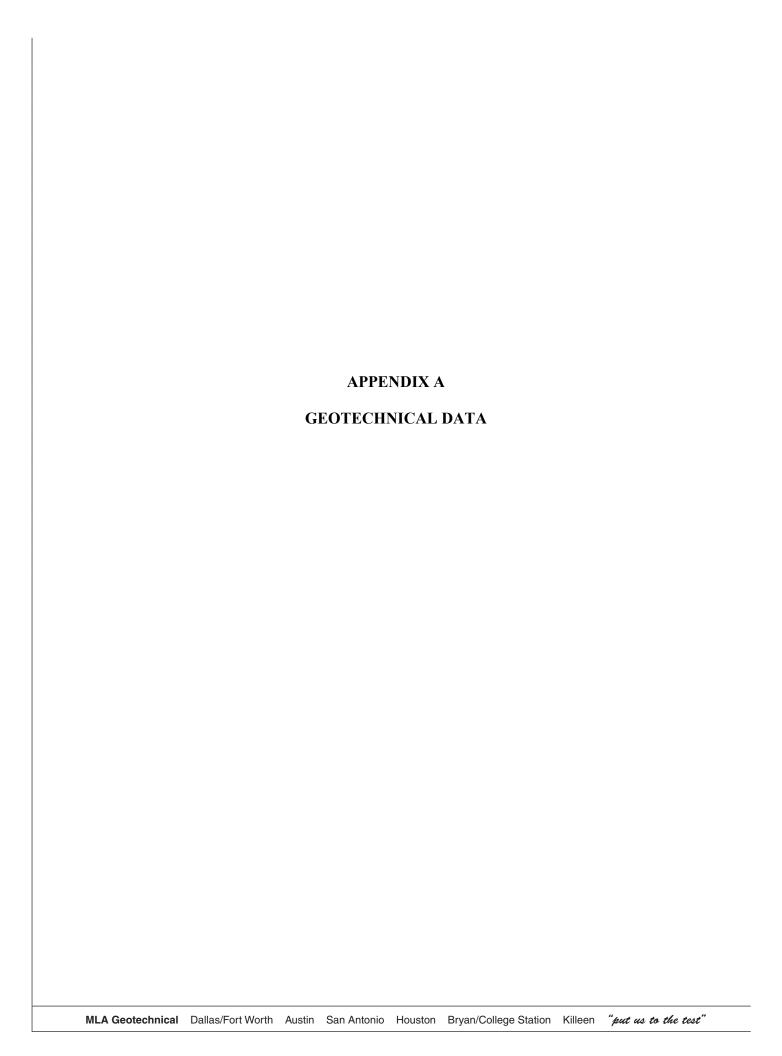
Section 6: Test References

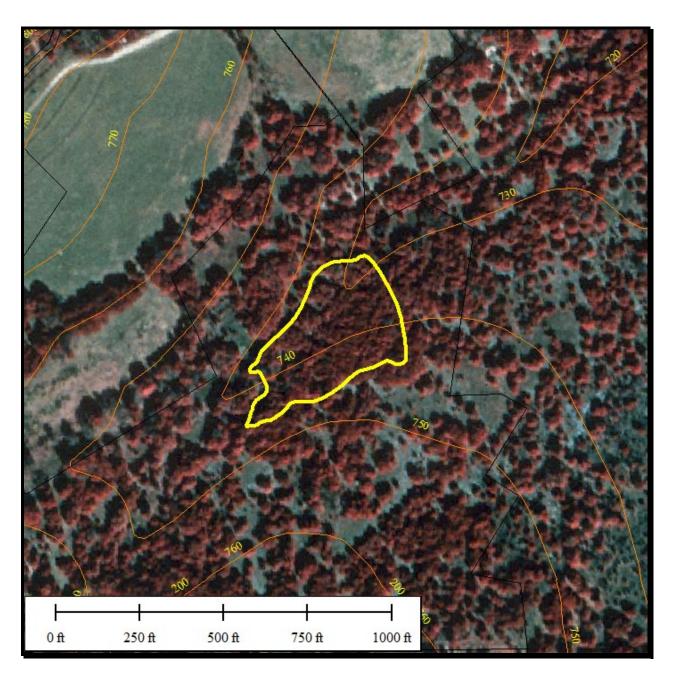
- 1. ASTM D 422 Standard Test Method for Particle Size Analysis of Soils
- 2. ASTM D 698 Standard Test Method for Moisture-Density Relations of Soils and Soil Aggregate Mixtures
- 3. ASTM D 1140 Standard Test Method for Amount of Material in Soils Finer Than the No.200 Sieve

Stinson-Hays RV Park Lake
Engineer's Job No.: 22103100.013

October 1, 2022
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- 4. ASTM D 2216 Standard Test Method for Laboratory Determination of Water (moisture) Content of Soil, Rock, and Soil Aggregate Mixtures
- 5. ASTM D 2487 Classification of Soils for Engineering Purposes
- 6. ASTM D 2922 Standard Test Method for Density of Soil and Soil-Aggregate In Place by Nuclear Methods
- 7. ASTM D 3017 Standard Test Method for Moisture Content of Soils in Place by Nuclear Method
- 8. ASTM D 4318 Standard Test Method for Liquid Limit, Plastic Limit and Plasticity Index of Soils
- 9. ASTM D 5084 Standard Test Method for Permeability of Fine Grained Soils



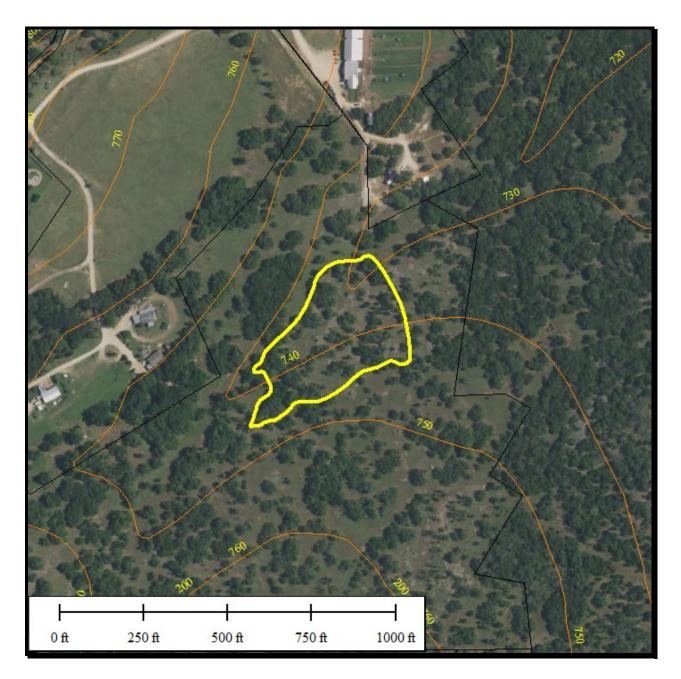


Approximate location of site in yellow CAPCOG contours (2008) in orange Hays County parcels (2021) in black

$NAPP\ Aerial\ Photograph\ of\ Site-1995$

Source: TEXAS NATURAL RESOURCES INFORMATION SYSTEM 3.75-minute DOQQ. 1-meter ground resolution. apx. date 1995-6 (http://www.tnris.state.tx.us/digital.htm)



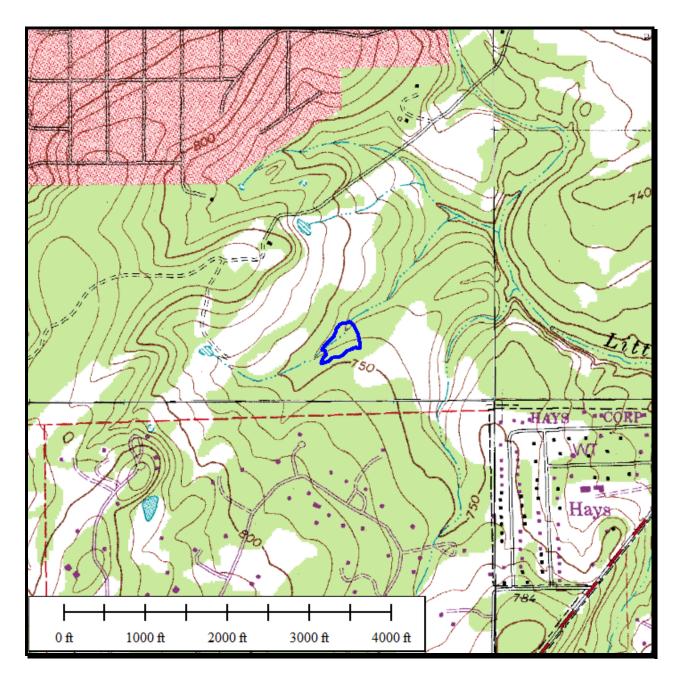


Approximate location of site in yellow CAPCOG contours (2008) in orange Hays County parcels (2021) in black

$Aerial\ Photograph\ of\ Site-2020$

Source: TEXAS NATURAL RESOURCES INFORMATION SYSTEM
Apx. Date - 2020
(https://tnris.org/)



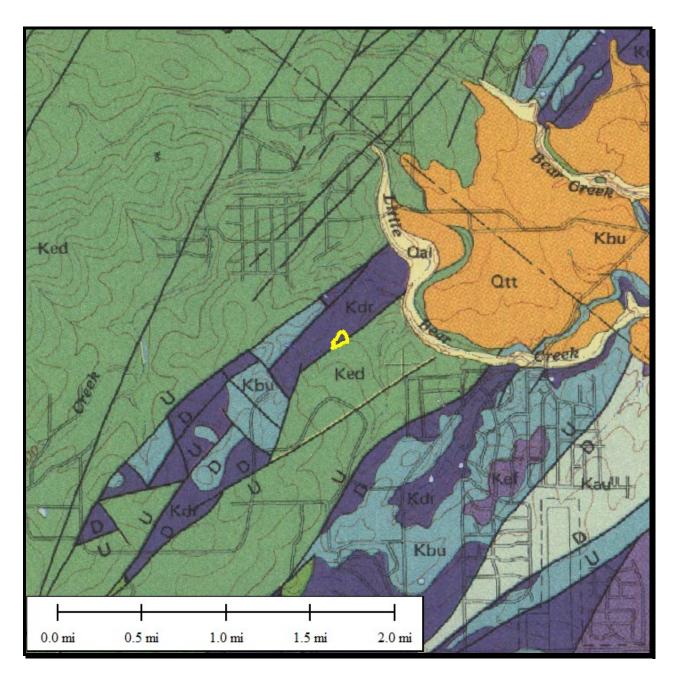


Approximate location of site in blue

U.S. 7.5 Minute Series Topographic Map Signal Hill Quadrangle, Texas Contour Interval = 10 feet

Source: TEXAS NATURAL RESOURCES INFORMATION SYSTEM (http://www.tnris.state.tx.us/digital.htm)



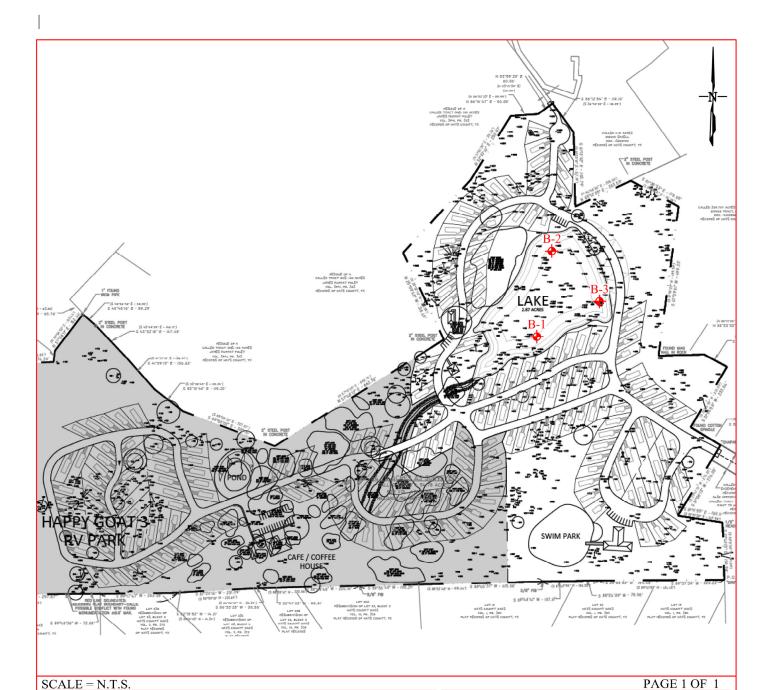


Approximate location of site in yellow

Geologic Setting of Site Geologic Map of the Austin Area, Texas 1992 Contour Interval = 20 feet

Source: Bureau of Economic Geology, The University of Texas at Austin, Plate VII







Stinson-Hays RV Park Lake

Manchaca, Texas

Job. No.: 22103100.013

Client: Jacquelyn Bruegging

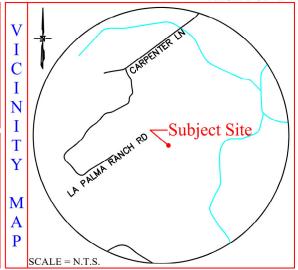
LEGEND

B-#

Boring Number



Approx. Boring Location





"put us to the test"

-LOG OF BORING-

Job Name: Stinson-Hays RV Park Lake

Job Location: Manchaca, Texas Engineer's Job #: 22103100.013 Client: Jacquelyn Bruegging Boring B-1
PAGE 1 OF 1

Drill Date: September 19, 2022

Hole Size: 4.5 in.

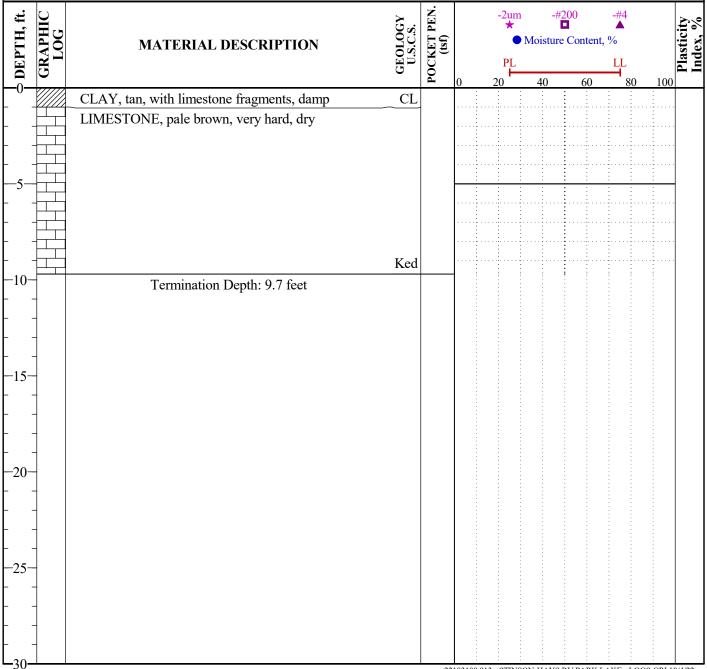
Ground Elevation: n/a

Ground Water Levels:

AT TIME OF DRILLING: --AT END OF DRILLING: ---

Notes: Early termination due to auger refusal into very hard limestone

AFTER DRILLING: ---





"put us to the test"

Boring B-2

PAGE 1 OF 1

-LOG OF BORING-

Job Name: Stinson-Hays RV Park Lake

Job Location: Manchaca, Texas Engineer's Job #: 22103100.013 Client: Jacquelyn Bruegging

Drill Date: September 19, 2022

Hole Size: 4.5 in.

Ground Elevation: n/a

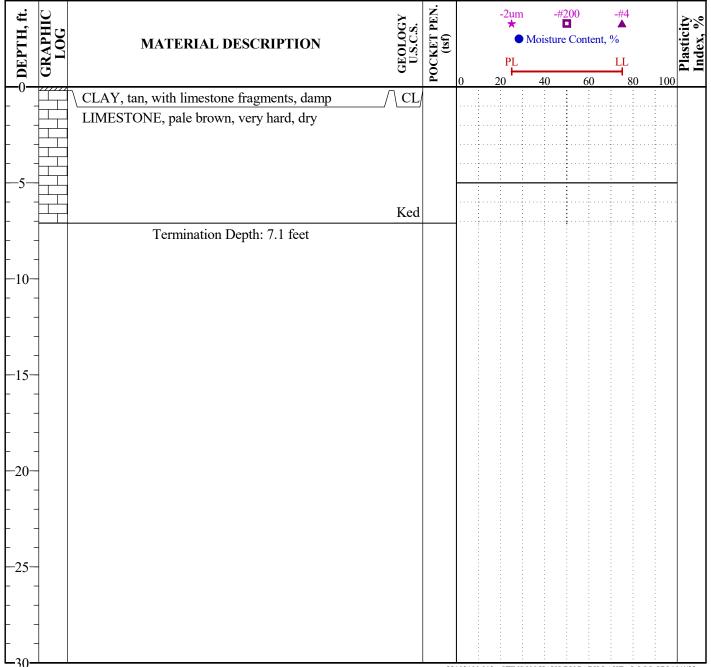
Ground Elevation: n/a

n/a Ground Water Levels:

AT TIME OF DRILLING: ---

Notes: Early termination due to auger refusal into very hard limestone

AT END OF DRILLING: --AFTER DRILLING: ---





"put us to the test"

Boring B-3

PAGE 1 OF 1

-LOG OF BORING-

Job Name: Stinson-Hays RV Park Lake

Job Location: Manchaca, Texas Engineer's Job #: 22103100.013 Client: Jacquelyn Bruegging

Drill Date: September 19, 2022

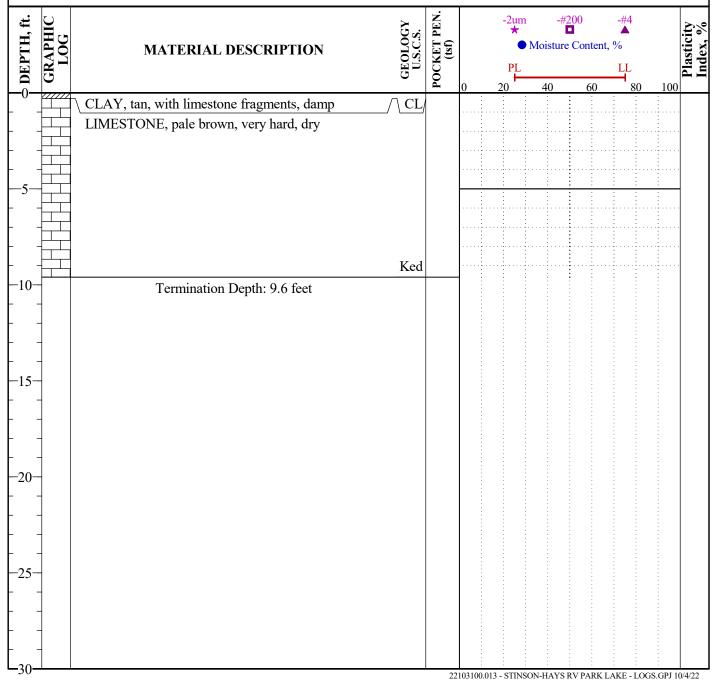
Hole Size: 4.5 in.

Ground Elevation: n/a

Ground Water Levels: AT TIME OF DRILLING: ---

AT END OF DRILLING: ---AFTER DRILLING: ---

Notes: Early termination due to auger refusal into very hard limestone



SOIL CLASSIFICATION CHART

		SYMBOLS		TYPICAL	
IVI	AJOR DIVIS	IONS	GRAPH	LETTER	DESCRIPTIONS
	GRAVEL AND	CLEAN GRAVELS		GW	WELL-GRADED GRAVELS, GRAVEL - SAND MIXTURES, LITTLE OR NO FINES
004005	GRAVELLY SOILS	(LITTLE OR NO FINES)		GP	POORLY-GRADED GRAVELS, GRAVEL - SAND MIXTURES, LITTLE OR NO FINES
COARSE GRAINED SOILS	MORE THAN 50% OF COARSE FRACTION	GRAVELS WITH FINES		GM	SILTY GRAVELS, GRAVEL - SAND - SILT MIXTURES
	RETAINED ON NO. 4 SIEVE	(APPRECIABLE AMOUNT OF FINES)		GC	CLAYEY GRAVELS, GRAVEL - SAND - CLAY MIXTURES
MORE THAN 50% OF MATERIAL IS	SAND AND	CLEAN SANDS		SW	WELL-GRADED SANDS, GRAVELLY SANDS, LITTLE OR NO FINES
LARGER THAN NO. 200 SIEVE SIZE	SANDY SOILS	(LITTLE OR NO FINES)		SP	POORLY-GRADED SANDS, GRAVELLY SAND, LITTLE OR NO FINES
	MORE THAN 50% OF COARSE FRACTION	SANDS WITH FINES		SM	SILTY SANDS, SAND - SILT MIXTURES
	PASSING ON NO. 4 SIEVE	(APPRECIABLE AMOUNT OF FINES)		sc	CLAYEY SANDS, SAND - CLAY MIXTURES
FINE GRAINED				ML	INORGANIC SILTS AND VERY FINE SANDS, ROCK FLOUR, SILTY OR CLAYEY FINE SANDS OR CLAYEY SILTS WITH SLIGHT PLASTICITY
SOILS	SILTS AND CLAYS	LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 50		CL	INORGANIC CLAYS OF LOW TO MEDIUM PLASTICITY, GRAVELLY CLAYS, SANDY CLAYS, SILTY CLAYS, LEAN CLAYS
MORE THAN 50% OF MATERIAL IS SMALLER THAN NO. 200 SIEVE SIZE				OL	ORGANIC SILTS AND ORGANIC SILTY CLAYS OF LOW PLASTICITY
SIZE	CLAYS	LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50		СН	INORGANIC CLAYS OF HIGH PLASTICITY
SOILS	OF MODERATE PL	ASTICITY		CL-CH	LOW PI CLAYS WITH APPRECIABLE HIGH PI MOTTLING, CLAY WITH BORDERLINE CLASSIFICATION
	OTHER MATERIAI	S		FILL	MATERIAL NOT NATURALLY DEPOSITED
			LS	WEATHERED LIMESTONE	
			CLASSIFICAT		INTACT LIMESTONE

Key to Terms and Abbreviations

Descriptive Terms Characterizing Soils and Rock	Standard Description	Symbols and
	Abbreviations and	Abbreviations for
	Terms	Test Data
Argillaceous – having appreciable amounts of clay in the	brn = brown	LL = Liquid Limit
soil or rock mass. Used most often in describing	dk = dark	PL = Plastic Limit
limestones, occasionally sandstones.	lt = light	PI = Plasticity Index
Calcareous – containing appreciable quantities of calcium	wx = weathered	(LL-PL)
carbonate. Can be either nodular or "powder."	calc = calcareous	NP = non-plastic
Crumbly – cohesive soils which break into small blocks or	sw = severely weathered	γ_d = dry unit weight
crumbs on drying.	cw = completely	$q_u = unconfined$
Evaporite – deposits of salts and other soluble compounds.	weathered	compressive
Most commonly calcium carbonate or gypsum. May be	n/a = not available	strength
in either "powder" or visible crystal form.	b. = below	$q_c = confined$
Ferruginous – having deposits of iron or nodules, typically		compressive
oxidized and dark red in color.		strength
Ferrous – see Ferruginous	Engineering Units	SPT = standard
Fissured – containing shrinkage cracks frequently filled	pcf = pounds per cubic	penetration test
with fine sand or silt, usually more or less vertical.	foot	TCP = Texas cone
Fossiliferous – containing appreciable quantities of fossils,	psf = pounds per square	penetration test
fossil fragments, or traces of fossils	foot	(Texas Highway
Laminated – composed of thin layers of varying color or	tsf = tons per square foot	Department)
texture. Layers are typically distinct and varying in	pF = picofarad	N or $N_{SPT} = blows per$
composition from sand to silt and clay.	psi = pounds per square	foot from SPT
Mottled – characterized as having multiple colors organized	inch	N_{TCP} = blows per foot
in a marbled pattern.	kips = thousand pounds	from TCP
Slickensided – having inclined planes of weakness that are	(force)	SCR = standard core
slick and glossy in appearance.	ksf = kips per square	recovery
Varved – see Laminated.	foot	RQD = rock quality
		designation
		RQI = see RQD

Terms Describing Consistency of Soil and Rock

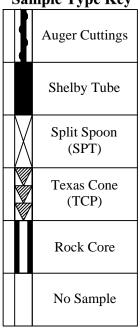
COARSE GRAINED MATERIAL		SEDIMENTARY ROCK		
DESCRIPTIVE	BLOWS/FT (SPT)	DESCRIPTIVE	STRENGTH, TSF	
TERM		TERM		
very loose	0 - 4	soft	4 - 8	
loose	4 - 10	medium	8 - 15	
firm (medium)	10 - 30	hard	15 - 50	
dense	30 - 50	very hard	over 50	
very dense	over 50			

Describing Consistency of Fine Grained Soil

Describing Consistency of the Grames Son			
DESCRIPTIVE BLOWS/FT (SPT)		UNCONFINED COMPRESSION, TSF	
TERM			
very soft	< 2	< 0.25	
soft	2 - 4	0.25 - 0.50	
medium stiff	4 - 8	0.50 - 1.00	
stiff	8 - 15	1.00 - 2.00	
very stiff	15 - 30	2.00 - 4.00	
hard	over 30	over 4.00	

Revised: October 2018

Sample Type Key





STANDARD FIELD AND LABORATORY PROCEDURES

STANDARD FIELD PROCEDURES

Drilling and Sampling

Borings and test pits are typically staked in the field by the drillers, using simple taping or pacing procedures and locations are assumed to be accurate to within several feet. Unless noted otherwise, ground surface elevations (GSE) when shown on logs are estimated from topographic maps and are assumed to be accurate to within a foot. A Plan of Borings or Plan of Test Pits showing the boring locations and the proposed structures is provided in the Appendix.

A log of each boring or pit is prepared as drilling and sampling progressed. In the laboratory, the driller's classification and description is reviewed by a Geotechnical Engineer. Individual logs of each boring or pit are provided in the Appendix. Descriptive terms and symbols used on the logs are in accordance with the Unified Soil Classification System (ASTM D-2487). A reference key is also provided. The stratification of the subsurface material represents the soil conditions at the actual boring locations, and variations may occur between borings. Lines of demarcation represent the approximate boundary between the different material types, but the transition may be gradual.

A truck-mounted rotary drill rig utilizing rotary wash drilling or continuous flight hollow or solid stem auger procedures is used to advance the borings, unless otherwise noted. A backhoe provided by others is used to place test pits. Test pits are advanced to the required depth, refusal (typically bedrock) or to the limits of the equipment. Samples of soil are obtained from the borings or test pit spoils for subsequent laboratory study. Samples are sealed in plastic bags and marked as to depth and boring/pit locations in the field. Cores are wrapped in a polyethylene wrap to preserve field moisture conditions, placed in core boxes and marked as to depth and core runs. Unless notified to the contrary, samples and cores will be stored for 90 days, then discarded.

Standard Penetration Test and Split-Barrel Sampling of Soils (ASTM D-1586) (SPT)

This sampling method consists of driving a 2 inch outside diameter split barrel sampler using a 140 pound hammer freely falling through a distance of 30 inches. The sampler is first seated 6 inches into the material to be sampled and then driven an additional 12 inches. The number of blows required to drive the sampler the final 12 inches is known as the Standard Penetration Resistance. The results of the SPT is recorded on the boring logs as "N" values.

Thin-Walled Tube Sampling of Soils (ASTM D-1587) (Shelby Tube Sampling)

This method consists of pushing thin walled steel tubes, usually 3 inches in diameter, into the soils to be sampled using hydraulic pressure or other means. Cohesive soils are usually sampled in this manner and relatively undisturbed samples are recovered.

Soil Investigation and Sampling by Auger Borings (ASTM D-1452)

This method consists of auguring a hole and removing representative soil samples from the auger flight or bit at intervals or with each change in the substrata. Disturbed samples are obtained and this method is, therefore, limited to situations where it is satisfactory to determine the approximate subsurface profile and obtain samples suitable for Index Property testing.

Diamond Core Drilling for Site Investigation (ASTM D-2113)

This method consists of advancing a hole into hard strata by rotating a single or double tube core barrel equipped with a cutting bit. Diamond, tungsten carbide, or other cutting agents may be used for the bit. Wash water or air is used to remove the cuttings and to cool the bit. Normally, a 3 inch outside diameter by 2-1/8 inch inside diameter coring bit is used unless otherwise noted. The rock or hard material recovered within the core barrel is examined in the field and in the laboratory and the cores are stored in partitioned boxes. The intactness of all rock core specimens is evaluated in two ways. The first method is the Standard Core Recovery (SCR) expressed as the length of the total core recovered divided by the length of the core run, expressed as a percentage:

SCR = total core length recovered x 100% length of core run

This value is exhibited on the boring logs as the Standard Core Recovery (SCR).

The second procedure for evaluating the intactness of the rock cores is by Rock Quality Designation (RQD). The RQD provides an additional qualitative measure of soundness of the rock. This index is determined by measuring the intact recovered core unit which exceed four inches in length divided by the total length of the core run:

RQD = all core lengths greater than 4" x 100% length of core run

The RQD is also expressed as a percentage and is shown on the boring logs.

Vane Shear Tests

In-situ vane shear tests may be used to determine the shear strength of soft to medium cohesive soil. This test consists of placing a four-bladed vane in the undisturbed soil and determining the torsional force applied at the ground surface required to cause the cylindrical perimeter surface of the vane to be sheared. The torsional force sufficient to cause shearing is converted to a unit of shearing resistance or cohesion of the soil surrounding the cylindrical surface.

THD Cone Penetrometer Test

The THD Cone Penetrometer Test is a standard field test to determine the relative density or consistency and load carrying capacity of foundation soils. This test is performed in much the same manner as the Standard Penetration Test described above. In this test, a 3 inch diameter penetrometer cone is used in place of a split-spoon sampler. This test calls for a 170-pound weight falling 24 inches. The actual test in hard materials consists of driving the penetrometer cone and accurately recording the inches of penetration for the first and second 50 blows for a total of 100 blows. These results are then correlated using a table of load capacity vs. number of inches penetrated per 100 blows.

Pocket Penetrometer Test

A pocket penetrometer or hand penetrometer is a small device used to estimate the shear capacity or unconfined compressive strength of a soil sample. The device consists of a spring-loaded probe which measures the pressure required to penetrate the probe into a soil sample for specified depth. This test can only be performed on cohesive soil samples. This pressure is reported in tons per square foot (tsf) on the Logs of Boring. A hyphen (-) indicates that the soil sample was too loose or too soft to perform the test. This test is considered rudimentary and too inaccurate to be used for direct design parameters; however, this test is useful for correlations among soil strata and general stiffness descriptions.

Ground Water Observation

Ground moisture observations are made during the operations and are reported on the logs of boring or pit. Moisture condition of cuttings are noted, however, the use of water for circulation precludes direct observation of wet conditions. Water levels after completing the borings or pits are noted. Seasonal variations, temperatures and recent rainfall conditions may influence the levels of the ground water table and water may be present in excavations, even though not indicated on the logs.

STANDARD LABORATORY PROCEDURES

To adequately characterize the subsurface material at this site, some or all of the following laboratory tests are performed. The results of the actual tests performed are shown graphically on the Logs of Boring or Pit.

Moisture Content - ASTM D-2216

Natural moisture contents of the samples (based on dry weight of soil) are determined for selected samples at depths shown on the respective boring logs. These moisture contents are useful in delineating the depth of the zone of moisture change and as a gauge of correlation between the various index properties and the engineering properties of the soil. For example, the relationship between the plasticity index and moisture content is a source of information for the correlation of shear strength data.

Dry Density - ASTM D-7263

The dry density, γ_d , (bulk density or unit weight) of the samples is determined for selected samples at depths shown on the respective boring logs using Method B of the aforementioned ASTM standard. The in-situ density was determined from undisturbed SPT samples and the dry density was calculated using moisture content results. These dry density values are useful for calculating other characteristic values such as porosity, void ratio, and mass composition of soil. Additionally, these values can also be used to assess the degree of compaction or consolidation of fill materials.

Atterberg Limits - ASTM D-4318

The Atterberg Limits are the moisture contents at the time the soil meets certain arbitrarily defined tests. At the moisture content defined as the plastic limit, Pw, the soil is assumed to change from a semi-solid state to a plastic state. By the addition of more moisture, the soil may be brought up to the moisture content defined as the liquid limit, Lw, or that point where the soil changes from a plastic state to a liquid state. A soil existing at a moisture content between these two previously described states is said to be in a plastic state. The difference between the liquid limit, Lw, and the plastic limit, Pw, is termed the plasticity index, Iw. As the plasticity index increases, the ability of a soil to attract water and remain in a plastic state increases. The Atterberg Limits that were determined are plotted on the appropriate log.

The Atterberg Limits are quite useful in soil exploration as an indexing parameter. Using the Atterberg Limits and grain size analysis, A. Casagrande developed the Unified Soils Classification System (USCS) which is widely used in the geotechnical engineering field. This system related the liquid limit to the plasticity index by dividing a classification chart into various zones according to degrees of plasticity of clays and silts. Although the Atterberg Limits are an indexing parameter, K. Terzaghi has related these limits to various engineering properties of a soil. Some of these relationships are as follows:

- 1. As the grain size of the soil decreases, the Atterberg Limits increase.
- 2. As the percent clay in the soil increases, the Atterberg Limits increase.
- 3. As the shear strength increases, the Atterberg Limits decrease.
- 4. As the compressibility of a soil increases, the Atterberg Limits increase.

Free Swell Test - ASTM D-4546-96

The free swell test assesses the potential for swell of soil. This value is useful for the design of various structures such as slab-on-ground foundations, piers and piles, and underground utilities. Method B of the aforementioned ASTM standard determines the amount of swell (vertical heave) of a sample. This is done by placing the sample in a consolidometer under a seating load equal to the overburden pressure and giving the sample free access to water. The height is measured and the swell is calculated as the vertical displacement divided by the original height of the specimen. The results of these tests are presented on the Logs of Boring at the depth of the samples tested.

Swell Pressure Test - ASTM D-4546-96

The swell pressure test assesses the potential for swell of soil. This value is useful for the design of various structures such as slab-on-ground foundations, piers and piles, and underground utilities. Method C of the aforementioned ASTM standard determines the pressure required to keep a soil sample at equilibrium under swelling conditions. This is done by placing the sample in a consolidometer under a seating load and giving the sample free access to water. A constant height of the sample is maintained and the vertical pressure on the sample is adjusted until equilibrium is reached. The vertical pressure on the sample at equilibrium is reported as the swell pressure. The results of these tests are presented on the Logs of Boring at the depth of the samples tested.

Soil Suction Test - ASTM D-5298-94

Soil suction (potential) tests are performed to determine both the matric and total suction values for the samples tested. Soil suction measures the free energy of the pore water in a soil. In a practical sense, soil suction is an indication of the affinity of a given soil sample to retain water. Soil suction provides useful information on a variety of characteristics of the soil that are affected by the soil water including volume change, deformation, and strength.

Soil suction tests are performed using the filter paper method per ASTM D-5298. Results of these tests are shown graphically on the logs of boring and tabulated in summary sheet of laboratory data.

For matric suction values found using this method, it should be noted that when the soil is in a dry state adequate contact between the filter paper and the soil may not be possible. This lack of contact may result in the determination of total suction instead of matric suction.

Triaxial Shear Test - ASTM D-2850-70

Triaxial tests may be performed on samples that are approximately 2.83 inches in diameter, unless a smaller diameter sample was necessary to achieve a more favorable length:diameter (L:D) ratio. A minimum length to diameter ratio (L:D) of 2.0 is maintained to reduce end effects.

The triaxial tests are typically unconsolidated-undrained using nitrogen gas for chamber confining pressure. Confining pressures are selected to conform to in-situ hydrostatic pressure considering the earth to be a fluid of 120 pcf. In this test, undisturbed Shelby tube samples are trimmed so that their ends are square and then pressed in a triaxial compression machine. The load at which failure occurs is the compressive strength. The results of the triaxial tests and the correlated hand penetrometer strengths can be utilized to develop soil shear strength values. These test provide the confined compressive strength, q_c , which are presented on the Logs of Boring at the depth of the samples tested.

Unconfined Compressive Strength of Rock Cores - ASTM D-2938

The unconfined compressive strength, q_u , is a valuable parameter useful in the design of foundation footings. This value, qu, is related to the shearing resistance of the rock and thus to the capacity of the rock to support a load. In completing this test it is imperative that the length: diameter ratio of the core specimens are maintained at a minimum of 2:1. This ratio is set so that the shear plane will not extend through either of the end caps. If the ratio is less than 2.0 a correction is applied to the result.

Grain Size Analysis - ASTM D-421 and D-422

Grain size analysis tests are performed to determine the particle size and distribution of the samples tested. The grain size distribution of the soils coarser than the Standard Number 200 sieve is determined by passing the sample through a standard set of nested sieves, and the distribution of sizes smaller than the No. 200 sieve is determined by a sedimentation process, using a hydrometer. The results are given on the log of Boring/Pit or on Grain Size Distribution semi-log graphs within the report.

Slake Durability Test - ASTM D-4644

The slake durability test provides an index for the durability of a shale, or similar rock, considering the effects of wetting, drying, and abrasion. This index is used to quantify the strength of weak rock formations when exposed to natural wetting and drying cycles, especially in the context of underground tunneling and excavation. The index, $I_d(2)$, represents the percentage, by mass, of rock material retained after two wetting and drying cycles. These cycles are simulated by oven drying the sample followed by ten minutes of tumbling and soaking in water within a drum and trough apparatus. After tumbling and soaking, the sample is oven-dried and the mass of the sample is recorded. The results of these tests are presented on the Logs of Boring at the depth of the samples tested.

Brazilian Tensile Strength - ASTM D-3967

The Brazilian (splitting) tensile strength, σ_t , is useful in rock mechanics design, especially in regard to tunneling. This value is an indirect representation of the true uniaxial tensile strength. The Brazilian test is typically used more commonly than direct tensile strength tests because it is less difficult, more cost effective, and more represented of in-situ conditions. The test is conducted by mechanically compressing a rock core sample along its vertical diameter, causing the sample to fail due to tension along the horizontal diameter caused by the Poisson effect.

CERCHAR Abrasivity Index (CAI) Test - ASTM D-7625

The CERCHAR Abrasivity Index (CAI) is used to determine the abrasivity of rocks. This is particularly useful in assessing the potential wearing on cutting tools during excavation. The CAI of a rock is determined by the CERCHAR test, which consists of scraping steel pins across a rock surface and measuring the wear of each pin. The rock specimen is held in a mechanical vice, while a conical steel pin fastened to a 15-pound head is drug across the face of the specimen using a lever being pulled 1 centimeter in 1 second. The CAI is calculated based on the resultant diameter on the end of the pin.

Civil | Environmental | Land Development

HEADQUARTERS

307 Saint Lawrence St. Gonzales, TX 78629 Phone: 830.672.7546 CENTRAL TEXAS OFFICE

205 Cimarron Park Loop, Ste B Buda, TX 78610 Phone: 512.312.4336

IV.

Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application Form (TCEQ-0584)

Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application Form** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and Executive Director approval. The form was prepared by:

4. The amount and type of impervious cover expected after construction are shown below:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: <u>Henry Juarez</u>
Date: 9/1/2022
Signature of Customer/Agent: Regulated Entity Name: Carpenter Ranch RV Park
Regulated Entity Information
1. The type of project is:
Residential: Number of Lots: Residential: Number of Living Unit Equivalents: Commercial Industrial Other: RV Park
2. Total site acreage (size of property): <u>54.7</u>

3. Estimated projected population: N/A

Table 1 - Impervious Cover Table

Impervious Cover of Proposed Project	Sq. Ft.	Sq. Ft./Acre	Acres
Structures/Rooftops	94576.35	÷ 43,560 =	2.17
Parking		÷ 43,560 =	
Other paved surfaces	127370.99	÷ 43,560 =	2.92
Total Impervious Cover	221946.34	÷ 43,560 =	5.095

Total Impervious Cover <u>5.095</u> ÷ Total Acreage <u>54.7</u> X 100 = <u>9.31</u>% Impervious Cover

- 5. Attachment A Factors Affecting Surface Water Quality. A detailed description of all factors that could affect surface water and groundwater quality that addresses ultimate land use is attached.
- 6. Only inert materials as defined by 30 TAC §330.2 will be used as fill material.

