

ROUND ROCK URGENT CARE WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN

Submitted to:

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Region 11 Field Office (Austin) 12100 Park 35 Circle, Bldg. A, Rm 179 Austin TX 78753

Submitted by / Agent:

Eli Engineering, PLLC 700 Theresa Cove Cedar Park, TX 78613 Office: (512) 658-8095 Attn: Gary Eli Jones, P.E.

Owner / Applicant:

HIGHLAND 620 LAND INVESTMENTS, LTD. 211 EAST 7TH STREET Austin, TX 78701 Voice: 512-474-6491



1/23/2024

Registration No. F-17877

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page

Our Review of Your Application

The Edwards Aquifer Program staff conducts an administrative and technical review of all applications. The turnaround time for administrative review can be up to 30 days as outlined in 30 TAC 213.4(e). Generally administrative completeness is determined during the intake meeting or within a few days of receipt. The turnaround time for technical review of an administratively complete Edwards Aquifer application is 90 days as outlined in 30 TAC 213.4(e). Please know that the review and approval time is directly impacted by the quality and completeness of the initial application that is received. In order to conduct a timely review, it is imperative that the information provided in an Edwards Aquifer application include final plans, be accurate, complete, and in compliance with <u>30 TAC 213</u>.

Administrative Review

1. <u>Edwards Aquifer applications</u>must be deemed administratively complete before a technical review can begin. To be considered administratively complete, the application must contain completed forms and attachments, provide the requested information, and meet all the site plan requirements. The submitted application and plan sheets should be final plans. Please submit one full-size set of plan sheets with the original application, and half-size sets with the additional copies.

To ensure that all applicable documents are included in the application, the program has developed tools to guide you and web pages to provide all forms, checklists, and guidance. Please visit the below website for assistance:<u>http://www.tceq.texas.gov/field/eapp</u>.

- 2. ThisEdwards Aquifer Application Cover Page form(certified by the applicant or agent) must be included in the application and brought to the administrative review meeting.
- 3. Administrative reviews are scheduled with program staff who will conduct the review. Applicants or their authorized agent should call the appropriate regional office, according to the county in which the project is located, to schedule a review. The average meeting time is one hour.
- 4. In the meeting, the application is examined for administrative completeness. Deficiencies will be noted by staff and emailed or faxed to the applicant and authorized agent at the end of the meeting, or shortly after. Administrative deficiencies will cause the application to be deemed incomplete and returned.

An appointment should be made to resubmit the application. The application is re-examined to ensure all deficiencies are resolved. The application will only be deemed administratively complete when all administrative deficiencies are addressed.

- 5. If an application is received by mail, courier service, or otherwise submitted without a review meeting, the administrative review will be conducted within 30 days. The applicant and agent will be contacted with the results of the administrative review. If the application is found to be administratively incomplete, it can be retrieved from the regional office or returned by regular mail. If returned by mail, the regional office may require arrangements for return shipping.
- 6. If the geologic assessment was completed before October 1, 2004 and the site contains "possibly sensitive" features, the assessment must be updated in accordance with the *Instructions to Geologists* (TCEQ-0585 Instructions).

Technical Review

- 1. When an application is deemed administratively complete, the technical review period begins. The regional officewill distribute copies of the application to the identified affected city, county, and groundwater conservation district whose jurisdiction includes the subject site. These entities and the public have 30 days to provide comments on the application to the regional office. All comments received are reviewed by TCEQ.
- 2. A site assessment is usually conducted as part of the technical review, to evaluate the geologic assessment and observe existing site conditions. The site must be accessible to our staff. The site boundaries should be

clearly marked, features identified in the geologic assessment should be flagged, roadways marked and the alignment of the Sewage Collection System and manholesshould be staked at the time the application is submitted. If the site is not marked the application may be returned.

- 3. We evaluate the application for technical completeness and contact the applicant and agent via Notice of Deficiency (NOD) to request additional information and identify technical deficiencies. There are two deficiency response periods available to the applicant. There are 14 days to resolve deficienciesnoted in the first NOD. If a second NOD is issued, there is an additional 14 days to resolve deficiencies. If the response to the second notice is not received, is incomplete or inadequate, or provides new information that is incomplete or inadequate, the application must be withdrawn or will be denied. Please note that because the technical review is underway, whether the application is withdrawn or denied **the application fee will be forfeited**.
- 4. The program has 90 calendardays to complete the technical review of the application. If the application is technically adequate, such that it complies with the Edwards Aquifer rules, and is protective of the Edwards Aquifer during and after construction, an approval letter will be issued. Construction or other regulated activity may not begin until an approval is issued.

Mid-Review Modifications

It is important to have final site plans prior to beginning the permitting process with TCEQ to avoid delays.

Occasionally, circumstances arise where you may have significant design and/or site plan changes after your Edwards Aquifer application has been deemed administratively complete by TCEQ. This is considered a "Mid-Review Modification". Mid-Review Modifications may require redistribution of an application that includes the proposed modifications for public comment.

If you are proposing a Mid-Review Modification, two options are available:

- If the technical review has begun your application can be denied/withdrawn, your fees will be forfeited, and the plan will have to be resubmitted.
- TCEQ can continue the technical review of the application as it was submitted, and a modification application can be submitted at a later time.

If the application is denied/withdrawn, the resubmitted application will be subject to the administrative and technical review processes and will be treated as a new application. The application will be redistributed to the affected jurisdictions.

Please contact the regional office if you have questions. If your project is located in Williamson, Travis, or Hays County, contactTCEQ's Austin Regional Office at 512-339-2929. If your project is in Comal, Bexar, Medina, Uvalde, or Kinney County, contactTCEQ's San Antonio Regional Office at 210-490-3096

Please fill out all required fields below and submit with your application.

1. Regulated Entity Name: Round Rock Urgent Care				2. Regulated Entity No.:					
3. Customer Name: Highland 620 Land Investments, Ltd.		4. Customer No.: 603114265			265				
5. Project Type: (Please circle/check one)	New		Modification		Extension		Exception		
6. Plan Type: (Please circle/check one)	WPA P	CZP	SCS	UST	AST	EXP	EXT	Technical Clarification	Optional Enhanced Measures
7. Land Use: (Please circle/check one)	Resider	ntial	Non-residential		7. Sit		ite (acres):	1.28 ac	
9. Application Fee:	\$4000)	10. Permanent B		BMP(s):	YES		
11. SCS (Linear Ft.):			12. AST/UST (No. 7		o. Tar	. Tanks):			
13. County:	Willia n	mso	14. Watershed:					Lake Creek-Bru	ıshy Creek

Application Distribution

Instructions: Use the table below to determine the number of applications required. One original and one copy of the application, plus additional copies (as needed) for each affected incorporated city, county,

and groundwater conservation district are required. Linear projects or large projects, which cross into multiple jurisdictions, can require additional copies. Refer to the "Texas Groundwater Conservation Districts within the EAPP Boundaries" map found at:

http://www.tceq.texas.gov/assets/public/compliance/field_ops/eapp/EAPP%20GWCD%20map.pdf

For more detailed boundaries, please contact the conservation district directly.

Austin Region				
County:	Hays	Travis	Williamson	
Original (1 req.)			_X_	
Region (1 req.)			_X_	
County(ies)				
Groundwater Conservation District(s)	Edwards Aquifer Authority Barton Springs/ Edwards Aquifer Hays Trinity Plum Creek	Barton Springs/ Edwards Aquifer	NA	
City(ies) Jurisdiction	Austin Buda Dripping Springs Kyle Mountain City San Marcos Wimberley Woodcreek	Austin Bee Cave Pflugerville Rollingwood Round Rock Sunset Valley West Lake Hills	Austin Cedar Park Florence Georgetown Jerrell Leander Liberty Hill Pflugerville _x_Round Rock	

	San Antonio Region				
County:	Bexar	Comal	Kinney	Medina	Uvalde
Original (1 req.)					
Region (1 req.)					
County(ies)					
Groundwater Conservation District(s)	Edwards Aquifer Authority Trinity-Glen Rose	Edwards Aquifer Authority	Kinney	EAA Medina	EAA Uvalde
City(ies) Jurisdiction	Castle Hills Fair Oaks Ranch Helotes Hill Country Village Hollywood Park San Antonio (SAWS) Shavano Park	Bulverde Fair Oaks Ranch Garden Ridge New Braunfels Schertz	NA	San Antonio ETJ (SAWS)	NA

I certify that to the best of my knowledge, that the application is complete and accurate. This application is hereby submitted to TCEQ for administrative review and technical review.

Gary Eli Jones, P.E.

GARY ELI JONES, P.E.

Print Name of Gustomer/Authorized Agent

Signature of Customer/Authorized Agent

1/23/2024 Date

FOR TCEQ INTERNAL USE ONLY			
Date(s)Reviewed:		Date Administratively Complete:	
Received From:		Correct N	Number of Copies:
Received By:		Distribut	ion Date:
EAPP File Number:		Complex	:
Admin. Review(s) (No.):		No. AR Rounds:	
Delinquent Fees (Y/N):	ees (Y/N): Review Time Spent:		ime Spent:
Lat./Long. Verified:	fied: SOS Customer Verification:		comer Verification:
Agent Authorization Complete/Notarized (Y/N):			Payable to TCEQ (Y/N):
Core Data Form Complete (Y/N):): Check		Signed (Y/N):
Core Data Form Incomplete Nos.:		Less than 90 days old (Y/N):	

General Information Form

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

For Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge and Transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.4(b) & §213.5(b)(2)(A), (B) Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **General Information Form** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review. The application was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Gary Jones, P.E. (agent)

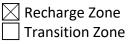
Date: <u>1/23/2024</u>

Signature of Customer/Agent:

Sylf-

Project Information

- 1. Regulated Entity Name: Round Rock Urgent Care
- 2. County: Williamson
- 3. Stream Basin: Lake Creek
- 4. Groundwater Conservation District (If applicable):NA
- 5. Edwards Aquifer Zone:



6. Plan Type:

WPAP	AST
SCS	UST
Modification	Exception Request

7. Customer (Applicant):

Contact Person: <u>Bill Neeson</u> Entity: <u>Highland 620 Land Investment, Ltd.</u> Mailing Address: <u>201 E. 7th Street</u> City, State:<u>Austin, Texas</u> Telephone:<u>512-474-6491</u> Email Address:_____

Zip: <u>78701</u> FAX: _____

8. Agent/Representative (If any):

Contact Person:<u>Gary Jones,P.E.</u> Entity: <u>Eli Engineering, PLLc</u> Mailing Address: <u>700 Theresa Cove</u> City, State:<u>Cedar Park</u> Telephone: <u>512-658-8095</u> Email Address:<u>gejtexas@gmail.com</u>

Zip:<u>78613</u> FAX: NA

9. Project Location:

The project site is located inside the city limits of _____.

The project site is located outside the city limits but inside the ETJ (extra-territorial jurisdiction) of <u>Round Rock</u>.

The project site is not located within any city's limits or ETJ.

10. The location of the project site is described below. The description provides sufficient detail and clarity so that the TCEQ's Regional staff can easily locate the project and site boundaries for a field investigation.

Southwest of Great Oaks and RM 620 intersection next to Broadmore Nursing Facility

- 11. Attachment A –Road Map. A road map showing directions to and the location of the project site is attached. The project location and site boundaries are clearly shown on the map.
- 12. Attachment B USGS / Edwards Recharge Zone Map. A copy of the official 7 ½ minute USGS Quadrangle Map (Scale: 1" = 2000') of the Edwards Recharge Zone is attached. The map(s) clearly show:

 \square Project site boundaries.

USGS Quadrangle Name(s).

Boundaries of the Recharge Zone (and Transition Zone, if applicable).

Drainage path from the project site to the boundary of the Recharge Zone.

13. The TCEQ must be able to inspect the project site or the application will be returned.

Sufficient survey staking is provided on the project to allow TCEQ regional staff to locate the boundaries and alignment of the regulated activities and the geologic or manmade features noted in the Geologic Assessment.

Survey staking will be completed by this date: <u>current</u>

- 14. Attachment C Project Description. Attached at the end of this form is a detailed narrative description of the proposed project. The project description is consistent throughout the application and contains, at a minimum, the following details:
 - Area of the site Offsite areas Impervious cover Permanent BMP(s) Proposed site use Site history Previous development Area(s) to be demolished
- 15. Existing project site conditions are noted below:
 - Existing commercial site
 - Existing residential site

Existing paved and/or unpaved roads

Undeveloped (Cleared)

Undeveloped (Undisturbed/Uncleared)

Other:<u>Undeveloped with temporary driveway crossing lot</u>

Prohibited Activities

- 16. I am aware that the following activities are prohibited on the Recharge Zone and are not proposed for this project:
 - (1) Waste disposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 of this title (relating to Underground Injection Control);
 - (2) New feedlot/concentrated animal feeding operations, as defined in 30 TAC §213.3;
 - (3) Land disposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC §335.1;
 - (4) The use of sewage holding tanks as parts of organized collection systems; and
 - (5) New municipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I standards which are defined in §330.41(b), (c), and (d) of this title (relating to Types of Municipal Solid Waste Facilities).
 - (6) New municipal and industrial wastewater discharges into or adjacent to water in the state that would create additional pollutant loading.
- 17. I am aware that the following activities are prohibited on the Transition Zone and are not proposed for this project:
 - (1) Waste disposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 (relating to Underground Injection Control);
 - (2) Land disposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC §335.1; and

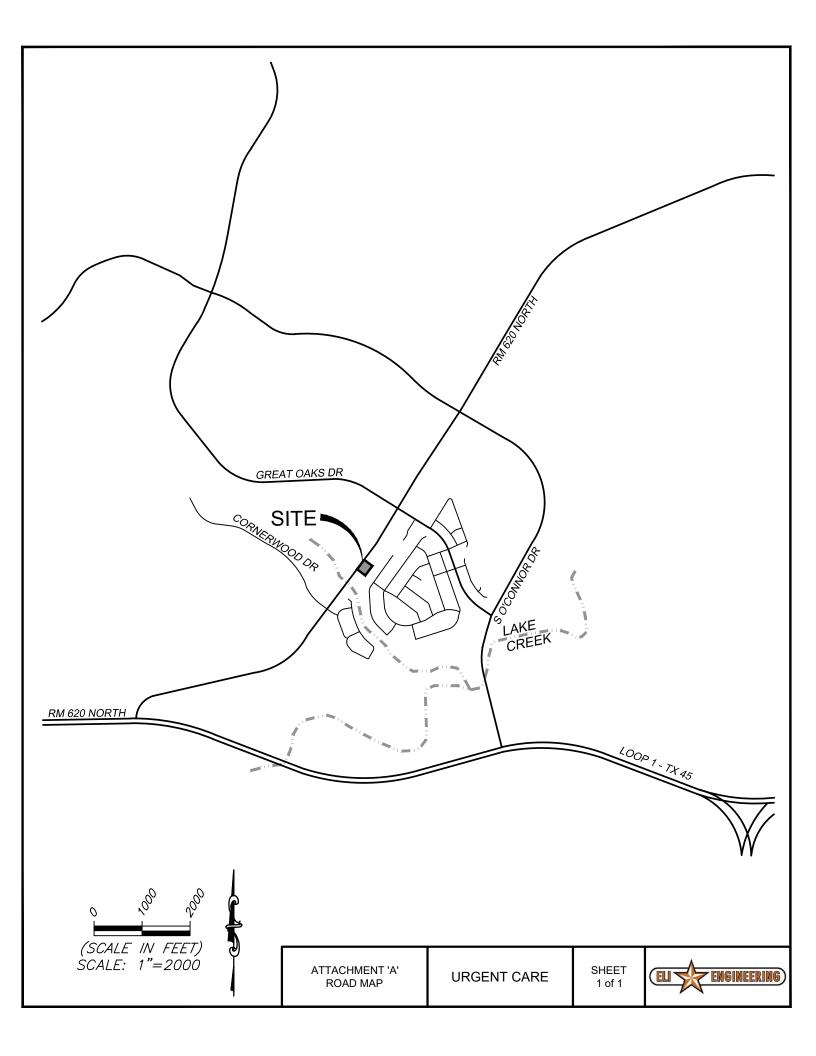
(3) New municipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I standards which are defined in §330.41 (b), (c), and (d) of this title.

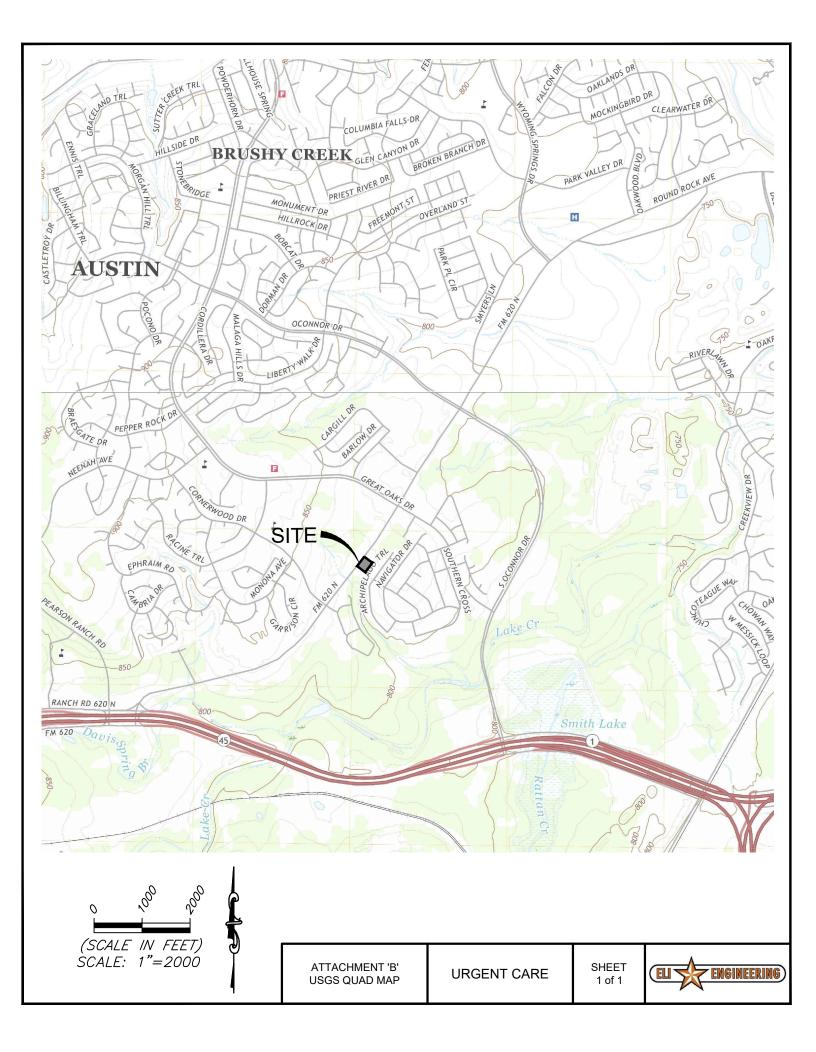
Administrative Information

- 18. The fee for the plan(s) is based on:
 - For a Water Pollution Abatement Plan or Modification, the total acreage of the site where regulated activities will occur.
 - For an Organized Sewage Collection System Plan or Modification, the total linear footage of all collection system lines.
 - For a UST Facility Plan or Modification or an AST Facility Plan or Modification, the total number of tanks or piping systems.
 - A request for an exception to any substantive portion of the regulations related to the protection of water quality.
 - A request for an extension to a previously approved plan.
- 19. Application fees are due and payable at the time the application is filed. If the correct fee is not submitted, the TCEQ is not required to consider the application until the correct fee is submitted. Both the fee and the Edwards Aquifer Fee Form have been sent to the Commission's:

 Austin Regional Office (for projects in Hays, Travis, and Williamson Counties)
 San Antonio Regional Office (for projects in Bexar, Comal, Kinney, Medina, and Uvalde Counties)

- 20. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
- 21. No person shall commence any regulated activity until the Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan(s) for the activity has been filed with and approved by the Executive Director.







Firm # 17877

January 24, 2024

Ms. Lillian Butler Texas Commission on Environmental Quality 12100 Park 35 Circle, Bld A, Rm 179 Austin, TX 78753

Re: Round Rock Urgent Care Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan Permit Attachment C-Project Narrative

To Whom It May Concern:

Eli Engineering, PLLC is pleased to submit this Project Narrative accompanying the Water Pollution Abatement plan application for the Round Rock Urgent Care project. This project, located at the just southwest of Great Oaks Drive and RM 620, Round Rock, Tx. The property was originally platted as part of the Highland Horizon Phase II as lot 5 Block O in 2009. The total acreage is 1.28 acres. The project consists of one buildings, associated parking and drive aisles, and sidewalks with a total of 0.51 acres of impervious cover. The site is currently undeveloped except for 250 lf of temporary driveway. The temporary driveway will remain and has been included in the overall impervious cover totals. The development proposes a batch detention design to remove expected pollutants.

Brushy Creek Municipal Utility District water and wastewater service on the lot and all dry utilities are in place as well.

The site receives no off-site runoff and there is no proposed demolition.

If you have any questions or need further assistance, please call me at 512-658-8095.

Sincerely,

1/24/2024

Gary Eli Jones, P.E.



GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT FOR THE APPROXIMATELY 1.28 ACRE ROUND ROCK URGENT CARE

Williamson County, Texas

November 2023

Submitted to:

814 Services LLC, 1695 Twelve Mile Rd Suite 100 Berkley, MI 48072

Prepared by:

aci consulting 1001 Mopac Circle Austin, Texas 78746 TBPG Firm License No. 50260

aci project #: 22-23-114

aci consulting

a division of aci group, LLC

Austin (512) 347.9000 • Denver (720) 440.5320

www.aci-consulting.net

Geologic Assessment

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

For Regulated Activities on The Edwards Aquifer Recharge/transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(3), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. My signature certifies that I am qualified as a geologist as defined by 30 TAC Chapter 213.

Print Name of Geologist: Mark T. Adams

Telephone: (512) 347-9000

Fax: <u>(512) 306-0974</u>

BRALLicense No. 50260 (Name of Company and TBPG or TBPE

Representing: <u>aci Grour</u> registration number) Signature of Geologis

Date: 11/13/2023

Regulated Entity Name: Round Rock Urgent Care

Project Information

1. Date(s) Geologic Assessment was performed: <u>10/18/2023</u>

MARK T. ADAMS

2. Type of Project:

\times	WPAP
\times	SCS

AST
UST

3. Location of Project:

	\ge	Recharge	Zone
I			

_____ Transition Zone

Contributing Zone within the Transition Zone

- 4. X Attachment A Geologic Assessment Table. Completed Geologic Assessment Table (Form TCEQ-0585-Table) is attached.
- 5. Soil cover on the project site is summarized in the table below and uses the SCS Hydrologic Soil Groups* (Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds, Technical Release No. 55, Appendix A, Soil Conservation Service, 1986). If there is more than one soil type on the project site, show each soil type on the site Geologic Map or a separate soils map.

Table 1 - Soil Units, InfiltrationCharacteristics and Thickness

Soil Name	Group*	Thickness(feet)
EeB	D	0.33-1.66
ErE	D	0.33-1.66

- * Soil Group Definitions (Abbreviated)
 - A. Soils having a high infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
 - B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
 - C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
 - D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
- 6. Attachment B Stratigraphic Column. A stratigraphic column showing formations, members, and thicknesses is attached. The outcropping unit, if present, should be at the top of the stratigraphic column. Otherwise, the uppermost unit should be at the top of the stratigraphic column.
- 7. X Attachment C Site Geology. A narrative description of the site specific geology including any features identified in the Geologic Assessment Table, a discussion of the potential for fluid movement to the Edwards Aquifer, stratigraphy, structure(s), and karst characteristics is attached.
- 8. Attachment D Site Geologic Map(s). The Site Geologic Map must be the same scale as the applicant's Site Plan. The minimum scale is 1": 400'

Applicant's Site Plan Scale: 1" = <u>20</u>' Site Geologic Map Scale: 1" = <u>20</u>' Site Soils Map Scale (if more than 1 soil type): 1" = <u>75</u>'

9. Method of collecting positional data:

Global Positioning System (GPS) technology.

Other method(s). Please describe method of data collection: _____

- 10. The project site and boundaries are clearly shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map.
- 11. Surface geologic units are shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map.

12. Geologic or manmade features were discovered on the project site during the field investigation. They are shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map and are described in the attached Geologic Assessment Table.

Geologic or manmade features were not discovered on the project site during the field investigation.

- 13. The Recharge Zone boundary is shown and labeled, if appropriate.
- 14. All known wells (test holes, water, oil, unplugged, capped and/or abandoned, etc.): If applicable, the information must agree with Item No. 20 of the WPAP Application Section.

There are _____ (#) wells present on the project site and the locations are shown and labeled. (Check all of the following that apply.)

