

## TCEQ EDWARDS AQUIFER PROTECTION PLAN UST FACILITY PLAN

VALERO C-STORE 6830 W. STATE HIGHWAY 29 GEORGETOWN, TEXAS 78628 CN 606169910 RN 111788956

**Prepared for:** 

AHMED REAL ESTATE, INC. 151 JAYNE CV. AUSTIN, TEXAS 78737

**JUNE 2024** 

**Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page** 



# Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page

## **Our Review of Your Application**

The Edwards Aquifer Program staff conducts an administrative and technical review of all applications. The turnaround time for administrative review can be up to 30 days as outlined in 30 TAC 213.4(e). Generally administrative completeness is determined during the intake meeting or within a few days of receipt. The turnaround time for technical review of an administratively complete Edwards Aquifer application is 90 days as outlined in 30 TAC 213.4(e). Please know that the review and approval time is directly impacted by the quality and completeness of the initial application that is received. In order to conduct a timely review, it is imperative that the information provided in an Edwards Aquifer application include final plans, be accurate, complete, and in compliance with <u>30 TAC 213</u>.

### **Administrative Review**

1. <u>Edwards Aquifer applications</u> must be deemed administratively complete before a technical review can begin. To be considered administratively complete, the application must contain completed forms and attachments, provide the requested information, and meet all the site plan requirements. The submitted application and plan sheets should be final plans. Please submit one full-size set of plan sheets with the original application, and half-size sets with the additional copies.

To ensure that all applicable documents are included in the application, the program has developed tools to guide you and web pages to provide all forms, checklists, and guidance. Please visit the below website for assistance: <u>http://www.tceq.texas.gov/field/eapp</u>.

- 2. This Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page form (certified by the applicant or agent) must be included in the application and brought to the administrative review meeting.
- 3. Administrative reviews are scheduled with program staff who will conduct the review. Applicants or their authorized agent should call the appropriate regional office, according to the county in which the project is located, to schedule a review. The average meeting time is one hour.
- 4. In the meeting, the application is examined for administrative completeness. Deficiencies will be noted by staff and emailed or faxed to the applicant and authorized agent at the end of the meeting, or shortly after. Administrative deficiencies will cause the application to be deemed incomplete and returned.

An appointment should be made to resubmit the application. The application is re-examined to ensure all deficiencies are resolved. The application will only be deemed administratively complete when all administrative deficiencies are addressed.

- 5. If an application is received by mail, courier service, or otherwise submitted without a review meeting, the administrative review will be conducted within 30 days. The applicant and agent will be contacted with the results of the administrative review. If the application is found to be administratively incomplete, it can be retrieved from the regional office or returned by regular mail. If returned by mail, the regional office may require arrangements for return shipping.
- 6. If the geologic assessment was completed before October 1, 2004 and the site contains "possibly sensitive" features, the assessment must be updated in accordance with the *Instructions to Geologists* (TCEQ-0585 Instructions).

### **Technical Review**

- 1. When an application is deemed administratively complete, the technical review period begins. The regional office will distribute copies of the application to the identified affected city, county, and groundwater conservation district whose jurisdiction includes the subject site. These entities and the public have 30 days to provide comments on the application to the regional office. All comments received are reviewed by TCEQ.
- 2. A site assessment is usually conducted as part of the technical review, to evaluate the geologic assessment and observe existing site conditions. The site must be accessible to our staff. The site boundaries should be

clearly marked, features identified in the geologic assessment should be flagged, roadways marked and the alignment of the Sewage Collection System and manholes should be staked at the time the application is submitted. If the site is not marked the application may be returned.

- 3. We evaluate the application for technical completeness and contact the applicant and agent via Notice of Deficiency (NOD) to request additional information and identify technical deficiencies. There are two deficiency response periods available to the applicant. There are 14 days to resolve deficiencies noted in the first NOD. If a second NOD is issued, there is an additional 14 days to resolve deficiencies. If the response to the second notice is not received, is incomplete or inadequate, or provides new information that is incomplete or inadequate, the application must be withdrawn or will be denied. Please note that because the technical review is underway, whether the application is withdrawn or denied **the application fee will be forfeited**.
- 4. The program has 90 calendar days to complete the technical review of the application. If the application is technically adequate, such that it complies with the Edwards Aquifer rules, and is protective of the Edwards Aquifer during and after construction, an approval letter will be issued. Construction or other regulated activity may not begin until an approval is issued.

## **Mid-Review Modifications**

It is important to have final site plans prior to beginning the permitting process with TCEQ to avoid delays.

Occasionally, circumstances arise where you may have significant design and/or site plan changes after your Edwards Aquifer application has been deemed administratively complete by TCEQ. This is considered a "Mid-Review Modification". Mid-Review Modifications may require redistribution of an application that includes the proposed modifications for public comment.

If you are proposing a Mid-Review Modification, two options are available:

- If the technical review has begun your application can be denied/withdrawn, your fees will be forfeited, and the plan will have to be resubmitted.
- TCEQ can continue the technical review of the application as it was submitted, and a modification application can be submitted at a later time.

If the application is denied/withdrawn, the resubmitted application will be subject to the administrative and technical review processes and will be treated as a new application. The application will be redistributed to the affected jurisdictions.

Please contact the regional office if you have questions. If your project is located in Williamson, Travis, or Hays County, contact TCEQ's Austin Regional Office at 512-339-2929. If your project is in Comal, Bexar, Medina, Uvalde, or Kinney County, contact TCEQ's San Antonio Regional Office at 210-490-3096

Please fill out all required fields below and submit with your application.

1. Regulated Entity Name: Valero				ore		2. Re	egulat	ed Entity No.:	RN111788956
3. Customer Name: A	hmed	Real I	Estate	, Inc.		4. Cı	istom	er No.: CN606	5169910
5. Project Type: (Please circle/check one)	New	)	Modif	fication		Exter	nsion	Exception	
6. Plan Type: (Please circle/check one)	WPAP	CZP	SCS	UST AS	т	EXP	EXT	Technical Clarification	Optional Enhanced Measures
7. Land Use: (Please circle/check one)	Resider	ntial	Non-r	residential			8. Sit	e (acres):	3.385
9. Application Fee:	\$1,950		10. P	ermanen	t B	MP(s	P(s): Sand Filter-Prev		eviously approved
11. SCS (Linear Ft.):	NA		12. A	ST/UST (	(No	. Tar	nks):	3	
13. County:	William	ison	14. W	Vatershee	<b>1</b> :			North Fork Sar	ı Gabriel

# **Application Distribution**

Instructions: Use the table below to determine the number of applications required. One original and one copy of the application, plus additional copies (as needed) for each affected incorporated city, county, and groundwater conservation district are required. Linear projects or large projects, which cross into multiple jurisdictions, can require additional copies. Refer to the "Texas Groundwater Conservation Districts within the EAPP Boundaries" map found at:

http://www.tceq.texas.gov/assets/public/compliance/field\_ops/eapp/EAPP%20GWCD%20map.pdf

For more detailed boundaries, please contact the conservation district directly.

	Austin	Region	
County:	Hays	Travis	Williamson
Original (1 req.)			_X_
Region (1 req.)		_	_X_
County(ies)			_X_
Groundwater Conservation District(s)	Edwards Aquifer Authority Barton Springs/ Edwards Aquifer Hays Trinity Plum Creek	Barton Springs/ Edwards Aquifer	NA
City(ies) Jurisdiction	Austin Buda Dripping Springs Kyle Mountain City San Marcos Wimberley Woodcreek	Austin Bee Cave Pflugerville Rollingwood Round Rock Sunset Valley West Lake Hills	Austin Cedar Park Florence X_Georgetown Jerrell Leander Liberty Hill Pflugerville Round Rock

	Sa	an Antonio Region			
County:	Bexar	Comal	Kinney	Medina	Uvalde
Original (1 req.)					
Region (1 req.)					
County(ies)					_
Groundwater Conservation District(s)	Edwards Aquifer Authority Trinity-Glen Rose	Edwards Aquifer Authority	Kinney	EAA Medina	EAA Uvalde
City(ies) Jurisdiction	Castle Hills Fair Oaks Ranch Helotes Hill Country Village Hollywood Park San Antonio (SAWS) Shavano Park	Bulverde Fair Oaks Ranch Garden Ridge New Braunfels Schertz	NA	San Antonio ETJ (SAWS)	NA

I certify that to the best of my knowledge, that the application is complete and accurate. This application is hereby submitted to TCEQ for administrative review and technical review.

Chad M. Copeland, P.G.

Print Name of Customer/Authorized Agent

Signature of Customer/Authorized Agent

06/03/2024

Date

Date(s)Reviewed:	Date Ad	ministratively Complete:
Received From:	Correct 1	Number of Copies:
Received By:	Distribu	tion Date:
EAPP File Number:	Complex	
Admin. Review(s) (No.):	No. AR I	Rounds:
Delinquent Fees (Y/N):	Review	Fime Spent:
Lat./Long. Verified:	SOS Cus	tomer Verification:
Agent Authorization Complete/Notarized (Y/N):	Fee	Payable to TCEQ (Y/N):
Core Data Form Complete (Y/N):	Check:	Signed (Y/N):
Core Data Form Incomplete Nos.:		Less than 90 days old (Y/N):

Underground Storage Tank Facility Plan Application – Checklist TCEQ-0583



# Underground Storage Tank Facility Plan Checklist

## $\frac{X}{2}$ Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page (TCEQ-20705)

## **X** General Information Form (TCEQ-0587)

Attachment A - Road Map

Attachment B - USGS / Edwards Recharge Zone Map Previously

Attachment C - Project Description approved with

### the WPAP\_ Geologic Assessment Form (TCEQ-0585)

Attachment A - Geologic Assessment Table (TCEQ-0585-Table)

Attachment B - Stratigraphic Column

Attachment C - Site Geology

Attachment D - Site Geologic Map(s)

### X Underground Storage Tank Facility Plan (TCEQ-0583)

Attachment A - Detailed Narrative of UST Facility Attachment B – Manufacturer Information for Tanks Attachment C - Alternative Design and Protection Method for Tanks (if proposed) Attachment D – Manufacturer Information for Piping Attachment E - Alternative Design and Protection Method for Piping (if proposed) Attachment F - Tertiary Containment Method Attachment G - Exception to the Geologic Assessment (if requested) Attachment H - Profile Drawing(s) Attachment I - Initial and Continuing Training Attachment J - Release Detection Maintenance

- Previously Site Plan
- approved with

### the WPAP **Temporary Stormwater Section (TCEQ-0602)**

Attachment A - Spill Response Actions

Attachment B - Potential Sources of Contamination

Attachment C - Sequence of Major Activities

Attachment D - Temporary Best Management Practices and Measures

Attachment E - Request to Temporarily Seal a Feature (if requested)

**Attachment F - Structural Practices** 

Attachment G - Drainage Area Map

Attachment H - Temporary Sediment Pond(s) Plans and Calculations

- Attachment I Inspection and Maintenance for BMPs
- Attachment J Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices
- $\frac{x}{2}$  Agent Authorization Form (TCEQ-0599), if application submitted by agent
- X Application Fee Form (TCEQ-0574)
- × Check Payable to the "Texas Commission on Environmental Quality"
- $\frac{X}{2}$  Core Data Form (TCEQ-10400)

General Information Form TCEQ-0587



# **General Information Form**

**Texas Commission on Environmental Quality** 

For Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge and Transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.4(b) & §213.5(b)(2)(A), (B) Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

# Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **General Information Form** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review. The application was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Chad M. Copeland, P.G., PWS

Date: 06/03/2024

Signature of Customer/Agent:

CMCque

## **Project Information**

- 1. Regulated Entity Name: Valero C-Store
- 2. County: Williamson
- 3. Stream Basin: Brazos River Basin North Fork San Gabriel River
- 4. Groundwater Conservation District (If applicable): NA
- 5. Edwards Aquifer Zone:

$\langle$	Recharge Zone
	Transition Zone

6. Plan Type:

WPAP
SCS
Modification

AST
UST
Exception Request

7. Customer (Applicant):

Contact Person: <u>Aslam Motiwala</u> Entity: <u>Ahmed Real Estate Inc.</u> Mailing Address: <u>151 Jayne Cove</u> City, State: <u>Austin, Texas</u> Telephone: <u>(512) 751-2497</u> Email Address: <u>aslammotiwala@gmail.com</u>

Zip: <u>78737</u> FAX: \_\_\_\_

8. Agent/Representative (If any):

Contact Person: <u>Chad M. Copeland, P.G., PWS</u> Entity: <u>Ranger Environmental Services, LLC</u> Mailing Address: <u>P.O. Box 201179</u> City, State: <u>Austin, Texas</u> Telephone: <u>(512) 335-1785</u> Email Address: <u>chad@rangerenv.com</u>

Zip: <u>78720</u> FAX: <u>(512) 335-0527</u>

- 9. Project Location:
  - The project site is located inside the city limits of \_\_\_\_\_.
  - The project site is located outside the city limits but inside the ETJ (extra-territorial jurisdiction) of <u>Liberty Hill</u>.
  - The project site is not located within any city's limits or ETJ.
- 10. The location of the project site is described below. The description provides sufficient detail and clarity so that the TCEQ's Regional staff can easily locate the project and site boundaries for a field investigation.

6830 East Highway 29, Georgetown, Texas 78628

- 11. Attachment A Road Map. A road map showing directions to and the location of the project site is attached. The project location and site boundaries are clearly shown on the map.
- 12. Attachment B USGS / Edwards Recharge Zone Map. A copy of the official 7 ½ minute USGS Quadrangle Map (Scale: 1" = 2000') of the Edwards Recharge Zone is attached. The map(s) clearly show:

Project site boundaries.

USGS Quadrangle Name(s).

Boundaries of the Recharge Zone (and Transition Zone, if applicable).

Drainage path from the project site to the boundary of the Recharge Zone.

- 13. The TCEQ must be able to inspect the project site or the application will be returned. Sufficient survey staking is provided on the project to allow TCEQ regional staff to locate the boundaries and alignment of the regulated activities and the geologic or manmade features noted in the Geologic Assessment.
  - Survey staking will be completed by this date: <u>reportedly completed 09/01/2023</u>

- 14. Attachment C Project Description. Attached at the end of this form is a detailed narrative description of the proposed project. The project description is consistent throughout the application and contains, at a minimum, the following details:
  - Area of the site
     Offsite areas
     Impervious cover
     Permanent BMP(s)
     Proposed site use
     Site history
     Previous development
     Area(s) to be demolished
- 15. Existing project site conditions are noted below:
  - Existing commercial site
     Existing industrial site
     Existing residential site
     Existing paved and/or unpaved roads
     Undeveloped (Cleared)
     Undeveloped (Undisturbed/Uncleared)
     Other: \_\_\_\_\_

## **Prohibited Activities**

- 16. I am aware that the following activities are prohibited on the Recharge Zone and are not proposed for this project:
  - (1) Waste disposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 of this title (relating to Underground Injection Control);
  - (2) New feedlot/concentrated animal feeding operations, as defined in 30 TAC §213.3;
  - (3) Land disposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC §335.1;
  - (4) The use of sewage holding tanks as parts of organized collection systems; and
  - (5) New municipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I standards which are defined in §330.41(b), (c), and (d) of this title (relating to Types of Municipal Solid Waste Facilities).
  - (6) New municipal and industrial wastewater discharges into or adjacent to water in the state that would create additional pollutant loading.
- 17. I am aware that the following activities are prohibited on the Transition Zone and are not proposed for this project:
  - (1) Waste disposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 (relating to Underground Injection Control);
  - (2) Land disposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC §335.1; and

(3) New municipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I standards which are defined in §330.41 (b), (c), and (d) of this title.

# Administrative Information

- 18. The fee for the plan(s) is based on:
  - For a Water Pollution Abatement Plan or Modification, the total acreage of the site where regulated activities will occur.
  - For an Organized Sewage Collection System Plan or Modification, the total linear footage of all collection system lines.
  - For a UST Facility Plan or Modification or an AST Facility Plan or Modification, the total number of tanks or piping systems.
  - A request for an exception to any substantive portion of the regulations related to the protection of water quality.
  - A request for an extension to a previously approved plan.
- 19. Application fees are due and payable at the time the application is filed. If the correct fee is not submitted, the TCEQ is not required to consider the application until the correct fee is submitted. Both the fee and the Edwards Aquifer Fee Form have been sent to the Commission's:

## TCEQ cashier

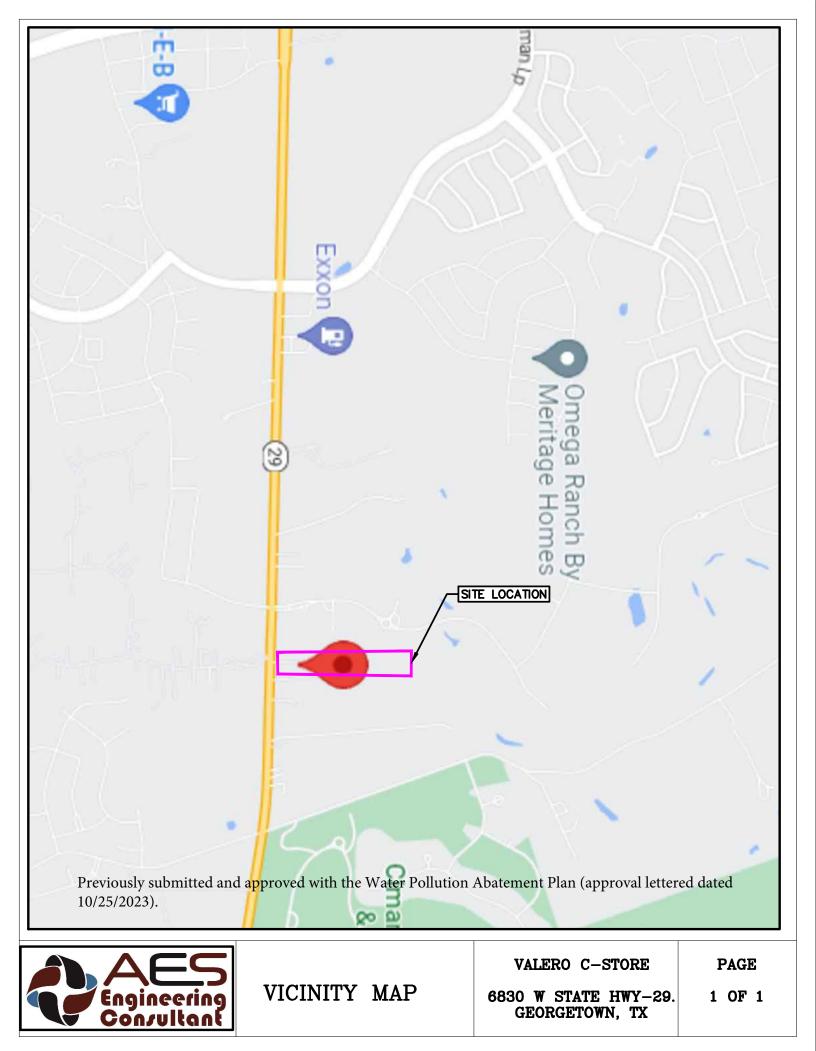
 Austin Regional Office (for projects in Hays, Travis, and Williamson Counties)
 San Antonio Regional Office (for projects in Bexar, Comal, Kinney, Medina, and Uvalde Counties)

- 20. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
- 21. No person shall commence any regulated activity until the Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan(s) for the activity has been filed with and approved by the Executive Director.

# ATTACHMENT A

Road Map

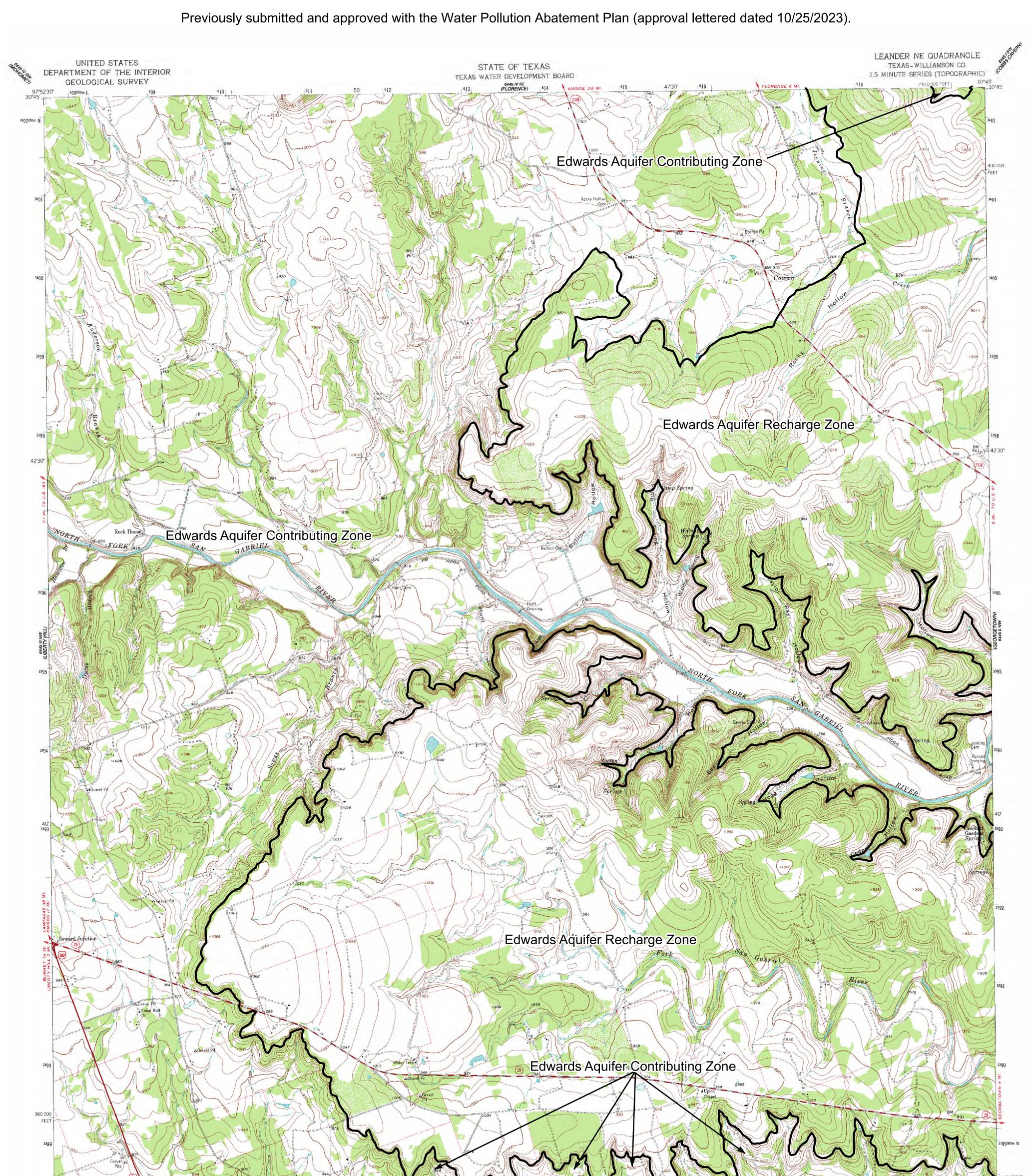


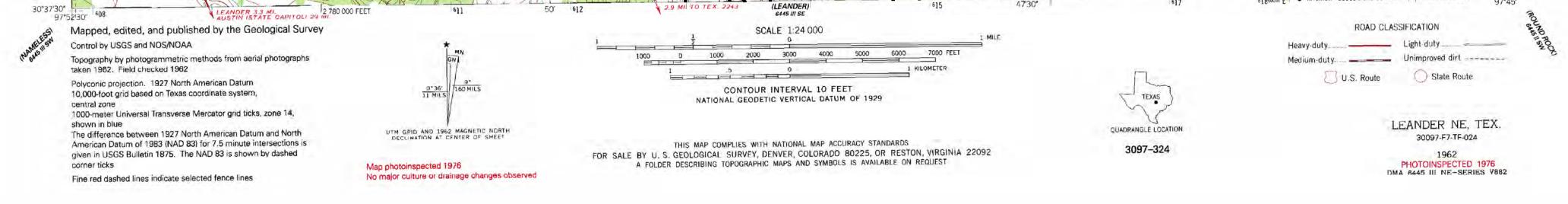


# ATTACHMENT B

USGS / Edwards Recharge Zone Map

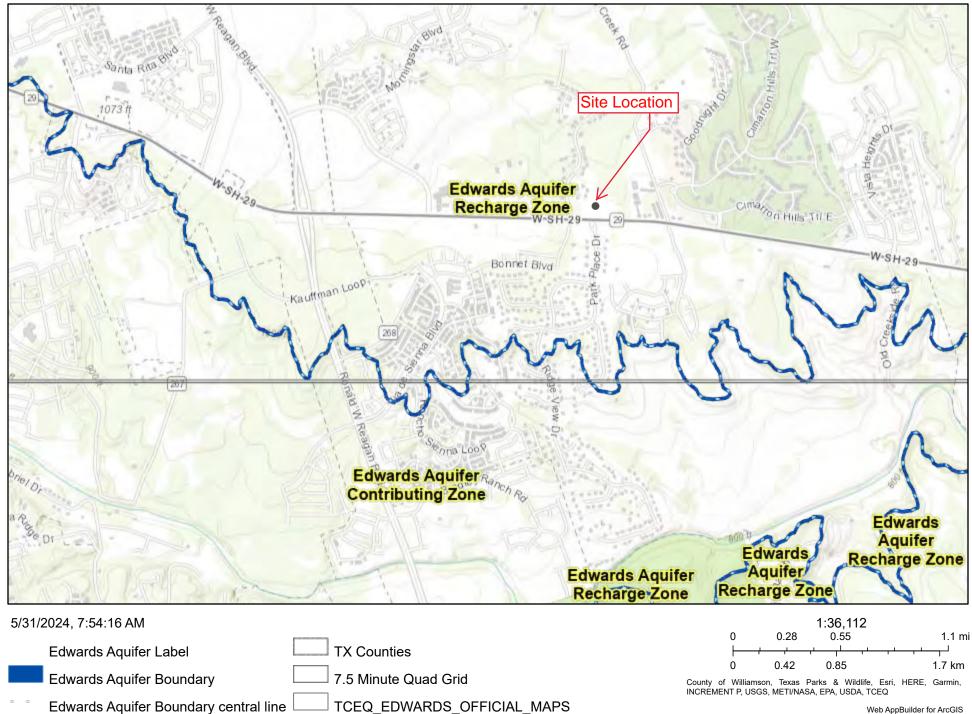






Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Edwards Aquifer Protection Program	Regulatory Zones 30 TAC Chapter 213- Edwards Aquifer Effective May 1985	This map was produced by the Groundwater Planning and Assessment Team of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality to detail the boundaries of the regulatory zones of the Edwards Aquifer Protection Program, as described in Texas Administrative Code Title 30, Part 1, §213.3. No other claims are made to the accuracy or completeness of the data or to its suitability for a particular use. For more information about the Edwards Aquifer Protection Program, please contact the TCEQ Regional Offices in San Antonio or Austin. Printed June 2006.
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# Edwards Aquifer Viewer Custom Print



Edwards Aquifer Boundary central line

Web AppBuilder for ArcGIS

County of Williamson, Texas Parks & Wildlife, Esri, HERE, Garmin, INCREMENT P, USGS, METI/NASA, EPA, USDA | TCEQ |

# ATTACHMENT C

Project Description



## PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The subject site is located at 6830 W. State Highway 29, Williamson County, Texas, 78628. The site is located within the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone. The subject site is an existing residential site covered with native grass/weeds and minor scattered brushed and some trees. The areas surrounding the subject site supports mixed commercial and residential properties. A Water Pollution Abatement Plan has already been submitted for this site and was approved on October 25, 2023.

The proposed underground storage tank systems will include three (3) Xerxes fiberglass triple wall tanks including a 20,000-gallon gasoline (UL 1316, ULC S615), a 10,000-gallon tank containing gasoline (UL 1316, ULC S615), and a 10,000-gallon tank containing diesel (UL 1316, ULC S615). The corresponding underground storage tank sumps are Xerces integrated sumps. Associated with these tanks will be eight (8) new Gilbarco 700 S dispensers along with with new triple wall FRP piping.