For Road Projects Only

Complete questions 7 - 12 if this application is exclusively for a road project.

7.	Type of project:
	 TXDOT road project. County road or roads built to county specifications. City thoroughfare or roads to be dedicated to a municipality. Street or road providing access to private driveways.
8.	Type of pavement or road surface to be used:
	Concrete Asphaltic concrete pavement Other:
9.	Length of Right of Way (R.O.W.): feet.
	Width of R.O.W.: feet. L x W = $Ft^2 \div 43,560 Ft^2/Acre = acres.$
10.	Length of pavement area: feet.
	Width of pavement area: feet. L x W = $Ft^2 \div 43,560 Ft^2/Acre = acres$. Pavement area acres \div R.O.W. area acres x $100 = $ % impervious cover.
11.	A rest stop will be included in this project.
	A rest stop will not be included in this project.

TCEQ Executive Director. Modific	ng roadways that do not require approval from the cations to existing roadways such as widening more than one-half (1/2) the width of one (1) existing the TCEQ.
Stormwater to be genera	ated by the Proposed Project
volume (quantity) and character occur from the proposed project quality and quantity are based o	racter of Stormwater. A detailed description of the (quality) of the stormwater runoff which is expected to is attached. The estimates of stormwater runoff in the area and type of impervious cover. Include the both pre-construction and post-construction conditions.
Wastewater to be genera	ated by the Proposed Project
14. The character and volume of wastev	vater is shown below:
100% Domestic% Industrial% Commingled TOTAL gallons/day	< <u>5,000</u> Gallons/day Gallons/day Gallons/day
15. Wastewater will be disposed of by:	
⊠ On-Site Sewage Facility (OSSF/Se	eptic Tank):
will be used to treat and disp licensing authority's (authority the land is suitable for the use the requirements for on-site relating to On-site Sewage Faxon Each lot in this project/developsize. The system will be designed.	etter from Authorized Agent. An on-site sewage facility lose of the wastewater from this site. The appropriate zed agent) written approval is attached. It states that se of private sewage facilities and will meet or exceed sewage facilities as specified under 30 TAC Chapter 285 acilities. Opment is at least one (1) acre (43,560 square feet) in gned by a licensed professional engineer or registered licensed installer in compliance with 30 TAC Chapter
Sewage Collection System (Sewe	r Lines):
to an existing SCS.	the wastewater generating facilities will be connected the wastewater generating facilities will be connected
The SCS was previously submThe SCS was submitted withThe SCS will be submitted at be installed prior to Executive	this application. a later date. The owner is aware that the SCS may not

The sewage collection system will convey the wastewater to the (name) Treatment Plant. The treatment facility is:
Existing. Proposed.
16. All private service laterals will be inspected as required in 30 TAC §213.5.
Site Plan Requirements
Items 17 – 28 must be included on the Site Plan.
17. The Site Plan must have a minimum scale of 1" = 400'.
Site Plan Scale: 1" = <u>400</u> '.
18. 100-year floodplain boundaries:
 Some part(s) of the project site is located within the 100-year floodplain. The floodplain is shown and labeled. No part of the project site is located within the 100-year floodplain. The 100-year floodplain boundaries are based on the following specific (including date of material) sources(s): FEMA MAP NO. 48209C0145F AND 48209C0260F DATED 9/2/05
19. The layout of the development is shown with existing and finished contours at appropriate, but not greater than ten-foot contour intervals. Lots, recreation centers, buildings, roads, open space, etc. are shown on the plan.
The layout of the development is shown with existing contours at appropriate, but not greater than ten-foot intervals. Finished topographic contours will not differ from the existing topographic configuration and are not shown. Lots, recreation centers, buildings, roads, open space, etc. are shown on the site plan.
20. All known wells (oil, water, unplugged, capped and/or abandoned, test holes, etc.):
There are $\underline{0}$ (#) wells present on the project site and the locations are shown and labeled. (Check all of the following that apply)
 The wells are not in use and have been properly abandoned. The wells are not in use and will be properly abandoned. The wells are in use and comply with 16 TAC §76.
igstyle There are no wells or test holes of any kind known to exist on the project site.
21. Geologic or manmade features which are on the site:
 All sensitive geologic or manmade features identified in the Geologic Assessment are shown and labeled. No sensitive geologic or manmade features were identified in the Geologic Assessment. Attachment D - Exception to the Required Geologic Assessment. A request and
justification for an exception to a portion of the Geologic Assessment is attached.

22. 🔀	The drainage patterns and approximate slopes anticipated after major grading activities
23. 🔀	Areas of soil disturbance and areas which will not be disturbed.
24. 🔀	Locations of major structural and nonstructural controls. These are the temporary and permanent best management practices.
25. 🔀	Locations where soil stabilization practices are expected to occur.
26. 🗌	Surface waters (including wetlands).
\boxtimes	N/A
27. 🔀	Locations where stormwater discharges to surface water or sensitive features are to occur.
	There will be no discharges to surface water or sensitive features.
28. 🔀	Legal boundaries of the site are shown.
Adn	ninistrative Information
29. 🔀	Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
30. 🔀	Any modification of this WPAP will require Executive Director approval, prior to construction, and may require submission of a revised application, with appropriate fees

WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN APPLICATION FORM ATTACHMENT A

FACTORS AFFECTING SURFACE WATER QUALITY

DURING CONSTRUCTION

Non-Storm Water Discharges - The following non-storm water discharges may occur from the site during the construction period:

- Non-point discharge of paint and solvents
- Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- · Water from utility line flushing during initial line testing
- · Petroleum drippings from vehicle movement
- Pavement wash waters (where no spills or leaks of toxic or hazardous materials have occurred)
- Groundwater (from dewatering of excavation)
- Silt Runoff form soil disturbance
- Trash and Debris (Litter) and discarded Food and Tobacco Products

All non-storm water discharge will be directed to the Erosion and Sedimentation Controls (Best Management Practices) to remove any suspended solids contained therein. Material management practices will be utilized to reduce the risk of spills, or other accidental exposure of the materials listed above to storm water runoff. These and any other sources of pollutants that may affect storm water quality will be screened and filtered by temporary BMPs, which will be installed prior to the commencement of site clearing.

POST CONSTRUCTION

Non-Storm Water Discharges after construction has been completed which can affect water quality include:

- Lawn fertilizer and pesticides
- Petroleum drippings from vehicle movement
- Cleaning products used out-of-doors not captured in sanitary sewer
- Landscape Maintenance

Post-construction storm water discharges typically will transport sediment in the form of dirt and dust accumulated on streets and other impervious flatwork, rooftops and sediment from erosion of grassy areas. That material will be conveyed to the water quality pond (where most pollutants will be removed), and then conveyed to the proposed detention pond and finally discharge sheet flows into the undeveloped land.

WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN APPLICATION FORM ATTACHMENT B

VOLUME AND CHARACTER OF STORMWATER

The project site is defined by one (1) offsite and one (1) onsite major existing drainage areas and drains mainly from southwest to northeast, onto the site and across the property. Using the City of Austin runoff coefficients, the existing drainage area will produce a peak flow of approximately 1288.84 cubic feet per second (cfs) during a 100-year storm event. Please refer to Existing Drainage Area Map provided in the site construction drawings for more information. This existing drainage area naturally conveys storm water off-site via overland flow, eventually discharging into the Onion Creek – Colorado River.

In proposed conditions, the total impervious cover on-site will be approximately 5.095 acres (+/- 9.31% of the total property acreage). Using the City of Austin runoff coefficients, the proposed drainage area will produce a peak flow of approximately 1280.26 cubic feet per second (cfs) during a 100-year storm event. Please refer to Existing and Proposed Drainage Area Map provided in the site construction drawings for more information. Please see the Project Narrative in General Information Section - Attachment C for more information.

Erosion Controls will be installed to decrease and/or prevent sediment runoff during construction. Please refer to the site construction drawings for further details.

WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN APPLICATION FORM ATTACHMENT C

SUITABILITY LETTER FROM AUTHORIZED AGENT (OSSF)

Civil | Environmental | Land Development

HEADQUARTERS

307 Saint Lawrence St. Gonzales, TX 78629 Phone: 830.672.7546 CENTRAL TEXAS OFFICE

205 Cimarron Park Loop, Ste B Buda, TX 78610 Phone: 512.312.4336

V.

Temporary Stormwater Section (TCEQ-0602)

Temporary Stormwater Section

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(4)(A), (B), (D)(I) and (G); Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Temporary Stormwater Section** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The application was prepared by:

	fer. This Temporary Stormwater Section is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and utive director approval. The application was prepared by:	
Print	Name of Customer/Agent: <u>Henry Juarez</u>	
Date	:: <u>9/1/2022</u>	
Regu	ulated Entity Name: Carpenter Ranch RV Park Oject Information	
Pot	tential Sources of Contamination	
	nples: Fuel storage and use, chemical storage and use, use of asphaltic products, truction vehicles tracking onto public roads, and existing solid waste.	
	uels for construction equipment and hazardous substances which will be used during onstruction:	

The following fuels and/or hazardous substances will be stored on the site: _____

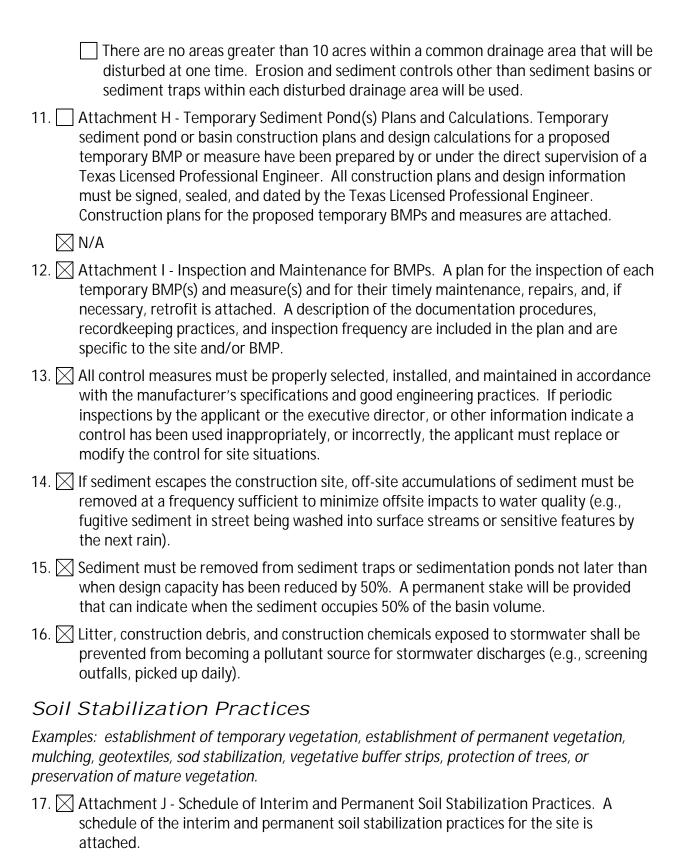
gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year.

Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of less than 250

These fuels and/or hazardous substances will be stored in:

	 Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity between 250 gallons and 499 gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year. Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of 500 gallons or more will be stored on the site. An Aboveground Storage Tank Facility Plan application must be submitted to the appropriate regional office of the TCEQ prior to moving the tanks onto the project.
	Evels and hazardous substances will not be stored on the site.
2.	Attachment A - Spill Response Actions. A site specific description of the measures to be taken to contain any spill of hydrocarbons or hazardous substances is attached.
3.	☐ Temporary aboveground storage tank systems of 250 gallons or more cumulative storage capacity must be located a minimum horizontal distance of 150 feet from any domestic, industrial, irrigation, or public water supply well, or other sensitive feature.
4.	Attachment B - Potential Sources of Contamination. A description of any activities or processes which may be a potential source of contamination affecting surface water quality is attached.
S	equence of Construction
5.	Attachment C - Sequence of Major Activities. A description of the sequence of major activities which will disturb soils for major portions of the site (grubbing, excavation, grading, utilities, and infrastructure installation) is attached.
	 For each activity described, an estimate (in acres) of the total area of the site to be disturbed by each activity is given. For each activity described, include a description of appropriate temporary control measures and the general timing (or sequence) during the construction process that the measures will be implemented.
6.	Name the receiving water(s) at or near the site which will be disturbed or which will receive discharges from disturbed areas of the project: Onion Creek-Colorado River
T	emporary Best Management Practices (TBMPs)
sta co ba	osion control examples: tree protection, interceptor swales, level spreaders, outlet abilization, blankets or matting, mulch, and sod. Sediment control examples: stabilized instruction exit, silt fence, filter dikes, rock berms, buffer strips, sediment traps, and sediment is ins. Please refer to the Technical Guidance Manual for guidelines and specifications. All ructural BMPs must be shown on the site plan.
7.	Attachment D – Temporary Best Management Practices and Measures. TBMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, and stormwater. The construction-phase BMPs for erosion and sediment controls have been designed to retain sediment on site to the extent practicable. The following information is attached:

	A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent p groundwater or stormwater that originates upgradient across the site.	
	A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent proundwater that originates on-site or flows off site, in contaminated stormwater runoff from the site.	cluding pollution caused by
	A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent p surface streams, sensitive features, or the aquifer.	oollutants from entering
	A description of how, to the maximum extent practical maintain flow to naturally-occurring sensitive features geologic assessment, TCEQ inspections, or during excav construction.	identified in either the
8.	The temporary sealing of a naturally-occurring sensitive feato the Edwards Aquifer as a temporary pollution abatemer construction should be avoided.	
	Attachment E - Request to Temporarily Seal a Feature seal a feature is attached. The request includes justific and practicable alternative exists for each feature.	ation as to why no reasonable
	There will be no temporary sealing of naturally-occurring site.	ng sensitive features on the
9.	Attachment F - Structural Practices. A description of the sused to divert flows away from exposed soils, to store flow discharge of pollutants from exposed areas of the site is at structural practices in floodplains has been avoided.	rs, or to otherwise limit runoff
10	Attachment G - Drainage Area Map. A drainage area map requirements is attached:	supporting the following
	For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a codisturbed at one time, a sediment basin will be provided	d.
	For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a co disturbed at one time, a smaller sediment basin and/or used.	3
	For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a co disturbed at one time, a sediment basin or other equiv attainable, but other TBMPs and measures will be used down slope and side slope boundaries of the construct	alent controls are not I in combination to protect
	There are no areas greater than 10 acres within a commodisturbed at one time. A smaller sediment basin and/oused in combination with other erosion and sediment drainage area.	non drainage area that will be r sediment trap(s) will be



- 18. Records must be kept at the site of the dates when major grading activities occur, the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site, and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 19. Stabilization practices must be initiated as soon as practicable where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased.

Administrative Information

- 20. All structural controls will be inspected and maintained according to the submitted and approved operation and maintenance plan for the project.
- 21. All fany geologic or manmade features, such as caves, faults, sinkholes, etc., are discovered, all regulated activities near the feature will be immediately suspended. The appropriate TCEQ Regional Office shall be immediately notified. Regulated activities must cease and not continue until the TCEQ has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the aquifer from any adverse impacts.
- 22. Silt fences, diversion berms, and other temporary erosion and sediment controls will be constructed and maintained as appropriate to prevent pollutants from entering sensitive features discovered during construction.

TEMPORARY STORMWATER SECTION ATTACHMENT A

SPILL RESPONSE ACTIONS

Responsibility for adequate cleanup of any chemical spills during construction will be placed on the owner. All spill prevention actions and spill response/cleanup actions will be per Section 1.4.16 of TCEQ RG-348. The responsible person will notify TCEQ of any chemical spills as required and outlined in 30 TAC 327.4 and 40 CFR 302.4.

General Measures

- 1. To the extent that the work can be accomplished safely, spills of oil, petroleum products, substances listed under 40 CFR parts 110,117, and 302, and sanitary and septic wastes should be contained and cleaned up immediately.
- 2. Store hazardous materials and wastes in covered containers and protect from vandalism.
- 3. Place a stockpile of spill cleanup materials where it will be readily accessible.
- 4. Train employees in spill prevention and cleanup.
- 5. Designate responsible individuals to oversee and enforce control measures.
- 6. Spills should be covered and protected from stormwater runoff during rainfall to the extent that it doesn't compromise cleanup activities.
- 7. Do not bury or wash spills with water. 1-118
- 8. Store and dispose of used clean up materials, contaminated materials, and recovered spill material that is no longer suitable for the intended purpose in conformance with the provisions in applicable BMPs.
- 9. Do not allow water used for cleaning and decontamination to enter storm drains or watercourses. Collect and dispose of contaminated water in accordance with applicable regulations.
- 10. Contain water overflow or minor water spillage and do not allow it to discharge into drainage facilities or watercourses.
- 11. Place Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS), as well as proper storage, cleanup, and spill reporting instructions for hazardous materials stored or used on the project site in an open, conspicuous, and accessible location.
- 12. Keep waste storage areas clean, well-organized, and equipped with ample cleanup supplies as appropriate for the materials being stored. Perimeter controls, containment structures, covers, and liners should be repaired or replaced as needed to maintain proper function.

Cleanup

- 1. Clean up leaks and spills immediately.
- Use a rag for small spills on paved surfaces, a damp mop for general cleanup, and absorbent material for larger spills. If the spilled material is hazardous, then the used cleanup materials are also hazardous and must be disposed of as hazardous waste.
- Never hose down or bury dry material spills. Clean up as much of the material as
 possible and dispose of properly. See the waste management BMPs in this
 section for specific information.

Minor Spills

- 1. Minor spills typically involve small quantities of oil, gasoline, paint, etc. which can be controlled by the first responder at the discovery of the spill.
- 2. Use absorbent materials on small spills rather than hosing down or burying the spill.
- 3. Absorbent materials should be promptly removed and disposed of properly.
- 4. Follow the practice below for a minor spill:
 - i) Contain the spread of the spill.
 - ii) Recover spilled materials.
 - iii) Clean the contaminated area and properly dispose of contaminated materials.

Semi-Significant Spills

Semi-significant spills still can be controlled by the first responder along with the aid of other personnel such as laborers and the foreman, etc. This response may require the cessation of all other activities.

Spills should be cleaned up immediately:

- 1. Contain spread of the spill.
- 2. Notify the project foreman immediately.
- 3. If the spill occurs on paved or impermeable surfaces, clean up using "dry" methods (absorbent materials, cat litter and/or rags). Contain the spill by encircling with absorbent materials and do not let the spill spread widely.
- 4. If the spill occurs in dirt areas, immediately contain the spill by constructing an earthen dike. Dig up and properly dispose of contaminated soil.
- 5. If the spill occurs during rain, cover spill with tarps or other material to prevent contaminating runoff.

Significant/Hazardous Spills

For significant or hazardous spills that are in reportable quantities:

- Notify the TCEQ by telephone as soon as possible and within 24 hours at 512-339-2929 (Austin) or 210-490-3096 (San Antonio) between 8 AM and 5 PM. After hours, contact the Environmental Release Hotline at 1-800-832-8224. It is the contractor's responsibility to have all emergency phone numbers at the construction site.
- 2. For spills of federal reportable quantities, in conformance with the requirements in 40 CFR parts 110,119, and 302, the contractor should notify the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.
- 3. Notification should first be made by telephone and followed up with a written report.
- 4. The services of a spills contractor or a Haz-Mat team should be obtained immediately. Construction personnel should not attempt to clean up until the appropriate and qualified staffs have arrived at the job site.
- Other agencies which may need to be consulted include, but are not limited to, the City Police Department, County Sheriff Office, Fire Departments, etc. More information on spill rules and appropriate responses is available on the TCEQ website at: http://www.tnrcc.state.tx.us/enforcement/emergency_response.html

TEMPORARY STORMWATER SECTION ATTACHMENT B

POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION

Some potential sources of contamination are as follows:

- fuel storage and use,
- chemical storage and use,
- use of asphaltic products,
- construction vehicles tracking onto public roads,
- existing solid waste,
- and other vehicular contaminants (i.e., fuel, oil, lubricants, etc.).

Refer to Attachment A for Spill Response Actions.

TEMPORARY STORMWATER SECTION ATTACHMENT C

SEQUENCE OF MAJOR ACTIVITIES

- 1. Construct temporary erosion control measures, including all silt fences, rock berms, diversion berms, and tree protection fencing per approved plan.
- 2. Conduct pre-construction conference with city inspector, water and wastewater utility representative, owner's representative, architect, engineer and contractor. Contact Hays County Development Services at (512) 393-2150 to schedule the pre-construction conference. An esc contact name and number will be provided to the city inspector for 24/7 access in the event of erosion and sediment control breach or related problem.
- 3. Construction Wet Pond, to act as temporary sedimentation basin.
- 4. Contractor shall contact Hays County prior to utility abandonment at (512) 393-2150, if appropriate.
- 5. Perform clearing, demolition and rough grading.
- 6. Install utilities. Conduct water and wastewater utility construction and testing for city acceptance. Coordinate underground electric, telephone, cable tv, and telecommunications construction. Install inlet protection.
- 7. Construct all weather access drives including asphalt, base, and curb & gutter.
- 8. Construct buildings.
- 9. Install all sidewalks.
- 10. Install streetscape and/or landscaping improvements.
- 11. Prior to city final acceptance, the contractor shall have vegetative cover in place in conformance with the general construction notes and landscape plan. All adjacent areas disturbed by the work will be repaired and revegetated by the general contractor to preexisting or better conditions. Permanent controls will be cleaned out and filter media will be installed prior to/concurrently with revegetation of site.
- 12. Schedule site final inspection with city environmental technician and city building inspector.
- 13. Remove any trapped sediment at erosion control devices and upon approval of city inspector. Remove all temporary erosion controls and tree protection.
- 14. The total overall disturbed area for Carpenter Ranch RV Park is approximately 54.7 acres.

TEMPORARY STORMWATER SECTION ATTACHMENT D

TEMPORARY BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AND MEASURES

At the beginning of the project, Temporary Best Management Practices (BMPs) will be installed according to the Erosion and Sedimentation Notes and Details sheet and placed as shown on the Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan sheet. Silt fences will be installed and the proposed detention pond and water quality pond will be rough cut before construction begins. When full, the proposed detention pond overflow will sheet flow downstream through silt fence. During construction, the silt fencing and detention pond are to be inspected weekly, and after any rainfall.

The site is located at 584 McKinnon Loop, Buda Texas 78610. Upgradient water from the undeveloped site upstream of the proposed development will be conveyed to the proposed detention pond.

On-site Water

Silt fencing will be placed downwards along the boundary line of the tracts. Inlet protection will be placed as necessary to protect the existing inlet onsite. These Temporary BMPs will be installed along the down-gradient boundary of the property to filter all runoff that originates on site. The temporary construction entrance will be installed to prevent tracking materials offsite. Additionally, a concrete truck washout area will be placed onsite and be accessible to all existing traffic leaving the site. By this, the Temporary BMPs will prevent pollution of surface water that originates on-site due to the construction of the project.

The following sections were taken from the TCEQ Manual, "Complying with Edward Aquifer Rules: Technical Guidance on Best Management Practices."

- Construction Exit should be used at all designated access points.
- Silt Fence (interior) Areas of minor sheet flow. < 1/4 acre/100 feet of fence < 20% slopes.
- Silt Fence (exterior) Down slope borders of site; up slope border is necessary to divert offsite drainage. For larger areas use diversion swale or berm. < ¼ acre/100 feet of fence < 20% slopes.
- Rock Berm Drainage swales and ditches with and below site. < 5 acres < 30% slopes.
- Inlet Protection Prevent sediment from entering storm drain system. < 1 acre.
- Spill Prevention Used on all sites to reduce spills.
- Concrete Washout Use on all concrete pouring operations.

- A. A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater or storm water that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site.
 - 1. The upgradient storm water will be directed to the previously mentioned temporary BMPs.
- B. A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off site, including pollution caused by contaminated storm water runoff from the site.
 - 1. Silt fence and stabilized construction entrances shall be used to prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater or storm water that originates onsite or flows off-site by locating the TBMPs downstream of the flows leaving the site. The TBMPs will reduce the amount of contaminated runoff leaving the site by acting as a filter for sediment before the flows are released into the existing storm sewer system. Also included is a stabilized construction entrance to reduce the amount of mud tracked onto surrounding streets by construction vehicles. Inspection and maintenance of the on-site controls shall be performed during the site clearing and rough grading process.

All TBMPs will be maintained by the Contractor as will be described in the Contractor's Storm water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP). The initial installation of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls, will act as a sediment trap, and help to prevent pollution of surface waters from runoff originating on-site to the greatest extent practicable.

- C. A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollutants from entering surface streams, sensitive features, or the aquifer.
 - 1. By locating the TBMPs downstream of the flows leaving the site, the TBMPs will reduce the amount of contaminated runoff leaving the site by acting as a filter for sediment before the flows are released. Also included is a stabilized construction entrance to reduce the amount of mud tracked onto surrounding streets by construction vehicles. Inspection and maintenance of the on-site controls shall be performed during the site clearing and rough grading process. All TBMPs will be maintained by the Contractor as will be described in the Contractor's SWPPP. The initial installation of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls, will act as a sediment trap, and help to prevent pollution of surface waters from runoff originating onsite to the greatest extent practicable.
- D. A description of how, to the maximum extent practicable, BMPs and measures will maintain flow to naturally occurring sensitive features identified in either the geologic assessment, TCEQ inspections, or during excavation, blasting, or construction.

Please refer to Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan within the Carpenter Ranch RV Park Construction Plans.

TEMPORARY STORMWATER SECTION ATTACHMENT E

REQUEST TO TEMPORARILY SEAL A FEATURE

There will be no temporary sealing of naturally-occurring sensitive features on the site.

TEMPORARY STORMWATER SECTION ATTACHMENT F

STRUCTURAL PRACTICES

Structural practices will be used to limit runoff discharge of pollutants from exposed areas of the site. Silt fencing, triangular sediment filter dikes, inlet protection devices, and stabilized construction entrances will be incorporated as temporary erosion control devices and will be removed after the permanent stabilization is established.

Silt fencing shall be incorporated throughout the construction process. The placement of the silt fencing shall be perpendicular to runoff flow. Refer to project construction documents for quantity and actual locations of these erosion control devices. In areas where silt fencing is to be situated but is non-installable, triangular filter dikes shall be incorporated.

Stabilized construction entrances will be employed during the construction of this site to help minimize vehicle tracking of sediments. Paved streets adjacent to these site entrances shall be cleaned and/or swept regularly to remove any excess mud, dirt or rock tracked from the site. Refer to the project construction documents for actual locations of these erosion control devices. Staging areas will be utilized in locations as decided by the project general contractor and validated by the civil engineer. If the contractor determines the need for additional stabilized construction entrances, construction staging areas or pits, their locations shall be agreed upon by the contractor and the engineer and annotated in the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) posted on the site during construction.

TEMPORARY STORMWATER SECTION ATTACHMENT G

DRAINAGE AREA MAP

Please see the Construction Plans provided with this application for Existing and Proposed Drainage Area Maps, as well as details on the proposed methods for temporary erosion and sedimentation controls for the disturbed areas.

TEMPORARY STORMWATER SECTION ATTACHMENT H

TEMPORARY SEDIMENT POND(S) PLANS AND CALCULATIONS

This section is not applicable for this project.

TEMPORARY STORMWATER SECTION ATTACHMENT I

INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE FOR BMPS

INSPECTIONS

Each contractor will designate a qualified person (or persons) to perform the following inspections:

- 1. Disturbed areas and areas used for storage of materials that are exposed to precipitation will be inspected for evidence of, or the potential for, pollutants entering the drainage system.
- 2. Erosion and sediment control measures identified in the plan will be observed to ensure that they are operating correctly.
- 3. Where discharge locations or points are accessible, they will be inspected to ascertain whether erosion control measures are effective in preventing significant impacts to receiving waters.
- 4. Locations where vehicles enter or exit the site will be inspected for evidence of offsite sediment tracking.

The inspection shall be conducted by the responsible person at least once every seven (7) calendar days and within 24 hours after a storm providing 1/2 inches of rainfall or greater. If one or more of the following conditions apply, the frequency of inspections shall be conducted at least once every month:

- 1. The site has been temporarily stabilized.
- 2. Where runoff is unlikely due to winter conditions (i.e. site is covered with snow, ice, or where frozen ground exists.
- 3. During seasonal arid periods in arid areas (areas with an average annual rainfall of 0 to 10 inches) and semi-arid areas (areas with an average annual rainfall of 10 to 20 inches).

The information required within an inspection and maintenance report are as follows:

- 1. Summary of the scope of the inspection.
- 2. Name(s) and qualifications of personnel making the inspection.
- 3. The date(s) of the inspection.
- 4. Major observations relating to the implementation of the storm water pollution prevention plan.

5. Changes required to correct damages or deficiencies in the control measures.

In addition to the required routine inspections, the following record of information will also be maintained:

- 1. The dates when selective clearing activities occur.
- 2. The dates when selective clearing activities permanently cease on a portion of the site.

Inspection and maintenance reports, as well as all records required by a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP), shall be included in the onsite SWPPP as part of the Texas Pollution Discharge Elimination System (TPDES) Report. Copies of example forms to be used for the inspection and maintenance reports along with their related records, will be included in the onsite SWPPP and are provided for reference.

MAINTENANCE

Based on the results of the inspection, any changes required to correct damages or deficiencies in the control measures shall be made within seven (7) calendar days after the inspection. If existing erosion controls need modification or additional erosion controls are necessary, implementation shall be achieved prior to the next anticipated storm event. If, however, the execution of this requirement becomes impractical, then the implementation will occur as soon as possible, with the incident duly noted with an explanation of the impracticality, in the inspection report.

Sediment accumulation at each control will be removed and properly disposed when the depth of accumulation equals or exceeds six (6) inches. If sediment accumulation is found to be contaminated, its disposal shall be off-site in a manner which conforms to the appropriate applicable regulations.

CARPENTER RANCH RV PARK MCKINNIN LOOP BUDA, TX 78610

Inspection Report

Prevention	Pollution	d in	Corrective Acti	ion Required	
Measure		Inspected in	Description (use additional sheet if necessary))	Date Completed
BEST MANAGEMENT	PRACTICES				
Silt fences					
Rock berms					
Drain inlet protection	1				
Gravel filter bags					
Vehicle exits (offsite					
Concrete washout pit	t (leaks, failure)				
Temporary vegetatio	n				
Permanent vegetatio	n				
Sediment control bas	in				
Other structural cont					
Material storage area					
Equipment areas (lea	ks, spills)				
Construction debris					
General site cleanline	ess				
Trash receptacles					
Natural vegetation bu	uffer strips				
EVIDENCE OF EROSIC	ON				
Site preparation					
Roadway or Parking L	ot Construction				
Utility Construction					
Drainage Constructio	n				
Building Construction	1				
MAJOR OBSERVATIO	INS				
Sediment discharges	from site				
BMPs requiring main	tenance				
BMPs requiring modi	fication				
Additional BMPs requ	uired				
assure that qualified personnel those persons directly responsit	properly gather and evaluate ble for gathering the informat	the information, the info	ere prepared under my direction or supervision tion submitted. Based on my inquiry of the per rmation submitted is, to the best of my knowle false information, including the possibility of fin	rson or persons who redge and belief, true, a	manage the system, or accurate, and
Inspector's Name (Su	perintendent)	- ·	Inspector's Signature	Date	
Name of Owner/Ope	rator (Firm)		Authorized Signature	Date	

Note: If there is a "NO" answer in the second column, the right columns will need to be completed and action is required within 7 days. Use additional sheets if necessary.

Responsible Party Form and Schedule

Prevention Pollution	Responsible Party Company Name									
Measure	Start Date	Estimated Duration (Days)								
BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES										
Silt fences										
Rock berms										
Drain inlet protection										
Gravel filter bags										
Vehicle exits (offsite tracking)										
Concrete washout pit (leaks, failure)										
Temporary vegetation										
Permanent vegetation										
Sediment control basin										
Other structural controls										
Material storage areas (leakage)										
Equipment areas (leaks, spills)										
Construction debris										
General site cleanliness										
Trash receptacles										
Natural vegetation buffer strips										
Inspections										
SWP3 Modification & Records										
POTENTIAL EROSION SOURCES										
Clearing										
Grading										
Excavation										
Drainage Construction										
Utility Construction										
Roadway or Parking Lot Construction										
Foundation Construction										
Building Construction										
Landscaping Activities										
Identify responsible parties and indicate by marking a	-	-	-		-	-	ition i	tem lis	sted a	bove

TEMPORARY STORMWATER SECTION ATTACHMENT J

SCHEDULE OF INTERIM AND PERMANENT SOIL STABILIZATION PRACTICES.

During Construction:

The methodology for handling pollution of on-site or up-gradient storm water during construction will include the following:

- 1. Silt fencing and rock berms will be used as a temporary erosion and sedimentation controls.
- 2. Stabilized construction entrances/exits will be put into place to reduce the dispersion of sediment from the site, and to aid in accessibility to the site.
- 3. A construction staging area will also be put into place for material stockpiles, machinery storage, and machinery maintenance.
- 4. Concrete truck washout pits will be put into place to prevent contamination of storm water runoff and to aid in the removal of sediments from the site.
- 5. As required by the TCEQ General Permit, disturbed areas on which construction activity has ceased (temporarily or permanently) and which will be exposed for more than 21 days shall be stabilized within 14 days. Areas receiving less than 20 inches of annual rainfall should be stabilized as soon as practicable and only to pre-project conditions.
- 6. If construction stops for more than 14 days, hydro-seeding, sod or other TCEQ approved method will be applied to re-stabilize vegetation.

After Construction:

This site will provide the following permanent pollution abatement measures to prevent the pollution of storm water originating on-site or upgradient from the project site:

Storm water will be directed to grate inlets via curbing and grading and discharged into the sedimentation/filtration basins. The sedimentation/filtration basins have been designed to capture and filter the required runoff from the individual watersheds. The basin has been designed in accordance with the TCEQ Technical Guidance Manual. Each basin will be constructed as that particular phase is built.

- 2. Native grasses will be used on-site to help reduce the use of fertilizers and this will in turn reduce the levels of phosphates present in the storm water runoff.
- 3. Where possible drainage will be directed across vegetated areas to provide some pretreatment prior to discharge into the filtration basin.

Permanent Erosion Control:

- 1. All disturbed areas shall be restored as noted below:
 - A minimum of 4" of topsoil shall be placed in all drainage channels (except rock) and between the curb and R.O.W. property lines.
- 2. Broadcast Seeding:
 - From September 15 to March 1, seeding shall be with a combination of 2 pounds per 1,000 SF of unhulled Bermuda and 7 pounds per 1000 SF of Winter Rye with a purity of 95% with 90% germination.
 - From March 2 to September 14, seeding shall be with hulled Bermuda at a rate of 2 pounds per 1000 SF with a purity of 95% with 85% germination.
- 3. Fertilizer shall be a pelleted or granular slow release with an analysis of 15-15-15 to be applied once at planting and once during the period of establishment at a rate of 1 pound per 1,000 SF.

Seeding:

- 1) The seeding for permanent erosion control shall be applied over areas disturbed by construction as follows:
 - a) From September 15 to March 1, seeding shall be with a combination of 2 pounds per 1,000 square feet of unhulled Bermuda and 7 pounds per 1,000 square feet of Winter rye with a purity of 95% with 90% germination.
 - b) From March 2 to September 14, seeding shall be with hulled Bermuda at a rate of 3 pounds per 1,000 square feet with a purity of 95% with 85% germination.
- 2) Fertilizer shall be slow release granular or pelleted type and shall have an analysis of 15-15-15 and shall be applied at the rate of 23 pounds per acre, once at the time of planting and again once during the time of establishment.
- 3) The planted area shall be irrigated or sprinkled in a manner that will not erode the topsoil but will sufficiently soak the soil to a depth of six inches. The irrigation shall occur at ten-day intervals during the first two months. Rainfall

- occurrences of an inch or more shall postpone the watering schedule for one week.
- 4) Mulch type used shall be Prairie hay, applied at a rate of 4,000 pounds per acre.
- 5) Restoration shall be acceptable when the grass has grown at least one inch high with 70% coverage, provided no bare spots larger that 18 square feet exist.

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307 Saint Lawrence St. Gonzales, TX 78629 Phone: 830.672.7546

CENTRAL TEXAS OFFICE

205 Cimarron Park Loop, Ste B Buda, TX 78610 Phone: 512.312.4336

VI.

Permanent Stormwater Section (TCEQ-0600)

Permanent Stormwater Section

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(4)(C), (D)(Ii), (E), and (5), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Permanent Stormwater Section** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The application was prepared by:

executive director approval. The application was prepared by:	LQ review and
Print Name of Customer/Agent: <u>Henry Juarez</u>	
Date: 9/1/2022	
Signature of Customer/Agent	
Regulated Entity Name: Carpenter Ranch RV Park	
Permanent Best Management Practices (BMI	Ps)
Permanent best management practices and measures that will be used construction is completed.	l during and after
1. Permanent BMPs and measures must be implemented to contro pollution from regulated activities after the completion of constr	
□ N/A	
2. These practices and measures have been designed, and will be contained and maintained to insure that 80% of the incremental increase in loading of total suspended solids (TSS) from the site caused by the removed. These quantities have been calculated in accordance of prepared or accepted by the executive director.	n the annual mass ne regulated activity is
The TCEQ Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) was used to des and measures for this site.	ign permanent BMPs

	A technical guidance other than the TCEQ TGM was used to design permanent BMPs and measures for this site. The complete citation for the technical guidance that was used is:
	□ N/A
3.	Owners must insure that permanent BMPs and measures are constructed and function as designed. A Texas Licensed Professional Engineer must certify in writing that the permanent BMPs or measures were constructed as designed. The certification letter must be submitted to the appropriate regional office within 30 days of site completion.
	□ N/A
4.	Where a site is used for low density single-family residential development and has 20 % or less impervious cover, other permanent BMPs are not required. This exemption from permanent BMPs must be recorded in the county deed records, with a notice that if the percent impervious cover increases above 20% or land use changes, the exemption for the whole site as described in the property boundaries required by 30 TAC §213.4(g) (relating to Application Processing and Approval), may no longer apply and the property owner must notify the appropriate regional office of these changes.
	 ☐ The site will be used for low density single-family residential development and has 20% or less impervious cover. ☐ The site will be used for low density single-family residential development but has more than 20% impervious cover. ☐ The site will not be used for low density single-family residential development.
5.	The executive director may waive the requirement for other permanent BMPs for multifamily residential developments, schools, or small business sites where 20% or less impervious cover is used at the site. This exemption from permanent BMPs must be recorded in the county deed records, with a notice that if the percent impervious cover increases above 20% or land use changes, the exemption for the whole site as described in the property boundaries required by 30 TAC §213.4(g) (relating to Application Processing and Approval), may no longer apply and the property owner must notify the appropriate regional office of these changes.
	 Attachment A - 20% or Less Impervious Cover Waiver. The site will be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites and has 20% or less impervious cover. A request to waive the requirements for other permanent BMPs and measures is attached. The site will be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites but has more than 20% impervious cover. The site will not be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites.
6.	Attachment B - BMPs for Upgradient Stormwater.