] The wells are not in use and have been properly abandoned.

] The wells are not in use and will be properly abandoned.

The wells are in use and comply with 16 TAC Chapter 76.

 \square There are no wells or test holes of any kind known to exist on the project site.

Administrative Information

15. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.



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LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

ATTA	CHMENT A
	Site Maps (Figures 1-4)
ATTA	CHMENT B 13
	Geologic Table Geologic and Manmade Feature Map (Figure 5) Feature Descriptions and Recommendations
ATTA	CHMENT C
	Historic Aerial Photographs



November 2023

Geologic Assessment for the Round Rock Urgent Care located in Williamson County, Texas

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Texas Commission on the Environmental Quality (TCEQ) regulates activities that have the potential to pollute the Edwards Aquifer through the Edwards Aquifer Protection Program. Projects meeting a certain criterion over the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone must submit an Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan (EAPP).

The purpose of this report is to identify all potential pathways for contaminant movement to the Edwards Aquifer and provide sufficient geologic information so that the appropriate Best Management Practices (BMPs) can be proposed in the Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan (EAPP). This report complies with the requirements of Title 30, Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 213 relating to the protection of the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone. Per the Rules, the Geologic Assessment must be completed by a Geologist licensed according to the Texas Geoscience Practice Act.

2.0 PROJECT INFORMATION

The Round Rock Urgent Care, hereafter referred to as the subject area or site, is located approximately 0.22 miles southwest of the intersection of North Farm to Market (FM) Road 620 and Great Oaks Drive in the extraterritorial jurisdiction (ETJ) of Round Rock, Williamson County, Texas (**Attachment A, Figure 1**). Pedestrian investigations of the 1.28-acre tract were performed on October 18, 2023, by Marcos Cardenas and Andrew Marlow, GIT, under the supervision of Mark Adams, P.G. with **aci consulting**.

This report is intended to satisfy the requirements for a Geologic Assessment, which shall be included as a component of a Water Pollution Abatement Plan (WPAP). The site is approximately 1.28 acres in total. The proposed site use is for a medical urgent care clinic. The scope of the report consists of a site reconnaissance, field survey, and review of existing data and reports. Features identified during the field survey were ranked utilizing the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) matrix for Edwards



Aquifer Recharge Zone features. The ranking of the features will determine their viability as "sensitive" features.

3.0 INVESTIGATION METHODS

The following investigation methods and activities were used to develop this report:

- Review of existing files and literature to determine the regional geology and any known caves associated with the project area;
- Review of past geological field reports, cave studies, and correspondence regarding the existing geologic features on the project area, if available;
- Site reconnaissance by a registered professional geologist to identify and examine caves, recharge features, and other significant geological structures;
- Evaluation of collected field data and a ranking of features using the TCEQ Ranking Table 0585 for the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone; and
- Review of historic aerial photographs to determine if there are any structural features present, and to determine any past disturbances on the subject property.

4.0 SOILS AND GEOLOGY

The following includes a site-specific description of the soils, geologic stratigraphy, geologic structure, and karstic characteristics as they relate to the Edwards aquifer. Also included in this section is a review of historic aerials for presence of geologic changes or changes to manmade features in bedrock.

<u>Soils</u>

According to the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) Web Soil Survey (2023), two soil units occur within the project alignment (**Attachment A, Figure 2**):

• EeB— Eckrant stony clay, 0 to 3 percent slopes, stony

The Eckrant, stony component makes up 85 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 3 percent. This component is on ridges on dissected plateaus. The parent material consists of residuum weathered from limestone. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, lithic, is 4 to 20 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is very low. Shrinkswell potential is moderate. This soil is not flooded. It is not



ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. This soil does not meet the criteria for hydric soils. Hydrologic Soil Group: D.

Georgetown (8%) and Doss (7%) are minor soil components that make up the remaining 15% of the map unit. These do not meet the criteria for hydric soils.

• ErE – Eckrant-Rock outcrop association, 1 to 10 percent slopes

The Eckrant component makes up 58 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 1 to 10 percent. This component is on ridges on dissected plateaus. The parent material consists of residuum weathered from limestone. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, lithic, is 4 to 20 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is very low. Shrink-swell potential is moderate. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. This soil does not meet the criteria for hydric soils. Hydrologic Soil Group: D.

Rock outcrop (16%), Tarpley (11%), Real (6%), Brackett (5%), and Pratley (4%) are minor soil components that make up the remaining 42% of the map unit. These do not meet the criteria for hydric soils.

Geologic Stratigraphy

According to the *Geologic Map of the Austin Area, Texas,* one geologic unit occurs within the project area (**Attachment A, Figure 3**). These units and a description by Garner (1992) and a thickness given by the *Geologic Atlas of Texas, Austin Sheet* (Barnes, 1981) are as follows:

• Edwards Formation (Ked)

"Limestone and dolomite, light gray to tan, hard to soft, thin to thick bedded, fine to medium grained; fossil rudist and nodular chert common; solution collapse zone near middle"



Site-Specific Stratigraphic Column

Formation	Members	Thickness (Barnes, 1981)	
Edwards Limestone	Edwards Limestone	60-350 feet	

Geologic Structure

The geologic strata associated with the Edwards Aquifer include the Georgetown Limestone Formation of the Washita Group, the Edwards Limestone Group which is interfingered with the Comanche Peak Formation, followed by the Walnut formation, and finally the Glen Rose Formation of the Trinity Group. These Groups dip gently to the southeast and are a characterized by the Balcones Fault Escarpment, a zone of en echelon normal faults downthrown to the southeast. Locally, the dominant structural trend of faults within the area is 25°, as evidenced by the mapped fault patterns (**Attachment A**, **Figure 4**). Thus, all features that have a trend ranging from 10° to 40° are considered "on trend" and were awarded the additional 10 points in the Geologic Assessment Table.

The subject area is underlain by Edwards Limestone (Ked) (Garner 1992). The geology surrounding the site is Edwards Limestone.

Karstic Characteristics

In limestone landscapes, karst is expressed by erratically developed cavernous porosity from dissolution of bedrock as water combined with weak acids moves through the subsurface. Karst terrains are typical of the Edwards Limestone, occurring across a vast region of Central Texas, including the Balcones Fault Escarpment. The features produced by karst processes include, but are not limited to, sinkholes, solution cavities, solution enlarged fractures, and caves. These features can eventually provide conduits for fluid movement such as surface water runoff, as "point recharge" to the Edwards Aquifer. Faults and manmade features within bedrock can also provide conduits for point recharge in many cases.

According to Edwards aquifer zone map produced by the TCEQ (2005), the entire subject area is within the northern segment of the Edwards aquifer Recharge Zone. Thus, all karst



features identified as sensitive within the project limits have the potential to be point recharge features into the Edwards aquifer.

Review of Historic Aerials

Aerial photographs were reviewed for the site, and it was determined that the site was undeveloped prior to the 1941 aerial (**Attachment C**). In the 1954 aerial, vegetation clearing can be observed on and surrounding the subject area, as well as a paved road (FM 620) appearing to the northwest of the site. Minor changes between 1954 and 1981 can be seen in the aerials. FM 620 has been resurfaced, and Great Oaks Drive constructed by the 1981 aerial. O'Connor Drive and additional rural roads first appear in the 1995 aerial. Residential and commercial buildings first appear to the north, south, and west and continuously appear throughout the 2020 aerial. A continuance for Great Oaks Drive to the south appears by the 2010 aerial. FM 620 is expanded, and O'Connor Drive continues to the south by the 2016 aerial.

5.0 SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

This report documents the findings of a geologic assessment conducted by **aci consulting** personnel on October 18, 2023. Four features (three karst features and one manmade feature in bedrock) were noted on the site. Comprehensive descriptions and recommendations for each feature can be found in **Attachment B**. Based on assessment of each feature, the three naturally occurring features were determined to be epikarstic in origin and non-sensitive. The alignment of manmade features in bedrock has been deemed sensitive for the sole purpose of being brought to the attention of the engineer.



6.0 REFERENCES

- Garner, L.E., K.P. Young, P.U. Rodda, G.L. Dawe, M.A. Rogers. 1992. Geologic Map of the Austin Area, Texas. Bureau of Economic Geology. Reprint 1992. Austin, Texas. 1:62,000.
- Barnes, V.E. (project director) et. al., 1981. Geologic Atlas of Texas, Austin Sheet. The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology. Scale 1:250,000
- (SCS) Soil Conservation Survey. 1983. Soil Survey of Williamson County, Texas. United States Department of Agriculture. Texas Agriculture Experiment Station.
- (TCEQ) Texas Commission on Environmental Quality. 2004. Instructions to Geologists for Geologic Assessments on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge/Transition Zones. October 1, 2004. Austin, Texas.
- (TCEQ) Texas Commission on Environmental Quality. 2005. "Edwards Aquifer Protection Program, Chapter 213 Rules - Recharge Zone, Transition Zone, Contributing Zone, and Contributing Zone within the Transition Zone." Map. Digital data. September 1, 2005. Austin, Texas.
- (TWDB) Texas Water Development Board. 2023. Water Data Interactive Groundwater Data Viewer. Accessed on October 23, 2023. Available at: http://www2.twdb.texas.gov/apps/waterdatainteractive/groundwaterdataviewer
- (USDA NRCS) U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service. 2023. WebSoilSurvey.com. Soil Survey Area: Williamson County, Texas. Date accessed: October 23, 2023.

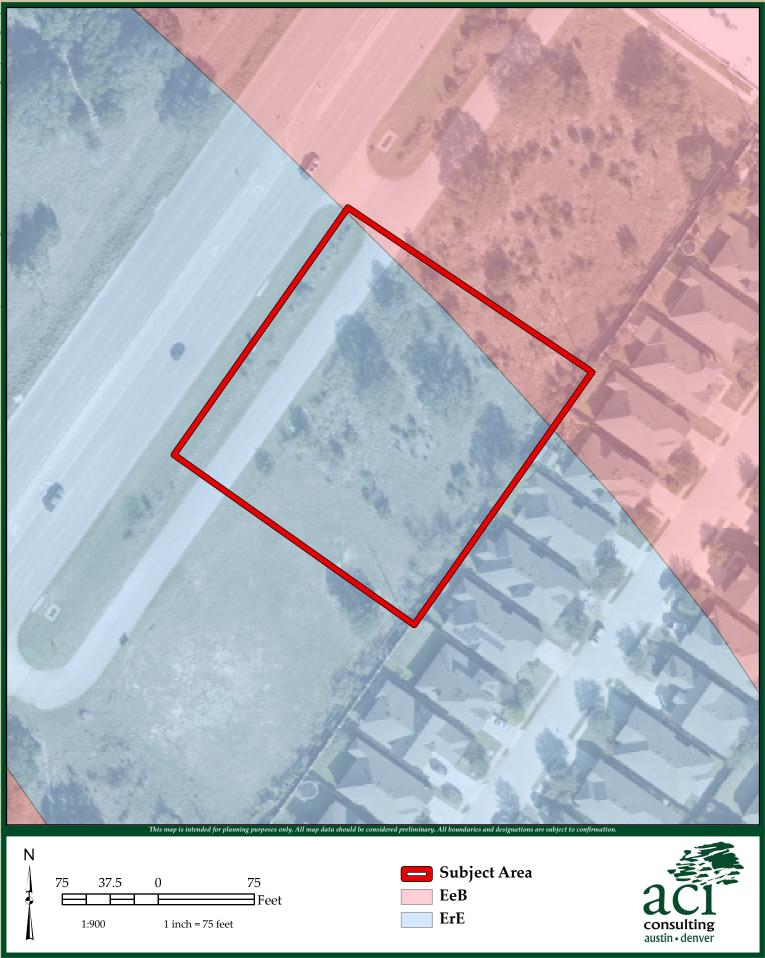


ATTACHMENT A

Site Maps



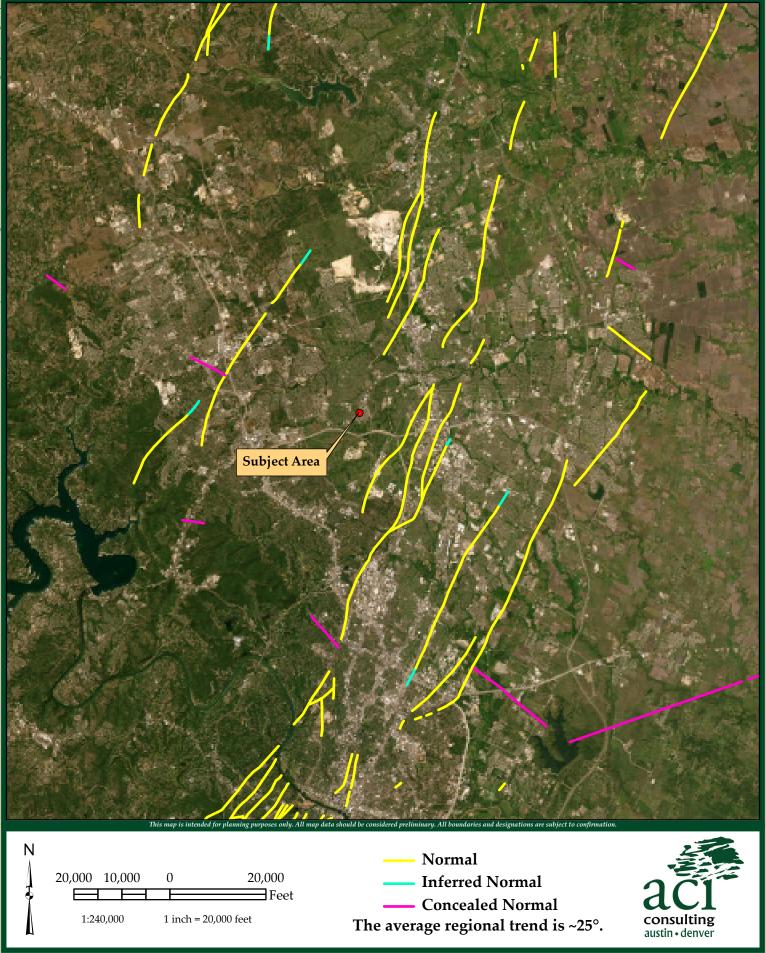
Round Rock Urgent Care Geologic Assessment **Figure 1: Site Location**



Round Rock Urgent Care Geologic Assessment Figure 2: Site Soils



Round Rock Urgent Care Geologic Assessment Figure 3: Site Geology



Round Rock Urgent Care Geologic Assessment **Figure 4: Regional Trend**



ATTACHMENT B

Geologic Table Geologic and Manmade Feature Map (Figure 5) Feature Descriptions and Recommendations

GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT TABLE								PROJECT NAME: Round Rock Urgent Care													
LOCATION					FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS									EVALUATION			PHYSICAL		SETTING		
1A	1B *	1C*	2A 2B 3			4			5	5A	6	7	8A	8B	9	1	0	1	1	12	
FEATURE ID	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	FEATURE TYPE	POINTS	FORMATION	DIMENSIONS (FEET)		TREND D (DEGREES) M		DENSITY (NO/FT)	APERTURE (FEET)	INFILL	RELATIVE INFILTRATION RATE	TOTAL	SENS	ITIVITY	CATCHME (ACF	ENT AREA RES)	TOPOGRAPHY		
						х	Y	Z		10						<40	<u>>40</u>	<1.6	<u>>1.6</u>		
F-01	30.490591	-97.72741	0	5	Ked	1	1	1.5	-	-	-	-	C, O, V	6	11	Х		Х		Hilltop	
F-02	30.490505	-97.727407	0	5	Ked	1	1	1.5	-	-	-	-	C, O, V	7	12	Х		Х		Hilltop	
F-03	30.490406	-97.727587	0	5	Ked	15	15	1	-	-	0.25	3	C, O, V	8	13	Х		Х		Hilltop	
MB-01	30.490237	-97.727259	MB	30	Ked	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	10	40		Х	Х		Hilltop	
		83 State Plane 420	03																		
	2A TYPE TYPE 2B POINTS							8A INFILLING													
С	Cave		30 N None, exposed bedrock																		
SC	Solution cavity 20						C Coarse - cobbles, breakdown, sand, gravel														
SF	Solution-enlarged fracture(s) 20						O Loose or soft mud or soil, organics, leaves, sticks, dark colors														
F	Fault 20						F Fines, compacted clay-rich sediment, soil profile, gray or red colors														
0	Other natural bedrock features 5						V Vegetation. Give details in narrative description														
MB	Manmade feature in bedrock 30						FS Flowstone, cements, cave deposits														
SW	Swallow hole 30						Х	Othe	r materials	6											
SH	Sinkhole 20						-														
CD	Non-karst closed depression 5						12 TOPOGRAPHY														
Z	Zone, clustered or aligned features 30 Cliff, Hilltop, Hillside, Drainage, Floodplain, Strea										mbe	əd									
									22231233	nu	32.										
			l have re	ad, I und	lerstood, a	nd I ha	ave fo	los ed	the Texas	s Co	amissio	n on Envi	ronmental	Quality's Ins	structions	s to G	eologi	sts. Th	е		
I have read, I understood, and I have folles at the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality's Instructions to Geologists. The information presented here complies on that documents at the representation of the conditions observed in the field.																					
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				Λ		/	5			-		3									
GEOLOGY Sheet _1_ of _1_																					
No. 1835																					
TCEQ-0585-Table (Rev. 10-01-04)																					
NAL & CEOSE																					
assistantina																					
		•																			



Round Rock Urgent Care Geologic Assessment

Figure 5: Geologic Feature Map

aci Project No.: 22-23-114

November 2023



F-01 GPS: 30.490591, -97.72741

This feature listed as "Other" and is a small aperture located in the epikarst in the Edwards Limestone in an area of low topographic relief. F-01 is approximately 1 foot in diameter surrounding a small tree with an aperture approximately 3 inches in diameter that leads to approximately 1.5 feet of lateral development before becoming plugged. The infill material within the feature is dark soils, cobbles, and loose organic materials such as leaves, twigs, and acorns. Due to the urban development (roadways, commercial structures, and stormwater infrastructure) surrounding the site, the catchment area for the feature is determined to be less than 1.6 acres. After considering the small catchment area and minimal permeability of the feature, it was determined that the infiltration rate for F-01 is low and it was assigned a point value of 6 points. Thus, this feature is non-sensitive and requires no protective setbacks.

Recommendation: There are no protective setbacks required for this feature.



Photo of F-01



F-02 GPS: 30.490505, -97.727407

This feature is listed as "Other" and is a small aperture located in the epikarst in the Edwards Limestone in an area of low topographic relief. F-02 is approximately 1 foot in diameter and was plugged after approximately 1.5 feet of lateral development. The infill material within the feature is dark soils, cobbles, and loose organic materials such as leaves, twigs, and acorns. The large limestone cobbles lining the feature were not in-place bedrock. Due to the urban development (roadways, commercial structures, and stormwater infrastructure) surrounding the site, the catchment area for the feature is determined to be less than 1.6 acres. After considering the small catchment area and minimal permeability of the feature, it was determined that the infiltration rate for F-02 is low and it was assigned a point value of 7 points. Thus, this feature is non-sensitive and requires no protective setbacks.

Recommendation: There are no protective setbacks required for this feature.

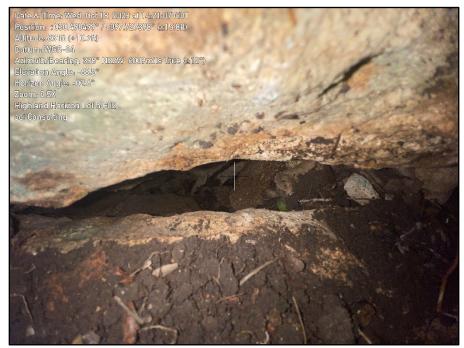


Photo of F-02 interior



F-03 GPS: 30.490406, -97.727587

This feature is listed as "Other" and is located in the Edwards Limestone in an area of low topographic relief. F-03 is an area approximately 15 feet in diameter with multiple apertures noted ranging in size from a few inches in diameter to up to 3 feet in length. The vertical development in these apertures ranged from several inches to up to 1 foot in depth. The feature was plugged with dark compact soils. The infill material within the feature is dark soils, cobbles, and loose organic materials such as leaves, grasses, and twigs. The apertures had no discernable trend and were low in density (0.25/ft). Due to the urban development (roadways, commercial structures, and stormwater infrastructure) surrounding the site, the catchment area for the feature is determined to be less than 1.6 acres. After considering the small catchment area and minimal permeability of the feature, it was determined that the infiltration rate for F-03 is low and it was assigned a point value of 8 points. Thus, this feature is non-sensitive and requires no protective setbacks.

Recommendation: There are no protective setbacks required for this feature.



Photo of a small aperture for F-03

Round Rock Urgent Care Geologic Assessment





A larger aperture for F-03



MB-01

GPS: 30.490237, -97.727259

MB-01 is a manmade feature in bedrock (a linear utility feature) including an -inch waterline, an 8-inch waste waterline, a 6-inch gas line, overhead electric lines, and a phone and cable line according to a temporary site plan prepared for the project. A point along the line was recorded for the Geologic Table. This feature is located in an area of low topographic relief, within the Edwards Limestone Formation. The dimensions of MB-01 are unknown. The infill material for MB-01 is unknown. Due to the urban development (roadways, commercial structures, and stormwater infrastructure) surrounding the site, the catchment area for the feature is determined to be less than 1.6 acres. MB-01 is a manmade feature in bedrock and was assigned a point value of 10 points for the sole purpose of being brought to the attention of the engineers; however, no setbacks are required for this feature.

Recommendation: This feature is sensitive and should be brought to the attention of the engineer but does not require any protective setbacks.