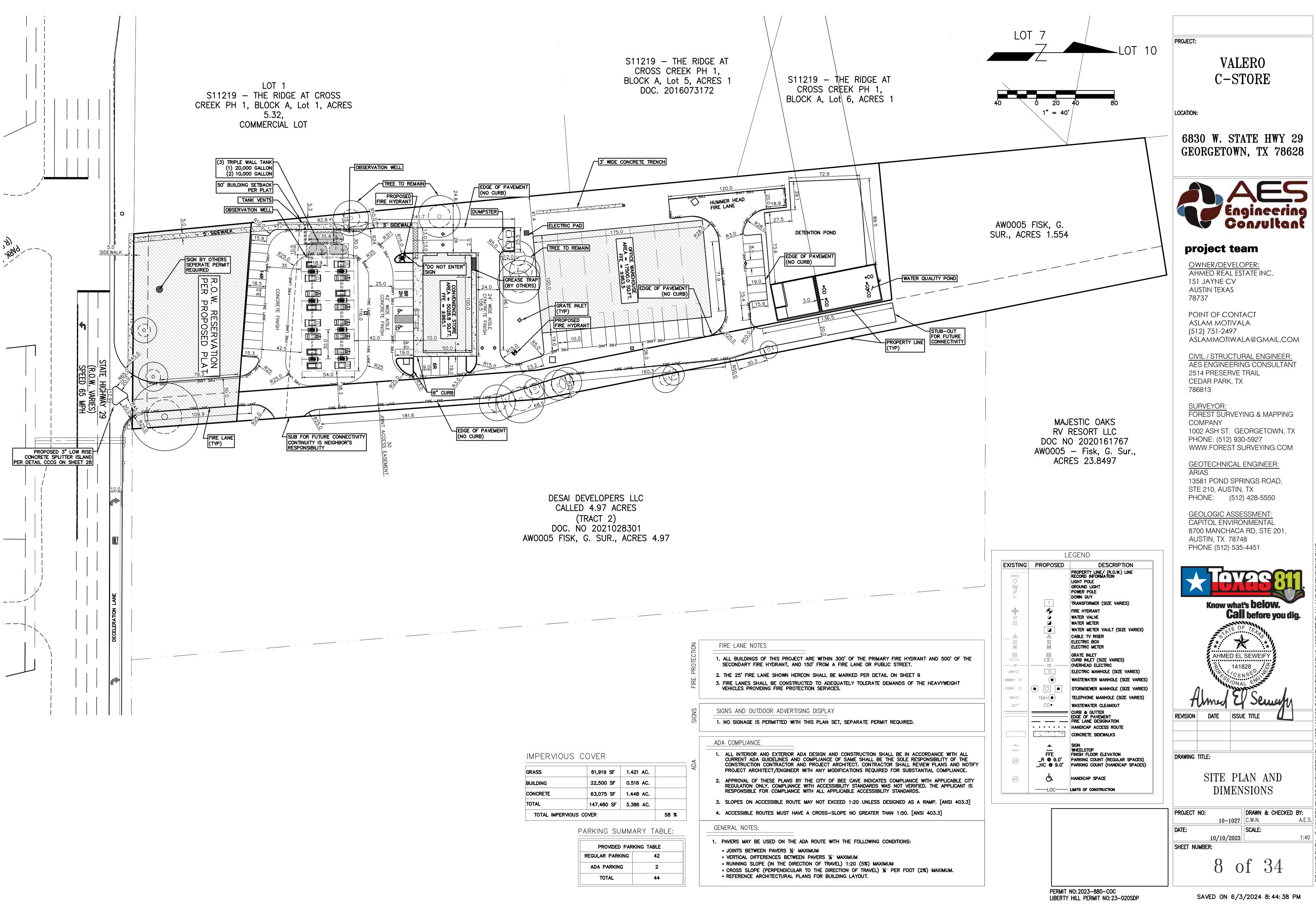
The tanks storing gasoline will be equipped with 2 hp FE Petro submersible pumps. The tank storing diesel will be equipped with a 1.5 hp FE Petro submersible pump. Overfill prevention for each tank compartment will be provided by a valve assembly which will be installed in the tank below the vapor recovery fitting and will be set to shut off flow into the tank when the volume of liquid in the tank reaches no more than 95% of the tank capacity.

Product piping will be U.L. listed Dualoy 3000/LCX double wall fiberglass-reinforced plastic piping within Dualoy 3000/L fiberglass-reinforced plastic piping (creating tertiary containment). Dualoy 3000/LCX and Dualoy/L pipe are UL 971 listed. Dualoy 3000/LCX product lines are double-wall construction and will consist of a 2-inch diameter primary pipe surrounded by Dualoy 3000/L single-wall construction with a 3-inch diameter. Vent lines will be 2-inch diameter double-wall pipe. Under each dispenser for each product grade there will be a shear valve mounted to a rigid framework and installed at the dispenser island surface level to assure automatic shut-off of product flow during impact or fire emergencies. In addition, FLEX-ING flexible connectors will be installed at both ends of each product line in isolation sumps to connect to the dispenser unit and submersible pump.

Corrosion protection for the metallic components of the underground storage systems will be provided by electrical isolation. The submersible pump housings and pump-end flexible connectors will be installed within an integrated Xerxes piping sump, which will provide isolation from the backfill material while also providing secondary containment for any leaks from these components. The dispenser-end flexible connector will be similarly isolated by enclosure within an OPW fiberglass under dispenser sump. The vapor recovery riser and the fill tube riser will be thoroughly wrapped with a suitable dielectric material and are isolated from the tank by the use of isolation bushings.

The proposed tanks and piping will be monitored for leaks by means of inventory control, tank monitor CSLD release detection software, sump and interstitial leak detection, and mechanical line leak detection. The tanks will be equipped with a liquid discrimination sensor which will be installed adjacent to the submersible pumps in the sumps and in all dispenser sumps. The tanks will also be equipped with an electronic automatic tank gauging inventory probe for inventory of the product volume in the tank.

The controller will be equipped with Continuous Statistical Leak Detection to meet TCEQ release detection requirements. Each product piping line will be equipped with mechanical line leak detection. The probes and sensors from all tanks will be connected to a Veeder-Root 450 TLS programmable control unit to be located in the store building. The tank interstitial is monitored with a Veeder Root interstitial sensor which will set off an alarm if liquid enters the tank interstitial. This central monitoring unit is designed to provide visual and audible alarms when hydrocarbon liquids or water is detected.



PROVIDED PARK	ING TABLE
REGULAR PARKING	42
ADA PARKING	2
TOTAL	44

Geologic Assessment TCEQ-0585



Previously submitted and approved with the Water Pollution Abatement Plan (approval lettered dated 10/25/2023). Please note, the TCEQ approval letter is included at the end of this section.

# **Geologic Assessment**

## **Texas Commission on Environmental Quality**

For Regulated Activities on The Edwards Aquifer Recharge/transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(3), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

# Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. My signature certifies that I am qualified as a geologist as defined by 30 TAC Chapter 213.

Print Name of Geologist: D Bryan Pairsh

Telephone: 512-535-4368

Date: 05/09/2023

Fax: <u>512-535-4451</u>

Representing: <u>Capitol Environmental</u>, Inc TBPG Firm Registration #50389 (Name of Company and TBPG or TBPE registration number)

Signature of Geologist:

Regulated Entity Name: Valero C-Store

# **Project Information**

- 1. Date(s) Geologic Assessment was performed: April 26, 2023
- 2. Type of Project:
  - WPAP



3. Location of Project:

Recharge Zone

Contributing Zone within the Transition Zone

TCEQ-0585 (Rev.02-11-15) 1 of 3

Previously submitted and approved with the Water Pollution Abatement Plan (approval lettered dated 10/25/2023). Please note, the TCEQ approval letter is included at the end of this section.



- 4. X Attachment A Geologic Assessment Table. Completed Geologic Assessment Table (Form TCEQ-0585-Table) is attached.
- 5. Soil cover on the project site is summarized in the table below and uses the SCS Hydrologic Soil Groups\* (Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds, Technical Release No. 55, Appendix A, Soil Conservation Service, 1986). If there is more than one soil type on the project site, show each soil type on the site Geologic Map or a separate soils map.

# Table 1 - Soil Units, InfiltrationCharacteristics and Thickness

Soil Name	Group*	Thickness(feet)
Georgetown stony clay loam (GsB) 0-		
3% slope	D	1-10'
Crawford clay (CfB) 1-5%		
slope	D	1-10'

Soil Name	Group*	Thickness(feet)

- \* Soil Group Definitions (Abbreviated)
  - A. Soils having a high infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
  - B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
  - C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
  - D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
- 6. Attachment B Stratigraphic Column. A stratigraphic column showing formations, members, and thicknesses is attached. The outcropping unit, if present, should be at the top of the stratigraphic column. Otherwise, the uppermost unit should be at the top of the stratigraphic column.
- 7. Attachment C Site Geology. A narrative description of the site specific geology including any features identified in the Geologic Assessment Table, a discussion of the potential for fluid movement to the Edwards Aquifer, stratigraphy, structure(s), and karst characteristics is attached.
- 8. Attachment D Site Geologic Map(s). The Site Geologic Map must be the same scale as the applicant's Site Plan. The minimum scale is 1": 400'

Applicant's Site Plan Scale:  $1'' = \underline{40}'$ Site Geologic Map Scale:  $1'' = \underline{40}'$ Site Soils Map Scale (if more than 1 soil type):  $1'' = \underline{40}'$ 

9. Method of collecting positional data:

Global Positioning System (GPS) technology.

Other method(s). Please describe method of data collection:

10. The project site and boundaries are clearly shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map.

TCEQ-0585 (Rev.02-11-15) 2 of 3

- 11. Surface geologic units are shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map.
- 12. Geologic or manmade features were discovered on the project site during the field investigation. They are shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map and are described in the attached Geologic Assessment Table.
  - Geologic or manmade features were not discovered on the project site during the field investigation.
- 13. The Recharge Zone boundary is shown and labeled, if appropriate.
- 14. All known wells (test holes, water, oil, unplugged, capped and/or abandoned, etc.): If applicable, the information must agree with Item No. 20 of the WPAP Application Section.
  - There are  $\underline{0}$  (#) wells present on the project site and the locations are shown and labeled. (Check all of the following that apply.)
    - The wells are not in use and have been properly abandoned.
    - ] The wells are not in use and will be properly abandoned.
    - ] The wells are in use and comply with 16 TAC Chapter 76.
  - There are no wells or test holes of any kind known to exist on the project site.

# Administrative Information

15. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.

Attachment A – Geologic Table

GEOL	OGIC /	<b>GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT T</b>	SMENT	r tab	ABLE		PRC	JEC	ST NA	Ξ	VAL	PROJECT NAME: VALERO C-STORE	)-ST(	DRE						
	LOCATION	N				FEA	TUR	E CH	FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS	ERIS	STICS				EVAL	UATI	NO	SYHq	SICAL	EVALUATION PHYSICAL SETTING
1A	1B *	1C*	2A	2B	3		4		5	5A	9	7	8A	8B	6	10		11		12
FEATURE ID	ΙΑΤΙΤUDE	LONGITUDE	FEATURE TYPE	POINTS	FORMATION		DIMENSIONS (FEET)	-	TREND (DEGREES)	DOM	DENSITY (NO/FT)	APERTURE (FEET)	INFILL	RELATIVE INFILTRATION RATE	TOTAL	SENSITIVITY		CATCHMENT AREA (ACRES)	T AREA S)	TOPOGRAPHY
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	ЗЧҮТ	Cave	Solution cavity	Solution-enlarged fracture(s)	Fault	Other natural bedrock features	Manmade feature in bedrock	Swallow hole	Sinkhole	Non-karst closed depression	Zone. clustered or aligned features
	2A TYPE	С	sc	SF	ш	0	MB	SW	ΗS	CD	N

<b>8A INFILLING</b>	
8	

- Coarse cobbles, breakdown, sand, gravel None, exposed bedrock
- Loose or soft mud or soil, organics, leaves, sticks, dark colors
- Fines, compacted clay-rich sediment, soil profile, gray or red colors
  - Vegetation. Give details in narrative description
  - - Flowstone, cements, cave deposits

    - Other materials
- **12 TOPOGRAPHY**

f, Hilltop, Hillside, Drainage, Floodplain, Streambed

I have read, I understood, and I have followed the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality's Instructions to Geologists. The information presented here complies with that document and is a true representation of the conditions observed in the field. My signature certifies that Lary qualified as a geologist as defined by 30 TAC Chapter 213.



of ~ Date: Sheet:

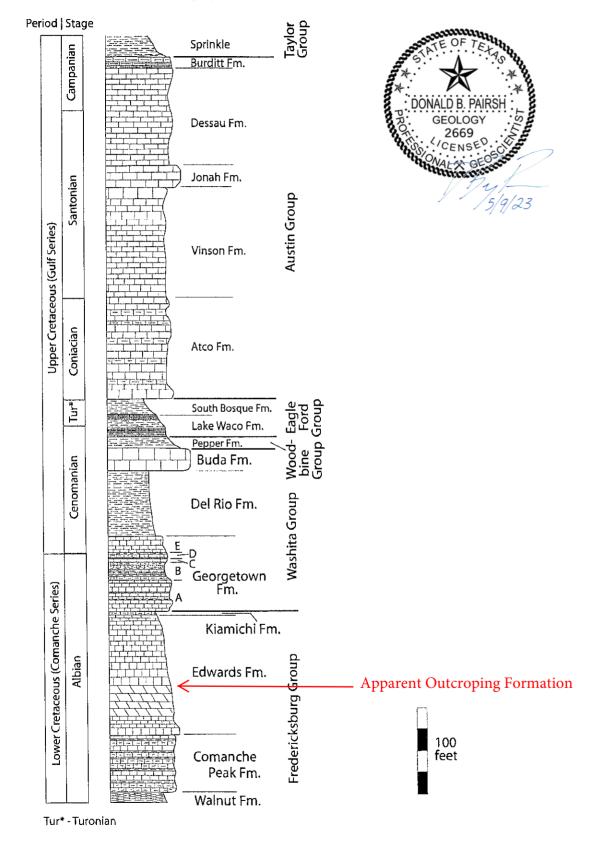
5/09/2023

TCEQ-0585-Table (Rev. 10-01-04)

## Attachment B – Stratigraphic Column



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Source: Bedrock Geology of Round Rock and Surrounding Areas, Williamson and Travis Counties, Texas By: Todd B. Housh

Attachment C – Site Geology

## NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION OF SITE SPECIFIC GEOLOGY VALERO C-STORE 4.54 ACRE TRACT GEORGETOWN, WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS 04/26/2023

## LOCATION

The subject site is an approximate 4.54 acres, more or less, tract of land located at 6830 West State Highway 29 in Georgetown, Williamson County, Texas at approximately 30.637254° North Latitude and approximately -97.803226° West Longitude. This location lies within the designated Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone. Therefore, future intended development of the site must conform to criteria in accordance with the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) Edwards Aquifer Protection Program Rules in accordance with Title 30 of the Texas Administrative Code, Section 213 (30 TAC§ 213).

## EXPLANATION OF ASSESSMENT

This assessment follows general guidelines contained in Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) "*Instruction for Geologist for Geologic Assessments on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge/Transition Zones*" (TCEQ Guidance 0585). The site is located on an area of the recharge zone that may contain karst features formed by selective solutioning of limestone minerals by water. Karst features may be expressed as surface features but more commonly tend to persist with depth. This assessment documents the presence or absence of site conditions that were present at the time of the site visit that was performed on <u>04/26/2023</u>. The site visit consisted of a walk through survey that consisted of a non-intrusive visual observation or survey of readily accessible, easily visible surface property conditions that were present on the subject property at the time of the site visit. Intrusive subsurface testing such as excavation, cave mapping, infiltrometer test, geophysical studies or tracer studies are not required for the geologic assessment of any feature in accordance with this practice.

A sensitive geologic or manmade feature, for the purpose of this practice is a feature on the recharge zone or transition zone of the Edwards Aquifer with a <u>superficial</u> appearance that suggest a potential for hydraulic interconnectedness between the surface and the Edwards Aquifer and that has the apparent potential for rapid infiltration into the subsurface.

## PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION OF SITE

The subject site is currently partially improved platted tract with a residence..

## SURFACE DRAINAGE

After reviewing the project site topographic survey, storm water runoff appears to flow toward the Northeast.

## SOIL DESCRIPTION

The site soil is composed of:

Georgetown stony clay loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes (GsB), Hydrologic Group D

The Georgetown series consists of moderately deep, well drained, very slowly permeable soils that have formed over indurated limestone of Cretaceous age. These soils occur on nearly level to very gently sloping dissected plateaus. Slope ranges from 0 to 3 percent. Mean annual air temperature is about 19 degrees C (66 degrees F), and mean annual precipitation is about 864 mm (34 in). Well drained. Runoff is very high. Permeability is very slow.

Crawford clay, 1 to 3 percent slopes (CfB), Hydrologic Group D

The Crawford series consists of moderately deep, well drained, very slowly permeable soils that formed in clayey sediments that are underlain by indurated limestone bedrock. These soils are on broad nearly level or gently sloping uplands and slopes range from 0 to 5 percent. Mean annual air temperature is about degrees 18.9 degrees C (66 degrees F), and mean annual precipitation is about 864 mm (34 in). This soil is well drained. Permeability is very slow. Runoff is high on slopes less than 1 percent and very high on 1 to 5 percent slopes.

## GEOLOGY

The site is located on the:

Edwards Limestone (Ked)

The Edwards Limestone consist of limestone, dolomite, and chert; limestone aphanitic to fine grained, massive to thin bedded, hard, brittle, in part rudistid biostromes, much miliolid biosparite; dolomite fine to very fine grained, porous, medium gray to grayish brown; chert, nodules and plates common, varies in amount from bed to bed, some intervals free of chert, mostly white to light gray; in zone of weathering considerably recrystallized, "honeycombed," and cavernous forming an aquifer; forms flat areas and plateaus bordered by scarps; thickness 60-350 feet, thins northward.

## STRUCTURAL TREND and FEATURES:

The subject site is located on the Edwards Plateau within the Balcones / Ouachita structural province in central Texas. The Balcones / Ouachita structural province is an arcuate band of mostly down-to-the-coast normal faults that sub-parallels the Gulf of Mexico. In Williamson County, the regional structural trend of the Balcones / Ouachita province is generally southwest to northeast.

(Source: "Lineament Analysis and Inference of Geologic Structure-Examples from the Balcones/Ouachita Trend of Texas." Curan, Woodfruff, Jr, and Thompson, 1982)

The site is <u>not</u> located in the vicinity of mapped regional faulting. No surface expressions of local structural features were observed during this assessment.

## SITE SPECIFIC GEOLOGIC FEATURE DESCRIPTIONS Identified 04/26/2023

To the extent that surface property features were readily accessible and observable at the time the site was evaluated on 04/26/2023 no geologic features were identified on the subject tract of land that has observed potential to affect recharge to the Edwards Aquifer

## **OBSERVATIONS**

To the extent that surface property features were readily accessible and observable at the time the site was evaluated on 04/26/2023 no sensitive features were identified on the subject tract of land that has observed potential to affect recharge to the Edwards Aquifer.

## CONCLUDING STATEMENTS

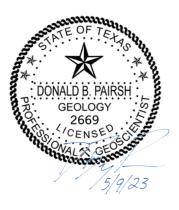
The Client understands that no non-intrusive visual observation or survey can wholly eliminate uncertainty regarding the possible presence of geologic conditions in connection with the subject property. Due to the inherent limits in connection with the agreed Scope of Work, this report does not address uncertainty about site conditions across those portions of the subject property not specifically addressed in this report.

Development of the site is planned. Additional modification of site surface conditions can be expected as construction proceeds. Unsuspected solution enlarged fractures, caves and cavities may be discovered during construction operations.

This assessment does not address the possible presence of subsurface conditions that may be exposed during construction operations. Should solution features or conditions be exposed during construction operations that indicate a potential for hydraulic interconnectedness between the surface and the Edwards Aquifer, operations in the vicinity of the feature should be halted and the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) Edwards Aquifer Protection Program should be contacted immediately in accordance with 30 TAC §213.5(f)(2).

Respectfully,

D Bryan Pairsh, P.G. Project Geologist *Capitol Environmental, Inc TBPG Firm Registration #50389 Austin, Texas* 



## DISCLAIMER:

Under standard geologic assessment practice, this assessment is an assessment of surface property conditions that were readily accessible and easily visible at the time of the assessment.

Services performed under this contract were conducted in a manner consistent with the level of care and skill ordinarily exercised by members of the profession currently practicing under similar conditions. Under standard geologic assessment practice, information developed in this report represents an assessment of environmental conditions observed as present or absent on portions of the surface of the subject property at the time of the assessment. The field observations, measurements and research reported in this report are considered sufficient in detail and scope to form a contained assessment of discrete portions of the subject property. Capitol warrants that the findings and conclusions contained in this report have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted methods normal for the subject site described in this report.

Not every property will warrant the same level of assessment. Consistent with good commercial and customary practice, the appropriate level of assessment will be guided by the type of property subject to assessment, the expertise and risk tolerance of the Client and information developed in the course of the inquiry. The Assessment has been developed to provide the Client with information regarding apparent indications of the presence of absence of geologic conditions relating to the surface of the subject site. The Geologic Assessment report is necessarily limited to the conditions observed and to the information available at the time the work was performed. Due to the limited nature of the work, there is a possibility that conditions may exist in connection with the subject site which could not be identified within the scope of this assessment practice or which were not easily visible or not disclosed at the time the report was prepared.

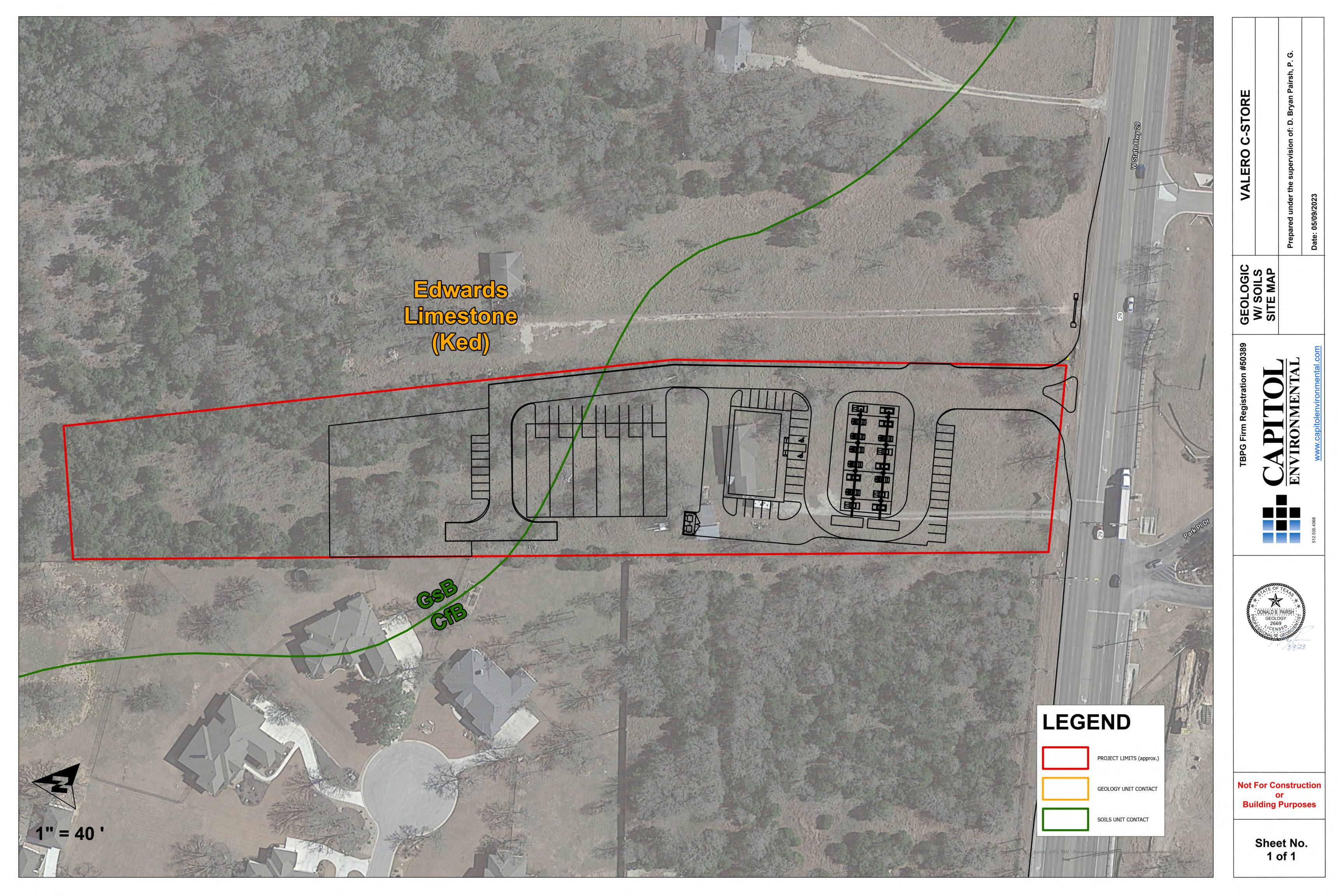
It is also possible that assessment methods employed at the time the report was prepared may be later superseded by more discrete assessment methods. The definition of a "sensitive geologic feature" and / or a "critical environmental feature" can also change statutorily over time. Capitol does not warrant the content or findings of this report in the event of changes in conditions in connection with the subject property; in the event of changes in assessment methods; or in the event of changes in statute that may apply to the subject property in the future.

In preparing this report, Capitol has relied on information derived from third party sources and personal interviews, as well as other investigative work. Except as set forth in this report, Capitol has made no independent investigation as to the accuracy or completeness of the information derived from third party sources.

This report does not address uncertainty about site conditions across those portions of the subject property not specifically assessed in this report. The Client understands that no surface assessment can wholly eliminate uncertainty regarding the possible presence of geologic conditions at depth in connection with the subject property. The Client should recognize that conditions elsewhere in the assessment area may differ from those at the study /sample locations, and that surface conditions described in the assessment practice herein may change at depth. This assessment should not to be used as a basis for engineering design.

This report was prepared for the Client, to identify the presence or absence of geologic conditions on surface portions of the subject property. Any use of this report for other purposes or any use of information presented in this report by other parties other than the Client is the Client's responsibility.

Attachment D – Site Geologic Map & Site Soil Site Map



Jon Niermann, *Chairman* Emily Lindley, *Commissioner* Bobby Janecka, *Commissioner* Kelly Keel, *Interim Executive Director* 



### TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Protecting Texas by Reducing and Preventing Pollution

October 25, 2023

Mr. Aslam Motiwala Ahmed Real Estate, Inc. 151 Jayne Cv. Austin, Texas 78737

Re: Approval of a Water Pollution Abatement Plan (WPAP) Valero C-Store; Located 500 ft NE of Creek Crossing Dr. and W. State HWY 29; Liberty Hill ETJ, Williamson County, Texas Edwards Aquifer Protection Program ID: 11003670, Regulated Entity No. RN111788956

### Dear Mr. Motiwala:

The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) has completed its review on the application for the above-referenced project submitted to the Edwards Aquifer Protection Program (EAPP) by AES Engineering Consultant, on behalf of the applicant, Ahmed Real Estate Inc., on August 7, 2023. Final review of the application was completed after additional material was received on October 8, 2023, and October 18, 2023.

As presented to the TCEQ, the application was prepared in general compliance with the requirements of 30 Texas Administrative Codes (TAC) Chapter §213. The permanent best management practices (BMPs) and measures represented in the application were prepared by a Texas licensed professional engineer (PE). All construction plans and design information were sealed, signed, and dated by a Texas licensed PE. Therefore, the application for the construction of the proposed project and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer are **approved**, subject to applicable state rules and the conditions in this letter.

This approval expires two years from the date of this letter, unless, prior to the expiration date, more than 10 percent of the construction has commenced on the project or an extension of time has been officially requested. This approval or extension will expire, and no extension will be granted if more than 50 percent of the project has not been completed within ten years from the date of this letter.

The applicant or a person affected may file with the chief clerk a motion for reconsideration of the executive director's final action on this Edwards Aquifer protection plan. A motion for reconsideration must be filed in accordance with 30 TAC §50.139.

### PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The proposed commercial project will have an area of approximately 3.38 acres. The project will include a 5,000 ft<sup>2</sup> convenience store, a 17,500 ft<sup>2</sup> office warehouse, associated parking, utilities, and water quality facilities. The impervious cover will be 1.96 acres (58 percent). According to a letter dated, September 21, 2023, signed by James Lancaster, with Williamson County, the site in the development is acceptable for the use of on-site sewage facilities.

