

Water Pollution Abatement Plan and Organized Sewage Collection System Plan

For

Woodside East - Phases A

In

City of Georgetown

Williamson County, Texas

Job Number: 22226-21-03

Prepared by:

STEGER

Texas Registered Engineering Firm-181 1978 S. Austin Ave Georgetown, TX 78626

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Organized Sewage Collection System Plan Checklist

- Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page (TCEQ-20705)
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Site Geologic Map(s)

Table or list for the position of features' latitude/longitude (if mapped using GPS)

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Site Plan

Final Plan and Profile Sheets

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Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page

Our Review of Your Application

The Edwards Aquifer Program staff conducts an administrative and technical review of all applications. The turnaround time for administrative review can be up to 30 days as outlined in 30 TAC 213.4(e). Generally administrative completeness is determined during the intake meeting or within a few days of receipt. The turnaround time for technical review of an administratively complete Edwards Aquifer application is 90 days as outlined in 30 TAC 213.4(e). Please know that the review and approval time is directly impacted by the quality and completeness of the initial application that is received. In order to conduct a timely review, it is imperative that the information provided in an Edwards Aquifer application include final plans, be accurate, complete, and in compliance with 30 TAC 213.

Administrative Review

- Edwards Aquifer applications must be deemed administratively complete before a technical review can begin. To be considered administratively complete, the application must contain completed forms and attachments, provide the requested information, and meet all the site plan requirements. The submitted application and plan sheets should be final plans. Please submit one full-size set of plan sheets with the original application, and half-size sets with the additional copies.
 - To ensure that all applicable documents are included in the application, the program has developed tools to guide you and web pages to provide all forms, checklists, and guidance. Please visit the below website for assistance: http://www.tceq.texas.gov/field/eapp.
- 2. This Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page form (certified by the applicant or agent) must be included in the application and brought to the administrative review meeting.
- 3. Administrative reviews are scheduled with program staff who will conduct the review. Applicants or their authorized agent should call the appropriate regional office, according to the county in which the project is located, to schedule a review. The average meeting time is one hour.
- 4. In the meeting, the application is examined for administrative completeness. Deficiencies will be noted by staff and emailed or faxed to the applicant and authorized agent at the end of the meeting, or shortly after. Administrative deficiencies will cause the application to be deemed incomplete and returned.
 - An appointment should be made to resubmit the application. The application is re-examined to ensure all deficiencies are resolved. The application will only be deemed administratively complete when all administrative deficiencies are addressed.
- 5. If an application is received by mail, courier service, or otherwise submitted without a review meeting, the administrative review will be conducted within 30 days. The applicant and agent will be contacted with the results of the administrative review. If the application is found to be administratively incomplete, it can be retrieved from the regional office or returned by regular mail. If returned by mail, the regional office may require arrangements for return shipping.
- 6. If the geologic assessment was completed before October 1, 2004 and the site contains "possibly sensitive" features, the assessment must be updated in accordance with the *Instructions to Geologists* (TCEQ-0585 Instructions).

Technical Review

- 1. When an application is deemed administratively complete, the technical review period begins. The regional office will distribute copies of the application to the identified affected city, county, and groundwater conservation district whose jurisdiction includes the subject site. These entities and the public have 30 days to provide comments on the application to the regional office. All comments received are reviewed by TCEQ.
- 2. A site assessment is usually conducted as part of the technical review, to evaluate the geologic assessment and observe existing site conditions. The site must be accessible to our staff. The site boundaries should be clearly marked, features identified in the geologic assessment should be flagged, roadways marked and the alignment of the Sewage Collection System and manholes should be staked at the time the application is submitted. If the site is not marked the application may be returned.

- 3. We evaluate the application for technical completeness and contact the applicant and agent via Notice of Deficiency (NOD) to request additional information and identify technical deficiencies. There are two deficiency response periods available to the applicant. There are 14 days to resolve deficiencies noted in the first NOD. If a second NOD is issued, there is an additional 14 days to resolve deficiencies. If the response to the second notice is not received, is incomplete or inadequate, or provides new information that is incomplete or inadequate, the application must be withdrawn or if not withdrawn the application will be denied and the application fee will be forfeited.
- 4. The program has 90 calendar days to complete the technical review of the application. If the application is technically adequate, such that it complies with the Edwards Aquifer rules, and is protective of the Edwards Aquifer during and after construction, an approval letter will be issued. Construction or other regulated activity may not begin until an approval is issued.

Mid-Review Modifications

It is important to have final site plans prior to beginning the permitting process with TCEQ to avoid delays.

Occasionally, circumstances arise where you may have significant design and/or site plan changes after your Edwards Aquifer application has been deemed administratively complete by TCEQ. This is considered a "Mid-Review Modification". Mid-Review Modifications may require redistribution of an application that includes the proposed modifications for public comment.

If you are proposing a Mid-Review Modification, two options are available to you:

- You can withdraw your application, and your fees will be refunded or credited for a resubmittal.
- TCEQ can continue the technical review of the application as it was submitted, and a modification application can be submitted at a later time.

If the application is withdrawn, the resubmitted application will be subject to the administrative and technical review processes and will be treated as a new application. The application will be redistributed to the effected jurisdictions.

Please contact the regional office if you have questions. If your project is located in Williamson, Travis, or Hays County, contact TCEQ's Austin Regional Office at 512-339-2929. If your project is in Comal, Bexar, Medina, Uvalde, or Kinney County, contact TCEO's San Antonio Regional Office at 210-490-3096

Please fill out all required fields below and submit with your application.

1. Regulated Entity Name: Woodside East - Phases A				2. R	egulate	ed Entity No.	: N/A
3. Customer Name: MK Woodside Development, I	nc.			4. Cı	ıstom	er No.: CN60	6076271
5. Project Type: (Please circle/check one)	New	Modification Extension I		Exception			
6. Plan Type: (Please circle/check one)	WPAP CZP	SCS UST	AST	EXP	EXT	Technical Clarification	Optional Enhanced Measures
7. Land Use: (Please circle/check one)	Residential	Non-residential 8. Site		e (acres):	48.05		
9. Application Fee:	\$8,916.50	10. Permanent BMP(s):		Vegetative file Swale	ter Strips, Grassy		
11. SCS (Linear Ft.):	4,833	12. AST/UST (No. Tanks):		N/A			
13. County:	Williamson	14. Watershed:		Berry Creek			

Application Distribution

Instructions: Use the table below to determine the number of applications required. One original and one copy of the application, plus additional copies (as needed) for each affected incorporated city, county, and groundwater conservation district are required. Linear projects or large projects, which cross into multiple jurisdictions, can require additional copies. Refer to the "Texas Groundwater Conservation Districts within the EAPP Boundaries" map found at:

http://www.tceq.texas.gov/assets/public/compliance/field_ops/eapp/EAPP%20GWCD%20map.pdf

For more detailed boundaries, please contact the conservation district directly.

Austin Region					
County:	Hays	Travis	Williamson		
Original (1 req.)			<u>*</u>		
Region (1 req.)		_	<u>*</u>		
County(ies)	_	_	*		
Groundwater Conservation District(s)	Edwards Aquifer AuthorityBarton Springs/ Edwards AquiferHays TrinityPlum Creek	Barton Springs/ Edwards Aquifer	NA		
City(ies) Jurisdiction	AustinBudaDripping SpringsKyleMountain City _San MarcosWimberleyWoodcreek	AustinBee CavePflugervilleRollingwoodRound RockSunset ValleyWest Lake Hills	AustinCedar ParkFlorence GeorgetownJerrellLeanderLiberty HillPflugervilleRound Rock		

	San Antonio Region				
County:	Bexar	Comal	Kinney	Medina	Uvalde
Original (1 req.)					
Region (1 req.)					
County(ies)					
Groundwater Conservation District(s)	Edwards Aquifer AuthorityTrinity-Glen Rose	Edwards Aquifer Authority	Kinney	EAA Medina	EAA Uvalde
City(ies) Jurisdiction	Castle HillsFair Oaks RanchHelotesHill Country VillageHollywood ParkSan Antonio (SAWS)Shavano Park	BulverdeFair Oaks RanchGarden RidgeNew BraunfelsSchertz	NA	San Antonio ETJ (SAWS)	NA

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FOR TCEQ INTERNAL USE ONLY				
Date(s)Reviewed:	Date Ad	Date Administratively Complete:		
Received From:	Correct	Correct Number of Copies:		
Received By:	Distribu	tion Date:		
EAPP File Number:	Complex	x:		
Admin. Review(s) (No.):	No. AR	Rounds:		
Delinquent Fees (Y/N):	Review '	Time Spent:		
Lat./Long. Verified:	SOS Cus	stomer Verification:		
Agent Authorization Complete/Notarized (Y/N):	Fee	Payable to TCEQ (Y/N):		
Core Data Form Complete (Y/N):	Check:	Signed (Y/N):		
Core Data Form Incomplete Nos.:		Less than 90 days old (Y/N):		

General Information Form

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

For Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge and Transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.4(b) & §213.5(b)(2)(A), (B) Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

Date: 8/18/2023

Signature of Customer/Agent:

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **General Information Form** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review. The application was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: MK Woodside Development, Inc. / Steger Bizzell, Bryan Moore, P.E.

Project Information

1. Regulated Entity Name: Woodside East - Phases A

2. County: Williamson

3. Stream Basin: Berry Creek

4. Groundwater Conservation District (If applicable): ______

5. Edwards Aquifer Zone: ______ Recharge Zone _____ Transition Zone

6. Plan Type: ______ AST _____ SCS _____ UST _____ SCS _____ UST ______ Exception Request

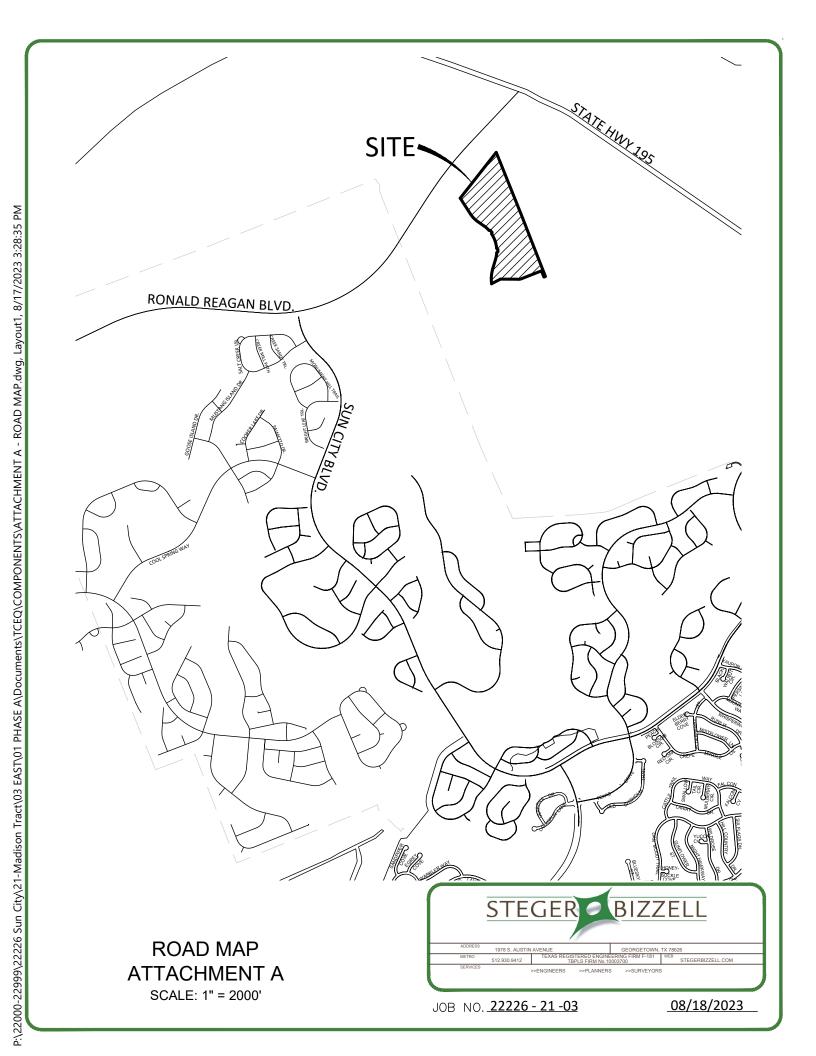
/. Cu	istomer (Applicant):
	Contact Person: Blake Magee Entity: MK Woodside Development, Inc. Mailing Address: 1011 North Lamar City, State: Austin, TX Zip: 78703 Telephone: (512) 481-0303 FAX: N/A Email Address: blake@blakemageeco.com
8. Ag	ent/Representative (If any):
	Contact Person: Bryan Moore, P.E. Entity: Steger Bizzell Mailing Address: 1978 S. Austin Ave City, State: Georgetown, TX Telephone: 512-930-9412 Email Address: bmoore@stegerbizzell.com
9. Pr	oject Location:
	 ☐ The project site is located inside the city limits of <u>Georgetown</u>. ☐ The project site is located outside the city limits but inside the ETJ (extra-territorial jurisdiction) of ☐ The project site is not located within any city's limits or ETJ.
10. 🔀	The location of the project site is described below. The description provides sufficient detail and clarity so that the TCEQ's Regional staff can easily locate the project and site boundaries for a field investigation.
	FROM AUSTIN: TRAVELLING NORTH ON I-35, TAKE EXIT 266 TOWARD TX-195 N. AFTER APPROXIMATELY 0.2 MILES, TURN LEFT ONTO TX-195 W AND CONTINUE FOR 5.3 MILES. TAKE A LEFT ONTO RATTLESNAKE RD AND CONTINUE FOR 0.6 MILES AND TURN LEFT ONTO RONALD REAGAN BLVD. CONTINUE STRAIGHT FOR APPROXIMATELY 0.8 MILES AND THE SITE IS LOCATED ON THE LEFT.
11. 🔀	Attachment A – Road Map. A road map showing directions to and the location of the project site is attached. The project location and site boundaries are clearly shown on the map.
12. 🔀	Attachment B - USGS / Edwards Recharge Zone Map. A copy of the official 7 ½ minute USGS Quadrangle Map (Scale: 1" = 2000') of the Edwards Recharge Zone is attached. The map(s) clearly show:
	 ✓ Project site boundaries. ✓ USGS Quadrangle Name(s). ✓ Boundaries of the Recharge Zone (and Transition Zone, if applicable). ✓ Drainage path from the project site to the boundary of the Recharge Zone.
13. 🔀	The TCEQ must be able to inspect the project site or the application will be returned. Sufficient survey staking is provided on the project to allow TCEQ regional staff to locate

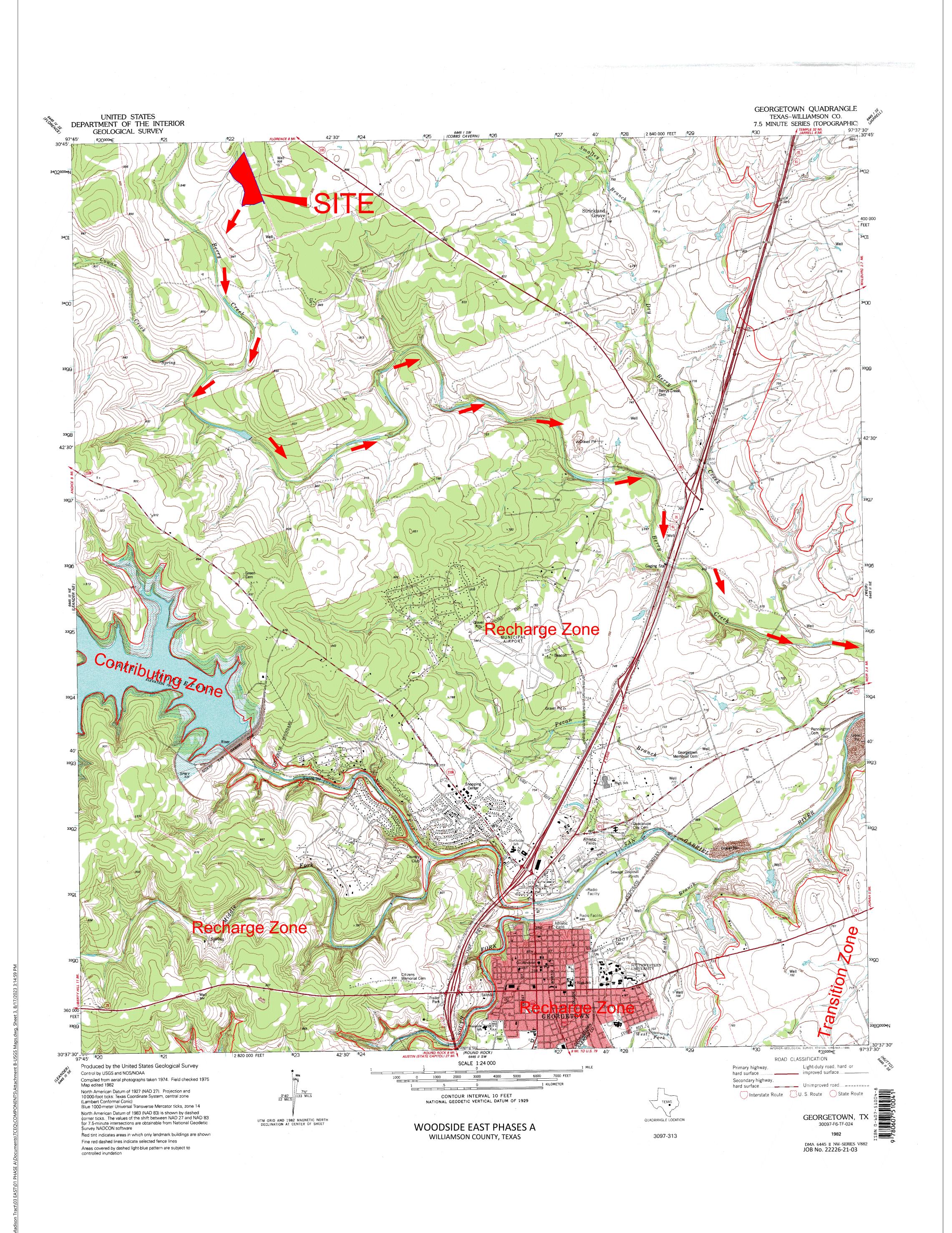
	the boundaries and alignment of the regulated activities and the geologic or manmade features noted in the Geologic Assessment.
\boxtimes	Survey staking will be completed by this date: <u>09/18/2023</u>
14. 🔀	Attachment C – Project Description . Attached at the end of this form is a detailed narrative description of the proposed project. The project description is consistent throughout the application and contains, at a minimum, the following details:
	 Area of the site ○ Offsite areas ○ Impervious cover ○ Permanent BMP(s) ○ Proposed site use ○ Site history ○ Previous development ○ Area(s) to be demolished
15. Ex	sting project site conditions are noted below:
	 □ Existing commercial site □ Existing industrial site □ Existing residential site □ Existing paved and/or unpaved roads □ Undeveloped (Cleared) ☑ Undeveloped (Undisturbed/Uncleared)
	Other:
Prol	nibited Activities
16. 🔀	I am aware that the following activities are prohibited on the Recharge Zone and are not proposed for this project:
	(1) Waste disposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 of this title (relating to Underground Injection Control);
	(2) New feedlot/concentrated animal feeding operations, as defined in 30 TAC §213.3;
	(3) Land disposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC §335.1;
	(4) The use of sewage holding tanks as parts of organized collection systems; and
	(5) New municipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I standards which are defined in §330.41(b), (c), and (d) of this title (relating to Types of Municipal Solid Waste Facilities).
	(6) New municipal and industrial wastewater discharges into or adjacent to water in the state that would create additional pollutant loading.
17. 🔀	I am aware that the following activities are prohibited on the Transition Zone and are not proposed for this project:

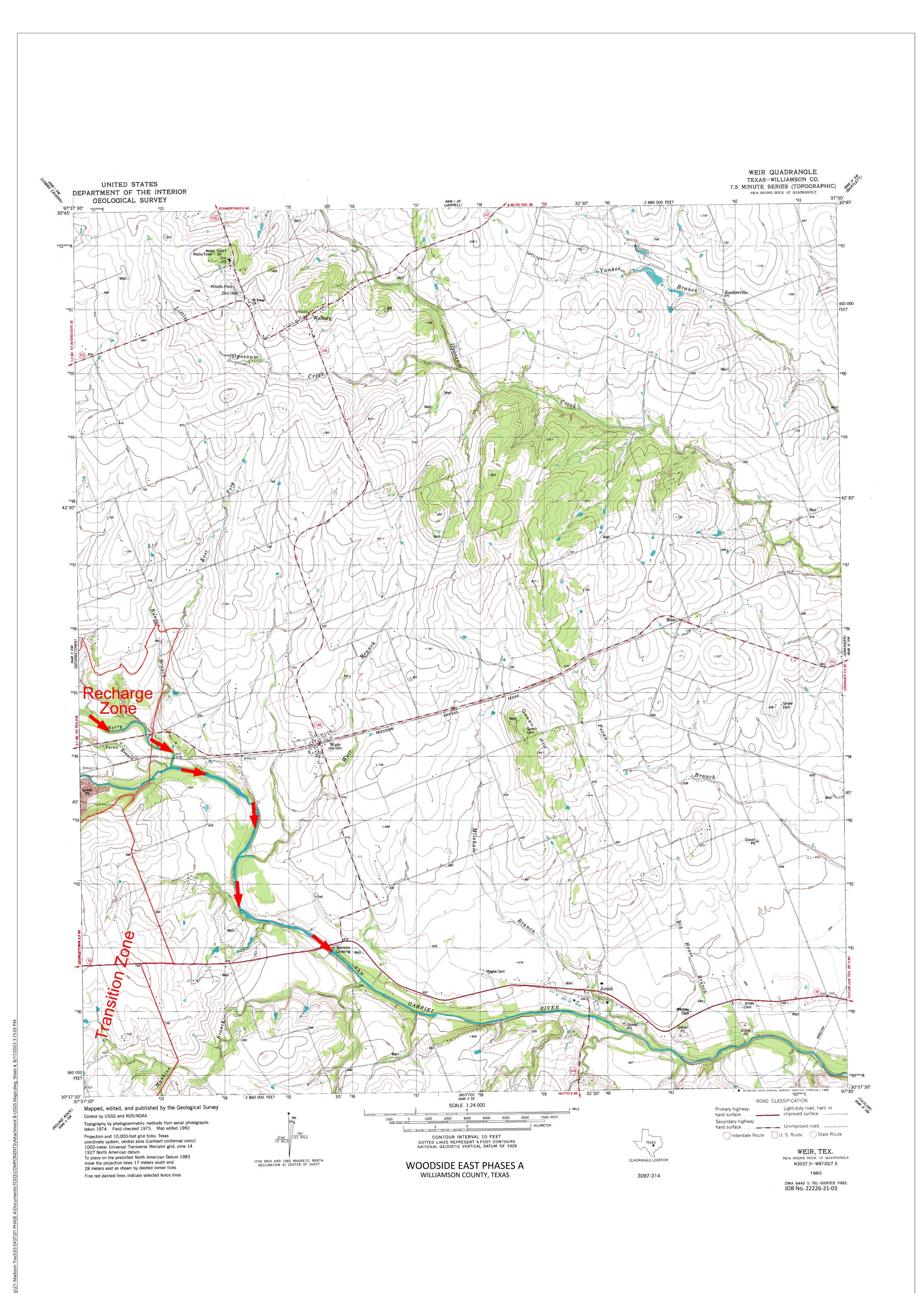
- (1) Waste disposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 (relating to Underground Injection Control);
- (2) Land disposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC §335.1; and
- (3) New municipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I standards which are defined in §330.41 (b), (c), and (d) of this title.

Administrative Information

18. The	e fee for the plan(s) is based on:
	For a Water Pollution Abatement Plan or Modification, the total acreage of the site where regulated activities will occur. For an Organized Sewage Collection System Plan or Modification, the total linear footage of all collection system lines. For a UST Facility Plan or Modification or an AST Facility Plan or Modification, the total number of tanks or piping systems. A request for an exception to any substantive portion of the regulations related to the protection of water quality. A request for an extension to a previously approved plan.
19.	Application fees are due and payable at the time the application is filed. If the correct fee is not submitted, the TCEQ is not required to consider the application until the correct fee is submitted. Both the fee and the Edwards Aquifer Fee Form have been sent to the Commission's:
	 ☐ TCEQ cashier ☐ Austin Regional Office (for projects in Hays, Travis, and Williamson Counties) ☐ San Antonio Regional Office (for projects in Bexar, Comal, Kinney, Medina, and Uvalde Counties)
20.	Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regiona office.
21. 🔀	No person shall commence any regulated activity until the Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan(s) for the activity has been filed with and approved by the Executive Director.







<u>Attachment C – Project Description</u>

This project consists of initial infrastructure improvements to begin the development of a large 468 acre master plan community known as Woodside. The western portion of the overall development will be a continuation of Sun City, Texas and the eastern portion being traditional single family residential development.

The site limits of construction is 48.05 acres. The Woodside/MK Woodside Development, Inc. site is located in Georgetown, Texas and bound by State Highway 195 to the east, Ronald Reagan Boulevard to the north, and Sun City to the west. The land was previously used for ranchland with no previous development.

The WPAP & SCS application will include paving, drainage, water and wastewater, drainage and water quality improvements to for Woodside East - Phases A. The neighborhood includes 106 lots.

The proposed wastewater system will consist of 8-inch SDR-26 PVC wastewater line. This system will ultimately flow to the existing Sun City Lift Station along Berry Creek. The wastewater will then be conveyed to the City of Georgetown Pecan Branch Wastewater Treatment Plant.

A master TSS removal plan was developed for Woodside to remove 85% removal using batch detention ponds, vegetative filter strips, and a grassy swale. A portion of the area included in this submittal will be treated by a batch detention pond to be built with the adjacent subdivision, Woodside West - Phases A & E. A WPAP Application for Woodside West - Phases A & E will be submitted concurrently with this application. The site generally drains from northeast to southwest and into Berry Creek. Offsite areas to the east of the project limits will be diverted around the proposed Woodside East - Phases A.

The limits of the Woodside East - Phases A SCS WPAP is 48.05 acres. The proposed impervious cover within the limits of construction will be 11.7 acres and 24.36%.

There is one sensitive feature located within the overall 468 acre project boundary but is well outside the limits of improvements included in this application. This is shown and described within the attached geologic assessment. The MK Woodside Development property is approximately 468 acres. The geologic assessment included with the project is for 510 acres and includes two future commercial tracts on either side of the Above and Beyond Way entry from RRB.



GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT FOR THE APPROXIMATELY 510-ACRE WOODSIDE TRACT

Williamson County, Texas

September 2022

Submitted to:

Blake Magee Company 1011 North Lamar Austin, Texas 78703

Prepared by:

aci consulting 1001 Mopac Circle Austin, Texas 78746 TBPG Firm License No. 50260

aci project #: 22-22-138

Geologic Assessment

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

For Regulated Activities on The Edwards Aquifer Recharge/transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(3), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. My signature certifies that I am qualified as a geologist as defined by 30 TAC Chapter 213.

213.	
Print Name of Geologist: Mark T. Adams	Telephone: <u>(512) 347-9000</u>
Date: <u>9/12/2022</u>	Fax: <u>(512) 306-0974</u>
Representing: aci Group LLC TBPG License No. 5026 registration number)	<u>50</u> (Name of Company and TBPG or TBPE
Regulated Entity Name: Woodsign CENSED CHARGE GEOLOGY Project Information	9-13-2022
rioject imormation	
1. Date(s) Geologic Assessment was performed: 3	<u>/15/2021 & 3/17/2021</u>
2. Type of Project:	
WPAPSCS3. Location of Project:	☐ AST ☐ UST
Recharge Zone Transition Zone	

Contributing Zone within the Transition Zone

- 4. Attachment A Geologic Assessment Table. Completed Geologic Assessment Table (Form TCEQ-0585-Table) is attached.
- 5. Soil cover on the project site is summarized in the table below and uses the SCS Hydrologic Soil Groups* (Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds, Technical Release No. 55, Appendix A, Soil Conservation Service, 1986). If there is more than one soil type on the project site, show each soil type on the site Geologic Map or a separate soils map.

Table 1 - Soil Units, Infiltration Characteristics and Thickness

Soil Name	Group*	Thickness(feet)
DoC—Doss silty clay, moist, 1 to 5 percent slopes	D	1.6
EaD—Eckrant cobbly clay, 1 to 8 percent slopes	D	1.6
EeB—Eckrant stony clay, 0 to 3 percent slopes, stony	D	1.6
GeB— Georgetown clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	D	3.3

Soil Name	Group*	Thickness(feet)
GsB—		
Georgetown		
stony clay		
loam, 1 to 3		
percent slopes	D	3.3

- * Soil Group Definitions (Abbreviated)
 - A. Soils having a high infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
 - B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
 - C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
 - D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.

- 6. Attachment B Stratigraphic Column. A stratigraphic column showing formations, members, and thicknesses is attached. The outcropping unit, if present, should be at the top of the stratigraphic column. Otherwise, the uppermost unit should be at the top of the stratigraphic column.
- 7. Attachment C Site Geology. A narrative description of the site specific geology including any features identified in the Geologic Assessment Table, a discussion of the potential for fluid movement to the Edwards Aquifer, stratigraphy, structure(s), and karst characteristics is attached.
- 8. Attachment D Site Geologic Map(s). The Site Geologic Map must be the same scale as the applicant's Site Plan. The minimum scale is 1": 400'

		Applicant's Site Plan Scale: $1'' = \underline{100}'$ Site Geologic Map Scale: $1'' = \underline{100}'$ Site Soils Map Scale (if more than 1 soil type): $1'' = \underline{1,500}'$
9.	Me	thod of collecting positional data:
		Global Positioning System (GPS) technology. Other method(s). Please describe method of data collection:
10.	\boxtimes	The project site and boundaries are clearly shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map.
11.		Surface geologic units are shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map.
12.		Geologic or manmade features were discovered on the project site during the field investigation. They are shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map and are described in the attached Geologic Assessment Table.
		Geologic or manmade features were not discovered on the project site during the field investigation.
13.		The Recharge Zone boundary is shown and labeled, if appropriate.
14.		known wells (test holes, water, oil, unplugged, capped and/or abandoned, etc.): If blicable, the information must agree with Item No. 20 of the WPAP Application Section.
	_	There are 2 (#) wells present on the project site and the locations are shown and labeled. (Check all of the following that apply.) The wells are not in use and have been properly abandoned. The wells are not in use and will be properly abandoned. The wells are in use and comply with 16 TAC Chapter 76. There are no wells or test holes of any kind known to exist on the project site.
A	dm	inistrative Information
15.		Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional

copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional

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office.



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1



Geologic Assessment for the Woodside Tract located in Williamson County, Texas

September 2022

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Texas Commission on the Environmental Quality (TCEQ) regulates activities that have the potential to pollute the Edwards Aquifer through the Edwards Aquifer Protection Program. Projects meeting a certain criterion over the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone must submit an Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan (EAPP).

The purpose of this report is to identify all potential pathways for contaminant movement to the Edwards Aquifer and provide sufficient geologic information so that the appropriate Best Management Practices (BMPs) can be proposed in the Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan (EAPP). This report complies with the requirements of Title 30, Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 213 relating to the protection of the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone. Per the Rules, the Geologic Assessment must be completed by a Geologist licensed according to the Texas Geoscience Practice Act.

2.0 PROJECT INFORMATION

The Woodside Tract (previously known as the Madison Tract and the Fakhr Tract), hereafter referred to as the subject area or site, is located approximately 1 mile northwest of the intersection of Sun City Blvd and Highway 195, in the City of Georgetown, Williamson County, Texas (Attachment A, Figure 1). Investigations of the subject area were initiated in 2004, as part of Karst Feature Assessment (2006) on the western portion of the tract, previously known as the Fakhr Tract (Attachment A, Figure 1). This included an assessment of previously documented karst features to determine, if any, development restrictions for the entity Madison Realty Investors, Inc., within the Fakhr Tract subject area (report available upon request). Geologic work for this portion of the subject area continued in 2012, where M. Trojan & Associates conducted a geologic assessment for the Fakhr Tract (report available upon request).

Additional pedestrian surveys were conducted subsequent to the listed reports, with the final remaining 167 acres of the Woodside Tract surveyed on March 15th and March 17th, 2021, by Kara Posso, G.I.T., Marcos Cardenas, Sarah King, Joey O'Keefe, and Erin Wilson,



under the supervision of Mark Adams, P.G. with **aci consulting**. Information from the Geologic Assessment done by M. Trojan & Associates for the Fakhr Property (2012), as well as work done by **aci consulting** was compiled and used to generate this report for the Woodside Tract.

This report is intended to satisfy the requirements for a Geologic Assessment, which shall be included as a component of a Water Pollution Abatement Plan (WPAP) and Sewage Collection System Plan (SCS). The site is approximately 510 acres in total. The proposed site use is for low-density, single-family, residential development, as well as multifamily residential development, and commercial development. The scope of the report consists of a site reconnaissance, field survey, and review of existing data and reports. Features identified during the field survey were ranked utilizing the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) matrix for Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone features. The ranking of the features will determine their viability as "sensitive" features.

3.0 INVESTIGATION METHODS

The following investigation methods and activities were used to develop this report:

- Review of existing files and literature to determine the regional geology and any known caves associated with the project area;
- Review of past geological field reports, cave studies, and correspondence regarding the existing geologic features on the project area, if available;
- Site reconnaissance by a registered professional geologist to identify and examine caves, recharge features, and other significant geological structures;
- Evaluation of collected field data and a ranking of features using the TCEQ Ranking Table 0585 for the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone; and
- Review of historic aerial photographs to determine if there are any structural features present, and to determine any past disturbances on the subject property.

4.0 SOILS AND GEOLOGY

The following includes a site-specific description of the soils, geologic stratigraphy, geologic structure, and karstic characteristics as they relate to the Edwards aquifer. Also included in this section is a review of historic aerials for presence of geologic changes or changes to manmade features in bedrock.



Soils

According to the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) Web Soil Survey (2021), five soil units occur within the project alignment (**Attachment A, Figure 2**):

DoC—Doss silty clay, moist, 1 to 5 percent slopes

The Doss component makes up 85 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 1 to 5 percent. This component is on hillslopes on dissected plateaus. The parent material consists of residuum weathered from limestone. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, paralithic, is 11 to 20 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is very low. Shrink-swell potential is moderate. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. This component is in the R081CY574TX Shallow 29-35 Pz ecological site. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 4e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. The calcium carbonate equivalent within 40 inches, typically, does not exceed 55 percent. There are no saline horizons within 30 inches of the soil surface. This soil does not meet the criteria for hydric soils. Hydrologic Soil Group: D.

• EaD—Eckrant cobbly clay, 1 to 8 percent slopes

The Eckrant component makes up 85 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 1 to 8 percent. This component is on ridges on dissected plateaus. The parent material consists of residuum weathered from limestone. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, lithic, is 4 to 20 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is very low. Shrink-swell potential is high. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 6 percent. This component is in the R081CY360TX Low Stony Hill 29-35 Pz ecological site. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 6s. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. The calcium carbonate equivalent within 40 inches, typically, does not exceed 2 percent. There are no saline horizons within 30 inches of the soil surface. This soil does not meet the criteria for hydric soils. Hydrologic Soil Group: D.



• EeB—Eckrant stony clay, 0 to 3 percent slopes, stony

The Eckrant, stony component makes up 85 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 3 percent. This component is on ridges on dissected plateaus. The parent material consists of residuum weathered from limestone. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, lithic, is 4 to 20 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is very low. Shrink-swell potential is moderate. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 6 percent. This component is in the R081CY360TX Low Stony Hill 29-35 Pz ecological site. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 6s. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. The calcium carbonate equivalent within 40 inches, typically, does not exceed 2 percent. There are no saline horizons within 30 inches of the soil surface. This soil does not meet the criteria for hydric soils. Hydrologic Soil Group: D.

• GeB—Georgetown clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

The Georgetown component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on broad ridges on dissected plateaus. The parent material consists of clayey residuum weathered from limestone. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, lithic, is 20 to 40 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is low. Shrink-swell potential is high. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 3 percent. This component is in the R081CY361TX Redland 29-35 Pz ecological site. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 3s. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. There are no saline horizons within 30 inches of the soil surface. This soil does not meet the criteria for hydric soils. Hydrologic Soil Group: D.

• GsB—Georgetown stony clay loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes

The Georgetown component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 1 to 3 percent. This component is on broad ridges on dissected plateaus. The parent material consists of clayey residuum weathered from limestone. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, lithic, is 20 to 40 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is low. Shrink-swell potential is high. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter



content in the surface horizon is about 3 percent. This component is in the R081CY361TX Redland 29-35 Pz ecological site. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 6s. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. There are no saline horizons within 30 inches of the soil surface. This soil does not meet the criteria for hydric soils. Hydrologic Soil Group: D.

Geologic Stratigraphy

According to the *Geologic Map of the Georgetown Quadrangle, Texas*, and the *Geologic Map of the Cobbs Cavern Quadrangle, Texas*, two geologic units occur within the project area (**Attachment A, Figure 3**). These units and a description by Collins et al., (1997) are as follows:

Georgetown Formation (Kgt)

"Limestone and marl. Nodular, very fossiliferous, diagnostic marine megafossils include *Waconella wacoensis* (formerly *Kingena wacoensis*) and *Gryphaea washitaensis*. Rare small vugs. Uppermost Edwards aquifer strata. Thickness increases northward from ~65ft to 110ft."

• Edwards Limestone (Ked)

"Limestone, dolomitic limestone and marl. Massive to thin beds, chert, and fossiliferous; fossils include rudistids. Shallow subtidal to tidal-flat cycles. Honeycomb textures, voids in collapsed breccias, and cavern systems. Accounts for most of the Edwards aquifer strata. Thickness is between 100ft to 300ft; thins northward."

Formation	Members	Thickness (Collins et al., 1997)				
Georgetown	65-110 feet					
Edwards	100-300 feet					

Geologic Structure

The geologic strata associated with the Edwards Aquifer include the Georgetown Limestone Formation of the Washita Group, the Edwards Limestone Group, which is interfingered with the Comanche Peak Formation, followed by the Walnut formation, and finally the Glen Rose Formation of the Trinity Group. These Groups dip gently to the southeast and are a characterized by the Balcones Fault Escarpment, a zone of en echelon



normal faults downthrown to the southeast. Locally, the dominant structural trend of faults within the area is 25°, as evidenced by the mapped fault patterns (**Attachment A**, **Figure 4**). Thus, all features that have a trend ranging from 05° to 40° are considered "on trend" and were awarded the additional 10 points in the Geologic Assessment Table.

The subject area is underlain by Kgt and Ked (Collins et al., 1997). The Georgetown Formation overlies the Edwards Limestone Formation on-site. The contact between the two units is present in the southwestern portion of the subject area. The contact was exhibited as gradient with Georgetown Formation float rocks present on top of Edwards Limestone bedrock.

Karstic Characteristics

In limestone landscapes, karst is expressed by erratically developed cavernous porosity from dissolution of bedrock as water combined with weak acids moves through the subsurface. Karst terrains are typical of the Edwards Limestone, occurring across a vast region of Central Texas, including the Balcones Fault Escarpment. The features produced by karst processes include, but are not limited to, sinkholes, solution cavities, solution enlarged fractures, and caves. These features can eventually provide conduits for fluid movement such as surface water runoff, as "point recharge" to the Edwards Aquifer. Faults and manmade features within bedrock can also provide conduits for point recharge in many cases.

According to Edwards aquifer zone map produced by the TCEQ (2005), the entire subject area is within the northern segment of the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone. Thus, all karst features identified as sensitive within the project limits have the potential to be point recharge features into the Edwards aquifer.

Review of Historic Aerials

Aerial photographs were reviewed for the site and it was determined that ranching and agricultural activities occurred on the site since the first aerial image dated 1941 (Attachment C). Evidence of a rural residence or agricultural structure, and associated road, are first visible in the eastern portion of the tract in the 1953 aerial. The 1981 aerial shows the initial stages of a quarry development offsite, along the northeastern property boundary. In the 2004 aerial, a residential subdivision is first visible to the south of the site and expands to the west of the site in the 2010 aerial.



5.0 SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

This report documents the findings of several geologic assessments and karst surveys conducted on the Woodside Tract since 2004. **aci consulting** conducted a geologic assessment for a previously un-surveyed 167-acre portion of the Woodside Tract on March 15th, 2021, and March 17th, 2021. Descriptions, recommendations, and locations for these features can be found in **Attachment B**. Based on the identification and assessment of each feature, it was determined that there is one sensitive naturally occurring feature (M-04). This feature will require a 50-foot setback around the the sink of the feature.

Three (karst) features were identified in the 2012 geologic assessment conducted by M. Trojan and Associates (report available upon request). The findings from that report indicate one feature (F-01) is sensitive and the other two are non-sensitive. **aci consulting** attempted to locate F-01 during the most recent survey conducted in 2021. This feature was not identified by **aci consulting** during the field work conducted in 2021 or during previous work within the site.

Of the sensitive features identified in the 2006 assessment for the greater Fakhr Tract, several were determined to be eligible for inclusion in the regional habitat plan and have been transferred to Williamson County. The remaining features not transferred to Williamson County were determined to be non-sensitive (**Attachment C**) (Report available upon request).

Over the course of multiple investigations on the tract and a follow up re-evaluation, only one naturally occurring karst feature has been identified and rated as sensitive. This feature is included in this report as M-04. The portion of the of the Fakhr Tract with a high density of sensitive caves and features was deeded to Williamson County as part of the Percilla's Well Karst Preserve and is under the control of the county. Subsequent investigations by others not available for this report revealed no additional sensitive features.