		 A description of the BMPs and measures that will be used to prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site is attached. No surface water, groundwater or stormwater originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site, and an explanation is attached. Permanent BMPs or measures are not required to prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site, and an explanation is attached.
7.	\boxtimes	Attachment C - BMPs for On-site Stormwater.
		 A description of the BMPs and measures that will be used to prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off the site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff from the site is attached. Permanent BMPs or measures are not required to prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off the site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff, and an explanation is attached.
8.		Attachment D - BMPs for Surface Streams. A description of the BMPs and measures that prevent pollutants from entering surface streams, sensitive features, or the aquifer is attached. Each feature identified in the Geologic Assessment as sensitive has been addressed.
	\boxtimes	N/A
9.		The applicant understands that to the extent practicable, BMPs and measures must maintain flow to naturally occurring sensitive features identified in either the geologic assessment, executive director review, or during excavation, blasting, or construction.
		 The permanent sealing of or diversion of flow from a naturally-occurring sensitive feature that accepts recharge to the Edwards Aquifer as a permanent pollution abatement measure has not been proposed. Attachment E - Request to Seal Features. A request to seal a naturally-occurring sensitive feature, that includes, for each feature, a justification as to why no reasonable and practicable alternative exists, is attached.
10.		Attachment F - Construction Plans. All construction plans and design calculations for the proposed permanent BMP(s) and measures have been prepared by or under the direct supervision of a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer, and are signed, sealed, and dated. The plans are attached and, if applicable include:
		 ✓ Design calculations (TSS removal calculations) ✓ TCEQ construction notes ✓ All geologic features ✓ All proposed structural BMP(s) plans and specifications
		N/A

11. Attachment G - Inspection, Maintenance, Repair and Retrofit Plan. A plan for the inspection, maintenance, repairs, and, if necessary, retrofit of the permanent BMPs and measures is attached. The plan includes all of the following:
 ☑ Prepared and certified by the engineer designing the permanent BMPs and measures ☑ Signed by the owner or responsible party ☑ Procedures for documenting inspections, maintenance, repairs, and, if necessary retrofit ☑ A discussion of record keeping procedures
 ☑ A discussion of record keeping procedures ☐ N/A
 12. Attachment H - Pilot-Scale Field Testing Plan. Pilot studies for BMPs that are not recognized by the Executive Director require prior approval from the TCEQ. A plan for pilot-scale field testing is attached.
⊠ N/A
13. Attachment I -Measures for Minimizing Surface Stream Contamination. A description of the measures that will be used to avoid or minimize surface stream contamination and changes in the way in which water enters a stream as a result of the construction and development is attached. The measures address increased stream flashing, the creation of stronger flows and in-stream velocities, and other in-stream effects caused by the regulated activity, which increase erosion that results in water quality degradation.
⊠ N/A
Responsibility for Maintenance of Permanent BMP(s)
Responsibility for maintenance of best management practices and measures after construction is complete.
14. The applicant is responsible for maintaining the permanent BMPs after construction until such time as the maintenance obligation is either assumed in writing by another entity having ownership or control of the property (such as without limitation, an owner's association, a new property owner or lessee, a district, or municipality) or the ownership of the property is transferred to the entity. Such entity shall then be responsible for maintenance until another entity assumes such obligations in writing or ownership is transferred.
□ N/A
15. A copy of the transfer of responsibility must be filed with the executive director at the appropriate regional office within 30 days of the transfer if the site is for use as a multiple single-family residential development, a multi-family residential development, or a non-residential development such as commercial, industrial, institutional, schools, and other sites where regulated activities occur.
□ N/A

PERMANENT STORMWATER SECTION ATTACHMENT A

20% OR LESS IMPERVIOUS COVER WAIVER

This Attachment is not applicable. Please refer to the site construction drawings provided with this application for information concerning the proposed permanent Best Management Practices (BMP's) on-site.

PERMANENT STORMWATER SECTION ATTACHMENT B

BMPS FOR UPGRADIENT STORMWATER

No	BMP's	are	required	for	upgradient	stormwater	runoff.	Please	refer	to	the	site
con	struction	า dra	wings for	mor	e informatior	٦.						

PERMANENT STORMWATER SECTION ATTACHMENT C

BMPS FOR ON-SITE STORMWATER

Permanent Best Management Practices (BMPs) are proposed to prevent pollution of surface water that originates on-site, including pollution that originates from contaminated storm water runoff from the site. The BMPs will be in the form of a Wet Pond designed to capture and treat storm water runoff produced off-site and on-site. Please refer to the site construction drawings for detailed calculations and more information.

PERMANENT STORMWATER SECTION ATTACHMENT D

BMPS FOR SURFACE STREAMS

No BMP's are required for upgradient stormwater runoff. Please refer to the site construction drawings for more information.

PERMANENT STORMWATER SECTION ATTACHMENT E

REQUEST TO SEAL FEATURES

This section is not applicable for this project.

PERMANENT STORMWATER SECTION ATTACHMENT F

CONSTRUCTION PLANS

Please refer to the Carpenter Ranch RV Park Construction Plans provided with this application.

PERMANENT STORMWATER SECTION ATTACHMENT G: INSPECTION SCHEDULE AND MAINTENANCE PLAN PERMANENT BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE

PROJECT NAME: <u>CARPENTER RANCH RV PARK</u>

ADDRESS: McKINNON LOOP
CITY, STATE ZIP: HAYS, TX 78610

Batch Detention Pond:

A clear requirement for Batch Detention Pond BMP is that a firm commitment be made to carry out both routine and non-routine maintenance tasks. The nature of the maintenance requirements are outlined below, along with design tips that can help to reduce the maintenance burden (modified from Young et al., 1996).

Routine Maintenance.

Mowing. The side-slopes, embankment, and emergency spillway of the basin should be mowed at least twice a year to prevent woody growth and control weeds.

Inspections. Partial Sedimentation/Filtration Basins should be inspected at least twice a year (once during or immediately following wet weather) to evaluate facility operation. When possible, inspections should be conducted during wet weather to determine if the basin is functioning properly. There are many functions and characteristics of these BMPs that should be inspected. The embankment should be checked for subsidence, erosion, leakage, cracking, and tree growth. The condition of the emergency spillway should be checked. The inlet, barrel, and outlet should be inspected for clogging. The adequacy of upstream and downstream channel erosion protection measures should be checked. Stability of the side slopes should be checked. Modifications to the basin structure and contributing watershed should be evaluated. During semi-annual inspections, replace any dead or displaced vegetation. Replanting of various species of wetland vegetation may be required at first, until a viable mix of species is established. Cracks, voids and undermining should be patched/filled to prevent additional structural damage. Trees and root systems should be removed to prevent growth in cracks and joints that can cause structural damage. The inspections should be carried out with as-built pond plans in hand.

Debris and Litter Removal. As part of periodic mowing operations and inspections, debris and litter should be removed from the surface of the pond. Particular attention should be paid to floatable debris around the riser, and the outlet should be checked for possible clogging.

Erosion Control. The pond side slopes, emergency spillway, and embankment all may periodically suffer from slumping and erosion. Corrective measures such as regrading and revegetation may be necessary. Similarly, the riprap protecting the channel near the outlet may need to be repaired or replaced.

Nuisance Control. Twice a year, the facility should be evaluated in terms of nuisance control (insects, weeds, odors, algae, etc.). Biological control of algae and mosquitoes using fish such as fathead minnows is preferable to chemical applications.

Non-routine maintenance.

Structural Repairs and Replacement. Eventually, the various inlet/outlet and riser works in the Partial Sedimentation/Filtration Basins will deteriorate and must be replaced. Some public works experts have estimated that corrugated metal pipe (CMP) has a useful life of about 25 yr, while concrete barrels and risers may last from 50 to 75 yr. The actual life depends on the type of soil, pH of runoff, and other factors. Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) pipe is a corrosion resistant alternative to metal and concrete pipes. Local experience typically determines which materials are best suited to the site conditions. Leakage or seepage of water through the embankment can be avoided if the embankment has been constructed of impermeable material, has been compacted, and if anti-seep collars are used around the barrel. Correction of any of these design flaws is difficult. Sediment Removal Batch Detention Pond will eventually accumulate enough sediment to significantly reduce storage capacity of the Pond. As might be expected, the accumulated sediment can reduce both the appearance and pollutant removal performance of the pond. Sediment accumulated in the Pond should be removed from the facility every two years to prevent accumulation in the Batch Detention Pond.

Harvesting. If vegetation is present on the fringes or in the pond, it can be periodically harvested and the clippings removed to provide export of nutrients and to prevent the basin from filling with decaying organic matter.

Accumulated silt shall be properly disposed. Refer to Texas Natural Resource Conservation Commission (TNRCC) and the local government entity guidelines and specifications.

The responsible party understands that following any amendment(s) to the previously described inspection schedule and maintenance plan, a signed copy of the revised document will be submitted to the appropriate regional office of Texas

Natural Resource Conservation Commission within thirty (30) days for review and approval. Also, if there are any changes in the following information, a revised copy of this document will be submitted to appropriate regional office within 30 days.

<u>Documenting Inspections: Inspection, maintenance, repairs, and retrofits performed per the above requirements must be documented and records thereof maintained with the WPAP.</u>

The following format may be used to document the required maintenance:

County of Travis

This instrument was acknowledged

by SAMES STIDSON

NOTARY

Facility Name: <u>CARPEN</u>	TER RANCH RV PARK		
Date of Inspection:	·		
Reason of Inspection/Act	ion:(Monthly, Quarterly, Yearly	y, Rainfall, Other)	
Batch Detention Pond Cond	ditions:		
Detailed Description of Ac	ctions Taken:		
and maintenance plan, a signo Texas Natural Resource Cons	tands that following any amendment(s) to the copy of the revised document will be subservation Commission within thirty (30) dawing information, a revised copy of this december 1.	mitted to the appropria ys for review and appr	te regional office of oval. Also, if there
Responsible Party:	James Stinson (Name Typed)		
Entity: Mailing Address:	Austin NNN, LLC 7811 Manchaca Road		
City, State: Telephone: Fax:	Austin, TX 512-221-0780	Zip:	78745
Signature of Responsib	le Party	Aug 10 3	1022.
State of Texa	as Y	MARCO RIVE	RA

Notary ID #133316874

My Commission Expires

September 7, 2025

PERMANENT STORMWATER SECTION ATTACHMENT H

PILOT SCALE FIELD TESTING PLAN

This section is not applicable for this project.

PERMANENT STORMWATER SECTION ATTACHMENT I

MEASURES FOR MINIMIZING SURFACE STREAM CONTAMINATION

The proposed improvements are not expected to change the way in which stormwater runoff enters nearby streams or affects stream flashing, in-stream velocities, and other in-stream effects.

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CENTRAL TEXAS OFFICE

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VII.

Agent Authorization Form (TCEQ-0599)

Agent Authorization Form

For Required Signature
Edwards Aquifer Protection Program
Relating to 30 TAC Chapter 213
Effective June 1, 1999

I	James Stinson	
	Print Name	
	President/Owner	
	Title - Owner/President/Other	
of	Carpenter Road Ranch LLC	
	Corporation/Partnership/Entity Name	
have authorized	Henry Juarez/ Matthew A. Dringenberg, P.E.	
	Print Name of Agent/Engineer	
of	Southwest Engineers, Inc.	
	Print Name of Firm	

to represent and act on the behalf of the above named Corporation, Partnership, or Entity for the purpose of preparing and submitting this plan application to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the review and approval consideration of regulated activities.

I also understand that:

- 1. The applicant is responsible for compliance with 30 Texas Administrative Code Chapter 213 and any condition of the TCEQ's approval letter. The TCEQ is authorized to assess administrative penalties of up to \$10,000 per day per violation.
- 2. For those submitting an application who are not the property owner, but who have the right to control and possess the property, additional authorization is required from the owner.
- 3. Application fees are due and payable at the time the application is submitted. The application fee must be sent to the TCEQ cashier or to the appropriate regional office. The application will not be considered until the correct fee is received by the commission.
- 4. A notarized copy of the Agent Authorization Form must be provided for the person preparing the application, and this form must accompany the completed application.
- 5. No person shall commence any regulated activity on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone, Contributing Zone or Transition Zone until the appropriate application for the activity has been filed with and approved by the Executive Director.

SIGNATURE PAGE:

Applicant's Signature

August 10th 2022.

County of Travis §

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared \(\) \(

GIVEN under my hand and seal of office on this 10 day of Avgvs+2022

NOTARY PUBLIC

Typed or Printed Name of Notary

MY COMMISSION EXPIRES: 04 107/2025

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205 Cimarron Park Loop, Ste B Buda, TX 78610 Phone: 512.312.4336

VIII.

Application Fee Form (TCEQ-0574)

Application Fee Form

Texas Commission on Environme	-					
Name of Proposed Regulated Ent	•					
Regulated Entity Location: <u>McKin</u>		<u>10</u>				
Name of Customer: <u>Austin NNN, I</u>						
Contact Person: <u>Henry Juarez</u>		e: <u>512-312-4336</u>				
Customer Reference Number (if is						
Regulated Entity Reference Numb	per (if issued):RN					
Austin Regional Office (3373)						
	Travis	W	illiamson			
San Antonio Regional Office (336	52)					
Bexar		Uv	alde alde			
Comal	 Kinney	_				
	application fees must be paid by check, certified check, or money order, payable to the Texas					
Commission on Environmental Q						
form must be submitted with yo	-	•	•			
X Austin Regional Office		an Antonio Regional O	office			
Mailed to: TCEQ - Cashier Overnight Delivery to: TCEQ - Cashier						
Revenues Section		12100 Park 35 Circle				
Mail Code 214 Building A, 3rd Floor						
P.O. Box 13088		ustin, TX 78753				
Austin, TX 78711-3088 (512)239-0357						
Site Location (Check All That App		312,233 3337				
Recharge Zone	Contributing Zone	Transi	tion Zone			
Type of Pla	n	Size	Fee Due			
Water Pollution Abatement Plan,		5,25	7 0 0 0 0 0			
Plan: One Single Family Residenti		Acres	\$			
Water Pollution Abatement Plan,			- 1			
Plan: Multiple Single Family Resid	ential and Parks	Acres	\$			
Water Pollution Abatement Plan,	Contributing Zone		_			
Plan: Non-residential		54.7 Acres	\$ 8,000			
Sewage Collection System		L.F.	\$			
Lift Stations without sewer lines		Acres	\$			
Underground or Aboveground Sto	orage Tank Facility	Tanks	\$			
Piping System(s)(only)		Each	\$			
Exception		Each	\$			
Extension of Time /		Each	\$			
Signatura, M	Data	1/12/2023				

Application Fee Schedule

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Edwards Aquifer Protection Program 30 TAC Chapter 213 (effective 05/01/2008)

Water Pollution Abatement Plans and Modifications

Contributing Zone Plans and Modifications

	Project Area in	
Project	Acres	Fee
One Single Family Residential Dwelling	< 5	\$650
Multiple Single Family Residential and Parks	< 5	\$1,500
	5 < 10	\$3,000
	10 < 40	\$4,000
	40 < 100	\$6,500
	100 < 500	\$8,000
	≥ 500	\$10,000
Non-residential (Commercial, industrial, institutional,	< 1	\$3,000
multi-family residential, schools, and other sites	1 < 5	\$4,000
where regulated activities will occur)	5 < 10	\$5,000
	10 < 40	\$6,500
	40 < 100	\$8,000
	≥ 100	\$10,000

Organized Sewage Collection Systems and Modifications

	Cost per Linear	Minimum Fee-
Project	Foot	Maximum Fee
Sewage Collection Systems	\$0.50	\$650 - \$6,500

Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank System Facility Plans and Modifications

	Cost per Tank or	Minimum Fee-
Project	Piping System	Maximum Fee
Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank Facility	\$650	\$650 - \$6,500

Exception Requests

Project	Fee
Exception Request	\$500

Extension of Time Requests

Project	Fee
Extension of Time Request	\$150



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IX.

Check Payable to the "Texas Commission on Environmental Quality"

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Χ.

Core Data Form (TCEQ-10400)



TCEQ Core Data Form

TCEQ Use Only

For detailed instructions regarding completion of this form, please read the Core Data Form Instructions or call 512-239-5175.

SECTION I: General Information

1. Reason for Submission (If other is checked please describe in space provided.) New Permit Registration or Authorization (Care Pate Form should be submitted with the program application.)									
New Permit, Registration or Authorization (<i>Core Data Form should be submitted with the program application.</i>)									
Renewal (Core Data Form should be submitted with the renewal form) Other Customer Reference Number (if issued) Follow this link to search 3. Regulated Entity Reference Number (if issued)							f issued)		
CN	for (Follow this link to search for CN or RN numbers in Central Registry** 3. Regulated Entity Reference Number (II 1880) RN			i issucu)				
SECTION II: Customer Infor	<u>mation</u>								
4. General Customer Information 5	5. Effective Date	Effective Date for Customer Information Updates (mm/dd/yyyy)							
The Customer Name submitted he	ere may be u	pdated	auto	matic	ally	based	on what is cu	rrent and	active with the
Texas Secretary of State (SOS) or	⁻ Texas Comp	otroller	of Pu	ıblic ı	4 <i>cco</i>	ounts (0	CPA).		
6. Customer Legal Name (If an individual, page 1971)	rint last name first.	: eg: Doe,	John)		<u>If</u>	new Cus	stomer, enter previ	ous Custome	er below:
Carpenter Road Ranch LLC									
	8. TX State Tax	ID (11 digit	s)		9	9. Federal Tax ID (9 digits)		10. DUNS	S Number (if applicable)
0803777345	3207609565	5							
11. Type of Customer:	l		Individ	ual		Par	tnership: 🔲 Gener	ral 🔲 Limited	
Government:	State Other		Sole P	ropriet	orship		Other:		
12. Number of Employees									
14. Customer Role (Proposed or Actual) – as	s it relates to the R	Regulated	Entity li	isted on	this fo	rm. Pleas	se check one of the	following	
☑Owner ☐ Operator ☑ Owner & Operator ☐Occupational Licensee ☐ Responsible Party ☐ Voluntary Cleanup Applicant ☐ Other:									
10417 Tularosa Pass									
15. Mailing Address:									
City Austin		State	TX		ZIP	7872	26	ZIP + 4	2465
16. Country Mailing Information (if outside	USA)			17. E	-Mail	Address	S (if applicable)		
					exhu	ıntclub	@gmail.com		
18. Telephone Number19. Extension or Code20. Fa				20. Fax Numbe	. Fax Number <i>(if applicable)</i>				
(512) 221-0780									
SECTION III: Regulated Entity Information									
21. General Regulated Entity Information (If 'New Regulated Entity" is selected below this form should be accompanied by a permit application)									
The Regulated Entity Name submitted may be updated in order to meet TCEQ Agency Data Standards (removal									
of organizational endings such as Inc, LP, or LLC). 22. Regulated Entity Name (Enter name of the site where the regulated action is taking place.)									
Carpenter Ranch RV Park									

TCEQ-10400 (04/20) Page 1 of 2

23. Street Address	s of 58	34 Mc	Kinnon	Loop									
the Regulated Ent	tity:												
(No PO Boxes)	Ci	ty	Buda		State	TX	Z	IP	78610		ZIP + 4		
24. County	Н	ays											
		E	nter Physi	cal Lo	cation Descrip	tion if no	street	address	is provide	ed.			
25. Description to Physical Location	6	egal D	escriptio	n: A	0012 A0012	2 - John	G M	cgehee	e Survey	, ACR	ES 54.78		
26. Nearest City									State		Nea	rest ZIP	Code
Buda						TX			78610				
27. Latitude (N) In Decimal:		30.126328			28	28. Longitude (W) In Decimal:		nal: -	-97.880726				
Degrees	s Minutes		Se	econds	Deg	grees	s Minutes		utes	Seconds			
30	=	7			35		-97		52 5		51		
29. Primary SIC C	29. Primary SIC Code (4 digits) 30. Secondary SIC			y SIC C	Code (4 digits)					32. Sec (5 or 6 dig	Secondary NAICS Code 6 digits)		
7033						72121	1						
33. What is the Pr	imary Bus	iness c	of this entit	y? (E	Do not repeat the S	IC or NAICS o	lescripti	on.)					
RV Park							,						
34. Mailing						7811	Men	chaca R	d				
Address:						200.50	7800		Т				
		City	Aus	tin	State	TX		ZIP	787	45	ZIP + 4	6	943
35. E-Mail Ad	dress:			*		cente	chunto	club@gr	mail.com			Control Services	
	elephone		r		37. Extens	ion or Coo	le		38. F	ax Num	ber <i>(if appli</i>	cable)	
(512) 221-	780								() -		
9. TCEQ Programs orm. See the Core Data						permits/regis	tration	numbers	that will be a	affected by	the updates	submitted	on this
☐ Dam Safety		Distric			⊠ Edwards Acceptable	quifer] Emissio	ons Inventory	y Air	☐ Industria	Hazardo	us Waste
☐ Municipal Solid Wa	aste [New S	Source Revie	w Air	☑ OSSF			Petrole	um Storage	Tank	☐ PWS		
_		_						_					
Sludge	L	Storm	Water		☐ Title V Air	-	_ <u> </u> _	Tires			Used Oil		
☐ Voluntary Cleanup	,	7 Waste	Water		☐ Wastewater Agriculture		+	☐ Water Rights			Other:		
	,	_ ***	vvalor				_ vvalor r	and regime					
SECTION IV:	Prepa	rer Iı	nformat	tion			-			L			
40. Name: Henry J						41. Titl	e:	Proje	ct Mana	ger			
42. Telephone Num	ber 43. E	Ext./Co	de 4	4. Fax	Number	45. E-	45. E-Mail Address						
(512)312-4336				henry.juarez@swengineers.com									
SECTION V:		rizad	Signati	ıra			<i>y y</i>		8				
6. By my signature ignature authority to dentified in field 39.	below, I ce	rtify, to	the best of	my kno									
Company:	Southwest	Engine	ers, Inc.			Job Ti	tle:	Projec	ct Manager				
Name (In Print):	Henry Jua	rez							Phone	e: (512) 312- 4	1436	
Signature:	01.	1				-			Date:		1/13/20		
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Civil | Environmental | Land Development

SOUTHWEST ENGINEERS, INC

205 CIMARRON PARK LOOP, SUITE B BUDA, TX 78610

P: 512.312.4336 | F: 830.672.2034 <u>www.swengineers.com</u> | TBPE NO. F-1909

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Sheet Number

CIVIL ENGINEER

MATTHEW A. DRINGENBERG (SOUTHWEST ENGINEERS) 205 CIMMARON PARK LOOP, SUITE B BUDA, TX 78610

PHONE: (512) 312-4336 EMAIL: MATT.DRINGENBERG@SWENGINEERS.COM

OWNER/DEVELOPER INFORMATION

JAMES STINSON 7811 MANCHACA ROAD AUSTIN, TX 78745

SURVEYOR INFORMATION ALBERT UECKER CONSULTING, LLC 340 HIDDEN OAKS BULVERDE, TX 78163 ALBERT UECKER, R.P.L.S. 5888 210-602-4238

FLOODPLAIN STATUS

NO PORTION OF THIS ±55 ACRE TRACT IS WITHIN THE 100 YEAR FLOODPLAIN PER THE FEDERAL FLOOD INSURANCE ADMINISTRATION FIRM MAP NO. 48209C0145F, 48209C0260F DATED SEPTEMBER 2, 2005

EDWARDS AQUIFER

THE ENTIRETY OF THIS TRACT IS LOCATED WITHIN THE TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY (TCEQ) EDWARDS AQUIFER RECHARGE ZONE

GENERAL NOTES:

- I. BY THE ACT OF SUBMITTING A BID FOR THE PROPOSED CONTRACT, THE BIDDER WARRANTS THAT THE BIDDER, AND ALL SUBCONTRACTORS AND MATERIAL SUPPLIERS HE INTENDS TO USE HAVE CAREFULLY AND THOROUGHLY REVIEWED THE DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS AND OTHER CONTRACT DOCUMENTS AND HAVE FOUND THEM COMPLETE AND FREE FROM ANY AMBIGUITIES AND SUFFICIENT FOR THE PURPOSE INTENDED. THE BIDDER FURTHER WARRANTS THAT TO THE BEST OF HIS OR HIS SUBCONTRACTORS AND MATERIAL SUPPLIERS KNOWLEDGE ALL MATERIALS AND PRODUCTS SPECIFIED OR INDICATED HEREIN ARE ACCEPTABLE FOR ALL APPLICABLE CODES AND AUTHORITIES.
- NOT MATCH LOCATIONS AS CONSTRUCTED. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT THE TEXAS AREA "ONE CALL" SYSTEM @ 811 OR 1-800-545-6005, OR THE OWNER OF EACH INDIVIDUAL UTILITY, FOR ASSISTANCE IN DETERMINING EXISTING UTILITY LOCATIONS PRIOR TO BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION. CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD VERIFY LOCATIONS OF UTILITY CROSSING PRIOR TO BEGINNING
- OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION. (OSHA STANDARDS MAY BE PURCHASED FROM THE GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE; INFORMATION AND RELATED REFERENCE MATERIALS MAY BE PURCHASED FROM OSHA.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL RESTORE ALL SIGNS AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS TO EXISTING CONDITIONS FOLLOWING THE COMPLETION OF EACH PHASE OF CONSTRUCTION. CONTRACTORS SHALL REFER TO THE TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) FOR SIGN AND MARKING DIMENSIONS AND COLORS.
- THE USE OF COAL-TAR BASED SEALANTS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OR REPAIR OF ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVING ON THE PROPERTY IS PROHIBITED.
- ALL CONSTRUCTION HEREIN SHALL BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF BUDA STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. NO SEPARATE SPECIFICATIONS WILL BE PROVIDED.
- 7. CONTRACTOR IS FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR FIELD LOCATING ALL EXISTING UTILITIES, PRIVATE AND PUBLIC, WITHIN WORK AREA. NEITHER OWNER NOR ENGINEER HAS AS-BUILT INFORMATION FOR UNDERGROUND UTILITIES AND MAKES NO GUARANTEE AS TO THEIR LOCATION. CONTRACTOR WILL EMPLOY CONSTRUCTION METHODS NECESSARY TO ENSURE UNDERGROUND UTILITIES ARE NOT DAMAGED (IE. HAND DIGGING ETC.)

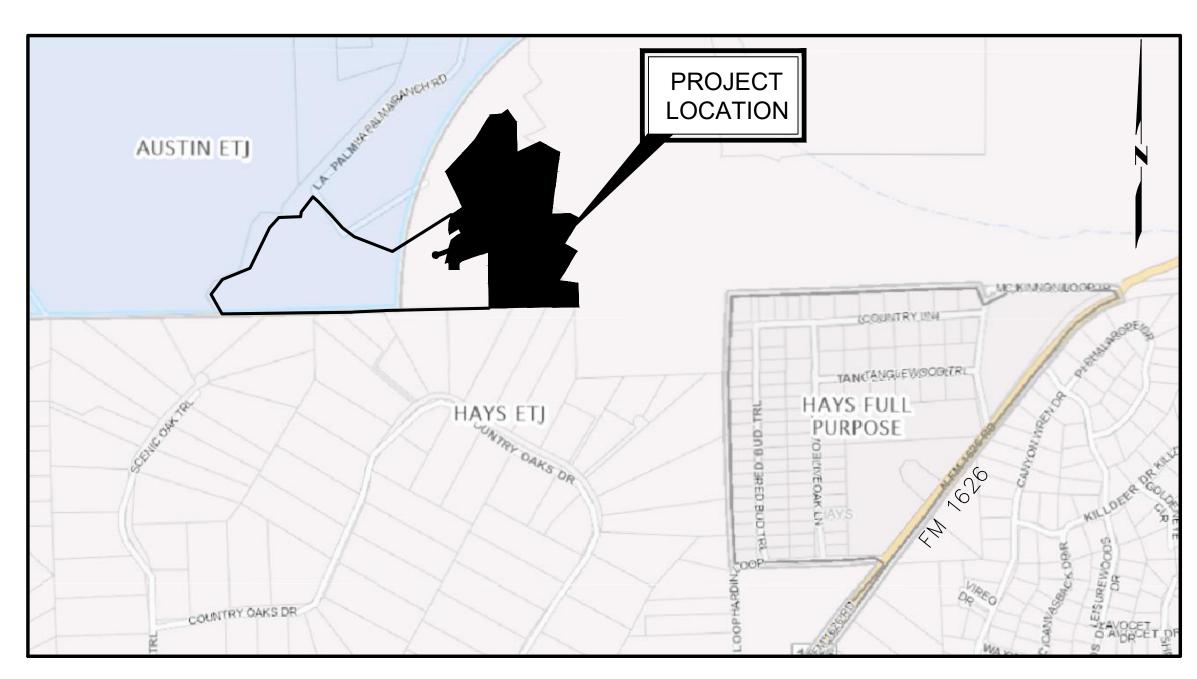
THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY AND ALL DAMAGES TO EXISTING UTILITIES, PRIVATE OR PUBLIC, AND SHALL REPAIR ANY UTILITIES DAMAGED TO THE OWNER'S SPECIFICATIONS AT NO COST TO THE OWNER.

APPROVED BY: HAYS COUNTY DEVELOPMENT SERVICES DEPARTMENT DATE **APPROVED BY:** GIB WATT HAYS COUNTY FIRE DEPARTMENT DATE

CONSTRUCTION PLANS FOR CARPENTER RANCH RV PARK

584 MCKINNON LOOP BUDA, HAYS COUNTY, TEXAS 78610 OCTOBER 2022

SWE PROJECT # 0946-001

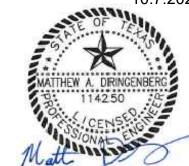


VICINITY MAP

NO.	DESCRIPTION	REVISE (R) ADD (A) VOID (V) SHEET NO.'S	TOTAL SHEETS IN PLAN SET	NET CHANGE IMP. COVER	SITE IMP. COVER	% SITE IMP. COVER	APPROVED DATE	IMAGED DATE
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CORRECTION / REVISION

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CENTRAL TEXAS 205 Cimarron Park Loop, Ste. B, Buda TX 78610 P: 512.312.4336

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CHECKED BY: HJ

COVER SHEET

PROJECT NO. <u>0946-001</u>

DRAWING NO. ___

UNDER PENALTY OF LAW, THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO CONTACT THE TEXAS ONE CALL SYSTEM AT LEAST 48 HOURS BEFORE STARTING EXCAVATION.

CAUTION - ELECTRICITY PRESENT

THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR AND ALL SUBCONTRACTORS THAT ENTER OR WORK ON THIS PROJECT ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR LOCATING, USING ONE-CALL OR THE ELECTRIC UTILITIES THEMSELVES, ALL OVERHEAD AND UNDERGROUND ELECTRICAL OF ANY NATURE AND FOR SAFEGUARDING ALL PERSONNEL ON THIS PROJECT, INCLUDING ANY OFF-SITE WORK AREAS SHOWN ON THE PLAN, FROM ANY INTERFERENCE WITH THE ELECTRIC LINES OR FROM DAMAGING, DIGGING UP OR UNCOVERING THE ELECTRIC LINES, GETTING A LADDER IN HARMS WAY OR ANY OTHER ACTIVITY OF ANY NATURE THAT COULD HARM ANY INDIVIDUAL IN ANY MANNER. THIS RESPONSIBILITY HEREBY REMOVES THE ENGINEER AND THE OWNER FROM ANY LIABILITY OF ANY NATURE.

CARPENTER RANCH RV PARK 584 MCKINNON LOOP BUDA, TEXAS 78610

SHEET 1 OF 36

GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES

- I. ALL RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE ADEQUACY OF THESE PLANS REMAINS WITH THE ENGINEER WHO PREPARED THEM. IN REVIEWING THESE PLANS, HAYS COUNTY MUST RELY ON THE ADEQUACY OF THE WORK OF THE DESIGN ENGINEER.
- 2. CONTRACTOR SHALL CALL TEXAS 811 (811 OR 1-800-344-8377) FOR UTILITY LOCATIONS PRIOR TO ANY WORK IN EASEMENTS OR STREET R.O.W.

CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY HAYS COUNTY - SITE & SUBDIVISION DIVISION TO SUBMIT REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION, PAY CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION FEES, AND TO SCHEDULE THE REQUIRED SITE AND SUBDIVISION PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING. THIS MEETING MUST BE HELD PIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES WITHIN THE R.O.W. OR PUBLIC EASEMENTS.

- 3. FOR SLOPES OR TRENCHES GREATER THAN FIVE FEET IN DEPTH, A NOTE MUST BE ADDED STATING: "ALL CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS SHALL BE ACCOMPLISHED IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE REGULATIONS OF THE U.S. OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION." (OSHA STANDARDS MAY BE PURCHASED FROM THE GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE; INFORMATION AND RELATED REFERENCE MATERIALS MAY BE PURCHASED FROM OSHA, 611 EAST 6TH STREET, AUSTIN TEXAS.)
- 4. ALL SITE WORK MUST ALSO COMPLY WITH ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS.
- 5. UPON COMPLETION OF THE PROPOSED SITE IMPROVEMENTS AND PRIOR TO THE FOLLOWING, THE ENGINEER SHALL CERTIFY IN WRITING THAT THE PROPOSED DRAINAGE, FILTRATION AND DETENTION FACILITIES WERE CONSTRUCTED IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE APPROVED PLANS.:
- RELEASE OF THE CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY BY THE DEVELOPMENT SERVICES DEPARTMENT (INSIDE THE CITY LIMITS): OR

FIRE DEPARTMENT:

FIRE MARSHALL

(512) 393-7300

KYLE TX

CONTACT: MARK WOBUS

HAYS COUNTY FIRE DEPARTMENT

2171 YARRINGTON ROAD, SUITE 300

INSTALLATION OF AN ELECTRIC OR WATER METER (IN THE FIVE-MILE ETJ)

DEVELOPER INFORMATION

PRIMARY CONTACT PHONE DEVELOPER PHONE

OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE RESPONSIBLE FOR PLAN ALTERATIONS:

ENGINEER PHONE

PERSON OR FIRM RESPONSIBLE FOR LANDSCAPING

CONTRACTOR PHONE

PERSON OR FIRM RESPONSIBLE FOR EROSION/SEDIMENTATION CONTROL MAINTENANCE:

CONTRACTOR PHONE

DEWATERING NOTES (IF APPLICABLE)

1. CONTRACTOR TO SUBMIT A DEWATERING PLAN WHICH MAY BE A TEMPORARY DIVERSION CHANNEL PIPE PUMPS. COFFER DAM OR OTHER APPROVED METHOD. CONTRACTOR WILL OBTAIN DEWATERING PLAN APPROVAL PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION SAND BAGS, EARTHEN DIKES, OR OTHER ERODIBLE MATERIALS ARE NOT ACCEPTABLE.

2. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN THE DEWATERING SYSTEM TO ENSURE PERFORMANCE. IF NOT PERFORMING, CONTRACTOR MUST FOLLOW ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTOR'S DIRECTION TO ENSURE PERFORMANCE.

THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTAINING CLEARANCES REQUIRED BY THE NATIONAL ELECTRIC SAFETY CODE. OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION (OSHA) REGULATIONS. CITY OF AUSTIN RULES AND REGULATIONS AND TEXAS STATE LAWS PERTAINING TO CLEARANCES WHEN WORKING IN CLOSE PROXIMITY TO OVERHEAD POWER LINES AND EQUIPMENT. AUSTIN ENERGY WILL NOT RENDER ELECTRIC SERVICE UNLESS REQUIRED CLEARANCE ARE MAINTAINED. ALL COST INCURRED BECAUSE OF FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THE REQUIRED CLEARANCE WILL BE CHARGED TO THE OWNER.

GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR FIRE SAFETY

- 1. FIRE DRIVE NOTE: ENTIRE LENGTH OF FIRE ACCESS ROADWAY SHALL BE AN APPROVED ALL-WEATHER SURFACE ABLE TO SUPPORT 75,000 LBS.
- 2. ALL PAVEMENT DRIVE AISLES TO BE FIRE ACCESS LANES. SIGNAGE TO BE PROVIDED AS NECESSARY. CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE WITH HAYS COUNTY FIRE MARSHAL'S OFFICE FOR LOCATION OF SIGNAGE ALONG THE PAVEMENT DRIVE AISLES.

TCEQ WPAP GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES

TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES EDWARDS AQUIFER PROTECTION PROGRAM CONSTRUCTION NOTES – LEGAL DISCLAIMER THE FOLLOWING/LISTED "CONSTRUCTION NOTES" ARE INTENDED TO BE ADVISORY IN NATURE ONLY AND DO NOT CONSTITUTE AN APPROVAL OR CONDITIONAL APPROVAL BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR (ED), NOR DO THEY CONSTITUTE A COMPREHENSIVE LISTING OF RULES OR CONDITIONS TO BE FOLLOWED DURING CONSTRUCTION. FURTHER ACTIONS MAY BE REQUIRED TO ACHIEVE COMPLIANCE WITH TCEQ REGULATIONS FOUND IN TITLE 30, TEXAS ADMINISTRATIVE CODE (TAC), CHAPTERS 213 AND 217, AS WELL AS LOCAL ORDINANCES AND REGULATIONS PROVIDING FOR THE PROTECTION OF WATER QUALITY. ADDITIONALLY, NOTHING CONTAINED IN THE FOLLOWING/LISTED "CONSTRUCTION NOTES" RESTRICTS THE POWERS OF THE ED, THE COMMISSION OR ANY OTHER GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY TO PREVENT, CORRECT, OR CURTAIL ACTIVITIES THAT RESULT OR MAY RESULT IN POLLUTION OF THE EDWARDS AQUIFER OR HYDROLOGICALLY CONNECTED SURFACE WATERS. THE HOLDER OF ANY EDWARDS AQUIFER PROTECTION PLAN CONTAINING "CONSTRUCTION NOTES" IS STILL RESPONSIBLE FOR COMPLIANCE WITH TITLE 30, TAC, CHAPTERS 213 OR ANY OTHER APPLICABLE TCEQ REGULATION, AS WELL AS ALL CONDITIONS OF AN EDWARDS AQUIFER PROTECTION PLAN THROUGH ALL PHASES OF PLAN IMPLEMENTATION. FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH ANY CONDITION OF THE ED'S APPROVAL, WHETHER OR NOT IN CONTRADICTION OF ANY "CONSTRUCTION NOTES," IS A VIOLATION OF TCEQ REGULATIONS AND ANY VIOLATION IS SUBJECT TO ADMINISTRATIVE RULES, ORDERS, AND PENALTIES AS PROVIDED UNDER TITLE 30, TAC § 213.10 (RELATING TO ENFORCEMENT). SUCH VIOLATIONS MAY ALSO BE SUBJECT TO CIVIL PENALTIES AND INJUNCTION. THE FOLLOWING/LISTED "CONSTRUCTION NOTES" IN NO WAY REPRESENT AN APPROVED EXCEPTION BY THE ED TO ANY PART OF TITLE 30 TAC, CHAPTERS 213 AND 217, OR ANY OTHER TCEQ APPLICABLE REGULATION

- 1. A WRITTEN NOTICE OF CONSTRUCTION MUST BE SUBMITTED TO THE TCEQ REGIONAL OFFICE AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY REGULATED ACTIVITIES. THIS NOTICE MUST INCLUDE:
 - THE NAME OF THE APPROVED PROJECT;
 - THE ACTIVITY START DATE; AND
- THE CONTACT INFORMATION OF THE PRIME CONTRACTOR.
- 2. ALL CONTRACTORS CONDUCTING REGULATED ACTIVITIES ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PROJECT MUST BE PROVIDED WITH COMPLETE COPIES OF THE APPROVED WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN (WPAP) AND THE TCEQ LETTER INDICATING THE SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF ITS APPROVAL, DURING THE COURSE OF THESE REGULATED ACTIVITIES. THE CONTRACTORS ARE REQUIRED TO KEEP ON-SITE COPIES OF THE APPROVED PLAN AND APPROVAL LETTER.
- 3. IF ANY SENSITIVE FEATURE(S) (CAVES, SOLUTION CAVITY, SINK HOLE, ETC.) IS DISCOVERED DURING CONSTRUCTION. ALL REGULATED ACTIVITIES NEAR THE SENSITIVE FEATURE MUST BE SUSPENDED IMMEDIATELY. THE APPROPRIATE TCEQ REGIONAL OFFICE MUST BE IMMEDIATELY NOTIFIED OF ANY SENSITIVE FEATURES ENCOUNTERED DURING CONSTRUCTION. CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES MAY NOT BE RESUMED UNTIL THE TCEQ HAS REVIEWED AND APPROVED THE APPROPRIATE PROTECTIVE MEASURES IN ORDER TO PROTECT ANY SENSITIVE FEATURE AND THE EDWARDS AQUIFER FROM POTENTIALLY ADVERSE IMPACTS TO WATER
- 4. NO TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE STORAGE TANK SHALL BE INSTALLED WITHIN 150 FEET OF A WATER SUPPLY SOURCE, DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM, WELL, OR SENSITIVE FEATURE.
- PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY, ALL TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION (E&S) CONTROL MEASURES MUST BE PROPERLY INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED PLANS AND MANUFACTURERS SPECIFICATIONS. IF INSPECTIONS INDICATE A CONTROL HAS BEEN USED INAPPROPRIATELY, OR INCORRECTLY, THE APPLICANT MUST REPLACE OR MODIFY THE CONTROL FOR SITE SITUATIONS. THESE CONTROLS MUST REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE DISTURBED AREAS HAVE BEEN PERMANENTLY
- ANY SEDIMENT THAT ESCAPES THE CONSTRUCTION SITE MUST BE COLLECTED AND PROPERLY DISPOSED OF BEFORE THE NEXT RAIN EVENT TO ENSURE IT IS NOT WASHED INTO SURFACE STREAMS, SENSITIVE FEATURES, ETC.
- SEDIMENT MUST BE REMOVED FROM THE SEDIMENT TRAPS OR SEDIMENTATION BASINS NOT LATER THAN TCEQ-0592 (REV. JULY 15, 2015) PAGE 2 OF 2 WHEN IT OCCUPIES 50% OF THE
- 8. LITTER, CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS, AND CONSTRUCTION CHEMICALS EXPOSED TO STORMWATER SHALL BE PREVENTED FROM BEING DISCHARGED OFFSITE.
- 9. ALL SPOILS (EXCAVATED MATERIAL) GENERATED FROM THE PROJECT SITE MUST BE STORED ON-SITE WITH PROPER E&S CONTROLS. FOR STORAGE OR DISPOSAL OF SPOILS AT ANOTHER SITE ON THE EDWARDS AQUIFER RECHARGE ZONE, THE OWNER OF THE SITE MUST RECEIVE APPROVAL OF A WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN FOR THE PLACEMENT OF FILL MATERIAL OR MASS GRADING PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF SPOILS AT THE OTHER SITE.
- 10. IF PORTIONS OF THE SITE WILL HAVE A TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT CEASE IN CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY LASTING LONGER THAN 14 DAYS, SOIL STABILIZATION IN THOSE AREAS SHALL BE INITIATED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE PRIOR TO THE 14TH DAY OF INACTIVITY. IF ACTIVITY WILL RESUME PRIOR TO THE 21ST DAY, STABILIZATION MEASURES ARE NOT REQUIRED. IF DROUGHT CONDITIONS OR INCLEMENT WEATHER PREVENT ACTION BY THE 14TH DAY, STABILIZATION MEASURES SHALL BE INITIATED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.
- 11. THE FOLLOWING RECORDS SHALL BE MAINTAINED AND MADE AVAILABLE TO THE TCEQ UPON
 - THE DATES WHEN MAJOR GRADING ACTIVITIES OCCUR;
 - THE DATES WHEN CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES TEMPORARILY OR PERMANENTLY CEASE ON A PORTION OF THE SITE; AND
- THE DATES WHEN STABILIZATION MEASURES ARE INITIATED.
- 12. 12. THE HOLDER OF ANY APPROVED EDWARD AQUIFER PROTECTION PLAN MUST NOTIFY THE APPROPRIATE REGIONAL OFFICE IN WRITING AND OBTAIN APPROVAL FROM THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR PRIOR TO INITIATING ANY OF THE FOLLOWING:
 - A. ANY PHYSICAL OR OPERATIONAL MODIFICATION OF ANY WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT STRUCTURE(S), INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO PONDS, DAMS, BERMS. SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANTS. AND DIVERSIONARY STRUCTURES:
 - B. ANY CHANGE IN THE NATURE OR CHARACTER OF THE REGULATED ACTIVITY FROM THAT WHICH WAS ORIGINALLY APPROVED OR A CHANGE WHICH WOULD SIGNIFICANTLY IMPACT THE ABILITY OF THE PLAN TO PREVENT POLLUTION OF THE **EDWARDS AQUIFER:**
 - C. ANY DEVELOPMENT OF LAND PREVIOUSLY IDENTIFIED AS UNDEVELOPED IN THE ORIGINAL WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN.