Photo of a marker flag indicating the location of MB-01



ATTACHMENT C

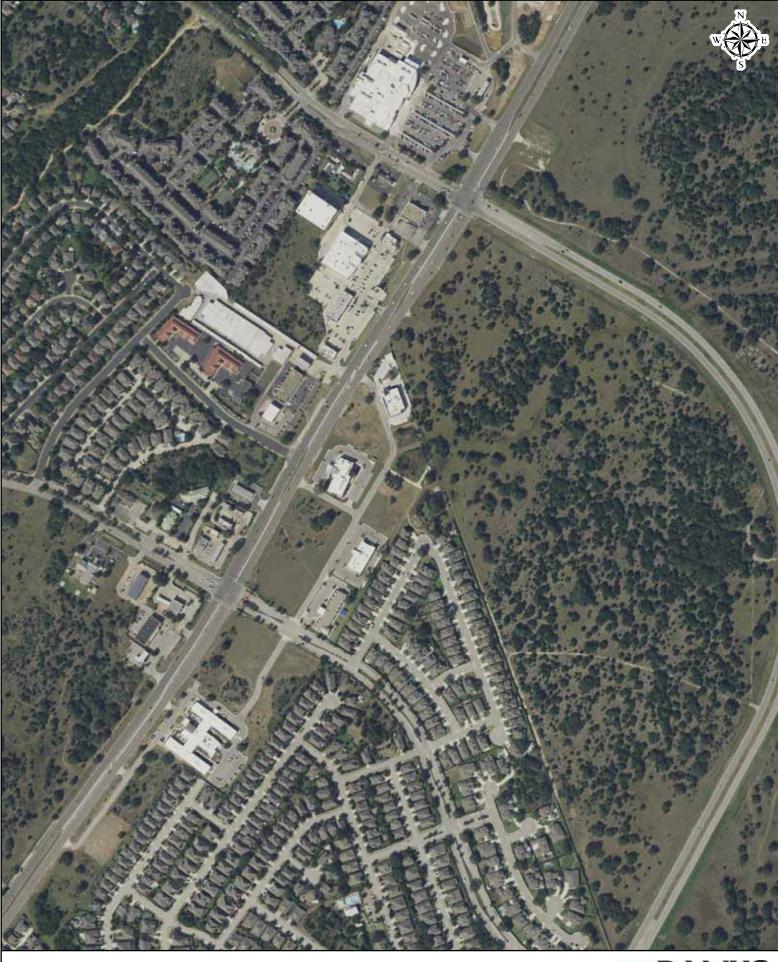
Historic Aerial Photographs

ACI CONSULTING 1001 Mopac Circle Austin, TX 78746

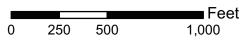


Photographs ES-138138

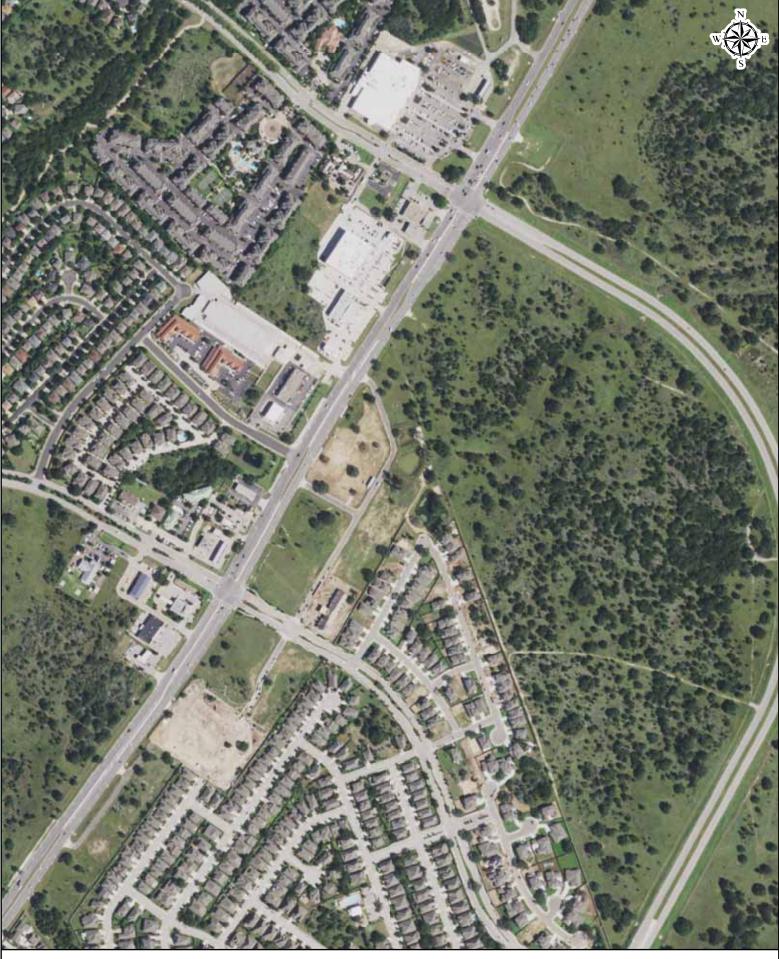
Historical Highland Horizon TX Aerial Williamson County Monday, November 22, 2021



Date: 2020 Source: USDA







Date: 2016				Feet
Source: USDA	0	250	500	1,000



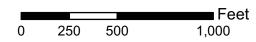


Date: 2010				Feet
Source: USDA	0	250	500	1,000

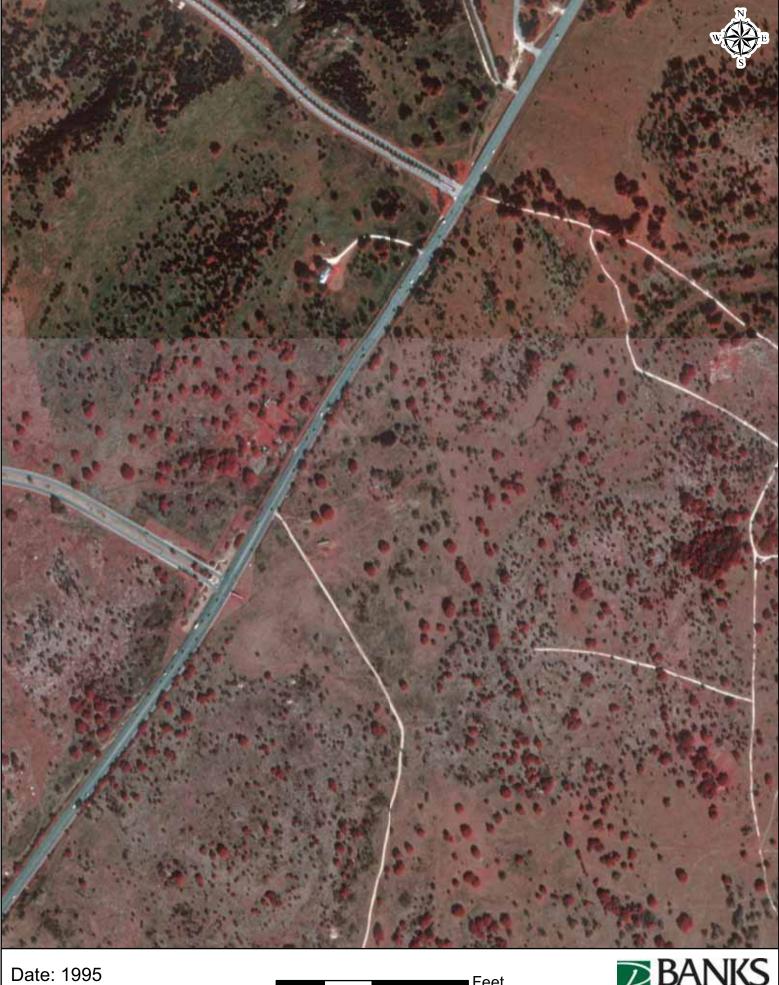




Date: 2004 Source: USDA







Source: USGS

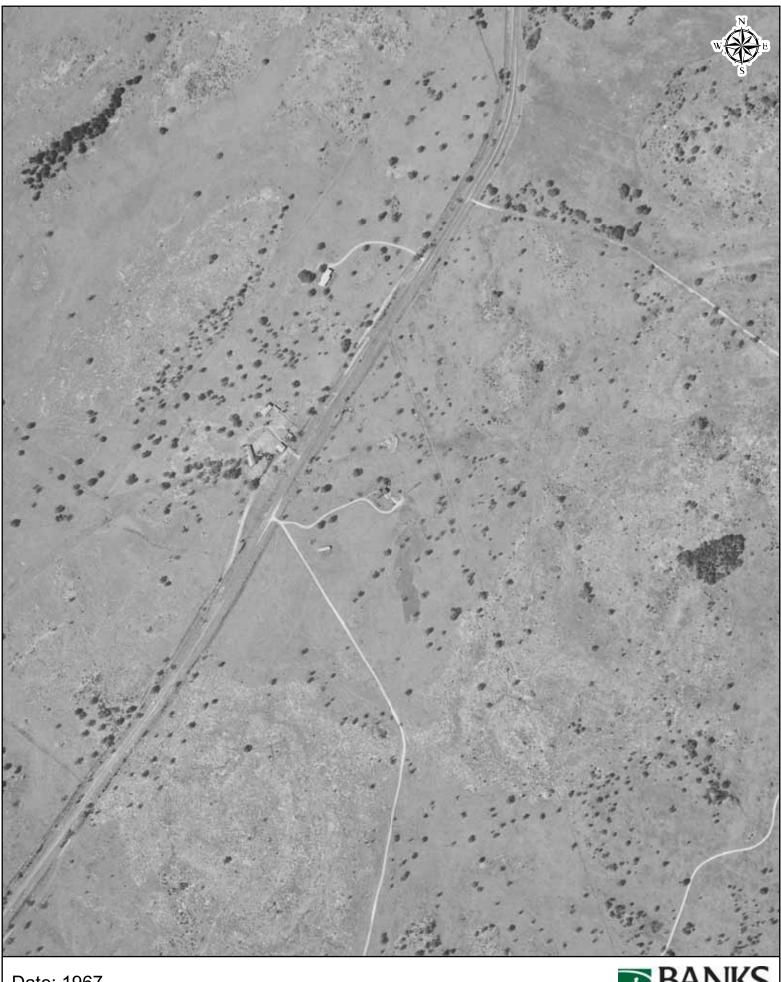
Feet 1,000 500 0 250



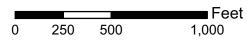






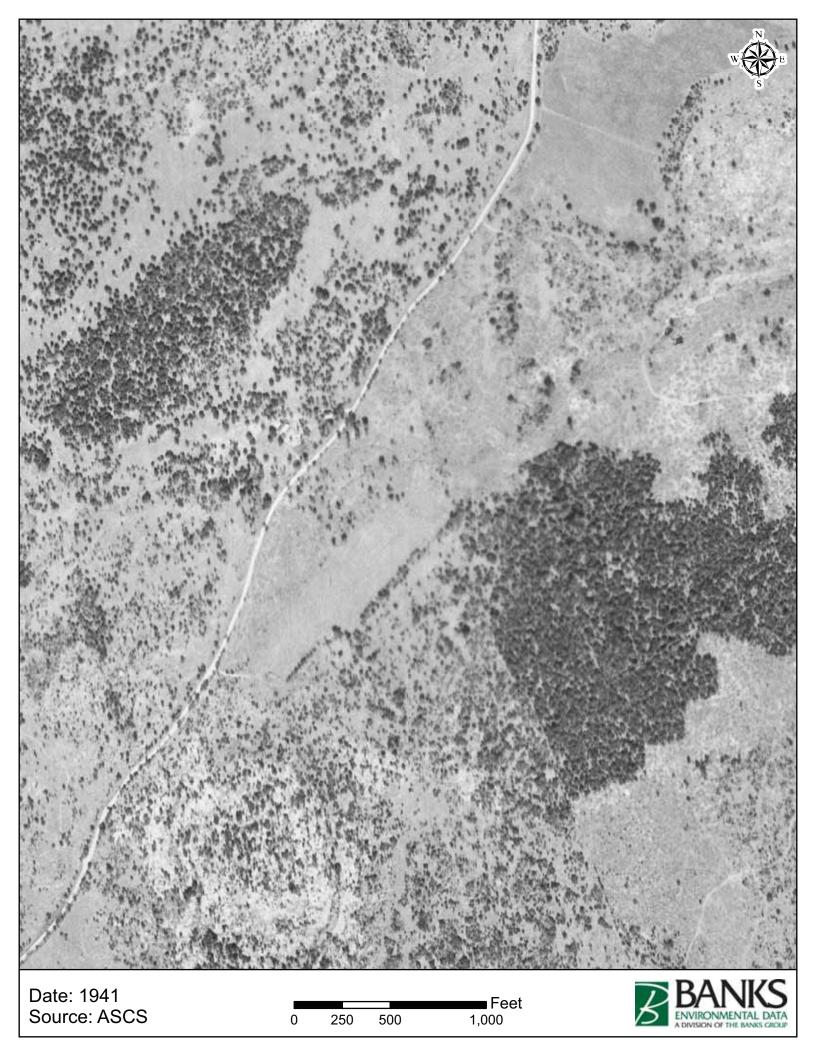


Date: 1967 Source: USGS











AERIAL SOURCE DEFINITIONS

Acronym	Agency
NASA	National Aeronautics & Space Administration
AMS	Army Mapping Service
ASCS	Agricultural Stabilization & Conservation Service
SCS	Soil Conservation Service
USBR	United States Bureau of Reclamation
Fairchild	Fairchild Aerial Surveys
TXDOT	Texas Department of Transportation
BLM	Bureau of Land Management
USAF	United States Air Force
USCOE	United States Corps of Engineers
USDA	United States Department of Agriculture
USGS	United States Geological Survey
WALLACE	Wallace-Zingery Aerial Surveys
TNRIS	Texas Natural Resources Information System

HISTORICAL AERIA	AL PHOTOGRAPHS
ES-138138	November 22, 2021



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Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application Form** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and Executive Director approval. The form was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Gary Jones, P.E (agent)

Date: 1/23/2024

Signature of Customer/Agent:

Regulated Entity Name: Round Rock Urgent Care

Regulated Entity Information

1. The type of project is:

Residential: Number of Lots:_____ Residential: Number of Living Unit Equivalents:_____ Commercial Industrial Other:_____

- 2. Total site acreage (size of property): 1.28
- 3. Estimated projected population:8
- 4. The amount and type of impervious cover expected after construction are shown below:

Impervious Cover of Proposed Project	Sq. Ft.	Sq. Ft./Acre	Acres
Structures/Rooftops	3950	÷ 43,560 =	.091
Parking	17186	÷ 43,560 =	.394
Other paved surfaces	1095	÷ 43,560 =	.025
Total Impervious Cover	22231	÷ 43,560 =	.51

Table 1 - Impervious Cover Table

Total Impervious Cover $\underline{.51}$ ÷ Total Acreage $\underline{1.28}$ X 100 = $\underline{40}$ % Impervious Cover

- 5. Attachment A Factors Affecting Surface Water Quality. A detailed description of all factors that could affect surface water and groundwater quality that addresses ultimate land use is attached.
- 6. Only inert materials as defined by 30 TAC §330.2 will be used as fill material.

For Road Projects Only

Complete questions 7 - 12 if this application is exclusively for a road project.

7. Type of project:

TXDOT road project.

County road or roads built to county specifications.

City thoroughfare or roads to be dedicated to a municipality.

Street or road providing access to private driveways.

8. Type of pavement or road surface to be used:

```
Concrete
Asphaltic concrete pavement
Other:
```

9. Length of Right of Way (R.O.W.): _____ feet.

Width of R.O.W.:_____feet.

L x W = _____ Ft² ÷ 43,560 Ft²/Acre = ____acres.

10. Length of pavement area: _____ feet.

Width of pavement area:feet.L x W = $Ft^2 \div 43,560 Ft^2/Acre =$ Pavement areaacres $\div R.O.W.$ areaacres x 100 =% impervious cover.

11. A rest stop will be included in this project.

A rest stop will not be included in this project.

12. Maintenance and repair of existing roadways that do not require approval from the TCEQ Executive Director. Modifications to existing roadways such as widening roads/adding shoulders totaling more than one-half (1/2) the width of one (1) existing lane require prior approval from the TCEQ.

Stormwater to be generated by the Proposed Project

13. Attachment B - Volume and Character of Stormwater. A detailed description of the volume (quantity) and character (quality) of the stormwater runoff which is expected to occur from the proposed project is attached. The estimates of stormwater runoff quality and quantity are based on the area and type of impervious cover. Include the runoff coefficient of the site for both pre-construction and post-construction conditions.

Wastewater to be generated by the Proposed Project

14. The character and volume of wastewater is shown below:

<u>100</u> % Domestic	<u>540</u> Gallons/day
% Industrial	Gallons/day
% Commingled	Gallons/day
TOTAL gallons/day <u>540</u>	

15. Wastewater will be disposed of by:

On-Site Sewage Facility (OSSF/Septic Tank):

Attachment C - Suitability Letter from Authorized Agent. An on-site sewage facility will be used to treat and dispose of the wastewater from this site. The appropriate licensing authority's (authorized agent) written approval is attached. It states that the land is suitable for the use of private sewage facilities and will meet or exceed the requirements for on-site sewage facilities as specified under 30 TAC Chapter 285 relating to On-site Sewage Facilities.

Each lot in this project/development is at least one (1) acre (43,560 square feet) in size. The system will be designed by a licensed professional engineer or registered sanitarian and installed by a licensed installer in compliance with 30 TAC Chapter 285.

Sewage Collection System (Sewer Lines):

- Private service laterals from the wastewater generating facilities will be connected to an existing SCS.
- Private service laterals from the wastewater generating facilities will be connected to a proposed SCS.

 \square The SCS was previously submitted on <u>06/16/2009</u>.

The SCS was submitted with this application.

] The SCS will be submitted at a later date. The owner is aware that the SCS may not be installed prior to Executive Director approval.

The sewage collection system will convey the wastewater to the <u>Brushy Creek Regional</u> <u>WWTP</u> (name)Treatment Plant. The treatment facility is:

imes	Existing.
	Proposed.

16. All private service laterals will be inspected as required in 30 TAC §213.5.

Site Plan Requirements

Items 17 – 28 must be included on the Site Plan.

17. The Site Plan must have a minimum scale of 1'' = 400'.

Site Plan Scale: 1" = <u>20</u>'.

18. 100-year floodplain boundaries:

Some part(s) of the project site is located within the 100-year floodplain. The floodplain is shown and labeled.

 \boxtimes No part of the project site is located within the 100-year floodplain.

The 100-year floodplain boundaries are based on the following specific (including date of material) sources(s): FIRM Panel 48491C0630F dated December 20,2019

19. The layout of the development is shown with existing and finished contours at appropriate, but not greater than ten-foot contour intervals. Lots, recreation centers, buildings, roads, open space, etc. are shown on the plan.

The layout of the development is shown with existing contours at appropriate, but not greater than ten-foot intervals. Finished topographic contours will not differ from the existing topographic configuration and are not shown. Lots, recreation centers, buildings, roads, open space, etc. are shown on the site plan.

20. All known wells (oil, water, unplugged, capped and/or abandoned, test holes, etc.):

There are _____(#) wells present on the project site and the locations are shown and labeled. (Check all of the following that apply)

The wells are not in use and have been properly abandoned.

The wells are not in use and will be properly abandoned.

The wells are in use and comply with 16 TAC §76.

There are no wells or test holes of any kind known to exist on the project site.

21. Geologic or manmade features which are on the site:

All sensitive geologic or manmade features identified in the Geologic Assessment are shown and labeled.

No sensitive geologic or manmade features were identified in the Geologic Assessment.

Attachment D - Exception to the Required Geologic Assessment. A request and justification for an exception to a portion of the Geologic Assessment is attached.

- 22. The drainage patterns and approximate slopes anticipated after major grading activities.
- 23. Areas of soil disturbance and areas which will not be disturbed.
- 24. Locations of major structural and nonstructural controls. These are the temporary and permanent best management practices.
- 25. XLocations where soil stabilization practices are expected to occur.
- 26. Surface waters (including wetlands).

🖂 N/A

27. Locations where stormwater discharges to surface water or sensitive features are to occur.

There will be no discharges to surface water or sensitive features.

28. Kegal boundaries of the site are shown.

Administrative Information

- 29. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
- 30. Any modification of this WPAP will require Executive Director approval, prior to construction, and may require submission of a revised application, with appropriate fees.

ATTACHMENT A

Factors which could affect the quality of surface water and groundwater are the parking and use of motor vehicles on the site. This includes the emission of certain hydrocarbon based substances as well as the tracking of silt. Also, the maintenance of irrigated areas could affect the quality of surface and groundwater through runoff of chemical fertilizers or pesticides.

ATTACHMENT B

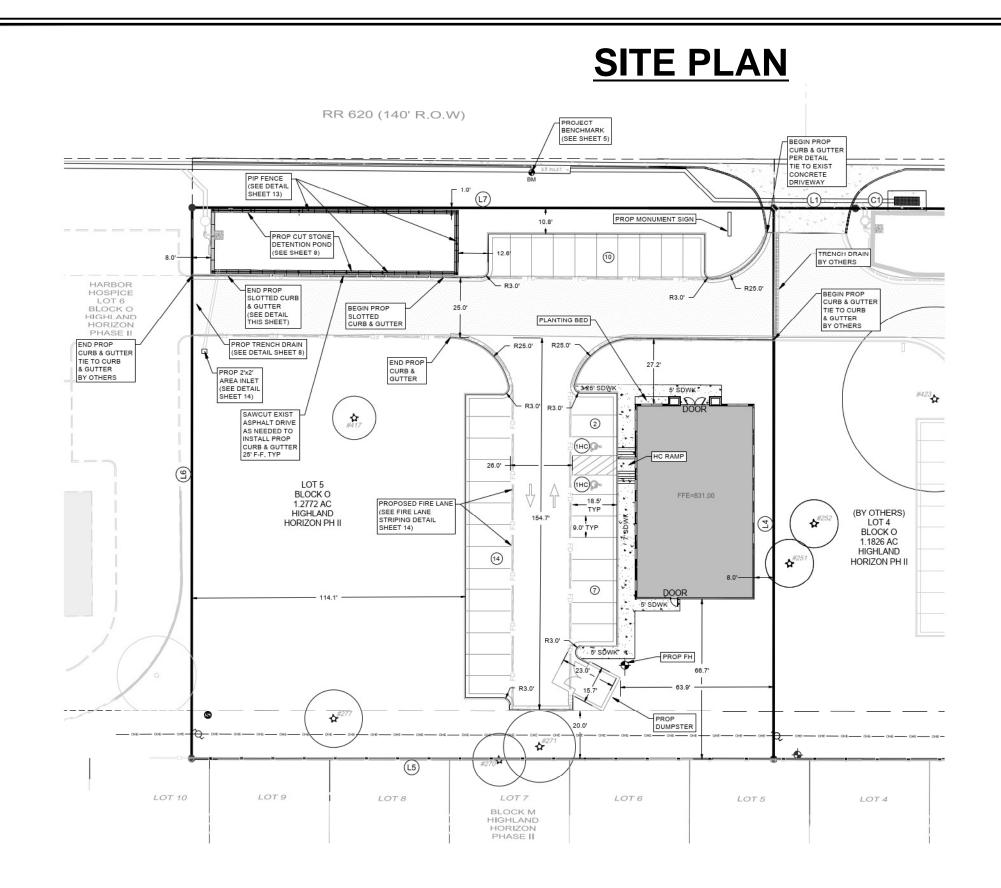
The peak storm water before construction for the Round Rock Urgent Care improvements has been calculated to be 6.9 cfs for the 25-yr. storm event and 9.7 cfs for the 100-yr. storm event given that the development is currently rangeland/woodland over soils group D at 1 - 2 percent or less slopes. The character of existing runoff is that of rural range land.

After construction the character of the runoff will change such that hydrocarbon residues from vehicles, fertilizers, and pesticides may be present. A batch detention pond on the lot will capture most of the foreign elements. The proposed pond detains the peak runoff for the 2, 10, 25 and 100 year storm and releases are designed to less than the existing conditions.

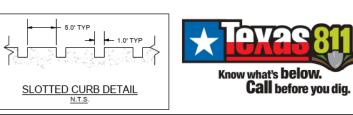
BATCH DETENTION F	POND					
Contributing Drainage Area = Site						
Total Drainage Area =	1.28	acre				
Pre-Development I.C. =	0.00	acre				
Post-Development I.C. =	0.51	acre				
Post-Development I.C. Fraction =	0.40					
L _{M TOTAL PROJECT} =	444	lbs				
A _C =	1.25	acre				
A ₁ =	0.49	acre				
A _P =	0.76	acre				
L _R =	506	lbs				
Desired L _M this basin =	443	lbs				
Fraction of Annual Runoff (F) =	0.88					
Rainfall Depth =	1.50	inch				
Post Development Runoff Coefficient =	0.30					
On-site Water Quality Volume =	2063	cubic ft				
Off-site area draining to BMP =	0.00	acre				
Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP =	0.00	acre				
Impervious fraction of off-site area =	-					
Off-site Runoff Coefficient =	-					
Off-site Water Quality Volume =	0	cubic ft				
Storage for Sediment =	413	cubic ft				
Total Capture Volume Required =	2475	cubic ft				
	0.475	and the fit				
Total Capture Volume Provided =	2475	cubic ft				

Orifice Equation $Q=Cd(\pi(D^2)/4)\sqrt{(2gh)}$

	BATO	CH DETENT	ION POND - D	RAWDOWN C	ALCUALTIC	DNS	
Stage (ft amsl)	Cumulative Storage (cf)	Head (ft)	Relative Volume (cf)	Total Volume (cf)	Relative Time To Drain (hr)	Cumulative Time To Drain (hr)	Outflow Velocity (fps)
820.00	0	0.01	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
821.0	1200	1.00	1200	1200	0.77	0.77	4.98
821.5	2400	1.50	1200	2400	0.63	1.39	6.09
			C	complete Drawo	down Time	1.39	hr
*Elevation of	of Downstream	WSE =	820		ft asml		
*Orifice Dia	meter (inches)	=	4		in		



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Temporary Stormwater Section

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(4)(A), (B), (D)(I) and (G); Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Temporary Stormwater Section** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The application was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Gary Jones, P.E. (agent)

Date: 1/23/2024

Signature of Customer/Agent:

Regulated / Entity Name: URGENT CARE ROUND ROCK

Project Information

Potential Sources of Contamination

Examples: Fuel storage and use, chemical storage and use, use of asphaltic products, construction vehicles tracking onto public roads, and existing solid waste.

1. Fuels for construction equipment and hazardous substances which will be used during construction:

The following fuels and/or hazardous substances will be stored on the site:_____

These fuels and/or hazardous substances will be stored in:

Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of less than 250 gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year.

Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity between 250 gallons and 499 gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year.
 Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of 500 gallons or more will be stored on the site. An Aboveground Storage Tank Facility Plan application must be submitted to the appropriate regional office of the TCEQ prior to moving the tanks onto the project.

Fuels and hazardous substances will not be stored on the site.

- 2. Attachment A Spill Response Actions. A site specific description of the measures to be taken to contain any spill of hydrocarbons or hazardous substances is attached.
- 3. Temporary aboveground storage tank systems of 250 gallons or more cumulative storage capacity must be located a minimum horizontal distance of 150 feet from any domestic, industrial, irrigation, or public water supply well, or other sensitive feature.
- 4. Attachment B Potential Sources of Contamination. A description of any activities or processes which may be a potential source of contamination affecting surface water quality is attached.

Sequence of Construction

5. Attachment C - Sequence of Major Activities. A description of the sequence of major activities which will disturb soils for major portions of the site (grubbing, excavation, grading, utilities, and infrastructure installation) is attached.

For each activity described, an estimate (in acres) of the total area of the site to be disturbed by each activity is given.