6.0 REFERENCES

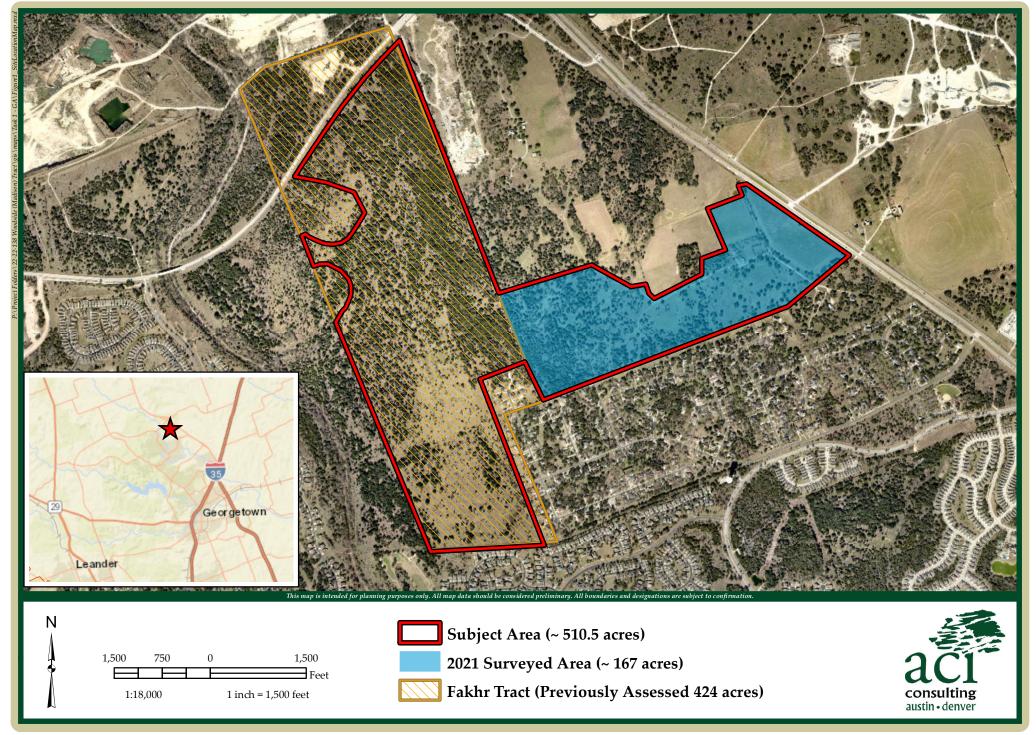
- Collins, E.W., 1997. *Geologic Map of the Georgetown Quadrangle, Texas*. Bureau of Economic Geology. Austin, Texas.
- Collins, E.W., 1997. *Geologic Map of the Cobbs Cavern Quadrangle, Texas*. Bureau of Economic Geology. Austin, Texas.
- (TCEQ) Texas Commission on Environmental Quality. 2004. Instructions to Geologists for Geologic Assessments on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge/Transition Zones. October 1, 2004. Austin, Texas.
- (TCEQ) Texas Commission on Environmental Quality. 2005. "Edwards Aquifer Protection Program, Chapter 213 Rules Recharge Zone, Transition Zone, Contributing Zone, and Contributing Zone within the Transition Zone." Map. Digital data. September 1, 2005. Austin, Texas.
- (TWDB) Texas Water Development Board. 2021. Water Data Interactive Groundwater Data Viewer. Accessed on March 22, 2021. Available at: http://www2.twdb.texas.gov/apps/waterdatainteractive/groundwaterdataviewer
- (USDA NRCS) U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service. 2021. WebSoilSurvey.com. Soil Survey Area: Williamson County, Texas. Date accessed: March 22, 2021.



ATTACHMENT A

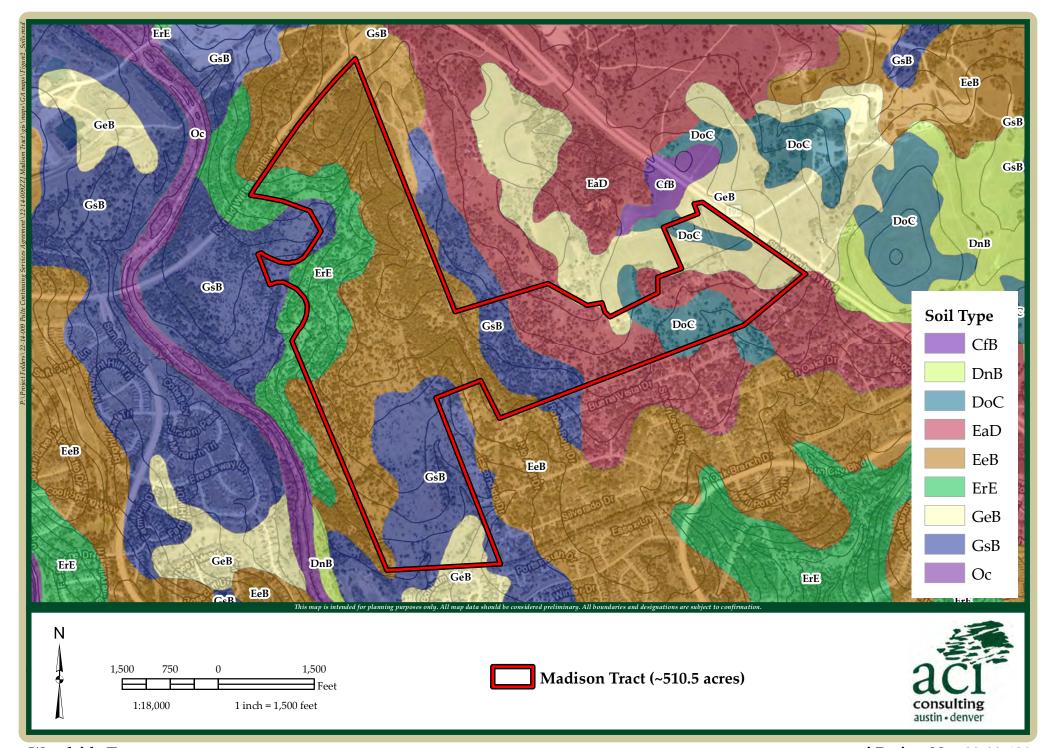
Site Maps

aci Project No.: 22-22-138 September 2022



Woodside Tract aci Project No.: 22-22-138

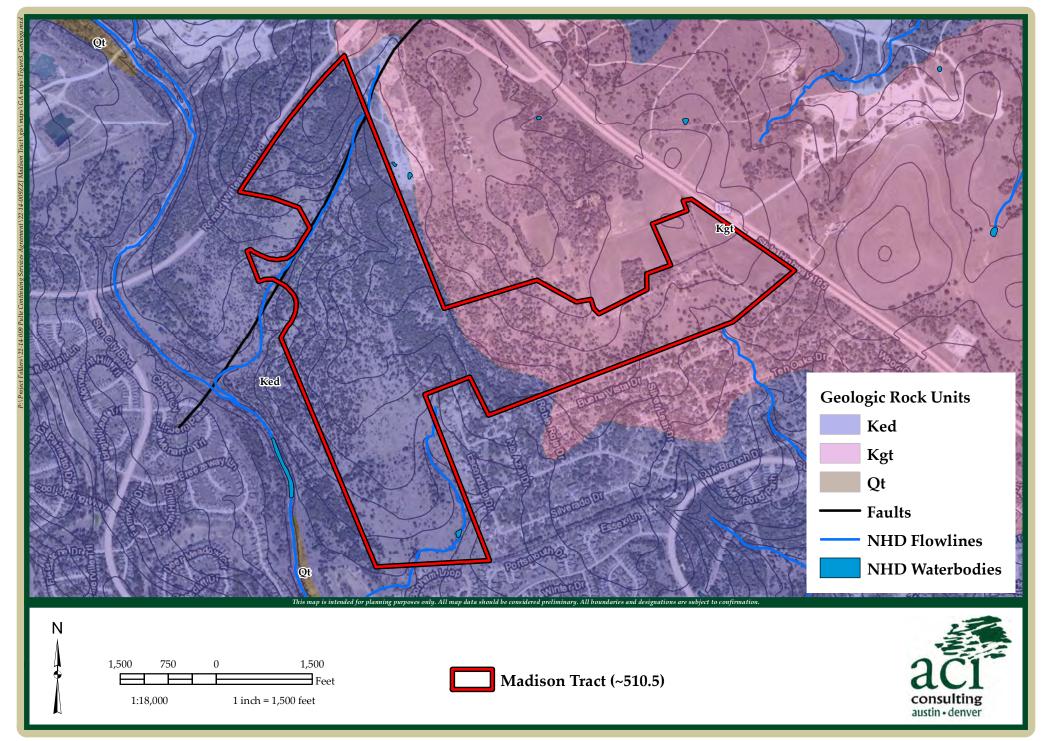
Figure 1: Site Location Map



Woodside Tract
Figure 2: Site Soil Maps

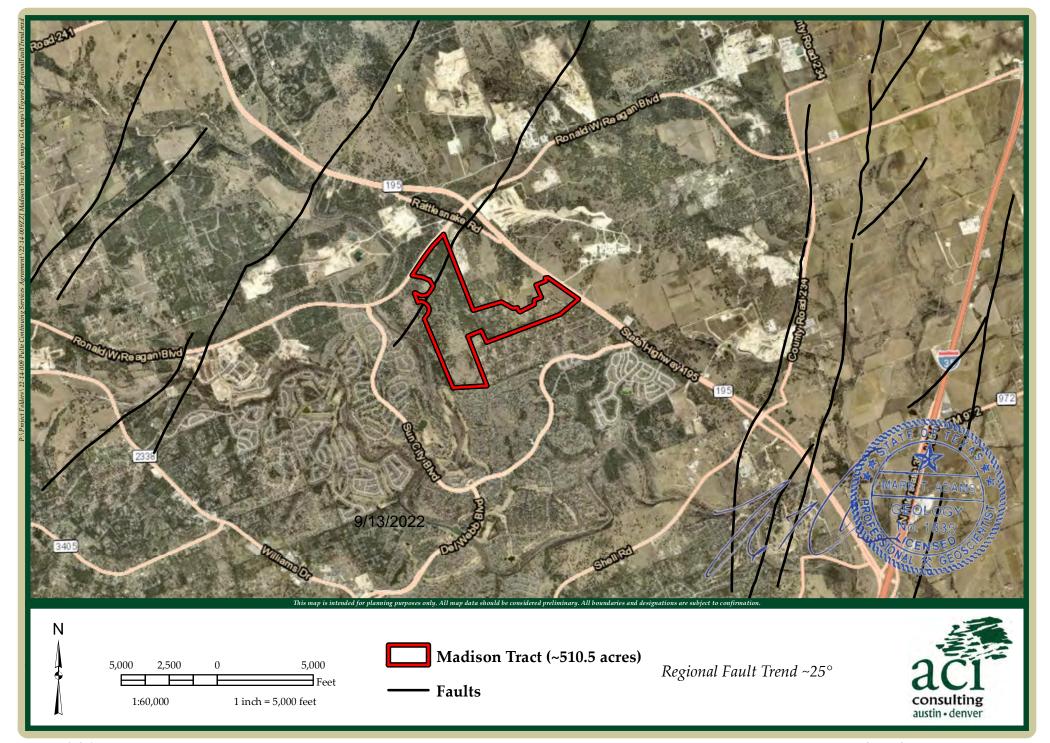
aci Project No.: 22-22-138

September 2022



Woodside Tract
Figure 3: Site Geologic Map

aci Project No.: 22-22-138



Woodside Tract

aci Project No.: 22-22-138

Figure 4: Regional Fault Trend

September 2022



ATTACHMENT B

Geologic Table Geologic and Manmade Feature Map (Figures 5-1, 5-2, & 5-3) Feature Descriptions and Recommendations

aci Project No.: 22-22-138 September 2022

GEOLO	GIC ASSE	SSMENT TA	ABLE				PR	OJE	CT NA	ME	:			Woods	ide Tr	act				
LOCATION					FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS									EVALUATION PHYSICAL SETT				SETTING		
1A	1B *	1C*	2A	2B	3	4		5	5A	6	7	8A	8B	9	9 10		11		12	
FEATURE ID	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	FEATURE TYPE	POINTS	FORMATION	DIMENSIONS (FEET)		TREND (DEGREES)	DOM	DENSITY (NO/FT)	APERTURE (FEET)	INFILL	RELATIVE INFILTRATION RATE	TOTAL	SENSITIVITY		CATCHMENT AREA (ACRES)		TOPOGRAPHY	
						Х	Υ	Z		10						<40	<u>>40</u>	<1.6	<u>>1.6</u>	
M-01	30.7402667	-97.718621	CD	5	Ked/Kgt	3	2	0.5	-		-	-	O,V	10	15	Χ		Χ		Hillside
M-02	30.7390629	-97.714590	0	5	Kgt	1.5	2	0.5	-		-	-	0	8	13	Х		Χ		Hillside
M-04	30.741945	-97.721155	С	30	Kgt	8	2.5	6	270		-	2	N	20	50		Χ	Χ		Hillside
MMB-01	30.7416919	-97.709858	MB	30	Kgt	3	3	?	-		-	-	Χ	10	40		Χ	Х		Hillside
MMB-02	30.7428615	-97.707668	MB	30	Kgt	2	2	?	-		-	-	Χ	10	40		Χ	Χ		Hillside
MMB-03	30.7427679	-97.707410	MB	30	Kgt	2	2	?	-		-	-	Х	10	40		Χ	Χ		Hillside
MMB-04	30.7428922	-97.707494	MB	30	Kgt	6	4	?	-		-	-	Χ	10	40		Χ	Χ		Hillside
MMB-05	30.7426622	-97.707333	MB	30	Kgt	2	2	?	-		-	-	Χ	10	40		Χ	Χ		Hillside

* DATUM: NAD 1983 State Plane 4203

2A TYPE	TYPE	2B POINTS
С	Cave	30
SC	Solution cavity	20
SF	Solution-enlarged fracture(s)	20
F	Fault	20
0	Other natural bedrock features	!
MB	Manmade feature in bedrock	30
SW	Swallow hole	30
SH	Sinkhole	20
CD	Non-karst closed depression	ŧ
Z	Zone, clustered or aligned features	30

	8A INFILLING
N	None, exposed bedrock
С	Coarse - cobbles, breakdown, sand, gravel
0	Loose or soft mud or soil, organics, leaves, sticks, dark colors
F	Fines, compacted clay-rich sediment, soil profile, gray or red colors
V	Vegetation. Give details in narrative description
FS	Flowstone, cements, cave deposits
Χ	Other materials

12 TOPOGRAPHY
Cliff, Hilltop, Hillside, Drainage, Floodplain, Streambed

I have read, I understood, and I have followed the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality's Instructions to Geologists. The information presented here complies with that document and is a true representation of the conditions observed in the field.

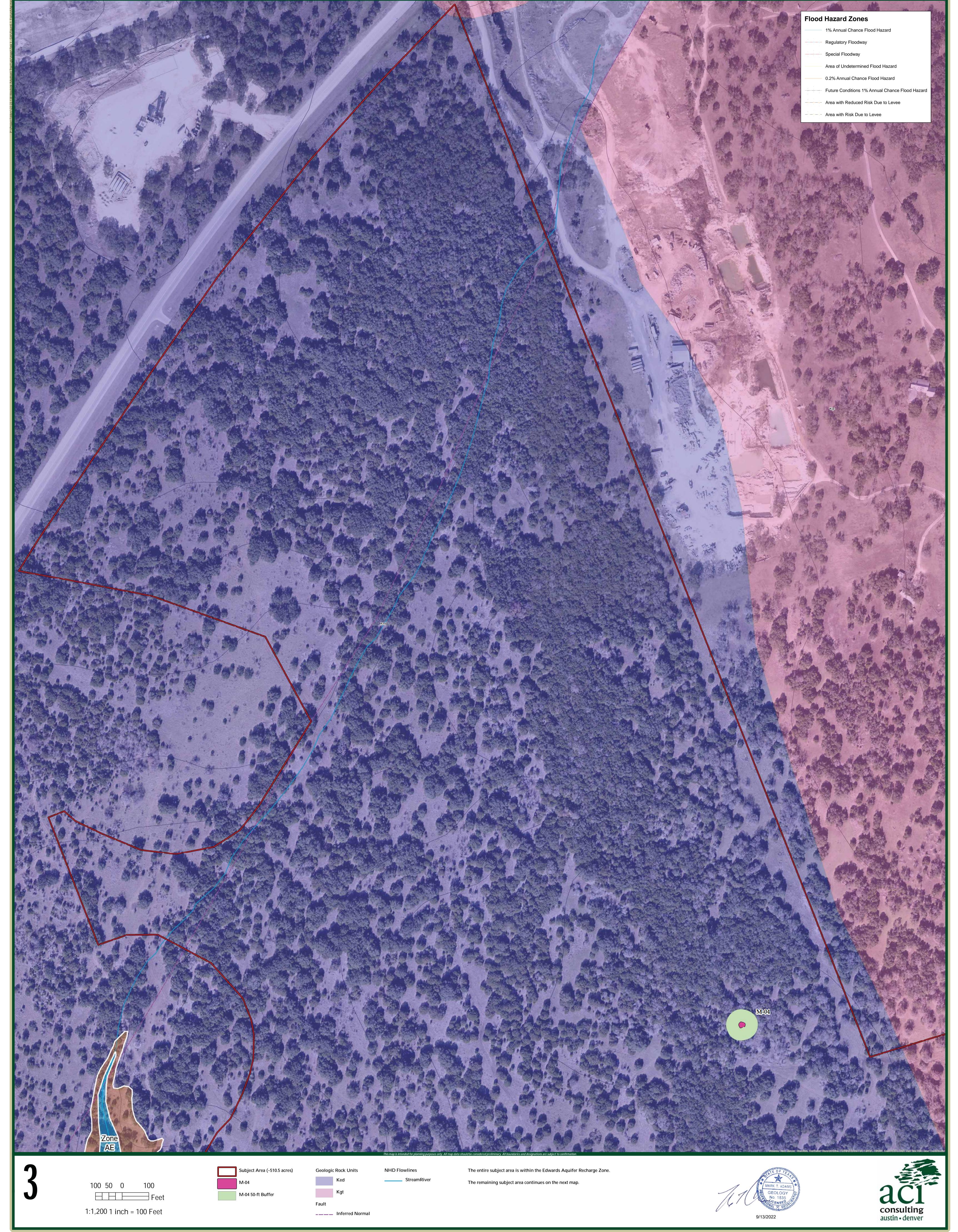
My signature certifies that I am qualified as a geologist as defined by 30 TAC Chapter 213.

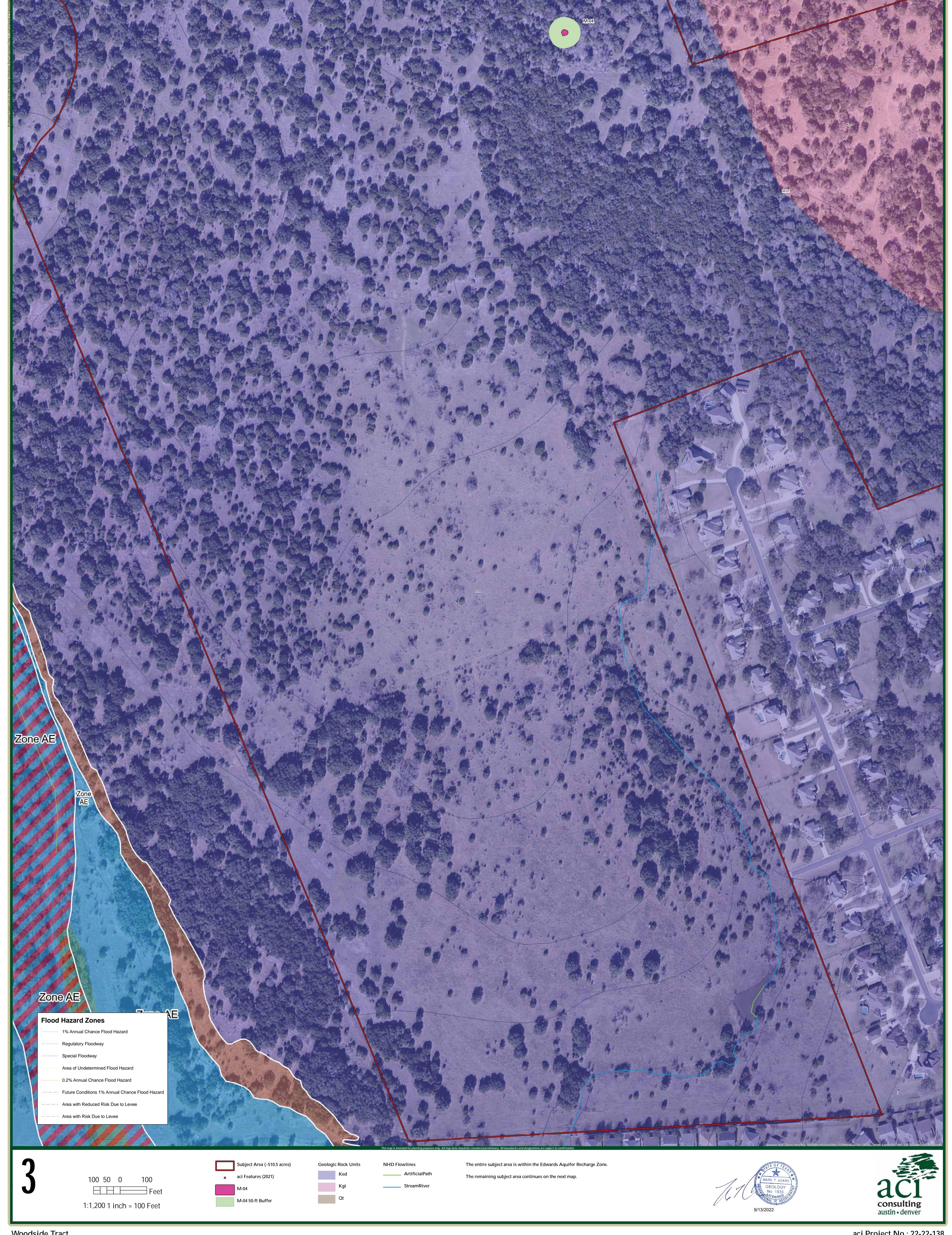
Date 9/12/2022

Sheet _1_ of _1_

MARK T. ADAMS 9/13/2022

TCEQ-0585-Table (Rev. 10-01-04)









M-01

GPS: 30.740266, -97.718621

This feature is a closed depression, located on a gently sloping hillside. This feature was located at the contact between the Edwards Limestone and Georgetown Formations. The approximate dimensions of the depression are 3 feet long by 2 feet wide by 0.5 feet deep. Light hand excavation was performed to identify any apertures within the depression, none of which were observed. It was noted that the interior of the feature is not rock lined, rather the infill material consisted of loose soils and organics such as leaves, sticks, and roots. Several small shrubs were observed near the feature suggesting the possibility of a root heave among the limestone float rocks within the depression. The catchment area is less than 1.6 acres and the probability of rapid infiltration was determined to be low and assigned a point value of 10. The feature was determined to be non-sensitive.

Recommendation: No protections required.



M-01 (view showing depression).





M-01 (top view showing center of feature).



M-02

GPS: 30.739062, -97.714590

This feature is a 'other natural bedrock feature', a fractured epikarst float rock located on a gently sloping hillside in the Georgetown Formation. This feature was observed within a minor depression approximately 3 feet in diameter. Light hand excavation was performed to assess the extent of this feature and if any portals were present within the depression. After light hand excavation, a fractured float rock was observed. The dimensions of this feature were 1.5 feet by 2 feet by 0.5 foot deep. There were no apertures observed after excavation and the feature is not rock lined. Infill material consists of dark soils and loose organics. The drainage area is less than 1.6 acres and the probability of rapid infiltration was designated as low, with a point value of 8. The feature was determined to be non-sensitive.

Recommendation: No protections required.



M-02.



M-04

GPS: 30.741945 -97.721155

M-04 is a cave located on a gently sloping hillside in the Edwards Limestone Formation. The aperture of the cave is roughly a keyhole shape trending at 275°, with a width ranging between 0.5 feet and 2.5 feet. The dimensions of this feature are approximately 8 feet long by 2.5 feet wide by 6 feet deep. The subsurface extent, if any, of this feature was not explored during at the time of this assessment. The approximate diameter of the sink surrounding the feature is 11 feet. This feature was rock lined with small amounts of loose-leaf organics in the interior. There was vegetation present around the perimeter of the feature, however it was not determined if there was any biological activity present within the cave. There was no air flow or water flow observed within the aperture of the cave. The catchment area was determined to be less than 1.6 acres, thus, the relative infiltration rate was determined to be intermediate and assigned a point value of 20

Recommendation: Recommended 50ft setback around the perimeter of the sink. (See **Figure 5-2**).



M-04 (View of depression)

23



GPS: 30.741691, -97.709857

This feature is a 'manmade feature in bedrock', a well, located on a gently sloping hillside in the Georgetown Limestone Formation. The dimensions of this well are 0.5 foot wide and extends below the surface for an unknown depth. The drainage of this feature was less than 1.6 acres and the probability of rapid infiltration has been designated as low (10 pts). As this feature is a manmade feature in bedrock, it has been designated as sensitive to call the attention of the engineer.

Recommendation: Notify engineer for proper handling.



MMB-01.



GPS: 30.742861, -97.707667

This feature is a 'manmade feature in bedrock', a well, located on a gently sloping hillside in the Georgetown Limestone Formation. The dimensions of this well are 0.2 foot wide and extends below the surface for an unknown depth. The drainage of this feature was less than 1.6 acres and the probability of rapid infiltration has been designated as low (10 pts). As this feature is a manmade feature in bedrock, it has been designated as sensitive to call the attention of the engineer.

Recommendation: Notify engineer for proper handling.



MMB-02.

aci Project No.: 22-22-138 September 2022



GPS: 30.742767, -97.707409

This feature is a 'manmade feature in bedrock', a potential septic tank, located on a gently sloping hillside in the Georgetown Limestone Formation. The above ground dimensions of this tank are approximately 4 feet in diameter and extends below the surface for an unknown depth. The below ground dimensions of the tank itself were not determined. The drainage of this feature was less than 1.6 acres and the probability of rapid infiltration has been designated as low (10 pts). As this feature is a manmade feature in bedrock, it has been designated as sensitive to call the attention of the engineer.

Recommendation: Notify engineer for proper handling.



MMB-03.



GPS: 30.74289, -97.707494

This feature is a 'manmade feature in bedrock', a potential septic tank, located on a gently sloping hillside in the Georgetown Limestone Formation. The above ground dimensions of this tank are approximately 6 feet by 4 feet and extends below the surface for an unknown depth. The below ground dimensions of the tank itself were not determined. The drainage of this feature was less than 1.6 acres, and the probability of rapid infiltration has been designated as low (10 pts). As this feature is a manmade feature in bedrock, it has been designated as sensitive to call the attention of the engineer.

Recommendation: Notify engineer for proper handling.



MMB-04

27



GPS: 30.742662, -97.707332

This feature is a 'manmade feature in bedrock', a potential septic tank, located on a gently sloping hillside in the Georgetown Limestone Formation. The above ground dimensions of this tank are approximately 4 feet in diameter and extends below the surface for an unknown depth. The below ground dimensions of the tank itself were not determined. The drainage of this feature was less than 1.6 acres and the probability of rapid infiltration has been designated as low (10 pts). As this feature is a manmade feature in bedrock, it has been designated as sensitive to call the attention of the engineer.

Recommendation: Notify engineer for proper handling.



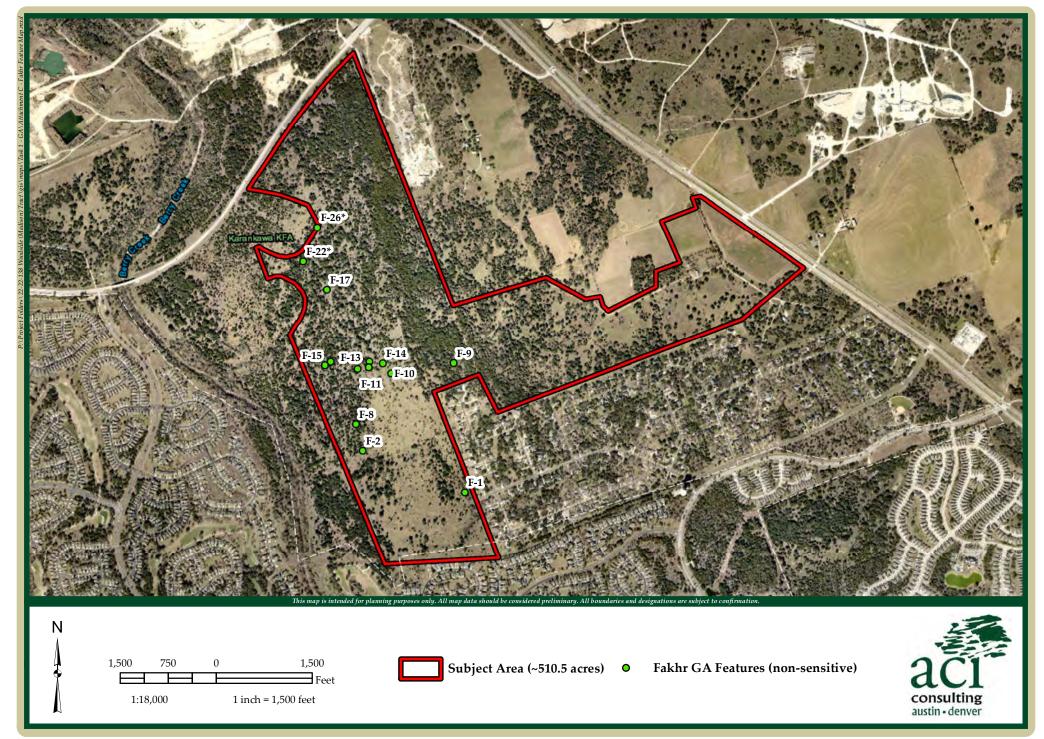
MMB-05.



ATTACHMENT C

Karst Feature Assessment Map (2006) aci consulting 2006

aci Project No.: 22-22-138 September 2022



Woodside Tract aci Project No.: 22-22-138 Attachment C - Karst Feature Assessment Map (2006)

September 2022



ATTACHMENT D

Historic Aerials

aci Project No.: 22-22-138 September 2022

Prepared for:

ACI CONSULTING 1001 Mopac Circle Austin, TX 78746

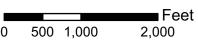


Historical Madison Tract TX Williamson County Photographs PO #: 22-14-009ZZJ

Friday, March 19, 2021



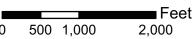
Date: 2020 Source: USDA







Date: 2016 Source: USDA







Date: 2010 Source: USDA



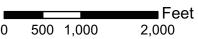




Date: 2004 Source: USDA



















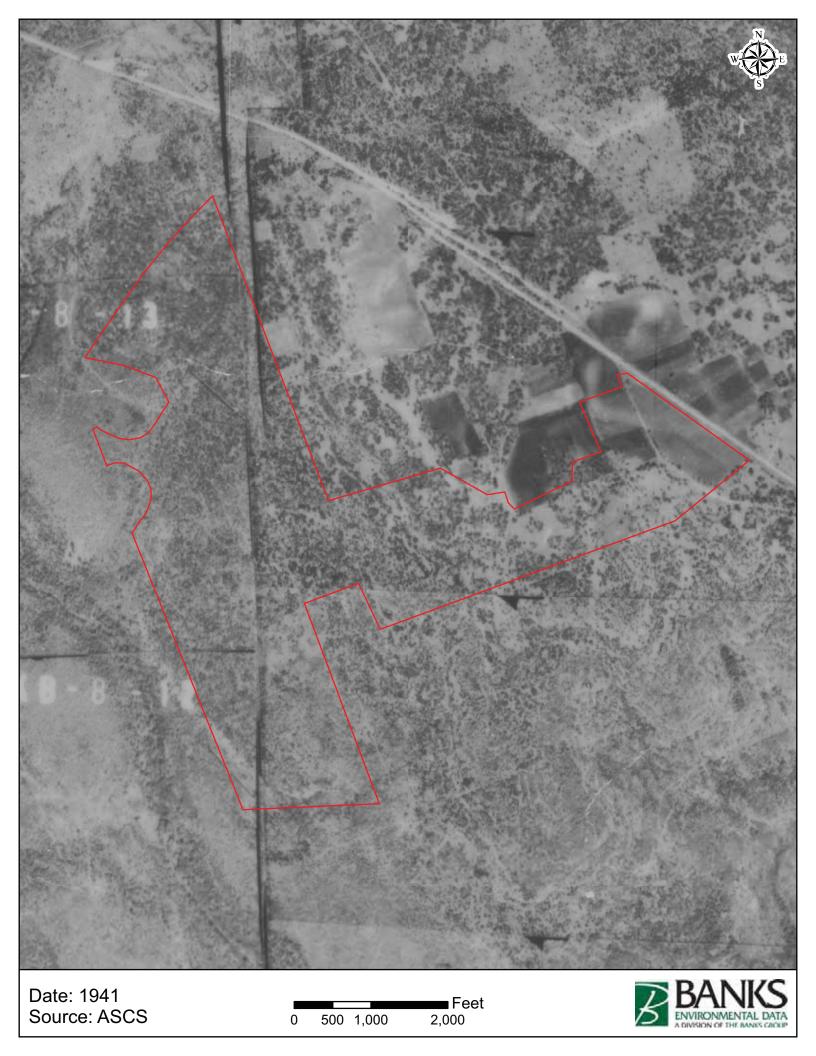






500 1,000







AERIAL SOURCE DEFINITIONS

Acronym	Agency	
NASA	National Aeronautics & Space Administration Army Mapping Service	
AMS		
ASCS	Agricultural Stabilization & Conservation Service	
SCS	Soil Conservation Service	
USBR	United States Bureau of Reclamation	
Fairchild	Fairchild Aerial Surveys	
TXDOT	Texas Department of Transportation	
BLM	OE United States Air Force United States Corps of Engineers	
USAF		
USCOE		
USDA		
USGS	United States Geological Survey	
WALLACE	Wallace-Zingery Aerial Surveys	
TNRIS	Texas Natural Resources Information System	



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Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

For Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application Form** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and Executive Director approval. The form was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: MK Woodside Development, Inc. / Steger Bizzell, Bryan Moore, P.E.

Date: 8/18/2023

Signature of Customer/Agent:

Regulated Entity Name: Woodside East - Phases A

Regulated Entity Information

- 1. The type of project is:

 Residential: Number of Lots: 106
 Residential: Number of Living Unit Equivalents:
 Commercial
 Industrial
 Other:
- 2. Total site acreage (size of property): 48.05
- 3. Estimated projected population: 265

4. The amount and type of impervious cover expected after construction are shown below:

Table 1 – Impervious Cover Table

Impervious Cover of Proposed Project	Sq. Ft.	Sq. Ft./Acre	Acres
Structures/Rooftops	346,116.0	÷ 43,560 =	7.95
Parking	0.0	÷ 43,560 =	0.0
Other paved surfaces	163,675.0	÷ 43,560 =	3.76
Total Impervious Cover	509,791.0	÷ 43,560 =	11.7

Total Impervious Cover $\underline{11.7} \div \text{Total Acreage } \underline{48.05} \text{ X } 100 = \underline{24.36}\% \text{ Impervious Cover}$

- 5. Attachment A Factors Affecting Surface Water Quality. A detailed description of all factors that could affect surface water and groundwater quality that addresses ultimate land use is attached.
- 6. Only inert materials as defined by 30 TAC §330.2 will be used as fill material.

For Road Projects Only

Complete questions 7 - 12 if this application is exclusively for a road project.

7.	Type of project:
	 TXDOT road project. County road or roads built to county specifications. City thoroughfare or roads to be dedicated to a municipality. Street or road providing access to private driveways.
8.	Type of pavement or road surface to be used:
	Concrete Asphaltic concrete pavement Other:
9.	Length of Right of Way (R.O.W.): feet.
	Width of R.O.W.: feet. L x W = $Ft^2 \div 43,560 Ft^2/Acre = acres.$
10.	. Length of pavement area: feet.
	Width of pavement area: feet. L x W = $Ft^2 \div 43,560 Ft^2/Acre = acres.$ Pavement area acres \div R.O.W. area acres x $100 = \%$ impervious cover.
11.	. A rest stop will be included in this project.

	A rest stop will not be included in thi	s project.
12.	TCEQ Executive Director. Modifications to	an one-half (1/2) the width of one (1) existing
Stor	mwater to be generated l	by the Proposed Project
13.	volume (quantity) and character (quality occur from the proposed project is attacquality and quantity are based on the ar	f Stormwater. A detailed description of the of the stormwater runoff which is expected to hed. The estimates of stormwater runoff ea and type of impervious cover. Include the e-construction and post-construction conditions.
Was	stewater to be generated l	by the Proposed Project
14. Th	e character and volume of wastewater is	shown below:
	6 Domestic _% Industrial _% Commingled	150,907 Gallons/dayGallons/dayGallons/day
TO	OTAL gallons/day <u>150,907</u>	
15. Waste	ewater will be disposed of by:	
☐ Oı	n-Site Sewage Facility (OSSF/Septic Tank):	
	used to treat and dispose of the wastev authority's (authorized agent) written a suitable for the use of private sewage for for on-site sewage facilities as specified Sewage Facilities. Each lot in this project/development is	Authorized Agent. An on-site sewage facility will be vater from this site. The appropriate licensing pproval is attached. It states that the land is acilities and will meet or exceed the requirements under 30 TAC Chapter 285 relating to On-site at least one (1) acre (43,560 square feet) in size. Bed professional engineer or registered sanitarian compliance with 30 TAC Chapter 285.
⊠ Se	wage Collection System (Sewer Lines):	
	existing SCS.	vater generating facilities will be connected to an vater generating facilities will be connected to a
<u> </u>	The SCS was previously submitted on The SCS was submitted with this applica The SCS will be submitted at a later date installed prior to Executive Director app	e. The owner is aware that the SCS may not be

 ∑ The sewage collection system will convey the wastewater to the <u>Pecan Branch</u> (name) Treatment Plant. The treatment facility is: ∑ Existing. ☐ Proposed.
16. All private service laterals will be inspected as required in 30 TAC §213.5.
Site Plan Requirements
Items 17 – 28 must be included on the Site Plan.
17. \square The Site Plan must have a minimum scale of 1" = 400'.
Site Plan Scale: 1" = 100'.
18. 100-year floodplain boundaries:
\boxtimes Some part(s) of the project site is located within the 100-year floodplain. The floodplain is shown and labeled.
No part of the project site is located within the 100-year floodplain. The 100-year floodplain boundaries are based on the following specific (including date of material) sources(s):
19. The layout of the development is shown with existing and finished contours at appropriate, but not greater than ten-foot contour intervals. Lots, recreation centers, buildings, roads, open space, etc. are shown on the plan.
The layout of the development is shown with existing contours at appropriate, but not greater than ten-foot intervals. Finished topographic contours will not differ from the existing topographic configuration and are not shown. Lots, recreation centers, buildings, roads, open space, etc. are shown on the site plan.
20. All known wells (oil, water, unplugged, capped and/or abandoned, test holes, etc.):
There are (#) wells present on the project site and the locations are shown and labeled. (Check all of the following that apply)
 The wells are not in use and have been properly abandoned. The wells are not in use and will be properly abandoned. The wells are in use and comply with 16 TAC §76.
igtherightharpoons There are no wells or test holes of any kind known to exist on the project site.
21. Geologic or manmade features which are on the site:
All sensitive geologic or manmade features identified in the Geologic Assessment are shown and labeled.
No sensitive geologic or manmade features were identified in the Geologic Assessment. Attachment D - Exception to the Required Geologic Assessment. A request and justification for an exception to a portion of the Geologic Assessment is attached.
22. The drainage patterns and approximate slopes anticipated after major grading activities.

4 of 5

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23. 🔀 Areas of soil disturbance and areas which will not be disturbed.
24. \(\simega\) Locations of major structural and nonstructural controls. These are the temporary and permanent best management practices.
25. $igstyle igstyle$ Locations where soil stabilization practices are expected to occur.
26. Surface waters (including wetlands).
⊠ N/A
27. Locations where stormwater discharges to surface water or sensitive features are to occur.
igstyle igstyle There will be no discharges to surface water or sensitive features.
28. 🔀 Legal boundaries of the site are shown.
Administrative Information
29. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
30. \boxtimes Any modification of this WPAP will require Executive Director approval, prior to construction, and may require submission of a revised application, with appropriate fees.

<u>Attachment A – Factors Affecting Surface Water Quality</u>

The following factors are anticipated to adversely affect surface water and groundwater quality:

- Disturbance of vegetated areas.
- Leaking oil from parked vehicles.
- Malfunctioning wastewater collection system and spill on site.
- Loss of vegetative ground cover due to inadequate watering or mismanagement.
- Over fertilizing vegetative areas.
- The use of roads by automotive traffic and subsequent oil/grease pollutants from normal use.
- The accidental or improper discharge of the following:
 - a) Concrete
 - b) Cleaning solvents
 - c) Detergents
 - d) Petroleum based products
 - e) Paints
 - f) Paint solvents
 - g) Acids
 - h) Concrete additives

<u>Attachment B – Volume and Character of Storm Water</u>

The existing condition for the site is undeveloped ranch land. The proposed Woodside East - Phases A is composed of a drainage area which discharges to Berry Creek south of the property, as shown in the Berry Creek drainage report. A summary of the drainage calculations is below and is also included in the Woodside East - Phases A Construction Plans included with this submittal.

The character of the storm water generated by this project is typical of residential development. The stormwater flows across the pavement, then is diverted through the site and treated by vegetative filter strips.