AUSTIN REGIONAL OFFICE 12100 PARK 35 CIRCLE, BUILDING A **AUSTIN, TEXAS 78753-1808** PHONE (512) 339-2929 FAX (512) 339-3795

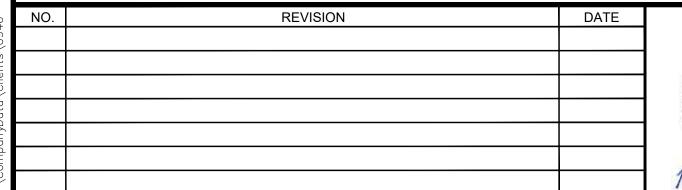
SAN ANTONIO REGIONAL OFFICE 14250 JUDSON ROAD **SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS 78233-4480** PHONE (210) 490-3096 FAX (210) 545-4329

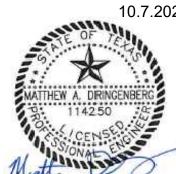
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HAYS COUNTY STANDARD NOTES

TO ALL CONTRACTORS: GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES FOR PLANS THESE PLANS ARE NOT TO BE CONSIDERED FINAL FOR CONSTRUCTION UNTIL APPROVED BY HAYS COUNTY. CHANGES MAY BE REQUIRED PRIOR TO APPROVAL.

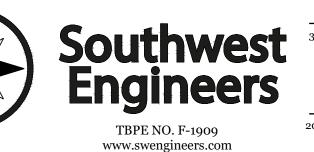
- SEVENTY-TWO (72) HOURS PRIOR TO THE BEGINNING OF CONSTRUCTION, THE DEVELOPER SHALL ARRANGE A PRE-CONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE WITH ALL PERTINENT PARTIES.
- ALL ROADWAY AND DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS SHALL BE DESIGNED AND CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH HAYS COUNTY SPECIFICATIONS. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR OBTAINING ANY NECESSARY PERMITS FROM HAYS COUNTY ROAD AND BRIDGE DEPARTMENT PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY ON-SITE CONSTRUCTION. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR SCHEDULING THE NECESSARY INSPECTIONS FROM THE HAYS COUNTY ROAD AND BRIDGE DEPARTMENT. ALL REPAIRS TO IMPROVEMENTS CAUSED BY CONTRACTOR'S FAILURE TO INSTALL IMPROVEMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH HAYS COUNTY SPECIFICATIONS AND THESE CONSTRUCTION PLANS SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR. HAYS COUNTY TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT'S ACCEPTANCE OF THE IMPROVEMENTS ARE CONTINGENT ON REPAIRS BEING MADE TO HAYS COUNTY'S SATISFACTION. DELAYS CAUSED BY REPAIRS ARE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR.
- A MINIMUM OF TWO (2) BENCHMARKS SHALL BE SHOWN ON THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS.
- 4. ALL BEDDING MATERIALS USED WITHIN THE ROW SHALL COMPLY WITH COA ITEM 510.
- 5. ALL CONCRETE PLACED WITHIN THE ROW SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF CLASS A. THE USE OF REBAR CHAIRS AND TESTS CYLINDERS WILL BE REQUIRED ON PCC VALLEY GUTTER PLACEMENTS.
- 6. THE PROPOSED FULLY DEVELOPED STORMWATER RUNOFF RATE CANNOT EXCEED EXISTING CONDITIONS RUNOFF RATE.
- DEWATERING OPERATIONS MUST USE SWPPP-SPECIFIED METHODS ONLY. IF SUCH METHODS ARE ONLY GENERAL OR NOT APPLICABLE, PUMP FROM THE TOP OF THE POOL (RATHER THAN THE BOTTOM) AND DISCHARGE TO A VEGETATED, UPLAND AREA (AWAY FROM WATERBODIES OR DRAINAGES) OR USE ANOTHER TYPE OF FILTRATION PRIOR TO DISCHARGE. REFER TO THE EPA 2017 GENERAL CONSTRUCTION PERMIT, SECTION 2.4, AS APPLICABLE.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SUPPLY QUALIFIED PERSONNEL TO PERFORM SWPPP INSPECTIONS ON PROJECT ≥ 1 ACRE. QUALIFIED PERSONNEL SHALL HAVE CISEC, CESSWI, OR EQUIVALENT CERTIFICATION APPROVED BY THE MS4.
- 9. CONTRACTOR SHALL ENSURE THAT MUD AND DEBRIS TRACKED ONTO PUBLICLY MAINTAINED ROADWAYS FROM VEHICLES LEAVING THE CONSTRUCTION SITE WILL BE CLEANED UP DAILY.
- 10. NO EXPLOSIVES SHALL BE USED FOR THIS PROJECT WITHOUT TCEQ APPROVAL.
- 11. ALL HOLES, TRENCHES AND OTHER HAZARDOUS AREAS SHALL BE ADEQUATELY PROTECTED BY BARRICADES, FENCING, LIGHTS AND/OR OTHER PROTECTIVE DEVICES IN COMPLIANCE WITH COA 509S AND OSHA REGULATIONS AT ALL TIMES.
- 12. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SUBMIT A TRENCH SAFETY PLAN PREPARED AND SEALED BY AN ENGINEER LICENSED BY THE STATE OF TEXAS PRIOR TO THE START OF THE PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ASSIGN A COMPETENT PERSON THAT HAS BEEN PROPERLY TRAINED AND IS QUALIFIED TO MAKE INSPECTIONS AND SUPERVISE THE INSTALLATION, MAINTENANCE, AND REMOVAL OF THE TRENCH SAFETY OR EXCAVATION SAFETY SYSTEM.
- 13. HAYS COUNTY IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR SIDEWALK MAINTENANCE. A FULLY EXECUTED LICENSE AGREEMENT MUST BE IN-PLACE PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION OF SIDEWALKS WITHIN HAYS COUNTY ROW.
- 14. CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLY WITH CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCING WHICH MAY BE SPECIFIED SOMEWHERE IN THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS.
- 15. PERMIT IS REQUIRED FOR CONSTRUCTION IN 'RIGHT OF WAY': ORDINANCE 7.10. NODRIVEWAY, UTILITY CONSTRUCTION, MAILBOXES, LANDSCAPING OR ANY OTHER ENCROACHMENT INTO RIGHT-OF-WAY OR EASEMENT SHALL BE ALLOWED WITHOUT FIRST OBTAINING A PERMIT FROM THE HAYS COUNTY ROAD AND BRIDGE DEPARTMENT.
- 16. PRIOR TO THE INSTALLATION OF ANY ROAD BUILDING MATERIAL THE SUBGRADE SHALL BE INSPECTED BY HAYS COUNTY. PRIOR TO PAVING, BASE MATERIAL SHALL BE INSPECTED BY HAYS COUNTY. THE OWNER OR HIS AGENT SHALL NOTIFY HAYS COUNTY FORTY-EIGHT (48) HOURS PRIOR TO THE TIME WHEN THE INSPECTION IS NEEDED :ORDINANCE 1.05; 2.06.
- 17. ALL OUTFALLS CONSTRUCTED WITHIN HAYS COUNTY MUST BE SUBMITTED TO HAYS COUNTY WITH GPS COORDINATES AT THE END OF EACH PROJECT. COORDINATES WILL BE SUBMITTED ON THE NAD 1983 STATE PLANE SOUTH CENTRAL FIPS 4204 FEET COORDINATE SYSTEM. ALL COORDINATES WILL BE SUBMITTED IN GRID UNITS THE REQUIRED FILE TYPE FOR COORDINATE DATA SUBMISSIONS IS *TXT
- 18. AT THE TIME A FINAL INSPECTION AND RELEASE OF PERFORMANCE SECURITY IS REQUESTED; THE DESIGN ENGINEER SHALL PROVIDE A COMPLETE SET OF "AS-BUILT" RECORD DRAWINGS IN PDF FORMAT (300DPI) ON A VIRUS FREE DISK AND SHALL CERTIFY THAT ALL ROAD AND DRAINAGE CONSTRUCTION HAS BEEN COMPLETED IN SUBSTANTIAL ACCORDANCE WITH PREVIOUSLY APPROVED PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS, EXCEPT AS NOTED. NO PERFORMANCE SECURITY WILL BE RELEASED WITHOUT THESE EXHIBITS.





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CENTRAL TEXAS 205 Cimarron Park Loop, Ste. B, Buda TX 78610

P: 512.312.4336

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<u>WARNING</u>

CARPENTER RANCH RV PARK 584 MCKINNON LOOP BUDA, TEXAS 78610

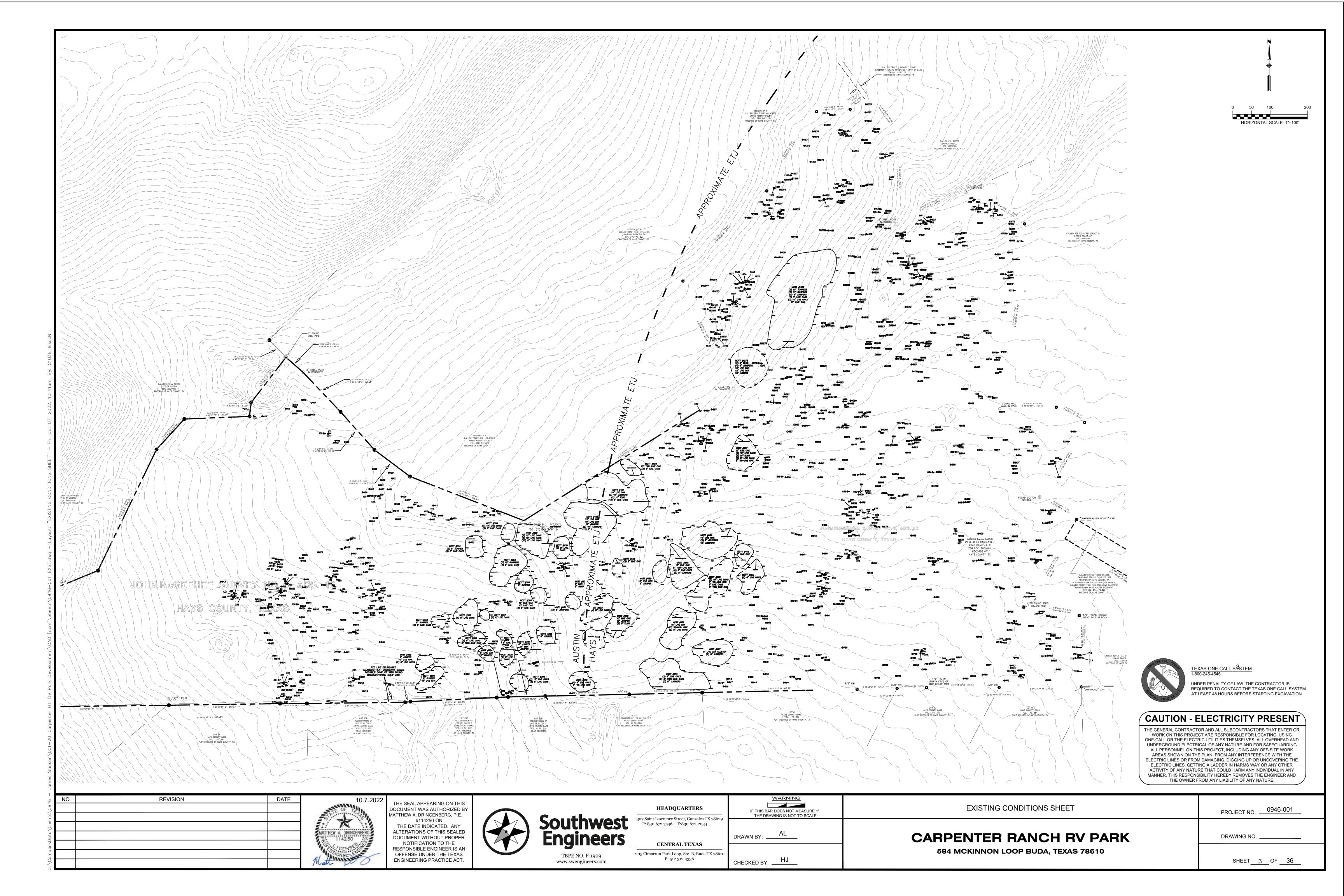
NOTES SHEET

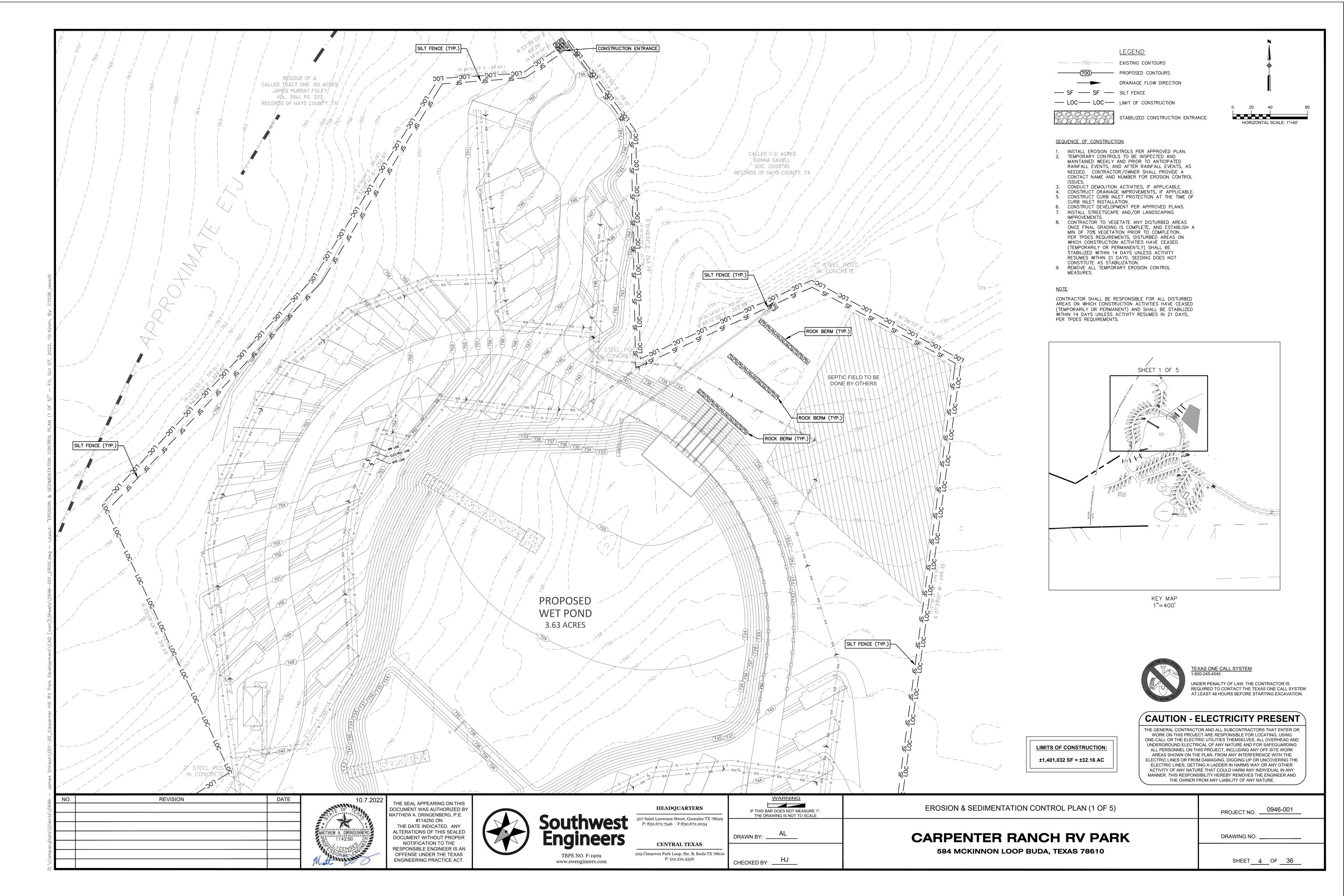
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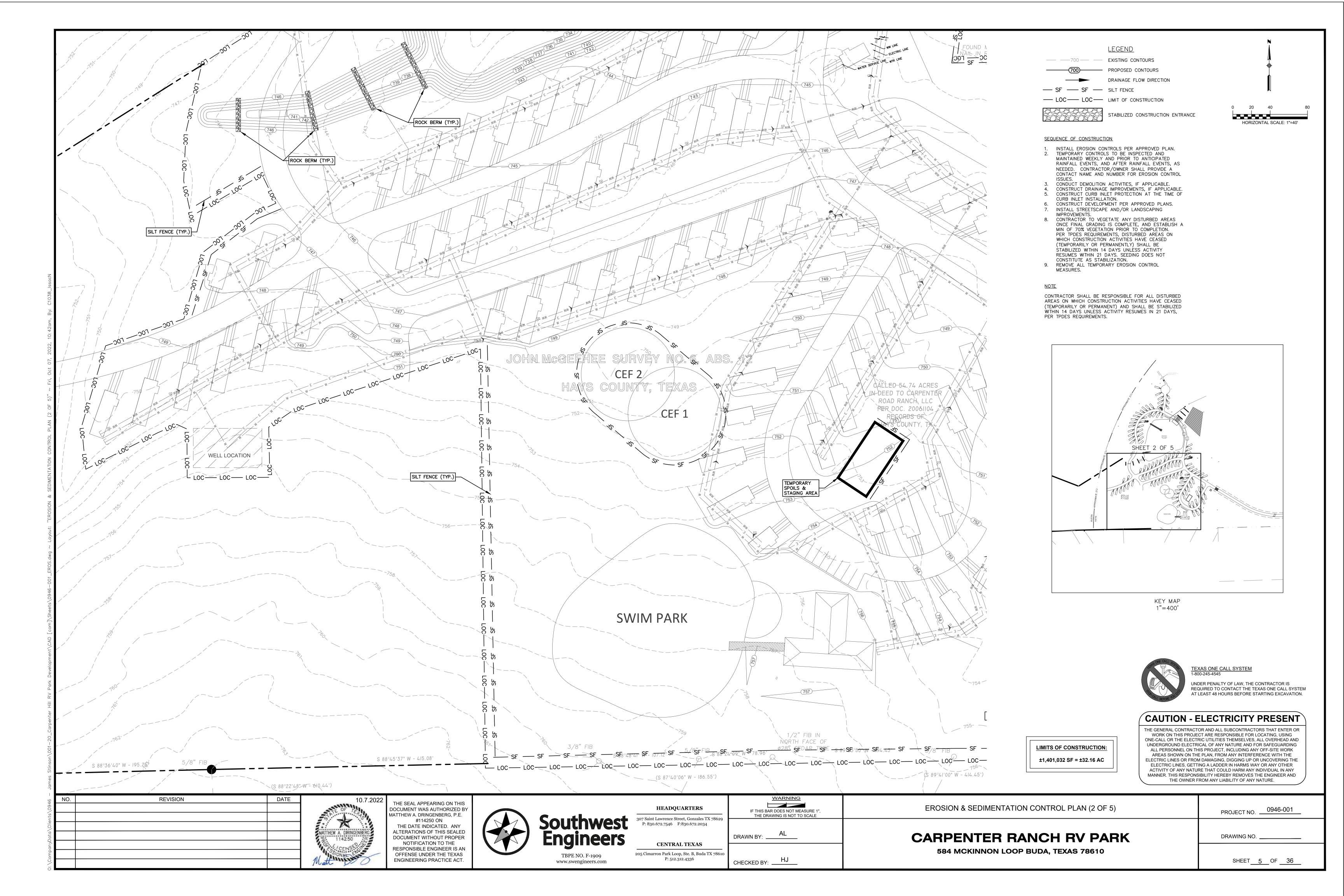
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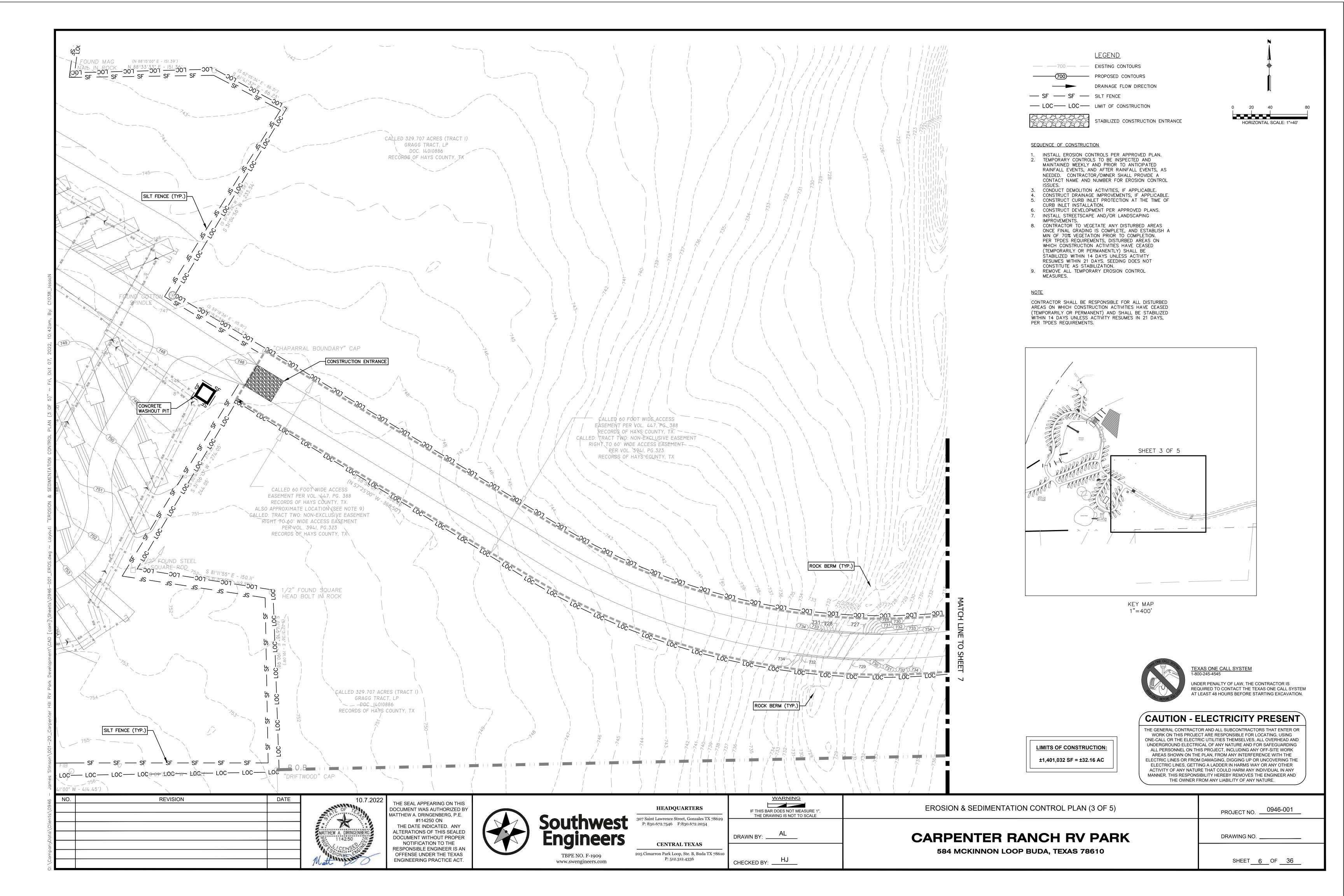
0946-001

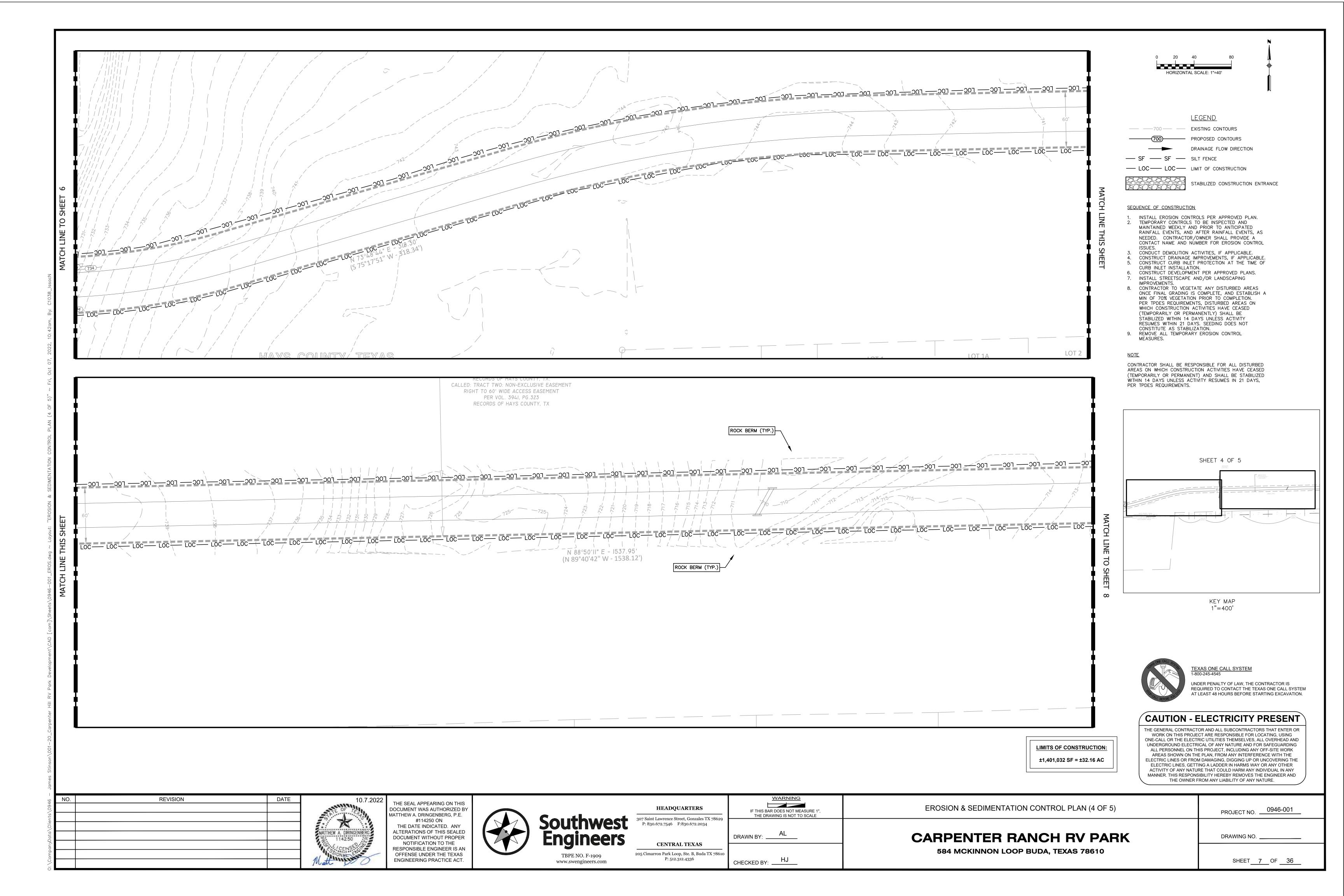
SHEET 2 OF 36

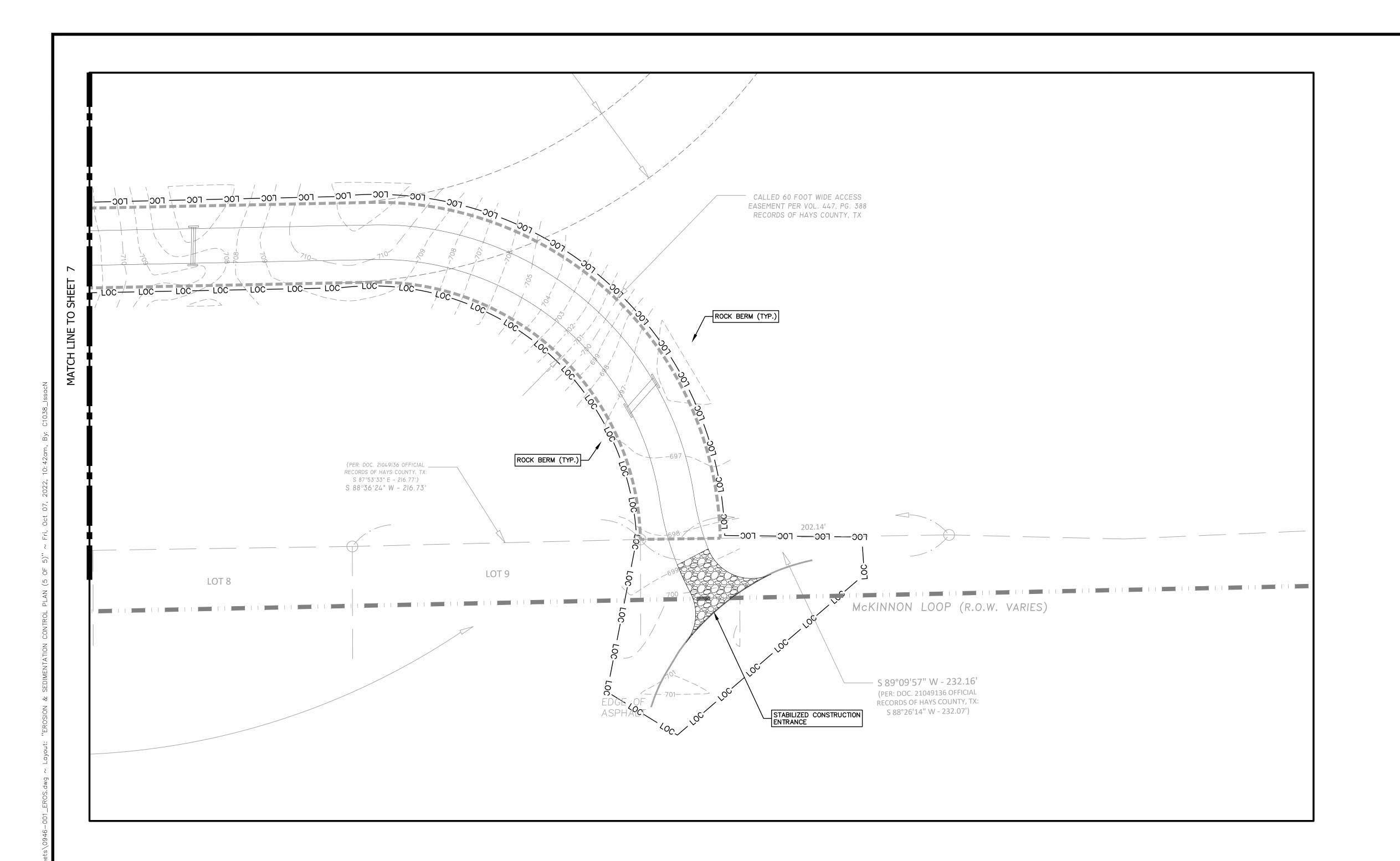


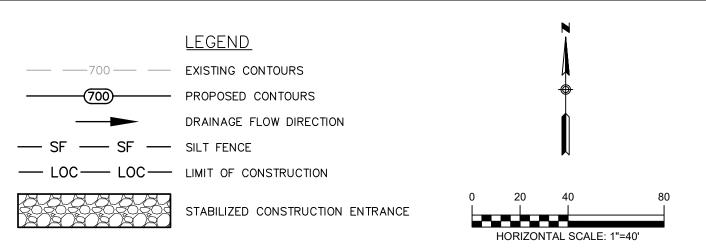










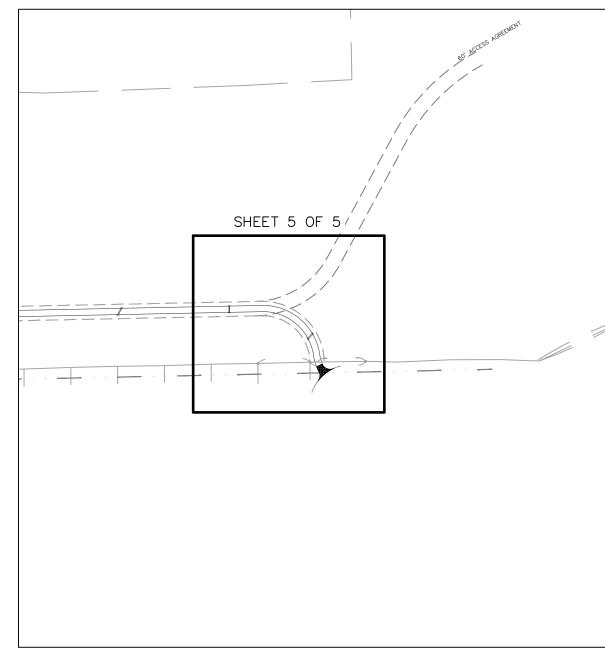


SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

- INSTALL EROSION CONTROLS PER APPROVED PLAN.
 TEMPORARY CONTROLS TO BE INSPECTED AND MAINTAINED WEEKLY AND PRIOR TO ANTICIPATED RAINFALL EVENTS, AND AFTER RAINFALL EVENTS, AS NEEDED. CONTRACTOR/OWNER SHALL PROVIDE A CONTACT NAME AND NUMBER FOR EROSION CONTROL
- 3. CONDUCT DEMOLITION ACTIVITIES, IF APPLICABLE.
 4. CONSTRUCT DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS, IF APPLICABLE.
 5. CONSTRUCT CURB INLET PROTECTION AT THE TIME OF
- CURB INLET INSTALLATION.
- 6. CONSTRUCT DEVELOPMENT PER APPROVED PLANS. 7. INSTALL STREETSCAPE AND/OR LANDSCAPING
- IMPROVEMENTS.

 8. CONTRACTOR TO VEGETATE ANY DISTURBED AREAS ONCE FINAL GRADING IS COMPLETE, AND ESTABLISH A MIN OF 70% VEGETATION PRIOR TO COMPLETION. PER TPDES REQUIREMENTS, DISTURBED AREAS ON WHICH CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES HAVE CEASED
 (TEMPORARILY OR PERMANENTLY) SHALL BE STABILIZED WITHIN 14 DAYS UNLÉSS ACTIVITY RESUMES WITHIN 21 DAYS. SEEDING DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AS STABILIZATION.
- 9. REMOVE ALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL DISTURBED AREAS ON WHICH CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES HAVE CEASED (TEMPORARILY OR PERMANENT) AND SHALL BE STABILIZED WITHIN 14 DAYS UNLESS ACTIVITY RESUMES IN 21 DAYS, PER TPDES REQUIREMENTS.



KEY MAP 1"=400'



TEXAS ONE CALL SYSTEM 1-800-245-4545 UNDER PENALTY OF LAW, THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO CONTACT THE TEXAS ONE CALL SYSTEM AT LEAST 48 HOURS BEFORE STARTING EXCAVATION.

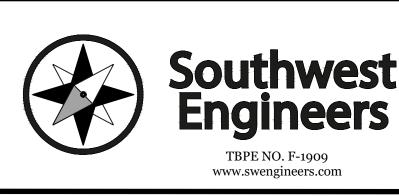
CAUTION - ELECTRICITY PRESENT

THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR AND ALL SUBCONTRACTORS THAT ENTER OR WORK ON THIS PROJECT ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR LOCATING, USING ONE-CALL OR THE ELECTRIC UTILITIES THEMSELVES, ALL OVERHEAD AND UNDERGROUND ELECTRICAL OF ANY NATURE AND FOR SAFEGUARDING ALL PERSONNEL ON THIS PROJECT, INCLUDING ANY OFF-SITE WORK

AREAS SHOWN ON THE PLAN, FROM ANY INTERFERENCE WITH THE ELECTRIC LINES OR FROM DAMAGING, DIGGING UP OR UNCOVERING THE ELECTRIC LINES, GETTING A LADDER IN HARMS WAY OR ANY OTHER ACTIVITY OF ANY NATURE THAT COULD HARM ANY INDIVIDUAL IN ANY MANNER. THIS RESPONSIBILITY HEREBY REMOVES THE ENGINEER AND THE OWNER FROM ANY LIABILITY OF ANY NATURE.