For each activity described, include a description of appropriate temporary control measures and the general timing (or sequence) during the construction process that the measures will be implemented.

6. Name the receiving water(s) at or near the site which will be disturbed or which will receive discharges from disturbed areas of the project: <u>Tributary of Lake Creek</u>

Temporary Best Management Practices (TBMPs)

Erosion control examples: tree protection, interceptor swales, level spreaders, outlet stabilization, blankets or matting, mulch, and sod. Sediment control examples: stabilized construction exit, silt fence, filter dikes, rock berms, buffer strips, sediment traps, and sediment basins. Please refer to the Technical Guidance Manual for guidelines and specifications. All structural BMPs must be shown on the site plan.

7. Attachment D – Temporary Best Management Practices and Measures. TBMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, and stormwater. The construction-phase BMPs for erosion and sediment controls have been designed to retain sediment on site to the extent practicable. The following information is attached:

\boxtimes A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water,
groundwater or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows
across the site.

\boxtimes A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water or
groundwater that originates on-site or flows off site, including pollution caused by
contaminated stormwater runoff from the site.

A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollutants from entering surface streams, sensitive features, or the aquifer.

A description of how, to the maximum extent practicable, BMPs and measures will maintain flow to naturally-occurring sensitive features identified in either the geologic assessment, TCEQ inspections, or during excavation, blasting, or construction.

8. The temporary sealing of a naturally-occurring sensitive feature which accepts recharge to the Edwards Aquifer as a temporary pollution abatement measure during active construction should be avoided.

Attachment E - Request to Temporarily Seal a Feature. A request to temporarily seal a feature is attached. The request includes justification as to why no reasonable and practicable alternative exists for each feature.

There will be no temporary sealing of naturally-occurring sensitive features on the site.

- 9. Attachment F Structural Practices. A description of the structural practices that will be used to divert flows away from exposed soils, to store flows, or to otherwise limit runoff discharge of pollutants from exposed areas of the site is attached. Placement of structural practices in floodplains has been avoided.
- 10. Attachment G Drainage Area Map. A drainage area map supporting the following requirements is attached:

For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a sediment basin will be provided.

For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a smaller sediment basin and/or sediment trap(s) will be used.

For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a sediment basin or other equivalent controls are not attainable, but other TBMPs and measures will be used in combination to protect down slope and side slope boundaries of the construction area.

There are no areas greater than 10 acres within a common drainage area that will be disturbed at one time. A smaller sediment basin and/or sediment trap(s) will be used in combination with other erosion and sediment controls within each disturbed drainage area.

There are no areas greater than 10 acres within a common drainage area that will be disturbed at one time. Erosion and sediment controls other than sediment basins or sediment traps within each disturbed drainage area will be used.

11. Attachment H - Temporary Sediment Pond(s) Plans and Calculations. Temporary sediment pond or basin construction plans and design calculations for a proposed temporary BMP or measure have been prepared by or under the direct supervision of a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. All construction plans and design information must be signed, sealed, and dated by the Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. Construction plans for the proposed temporary BMPs and measures are attached.

N/A

- 12. Attachment I Inspection and Maintenance for BMPs. A plan for the inspection of each temporary BMP(s) and measure(s) and for their timely maintenance, repairs, and, if necessary, retrofit is attached. A description of the documentation procedures, recordkeeping practices, and inspection frequency are included in the plan and are specific to the site and/or BMP.
- 13. All control measures must be properly selected, installed, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and good engineering practices. If periodic inspections by the applicant or the executive director, or other information indicate a control has been used inappropriately, or incorrectly, the applicant must replace or modify the control for site situations.
- 14. If sediment escapes the construction site, off-site accumulations of sediment must be removed at a frequency sufficient to minimize offsite impacts to water quality (e.g., fugitive sediment in street being washed into surface streams or sensitive features by the next rain).
- 15. Sediment must be removed from sediment traps or sedimentation ponds not later than when design capacity has been reduced by 50%. A permanent stake will be provided that can indicate when the sediment occupies 50% of the basin volume.
- 16. Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals exposed to stormwater shall be prevented from becoming a pollutant source for stormwater discharges (e.g., screening outfalls, picked up daily).

Soil Stabilization Practices

Examples: establishment of temporary vegetation, establishment of permanent vegetation, mulching, geotextiles, sod stabilization, vegetative buffer strips, protection of trees, or preservation of mature vegetation.

17. Attachment J - Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices. A schedule of the interim and permanent soil stabilization practices for the site is attached.

- 18. Records must be kept at the site of the dates when major grading activities occur, the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site, and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 19. Stabilization practices must be initiated as soon as practicable where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased.

Administrative Information

- 20. All structural controls will be inspected and maintained according to the submitted and approved operation and maintenance plan for the project.
- 21. If any geologic or manmade features, such as caves, faults, sinkholes, etc., are discovered, all regulated activities near the feature will be immediately suspended. The appropriate TCEQ Regional Office shall be immediately notified. Regulated activities must cease and not continue until the TCEQ has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the aquifer from any adverse impacts.
- 22. Silt fences, diversion berms, and other temporary erosion and sediment controls will be constructed and maintained as appropriate to prevent pollutants from entering sensitive features discovered during construction.

ATTACHMENT A



TNRCC REGULATORY GUIDANCE

Pollution Cleanup Division RG-285 June 1997

SUBJECT:

Small-Business Handbook for Spill Response

Purpose

The purpose of this handbook is to help small businesses to comply with the Texas Natural Resource Conservation Commission's (TNRCC's) Spill Rule. From this document, you will learn when and how to report a spill and how to enlist the aid of the TNRCC and other authorities, as needed, in responding to a spill. This handbook is for guidance only; it does not replace or supersede the official rules and regulations.

The purpose of the Spill Rule, which is found in Title 30 Texas Administrative Code (30 TAC) Chapter 327, is to deal responsibly with threats to human health or the environment posed by incidents that may cause the contamination of groundwater or surface water. The rule sets guidelines for initial notification, response actions, and follow-up reports that the responsible person must follow when a discharge or spill occurs.

The Spill Rule-in a Nutshell

The Spill Rule requires the party responsible for causing a spill that by its nature and size presents the threat of contaminating groundwater or surface water to:

- control and contain the spill (or see that this is done);
- clean up the results of the spill (or see that this is done);
- notify the appropriate authorities, which may range • from the local fire department to the TNRCC, depending on the threat posed by the spill;
- make follow-up reports to the TNRCC about the continuing progress or completion of the cleanup.

To explain how to comply with the Spill Rule, this document will address the following questions:

- What is a spill (as far as the Spill Rule is concerned)?
- What should I do when the spill is serious?

- What about less serious spills?
- What kinds of spills need to be reported?
- What should my report say?
- Who can tell me what is in my spill?
- How can the TNRCC help me?
- What happens when I report a spill? .
- What kinds of spills are not covered by this rule? e
- Where do I look for more information? 8

What Is a Spill?

As defined in the rule, a spill is any incident in which oil, hazardous substances, industrial waste, or "other substances" contaminate or may contaminate surface water or groundwater in the state of Texas. Because substances spilled on the ground may find their way into groundwater, lakes, rivers, or streams, the definition includes spills on the ground as well as spills that go directly into water.

The definition of a "discharge or spill" is broad; it covers just about any accidental action or oversight that leads to the possible contamination of water. The following examples represent only a few of the many different kinds of incidents that this definition covers:

- A worker at a pest control service discovers that liquid pesticide has leaked from a storage tank into the ground.
- A landscaper rinses tanks that held herbicide, and then the rinse water escapes into a storm sewer.
- A truck loaded with avocados overturns, spilling its cargo and its fuel on the highway.
- A worker at a boat repair shop accidentally pours a solvent-based varnish remover on pavement. Most of the solvent evaporates quickly.
- A trenching crew hits a buried pipeline, causing oil to leak into the surrounding soil.

For simplicity, the term "spill" will be used in this document to refer to any incident covered by the definition

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given in 30 TAC Section (§) 327.2 for discharge or spill. Certain kinds of incidents that might threaten water supplies are covered by other rules or are under the authority of other agencies. Incidents that are not covered by the Spill Rule are described at the end of this document.

What Should I Do When the Spill Is Serious?

Whenever a spill or discharge involves an imminent threat to human health, notify local emergency authorities *immediately* and cooperate with them in responding to the spill. "Local emergency authorities" usually means the local fire department and law enforcement agency, but could also mean the local fire marshal, health department, or emergency planning committee.

The rule also calls for the responsible person to take certain reasonable steps to respond to the spill:

- Get to the scene, or make sure that hired response personnel get to the scene.
- Begin efforts to stop the discharge or spill.
- Minimize the impact of the spill to public health, surface water, and the ground or subsurface soil.
- Neutralize the effects of the incident.
- Remove the discharged or spilled substances.
- Manage wastes associated with the spill and cleanup.

What about Less Serious Spills?

Spills that do not present an imminent threat to human health still must be cleaned up. Even if the spill is small enough that a reporting requirement is not triggered, the person responsible for the spill must make sure that the spill is cleaned up.

What Kinds of Spills Need to Be Reported?

Whether a spill needs to be reported to the TNRCC depends on the material spilled, how much of it is spilled, and where it is spilled. General guidelines for determining whether a spill must be reported, based on this rule and federal standards, appear in Table 1. Spills involving less than 1 pound of material, except for oil spills, do not need to be reported to the TNRCC. They must be reported to local authorities if they pose an imminent threat to public health.

If the amount of material spilled or discharged within any 24-hour period is equal to or greater than the amount indicated in Table 1, the rule calls for the party responsible for the spill to notify the TNRCC within 24 hours. There are three ways to satisfy this reporting requirement by phone:

Call 1-800-832-8224 (the Environmental Response

Hot Line). This line is answered 24 hours a day.

- Call the TNRCC Spill Reporting Hot Line, which is also answered 24 hours a day, at 512/463-7727.
- During regular business hours, call the TNRCC regional office that serves the county in which the spill occurred.

The Spill Rule also allows the responsible person to use other reasonable methods to provide this initial notification.

Spills of a Single Hazardous Substance

Whenever an individual hazardous substance is spilled, determining whether a reportable quantity has been spilled only involves developing a reliable estimate of how much material was spilled and comparing that value with the reportable quantity (RQ) found in the column headed "Final RQ" in Table 302.4 of Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations (40 CFR) Part 302.

Spills of Mixtures

Whenever a mixture that contains a hazardous substance is spilled, a federal rule, often called the Mixture Rule, is used to determine whether a reportable quantity has been spilled. The wording of the Mixture Rule makes it particularly important for small businesses to know as much as possible about the composition of the materials they use or handle.

According to the Mixture Rule, if a mixture is known to contain a hazardous substance, but the amount of that substance in the mixture is not known, then all of the material spilled is assumed to be the hazardous substance for the purpose of determining whether a reportable spill has occurred. On the other hand, if the composition of the mixture is known, that information is used to determine whether the amount of mixture spilled contains a reportable quantity of the hazardous substance.

To see how the Mixture Rule works, let's look at two possible outcomes involving the spill of 1 quart of an insecticide containing aldrin. The RQ for aldrin is 1 pound.

First possible outcome. Assume that the person responsible for the spill knows only that the insecticide contains aldrin, not how much aldrin is in the insecticide. According to the Mixture Rule, all of the material spilled must be assumed to be aldrin under these circumstances. A quart of a solution weighs about 2 pounds, which is greater than the RQ for aldrin. This spill must be reported.

Second possible outcome. Now assume that the person responsible for the spill knows that the insecticide contains not more than 1 percent aldrin by weight. According to the Mixture Rule, this person should then calculate how much aldrin could have been in the quart of solution spilled:

2 lb solution \times 1 lb aldrin/100 lb = 0.02 lb aldrin

If aldrin is the only hazardous substance in the mixture, then this spill does not have to be reported according to the Comprehensive Emergency Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA). Be sure to do this sort of calculation for all the substances in the mixture, even if the product label describes them as "inert" or "filler."

The difference between the outcomes in the above example is not what was spilled, but what was known about the material that was spilled. Because one business had more information available about the materials it uses, its employee was able to determine that the spill was insignificant without contacting the TNRCC.

Table 1	. Reportable	Quantities	(RQs)	According	to the	Spill Rule	
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	SITE OF SPILL				
Type of Spill	On Land	In Water			
Hazardous substance If CERCLA RQ = 1-100 lb If CERCLA RQ > 100 lb	CERCLA RQ CERCLA RQ	CERCLA RQ 100 Ib			
Crude oil	210 gal	Enough to form a sheen			
Used oil or petroleum product At a PST exempt facility* All others	210 gal 25 gal	Enough to form a sheen Enough to form a sheen			
Oil other than crude oil, used oil, or petroleum product	210 gal	Enough to form a sheen			
Other substances	No RQ	100 lb			
Industrial solid waste	No RQ	100 lb			

NOTE: This table applies only to the reporting of spills and discharges according to the Spill Rule, 30 TAC §§327.1-327.5. To find values of CERCLA RQs for hazardous substances, please refer to 40 CFR Table 302.4.

*The term "PST exempt facility" refers to facilities that are exempt from the Aboveground Storage Tank Program. Petrochemical plants, petroleum refineries, and electricity generation, transmission, and distribution facilities are some examples of PST exempt facilities.

What Should My Report Say?

There are a number of different levels of reporting, so let's go through them one at a time.

Initial Notification

Within 24 hours, report the following information as best it is known:

- Your name, address, and telephone number (as the person making the report)
- The date, time, and location of the spill
- A specific description of the substance or substances spilled
- An estimate of how much was spilled
- The duration of the incident
- The name of the body of water affected or threatened by the spill
- The source of the spill

- A description of the extent of actual or potential water pollution or harmful impacts to the environment
- An identification of any environmentally sensitive areas or natural resources at risk
- The name, address, and telephone number of the responsible person (if not you)
- The name, address, and telephone number of the contact person at the site of the spill (if not you)
- A description of any action that has been taken, is being taken, or will be taken to contain and respond to the spill
- Any known or anticipated health risks
- The identity of any governmental authorities or agencies that are already responding to the spill
- Any other information that may be significant to the response action

The Spill Rule requires only that you provide all of the

above information that you know---by phone, in person, or in writing. The rule does not require that a written report be on a standard form. You may decide to develop your own form, but the rule also allows you to use the reporting form of any other agency that requires you to report the spill.

If you use the reporting form of another agency and it does not provide all of the information described above, you must add the rest of the required information on a separate sheet.

Update Notification

If anything happens that would trigger a change in the response to the spill—for better or for worse—notify the agency as soon as possible.

Correction of Records

If you report a spill and later decide that the spill did not have to be reported, you may send the regional office a letter to show your reasoning. Be sure to include all the information staff will need to understand your new decision.

If, after reviewing your letter, the regional office staff agrees that the spill was not reportable, that determination will be added to the agency records. If staff disagrees with your decision, the agency will notify you (that is, the responsible person) within 30 days.

Other Required Notice

In addition to notifying the TNRCC and local governmental authorities, make a reasonable attempt to notify the owner and occupants of any property adversely affected by the spill. Provide this notice as soon as possible, but no later than two weeks after discovering the spill.

Notifying the TNRCC satisfies the federal requirement to notify the State Emergency Response Commission, but does not satisfy the notification requirements of any permit or any other local, state, or federal law.

Reporting the spill to the Environmental Response Hot Line (1-800-832-8224) satisfies the initial notification requirements of the Spill Rule and the Texas Water Code. Depending on the material spilled, there may be other reporting requirements.

Who Can Tell Me What Is in My Spill?

It is the responsibility of a business to ensure that its employees know the nature and contents of the materials they handle or use. It is not feasible for any document to cover the full range of possible combinations of substances. The manufacturer or supplier of a product may be a good

source of information about the contents and specific formulation of a proprietary mixture.

Often it is not necessary to know the precise formula of a mixture to know how to classify it under the Spill Rule. The TNRCC regional office is one of a number of possible resources that could help you classify at least some materials into broad reporting categories according to the Spill Rule and CERCLA.

How Can the TNRCC Help Me?

Through your local regional office, the Small Business Assistance Program (1-800-447-2827), and the Emergency Response Section (512/239-2507), the TNRCC can help you prepare for spills before they happen as well as respond to them appropriately when they do.

If minor but reportable spills are an unavoidable part of your business, you might call your regional office to investigate the possibility of making one report on a regular schedule (e.g., once a month) to cover all minor spills that occur in that time frame. Depending on the individual situation, the regional manager may approve such an alternative notification plan for a fixed installation. Such a plan would require the written approval of the regional manager.

Your regional manager may also permit you to notify the agency by fax of spills that occur during regular business hours. If you do get permission to notify by fax, you may want to prepare a form that employees can fill out quickly when a spill occurs. You could print information that will not change (e.g., location of the facility, the name of the surface water affected, if any, etc.) as part of the form itself.

What Happens When I Report a Spill?

A number of things:

- Of greatest importance, you ensure that all resources that are available and needed to minimize the impact of the spill are put to use.
- Based on the information you provide, the regional staff of the TNRCC can help you to determine whether the spill is serious and, regardless of whether it is serious, the best ways to control the spill and minimize the damage it may cause.
- If necessary, the TNRCC can help coordinate the response to a spill that poses an imminent threat to public health or sources of water.
- You reduce the range of penalties that could be assessed against you or your business as a result of the spill.

Reporting a spill is not the same as admitting that pollution

has occurred (see "Correction of Records" above).

Does This Rule Cover All Spills?

No, it doesn't. Certain spills would fall under the jurisdiction of other agencies in the state of Texas. The following kinds of spills, discharges, or emissions are covered by other rules:

- Oil spills in or near coastal waters. The Railroad Commission of Texas (RRC) regulates such spills when they are relatively small (240 barrels or less). The Texas General Land Office (GLO) has jurisdiction for larger incidents affecting coastal waters. The term *coastal* waters basically includes the Gulf of Mexico and all of its bays, inlets, and estuaries, as well as portions of their navigable tributaries. A detailed definition of *coastal* waters appears in the GLO Rules, 31 TAC §19.2. When reporting a spill, don't worry about this difference in jurisdiction. Use the Environmental Response Hot Line (1-800-832-8224) to report the spill, and your report will be forwarded to the appropriate agency.
- Spills or waste discharges regulated by the RRC. This essentially means incidents related to the exploration, production, and development of oil, gas, geothermal resources, and uranium. Specific details can be found in the Texas Water Code §26.131.
- Emissions only to air. If you spill a liquid and it then evaporates, the spill is not an "emission only to air." A spill that evaporates is covered by the Spill Rule and may be covered by other regulations.
- Lawful discharges or waste disposal. This category includes the lawful placement of waste or accidental discharge of material into a solid waste management unit registered or permitted under 30 TAC Chapter 335 Subchapter A; any discharge that is covered by a specific permit, order, or rule issued under U.S. or Texas law, if that permit, order, or rule provides another specific reporting requirement; and discharges or spills that are continuous and stable in nature, and are reported to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency according to 40 CFR §302.8.
- The lawful application of fertilizers, pesticides, or other materials to land or water.
- Certain activities associated with aboveground and underground storage tanks, which are covered by Texas Water Code Chapter 26 Subchapter I.
- Discharges or spills that occur during the normal course of rail transportation.

Related Literature

Consider reviewing the following documents or having them available as reference materials.

State of Texas Oil and Hazardous Substances Spill Contingency Plan. This document, currently being developed by the cooperation of all state agencies that participate in spill response, is a compilation of all state rules that cover spills. When it is available, you may obtain copies from the TNRCC Publications Unit (512/239-0028).

State of Texas Coastal Oil Spill Prevention and Response. 31 TAC Chapter 19. This document comprises the GLO's oil spill rules.

The following documents are available from the U.S. Government Printing Office:

Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations Part 302. This is a portion of the federal law dealing with the handling of hazardous substances.

National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan. 40 CFR Part 300. This document covers all federal rules on spills.

Emergency Planning and Notification. 40 CFR Part 355. The regulation establishes the list of extremely hazardous substances, threshold planning quantities, and facility notification responsibilities necessary for developing and implementing state and local emergency response plans.

Hazardous Chemical Reporting and Community Right-to-Know. These regulations establish reporting requirements that provide the public with important information about the hazardous chemicals in their communities.

Toxic Substances Control Act. 40 CFR Parts 700-766. Several specific constituents, such as PCBs and dioxins, require additional regulation because of their direct impact on human health and the environment. The TSCA specifies procedures for handling these materials. Additional reporting may also be required.

REPORTABLE QUANTITIES (RQ)

Refer to: (https://www.tceq.texas.gov/response/spills/spill_rq.html)

Kind of spill	Where discharged	Reportable quantity	Rule, statute, or responsible agency	
Hazardous substance	onto land	"Final RQ" in Table 302.4 in 🂫 40 CFR 302.4 r ² (PDF)	30 TAC 327 ⊠	
	into water	"Final RQ" or 100 lbs, whichever is less		
Any oil	coastal waters	as required by the Texas General Land Office	Texas General Land Office ⊠	
Crude oil, oil that is neither a petroleum product nor used oil	onto land	210 gallons (five barrels)	30 TAC 327 🗹	
	directly into water	enough to create a sheen		
Petroleum product, used oil	onto land, from an exempt PST facility	210 gallons (five barrels)	30 TAC 327 P ⁷	
	onto land, or onto land from a non-exempt PST facility	25 gallons		
	directly into water	enough to create a sheen		
Associated with the exploration, development and production of oil, gas, or geothermal resources	under the jurisdiction of the Railroad Commission of Texas	as required by the Railroad Commission of Texas	Railroad Commission of Texas ⊠	
Industrial solid waste or other substances	into water	100 lbs	30 TAC 327 🗹	
From petroleum storage tanks, underground or aboveground	into water	enough to create a sheen on water	30 TAC 334 ⊠ .75- 81	
From petroleum storage tanks, underground or aboveground	onto land	25 gallons or equal to the RQ under 40 CFR 302 🗗	30 TAC 327 P ⁷	
Other substances that may be useful or valuable and are not ordinarily considered to be waste, but will cause pollution if discharged into water in the state	into water	100 lbs	30 TAC 327 ⊠ੈ	

ATTACHMENT B

Potential sources of contamination from this site during construction include trash, hydrocarbon residue, emissions from vehicles, silt runoff from disturbed areas, and silt tracked onto surrounding paved surfaces by construction traffic.

ATTACHMENT C

Sequence of Activities and Area of Disturbance:

Activity	Area
Clearing and Grubbing	~0.5 ac. (Driveways and building pad) beginning of project, silt fence will retain silt
Fill/Grading	~ 0.5 ac. After grading, silt fence will retain silt
Utility Installation	> .1 ac. After utility installation, silt fence will retain silt
Paving/Infrastructure	~0.4 ac. After finished grading, silt fence will retain silt

ATTACHMENT D

Temporary Best Management Practices (TBMP):

The TBMP's are to be installed prior to any site construction activities and will remain in place for all construction activities. These include the installation of a stabilized construction entrance, silt fencing, inlet protection, rock berms, and tree protection.