Berry Creek Runoff Calculations – Existing Conditions

	EXI	ISTING	CONDIT	ION SU	BBASIN	ELEME	NTS	
SUBBASIN	AREA [SQ MI]	CN	LAG [MIN]	Q2 [CFS]	Q10 [CFS]	Q25 [CFS]	Q100 [CFS]	DOWNSTREAM
A	55.80078125	80.0	235.41	6687.4	15864.17	21852.75	30690.46	R-1
A-1	.09540625	87.2	13.995	144.7	250.13	312.65	404.76	R-1
В	.303125	84.5	20.57	318.74	606.2	781.75	1035.3	J-1
C-1	.08890625	80.0	15.06	90.43	182.73	238.7	323.26	R_C1-C2
C-2A	.054375	80.0	21.71	50.89	105.46	138.87	189.2	R_C2A-C2B
C-2B	.03745313	80.0	13.72	38.08	77.89	101.95	138.95	J-C2
C-2C	.04217188	80.0	11.21	47.33	95.41	124.02	168.89	J-C2
C-3A	.0361875	80.0	14.89	33.92	70.29	92.55	126.1	R_C3A-C3B
C-3B	.08003125	80.0	18.69	68.62	143.78	190.45	259.82	J-C3
C-3C	.03898438	80.0	14.26	40.91	82.23	107.17	145.03	J-C3
C-4A	.05154688	80.0	12.65	90.81	148.99	183.44	234.61	J-C4
C4-B	.06579688	80.0	13.24	68.16	139.09	181.81	247.5	J-C4
D	.11645313	82.88	22.61	105.55	209.68	274.03	367.34	J-1
Ε	.3141875	84.5	27.99	271.89	529.61	689.12	917.29	J-2
F	.19184375	80.0	19.52	212.01	406.42	524.11	697.1	J-2
G	.6435	83.14	30.55	486.79	982.43	1293.17	1739.24	J-3
G-1	.06917188	80.0	15.58	74.49	151.09	196.96	268.12	R_G1-G2
G-2	.13353125	80.0	40.002	126.15	261.03	343.52	468.15	J-G2
G-3A	.04140625	80.0	11.2	46.5	93.72	121.83	165.92	J-G3
G-3B	.0138125	80.0	10.97	23.32	41.18	51.61	67.8	J-G3
G-4A	.027	80.0	15.08	26.1	53.84	70.73	96.33	J-G4
G-4B	.15692188	83.7	22.79	138.12	271.78	354.55	473.57	J-G4
G-4C	.08151563	80	15.74	77.02	159.37	209.73	285.82	POI-G4
G-5A	.04626563	80.0	12.33	49.67	100.81	131.43	178.87	J-G5
G-5C	.1503125	89.55	44.6	199.29	341.39	426.97	548.03	J-G5
н	10.79682813	82.3	79.16	3969.51	8672.89	11669.6	16017.65	J-3
ı	3.73673438	82.7	73.18	1449.35	3132.31	4202.32	5750.76	J-4
J	1.62089063	84.5	33.7	1237.23	2440.67	3192.7	4264.07	R_J-K
K	.8356875	84.82	29.99	780.59	1499.6	1941.94	2575.29	J-4
K-1	.06257813	80.0	16.31	57.99	120.22	158.45	216.06	R_K1_K2
K-2	.12379688	80.0	14.34	122.92	252.58	331.16	451.02	POI-K2
K-4	.1555625	82.57	19.87	149.84	296.89	387.19	519.13	J-4
K-5	.08782813	82.65	14.99	99.89	192.87	248.83	332.79	J-4
L	.20442188	86.5	22.8	224.51	412.29	526.51	689.32	J-4

Berry Creek Runoff Calculations – Developed Site

	PRO	POSED	CONDIT	TION SU	BBASIN	ELEME	NTS	
SUBBASIN	AREA [SQ MI]	CN	LAG [MIN]	Q2 [CFS]	Q10 [CFS]	Q25 [CFS]	Q100 [CFS]	DOWNSTREAM
Α	55.80078125	80.0	235.41	6687.4	15864.17	21852.75	30690.46	R-1
A-1	.09540625	87.2	13.995	144.7	250.13	312.65	404.76	R-1
В	.303125	84.5	20.57	318.74	606.2	781.75	1035.3	J-1
C-1	.08890625	80.83	15.46	81.68	167.27	220.08	298.52	R_C1-C2
C-2A	.054375	80.0	21.71	50.89	105.46	138.87	189.2	R_C2A-C2B
C-2B	.02892188	89.24	15.66	45.58	76.27	94.61	121.18	J-C2
C-2C	.04217188	87.88	11.31	84.41	136.85	167.92	215.64	J-C2
C-3A	.0361875	80.0	14.89	33.92	70.29	92.55	126.1	R_C3A-C3B
C-3B	.08770313	88.29	19.52	165.63	270.73	332.4	427.03	
C-3C	.03898438	80.84	13.44	42.2	84.41	109.76	148.45	J-C3
C-4A	.05517188	89.08	15.02	98.21	161.18	198.34	253.48	J-C4
C4-B	.06579688	80.05	12.31	70.92	143.72	187.31	254.84	J-C4
D	.11590625	84.01	22.62	111.9	216.85	281.31	374.25	J-1
E	.3141875	84.5	27.99	271.89	529.61	689.12	917.29	J-2
F	.15021875	84.83	17.61	178.49	332.09	424.71	560.06	J-2
F-1	.0445625	90.73	10.62	91.98	143.64	174.21	220.29	R_F1-F
G	.6435	83.14	30.55	486.79	982.43	1293.17	1739.24	J-3
G-1	.06917188	80.0	15.58	74.49	151.09	196.96	268.12	R_G1-G2
G-2	.176875	89.65	20.58	321.44	521.74	640.22	815.7	POND G
G-3A	.03284375	88.72	12.77	56.28	93.32	115.25	147.9	J-G3
G-3B	.01395313	84.0	10.97	22.84	41.73	52.82	69.93	J-G3
G-4A	.028	88.37	19.65	46.11	77.42	95.95	123.33	J-G4
G-4B	.15692188	83.7	22.79	138.12	271.78	354.55	473.57	J-G4
G-4C	.01028125	86.41	13.27	18.39	31.08	38.5	50.02	POI-G4
G-5A	.02059375	89.09	12.66	36.1	59.35	73.12	93.57	J-G5
G-5B	.02820313	80.4	14.34	32.82	65.75	85.24	115.96	J-G5
G-5C	.1503125	89.55	44.6	199.29	341.39	426.97	548.03	J-G5
н	10.79682813	82.3	79.16	3969.51	8672.89	11669.6	16017.65	J-3
1	3.73673438	82.7	73.18	1449.35	3132.31	4202.32	5750.76	J-4
J	1.62089063	84.5	33.7	1237.23	2440.67	3192.7	4264.07	R_J-K
К	.8356875	84.82	29.99	780.59	1499.6	1941.94	2575.29	J-4
K-1	.06257813	80.0	16.31	57.99	120.22	158.45	216.06	R_K1_K2
K-2	.12896875	90.82	18.9	196.98	324.61	401.32	510.0	POND K
K-3	.0185	83.54	12.16	21.8	41.34	53.08	70.51	POI-K2
K-4	.1555625	82.57	19.87	149.84	296.89	387.19	519.13	J-4
K-5	.08782813	82.65	14.99	99.89	192.87	248.83	332.79	J-4
L L	.20442188	86.5	22.8	224.51	412.29	526.51	689.32	J-4

Please see attached water quality plans within the plan set.

Organized Sewage Collection System Application

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

For Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(c), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Regulated Entity Name: Woodside East - Phases A

1. Attachment A – SCS Engineering Design Report. This Engineering Design Report is provided to fulfill the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 217, including 217.10 of Subchapter A, §§217.51 – 217.70 of Subchapter C, and Subchapter D as applicable, and is required to be submitted with this SCS Application Form.

Customer Information

2. The entity and contact person responsible for providing the required engineering certification of testing for this sewage collection system upon completion (including private service connections) and every five years thereafter to the appropriate TCEQ region office pursuant to 30 TAC §213.5(c) is:

Contact Person: Blake Magee

Entity: MK Woodside Development, Inc. Mailing Address: 1011 North Lamar

 City, State: Austin, TX
 Zip: 78703

 Telephone: (512) 481-0303
 Fax: N/A

Email Address: <u>blake@blakemageeco.com</u>

The appropriate regional office must be informed of any changes in this information within 30 days of the change.

3. The engineer responsible for the design of this sewage collection system is:

Contact Person: Mr. Bryan E. Moore, P.E.

Texas Licensed Professional Engineer's Number: <u>98920</u>

Entity: Steger Bizzell

Mailing Address: 1978 S. Austin Ave

City, State: Georgetown, TX Zip: 78626
Telephone: (512) 930-9412 Fax: n/a

Email Address: <u>bmoore@stegerbizzell</u>.com

Project Information

4.	Anticipated type of development to be served (est adequate allowance for institutional and commerc	
	Residential: Number of single-family lots: 10 Multi-family: Number of residential units: Commercial Industrial Off-site system (not associated with any definition of the control of t	<u> </u>
5.	The character and volume of wastewater is shown	below:
	100 % Domestic% Industrial% Commingled Total gallons/day: 150,907	150,907 gallons/day gallons/day gallons/day
6.	Existing and anticipated infiltration/inflow is 36,35 by: The project is all new construction with PVC pig	
7.	A Water Pollution Abatement Plan (WPAP) is requi commercial, industrial or residential project locate	•
	 □ The WPAP application for this development was the approval letter is attached. □ The WPAP application for this development was not been approved. □ A WPAP application is required for an associated □ There is no associated project requiring a WPA 	ed project, but it has not been submitted.
8.	Pipe description:	

Table 1 – Pipe Description

PIPE DIAMETER (IN)	LINEAR FEET (FT)	PIPE MATERIAL	NATIONAL STANDARD FOR PIPE MATERIAL	NATIONAL STANDARD FOR PIPE JOINTS
6	1450	PVC SDR-26	ASTM D 3034	ASTM D 3212
8	3263	PVC SDR-26	ASTM D 3034	ASTM D 3213
8	120	PVC DR-18	ASTM D 1784	ASTM D 3139

Total Linear Feet: 4,833

- (1) Linear feet Include stub-outs and double service connections. Do not include private service laterals.
- (2) Pipe Material If PVC, state SDR value.
- (3) Specifications ASTM / ANSI / AWWA specification and class numbers should be included.

9.		e sewage collection system will convey the wastewater to the <u>Pecan Branch</u> Wastewater ratment Plant. The treatment facility is: Existing
		Proposed
10.	All	components of this sewage collection system will comply with:
		The City of <u>Georgetown</u> standard specifications. Other. Specifications are attached.
11.	\boxtimes	No force main(s) and/or lift station(s) are associated with this sewage collection system.
		A force main(s) and/or lift station(s) is associated with this sewage collection system and the Lift Station/Force Main System Application form (TCEQ-0624) is included with this application.
ΑI	igı	nment
12.		There are no deviations from uniform grade in this sewage collection system without manholes and with open cut construction.
13.		There are no deviations from straight alignment in this sewage collection system without manholes.
		Attachment B - Justification and Calculations for Deviation in Straight Alignment without Manholes. A justification for deviations from straight alignment in this sewage collection system without manholes with documentation from pipe manufacturer allowing pipe curvature is attached.
		For curved sewer lines, all curved sewer line notes (TCEQ-0596) are included on the construction plans for the wastewater collection system.
M	an	holes and Cleanouts
14.		Manholes or clean-outs exist at the end of each sewer line(s). These locations are listed

Table 2 – Manholes and Cleanouts

Line	Shown on Sheet	Station	Manhole or Clean- out?
WW-A02	37 of 51	0+00.00	Manhole
WW-A02	37 of 51	4+97.97	Manhole
WW-A11	38 of 51	0+00.00	Manhole
WW-A11	38 of 51	10+41.52	Ex. Manhole
WW-A12	38 of 51	0+00.00	Manhole
WW-A12	38 of 51	2+02.70	Manhole
WW-A351	39 of 51	0+00.00	Manhole
WW-A351	40 of 51	10+20.26	Manhole

Line	Shown on Sheet	Station	Manhole or Clean- out?
WW-A352	41 of 51	0+00.00	Manhole
WW-A352	41 of 51	5+42.25	Manhole

- 15. Manholes are installed at all Points of Curvature and Points of Termination of a sewer line.
- 16. The maximum spacing between manholes on this project for each pipe diameter is no greater than:

Pipe Diameter (inches)	Max. Manhole Spacing (feet)
6 - 15	500
16 - 30	800
36 - 48	1000
≥54	200

Attachment C – Justification for Variance from Maximum Manhole Spacing. The maximum
spacing between manholes on this project (for each pipe diameter used) is greater than listed
in the table above. A justification for any variance from the maximum spacing is attached, and
must include a letter from the entity which will operate and maintain the system stating that
it has the capability to maintain lines with manhole spacing greater than the allowed spacing.

- 17. All manholes will be monolithic, cast-in-place concrete.
 - The use of pre-cast manholes is requested for this project. The manufacturer's specifications and construction drawings, showing the method of sealing the joints, are attached.

Site Plan Requirements

Items 18 - 25 must be included on the Site Plan.

- 18. \square The Site Plan must have a minimum scale of 1" = 400'. Site Plan Scale: 1" = 100'.
- 19. The Site Plan must include the sewage collection system general layout, including manholes with station numbers, and sewer pipe stub outs (if any). Site plan must be overlain by topographic contour lines, using a contour interval of not greater than ten feet and showing the area within both the five-year floodplain and the 100-year floodplain of any drainage way.
- 20. Lateral stub-outs:

The location of all lateral stub-outs are shown and labeled.
No lateral stub-outs will be installed during the construction of this sewer collection system.

21. Location of existing and proposed water lines:

The entire water distribution system for this project is shown and labeled.
If not shown on the Site Plan, a Utility Plan is provided showing the entire water and sewe
systems.
There will be no water lines associated with this project.

22. 100-year floodplain:

either naturally occurring constructed above of sev	g or manmade. (Do not include st wer lines.)	
water-tight manholes. T	pplete, all sections located within the tall hese locations are listed in the tall (Do not include streets or concre	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Table 3 – 100-Year Floodpla	in	
Line	Sheet	Station
N/A		
23. 5-year floodplain:		
constructed above sewe	-	streets or concrete-lined channels
encased in concrete or ca and are shown and label channels constructed abo	aplete, all sections located within a apped with concrete. These locat ed on the Site Plan. (Do not includo ove sewer lines.)	tions are listed in the table below
encased in concrete or ca and are shown and label	apped with concrete. These located on the Site Plan. (Do not include	tions are listed in the table below
encased in concrete or ca and are shown and label channels constructed about Table 4 – 5-Year Floodplain	apped with concrete. These located on the Site Plan. (Do not includo ove sewer lines.)	tions are listed in the table below de streets or concrete-lined
encased in concrete or ca and are shown and label channels constructed about Table 4 – 5-Year Floodplain Line	apped with concrete. These located on the Site Plan. (Do not includo ove sewer lines.)	tions are listed in the table below de streets or concrete-lined
encased in concrete or ca and are shown and label channels constructed about Table 4 – 5-Year Floodplain Line	apped with concrete. These located on the Site Plan. (Do not includove sewer lines.) Sheet	tions are listed in the table below de streets or concrete-lined
encased in concrete or control and are shown and labeled channels constructed about the second secon	site are shown. Inical specifications are submitted and specifications are dated, sign	Station I for the TCEQ's review. Each sheet ned, and sealed by the Texas
encased in concrete or control and are shown and labeled channels constructed about the second secon	sapped with concrete. These located on the Site Plan. (Do not includove sewer lines.) Sheet Site are shown. Inical specifications are submitted and specifications are dated, sign gineer responsible for the design of the des	Station I for the TCEQ's review. Each sheet ned, and sealed by the Texas

Table 5 - Water Line Crossings

Line	Station or Closest Point	Crossing or Parallel	Horizontal Separation Distance	Vertical Separation Distance
WW-A11	4+05.26	Crossing	N/A	2.3'
WW-A12	1+75.70	Crossing	N/A	5.5'
WW-A351	1+62.81	Crossing	N/A	4.6'
WW-A351	6+32.16	Crossing	N/A	3.5'
WW-A351	9+93.26	Crossing	N/A	3.8'
WW-A352	2+19.05	Crossing	N/A	2.6'

No part of this sewer line is within the 100-year floodplain and vented manholes are not
required by 30 TAC Chapter 217.
A portion of this sewer line is within the 100-year floodplain and vented manholes will be
provided at less than 1500 foot intervals. These water-tight manholes are listed in the table
below and labeled on the appropriate profile sheets.
A portion of this sewer line is within the 100-year floodplain and an alternative means of venting shall be provided at less than 1500 feet intervals. A description of the alternative means is described on the following page.
A portion of this sewer line is within the 100-year floodplain; however, there is no interval longer than 1500 feet located within. No vented manholes will be used.

Table 6 - Vented Manholes

Line	Manhole	Station	Sheet
N/A			

28. Drop manholes:

	drop manh	oles associated	with this	project.
--	-----------	-----------------	-----------	----------

Sewer lines which enter new or existing manholes or "manhole structures" higher than 24
inches above the manhole invert are listed in the table below and labeled on the appropriate
profile sheets. These lines meet the requirements of 30 TAC §217.55(I)(2)(H).

Table 7 - Drop Manholes

Line	Manhole	Station	Sheet
N/A			

29. Sewer line stub-outs (For proposed extensions):

system.	r line stub-outs a	re to be installed durin	g the con	struction of this	sewage collection
30. Lateral stub-	outs (For propos	ed private service conr	ections):		
= '		ngs of all lateral stub-o o be installed during th			
31. Minimum flo	w velocity (From	n Appendix A)			
		ng full; all slopes are de for this system/line.	signed to	produce flows	equal to or greater
32. Maximum flo	ow velocity/slope	es (From Appendix A)			
Attachm Assuming	ent D – Calculati g pipes are flowir	oer second for this system ons for Slopes for Flowing full, some slopes pro	s Greater duce flow	Than 10.0 Fee	eater than 10 feet pe
		are listed in the table b		culations are att	Erosion/Shock
				culations are att	
Table 8 – Flow	s Greater Thai	n 10 Feet per Secon	d		Erosion/Shock
Table 8 – Flow	s Greater Thai	n 10 Feet per Secon	d		Erosion/Shock

Administrative Information

- 34. The final plans and technical specifications are submitted for TCEQ review. Each sheet of the construction plans and specifications are dated, signed, and sealed by the Texas Licensed Professional Engineer responsible for the design on each sheet.
- 35. Standard details are shown on the detail sheets, which are dated, signed, and sealed by the Texas Licensed Professional Engineer, as listed in the table below:

Table 9 - Standard Details

Standard Details	Shown on Sheet
Lateral stub-out marking [Required]	43 of 51
Manhole, showing inverts comply with 30 TAC §217.55(I)(2) [Required]	42 of 51
Alternate method of joining lateral to existing SCS line for potential future connections [Required]	42 of 51
Typical trench cross-sections [Required]	43 of 51
Bolted manholes [Required]	43 of 51
Sewer Service lateral standard details [Required]	42 of 51
Clean-out at end of line [Required, if used]	N/A
Baffles or concrete encasement for shock/erosion protection [Required, if flow velocity of any section of pipe >10 fps]	N/A
Detail showing Wastewater Line/Water Line Crossing [Required, if crossings are proposed]	43 of 51
Mandrel detail or specifications showing compliance with 30 TAC §217.57(b) and (c) [Required, if Flexible Pipe is used]	43 of 51
Drop manholes [Required, if a pipe entering a manhole is more than 24 inches above manhole invert]	N/A

- 36. All organized sewage collection system general construction notes (TCEQ-0596) are included on the construction plans for this sewage collection system.
- 37. All proposed sewer lines will be sufficiently surveyed/staked to allow an assessment prior to TCEQ executive director approval. If the alignments of the proposed sewer lines are not walkable on that date, the application will be deemed incomplete and returned.
 - Survey staking was completed on this date: 09/18/2023
- 38. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
- 39. Any modification of this SCS application will require TCEQ approval, prior to construction, and may require submission of a revised application, with appropriate fees.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Organized Sewage Collection System Application** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The system was designed in accordance with the requirements of 30 TAC §213.5(c) and 30 TAC §217 and prepared by:

Print Name of Licensed Professional Engineer: Bryan E. Moore, P.E. F-181

Date: <u>8/18/2023</u>

Place engineer's seal here:



Signature of Licensed Professional Engineer:

Appendix A-Flow Velocity Table

Flow Velocity (Flowing Full) All gravity sewer lines on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone shall be designed and constructed with hydraulic slopes sufficient to give a velocity when flowing full of not less than 2.0 feet per second, and not greater than 10 feet per second. The grades shown in the following table are based on Manning's formula and an n factor of 0.013 and shall be the minimum and maximum acceptable slopes unless provisions are made otherwise.

Table 10 - Slope Velocity

Pipe Diameter(Inches)	% Slope required for minimum flow velocity of 2.0 fps	% Slope which produces flow velocity of 10.0 fps
6	0.50	12.35
8	0.33	8.40
10	0.25	6.23
12	0.20	4.88
15	0.15	3.62
18	0.11	2.83
21	0.09	2.30
24	0.08	1.93
27	0.06	1.65
30	0.055	1.43
33	0.05	1.26
36	0.045	1.12
39	0.04	1.01
>39	*	*

^{*}For lines larger than 39 inches in diameter, the slope may be determined by Manning's formula (as shown below) to maintain a minimum velocity greater than 2.0 feet per second when flowing full and a maximum velocity less than 10 feet per second when flowing full.

$$v = \frac{1.49}{n} \times R_h^{0.67} \times \sqrt{S}$$

Figure 1 - Manning's Formula

Where:

v = velocity (ft/sec)

n = Manning's roughness coefficient

(0.013)

Rh = hydraulic radius (ft)

S = slope (ft/ft)

ATTACHMENT A

ENGINEERING DESIGN REPORT

FOR

Woodside East - Phases A Organized Sewage Collection System

Job No. 22226-21-03



Prepared by:

STEGER BIZZELL F-181 1978 South Austin Ave. Georgetown, Texas 78626

Engineering Design Report For a WASTEWATER COLLECTION SYSTEM Within Woodside East - Phases A

PURPOSE

The purpose of this report is to demonstrate that the proposed wastewater collection system complies with the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality's Chapter 217 - Design Criteria for Domestic Wastewater Systems. The project includes the construction of wastewater lines to service Woodside East - Phases A. Woodside is a high-quality residential development located in Georgetown, Texas.

The sewage collection system from Woodside East - Phases A will be connected to the existing 24-inch stub along the east side of the property. The existing collection system then travels down to Berry Creek and into the Sun City Lift Station where it ultimately flows to the Pecan Branch WWTP.

The <u>CITY OF GEORGETOWN</u> will own and maintain the sanitary sewer collection system described in this application. The <u>PECAN BRANCH</u> wastewater treatment plant (WWTP) will receive and treat flows from the project. The TCEQ Permit No. is <u>WQ 00104890002</u>. The Permittee is the <u>Pulte Homes of Texas, L.P.</u> The plans will also be reviewed by the City of Georgetown's Development Engineer.

PIPE DESIGN 30 TAC §217.53

Flow design basis (30 TAC §217.53(a))

Flow development for the area is based on the following City of Georgetown design criteria:

Unit Flow:

- Woodside = 70 gallons per capita per day (gpcd)
- Typical Residential = 70 gpcd

Dry Weather Flow (DWF):

- Woodside = 2.5 people/LUE*(70 gpcd+30 gpcd) = 250 gpd/LUE
- Woodside = (250 gpd/LUE * 106 LUE) = 26,500.0 gpd

Woodside East - Phases A:

AvgDWF= 26,500 gpd/ 10^6 = 0.00265 (mgd) Peak Flow Factor (PF) = 2.8*AvgDWF^{-0.0732} = 4.32

Peak DWF = PF*DWF = 114,557.2 gpd

I/I flows have to be considered as part of flow development. A generally accepted I/I generation rate in the City of Georgetown is 1,000 gallons/acre/day. The total area contributing to infiltration for the

Woodside East - Phases A portion of the system is 36.35 acres. Therefore, the flow resulting from I/I would be as follows:

Woodside East - Phases A:

36.35 acres * 1,000 gallons/acre/day = 36,350 gpd

Potential peak flow in the system would be as follows:

Woodside East - Phases A:

114,557 gpd + 36,350 gpd = <u>150,907 gpd or 0.2335 Cfs</u>

The wastewater lines in Woodside East - Phases A consist of 8-inch pipe within the neighborhood. Further downstream these lines join the existing interceptor.

For the portion of the collection system proposed in this report, which encompasses the Woodside East - Phases A phase of development, the proposed minimum slope for 8-inch diameter pipe is 0.50%, and the proposed maximum slope for 8-inch diameter pipe is 5.50%. The required minimum slope for 8-inch diameter pipe is 0.33%, and the required maximum slope is 8.40%. The proposed minimum slope for 12-inch diameter pipe is 0.50% and the proposed maximum slope is 2.19%. The required minimum and maximum slopes for 12-inch diameter pipe is 0.20% and 4.88%. The proposed system meets these requirements.

The minimum pipe full velocity is 2 fps and the maximum pipe full velocity is 10 fps based on the minimum and maximum slopes for each diameter of pipe. The proposed system falls within the required slopes and therefore meets the minimum and maximum velocity requirements.

Gravity pipe materials (30 TAC §217.53(b)), Joints for gravity pipe (30 TAC §217.53(c))

PIPE	LINEAR FEET	PIPE MATERIAL	NATIONAL	NATIONAL
			SPECIFICATION FOR	STANDARD FOR
			PIPE MATERIAL	PIPE JOINTS
6" Services	1450	PVC SDR-26	ASTM D3034	ASTM D3212
8" Gravity	120	PVC DR-18	ASTM D1784	ASTM D3139
8" Gravity	3263	PVC SDR-26	ASTM D3034	ASTM D3212

Separation distances (30 TAC §217.53(d))

The proposed wastewater collection system complies with the TCEQ Separation Distance requirements for horizontal separation. Where the proposed potable water system cross the proposed collection system the water system will be above the wastewater collection system. The crossings will meet TCEQ criteria for potable water line crossings. DR-18 PVC pipe with a pressure rating of 150 psi will be used for crossings with vertical separations of less than two-feet and greater than six-inches and are labeled on the wastewater plan and profile sheets.

Building laterals and taps (30 TAC §217.53(e))

There are 6" laterals to proposed homes with this project.

Bores (30 TAC §217.53(f))

There are no bores associated with this project.

Corrosion potential (30 TAC §217.53(g)), Odor control (30 TAC §217.53(h))

PVC SDR26 and DR-18 meeting the requirements of ASTM D3034 and F679 for pipe and ASTM D3212 for pipe joints are proposed for this project. The sewer pipe will handle ordinary domestic sewer.

Active geologic faults (30 TAC §217.53(i))

There are no known active geologic faults within the limits of construction.

Capacity analysis (30 TAC §217.53(j))

The existing downstream collection system consists of 18" and larger pipes. The existing 18" line at the connection point has a minimum grade of 0.15% and a line capacity of 2,636,973 gpd. Confirmation of capacity from the City of Georgetown was included with the submittal package for the SCS approved on January 9, 2015. There is an agreement in place between the City of Georgetown and the developer, which ensures wastewater capacity within the system for the development of the Sun City Tract, including Woodside.

Structural analysis (30 TAC §217.53(k))

See Attachment Form 10243 for structural calculations following this report.

Minimum and maximum slopes (30 TAC §217.53(I))

The wastewater collection system contains slopes sufficient to maintain velocities greater than 2.0 feet per second and less than 10.0 feet per second, when flowing full. For 8" diameter pipe, the minimum slope is 0.33%, and the maximum slope is 8.40%. For this system, the proposed minimum slope is 0.50% and the maximum slope is 4.50%. For 12" diameter pipe, the minimum slope is 0.20%, and the maximum slope is 4.88%. For this system, the proposed minimum slope is 0.50% and the maximum slope is 2.19%.

Alignment (30 TAC §217.53(m))

The proposed wastewater collection system has been designed with uniform grade between manholes. No deviations from straight alignment between manholes are proposed.

Inverted siphons or sag pipes (30 TAC §217.53(n))

There are no inverted siphons or sag pipes proposed with this project.

Bridged sections (30 TAC §217.53(o))

There are no bridged sections proposed with this project.

CRITERIA FOR LAYING PIPE 30 TAC §217.54

Pipe embedment (30 TAC §217.54(a)), Compaction (30 TAC §217.54(b)) Envelope size (30 TAC §217.54(c)), Trench width (30 TAC §217.54(d))

The project will comply with the City of Georgetown's details and specifications for pipe embedment and excavation. The detail is included in the construction plans on Sheets 42 and 43 of the Woodside East - Phases A Construction Plan. The bedding compiles with ASTM D-2321 class 1B gravel. The minimum trench width for 8", 12", 15", 18 and 21" pipe is 21", 25", 28", 31" and 35" respectively. The maximum trench width for 8", 12", 15", 18" and 21" pipe is 35", 39", 41", 45 and 48" respectively.

MANHOLES AND RELATED STRUCTURES 30 TAC §217.55

Precast concrete manholes are proposed for this project. A detail for the manhole is included in the construction plans on Sheets 42 and 43. The manholes must meet the requirements of ASTM C-478. Manholes are proposed at the end of the sewer line and at changes in alignment. A detail for the cleanout is included in the construction plans on Sheets 42 and 43 cleanouts proposed. Details for the manhole covers and inverts are included on Sheets 42 and 43.

The manholes have been spaced to comply with Table C.2 of 30 TAC §217.55. The maximum spacing between manholes is 469'.

TRENCHLESS PIPE INSTALLATION 30 TAC §217.54

There is no Trenchless Pipe Installation proposed with this project.

TESTING REQUIREMENTS FOR INSTALLATION OF GRAVITY COLLECTION SYSTEM PIPES 30 TAC §217.57

The testing requirements for Gravity System Pipes are included in the Site Development Plan on Sheet 3.

TESTING REQUIREMENTS FOR MANHOLES 30 TAC §217.58

The following testing requirements are taken from 30 TAC §217.58. The testing requirements are also included in the construction plans on Sheet 3.

All manholes must pass a leakage test. An owner shall test each manhole (after assembly and backfilling) for leakage, separate and independent of the collection system pipes, by hydrostatic exfiltration testing, vacuum testing, or other method approved by the executive director.

Hydrostatic Testing

The maximum leakage for hydrostatic testing or any alternative test methods is 0.025 gallons per foot diameter per foot of manhole depth per hour. To perform a hydrostatic exfiltration test, an owner shall seal all wastewater pipes coming into a manhole with an internal pipe plug, fill the manhole with water and maintain the test for at least one hour. A test for concrete manholes may use a 24 hour wetting period before testing to allow saturation of the concrete.

Vacuum Testing

To perform a vacuum test, an owner shall plug all lift holes and exterior joints with a non-shrink grout and plug all pipes entering a manhole. No grout must be placed in horizontal joints before testing. Stub outs, manhole boots and pipe plugs must be secured to prevent movement while a vacuum is drawn. An owner shall use a minimum 60 inch/lb torque wrench to tighten the external clamps that secure a test cover to the top of a manhole. A test head must be placed at the inside of the top of a cone section and the seal inflated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. There must be a vacuum of 10 inches of mercury inside a manhole to perform a valid test. A test does not begin until after the vacuum pump is off. A manhole passes the test if after 2.0 minutes and with all valves closed, the vacuum is a least 9.0 inches of mercury.

LIFT STATION REQUIREMENTS 30 TAC §217.54

There are no Lift Station or force mains associated with this project.

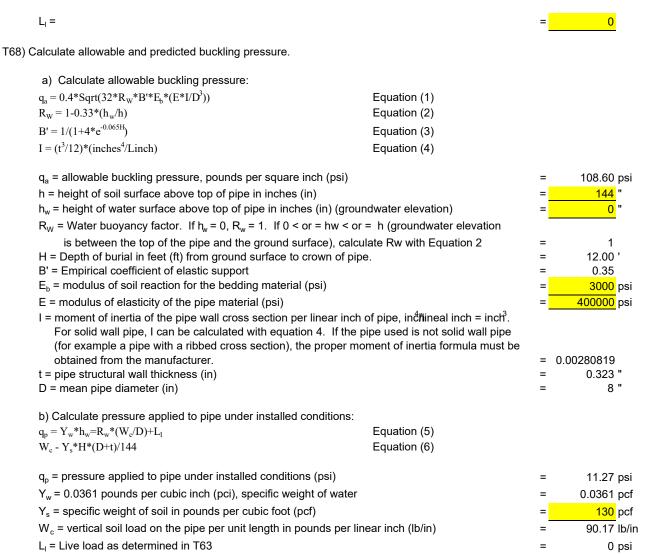
ASTM D3034 PIPE (NOT ASTM D2241)

CHOOSE PIPE SDR AND DIAMETER

SDR =	26	
Dia. =	8	"
Wall =	0.323	"

Buckling Analysis

T63) Pressure due to live load



Wall Crushing T71) If no concrete encased flexible pipe is proposed skip to T73, otherwise:

	$H = (24*P_c*A)/(Y_s*D_o)$	Equation (7)		
	D_o = outside pipe diameter, in. P_c = compressive stress or hydrostatic design basis (HDB). For ty psi. For any other pipe material the HDB must be supplied by the A = surface area of the pipe wall, irr²/ft Y_s = specific weight of soil in pounds per cubic foot (pcf) H = Depth of burial in feet (ft) from ground surface to crown of pipe 24 = conversions and coefficients	pipe manufacturer.	= = = = =	8.646 in. 4000 psi 3.876 in.²/ft 130 pcf 331 ft 24
T81) D	etermine Pipe Stiffness			
	$P_s = EI/0.149*r^3$	Equation (10)		
	E = modulus of elasticity of the pipe material (psi) I = moment of inertia of the pipe wall cross section per linear inch of For solid wall pipe, I can be calculated with equation 4. If the pit (for example a pipe with a ribbed cross section), the proper more obtained from the manufacturer.	pe used is not solid wall pipe	=	400000 psi
	mean pipe diameter (in)		=	0.00280819 in.
	r =mean radius (in)		=	4 in.
	P_s		=	118 psi
T83) C	ralculate P _s /SSF ratio			
	$P_s/SSF = P_s/0.61*zeta*E_b > or = 0.15$	Equation (12)		
	P _s = Pipe stiffness (psi)		=	118 psi
	E _b = modulus of soil reaction for the bedding material (psi) [from T	76]	=	3000 psi
	zeta = 1.0, or a value calculated with the method in T79		=	1.0
	SSF = soil stiffness factor (0.061*zeta*Eb)		=	183
	P_s/SSF		=	0.64
T86) C	alculate and report predicted deflection.			
	$DeltaY/D(\%) = (K*(L_p+L_l)*100)/((0.149*P_s)+(0.061*zeta*E_b))$	Equation (13)		
	$L_p = (Y_s * H)/144$	Equation (14)		
	Delta Y/D = Predicted % vertical deflection under load DeltaY = Change in vertical pipe diameter under load		=	0.59 %
	D = Undeflected mean pipe diameter (in)		=	8 in.
	K = Bedding angle constant. Assumed to be 0.110 unless otherwi		=	0.110
	Y_s = Unit weight of soil (pcf). Y_s less than 120 pcf must be justified	i.	=	130 pcf
	H = Depth of burial (ft) from ground surface to crown of pipe. L = Prism load (nsi). If prism load is calculated using Marston's load.	ad formula, or other formulae	=	12 ft.
	L _p =Prism load (psi). If prism load is calculated using Marston's load formula, or other formulas less conservative than the one provided above, the load should be multiplied by a deflection lag			
	factor DL = 1.5 to account for long-term deflection of the pipe a (P _s from T82; zeta from T80; and E _b from T76)		=	10.83 psi

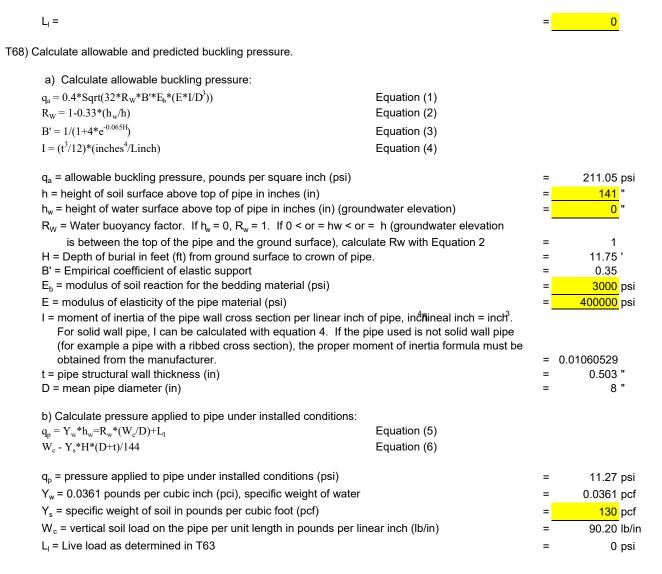
DR-18 PIPE

CHOOSE PIPE DIAMTER AND WALL THICKNESS

Dia. = 8 " Wall = 0.503 "

Buckling Analysis

T63) Pressure due to live load



Wall Crushing T71) If no concrete encased flexible pipe is proposed skip to T73, otherwise:

$H = (24*P_c*$	$A)/(Y_s*D_o)$	Equation (7)		
P_c = compr psi. For an A = surface Y_s = specifi H = Depth o	e pipe diameter, in. essive stress or hydrostatic design basis (H y other pipe material the HDB must be sup) e area of the pipe wall, irr²/ft c weight of soil in pounds per cubic foot (po of burial in feet (ft) from ground surface to c rsions and coefficients	plied by the pipe manufacturer. f)	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	9.006 in. 4000 psi 6.036 in.²/ft 130 pcf 495 ft 24
T81) Determine Pi	pe Stiffness			
$P_s = EI/0.149$	$9*r^{3}$	Equation (10)		
I = moment For solid (for exan	is of elasticity of the pipe material (psi) of inertia of the pipe wall cross section per wall pipe, I can be calculated with equationable a pipe with a ribbed cross section), the from the manufacturer.		=	400000 psi
	pe diameter (in)		=	0.01060529 in.
r =mean ra	dius (in)		=	4 in.
P_s			=	445 psi
T83) Calculate P _s /S	SSF ratio			
$P_s/SSF = P_s/s$	$0.61*zeta*E_b> or = 0.15$	Equation (12)		
P _s = Pipe s	tiffness (psi)		=	445 psi
E _b = module	us of soil reaction for the bedding material (psi) [from T76]	=	3000 psi
zeta = 1.0,	or a value calculated with the method in T7	9	=	1.0
	stiffness factor (0.061*zeta*Eb)		=	183
P_s/SSF			=	2.43
T86) Calculate and	d report predicted deflection.			
DeltaY/D(%	$(0.061 + 2.00) = (K^*(L_p + L_l)^* + 100) / ((0.149 + P_s) + (0.061 + 2.00)) = (K^*(L_p + L_l)^* + 100) / ((0.149 + P_s) + (0.061 + 2.00)) = (K^*(L_p + L_l)^* + 100) / ((0.149 + P_s) + (0.061 + 2.00)) = (K^*(L_p + L_l)^* + 100) / ((0.149 + P_s) + (0.061 + 2.00)) = (K^*(L_p + L_l)^* + 100) / ((0.149 + P_s) + (0.061 + 2.00)) = (K^*(L_p + L_l)^* + 100) / ((0.149 + P_s) + (0.061 + 2.00)) = (K^*(L_p + L_l)^* + 100) / ((0.149 + P_s) + (0.061 + 2.00)) = (K^*(L_p + L_l)^* + 100) / ((0.149 + P_s)^* + (0.061 + 2.00)) = (K^*(L_p + L_l)^* + ($	E _b)) Equation (13)		
$L_p = (Y_s * H)$	/144	Equation (14)		
	Predicted % vertical deflection under load hange in vertical pipe diameter under load		=	0.47 %
	ected mean pipe diameter (in)		=	8 in.
	g angle constant. Assumed to be 0.110 un		=	0.110
=	eight of soil (pcf). Y_s less than 120 pcf mus	-	=	130 pcf
	of burial (ft) from ground surface to crown o oad (psi). If prism load is calculated using N		=	11.75 ft.
·	less conservative than the one provided above, the load should be multiplied by a deflection lag			
factor D	DL = 1.5 to account for long-term deflection 2; zeta from T80; and ⊑ from T76)		=	10.61 psi

Temporary Stormwater Section

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(4)(A), (B), (D)(I) and (G); Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Temporary Stormwater Section** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The application was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: <u>MK Woodside Development, Inc. / Steger Bizzell, Bryan Moore, P.E.</u>

Date: <u>8/18/2023</u>

Signature of Customer/Agent:

Regulated Entity Name: Woodside East - Phases A

Project Information

Potential Sources of Contamination

Examples: Fuel storage and use, chemical storage and use, use of asphaltic products, construction vehicles tracking onto public roads, and existing solid waste.

Ι.	Fuels for construction equipment and nazardous substances which will be used during
	construction:
	The following fuels and/or hazardous substances will be stored on the site:
	These fuels and/or hazardous substances will be stored in:

	Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of less than 250 gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year.
	 Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity between 250 gallons and 499 gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year. Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of 500 gallons or
	more will be stored on the site. An Aboveground Storage Tank Facility Plan application must be submitted to the appropriate regional office of the TCEQ prior to moving the tanks onto the project.
	igotimes Fuels and hazardous substances will not be stored on the site.
2.	Attachment A - Spill Response Actions. A site specific description of the measures to be taken to contain any spill of hydrocarbons or hazardous substances is attached.
3.	Temporary aboveground storage tank systems of 250 gallons or more cumulative storage capacity must be located a minimum horizontal distance of 150 feet from any domestic, industrial, irrigation, or public water supply well, or other sensitive feature.
4.	Attachment B - Potential Sources of Contamination. A description of any activities or processes which may be a potential source of contamination affecting surface water quality is attached.
S	equence of Construction
5.	Attachment C - Sequence of Major Activities. A description of the sequence of major activities which will disturb soils for major portions of the site (grubbing, excavation, grading, utilities, and infrastructure installation) is attached.
	 For each activity described, an estimate (in acres) of the total area of the site to be disturbed by each activity is given. For each activity described, include a description of appropriate temporary control measures and the general timing (or sequence) during the construction process that the measures will be implemented.
6.	Name the receiving water(s) at or near the site which will be disturbed or which will receive discharges from disturbed areas of the project:
Te	emporary Best Management Practices (TBMPs)
	osion control examples: tree protection, interceptor swales, level spreaders, outlet abilization, blankets or matting, mulch, and sod. Sediment control examples: stabilized

stabilization, blankets or matting, mulch, and sod. Sediment control examples: stabilized construction exit, silt fence, filter dikes, rock berms, buffer strips, sediment traps, and sediment basins. Please refer to the Technical Guidance Manual for guidelines and specifications. All

structural BMPs must be shown on the site plan.