REVISION	DATE	10.7
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		MATTHEW A. DIRINGENBERG
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		Matt
	REVISION	REVISION DATE





HEADQUARTERS		
0 /	Street, Gonzales TX 78629	
P: 830.672.7546	F:830.672.2034	

346 F:830.672.2034	
	DRAWN BY: AL
TRAL TEXAS	
rk Loop, Ste. B, Buda TX 78610 : 512.312.4336	CHECKED BY: HJ

IF THIS BAR DOES NOT MEASURE 1",

THE DRAWING IS NOT TO SCALE

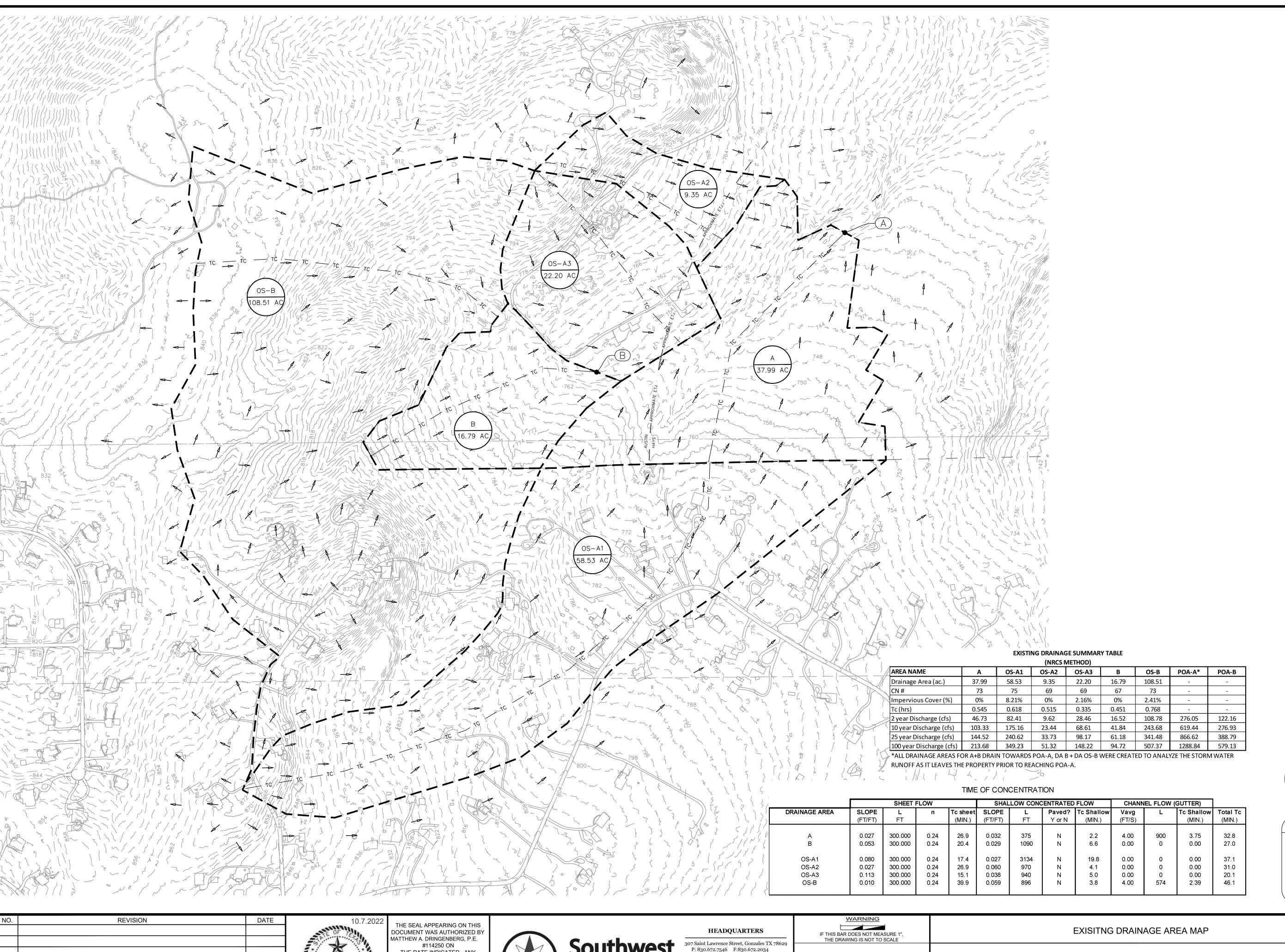
CARPENTER RANCH RV PARK
584 MCKINNON LOOP BUDA, TEXAS 78610

EROSION & SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN (5 OF 5)

LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION:

±1,401,032 SF = ±32.16 AC

PROJECT NO. 0946-001 DRAWING NO. ____ SHEET 8 OF 36





TEXAS ONE CALL SYSTEM 1-800-245-4545

(IN FEET) 1 inch = 250° ft.

—— PROPOSED CONTOURS

POINT OF ANALYSIS

DRAINAGE FLOW DIRECTION

DRAINAGE AREA LABEL

INLET LABEL

ON-SITE SURVEY TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION PROVIDED BY ALBERT UECKER CONSULTING, LLC OBTAINED ON SEPTEMBER, 2021.

2. OFF-SITE TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM TNRIS.

<u>LEGEND</u>

DRAINAGE AREA

— 700 — EXISTING CONTOURS

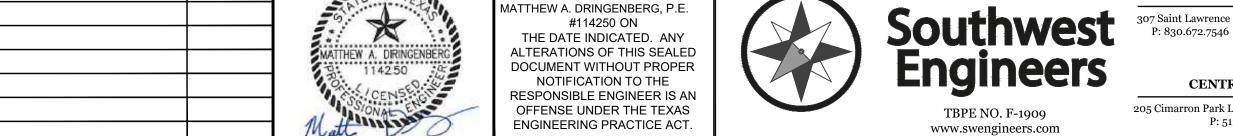
NOTES:

— TC — TC — TIME OF CONCENTRATION

UNDER PENALTY OF LAW, THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO CONTACT THE TEXAS ONE CALL SYSTEM AT LEAST 48 HOURS BEFORE STARTING EXCAVATION.

CAUTION - ELECTRICITY PRESENT

THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR AND ALL SUBCONTRACTORS THAT ENTER OR WORK ON THIS PROJECT ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR LOCATING, USING ONE-CALL OR THE ELECTRIC UTILITIES THEMSELVES, ALL OVERHEAD AND UNDERGROUND ELECTRICAL OF ANY NATURE AND FOR SAFEGUARDING ALL PERSONNEL ON THIS PROJECT, INCLUDING ANY OFF-SITE WORK AREAS SHOWN ON THE PLAN, FROM ANY INTERFERENCE WITH THE ELECTRIC LINES OR FROM DAMAGING, DIGGING UP OR UNCOVERING THE ELECTRIC LINES, GETTING A LADDER IN HARMS WAY OR ANY OTHER ACTIVITY OF ANY NATURE THAT COULD HARM ANY INDIVIDUAL IN ANY MANNER. THIS RESPONSIBILITY HEREBY REMOVES THE ENGINEER AND THE OWNER FROM ANY LIABILITY OF ANY NATURE.



Southwest Engineers	30
TBPE NO. F-1909	20

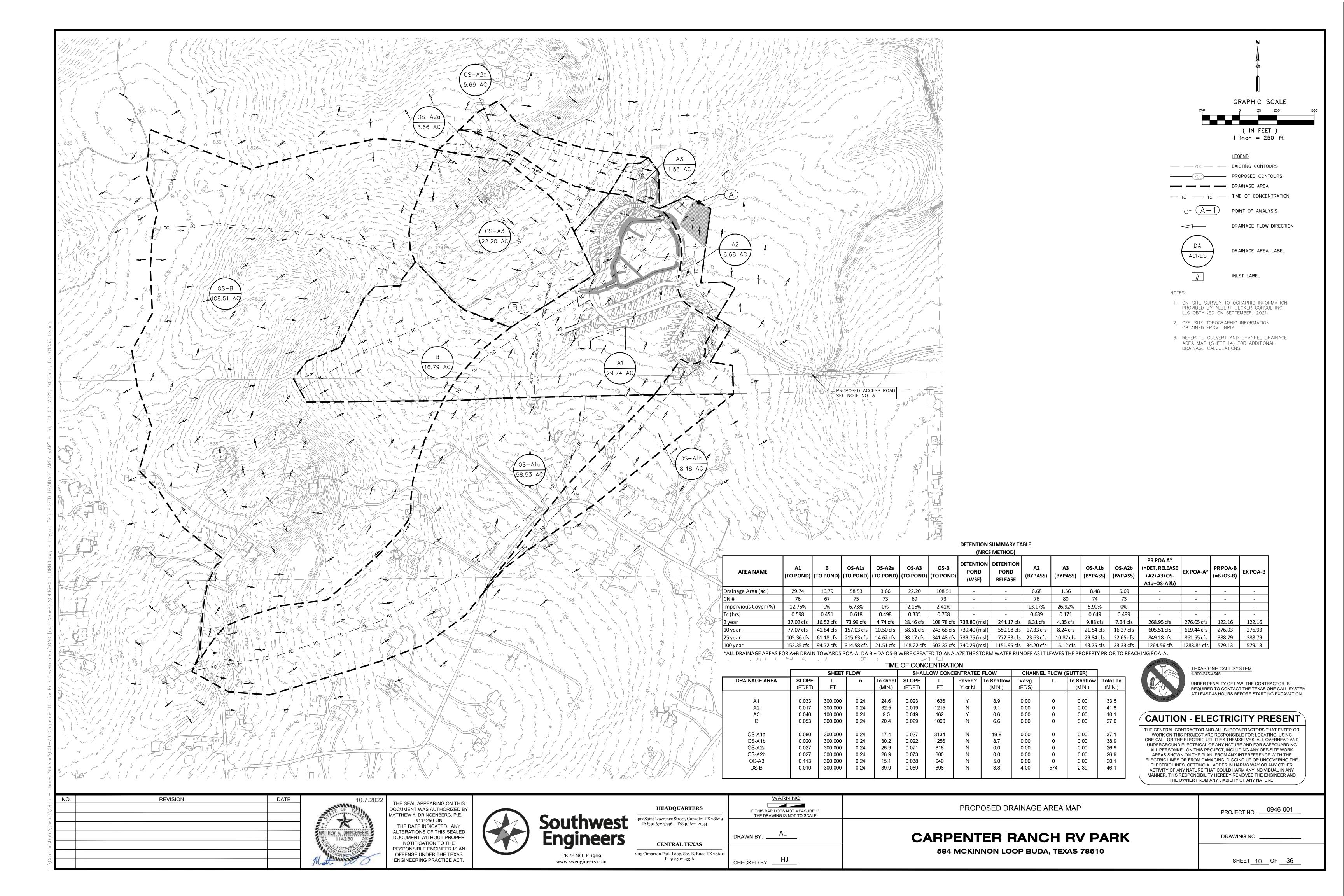
HEADQUARTERS			
0 /	Street, Gonzales TX 78629 F:830.672.2034		

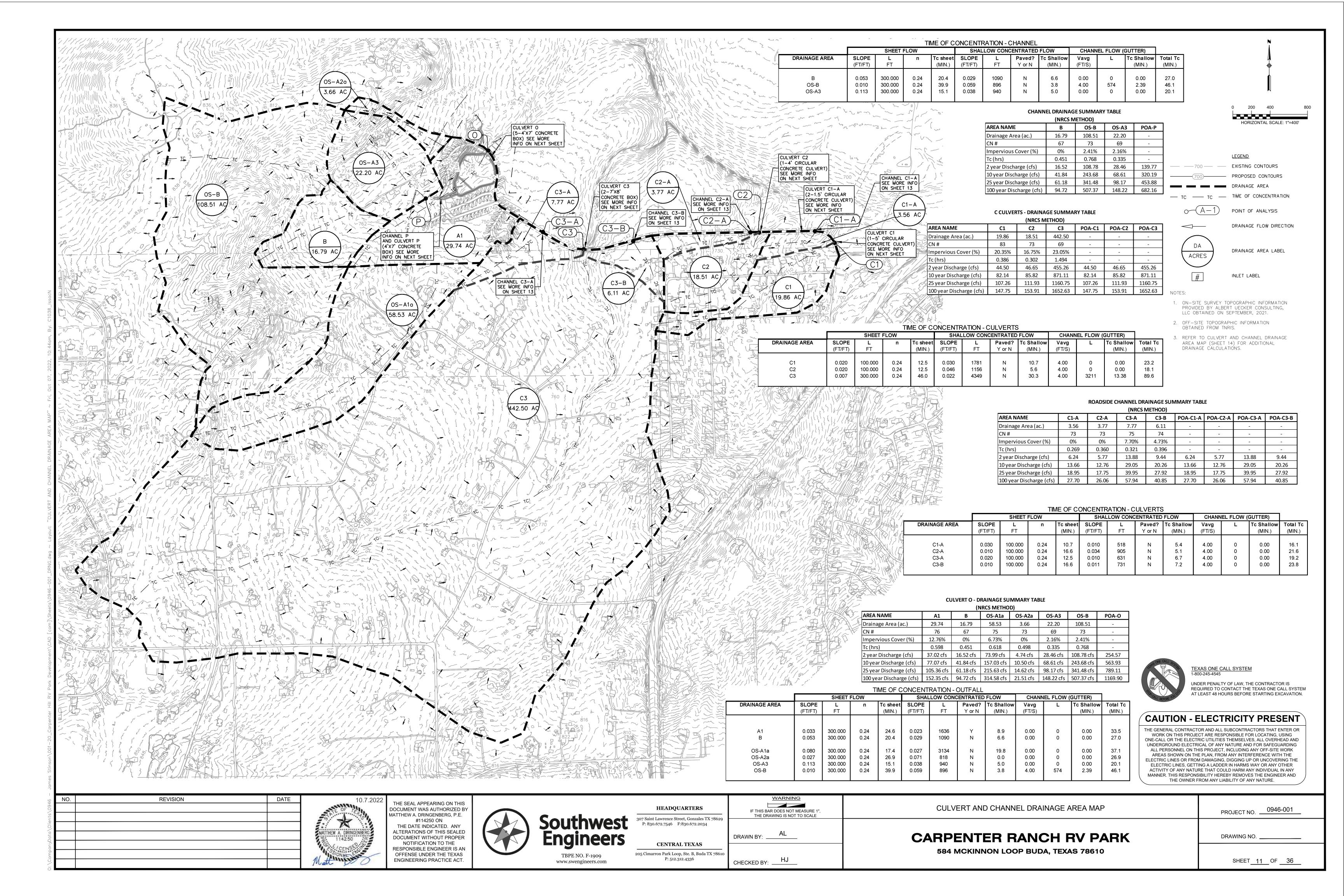
30.672.7546 F:830.672.2034	
	DRAWN BY: AL
CENTRAL TEXAS	
narron Park Loop, Ste. B, Buda TX 78610 P: 512.312.4336	CHECKED BY: HJ

CARPENTER RANCH RV PARK
584 MCKINNON LOOP BUDA, TEXAS 78610

PROJECT NO. <u>0946-001</u> DRAWING NO. ___

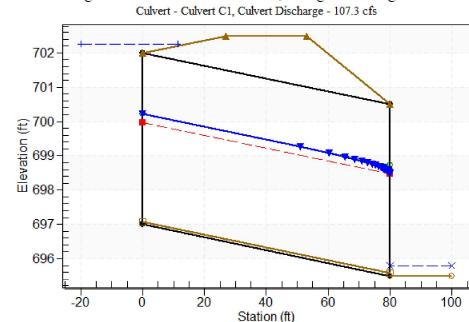
SHEET 9 OF 36





Water Surface Profile Plot for Culvert: Culvert C1 Crossing - Culvert C1 - 25 Yr Storm, Design Discharge - 107.3 cfs Culvert - Culvert C1, Culvert Discharge - 107.3 cfs

HY-8 Culvert Analysis Report



Site Data - Culvert C1 Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data Inlet Station: 0.00 ft Inlet Elevation: 697.00 ft Outlet Station: 80.00 ft Outlet Elevation: 695.50 ft Number of Barrels: 1

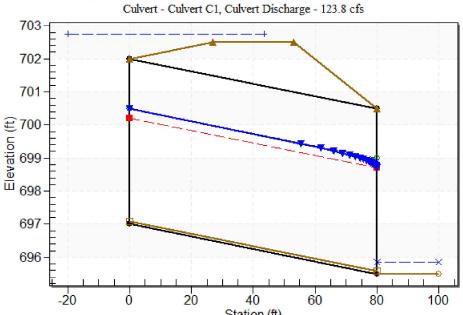
Culvert Data Summary - Culvert C1 Barrel Shape: Circular Barrel Diameter: 5.00 ft Barrel Material: Concrete Embedment: 1.00 in Barrel Manning's n: 0.0120 (top and sides)

Manning's n: 0.0350 (bottom) Culvert Type: Straight Inlet Configuration: Square Edge with Headwall Inlet Depression: None

Water Surface Profile Plot for Culvert: Culvert C1

Crossing - Culvert C1 - 100 Yr Storm, Design Discharge - 147.8 cfs Culvert - Culvert C1, Culvert Discharge - 123.8 cfs

HY-8 Culvert Analysis Report



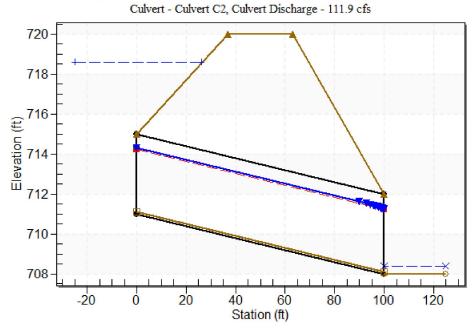
Site Data - Culvert C1 Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data Inlet Station: 0.00 ft Inlet Elevation: 697.00 ft Outlet Station: 80.00 ft Outlet Elevation: 695.50 ft Number of Barrels: 1

Culvert Data Summary - Culvert C1

Barrel Shape: Circular Barrel Diameter: 5.00 ft Barrel Material: Concrete Embedment: 1.00 in Barrel Manning's n: 0.0120 (top and sides) Manning's n: 0.0350 (bottom) Culvert Type: Straight Inlet Configuration: Square Edge with Headwall Inlet Depression: None

Water Surface Profile Plot for Culvert: Culvert C2 Crossing - Culvert C2 - 25 Yr Storm , Design Discharge - 111.9 cfs

HY-8 Culvert Analysis Report



Site Data - Culvert C2 Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data Inlet Station: 0.00 ft Inlet Elevation: 711.00 ft Outlet Station: 100.00 ft Outlet Elevation: 708.00 ft Number of Barrels: 1

Culvert Data Summary - Culvert C2 Barrel Shape: Circular Barrel Diameter: 4.00 ft Barrel Material: Concrete Embedment: 1.00 in Barrel Manning's n: 0.0120 (top and sides) Manning's n: 0.0350 (bottom) Culvert Type: Straight Inlet Configuration: Square Edge with Headwall Inlet Depression: None

Tailwater Channel Data - Culvert C2 - 25 Yr Storm

Tailwater Channel Option: Rectangular Channel

Bottom Width: 81.00 ft Channel Slope: 0.0200 Channel Manning's n: 0.0300 Channel Invert Elevation: 708.00 ft

Roadway Surface: Paved

Roadway Top Width: 26.00 ft

Roadway Data for Crossing: Culvert C2 - 25 Yr Storm Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation Crest Length: 175.00 ft Crest Elevation: 720.00 ft

Inlet Station: 0.00 ft Inlet Elevation: 711.00 ft Outlet Station: 100.00 ft Outlet Elevation: 708.00 ft Number of Barrels: 1

> Barrel Shape: Circular Barrel Diameter: 4.00 ft Barrel Material: Concrete Embedment: 1.00 in Manning's n: 0.0350 (bottom)

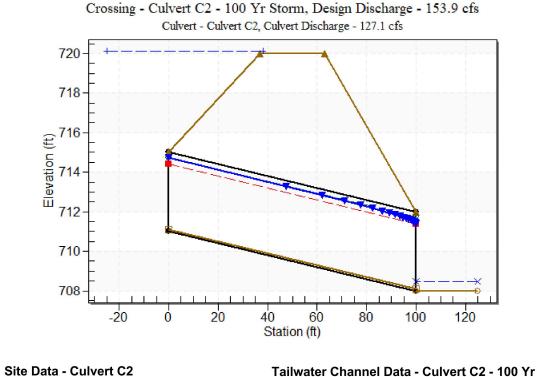
Culvert Data Summary - Culvert C2

Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data

Barrel Manning's n: 0.0120 (top and sides) Culvert Type: Straight Inlet Configuration: Square Edge with Headwall Inlet Depression: None

HY-8 Culvert Analysis Report

Water Surface Profile Plot for Culvert: Culvert C2

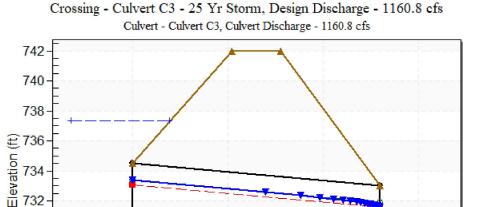


Tailwater Channel Data - Culvert C2 - 100 Yr Storm Tailwater Channel Option: Rectangular Channel Bottom Width: 81.00 ft Channel Slope: 0.0200 Channel Manning's n: 0.0300 Channel Invert Elevation: 708.00 ft Roadway Data for Crossing: Culvert C2 - 100 Yr Storm

Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation Crest Length: 175.00 ft Crest Elevation: 720.00 ft Roadway Surface: Paved Roadway Top Width: 26.00 ft

HY-8 Culvert Analysis Report

Water Surface Profile Plot for Culvert: Culvert C3



730 -728 -726 -100 Station (ft) Site Data - Culvert C3 Tailwater Channel Data - Culvert C3 - 25 Yr Storm

Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data Tailwater Channel Option: Rectangular Channel Inlet Station: 0.00 ft Bottom Width: 20.00 ft Inlet Elevation: 727.50 ft Channel Slope: 0.0300 Outlet Station: 130.00 ft Channel Manning's n: 0.0300 Outlet Elevation: 726.00 ft Channel Invert Elevation: 726.00 ft

Number of Barrels: 2 Roadway Data for Crossing: Culvert C3 - 25 Yr Storm Culvert Data Summary - Culvert C3 Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation Barrel Shape: Concrete Box Crest Length: 110.00 ft Barrel Span: 8.00 ft Crest Elevation: 742.00 ft Barrel Rise: 7.00 ft Roadway Surface: Paved Barrel Material: Concrete Roadway Top Width: 26.00 ft Embedment: 1.00 in Barrel Manning's n: 0.0120 (top and sides) Manning's n: 0.0350 (bottom) Culvert Type: Straight

HY-8 Culvert Analysis Report

Water Surface Profile Plot for Culvert: Culvert C3

Crossing - Culvert C3 - 100 Yr Storm, Design Discharge - 1652.6 cfs Culvert - Culvert C3, Culvert Discharge - 1652.6 cfs 740-738 -**=** 736 -**2** 734 − ^ω 732 − 730 728

Site Data - Culvert C3 Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data Inlet Station: 0.00 ft Inlet Elevation: 727.50 ft

Outlet Station: 130.00 ft Outlet Elevation: 726.00 ft Number of Barrels: 2

Culvert Data Summary - Culvert C3 Barrel Shape: Concrete Box Barrel Span: 8.00 ft

Culvert Type: Straight

Inlet Depression: None

Barrel Rise: 7.00 ft Barrel Material: Concrete Embedment: 1.00 in Barrel Manning's n: 0.0120 (top and sides) Manning's n: 0.0350 (bottom)

Inlet Configuration: Square Edge (90°) Headwall

100 Station (ft)

Tailwater Channel Data - Culvert C3 - 100 Yr Storm Tailwater Channel Option: Rectangular Channel

Tailwater Channel Data - Culvert C1 - 25 Yr Storm

Bottom Width: 117.00 ft

Channel Slope: 0.0200

Crest Length: 63.00 ft

Crest Elevation: 702.50 ft

Roadway Surface: Paved

Roadway Top Width: 26.00 ft

Channel Manning's n: 0.0300

Channel Invert Elevation: 695.50 ft

Tailwater Channel Option: Rectangular Channel

Roadway Data for Crossing: Culvert C1 - 25 Yr Storm

Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation

Bottom Width: 20.00 ft Channel Slope: 0.0300 Channel Manning's n: 0.0300 Channel Invert Elevation: 726.00 ft

Roadway Data for Crossing: Culvert C3 - 100 Yr Storm

Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation Crest Length: 110.00 ft Crest Elevation: 742.00 ft Roadway Surface: Paved Roadway Top Width: 26.00 ft

HY-8 Culvert Analysis Report

Water Surface Profile Plot for Culvert: Culvert 1

Crossing - Culvert P - 25 Yr Storm, Design Discharge - 453.9 cfs Culvert - Culvert 1, Culvert Discharge - 264.3 cfs 747 -₹ 744 743-742 -

Station (ft)

Site Data - Culvert 1

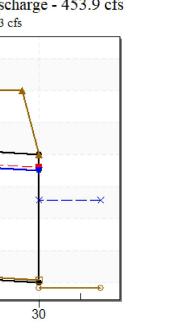
Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data Inlet Station: 0.00 ft Inlet Elevation: 741.50 ft Outlet Station: 30.00 ft Outlet Elevation: 741.00 ft Number of Barrels: 1

Culvert Data Summary - Culvert 1 Barrel Shape: Concrete Box

Inlet Depression: None

Barrel Span: 7.00 ft Barrel Rise: 4.00 ft Barrel Material: Concrete Embedment: 1.00 in Barrel Manning's n: 0.0120 (top and sides) Manning's n: 0.0350 (bottom) Culvert Type: Straight

Inlet Configuration: Square Edge (90°) Headwall



Tailwater Channel Data - Culvert C1 - 100 Yr Storm

Bottom Width: 117.00 ft

Channel Slope: 0.0200

Crest Length: 63.00 ft

Crest Elevation: 702.50 ft

Roadway Surface: Paved

Roadway Top Width: 26.00 ft

Channel Manning's n: 0.0300

Channel Invert Elevation: 695.50 ft

Tailwater Channel Option: Rectangular Channel

Roadway Data for Crossing: Culvert C1 - 100 Yr Storm

Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation

Tailwater Channel Data - Culvert P - 25 Yr Storm

Tailwater Channel Option: Trapezoidal Channel Bottom Width: 7.00 ft Side Slope (H:V): 3.00 (_:1) Channel Slope: 0.0233 Channel Manning's n: 0.0300 Channel Invert Elevation: 740.85 ft

Roadway Data for Crossing: Culvert P - 25 Yr Storm Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation

Crest Length: 40.00 ft Crest Elevation: 747.00 ft Roadway Surface: Paved Roadway Top Width: 26.00 ft

HY-8 Culvert Analysis Report

Water Surface Profile Plot for Culvert: Culvert 1

Crossing - Culvert P - 100 Yr Storm, Design Discharge - 682.2 cfs Culvert - Culvert 1, Culvert Discharge - 292.1 cfs 748 745 ^ω 744 − 743-742 20 Station (ft)

Site Data - Culvert 1

Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data Inlet Station: 0.00 ft Inlet Elevation: 741.50 ft Outlet Station: 30.00 ft Outlet Elevation: 741.00 ft Number of Barrels: 1

Culvert Data Summary - Culvert 1

Barrel Shape: Concrete Box Barrel Span: 7.00 ft Barrel Rise: 4.00 ft Barrel Material: Concrete Embedment: 1.00 in Barrel Manning's n: 0.0120 (top and sides) Manning's n: 0.0350 (bottom)

Culvert Type: Straight

Inlet Depression: None

Inlet Configuration: Square Edge (90°) Headwall

Tailwater Channel Data - Culvert P - 100 Yr Storm Tailwater Channel Option: Trapezoidal Channel

Bottom Width: 7.00 ft Side Slope (H:V): 3.00 (_:1) Channel Slope: 0.0233 Channel Manning's n: 0.0300 Channel Invert Elevation: 740.85 ft

Roadway Data for Crossing: Culvert P - 100 Yr Storm Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation

Crest Length: 40.00 ft Crest Elevation: 747.00 ft Roadway Surface: Paved Roadway Top Width: 26.00 ft

HY-8 Culvert Analysis Report

Water Surface Profile Plot for Culvert: Culvert 1

Crossing - Culvert O- 25 Yr Storm, Design Discharge - 801.6 cfs Culvert - Culvert 1, Culvert Discharge - 801.6 cfs

Site Data - Culvert 1

Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data Inlet Station: 0.00 ft Inlet Elevation: 735.00 ft Outlet Station: 57.00 ft Outlet Elevation: 734.00 ft Number of Barrels: 5

Barrel Span: 7.00 ft Barrel Rise: 4.00 ft Barrel Material: Concrete Embedment: 1.00 in Manning's n: 0.0350 (bottom) Culvert Type: Straight Inlet Depression: None

740 **₽ 739** <u></u> 738 − ്പ് 737− 736 735 -Station (ft)

Tailwater Channel Data - Culvert O- 25 Yr Storm

Tailwater Channel Option: Enter Constant Tailwater Elevation Constant Tailwater Elevation: 734.00 ft Roadway Data for Crossing: Culvert O- 25 Yr Storm Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation Crest Length: 150.00 ft Crest Elevation: 742.00 ft

Roadway Surface: Paved

Culvert Data Summary - Culvert 1

Barrel Shape: Concrete Box Roadway Top Width: 28.00 ft Barrel Manning's n: 0.0120 (top and sides) Inlet Configuration: Square Edge (90°) Headwall

HY-8 Culvert Analysis Report

Water Surface Profile Plot for Culvert: Culvert 1

Inlet Configuration: Square Edge (90°) Headwall

Inlet Depression: None

Crossing - Culvert O- 100 Yr Storm, Design Discharge - 1185.7 cfs Culvert - Culvert 1, Culvert Discharge - 1185.7 cfs 741 **₽**739-₹ 738 ⊕ 737 -736 -735 734 -

Site Data - Culvert 1

Inlet Station: 0.00 ft Inlet Elevation: 735.00 ft Outlet Station: 57.00 ft Outlet Elevation: 734.00 ft Number of Barrels: 5

Culvert Data Summary - Culvert 1

Barrel Shape: Concrete Box Barrel Span: 7.00 ft Barrel Rise: 4.00 ft Barrel Material: Concrete Embedment: 1.00 in Barrel Manning's n: 0.0120 (top and sides) Manning's n: 0.0350 (bottom) Culvert Type: Straight

Tailwater Channel Option: Enter Constant Tailwater Elevation Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data Constant Tailwater Elevation: 734.00 ft

Station (ft)

Roadway Data for Crossing: Culvert O- 100 Yr Storm Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation Crest Length: 150.00 ft Crest Elevation: 742.00 ft

Tailwater Channel Data - Culvert O- 100 Yr Storm

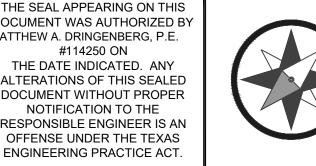
Roadway Surface: Paved Roadway Top Width: 28.00 ft

Inlet Configuration: Square Edge (90°) Headwall Inlet Depression: None

REVISION DATE



THE SEAL APPEARING ON THIS DOCUMENT WAS AUTHORIZED BY MATTHEW A. DRINGENBERG, P.E. #114250 ON THE DATE INDICATED. ANY ALTERATIONS OF THIS SEALED DOCUMENT WITHOUT PROPER NOTIFICATION TO THE RESPONSIBLE ENGINEER IS AN OFFENSE UNDER THE TEXAS





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307 Saint Lawrence S	Street, Gonzales TX 78629		
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CENTRAL TEXAS 205 Cimarron Park Loop, Ste. B, Buda TX 78610 P: 512.312.4336

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DRAWN BY: AL

CHECKED BY: HJ

CARPENTER RANCH RV PARK 584 MCKINNON LOOP BUDA, TEXAS 78610

CULVERT PROFILES

PROJECT NO. <u>0946</u>-001 DRAWING NO. __

SHEET 12 OF 36

Known Q

= 18.95

Tuesday, Aug 23 2022

= 1.50

= 1.88

= 10.80

= 2.35

Crit Depth, Yc (ft)

Top Width (ft)

EGL (ft)

Channel C1-A 25-Year Storm Highlighted Depth (ft) Q (cfs) Triangular Side Slopes (z:1) = 3.00, 3.00 = 1.18 = 18.95 = 4.18 Invert Elev (ft) = 700.00 Velocity (ft/s) = 4.54 = 7.46 = 1.20 Slope (%) = 2.50 Wetted Perim (ft) N-Value = 0.035Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 7.08 Top Width (ft)

EGL (ft)

Channel Report

Known Q (cfs)

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. **Channel C1-A 100-Year Storm**

Highlighted Depth (ft) Q (cfs) **Triangular** Side Slopes (z:1) = 3.00, 3.00= 1.36 = 27.70 = 5.55 Total Depth (ft) Area (sqft) Velocity (ft/s)
Wetted Perim (ft)
Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 4.99 Invert Elev (ft) = 700.00 = 2.50 = 8.60 Slope (%) = 0.035= 1.40 Top Width (ft) = 8.16 EGL (ft) = 1.75 Calculations Compute by: Known Q

= 27.70

Channel Report

Known Q (cfs)

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. Channel C2-A 25-Year Storm

Triangular Side Slopes (z:1) Highlighted Depth (ft) = 3.00, 3.00= 1.12 Q (cfs) = 17.75 = 3.76 Velocity (ft/s) Wetted Perim (ft) = 4.72 Invert Elev (ft) = 712.00 Slope (%) = 3.00 = 7.08 N-Value = 0.035Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 1.17 Top Width (ft) = 6.72 = 1.47 Calculations Compute by: Known Q

= 17.75

Channel Report

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. **Channel C2-A 100-Year Storm**

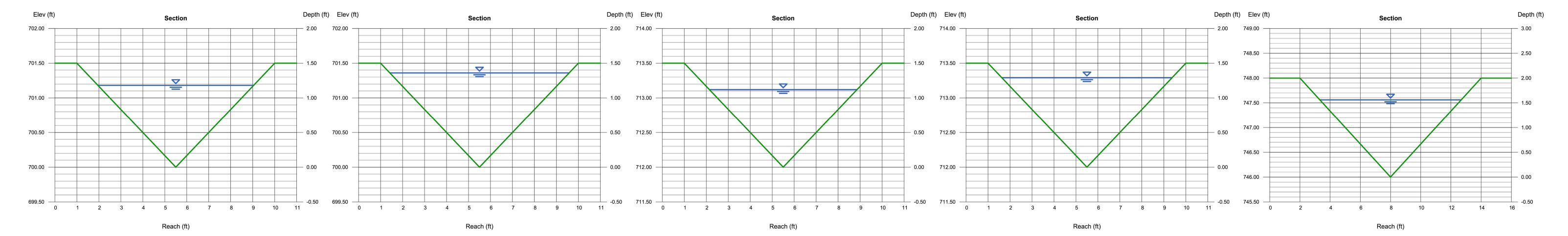
Triangular Side Slopes (z:1) Highlighted Depth (ft) = 3.00, 3.00= 1.29 Total Depth (ft) Q (cfs) = 26.06 = 4.99 Area (sqft) Velocity (ft/s) Wetted Perim (ft) Invert Elev (ft) = 712.00 = 5.22 Slope (%) = 3.00 = 8.16 N-Value Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 1.37 = 7.74 Top Width (ft) = 1.71 Calculations Compute by: Known Q = 26.06 Known Q (cfs)

Channel Report

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. Tuesday, Aug 23 2022

Channel C3-A 25-Year Storm

Chamber 65-A 25-1 car Grown					
Triangular		Highlighted			
Side Slopes (z:1)	= 3.00, 3.00	Depth (ft)	= 1.56		
Total Depth (ft)	= 2.00	Q (cfs)	= 39.95		
		Area (sqft)	= 7.30		
Invert Elev (ft)	= 746.00	Velocity (ft/s)	= 5.47		
Slope (%)	= 2.50	Wetted Perim (ft)	= 9.87		
N-Value	= 0.035	Crit Depth, Yc (ft)	= 1.62		
		Top Width (ft)	= 9.36		
Calculations		EGL (ft)	= 2.03		
Compute by:	Known Q				
Known Q (cfs)	= 39.95				



Channel	Report

N-Value

Elev (ft)

748.50

748.00 -

747.50

747.00 -

746.50

746.00

Calculations

Compute by:

Known Q (cfs)

Calculations

Known Q (cfs)

Compute by:

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. **Channel C3-A 100-Year Storm** Triangular Side Slopes (z:1) = 3.00, 3.00 = 1.80 = 57.94 Total Depth (ft) = 2.00 Q (cfs) = 9.72 Area (sqft) Invert Elev (ft) = 746.00 Velocity (ft/s) = 5.96 Slope (%) = 2.50 Wetted Perim (ft) = 11.38

= 0.035

Known Q

= 57.94

Channel Report

Compute by:

Depth (ft) Elev (ft)

713.50

712.00 -

- 2.00

1.00

— 0.50

Known Q (cfs)

Known Q

= 27.92

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. **Channel C3-B 25-Year Storm** Triangular Side Slopes (z:1) = 3.00, 3.00 Depth (ft) Q (cfs) = 1.3/ = 27.92 Total Depth (ft) = 1.75 = 5.63 Area (sqft) Invert Elev (ft) = 712.00 Velocity (ft/s) = 4.96 Slope (%) = 2.50 Wetted Perim (ft) = 8.66 = 0.035Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 1.41 N-Value Top Width (ft) = 8.22 EGL (ft) Calculations = 1.75

 ∇

Reach (ft)

Channel Report

Known Q (cfs)

Depth (ft) Elev (ft)

1.50 713.50 -

- 1.00 713.00

- 0.50 712.50

Channel C3-B 100-Year Storm Highlighted Depth (ft) Triangular Side Slopes (z:1) = 3.00, 3.00 = 1.75 Q (cfs) = 40.85 Total Depth (ft) = 7.49 Area (sqft) Invert Elev (ft) = 712.00 Velocity (ft/s) = 5.45 Slope (%) = 2.50 Wetted Perim (ft) = 9.99 = 0.035 Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 1.64 N-Value Top Width (ft) = 9.48 = 2.04 Calculations EGL (ft) Compute by: Known Q

= 40.85

Channel Report

Known Q (cfs)

Depth (ft) Elev (ft)

752.00

751.00

750.00

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. **Channel P - 100 Year Storm Event**

	rear otorni Event		
Trapezoidal		Highlighted	
Bottom Width (ft)	= 7.00	Depth (ft)	= 3.33
Side Slopes (z:1)	= 3.00, 3.00	Q (cfs)	= 682.16
Total Depth (ft)	= 4.00	Arèa (sqft)	= 56.58
Invert Elev (ft)	= 748.00	Velocity (ft/s)	= 12.06
Slope (%)	= 2.33	Wetted Perim (ft)	= 28.06
N-Value	= 0.030	Crit Depth, Yc (ft)	= 4.00
		Top Width (ft)	= 26.98
Calculations		EGL (ft)	= 5.59
Compute by:	Known Q	, ,	

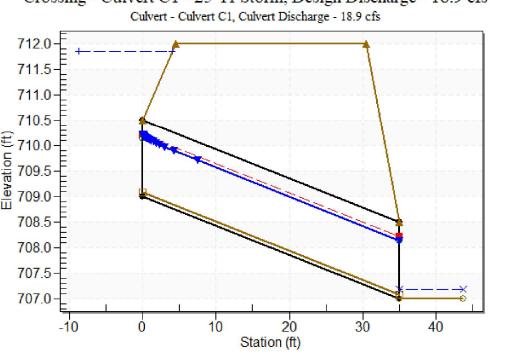
Reach (ft)

= 682.16

HY-8 Culvert Analysis Report

Water Surface Profile Plot for Culvert: Culvert C1a

Crossing - Culvert C1 - 25 Yr Storm, Design Discharge - 18.9 cfs



Site Data - Culvert C1a

Depth (ft)

Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data Inlet Station: 0.00 ft Inlet Elevation: 709.00 ft Outlet Station: 35.00 ft Outlet Elevation: 707.00 ft Number of Barrels: 2

Culvert Data Summary - Culvert C1a Barrel Shape: Circular Barrel Diameter: 1.50 ft Barrel Material: Concrete Embedment: 1.00 in Barrel Manning's n: 0.0120 (top and sides) Manning's n: 0.0350 (bottom) Culvert Type: Straight Inlet Configuration: Thin Edge Projecting In-

let Depression: None

Tailwater Channel Option: Rectangular Channel

Bottom Width: 35.00 ft Channel Slope: 0.0400 Channel Manning's n: 0.0300 Channel Invert Elevation: 707.00 ft

Tailwater Channel Data - Culvert C1a - 25 Yr Storm

Roadway Data for Crossing: Culvert C1a - 25 Yr Storm Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation Crest Length: 35.00 ft

Crest Elevation: 712.00 ft Roadway Surface: Paved Roadway Top Width: 26.00 ft

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3				
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2				-
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2				

Reach (ft)



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Reach (ft)