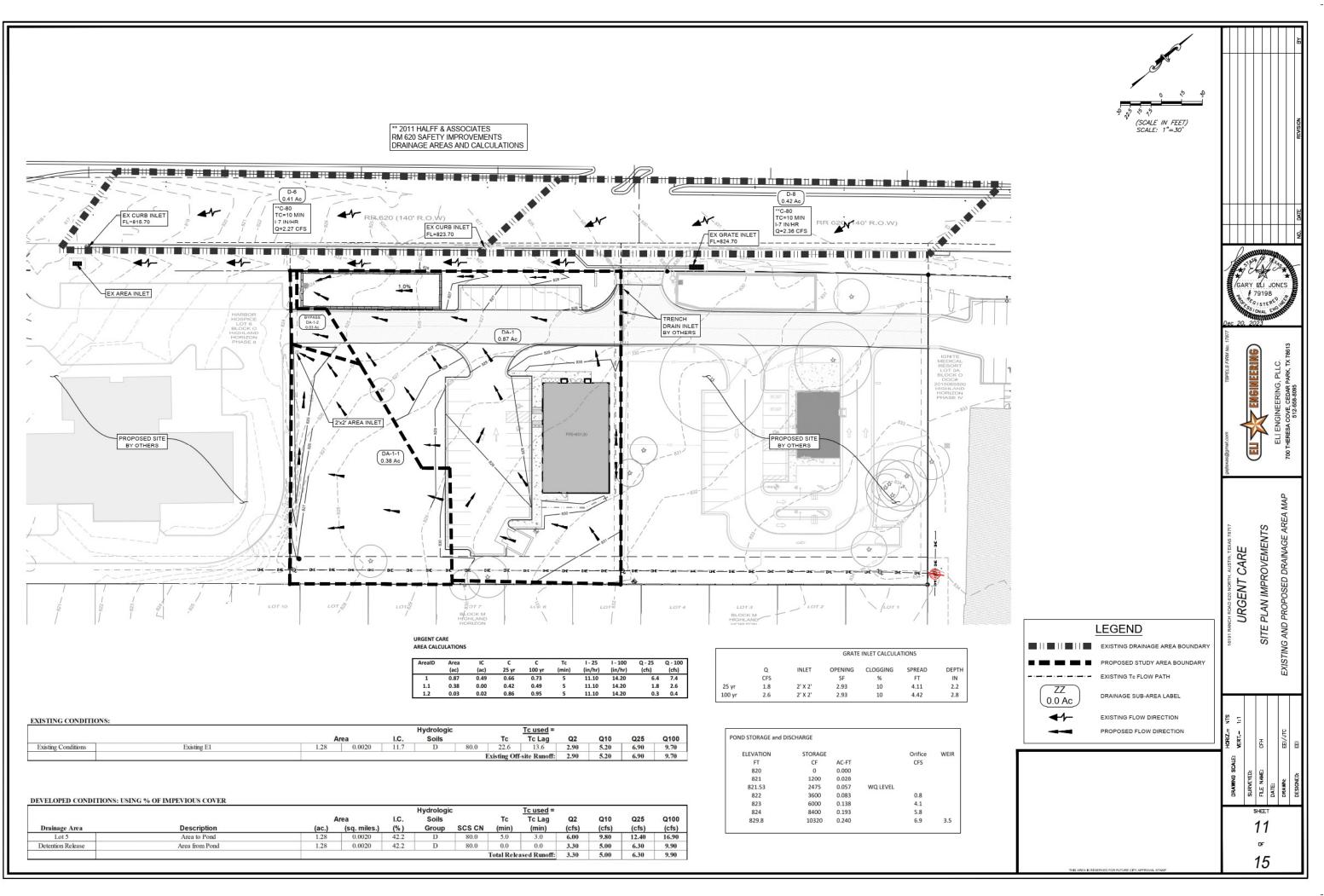
ATTACHMENT F

Silt fencing will be placed on the down gradient side of any exposed soils in order to limit the discharge of silt and pollutants from exposed areas on the site.

There are no drainage areas greater than 10 acres.

ATTACHMENT G

Drainage area maps are part of the construction plans.



L

ATTACHMENT "I"

Inspection & Maintenance for Temporary BMPs

SUMMARY OF EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MAINTENANCE/INSPECTION PROCEDURES

Silt Fence Inspection and Maintenance Guidelines:

- (1) Inspect all fencing weekly, and after any rainfall.
- (2) Remove sediment when buildup reaches 6 inches.
- (3) Replace any torn fabric or install a second line of fencing parallel to the torn section.
- (4) Replace or repair any sections crushed or collapsed in the course of construction activity. If a section of fence is obstructing vehicular access, consider relocating it to a spot where it will provide equal protection, but will not obstruct vehicles. A triangular filter dike may be preferable to a silt fence at common vehicle access points.
- (5) When construction is complete, the sediment should be disposed of in a manner that will not cause additional siltation and the prior location of the silt fence should be revegetated. The fence itself should be disposed of in an approved landfill.

Inlet Protection Inspection and Maintenance Guidelines:

- (1) Inspection should be made weekly and after each rainfall. Repair or replacement should be made promptly as needed by the contractor.
- (2) Remove sediment when buildup reaches a depth of 3 inches. Removed sediment should be deposited in a suitable area and in such a manner that it will not erode.
- (3) Check placement of device to prevent gaps between device and curb.
- (4) Inspect filter fabric and patch or replace if torn or missing.
- (5) Structures should be removed and the area stabilized only after the remaining drainage area has been properly stabilized.

Temporary Construction Entrance/Exit Inspection and Maintenance Guidelines:

- (1) The entrance should be maintained in a condition, which will prevent tracking or flowing of sediment onto public rights-of-way. This may require periodic top dressing with additional stone as conditions demand and repair and/or cleanout of any measures used to trap sediment.
- (2) All sediment spilled, dropped, washed or tracked onto public rights-of-way should be removed immediately by contractor.
- (3) When necessary, wheels should be cleaned to remove sediment prior to entrance onto public right-ofway.
- (4) When washing is required, it should be done on an area stabilized with crushed stone that drains into an approved sediment trap or sediment basin.
- (5) All sediment should be prevented from entering any storm drain, ditch or water course by using approved methods.
 - Temporary and permanent seeding and planting will be inspected for bare spots, washouts, and healthy growth.
 - A maintenance inspection report will be made after each inspection. A copy of the report forms to be used are included in this WPAP.

- The site job superintendent will select the individuals who will be responsible for inspections, maintenance and repair activities, and filling out the inspection and maintenance reports.
- Personnel selected for inspection and maintenance responsibilities will receive training from the site job superintendent. They will be trained in all the inspection and maintenance practices necessary for keeping the erosion and sediment controls used onsite in good working order.

FINAL STABILIZATION/TERMINATION CHECKLIST

- 1. All soil disturbing activities are complete
- 2. Temporary erosion and sediment control measures have been removed or will be removed at an appropriate time.
- 3. All areas of the construction site not otherwise covered by a permanent pavement or structure have been stabilized with a uniform perennial vegetative cover with a density of 70% or equivalent measures have been employed.

WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN (WPAP) INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE REPORT FORM

STABILIZATION MEASURES

INSPECTOR: _____ DATE: _____

QUALIFICATIONS OF INSPECTOR:

DAYS SINCE LAST RAINFALL: _____ AMOUNT OF LAST RAINFALL: _____

AREA	DATE SINCE LAST	DATE OF NEXT	STABILIZED? (YES/NO)	STABILIZED WITH	CONDITION
	RAINFALL	DISTURBANCE	(125,1(0)		

STABILIZATION REQUIRED:

TO BE PERFORMED BY: ______ ON OR BEFORE: _____

WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN (WPAP) INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE REPORT FORM

SILT FENCE	
INSPECTOR:	DATE:
QUALIFICATIONS OF INSPECTOR:	
DAYS SINCE LAST RAINFALL:	AMOUNT OF LAST RAINFALL:
IS THE BOTTOM OF THE FABRIC STILL BURIED	0?
IS THE FABRIC TORN OR SAGGING?	
ARE THE POSTS TIPPED OVER?	
HOW DEEP IS THE SEDIMENT?	
MAINTENANCE REQUIRED FOR SILT FENCE:	
TO BE PERFORMED BY:	ON OR BEFORE:

WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN (WPAP) INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE REPORT FORM

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION EXIT	
INSPECTOR:	DATE:
QUALIFICATIONS OF INSPECTOR:	
DAYS SINCE LAST RAINFALL:	AMOUNT OF LAST RAINFALL:
DOES MUCH SEDIMENT GET TRACKED ON TO	ROAD?
IS THE GRAVEL CLEAN OR FILLED WITH SEDI	MENT?
DOES ALL TRAFFIC USE THE STABILIZED EXIT	T TO LEAVE THE JOB SITE?
IS THE CULVERT BENEATH THE EXIT WORKIN	IG?
MAINTENANCE REQUIRED FOR STABILIZED C	ONSTRUCTION EXIT:
TO BE PERFORMED BY:	ON OR BEFORE:

ATTACHMENT J

Interim soil stabilization shall be instituted whenever an area has been disturbed and there is a lapse of 14 consecutive days when no construction activities have occurred on that location or if any area is not scheduled for final construction activities to occur later than 14 days after last disturbance.

Permanent soil stabilization shall occur at the first practical opportunity after the completion of construction activities in an area. Records must be kept as to when each soil stabilization measure was instituted in each area.

See E & S notes and details in construction plans.

Permanent Stormwater Section

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(4)(C), (D)(Ii), (E), and (5), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Permanent Stormwater Section** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The application was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Gary Jones, P.E. (agent)

Date: 1/23/2024

Signature of Customer/Agent

Regulated / Entity Name: Round Rock Urgent Care

Permanent Best Management Practices (BMPs)

Permanent best management practices and measures that will be used during and after construction is completed.

1. Permanent BMPs and measures must be implemented to control the discharge of pollution from regulated activities after the completion of construction.



- 2. These practices and measures have been designed, and will be constructed, operated, and maintained to insure that 80% of the incremental increase in the annual mass loading of total suspended solids (TSS) from the site caused by the regulated activity is removed. These quantities have been calculated in accordance with technical guidance prepared or accepted by the executive director.
 - The TCEQ Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) was used to design permanent BMPs and measures for this site.

A technical guidance other than the TCEQ TGM was used to design permanent BMPs and measures for this site. The complete citation for the technical guidance that was used is: _____

- N/A
- 3. Owners must insure that permanent BMPs and measures are constructed and function as designed. A Texas Licensed Professional Engineer must certify in writing that the permanent BMPs or measures were constructed as designed. The certification letter must be submitted to the appropriate regional office within 30 days of site completion.

____ N/A

- 4. Where a site is used for low density single-family residential development and has 20 % or less impervious cover, other permanent BMPs are not required. This exemption from permanent BMPs must be recorded in the county deed records, with a notice that if the percent impervious cover increases above 20% or land use changes, the exemption for the whole site as described in the property boundaries required by 30 TAC §213.4(g) (relating to Application Processing and Approval), may no longer apply and the property owner must notify the appropriate regional office of these changes.
 - The site will be used for low density single-family residential development and has 20% or less impervious cover.
 - The site will be used for low density single-family residential development but has more than 20% impervious cover.
 - The site will not be used for low density single-family residential development.
- 5. The executive director may waive the requirement for other permanent BMPs for multifamily residential developments, schools, or small business sites where 20% or less impervious cover is used at the site. This exemption from permanent BMPs must be recorded in the county deed records, with a notice that if the percent impervious cover increases above 20% or land use changes, the exemption for the whole site as described in the property boundaries required by 30 TAC §213.4(g) (relating to Application Processing and Approval), may no longer apply and the property owner must notify the appropriate regional office of these changes.
 - Attachment A 20% or Less Impervious Cover Waiver. The site will be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites and has 20% or less impervious cover. A request to waive the requirements for other permanent BMPs and measures is attached.
 - The site will be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites but has more than 20% impervious cover.
 - The site will not be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites.
- 6. Attachment B BMPs for Upgradient Stormwater.

	 A description of the BMPs and measures that will be used to prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site is attached. No surface water, groundwater or stormwater originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site, and an explanation is attached. Permanent BMPs or measures are not required to prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site, and an explanation is attached.
7.	Attachment C - BMPs for On-site Stormwater.
	 A description of the BMPs and measures that will be used to prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off the site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff from the site is attached. Permanent BMPs or measures are not required to prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off the site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff.
8.	Attachment D - BMPs for Surface Streams. A description of the BMPs and measures that prevent pollutants from entering surface streams, sensitive features, or the aquifer is attached. Each feature identified in the Geologic Assessment as sensitive has been addressed.
	⊠ N/A
9.	The applicant understands that to the extent practicable, BMPs and measures must maintain flow to naturally occurring sensitive features identified in either the geologic assessment, executive director review, or during excavation, blasting, or construction.
	 The permanent sealing of or diversion of flow from a naturally-occurring sensitive feature that accepts recharge to the Edwards Aquifer as a permanent pollution abatement measure has not been proposed. Attachment E - Request to Seal Features. A request to seal a naturally-occurring sensitive feature, that includes, for each feature, a justification as to why no reasonable and practicable alternative exists, is attached.
10.	Attachment F - Construction Plans. All construction plans and design calculations for the proposed permanent BMP(s) and measures have been prepared by or under the direct supervision of a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer, and are signed, sealed, and dated. The plans are attached and, if applicable include:
	 Design calculations (TSS removal calculations) TCEQ construction notes All geologic features All proposed structural BMP(s) plans and specifications

🗌 N/A

11. Attachment G - Inspection, Maintenance, Repair and Retrofit Plan. A plan for the inspection, maintenance, repairs, and, if necessary, retrofit of the permanent BM measures is attached. The plan includes all of the following:	
 Prepared and certified by the engineer designing the permanent BMPs and measures Signed by the owner or responsible party 	
 Procedures for documenting inspections, maintenance, repairs, and, if necess retrofit A discussion of record keeping procedures 	ary
□ N/A	
12. Attachment H - Pilot-Scale Field Testing Plan. Pilot studies for BMPs that are not recognized by the Executive Director require prior approval from the TCEQ.A plan pilot-scale field testing is attached.	for
⊠ N/A	
13. Attachment I -Measures for Minimizing Surface Stream Contamination. A descri of the measures that will be used to avoid or minimize surface stream contamina	tion

and changes in the way in which water enters a stream as a result of the construction and development is attached. The measures address increased stream flashing, the creation of stronger flows and in-stream velocities, and other in-stream effects caused by the regulated activity, which increase erosion that results in water quality degradation.

N/A

Responsibility for Maintenance of Permanent BMP(s)

Responsibility for maintenance of best management practices and measures after construction is complete.

14. The applicant is responsible for maintaining the permanent BMPs after construction until such time as the maintenance obligation is either assumed in writing by another entity having ownership or control of the property (such as without limitation, an owner's association, a new property owner or lessee, a district, or municipality) or the ownership of the property is transferred to the entity. Such entity shall then be responsible for maintenance until another entity assumes such obligations in writing or ownership is transferred.

🗌 N/A

15. A copy of the transfer of responsibility must be filed with the executive director at the appropriate regional office within 30 days of the transfer if the site is for use as a multiple single-family residential development, a multi-family residential development, or a non-residential development such as commercial, industrial, institutional, schools, and other sites where regulated activities occur.

N/A

ATTACHMENT B

There is no up-gradient runoff that passes through the tract.



January 24, 2024

Ms. Lillian Butler Texas Commission on Environmental Quality 12100 Park 35 Circle, Bld A, Rm 179 Austin, TX 78753

Re: Urgent Care Round Rock Attachment C - BMPs for On-site Stormwater

To Whom It May Concern:

The proposed BMP for new on-site impervious cover is a batch detention pond. This BMP has a TSS removal efficiency of 91%. The outlet structure for the pond is designed so that the drawdown time of each basin does not exceed 48 hours. Based on the TCEQ Spreadsheet, 80% of the total annual mass loading of total suspended solids generated by regulated activity on the site is 443 lbs. The BMP catchment area is 1.25 acres with 0.49 ac of impervious cover. The TSS load removal from this catchment by the batch detention system is 443 lbs which results in a total volume required of 2,475 CF. The proposed water quality volume in the pond is 2475 CF. There is a small portion of the existing driveway consisting of 0.03 ac with 0.02 ac impervious cover that bypasses the pond and is compensated in the 1.25 ac captured area.

If you have any questions or need further assistance, please contact me at 512-658-8095.

1/24/2024

Gary Eli Jones, P.E. Authorized Agent



Firm # 17877

January 24, 2024

Ms. Lillian Butler Texas Commission on Environmental Quality 12100 Park 35 Circle, Bld A, Rm 179 Austin, TX 78753

Re: Urgent Care Round Rock Attachment D - BMP's for Surface Streams

To Whom It May Concern:

There are no BMP's or measures needed to prevent pollutants from entering surface streams on this project due to there not being surface streams on or adjacent to the property.

If you have any questions or need further assistance, please contact me at 512-658-8095.

1/24/2024

Gary Eli Jones, P.E. Authorized Agent



Firm # 17877

January 24, 2024

Ms. Lillian Butler Texas Commission on Environmental Quality 12100 Park 35 Circle, Bld A, Rm 179 Austin, TX 78753

Re: Urgent Care Round Rock Attachment F - Construction Plans

To Whom It May Concern:

Construction plans and design calculations for the proposed permanent BMP and measures have been prepared by or under the direct supervision of a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer, and are signed, sealed, and dated. Construction plans for the proposed permanent BMP and measures are attached and include: Design calculations, TCEQ Construction Notes, all proposed structural plans and specifications, and appropriate details.

If you have any questions or need further assistance, please contact me at 512-658-8095.

1/24/2024

Gary Eli Jones, P.E. Authorized Agent

THIS PROPERTY LIES WITHIN THE EDWARD'S AQUIFER RECHARGE ZONE. THIS PROPERTY DOES NOT LIE WITHIN THE CONTRIBUTING

NO PORTION OF THIS PROJECT IS ENCROACHED BY ANY SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA INUNDATED BY THE 'NA ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD AS IDENTIFIED BY FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY BOUNDARY MAP (FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP), COMMUNITY PANEL NUMBER 48491C0630E. EFFECTIVE DECEMBER 20, 2019, FOR WILLIAMSON COUNTY TEXAS.

BENCH-MARK:

TBM #1 - MAG NAIL IN INLET ALONG CURB ON EAST SIDE OF RANCH ROAD 620, 102.0' SOUTHWEST OF FOUND SPINDLE IN DRIVEWAY, AT COMMON WEST LOT CORNER OF LOTS 4 & 5 HIGHLAND PHASE II, BLOCK O, ELEV=827.48'

ZONING:

TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION: SITE PLAN IMPROVEMENTS

LEGAL DESCRIPTION: LOT 5, BLOCK O, HIGHLAND HORIZON PHASE II, A SUBDIVISION IN WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS, AS RECORDED IN CABINETF, SLIDE 293 AND DOCUMENT NO. 2009010851, OFFICIAL PUBLIC RECORDS OF WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS (O.P.R.W.C.).

CONTACTS & UTILITIES	
ENGINEER AND AGENT WATER & WASTEWATER ELI ENGINEERING, P.L.L.C. BRUSHY CREEK M.U.D. 700 THERESA COVE WATER & WASTEWATER CEDAR PARK, TEXAS 78613 16318 GREAT OAKS DRIVI CONTACT: GARY ELI JONES, P.E. ROUND ROCK, TEXAS 7861 512-918-0819 F:512-532-0560 gejtexas@gmailcom PHONE: 512-255-7871	Ē
SURVEYOR ARCHITECT WATERLOO SURVEYORS, INC. STRANG, INC. P.O. BOX 160176 811 EAST WASHINGTON AVE, SU AUSTIN, TEXAS 78716 MADISON, WI 53703 TBPLS #1012440 PHONE: 262-875-6763 512:481-9602 EMAIL: jnelson@strang-inc.cc CONTACT: THOMAS P. DIXON, R.P.L.S. CONTACT: JONATHAN NELS	om
APPLICANT MR. DANIEL HARRIS 814 SERVICE, LLC 1695 TWELVE MILE ROAD SUITE 100 BERKLEY, MI 48072 PHONE: 248-514-9120 BERKLEY, MI 48072 PHONE: 248-514-9120 BERKLEY, MI 48072 PHONE: 12, 2255-0100 PHONE: 12, 2255-0	ENT E
ELECTRIC TELEPHONE	
ONCOR ELECTRIC DELIVERY AT&T 350 TEXAS AVENUE 247 WEST 3RD STREET ROUND ROCK, TEXAS 78664 AUSTIN, TEXAS 78701 PHONE: 817-215-4547 PHONE: 512-870-5214	
GAS TV AND INTERNET	
ATMOS ENERGY SPECTRUM 2101 KENT STREET 12012 NORTH MOPAC EXP TAYLOR, TEXAS 76574 AUSTIN, TEXAS 78758 PHONE: 512-365-2626 PHONE: 844-316-8554	Y

"ESTIMATED FROM ENVICE AREA MAPS, THE CUNTRACION IS EN INELT RESPONSIBLE FOR PROFERS DILLY NOTFICATION OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES AND CALLING FOR "LOCATES" OF EXISTING UTILITES WITH EACH ACTUAL UTILITY COMPANY: REGARDLESS OF WHAT IS SHOWN ON THIS SHEET OR IN THESE PLANS. NOT ALL UTILITES PARTICIPATE IN THE TEXAS EXCAVATION SAFETY SYSTEM, CONTRACTOR TO DO HIS OWN SUB-SURFACE UTILITY RESEARCH PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY.

GENERAL SITE NOTES:

- ALL RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE ADEQUACY OF THESE PLANS REMAINS WITH THE ENGINEER WHO PREPARED THEM. IN ACCEPTING THESE PLANS, WILLIAMSON COUNTY AND BRUSHY CREEK M.U.D. MUST RELY UPON THE ADEQUACY OF THE WORK OF THE DESIGN ENGINEER.

- IN THE EVENT THE CONTRACTOR OR SURVEYOR OBTAINS A DIGITAL COPY OF THE CAD FILES THAT REPRESENT THESE IMPROVEMENTS; ELI ENGINEERING AND IT'S ASSOCIATES TAKE NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE LOCATION OF THESE IMPROVEMENTS IN ANY CONDINATE SYSTEM. DIGITAL FILES USED TO PRODUCE THESE PLANS WERE PARTIALLY CREATED BY PARTIES OTHER THAN ELI ENGINEERING AND ARE NOT INTENDED FOR USE IN CONSTRUCTION STAKING. VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL DATA SHALL BE INDEPENDENTLY WEDETER US CONTRACTOR D. O. VERIFIED BY CONTRACTOR'S R.P.L.S.

- ELI ENGINEERING HAS ENDEAVORED TO DESIGN THESE PLANS COMPLIANT WITH ADA/TDLR AND OTHER ACCESSIBILITY REQUIREMENTS. HOWEVER, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT BE RELIEVED OF ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR CONSTRUCTING THESE IMPROVEMENTS COMPLIANT WITH ALL APPLICABLE ACCESSIBILITY STANDARDS. IF THE CONTRACTOR NOTICES ANY DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN THESE PLANS AND ACCESSIBILITY LAWS/RULES, HE IS TO STOP WORK IN THE AREA OF CONFLICT AND NOTIFY ELI IMMEDIATELY FOR A RESOLUTION AND/OR REVISION TO THESE PLANS, ELI SHALL NOT BE HELD RESPONSIBLE FOR CONSTRUCTING THIS SITE COMPLIANT WITH ACCESSIBILITY LAWS/RULES REGARDLESS OF WHAT IS SHOWN IN THESE PLANS.

URGENT CARE SITE PLAN IMPROVEMENTS 16191 RANCH ROAD 620 NORTH **AUSTIN, TX 78717**

ELI ENGINEERING, P.L.L.C.

Jan 19, 2024



GARY ELI JONES, P.E.

I. GARY ELI JONES, P.E. DO HEREBY

CERTIFY THAT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE, THE PUBLIC WORKS AND

DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS DESCRIBED

HEREIN HAVE BEEN DESIGNED IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE SUBDIVISION AND

BUILDING REGULATION ORDINANCES AND

STORMWATER DRAINAGE POLICY ADOPTED BY WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS

NUMBER	DATE	DESCRIPTION	REVISE (R) ADD (A) VOID (V) SHEET NO.'s	TOTAL # SHEETS IN PLAN SET	APPROVAL DATE

J.CONNOR DR GREAT OAKS DR SITE SITE MAP

SCALE: 1"=1000

INDEX:

1.	COVER
2.	GENER
3.	FINAL P
4.	FINAL P
5.	EXISTIN
6.	EROSIC
	AND TR
7.	SITE PL
8.	SITE GF
9.	POND D
10.	POND D
11.	EXISTIN
12.	SITE UT

SHEET RAL NOTES PLAT (1 OF 2) PLAT (2 OF 2) NG TREE, TOPO AND BOUNDARY SURVEY ON & SEDIMENTATION CONTROL REE PROTECTION PLAN LAN AND DIMENSIONAL CONTROL PLAN RADING AND POND PLAN DETAILS AND CALCULATIONS (1 OF 2) DETAILS AND CALCULATIONS (2 OF 2) NG AND PROPOSED DRAINAGE AREA MAP SITE UTILITY PLAN 13. STANDARD DETAILS (1 OF 3) 14. STANDARD DETAILS (2 OF 3) 15. STANDARD DETAILS (3 OF 3)



PLAN IMPROVEMENTS URGENT CARE WILLIAMSON COUNTY ENGINEER DATE SHEET COVER WILLIAMSON COUNTY CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE PERMIT NUMBER SITE BRUSHY CREEK M.U.D. DATE SHEE OF 15





79198

PLLC. ð.