7. Attachment D – Temporary Best Management Practices and Measures. TBMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, and stormwater. The

	retain sediment on site to the extent practicable. The following information is attached:
	A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site.
	A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff from the site.
	A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollutants from entering surface streams, sensitive features, or the aquifer.
	A description of how, to the maximum extent practicable, BMPs and measures will maintain flow to naturally-occurring sensitive features identified in either the geologic assessment, TCEQ inspections, or during excavation, blasting, or construction.
8.	The temporary sealing of a naturally-occurring sensitive feature which accepts recharge to the Edwards Aquifer as a temporary pollution abatement measure during active construction should be avoided.
	 Attachment E - Request to Temporarily Seal a Feature. A request to temporarily seal a feature is attached. The request includes justification as to why no reasonable and practicable alternative exists for each feature. ☑ There will be no temporary sealing of naturally-occurring sensitive features on the site.
9.	Attachment F - Structural Practices. A description of the structural practices that will be used to divert flows away from exposed soils, to store flows, or to otherwise limit runoff discharge of pollutants from exposed areas of the site is attached. Placement of structural practices in floodplains has been avoided.
10.	Attachment G - Drainage Area Map . A drainage area map supporting the following requirements is attached:
	For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a sediment basin will be provided.
	For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a smaller sediment basin and/or sediment trap(s) will be used.
	For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a sediment basin or other equivalent controls are not attainable, but other TBMPs and measures will be used in combination to protect
	down slope and side slope boundaries of the construction area. There are no areas greater than 10 acres within a common drainage area that will be disturbed at one time. A smaller sediment basin and/or sediment trap(s) will be used in combination with other erosion and sediment controls within each disturbed drainage area.

	There are no areas greater than 10 acres within a common drainage area that will be disturbed at one time. Erosion and sediment controls other than sediment basins or sediment traps within each disturbed drainage area will be used.
	Attachment H - Temporary Sediment Pond(s) Plans and Calculations. Temporary sediment pond or basin construction plans and design calculations for a proposed temporary BMP or measure have been prepared by or under the direct supervision of a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. All construction plans and design information must be signed, sealed, and dated by the Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. Construction plans for the proposed temporary BMPs and measures are attached.
	⊠ N/A
	Attachment I - Inspection and Maintenance for BMPs. A plan for the inspection of each temporary BMP(s) and measure(s) and for their timely maintenance, repairs, and, if necessary, retrofit is attached. A description of the documentation procedures, recordkeeping practices, and inspection frequency are included in the plan and are specific to the site and/or BMP.
<u> </u>	All control measures must be properly selected, installed, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and good engineering practices. If periodic inspections by the applicant or the executive director, or other information indicate a control has been used inappropriately, or incorrectly, the applicant must replace or modify the control for site situations.
	If sediment escapes the construction site, off-site accumulations of sediment must be removed at a frequency sufficient to minimize offsite impacts to water quality (e.g., fugitive sediment in street being washed into surface streams or sensitive features by the next rain).
	Sediment must be removed from sediment traps or sedimentation ponds not later than when design capacity has been reduced by 50%. A permanent stake will be provided that can indicate when the sediment occupies 50% of the basin volume.
	Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals exposed to stormwater shall be prevented from becoming a pollutant source for stormwater discharges (e.g., screening outfalls, picked up daily).
Soil S	Stabilization Practices
mulchin	es: establishment of temporary vegetation, establishment of permanent vegetation, ng, geotextiles, sod stabilization, vegetative buffer strips, protection of trees, or ation of mature vegetation.
	Attachment J - Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices. A schedule of the interim and permanent soil stabilization practices for the site is

attached.

- 18. Records must be kept at the site of the dates when major grading activities occur, the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site, and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 19. Stabilization practices must be initiated as soon as practicable where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased.

Administrative Information

- 20. All structural controls will be inspected and maintained according to the submitted and approved operation and maintenance plan for the project.
- 21. If any geologic or manmade features, such as caves, faults, sinkholes, etc., are discovered, all regulated activities near the feature will be immediately suspended. The appropriate TCEQ Regional Office shall be immediately notified. Regulated activities must cease and not continue until the TCEQ has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the aquifer from any adverse impacts.
- 22. Silt fences, diversion berms, and other temporary erosion and sediment controls will be constructed and maintained as appropriate to prevent pollutants from entering sensitive features discovered during construction.

<u>Attachment A – Spill Response Actions</u>

Because fuels and hazardous substances will be provided by an off-site facility, no on-site containment procedures are provided for in this WPAP.

The objective of this section is to describe measures to prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants to drainage systems or watercourses from leaks and spills by reducing the chance for spills, stopping the source of spills, containing and cleaning up spills, properly disposing of spill materials, and training employees. The following steps will help reduce the stormwater impacts of leaks and spills:

Education

- 1. Be aware that different materials pollute in different amounts. Make sure that each employee knows what a "significant spill" is for each material they use, and what is the appropriate response for "significant" and "insignificant" spills. Employees should also be aware of when spill must be reported to the TCEQ. Information available in 30 TAC 327.4 and 40 CFR 302.4.
- 2. Educate employees and subcontractors on potential dangers to humans and the environment from spills and leaks.
- 3. Hold regular meetings to discuss and reinforce appropriate disposal procedures (incorporate into regular safety meetings).
- 4. Establish a continuing education program to indoctrinate new employees.
- 5. Have contractor's superintendent or representative oversee and enforce proper spill prevention and control measures.

General Measures

- 1. To the extent that the work can be accomplished safely, spills of oil, petroleum products, and substances listed under 40 CFR parts 110,117, and 302, and sanitary and septic wastes should be contained and cleaned up immediately.
- 2. Store hazardous materials and wastes in covered containers and protect from vandalism.
- 3. Place a stockpile of spill cleanup materials where it will be readily accessible.
- 4. Train employees in spill prevention and cleanup.
- 5. Designate responsible individuals to oversee and enforce control measures.
- 6. Spills should be covered and protected from stormwater run-on during rainfall to the extent that it doesn't compromise clean-up activities.
- 7. Do not bury or wash spills with water.
- 8. Store and dispose of used clean up materials, contaminated materials, and recovered spill material that is no longer suitable for the intended purpose in conformance with the provisions in applicable BMPs.
- 9. Do not allow water used for cleaning and decontamination to enter storm drains or watercourses. Collect and dispose of contaminated water in accordance with applicable regulations.
- 10. Contain water overflow or minor water spillage and do not allow it to discharge into drainage facilities or watercourses.

- 11. Place Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS), as well as proper storage, cleanup, and spill reporting instructions for hazardous materials stored or used on the project site in an open, conspicuous, and accessible location.
- 12. Keep waste storage areas clean, well-organized, and equipped with ample cleanup supplies as appropriate for the materials being stored. Perimeter controls, containment structures, covers, and liners should be repaired or replaced as needed to maintain proper function.

Cleanup

- 1. Clean up leaks and spills immediately.
- 2. Use a rag for small spills on paved surfaces, a damp mop for general cleanup, and absorbent material for larger spills. If the spilled material is hazardous, then the used cleanup materials are also hazardous and must be disposed of as hazardous waste.
- 3. Never hose down or bury dry material spills. Clean up as much of the material as possible and dispose of properly. See the waste management BMPs in this section for specific information.

Minor Spills

- 1. Minor spills typically involve small quantities of oil, gasoline, paint, etc. which can be controlled by the first responder at the discovery of the spill.
- 2. Use absorbent materials on small spills rather than hosing down or burying the spill.
- 3. Absorbent materials should be promptly removed and disposed of properly.
- 4. Follow the practice below for a minor spill:
- 5. Contain the spread of the spill.
- 6. Recover spilled materials.
- 7. Clean the contaminated area and properly dispose of contaminated materials.

Semi-Significant Spills

Semi-significant spills still can be controlled by the first responder along with the aid of other personnel such as laborers and the foreman, etc. This response may require the cessation of all other activities.

Spills should be cleaned up immediately:

- 1. Contain spread of the spill.
- 2. Notify the project foreman immediately.
- 3. If the spill occurs on paved or impermeable surfaces, clean up using "dry" methods (absorbent materials, cat litter and/or rags). Contain the spill by encircling with absorbent materials and do not let the spill spread widely.
- 4. If the spill occurs in dirt areas, immediately contain the spill by constructing an earthen dike. Dig up and properly dispose of contaminated soil.
- 5. If the spill occurs during rain, cover spill with tarps or other material to prevent contaminating runoff.

Significant/Hazardous Spills

For significant or hazardous spills that are in reportable quantities:

1. Notify the TCEQ by telephone as soon as possible and within 24 hours at 512-339-2929 (Austin) or 210-490-3096 (San Antonio) between 8 AM and 5 PM. After hours, contact the

Environmental Release Hotline at 1-800-832-8224. It is the contractor's responsibility to have all emergency phone numbers at the construction site.

- 2. For spills of federal reportable quantities, in conformance with the requirements in 40 CFR parts 110, 119, and 302, the contractor should notify the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.
- 3. Notification should first be made by telephone and followed up with a written report.
- 4. The services of a spills contractor or a Haz-Mat team should be obtained immediately. Construction personnel should not attempt to clean up until the appropriate and qualified staffs have arrived at the job site.
- 5. Other agencies which may need to be consulted include, but are not limited to, the City Police Department, County Sheriff Office, Fire Departments, etc.

More information on spill rules and appropriate responses is available on the TCEQ website at: http://www.tceq.texas.gov/response/

Vehicle and Equipment Maintenance

- 1. If maintenance must occur onsite, use a designated area and a secondary containment, located away from drainage courses, to prevent the run-on of stormwater and the runoff of spills.
- 2. Regularly inspect onsite vehicles and equipment for leaks and repair immediately.
- 3. Check incoming vehicles and equipment (including delivery trucks, and employee and subcontractor vehicles) for leaking oil and fluids. Do not allow leaking vehicles or equipment onsite.
- 4. Always use secondary containment, such as a drain pan or drop cloth, to catch spills or leaks when removing or changing fluids.
- 5. Place drip pans or absorbent materials under paving equipment when not in use.
- 6. Use absorbent materials on small spills rather than hosing down or burying the spill. Remove the absorbent materials promptly and dispose of properly.
- 7. Promptly transfer used fluids to the proper waste or recycling drums. Don't leave full drip pans or other open containers lying around.
- 8. Oil filters disposed of in trashcans or dumpsters can leak oil and pollute stormwater. Place the oil filter in a funnel over a waste oil-recycling drum to drain excess oil before disposal. Oil filters can also be recycled. Ask the oil supplier or recycler about recycling oil filters.
- 9. Store cracked batteries in a non-leaking secondary container. Do this with all cracked batteries even if you think all the acid has drained out. If you drop a battery, treat it as if it is cracked. Put it into the containment area until you are sure it is not leaking.

Vehicle and Equipment Fueling

- 1. If fueling must occur on site, use designated areas, located away from drainage courses, to prevent the run-on of stormwater and the runoff of spills.
- 2. Discourage "topping off" of fuel tanks.
- 3. Always use secondary containment, such as a drain pan, when fueling to catch spills/leaks.

If a spill should occur, the person responsible for the spill should contact the TCEQ at (512) 339-2929 or call 911. Soil contaminated by spills that occur on-site will be removed and disposed at an approved disposal site.

<u>Attachment B – Potential Sources of Contamination</u>

- Hydraulic and diesel
- Portable toilet systems (Sanitary Waste)
- Trash from construction workers
- Paints, Paint Solvents, glues, concrete and other building materials
- Plant fertilizers and Pesticides
- Inadequate maintenance of temporary water pollution abatement measures
- Stock piles or spoils of materials

<u>Attachment C – Sequence of Major Activities</u>

The following sequence of activities is suggested. The sequence of construction will take place in one phase. The actual sequence may vary slightly depending on the contractor or weather conditions.

- 1. Construction activities will commence with the installation of the required erosion controls and stabilized construction entrances.
- 2. Excavation will take place where the roads and utilities will be situated. Spoils of this material may be placed at a location on the project site as directed by the contractor or hauled off-site. These spoils and any other loose granular material will be enclosed by a silt fence.
- 3. The installation of the utilities, BMPs, and storm sewer will disturb a portion of the site. Proposed utility improvements include an extension of an existing wastewater collection system and water line.
- 4. Grading on the site will consist of the placement and compaction of base or select fill material under and/or around the road.
- 5. Paving of the site will consist of the entry road and sidewalks.
- 6. After the entry road and sidewalk are installed, finish grading around the site will be completed.
- 7. Subsequent to the construction of the road and utilities etc. disturbed areas will be hydromulched or seeded.
- 8. Once vegetation is established on the site, Temporary BMPs will be removed as allowed by the engineer.

Attachment D – Temporary Best Management Practices and Measures

The following sequence of activities is suggested. The sequence of construction will take place in one phase. The actual sequence may vary slightly depending on the contractor or weather conditions.

- 1. Construction activities will commence with the installation of the required silt fence and erosion and sedimentation control measures.
- 2. Excavation will take place where the roads and utilities will be situated. Spoils of this material may be placed at a location on the project site as directed by the contractor or hauled off-site. These spoils and any other loose granular material will be enclosed by a silt fence. Silt fence and temporary construction entrances will be utilized as the control measures.
- Grading on the site will consist of the placement and compaction of base or select fill material under and/or around the entry road and excavation and fill for the proposed roads. Silt fence will be utilized as the control measures.
- 4. The installation of the utilities, BMPs, and storm sewer will disturb a portion of the site. Proposed utility improvements include an extension of an existing wastewater collection system and water line. Silt fence and inlet protection will be utilized as the control measures.
- 5. Subsequent to the construction of the road and utilities etc. Disturbed areas will be hydromulched or seeded. Silt fence and inlet protection will be utilized as the control measures.
- 6. Once vegetation is established on the site, Temporary BMPs will be removed as allowed by the engineer.

All surface runoff originating up-gradient or on site will be contained within the proposed silt fence and rock berm. The silt fence and rock berm will trap most pollutants and prevent them from entering off-site surface streams, sensitive features or the aquifer.

Attachment E – Request to Temporarily Seal a Feature

There will be no temporary sea	aling of natur	ally-occurring sensitive	features on the site.

<u>Attachment F – Structural Practices</u>

Silt fences, construction entrances and inlet protection will be used to limit the runoff discharge of sediments from exposed areas on the site during construction. Drainage off the site is typically in a sheet flow or shallow concentrated flow condition.

<u>Attachment G – Drainage Area Map</u>

See the Attached	Woodside Ea	ist - Phases A	construction	plans for	r existing and	l proposed	drainage
area maps.							

<u>Attachment H – Temporary Sediment Pond(s) Plan and Calculations</u>

There are no temporary sediment ponds proposed with this submittal.

Attachment I – Inspection and Maintenance for BMPs

Silt Fence

- 1. Inspect all fences weekly and after any rainfall.
- 2. Remove sediment when buildup reaches 6 inches, or install a second line of fencing parallel to the old fence.
- 3. Replace any torn fabric or install a second line of fencing parallel to the torn section.
- 4. Replace or repair any sections crushed or collapsed in the course of construction activity. If a section of fence is obstructing vehicular access, consider relocating it to a spot where it will provide equal protection, but will not obstruct vehicles. A triangular filter dike may be preferable to a silt fence at common vehicle access points.
- 5. When construction is complete, the sediment should be disposed of in a manner that will not cause additional siltation and the prior location of the silt fence should be revegetated. The fence itself should be disposed of in an approved landfill.

Concrete Washout

- 1. Inspection should be made weekly and after each rainfall by the responsible party.
- 2. Remove sediment and other debris when buildup reaches 6 inches and dispose of the accumulated silt in an approved manner that will not cause any additional siltation.
- 3. The berm/temporary pit should be reshaped as needed during inspection.
- 4. The berm/temporary pit should be replaced when the structure ceases to function as intended due to silt accumulation among the rocks, washout, construction traffic damage, etc.
- 5. The washout should be left in place until construction has been completed.
- 6. When construction is complete, the sediment should be disposed of in a manner that will not cause additional siltation and the prior location of the Concrete Washout should be revegetated.
- 7. The concrete from the washout should be removed from the site in an appropriate manner.

Rock Berm

- 1. Inspection should be made weekly and after each rainfall by the responsible party. For installations in streambeds, additional daily inspections should be made.
- 2. Remove sediment and other debris when buildup reaches 6 inches and dispose of the accumulated silt in an approved manner that will not cause any additional siltation.
- 3. Repair any loose wire sheathing.
- 4. The berm should be reshaped as needed during inspection.
- 5. The berm should be replaced when the structure ceases to function as intended due to silt accumulation among the rocks, washout, construction traffic damage, etc.
- 6. The rock berm should be left in place until all upstream areas are stabilized and accumulated silt removed.

Temporary Construction Entrance/Exit

- 1. The entrance should be maintained in a condition, which will prevent tracking or flowing of sediment onto public rights-of-way. This may require periodic top dressing with additional stone as conditions demand and repair and/or cleanout of any measures used to trap sediment.
- 2. All sediment spilled, dropped, washed or tracked onto public rights-of-way should be removed immediately by contractor.
- 3. When necessary, wheels should be cleaned to remove sediment prior to entrance onto public right-of-way.
- 4. When washing is required, it should be done on an area stabilized with crushed stone that drains into an approved sediment trap or sediment basin.
- 5. All sediment should be prevented from entering any storm drain, ditch or water course by using approved methods.

Inlet Protection

- 1. Inspection should be made weekly and after each rainfall. Check inlet protection for damage. Repair should be made promptly as needed by the contractor
- 2. Trash and other debris should be removed after each rainfall.
- 3. Accumulated silt should be removed.
- 4. The removed sediment should be stockpiled or redistributed in areas that are protected from erosion.
- 5. When construction is complete, the sediment should be disposed of in a manner that will not cause additional siltation.

The following sample forms should be utilized to document the inspection and maintenance of the proposed temporary BMPs as described above. This form shall be kept on site with the WPAP until the project is completed. A report documenting the Temporary BMPs maintenance activities, sediment removal and modifications to the sedimentation and erosion controls is required.

<u>Temporary BMP Logs – Silt Fence</u>

Date	Date of Last Inspection	Inspection Performed By	Title	Company	Status of BMP(s)	Corrective Action Required (if any)	Date Corrective Action Completed
				_	_		

Temporary BMP Logs – Rock Berm

Date	Date of Last Inspection	Inspection Performed By	Title	Company	Status of BMP(s)	Corrective Action Required (if any)	Date Corrective Action Completed

<u>Temporary BMP Logs – Temporary Construction Entrance</u>

Date	Date of Last Inspection	Inspection Performed By	Title	Company	Status of BMP(s)	Corrective Action Required (if any)	Date Corrective Action Completed
				_	_		

Temporary BMP Logs – Inlet Protection

Date	Date of Last Inspection	Inspection Performed By	Title	Company	Status of BMP(s)	Corrective Action Required (if any)	Date Corrective Action Completed

Attachment J – Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices

Vehicular traffic should be limited to areas of the project site where construction will take place. The contractor should endeavor to preserve existing vegetation as much as practicable to reduce erosion and lower the cost associated with stabilization. Records must be kept at the site of the dates when major grading activities occur, the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site, and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.

All disturbed areas shall be stabilized as described below.

Except as provided for below, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, but in no case more than 14 days after the construction activity in that portion of the site has temporarily or permanently ceased.

- A. Where the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day after construction activity temporarily or permanently ceases is precluded by snow cover or frozen ground conditions, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable.
- B. Where construction activity on a portion of the site has temporarily ceased, and earth-disturbing activities will be resumed with 21 days, temporary stabilization measures do not have to be initiated on that portion of the site.
- C. In areas experiencing drought, where the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day after construction activity has temporarily or permanently ceased is precluded by seasonal arid conditions, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable.

Stabilization measures as described as follows:

All disturbed grass areas should be planted in drought resistant species normally grown as permanent lawns, such as Zoysia, Bermuda and Buffalo. Grass areas may be sodded, plugged, sprigged or seeded except that solid sod shall be used in swales or other areas subject to erosion. All planted areas shall be provided with a readily available water supply and watered as necessary to ensure continuous healthy growth and development. Maintenance shall include the replacement of all dead plant material if that material was used to meet the requirements of this section.

Permanent Stormwater Section

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(4)(C), (D)(Ii), (E), and (5), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Permanent Stormwater Section** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The application was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: MK Woodside Development, Inc. / Steger Bizzell, Bryan Moore, P.E.

Date: 8/18/2023

Signature of Customer/Agent:

Regulated Entity Name: Woodside East - Phases A

Permanent Best Management Practices (BMPs)

Permanent best management practices and measures that will be used during and after construction is completed.

1.	Permanent BMPs and measures must be implemented to control the discharge of
	pollution from regulated activities after the completion of construction.
	□ N/A
2.	These practices and measures have been designed, and will be constructed, operate
	and maintained to insure that 80% of the incremental increase in the annual mass

These practices and measures have been designed, and will be constructed, operated, and maintained to insure that 80% of the incremental increase in the annual mass loading of total suspended solids (TSS) from the site caused by the regulated activity is removed. These quantities have been calculated in accordance with technical guidance prepared or accepted by the executive director.

	 The TCEQ Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) was used to design permanent BMPs and measures for this site. A technical guidance other than the TCEQ TGM was used to design permanent BMPs and measures for this site. The complete citation for the technical guidance that was used is:
	□ N/A
3.	Owners must insure that permanent BMPs and measures are constructed and function as designed. A Texas Licensed Professional Engineer must certify in writing that the permanent BMPs or measures were constructed as designed. The certification letter must be submitted to the appropriate regional office within 30 days of site completion.
	□ N/A
1.	Where a site is used for low density single-family residential development and has 20 % or less impervious cover, other permanent BMPs are not required. This exemption from permanent BMPs must be recorded in the county deed records, with a notice that if the percent impervious cover increases above 20% or land use changes, the exemption for the whole site as described in the property boundaries required by 30 TAC §213.4(g) (relating to Application Processing and Approval), may no longer apply and the property owner must notify the appropriate regional office of these changes.
	 The site will be used for low density single-family residential development and has 20% or less impervious cover. The site will be used for low density single-family residential development but has more than 20% impervious cover. The site will not be used for low density single-family residential development.
5.	The executive director may waive the requirement for other permanent BMPs for multifamily residential developments, schools, or small business sites where 20% or less impervious cover is used at the site. This exemption from permanent BMPs must be recorded in the county deed records, with a notice that if the percent impervious cover increases above 20% or land use changes, the exemption for the whole site as described in the property boundaries required by 30 TAC §213.4(g) (relating to Application Processing and Approval), may no longer apply and the property owner must notify the appropriate regional office of these changes.
	 Attachment A - 20% or Less Impervious Cover Waiver. The site will be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites and has 20% or less impervious cover. A request to waive the requirements for other permanent BMPs and measures is attached. □ The site will be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites but has more than 20% impervious cover. □ The site will not be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites.
5 .	Attachment B - BMPs for Upgradient Stormwater.

		 □ A description of the BMPs and measures that will be used to prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site is attached. □ No surface water, groundwater or stormwater originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site, and an explanation is attached. □ Permanent BMPs or measures are not required to prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site, and an explanation is attached.
7.	\boxtimes	Attachment C - BMPs for On-site Stormwater.
		 A description of the BMPs and measures that will be used to prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off the site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff from the site is attached. Permanent BMPs or measures are not required to prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off the site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff, and an explanation is attached.
8.		Attachment D - BMPs for Surface Streams . A description of the BMPs and measures that prevent pollutants from entering surface streams, sensitive features, or the aquifer is attached. Each feature identified in the Geologic Assessment as sensitive has been addressed.
		⊠ N/A
9.		The applicant understands that to the extent practicable, BMPs and measures must maintain flow to naturally occurring sensitive features identified in either the geologic assessment, executive director review, or during excavation, blasting, or construction.
		 The permanent sealing of or diversion of flow from a naturally-occurring sensitive feature that accepts recharge to the Edwards Aquifer as a permanent pollution abatement measure has not been proposed. Attachment E - Request to Seal Features. A request to seal a naturally-occurring sensitive feature, that includes, for each feature, a justification as to why no reasonable and practicable alternative exists, is attached.
10		Attachment F - Construction Plans . All construction plans and design calculations for the proposed permanent BMP(s) and measures have been prepared by or under the direct supervision of a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer, and are signed, sealed, and dated. The plans are attached and, if applicable include:
		 ✓ Design calculations (TSS removal calculations) ✓ TCEQ construction notes ✓ All geologic features ✓ All proposed structural BMP(s) plans and specifications
		N/A

i	Attachment G - Inspection, Maintenance, Repair and Retrofit Plan. A plan for the inspection, maintenance, repairs, and, if necessary, retrofit of the permanent BMPs and measures is attached. The plan includes all of the following:
[Prepared and certified by the engineer designing the permanent BMPs and measures
[Signed by the owner or responsible party Procedures for documenting inspections, maintenance, repairs, and, if necessary retrofit
	∠ A discussion of record keeping procedures N/A
12	Attachment H - Pilot-Scale Field Testing Plan. Pilot studies for BMPs that are not recognized by the Executive Director require prior approval from the TCEQ. A plan for pilot-scale field testing is attached.
	N/A
6 6 1	Attachment I -Measures for Minimizing Surface Stream Contamination. A description of the measures that will be used to avoid or minimize surface stream contamination and changes in the way in which water enters a stream as a result of the construction and development is attached. The measures address increased stream flashing, the creation of stronger flows and in-stream velocities, and other in-stream effects caused by the regulated activity, which increase erosion that results in water quality degradation.
	N/A
Resp	onsibility for Maintenance of Permanent BMP(s)
Respons	sibility for maintenance of best management practices and measures after
	ction is complete.
(((The applicant is responsible for maintaining the permanent BMPs after construction until such time as the maintenance obligation is either assumed in writing by another entity having ownership or control of the property (such as without limitation, an owner's association, a new property owner or lessee, a district, or municipality) or the ownership of the property is transferred to the entity. Such entity shall then be responsible for maintenance until another entity assumes such obligations in writing or ownership is transferred.
	N/A
	A copy of the transfer of responsibility must be filed with the executive director at the appropriate regional office within 30 days of the transfer if the site is for use as a multiple single-family residential development, a multi-family residential development, or a non-residential development such as commercial, industrial, institutional, schools, and other sites where regulated activities occur.
	N/A

Attachment B – BMPs for Upgradient Stormwater

Upgradient stormwater will	be diverted	around the	e project by a	a series of	f storm sewer	systems
and will not be treated.						

Attachment C – BMPs for On-site Stormwater

The overall development of Woodside is limited to 45-percent cumulative impervious cover. Each lot within the Woodside development has a defined maximum impervious cover per Woodside PUD. A portion of the site (3.37 acres) will be treated with the use of vegetative filter strips designed to treat on-site stormwater for a total site-removal of 85 percent. Another portion of the site (2.21 acres) will be treated with the use of a Grassy Swale designed to treat on-site stormwater for a total site-removal of 70 percent. The remaining portion of the site will be treated by a batch detention pond built with the subdivision Woodside West Phases A&E (Pond C1).

<u>Attachment D – BMPs for Surface Streams</u>

There are no additional BMPs for minimizing pollutants from entering surface streams. The Permanent BMPs have been designed to remove 85% of the anticipated pollutant loads. Temporary BMPs have been designed to reduce the potential pollutant load during construction activities.

Attachment E – Request to Seal Features
There are no sensitive features that require sealing.

<u>Attachment F – Construction Plans</u>

See Attached Woodside East - Phases A Construction Plans

Attachment G – Inspection, Maintenance, Repair and Retrofit Plan

The following can be found in the TCEQ's "Complying with the Edwards Rules: Technical Guidance Manual on Best Management Practices."

Grassy Swales

Maintenance for grassy swales is minimal and is largely aimed at keeping the grass cover dense and vigorous. Maintenance practices and schedules should be developed and included as part of the original plans to alleviate maintenance problems in the future. Recommended practices include (modified from Young et al., 1996):

- Pest Management. An Integrated Pest Management (IPM) Plan should be developed for vegetated areas. This plan should specify how problem insects and weeds will be controlled with minimal or no use of insecticides and herbicides.
- Seasonal Mowing and Lawn Care. Lawn mowing should be performed routinely, as needed, throughout the growing season. Grass height should not exceed 18 inches. Grass cuttings should be collected and disposed of offsite, or a mulching mower can be used. Regular mowing should also include weed control practices; however, herbicide use should be kept to a minimum (Urbonas et al., 1992). Healthy grass can be maintained without using fertilizers because runoff usually contains sufficient nutrients.
- Inspection. Inspect swales at least twice annually for erosion or damage to vegetation; however, additional inspection after periods of heavy runoff is most desirable. The swale should be checked for uniformity of grass cover, debris and litter, and areas of sediment accumulation. More frequent inspections of the grass cover during the first few years after establishment will help to determine if any problems are developing, and to plan for long-term restorative maintenance needs. Bare spots and areas of erosion identified during semi-annual inspections should be replanted and restored to meet specifications. Construction of a level spreader device may be necessary to reestablish shallow overland flow. Inspections of the permanent BMPs shall be documented in the inspection reports.
- Debris and Litter Removal. Trash tends to accumulate in swale areas, particularly along highways.
 Any swale structures (i.e. check dams) should be kept free of obstructions to reduce floatables
 being flushed downstream, and for aesthetic reasons. The need for this practice is determined
 through periodic inspection, but should be performed no less than two times per year (Urbonas
 et al., 1992).
- Sediment Removal. Sediment accumulating near culverts and in channels needs to be removed
 when they build up to 3 inches at any spot, or cover vegetation. Excess sediment should be
 removed by hand or with flat-bottomed shovels. If areas are eroded, they should be filled,
 compacted, and reseeded so that the final grade is level with the bottom of the swale. Sediment
 removal should be performed periodically, as determined through inspection.

Vegetative Filter Strips

Once a vegetated area is well established, little additional maintenance is generally necessary. The key to establishing a viable vegetated feature is the care and maintenance it receives in the first few months after it is planted. Once established, all vegetated BMPs require some basic maintenance to insure the health of the plants including:

- Pest Management. An Integrated Pest Management (IPM) Plan should be developed for vegetated areas. This plan should specify how problem insects and weeds will be controlled with minimal or no use of insecticides and herbicides.
- Seasonal Mowing and Lawn Care. If the filter strip is made up of turf grass, it should be mowed as needed to limit vegetation height to 18 inches, using a mulching mower (or removal of clippings). If native grasses are used, the filter may require less frequent mowing, but a minimum of twice annually. Grass clippings and brush debris should not be deposited on vegetated filter strip areas. Regular mowing should also include weed control practices, however herbicide use should be kept to a minimum (Urbonas et al., 1992). Healthy grass can be maintained without using fertilizers because runoff usually contains sufficient nutrients. Irrigation of the site can help assure a dense and healthy vegetative cover.
- Inspection. Inspect filter strips at least twice annually for erosion or damage to vegetation; however, additional inspection after periods of heavy runoff is most desirable. The strip should be checked for uniformity of grass cover, debris and litter, and areas of sediment accumulation. More frequent inspections of the grass cover during the first few years after establishment will help to determine if any problems are developing, and to plan for long-term restorative maintenance needs. Bare spots and areas of erosion identified during semi-annual inspections must be replanted and 3-92 restored to meet specifications. Construction of a level spreader device may be necessary to reestablish shallow overland flow.
- Debris and Litter Removal. Trash tends to accumulate in vegetated areas, particularly
 along highways. Any filter strip structures (i.e. level spreaders) should be kept free of
 obstructions to reduce floatables being flushed downstream, and for aesthetic reasons.
 The need for this practice is determined through periodic inspection but should be
 performed no less than 4 times per year.
- Sediment Removal. Sediment removal is not normally required in filter strips, since the vegetation normally grows through it and binds it to the soil. However, sediment may accumulate along the upstream boundary of the strip preventing uniform overland flow. Excess sediment should be removed by hand or with flat-bottomed shovels.
- Grass Reseeding and Mulching. A healthy dense grass should be maintained on the filter strip. If areas are eroded, they should be filled, compacted, and reseeded so that the

DocuSigned by:

final grade is level. Grass damaged during the sediment removal process should be promptly replaced using the same seed mix used during filter strip establishment. If possible, flow should be diverted from the damaged areas until the grass is firmly established. Bare spots and areas of erosion identified during semi-annual inspections must be replanted and restored to meet specifications. Corrective maintenance, such as weeding or replanting should be done more frequently in the first two to three years after installation to ensure stabilization. Dense vegetation may require irrigation immediately after planting, and during particularly dry periods, particularly as the vegetation is initially established.

NOTE: This Inspection, Maintenance, Repair and Retrofit Plan for the **Woodside East - Phases A Filter Strips and Grassy Swale** were created and designed by the engineer of this BMP.

Maintenance is the responsibility of the Owner and should be followed in accordance with this plan in order to keep the BMPs operating correctly.

0 /10 /2022

BULKE J. Magu	8/18/2023 	
Blake J. Magee MK Woodside Development, Inc.	Date	
DocuSigned by: Bryan E. Moore SDET-DOET-OND-1444	8/17/2023	
Bryan E. Moore, P.E. Steger Bizzell F-181	Date	
TATE OF TEXAS		
DDVAN EDIO NOODE		

SAMPLE)**	PERMANENT BMP LOG	**(SAMPLE)**
INSPECTOR:	DATE:	
Inspectors Company:		
Company Address:		
Company Phone:		Fax:
Date of Last Inspection:	Recent Heavy Rainfall: Y	ES NO
Status of BMP(s):		
Corrective Action Required (i	if any):	
Date Corrected (if applicable):	
*If actions are required they	must be completed within 7 working	days of this INSPECTION.
Inspectors Signature	D	ate:

Agent Authorization Form

For Required Signature
Edwards Aquifer Protection Program
Relating to 30 TAC Chapter 213
Effective June 1, 1999

I	Mr. Blake Magee	,
	Print Name	
	President	
	Title - Owner/President/Other	
of	MK Woodside Development, Inc.	
,	Corporation/Partnership/Entity Name	
have authorized	Mr. Bryan E. Moore, P.E.	
	Print Name of Agent/Engineer	
of	Steger Bizzell	
	Print Name of Firm	

to represent and act on the behalf of the above named Corporation, Partnership, or Entity for the purpose of preparing and submitting this plan application to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the review and approval consideration of regulated activities.

I also understand that:

- 1. The applicant is responsible for compliance with 30 Texas Administrative Code Chapter 213 and any condition of the TCEQ's approval letter. The TCEQ is authorized to assess administrative penalties of up to \$10,000 per day per violation.
- 2. For those submitting an application who are not the property owner, but who have the right to control and possess the property, additional authorization is required from the owner.
- 3. Application fees are due and payable at the time the application is submitted. The application fee must be sent to the TCEQ cashier or to the appropriate regional office. The application will not be considered until the correct fee is received by the commission.
- 4. A notarized copy of the Agent Authorization Form must be provided for the person preparing the application, and this form must accompany the completed application.
- 5. No person shall commence any regulated activity on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone, Contributing Zone or Transition Zone until the appropriate application for the activity has been filed with and approved by the Executive Director.

SIGNATURE PAGE:

BULE J. Magu

Applicant's Signature

8/18/2023

Date

THE STATE OF TEXAS §

County of Travis §

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared Mr. Blake Magee known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged to me that (s)he executed same for the purpose and consideration therein expressed.

GIVEN under my hand and seal of office on this

day of

f August 2023

Jennifer J Sparks
My Commission Expires
11/22/2026
Notary ID 128451183

Junifur Sparks
NOTARY PUBLIC

Typed or Printed Name of Notary

MY COMMISSION EXPIRES:

Application Fee Form

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Name of Proposed Regulated Entity: Woodside East - Phases A

Regulated Entity Location: <u>Georgetown, TX</u>

Name of Customer: MK Woodside Development, Inc. / Steger Bizzell

Contact Person: Blake Magee Phone: (512) 481-0303

Customer Reference Number (if issue	d): CN <u>606076271</u>	
Regulated Entity Reference Number (if issued): RN <u>N/A</u>	
Austin Regional Office (3373)		
Hays	Travis	Williamson
San Antonio Regional Office (3362)		
Bexar	Medina	Uvalde
Comal	Kinney	
Application fees must be paid by check		•
Commission on Environmental Qualit		
must be submitted with your fee payı	ment . This payment is bei	ng submitted to:
X Austin Regional Office	San Anto	nio Regional Office
Mailed to: TCEQ - Cashier	Overnigh	t Delivery to: TCEQ - Cashier
Revenues Section	12100 Pa	rk 35 Circle
Mail Code 214	Building .	A, 3rd Floor
P.O. Box 13088	Austin, T	X 78753
Austin, TX 78711-3088	(512)239	-0357
Site Location (Check All That Apply):		
	-	

🛮 Recharge Zone	Contributing Zone	☐ Transition Zone

Type of Plan	Size	Fee Due
Water Pollution Abatement Plan, Contributing Zone		
Plan: One Single Family Residential Dwelling	Acres	\$
Water Pollution Abatement Plan, Contributing Zone		
Plan: Multiple Single Family Residential and Parks	48.05 Acres	\$ 6,500.00
Water Pollution Abatement Plan, Contributing Zone		
Plan: Non-residential	Acres	\$
Sewage Collection System	4833 L.F.	\$ 2,416.50
Lift Stations without sewer lines	Acres	\$
Underground or Aboveground Storage Tank Facility	Tanks	\$
Piping System(s)(only)	Each	\$
Exception	Each	\$
Extension of Time	Fach	\$

ME Non	
Signature:	Date: <u>8/18/2023</u>

Application Fee Schedule

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Edwards Aquifer Protection Program 30 TAC Chapter 213 (effective 05/01/2008)

Water Pollution Abatement Plans and Modifications

Contributing Zone Plans and Modifications

	Project Area in	
Project	Acres	Fee
One Single Family Residential Dwelling	< 5	\$650
Multiple Single Family Residential and Parks	< 5	\$1,500
	5 < 10	\$3,000
	10 < 40	\$4,000
	40 < 100	\$6,500
	100 < 500	\$8,000
	≥ 500	\$10,000
Non-residential (Commercial, industrial, institutional,	< 1	\$3,000
multi-family residential, schools, and other sites	1 < 5	\$4,000
where regulated activities will occur)	5 < 10	\$5,000
	10 < 40	\$6,500
	40 < 100	\$8,000
	≥ 100	\$10,000

Organized Sewage Collection Systems and Modifications

Project	Cost per Linear Foot	Minimum Fee- Maximum Fee
Sewage Collection Systems	\$0.50	\$650 - \$6,500

Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank System Facility Plans and Modifications

Project	Cost per Tank or Piping System	Minimum Fee- Maximum Fee
Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank Facility	\$650	\$650 - \$6,500

Exception Requests

Project	Fee
Exception Request	\$500

Extension of Time Requests

Project	Fee
Extension of Time Request	\$150

TCEQ-10400 (09/07) Page 2 of 2



TCEQ Core Data Form

TCEQ Use Only

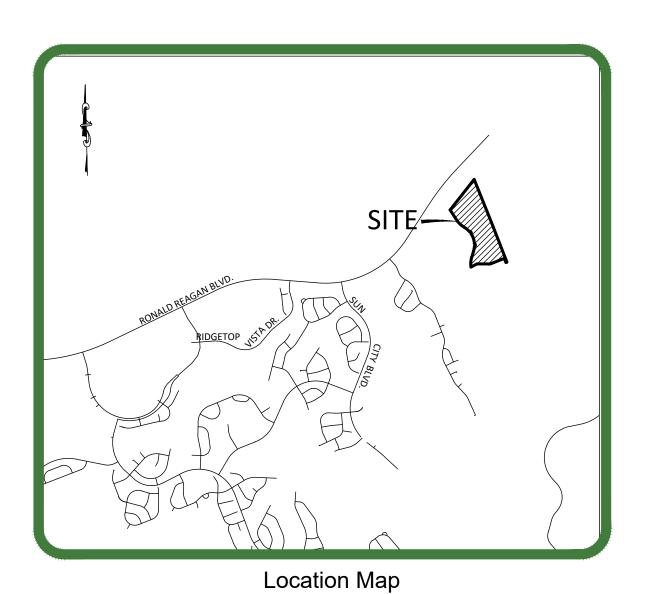
For detailed instructions regarding completion of this form, please read the Core Data Form Instructions or call 512-239-5175.