TCEQ Region 11 · P.O. Box 13087 · Austin, Texas 78711-3087 · 512-339-2929 · Fax 512-339-3795

Mr. Aslam Motiwala Page 2 October 25, 2023

#### PERMANENT POLLUTION ABATEMENT MEASURES

To prevent the pollution of stormwater runoff originating on-site or upgradient of the site and potentially flowing across and off the site after construction, a partial sedimentation/filtration basin, designed using the TCEQ technical guidance, *RG-348, Complying with the Edwards Aquifer Rules: Technical Guidance on Best Management Practices,* will be constructed to treat stormwater runoff. The required total suspended solids (TSS) treatment for this project is 1,709 pounds of TSS generated from the 1.96 acres of impervious cover. The approved permanent BMPs and measures meet the required 80 percent removal of the increased load in TSS caused by the project.

The permanent BMPS shall be operational prior to occupancy or use of the proposed project. Inspection, maintenance, repair, and retrofit of the permanent BMPs shall be in accordance with the approved application.

### GEOLOGY

According to the Geologic Assessment (GA) included with the application, the surficial unit of the site is the Edwards Limestone. No sensitive geologic features were identified in the GA. The site assessment conducted on September 27, 2023, by TCEQ staff determined the site to be generally as described by the GA.

### SPECIAL CONDITIONS

I. An approved Underground Storage Tank Facility Plan (UST) will be required for the storage of static hydrocarbons.

### STANDARD CONDITIONS

- 1. The plan holder (applicant) must comply with all provisions of 30 TAC Chapter §213 and all technical specifications in the approved plan. The plan holder should also acquire and comply with additional and separate approvals, permits, registrations or authorizations from other TCEQ Programs (i.e., Stormwater, Water Rights, Dam Safety, Underground Injection Control) as required based on the specifics of the plan.
- 2. In addition to the rules of the Commission, the plan holder must also comply with state and local ordinances and regulations providing for the protection of water quality as applicable.

#### Prior to Commencement of Construction:

- 3. Within 60 days of receiving written approval of an Edwards Aquifer protection plan, the plan holder must submit to the EAPP proof of recordation of notice in the county deed records, with the volume and page number(s) of the county record. A description of the property boundaries shall be included in the deed recordation in the county deed records. TCEQ form, Deed Recordation Affidavit (TCEQ-0625), may be used.
- 4. The plan holder of any approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan must notify the EAPP and obtain approval from the executive director prior to initiating any modification to the activities described in the referenced application following the date of the approval.
- 5. The plan holder must provide written notification of intent to commence construction, replacement, or rehabilitation of the referenced project. Notification must be submitted to the EAPP no later than 48 hours prior to commencement of the regulated activity. Notification must include the date on which the regulated activity will commence, the name of the approved plan and program ID number for the regulated activity, and the name of the prime contractor with the name and telephone number of the contact person.

Mr. Aslam Motiwala Page 3 October 25, 2023

- 6. Temporary erosion and sedimentation (E&S) controls as described in the referenced application, must be installed prior to construction, and maintained during construction. Temporary E&S controls may be removed when vegetation is established, and the construction area is stabilized. The TCEQ may monitor stormwater discharges from the site to evaluate the adequacy of temporary E&S control measures. Additional controls may be necessary if excessive solids are being discharged from the site.
- 7. All borings with depths greater than or equal to 20 feet must be plugged with non-shrink grout from the bottom of the hole to within three (3) feet of the surface. The remainder of the hole must be backfilled with cuttings from the boring or gravel. All borings less than 20 feet must be backfilled with cuttings from the boring. All borings must be backfilled or plugged within four (4) days of completion of the drilling operation.

### **During Construction:**

- 8. This approval does not authorize the installation of temporary or permanent aboveground storage tanks on this project that will have a total storage capacity of five hundred gallons or more of static hydrocarbons or hazardous substances without prior approval of an Aboveground Storage Tank facility application.
- 9. If any sensitive feature is encountered during construction, replacement, or rehabilitation on this project, all regulated activities must be **immediately** suspended near it and notification must be made to TCEQ EAPP staff. Temporary BMPs must be installed and maintained to protect the feature from pollution and contamination. Regulated activities near the feature may not proceed until the executive director has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the feature and the aquifer from potentially adverse impacts to water quality.
- 10. All water wells, including injection, dewatering, and monitoring wells shall be identified in the geologic assessment and must be in compliance with the requirements of the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation 16 TAC Chapter §76 and all other locally applicable rules, as appropriate.
- 11. If sediment escapes the construction site, the sediment must be removed at a frequency sufficient to minimize offsite impacts to water quality (e.g., fugitive sediment in street being washed into surface streams or sensitive features by the next rain). Sediment must be removed from sediment traps or sedimentation ponds not later than when design capacity has been reduced by 50 percent. Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals shall be prevented from becoming stormwater discharge pollutants.
- 12. Intentional discharges of sediment laden water are not allowed. If dewatering becomes necessary, the discharge must be filtered through appropriately selected BMPs.
- 13. The following records shall be maintained and made available to the executive director upon request: the dates when major grading activities occur, the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site, and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 14. Stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, and construction activities will not resume within 21 days. When the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day is precluded by weather conditions, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable.

- 15. Owners of permanent BMPs and temporary measures must ensure that the BMPs and measures are constructed and function as designed. A Texas licensed PE must certify in writing that the **permanent** BMPs or measures were constructed as designed. The certification letter must be submitted to the EAPP within 30 days of site completion.
- 16. The applicant shall be responsible for maintaining the permanent BMPs after construction until such time as the maintenance obligation is either assumed in writing by another entity having ownership or control of the property or the ownership of the property is transferred to the entity. A copy of the transfer of responsibility must be filed with the executive director through the EAPP within 30 days of the transfer. TCEQ form, Change in Responsibility for Maintenance on Permanent BMPs and Measures (TCEQ-10263), may be used.

The holder of the approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan is responsible for compliance with Chapter §213 and any condition of the approved plan through all phases of plan implementation. Failure to comply with any condition within this approval letter is a violation of Chapter §213 and is subject to administrative rule or orders and penalties as provided under §213.10 of this title (relating to Enforcement). Such violations may also be subject to civil penalties and injunction. Upon legal transfer of this property, the new owner is required to comply with all terms of the approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan.

This action is taken as delegated by the executive director of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality. If you have any questions or require additional information, please contact Ms. Betsy Yockey of the Edwards Aquifer Protection Program at 512-239-7014 or the regional office at 512-339-2929.

Sincerely,

Monica Reyes for

Lillian Butler, Section Manager Edwards Aquifer Protection Program Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

LIB/bmy

cc: Mr. Ahmed El Seweify, P.E., AES Engineering Consultant

### Underground Storage Tank Facility Plan Application TCEQ-0583



### Underground Storage Tank Facility Plan Application

**Texas Commission on Environmental Quality** 

for Storage on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge and Transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(d), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

### Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. All components used for this facility are U.L. listed or certified by a 3rd party and are compatible and will function pursuant to 30 TAC §213.5(d) and 30 TAC Chapter 334 Subchapter C. This **Underground Storage Tank Facility Plan Application** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and Executive Director approval. The application was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: <u>Mr. Chad M. Copeland, P.G., PWS</u> Date: 06/03/2024

Signature of Customer/Agent:

MCALL

Regulated Entity Name: Valero C-Store

### Underground Storage Tank (UST) System Information

- 1. Attachment A Detailed Narrative of UST Facility. A detailed narrative description of the proposed UST Facility is attached. Note: Example descriptions are provided in the instructions (TCEQ-0583-Instructions)
- 2. Tanks and substance to be stored:

### Table 1 - Tanks and Substances Stored

UST Number	UST Number Size(Gallons)		Double-wall Tank Material
1	20,000 Gallons	Gasoline	Xerxes Triple Wall FRP

UST Number	Size(Gallons)	Substance to be Stored	Double-wall Tank Material
2	10,000 Gallons	Gasoline	Xerxes Triple Wall FRP
3	10,000 Gallons	Diesel	Xerxes Triple Wall FRP
4			
5			

### 3. Tanks:

Attachment B – Manufacturer Information for Tanks. New or replacement systems for the underground storage of static hydrocarbons or hazardous substances must be double-walled or provide an equivalent method of protection approved by the executive director. Tanks must comply with technical standards as required by 30 TAC 334.45(b) relating to technical standards for new tanks. Manufacturer information is attached.

Attachment C – Alternative Design and Protection Method for Tanks. Information required by 30 TAC 334.43, relating to variances and alternative procedures is attached.

### 4. Piping:

Attachment D – Manufacturer Information for Piping. Piping must comply with technical standards as required by 30 TAC 334.45(c) relating to technical standards for new piping. Manufacturer information is attached.

Attachment E – Alternative Design and Protection Method for Piping. Information required by 30 TAC 334.43, relating to variances and alternative procedures is attached.

5. Any new underground storage tank system that does not incorporate a method for tertiary containment shall be located a minimum horizontal distance of 150 feet from any domestic, industrial, irrigation, or public water supply well, or other sensitive feature as required by 30 TAC §213.5(d)(1)(B).

The UST system(s) will not be installed within 150 feet of a domestic, industrial, irrigation, or public water supply well, or other sensitive feature.

Attachment F - Tertiary Containment Method. The UST system(s) will be required to have tertiary containment provided. A description of the method proposed to provide tertiary containment is attached.

6. Corrosion protection equipment to be installed or type of non-corrodible materials:

### Table 2 - Corrosion Protection

Equipment	Corrosion Protection (Method)
Tanks	Xerxes
Product Delivery Piping	Dualoy 3000/LCX & Dualoy 3000/L

Equipment	Corrosion Protection (Method)
Vapor Recovery Piping	NA
Submersible Pumps	Isolated in sump
Flex Connector (dispenser end)	Isolated in sump
Flex Connector (pump end)	Isolated in sump
Riser	dielectric tape wrap

7.  $\square$  Overfill protection equipment to be installed:

Overfill prevention restrictor positioned at 90% capacity.

 $\boxtimes$  Overfill prevention valve positioned at 95% capacity.

Overfill audible and visual alarm positioned at 90% capacity.

8. Methods for detecting leaks in the inside wall of a double-walled system must be included in the facility's design and construction. The leak detection system must provide continuous monitoring of the system and must be capable of immediately alerting the system's owner of possible leakages. Release detection equipment to be installed: (Check all that apply)

Central on-site monitor

Interstitial tank probes

Automatic tank gauge

Pump/manway sump probes

Observation well probes

igtiadrightarrow Mechanical line leak detectors (for pressurized lines only)

Automatic (electronic) line leak detectors

### Excavation and Backfill

 The depth of the tank excavation will be sufficient to accommodate piping fall requirements, tank diameter, bedding, and a minimum cover of three (3) feet [30 TAC §334.46].

The depth of the tank excavation will be  $\underline{16}$  feet.

10. The minimum thickness of the tank bedding will conform to 30 TAC §334.46(a)(5)(C and D).

The tank bedding thickness will be <u>12</u> inches.

11. The material to be used as backfill will conform to 30 TAC §334.46(a)(5)(A and B) and will consist of:

Clean washed non-corrosive sand

Pea gravel

Crushed rock

Other: \_\_\_\_\_

12. The slope of the product delivery line(s) will conform to 30 TAC §334.46(c)(2) and will be  $\frac{1/8}{1/8}$  (1/8" per foot minimum).

### Site Plan Requirements

### Items 13 - 24 must be included on the Site Plan.

13.  $\square$  The Site Plan must have a minimum scale of 1" = 400'.

Site Plan Scale: 1" = <u>40</u>.

14. 100-year floodplain boundaries:

$\boxtimes$	The 100-year floodplain boundaries are based on the following specific (including date
	of material) sources(s): <u>FEMA National Flood Hazard Layer (NFHL) Viewer -</u>
	<u>48491C0275E eff. 9/26/2008</u>

Some part(s) of the project site is located within the 100-year floodplain. The floodplain is shown and labeled.

No part of the project site is located within the 100-year floodplain.

15. The layout of the development is shown with existing and finished contours at appropriate, but not greater than ten-foot contour intervals. Show lots, recreation centers, buildings, roads, etc.

The layout of the development is shown with existing contours. Finished topographic contours will not differ from the existing topographic configuration and are not shown.

16. All known wells (oil, water, unplugged, capped and/or abandoned, test holes, etc.):

There are \_\_\_\_\_(#) wells present on the project site and the locations are shown and labeled. (Check all of the following that apply)

The wells are not in use and have been properly abandoned.

\_\_\_\_ The wells are not in use and will be properly abandoned.

] The wells are in use and comply with 16 TAC §76.

 $\square$  There are no wells or test holes of any kind known to exist on the project site.

17. Geologic or manmade features which are on the site:

All sensitive geologic or manmade features identified in the Geologic Assessment are shown and labeled.

No sensitive geologic or manmade features were identified in the Geologic Assessment.

**Attachment G - Exception to the Geologic Assessment**. A request and justification for an exception to a portion of the Geologic Assessment is attached.

- 18. The drainage patterns and approximate slopes anticipated after major grading activities.
- 19.  $\square$  Areas of soil disturbance and areas which will not be disturbed.
- 20. 🛛 Locations of major structural and nonstructural controls. These are the temporary best management practices.
- 21. 🛛 Locations where soil stabilization practices are expected to occur.

22. Surface waters (including wetlands).

N/A

- 23. Locations where stormwater discharges to surface water or sensitive features.
  - There will be no discharges to surface water or sensitive features.
- 24.  $\square$  Legal boundaries of the site are shown.

### **UST System Profiles**

25. Attachment H - Profile Drawing(s). A profile drawing(s) of the proposed UST system with all components shown and labeled is attached.

### **Best Management Practices**

- 26. Attachment I Initial and Continuing Training. A description of the initial and continuing training of on-site personnel for operation of release detection equipment is attached. The description should include how personnel will respond to warning and alarm conditions of the leak detection monitoring system.
- 27. X Attachment J Release Detection Maintenance. A description of the program and schedule for maintaining release detection and cathodic protection equipment is attached. Any such equipment should be operated and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and instructions.

### Administrative Information

- 28. A Water Pollution Abatement Plan (WPAP) is required for construction of any associated commercial, industrial or residential project located on the Recharge Zone.
  - The WPAP application for this project was approved by letter dated <u>10/25/2023</u>. A
     copy of the approval letter is attached at the end of this application.
  - The WPAP application for this project was submitted to the TCEQ on \_\_\_\_\_, but has not been approved.
  - A WPAP application is required for an associated project, but it has not been submitted.
  - There will be no building or structure associated with this project. In the event a building or structure is needed in the future, the required WPAP will be submitted to the TCEQ.
  - The proposed UST is located on the **Transition Zone** and a WPAP is not required. Information requested in 30 TAC 213.5 subsection (b)(4)(B) and (C) and (5) is provided with this application. (Forms TCEQ-0600 Permanent Stormwater Section and TCEQ-0602 Temporary Stormwater Section or Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan/SW3P).
- 29. UST systems must be installed by a person possessing a valid certificate of registration in accordance with the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 334 Subchapter I.

- 30. This facility is subject to and must meet the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 334, including but not limited to the 30 day construction notification and reporting and cleanup of surface spills and overfills.
- 31. Upon completion of the tankhold excavation, a geologist must certify that the excavation was inspected for the presence of sensitive features. The certification must be submitted to the appropriate regional office. If sensitive features are found, then excavation near the feature may not proceed until the methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer are reviewed and approved by the executive director.
- 32. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
- 33. Any modification of this UST application will require TCEQ approval, prior to construction, and may require submission of a revised application, with appropriate fees.

### ATTACHMENT A

Detailed Narrative of UST Facility



### PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The subject site is located at 6830 W. State Highway 29, Williamson County, Texas, 78628. The site is located within the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone. The subject site is an existing residential site covered with native grass/weeds and minor scattered brushed and some trees. The areas surrounding the subject site supports mixed commercial and residential properties. A Water Pollution Abatement Plan has already been submitted for this site and was approved on October 25, 2023.

The proposed underground storage tank systems will include three (3) Xerxes fiberglass triple wall tanks including a 20,000-gallon gasoline (UL 1316, ULC S615), a 10,000-gallon tank containing gasoline (UL 1316, ULC S615), and a 10,000-gallon tank containing diesel (UL 1316, ULC S615). The corresponding underground storage tank sumps are Xerces integrated sumps. Associated with these tanks will be eight (8) new Gilbarco 700 S dispensers along with with new triple wall FRP piping.

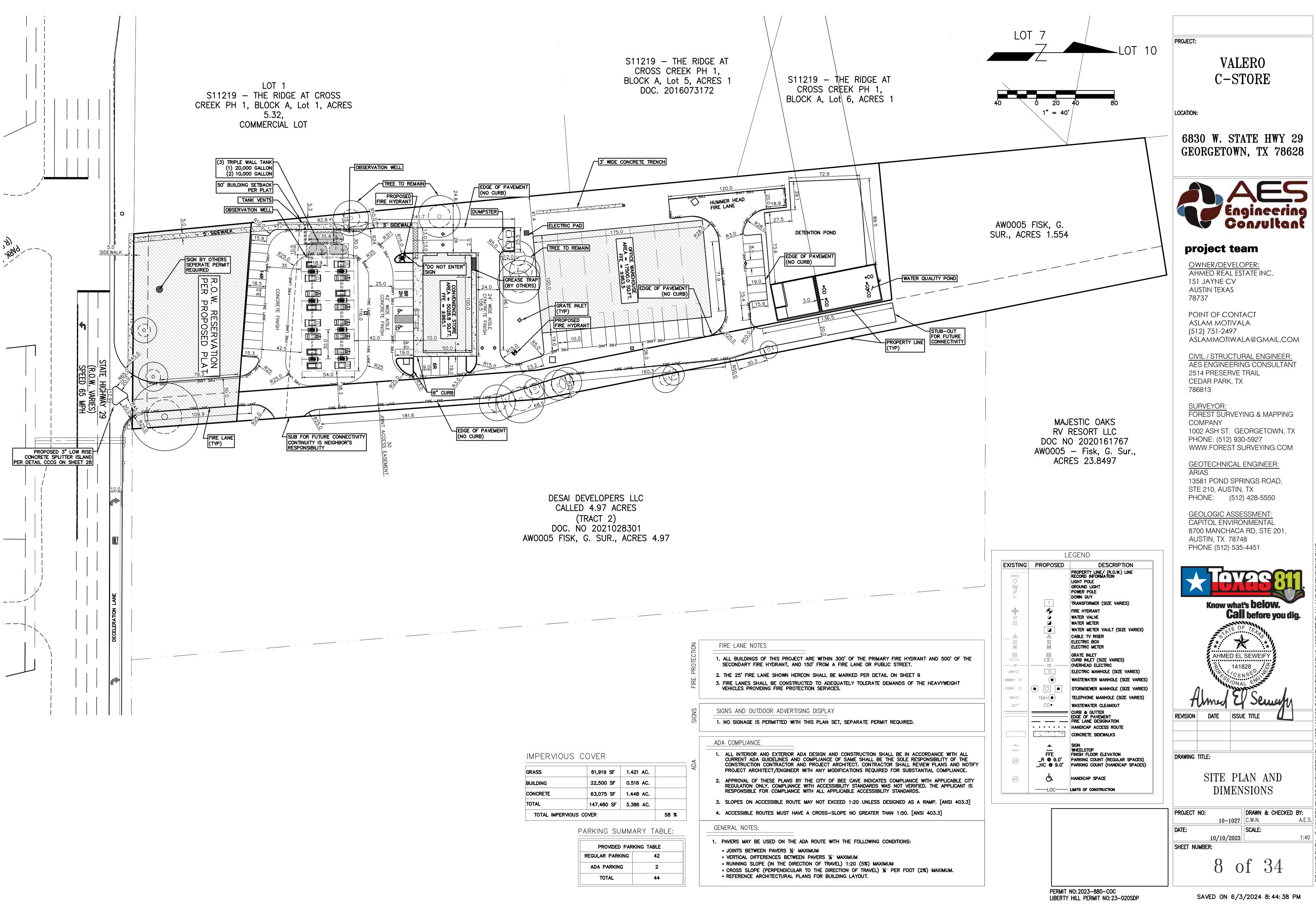
The tanks storing gasoline will be equipped with 2 hp FE Petro submersible pumps. The tank storing diesel will be equipped with a 1.5 hp FE Petro submersible pump. Overfill prevention for each tank compartment will be provided by a valve assembly which will be installed in the tank below the vapor recovery fitting and will be set to shut off flow into the tank when the volume of liquid in the tank reaches no more than 95% of the tank capacity.

Product piping will be U.L. listed Dualoy 3000/LCX double wall fiberglass-reinforced plastic piping within Dualoy 3000/L fiberglass-reinforced plastic piping (creating tertiary containment). Dualoy 3000/LCX and Dualoy/L pipe are UL 971 listed. Dualoy 3000/LCX product lines are double-wall construction and will consist of a 2-inch diameter primary pipe surrounded by Dualoy 3000/L single-wall construction with a 3-inch diameter. Vent lines will be 2-inch diameter double-wall pipe. Under each dispenser for each product grade there will be a shear valve mounted to a rigid framework and installed at the dispenser island surface level to assure automatic shut-off of product flow during impact or fire emergencies. In addition, FLEX-ING flexible connectors will be installed at both ends of each product line in isolation sumps to connect to the dispenser unit and submersible pump.

Corrosion protection for the metallic components of the underground storage systems will be provided by electrical isolation. The submersible pump housings and pump-end flexible connectors will be installed within an integrated Xerxes piping sump, which will provide isolation from the backfill material while also providing secondary containment for any leaks from these components. The dispenser-end flexible connector will be similarly isolated by enclosure within an OPW fiberglass under dispenser sump. The vapor recovery riser and the fill tube riser will be thoroughly wrapped with a suitable dielectric material and are isolated from the tank by the use of isolation bushings.

The proposed tanks and piping will be monitored for leaks by means of inventory control, tank monitor CSLD release detection software, sump and interstitial leak detection, and mechanical line leak detection. The tanks will be equipped with a liquid discrimination sensor which will be installed adjacent to the submersible pumps in the sumps and in all dispenser sumps. The tanks will also be equipped with an electronic automatic tank gauging inventory probe for inventory of the product volume in the tank.

The controller will be equipped with Continuous Statistical Leak Detection to meet TCEQ release detection requirements. Each product piping line will be equipped with mechanical line leak detection. The probes and sensors from all tanks will be connected to a Veeder-Root 450 TLS programmable control unit to be located in the store building. The tank interstitial is monitored with a Veeder Root interstitial sensor which will set off an alarm if liquid enters the tank interstitial. This central monitoring unit is designed to provide visual and audible alarms when hydrocarbon liquids or water is detected.

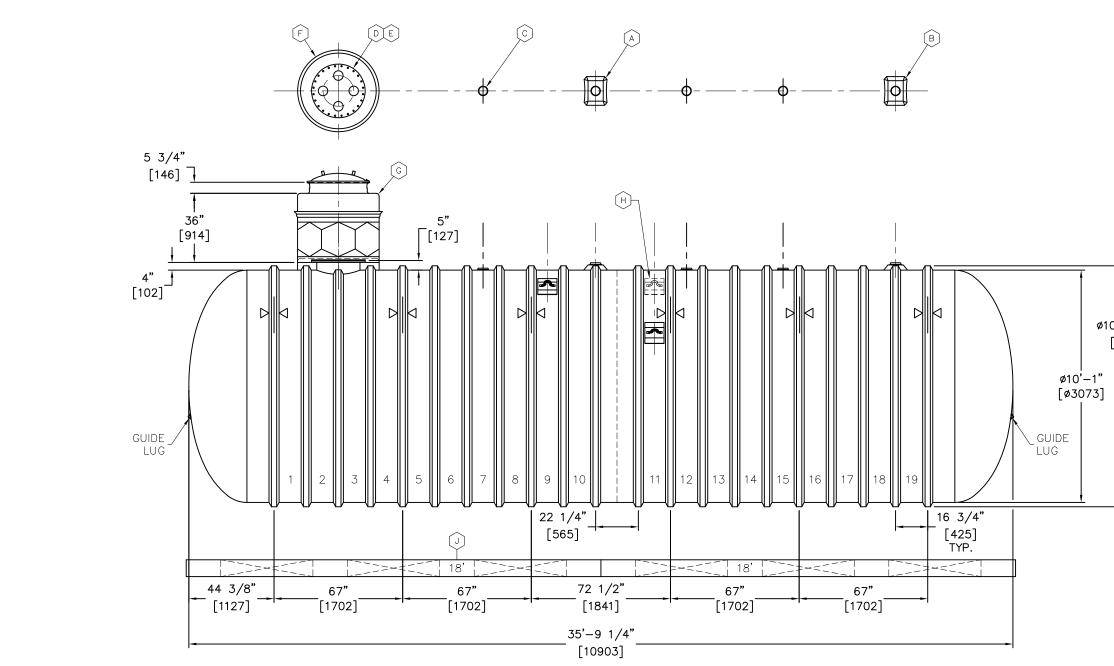


PROVIDED PARK	ING TABLE
REGULAR PARKING	42
ADA PARKING	2
TOTAL	44

### ATTACHMENT B

Manufacturer Information for Tanks





ITEM	QTY	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.
A	1	PRIMARY MONITOR FITTING, 4", CDN 10'	C310208
B	1	SECONDARY MONITOR FITTING, 4", CDN 10'	C310208
C	3	FITTING, 4" H, 10' (WITH STRIKER PLATE)	C310018
	1	MANWAY, 22" (WITH STRIKER PLATE)	C210001
E	1	MANWAY COVER, 22", 4-4" H, TYPE F	C330030
F	1	COLLAR, SW, 42"	C220001
G	1	SUMP, SWFS, 42" X 36" w/ 30" WT LL TOP	C710008
H	3	LIFT LUG, ON BENT PLATE, 10" x 12", 10' (36" 36" 33")	C340010
C	4	18' PREFABRICATED CONCRETE DEADMEN KIT	_
$\triangleright \triangleleft$	6	HOLD DOWN STRAP LOCATION	_

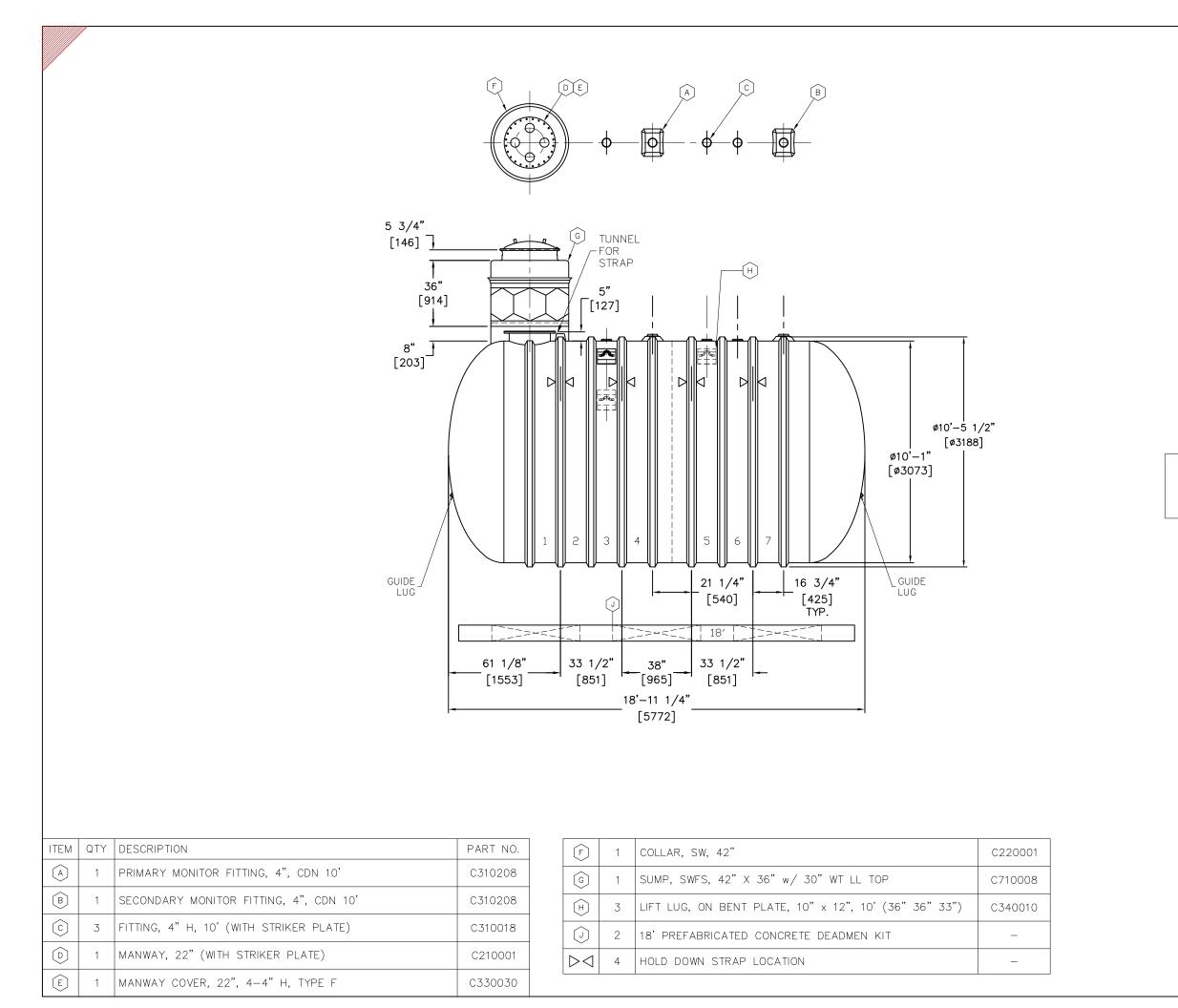
NOTES:

- 1. ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN FEET/INCHES [mm].
- 2. ONLY MATERIALS THAT HAVE BEEN TESTED AND APPROVED BY XERXES SHOULD BE USED FOR BONDING OF CONTAINMENT SUMP COMPONENTS.
- 3. TANK IS TRIPLE WALL CONSTRUCTION AND REQUIRES TWO MONITORING SYSTEMS.
- DRAWING EXPIRATION: DRAWING VALID FOR SIX (6) MONTHS FROM DATE OF LAST REVISION. XERXES RESERVES THE RIGHT TO REVIEW AND UPDATE.
- 5. NOMINAL TANK WEIGHT : TBD lbs. [TBD kg.].