REVIEWED FOR COMPLIANCE WITH COUNTY REQUIREMENTS

PAVEMENT DESIGN SECTION

The pavement section will consist of either asphalt or reinforced concrete paving. The design is based on light vehicular traffic with the occasional 80,000-pound vehicle (fire/garbage truck). Below are the ended paving thicknesses and construction consider

Parking Areas - Light Passenger Vehicle A. Asphalt Option Thickness Material Crushed Limestone Base 8.0 inches Hot Mix Asphaltic Concrete 1.5 inches B. Reinforced Concrete Option

Thickness Material Crushed Limestone Base 6.0 inches* Reinforced Concrete 5.0 inches

*Note: The crushed limestone base may be omitted if the concrete paving thickness is increased to 6 inches

PAVEMENT CONSTRUCTION CONSIDERATIONS

Prom ent should be constructed and tested to meet the following requirements:

- 1. Reinforced Concrete Concrete shall have a minimum compressive strength of 4,000 PSI at 28 days using 5 sacks of cement per cubic vard. Slump shall not exceed 6 inches. Control joints should be spaced a maximum of 12.5 feet on center for 5-inch-thick concrete and 15 feet on center for 6-inch- thick concrete or greater. Isolation joints should be used around lighting standards, area drains, and curb inlets, between pavement and sidewalks, and between buildings, Expansion (isolation) joints are not required except at fixed objects or structures and metrical areas where joint grids are difficult. Reinforcing steel is optional, and if used should consist of No. 3 bars on 18-inch centers or an equivalent wire mesh. The reinforcing steel will help to hold edges of uncontrolled cracks together. Saw cut contraction joints should be at least 1/4 of the slab depth or 1 inch deep when using early entry saws and cut as soon as concrete is hardened. For unsealed joints the width is 1/10 inch to 1/8 inch. Joint sealant manufacturers' recommendations should be followed for the denth and width of sealed joints. For more information on concrete pavement and joint design please refer to ACI 330R-01 "Guide for Design and Construction of Concrete Parking Lots"
- 2. Hot Mix Asphaltic Concrete All materials and placement of asphalt shall conform to all specifications and test methods outlined in City of Austin Standard Specifications Items No. 3015. No. 3025. and No. 3405. Asphalt shall be compacted to a minimum of 91% and a maximum of 96% in accordance with TxDOT test method TEX-207-F/TEX-227-F.
- 3. Crushed Limestone Base The crushed limestone base shall conform to City of Austin Standard Specifications Item 210S and shall be obtained from an approved source and shall

be free of all deleterious materials. The crushed stone base shall be compacted to a density to at least 100% of the maximum dry density as determined by TxDOT test method TEX-113-E. The base material should extend 36 inches behind the curb line.

- 4. Compacted Subgrade The pavement subgrade should be prepared by removing any fill material and a minimum of the top 12 inches of brown fat clay, and any organics. The exposed subgrade should be compacted to at least 95% of the maximum dry density as determined by TxDOT test method TEX-113-E. Moisture content should be within 3% of optimum
- 4. Testing All subgrade preparation and base compaction should be inspected and tested by an Engineering/Testing Laboratory. The minimum testing frequency for subgrade and base densities is one test per 2,000 square feet or a minimum of 3 tests per site visit per lift. Slump tests, temperature measurement, air content and cylinders made for compressive strengths tests should be made during concrete placement

5. Drainage - The parking lot shall be sloped or crowned for good drainage.

SELECT FILL

Select fill as called for on the plans shall meet one of the following requirements (% Passing or % Retained) as verified by the Engineer when properly slaked and tested by standard laboratory methods:

	% Retained Or	% Passing	
2 1/2" Screen	0%	100%	
1 1/2" Screen	0% - 25%	75% - 100%	
7/8" Screen	15% - 55%	45% - 85%	
No. 4 Sieve	45% - 75%	25% - 55%	
No. 40 Sieve	60% - 90%	10% - 40%	

Material passing the No. 40 sieve shall have a minimum plasticity index of 3 and shall not have a plasticity index of greater than 18.

COMPACTION OF FILL

Select fill shall be placed in lifts not to exceed 8 inches loose measure and compacted to 95% or greater of the maximum dry density as determined in accordance with TxDOT test method TEX 113E. Field densities shall be checked in accordance with ASTM D-6938 (Nuclear Gauge) to ensure compliance with project specifications

Select fill should be processed and moisture conditioned as needed to meet requirements of project moisture specifications

Samples of fill shall be furnished to the testing laboratory seven days prior to installation to permit time for specification compliance, inspection, and approval

GENERAL NOTES

- If blasting is planned by the Contractor, a blasting permit must be secured from Williamson County prior to commencement of any construction. Blasting will not be permitted within 15 feet of any existing utility lines or structures without prior written consent of the Engineer.
- 2. Any existing utilities, pavement, curbs, sidewalks, structures, trees, etc., that are damaged or ved shall be repaired or replaced by the contractor at no cost to the Own
- 3. The Contractor shall verify all depths and locations of existing utilities prior to any constru Any discrepancies with the construction plans found in the field shall be brought immediately to the attention of the Engineer
- 4. All areas disturbed or exposed during construction shall be revegetated in accordance with the All areas disturbed or exposed during construction shall be revegetated in accordance with the plans and specifications. Re-vegetation of all disturbed or exposed areas shall consist of sodding, seeding, at the Contractor's option. However, the type of re-vegetation must equal or exceed the type of vegetation present before construction unless otherwise requested by the property owner.
- 5. The Contractor and the Engineer shall keep accurate records of all construction that deviates from the plans herein. The Engineer shall furnish Williamson County accurate "As-Built" drawings following completion of all construction. These "As-Built" drawings shall meet with the satisfaction of Brushy Creek MUD prior to final acceptance
- Prior to any construction, the Contractor shall apply for and secure all proper permits from the appropriate authorities. Available Benchmark Basis:

TBM #1 - An 'X' cut into curb along R.M. 620 R.O.W., 203' north of centerline of Great Oaks Drive elev=819.29'

> TBM #2 - A mag nail along curb at southeast corner of Little Oak Way, 32.48' northeast of centerline of Deer Ridge Drive, elev=806.74'

- Backfill behind curb shall be compacted to obtain a minimum of 95% maximum density to within 3" of top of curb. Material used shall be primarily granular material with no rocks larger than 6" in the greatest dimension. The remaining 3" shall be clean topsoil free from all clods and suitable in the greatest dimension for sustaining plant life.
- Depth of cover for all crossings under pavement including gas, electric, telephone, cable TV, water services, etc., shall be a minimum of 30" below subgrade.

9. The subgrade material for the streets shown herein was tested by ____

	Crushed Limestone Base	HMAC
Street	Thickness	Thickness
Concrete Pavement		5" light duty

The Geotechnical Engineer shall inspect the subgrade for compliance with the design assumptions made during preparation of the Soils Report. Any adjustments that are required shall be made through revision of the construction plans

EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL NOTES

is described as follow

- Erosion control measures, site work and restoration work will be done in accordance with the City of Austin Erosion and Sedimentation Control Ordinance.
- All slopes shall be sodded or seeded with approved grass, grass mixtures or ground cover suitable to the area and season in which they are applied.
- 3. Brush berms, hay bales, sedimentation basins and similar recognized techniques and materials shall be employed during construction to prevent point source sedimentation loading of downstream facilities. Such installation shall be regularly inspected by Williamson County for effectiveness. Additional measures may be required if, in the opinion of the County Engineer, they are warranted
- 4. All temporary erosion control measures will not be removed until final inspection and approval of the project by the Engineer. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to maintain all temporary erosion control structure and to remove each structure as approved by the Engineer.

GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES

TRAFFIC MARKING NOTES

- Any methods, street markings and signage necessary for warning motorists, warning pedestrians or diverting traffic during construction shall conform to the Texas Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, latest edition
- 2. The pavement markings, markers, paint, traffic buttons, traffic controls and signs shall be installed in accordance with the Texas State Department of Highways and Public Transportation Standard Specification for Construction of Highways, Streets and Bridges and, the Texas Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, latest editions.

TRENCH SAFETY NOTES

- In accordance with the Laws of the State of Texas and the U.S. Occupational Safety and Health In additionation regulations, all trenches over 5 feet in depth in either hard or compact or soft and unstable soil shall be sloped, shored, sheeted, braced or otherwise supported. Furthermore, all trenches less than 5 feet in depth shall also be effectively protected when hazardous ground movement may be expected. Trench Safety Systems to be utilized for this project shall be provided by Contractor as required in Section 509 of the City of Austin Standard Specifications.
- In accordance with the U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration regulations, when employees are required to be in trenches 4-feet deep or more, adequate means of exit, such as a ladder or steps, must be provided and located so as to require no more than 25 feet of lateral
- 3. If trench safety system details were not provided because trenches were anticipated to be less than 5 feet in depth, and during construction it is found that trenches are in fact 5 feet or more in depth or trenches less than 5 feet in depth are in an area where hazardous ground movemen is expected, all construction shall cease, the trenched area shall be barricaded and the Engineer notified immediately. Construction shall not resume until appropriate trench safety system de as designed by a professional engineer, are submitted to and accepted by the City of Round Rock, and, a bed item for implementation of trench safety systems is added to the contract by change order.

SEQUENCE OF CONSTR

- 1. CONDUCT PRE-CONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE WITH DESIGN E OWNER, CONTRACTOR, SUBC AND BRUSHY CREEK MILD
 - INSTALL ALL EROSION CONTI ESTABLISH SUBGRADE ON SI CONSTRUCT DRIVEWAYS AND
- UNDERGROUND UTILITIES
- CONSTRUCT BUILDING PAD(S 5. STRUCTURAL ENGINEER'S S
- 6.
- PROCESS AND COMPACT SU FINAL GRADES.
- INSTALL PAVING
- FINAL BUILDING INSTALL ALL LANDSCAPE AI
- RE-VEGETATE ALL DISTURE 10. REMOVE TEMPORARY EROSI
- SUBSEQUENT TO ESTABLISH VEGETATION.

tection Program Construction Notes - Legal Disclaim

cles" are intended to be advisory in nature only and do not constitute an approclor (ED), nor do they constitute a comprehensive lating of rules or constitions to be follo e required to achieve compliance with TCEQ regulations found in TMe 30, Texas Admin as local ordinances and regulations providing for the protection of water quality. Addition until activities instrument of may reveal in polytion of the Electric Applie of Jackson (Applie of Jackson

- All contractors conducting regulated activities associated with this project must be provided with complete copies of the approved Water Polution Abatement Ran (WPAP) and the TCEQ letter indicating the specific conditions of its approval. During the course of these regulated activities, the contractors are required to keep on-site copies of the approved plan and many contractors are required to keep on-site copies of the approved plan and provided plant.
- If any sensitive feature(s) (caves, solution cavity, sink hole, etc.) is discovered during construction, all regulated activities near the sensitive feature must be suspended immediately. The appropriate TCED regional (TCE mat be immediately notified of any sensitive features encountered during construction. Construction activities may not be resumed until the TCED has reviewed and approved the appropriate protective measures in order to protect any sensitive feature and the Edwards Aquifer from potentially adverse impacts to value quality. 3.
- No temporary or permanent hazardous substance storage tank shall be installed within 150 feet of a water supply source, distribution system, well, or sensitive feature.
- Prior to baginning any construction activity, all temporary straison and sactimentation (E&S) control measures must be properly installed and munimated in accordance with the approved plans and manufacturers specifications. If inspections indicate a control has been used inappropriately, or incorrectly, the applicant must replace or modify the control for site situations. These controls must remain in place until the disturbed areas have been permanently stabilized. 5
- Any sediment that escapes the construction site must be collected and properly disposed of before the next rain event to ensure it is not washed into surface streams, sensitive features
- 7. Sediment must be removed from the sediment traps or sedimentation basins not later than when it occupies 50% of the basin's design capacity.
- Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals exposed to stormwater shall be prevented from being discharged offsite.
- All spoils (excavated material) generated from the project site must be stored on-site with proper ESS controls. For storage or disposal of spoils at another site on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone, the owner of the site must receive approval of a water polution abatement plan for the placement of fill material or mass grading prior to the placement of spoils at the other site. 9
- 10. If portions of the site will have a temporary or permanent cease in construction activity lasting longer than 14 days, soil stabilization in those areas shall be initiated as soon as possible prior to the 14" day of institutivity. If activity will resume prior to the 12" day, stabilization measures are not required. If drought conditions or inclement weather prevent action by the 14[®] day, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as possible.
- The following records shall be maintained and made available to the TCEQ upon request:

 The dates when major grading activities occur;
 The dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion

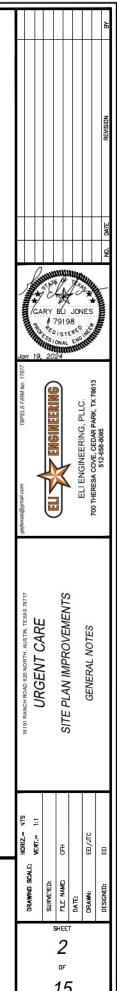
 of the site; and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 12. The holder of any approved Edward Aquifer protection plan must notify the appropriate regional office in writing and obtain approval from the executive director prior to initiating any of the following:
 - any physical or operational modification of any water pollution abatement structure(s), including but not limited to ponds, dams, berms, sewage treatment plants, and
 - any change in the nature or character of the regulated activity from that which was originally approved or a change which would significantly impact the ability of the plan to prevent pollution of the Edwards Aquifer; B.
 - any development of land previously identified as undeveloped in the original water pollution abstement nisn C.

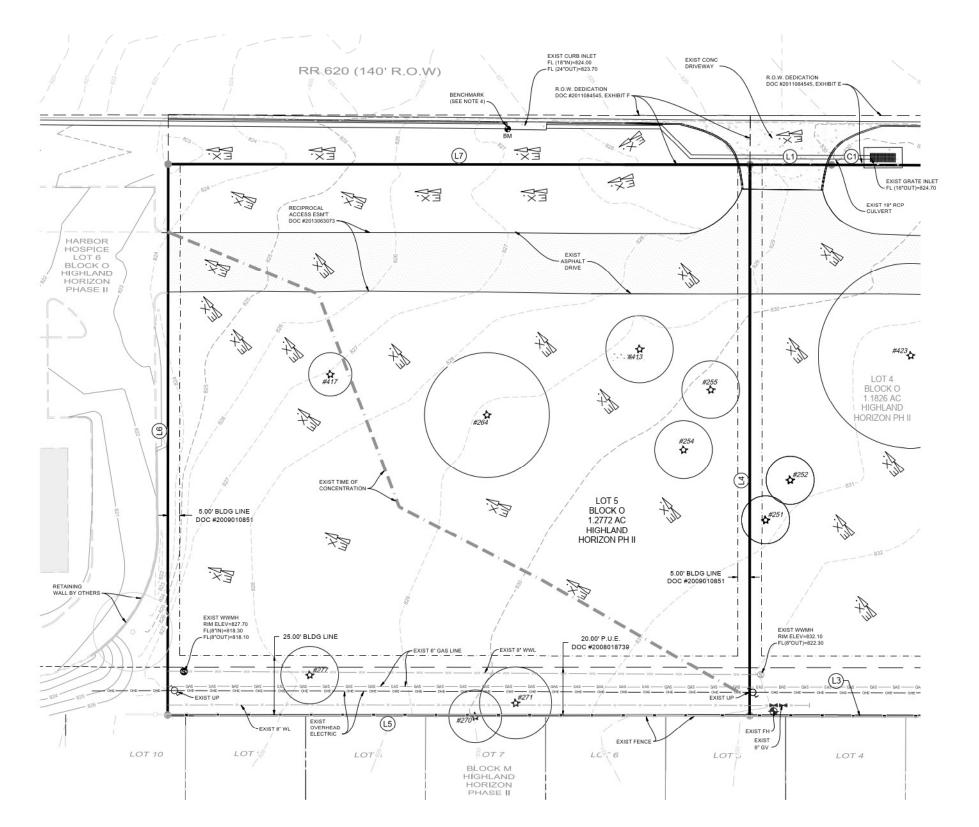
Austin Regional Office	San Antonio Regional Office
12100 Park 35 Circle, Building A	14250 Judson Road
Austin, Texas 78753-1808	San Antonio, Texas 78233-4480
Phone (512) 339-2929	Phone (210) 490-3096
Fax (512) 339-3795	Fax (210) 545-4329

THESE GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES MUST BE INCLUDED ON THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS PROVIDED TO THE CONTRACTOR AND ALL SUBCONTRACTORS.

Page 2 of 2

RUCTION	HORIZ NTS VERT.= 1:1		GH	EEI /JTC	ED
ONTRACTORS, ROL. ITE. INSTALL ALL :) PER FECIFICATIONS.	DRAWING SCALE:	SURVEYED:	FILE NAME:	DATE: DRAMN:	DESIGNED:
BGRADE TO ID IRRIGATION, ID AREAS. IN CONTROL MENT OF THE AREAS RESERVED FOR PUTURE OF APPROVAL STANP			[⊪] 2 ₀ 5		





	Sheet Flow									Shallow Co	ncentrated	Flow				Shallow	Concentral	ted Flow		Tc		
0	° [USFL (ff)	DSFL (ft)	L (代)	s (ft/ft)	ņ	P2 (in)	time (min)	ID	USFL (ft)	DSFL (ft)	L (ft)	s (ft/ft)	Surface	time (min)	USFL (ft)	DSFL (ft)	L (ft)	s (ft/ft)	Surface	time (min)	computed (min)
E	1	831.8	830.3	100	0.015	0.40	3.97	21.63	2	830.3	825.7	160	0.029	Unpaved	0.97	825.7	824	67	0.025	paved	0.34	22.60

NOTES:

ELI JONES

78613

79198

J. S.	
0 10	ŝ
ゆちゃち (SCALE IN FEET) SCALE: 1"=20'	_

/

Line Table							
Line #	Length	Direction					
L1	34.00	N35° 06' 11"E					
L3	224.98	S35° 05' 18"W					
L4	229.48	N54° 58' 17"W					
L5	242.50	N35° 03' 38"E					
LO	229.40	N54° 56' 40"W					
L7	242.39	N35° 03' 18"E					

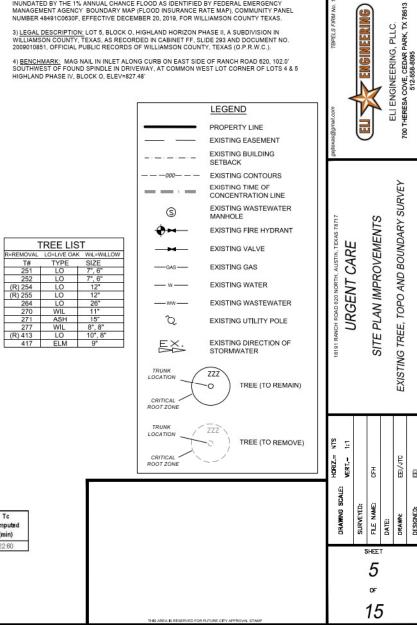
Curve Table								
urve #	Length	Radius	Delta	Chord Direction	Chord Length			
C1	191.33	7930.00	001.38	\$35° 47' 52"W	191.33			

1) THIS PROPERTY LIES WITHIN THE EDWARD'S AQUIFER RECHARGE ZONE. THIS PROPERTY DOES NOT LIE WITHIN THE CONTRIBUTING ZONE.

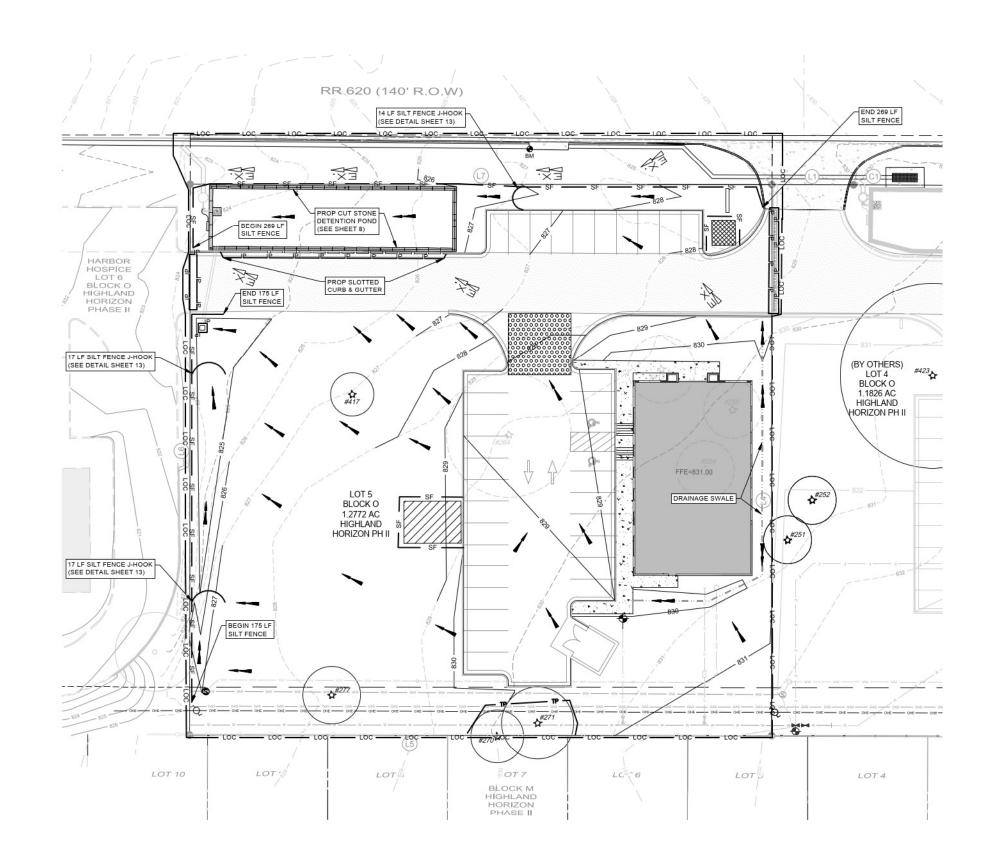
2) NO PORTION OF THIS PROJECT IS ENCROACHED BY ANY SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA INUNDATED BY THE 1% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD AS IDENTIFIED BY FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY BOUNDARY MAP (FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP), COMMUNITY PANEL NUMBER 48491C0630F, EFFECTIVE DECEMBER 20, 2019, FOR WILLIAMSON COUNTY TEXAS.

3) <u>LEGAL DESCRIPTION</u>; LOT 5, BLOCK O, HIGHLAND HORIZON PHASE II, A SUBDIVISION IN WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS, AS RECORDED IN CABINET FF, SLIDE 283 AND DOCUMENT NO. 2009010851, OFFICIAL PUBLIC RECORDS OF WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS (O.P.R.W.C.).