SECTION N	11. Ge	merai illiorillation									
		sion (If other is checked plea						:41- 41		4i	
New Permit, Registration or Authorization (Core Data Form should be submitted with the program application)											
	Renewal (Core Data Form should be submitted with the renewal form) Other 2. Attachments Describe Any Attachments: (ex. Title V Application, Waste Transporter Application, etc.)										
2. Attachme		Describe Any Attachments	: (ex.	Title V Ap	plicatio	n, Was	ite Trans	porter Ap	plication, etc.)		
☐Yes	⊠No	- M (if i 1)	T Fa	Harri Alaia III	ali ta aa		1 4 D-		Futto Defens	M	(if in a 1)
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SECTIO	<u> </u>	ustomer Informatio	<u>n</u>								
		Customer Information Update oposed or Actual) – as it relates to			<i>3</i> /		/2023 this forn	n. Please	check only one	of the following:	
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Occupation	onal Licens	•					nup Ap	plicant			
7. General C						,	<u>' '</u>	•	Other:	-	
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	•	Section I is complete, skip t		•	•	ated l	=ntity li	oformat		<u>ige </u>	
8. Type of C		Corporation	<u> </u>		ndividu		-iracy ii		Sole Proprieto	ship- D.B.A	
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Government		General Partnership							Other:		
9. Customer	· Legal Na	me (If an individual, print last nar	ne first	t: ex: Doe,	John)	_	f new Co elow	ustomer,	enter previous	<u>Customer</u>	End Date:
MK Woo	dside D	evelopment, Inc.									
		North Lamar									I
10. Mailing	10111	VOI III Edillar									
Address:											
	City	Austin		State	TX		ZIP	7870	3	ZIP + 4	
11. Country	Mailing In	nformation (if outside USA)							(if applicable)		
							ke@b	lakem	ageeco.con		
13. Telepho		r	14.	Extension	on or (Code			15. Fax Num	ber (if applical	ole)
(512) 481									()		
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22. General	Regulated	d Entity Information (If 'New I	Regula	ated Entit	y" is se	electe	d below	this form	n should be ac	companied by	a permit application)
New Reg	ulated Ent	<u> </u>		•		•			Entity Informat		Change** (See below)
		**If "NO CHANGE" is ched						ection IV,	Preparer Informa	tion.	
The second secon		Name (name of the site where the	regula	ated actior	n is taki	ng pla	ce)				
Woodside	East - Pl	nases A									

TCEQ-10400 (09/07) Page 1 of 2

24. Street Address of the Regulated	Ro	nald Reagan	Boulevar	d & SH 1	.95						
Entity:						1					
(No P.O. Boxes)	Cit	/ Georgetow	/n	State	TX	ZIP	7863	33	ZIP	P + 4	
	10	11 North Lan	nar								
25. Mailing											
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		<u> </u>			IA	ZII	7670	<i>J J</i>	211	. 4	
26. E-Mail Address		tephen.ashloc		oup.com	n or Codo	20	Lay No	umbor /#	lia a h la \		
27. Telephone Nu				o. Extensio	on code			umber (if app.	licable)		
(512)532-33					32. Primary	`		509-4594	econdary	NAICS	Code
30. Primary SIC C	ode (4 dig	ts) 31. Second	dary SIC Co	de (4 digits)	(5 or 6 digits)	IVAICO	Coue	(5 or 6		IVAICS	Code
6552		1521			N/A						
34. What is the Pri			•	se do not rep	peat the SIC or N	IAICS de	escription	1.)			
Land Develop	ment a	nd Residentia	l Homes								
	Questio	ns 34 – 37 addre	ss geograph	nic location	. Please refer	to the	instruc	tions for ap	plicability	/.	
35. Description to	Sou	thwest of the	intersecti	on of TX	X-195 and R	Conald	l Reag	gan Boule	vard &	east of	f the
Physical Location:	inte	rsection of Re	onald Rea	gan Bou	levard and	Sun C	City Bo	oulevard.			
36. Nearest City			Co	unty		S	State		Nea	arest ZII	P Code
Georgetown			W	illiamsor	1]	ГΧ		78	633	
37. Latitude (N) In	Decima	: 30.7493	l.		38. Longitude (W) In Decimal: -97.7278						
Degrees	Minutes		Seconds					Minutes Seconds			S
30	44		12.96		-98			16 -15.67			57
39. TCEQ Programs and places may not be made.	and ID N	umbers Check all P	rograms and wr	ite in the perm	its/registration nun	nbers that	t will be af	fected by the up	odates submi	itted on thi	s form or the
☐ Dam Safety	,	Districts						l Hazardous V		Munici	pal Solid Waste
				SCS & WP	 ДР						•
☐ New Source Revi	ew – Air	OSSF		☐ Petroleum Storage Tank ☐ PWS			PWS	Sludge)
Stormwater		☐ Title V – Air		Tires	☐ Used 0			Oil Utilities		es	
☐ Voluntary Clea	nup	☐ Waste Water		☐ Waster	water Agriculture)	Water R	tights	ghts Other:		
SECTION IV:	Prepa	arer Inform	ation								
40. Name: Steg	er Bizz	zell – Bryan E	E. Moore,	P.E.	41.	Title:	Pri	ncipal			
42. Telephone Numl	ber	43. Ext./Code	44. F	ax Number	4:	5. E-Ma	il Addre	ess			
(512)930-9412	2		() -	b	moore	e@ste	gerbizzell	l.com		
SECTION V:	Autho	rized Signa	ıture	,							
16. By my signature				knowledge	that the info	rmatio	n provi	ided in this	form is to	rue and	complete,
and that I have signa	ature aut	hority to submit	this form o								
ipdates to the ID nu											
See the Core Data			nore inform	ation on v		_					
		Bizzell	D.F.		Job Title	: P	rincip		(510) 020	0412
	VIr. Bry	an E. Moore	, P.E.					Phone:	<u> </u>) 930-	·941 <i>2</i>
Signature: Date: 8/18/2023											

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NOTE:

- 1. These construction plans were prepared, sealed, signed, and dated by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. Therefore based on the engineer's concurrence of compliance, the construction plans for construction of the proposed project are hereby approved subject to the Standard Construction Specifications and Details Manual and all other applicable City, State and Federal Requirements and Codes.
- 2. This project is subject to all City Standard Specifications and Details in effect at the time of submittal of the project to the City.
- 3. The property subject to this application is subject to the Water Quality Regulations of the City of Georgetown.
- 4. A Geologic Assessment, in accordance with the City of Georgetown Water Quality Regulations, was completed on July 7, 2021. Any springs and streams as identified in the Geologic Assessment are shown herein.
- 5. The project limits of construction is 28.80 acres.
- 6. All electric distribution lines and individual service lines shall be installed underground. If overhead lines existed prior to underground installation, such poles, guys wires, and related structures shall be removed following construction of the underground infrastructure (only applicable for residential property).
- 7. All electric communication and infrastructure shall comply with UDC Section 13.06
- 8. All bearings and coordinates are referenced to the Texas Coordinate System, Central Zone. NAD 83 horizontal control datum and NGVD 29 vertical control datum. All distances and coordinates are surface and may be converted to grid by multiplying by the combined scale factor of 0.999856056. The translation of the Sun City coordinate system to NAD 83 / 93 HARN coordiante sytstem and the NAVD 88 Vertical Datum are as follows: (NAD83) Northing -1.83' = Northing (NAD 83 / 93 HARN)

(NAD83) Easting -1.49' = Easting (NAD 83 / 93 HARN)(NGVD29) Elevation +0.35' = Elevation (NAD 83 / 93 HARN)

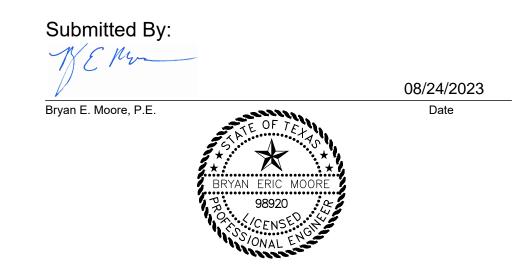
9. The project site is located within FEMA Floodplain FIRM Panel No. 48491C0280E, effective 9/26/2008.



TEXAS ONE-CALL 800-344-8377

CONTRACTOR IS TO FURNISH A SET OF CONSTRUCTION PLANS BACK TO THE ENGINEER AT THE END OF THE PROJECT WITH ALL DEVIATIONS NOTED IN RED INK ON THE PLAN SHEETS. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT RECEIVE FINAL PAYMENT UNTIL COMPLETE "AS-BUILT" SET IS RETURNED TO ENGINEER.

CONSTRUCTION PLANS FOR WOODSIDE EAST - PHASE A CITY OF GEORGETOWN WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS 2023-18-CON



BENCHMARKS:

BENCHMARK #18008 ELEV = 896.49'N = 10247280.27 E = 3115407.70'



Warning! There are existing water pipelines, underground telephone cables and other above and below ground utilities in the vicinity of this project. The Contractor shall contact all appropriate companies prior to any construction in the area and determine if any conflicts exist. If so, the Contractor shall immediately contact the Engineer who shall revise the design as necessary.

Sheet List Table

Sheet Number Sheet Title COVER GENERAL NOTES (1 OF 2) GENERAL NOTES (2 OF 2) PRELIMINARY PLAT (1 OF 2) PRELIMINARY PLAT (2 OF 2) **EXISTING DRAINAGE PLAN** DEVELOPED DRAINAGE PLAN WATER QUALITY PLAN STRM-C1 INLET CALCULATIONS STRM-C2 INLET CALCULATIONS (1 OF 2) STRM C2 INLET CALCULATIONS (2 OF 2) EROSION, SEDIMENTATION AND TREE PROTECTION PLAN **EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION DETAILS** ALDAI AVENUE PLAN & PROFILE (1 OF 3) ALDAI AVENUE PLAN & PROFILE (2 OF 3) ALDAI AVENUE PLAN & PROFILE (3 OF 3) **ENDURING PRAISE LANE PLAN & PROFILE** BILLOWING CLOUD COVE PLAN & PROFILE BRIGHT LIGHT WAY PLAN & PROFILE (1 OF 2) BRIGHT LIGHT WAY PLAN & PROFILE (2 OF 2) FLOWING GRATITUDE PLAN & PROFILE **OVERALL STORMSEWER PLAN** SS-C101 PLAN & PROFILE SS-C101 LATERALS SS-C111 PLAN & PROFILE **ALDAI GRASSY SWALE** SS-C231 PLAN & PROFILE SS-C231 LATERALS SS-C241 PLAN & PROFILE MIDDLE SWALE PLAN PROFILE & CALCULATIONS STRM-OD & OS DIVERSION SWALE N PLAN & PROFILE (1 OF 2) STRM-OD & OS DIVERSION SWALE N PLAN & PROFILE (2 OF 2) PAVING AND DRAINAGE DETAILS (1 OF 3) PAVING AND DRAINAGE DETAILS (2 OF 3) PAVING AND DRAINAGE DETAILS (3 OF 3) **OVERALL WASTEWATER PLAN** WW-A02 PROFILE WW-A11 & WW-A12 PLAN & PROFILE WW-A351 PROFILE (1 OF 2) WW-A351 PROFILE (2 OF 2) WW-A352 PROFILE WASTEWATER DETAILS (1 OF 2) WASTEWATER DETAILS (2 OF 2) **OVERALL WATER PLAN** WATER DETAILS OVERALL GRADING PLAN SIGNAGE, STRIPING & STREET LIGHT PLAN STRIPING AND SIGNAGE DETAILS INTERSECTION DETAILS (1 OF 3) **INTERSECTION DETAILS (2 OF 3)** INTERSECTION DETAILS (3 OF 3) LP-N1 PLANTING NOTES LP-1 PLANTING PLAN LP-2 PLANTING PLAN LP-D1 PLANTING DETAIL & PROTOTYPICAL LOT

OWNER / DEVELOPER

MK WOODSIDE DEVELOPMENT, INC. 1011 N. LAMAR BLVD AUSTIN, TEXAS 78703 CONTACT: BLAKE J. MAGEE blake@blakemageeco.com

SURVEYOR

McKIM & CREED TBPLS FIRM NO. 10177601 8868 RESEARCH BLVD, STE. 407 CONTACT: JORGE FERNANDEZ, R.P.L.S

2022-23-PP P&Z APPROVED DECEMBER 6, 2022

ENGINEER/APPLICANT:



STEGER BIZZELL TBPLS FIRM NO. 10003700 1978 S. AUSTIN AVE GEORGETOWN, TEXAS 78626 OFFICE: 512-930-9412

Project Number: 22226 MADISON TRACT

1 of 51

2023-18-CON

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

- Temporary erosion and sedimentation controls are to be installed as indicated on the approved construction plan and in accordance with the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) that is required to be posted on the site. Install tree protection and initiate tree mitigation measures.
- 2. Prior to beginning construction, the Owner or his authorized representative, shall convene a Pre-Construction Conference between the City of Georgetown, Engineer, Contractor, County Engineer (if applicable), Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Field Office, and any other affected parties. Notify all such parties at least 48 hours prior to the time of the conference and 48 hours prior to beginning
- The Environmental Project Manager, and/or Site Supervisor, and/or Designated Responsible Party, and the General Contractor will follow the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) posted on the site. Temporary erosion and sedimentation controls will be revised, if needed, to comply with City Inspectors' directives, and revised construction schedule relative to the water quality plan requirements and the
- 4. Rough grade the pond(s) at 100% proposed capacity. Either the permanent outlet structure or a temporary outlet must be constructed prior to development of embankment or excavation that leads to ponding conditions. The outlet system shall be protected from erosion and shall be maintained throughout the course of construction until installation of the permanent water quality pond(s).
- Temporary erosion and sedimentation controls will be inspected and maintained in accordance with the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) posted on the
- 6. Begin site clearing/construction activities.
- 7. Permanent water quality ponds or controls will be cleaned out and filter media will be installed prior to/concurrently with revegetation of site.
- 8. Complete construction and start revegetation of the site and installation of
- 9. Upon completion of the site construction and revegetation of a project site, a final inspection will be scheduled by the appropriate City Inspector.
- 10. After a final inspection has been conducted by the City Inspector and with approval from the City Inspector, remove the temporary erosion and sedimentation controls and complete any necessary final revegetation resulting from removal of the controls. Conduct any maintenance and rehabilitation of the water quality ponds or controls.

ACCESSIBILITY NOTES

- Project shall be constructed in full compliance with the Texas Accessibility
- 2. Slopes in the direction of pedestrian travel shall not exceed 5% (1:20) or have a cross slope greater than 2% (1:48). This shall include routes that cross-vehicular ways including but not limited pedestrian/ vehicular ways such as street intersections.
- A. Exception: Per TAS 405.8 and 68.102 (1) grades at the new sidewalks parallel to the streets shall be equal to, or less than, the street grade. Should the new sidewalks exceed the street grade, and the new sidewalk grades exceed 5% in the direction of travel, ramps complying with TAS 405 are required at these conditions.
- 3. Curb Ramps:
- A. Curb ramps shall not exceed 8.3% (1:12) in the direction of pedestrian travel.
- B. Curb ramps flares (wings) shall not exceed 1:10. Minimum width of a curb ramp is 36".

There are existing water pipelines, underground telephone cables and other above and below ground utilities in the vicinity

of this project. The Contractor shall contact all appropriate

companies prior to any construction in the area and determine if any conflicts exist. If so, the Contractor shall immediately contact the Engineer who shall revise the design as necessary.

WARNING!

- Top of the curb ramp must be 2% in all directions for an area 36" wide and 48"deep. E. When truncated domes are used, the truncated dome system shall extend the full width of the curb ramp and for a minimum depth of 24" at the bottom of the curb
- F. Returned curb ramps shall only be used where the adjacent surface on one or both sides of the curb ramp do not allow pedestrian travel such as but not limited to stop lights, stop signs and permanently mounted waste receptacles.
- 4. There shall be no changes in level greater than $\frac{1}{4}$ " on any accessible route or $\frac{1}{2}$ " with
- Decomposed granite surfaces, or similar Engineer-approved surfaces shall be compacted tight and maintained by the Owner at all times.
- Provide directional signage using the international symbol of accessibility when not all routes are accessible. Signage shall be placed at the beginning of the route to avoid a patron from proceeding on a non-accessible route.
- 7. Verify that no plantings or other site elements on circulation paths would be protruding objects based on TAS 307 (protrudes more 4" and is higher than 27" from the surface and less than 80" from the surface).

Contractor shall notify the Engineer before proceeding with any Work, which is in conflict with the Texas Accessibility Standards. Contractor is financially responsible for proceeding with any Work without written direction on any clarification from the Engineer.

TCEQ WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM **GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES**

- 1. This water distribution system must be constructed in accordance with the current Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) Rules and Regulations for Public Water Systems 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 290 Subchapter D. When conflicts are noted with local standards, the more stringent requirement shall be applied. Construction for public water systems must always, at a minimum, meet TCEQ's "Rules and Regulations for Public Water Systems
- 2. An appointed engineer shall notify in writing the local TCEQ's Regional Office when construction will start. Please keep in mind that upon completion of the water works project, the engineer or owner shall notify the commission's Water Supply Division, in writing, as to its completion and attest to the fact that the work has been completed essentially according to the plans and change orders on file with the commission as required in 30 TAC §290.39(h)(3).
- 3. All newly installed pipes and related products must conform to American National Standards Institute (ANSI)/NSF International Standard 61 and must be certified by an organization accredited by ANSI, as required by 30 TAC §290.44(a)(1).
- 4. Plastic pipe for use in public water systems must bear the NSF International Seal of Approval (NSF-pw) and have an ASTM design pressure rating of at least 150 psi or a standard dimension ratio of 26 or less, as required by 30 TAC §290.44(a)(2).
- 5. No pipe which has been used for any purpose other than the conveyance of drinking water shall be accepted or relocated for use in any public drinking water supply, as required by 30 TAC §290.44(a)(3).
- 6. Water transmission and distribution lines shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. However, the top of the water line must be located below the frost line and in no case shall the top of the water line be less than 24 inches below ground surface, as required by 30 TAC §290.44(a)(4).
- 7. Pursuant to 30 TAC §290.44(a)(5), the hydrostatic leakage rate shall not exceed the amount allowed or recommended by the most current AWWA formulas for PVC pipe, cast iron and ductile iron pipe. Include the formulas in the notes on the plans.
 - The hydrostatic leakage rate for polyvinyl chloride (PVC) pipe and appurtenances shall not exceed the amount allowed or recommended by formulas in America Water Works Association (AWWA) C-605 as required in 30 TAC §290.44(a)(5). Please ensure that the formula for this calculation is correct and most current formula is in use;
 - $Q = LxDxP^{1/2}$

 - Q = the quantity of makeup water in gallons per hour,
 - L = the length of the pipe section being tested, in feet, D = the nominal diameter of the pipe in inches, and
 - P = the average test pressure during the hydrostatic test in pounds per
 - The hydrostatic leakage rate for ductile iron (DI) pipe and appurtenances shall not exceed the amount allowed or recommended by formulas in America Water Works Association (AWWA) C-600 as required in 30 TAC §290.44(a)(5). Please ensure that the formula for this calculation is correct and most current formula is in use;
 - $L = S \times D \times P^{1/2}$
 - 148,000
 - L = the quantity of makeup water in gallons per hour,
 - S = the length of the pipe section being tested, in feet,
 - D = the nominal diameter of the pipe in inches, and
 - P = the average test pressure during the hydrostatic test in pounds per square inch (psi).
- 8. The maximum allowable lead content of pipes, pipe fittings, plumbing fittings, and fixtures to 0.25 percent.
- 9. The system must be designed to maintain a minimum pressure of 35 psi at all points within the distribution network at flow rates of at least 1.5 gallons per minute per connection. When the system is intended to provide firefighting capability, it must also be designed to maintain a minimum pressure of 20 psi under combined fire and drinking water flow conditions as required by 30 TAC
- 10. The contractor shall install appropriate air release devices in the distribution system at all points where topography or other factors may create air locks in the lines. All vent openings to the atmosphere shall be covered with 16-mesh or finer, corrosion resistant screening material or an acceptable equivalent as required by 30 TAC §290.44(d)(1).
- 11. Pursuant to 30 TAC §290.44(d)(4), accurate water meters shall be provided. Service connections and meter locations should be shown on the plans.
- 12. Pursuant to 30 TAC §290.44(d)(5), sufficient valves and blowoffs to make repairs. The engineering report shall establish criteria for this design.
- 13. Pursuant to 30 TAC §290.44(d)(6), the system shall be designed to afford effective circulation of water with a minimum of dead ends. All dead-end mains shall be provided with acceptable flush valves and discharge piping. All dead-end lines less than two inches in diameter will not require flush valves if they end at a customer service. Where dead ends are necessary as a stage in the growth of the system, they shall be located and arranged to ultimately
- connect the ends to provide circulation. 14. The contractor shall maintain a minimum separation distance in all directions of nine feet between the proposed waterline and wastewater collection facilities including manholes and septic tank drainfields. If this distance cannot be maintained, the contractor must immediately notify the project engineer for

8-10-2022 DATE

6-12-2023

DATE

DATE

DATE

- further direction. Separation distances, installation methods, and materials utilized must meet 30 TAC §290.44(e)(1-4) of the current rules.
- 15. Pursuant to 30 TAC §290.44(e)(5), the separation distance from a potable waterline to a wastewater main or lateral manhole or cleanout shall be a minimum of nine feet. Where the nine-foot separation distance cannot be achieved, the potable waterline shall be encased in a joint of at least 150 psi pressure class pipe at least 18 feet long and two nominal sizes larger than the new conveyance. The space around the carrier pipe shall be supported at five-foot intervals with spacers or be filled to the springline with washed sand. The encasement pipe shall be centered on the crossing and both ends sealed with cement grout or manufactured sealant.
- 16. Pursuant to 30 TAC §290.44(e)(6), fire hydrants shall not be installed within nine feet vertically or horizontally of any wastewater line, wastewater lateral, or wastewater service line regardless of construction.
- 17. Pursuant to 30 TAC §290.44(e)(7), suction mains to pumping equipment shall not cross wastewater mains, wastewater laterals, or wastewater service lines. Raw water supply lines shall not be installed within five feet of any tile or concrete wastewater main, wastewater lateral, or wastewater service line.
- 18. Pursuant to 30 TAC §290.44(e)(8), waterlines shall not be installed closer than ten feet to septic tank drainfields.
- 19. Pursuant to 30 TAC §290.44(f)(1), the contractor shall not place the pipe in water or where it can be flooded with water or sewage during its storage or
- 20. Pursuant to 30 TAC §290.44(f)(2), when waterlines are laid under any flowing or intermittent stream or semi-permanent body of water the water main shall be installed in a separate watertight pipe encasement. Valves must be provided on each side of the crossing with facilities to allow the underwater portion of the system to be isolated and tested.
- 21. The contractor shall disinfect the new water mains in accordance with AWWA Standard C-651 and then flush and sample the lines before being placed into service. Samples shall be collected for microbiological analysis to check the effectiveness of the disinfection procedure which shall be repeated if contamination persists. A minimum of one sample for each 1,000 feet of completed water line will be required or at the next available sampling point beyond 1,000 feet as designated by the design engineer, in accordance with 30 TAC §290.44(f)(3).

CITY OF GEORGETOWN GENERAL NOTES

- 1. These construction plans were prepared, sealed, signed and dated by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. Therefore based on the engineer's concurrence of compliance, the construction plans for construction of the proposed project are hereby approved subject to the standard Construction Specifications and Details Manual and all other applicable City, State and Federal Requirements and Codes.
- 2. This project is subject to all City Standard Specifications and Details in effect at the time of submittal of the project to the City.
- 3. The site construction plans shall meet all requirements of the approved site
- 4. Wastewater mains and service lines shall be SDR 26 PVC.
- 5. Wastewater mains shall be installed without horizontal or vertical bends.
- 6. Maximum distance between wastewater manholes is 500 feet. 7. Wastewater mains shall be low pressure air tested and mandrel tested by
- the contractor according to the City of Georgetown and TCEQ requirements. Wastewater manholes shall be vacuum tested and coated by the contractor
- according to City of Georgetown and TCEQ requirements. 9. Wastewater mains shall be camera tested by the contractor and submitted
- to the City on DVD format prior to paving the streets. 10. Private water system fire lines shall be tested by the contractor to 200 psi for
- 2 hours. 11. Private water system fire lines shall be ductile iron piping from the water

13. All bends and changes in direction on water mains shall be restrained and

- main to the building sprinkler system, and 200 psi C900 PVC for all others. 12. Public water system mains shall be 150 psi C900 PVC and tested by the
- contractor at 150 psi for 4 hours.
- 14. Long fire hydrant leads shall be restrained. 15. All water lines are to be bacteria tested by the contractor according to the
- City standards and specifications. 16. Water and Sewer main crossings shall meet all requirements of the TCEQ
- 17. Flexible base material for public streets shall be TXDOT Type A Grade 1.
- 18. Hot mix asphaltic concrete pavement shall be Type D unless otherwise specified and shall be a minimum of 2 inches thick on public streets and
- 19. All sidewalk ramps and sidewalks not intended to be constructed with the individual houses shall be installed with the public infrastructure.
- 20. A maintenance bond is required to be submitted to the City prior to acceptance of the public improvements. This bond shall be established for 2 years in the amount of 10% of the cost of the public improvements and shall follow the City format.
- 21. Record drawings of the public improvements shall be submitted to the City by the design engineer prior to acceptance of the project. These drawings shall be TIFF or PDF (300 dpi).

1978 S. AUSTIN AVENUE

512.930.9412

STEGER BIZZELL

TEXAS REGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-181 WEB
TBPLS FIRM No.10003700

>>SURVEYORS

>>PLANNERS

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GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES

- 1. Prior to beginning construction, the Owner or his authorized representative, shall convene a Pre-Construction Conference between the City of Georgetown, Engineer, Contractor, County Engineer (if applicable), Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Field Office, and any other affected parties. Notify all such parties at least 48 hours prior to the time of the conference and 48 hours prior to beginning construction.
- 2. Any existing utilities, pavement, curbs, and/or sidewalks damaged or removed shall be repaired by the Contractor at his expense before acceptance of the project.
- 3. The location of any existing water, wastewater lines or other utilities shall be verified by the City of Georgetown & other utility providers prior to construction.
- 4. Manhole frames, covers, water valve covers, etc., shall be raised to finished pavement grade at the Contractor's expense by a qualified contractor with City inspection. All utility adjustments shall be completed prior to final paving construction.
- 5. Steger Bizzell has endeavored to design these plans compliant with ADA/TDLR and other accessibility requirements. However, the contractor shall not be relieved of any responsibility for constructing these improvements compliant with all applicable accessibility standards. If the contractor notices any discrepancies between these plans and accessibility laws/rules, he is to stop work in the area of conflict and notify Steger Bizzell immediately for a resolution and/or revision to these plans. Steger Bizzell shall not be held responsible for constructing this site compliant with accessibility laws/rules regardless of what is shown in these plans.
- 6. Topography based upon LiDAR survey dated January 18, 2022 by McKim and Creed. The contractor shall notify the design engineer in writing of any discrepancies discovered during construction prior to proceeding.

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL NOTES

- 1. The Contractor shall install erosion/sedimentation controls and tree protective fencing prior to any site preparation work (clearing grubbing or excavation).
- 2. The placement of erosion/sedimentation controls shall be in accordance with the EROSION
- & SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN 3. Any significant variation in materials or locations of controls or fences from those shown on
- the approved plans must be approved by the City Engineer 4. The Contractor is required to inspect all controls and fences at weekly intervals and after significant rainfall events to insure that they are functioning properly. The person(s) responsible for maintenance of controls and fences shall immediately make any necessary repairs to damaged areas. Silt accumulation at controls must be removed when the depth
- reaches six (6) inches. Prior to final acceptance, haul roads and waterway crossings constructed for temporary Contractor access must be removed, accumulated sediment removed from the waterway and the area restored to the original grade and revegetated. All land clearing debris shall be disposed of in approved spoil disposal sites.
- 6. Field revisions to the EROSION & SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN required by the Engineer or field inspector with the Texas Commission may be on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) during the course of construction to correct control inadequacies. Major revisions must be approved by the (TCEQ).

PERMANENT EROSION CONTROL NOTES

- 1. All disturbed areas shall be restored as noted below:
- a. A minimum of four inches of imported sandy loam topsoil or approved equal shall be
- placed in all drainage channels (except rock) and on all cleared areas.
- b. Grass areas may be sodded, plugged, sprigged or seeded except that solid sod shall be used in swales or other areas subject to erosion.
- The seeding for permanent erosion control shall be applied over areas disturbed by construction as follows, unless specified elsewhere:
- i. From September 15 to March 1, seeding shall be with a combination of 1 pound per 1,000 square feet of unhulled Bermuda and 7 pounds per 1,000 square feet of Winter Rye with a purity of 95% with 90% germination.
- ii.From March 2 to September 14, seeding shall be with hulled Bermuda at a rate of 3
- pounds per 1,000 square feet with a purity of 95% with 85% germination. c. Fertilizer shall be slow release granular or pelleted type and shall have an analysis of 15-15-15 and shall be applied at the rate of 23 pounds per acre once at the time of
- planting and again once during the time of establishment. d. All planted areas shall be provided with a readily available water supply and watered as necessary to ensure continuous healthy growth and development. The planted area
- shall be irrigated or sprinkled in a manner that will not erode the top soil, but will sufficiently soak the soil to a depth of six inches. The irrigation shall occur at ten-day intervals during the first two months. Rainfall occurrences of 1/2 inch or more shall postpone the watering schedule for one week.
- e. Mulch type used shall be Mulch, applied at a rate of 1,500 pounds per acre.
- 2. Disturbed areas within areas to become public shall be re-vegetated to the City of Georgetown requirements. See section G7 of the City of Georgetown Specifications.

TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES

- 1. Written construction notification must be given to the appropriate TCEQ regional office no later than 48 hours prior to commencement of the regulated activity. Information must include the date on which the regulated activity will commence, the name of the approved plan for the regulated activity, and the name of the prime contractor and the name and telephone number of the contact person.
- 2. All contractors conducting regulated activities associated with this project must be provided with complete copies of the approved Water Pollution Abatement Plan and the TCEQ letter indicating the specific conditions of its approval. During the course of these regulated activities, the contractors are required to keep on-site copies of the approved plan and approval letter.
- 3. If any sensitive feature is discovered during construction, all regulated activities near the sensitive feature must be suspended immediately. The appropriate TCEQ regional office must be immediately notified of any sensitive features encountered during construction. The regulated activities near the sensitive feature may not proceed until the TCEQ has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the sensitive feature and the Edwards Aquifer from any potentially adverse impacts to water quality.
- 4. No temporary aboveground hydrocarbon and hazardous substance storage tank system is installed within 150 feet of a domestic, industrial, irrigation, or public water supply well, or other sensitive feature.
- 5. Prior to commencement of construction, all temporary erosion and sedimentation (E&S) control measures must be properly selected, installed, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturers specifications and good engineering practices. Controls specified in the temporary storm water section of the approved Edwards Aguifer Protection Plan are required during construction. If inspections indicate a control has been used inappropriately, or incorrectly, the applicant must replace or modify the control for site situations. The controls must remain in place until disturbed areas are revegetated and the areas have become permanently stabilized.
- 6. If sediment escapes the construction site, off-site accumulations of sediment must be removed at a frequency sufficient to minimize offsite impacts to water quality (e.g., fugitive sediment in street being washed into surface streams or sensitive features by the next rain).
- 7. Sediment must be removed from sediment traps or sedimentation ponds not later than when design capacity has been reduced by 50%. A permanent stake must be provided that can indicate when the sediment occupies 50% of the basin volume.
- 8. Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals exposed to stormwater shall be prevented from becoming a pollutant source for stormwater discharges (e.g., screening outfalls, picked up daily).
- 9. All spoils (excavated material) generated from the project site must be stored on-site with proper E&S controls. For storage or disposal of spoils at another site on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone, the owner of the site must receive approval of a water pollution abatement plan for the placement of fill material or mass grading prior to the placement of spoils at the other site.
- 10. Stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, but in no case more than 14 days after the construction activity in that portion of the site has temporarily or permanently ceased. Where the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day after construction activity temporary or permanently cease is precluded by weather conditions, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable. Where construction activity on a portion of the site is temporarily ceased, and earth disturbing activities will be resumed within 21 days, temporary stabilization measures do not have to be initiated on that portion of site. In areas experiencing droughts where the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day after construction activity has temporarily or permanently ceased is precluded by seasonal arid conditions, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as
- 11. The following records shall be maintained and made available to the TCEQ upon request: the dates when major grading activities occur; the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site; and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 12. The holder of any approved Edward Aquifer protection plan must notify the appropriate regional office in writing and obtain approval from the executive director prior to initiating any of the following:
- A. any physical or operational modification of any water pollution abatement structure(s), including but not limited to ponds, dams, berms, sewage treatment plants, and diversionary structures;
- B. any change in the nature or character of the regulated activity from that which was originally approved or a change which would significantly
- impact the ability of the plan to prevent pollution of the Edwards Aquifer; C. any development of land previously identified as undeveloped in the original water pollution abatement plan.

Austin Regional Office 12100 Park 35 Circle Building A, 1st Floor Austin, Texas 78753 Phone (512) 339-2929 Fax (512) 339-3795

GENERAL NOTES (1 OF 2)

WOODSIDE EAST - PHASE A GEORGETOWN, WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS 22226-21

SHEET

Project No

P:\22000-22999\22226 sun city\21-madison tract\03 EAST\01 phase a\CAD\Plans\02 GENERAL NOTES (1 OF 2).dwg Aug 19, 2023 - 10:50am

REVISION

BY DATE

DESIGNED BY:

DRAWN BY

CHECKED BY:

APPROVED BY:

BLM, SJT, TEH, KWM

A written notice of construction must be submitted to the presiding TCEQ regional office at least 48 hours prior to the start of any regulated activities. This notice must include:

the name of the approved project; the activity start date; and

the contact information of the prime contractor.

Any modification to the activities described in the referenced SCS application following the date of approval may require the submittal of an SCS application to modify this approval, including the payment of appropriate fees and all information necessary for its review and approval.

Prior to beginning any construction activity, all temporary erosion and sedimentation (E&S) control measures must be properly installed and maintained in accordance with the manufacturers specifications. These controls must remain in place until the disturbed areas have been permanently

If any sensitive features are discovered during the wastewater line trenching activities, all regulated activities near the sensitive feature must be suspended immediately. The applicant must immediately notify the appropriate regional office of the TCEQ of the feature discovered. A geologist's assessment of the location and extent of the feature discovered must be reported to that regional office in writing and the applicant must submit a plan for ensuring the structural integrity of the sewer line or for modifying the proposed collection system alignment around the feature. The regulated activities near the sensitive feature may not proceed until the executive director has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the sensitive feature and the Edwards Aguifer from any potentially adverse impacts to water quality while maintaining the structural integrity of the line.

Sewer lines located within or crossing the 5-year floodplain of a drainage way will be protected from inundation and stream velocities which could cause erosion and scouring of backfill. The trench must be capped with concrete to prevent scouring of backfill, or the sewer lines must be encased in concrete. All concrete shall have a minimum thickness of 6 inches.

Blasting procedures for protection of existing sewer lines and other utilities will be in accordance with the National Fire Protection Association criteria. Sand is not allowed as bedding or backfill in trenches that have been blasted. If any existing sewer lines are damaged, the lines must be repaired and retested.

All manholes constructed or rehabilitated on this project must have watertight size on size resilient connectors allowing for differential settlement. If manholes are constructed within the 100-year floodplain, the cover must have a gasket and be bolted to the ring. Where gasketed manhole covers are required for more than three manholes in sequence or for more than 1500 feet, alternate means of venting will be provided. Bricks are not an acceptable construction material for any portion of the

The diameter of the manholes must be a minimum of four feet and the manhole for entry must have a minimum clear opening diameter of 30 inches. These dimensions and other details showing compliance with the commission's rules concerning manholes and sewer line/manhole inverts described in 30 TAC §217.55 are included on Plan Sheets 26 & 27.

It is suggested that entrance into manholes in excess of four feet deep be accomplished by means of a portable ladder. The inclusion of steps in a manhole is prohibited.

Where water lines and new sewer line are installed with a separation distance closer than nine feet (i.e., water lines crossing wastewater lines, water lines paralleling wastewater lines, or water lines next to manholes) the installation must meet the requirements of 30 TAC §217.53(d) (Pipe Design) and 30 TAC §290.44(e) (Water Distribution).

11. Where sewers lines deviate from straight alignment and uniform grade all curvature of sewer pipe must be achieved by the following procedure which is recommended by the pipe manufacturer: NOT

If pipe flexure is proposed, the following method of preventing deflection of the joint must be used: NOT APPLICABLE.

Specific care must be taken to ensure that the joint is placed in the center of the trench and properly bedded in accordance with 30 TAC §217.54.

12. New sewage collection system lines must be constructed with stub outs for the connection of anticipated extensions. The location of such stub outs must be marked on the ground such that their location can be easily determined at the time of connection of the extensions. Such stub outs must be manufactured wyes or tees that are compatible in size and material with both the sewer line and the extension. At the time of original construction, new stub-outs must be constructed sufficiently to extend beyond the end of the street pavement. All stub-outs must be sealed with a manufactured cap to prevent leakage. Extensions that were not anticipated at the time of original construction or that are to be connected to an existing sewer line not furnished with stub outs must be connected using a manufactured saddle and in accordance with accepted plumbing techniques.

If no stub-out is present an alternate method of joining laterals is shown in the detail on Plan Sheet 27 of 32. (For potential future laterals).

The private service lateral stub-outs must be installed as shown on the plan and profile sheets on Plan Sheet <u>26</u> of <u>32</u> and marked after backfilling as shown in the detail on Plan Sheet <u>26</u> of <u>32</u>.

13. Trenching, bedding and backfill must conform with 30 TAC §217.54. The bedding and backfill for flexible pipe must comply with the standards of ASTM D-2321, Classes IA, IB, II or III. Rigid pipe bedding must comply with the requirements of ASTM C 12 (ANSI A 106.2) classes A, B or C.

14. Sewer lines must be tested from manhole to manhole. When a new sewer line is connected to an existing stub or clean-out, it must be tested from existing manhole to new manhole. If a stub or clean-out is used at the end of the proposed sewer line, no private service attachments may be connected between the last manhole and the cleanout unless it can be certified as conforming with the provisions of 30 TAC §213.5(c)(3)(E).

15. All sewer lines must be tested in accordance with 30 TAC §217.57. The engineer must retain copies of all test results which must be made available to the executive director upon request. The

engineer must certify in writing that all wastewater lines have passed all required testing to the appropriate regional office within 30 days of test completion and prior to use of the new collection system. Testing method will be:

15.a. For a collection system pipe that will transport wastewater by gravity flow, the design must specify an infiltration and exfiltration test or a low-pressure air test. A test must conform to the following requirements:

15.a.1. Low Pressure Air Test. A low pressure air test must follow the procedures described in American Society For Testing And Materials (ASTM) C-828, ASTM C-924, or ASTM F-1417 or other

procedure approved by the executive director, except as to testing times as required in Table C.3 in subparagraph (C) of this paragraph or Equation C.3 in subparagraph (B)(ii) of this paragraph.

For sections of collection system pipe less than 36 inch average inside diameter, the following procedure must apply, unless a pipe is to be tested as required by paragraph (2) of this subsection.

A pipe must be pressurized to 3.5 pounds per square inch (psi) greater than the pressure exerted by groundwater above the pipe. 15.a.1.B.2. Once the pressure is stabilized, the minimum time allowable for the pressure to drop from 3.5 psi gauge to 2.5 psi gauge is computed from the following

> Equation C.3 $T = 0.085 \times D \times K$

equation

T = time for pressure to drop 1.0 pound per square inch gauge in seconds

K = 0.000419 X D X L, but not less than 1.0

D = average inside pipe diameter in inches L = length of line of same size being tested, in feet

Q = rate of loss, 0.0015 cubic feet per minute per square foot internal

Since a K value of less than 1.0 may not be used, the minimum testing time for each pipe diameter is shown in the following Table C.3:

Pipe Diameter (inches)	Minimum Time (seconds)	Maximum Length for Minimum Time (feet)	Time for Longer Length (seconds/foot)
6	340	398	0.855
8	454	298	1.520
10	567	239	2.374
12	680	199	3.419
15	850	159	5.342
18	1020	133	7.693
21	1190	114	10.471
24	1360	100	13.676
27	1530	88	17.309
30	1700	80	21.369
33	1870	72	25.856

An owner may stop a test if no pressure loss has occurred during the first 25% of the 15.a.1.D. If any pressure loss or leakage has occurred during the first 25% of a testing period, then the test must continue for the entire test duration as outlined above or until

Wastewater collection system pipes with a 27 inch or larger average inside diameter may be air tested at each joint instead of following the procedure outlined in this

A testing procedure for pipe with an inside diameter greater than 33 inches must be approved by the executive director.

Infiltration/Exfiltration Test. 15.a.2. The total exfiltration, as determined by a hydrostatic head test, must not exceed 50 15.a.2.A. gallons per inch of diameter per mile of pipe per 24 hours at a minimum test head of 2.0 feet above the crown of a pipe at an upstream manhole.

15.a.2.B. An owner shall use an infiltration test in lieu of an exfiltration test when pipes are installed below the groundwater level. The total exfiltration, as determined by a hydrostatic head test, must not exceed 50 gallons per inch diameter per mile of pipe per 24 hours at a minimum test head of

two feet above the crown of a pipe at an upstream mant above existing groundwater level, whichever is greater. For construction within a 25-year flood plain, the infiltration or exfiltration must not exceed 10 gallons per inch diameter per mile of pipe per 24 hours at the same minimum test head as in subparagraph (C) of this paragraph.

If the quantity of infiltration or exfiltration exceeds the maximum quantity specified, an owner shall undertake remedial action in order to reduce the infiltration or exfiltration to an amount within the limits specified. An owner shall retest a pipe following a remediation action.

15.b. If a gravity collection pipe is composed of flexible pipe, deflection testing is also required. The following procedures must be followed:

15.b.1. For a collection pipe with inside diameter less than 27 inches, deflection measurement requires a rigid mandrel.

Mandrel Sizing. A rigid mandrel must have an outside diameter (OD) not less than 95% of the 15.b.1.A.1. base inside diameter (ID) or average ID of a pipe, as specified in the appropriate standard by the ASTMs, American Water Works Association, UNI-BELL, or American National Standards Institute, or any related appendix.

15.b.1.A.2. If a mandrel sizing diameter is not specified in the appropriate standard, the mandrel must have an OD equal to 95% of the ID of a pipe. In this case, the ID of the pipe, for the purpose of determining the OD of the mandrel, must equal be the average outside diameter minus two minimum wall thicknesses for OD controlled pipe and the average inside diameter for ID controlled pipe. 15.b.1.A.3. All dimensions must meet the appropriate standard.

Mandrel Design. 15.b.1.B. 15.b.1.B.1. A rigid mandrel must be constructed of a metal or a rigid plastic material that can withstand 200 psi without being deformed. 15.b.1.B.2. A mandrel must have nine or more odd number of runners or legs.

15.b.1.B.3. A barrel section length must equal at least 75% of the inside diameter of a pipe. Each size mandrel must use a separate proving ring. 15.b.1.C. Method Options. 15.b.1.C.1. An adjustable or flexible mandrel is prohibited.

15.b.1.C.2. A test may not use television inspection as a substitute for a deflection test. If requested, the executive director may approve the use of a deflectometer or a mandrel with removable legs or runners on a case-by-case basis. 15.b.2. For a gravity collection system pipe with an inside diameter 27 inches and greater, other

test methods may be used to determine vertical deflection. A deflection test method must be accurate to within plus or minus 0.2% deflection. An owner shall not conduct a deflection test until at least 30 days after the final

backfill Gravity collection system pipe deflection must not exceed five percent (5%). 15.b.6. If a pipe section fails a deflection test, an owner shall correct the problem and conduct a second test after the final backfill has been in place at least 30 days.

16. All manholes must be tested to meet or exceed the requirements of 30 TAC §217.58.

16.a. All manholes must pass a leakage test. 16.b. An owner shall test each manhole (after assembly and backfilling) for leakage, separate and independent of the collection system pipes, by hydrostatic exfiltration

testing, vacuum testing, or other method approved by the executive director. Hydrostatic Testing. The maximum leakage for hydrostatic testing or any alternative test methods is

0.025 gallons per foot diameter per foot of manhole depth per hour. To perform a hydrostatic exfiltration test, an owner shall seal all wastewater pipes coming into a manhole with an internal pipe plug, fill the manhole with water, and

maintain the test for at least one hour. A test for concrete manholes may use a 24-hour wetting period before testing to allow saturation of the concrete.

16.b.2. Vacuum Testing. 16.b.2.A. To perform a vacuum test, an owner shall plug all lift holes and exterior joints with a non-shrink grout and plug all pipes entering a manhole.

No grout must be placed in horizontal joints before testing. 16.b.2.C. Stub-outs, manhole boots, and pipe plugs must be secured to prevent movement

while a vacuum is drawn. 16.b.2.D. An owner shall use a minimum 60 inch/lb torque wrench to tighten the external clamps that secure a test cover to the top of a manhole.