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)	CHECKED BY: HJ	

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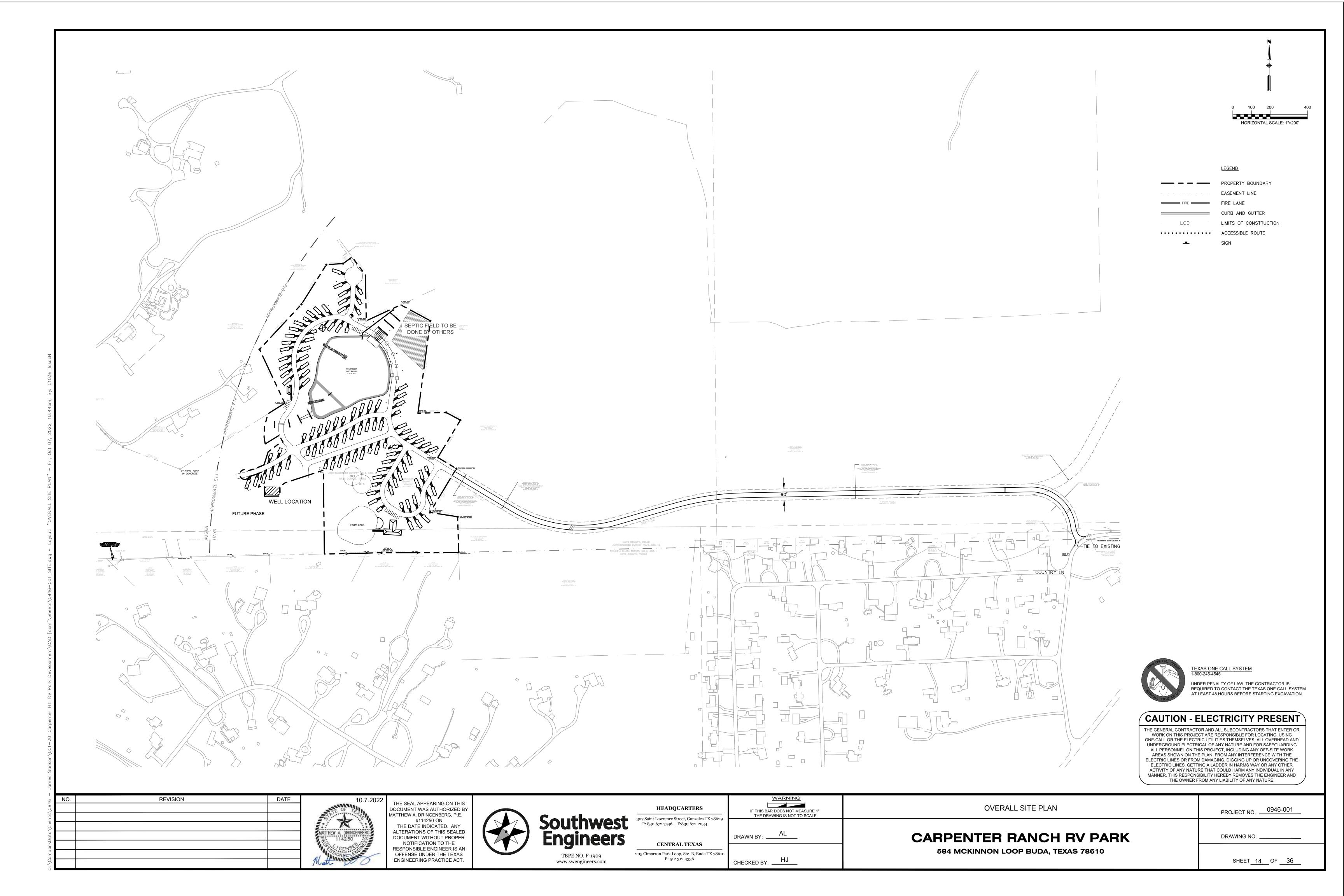
CARPENTER RANCH RV PARK

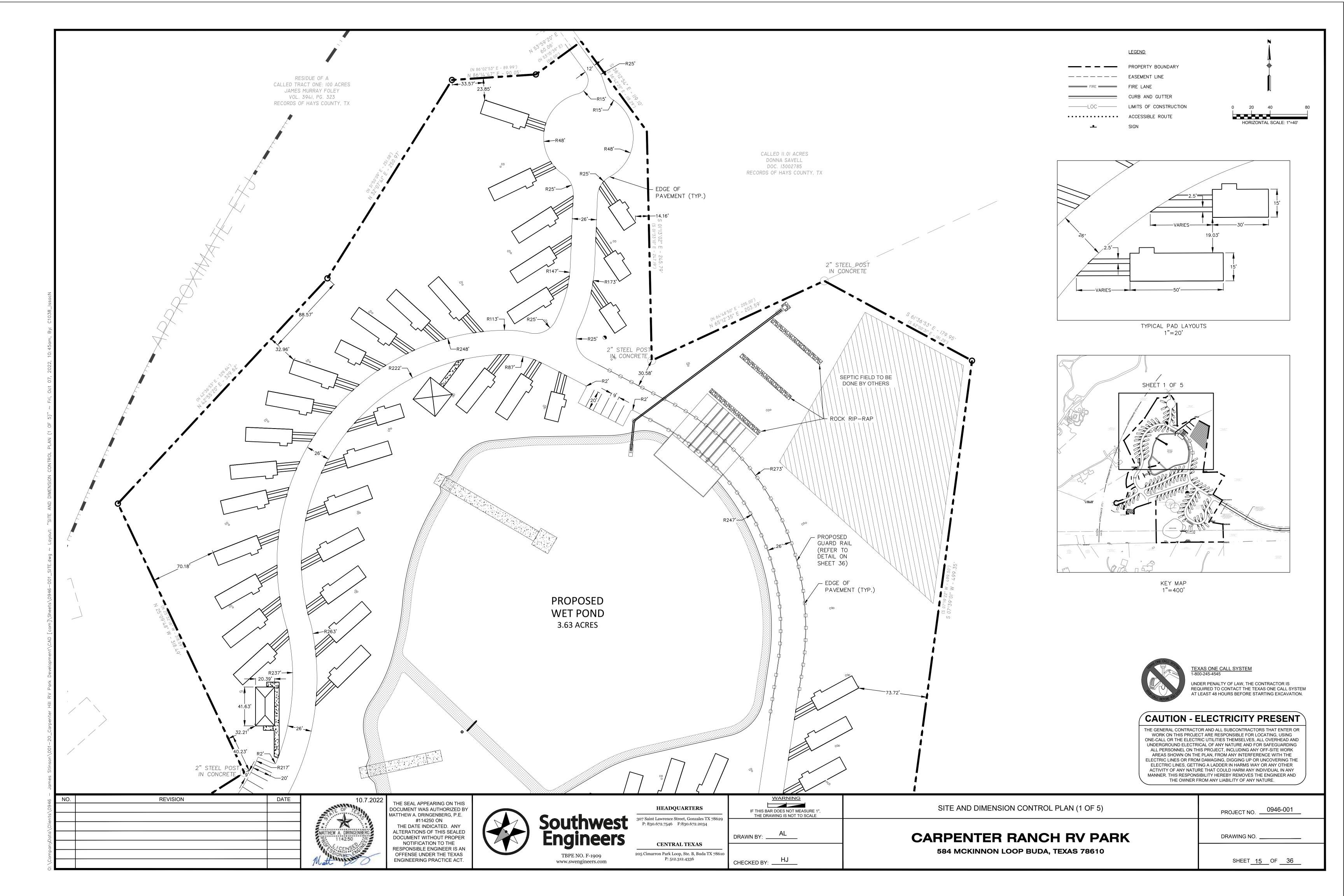
CULVERT PROFILES

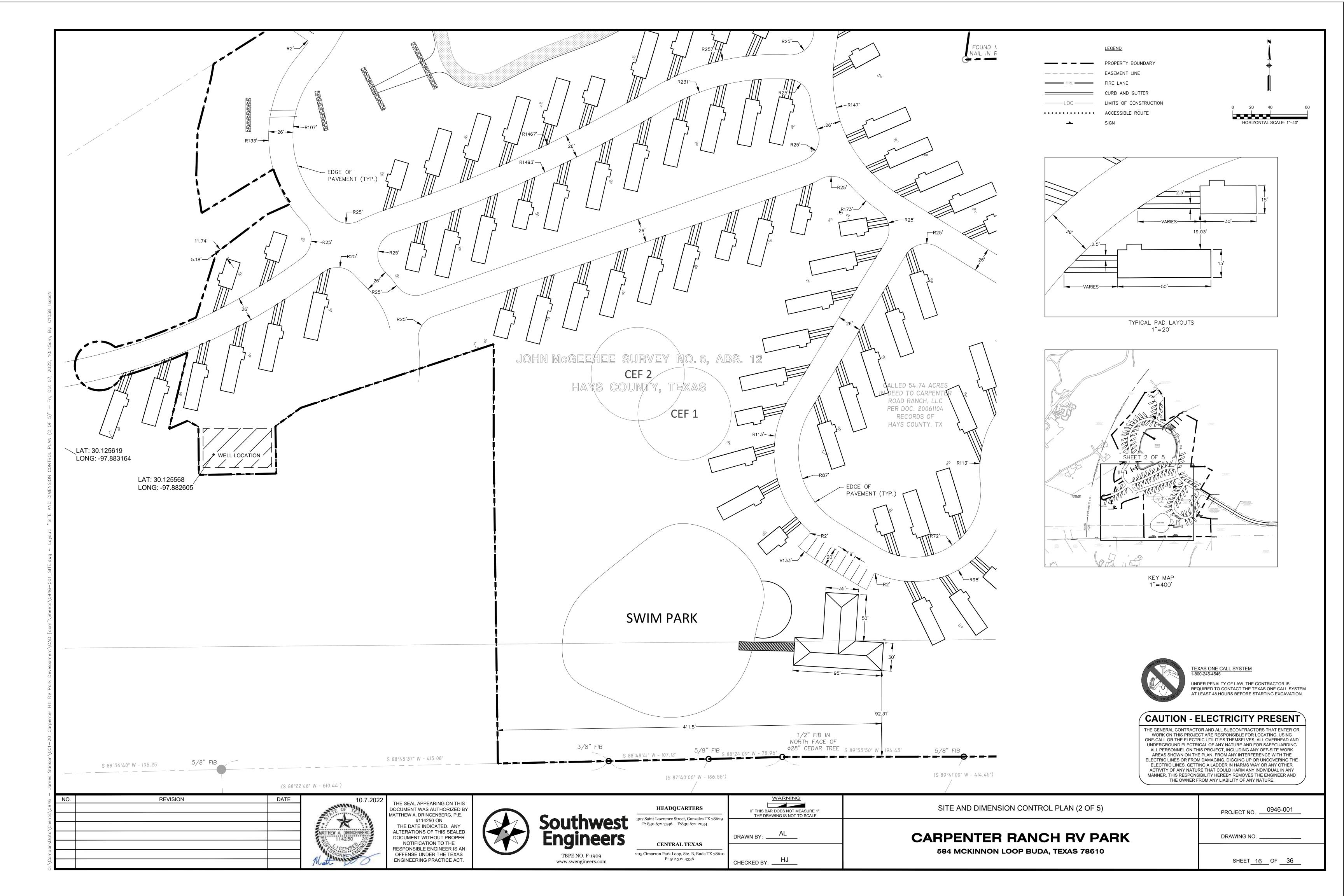
584 MCKINNON LOOP BUDA, TEXAS 78610

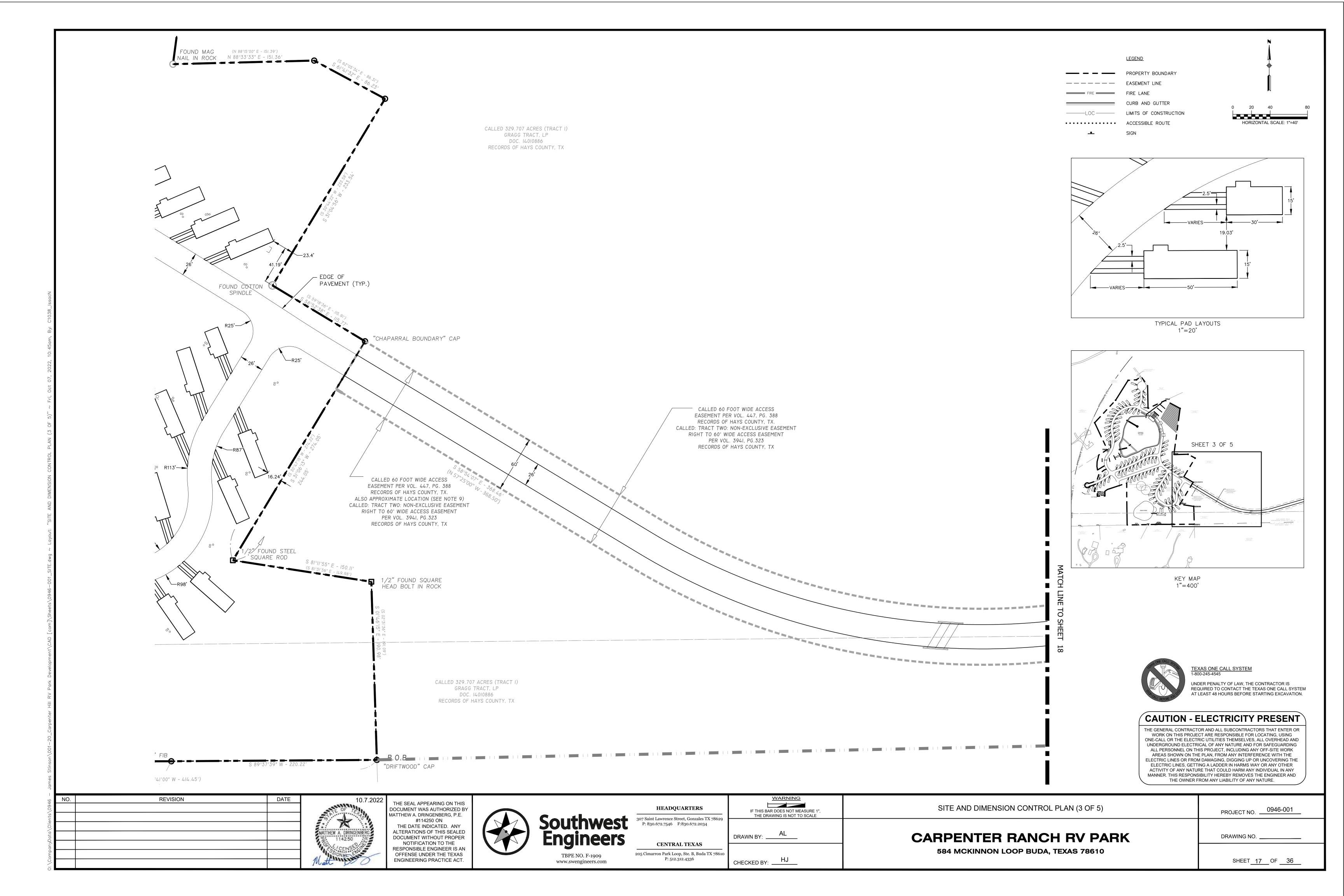
DRAWING NO. ____ SHEET 12 OF 36

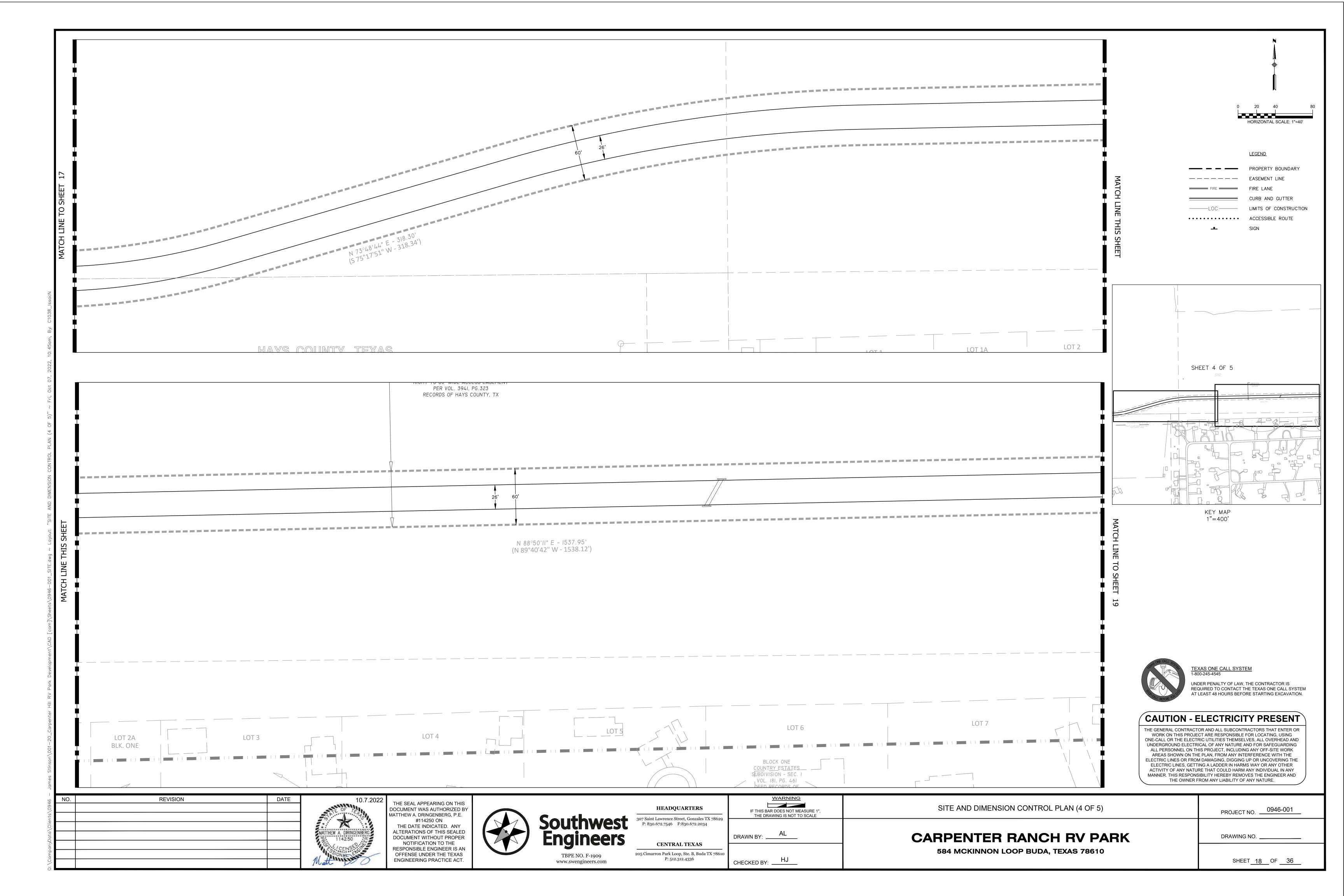
PROJECT NO. 0946-001

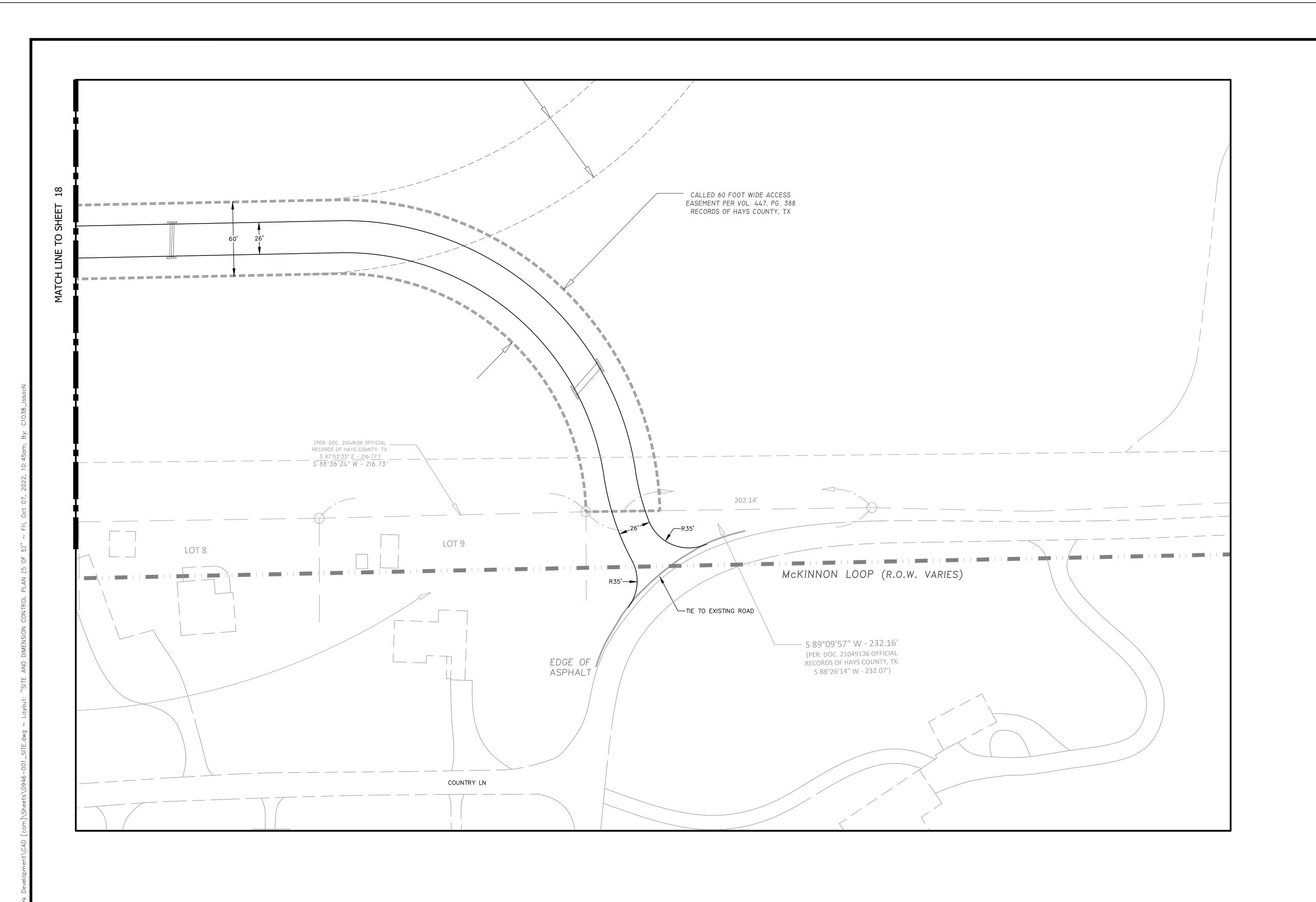


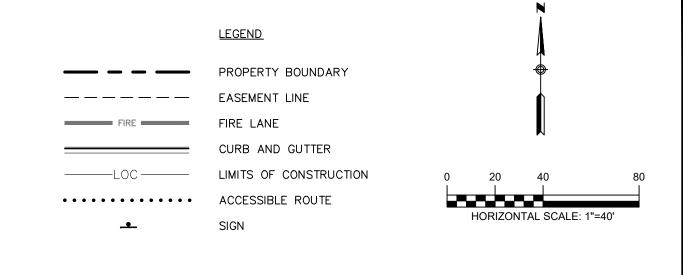


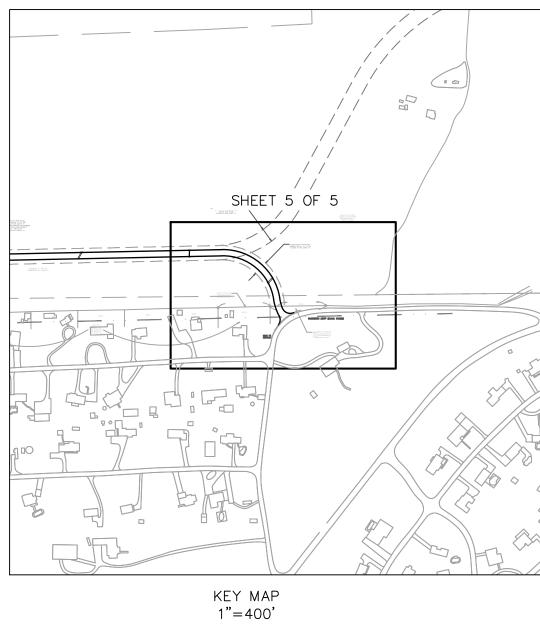














TEXAS ONE CALL SYSTEM
1-800-245-4545

UNDER PENALTY OF LAW, THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO CONTACT THE TEXAS ONE CALL SYSTEM AT LEAST 48 HOURS BEFORE STARTING EXCAVATION.

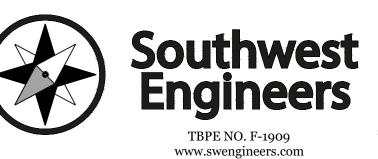
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NO.	REVISION	DATE



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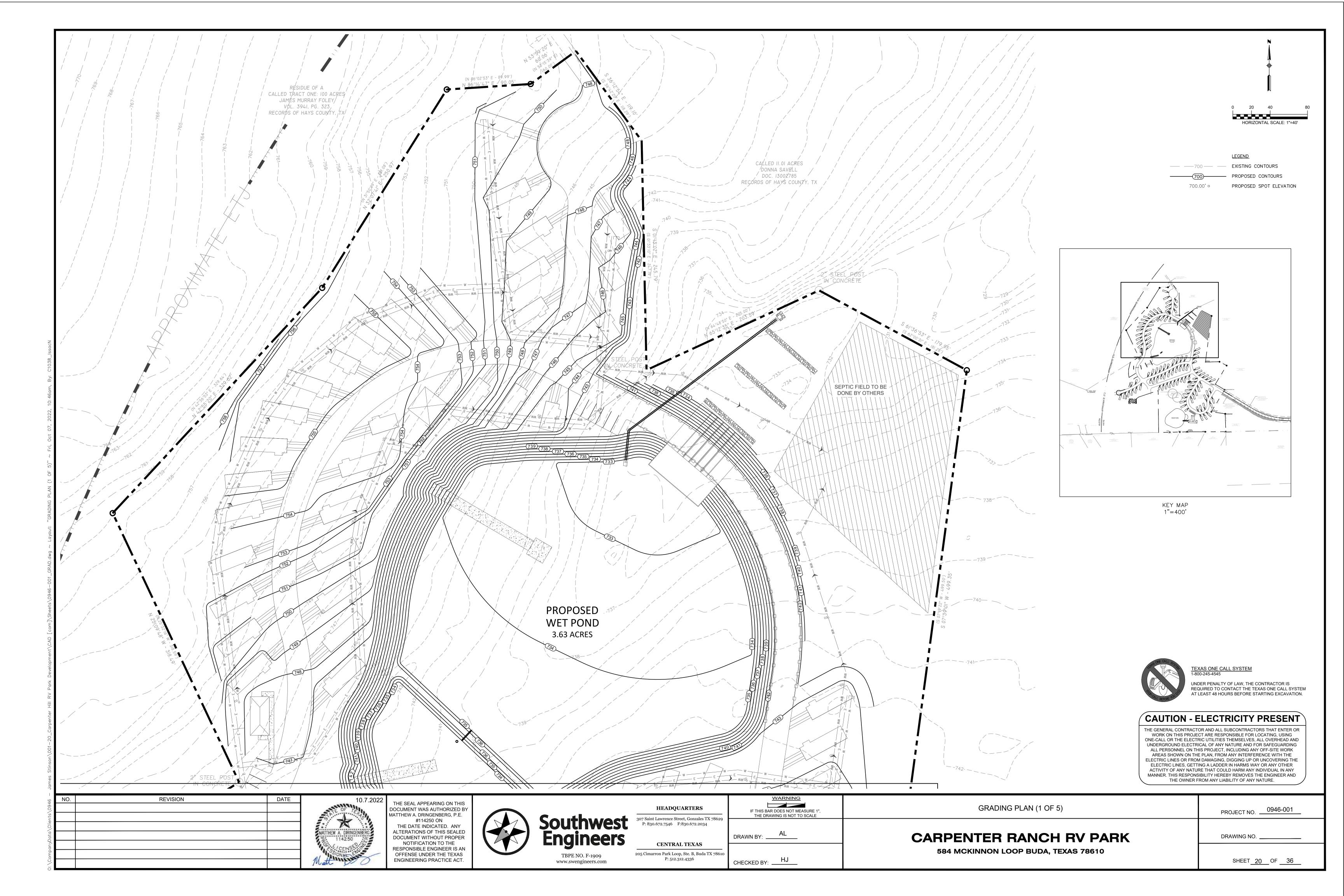
CENTRAL TEXAS	
205 Cimarron Park Loop, Ste. B, Buda TX 78610 P: 512.312.4336	

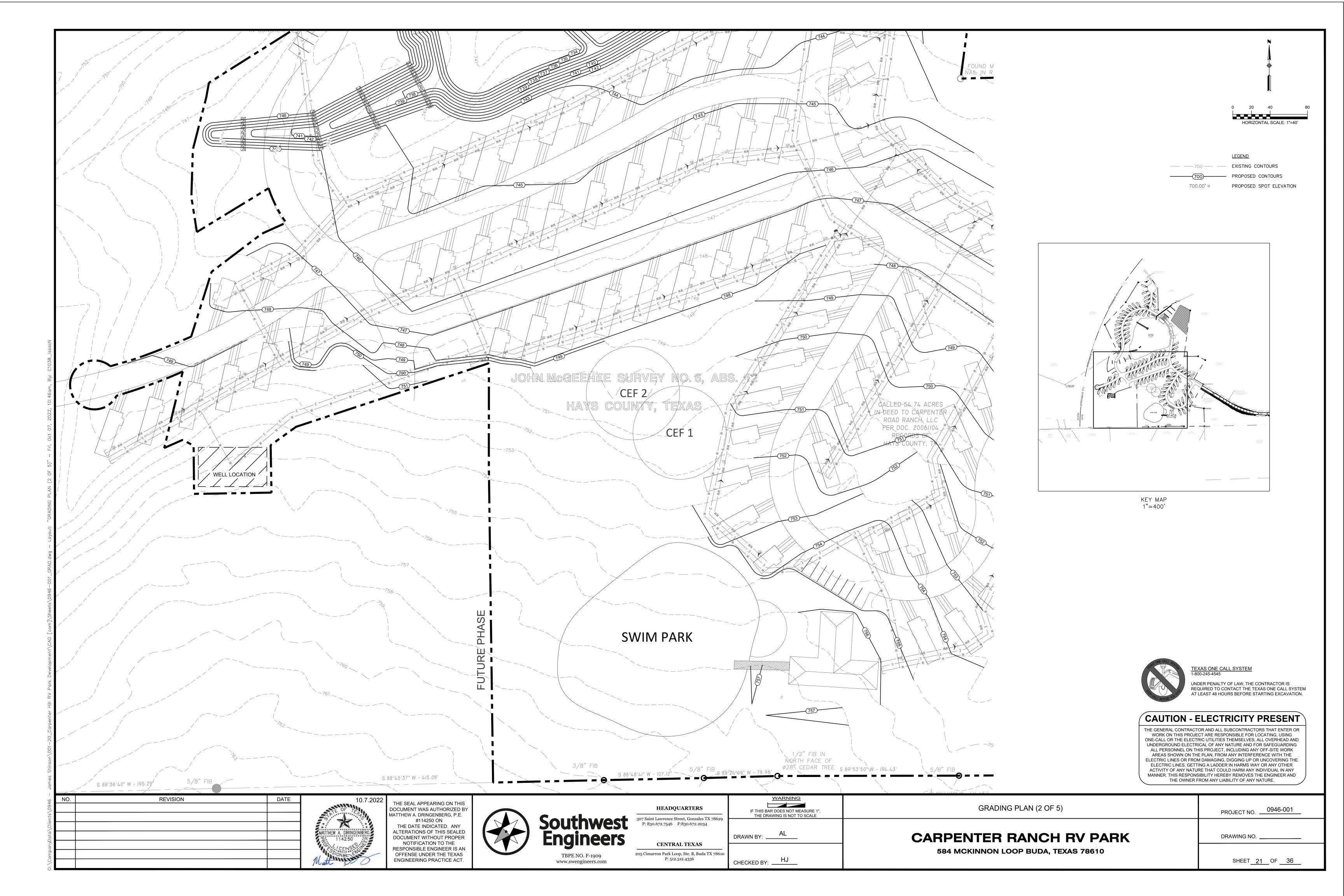
DRAWN BY: AL	CARPENTER RANCH RV PARK
CHECKED BY: HJ	584 MCKINNON LOOP BUDA, TEXAS 78610

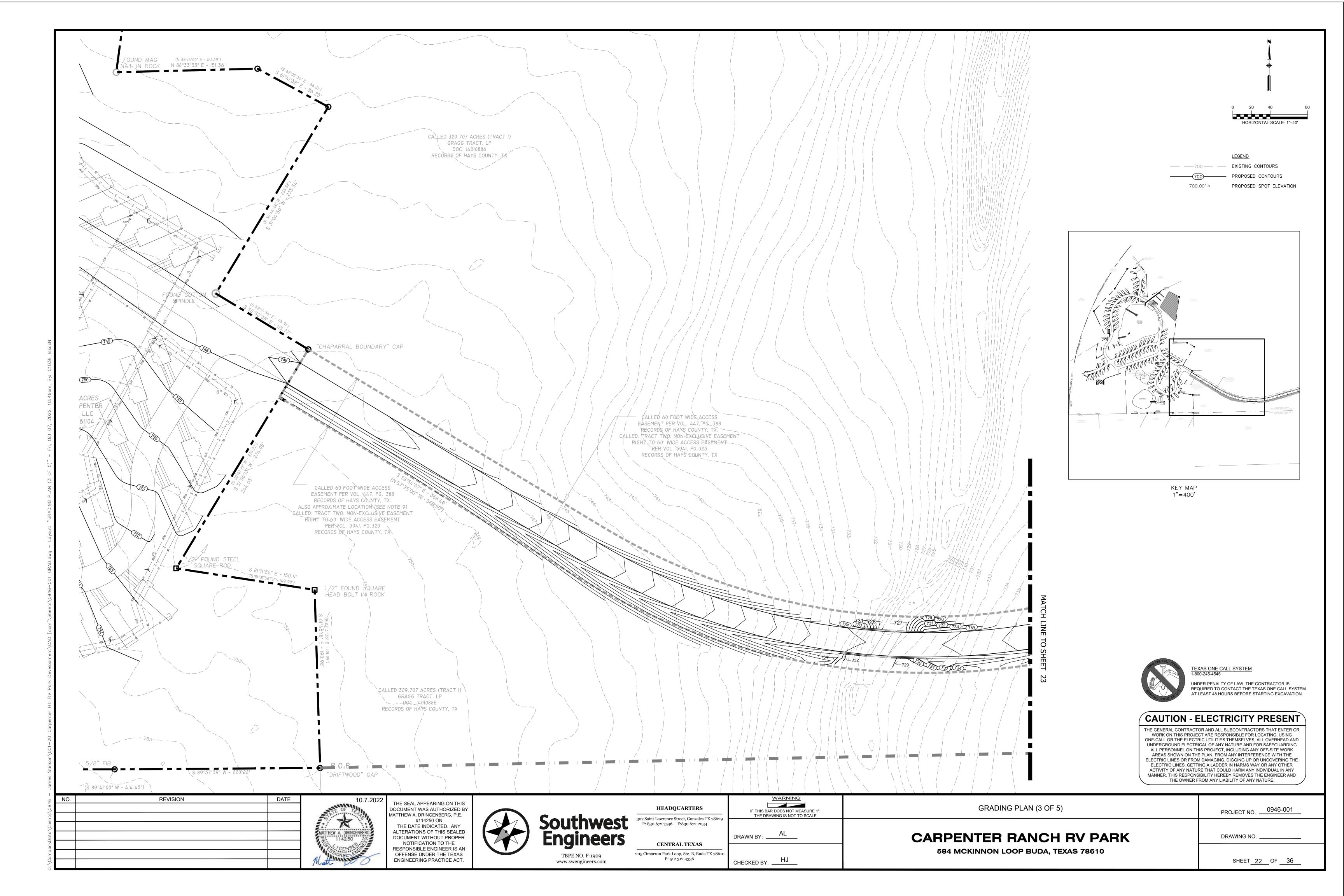
SITE AND DIMENSION CONTROL PLAN (5 OF 5)