ø10'-5 1/2" [ø3188]

### PRELIMINARY NOT FOR PRODUCTION

00	REV	REVISION DESCRIPTION						
DRN -		DATE -	снк'р		DATE -	APPR'D	'	DATE -
	S XERXES							
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DRN IL		DATE 03-06-24	TITLE		P100T			
CHK'D GDS APPR'D	GDS 03-06-24 PRESTIGE TANK AND PUMP							
SALES M	ANAGE					REV		
	Cary			B XS-006046				100
	Etter scale: N.T.S. SHT 1 0				1 OF 1			
INDUSTRY	INDUSTRY TYPE: M101 Fuel Markets							



NOTES:

- 1. ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN FEET/INCHES [mm].
- 2. ONLY MATERIALS THAT HAVE BEEN TESTED AND APPROVED BY XERXES SHOULD BE USED FOR BONDING OF CONTAINMENT SUMP COMPONENTS.
- 3. MOH STRAPS NOT ALLOWED WITH COLLAR TUNNELS. COLLAR HEIGHT WILL INCREASE TO 8" HIGH.
- 4. DRAWING EXPIRATION: DRAWING VALID FOR SIX (6) MONTHS FROM DATE OF LAST REVISION. XERXES RESERVES THE RIGHT TO REVIEW AND UPDATE.
- 5. NOMINAL TANK WEIGHT : TBD lbs. [TBD kg.].

### PRELIMINARY NOT FOR PRODUCTION

00	O REVISION DESCRIPTION									
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-			SERVICES DR. SIZE DR. NUMBER REV							
SALES M	anage Ca		B XS-00604				47			
	Ett	er	SCALE:	N.	T.S.			SH	т	1 <b>of</b> 1
INDUSTRY	INDUSTRY TYPE: M101 Fuel Markets									



# Fiberglass Underground Storage Tanks





### ZCL | XERXES RELIABLE, CORROSION-RESISTANT TANKS

OVER **200,000** FIBERGLASS STORAGE TANKS MANUFACTURED AND SHIPPED IN NORTH AMERICA



XES

### A history of **innovation** in the **fuel industry**

When ZCL Composites Inc. and Xerxes Corporation joined in 2007, it brought together North America's two leading fiberglass tank brands: ZCL (founded in 1987) and Xerxes (founded in 1979). Today, ZCL | Xerxes is one of the world's leading innovators in composite tank engineering. Nearly 40 years of manufacturing experience and more than 200,000 tanks manufactured and shipped stand as proof of the reliability and quality of our products.

This solid track record provides our customers with peace of mind, which is why petroleum equipment distributors, fuel marketers and commercial accounts rely on our double-wall tanks for safe underground storage of fuel products. We have provided customers with durable and sustainable products that protect the environment for decades. Our proven track record along with our financial strength assures customers that we will be around to support our industry-leading products and warranties. Currently, 29 of the 30 top c-store marketers<sup>1</sup> choose E15-, E85- and ULSD-compatible, corrosion-resistant fiberglass storage tanks from industry leaders like ZCL | Xerxes.

1 CSP's Convenience Top 101, http://www.cspdailynews.com/industry-news-analysis/top-convenience-stores/archive/2015

### Our history of **storage solutions** includes:

- developing the first UL-listed double-wall fiberglass tank
- incorporating our factory-installed hydrostatic monitoring system (TRUCHEK®)
- incorporating our unique 3D glass fabric (Parabeam®) into our tank design



## WHY CHOOSE A FIBERGLASS TANK?

### **Best Product Investment**

Fiberglass tanks have rapidly grown in popularity since they were first introduced more than 50 years ago as the corrosionresistant alternative to underground steel tanks that were rusting, leaking and creating serious environmental damage. Major oil companies and large fuel marketers were the first to realize the benefits of fiberglass over steel for underground tanks. Today, a large majority of North American fuel marketers choose fiberglass, and the preference for fiberglass reaches all segments of the market, including industrial, commercial and government accounts who specify, install and own underground storage tanks. The growing understanding of fiberglass' benefits goes well beyond external corrosion protection with the recognition that fiberglass is corrosion-resistant, both inside and out.

### FIBERGLASS OUTPERFORMS STEEL CORROSION RESISTANCE

It's now common knowledge that fiberglass tanks are protected from external rusting due to corrosive soil environments. Today, the widespread use of ethanolblended gasoline (E10, E15, E85), biodiesel fuels and ultra-low sulfur diesel (ULSD) has shifted the concern about corrosion to include internal protection. Most significantly, new ethanol-blended fuels raise questions about the compatibility of storage tank materials with stored fuel. When today's buyers compare fiberglass and steel tanks they see the clear advantage of our fiberglass tanks, which are not vulnerable to aggressive internal corrosion caused by storage of today's biofuels. The fact that fiberglass tanks are corrosion-resistant both inside and out give them a distinct advantage over steel tanks.

### FUEL COMPATIBILITY

Customers today want to be confident that they are choosing a tank material that is compatible with the new fuels as well as traditional fuels. Our UL-listed (1316) and ULC-listed (S615) double-wall fiberglass tanks are UL-compatible with 0-100 percent ethanol storage. They are also warranted for the full range of ethanol-blended gasoline. The correlating UL listing (58) for steel fuel tanks does not require testing for ethanol compatibility. This third-party compatibility verification for fiberglass tanks – that steel tanks do not have – makes fiberglass the clear and superior choice for fuel tanks.





### OUR FIBERGLASS TANKS PROVIDE UNMATCHED BENEFITS

### The ZCL | Xerxes Advantage

ZCL | Xerxes double-wall underground storage tanks offer customers several significant design and performance differences that make them a superior choice to both steel tanks and other fiberglass tanks.



### **RIB DESIGN FOR STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY**

As engineers, system designers and customers compare products, the rib geometry of our tanks is an important consideration in their analysis. Our uniform, high-profile ribs are fabricated directly into the tank cylinder. In some other tanks, ribs are incorporated as a separate step in the manufacturing process. Integrally constructed ribs increase the overall strength of the tank and create a structurally superior product.

### **30-YEAR WARRANTY**

ZCL | Xerxes offers a 30-year limited warranty with no restrictions regarding water-bottom monitoring and removal. In contrast, many steel tank manufacturers now have a 10-year rather than 30-year warranty, and make ongoing maintenance and water-bottom removal a condition of warranty coverage.

### **PARABEAM®**

Our proprietary 3D glass fabric, Parabeam<sup>®</sup>, also enhances the overall structural integrity of our tank by creating a bond between the tank walls, while providing a freeflowing interstitial space for monitoring capabilities. This technology also eliminates the potential for false alarms (created by fluctuating reservoir levels) that can occur in other hydrostatically monitored tanks.

### **MAINTENANCE-FREE**

The presence of water in the bottom of fuel tanks is a common condition. Maintenance to remove it can be frequent and expensive. The requirement to do so, which is found in most steel-tank warranties, can leave a steel-tank owner vulnerable to a denied warranty claim should the tank corrode internally.

### **TRUCHEK® CONTINUOUS LEAK DETECTION**

Our patented TRUCHEK<sup>®</sup> hydrostatic tank monitoring system for double-wall tanks is an easy, reliable method for true continuous leak detection and tank-tightness testing. Hydrostatic monitoring – now the industry standard for continuous monitoring – gives tank owners greater peace of mind than with a simple liquid sensor, which can fail to detect an outer-wall breach. (See p. 10 for more information.) ZCL XERXES

ZCL XERXES

## ZCL | XERXES STORAGE TANK SOLUTIONS

Today, double-wall tanks are the industry standard in fuel applications. To meet the needs of our customers we also offer several other fiberglass tank options for a variety of applications and requirements. Our tank options include: double-wall tanks, multicompartment tanks, triple-wall tanks, diesel exhaust fluid tanks and oil-water separators. We also have a tank upgrade system when tank replacement is not viable.

### **DOUBLE-WALL TANKS**

Tank owners and system designers of underground fuel systems need tanks that provide secure storage of fuel over time. ZCL | Xerxes fiberglass double-wall tanks are an excellent solution because they are corrosion-resistant, both inside and out. Our tanks have a proven record of compatibility with traditional petroleum fuel as well as with new biofuels, which are increasing in use. Our double-wall fiberglass tanks are not vulnerable to the corrosion problems inherent in storing ethanol-blended fuels (E10, E15, E85), biodiesel fuels and ultra-low sulfur diesel (ULSD). Nor are they vulnerable to rust caused by corrosive soil environments. Options such as protective coatings and cathodic protection don't guard entirely against external corrosion and rust. This makes ZCL | Xerxes fiberglass double-wall tanks a superior choice for a wider range of fuel applications.

### MULTICOMPARTMENT TANKS

These tanks are a popular choice among retail gasoline marketers and fleet fueling owners. The ability to store two or three grades or types of fuel in a single tank is particularly appealing when the amount of onsite space makes multiple tanks impossible or difficult. Customers may also find installation and insurance cost savings with a multicompartment tank.

The ZCL | Xerxes double-wall multicompartment tank comes standard with a double-wall bulkhead, while some other tank manufacturers require an upgrade to a double-wall bulkhead. Tanks are available in a wide range of capacities and in diameters of 6 to 10 feet.

### FEATURES

- UL-listed (1316) & ULC-listed (S615) for alcohol fuels
- Secondary containment around full tank circumference
- Dry & hydrostatic monitoring options
- Capacities up to 50,000 gal. (USA)
- Capacities up to 155,000 L (Canada)

- UL-Listed (1316) & ULC-listed (S615) for alcohol fuels
- Secondary containment around full tank circumference
- Dry & hydrostatic monitoring options
- Two- & three-compartment models
- Capacities up to 40,000 gal. (USA)
- Capacities up to 155,000 L (Canada)



### **TRIPLE-WALL TANKS**

Some customers and regulatory agencies now require protection beyond secondary containment. Site conditions that could lead to a requirement for tertiary containment are the following: the presence of sensitive groundwater aquifers, lakes or streams. Our UL-listed triple-wall tank, with an additional Parabeam<sup>®</sup> interstice, is the innovative and cost-effective answer for this level of containment.

### DIESEL EXHAUST FLUID TANKS

ZCL | Xerxes has become a leading provider of diesel exhaust fluid (DEF) tanks in truck stops and vehicle fleet fuel facilities in the relatively short time DEF has been in demand in North America. Many fueling facilities now need to add bulk storage of DEF to meet the growing number of vehicles with diesel engines that require diesel exhaust fluid. A fiberglass underground storage tank has a number of benefits over the alternatives.

Since DEF cannot be exposed to carbon steel, a tank constructed of fiberglass is the clear choice. Using our fiberglass underground tank avoids the need for protective coatings or linings to protect the integrity of the product.

Underground storage of DEF has clear advantages over aboveground storage, in part because of the product's specific temperature requirements. An underground DEF tank also allows for storage of larger capacities than an aboveground tank and avoids an unsightly, space-consuming aboveground installation.

### **OIL-WATER SEPARATORS**

With a fiberglass underground tank at the heart of the design, a ZCL | Xerxes oil-water separator incorporates unique refinements within the vessel to create a separator that removes free-floating oils and settleable solids from oil-water mixtures.

A properly sized coalescer is designed to produce effluent quality acceptable to most regulatory requirements for water runoff. Our oil-water separator is an excellent choice for managing water runoff from parking lots or equipment washdown stations.

This product is also available as a UL-listed (2215) and ULC-listed (S656) model.

### FEATURES

- UL-listed (1316) for alcohol fuels
- Tertiary containment around full tank circumference
- Dry & hydrostatic monitoring options
- Capacities up to 50,000 gal. (USA)
- Capacities up to 155,000 L (Canada)

### **FEATURES**

- Single-wall & double-wall models
- UL label available for future product storage flexibility
- Extensive third-party compatibility testing
- Capacities up to 50,000 gal. (USA)
- Capacities up to 155,000 L (Canada)

- UL-listed (2215) & ULC-listed (S656) models available
- Single-wall & double-wall models
- Flexible design options
- Coalescer & gravity-flow models
   available
- Capacities up to 30,000 gal. (USA)
- Capacities up to 113,000 L (Canada)



## ZCL | XERXES STORAGE TANK SOLUTIONS



### TANK UPGRADE SYSTEM

In a growing number of situations, secondary containment needs to be added to single-wall tanks, and site challenges make removal of existing tanks either cost-prohibitive or difficult. In instances where tanks are covered or surrounded by buildings, roads or rail lines, adding secondary containment to a single-wall fiberglass or steel tank can be accomplished with our Phoenix System<sup>®</sup>.

This upgrade system consists of two corrosion-resistant laminates with the proprietary Parabeam<sup>®</sup> glass fabric between the laminates creating an interstitial space. The interstice can be either dry or hydrostatically monitored. The Phoenix System<sup>®</sup>, applied onsite by trained installers, is compatible with biofuels, including ethanol-blended fuels and biodiesels.

- ULC/ORD-listed (C58)
- Corrosion-resistant fiberglass system
- Viable alternative in difficult tank replacement situations
- Suitable for both fiberglass & steel tanks



## ZCL | XERXES FUEL TANK ACCESSORIES

### Your Complete Solution

Today's retail and commercial fueling facilities are sophisticated systems that are installed in a highly regulated environment. While the storage tank is the critical component in an underground fuel system, other important accessories are necessary to provide spill containment, tank anchoring, secondary pipe-drain collection, leak detection and other important functions. ZCL | Xerxes engineers have designed innovative, complementary products that provide system designers and installers with cost-effective, easy-to-install accessories. Very few tank manufacturers provide the wide range of accessories that we can supply. This is yet another example of how our innovative spirit benefits customers.

### Installation & Technical Support

ZCL | Xerxes provides a comprehensive Installation Manual and Operating Guidelines (IMOG) document that outlines the proper – yet easy – steps necessary for a successful installation.

### LEARN MORE ONLINE

Search our online database (zcl.com) for hundreds of resources for our fuel tanks and accessories, including:

- a pdf version of the Installation Manual
- a video of our Installation Manual
- technical drawings (available in CAD, DWG & BIM)
- guide specifications
- typical installation drawings

### CONTAINMENT SUMPS AND COLLARS

Sumps and collars are common accessories found on virtually all double-wall tanks installed today. ZCL | Xerxes offers factory-installed containment collars that provide secondary containment around tank fittings and manways.

Designed to be a custom-match to the collar, our containment sump comes in a variety of models and sizes, all engineered to accommodate different customer preferences and needs. Our sumps and collars are also available in double-wall models, which are growing in popularity given changes to tank regulations.

- Flat-sided & round models for various piping layouts
- Watertight or friction-fit cover & open top options
- Diameters of 42 & 48 inches
- Heights of 36-72 inches
- Field-adjustable heights
- Custom options



### ANCHORING SYSTEM

Site-specific installation conditions generally dictate whether a tank-anchoring system is necessary. Some customers choose to anchor all their tanks.

ZCL | Xerxes offers a complete tank-anchoring system, including reinforced precast concrete deadmen (designed to American Concrete Institute standards), fiberglass anchoring straps and galvanized turnbuckles.

Each component is engineered to specific tank sizes and for ease of installation. In most cases, concrete deadmen can be delivered on the same trailer as the tank, which minimizes the shipping cost and assures that deadmen are ready when the tank is set.

### **TRUCHEK® CONTINUOUS MONITORING**

TRUCHEK<sup>®</sup> is the ideal solution to the growing regulatory interest in leakdetection methods that provide true continuous leak detection. Unlike dry interstitial monitoring methods, TRUCHEK<sup>®</sup> is able to monitor both walls of a tank 24/7 in all installation conditions.

When you order our double-wall tank with the TRUCHEK<sup>®</sup> option, the interstice is filled at the factory with a calcium-chloride fluid that also partially fills a reservoir, creating an interstitial hydrostatic pressure. An electronic probe placed in the tank's reservoir alarms when the fluid level falls below or rises above the acceptable level.

### FEATURES

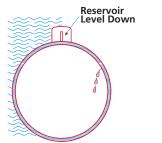
- Deadmen sizes for tank diameters 6-12 feet
- Corrosion-resistant anchor straps
- Optional man-out-of-hole straps available
- Galvanized turnbuckles

### FEATURES

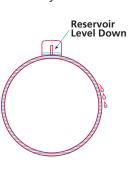
- 24/7 continuous tank monitoring regardless of installation conditions
- UL-verified as meeting the EPA criteria for tank-tightness testing
- Designed for dry-hole & wet-hole installations

### How TRUCHEK® Works

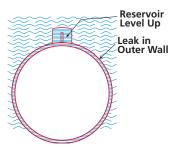
Primary-Tank Leak in Wet Hole or Dry Hole



Secondary-Tank Leak in Dry Hole



Secondary-Tank Leak in Wet Hole



### TANK-TIGHTNESS TESTING

Besides providing true continuous monitoring of both tank walls – regardless of site conditions – TRUCHEK<sup>®</sup> also provides a simple and precise method to perform tank-tightness tests. A 10-hour tightness-test procedure meets the strict NFPA329 criteria. A 4-hour test (while product is dispensing) exceeds EPA's criteria for a tank-tightness test.

### ZCL | Xerxes Underground Double-Wall Tank Data

	Nominal Capacity (gallons)	Tank Length (feet/inches)	Nominal Shipping Weights (lbs) (dry interstitial)	Nominal Shipping Weights (lbs) (wet interstitial)	Number of Anchor Straps Required	Nominal Capacity (liters)	Tank Length (mm)	Nominal Shipping Weights(Kg) (dry interstitial)	Nominal Shipping Weights (Kg) (wet interstitial)	Number of Anchor Straps Required
[	600	7'-3 1/2"	900	1,100	2	2,500	2,303	400	500	2
4'	1,000	11'-7 1/2"	1,100	1,300	2	3,900	3,395	500	600	2
	2,000	22′ -3 5/8″	2,800	3,400	2	5,000	4,380	600	700	2
ſ	2,500	13'-5 3/4"	2,200	2,800	2	10,000	4,520	900	1,100	2
	3,000	16'-4 1/4"	2,600	3,300	2	15,000	6,604	1,300	1,600	4
6'	4,000	20'-8"	3,600	4,400	2	20,000	8,465	1,700	2,000	4
	5,000	26'-5"	4,300	5,200	4	25,000	10,420	2,200	2,500	4
	6,000	30'-8 3/4"	5,000	6,100	4					
[	4,000	15'- 1/2"	2,700	3,600	2	15,000	3,994	900	1,100	2
	5,000	17'-8 1/2"	3,200	4,200	2	20,000	5,137	1,200	1,500	2
	6,000	20'-6 1/2"	3,700	4,900	2	25,000	6,090	1,400	1,700	2
8′	8,000	26'- 1/2"	4,800	6,200	4	30,000	7,264	1,700	2,100	4
	10,000	31'-6 1/2"	5,900	7,500	4	35,000	8,185	2,000	2,300	4
	12,000	37'- 1/2"	7,000	8,800	4	40,000	9,392	2,300	2,700	4
	15,000	46'- 9"	9,100	11,200	6	45,000	10,363	2,500	3,000	4
L			Ļ	1		50,000	11,328	2,700	3,200	4
						60,000	13,500	3,400	3,900	6
						65,000	14,522	3,700	4,300	6
ſ	10,000	21'-5 1/4"	4,900	6,400	4	50,000	7,449	2,900	3,300	4
	12,000	24'- 1/4"	5,600	7,200	4	55,000	8,280	3,200	3,600	4
	15,000	29'-5 3/4"	7,000	8,900	4	60,000	8,827	3,300	3,800	5
10/	20,000	37'-8 3/4"	9,000	11,300	6	65,000	9,576	3,600	4,200	5
10'	25,000	47'-6 3/4"	11,800	14,600	8	70,000	10,395	3,900	4,500	6
	30,000	55'-9 3/4"	14,000	17,200	10	75,000	10,903	4,100	4,700	6
	35,000	64'- 3/4"	16,500	20,100	12	80,000	11,582	4,400	4,900	6
	40,000	73'-8 1/4"	19,000	23,100	14	85,000	12,268	4,700	5,300	7
						90,000	13,068	5,000	5,600	7
						100,000	14,345	5,400	6,100	8
						110,000	15,723	5,900	6,700	9
[	20,000	29′ -4″	14,000	16,700	6					
-	25,000	35′ -7″	16,600	19,700	8					
	30,000	43′ -1″	19,900	23,500	10					
4.24	35,000	49' -4"	22,500	26,500	12					
12′	40,000	54′ -4″	24,600	28,900	12					
	45,000	60′ -7″	27,400	32,100	16					
	48,000	65′-7″	29,500	34,500	18					

#### Notes:

50,000

1. Tank data for multicompartment tank models is available at www.zcl.com.

30,500

68' -1"

2. Actual height of the tank may be greater than the actual diameter due to fittings and accessories. Load height during shipping may vary due to tank placement on the shipping trailer.

18

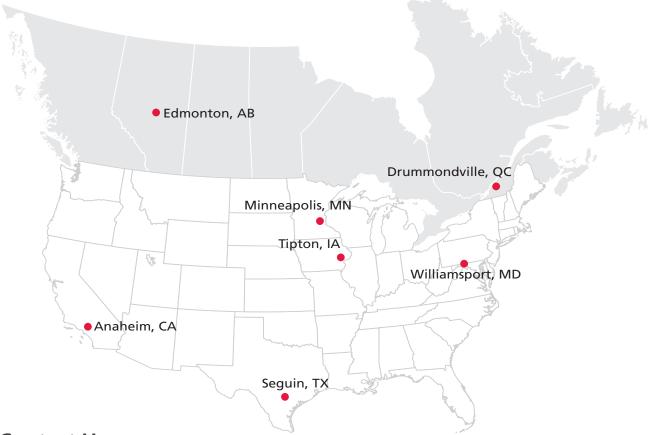
3. If an overfill-protection device is installed in the tank, the actual capacity will be reduced.

35,700

### **Multiple Facilities**

## Customers Can Rely on Timely Manufacturing and Delivery of Tanks and Accessories.

With six manufacturing facilities – four in the United States and two in Canada – no matter where customers need fiberglass tanks and accessories shipped, a ZCL | Xerxes manufacturing facility is not far away. No other tank producer offers this kind of manufacturing capability in North America. All our facilities are either UL-listed or ULC-listed.



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We're ready to design a double-wall tank, multicompartment tank, triple-wall tank, diesel exhaust fluid tank or oil-water separator for your next project.

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Technical Support: 1.800.661.8265 USA: 952.887.1890 Email: eng.support@zcl.com

#### **Corporate Head Office**

**ZCL Composites Inc.** 1420 Parsons Road SW Edmonton, AB T6X 1M5

#### **US Office**

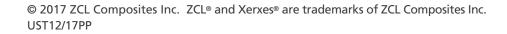
Xerxes Corporation 7901 Xerxes Avenue S Minneapolis, MN 55431

### **Manufacturing Facilities:**

**Canada** Edmonton, AB Drummondville, QC

#### USA

Anaheim, CA Seguin, TX Tipton, IA Williamsport, MD





### ATTACHMENT D

Manufacturer Information for Piping



### **Dualoy® 3000/LCX Product Data**

Applications	Rigid fiberglass coaxial fuel handling systems requiring Underwriters Laboratories Listing for integral primary and containment piping conveying the following fuels:						
	<ul> <li>Motor Vehicle (MV)</li> <li>Aviation and Marine A&amp;M)</li> </ul>	<ul><li>High Blend (HB)</li><li>Bio-Diesel</li></ul>	<ul><li>Concentrated (CT)</li><li>Diesel Exhaust Fluid</li></ul>				
Description	is used for product delivery lines dispensers. Dualoy 3000/LCX pipe (CT) and aviation and marine (A&M	in underground fuel handling systems UL Listed for use with motor ver 1) fuels. Based on currently known	olution for contained piping systems. LCX stems to convey fuel from the tank to the ehicle (MV), high blend (HB), concentrated tests, NOV Fiber Glass Systems found this nol type fuels and the conveyance of DEF.				
	fiberglass reinforced epoxy resin w This layer is covered with a porou	which is inherently resistant to dete s layer to provide the small volun	made of chemically inert, non-permeable, rioration due to water and microbial attack. ne interstitial space, which facilitates rapid material as the primary, is wound over the				
	The containment system is installe containment systems are bonded		containment fittings. Both the primary and e.				
	<ul><li>Dualoy 3000/LCX reduces ins</li><li>Dualoy 3000/LCX double wall</li></ul>	design significantly improves imp	ce while the adhesive cures. atically, retaining system integrity. act resistance over single wall pipe. ich permits rapid communication through				
Listings and Approvals	for nonmetallic underground pipi LCX pipe and fittings are also Lis	ng for MV, HB, CT and A&M fue ted with Underwriters Laboratorie . Underwriters Laboratories has a	nited States with Underwriters Laboratories Is under File No. MH9162. Dualoy 3000/ es of Canada for Petroleum Products and also approved Dualoy 3000/L and Dualoy				
Performance	Primary operating pressures to 20	0 psig (13.8 bar)					
	Continuous operating temperature	e to 150°F (66°C)					
	Containment system pressures to	50 psig (3.45 bar)					
	Individual system components ma mation for the specific component		e pipe. Refer to the detailed product infor- for the system as a whole.				
Composition	<b>Primary pipe:</b> Filament-wound fiberglass reinforced epoxy pipe with integral epoxy liner. When classified in accordance with ASTM D2310 and ASTM D2996, the pipe meets the following cell limits: RTRP 11CF1-5420.						
	Pipe containment: Filament-wour	nd fiberglass reinforced epoxy pipe	Э.				
	Interstitial space: Dry, graded gla	ss beads secured in place with ac	hesive backed tape.				
	Fittings: Compression molded or tings are molded.	filament-wound fiberglass reinforc	ed epoxy primary fittings. Containment fit-				
	Adhesive: PSX <sup>™</sup> • 20 or PSX <sup>™</sup> • 34	ambient-cure, two-part epoxy for a	all services (including alcohols and MTBE).				