A test head must be placed at the inside of the top of a cone section, and the seal inflated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. 16.b.2.F. There must be a vacuum of 10 inches of mercury inside a manhole to perform a

16.b.2.G. A test does not begin until after the vacuum pump is off.

16.b.2.H. A manhole passes the test if after 2.0 minutes and with all valves closed, the vacuum is at least 9.0 inches of mercury.

17. All private service laterals must be inspected and certified in accordance with 30 TAC §213.5(c)(3)(I). After installation of and, prior to covering and connecting a private service lateral to an existing organized sewage collection system, a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer, Texas Registered Sanitarian, or appropriate city inspector must visually inspect the private service lateral and the connection to the sewage collection system, and certify that it is constructed in conformity with the applicable provisions of this section. The owner of the collection system must maintain such certifications for five years and forward copies to the appropriate regional office upon request. Connections may only be made to an approved sewage collection system.

Austin Regional Office 12100 Park 35 Circle, Building A Austin, Texas 78753-1808 Phone (512) 339-2929 Fax (512) 339-3795

THESE GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES MUST BE INCLUDED ON THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS PROVIDED TO THE CONTRACTOR AND ALL SUBCONTRACTORS.

MANHOLE TESTING

All manholes must pass a leakage test. An owner shall test each manhole (after assembly and backfilling) for leakage, separate and independent of the collection system pipes, by hydrostatic exfiltration testing, vacuum testing, or other method approved by the executive

HYDROSTATIC TESTING

The maximum leakage for hydrostatic testing or any alternative test methods is 0.025 gallons per foot diameter per foot of manhole depth per hour. To perform a hydrostatic exfiltration test, an owner shall seal all wastewater pipes coming into a manhole with an internal pipe plug, fill the manhole with water and maintain the test for at least one hour. A test for concrete manholes may use a 24 hour wetting period before testing to allow saturation of the concrete.

VACUUM TESTING

To perform a vacuum test, an owner shall plug all lift holes and exterior joints with a non-shrink grout and plug all pipes entering a manhole. No grout must be placed in horizontal joints before testing. Stub outs, manhole boots and pipe plugs must be secured to prevent movement while a vacuum is drawn. An owner shall use a minimum 60 inch/lb torque wrench to tighten the external clamps that secure a test cover to the top of a manhole. A test head must be placed at the inside of the top of a cone section and the seal inflated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. There must be a vacuum of 10 inches of mercury inside a manhole to perform a valid test. A test does not begin until after the vacuum pump is off. A manhole passes the test if after 2.0 minutes and with all valves closed, the vacuum is a least 9.0 inches of mercury.

ADDITIONAL WASTEWATER NOTES

1. If a conflict exists between the various documents, the documents will take precedence in the following order:

a. Municipal Utility Specifications

b. Change Orders c. Addenda Issue During Bidding

d. Construction Plans

e. Project Specifications

2. The following pipe diameters, pipe material and national standard specifications are proposed for this project:

PIPE DIAMETER (IN)	LINEAR FEET (FT)	PIPE MATERIAL	NATIONAL STANDARD FOR PIPE MATERIAL	NATIONAL STANDARD FOR PIPE JOINTS
6	1450	PVC SDR-26	ASTM D 3034	ASTM D 3212
8	3263	PVC SDR-26	ASTM D 3034	ASTM D 3212
8	120	PVC DR-18	ASTM D 1784	ASTM D 3139

3. Watertight, size on size resilient connectors conforming to ASTM C 923 must be used for connecting pipe to manholes.

4. The bedding class for each diameter of flexible pipe and each flexible pipe material is as follows:

PIPE DIAMETER (IN)	PIPE MATERIAL	BEDDING CLASS
8	PVC SDR-26/DR-18	1B
8	DR-18 PVC	1B

5. Brick manhole construction is not allowed. Use of brick for adjusting manhole covers to grade is also prohibited.

6. All manholes shall be of precast concrete construction.

7. The structural integrity of the collection line due to high soil P.I.'s will require the bedding around the pipe to be 6" minimum below the pipe, 6" minimum on each side of the pipe, and 12" minimum above the pipe.

8. If faults, caverns, or subsidence are discovered during construction, construction shall be halted to allow the features to be inspected by the design engineer or a geological or geotechnical engineer. Based on this inspection, revisions approval to the design may be required.

9. The trench walls shall be vertical to at least one foot above the pipe.

10. The trench backfill shall be free of stones greater than 6 inches in diameter and free of organic or any other unstable material.

11. Manholes shown on the plans with sealed and gasketed covers are provided as protection against inflow for those manholes which lie 1) within a 100 year flood plain, 2) lie with a drainageway, 3) lie within a street subject to carrying drainage flows, and 4) additional locations as determined necessary by the Engineer.

12. No drop connections are proposed in these plans.

13. The minimum allowable tensile strength and cell class for each flexible pipe shall be as follows:

PIPE MATERIAL	TENSILE STRENGTH	CELL CLASS (PVC ONLY)
SDR-26	7,000	12454-B
PS-115	7,000	12454-B

14. All gravity lines utilizing flexible pipe must be tested for deflection by pulling a rigid mandrel through the installed pipe. The test must be conducted at least 30 days after placement and compaction of final backfill. No pipe shall exceed a deflection of 5 rigid mandrel shall be used to measure deflection. The test must be performed without mechanical pulling devices. The mandrel's minimum outside diameter is 95 inside diameter. The mandrel must have an odd number of runners, totaling nine or more. The barrel section of the mandrel must have a length at least 75 inside diameter. A TV test cannot substitute for the deflection

15. A leakage test is required for all gravity lines. For line that is not horizontally curved, a hydrostatic test and/or a low pressure air test must be performed on all proposed gravity sanitary sewer collection piping. These tests must comply with Section 217.57(a) of the TCEQ's rules. The contractor shall have the option of utilizing either a hydrostatic test or a low pressure air test.

16. Manholes must be tested for leakage. Manholes will be tested with a hydrostatic test, or with a vacuum test, Contractor's Option.

17. The hydrostatic manhole test shall comply with the test requirements detailed in Section 217.58(b)(1) of the TCEQ's rules

18. Each manhole shall be tested immediately after assembly and prior to backfilling. Manholes which have been backfilled shall either be excavated to expose the entire exterior prior to vacuum testing or the manhole shall be tested for leakage by means of a hydrostatic test.

19. All lift holes and exterior joints shall be plugged with an approved non-shrink grout.

20. No grout shall be placed in horizontal joints before testing.

21. All pipes entering the manhole shall be plugged, taking care to securely brace the plugs from being drawn into the manhole.

22. Stubouts, manhole boots and pipe plugs shall be secured to prevent movement while the vacuum is drawn.

23. A minimum 60-inch/lb torque wrench shall be used to tighten the external clamps that secure the test cover to the top of the manhole.

24. The test head shall be placed at the inside of the top of the cone section and the

seal inflated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation.

25. A vacuum of 10 inches of mercury shall be drawn and the vacuum pump shut off. With the valves closed, the time shall be measured for the vacuum to drop to 9 inches of mercury. The manhole shall pass if the time is greater than 2 minutes. If the manhole fails the initial test, necessary repairs shall be made with a non-shrink grout while the vacuum is still being drawn. If the manhole fails a second time, repairs should again be made and the manhole shall be tested by means of a hydrostatic test which complies with Section 217.58(b)(1) of the TCEQ's rules. If any manhole fails the hydrostatic test, after failing the vacuum test twice, the contractor should consider replacing that manhole. If the contractor chooses to attempt to repair that manhole, the manhole must be retested by means of the hydrostatic test outlined in Section 217.58(b)(1) of the TCEQ's rules, until it passes.

26. Inspection must be provided during critical phases of construction by a qualified inspector under the direction of a P.E. Critical phases of construction are deemed at a minimum to include testing of pipe and manholes for leakage, testing of flexible pipe for installed deflection, and any other as directed by the City. The City and design engineer shall provide inspection as appropriate.

27. TCEQ approval letters for plans and specifications review contain the requirement that once the project is completed, a P.E. registered in the state of Texas must certify that the construction was performed substantially in accordance with the approved plans and specifications. If flexible pipe was installed, a P.E. must also certify that all pipe was subjected to and passed the required deflection test. The design engineer, with concurrence of the City, will certify the installation.

28. The project plans and specifications must ensure that the pipe installation will adhere to the minimum separation distances allowed by 217.53 (d), TCEQ's rules.

Separation Distances.

The following rules apply to separation distances between potable water and wastewater treatment plants, and waterlines and sanitary sewers.

(a) Water line/new sewer line separation. When new sanitary sewers are installed, they shall be installed no closer to waterlines than nine feet in all directions. Sewers that parallel waterlines must be installed in separate trenches. Where the nine foot separation distance cannot be achieved, the following guidelines will apply:

(b) SDF

(1) Where a sanitary sewer parallels a waterline, the sewer shall be constructed of cast iron, ductile iron or PVC meeting ASTM specifications with a pressure rating for both the pipe and joints of 150 psi. The vertical separation shall be a minimum of two feet between outside diameters and the horizontal separation shall be a minimum of four feet between outside diameters. The sewer shall be located below the waterline.

(2) Where a sanitary sewer crosses a waterline and the sewer is constructed of cast iron, ductile iron or PVC with a minimum pressure rating of 150 psi, an absolute minimum distance of 6 inches between outside diameters shall be maintained. In addition the sewer shall be located below the waterline where possible and one length of the sewer pipe must be centered on the waterline.

(3) Where a sewer crosses under a waterline and the sewer is con-structed of ABS truss pipe, similar semi-rigid plastic composite pipe, clay pipe or concrete pipe with gasketed joints, a minimum two foot separation distance shall be maintained. The initial backfill shall be cement stabilized sand (two or more bags of cement per cubic yard of sand) for all sections of sewer within nine feet of the waterline. This initial backfill shall be from one quarter diameter below the centerline of the pipe to one pipe diameter (but not less than 12 inches) above the top of the pipe.

4) Where a sewer crosses over a waterline all portions of the sewer within nine feet of the waterline shall be constructed of cast iron, ductile iron, or PVC pipe with a pressure rating of at least 150 psi using appropriate adapters. In lieu of this procedure the new conveyance may be encased in a joint of 150 psi pressure class pipe at least 18 feet long and two nominal sizes larger than the new conveyance. The space around the carrier pipe shall be supported at 5 feet intervals with spacers or be filled to the springline with washed sand. The encasement pipe should be centered on the crossing and both ends sealed with cement grout or manufactured seal.

b) Water line/manhole separation. Unless sanitary sewer manholes and the connecting sewer can be made watertight and tested for no leakage, they must be installed so as to provide a minimum of nine feet of horizontal clearance from an existing or proposed waterline. Where the nine foot separation distance cannot be achieved, a carrier pipe as des- cribed in subsection (a)(4) of this section may be used where appropriate.

The separation distance between any unknown water lines which are discovered during the installation phase of the project, and, the gravity sanitary sewer pipe which will be installed, shall be sufficient to comply with the minimum separation distances allowed by 217.53(d) of the TCEQ's rules as stated above.

29. AN EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN is included with these plans. These provisions are intended to control erosion and sedimentation due to runoff during construction. These provisions must be installed prior to any other construction activities.

30. It is the intent of this project that portable ladders be used to access manholes during construction by the Contractor as well as for maintenance purposes after construction is complete by the City.

31. It is the intent of this project that personal gas detectors are required for wear by all personnel whose jobs require entering enclosed spaces (such as manholes and lift stations) capable of accumulations of hydrogen sulfide or other harmful gases. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to ensure these detectors are provided to the appropriate personnel during the construction of this project. It shall be the responsibility of the City to ensure these detectors are provided to the appropriate personnel during the maintenance of this project after construction.

WARNING! There are existing water pipelines, underground telephone cables and other above and below ground utilities in the vicinity of this project. The Contractor shall contact all appropriate companies prior to any construction in the area and determine if any conflicts exist. If so, the Contractor shall immediately contact the Engineer who shall revise the design as necessary.

BY DATE DESIGNED BY: DATE BLM, SJT, TEH, KWM 6-12-2023 DRAWN BY DATE DATE CHECKED BY DATE APPROVED BY:





GENERAL NOTES (2 OF 2)

WOODSIDE EAST - PHASE A

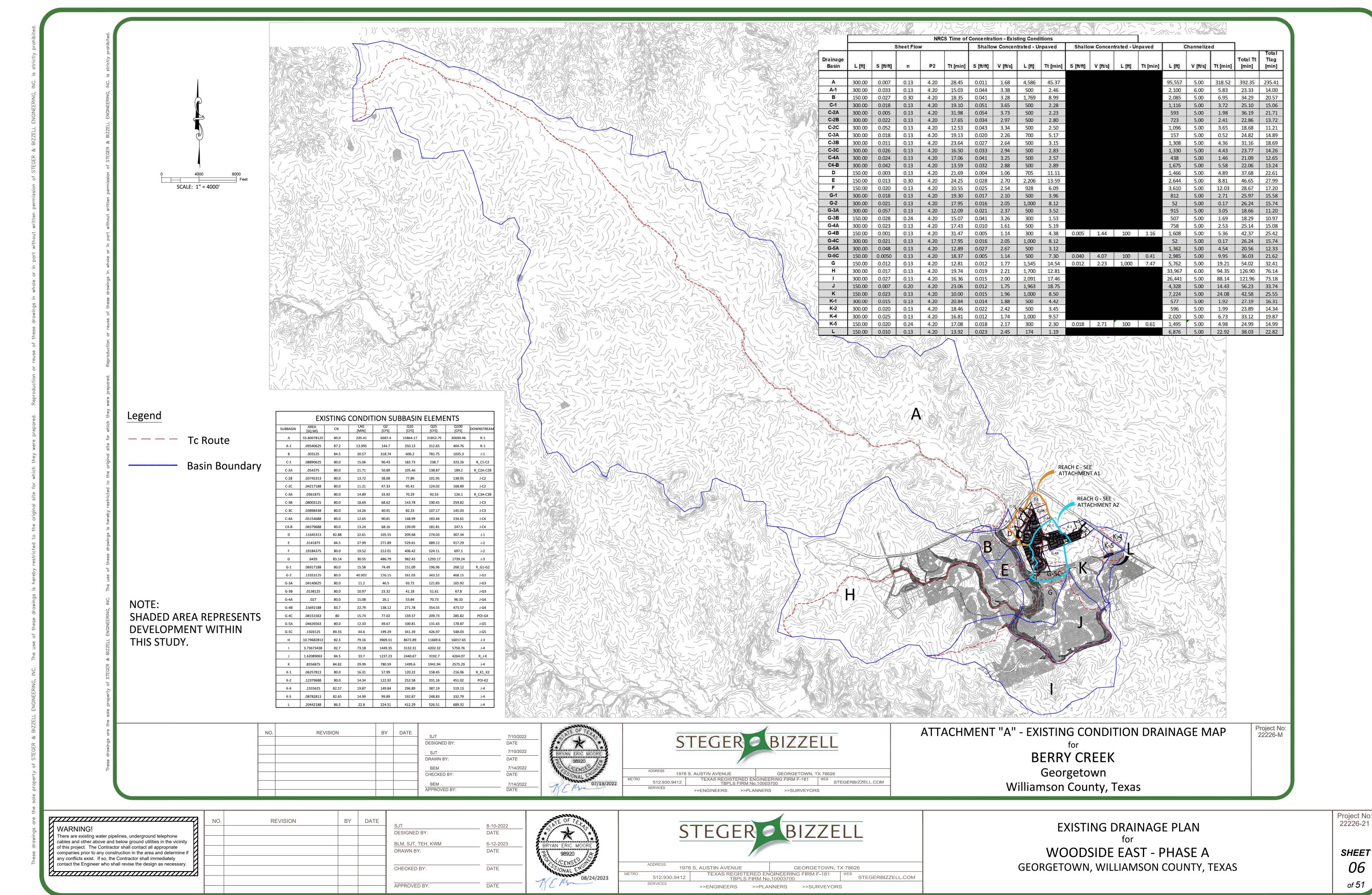
GEORGETOWN, WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS

SHEET

Project No

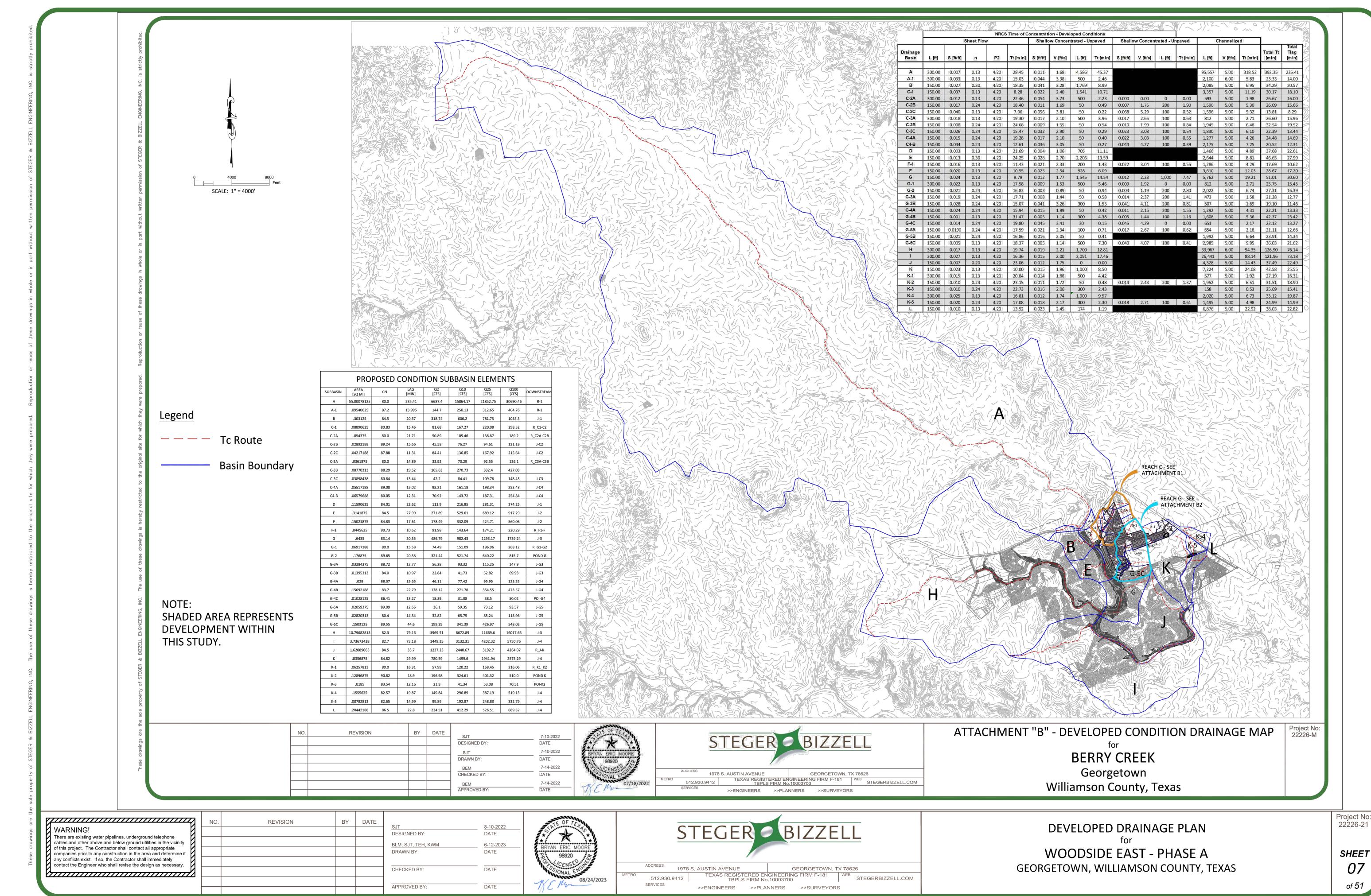
22226-21

REVISION



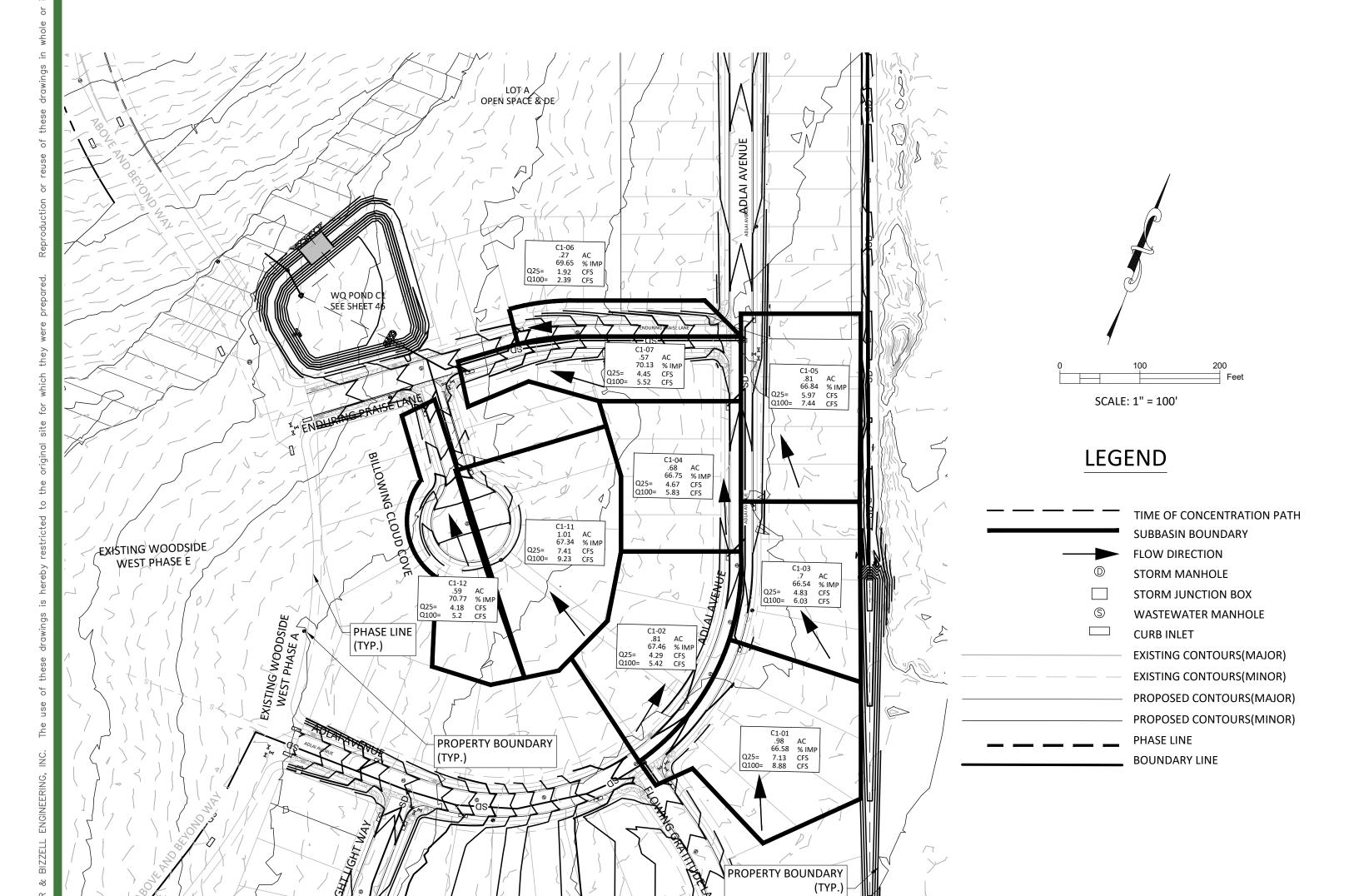
P:\22000-22999\22226 sun city\21-madison tract\03 EAST\01 phase a\CAD\Plans\06 EXISTING DRAINAGE PLAN.dwg

2023-18-CON



								HYDROLOGIC SUMMA	ARY TABLE												
Subarea	Area	Тс	i2	i 10	i25	i100	C2	C10		C25	C100	Q2	Q10	Q25	Q100	Building/Drives	%	Roadway/Sidewalks	%	Grass	%
Number	(acres)	(min)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)						(cfs)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(ac)		(ac)		(ac)	
C1-01	0.98	6.38	6.13	8.21	9.39	11.36	0.3	1	0.36	0.39	0.46	1.86	2.89	3.58	5.11	0	C	0		0.98	, 1
C1-11	1.01	6.33	6.14	8.23	9.4	11.38	0.3	1	0.36	0.39	0.46	1.92	2.99	3.7	5.29	0	C	0		0 1.01	. 1
C1-02	0.81	18.57	4.18	5.8	6.78	8.32	0.3	1	0.36	0.39	0.46	1.05	1.69	2.14	3.1	0	C	0		0.81	. 1
C1-04	0.68	8.15	5.73	7.73	8.87	10.77	0.3	1	0.36	0.39	0.46	1.2	1.88	2.34	3.35	0	C	0		0.68	, 1
C1-06	0.27	8.15	5.73	7.73	8.87	10.77	0.3	1	0.36	0.39	0.46	0.48	0.76	0.94	1.35	0	C	0		0 0.27	0.99
C1-03	0.7	8.15	5.73	7.73	8.87	10.77	0.3	1	0.36	0.39	0.46	1.25	1.95	2.43	3.47	0	C	0		0 0.7	1
C1-05	0.81	5.9	6.25	8.36	9.54	11.54	0.3	1	0.36	0.39	0.46	1.56	2.42	2.99	4.27	0	C	0		0.81	1.01
C1-07	0.57	5	6.48	8.64	9.84	11.88	0.3	1	0.36	0.39	0.46	1.14	1.77	2.18	3.1	0	C	0		0 0.57	1
C1-12	0.59	8.15	5.73	7.73	8.87	10.77	0.3	1	0.36	0.39	0.46	1.04	1.64	2.03	2.91	0	C	0		0 0.59	1

	Time of Concentration Calculations												
			S	hallow Concentra	ated				Results				
Drainage Basin	L [ft]	S [ft/ft]	n	T _t [min]	L[ft]	S [ft/ft]	n	T _t [min]	L [ft]	S [ft/ft]	V [ft/s]	T _t [min]	Total T _t [min]
C1-01	150	0.03	0.30	5.97	50.00	0.02	0.02	0.10	92.41	0.00	5.00	0.31	6.38
C1-02	150	0.00	0.30	17.76	50.00	0.00	0.02	0.24	172.27	0.00	5.00	0.57	18.57
C1-05	150	0.04	0.30	5.11	50.00	0.00	0.02	0.26	155.39	0.00	5.00	0.52	5.90
C1-11	150	0.03	0.30	6.06	50.00	0.02	0.02	0.10	53.78	0.02	5.00	0.18	6.33



LineNo.	InletID	FlowRate	GutterSlope	CrossSlope, Sx	GutterSpread	GutterDepth	n-valueGutter	ThroatHt	GutterWidth	StructLength	QCarryover	QCaptured	QBypass	JunctType
2:	C1-01	3.58	0.005	0.02	12.74	0.32	0.015	3.8	0.83	11	C	3.58	3	0 Curb
18	3 C1-02	2.14	0.005	0.02	10.43	0.28	0.015	3.8	0.83	11	C	2.14	1	0 Curb
16	C1-03	2.43	0.005	0.02	10.95	0.29	0.015	3.8	0.83	11	C	2.43	3	0 Curb
14	1 C1-04	2.34	0.005	0.02	10.81	0.28	0.015	3.8	0.83	11	C	2.34	4	0 Curb
22	C1-05	2.99	0.005	0.02	11.89	0.3	0.015	3.8	0.83	11	C	2.99	9	0 Curb
9	C1-06	0.94	0.022	0.02	5.5	0.18	0.015	3.8	0.83	11		0.94	1	0 Curb
(6 C1-07	2.18	0.008	0.02	9.62	0.26	0.015	3.8	0.83	11		2.18	3	0 Curb
25	C1-11	3.47	0.054	0.02	8.08	0.23	0.015	3.8	0.83	11	C	3.47	7 0.2	23 Curb
24	1 C1-12	2.03	0.021	0.02	7.72	0.22	0.015	3.8	0.83	11		2.03	3	0 Curb

STRM-C1 25-YR FLOW TO INLETS

LineNo.	InletID	FlowRate	GutterSlope	CrossSlope, Sx	GutterSpread	GutterDepth	n-valueGutter	ThroatHt	GutterWidth	StructLength	QCarryover	QCaptured	QBypass	JunctType
2	1 C1-01	5.11	0.005	0.02	14.61	0.36	0.015	3.8	0.83	11	0	5.11		0 Curb
1	8 C1-02	3.1	0.005	0.02	12.05	0.31	0.015	3.8	0.83	11	0	3.1		0 Curb
1	6 C1-03	3.47	0.005	0.02	12.59	0.32	0.015	3.8	0.83	11	0	3.47		0 Curb
1	4 C1-04	3.35	0.005	0.02	12.42	0.32	0.015	3.8	0.83	11	. 0	3.35		0 Curb
2	2 C1-05	4.27	0.005	0.02	13.64	0.34	0.015	3.8	0.83	11	0	4.27		0 Curb
	9 C1-06	1.35	0.022	0.02	6.41	0.19	0.015	3.8	0.83	11	0	1.35		0 Curb
	6 C1-07	3.1	0.008	0.02	11.05	0.29	0.015	3.8	0.83	11		3.1		0 Curb
2	5 C1-11	4.37	0.054	0.02	9.31	0.25	0.015	3.8	0.83	11		4.37	0.9	2 Curb
2	4 C1-12	2.91	0.021	0.02	8.92	0.25	0.015	3.8	0.83	11	0	2.91		0 Curb

STRM-C1 100-YR FLOW TO INLETS

	NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE	0.17	
ARNING! re are existing water pipelines, underground telephone					SJT DESIGNED BY:	8-10-2022 DATE
les and other above and below ground utilities in the vicinity his project. The Contractor shall contact all appropriate panies prior to any construction in the area and determine if					BLM, SJT, TEH, KWM DRAWN BY:	6-12-2023 DATE
conflicts exist. If so, the Contractor shall immediately tact the Engineer who shall revise the design as necessary.						
					CHECKED BY:	DATE





STRM-C1 INLET CALCULATIONS

for

WOODSIDE EAST - PHASE A
GEORGETOWN, WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS

Project No: 22226-21

SHEET 09of 51

1978 S. AUSTIN AVENUE

GEORGETOWN, TX 78626

TEXAS REGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-181
TBPLS FIRM No.10003700

WEB
STEGERBIZZELL.COM

>>ENGINEERS >>PLANNERS >>SURVEYORS

any conflicts exist. If so, the Contractor shall immediately contact the Engineer who shall revise the design as necessary.

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CHECKED BY:

APPROVED BY

2023-18-CON

GEORGETOWN, WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS

SCALE: 1" = 100'

LEGEND

TIME OF CONCENTRATION PATH

FLOW DIRECTION

STORM MANHOLE

BOUNDARY LINE

CURB INLET

SUBBASIN BOUNDARY

STORM JUNCTION BOX

WASTEWATER MANHOLE

EXISTING CONTOURS(MAJOR)

EXISTING CONTOURS(MINOR) PROPOSED CONTOURS(MAJOR) PROPOSED CONTOURS(MINOR)

Project No: 22226-21

SHEET

10

							HYDROI	LOGIC SUMMARY TABLE												
Subarea	Area	Tc	i2	i10	i25	i100	C2	C10	C25	C100	Q2	Q10	Q25	Q100	Building/Drives	% R(oadway/Sidewalks	%	Grass	%
Number	(acres)	(min)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	CZ	CIO	623	CIGO	(cfs)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(ac)	70 100	(ac)		(ac)	70
C2-61	0.63	5	6.48	8.64	9.84	11.88	0.72	0.74	0.75	0.78	2.97	4.06	4.7	5.87	0.319	0.5	0.079	0	0.24	0.38
C2-64	0.69	5	6.48	8.64	9.84	11.88	0.72	0.74	0.75	0.78	3.22	4.41	5.1	6.37	0.342	0.5	0.089	0.14	0.26	0.38
C2-71	0.8	9.69		7.36	8.47	10.3	0.73	0.75	0.76	0.79	3.16	4.39	5.13	6.45	0.373	0.47	0.136	0.2	0.29	0.36
C2-31	1.1	9.55	5.46	7.39	8.51	10.34	0.76 0.77	0.77 0.79	0.78	0.81	4.56	6.31	7.36	9.2 3.54	0.509	0.46	0.24	0.3	0.35	0.32
C2-32 C2-33	0.37 0.72	5	6.48 6.48	8.64 8.64	9.84 9.84	11.88 11.88	0.75	0.79	0.79 0.78	0.82	1.82 3.47	2.48 4.74	2.85 5.46	6.8	0.1	0.27 0.55	0.154 0.084	0.14 0.23	0.11 0.24	0.3
C2-35	0.7	5	6.48	8.64	9.84	11.88	0.76	0.78	0.79	0.81	3.49	4.75	5.47	6.79	0.3	0.43	0.185	0.26	0.22	0.31
C2-34	0.29	5	6.48	8.64	9.84	11.88	0.76	0.77	0.78	0.8	1.42	1.94	2.23	2.77	0.076	0.26	0.12	0.17	0.09	0.31
C2-	1.06	8.15	5.73	7.73	8.87	10.77	0.72	0.74	0.75	0.78	4.38	6.06	7.06	8.87	0.488	0.46	0.171	0.01	0.4	0.38
C2-36	0.49	5	6.48	8.64	9.84	11.88	0.78	0.8	0.81	0.83	2.46	3.34	3.85	4.76	0.13	0.27	0.218	0.84	0.14	0.29
C2-43	0.82	5.78	6.28	8.39	9.58	11.58	0.75	0.76	0.77	0.8	3.84	5.25	6.07	7.57	0.469	0.57	0.074	0.24	0.28	0.34
C2-02 C2-01	0.72 0.72	5	6.48 6.48	8.64 8.64	9.84 9.84	11.88 11.88	0.72 0.72	0.74 0.74	0.75 0.75	0.78 0.78	3.39 3.35	4.64 4.59	5.37 5.3	6.7 6.63	0.363 0.358	0.5 0.5	0.091	0.11	0.27 0.27	0.37
C2-05	0.72	5	6.48	8.64	9.84	11.88	0.77	0.78	0.79	0.78	1.83	2.49	2.86	3.55	0.097	0.26	0.158	0.13	0.27	0.38
C2-310	0.65	5	6.48	8.64	9.84	11.88	0.72	0.74	0.75	0.78	3.01	4.12	4.76	5.95	0.197	0.3	0.203	0.28	0.25	0.39
C2-010E	0.82	5.17	6.43	8.59	9.78	11.81	0.62	0.65	0.67	0.7	3.29	4.58	5.34	6.8	0.263	0.32	0.128	0.35	0.43	0.53
C2-42	0.47	5	6.48	8.64	9.84	11.88	0.77	0.78	0.79	0.82	2.36	3.21	3.7	4.58	0.193	0.41	0.137	0.5	0.14	0.3
C2-63	0.73	5	6.48	8.64	9.84	11.88	0.72	0.74	0.75	0.78	3.4	4.65	5.37	6.71	0.364	0.5	0.09	0.11	0.27	0.37
C2-11	0.72	5	6.48	8.64	9.84	11.88	0.72	0.74	0.75	0.78	3.39	4.64	5.37	6.71	0.362	0.5	0.091	0.19	0.27	0.37
C2-06 C2-69	0.79 0.4	6.76	6.04 6.48	8.1 8.64	9.27 9.84	11.23 11.88	0.73 0.78	0.75 0.79	0.76 0.8	0.78 0.82	3.49 1.99	4.8 2.7	5.57 3.11	6.98 3.85	0.391 0.101	0.49 0.25	0.111 0.179	0.16 0.25	0.29	0.37
C2-610	0.51	5	6.48	8.64	9.84	11.88	0.76	0.78	0.78	0.82	2.49	3.4	3.92	4.86	0.145	0.29	0.201	0.28	0.12	0.32
C2-04	1.09	22.7	3.78	5.3	6.23	7.67	0.74	0.76	0.77	0.8	3.07	4.4	5.24	6.65	0.437	0.4	0.281	0.5	0.37	0.34
C2-52	1.21	6.29	6.15	8.24	9.41	11.39	0.62	0.65	0.66	0.7	4.64	6.48	7.58	9.69	0.376	0.31	0.196	0.25	0.64	0.53
C2-37	0.95	5	6.48	8.64	9.84	11.88	0.75	0.77	0.78	0.8	4.66	6.35	7.32	9.1	0.496	0.52	0.146	0.37	0.31	0.33
C2-07E	0.28	5	6.48	8.64	9.84	11.88	0.77	0.79	0.8	0.82	1.42	1.94	2.23	2.76	0.073	0.26	0.126	0.25	0.09	0.32
C2-22	0.85	7.08	5.97	8.01	9.17	11.12	0.73	0.75	0.76	0.79	3.72	5.12	5.94	7.44	0.391	0.46	0.154	0.01	0.3	0.35
C2-07 C2-38	0.34 0.43	5	6.48 6.48	8.64 8.64	9.84 9.84	11.88 11.88	0.79 0.7	0.8 0.72	0.81 0.73	0.83 0.76	1.72 1.92	2.34 2.64	2.69 3.06	3.32 3.84	0.087 0.196	0.26 0.46	0.157 0.054	0.14 0.04	0.09 0.18	0.27 0.42
C2-66	0.71	5	6.48	8.64	9.84	11.88	0.72	0.74	0.75	0.78	3.31	4.54	5.24	6.55	0.205	0.29	0.237	0.25	0.13	0.42
C2-014ER	1.31	10.8		7.11	8.21	10	0.58	0.61	0.63	0.67	4	5.72	6.79	8.81	0.385	0.29	0.157	0.55	0.77	0.59
C2-41	0.73	5	6.48	8.64	9.84	11.88	0.75	0.77	0.78	0.8	3.53	4.81	5.55	6.9	0.385	0.53	0.099	0.12	0.24	0.33
C2-08	0.3	5	6.48	8.64	9.84	11.88	0.73	0.75	0.76	0.78	1.41	1.93	2.23	2.78	0	0	0.189	0.56	0.11	0.37
C2-012	0.38	5	6.48	8.64	9.84	11.88	0.68	0.7	0.71	0.74	1.65	2.28	2.64	3.33	0	0	0.209	0.49	0.17	0.45
C2-51	0.47	5	6.48	8.64	9.84	11.88	0.72	0.74	0.75	0.78	2.21	3.02	3.49	4.36	0.108	0.23	0.188	0.26	0.17	0.36
C2-013 C2-68	0.4 0.66	5	6.48 6.48	8.64 8.64	9.84 9.84	11.88 11.88	0.77 0.7	0.79 0.72	0.8 0.73	0.82 0.76	2	2.72 4.11	3.13 4.76	3.88 5.98	0.138 0.269	0.35 0.41	0.143 0.122	0.11 0.17	0.12 0.27	0.3
C2-65	0.79	5	6.48	8.64	9.84	11.88	0.76	0.77	0.78	0.81	3.87	5.27	6.07	7.54	0.193	0.25	0.341	1.14	0.25	0.32
C2-81	0.81	13.75	4.77	6.54	7.59	9.28	0.66	0.68	0.7	0.73	2.55	3.63	4.29	5.5	0.309	0.38	0.121	0.26	0.38	0.47
C2-011	0.33	5	6.48	8.64	9.84	11.88	0.68	0.71	0.72	0.75	1.45	1.99	2.31	2.9	0.004	0.01	0.181	0.45	0.14	0.43
C2-09	1.19	5	6.48	8.64	9.84	11.88	0.67	0.7	0.71	0.74	5.19	7.15	8.3	10.47	0.409	0.34	0.247	0.37	0.53	0.45
C2-23E	0.43	5	6.48	8.64	9.84	11.88	0.73	0.75	0.76	0.79	2.03	2.78	3.21	4	0.19	0.44	0.085	0.11	0.15	0.35
C2-23	0.18 0.29	5	6.48 6.48	8.64 8.64	9.84 9.84	11.88 11.88	0.75	0.76	0.77	0.8 0.84	0.86 1.48	1.17 2.01	1.35 2.31	1.68	0.066	0.37	0.051 0.212	0.17	0.06	0.34
C2-67 C2-83	0.29	5	6.48	8.64	9.84	11.88	0.8	0.81 0.72	0.82 0.73	0.76	2.72	3.73	4.32	2.85 5.42	0.228	0.38	0.127	0.26 0.39	0.07	0.24
C2-611	0.29	5	6.48	8.64	9.84	11.88	0.78	0.8	0.81	0.83	1.45	1.97	2.27	2.81	0.09	0.32	0.115	0.1	0.08	0.28
C2-010	0.26	5	6.48	8.64	9.84	11.88	0.75	0.77	0.78	0.8	1.26	1.72	1.98	2.46	0	0	0.173	0.41	0.09	0.35
C2-82	0.25	5	6.48	8.64	9.84	11.88	0.8	0.82	0.82	0.84	1.28	1.74	2	2.46	0	0	0.184	1.04	0.06	0.24
C2-015ER	0.23	5	6.48	8.64	9.84	11.88	0.72	0.74	0.75	0.78	1.05	1.43	1.66	2.07	0.057	0.25	0.082	0.29	0.09	0.4
C2-53	0.68	5	6.48	8.64	9.84	11.88	0.63	0.66	0.67	0.71	2.79	3.88	4.52	5.75	0.266	0.39	0.066	0.11	0.35	0.51
C2-014EL	1.53	7.06		8.02	9.18	11.12	0.69	0.71	0.72	0.75	6.29	8.72	10.16	12.82	0.725	0.47	0.152	0.53	0.66	0.43
C2-014 C2-015EL	1.06 0.2	7.1	5.96 6.48	8.01 8.64	9.17 9.84	11.11 11.88	0.51 0.78	0.55 0.79	0.57 0.8	0.62 0.82	3.25 0.98	4.66 1.34	5.54 1.54	7.28 1.91	0.274 0.056	0.26 0.29	0.054 0.083	0.21 0.34	0.73 0.06	0.69 0.31
C2-015EL	0.16	5	6.48	8.64	9.84	11.88	0.76	0.78	0.79	0.82	0.78	1.06	1.22	1.52	0.052	0.23	0.055	0.34	0.05	0.31
C2-311	0.3	5	6.48	8.64	9.84	11.88	0.8	0.82	0.82	0.84	1.57	2.13	2.45	3.02	0	0	0.226	0.6	0.08	0.26
C2-62	0.65	5	6.48	8.64	9.84	11.88	0.72	0.74	0.75	0.78	3.04	4.17	4.81	6.02	0.328	0.5	0.079	0.12	0.24	0.37
C2-03	0.27	8.15	5.73	7.73	8.87	10.77	0.76	0.78	0.79	0.81	1.18	1.62	1.88	2.35	0.072	0.27	0.114	0.14	0.08	0.3
C2-21	0.26	8.15		7.73	8.87	10.77	0.77	0.78	0.79	0.81	1.15	1.57	1.83	2.28	0.065	0.25	0.116	0.43	0.08	0.31
C2-12	0.7	8.15		7.73	8.87	10.77	0.73	0.75	0.76	0.79	2.95	4.07	4.74	5.94	0.33	0.47	0.119	0.25	0.25	0.36
C2-13	0.57	8.15	5.73	7.73	8.87	10.77	0.77	0.78	0.79	0.81	2.49	3.42	3.98	4.96	0.173	0.31	0.219	0.22	0.18	0.32