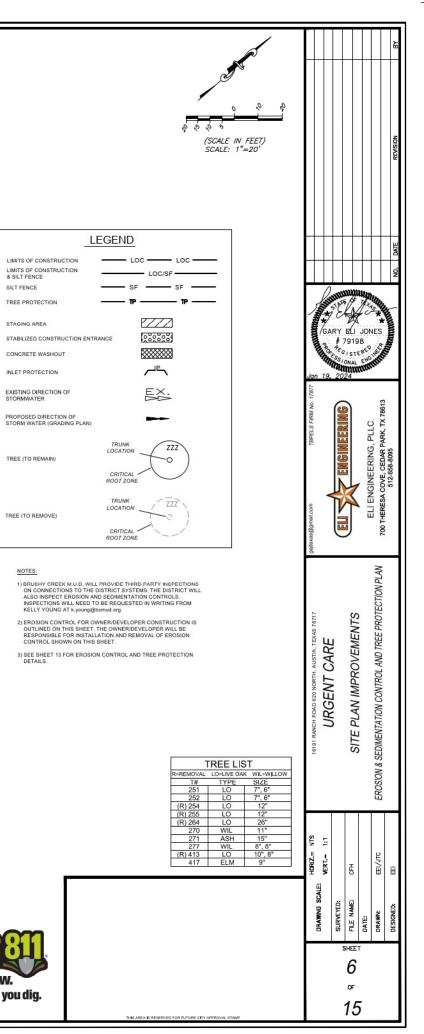
4) <u>BENCHMARK:</u> MAG NAIL IN INLET ALONG CURB ON EAST SIDE OF RANCH ROAD 620, 102.0' SOUTHWEST OF FOUND SPINDLE IN DRIVEWAY, AT COMMON WEST LOT CORNER OF LOTS 4 & 5 HIGHLAND PHASE IV, BLOCK O, ELEV=827.48'



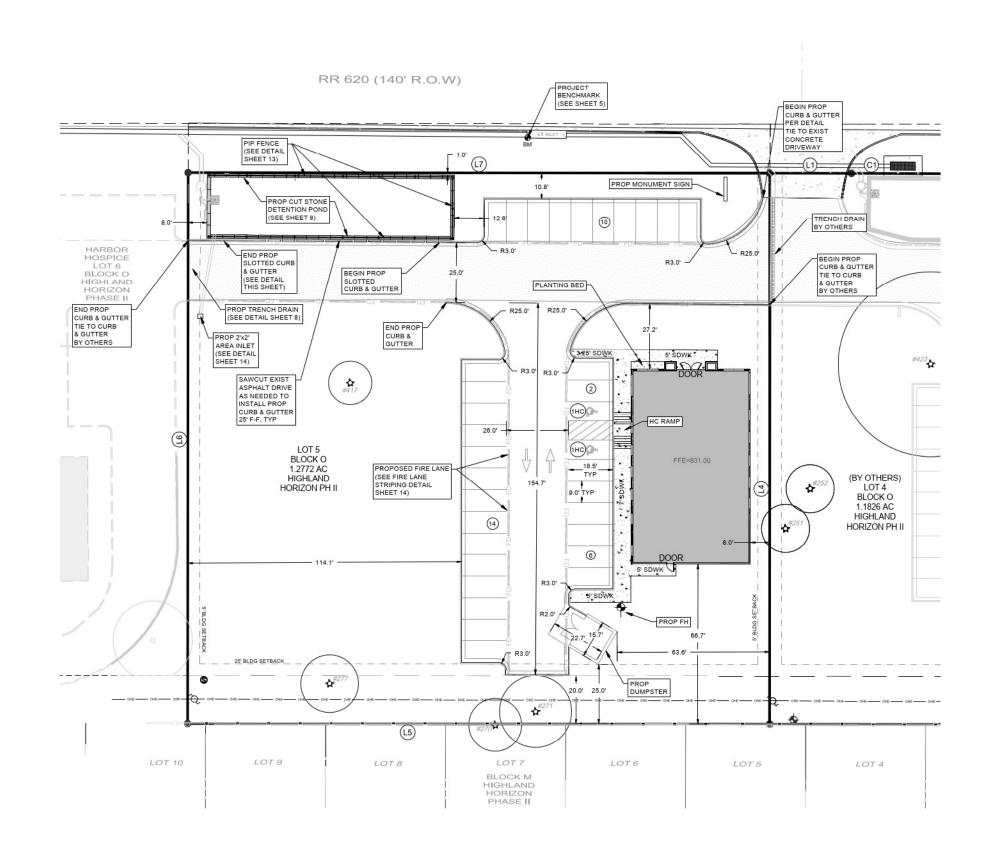
٦	REE LIS	т
EMOVAL	LO=LIVE OAK	WIL=WILLOW
T#	TYPE	SIZE
251	LO	7", 6"
252	LO	7", 6"
254	LO	12"
) 255	LO	12"
264	LO	26*
270	WIL	11"
271	ASH	15"
277	WIL	8", 8"

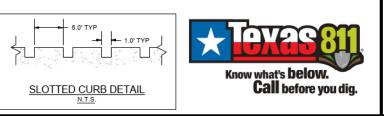






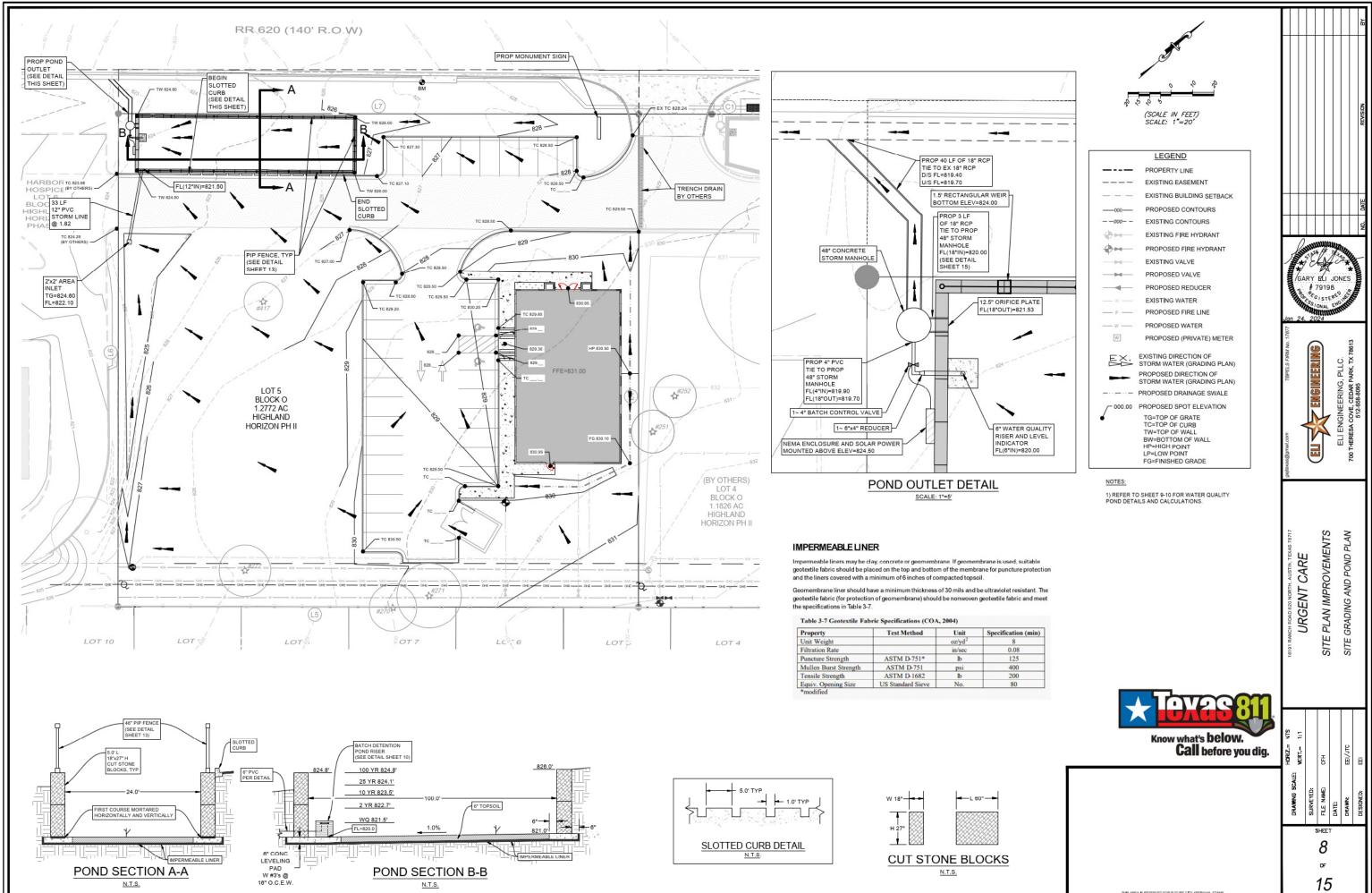
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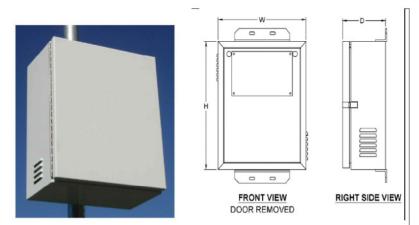


-

				BY
0 0				REVISION
LEGEND CONCRETE SIDEWALKPAVEMENT LANDSCAPE AREA INTERNAL CIRCULATION ROUTE FD FIRELANE ACCESS FD FIRELANE ACCESS EASEMENTS				DATE
4) OARDAGE DOMPSTERS ARE SCREENED BT A WALL	GAR	Y ELI 4 79191 6 915TE 5 10NAL 2024	JONES	NO.
COMPRISED OF MASONRY COMPATIBLE WITH THE	TBPELS FIRM No. 17877	ENGINEERING	ELI ENGINEERING, PLLC. 700 THERESA COVE, CEDAR PARK, TX 78613	512-658-8095
Line Table Line # Length Direction L1 34.00 N35° 06' 11"E L3 224.98 S35° 05' 18"W L4 229.48 N54° 58' 17"W	gejtexas@gmail.com		ELI ENG 700 THERESA C	
L5 242.50 N35* 03' 38"E L6 229.46 N54* 56' 40"W L7 242.39 N35* 03' 18"E Furve Table # Length Radius Delta Chord Direction Chord Length 191.33 7930.00 001.38 S35* 47' 52"W 191.33	6191 RANCH FOAD 620 NORTH, AUSTIN, TEXAS 78717 URGENT CARE	SITE PLAN IMPROVEMENTS	SITE PLAN AND DIMENSIONAL CONTROL PLAN	
TREE LIST R=REMOVAL LO=LINE OAK WL=WILLOW T# TYPE SIZE 251 LO 7', 6" 252 LO 7'', 6" (R) 254 LO 12" (R) 255 LO 12" (R) 254 LO 26"	16191 RANCH FOAD 62 URGE	SITE PLAN I	SITE PLAN AND DIME	
270 WIL 11" 271 ASH 15" 277 WIL 8".8"	horiz.= NTS Drawing Scale: Vert 1:1 Vert 1:1	YED: AME: CFH	: EEI/JTC	ED: EEI
low. Ire you dig.	DRAWN	EINANNS SHEET 7 0 [€] 15	DATE: DRAWN:	DESIGNED:



Ground Mount Controller and Battery Enclosure



- Standard boxes are fabricated from .125" thick 5052--H32 aluminum powder--coat inside and out
- Heavy--duty stainless steel continuous
- Heavy--duty stainless steel continuous hinge
- · Seams are continuously welded and then sanded · Filtered or screened ventilation louvers smooth
- Adjustable tension stainless steel padlock hasp

- Standard finish is a bright white polyester
 - Two 7/8" diameter wire holes
 - · Built to NEMA 3R specifications
- Hinged front door with PORON door gasket

SECTION A-4 Item Description Material Item

1	Gland Stud	Stainless Steel	15	Torque Collar	A536 GR 65-45-12
2	Hex Nut	Stainless Steel	16	Flat Washer	Q235-A Zinc Plated
3	Flat Washer	Stainless Steel	17	Socket Head Capscrew	Stainless Steel
4	Gland	ASTM A126 CL B	18	Hex Head Capscrew	Stainless Steel
5	V-Ring Set	NBR	19	Hex Nut	Stainless Steel
6	Hex Head Capscrew	Stainless Steel	20	Flat Washer	Stainless Steel
7	Cover	ASTM A126 CL B	21	Socket Head Capscrew	Stainless Steel
8	Bearing	SST, Sintered	22	Lock Washer	Stainless Steel
9	O-Ring	NBR	23	Socket Head Capscrew	Stainless Steel
10	O-Ring	NBR	24	Hex Nut	Stainless Steel
11	Thrust Washer	PTFE	25	Flat Washer	Stainless Steel
12	Body	ASTM A126 CL B	26	Hex Head Capscrew	Stainless Steel
13	Plug Molded	A536 GR 65-45-12 +NBR	27	Hex Nut	Stainless Steel
14	Torque Collar Adapter (Buried)	ASTM A126 CL B	28	Hex Head Capscrew	Stainless Steel

23 24 25

Material

Description

800 SERIES MATERIAL LIST

2.5" to 12", 212F Max Temp., 175 psi Max Press, Bi-Directional

800 SERIES Cv Data (GPM@1PSI)

Size	2.5	3	4	5	6	8	10	12
Cv	425	680	1190	2000	2400	4600	5800	9100

Crispin/K-Flo Valves, 600 Fowler Ave., Berwick PA 18603 T: 800-247-VALV W: www.kflovalves.com



TCEQ CONSTRUCTION NOTES

INCLUDE:

- THE NAME OF THE APPROVED PROJECT
- THE ACTIVITY START DATE; AND THE CONTACT INFORMATION OF THE PRIME CONTRACTOR

PROVIDED WITH COMPLETE COPIES OF THE APPROVED CONTRIBUTING ZONE PLAN (CZP) AND THE TCEQ LETTER

50% OF THE BASIN'S DESIGN CAPACITY

PREVENTED FROM BEING DISCHARGED OFFSITE.

SHALL BE INITIATED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.

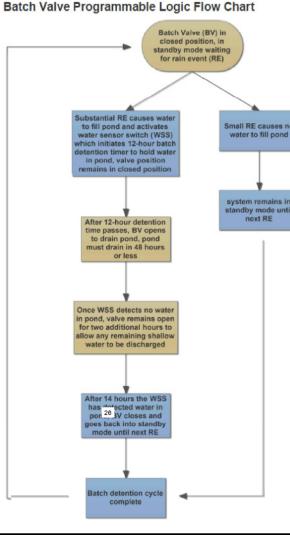
10 SITE AND

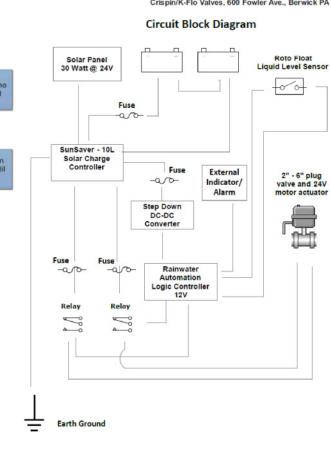
- THE DATES WHEN STABILIZATION MEASURES ARE INITIATED.

AND DIVERSIONARY STRUCTURES

ORIGINALLY APPROVED:

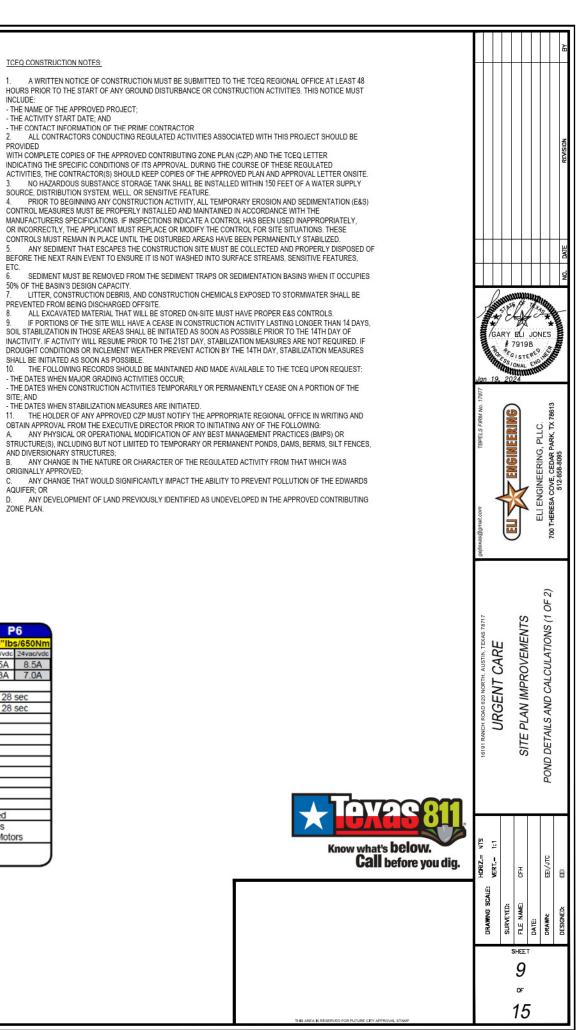
AQUIFER; OR



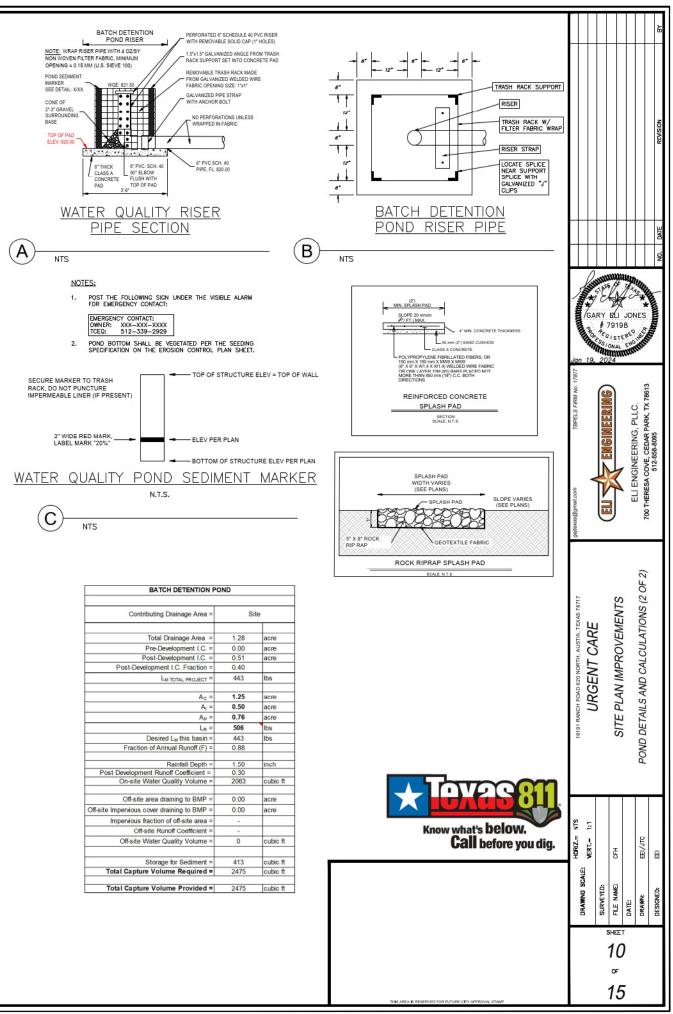


Actuator Specifications	P	4	P	5	F	6		
Torque "lb/Nm	3500"lb	s/400Nm	4400"lb:	s/500Nm	5750"lb	s/650Nm		
Supply Voltage	12vac/vdc	24vac/vdc	12vac/vdc	24vac/vdc	12vac/vdc	24vac/vdc		
Max Inrush Current	16.1A	9.2A	13.5A	9.0A	12.5A	8.5A		
Running Current	16.1A	8.5A	14.1A	7.5A	12.3A	7.0A		
Motor	DC Brush Type							
Runtime (90°@60Hz/vdc)	16 sec 22 sec				28	28 sec		
Runtime (90°@50Hz)	16 sec 22 sec			28	sec			
Duty Cycle		75%						
Motor Starts	1200 per hour							
Weight	47lbs/22kg							
Mechanical Connections	ISO5211 F10 8pt 35mm							
Electrical Entry	(2) 3/4" NPT							
Electrical Terminations			12-1	16ga				
Environmental Rating	2		NEM/	4/4X				
Manual Override			7.6" Ha	ndwheel				
Control		On	/Off-Jog,	Proportio	nal			
Actuator Case material		Alumin	um Alloy	Powder	coated			
Motor Drotestion		230°F	/110°C TI	hermal F	' Class			
Motor Protection	1 *1	Totally En	closed No	on-Ventila	ated Moto	ors		
Ambient Temperature			-22°F to	+125°F				
Operating Range			-30°C to	0 +52°C				

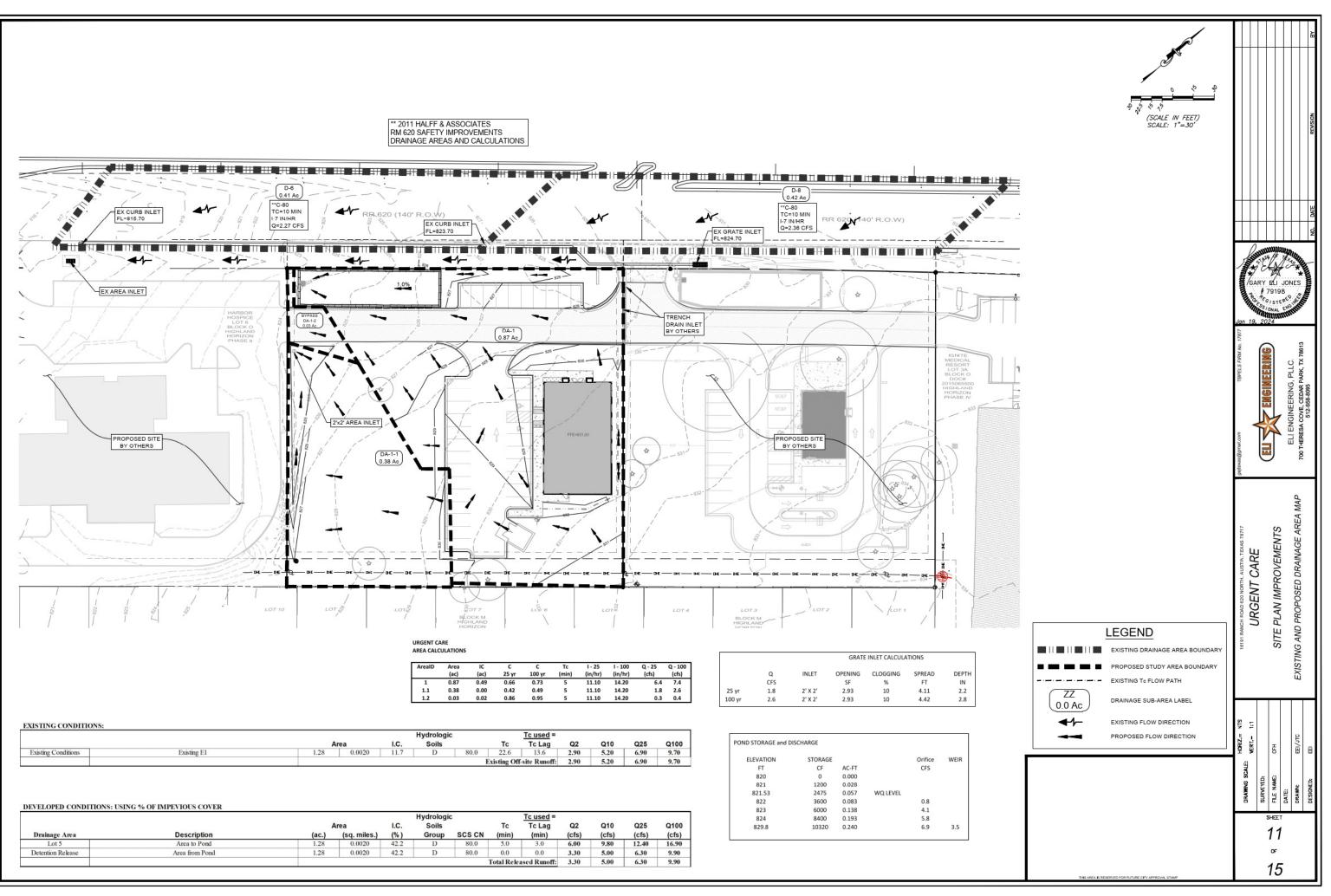
Removable component mounting plate · Supplied with u--bolts (when pole specified)