Joining System	Primary:						
	Bell and spigot taper/tap	per adhesive-bonded joint					
	<b>Containment:</b> Adhesive-bonded clamshell fittings. Parts are compression molded for exact fit and match. Material is identical to primary fittings and is UL Listed for all services, including use in MTBE fluids.						
Pipe Lengths	Standard 20 ft. (6.1 m) random lengths 17 to 21 ft. (5.2 to 6.4 m) and 30 ft. (9.1 m) random lengths 27 to 32 ft. (8.2 to 9.7 m)						
	Other lengths up to 42 ft	. (12.8 m) available upon request.					
Fittings	Primary	Adapters: bell x NPT male <sup>(1)</sup> Adapters: bell x NPT female <sup>(2)</sup> Adapters: spigot x NPT female <sup>(2)</sup> Adapters: spigot x NPT male <sup>(2)</sup> 45° elbows <sup>(1)</sup> 90° elbows <sup>(1)</sup> End caps <sup>(1)</sup> Flange rings <sup>(1)</sup>	Flange stub ends <sup>(1)</sup> Isolation bushings <sup>(1)</sup> Nipples <sup>(2)</sup> Reducer bushings <sup>(1)</sup> Repair couplings <sup>(1)</sup> Sleeve couplings <sup>(2)</sup> Tees <sup>(1)</sup> Dispenser pan penetration fittings <sup>(1)</sup>				
	Containment	45° elbows <sup>(1)</sup> 90° elbows <sup>(1)</sup> Termination sleeves <sup>(1), (3)</sup>	Couplings <sup>(1)</sup> Tees <sup>(1)</sup>				
	Containment	End caps <sup>(1)</sup> Flange rings <sup>(1)</sup> 45° elbows <sup>(1)</sup> 90° elbows <sup>(1)</sup>	Tees <sup>(1)</sup> Dispenser pan penetration fittin Couplings <sup>(1)</sup>				

<sup>(2)</sup> Filament-wound fitting
 <sup>(3)</sup> 2" (50 mm) available with or without test valve. 3" and 4" (80 and 100 mm) available only with test valve

Typical Pipe Dimensions and Weights													
Pipe Size			nary e ID		nary OD <sup>(1)</sup>		ry Wall kness		ainment DD	Сара	acity	We	eight
in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	gal/ft	l/m	lb/ft	kg/m
2	50	2.21	56	2.37	60	0.080	2.03	2.59	66	0.20	0.76	0.90	1.34
3	80	3.32	84	3.50	89	0.085	2.16	3.70	94	0.45	1.70	1.30	1.93
4	100	4.33	110	4.50	114	0.087	2.21	4.70	119	0.77	2.92	1.74	2.59

<sup>(1)</sup> Typical outside diameters of 2"-4" (50 -100 mm) pipe are within API, ASTM and ANSI fiberglass and steel pipe dimensions.

Typical Primary Pipe Performance									
Pipe Size		Pressure Rating <sup>(1)</sup>		Ultimate Internal Pressure <sup>(1)</sup>		Ultimate Collapse Pressure <sup>(2)</sup>			
in	mm	psig	MPa	psig	MPa	psig	MPa		
2	50	200	2.07	1500	10.3	153	1.05		
3	80	200	1.38	1000	6.9	90	0.62		
4	100	175	1.21	750	5.2	39	0.27		

(1) At 80°F (27°C)

<sup>(2)</sup> At 80°F (27°C) For continuous service do not exceed 75% of these values.

Fittings Pressure Performance									
Pipe	Size		nary ttings	Containment Clamshell Fitting					
in	mm	psig	MPa	psig	kPa				
2	50	200	1.38	50 <sup>(1)</sup>	345				
3	80	125	0.86	50 <sup>(1)</sup>	345				
4	100	100	0.69	20	138				

For dimensions of primary fittings, consult Dualoy 3000/L Fittings Dimensions document. Pressure ratings of fittings without UL Listing are available on request.

<sup>(1)</sup> With reinforcing rings

Dualoy 3000/LCX piping systems are designed to function at temperatures ranging from -40 to 150°F (-40 to 66°C) at service pressures between -1 and 13.8 bar. Dualoy 3000/LCX pipe conforms to ASTM D2310, D2517 and D2996.

Typical Physical Properties of Primary Pipe								
Pipe Property	Units	Value	ASTM					
Thermal conductivity	Btu-in/(h∙ft² * ° F ) W/m ∙ °C	1.7 7.6	C177					
Linear thermal expansion	10-⁰ in/in/°F 10-⁰ cm/cm/°C	8.5 15.3	D696					
Friction factor	Hazen-Williams	150.0	—					
Absolute roughness	10- <sup>6</sup> ft 10- <sup>6</sup> m	15.0 4.6	—					
Specific gravity	—	1.81	D792					
Barcol Hardness	Impressor 934-1	65.0	D2583					

10³ psi MPA	35.0	
•		D2105
	241.0	D2103
10³ psi MPA	70.0 483.0	D1599
10 <sup>6</sup> psi GPa	2.5 17.2	D2105
10 <sup>6</sup> psi	3.8	FGSTM
GPa	26.2	
103	04.5	FOOTM
MPa	24.5 168.9	FGSTM
10 <sup>6</sup> psi		FGSTM
Gra	17.0	
10³ psi	8.0	D2992(A)
MPa	55.0	( )
—	0.16	FGSTM FGSTM
	10 <sup>6</sup> psi GPa 10 <sup>6</sup> psi GPa 10 <sup>3</sup> psi MPa 10 <sup>6</sup> psi GPa 10 <sup>3</sup> psi	10 <sup>6</sup> psi     2.5       GPa     17.2       10 <sup>6</sup> psi     3.8       GPa     26.2       10 <sup>3</sup> psi     24.5       MPa     168.9       10 <sup>6</sup> psi     2.6       GPa     17.8       10 <sup>3</sup> psi     2.6       J0 <sup>3</sup> psi     8.0       MPa     55.0

<sup>(1)</sup> Based on structural wall thickness.

(2) The first subscript denotes the direction of applied stress and the second that of measured contraction x denotes longitudinal direction.

y denotes circumferential direction.

Bending Radius										
Pipe	Pipe Size		num ding ius <sup>(1)</sup>	Maximum Deflection per 20 ft Joint	Minimum Length Required for 10° Change					
in	mm	ft	m	deg	ft	m				
2	50	75	23	15	13	4				
3	80	100	38	9	22	7				
4	100	150	46	7.5	27	8				

<sup>(1)</sup> At rated pressure. Sharper bends may create excessive stress concentrations. Do not bend pipe until adhesive has cured.

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# Dualoy<sup>™</sup> 3000/L Fiberglass Pipe

(Product Data)

# **Applications**

- Service Station
- Vent/Vapor Recovery
- Bulk Plant Terminals
- Fueling Terminals

- Central Fuel Oil Systems
- Marinas Terminals
- Ethanol Fuel Blends
- Diesel Exhaust Fluid
- UL/ULC Systems that require MV, HB, CT, A&M Fuels

## **Materials and Construction**

Filament-wound fiberglass reinforced epoxy pipe with integral epoxy liner and exterior coating. When classified in accordance with ASTM D2310 and ASTM D2996, the pipe meets the following cell limits: RTRP 11CXF1-5420. The operating pressure of the pipe is up to 200 psig (13.8 bar) with continuous operating temperature to 150°F (66°C).

Dualoy 3000/L is Listed with Underwriters Laboratories Standard 971-2004 for nonmetallic underground piping for motor vehicle (MV), high blend (HB), concentrated (CT) and aviation and marine (A&M) fuels (File MH9162). Dualoy 3000/L pipe and fittings are

Nominal Dimensional Data

also Listed with Underwriters Laboratories of Canada (File CMH 715). In Great Britain the Dualoy 3000/L system has been tested and accepted by the London Fire and Civil Defence Authority. Dualoy 3000/L has been issued a Certificate of Compliance to the Institute of Petroleum (IP) Specification by ERA Technology, Ltd.

### Performance

Individual system components may not have the same ratings as the pipe. Refer to the detailed product information for the specific components to determine the pressure rating for the system as a whole.

### Fittings

Compression-molded and filament-wound fiberglass reinforced epoxy.

For dimensions of fittings, consult publication Dualoy 3000/L Fittings Dimensions.

Pressure ratings of fittings without UL listing are available on request

#### **Joining System**

• Bell & Spigot - The primary joining method for fitting joints.

Pine Size		Inside Diameter		Outside Diameter <sup>(1)</sup>		Wall T	hickne	ss	Capacity		Capacity Weight D		Capacity		Max. Deflection per 20 ft	Min. Lo Req. fo	or	Stiffness Factor <sup>(2)</sup>	
						Total		Struct	tual			Joint	10° Change						
in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	gal/ft	l/m	lb/ft	kg/m	deg	ft	m	lb•in³/in²	N∙m	
2	50	2.21	56	2.37	60	0.080	2.03	0.060	1.5	0.20	2.50	0.47	0.70	15	13	4	45	5.1	
3	80	3.32	84	3.50	89	0.085	2.16	0.065	1.6	0.45	5.60	0.72	1.07	9	22	7	75	8.5	
4	100	4.33	110	4.50	114	0.087	2.21	0.070	1.8	0.77	2.92	1.00	1.49	7.5	27	8	60	6.8	
6	150	6.39	162	6.63	168	0.120	3.10	0.100	2.5	1.67	6.35	2.10	3.13	5	40	12	275	31.1	

<sup>(1)</sup> Typical outside diameters of 2 through 6-inch pipe are within API, ASTM and ANSI fiberglass and steel pipe dimensions.

(2) At 5% deflection.

View of Joint Illustrations (Joint illustration only depicts type of connetion available, not type of pipe featured in data sheet)



**Bell & Spigot** 

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# **Typical Pipe Performance**

Nominal Pipe Size		Pressure Rating <sup>(1)</sup>		Ultimate Interna	l Pressure <sup>(1)</sup>	Ultimate Collapse Pressure <sup>(2)</sup>		
in	mm	psig	MPa	psig	MPa	psig	MPa	
2	50	200	2.07	3200	22.1	153	1.05	
3	80	200	1.38	2400	16.5	90	0.62	
4	100	175	1.21	2000	13.8	39	0.27	
6	150	175	1.21	2000	13.8	38	0.26	

(1) At 80°F (27°C).

<sup>(2)</sup> At 80°F (27°C). For continuous service do not exceed 75% of these values.

## Typical Mechanical Properties

Pipe Property <sup>(1)</sup>			Method	
Tensile Strength				
Longitudinal	35,000 psi	241.3 MPa	ASTM D2105	
Circumferential	70,000 psi	482.7 MPa	ASTM D1599	
Poisson's Ratio $v_{ha}^{(2)} - v_{ha}^{(3)}$	0.16 - 0.26 FGSTM			
Tensile Modulus				
Longitudinal	25,000 psi	172.4 Mpa	ASTM D2105	
Circumferential	38,000 psi	262.0 MPa	FGSTM	
Compressive Strength				
Longitudinal	24,500 psi	168.9 MPa	FGSTM	
Compressive Modulus			·	
Longitudinal	26,000 psi	179.3 MPa	FGSTM	
Cyclic	8,000 psi	55.2 MPa	ASTM D2992 Procedure A	

# **Typical Physical Properties**

Pipe Property	Value	Value	Method	
Thermal Conductivity	1.7 BTU-in/hr•ft²•°F	7.6 W/m-°C	ASTM C177	
Thermal Expansion	8.5 x 10⁻⁵ in/in °F	15.3 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> cm/cm °C	ASTM D696	
Friction Factor	Hazen-Williams 1	-		
Absolute Roughness	0.00021 in	0.00053 mm		
Specific Gravity		ASTM D792		
Barcol Hardness	65.0 (Imp	ASTM D2583		

<sup>(1)</sup> Based on structural wall thickness.

 $^{(2)}$   $V_{\rm ha}$  = The ratio of axial strain to hoop strain resulting from stress in the hoop direction.

<sup>(3)</sup>  $V_{ab}$  = The ratio of hoop strain to axial strain resulting from stress in the axial direction.

# **Pipe Length**

Size	Size			Random		
in	in mm		m	ft	m	
2-6	50-150	20	6.1	17-21	5.2 - 6.4	

## Minimum Bending Radius

Size		Minimum Bending Radius <sup>(1)</sup>			
in	mm	ft	m		
2	50	75	23		
3	80	100	38		
4	100	150	46		
6	150	200	61		

<sup>(1)</sup> At rated pressure. Sharper bends may create excessive stress concentrations. Do not bend pipe until adhesive has cured.

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**Fiber Glass Systems** 

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Fiber Glass Systems NOY Completion & Production Solutions

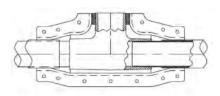
# **Dualoy® 3000/LCX Secondary Containment Fittings**

Uses and Applications	<ul> <li>Service station product, vent and vapor recovery piping</li> <li>Bulk plant terminals and fueling terminals</li> <li>Central fuel oil systems</li> <li>Marinas and marine terminals (onshore only)</li> <li>All underground piping systems requiring UL or ULC Listing for MV, HB, CT and A&amp;M fuels</li> <li>Containment piping for all of the above</li> <li>Designed for use with pressure, vacuum or hydrostatic monitoring systems</li> </ul>
Description	Dualoy 3000/LCX systems employ a coaxial construction for the pipe wall and specially designed primary and containment fittings. The system provides a complete double-wall enclosure for all product, vent and vapor recovery lines. The "LCX" contained system has been designed for providing a compact profile and easy, fast and reliable installation. "LCX" can be installed in either parallel or series patterns, taking advantage, where possible, of the reduced cost and number of buried fittings afforded by the series pattern. See details below.
	Features of Dualoy 3000/LCX containment systems include:
	Filament-wound, fiberglass-reinforced pipe with integral liner;
	Compact fittings dimensions to minimize trench excavation;
	<ul> <li>Smooth exterior pipe surface that eliminates the need for special end preparation tools;</li> <li>Ready accessibility to and complete inspectability of primary fittings prior to closure of the containment;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Complete testability during installation and at any time thereafter;</li> </ul>
	Rapid joint makeup with pre-inserted nuts and ambient cure adhesive.
Listings	Dualoy 3000/LCX is Listed in the United States with Underwriters Laboratories for nonmetallic underground piping for motor vehicle (MV), high blend (HB), concentrated (CT) and aviation and marine (A&M) under File MH9162. Dualoy 3000/LCX pipe and fittings are also Listed with Underwriters' Laboratories of Canada (File CMH715)
Performance	Containment pressure rated to 50 psig
	Continuous operating temperatures to 150°F (66°C) Individual system components may not have the same ratings as the pipe. Refer to the detailed product information for the specific components to determine the pressure rating for the system as a whole.
Piping System Features	<b>Low Profile Crossovers</b> - Dualoy 3000/LCX clamshell fittings are specifically designed to allow the minimum distance between primary fittings to be maintained when crossovers or offsets are needed. The center portion of the fitting is designed to fit the next-size-larger single wall pipe size. When distance between primary fittings is critical, simply cut off the corresponding tapered legs of the clamshell fittings and connect them with single wall pipe. (Reference dimension E on part drawings.) The distance between center lines shown in the drawing below is exactly the same as it would be for a single-wall system.
	Short Nipple of 3000/L pipe Containment fitting legs cut at taper Containment fitting legs

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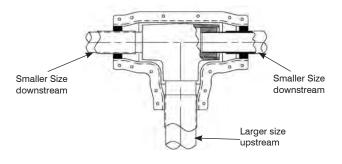


**Branch Termination for Series Installation** - Dualoy 3000/LCX piping can be installed in series with the pipe coming in on one side of the sump and exiting the other side. To maintain the containment continuity through the sump, the system can be configured with a termination ring on the branch of the tee or leg of an elbow. To do this, the tapered portion of the clamshell fitting leg is cut off and a termination ring is bonded between the primary fitting and the clamshell. A bushing or pipe nipple can be bonded into the primary bell as needed.



**Size Reductions** - For large systems where larger diameter trunk lines are used, pipe diameter reductions are easily made with the Dualoy 3000/LCX system at fittings. Single piece bushings are used in the primary fitting to reduce the primary pipe size. The containment pipe size is reduced by bonding a 2-piece reducer ring between the clamshell and the smaller pipe jacket. No cutting of clamshell fitting tapers is involved.

Size reduction can be done on any fitting leg or legs (as on a tee).



**Continuous Monitoring** - The Dualoy 3000/LCX system has exceptional performance in continuously monitored systems. Due to its small interstitial space, it is very reliable in detecting leaks in systems monitored by pressure, vacuum or hydrostatic methods. False alarms are eliminated by the lesser sensitivity to external conditions while detection capability of actual leaks is increased. Consult NOV Fiber Glass Systems Engineering for details and design of monitoring methods.

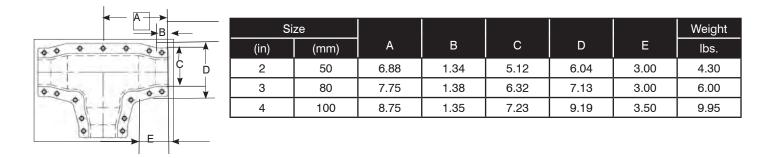
# LCX Fittings Dimensions

90° Elbows → B←								
0 0 00	Si	ze						Weight
	(in)	(mm)	А	В	С	D	E	lbs
¢ 00 V	2	50	6.88	1.34	5.12	6.04	3.00	3.55
	3	80	7.75	1.38	6.32	7.13	3.00	4.70
	4	100	8.75	1.35	7.23	9.19	3.50	7.50
▲ A →								

#### 45° Elbows

	Si	ze						Weight
	(in)	(mm)	А	В	С	D	E	lbs.
	2	50	6.25	1.34	5.12	6.04	3.00	3.30
A A	3	80	6.75	1.38	6.32	7.13	3.00	4.15
	4	100	7.50	1.35	7.23	9.19	3.50	6.50
		n			n.	n.	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

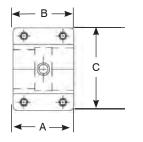
#### Tees



#### Containment-Couplings

	Si	Size						Weight
	(in)	(mm)	A	В	С	D	E	lbs.
	2	50	13.50	1.34	5.12	6.04	3.00	3.12
	3	80	12.81	1.38	6.32	7.13	3.00	2.95
	4	100	12.25	1.38	7.23	9.19	3.50	3.44
→ E <del>&lt;</del>								

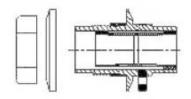
#### Termination



Si	ze				Weight
(in)	(mm)	A	В	С	lbs.
2	50	3.75	1.34	5.12	1.00
3	80	3.75	1.38	6.32	1.35
4	100	3.75	1.35	7.23	1.45

#### Sump Penetration Fittings

Sump penetration fittings (SPF) can be used on straight sumps. Dualoy 3000/LCX pipe can pass through or be terminated at the SPF. Ends are closed by bonding half-sections of 2-inch coupling clamshells between the SPF and the pipe jacket. Shrader valves can be supplied for testing or monitoring. SPF is not open to mid-wall of double wall sump, as provided. Field drilling of SPF body near flange can be done to open interstice between SPF and pipe to sump interstice.



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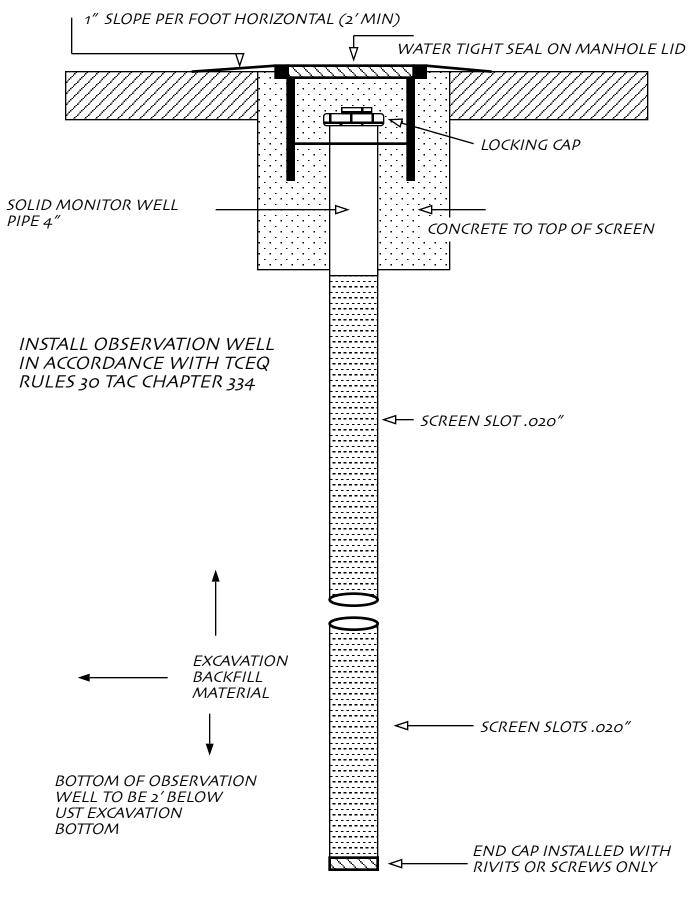
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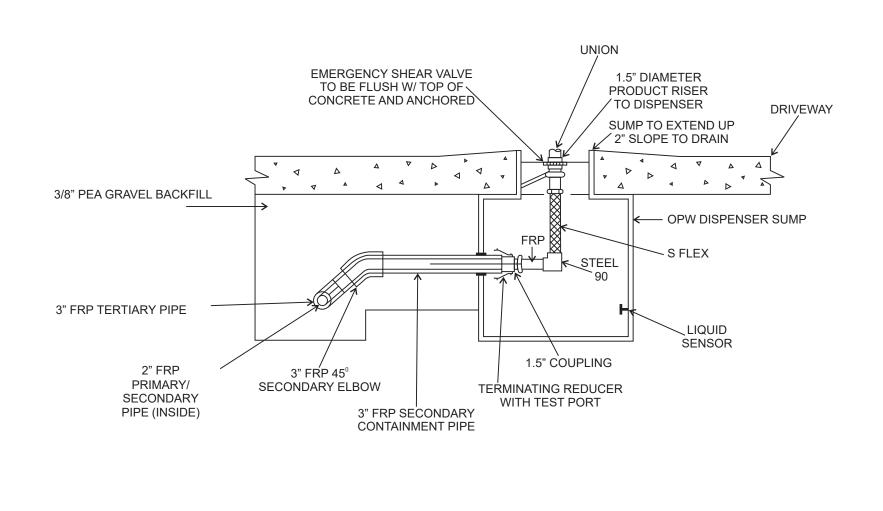
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# ATTACHMENT H Profile Drawings

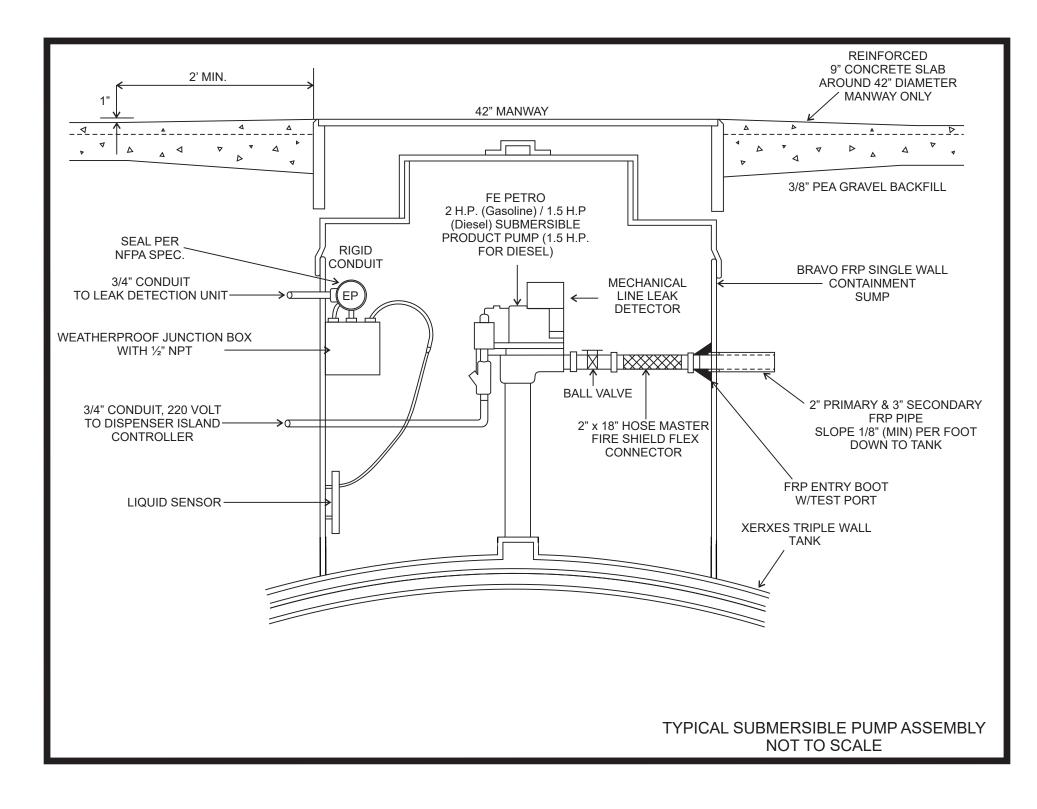


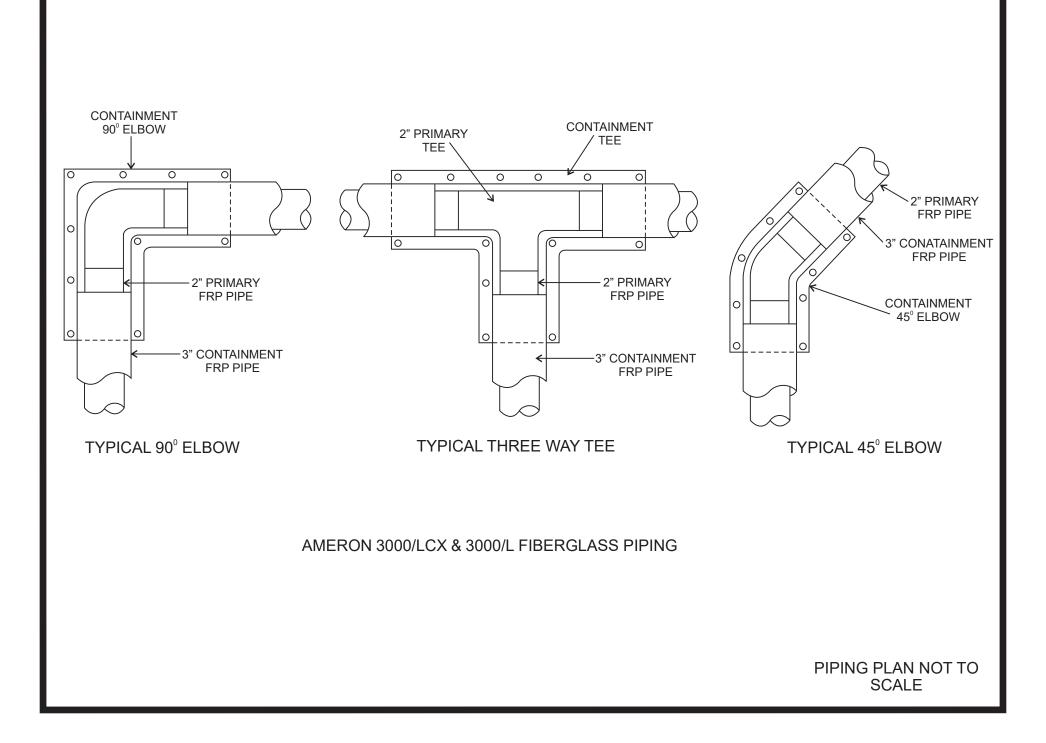


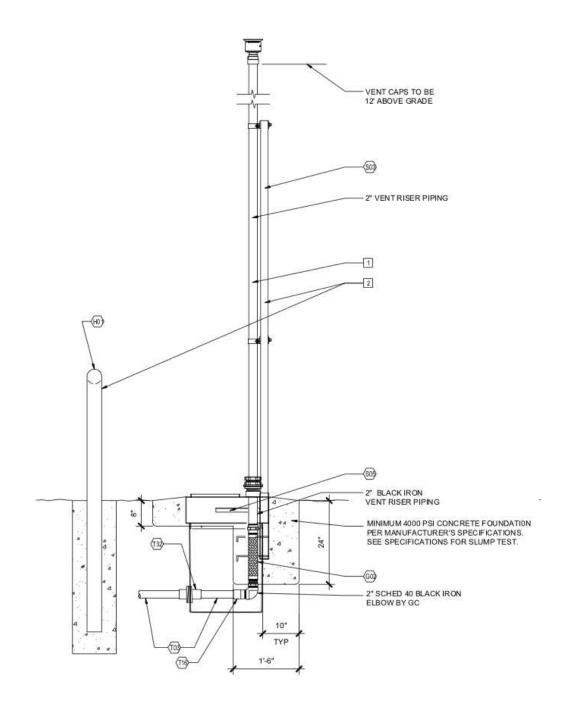
OBSERVATION WELL



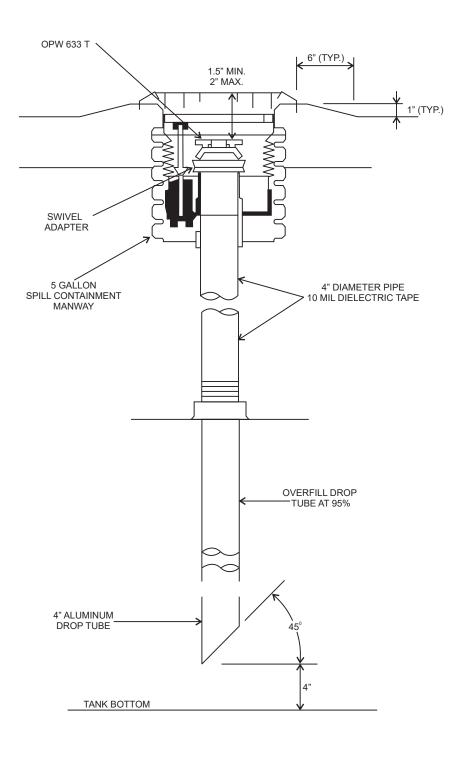
DISPENSER PIPING NOT TO SCALE













# TLS-450PLUS Automatic Tank Gauge

Console Description	The TLS-450PLUS Automatic Tank Gauge (ATG) is a powerful tool that allows fueling operations to run at peak efficiency, with an easy to understand navigation, streamlined inventory and compliance reporting, and powerful business analytics. It can monitor up to 64 tanks, or 32 tanks with BIR. Frequent releases of operating software for the TLS-450PLUS tank gauge assures that data is secure and software features are routinely updated and enhanced.										
	Part # & Description Standard Hardware & Application Software										
TLS-450PLUS Consoles, Standard Hardware & Software	<ul> <li>1. 860091-301 TLS-450PLUS Console with 8" WVGA Color Touch Screen Display, Printer, 3 Ethernet and Dual USB/Expansion, Dual RS-232, UL/CUL</li> <li>2. 860091-302 TLS-450PLUS Console with 8" WVGA Color Touch Screen Display, Printer, 3 Ethernet and Dual USB/Expansion, Dual RS-232/RS- 485, UL/CUL</li> <li>3. 860091-401 TLS-450PLUS Console with 8" WVGA Color Touch Screen Display, No Printer, 3 Ethernet and Dual USB/Expansion, Dual RS-232, UL/CUL</li> <li>4. 860091-402 TLS-450PLUS Console with 8" WVGA Color Touch Screen Display, No Printer, 3 Ethernet and Dual USB/Expansion, Dual RS-232, UL/CUL</li> <li>4. 860091-402 TLS-450PLUS Console with 8" WVGA Color Touch Screen Display, No Printer, 3 Ethernet and Dual USB/Expansion, Dual RS-232/ RS-485, UL/CUL</li> <li>5. 860091-001 TLS-450PLUS Console, No Display, No Printer, 3 Ethernet and Dual USB/Expansion, Dual RS-232, UL/CUL</li> <li>6. 860091-002 TLS-450PLUS Console, No Display, No Printer, 3 Ethernet and Dual USB/Expansion, Dual RS-232/RS-485, UL/CUL</li> </ul>										
	Devices										
	Inputs         Inputs         Console         TLS-XB 1         TLS-XB 2         TLS-XB 3         Modules           Module         per         iButton         Slots         Slots         Slots         Slots         per         per           Module         module         Per         Req'd?         1         2         3         4         1         2         3         4         1         2         3         4         1         2         3         4         1         2         3         4         1         2         3         4         1         2         3         4         1         2         3         4         1         2         3         4         1         2         3         4         1         2         3         4         5         System										
	Compatibility       Module       Special of the spectrum of t										
TLS-450PLUS Device & Communications	Communications Console Modules										
Module Compatibility	Module         1 <sup>4</sup> 2         3         4         5         per         Type           81         P1         P2         System         View										
	RS-232       P1       P2       P3										