		·			Time	of Concentra	tion Ca	lculations					
		Sheet	Flow		Shallow Concentrated								Results
Drainage Basin	L [ft]	S [ft/ft]	n	T _t [min]	L [ft]	S [ft/ft]	n	T _t [min]	L [ft]	S [ft/ft]	V [ft/s]	T _t [min]	Total T _t [min]
C2-43	150	0.04	0.30	5.34	100.00	0.02	0.02	0.20	70.90	0.02	5.00	0.24	5.78
C2-31	150	0.02	0.30	8.64	100.00	0.00	0.02	0.38		0.02	5.00	0.53	9.55
C2-	150	0.04	0.30	5.24	100.00	0.02	0.02	0.20	206.65	0.02	5.00	0.69	6.12
C2-52	150	0.03	0.30	5.76	100.00	0.01	0.02	0.27	75.29	0.01	5.00	0.25	6.29
C2-014ER	150	0.038625466	0.3	5.451629832	100	0.01043882	0.3	4.8937784	136.7659798	0.8%	5	0.455886599	10.80129483
C2-014EL	150	0.053121734	0.3	4.648652728	100	0.05331036	0.3	2.16553	73.07525945	2.5%	5	0.243584198	7.057766879
C2-71	150	0.014172815	0.3	8.999847664	100	0.013226817	0.016	0.2318681	137.1725599	1.1%	5	0.457241866	9.688957658
C2-81	150	0.006623653	0.3	13.1648053	100	0.004793886	0.016	0.3851455	60.59957366	-0.5%	5	0.201998579	13.75194943
C2-014	150	0.053123696	0.3	4.648566869	100	0.053644352	0.3	2.1587781	89.11506778	2.8%	5	0.297050226	7.104395182
C2-010E	150	0.051788052	0.3	4.708129893	100	0.015413615	0.016	0.2147912	74.58217214	1.0%	5	0.24860724	5.171528331
C2-04	150	0.016835363	0.3	8.257564696	100	0.001359023	0.3	13.563024	263.6402277	1.1%	5	0.878800759	22.69938949
C2-06	150	0.028292187	0.3	6.369861095	100	0.012396257	0.016	0.2395099	46.39598918	0.4%	5	0.154653297	6.764024276
C2-22	150	0.026451738	0.3	6.587734902	100	0.014740323	0.016	0.2196419	82.43627421	0.6%	5	0.274787581	7.082164403
C2-65	50	0.004901449	0.3	5.101286662	100	0.007596831	0.016	0.3059514	342.8713469	1.0%	5	1.14290449	6.550142594

There are existing water pipelines, underground telephone cables and other above and below ground utilities in the vicinity of this project. The Contractor shall contact all appropriate companies prior to any construction in the area and determine if any conflicts exist. If so, the Contractor shall immediately contact the Engineer who shall revise the design as necessary.	/ARNING!		1
cables and other above and below ground utilities in the vicinity of this project. The Contractor shall contact all appropriate companies prior to any construction in the area and determine if any conflicts exist. If so, the Contractor shall immediately	ere are existing water pipe	nes, underground telephone	1
of this project. The Contractor shall contact all appropriate companies prior to any construction in the area and determine if any conflicts exist. If so, the Contractor shall immediately	bles and other above and b	elow around utilities in the vicinity	1
companies prior to any construction in the area and determine if any conflicts exist. If so, the Contractor shall immediately	this project. The Contracto	shall contact all appropriate	1
any conflicts exist. If so, the Contractor shall immediately	mpanies prior to any const	uction in the area and determine if	1
	v conflicts exist If so the	Contractor shall immediately	1
			1

NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE	C.IT.	0.40.2022	
				SJT DESIGNED BY:	8-10-2022 DATE	
				BLM, SJT, TEH, KWM	6-12-2023	
				DRAWN BY:	DATE	
				CHECKED BY:	DATE	
				APPROVED BY:	DATE	



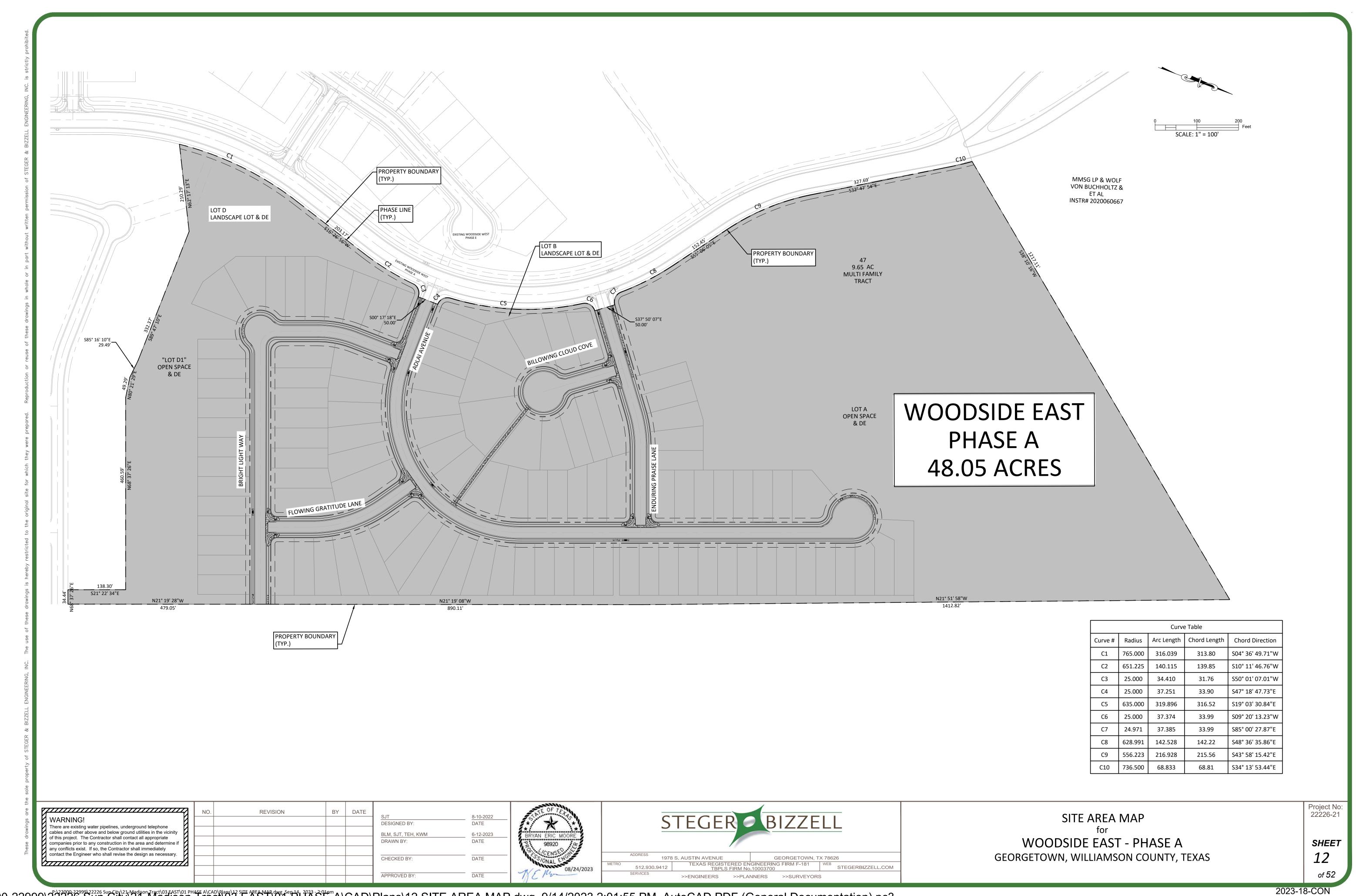


>>ENGINEERS >>PLANNERS >>SURVEYORS

STRM C2 INLET CALCULATIONS (2 OF 2)
for
WOODSIDE EAST - PHASE A
GEORGETOWN, WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS

Project No: 22226-21

SHEET 11of 51



HERITAGE TREE LIST

LIVE OAK LIVE OAK MULTI(29-16) 3093 LIVE OAK 3094 3095 LIVE OAK SPANISH OAK (MAJORLY DAMAGED) SPANISH OAK (DAMAGED) MULTI(16-15-12) *3100 LIVE OAK (DAMAGED) LIVE OAK LIVE OAK 3112 *3113 SPANISH OAK SPANISH OAK MULTI(16-14-11) *3115 LIVE OAK *3116 LIVE OAK (DAMAGED) *3117 LIVE OAK MULTI(26-16) LIVE OAK (MAJORLY DAMAGED) MULTI(26-19) 3118 3119 LIVE OAK *3120 LIVE OAK 3130 ELM MULTI(14-10-10-8) 29" LIVE OAK * - TO BE REMOVED

LEGEND = REMOVE TREE = TREE TO BE PRESERVED ____ x ____ x ___ = TREE PROTECTION SF = SILT FENCE =ROCK BERM =LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION = 15' VEGETATIVE FILTER STRIP = INLET PROTECTION = PROPERTY BOUNDARY

TREE SURVEY

TREE MITIGATION SUMMARY

(Fee-in-lieu-of)

Heritage Tree inches removed: 170 inches x \$675/inch = \$114,750

TREE MITIGATION SUMMARY

(Tree Replacement)

Heritage Tree inches removed: 170 inches x 3 Inch dia./Inch = 510 Inch Dia.

NOTES:

- Topography based upon aerial mapping, dated January 18, 2022 by Mckim & Creed.
- 2. All proposed development of this site conforms to the City of Georgetown's subdivision regulations and/or the development agreement.
- 3. Limits of construction line has been offset for clarity.
- 4. All temporary erosion and sedimentation controls shall be inspected every 7 days.
- 5. Contractor shall maintain all temporary erosion and sediment controls in accordance with local, state and federal
- 6. Contractor shall place rock filter dams at the locations where concentrated flow enters and exits the limits of
- 7. Contractor shall place construction entrance at the location determined by the owner in the field. 8. Curb inlet protection is required at inlets installed with this project. Protection to remain in place until the project is

9. Rock berm and temporary pond shall be used during initial grading activities. Straw erosion control logs shall be installed once the site has been brought to grade.

TREE PROTECTION NOTES:

- 1. Existing trees to remain shall be flagged by contractor prior to beginning any work on site.
- 2. Contractor shall place a minimum 4' height protective fencing 5' outside the edge of canopy of all trees to remain and as shown on the tree protection and removal plans.
- 3. All understory trees, undergrowth, shrubs, cacti and native grasses shall remain in areas protected by tree protection fence unless noted otherwise on the landscape plans.
- 4. Contractor shall maintain flagging and protective fencing around existing trees to remain at least until substantial completion.
- 5. Contractor shall ensure that no dumping of backfill, soil excavation, staking or storage of materials or dumping of any kind shall occur within the fenced area of the trees to remain.
- 6. Contractor shall ensure that no parking of any type of vehicle, equipment or construction trailer shall occur within the fenced area of trees to remain.
- 7. Contractor shall ensure that no driving of vehicles shall occur within the fenced area of trees to remain.
- 8. Contractor shall ensure that no grade changes shall occur within the canopy of the existing trees to remain.
- 9. Contractor shall keep fenced areas of trees to remain free of trash, debris or excessive runoff. 10. No trenching for utilities or irrigation shall occur within the dripline (canopy) of existing trees to remain.
- 11. For irrigation, any lateral line or mainline trenches which encroach in the dripline of existing trees shall be hand dug.
- 12. For utilities, any lines which cannot be altered to fall outside the canopy of existing trees shall be installed by boring a minimum of 24" below grade.
- 13. Tree wells shall be installed no closer than a trees ½ Critical Root Zone (per UDC section 8.02.030.C) and shall include the full critical root zone when possible, and no disturbance shall occur within the ½ Critical Root Zone or tree will be considered removed and mitigation will be required (per UDC section 8.02.040.C).

any conflicts exist. If so, the Contractor shall immediately contact the Engineer who shall revise the design as necessary. CHECKED BY: APPROVED BY:



DATE

DATE

TEXAS REGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-181
TBPLS FIRM No.10003700

STEGERBIZZELL.COM

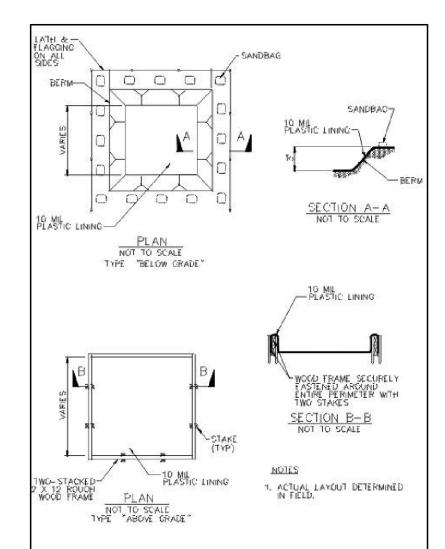
>>ENGINEERS >>PLANNERS

512.930.9412

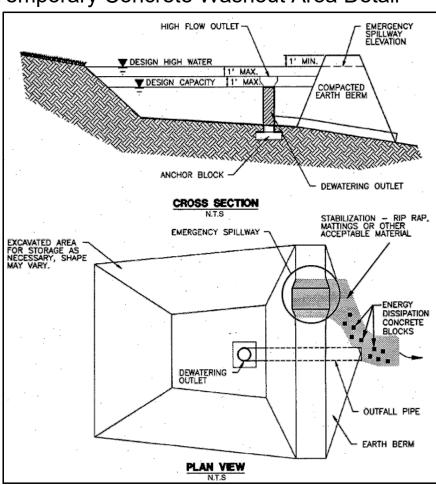
EROSION, SEDIMENTATION AND TREE PROTECTION PLAN

WOODSIDE EAST - PHASE A GEORGETOWN, WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS Project No: 22226-21

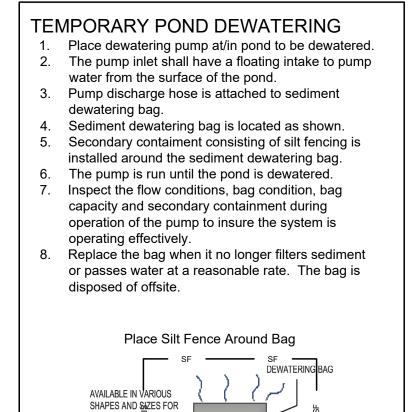
> SHEET of 51



Temporary Concrete Washout Area Detai

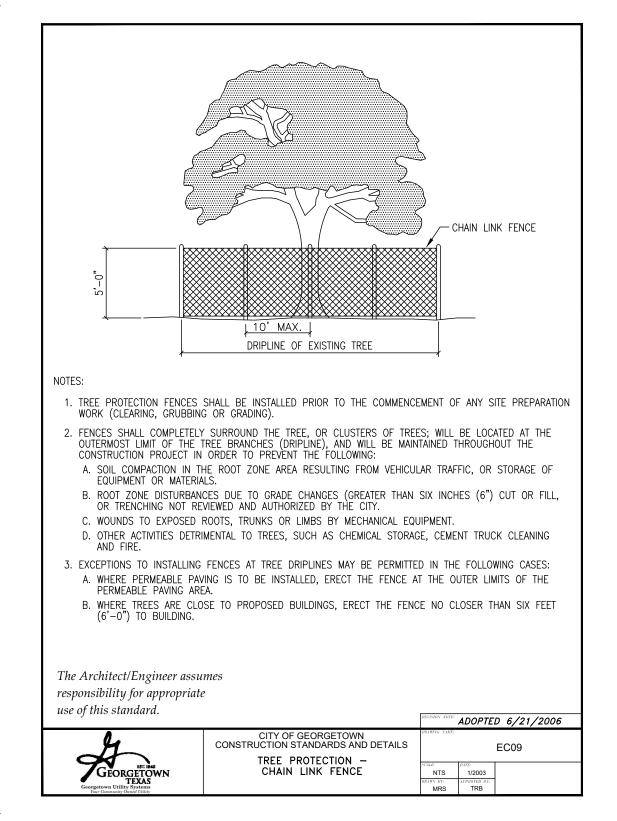


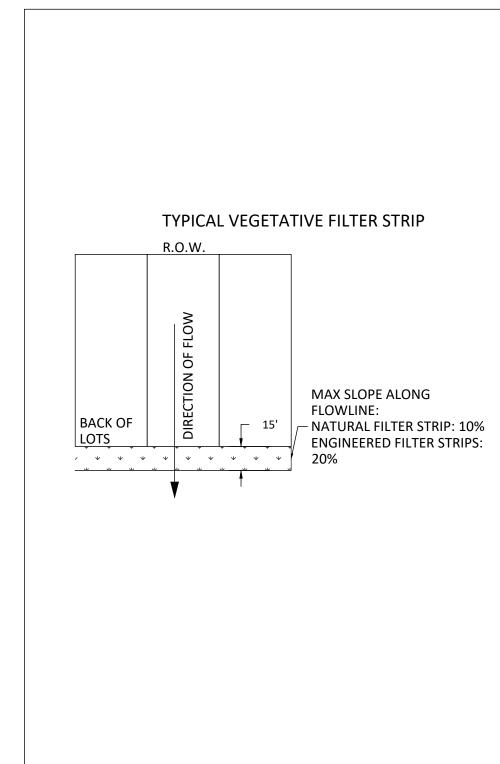
Temporary Sedimentation Pond Detail

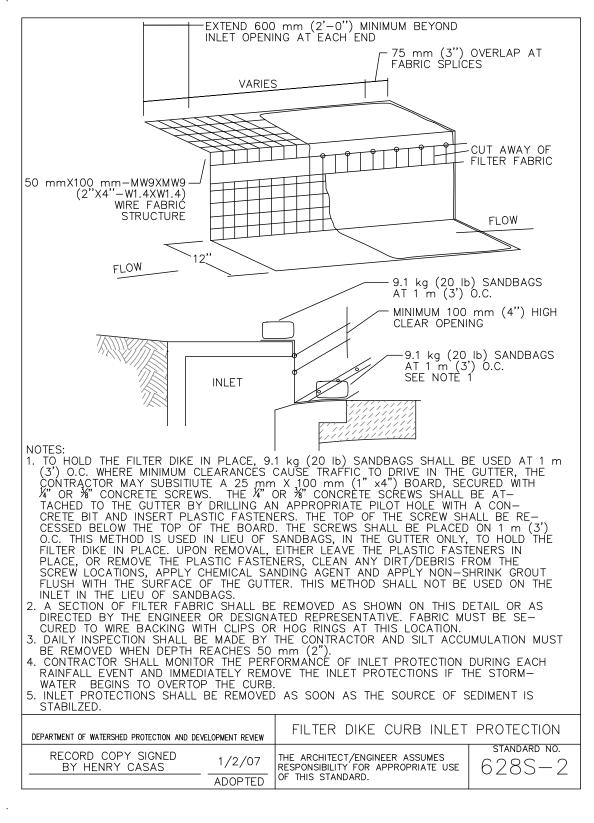


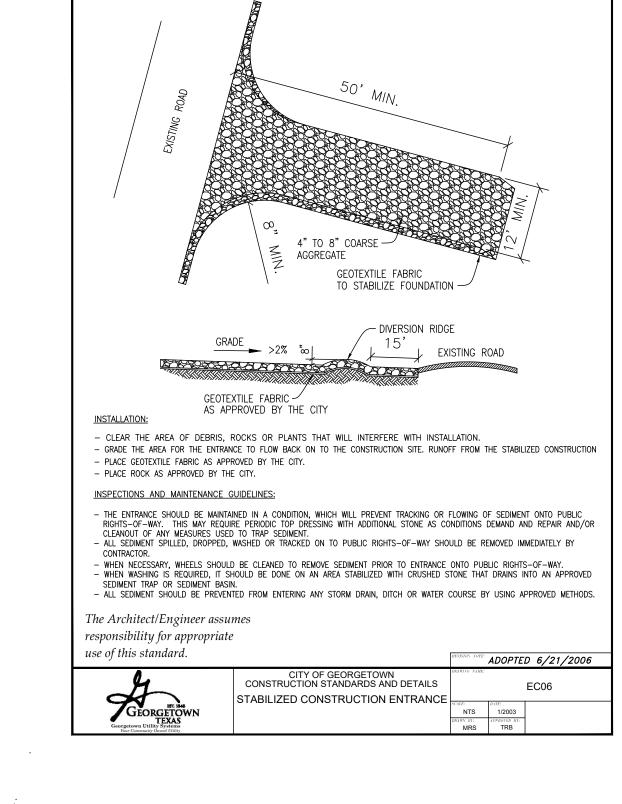
DISCHARGE HOSE FILTERED WATER

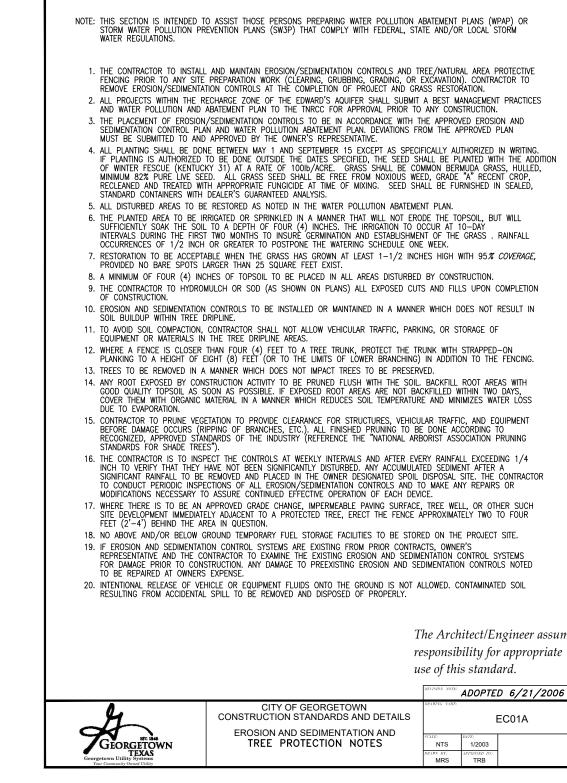
Sediment Dewatering Bag

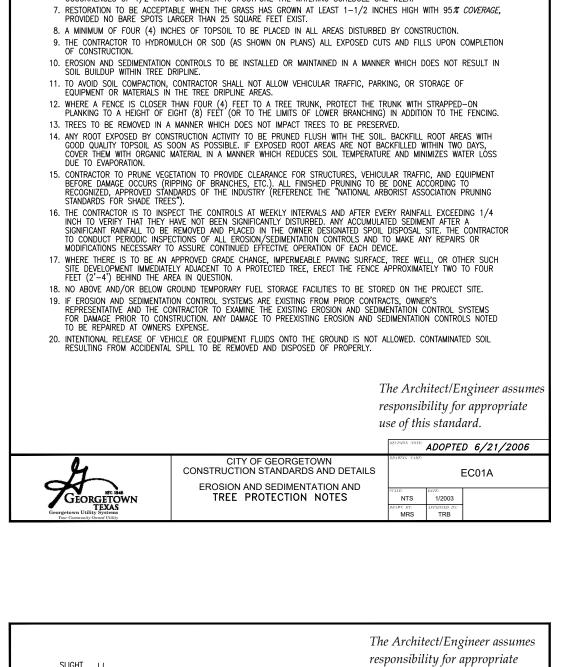


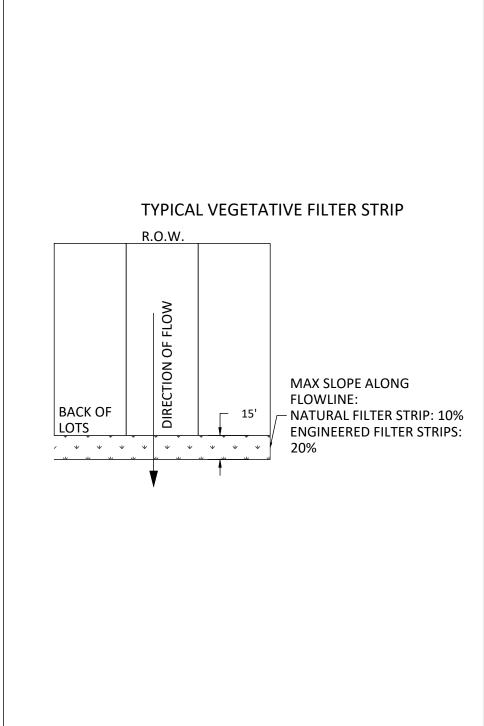


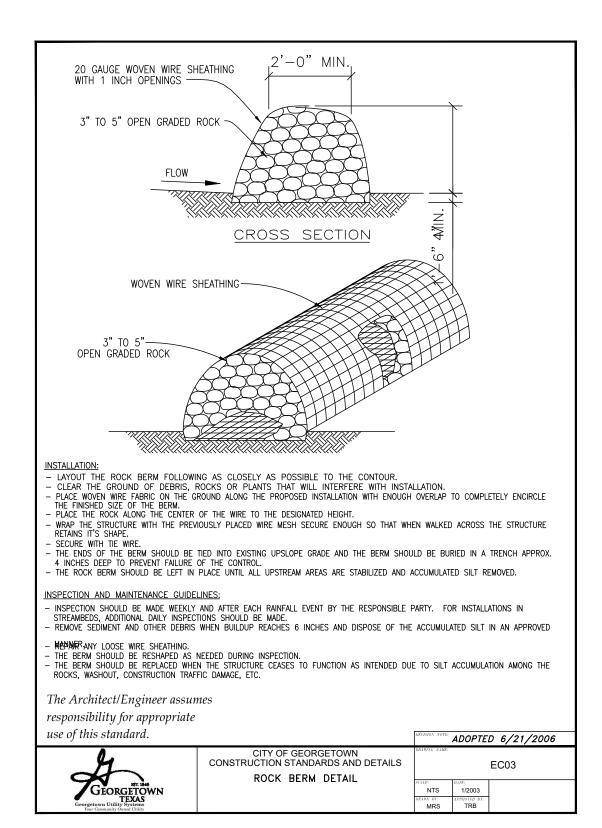


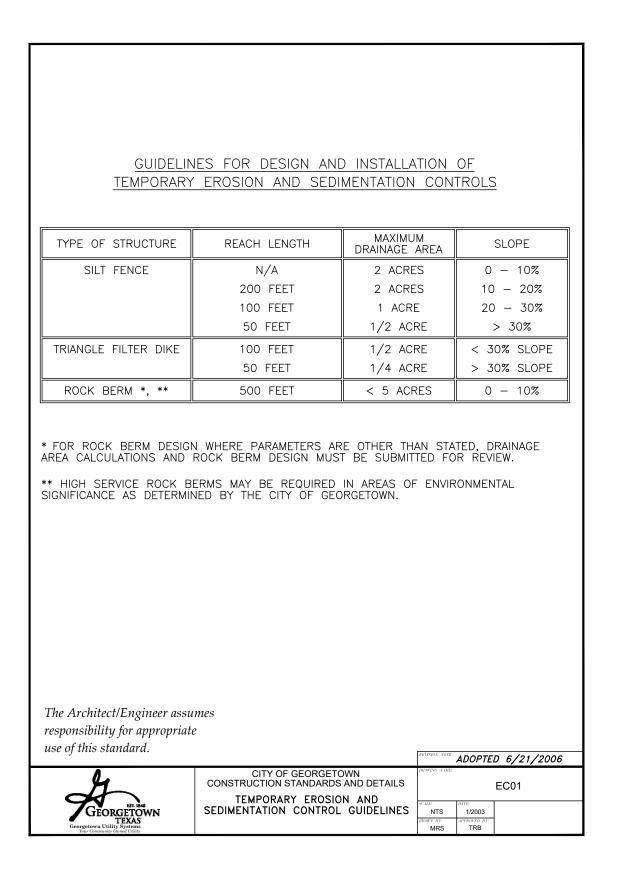


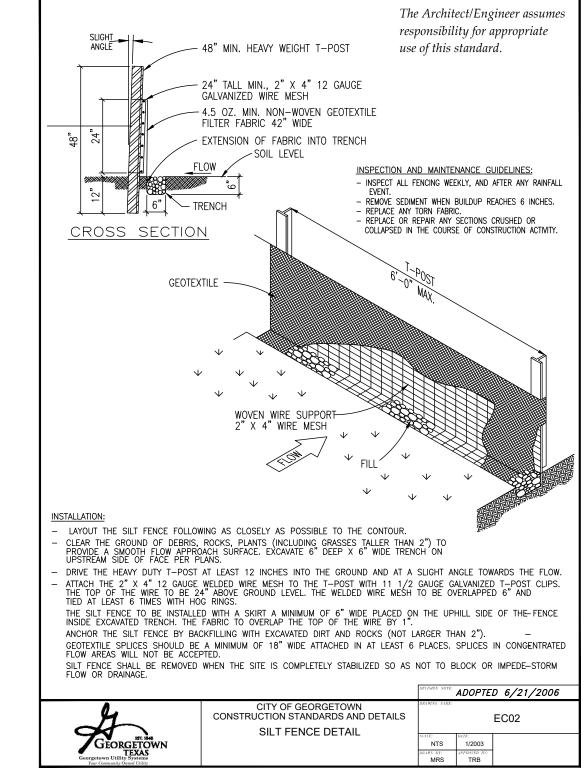


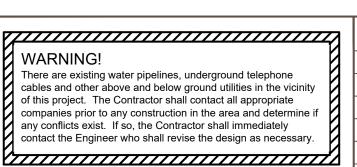












Minimum Bag Size - 6' x 6'

SEDIMENT CONTAINMENT

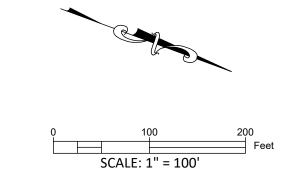
S IT	8-10-2022
	DATE
BLM, SJT, TEH, KWM	6-12-2023
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APPROVED BY:	DATE
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EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION DETAILS WOODSIDE EAST - PHASE A GEORGETOWN, WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS Project No 22226-21

SHEET



LEGEND

 PROPOSED STORM LINE EXISTING STORM LINE **CURB INLET FUTURE CURB INLET** JUNCTION BOX STORM MANHOLE MAJOR EXISTING CONTOUR MINOR EXISTING CONTOUR PROPERTY BOUNDARY

- 1. Topography based upon LiDAR survey dated January 18, 2022 by McKim and Creed. The contractor shall notify the design engineer in writing of any discrepancies discovered during construction prior to proceeding.
- 2. All proposed development of this site conforms to the City of Georgetown's subdivision regulations and/or the development agreement.
 - Limits of construction line has been offset for clarity.
 - All temporary erosion and sedimentation controls shall be inspected every 7 days. Contractor shall maintain all temporary erosion and sediment controls in accordance
- with local, state and federal regulations. 6. Contractor shall place rock filter dams at the locations where concentrated flow
- enters and exits the limits of construction. 7. Contractor shall place construction entrance at the location determined by the owner

- Curb inlet protection is required at inlets installed with this project. Protection to remain in place until the project is accepted.

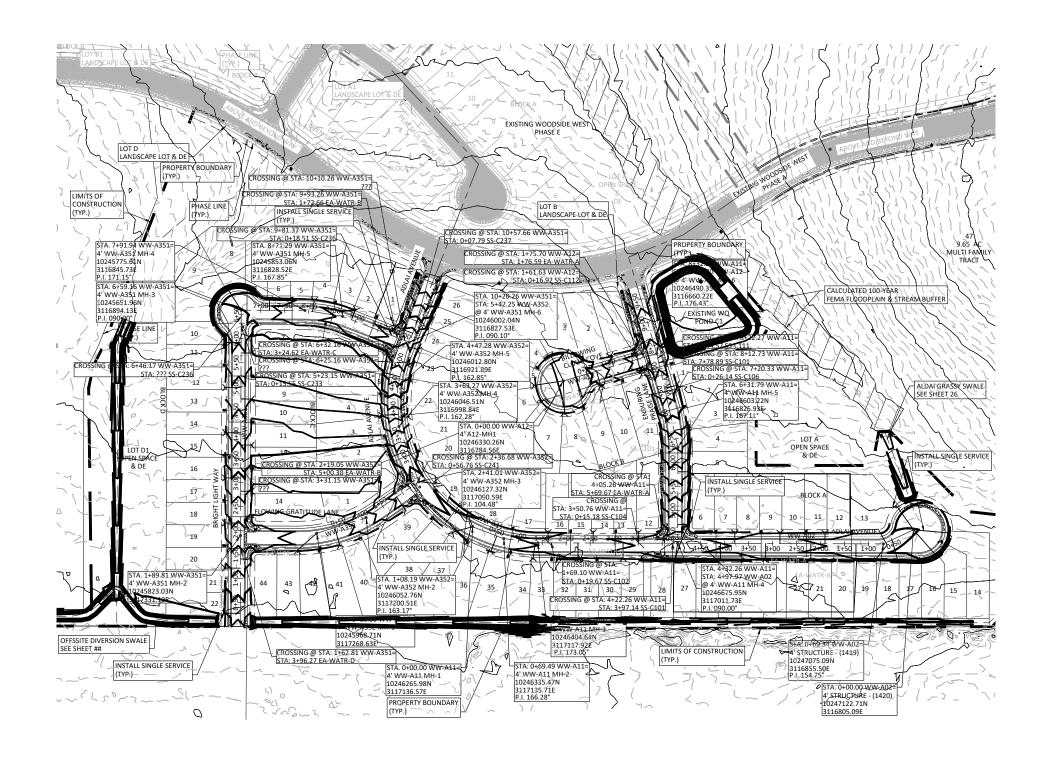
 Rock berm and temporary pond shall be used during initial grading activities. Straw erosion control logs shall be installed once the site has been brought to grade.

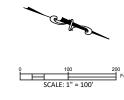
OVERALL STORMSEWER PLAN

WOODSIDE EAST - PHASE A GEORGETOWN, WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS Project No: 22226-21

SHEET of **51**

2023-18-CON





LEGEND

	PROPOSED SEWER LINE
s	EXISTING SEWER LINE
S	PROPOSED WASTEWATER MANHOLE
(S)	EXISTING WASTEWATER MANHOLE
\bowtie	PROPOSED GATE VALVE
M	EXISTING GATE VALVE
•	EXISTING FIRE HYDRANT
•	PROPOSED FIRE HYDRANT
	CURB INLET
	FUTURE CURB INLET
0	STORM MANHOLE
	DOUBLE WATER SERVICE
	SINGLE WATER SERVICE
\longrightarrow	DOUBLE SEWER SERVICE
	SINGLE SEWER SERVICE
100	MAJOR EXISTING CONTOUR
— — 100· — —	MINOR EXISTING CONTOUR
	PROPERTY BOUNDARY
	PROPOSED WATER LINE
WL	EXISTING WATER LINE
————SD ———	PROPOSED STORM LINE
——————————————————————————————————————	EXISTING STORM LINE

* SEE MODIFIED DETAIL "W01A" FOR TYPICAL UTILITY ASSIGNMENTS

WARNING!

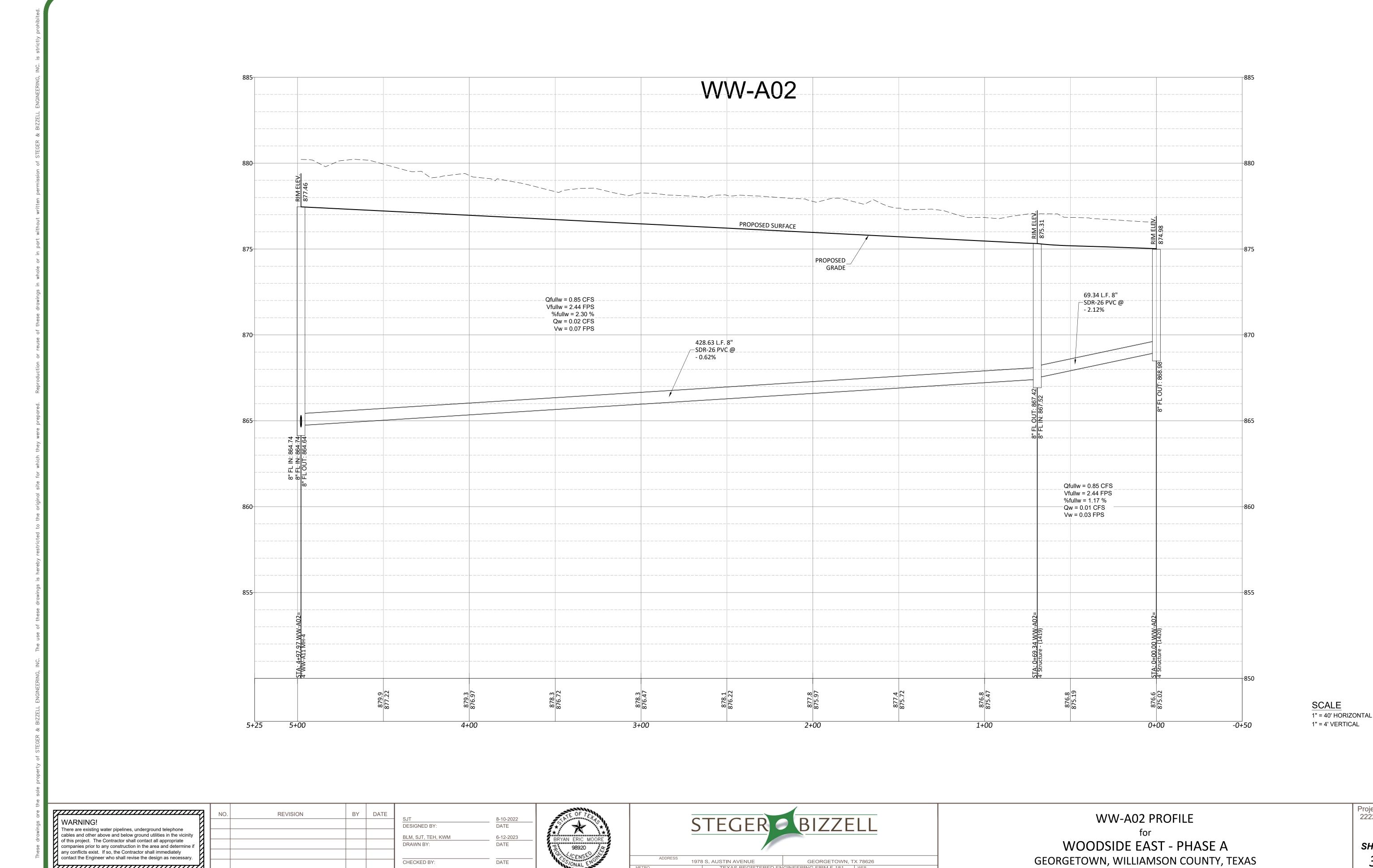


STEGER BIZZELL

OVERALL WASTEWATER PLAN WOODSIDE EAST - PHASE A GEORGETOWN, WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS Project No: 22226-21

SHEET 36

of 51



512.930.9412

DATE

DATE

CHECKED BY:

APPROVED BY:

AUSTIN AVENUE GEORGETOWN, TX 78626

TEXAS REGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-181
TBPLS FIRM No.10003700 WEB STEGERBIZZELL.COM

>>ENGINEERS >>PLANNERS >>SURVEYORS

of **51**

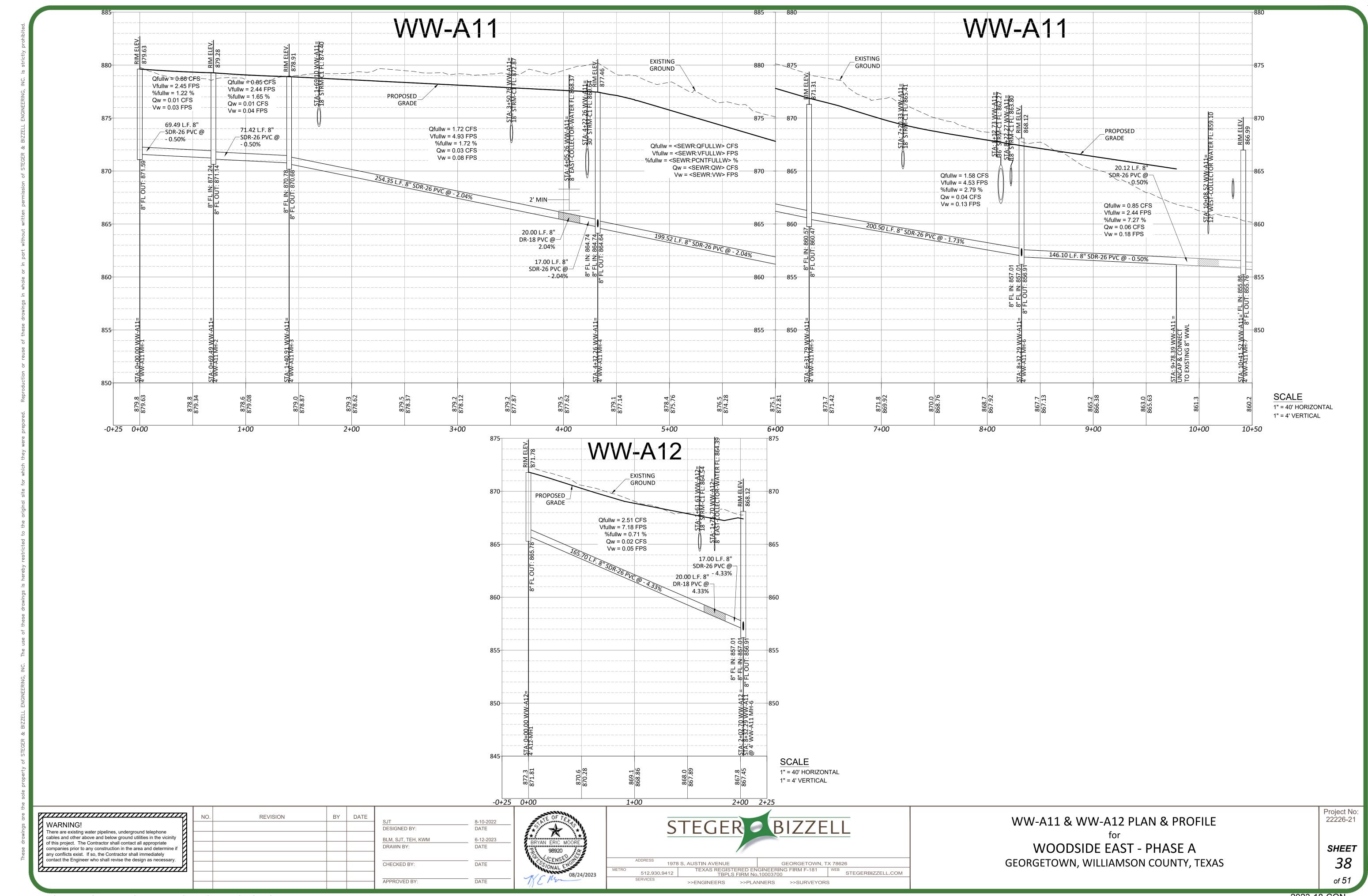
Project No: 22226-21

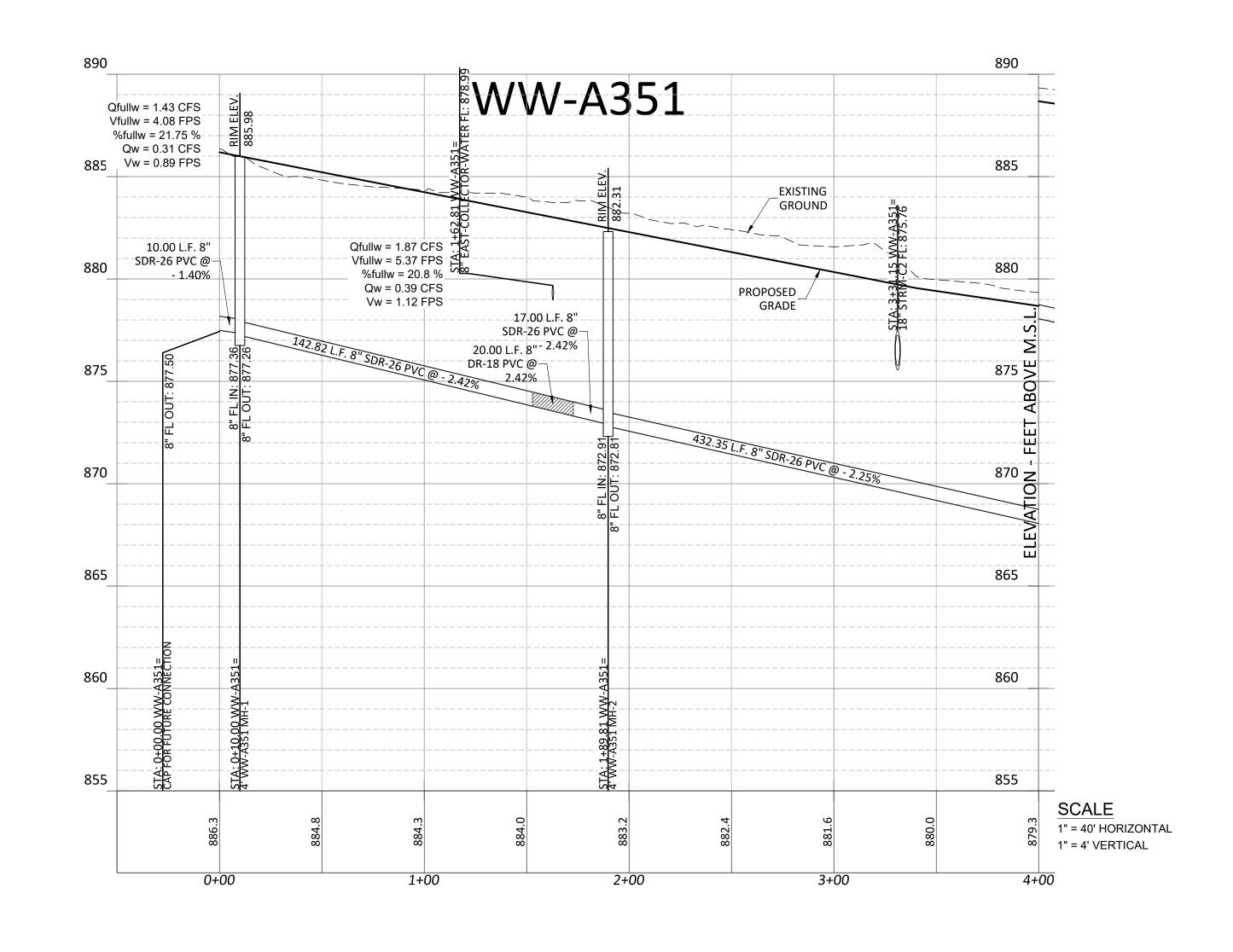
SHEET

37

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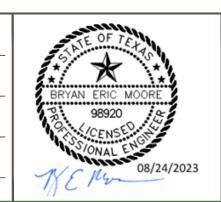
2023-18-CON





WARNING! There are existing water pipelines, underground telephone cables and other above and below ground utilities in the vicinity of this project. The Contractor shall contact all appropriate companies prior to any construction in the area and determine if any conflicts exist. If so, the Contractor shall immediately contact the Engineer who shall revise the design as necessary.