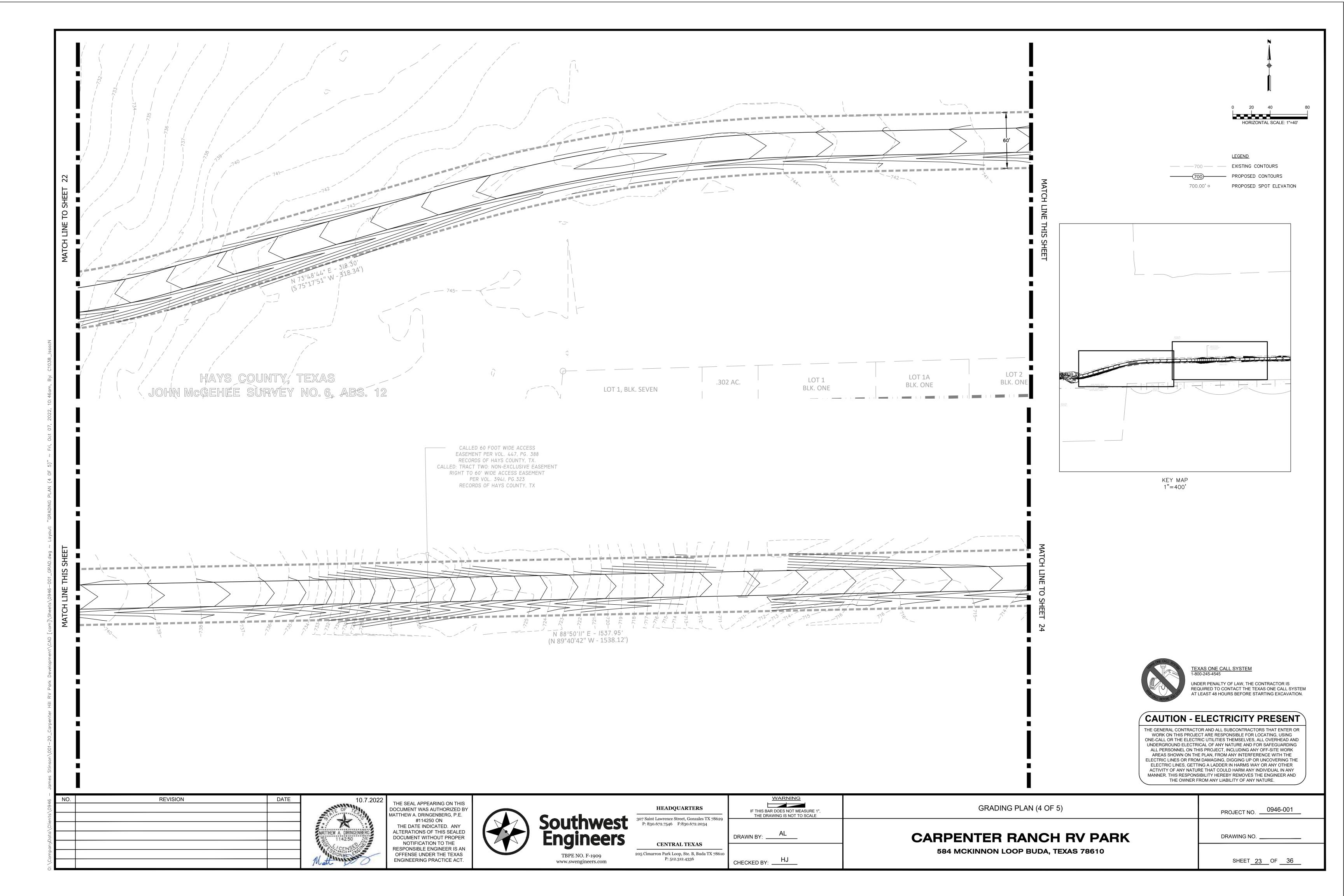
D	RAWING NO			-
	SHEET 19	OF	36	

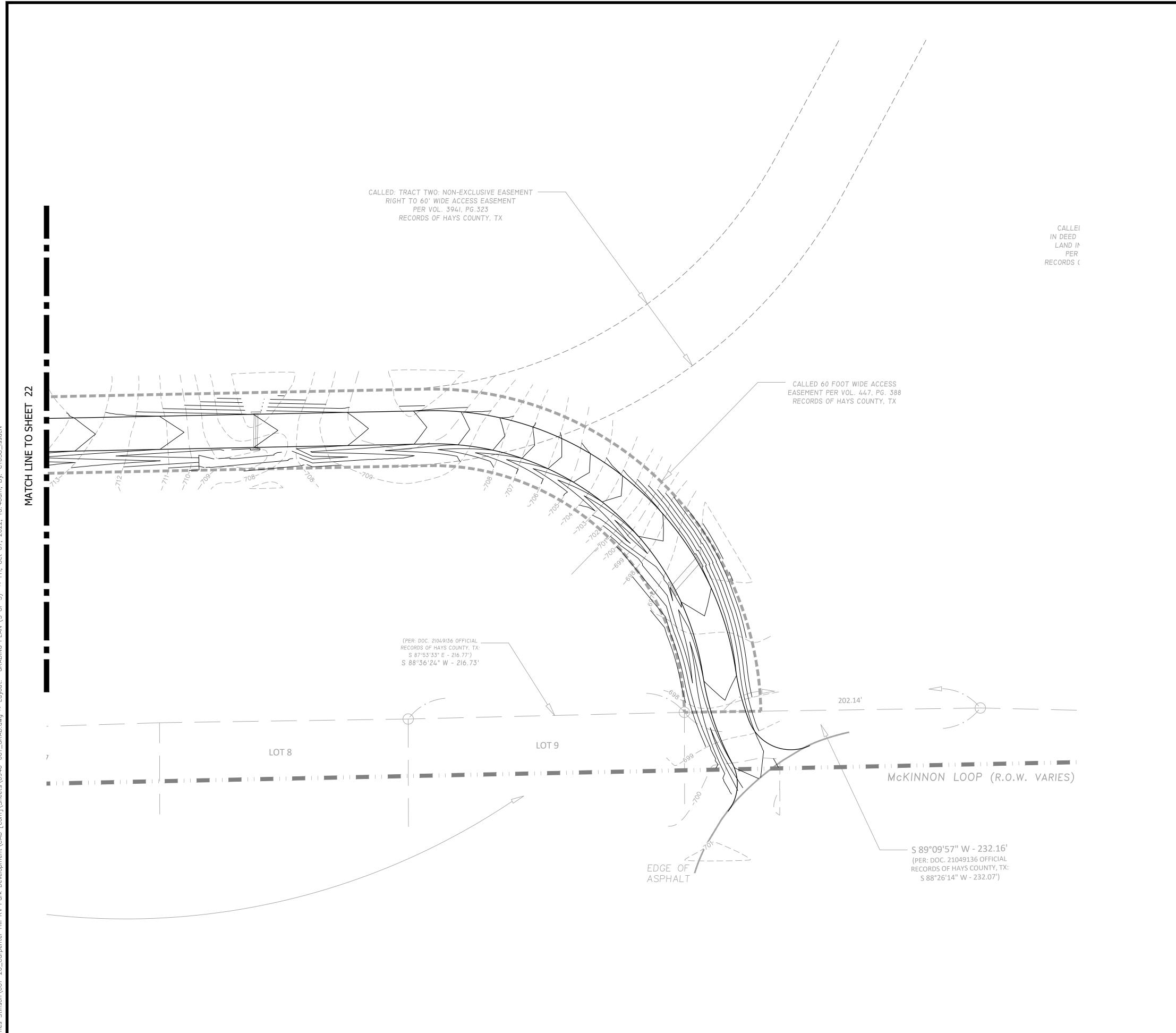
PROJECT NO. ____0946-001

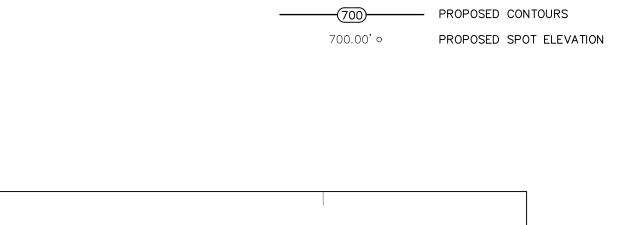






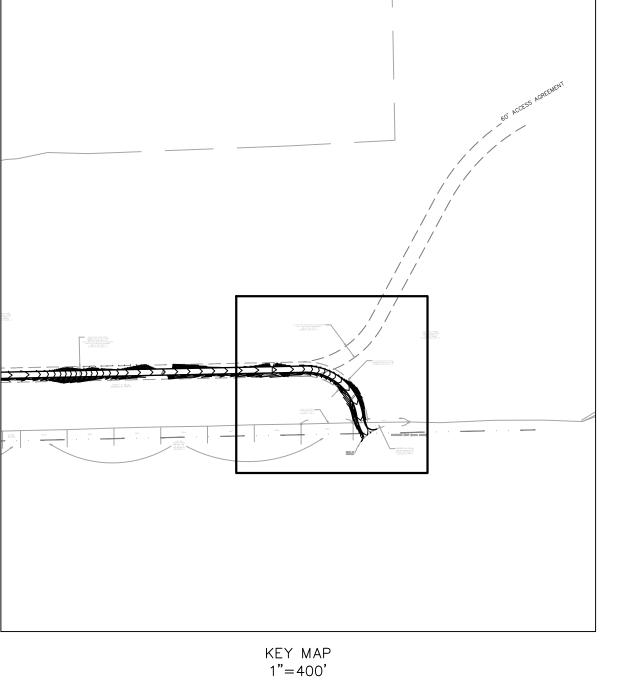






<u>LEGEND</u>

— 700 — EXISTING CONTOURS





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SHEET 24 OF 36

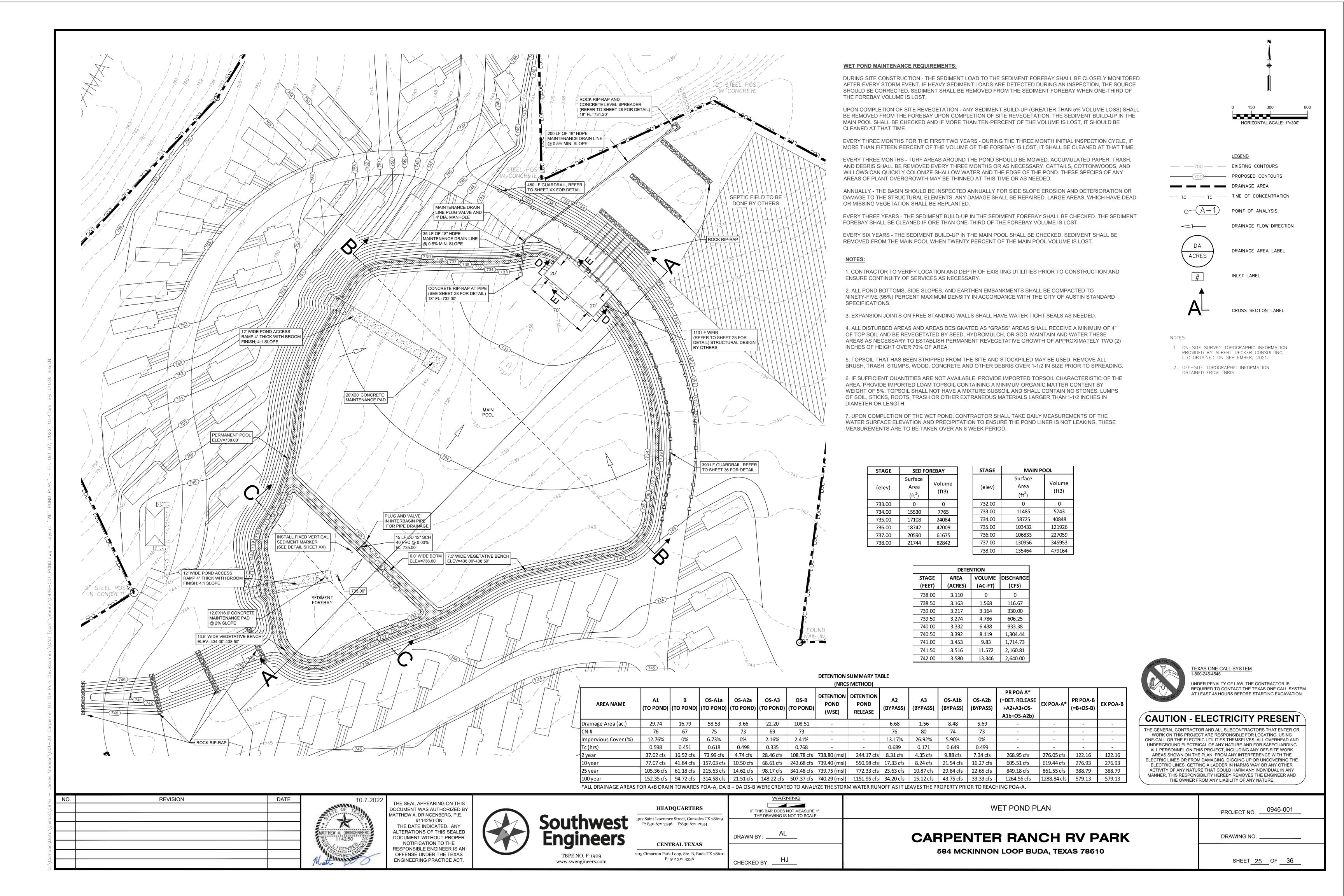
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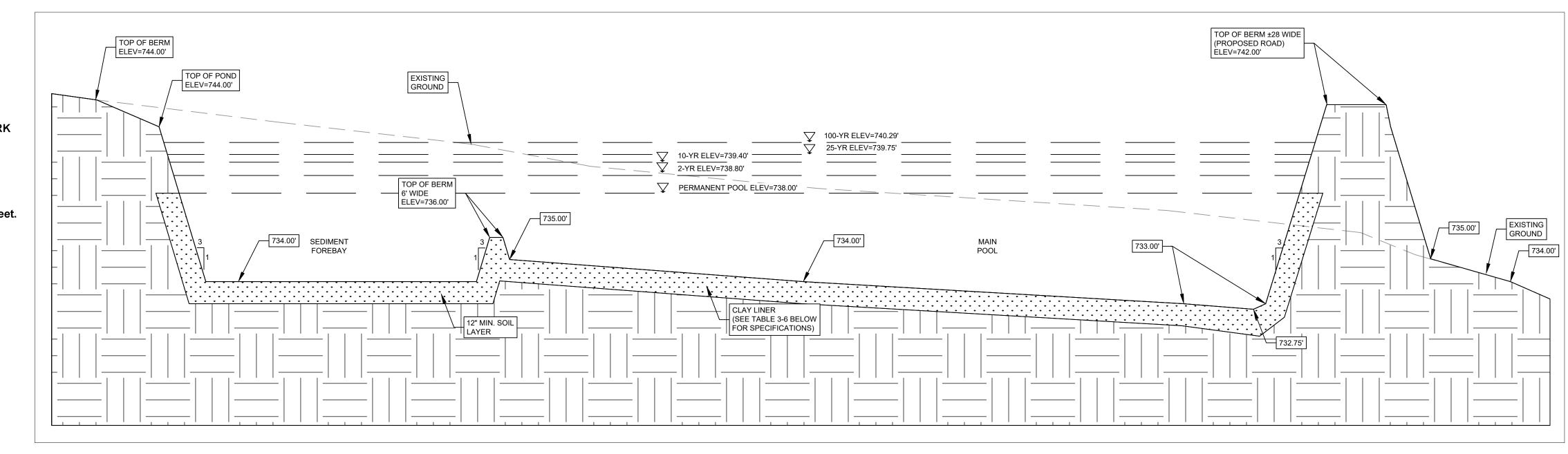
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ts\0946 -	NO. REVISION DATE	10.7.2022 THE SEAL APPEARING ON THIS DOCUMENT WAS AUTHORIZED BY MATTHEW A. DRINGENBERG, P.E.	BY	HEADQUARTERS	WARNING IF THIS BAR DOES NOT MEASURE 1", THE DRAWING IS NOT TO SCALE	GRADING PLAN (5 OF 5)
Data\Clien		#114250 ON THE DATE INDICATED. ANY ALTERATIONS OF THIS SEALED DOCUMENT WITHOUT PROPER DOCUMENT WITHOUT PROPER	Southwest Engineers	307 Saint Lawrence Street, Gonzales TX 78629 P: 830.672.7546 F:830.672.2034	DRAWN BY: AL	CARPENTER RANCH RV PARK
\Company		NOTIFICATION TO THE RESPONSIBLE ENGINEER IS AN OFFENSE UNDER THE TEXAS ENGINEERING PRACTICE ACT.	TBPE NO. F-1909	CENTRAL TEXAS 205 Cimarron Park Loop, Ste. B, Buda TX 78610 P: 512.312.4336	CHECKED BY: HJ	584 MCKINNON LOOP BUDA, TEXAS 78610

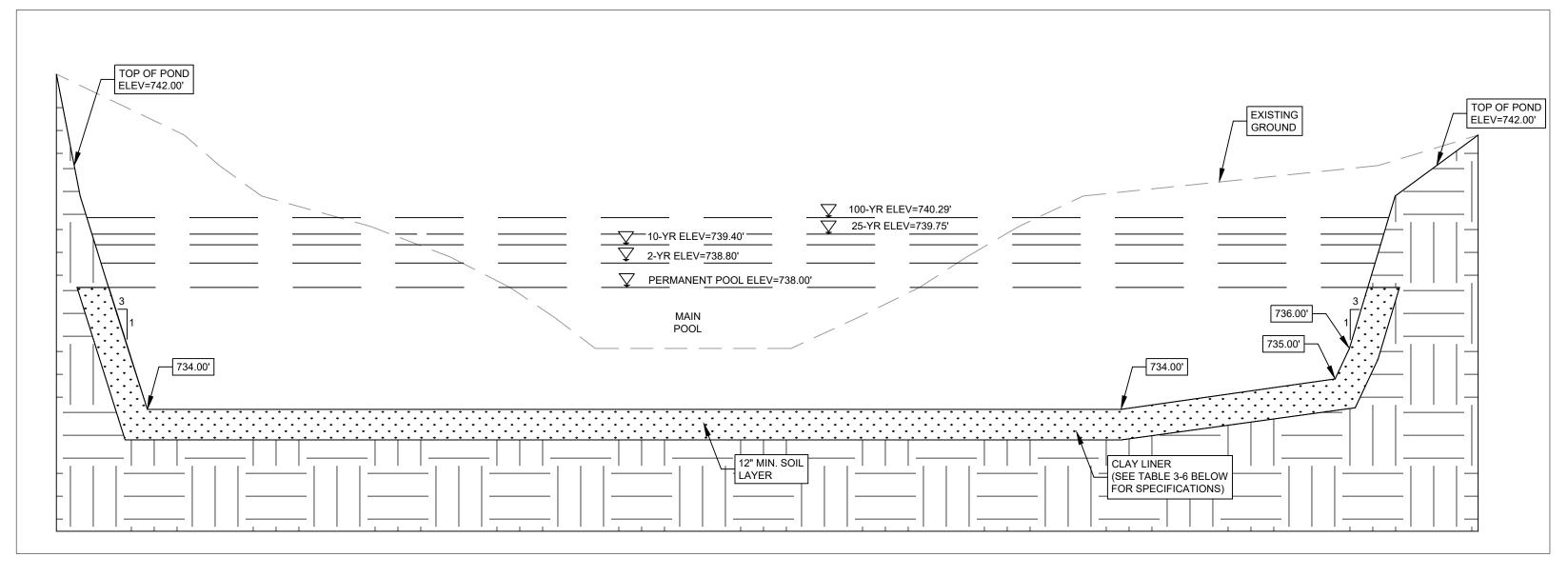


Texas Commission on Environmental Quality TSS Removal Calculations 04-20-2009 Project Name: CARPENTER RANCH RV PARK Date Prepared: 8/22/2022 Additional information is provided for cells with a red triangle in the upper right corner. Place the cursor over the cell. Text shown in blue indicate location of instructions in the Technical Guidance Manual - RG-348. Characters shown in red are data entry fields. Characters shown in black (Bold) are calculated fields. Changes to these fields will remove the equations used in the spreadsheet. Pages 3-27 to 3-30 1. The Required Load Reduction for the total project: Calculations from RG-348 Page 3-29 Equation 3.3: $L_M = 27.2(A_N \times P)$ L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} = Required TSS removal resulting from the proposed development = 80% of increased load A_N = Net increase in impervious area for the project P = Average annual precipitation, inches Site Data: Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Project Total project area included in plan * = Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plan * = Total post-development impervious area within the limits of the plan* = Total post-development impervious cover fraction * = The values entered in these fields should be for the total project area. Number of drainage basins / outfalls areas leaving the plan area = 1 2. Drainage Basin Parameters (This information should be provided for each basin): Drainage Basin/Outfall Area No. = POA A Total drainage basin/outfall area = 261.64 Predevelopment impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area = Post-development impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area = Post-development impervious fraction within drainage basin/outfall area = 0.05 L_{M THIS BASIN} = 4241 lbs. 3. Indicate the proposed BMP Code for this basin. Proposed BMP = Wet Basin Removal efficiency = 93 percent 4. Calculate Maximum TSS Load Removed (L_R) for this Drainage Basin by the selected BMP Type. RG-348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7: $L_R = (BMP \text{ efficiency}) \times P \times (A_1 \times 34.6 + A_2 \times 0.54)$ A_C = Total On-Site drainage area in the BMP catchment area A_1 = Impervious area proposed in the BMP catchment area A_P = Pervious area remaining in the BMP catchment area L_R = TSS Load removed from this catchment area by the proposed BMP **46.53** acres 3.80 42.73 $L_{R} = 4739$ 5. Calculate Fraction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall area Desired L_{M THIS BASIN} = **7012** F = 1.48 6. Calculate Capture Volume required by the BMP Type for this drainage basin / outfall area. Calculations from RG-348 Pages 3-34 to 3-36 Rainfall Depth = 4.00 Post Development Runoff Coefficient = 0.11 On-site Water Quality Volume = 73080 cubic feet Calculations from RG-348 Pages 3-36 to 3-37 Off-site area draining to BMP = 192.90 Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP = 7.04 Impervious fraction of off-site area = 0.04 Off-site Runoff Coefficient = 0.06 Off-site Water Quality Volume = 174635 cubic feet Storage for Sediment = 49543 Total Capture Volume (required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = 297258 cubic feet The following sections are used to calculate the required water quality volume(s) for the selected BMP. The values for BMP Types not selected in cell C45 will show NA. 11. Wet Basins Designed as Required in RG-348 Pages 3-66 to 3-71 Required capacity of Permanent Pool = 297258 cubic feet Permanent Pool Capacity is 1.20 times the WQV Required capacity at WQV Elevation = 370338 cubic feet Total Capacity should be the Permanent Pool Capacity plus a second WQV. REVISION DATE THE SEAL APPEARING ON THIS DOCUMENT WAS AUTHORIZED BY MATTHEW A. DRINGENBERG, P.E. #114250 ON THE DATE INDICATED. ANY



WET POND CROSS SECTION "A-A"

HORIZONTAL SCALE: 1"=30' VERTICAL SCALE: 1"=3'



WET POND CROSS SECTION "B-B"

HORIZONTAL SCALE: 1"=30' VERTICAL SCALE: 1"=3"

WET POND CROSS SECTION "C-C"

HORIZONTAL SCALE: 1"=30'

VERTICAL SCALE: 1"=3"

CHECKED BY: HJ

Table 3-6 Clay Liner Specifications (COA, 2004)

Property	Test Method	Unit	Specification
Permeability	ASTM D-2434	cm/sec	1 x 10 ⁻⁶
Plasticity Index of Clay	ASTM D-423 & D-424	%	Not less than 15
Liquid Limit of Clay	ASTM D-2216	%	Not less than 30
Clay Particles Passing	ASTM D-422	%	Not less than 30
Clay Compaction	ASTM D-2216	%	95% of Standard Proctor
			Density

TOP OF POND EXISTING TOP OF POND ELEV=742.00' ELEV=742.00' √ 100-YR ELEV=740.29' 25-YR ELEV=739.75' 10-YR ELEV=739.40' 2-YR ELEV=738.80' ▼ PERMANENT POOL ELEV=738.00' SEDIMENT 734.00' 734.00' 12" SOIL MIN. LAYER (SEE TABLE 3-6 ON THE LEFT FOR SPECIFICATIONS)

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	584 MCKINNON LOOP BUDA, TEXAS 78610		

PROJECT NO. <u>0946-001</u> DRAWING NO. ____ SHEET <u>26</u> OF <u>36</u>

OUTFALL STRUCTURE TOP VIEW (STRUCTURAL DESIGN BY OTHERS) HORIZONTAL SCALE: 1"=10' VERTICAL SCALE: 1"=10'

110 LF WEIR

@ 738.00'

738.00'

ROCK RIP-RAP

ROCK RIP-RAP

GUARD RAILS (REFER TO DETAIL ON SHEET 36)

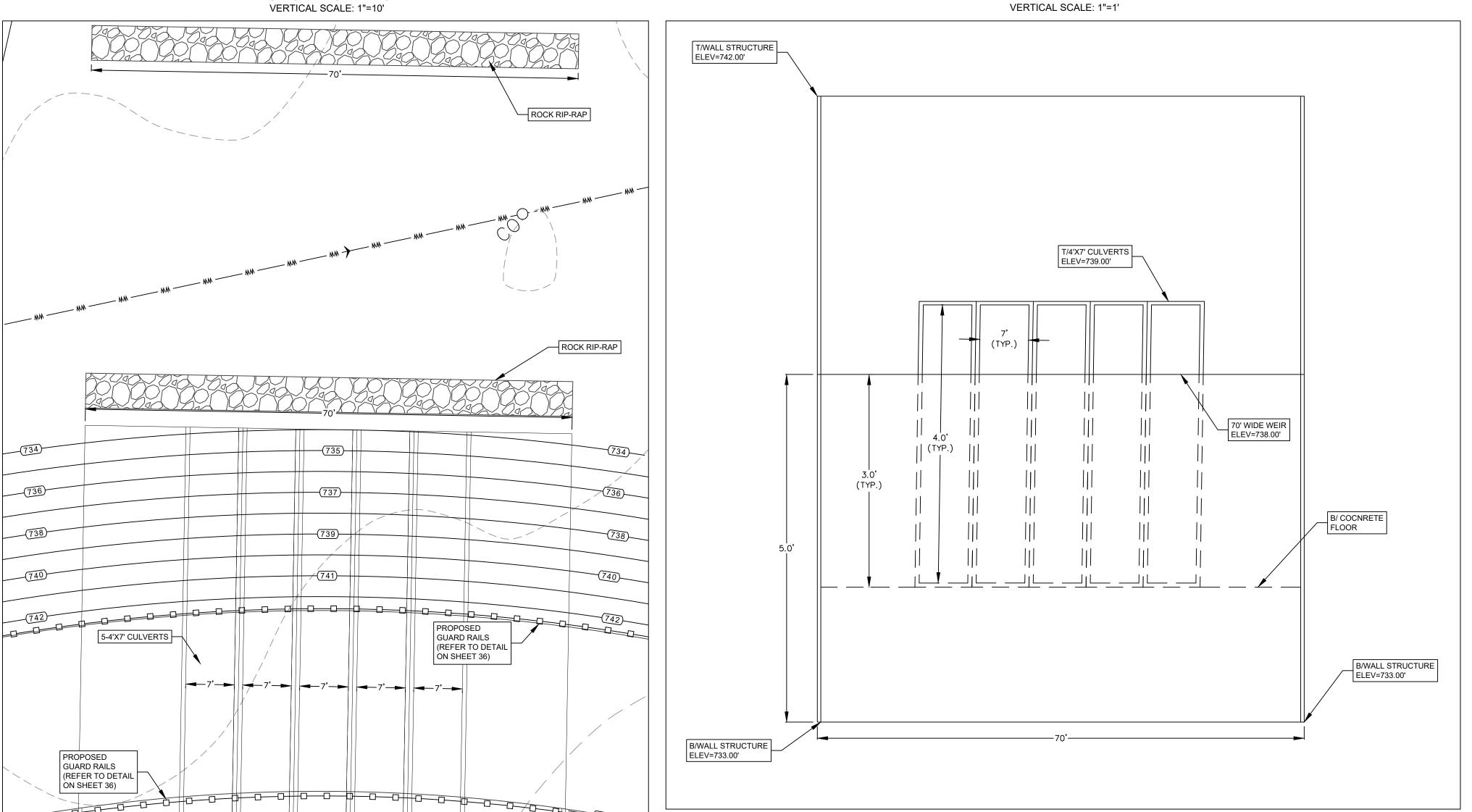
742.00'

738.00'

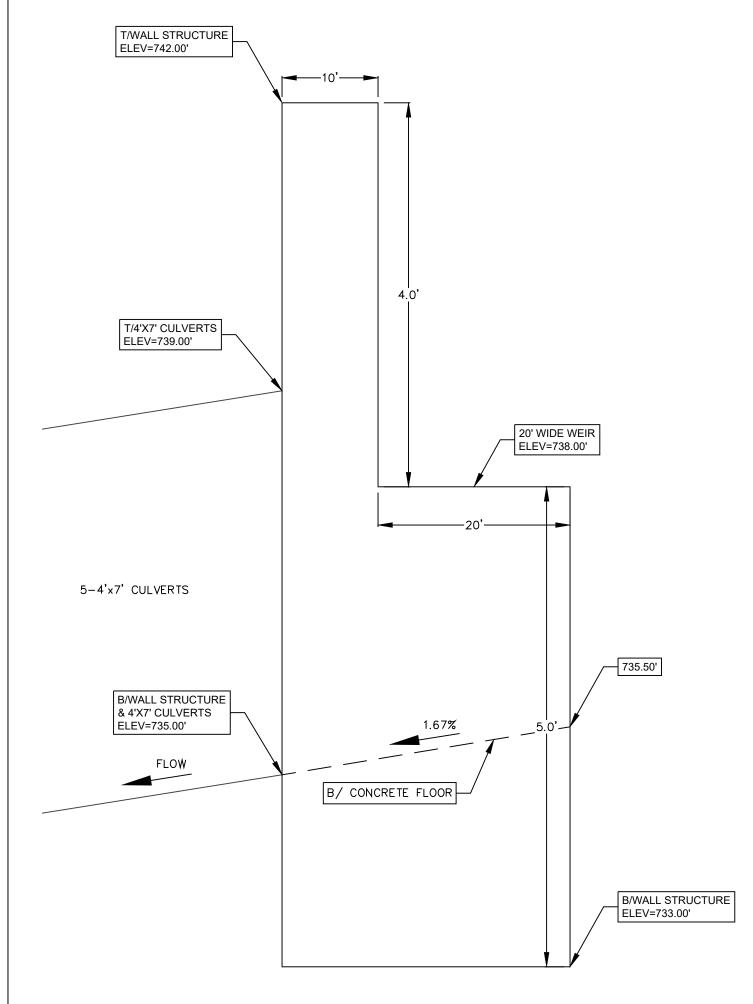
735.50'

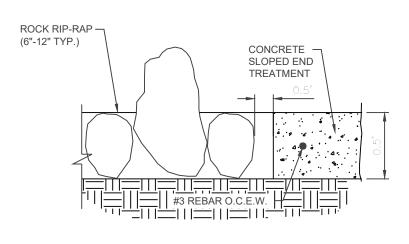
OUTFALL STRUCTURE CROSS SECTION "D-D" (STRUCTURAL DESIGN BY OTHERS)

HORIZONTAL SCALE: 1"=10'



OUTFALL STRUCTURE CROSS SECTION "E-E" (STRUCTURAL DESIGN BY OTHERS) HORIZONTAL SCALE: 1"=10' VERTICAL SCALE: 1"=1'





ROCK RIP-RAP DETAIL

1. STONE FILL MATERIAL

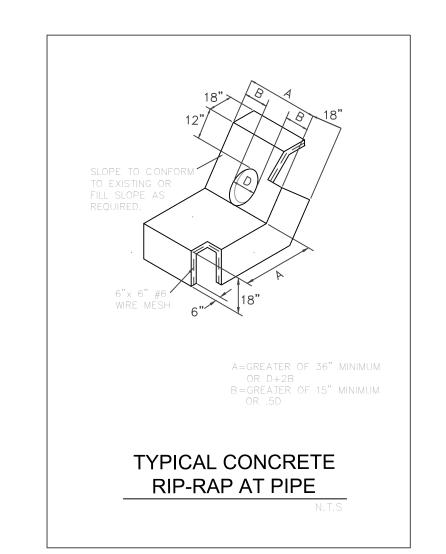
Stone fill material shall consist of hard, durable, clean stone of the size indicated, 5 to 8 inches in size or as approved by the Engineer and resistant to the action of air and water and suitable in all respects for the purpose intended.

2. WIRE CONTAINERS

Wire mesh shall consist of plastic coated (P.V.C.) galvanized wire 0.120 inch approximately 4 inches in the longest dimension. The wire mesh is to be fabricated Class 3 unless otherwise indicated. Opening of the mesh shall not exceed in diameter minimum and shall equal or exceed Federal Specification QQ-W-461g, in such manner as to be nonraveling. Tie and connecting wire shall be of the same type and size as the baskets and shall be supplied in sufficient quantity for securely fastening all edges of the gabion and diaphgrams.

3. FILTER FABRIC Filter fabric shall be non-biodegradable ultraviolet stabilized, inert to most soil

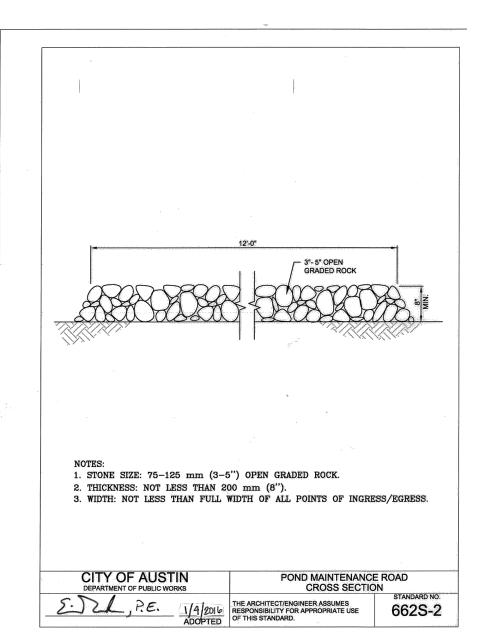
chemicals, unaffected by moisture which allows water to pass through while retaining soil particles and shall conform to Item No. 620, "Filter Fabric".

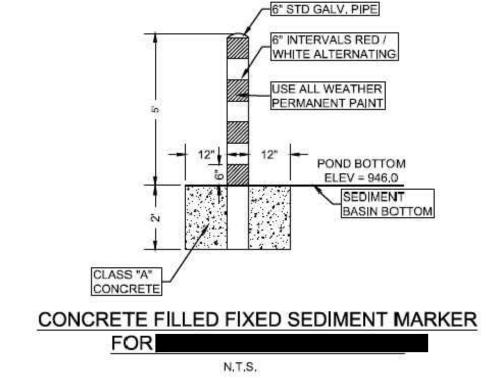


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CHECKED BY: HJ







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NO.	REVISION	DATE	
			11/2

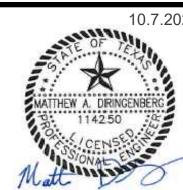
5-4'X7' CULVERTS

PROPOSED GUARD RAILS

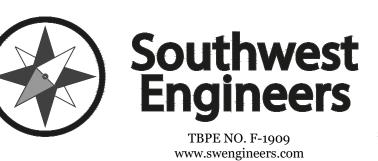
738.00'

(REFER TO DETAIL

ON SHEET 36)



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CENTRAL TEXAS
205 Cimarron Park Loop, Ste. B, Buda TX 786
P: 512.312.4336

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	504 N

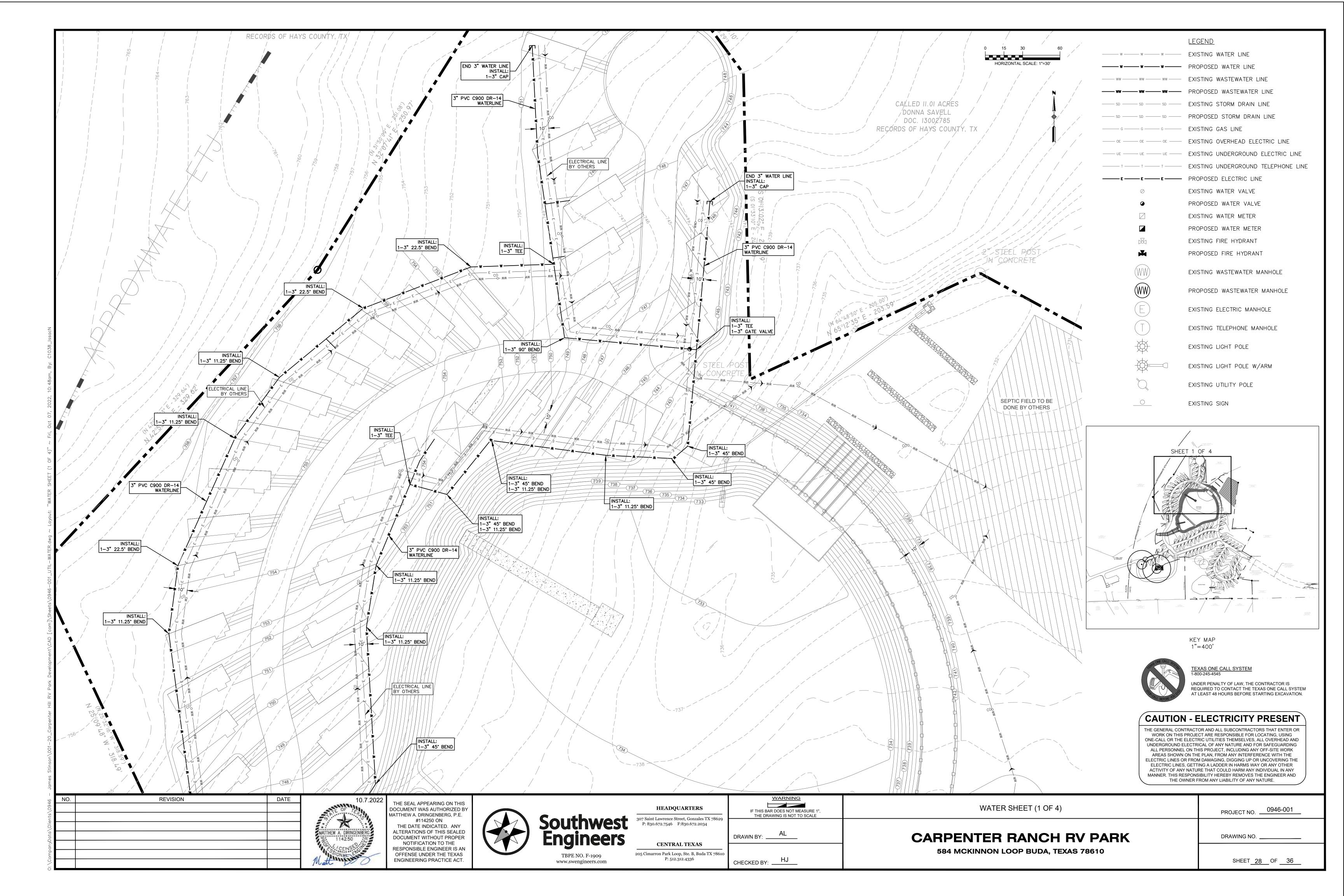
CARPENTER RANCH RV PARK
584 MCKINNON LOOP BUDA, TEXAS 78610

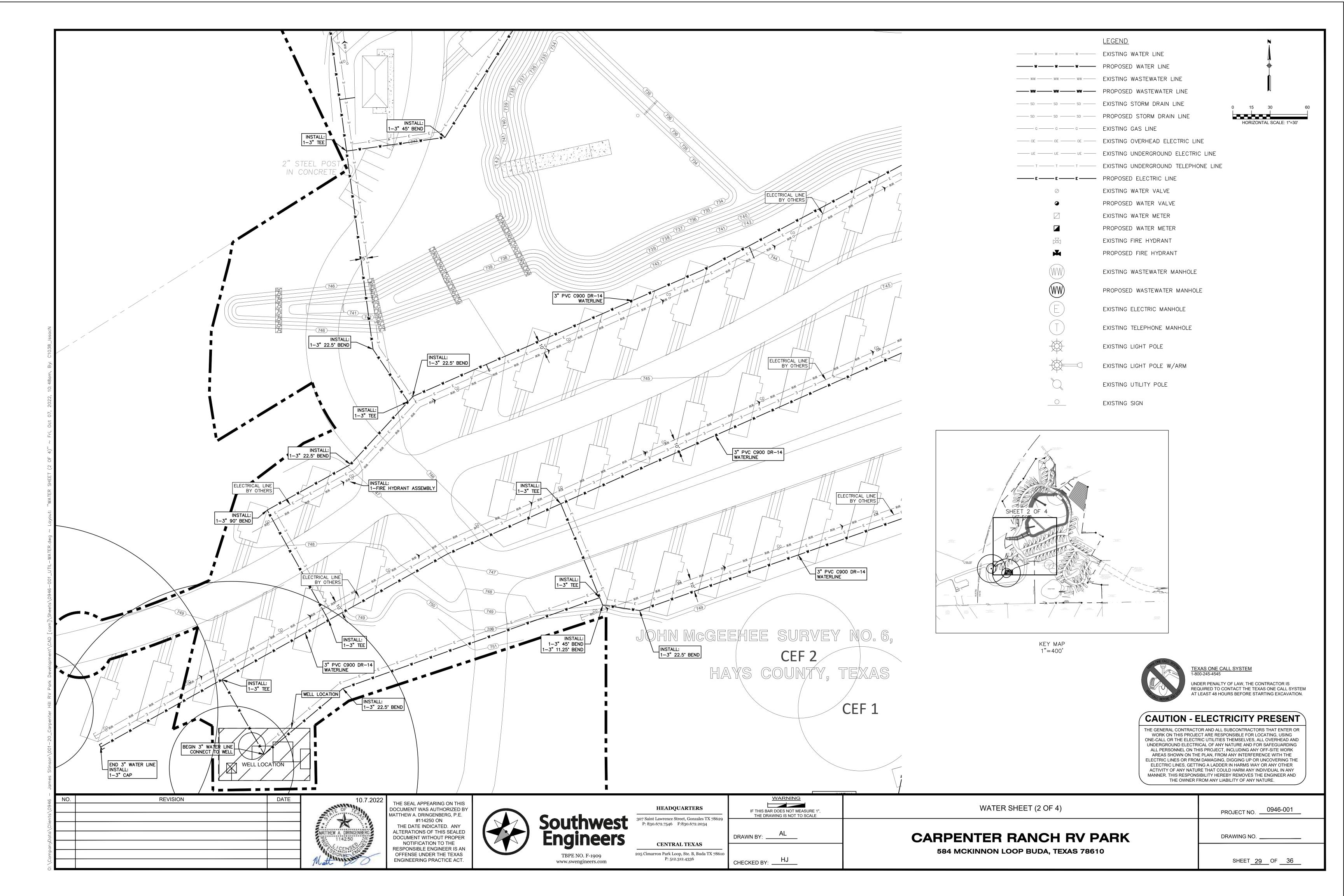
OUTFALL STRCUTURE CROSS SECTIONS AND DETAILS SHEET