# TLS-450PLUS Automatic Tank Gauge

	Part # & Description		Maximum # of Modules per Console	# of Inputs per Module	Availability	
	Universal Sensor Module (USM) Interface for all Probes, Sensors, and DPLLD	332812-001 – Factory Installed Module 330020-619 – Spare Part Module	Up to 4 for each TLS-450PLUS and/or TLS-XB or a maximum of 16 modules per system	16		
TLS-450PLUS Device Modules	Universal Input/Output Interface Module (UIOM) for Relay Control and Input Signal Monitoring	332813-001 – Factory Installed Module 330020-620 – Spare Part Module	Up to 4 for each TLS-450PLUS and/or TLS-XB or a maximum of 16 modules per system	5 dry contact output relays / 4 low voltage dry contact inputs / 5 high voltage inputs (<=240 VAC)	Sold Separately (either Factory Installed or as a Spare Part Module)	
	10-Amp Relay Module has 6 high power outputs / 6 low voltage inputs / must be installed in slot 4 of TLS-450 PLUS and TLS-XB	333564-001 – Factory Installed Module 330020-814 – Spare Part Module	Up to 1 for each TLS-450PLUS and/or TLS-XB or a maximum of 4 modules per system – *Only installed in slot 4	4		
	BIR/AccuChart LVDIM for TLS-450PLUS, 12 Inputs	333581-001 – Factory Installed Module 330020-800 – Spare Part Module				
	BIR/AccuChart MDIM for TLS-450PLUS, 12 Inputs	333582-001 – Factory Installed Module 330020-799 – Spare Part Module				
		t # & Description	Maximum # of Modules per System	Availability		
	SiteFax <sup>™</sup> Interface Module (Comm. Slots 1,2,3), for TLS-450PLUS	332818-001 – Factory Installed Module 330020-612 – Spare Part Module				
	Single RS-232 Interface Module (Comm. Slots 1,2,3), for TLS-450PLUS	332866-001 – Factory Installed Module 330020-613 – Spare Part Module	Up to 3 per			
TLS-450PLUS Communications	RS-232 Dual Interface Module (Comm. Slots 1,2,3), for TLS-450PLUS	332868-001 – Factory Installed Module 330020-617 – Spare Part Module	System	Sold Separately (either Fac Installed or as a Spare Part M	Spare Part Module)	
Modules	Single RS-232/RS-485 Dual Interface Module (Comm. Slots 1,2,3), for TLS-450PLUS	332870-001 – Factory Installed Module 330020-618 – Spare Part Module		For Spare Part "upgrade" kits, the BIR/AccuChart Feature Enhancement will be shipped on a Veeder-Root iButton adapter – P/N 330020-659		
	BIR/AccuChart EDIM for TLS-450PLUS	333149-001 – Factory Installed Module 330020-801 – Spare Part Module				
	BIR/AccuChart CDIM for TLS-450PLUS, 3 Inputs	333580-001 – Factory Installed Module 330020-802 – Spare Part Module	1 per System			
	IFSF LON Interface Module (Comm. Slots 1,2,3), for TLS-450PLUS	333659-001 – Factory Installed Module 330020-828 – Spare Part Module				
		ption				
		Detection (CSLD) for TLS-450PLUS	PLUS 33297		332972-006	
		e Leak Detection for TLS-450PLUS				
TLS-450PLUS	Ŭ	ne Leak Detection for TLS-450PLUS	332972-008			
Optional Software		ne Leak Detection for TLS-450PLUS	332972-009			
	Timed Sudden Loss Detection for TLS-450PLUS Vapor Collection Monitor for TLS-450PLUS		332972-018 332972-021			
		Feature for TLS-450PLUS & DEF	332972-021 332972-026 – Software			
	Temperature Sensor Installa					



Operating Temperature Storage Temperature	+32 to +104°F (0 to +40°C)	
Storage Temperature		
	-40 to +158°F (-40 to +70°C)	
Installation Location	NEMA 4 or indoors	
Relative Humidity	0-90% (non-condensing)	
External Dimensions	18.4" x 11" x 8.8" (46.74cm x 27.94cm x 22.35cm)	
Construction	16GA (0.060 in/0.1524 cm) powder coated steel	
Console Power Wiring Requirements	AC Power Wiring – Wires carrying 120 or 240 VAC from power panel to the console should be #14 AWG (or larger) wire for line, neutral & chassis ground (3) ; and 4 sq. mm, rated for at least 90C for barrier ground.	
Probe & Sensor to Console Wiring Requirements	<ol> <li>Wire Type – Shielded cable required regardless of conduit material or application. It must be rated less than 100 picofarad per ft manufactured with a suitable material such as Carol C2534 or Belden 88760, 8760, or 8770.</li> <li>Wire Length – Maximum 1,000ft (304.8m) to meet intrinsic safety requirements. Improper system operation could result for runs over 1,000ft (304.8m).</li> <li>Wire Gauges – Color coded – shielded cable used in all installations. Wires should be #14 - #18 AWG stranded copper wire and installed as Class 2 circuits. As an alternate method when approved by the local authority having jurisdiction, #22 AWG wire such as 88761 may be suitable with the following requirements: Wire run is less than 750ft (228.6m), Capacitance does not exceed 100 pF/ft; Inductance does not exceed 0.2 uH/ft.</li> </ol>	
System Power Requirements	AC Input – Universal AC power supply: 100 to 249 VAC, 50/60Hz, 2A max.	
Display Specifications	8" (20.32cm) Color WVGA LCD touch screen display	
Connectivity Methods	Ethernet, Web Browser, Modem, Fax, Serial	
Data Storage Features	SD card	
Software Security Features	Centralized Device Management to protect your network of TLS-4XX consoles	
Custom User Access	Front Panel Display control through user specific log-in; User defined roles to restrict access / functionality. Screen permissions can be limited to view, edit, perform	
System Security	<ol> <li>Partitioned Ethernet Ports that can be used to separate user network from the internet</li> <li>Port availability control: SSH Port (22), HTTPS Port (443), Serial Command Port (10001)</li> <li>Reassign Port Numbers (i.e., HTTPS on 50443)</li> <li>System Integrator CVE Scans &amp; Fixes</li> <li>Periodic System Updates to protect against persistent threats</li> </ol>	
Customized Alarm Features	Customizable for all alarms	
Approvals	UL cUL, ATEX, IECEx, NEPSI, FCC, FMC, PESO, ANZEx, ULC, INMETRO, IQC, EAC, NWGLDE, and CEN	
Third Party Evaluations	http://www.nwglde.org/evals/veeder_root_zf.html	
Product Installation Guide	https://www.veeder.com/us/technical-document-library	



#### **System Compatibilities Guide**

Feature/Console	TLS-450PLUS			
CONSOLE DESIGN				
Modular/Expandable Features	•			
LCD with Touch Screen (optional)	8" WVGA Color			
Integral Roll Printer	Optional			
Universal Power Supply	•			
INVENTORY CONTROL				
Graphical Inventory Status	•			
Complete Inventory Reports	•			
Programmable Auto Report Times	•			
Inventory Increase Report	•			
Timed Sudden Loss Detection	Optional			
BUSINESS INVENTORY RECONCILIATION				
Shift-Based Reconciliation	Optional			
Reconciliation by Tank	Optional			
TANK CALIBRATION				
Multi-Pass Tank Calibration	Optional			
Single-Pass / Metered Drop	Optional			
Limited Range Calibration	Optional			
Supports Multiple Tank Charts per Tank	Optional			
Supports Multiple Line Manifold Tanks	Optional			
Graphical / Text Calibration Diagnostics	Optional			
Automatic and Manual Meter Mapping	Optional			
IN-TANK LEAK TEST				
0.1 GPH Tank Tightness Testing	•			
0.2 GPH Tank Tightness Testing	•			
Continuous Statistical Leak Detection	Optional			
Selectable Test Rates	•			
Programmable Automatic Test Schedules	•			
PASS, FAIL, or INVALID Indicators	•			
LINE LEAK DETECTION				
Integral Line Leak Detector	Optional			
Programmable Line Test Features	Optional			
INTERSTITIAL/SUMP LEAK SENSING	1			
Tank Annulus	•			
Sump	•			
Dispenser Pan	•			
Mag Sump	•			
Sensor Location Identifiers	•			
VAPOR WELL MONITORING	-			
Hydrocarbon Vapor Detection	•			
High Water Level Alarm	•			
GROUNDWATER MONITORING				
Hydrocarbon Liquid Detection	•			
Low Water Alarm	•			
AIR VAPOR MONITORING				
Vapor Collection Monitor	Optional			
ALARMS				
Leak	•			
Overfill	•			
High Level	•			
Sudden Loss	•			
	•			
High Water				
High Water Low Inventory	•			

Feature/Console	TLS-450PLUS	TLS-450PLU with TLS-XB*
DATA COMMUNICATIONS		
RS-232	5	5
RS-485	3	3
Fax Transmittal (SiteFax)	Optional	Optional
External USB 2.0	2	2
Ethernet Ports	3	3
International Forecourt Standards Forum (IFSF)	1	1
SYSTEM CAPABILITIES	0	
Manifold Tank Capability (Line & Siphon)	•	•
Height-Based Pump Priority Control for Manifolded Tanks	•	•
Pump Alternate on the Fly	•	•
Self-Diagnostics	•	•
Emergency Generator Capability	•	•
Up to 3 Years Data Storage	•	•
FAX Notification On-Time or Event	Optional	Optional
Email Notification On-Time or Event	•	•
LCD with Touch Screen	Optional	Optional
On-Board Help	•	•
Custom Help	•	•
Custom Alarms	•	•
Environmental Reports (Compliance Reports Summary)	•	•
Sensor Reports	•	•
Sensor History Report by Period, Month, Week or Custom	•	•
Web-Enabled	•	•
System Duplicate	•	•
SYSTEM CAPACITIES*		
Inputs	64	256
In-Tank Probes (Including Density)	64	64
In-Tank Probes with BIR	32	32
Digital Pressurized Line Leak Detectors (Additional Software Req'd)	15	16
2-WIRE SENSORS		
Magnetostrictive Discriminating Level Indicating Sump Sensor	64	99
Discriminating Dispenser Pan & Containment Sensors	64	99
Solid-State Non-Discr. Dispenser Pan & Containment Sensors	64	99
Sump Sensors	64	99
Position Sensitive Pan/Sump Sensor	64	99
Interstitial Sensor for Fiberglass Tanks	64	99
Solid-State Discr. Interstitial Sensors for Fiberglass Tanks	64	99
Alt. Ethanol Fluid Interstitial Sensors for Fiberglass Tanks	64	99
Interstitial Sensors for Steel Tanks	64	99
Microsensors	64	99
Position Sensitive Interstitial Sensor for Steel Tanks	64	99
Alt. Ethanol Fluid Solid-State Interstitial Sensor for Steel Tanks	64	99
Hydrostatic Sensors for Brine-Filled Double-Wall Tanks	64	99
Hydrostatic Sensor for Brine-Filled Double-Wall Sumps	64	99
Oil Water Separator Sensor	64	99
3-WIRE SENSORS		
Solid-State Discr. Dispenser Pan & Containment Sump Sensors	32	99
Groundwater Sensor	32	99
	32	99
Vapor Sensor for Monitoring Wells	32	99
INPUT & OUTPUT	01	20
Output Relays	21	32
External Inputs Low Voltage	16	64
External Inputs High Voltage	20	32

\* Indicates the maximum number of devices the system can handle if all slots/ positions are filled with that type of device.

\*\* TLS-450PLUS with (3) three TLS-XB boxes

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#### **Example Illustrations**

Illustrations used in this guide for example sensor installations may contain components that are customer supplied and not included with the sensor. Please check with your Veeder-Root Distributor for recommended installation accessories.

#### **Third Party Evaluations**

Third party evaluations of the Veeder-Root sensors contained in this application guide can be found under the Veeder-Root vendor name on the National Work Group on Leak Detection Evaluations (NWGLDE) website:

http://www.nwglde.org

# Franklin Fueling Systems 4" SUBMERSIBLE TURBINE PUMPS

Since hitting the market in 1988, FE PETRO® brand submersible pumps have developed a reputation as the standard in performance, quality and dependability with innovative features only available from Franklin Fueling Systems. It is, and always will be about filling cars faster. With best-in-class flow rates and backed by a long history of dependability, FE PETRO® pumps are responsible for delivering fuel to thousands of customers around the globe, day in and day out.

# **TECHNICAL ADVANTAGES**

#### Variable Speed

With faster fill times during peak hours and power savings during non-peak hours, variable speed submersible pumping systems allow you to maximize profits with consistent flow rates while mitigating operating expenses.

#### **MagShell**<sup>®</sup>

The patented stainless steel MagShell<sup>®</sup>, available on 2 Hp and 4 Hp pumps, is designed to maximize flow rate capabilities, potential throughput, and profits. By expanding the pump motor shell, the MagShell<sup>®</sup> increases the area for product flow by 45%.

#### **Biofuel Compatibility**

FE PETRO® Alcohol-Gas (AG) and Advanced Protection (AP) pumps are UL listed with both UL79A (up to 85% Ethanol) and UL79B (up to 20% or 100% Biodiesel).

#### Variable Length

The patented telescoping pump shaft lets installers adjust the length of the pump onsite for the perfect fit.

#### **Advanced Protection**

Stop corrosion in its tracks. Special powder-coated, e-coated, and stainless steel components defend your pump in the tank and in the sump from accelerated corrosion.

#### **Turbine Pump Interface**

Remote enhanced pump monitoring and control including pump-in-water automation, clogged intake escalation, tank leveling, and tank priority.

#### Intake Filter Screen

Avoid system damage, pumping slowdowns, and reduce filter changes by keeping harmful tank debris, sediment, and corrosion from entering the pumping system with this factoryinstalled option.

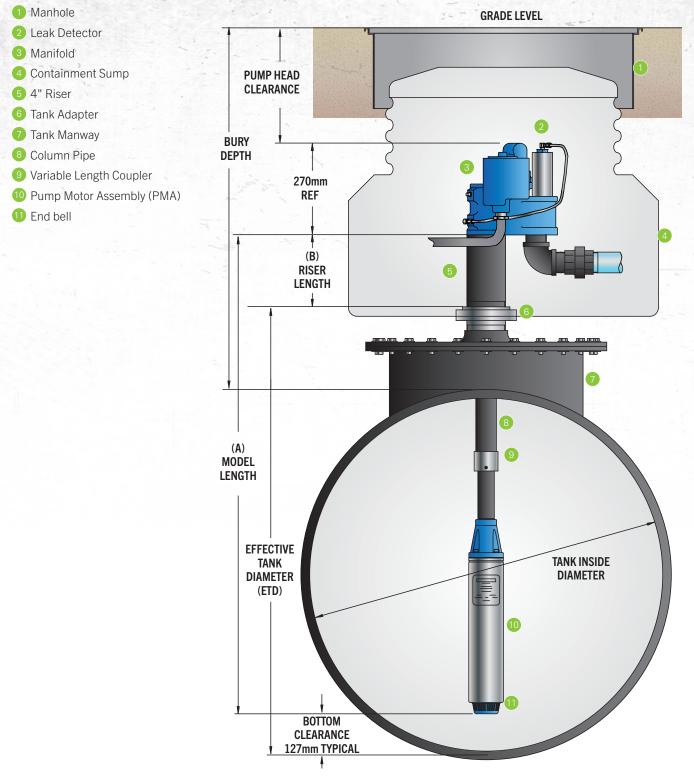
FEATURE SELECTION				
	<b>4</b> HP	2 нр		3⁄4 <b>HP</b>
Variable Speed	$\checkmark$	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>		
Fixed Speed	•	<ul> <li></li> </ul>	<ul> <li></li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>
MagShell®	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>		
Biofuel Compatibility*	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>
Variable Length	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	$\checkmark$
Advanced Protection	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	$\checkmark$
Turbine Pump Interface**	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	$\checkmark$
Intake Filter Screen	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>

 $^{*}\mbox{Up}$  to 85% Ethanol and up to 20% or 100% Biodiesel.

\*Fixed speed models require a Guardian Series" Single Phase Smart Controller (SPGC-220) to network with EVO" Series Automatic Tank Gauges.

# **SPECIFICATIONS**

#### 4" Submersible Pump Components & Key Dimensions



Notes:

1. Effective tank diameter (ETD) = Inside tank diameter (to top of 4" bung), including tank manway and/or sump adapter.

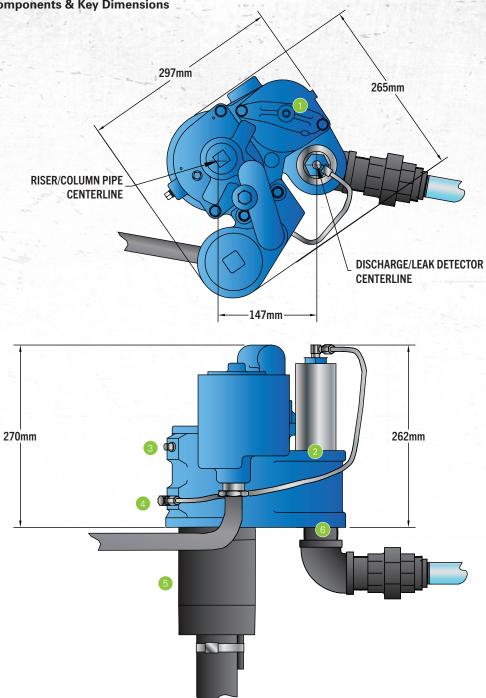
2. Model length (A) = ETD plus riser length minus bottom clearance minus 25mm thread engagement.

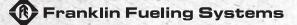
3. Riser length (B) = Bury depth (to top of tank) minus pump head clearance minus tank manway and/or minus sump adapter.

# SPECIFICATIONS

### 4" Submersible Pump Manifold Components & Key Dimensions

- 1 Line Test Port, ¼" NPT
- 2 Leak Detector Port, 2" NPT
- 3 Syphon Port, ¼" NPT
- 4 Tank Port, ¼" NPT
- 5 Riser Pipe, 4" NPT
- 6 Discharge Outlet, 2" NPT





# **4 HP SUBMERSIBLE TURBINE PUMPS**

With faster fill times during peak hours and power savings during non-peak hours, FE PETRO® 4 Hp variable speed submersible pumps deliver maximized profits while mitigating operating expenses.

## **TECHNICAL ADVANTAGES**

#### **OPTIONAL FEATURES**

#### **Biofuel Compatibility**

FE PETRO<sup>®</sup> pumps are UL listed with both UL79A (up to 85% Ethanol) and UL79B (up to 20% or 100% Biodiesel).

#### **Advanced Protection**

Stop corrosion in its tracks. Special powder-coated, e-coated, and stainless steel components defend your pump in the tank and in the sump from accelerated corrosion.

#### **STANDARD FEATURES**

#### Variable Speed

With faster fill times during peak hours and power savings during non-peak hours, variable speed submersible pumping systems allow you to maximize profits with consistent flow rates while mitigating operating expenses.

#### **MagShell**®

The patented stainless steel MagShell<sup>®</sup> is designed to maximize flow rate capabilities, potential throughput, and profits. By expanding the pump motor shell, the MagShell<sup>®</sup> increases the area for product flow by 45%.

#### Variable Length

The patented telescoping pump shaft lets installers adjust the length of the pump onsite for the perfect fit.

#### **Active Air Eliminator**

FE PETRO® STPs come standard with active air elimination, which eliminates air through the highest point in the pump head at all times when the pump is running, assuring air does not pass into discharge piping.

#### Safety and Ease of Maintenance

FE PETRO<sup>®</sup> STPs include a contractor electrical disconnect, which requires loosening only one bolt, allowing motor wiring to be disconnected without venting the dangerous tank vapors into the sump when servicing FE PETRO<sup>®</sup> submersible products.

#### **Turbine Pump Interface**

Remote enhanced pump monitoring and control including pump-in-water automation, clogged intake escalation, tank leveling, and tank priority.

#### **Intake Filter Screen**

Avoid system damage, pumping slowdowns, and reduce filter changes by keeping harmful tank debris, sediment, and corrosion from entering the pumping system with this factoryinstalled option.

#### **Simple Servicing**

If ever required, the pump can be easily removed from the tank by unthreading three bolts. There is no need to disconnect the syphon system or to remove the leak detector from the system to service the STP.

#### **Manual Pressure Relief**

As a standard FE PETRO® feature, a vent screw is provided to bleed line pressure to zero when necessary. By turning this screw, product is diverted back to the tank, dropping line pressure to zero. This reduces fuel discharged into the sump manhole or dispenser pan during servicing, further protecting service technicians and the environment.

#### **Outlast, Outperform with Franklin Electric Inside**

FE PETRO® STPs are powered by the legendary Franklin Electric motor and built for long term performance. Franklin Electric-powered submersible pumps provide maximum uptime and a proven track record in the fueling industry that spans more than four decades. They feature best-in-class flow rates and a long history of dependability.

#### **Quality Certification**

Franklin Fueling Systems is an ISO 9001 Certified Manufacturer.



# SPECIFICATIONS

#### General

- Variable speed models are available in variable lengths only.
- Check valve: 70mm diameter fluorocarbon seal constructed with cast aluminum body and steel backing washer.
- Pressure relief valve: available in four pressure relief settings, integral to check valve. Standard model relieves at 2.8 bar and resets above 2.4 bar.
- Syphon: venturi-type syphon primer supplied with every submersible. Syphon check valve and secondary syphon sold separately.
- Air eliminator: every submersible includes a tank return path with one-way check valve to provide active air elimination.
- Electrical disconnect: electrical yoke for positive contractor disconnect during service.

#### **Pump Motor**

- 4 Hp, variable speed, two-stage centrifugal type pump motor with integral, automatic, thermal overload protection.
- Max. pressure: selectable operating pressure on EcoVFC<sup>™</sup> between 1.65 bar and 2.90 bar deadhead.
- Available with MagShell<sup>®</sup> which results in 45% increased flow area around motor.

#### Approvals

#### • cULus listed.

• Consult factory for applicable approvals.

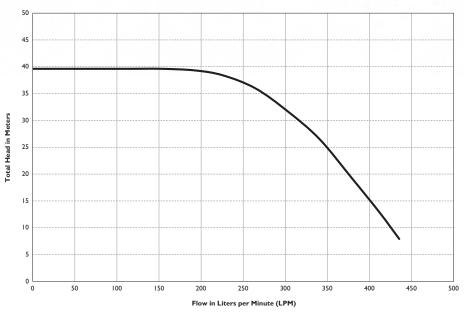
#### 4 Hp Variable Speed Pump Performance Chart

#### **Power Requirements**

- Variable speed pumps can only be controlled by a MagVFC<sup>™</sup> or EcoVFC<sup>™</sup> variable frequency controller.
- VS4 models require three-phase incoming power supply to the EcoVFC<sup>™</sup> for proper operation.
- Incoming power supply to the EcoVFC<sup>™</sup> must be 360-440 VAC, 50 Hz.
- EcoVFC<sup>™</sup> outputs a three-phase, variable frequency signal, valid for FE PETRO<sup>®</sup> variable speed pumps only.
- EcoVFC<sup>™</sup> max. line draw: 20 Amps.
- Max motor draw: 15 Amps.

#### **Liquid Compatibility**

- Max. liquid viscosity: 70 SSU at 60 °F (15 °C).
- STP variable speed models are UL listed for fuel mixtures containing up to 10% ethanol, and 20% MTBE, 20% ETBE or 17% TAME with gasoline.
- IST/ISTAP variable speed models are UL and cUL listed for fuel mixtures containing diesel fuel with up to 20% Biodiesel, 100% Biodiesel, up to 85% ethanol with gasoline, and 20% MTBE, 20% ETBE or 17% TAME with gasoline.
- All variable speed models can also be used with diesel fuels, fuel oils, kerosene, Avgas and jet fuels in a non-gelled pourable state.
- All wetted elastomers are made of a high grade, fluorocarbon compound.



Note: Performance based on pumping gasoline (0.76 specific gravity). Pressure is taken at the manifold discharge outlet. ISTMVS4 and STPMVS4 turbines can only be powered by a MagVFC with three phase incoming power

#### 4 Hp Submersible Pump Ordering Guide

A typical turbine model designation has up to five components to define the pump being supplied as follows:

#### XXX YYYYY Z - A - B

#### XXX = Basic Model Designation

STP = These standard variable speed and variable length models are capable of up to 10% ethanol with gasoline

IST = These variable speed and variable length models include alcohol-gasoline compatibility (up to 85% ethanol, up to 20% Biodiesel, or 100% Biodiesel).

ISTAP = These variable speed and variable length models include alcohol-gasoline compatibility (up to 85% ethanol, up to 20% Biodiesel, or 100% Biodiesel) and Advanced Protection with powder-coated, e-coated, and stainless steel components.