BY DATE REVISION SJT DESIGNED BY: 8-10-2022 DATE BLM, SJT, TEH, KWM 6-12-2023 DATE DRAWN BY: DATE CHECKED BY: DATE APPROVED BY:



STEGER BIZZELL AUSTIN AVENUE GEORGETOWN, TX 78626

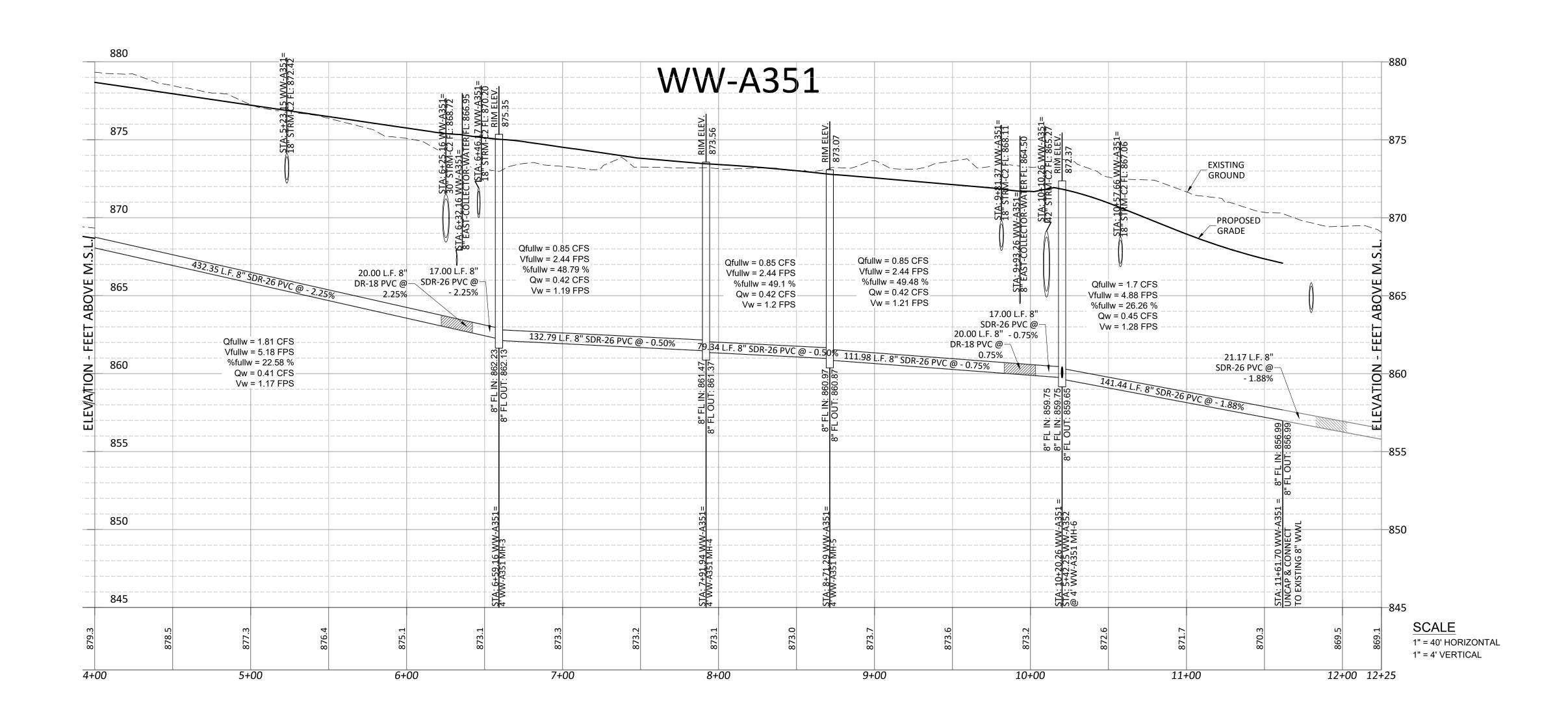
TEXAS REGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-181
TBPLS FIRM No.10003700 STEGERBIZZELL.COM 512.930.9412

>>ENGINEERS >>PLANNERS >>SURVEYORS

WW-A351 PROFILE (1 OF 2)

WOODSIDE EAST - PHASE A GEORGETOWN, WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS Project No: 22226-21

SHEET *39* of **51**



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WARNING! There are existing water pipelines, underground telephone cables and other above and below ground utilities in the vicinity of this project. The Contractor shall contact all appropriate companies prior to any construction in the area and determine if	
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).	REVISION	BY	DATE	SJT	8-10-2022
				DESIGNED BY:	<u>8-10-2022</u> DATE
				BLM, SJT, TEH, KWM	6-12-2023
				DRAWN BY:	DATE
				CHECKED BY:	DATE
				APPROVED BY:	DATE

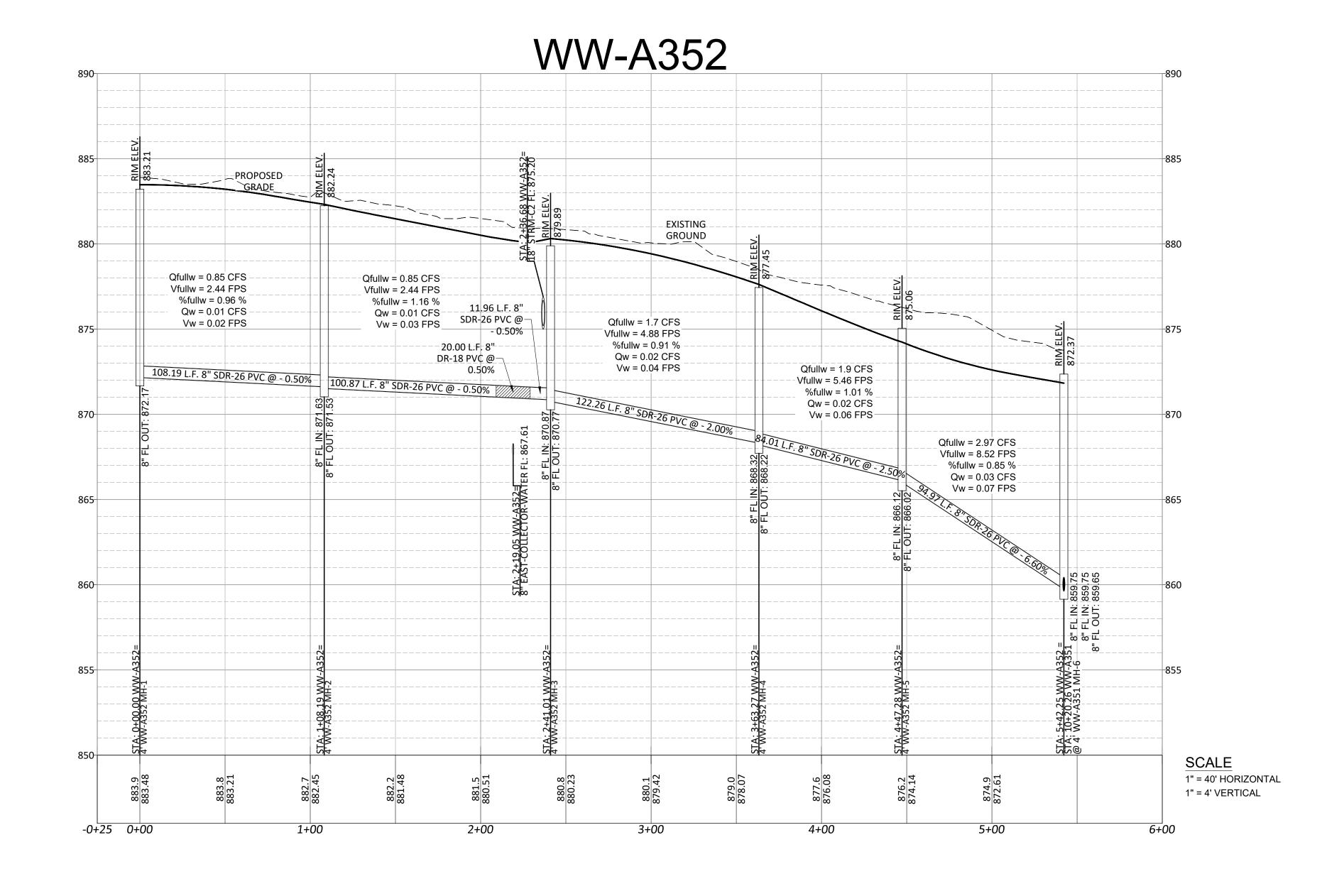




WW-A351 PROFILE (2 OF 2) for

WOODSIDE EAST - PHASE A GEORGETOWN, WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS Project No: 22226-21

SHEET 40



WARNING!
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8-10-2022
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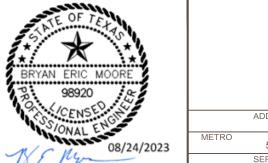
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CHECKED BY:

APPROVED BY:

BLM, SJT, TEH, KWM





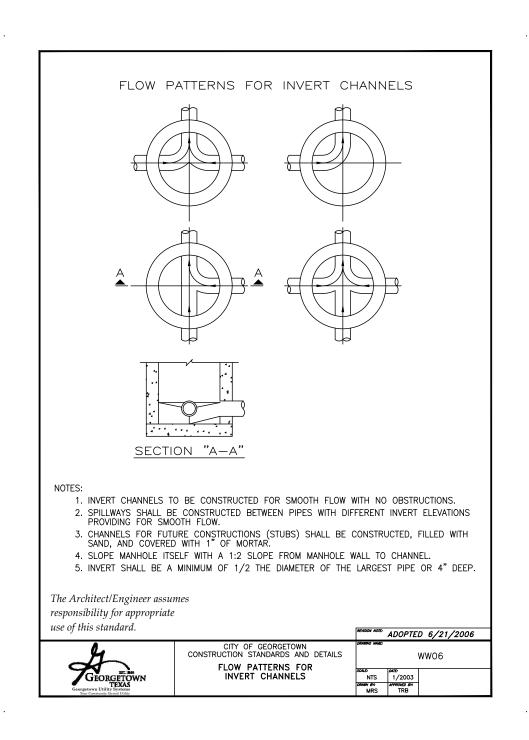
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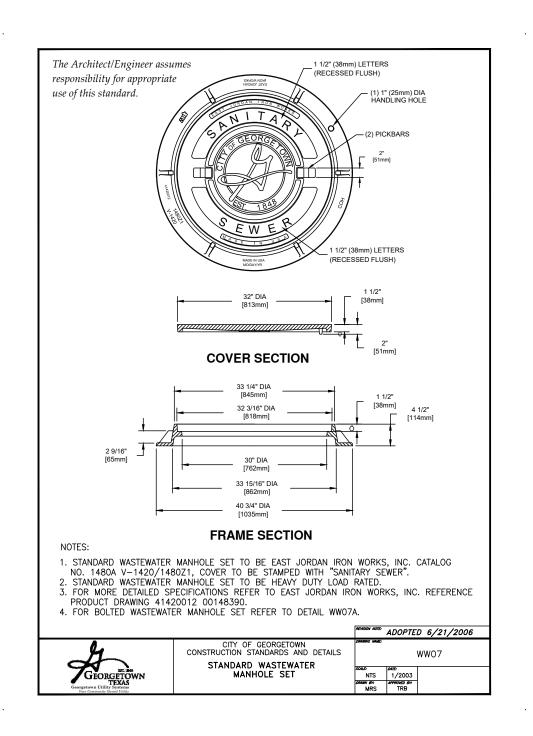
WW-A352 PROFILE

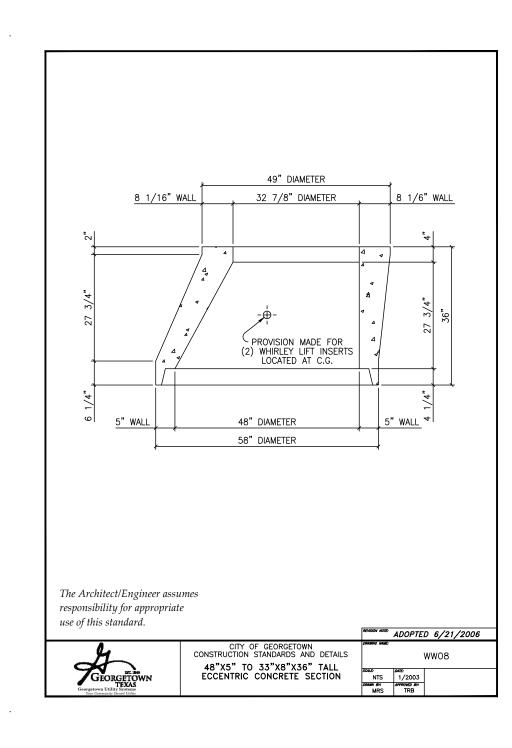
WOODSIDE EAST - PHASE A
GEORGETOWN, WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS

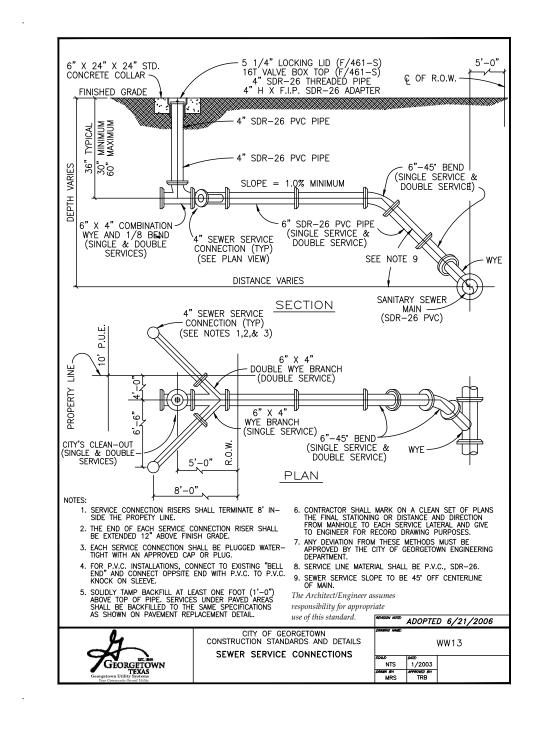
Project No: 22226-21

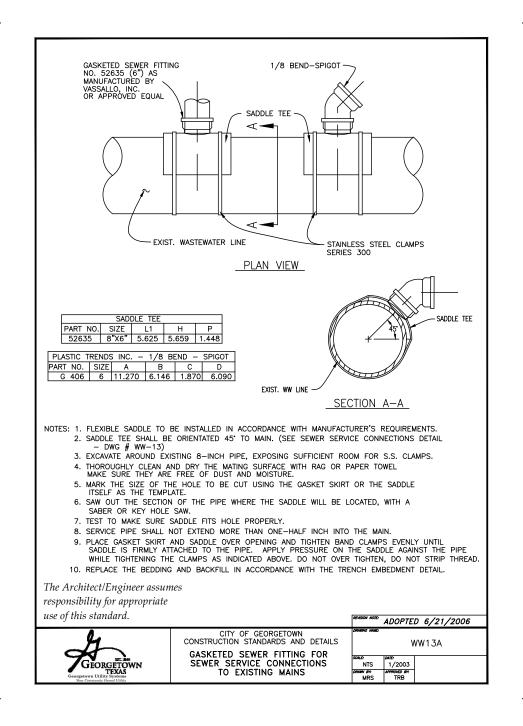
SHEET 41 of 51 STANDARD CASTING AND COVER, AS SPECIFIED. BOLTED MANHOLES

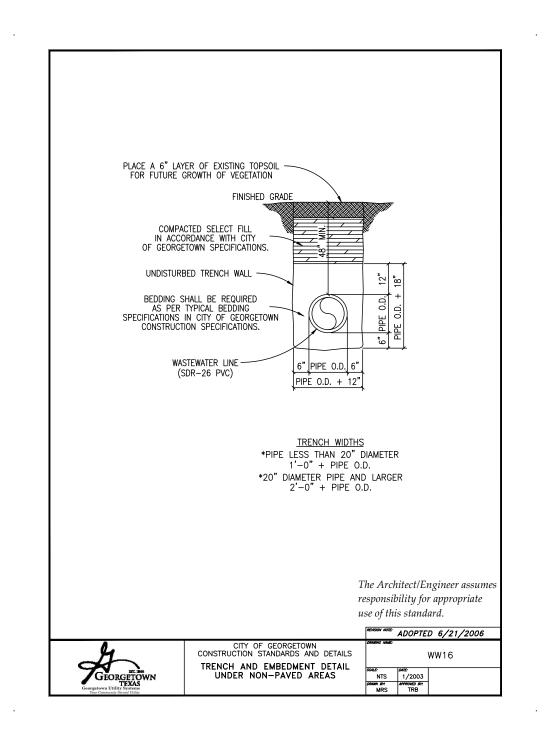


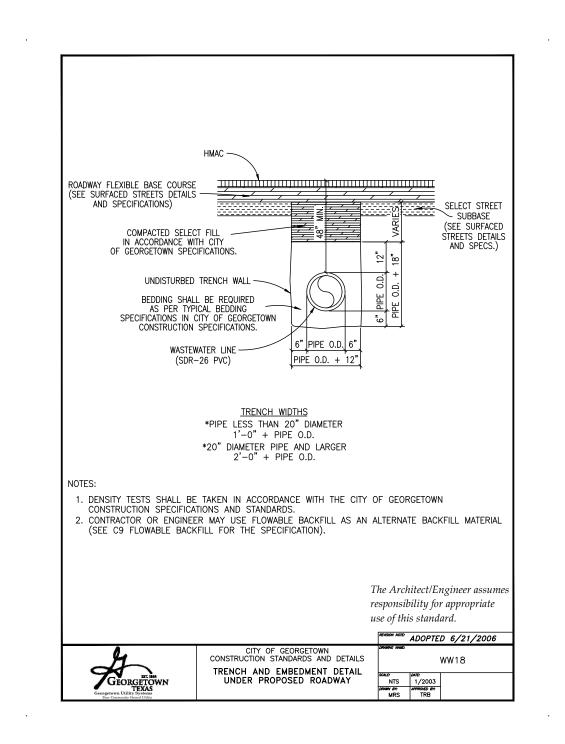


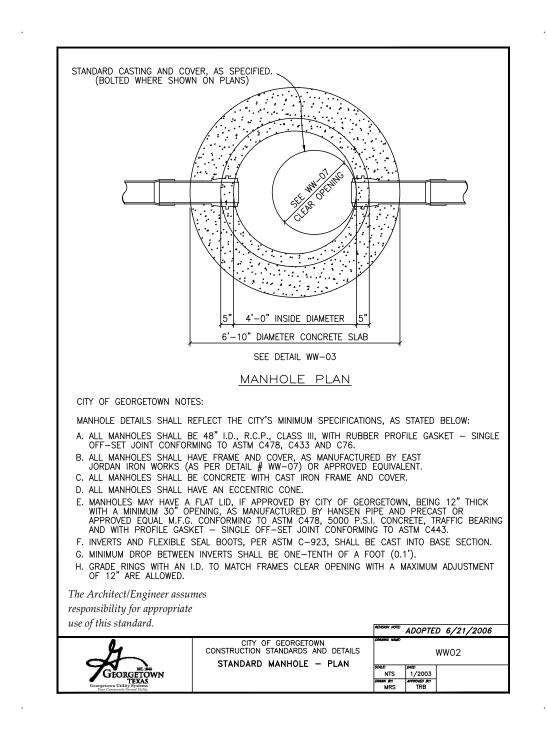


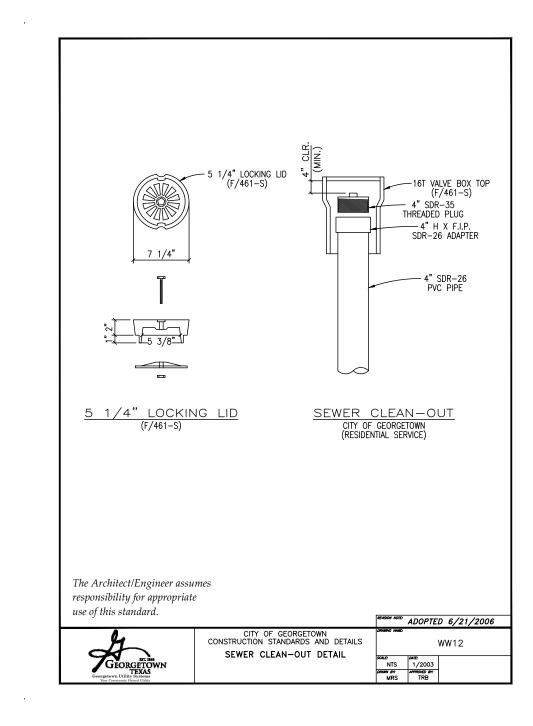


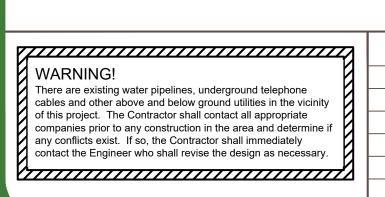




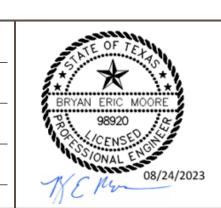








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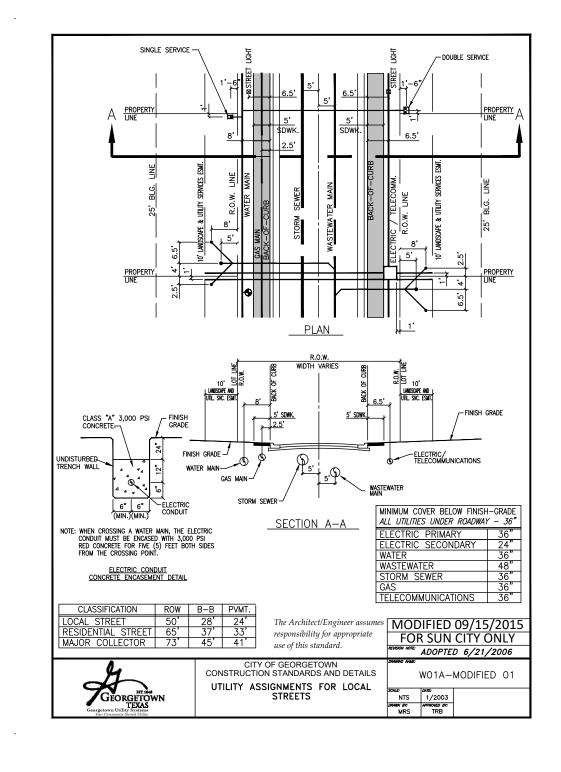


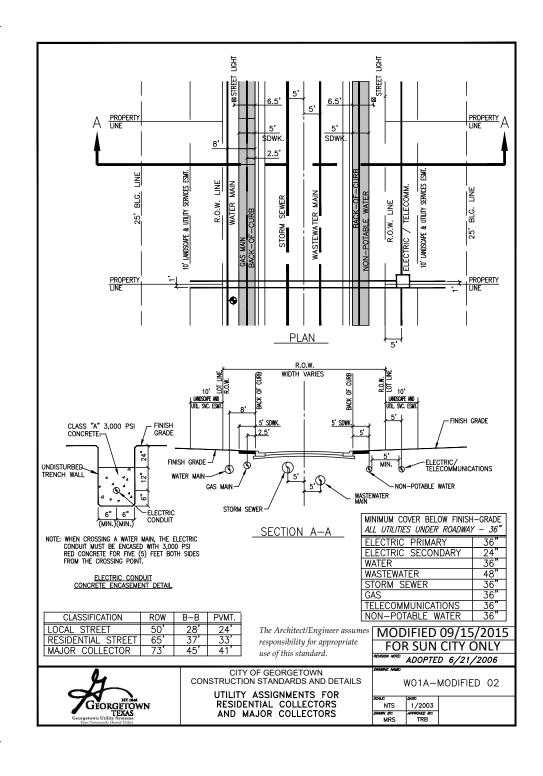


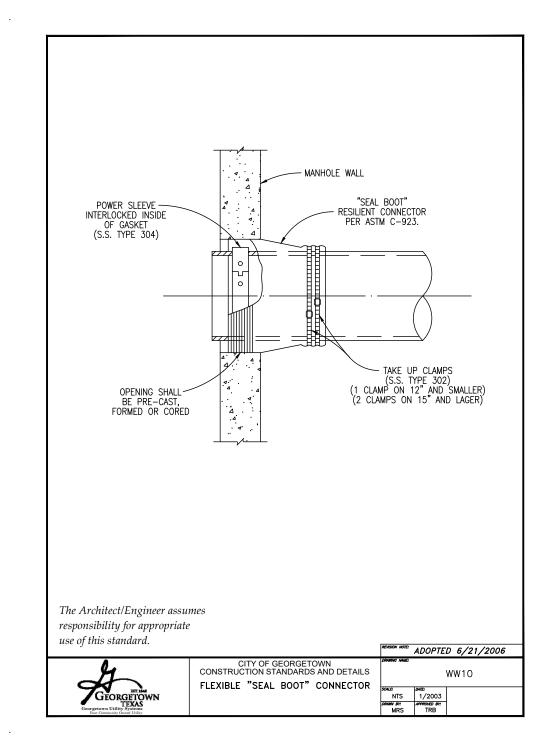
WASTEWATER DETAILS (1 OF 2)
for
WOODSIDE EAST - PHASE A
GEORGETOWN, WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS

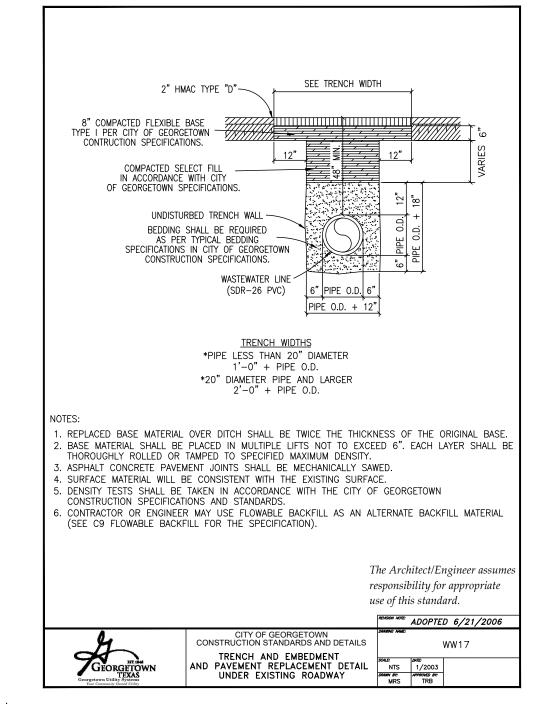
Project No. 22226-21

SHEET 42
of 51









→ WATER PIPE

2' MIN

20'-0" DR-18

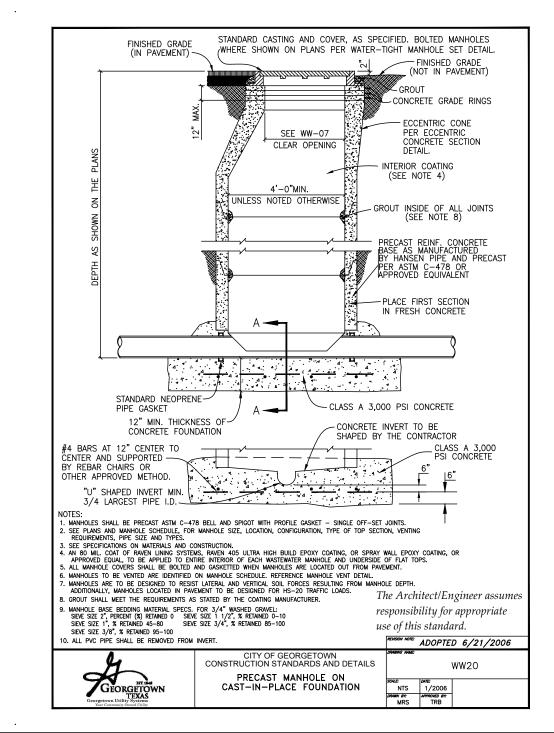
WHERE WATER & SEWER LINES CROSS

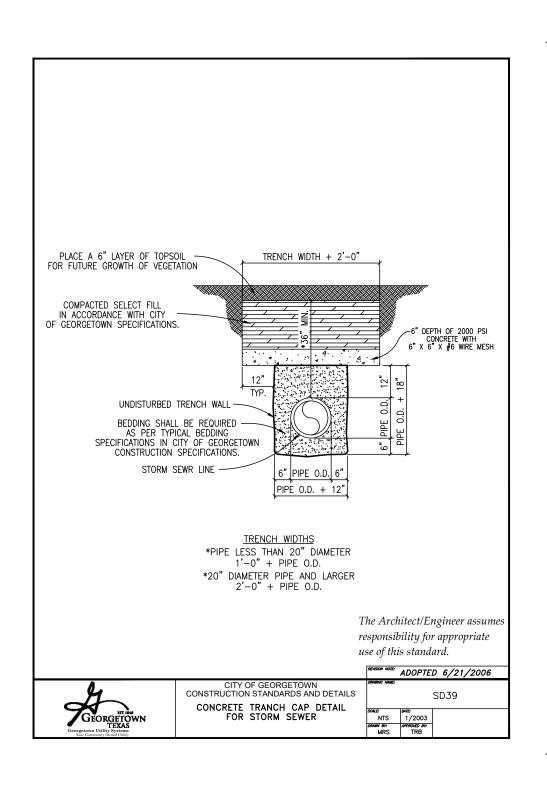
WATER-SEWER CROSSING

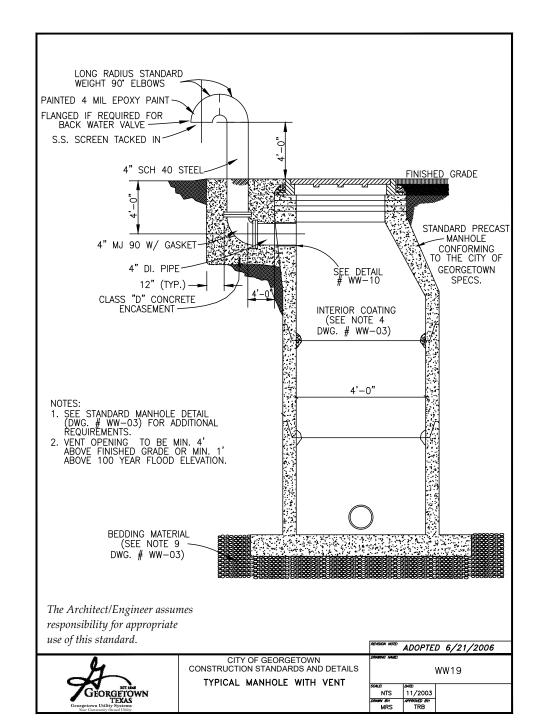
AND ARE LESS THAN 9' APART, A FULL JOINT OF C900 DR-18 PVC PIPE MUST BE

CENTERED ON THE WATERLINE.

SEWER PIPE







8-10-2022

6-12-2023

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08/24/2023

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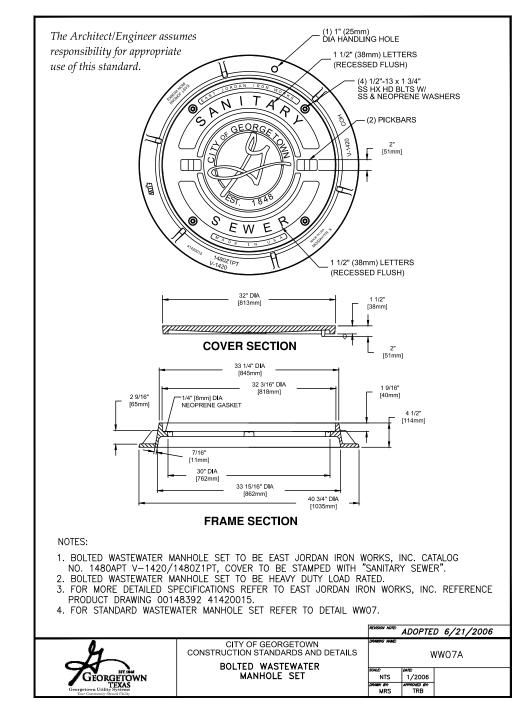
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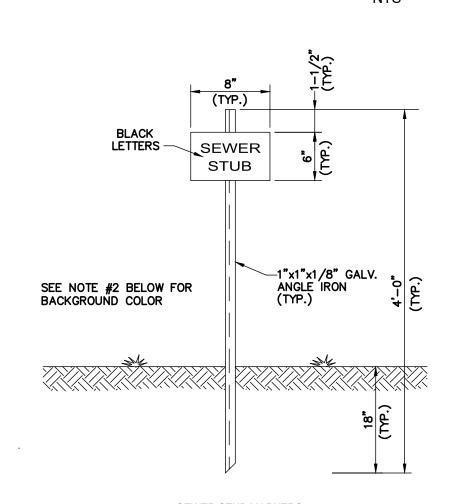
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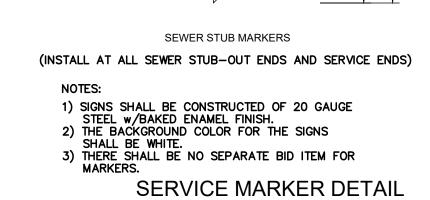
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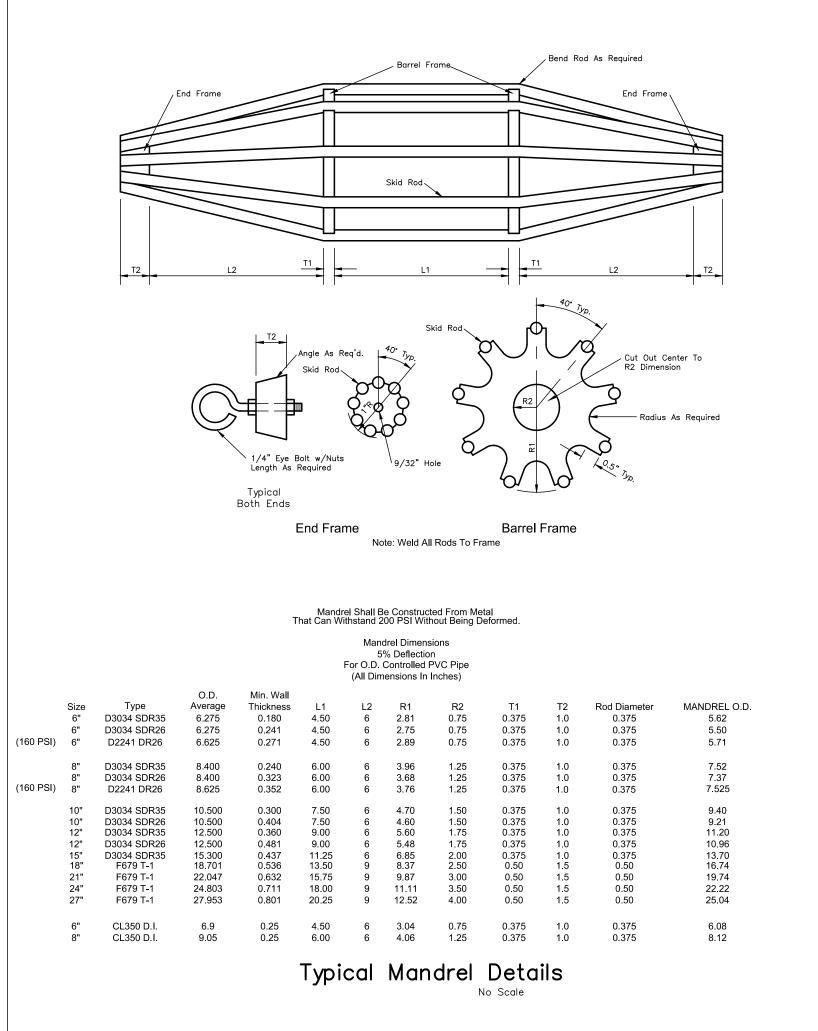
BLM, SJT, TEH, KWM

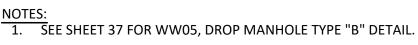




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512.930.9412

_____TBPLS FIRM No.10003700

>>ENGINEERS >>PLANNERS >>SURVEYORS

STEGER BIZZELL 1978 S. AUSTIN AVENUE GEORGETOWN, TX 78626 TEXAS REGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-181 | WEB

STEGERBIZZELL.COM

WASTEWATER DETAILS (2 OF 2) **WOODSIDE EAST - PHASE A** GEORGETOWN, WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS Project No 22226-21

SHEET

P:\22000-22999\22226 sun city\21-madison tract\03 EAST\01 phase a\CAD\Plans\43 WASTEWATER DETAILS (2 OF 2).dwg Aug 18, 2023 - 5:10pm

REVISION

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