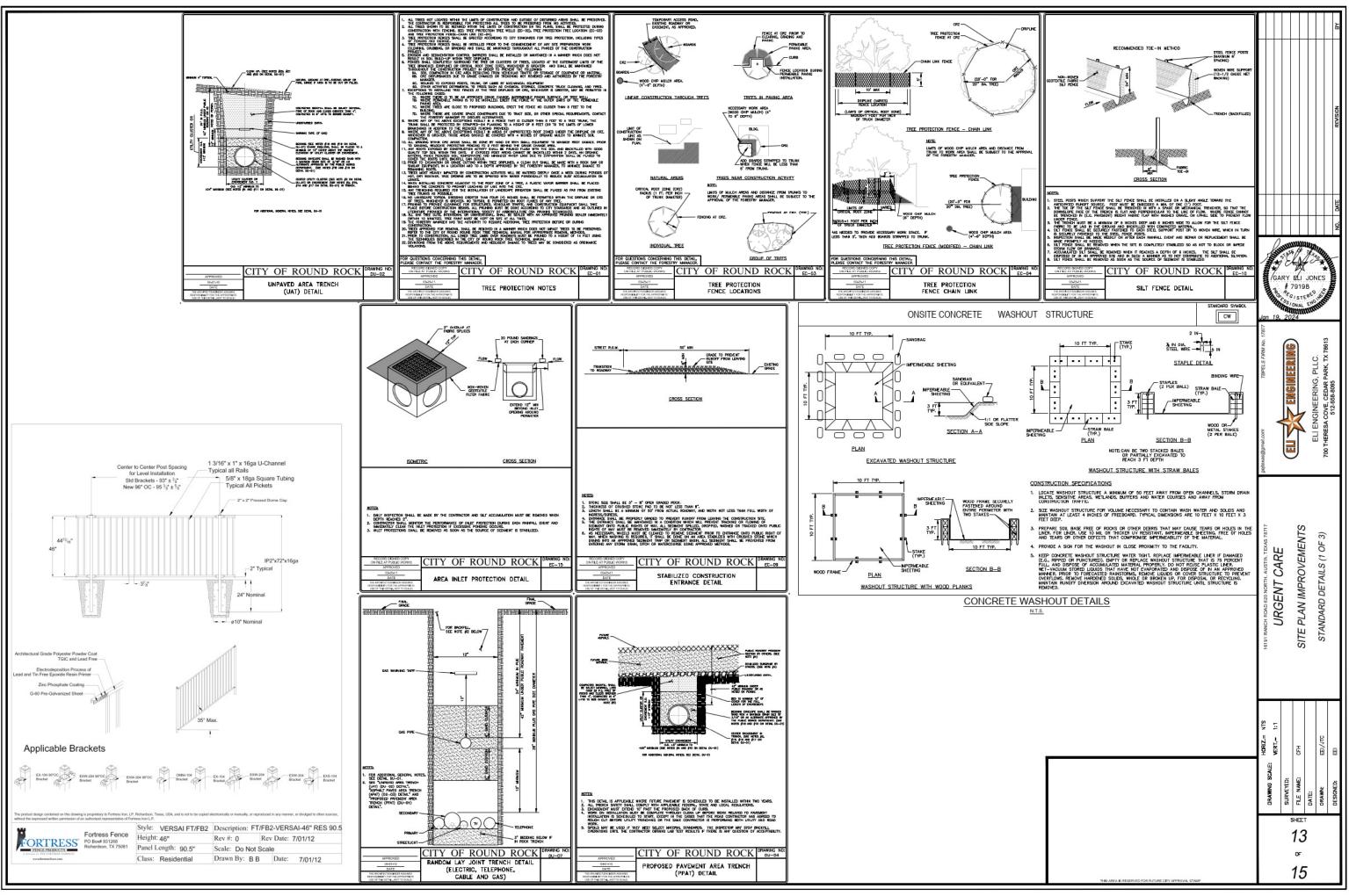
exas Com	nmission on Environmental Quality		-				
TSS Remova	al Calculations 04-20-2009				Urgent Care		
				Date Prepared:	12/18/2023		
Additional in	formation is provided for cells with a red triang	le in the un	per right o	orner. Place the	cursor over th	e cell.	
					cursor orer a		
	blue indicate location of instructions in the Technica shown in red are data entry fields.	i Guidance I	wanuai - R	G-340.			
	shown in black (Bold) are calculated fields. Cha	inges to the	ese fields	will remove the e	quations used	in the spreads	heet.
The Beguire	d Load Reduction for the total project:	Calculations fi	PC 249		Pages 3-27 to 3-3	0	
. The Require	a Load Reduction for the total project:	Calculations in	IOM RG-348		Pages 3-27 to 3-3	50	
	Page 3-29 Equation 3.3: L _M =	27.2(A _N x P)					
where:		Required TSS	removal resi	ulting from the propose	d development = 8	10% of increased loa	ad
miere.				area for the project	a development - e	on moleused lot	
	P =	Average annua	al precipitatio	on, inches			
Site Data: I	Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Projec County =	Williamson	•				
	Total project area included in plan * =	1.28	acres				
	redevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plan * = st-development impervious area within the limits of the plan* =	0.00	acres			-	
	Total post-development impervious cover fraction * = P =	0.40	inches				
	P =	32	inches				
	LM TOTAL PROJECT		lbs.				
The values e	ntered in these fields should be for the total project area						
Marrow	nber of drainage basins / outfalls areas leaving the plan area =	1					
Num	inci oi dramaye pasitis / putiaris areas reaving the plan afea =						
2. Drainage Ba	sin Parameters (This information should be provided for	each basin):					
	Drainage Basin/Outfall Area No. =	1	Site				
	Total drainage basin/outfall area =	1.25	acres				
	elopment impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area =	0.00	acres				
	velopment impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area = opment impervious fraction within drainage basin/outfall area =		acres				
	L _{M THIS BASIN} =		lbs.				
3. Indicate the	proposed BMP Code for this basin.						
		Databan Databan					
	Proposed BMP = Removal efficiency =	Batch Detent 91	percent				
					Aqualogic Cartrid Bioretention	ge Filter	
					Contech StormFil		
					Constructed Wetl Extended Detenti		
					Grassy Swale		
					Retention / Imigat Sand Filter	ion	
					Stormceptor		
					Vegetated Filter S Vortechs	Strips	
					Wet Basin		
. Calculate Ma	aximum TSS Load Removed (L _R) for this Drainage Basin by	the selected	BMP Type.		Wet Vault		
	RG-348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7: L _R =	(BMP efficience	cy) x P x (A ₁	x 34.6 + A _P x 0.54)			
where:	A _C =	Total On-Site	drainage are	a in the BMP catchme	nt area		
	A ₁ =	Impervious are	a proposed	in the BMP catchment	area		
				the BMP catchment a			
	L _R =	ISS Load rem	oved rom th	is catchment area by t	ne proposed BMP		
	A _C =		acres				
	A ₁ =		acres				
	Ap =	0.76	acres				
	⊾ _R –						
5. Calculate Fra	action of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / out	fall area					
	Desired L _{M THIS BASIN} =	443	lbs.				
	F =	0.88					
			fall area.	Calculations from RG	-348	Pages 3-34 to 3-36	1
i. Calculate Ca	pture Volume required by the BMP Type for this drainag	e basin / out					
6. Calculate Ca	pture Volume required by the BMP Type for this drainag	e basin / outi					
i. Calculate Ca	Rainfall Depth =	1.50	inches				
). Calculate Ca			inches cubic feet				
3. Calculate Ca	Rainfall Depth = Post Development Runoff Coefficient =	1.50 0.30					
i. Calculate Ca	Rainfall Depth = Post Development Runoff Coefficient =	1.50 0.30 2063	cubic feet	Pages 3-36 to 3-37			
3. Calculate Ca	Rainfall Depth = Post Development Runoff Coefficient = On-site Water Quality Volume =	1.50 0.30 2063 Calculations fi	cubic feet	Pages 3-36 to 3-37			
3. Calculate Ca	Rainfall Depth = Post Development Runoff Coefficient =	1.50 0.30 2063	cubic feet	Pages 3-36 to 3-37			
5. Calculate Ca	Rainfall Depth = Post Development Runoff Coefficient = On-site Water Quality Volume = Off-site area draining to BMP = Off-site Impenious cover draining to BMP = Impenious fraction of off-site area =	1.50 0.30 2063 Calculations fr 0.00 0.00 0	cubic feet rom RG-348 acres	Pages 3-36 to 3-37			
5. Calculate Ca	Rainfall Depth = Post Development Runoff Coefficient = On-site Water Quality Volume = Off-site area draining to BMP = Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP =	1.50 0.30 2063 Calculations f 0.00 0.00	cubic feet rom RG-348 acres	Pages 3-36 to 3-37			
3. Calculate Ca	Rainfall Depth = Post Development Runoff Coefficient = On-site Water Quality Volume = Off-site area draining to BMP = Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP = Impervious fraction of off-site area Off-site Runoff Coefficient =	1.50 0.30 2063 Calculations f 0.00 0.00 0 0.00	cubic feet rom RG-348 acres acres	Pages 3-36 to 3-37			



BATCH DETENTION PO	ND			
Contributing Drainage Area =	Site			
Total Drainage Area =	1.28	-		
Pre-Development I.C. =	0.00	-		
Post-Development I.C. =	0.51	-		
Post-Development I.C. Fraction =	0.40			
LM TOTAL PROJECT =	443	_		
A _C =	1.25			
A ₁ =	0.50	-		
Ap =	0.76	-		
L _R =	506			
Desired L _M this basin =	443			
Fraction of Annual Runoff (F) =	0.88			
Rainfall Depth =	1.50	-		
Post Development Runoff Coefficient =	0.30			
On-site Water Quality Volume =	2063	-		
Off-site area draining to BMP =	0.00			
Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP =	0.00			
Impervious fraction of off-site area =				
Off-site Runoff Coefficient =	-			
Off-site Water Quality Volume =	0	-		
Storage for Sediment =	413	-		
Total Capture Volume Required =	2475			
Total Capture Volume Provided =	2475			



L



(Juera (Home) (Desktrap / Projecta / GEI-ELI / Urgent Core / CAD / PLW. SHEETS / ELI URCENT CARE_COVER deg Jan 19, 24 2:35 p



Firm # 17877

January 23, 2024

Ms. Lillian Butler Texas Commission on Environmental Quality 12100 Park 35 Circle, Bld A, Rm 179 Austin, TX 78753

Re: Round Rock Urgent Care Attachment G-Inspection, Maintenance, Repair and Retrofit Plan

To Highland 620 Land Investment, Ltd.:

TCEQ requires the property owner to keep operation, maintenance, and inspections records of the BMP features including the grassy swale and batch detention pond.

General Guidelines:

- Accessibility: You should maintain accessibility to the BMP at all times. Equipment and personnel required to maintain and inspect the BMP should not be obstructed under reasonable conditions.
- Material Disposal: Stormwater pollutants include a variety of substances that are deposited in the BMP. Federal and state laws and regulations may apply to the disposal of substances removed from the BMP. In order to dispose of substances removed from the BMP you must 1) characterize the waste 2) classify the waste based on character 3) properly dispose the waste according to current state (30TAC 330 or 335) and federal rules (40 CFR Subchapter C or D). The sediment must be determined inert for on-site disposal.

At a minimum, you should keep written records indicating the following:

<u>Subject</u>	Frequency
Pest management	Develop an integrated pest management plan for vegetated areas. Specify how problem weeds and insects will be controlled with minimal or no use of insecticides and herbicides.
Inspect swales & filters	Twice per year, once after a major rainfall event.
Inspect outlet structure	Twice per year, once after a major rainfall event.
Mow and maintain area	As needed such that grass is less than 18" tall or twice per year.
Remove sediment	Remove sediment that reaches 3 inches in depth over any spot or covers vegetation. Replace eroded areas with compacted fill and re-seed as necessary to maintain healthy, dense grass in the channel bottom and side slopes or as directed by TCEQ.

Maintenance Guidelines for Batch Detention Basins

Batch detention basins may have somewhat higher maintenance requirements than an extended detention basin since they are active stormwater controls. The maintenance activities are identical to those of extended detention basins with the addition of maintenance and inspections of the automatic controller and the value at the outlet.

Inspections. Inspections should take place a minimum of twice a year. One inspection should take place during wet weather to determine if the basin is meeting the target detention time of 12 hours and a drawdown time of no more than 48 hours. The remaining inspections should occur between storm events so that manual operation of the valve and controller can be verified. The level sensor in the basin should be inspected and any debris or sediment in the area should be removed. The outlet structure and the trash screen should be inspected for signs of clogging. Debris and sediment should be removed from the orifice and outlet(s) as described in previous sections. Debris obstructing the valve should be removed. During each inspection, erosion areas inside and downstream of this BMP should be identified and repaired/revegetated immediately.

Mowing. The basin, basin side-slopes, and embankment of the basin must be mowed to prevent woody growth and control weeds. A mulching mower should be used, or the grass clippings should be caught and removed. Mowing should take place at least twice a year, or more frequently if vegetation exceeds 18 inches in height. More frequent mowing to maintain aesthetic appeal may be necessary in landscaped areas.

Litter and Debris Removal. Litter and debris removal should take place at least twice a year, as part of the periodic mowing operations and inspections. Debris and litter should be removed from the surface of the basin. Particular attention should be paid to floatable debris around the outlet structure. The outlet should be checked for possible clogging or obstructions and any debris removed.

Erosion control. The basin side slopes and embankment all may periodically suffer from slumping and erosion. To correct these problems, corrective action, such as regrading and revegetation, may be necessary. Correction of erosion control should take place whenever required based on the periodic inspections.

Nuisance Control. Standing water or soggy conditions may occur in the basin. Some standing water may occur after a storm event since the valve may close with 2 to 3 inches of water in the basin. Some flow into the basin may also occur between storms due to spring flow and residential water use that enters the storm sewer system. Twice a year, the facility should be evaluated in terms of nuisance control (insects, weeds, odors, algae, etc.).

Structural Repairs and Replacement. With each inspection, any damage to structural elements of the basin (pipes, concrete drainage structures, retaining walls, etc.) should be identified and repaired immediately. An example of this type of repair can include patching of cracked concrete, sealing of voids, removal of vegetation from cracks and joints. The various inlet/outlet structures in a basin will eventually deteriorate and must be replaced.

Sediment Removal. A properly designed batch detention basin will accumulate quantities of sediment over time. The accumulated sediment can detract from the appearance of the facility and reduce the pollutant removal performance of the facility. The sediment also tends to accumulate near the outlet structure and can interfere with the level sensor operation. Sediment shall be removed from the basin at least every 5 years, when sediment depth exceeds 6 inches, when the sediment interferes with the level sensor or when the basin does not drain within 48 hours. Care should be taken not to compromise the basin lining during maintenance.

Logic Controller. The Logic Controller should be inspected as part of the twice yearly investigations. Verify that the external indicators (active, cycle in progress) are operating properly by turning the controller off and on, and by initiating a cycle by triggering the level sensor in the basin. The valve should be manually opened and closed using the open/close switch to verify valve operation and to assist in inspecting the valve for debris. The solar panel should be inspected and any dust or debris on the panel should be carefully removed. The controller and all other circuitry and wiring should be inspected for signs of corrosion, damage from insects, water leaks, or other damage. At the end of the inspection, the controller should be reset.

All maintenance and repairs made to the BMP should be documented along with the inspection report.

Sincerely,

Concurrence & Acceptance:

Gary Eli Jones, P.E.

Bie Aus

Authorized Officer

Agent Authorization Form For Required Signature Edwards Aquifer Protection Program Relating to 30 TAC Chapter 213 Effective June 1, 1999

۱	Bill Neeson Print Name	
-	Senior Managing Director Title - Owner/President/ <u>Other</u>	
of	Highland 620 Land Investment, Ltd. Corporation/Partnership/Entity Name	
have	e authorized <u>Gary Eli Jones, P. E.</u> Print Name of Agent/ <u>Engineer</u>	2
of	Eli Engineering, PLLC. Print Name of Firm	
of	Eli Engineering, PLLC.	

to represent and act on the behalf of the above named Corporation, Partnership, or Entity for the purpose of preparing and submitting this plan application to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the review and approval consideration of regulated activities.

I also understand that:

- 1. The applicant is responsible for compliance with 30 Texas Administrative Code Chapter 213 and any condition of the TCEQ's approval letter. The TCEQ is authorized to assess administrative penalties of up to \$10,000 per day per violation.
- 2. For those submitting an application who are not the property owner, but who have the right to control and possess the property, additional authorization is required from the owner.
- 3. Application fees are due and payable at the time the application is submitted. The application fee must be sent to the TCEQ cashier or to the appropriate regional office. The application will not be considered until the correct fee is received by the commission.
- 4. A notarized copy of the Agent Authorization Form must be provided for the person preparing the application, and this form must accompany the completed application.
- 5. No person shall commence any regulated activity on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone, Contributing Zone or Transition Zone until the appropriate application for the activity has been filed with and approved by the Executive Director.

Applicant's Signature

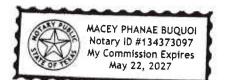
1. U.e. 2024 Date

THE STATE OF TEXAS § County of Hams 8

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared with Nelson known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged to me that (s)he executed same for the purpose and consideration therein expressed.

GIVEN under my hand and seal of office on this 21 day of January, 2024

NOTARY



Macey Bug Voi Typed or Printed Name of Notary

MY COMMISSION EXPIRES: May 22, 2027

Application Fee Form

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality								
Name of Proposed Regulated Entity: Round Rock Urge	ent Care							
Regulated Entity Location: <u>Williamson County</u>								
Name of Customer: <u>TexBrew Investments</u>								
	Contact Person: Gary Jones, P.E. (agent) Phone: 512-474-6491							
Customer Reference Number(if issued):CN 603114265	<u>.</u>							
Regulated Entity Reference Number(if issued):RN	_							
Austin Regional Office (3373)								
🗌 Hays 📃 Travis	\boxtimes W	illiamson						
San Antonio Regional Office (3362)								
Bexar Medina		valde						
Comal Kinney								
Application fees must be paid by check, certified check	. or money order, payab	le to the Texas						
Commission on Environmental Quality . Your canceled								
form must be submitted with your fee payment. This	•	•						
Austin Regional Office	San Antonio Regional C							
Mailed to: TCEQ - Cashier	Overnight Delivery to: 1							
Revenues Section	12100 Park 35 Circle							
Mail Code 214	Building A, 3rd Floor							
P.O. Box 13088	Austin, TX 78753							
Austin, TX 78711-3088	(512)239-0357							
Site Location (Check All That Apply):	(312)233 0337							
	_							
Recharge Zone Contributing Zon	ne 🔄 Transi	tion Zone						
Type of Plan	Size	Fee Due						
Water Pollution Abatement Plan, Contributing Zone								
Plan: One Single Family Residential Dwelling	Acres	\$						
Water Pollution Abatement Plan, Contributing Zone								
Plan: Multiple Single Family Residential and Parks	Acres	\$						
Water Pollution Abatement Plan, Contributing Zone								
Plan: Non-residential	1.28Acres	\$4000						
Sewage Collection System	L.F.	\$						
Lift Stations without sewer lines	Acres	\$						
Underground or Aboveground Storage Tank Facility	Tanks	\$						
Piping System(s)(only)	Each	\$						
Exception	Each	\$						
Extension of Time	Each	\$						
Signature: Jay 2	te: <u>1/23/2024</u>							

Application Fee Schedule

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Edwards Aquifer Protection Program 30 TAC Chapter 213 (effective 05/01/2008)

Water Pollution Abatement Plans and Modifications

Contributing Zone Plans and Modifications

Project	Project Area in Acres	Fee
One Single Family Residential Dwelling	< 5	\$650
Multiple Single Family Residential and Parks	< 5	\$1,500
	5 < 10	\$3,000
	10 < 40	\$4,000
	40 < 100	\$6,500
	100 < 500	\$8,000
	≥ 500	\$10,000
Non-residential (Commercial, industrial, institutional,	< 1	\$3,000
multi-family residential, schools, and other sites	1 < 5	\$4,000
where regulated activities will occur)	5 < 10	\$5,000
	10 < 40	\$6,500
	40 < 100	\$8,000
	≥ 100	\$10,000

Organized Sewage Collection Systems and Modifications

Project	Cost per Linear Foot	Minimum Fee- Maximum Fee
Sewage Collection Systems	\$0.50	\$650 - \$6,500

Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank System Facility Plans and Modifications

Project	Cost per Tank or Piping System	Minimum Fee- Maximum Fee
Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank Facility	\$650	\$650 - \$6,500

Exception Requests

Project	Fee		
Exception Request	\$500		

Extension of Time Requests

Project	Fee
Extension of Time Request	\$150



For detailed instructions on completing this form, please read the Core Data Form Instructions or call 512-239-5175.

SECTION I:General Information

1. Reason for Submission (<i>If other is checked please describe in space provided.</i>)							
New Permit, Registration or Authorization (Core Data Form should be submitted with the program application.)							
Renewal(Core Data Form should be submitted with the renewal form) Other							
2. Customer Reference Number (if issued)	Follow this link to search for CN or RN numbers in	3. Regulated Entity Reference Number (if issued)					
CN603114265	Central Registry**	RN					

SECTION II: Customer Information

4. General Cus	tomer Ir	formation								
New Custome	omer 🛛 Update to Customer Information 🔄 Change in Regulated Entity Ownership									
Change in Leg	Change in Legal Name (Verifiable with the Texas Secretary of State or Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts)									
The Customer	Name sı	bmitted here may	be updated au	tomatical	ly based o	n what is c	current and active	with th	he Texas Sec	retary of State
(SOS) or Texas	(SOS) or Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts (CPA).									
6. Customer Le	gal Nam	e (If an individual, pri	nt last name first	t: eg: Doe, J	lohn)		<u>If new Customer,</u>	enter pro	evious Custom	er below:
Highland 620 Lar	nd Investr	nent, Ltd.								
7. TX SOS/CPA	Filing N	umber	8. TX State Ta	ax ID (11 d	igits)		9. Federal Tax I	D		Number (if
							(9 digits)		applicable)	
							(9 digits)			
							205021167			
								1		
11. Type of Cus	stomer:	Corporat	ion			🗌 Individ	ual	Partne	ership: 🗌 Gen	eral 🛛 Limited
Government:	City 🗌 C	ounty 🗌 Federal 🗌 L	ocal 🔲 State 🗌] Other		Sole Pr	oprietorship	🗌 Otl	her:	
12. Number of	Employ	ees					13. Independer	ntly Ow	ned and Ope	erated?
⊠ 0-20 □ 21	-100 [] 101-250 🗌 251-	500 🗌 501 ai	nd higher			🛛 Yes	🗌 No		
14. Customer F	Role (Pro	posed or Actual) – <i>as i</i>	t relates to the R	egulated Er	ntity listed o	n this form.	Please check one oj	f the follo	owing	
Owner		Operator O					Other:			
	Licensee	Responsible Pa	rty ∐V0	CP/BSA App	olicant					
	Highland	620 Land Investment,	Ltd							
15. Mailing	<u></u>									
Address:	211 E. 7tl	n Street								
	City	Austin		State	ТХ	ZIP	78701		ZIP + 4	

16. Country Mailing Information (if outside USA)		17. E-Mail Address	(if applicable)
18. Telephone Number	19. Extension or Code		20. Fax Number (if applicable)
(512)474-6491			() -

SECTION III:Regulated Entity Information

21. General Regulated Entity Information(If 'New Regulated Entity" is selected, a newpermitapplication is also required.)

New Regulated Entity Update to Regulated Entity Name Update to Regulated Entity Information

The Regulated Entity Name submitted may be updated, in order to meet TCEQ Core Data Standards (removal of organizational endings such as Inc, LP, or LLC).

22. Regulated Entity Name (Enter name of the site where the regulated action is taking place.)

ROUND ROCK URGENT CARE

23. Street Address of	16191 RM 62	20						
	e Regulated Entity:							
<u>(No PO Boxes)</u>	City	AUSTIN	State	ТХ	ZIP	78681	ZIP + 4	
24. County	WILLIAMSON							

If no Street Address is provided, fields 25-28 are required.

25. Description to	E00 foot cou	thwest of RM 620 and Great Oa	ke Intersection				
Physical Location:	500 1221 500	threat of Kin 620 and Great Ga					
26. Nearest City				State	Nearest ZIP Code		
ROUND ROCK				ТХ			
· •	•	may be added/updated to i ne have been provided or to		dards. (Geocoding of t	he Physical Address may be		
27. Latitude (N)In Decimal:		30.490806	28. Longitude	(W)In Decimal:	-97.727551		
Degrees	Minutes	Seconds	Degrees	Minutes	Seconds		
30	29	26.9016	97	43	39.1836		
29. Primary SIC Code	30.	Secondary SIC Code	31. Primary NAICS (Code 32. Seco	ondary NAICS Code		
(4 digits)	(4 digits)		(5 or 6 digits)	(5 or 6 di	(5 or 6 digits)		
8011							
33. What is the Primary	/ Business of t	his entity? (Do not repeat th	e SIC or NAICS description.)				
FREESTANDING EMER		TER					
34. Mailing	211 E. 7th	Street					
Address:							
TCEQ-10400 (11/22)					Page 2 of		

	City	Austin	State	тх	ZIP	78701	ZIP + 4	
35. E-Mail Address:								
36. Telephone Number37. Extension or Code38. Fax Number (if applicable)								
(512) 474-6491			() -					

39. TCEQ Programs and ID NumbersCheck all Programs and write in the permits/registration numbers that will be affected by the updates submitted on this form. See the Core Data Form instructions for additional guidance.

Dam Safety	Districts	Edwards Aquifer	Emissions Inventory Air	Industrial Hazardous Waste
Municipal Solid Waste	□New Source Review Air	DOSSF	Petroleum Storage Tank	□pws
Sludge	Storm Water	Title V Air		Used Oil
Voluntary Cleanup	Wastewater	Wastewater Agriculture	Water Rights	Other:

SECTION IV: Preparer Information

40. Name:	GARY JONES, P.E.			41. Title:	AGENT
42. Telephone Number		43. Ext./Code	44. Fax Number	45. E-Mail Address	
(512) 658-8095			() -	gejtexas@gm	nail.com

SECTION V: Authorized Signature

46. By my signature below, I certify, to the best of my knowledge, that the information provided in this form is true and complete, and that I have signature authority to submit this form on behalf of the entity specified in Section II, Field6 and/or as required for the updates to the ID numbers identified in field 39.

Company:	ELI ENGINEERING, PLLC Job Title: AGEN			T		
Name (In Print):	GARY ELI JONES, P.E.			Phone:	(512)658-8095	
Signature:	Sug Elf-			Date:	1/23/2024	

Deed Recordation Affidavit

Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan

THE STATE OF TEXAS §

County of <u>TRAVIS</u> §

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared ______ who, being duly sworn by me deposes and says:

- (1) That my name is ______ and that I own the real property described below.
- (2) That said real property is subject to an EDWARDS AQUIFER PROTECTION PLAN which was required under the 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 213.
- (3) That the EDWARDS AQUIFER PROTECTION PLAN for said real property was approved by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) on ______.

A copy of the letter of approval from the TCEQ is attached to this affidavit as Exhibit A and is incorporated herein by reference.

(4) The said real property is located in _____ County, Texas, and the legal description of the property is as follows:

LANDOWNER-AFFIANT

SWORN AND SUBSCRIBED TO before me, on this __ day of _____, ____.

NOTARY PUBLIC

THE STATE OF _____ §

County of _____ §

GIVEN under my hand and seal of office on this _____ day of ______, _____.

NOTARY PUBLIC

Typed or Printed Name of Notary

MY COMMISSION EXPIRES: _____