#### YYYYY = Factory Installed Options

Model designations may include one or more of the following characters in alphabetical order:

F = Floating suction adapter (11/2" NPT female adapter)

K = Intake filter screen (IFS, factory installed to PMA)

M = MagShell® (flow enhancing, expanded PMA shell)

 $R^*$  = Model R check valve (1.7 bar relief / 1.5 bar reset for PLLD)

W\* = Model W check valve (1.1 bar relief / 0.9 bar reset for PPM4000)

#### Z = Pump Motor Horsepower Rating

VS4 = 4 Hp variable speed

#### A = Model Length (see table)

VL1 = STP variable length range #1

VL2 = STP variable length range #2

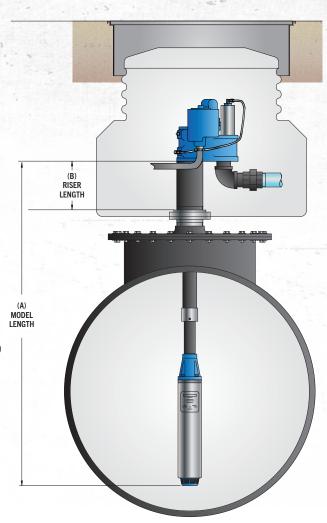
VL3 = STP variable length range #3

#### B = Riser Pipe Length (see diagram)

Riser pipe length is expressed as two numeric characters that indicate the total length of the riser in inches. Riser pipes are available from 178mm to 1524mm in 25mm increments (additional charge for risers 787mm or longer).

Notes:

\*If not otherwise specified, all models are supplied with standard model check valve (2.8 bar relief / 2.4 bar reset for MLD, TS-LS300, and TS-LS500).



#### Model Length (A)

STP Horsepower	Model Length Range	Model Length Designation
	1613mm – 2355mm	VL1
4 Hp	2401mm – 3962mm	VL2
	3214mm – 5556mm	VL3

#### 4 Hp Variable Speed Submersible Turbine Pumps

Variable speed, variable length.

Model	Description	Model Length Range Number	Model Length Range*
STPMVS4-VL1	4 Hp variable speed with MagShell*	VL1	1613mm – 2355mm
STPMVS4-VL2	4 Hp variable speed with MagShell*	VL2	2401mm – 3962mm
STPMVS4-VL3	4 Hp variable speed with MagShell®	VL3	3214mm – 5556mm

#### 4 Hp Variable Speed Intelligent Submersible Turbine Pumps

Variable speed, variable length, and AG compatible.

Model	Description	Model Length Range Number	Model Length Range*
ISTMVS4-VL1	4 Hp AG variable speed with MagShell*	VL1	1613mm – 2355mm
ISTMVS4-VL2	4 Hp AG variable speed with MagShell*	VL2	2401mm – 3962mm
ISTMVS4-VL3	4 Hp AG variable speed with MagShell*	VL3	3214mm – 5556mm
ISTAPMVS4-VL1	4 Hp AG variable speed with Advanced Protection, and MagShell*	VL1	1613mm – 2355mm
ISTAPMVS4-VL2	4 Hp AG variable speed with Advanced Protection, and MagShell*	VL2	2401mm – 3962mm
ISTAPMVS4-VL3	4 Hp AG variable speed with Advanced Protection, and MagShell*	VL3	3214mm – 5556mm

Notes:

1. Remove "M" from model number for non-MagShell® pump motor assembly.

All STP models are UL and cUL listed for compatibility with fuel mixtures containing up to 10% ethanol with gasoline, up to 5% Biodiesel with diesel fuels, and 20% MTBE, 20% ETBE or 17% TAME with gasoline.
 All IST/ISTAP models are compatible with fuel mixtures containing diesel fuel with up to 20% Biodiesel, 100% Biodiesel, up to 85% ethanol with gasoline, and 20% MTBE, 20% ETBE or 17% TAME with gasoline.
 All models are supplied with a standard check valve unless factory option "R" or "W" is specified.

5. All above models can only be powered by a MagVFCTM. 4 hp models require three-phase incoming power supply, 2 hp models can be supplied with single- or three-phase incoming power

6. 4" riser pipe, if supplied locally, must be  $4\,\%$  OD by 3/16" WT tubing.

7. For riser pipe length 787mm to 1524mm, additional charge applies (call Customer Service for lead times)

\*Model length (A) defined as the dimension from turbine manifold bottom to pump motor inlet.

#### **Factory Installed Approvals**

Specified in model number at time of STP order.

	Model	Description	
	(ATXF)	Submersible Turbine Pumps with ATEX Flameproof approval for EN markets	
(RT) Submersible Turbine Pumps with ROSTEST approval for Eastern European markets		Submersible Turbine Pumps with ROSTEST approval for Eastern European markets	

Note: If not otherwise specified, all models are supplied to UL approval as standard. Consult factory for local approvals.

#### **Factory Installed Options**

Specified in model number at time of STP order.

Model	Description	
F	Floating suction adapter, 1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " NPT female, must be factory installed	
К	IFS (intake filter screen) factory assembled to pump motor assembly	
R	Model R check valve, factory installed, for Veeder-Root® PLLD Line Leak	
W	Model W check valve, factory installed, for Red Jacket PPM4000 Line Leak	

#### **Field Installed Options**

Intelligent submersible turbine pump specific accessories.

Model	Description
5874202900	EcoVFC™, 4 Hp variable frequency controller, one required per STP or IST
400137937	Syphon check valve, alcohol-gasoline compatible
402459931	Model 65 psi (4.5 bar) check valve AG compatible, (for slave of manifolded STP or IST with Veeder-Root* PLLD)
402507930	Secondary syphon kit (when two syphon primes are required for one STPM or VS4)
5800300200	STP-DHIB dispenser hook isolation for 240 Volt dispenser handle switches, up to eight each

# 2 HP SUBMERSIBLE TURBINE PUMPS

With faster fill times during peak hours and power savings during non-peak hours, FE PETRO® 2 Hp variable speed submersible pumps deliver maximized profits while mitigating operating expenses. 2 Hp submersible pumps are also available in fixed speed models.

# **TECHNICAL ADVANTAGES**

### **OPTIONAL FEATURES**

#### Variable Speed

With faster fill times during peak hours and power savings during non-peak hours, variable speed submersible pumping systems allow you to maximize profits with consistent flow rates while mitigating operating expenses.

#### **Biofuel Compatibility**

FE PETRO<sup>®</sup> pumps are UL listed with both UL79A (up to 85% Ethanol) and UL79B (up to 20% or 100% Biodiesel).

#### **Advanced Protection**

Stop corrosion in its tracks. Special powder-coated, e-coated, and stainless steel components defend your pump in the tank and in the sump from accelerated corrosion.

## **STANDARD FEATURES**

#### **MagShell**<sup>®</sup>

The patented stainless steel MagShell<sup>®</sup> is designed to maximize flow rate capabilities, potential throughput, and profits. By expanding the pump motor shell, the MagShell<sup>®</sup> increases the area for product flow by 45%.

#### Variable Length

The patented telescoping pump shaft lets installers adjust the length of the pump onsite for the perfect fit.

#### **Active Air Eliminator**

FE PETRO® STPs come standard with active air elimination, which eliminates air through the highest point in the pump head at all times when the pump is running, assuring air does not pass into discharge piping.

#### Safety and Ease of Maintenance

FE PETRO<sup>®</sup> STPs include a contractor electrical disconnect, which requires loosening only one bolt, allowing motor wiring to be disconnected without venting the dangerous tank vapors into the sump when servicing FE PETRO<sup>®</sup> submersible products.

#### **Turbine Pump Interface**

Remote enhanced pump monitoring and control including pump-in-water automation, clogged intake escalation, tank leveling, and tank priority.

#### Intake Filter Screen

Avoid system damage, pumping slowdowns, and reduce filter changes by keeping harmful tank debris, sediment, and corrosion from entering the pumping system with this factoryinstalled option.

#### Simple Servicing

If ever required, the pump can be easily removed from the tank by unthreading three bolts. There is no need to disconnect the syphon system or to remove the leak detector from the system to service the STP.

#### **Manual Pressure Relief**

As a standard FE PETRO® feature, a vent screw is provided to bleed line pressure to zero when necessary. By turning this screw, product is diverted back to the tank, dropping line pressure to zero. This reduces fuel discharged into the sump manhole or dispenser pan during servicing, further protecting service technicians and the environment.

#### **Outlast, Outperform with Franklin Electric Inside**

FE PETRO® STPs are powered by the legendary Franklin Electric motor and built for long term performance. Franklin Electric-powered submersible pumps provide maximum uptime and a proven track record in the fueling industry that spans more than four decades. They feature best-in-class flow rates and a long history of dependability.

#### **Quality Certification**

Franklin Fueling Systems is an ISO 9001 Certified Manufacturer.



# SPECIFICATIONS

#### General

- Variable speed models are available in variable lengths only.
- Fixed speed models are available in variable length and fixed length options.
- Check valve: 70mm diameter fluorocarbon seal constructed with cast aluminum body and steel backing washer.
- Pressure relief valve: available in four pressure relief settings, integral to check valve. Standard model relieves at 2.8 bar and resets above 2.4 bar.
- Syphon: venturi-type syphon primer supplied with every submersible. Syphon check valve and secondary syphon sold separately.
- Air eliminator: every submersible includes a tank return path with one-way check valve to provide active air elimination.
- Electrical disconnect: electrical yoke for positive contractor disconnect during service.

#### Variable Speed Pump Motor

- 2 Hp, variable speed, two-stage centrifugal type pump motor with integral, automatic, thermal overload protection.
- Max. pressure: selectable operating pressure on MagVFC<sup>™</sup> between 1.65 bar and 2.90 bar deadhead.
- Available with MagShell<sup>®</sup> which results in 45% increased flow area around motor.

#### **Fixed Speed Pump Motor**

- 2 Hp fixed speed, 2875 rpm, multi-stage centrifugal type pump motor with integral, automatic, thermal overload protection.
- Standard pressure (three-stage) model, max. pressure = 2.55 bar.
- High pressure (four-stage) model, max. pressure = 3.03 bar.
- Available with MagShell<sup>™</sup> for 45% increased flow area around motor.

#### Approvals

- cULus listed.
- Consult factory for applicable approvals.

#### Liquid Compatibility

- Max. liquid viscosity: 70 SSU at 60 °F (15 °C).
- STP variable speed models are UL and cUL listed for fuel mixtures containing up to 10% ethanol, and 20% MTBE, 20% ETBE or 17% TAME with gasoline.
- STPAG (AG compatible) models are UL listed for fuel mixtures containing diesel fuel with up to 20% Biodiesel, 100% Biodiesel, up to 85% ethanol with gasoline, and 20% MTBE, 20% ETBE or 17% TAME with gasoline.
- All variable speed (non-AG) models can also be used with diesel fuels, fuel oils, kerosene, Avgas and jet fuels in a non-gelled pourable state.
- 2 Hp fixed speed models can also be used with diesel fuels, fuel oils, kerosene, Avgas and jet fuels in a non-gelled pourable state.
- All wetted elastomers are made of a high grade, fluorocarbon compound.

#### Variable Speed Power Requirements

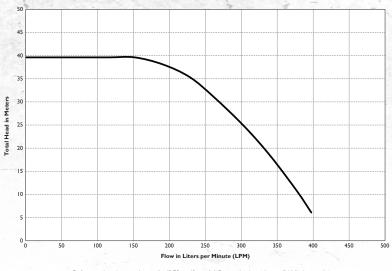
- Variable speed pumps can only be controlled by a MagVFC<sup>™</sup> or EcoVFC<sup>™</sup> variable frequency controller.
- VS2 models can operate with single-phase incoming power supply to the MagVFC<sup>™</sup> or three-phase to EcoVFC<sup>™</sup>.
- Incoming power supply to the MagVFC<sup>™</sup> is 200-250 VAC, 50 Hz and 360-440 VAC, 50 Hz to the EcoVFC<sup>™</sup>.
- MagVFC<sup>™</sup> or EcoVFC<sup>™</sup> outputs a three-phase, variable frequency signal, valid for FE PETRO<sup>®</sup> variable speed pumps only.
- MagVFC<sup>™</sup> or EcoVFC<sup>™</sup> max. line draw: 20 Amps.
- Max motor draw: VS2 7 Amps.

#### **Fixed Speed Power Requirements**

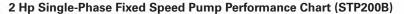
- 200B models require single-phase, 200-250 VAC, 50 Hz incoming power and 200C models require three-phase 380-415 VAC 50 Hz incoming power.
- 200B models incorporate a starting and running capacitor, with internal bleed resistor, rated 440 Volt, 40 microfarad.
- SPGC-220 single-phase Guardian<sup>™</sup> Series controllers and STP-CBBS single-phase control boxes are available for 200B pump control.
- STP-SCIIIC three phase smart controller and STP-CBB3C three-phase magnetic starter are available for 200C contol.
- Max. motor draw: 200B 10 Amps, 200C 5 Amps.

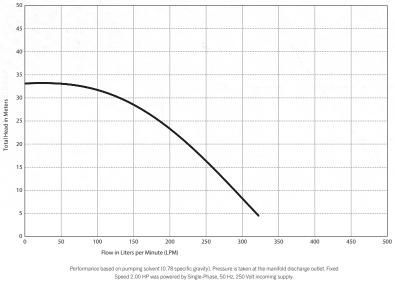
# **SPECIFICATIONS**

#### 2 Hp Variable Speed Pump Performance Charts (STPMVS2)

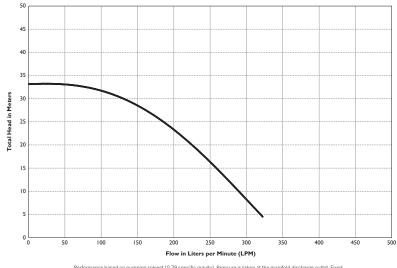


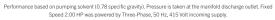
Performance based on pumping gasoline (0.76 specific gravity). Pressure is taken at the manifold discharge outlet. MagShell® Variable Speed 2 hp was powered by MagVFC<sup>™</sup> with Single-Phase, 50 Hz, 220 Volt incoming supply or Eco VFC<sup>™</sup> with Three-Phase, 50 Hz, 410 Volt incoming power supply.





#### 2 Hp Three-Phase Fixed Speed Pump Performance Chart (STP200C)





#### 2 Hp Variable Speed Submersible Pump Ordering Guide

A typical model designation has up to five components to define the pump being supplied as follows:

#### XXX YYYYY Z - A - B

#### XXX = Basic Model Designation

 ${\rm STP}={\rm These}$  standard variable speed and variable length models are capable of up to 10% ethanol with gasoline

IST\*\* = These variable speed and variable length models include alcohol-gasoline compatibility (up to 85% ethanol, up to 20% Biodiesel, or 100% Biodiesel).

ISTAP\*\* = These variable speed and variable length models include alcohol-gasoline compatibility (up to 85% ethanol, up to 20% Biodiesel, or 100% Biodiesel) and Advanced Protection with powder-coated, e-coated, and stainless steel components.

#### YYYYY = Factory Installed Options

Model designations may include one or more of the following characters in alphabetical order:

F = Floating suction adapter (11/2" NPT female adapter)

K = Intake filter screen (IFS, factory installed to PMA)

 $\mathsf{M}=\mathsf{MagShell}^{*}\,(\mathsf{flow}\,\,\mathsf{enhancing},\,\mathsf{expanded}\,\,\mathsf{PMA}\,\,\mathsf{shell})$ 

 $R^* = Model R$  check valve (1.7 bar relief / 1.5 bar reset for PLLD)

 $W^* = Model W$  check valve (1.1 bar relief / 0.9 bar reset for PPM4000)

#### Z = Pump Motor Horsepower Rating

#### VS2 = 2 Hp variable speed

#### A = Model Length (see table)

VL1 = STP variable length range #1

- VL2 = STP variable length range #2
- VL3 = STP variable length range #3

#### B = Riser Pipe Length (see diagram)

Riser pipe length is expressed as two numeric characters that indicate the total length of the riser in inches. Riser pipes are available from 7" to 60" in 1" increments (additional charge for risers 31" or longer).

#### Notes:

\*If not otherwise specified, all models are supplied with standard model check valve (2.8 bar relief / 2.4 bar reset for MLD, TS-LS300, and TS-LS500).

\*\*If not otherwise specified, 2 Hp variable speed pump motor horsepower rating is implied for IST models.

#### 2 Hp Fixed Speed Submersible Pump Ordering Guide

A typical model designation has up to five components to define the pump being supplied as follows:

#### STP XXXXX Y - A - B

#### STP = Basic Model Designation

XXXXX = Factory Installed Options (Model designations may include one or more of the following characters in alphabetical order.)

AP = Advanced Protection with powder-coated, e-coated, and stainless steel components, alcohol-gasoline compatible (up to E85, up to B20, and B100) (Note standard models up to 10% ethanol capable)

AG = Alcohol-gasoline compatible (up to E85, up to B20, and B100) (Note standard models up to 10% ethanol capable)

F = Floating suction adapter (11/2" NPT female adapter)

- K = Intake filter screen (IFS, factory installed to PMA)
- $\mathsf{M}=\mathsf{MagShell}^{*}\,(\mathsf{flow}\,\,\mathsf{enhancing},\,\mathsf{expanded}\,\,\mathsf{PMA}\,\,\mathsf{shell})$
- \*R = Model R check valve (1.7 bar relief / 1.5 bar reset for PLLD)
- \*W = Model W check valve (1.1 bar relief / 0.9 bar reset for PPM4000)

#### Y = Pump Motor Horsepower Rating

- 200B = 2 Hp fixed speed, 50 Hz, single-phase
- 200C = 2 Hp fixed speed, 50 Hz, three-phase

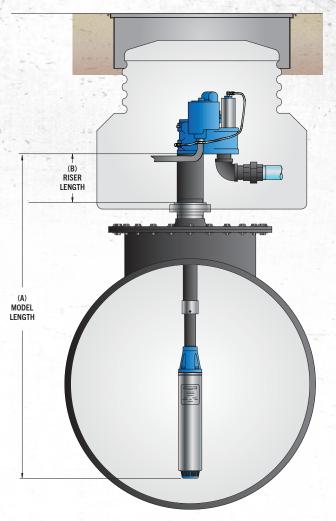
#### A = Model Length (see table)

- VL1 = Variable length range #1
- VL2 = Variable length range #2
- VL3 = Variable length range #3

(Note VL2 models fit 94% of all known installations)

#### B = Riser Pipe Length (see diagram)

Riser pipe length is expressed as two numeric characters that indicate the total length of the riser in inches. Riser pipes are available from 178mm to 1524mm in 25mm increments (additional charge for risers 787mm or longer).



#### Model Length (A)

STP Horsepower	Model Length Range	Model Length Designation
	1486mm – 2228mm	VL1
2 Hp Variable Speed	2274mm – 3835mm	VL2
opeed	3087mm – 5429mm	VL3
00000011	1632mm – 2374mm	VL1
200B 2 Hp Fixed Speed	2420mm – 3981mm	VL2
T Med opeed	3233mm – 5575mm	VL3
0000011	1575mm – 2317mm	VL1
200C 2 Hp Fixed Speed	2363mm – 3924mm	VL2
Tixed opecu	3175mm – 5518mm	VL3

Note: High pressure option adds about 15mm to PMA and model length.

Notes: \*If not otherwise specified, all STP models are supplied with standard model check valve (2.8 bar relief / 2.4 bar reset for MLD, TS-LS300, and TS-LS500).

#### 2 Hp Variable Speed Submersible Turbine Pumps

Variable speed, variable length.

Model	Description	Model Length Range Number	Model Length Range*
STPMVS2-VL1	2 Hp variable speed with MagShell®	VL1	1486mm – 2228mm
STPMVS2-VL2	2 Hp variable speed with MagShell®	VL2	2274mm – 3835mm
STPMVS2-VL3	2 Hp variable speed with MagShell®	VL3	3087mm – 5429mm

#### 2 Hp Variable Speed Intelligent Submersible Turbine Pumps

Variable speed, variable length, and AG compatible.

Model	Description	Model Length Range Number	Model Length Range*
ISTM-1	2 Hp AG variable speed with MagShell®	VL1	1486mm – 2228mm
ISTM-2	2 Hp AG variable speed with MagShell®	VL2	2274mm – 3835mm
ISTM-3	2 Hp AG variable speed with MagShell®	VL3	3087mm – 5429mm
ISTAPM-1	2 Hp AG variable speed with Advanced Protection, and MagShell®	VL1	1486mm – 2228mm
ISTAPM-2	2 Hp AG variable speed with Advanced Protection, and MagShell®	VL2	2274mm – 3835mm
ISTAPM-3	2 Hp AG variable speed with Advanced Protection, and MagShell®	VL3	3087mm – 5429mm

#### Single-Phase 2 Hp Fixed Speed Submersible Turbine Pumps

Model	Description	Model Length Range Number	Model Length Range*
STPM200B-VL1	2 Hp fixed speed with MagShell®	VL1	1632mm – 2374mm
STPM200B-VL2	2 Hp fixed speed with MagShell®	VL2	2420mm – 3981mm
STPM200B-VL3	2 Hp fixed speed with MagShell®	VL3	3233mm – 5575mm
STPHM200B-VL1	2 Hp high pressure fixed speed with MagShell®	VL1	1647mm – 2389mm
STPHM200B-VL2	2 Hp high pressure fixed speed with MagShell®	VL2	2435mm – 3996mm
STPHM200B-VL3	2 Hp high pressure fixed speed with MagShell®	VL3	3248mm – 5590mm

#### Three-Phase 2 Hp Fixed Speed Submersible Turbine Pumps

Model	Description	Model Length Range Number	Model Length Range*
STPM200C-VL1	2 Hp fixed speed with MagShell®	VL1	1575mm – 2317mm
STPM200C-VL2	2 Hp fixed speed with MagShell®	VL2	2363mm – 3924mm
STPM200C-VL3	2 Hp fixed speed with MagShell®	VL3	3175mm – 5518mm
STPHM200C-VL1	2 Hp high pressure fixed speed with MagShell*	VL1	1590mm – 2332mm
STPHM200C-VL2	2 Hp high pressure fixed speed with MagShell*	VL2	2378mm – 3939mm
STPHM200C-VL3	2 Hp high pressure fixed speed with MagShell*	VL3	3190mm – 5533mm

#### Single-Phase Alcohol-Gas (AG) 2 Hp Fixed Speed Submersible Turbine Pumps

Model	Description	Model Length Range Number	Model Length Range*
STPAGM200B-VL1	2 Hp AG fixed speed with MagShell®	VL1	1632mm – 2374mm
STPAGM200B-VL2	2 Hp AG fixed speed with MagShell®	VL2	2420mm – 3981 mm
STPAGM200B-VL3	2 Hp AG fixed speed with MagShell®	VL3	3233mm – 5575mm
STPAGHM200B-VL1	2 Hp AG high pressure fixed speed with MagShell*	VL1	1647mm – 2389mm
STPAGHM200B-VL2	2 Hp AG high pressure fixed speed with MagShell®	VL2	2435mm – 3996mm
STPAGHM200B-VL3	2 Hp AG high pressure fixed speed with MagShell*	VL3	3248mm – 5590mm
STPAPM200B-VL1	2 Hp fixed speed with Advanced Protection, and MagShell®	VL1	1632mm – 2374mm
STPAPM200B-VL2	2 Hp fixed speed with Advanced Protection, and MagShell®	VL2	2420mm – 3981mm
STPAPM200B-VL3	2 Hp fixed speed with Advanced Protection, and MagShell®	VL3	3233mm – 5575mm
STPAPHM200B-VL1	2 Hp high pressure fixed speed with Advanced Protection, and MagShell®	VL1	1647mm – 2389mm
STPAPHM200B-VL2	2 Hp high pressure fixed speed with Advanced Protection, and MagShell®	VL2	2435mm – 3996mm
STPAPHM200B-VL3	2 Hp high pressure fixed speed with Advanced Protection, and MagShell®	VL3	3248mm – 5590mm

Notes:

1. Remove "M" from model number for non-MagShell® pump motor assembly.

2. STP models are compatible with fuel mixtures containing up to 10% ethanol with gasoline, up to 5% Biodiesel with diesel fuels, and 20% MTBE, 20% ETBE or 17% TAME with gasoline. STPAG/ STPAP models are compatible with fuel mixtures containing diesel fuel with up to 20% Biodiesel, 100% Biodiesel, up to 85% ethanol with gasoline, and 20% MTBE, 20% ETBE or 17% TAME with gasoline.

3. All models are supplied with a standard check valve unless factory option "R" or "W" is specified.

4. All above 2008 models require single-phase, 200-250 VAC, 50 Hz incoming power. All above 200C models require three-phase, 380-415 VAC, 50 Hz incoming power.

5. 4" riser pipe, if supplied locally, must be  $4\,\%$  OD by 3/16" WT tubing.

6. For riser pipe lengths 787mm to 1524mm, additional charges apply (call Customer Service for lead times).

\*Model length (A) defined as the dimension from turbine manifold bottom to pump motor inlet.

#### Three-Phase Alcohol-Gas (AG) 2 Hp Fixed Speed Submersible Turbine Pumps

Model	Description	Model Length Range Number	Model Length Range*
STPAGM200C-VL1	2 Hp AG fixed speed with MagShell®	VL1	1575mm – 2317mm
STPAGM200C-VL2	2 Hp AG fixed speed with MagShell®	VL2	2363mm – 3924mm
STPAGM200C-VL3	2 Hp AG fixed speed with MagShell®	VL3	3175mm – 5518mm
STPAGHM200C-VL1	2 Hp AG high pressure fixed speed with MagShell®	VL1	1590mm – 2332mm
STPAGHM200C-VL2	2 Hp AG high pressure fixed speed with MagShell®	VL2	2378mm – 3939mm
STPAGHM200C-VL3	2 Hp AG high pressure fixed speed with MagShell®	VL3	3190mm – 5533 mm
STPAPM200C-VL1	2 Hp fixed speed with Advanced Protection, and MagShell®	VL1	1575mm – 2317mm
STPAPM200C-VL2	2 Hp fixed speed with Advanced Protection, and MagShell®	VL2	2363mm – 3924mm
STPAPM200C-VL3	2 Hp fixed speed with Advanced Protection, and MagShell®	VL3	3175mm – 5518mm
STPAPHM200C-VL1	2 Hp high pressure fixed speed with Advanced Protection, and MagShell®	VL1	1590mm – 2332mm
STPAPHM200C-VL2	2 Hp high pressure fixed speed with Advanced Protection, and MagShell*	VL2	2378mm – 3939mm
STPAPHM200C-VL3	2 Hp high pressure fixed speed with Advanced Protection, and MagShell*	VL3	3190mm – 5533mm

Notes: 1. Remove "M" from model number for non-MagShell® pump motor assembly.

2. STP models are compatible with fuel mixtures containing up to 10% ethanol with gasoline, up to 5% Biodiesel with diesel fuels, and 20% MTBE, 20% ETBE or 17% TAME with gasoline. STPAG/ STPAP models are compatible with fuel mixtures containing diesel fuel with up to 20% Biodiesel, 100% Biodiesel, up to 85% ethanol with gasoline, and 20% MTBE, 20% ETBE or 17% TAME with gasoline.

3. All models are supplied with a standard check valve unless factory option "R" or "W" is specified.

4. All above 2008 models require single-phase, 200-250 VAC, 50 Hz incoming power. All above 200C models require three-phase, 380-415 VAC, 50 Hz incoming power

5. 4" riser pipe, if supplied locally, must be 41/2" OD by 3/16" WT tubing.

6. For riser pipe lengths 787mm to 1524mm, additional charges apply (call Customer Service for lead times).

\*Model length (A) defined as the dimension from turbine manifold bottom to pump motor inlet.

#### **Factory Installed Approvals**

Specified in model number at time of STP order.

Model	Description
(ATXF) Submersible Turbine Pumps with ATEX Flameproof approval for EN markets	
(RT)	Submersible Turbine Pumps with ROSTEST approval for Eastern European markets

Note: If not otherwise specified, all models are supplied to UL approval as standard. Consult factory for local approvals.

#### **Factory Installed Options**

Specified in model number at time of STP order.

Model	Description
F	Floating suction adapter, 1½" NPT female, must be factory installed
К	IFS (intake filter screen) factory assembled to pump motor assembly
R	Model R check valve, factory installed, for Veeder-Root® PLLD Line Leak
W	Model W check valve, factory installed, for Red Jacket PPM4000 Line Leak

#### **Field Installed Options**

2 Hp submersible pump specific accessories.

Model	Description
400137937	Syphon check valve, alcohol-gasoline compatible
5874202800	MagVFC™, 2 hp or 4 hp variable frequency controller, one required per VS2 or IST
5874202900	EcoVFC™, 2 hp variable frequency controller, one required per VS2 or IST
400818922	STP-CBBS, single-phase control box with lockout switch, 240 Volt coil
402312932	STP-DHIB + SPGC-220 Guardian Series <sup>™</sup> Single Phase Smart Controller bundle
402313922	STP-DHIB-CBBS, combo DHI with factory-wired STP-CBBS single-phase control box
402459931	Model 65 psi (4.5 bar) check valve AG compatible, (for slave of manifolded STPs with Veeder-Root® PLLD)
402507930	Secondary syphon kit (when two syphon primes are required for one STP)
5800100220	SPGC-220 Guardian Series <sup>™</sup> Single Phase Smart Controller
401220965	STP-CBB3C three-phase, 380-415 VAC magnetic starter
5800103300	STP-SCIIIC three-phase, 380-415 VAC smart controller
5800300200	STP-DHIB, dispenser hook isolation for 240 Volt dispenser handle switches, up to eight each



# **1½ HP SUBMERSIBLE TURBINE PUMPS**

FE PETRO® 1½ Hp fixed speed submersible pumps deliver consistent flow rates for medium throughput fuels.