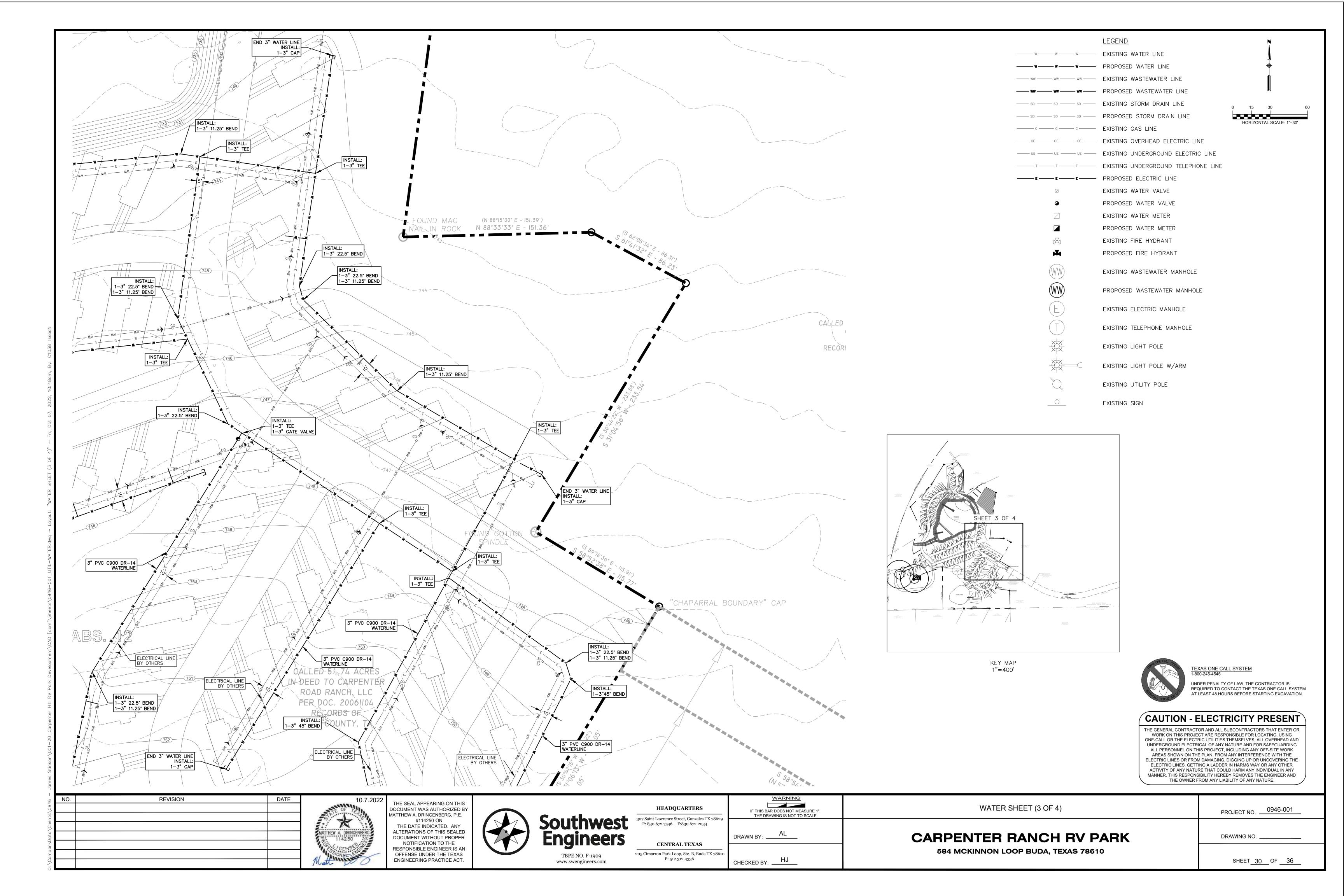
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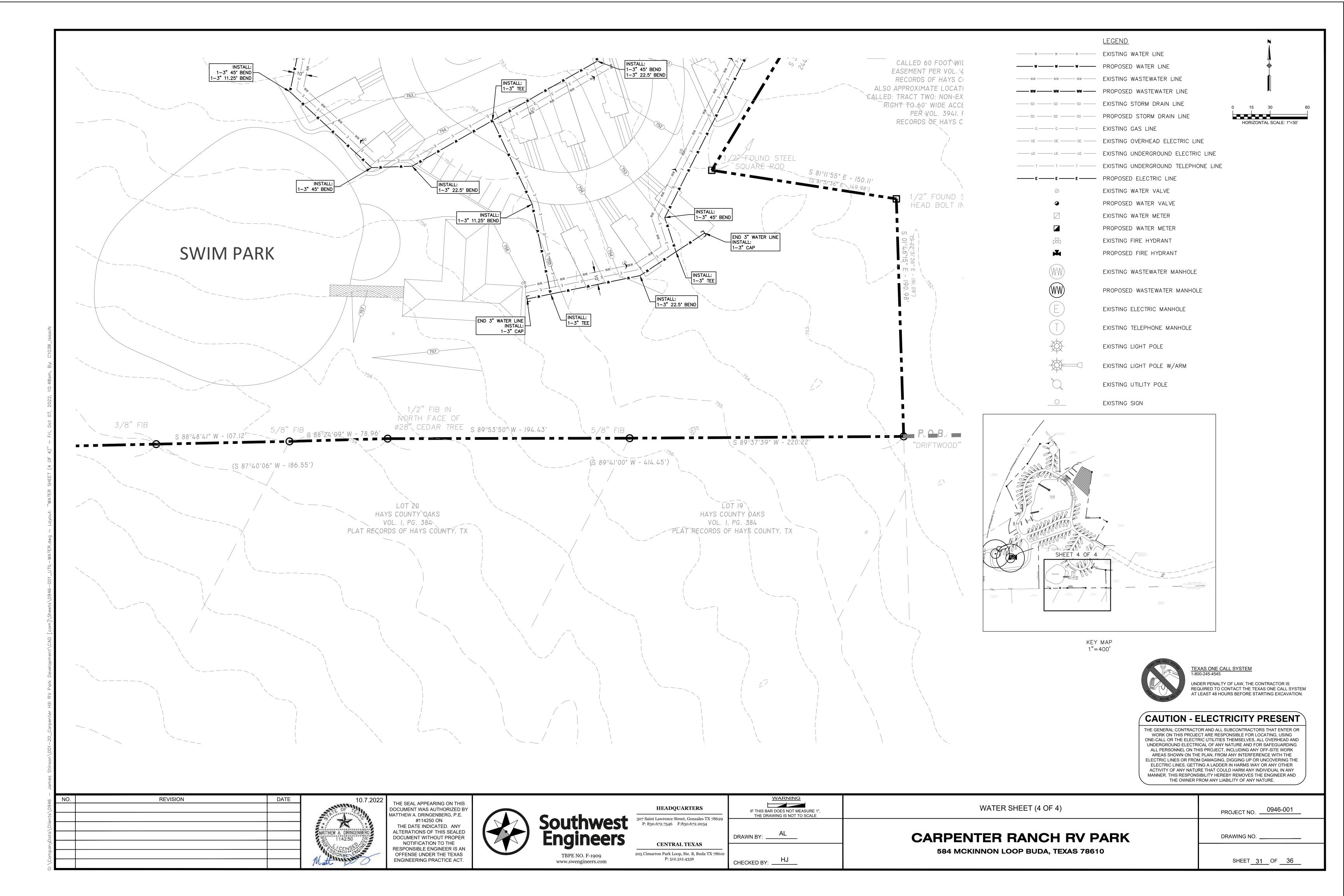
PROJECT NO. <u>0946-001</u>

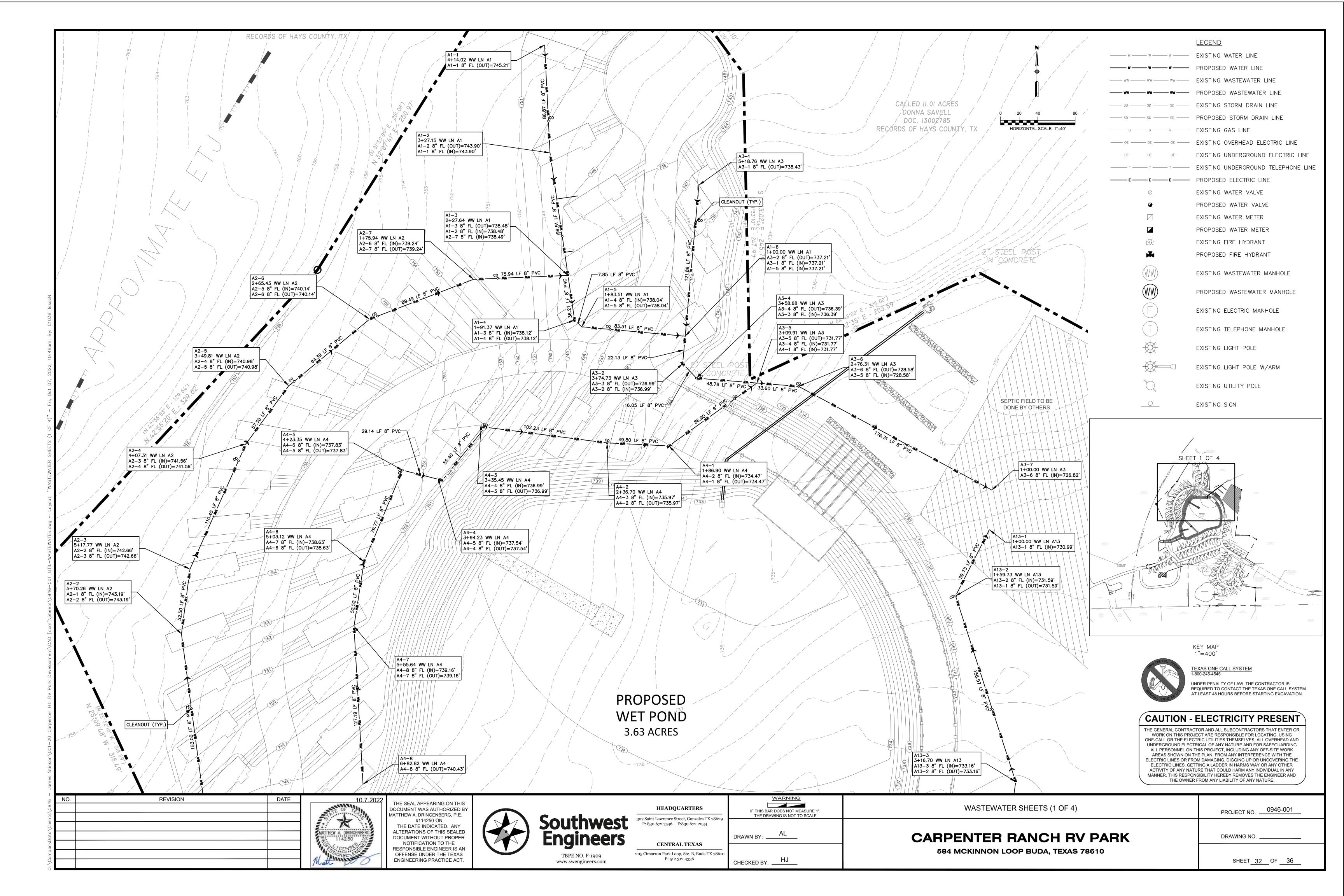
SHEET 27 OF 36

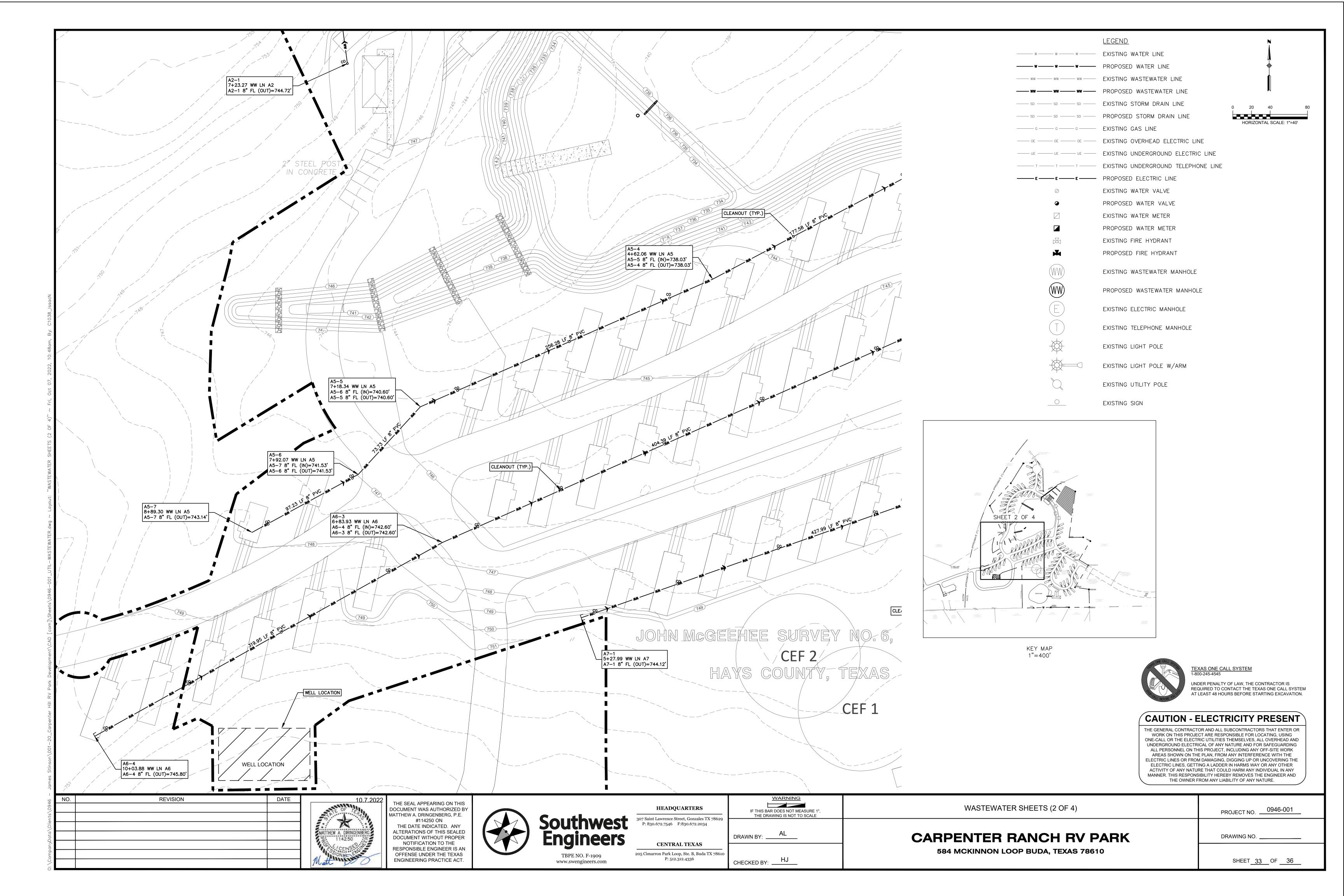


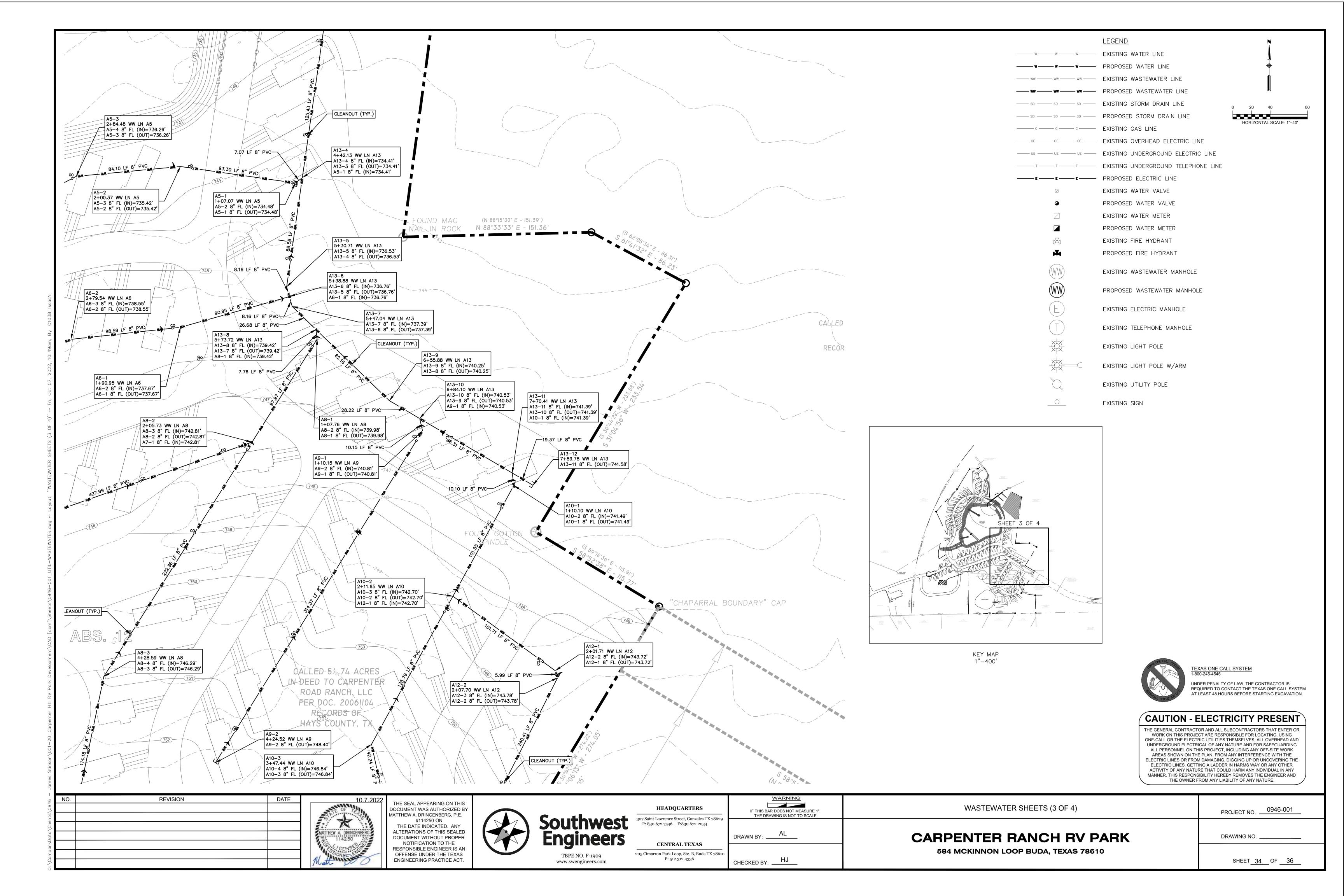


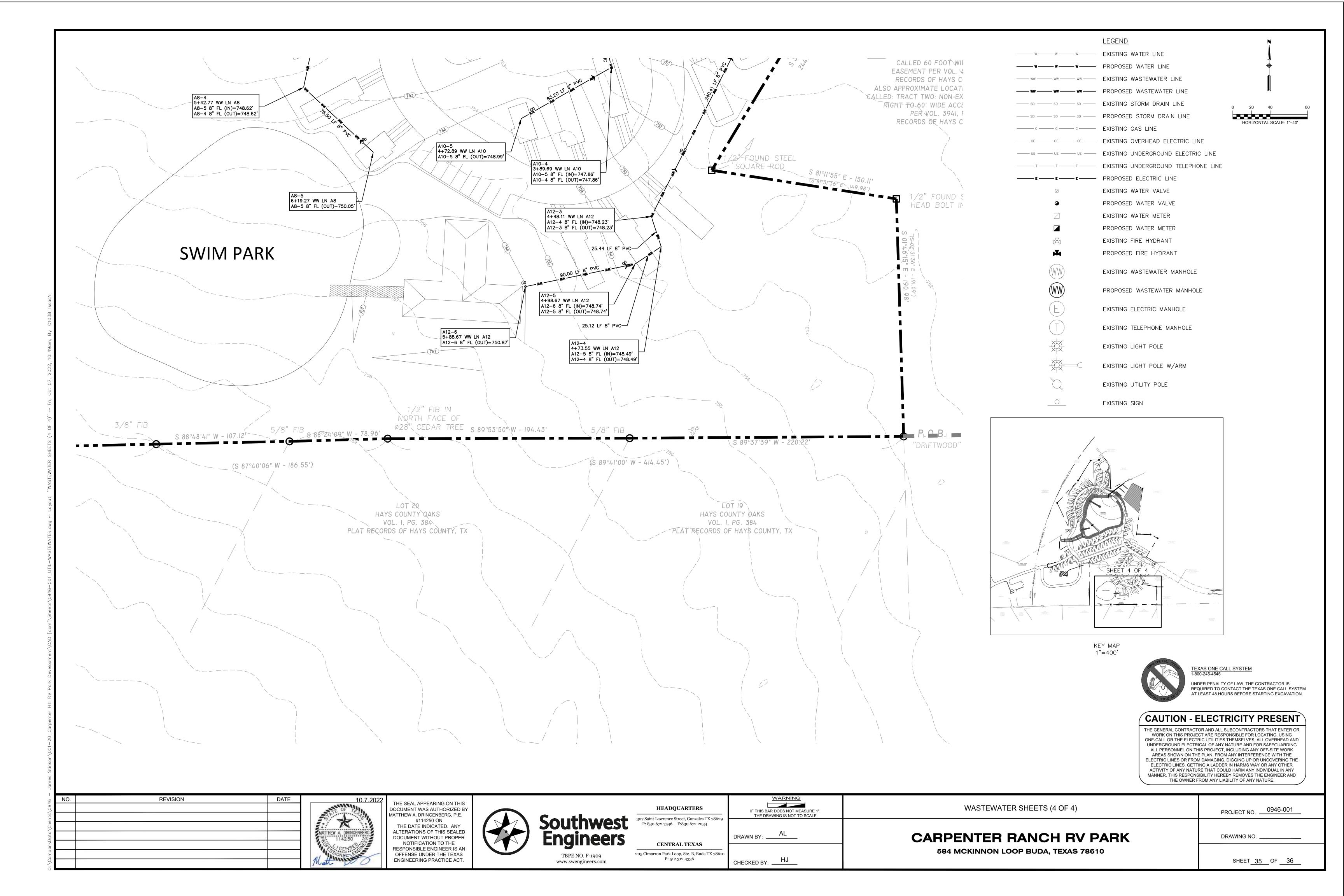


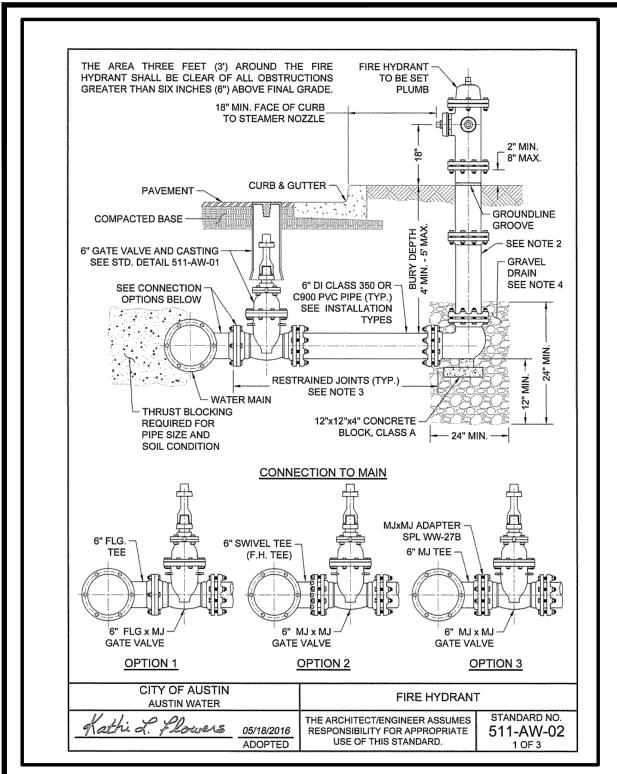


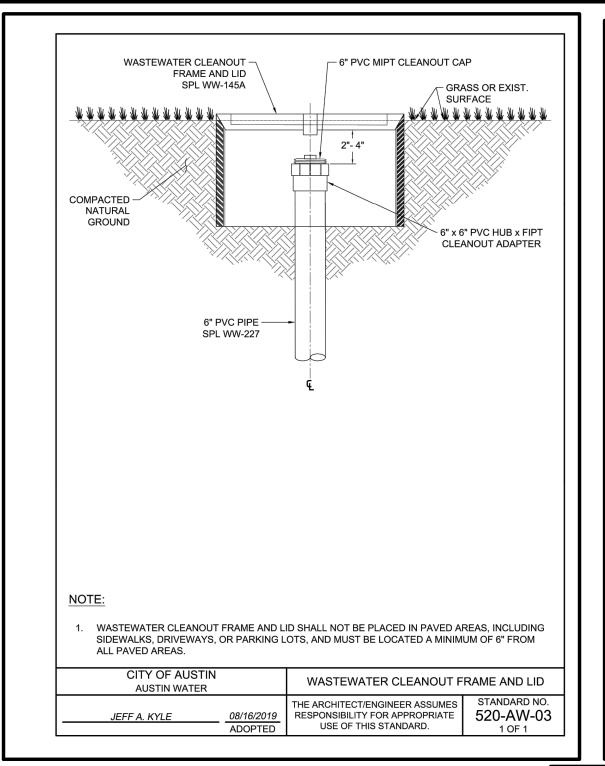


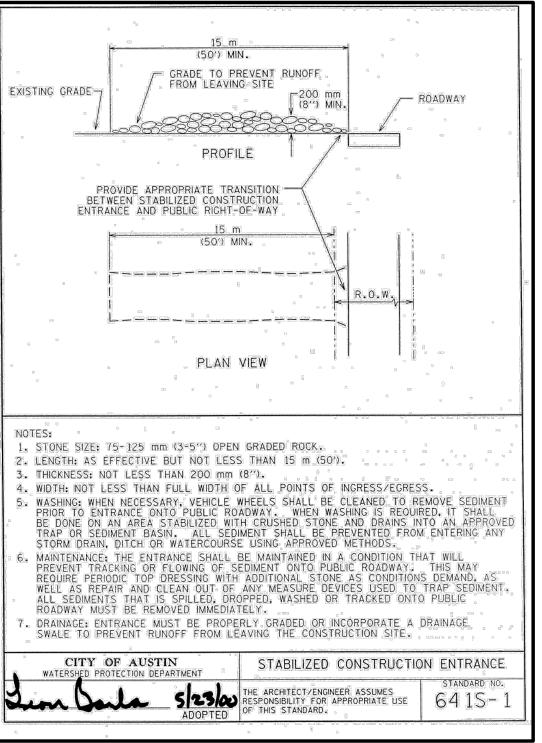


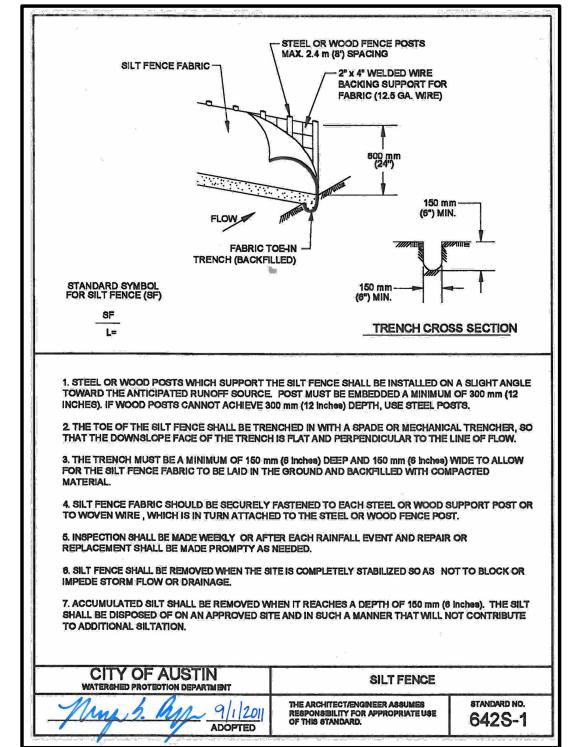


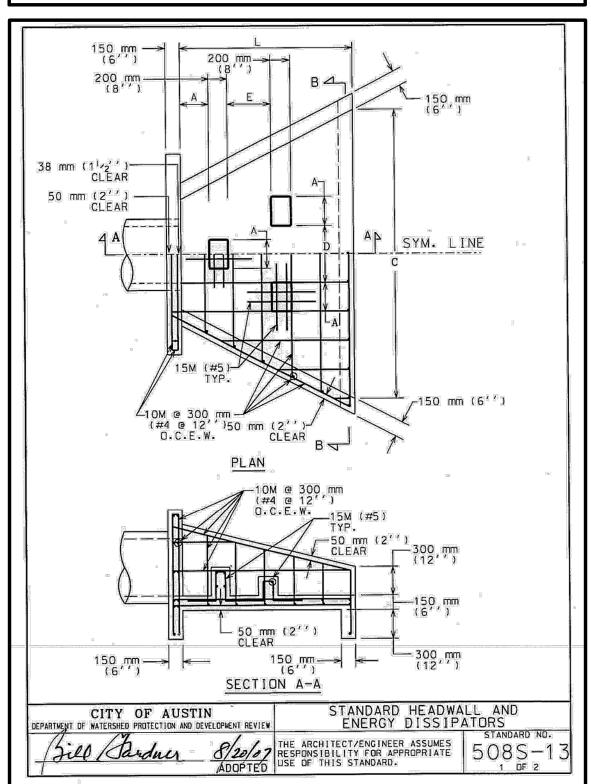


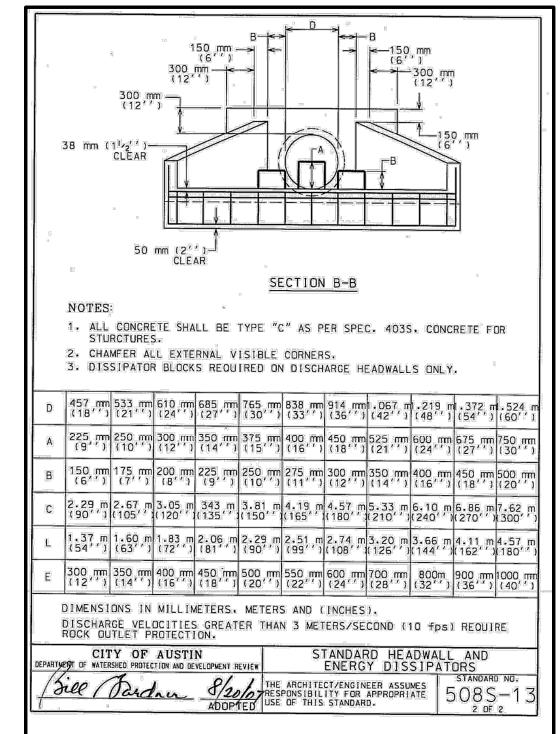


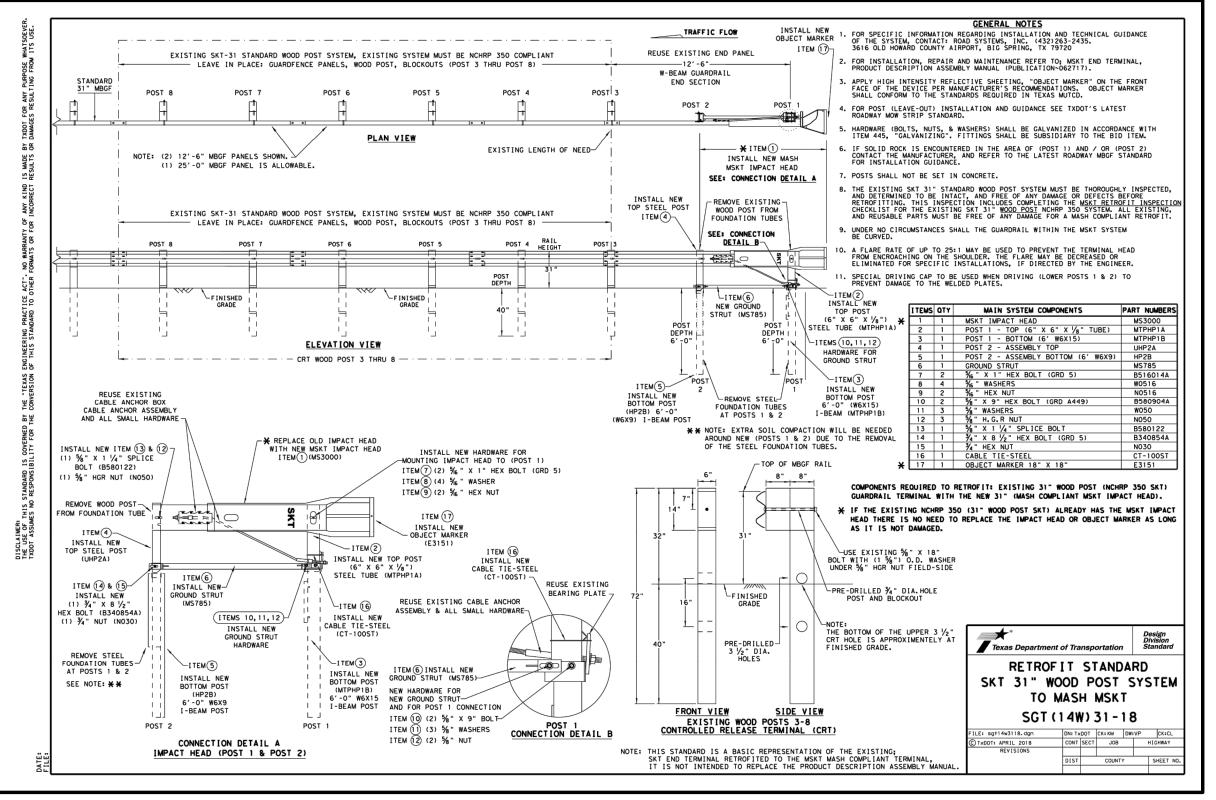


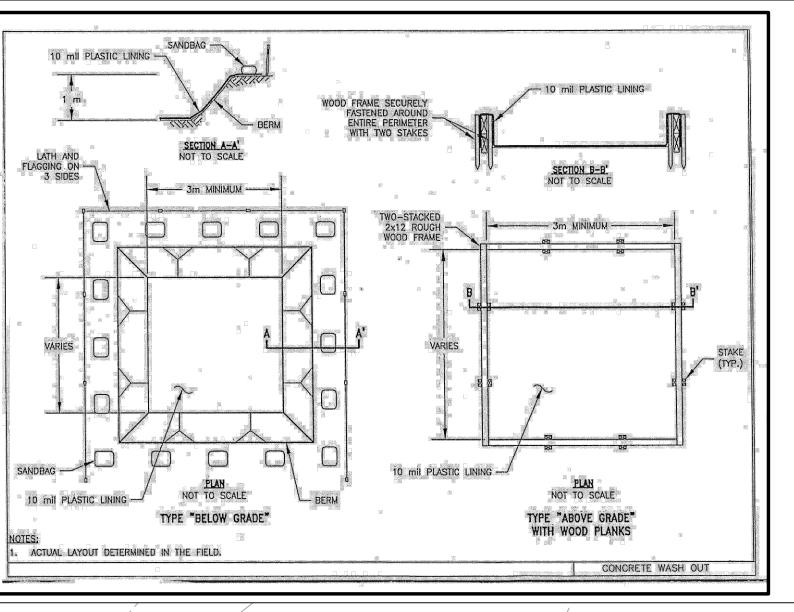


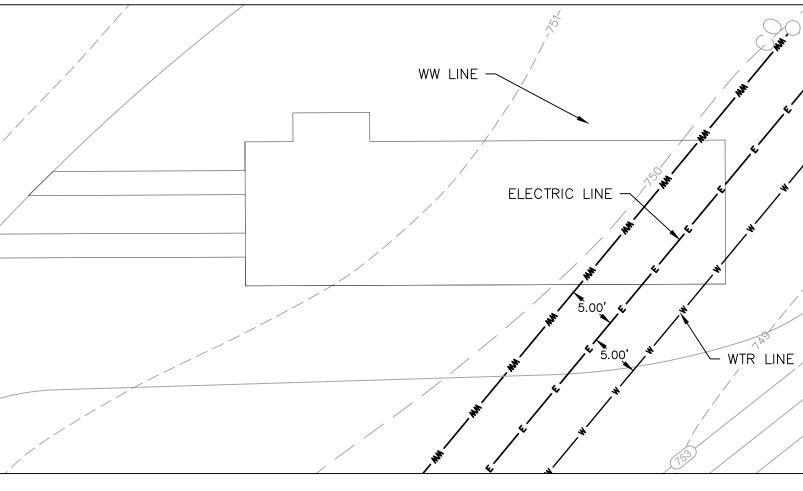


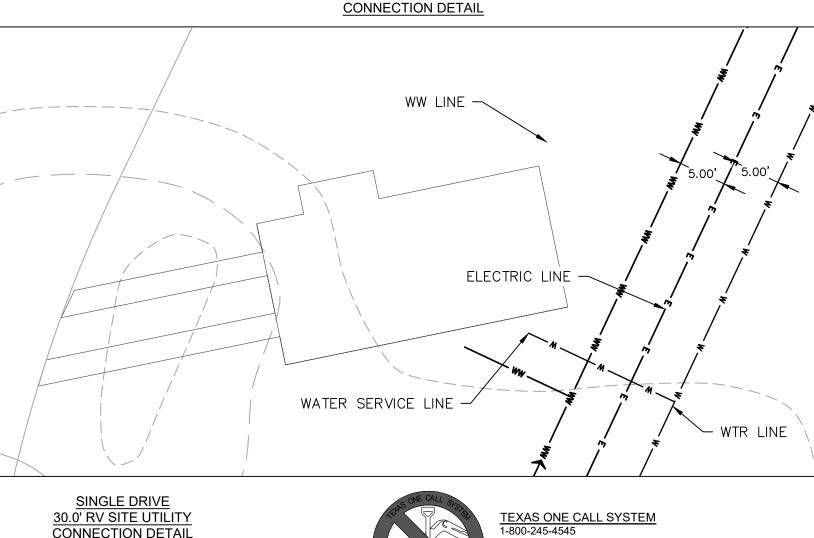






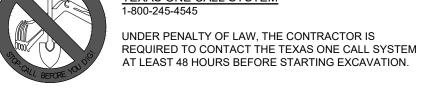






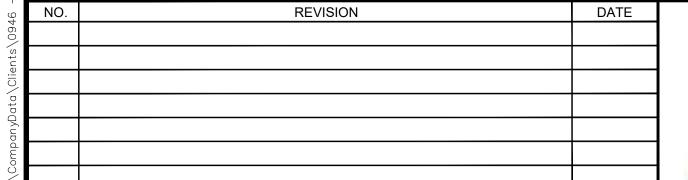
50.0' RV SITE UTILITY

 $\frac{\text{SINGLE DRIVE}}{30.0' \text{ RV SITE UTILITY}}$ CONNECTION DETAIL



CAUTION - ELECTRICITY PRESENT

THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR AND ALL SUBCONTRACTORS THAT ENTER OR WORK ON THIS PROJECT ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR LOCATING, USING ONE-CALL OR THE ELECTRIC UTILITIES THEMSELVES, ALL OVERHEAD AND UNDERGROUND ELECTRICAL OF ANY NATURE AND FOR SAFEGUARDING ALL PERSONNEL ON THIS PROJECT, INCLUDING ANY OFF-SITE WORK AREAS SHOWN ON THE PLAN, FROM ANY INTERFERENCE WITH THE ELECTRIC LINES OR FROM DAMAGING, DIGGING UP OR UNCOVERING THE ELECTRIC LINES, GETTING A LADDER IN HARMS WAY OR ANY OTHER ACTIVITY OF ANY NATURE THAT COULD HARM ANY INDIVIDUAL IN ANY MANNER. THIS RESPONSIBILITY HEREBY REMOVES THE ENGINEER AND THE OWNER FROM ANY LIABILITY OF ANY NATURE.





THE SEAL APPEARING ON THIS DOCUMENT WAS AUTHORIZED BY MATTHEW A. DRINGENBERG, P.E. #114250 ON THE DATE INDICATED. ANY ALTERATIONS OF THIS SEALED DOCUMENT WITHOUT PROPER NOTIFICATION TO THE RESPONSIBLE ENGINEER IS AN OFFENSE UNDER THE TEXAS ENGINEERING PRACTICE ACT.



307 Saint Law	rence S	Street, Gonzales TX 78620
0 /		F:830.672.2034
,	701	

307 Saint Lawrence Street, Gonzales TX 78629	THE DRAWING IS NOT TO SCALE	
P: 830.672.7546 F:830.672.2034		
	DRAWN BY: AL	
CENTRAL TEXAS		
205 Cimarron Park Loop, Ste. B, Buda TX 78610 P: 512.312.4336	CHECKED BY: HJ	

IF THIS BAR DOES NOT MEASURE 1".

CARPENTER RANCH RV PARK 584 MCKINNON LOOP BUDA, TEXAS 78610

DETAILS SHEET

PROJECT NO. ____0946-001 DRAWING NO. __

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