## **TECHNICAL ADVANTAGES**

#### **OPTIONAL FEATURES**

#### **Biofuel Compatibility**

FE PETRO<sup>®</sup> pumps are UL listed with both UL79A (up to 85% Ethanol) and UL79B (up to 20% or 100% Biodiesel).

#### Variable Length

The patented telescoping pump shaft lets installers adjust the length of the pump onsite for the perfect fit.

#### **Advanced Protection**

Stop corrosion in its tracks. Special powder-coated, e-coated, and stainless steel components defend your pump in the tank and in the sump from accelerated corrosion.

#### **STANDARD FEATURES**

#### **Active Air Eliminator**

FE PETRO® STPs come standard with active air elimination, which eliminates air through the highest point in the pump head at all times when the pump is running, assuring air does not pass into discharge piping.

#### Safety and Ease of Maintenance

FE PETRO<sup>®</sup> STPs include a contractor electrical disconnect, which requires loosening only one bolt, allowing motor wiring to be disconnected without venting the dangerous tank vapors into the sump when servicing FE PETRO<sup>®</sup> submersible products.

#### Simple Servicing

If ever required, the pump can be easily removed from the tank by unthreading three bolts. There is no need to disconnect the syphon system or to remove the leak detector from the system to service the STP.

#### **Turbine Pump Interface**

Remote enhanced pump monitoring and control including pump-in-water automation, clogged intake escalation, tank leveling, and tank priority.

#### **Intake Filter Screen**

Avoid system damage, pumping slowdowns, and reduce filter changes by keeping harmful tank debris, sediment, and corrosion from entering the pumping system with this factoryinstalled option.

#### **Manual Pressure Relief**

As a standard FE PETRO® feature, a vent screw is provided to bleed line pressure to zero when necessary. By turning this screw, product is diverted back to the tank, dropping line pressure to zero. This reduces fuel discharged into the sump manhole or dispenser pan during servicing, further protecting service technicians and the environment.

#### **Outlast, Outperform with Franklin Electric Inside**

FE PETRO® STPs are powered by the legendary Franklin Electric motor and built for long term performance. Franklin Electric-powered submersible pumps provide maximum uptime and a proven track record in the fueling industry that spans more than four decades. They feature best-in-class flow rates and a long history of dependability.

#### **Quality Certification**

Franklin Fueling Systems is an ISO 9001 Certified Manufacturer.



## SPECIFICATIONS

#### General

- 1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Hp fixed speed models are available in variable length and fixed length options.
- Check valve: 70mm diameter fluorocarbon seal constructed with cast aluminum body and steel backing washer.
- Pressure relief valve: available in four pressure relief settings, integral to check valve. Standard model relieves at 2.8 bar and resets above 2.4 bar.
- Syphon: venturi-type syphon primer supplied with every submersible. Syphon check valve and secondary syphon sold separately.
- Air eliminator: every submersible includes a tank return path with one-way check valve to provide active air elimination.
- Electrical disconnect: electrical yoke for positive contractor disconnect during service.

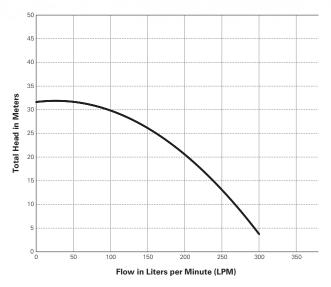
#### **Pump Motor**

- 1½ Hp fixed speed, 2875 rpm, multi-stage centrifugal type pump motor with integral, automatic, thermal overload protection.
- Standard pressure (three-stage) model, max. pressure = 2.62 bar.
- High pressure (four-stage) model, max. pressure = 3.31 bar.

#### Approvals

- cULus listed.
- Consult factory for applicable approvals.

#### 1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Hp Single-Phase Fixed Speed Pump Performance Chart (STP150B)



Note: Performance based on pumping gasoline (0.78 specific gravity). Pressure is taken at the manifold discharge outlet. 150B models are powered by a 250 Volt power supply.

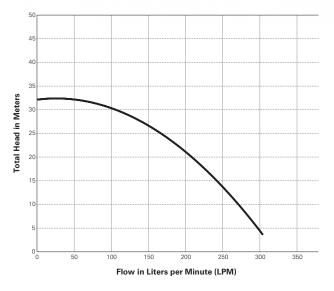
#### **Power Requirements**

- 150B fixed speed models require single-phase, 200-250 VAC, 50 Hz incoming power. 150C fixed speed models require three-phase 380-415 VAV, 50 Hz incoming power.
- 150B fixed speed models incorporate a starting and running capacitor, with internal bleed resistor, rated 440 Volt, 15 microfarad.
- SPGC single-phase Guardian<sup>™</sup> Series Controllers and STP-CBBS single-phase control boxes are available for 150B pump control.
- STP-SCIIC three phase controllers and STP-CBB3C threephase magnetic starters are available for 150C control.
- Max. motor draw: 150B 9 Amps, 150C 3 Amps.

#### **Liquid Compatibility**

- Max. liquid viscosity: 70 SSU at 60 °F (15 °C).
- Standard STP models are UL and cUL listed for fuel mixtures containing up to 10% ethanol with gasoline, and 20% MTBE, 20% ETBE or 17% TAME with gasoline.
- STPAP/STPAG (AG compatible) models are UL listed for fuel mixtures containing diesel fuel with up to 20% Biodiesel, 100% Biodiesel, up to 85% ethanol with gasoline, and 20% MTBE, 20% ETBE or 17% TAME with gasoline.
- 1½ Hp fixed speed models can also be used with diesel fuels, fuel oils, kerosene, Avgas, and jet fuels in a non-gelled pourable state.
- All wetted elastomers are made of a high grade, fluorocarbon compound.

#### 1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Hp Three-Phase Fixed Speed Pump Performance Chart (STP150C)



Note: Performance based on pumping gasoline (0.78 specific gravity). Pressure is taken at the manifold discharge outlet. 150C models are powered by a 415 Volt power supply.

#### 11/2 Hp Fixed Speed Submersible Pump Ordering Guide

A typical turbine model designation has up to five components to define the pump being supplied as follows:

#### STP XXXXX Y - A - B

#### STP = Basic Model Designation

XXXXX = Factory Installed Options (Model designations may include one or more of the following characters in alphabetical order.)

AP = Advanced Protection with powder-coated, e-coated, and stainless steel components, alcohol-gasoline compatible (up to E85, up to B20, and B100) (Note standard models up to 10% ethanol capable)

AG = Alcohol-gasoline compatible (up to E85, up to B20, and B100) (Note standard models up to 10% ethanol capable)

 $F = Floating suction adapter (1\frac{1}{2}" NPT female adapter)$ 

K = Intake filter screen (IFS, factory installed to PMA)

R = Model R check valve (1.7 bar relief / 1.5 bar reset for PLLD)

\*W = Model W check valve (1.1 bar relief / 0.9 bar reset for PPM4000)

#### Y = Pump Motor Horsepower Rating

 $150B = 1\frac{1}{2}$  hp fixed speed, 50 Hz, single-phase

 $150C = 1\frac{1}{2}$  hp fixed speed, 50 Hz, three-phase

#### A = Model Length (see table)

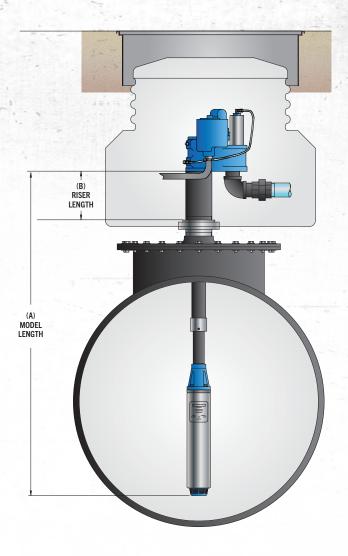
- VL1 = Variable length range #1.
- VL2 = Variable length range #2.
- VL3 = Variable length range #3.

(Note VL2 models fit 94% of all known installations)

#### B = Riser Pipe Length (see diagram)

Riser pipe length is expressed as two numeric characters that indicate the total length of the riser in inches. Riser pipes are available from 178mm to 1524mm in 25mm increments (additional charge for risers 787mm or longer).

Notes: \*If not otherwise specified, all STP models are supplied with standard model check valve (2.8 bar relief / 2.4 bar reset for MLD, TS-LS300, and TS-LS500).



#### Model Length (A)

STP Horsepower	Model Length Range	Model Length Designation
	1556mm – 2298mm	VL1
150B 1½ Hp Fixed Speed	2344mm – 3905mm	VL2
Tixed opeed	3156mm – 5499mm	VL3
1500 11/11	1531mm – 2273mm	VL1
150C 1½ Hp Fixed Speed	2318mm – 3879mm	VL2
r med opeed	3131mm – 5473mm	VL3

Note: High pressure option adds about 13mm to PMA and model length.

#### Single-Phase 11/2 Hp Fixed Speed Submersible Turbine Pumps

Model	Description	Model Length Range Number	Model Length Range*
STP150B-VL1	1½ Hp fixed speed	VL1	1556mm – 2298mm
STP150B-VL2	1½ Hp fixed speed	VL2	2344mm – 3905mm
STP150B-VL3	1½ Hp fixed speed	VL3	3156mm – 5499mm
STPH150B-VL1	1½ Hp high pressure fixed speed	VL1	1569mm – 2311mm
STPH150B-VL2	1½ Hp high pressure fixed speed	VL2	2357mm – 3918mm
STPH150B-VL3	1½ Hp high pressure fixed speed	VL3	3169mm – 5512mm

#### Three-Phase 11/2 Hp Fixed Speed Submersible Turbine Pumps

Model	Description	Model Length Range Number	Model Length Range*
STP150C-VL1	1½ Hp fixed speed	VL1	1531mm – 2273mm
STP150C-VL2	1½ Hp fixed speed	VL2	2318mm – 3879mm
STP150C-VL3	1½ Hp fixed speed	VL3	3131mm – 5473mm
STPH150C-VL1	1½ Hp high pressure fixed speed	VL1	1544mm – 2286mm
STPH150C-VL2	1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> Hp high pressure fixed speed	VL2	2331mm – 3892mm
STPH150C-VL3	1½ Hp high pressure fixed speed	VL3	3144mm – 5486mm

#### Single-Phase Alcohol-Gas (AG) 11/2 Hp Fixed Speed Submersible Turbine Pumps

Model	Description	Model Length Range Number	Model Length Range*
STPAG150B-VL1	1½ Hp AG fixed speed	VL1	1556mm – 2298mm
STPAG150B-VL2	1½ Hp AG fixed speed	VL2	2344mm – 3905mm
STPAG150B-VL3	1½ Hp AG fixed speed	VL3	3156mm – 5499mm
STPAGH150B-VL1	1½ Hp AG high pressure fixed speed	VL1	1569mm – 2311mm
STPAGH150B-VL2	1½ Hp AG high pressure fixed speed	VL2	2357mm – 3918mm
STPAGH150B-VL3	1½ Hp AG high pressure fixed speed	VL3	3169mm – 5512mm
STPAP150B-VL1	1½ Hp fixed speed with Advanced Protection	VL1	1556mm – 2298mm
STPAP150B-VL2	1½ Hp fixed speed with Advanced Protection	VL2	2344mm – 3905mm
STPAP150B-VL3	1½ Hp fixed speed with Advanced Protection	VL3	3156mm – 5499mm
STPAPH150B-VL1	$1\!\!\!/_2$ Hp high pressure fixed speed with Advanced Protection	VL1	1569mm – 2311mm
STPAPH150B-VL2	$1\!\!\!/_2$ Hp high pressure fixed speed with Advanced Protection	VL2	2357mm – 3918mm
STPAPH150B-VL3	1½ Hp high pressure fixed speed with Advanced Protection	VL3	3169mm – 5512mm

#### Three-Phase Alcohol-Gas (AG) 11/2 Hp Fixed Speed Submersible Turbine Pumps

Model	Description	Model Length Range Number	Model Length Range*
STPAG150C-VL1	1½ Hp AG fixed speed	VL1	1531mm – 2273mm
STPAG150C-VL2	1½ Hp AG fixed speed	VL2	2318mm – 3879mm
STPAG150C-VL3	1½ Hp AG fixed speed	VL3	3131mm – 5473mm
STPAGH150C-VL1	1½ Hp AG high pressure fixed speed	VL1	1544mm – 2286mm
STPAGH150C-VL2	1½ Hp AG high pressure fixed speed	VL2	2331mm – 3892mm
STPAGH150C-VL3	1½ Hp AG high pressure fixed speed	VL3	3144mm – 5486mm
STPAP150C-VL1	1½ Hp fixed speed with Advanced Protection	VL1	1531mm – 2273mm
STPAP150C-VL2	1½ Hp fixed speed with Advanced Protection	VL2	2318mm – 3879mm
STPAP150C-VL3	1½ Hp fixed speed with Advanced Protection	VL3	3131mm – 5473mm
STPAPH150C-VL1	1½ Hp high pressure fixed speed with Advanced Protection	VL1	1544mm – 2286mm
STPAPH150C-VL2	1½ Hp high pressure fixed speed with Advanced Protection	VL2	2331mm – 3892mm
STPAPH150C-VL3	$1\frac{1}{2}$ Hp high pressure fixed speed with Advanced Protection	VL3	3144mm – 5486mm

Notes: 1. STP models are compatible with fuel mixtures containing up to 10% ethanol with gasoline, up to 5% Biodiesel with diesel fuels, and 20% MTBE, 20% ETBE or 17% TAME with gasoline. STPAG/STPAP models are compatible with fuel mixtures containing diesel fuel with up to 20% Biodiesel, 100% Biodiesel, up to 85% ethanol with gasoline, and 20% MTBE, 20% ETBE or 17% TAME with gasoline.

2. All models are supplied with a standard check valve unless factory option "R" or "W" is specified.

3. All above 150B models require single-phase, 200-250 VAC, 50 Hz incoming power. All above 150C models require single-phase, 380-450 VAC, 50 Hz incoming power.

4. 4" riser pipe, if supplied locally, must be 41/2" OD by 3/16" WT tubing.

5. For riser pipe lengths 787mm to 1524mm, additional charges apply (call Customer Service for lead times).

\*Model length (A) defined as the dimension from turbine manifold bottom to pump motor inlet.

Factory Installed Approvals Specified in model number at time of STP order.

Model	Model Description			
(ATXF)	Submersible Turbine Pumps with ATEX Flameproof approval for EN markets	3	State .	
(RT)	Submersible Turbine Pumps with ROSTEST approval for Eastern European markets			

Note: If not otherwise specified, all models are supplied to UL approval as standard. Consult factory for local approvals

#### **Factory Installed Options**

Specified in model number at time of STP order.

Model	Description
F	Floating suction adapter, 1½" NPT female, must be factory installed
К	IFS (intake filter screen) factory assembled to pump motor assembly
R	Model R check valve, factory installed, for Veeder-Root* PLLD Line Leak
W	Model W check valve, factory installed, for Red Jacket PPM4000 Line Leak

### **Field Installed Options**

1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Hp fixed speed specific accessories.

Model		Description		
400137937		Syphon check valve, alcohol-gasoline compatible		
	400818922	STP-CBBS, single-phase control box with lockout switch, 240 Volt coil		
	402312932	STP-DHIB + SPGC-220 Guardian Series <sup>™</sup> Single Phase Smart Controller bundle		
	402313922	STP-DHIB-CBBS, combo DHIB with factory-wired STP-CBBS single-phase control box		
	402459931	Model 65 psi (4.5 bar) check valve AG compatible, (for slave of manifolded STPs with Veeder-Root* PLLD)		
4	402507930	Secondary syphon kit (when two syphon primes are required for one STP)		
	5800100220	SPGC-220 Guardian Series <sup>™</sup> Single Phase Smart Controller		
	401220965	STP-CBB3C three-phase, 380-415 VAC magnetic starter		
5800103300		STP-SCIIIC three-phase, 380-415 VAC smart controller		
	5800300200	STP-DHIB, dispenser hook isolation for 240 Volt dispenser handle switches, up to eight each		



## **3/4 HP SUBMERSIBLE TURBINE PUMPS**

FE PETRO®  $1\frac{1}{2}$  Hp fixed speed submersible pumps deliver consistent flow rates for low throughput fuels.

### **TECHNICAL ADVANTAGES**

### **OPTIONAL FEATURES**

### **Biofuel Compatibility**

FE PETRO<sup>®</sup> pumps are UL listed with both UL79A (up to 85% Ethanol) and UL79B (up to 20% or 100% Biodiesel).

### Variable Length

The patented telescoping pump shaft lets installers adjust the length of the pump onsite for the perfect fit.

#### **Advanced Protection**

Stop corrosion in its tracks. Special powder-coated, e-coated, and stainless steel components defend your pump in the tank and in the sump from accelerated corrosion.

### **STANDARD FEATURES**

### **Active Air Eliminator**

FE PETRO® STPs come standard with active air elimination, which eliminates air through the highest point in the pump head at all times when the pump is running, assuring air does not pass into discharge piping.

### Safety and Ease of Maintenance

FE PETRO<sup>®</sup> STPs include a contractor electrical disconnect, which requires loosening only one bolt, allowing motor wiring to be disconnected without venting the dangerous tank vapors into the sump when servicing FE PETRO<sup>®</sup> submersible products.

### Simple Servicing

If ever required, the pump can be easily removed from the tank by unthreading three bolts. There is no need to disconnect the syphon system or to remove the leak detector from the system to service the STP.

### **Turbine Pump Interface**

Remote enhanced pump monitoring and control including pump-in-water automation, clogged intake escalation, tank leveling, and tank priority.

### **Intake Filter Screen**

Avoid system damage, pumping slowdowns, and reduce filter changes by keeping harmful tank debris, sediment, and corrosion from entering the pumping system with this factoryinstalled option.

### **Manual Pressure Relief**

As a standard FE PETRO® feature, a vent screw is provided to bleed line pressure to zero when necessary. By turning this screw, product is diverted back to the tank, dropping line pressure to zero. This reduces fuel discharged into the sump manhole or dispenser pan during servicing, further protecting service technicians and the environment.

### **Outlast, Outperform with Franklin Electric Inside**

FE PETRO® STPs are powered by the legendary Franklin Electric motor and built for long term performance. Franklin Electric-powered submersible pumps provide maximum uptime and a proven track record in the fueling industry that spans more than four decades. They feature best-in-class flow rates and a long history of dependability.

### **Quality Certification**

Franklin Fueling Systems is an ISO 9001 Certified Manufacturer.

### SPECIFICATIONS

### General

- 3⁄4 Hp fixed speed models are available in variable length and fixed length options.
- Check valve: 70mm diameter fluorocarbon seal constructed with cast aluminum body and steel backing washer.
- Pressure relief valve: available in four pressure relief settings, integral to check valve. Standard model relieves at 2.8 bar and resets above 2.4 bar.
- Syphon: venturi-type syphon primer supplied with every submersible. Syphon check valve and secondary syphon sold separately.
- Air eliminator: every submersible includes a tank return path with one-way check valve to provide active air elimination.
- Electrical disconnect: electrical yoke for positive contractor disconnect during service.

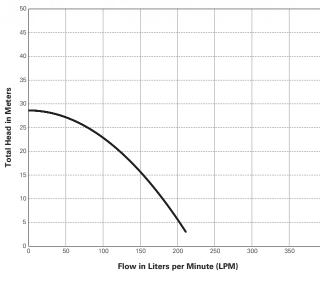
### **Pump Motor**

- ¾ Hp fixed speed, 2875 rpm, two-stage centrifugal type pump motor with integral, automatic thermal overload protection.
- 3/4 Hp models have a max. pressure of 2.55 bar.

### Approvals

- cULus listed.
- Consult factory for applicable approvals.

### 3/4 Hp Single-Phase Fixed Speed Pump Performance Chart (STP75B)



Note: Performance based on pumping gasoline (0.78 specific gravity). Pressure is taken at the manifold discharge outlet 75B models are powered by a single-phase, 250 Volt power supply.

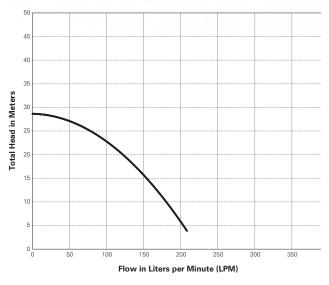
### **Power Requirements**

- 75B fixed speed models require single-phase, 200-250 VAC, 50 Hz incoming power. 75C fixed speed models require three-phase, 380-415 VAC, 50 Hz incoming power
- 75B fixed speed models incorporate a starting and running capacitor, with internal bleed resistor, rated 440 Volt, 15 microfarad.
- SPGC-220 single-phase Guardian<sup>™</sup> Series Controllers and STP-CBBS single-phase control boxes are available for 75B pump control.
- STP-SCIIIC three-phase smart controller and STP-CBB3C three-phase magnetic starter are available for 75C control
- 3/4 Hp max. motor draw: 75B 6 Amps, 75C 3 Amps.

### **Liquid Compatibility**

- Max. liquid viscosity: 70 SSU at 60 °F (15 °C).
- Standard STP models are UL and cUL listed for fuel mixtures containing up to 10% ethanol with gasoline, and 20% MTBE, 20% ETBE or 17% TAME with gasoline.
- STPAG/STPAP (AG compatible) models are UL listed for fuel mixtures containing diesel fuel with up to 20% Biodiesel, 100% Biodiesel, up to 85% ethanol with gasoline, and 20% MTBE, 20% ETBE or 17% TAME with gasoline.
- 3⁄4 Hp fixed speed models can also be used with diesel fuels, fuel oils, kerosene, Avgas, and jet fuels in a non-gelled pourable state.
- All wetted elastomers are made of a high grade, fluorocarbon compound.

### 3/4 Hp Three-Phase Fixed Speed Pump Performance Chart (STP75C)



Note: Performance based on pumping gasoline (0.78 specific gravity). Pressure is taken at the manifold discharge outlet. 75C models are powered by a single-phase, 415 Volt power supply.

### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

### 3/4 Hp Fixed Speed Submersible Pump Ordering Guide

A typical turbine model designation has up to five components to define the pump being supplied as follows:

### STP XXXXX Y - A - B

### STP = Basic Model Designation

XXXXX = Factory Installed Options (Model designations may include one or more of the following characters in alphabetical order.)

AP = Advanced Protection with powder-coated, e-coated, and stainless steel components, alcohol-gasoline compatible (up to E85, up to B20, and B100) (Note standard models up to 10% ethanol capable)

AG = Alcohol-gasoline compatible (up to E85, up to B20, and B100) (Note standard models up to 10% ethanol capable)

 $F = Floating suction adapter (1\frac{1}{2}" NPT female adapter)$ 

K = Intake filter screen (IFS, factory installed to PMA)

\*R = Model R check valve (1.7 bar relief / 1.5 bar reset for PLLD)

\*W = Model W check valve (1.1 bar relief / 0.9 bar reset for PPM4000)

### Y = Pump Motor Horsepower Rating

 $75B = \frac{3}{4}$  Hp fixed speed, 50 Hz, single-phase

 $75C = \frac{3}{4}$  Hp fixed speed, 50 Hz, three-phase

### A = Model Length (see table)

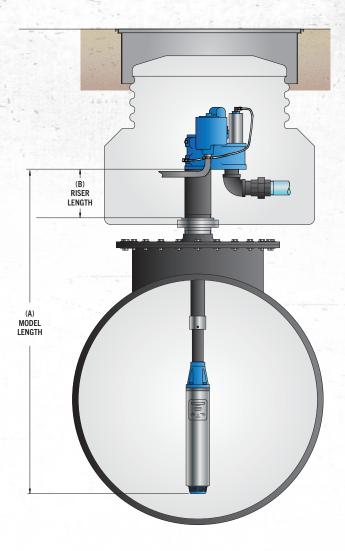
- VL1 = Variable length range #1.
- VL2 = Variable length range #2.
- VL3 = Variable length range #3.

(Note VL2 models fit 94% of all known installations)

### B = Riser Pipe Length (see diagram)

Riser pipe length is expressed as two numeric characters that indicate the total length of the riser in inches. Riser pipes are available from 178mm to 1524mm in 25mm increments (additional charge for risers 787mm or longer).

Notes: \*If not otherwise specified, all STP models are supplied with standard model check valve (2.8 bar relief / 2,4 bar reset for MLD, TS-LS300, and TS-LS500).



### Model Length (A)

STP Horsepower	Model Length Range	Model Length Designation				
	1499mm – 2241mm	VL1				
75B ¾ Hp Fixed Speed	2286mm – 3848mm	VL2				
	3099mm – 5441mm	VL3				
750 3711	1480mm – 2222mm	VL1				
75C ¾ Hp Fixed Speed	2267mm – 3829mm	VL2				
	3080mm – 5422mm	VL3				

### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

### Single-Phase <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> Hp Fixed Speed Submersible Turbine Pumps

Model	Description	Model Length Range Number	Model Length Range*
STP75B-VL1	34 Hp fixed speed	VL1	1499mm – 2241mm
STP75B-VL2	34 Hp fixed speed	VL2	2286mm – 3848mm
STP75B-VL3	34 Hp fixed speed	VL3	3099mm – 5441mm
1			1512

### Three-Phase 3/4 Hp Fixed Speed Submersible Turbine Pumps

Model	Description	Model Length Range Number	Model Length Range*
STP75C-VL1	3⁄4 Hp fixed speed	VL1	1480mm – 2222mm
STP75C-VL2	34 Hp fixed speed	VL2	2267mm – 3829mm
STP75C-VL3	3/4 Hp fixed speed	VL3	3080mm – 5422mm

### Single-Phase Alcohol-Gas (AG) 1/3 and 3/4 Hp Fixed Speed Submersible Turbine Pumps

Ν	Model	Description	Model Length Range Number	Model Length Range*
S	STPAG75B-VL1	34 Hp AG fixed speed	VL1	1499mm – 2241mm
5	STPAG75B-VL2	¾ Hp AG fixed speed	VL2	2286mm – 3848mm
S	STPAG75B-VL3	¾ Hp AG fixed speed	VL3	3099mm – 5441mm
S	STPAP75B-VL1	3/4 Hp fixed speed with Advanced Protection	VL1	1499mm – 2241mm
S	STPAP75B-VL2	3/4 Hp fixed speed with Advanced Protection	VL2	2286mm – 3848mm
5	STPAP75B-VL3	34 Hp fixed speed with Advanced Protection	VL3	3099mm – 5441mm

### Three-Phase Alcohol-Gas (AG) <sup>1</sup>/<sub>3</sub> and <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> Hp Fixed Speed Submersible Turbine Pumps

Model	Description	Model Length Range Number	Model Length Range*
STPAG75C-VL1	3⁄4 Hp AG fixed speed	VL1	1480mm – 2222mm
STPAG75C-VL2	34 Hp AG fixed speed	VL2	2267mm – 3829mm
STPAG75C-VL3	3⁄4 Hp AG fixed speed	VL3	3080mm – 5422mm
STPAP75C-VL1	3/4 Hp fixed speed with Advanced Protection	VL1	1480mm – 2222mm
STPAP75C-VL2	3/4 Hp fixed speed with Advanced Protection	VL2	2267mm – 3829mm
STPAP75C-VL3	3/4 Hp fixed speed with Advanced Protection	VL3	3080mm – 5422mm

Notes: 1. STP models are compatible with fuel mixtures containing up to 10% ethanol with gasoline, up to 5% Biodiesel with diesel fuels, and 20% MTBE, 20% ETBE or 17% TAME with gasoline. STPAG/STPAP models are compatible with fuel mixtures containing diesel fuel with up to 20% Biodiesel, 100% Biodiesel, up to 85% ethanol with gasoline, and 20% MTBE, 20% ETBE or 17% TAME with gasoline.

2. All models are supplied with a standard check valve unless factory option "R" or "W" is specified.

3. All above 75B models require single-phase, 200-250 VAC, 50 Hz incoming power. All above 75C models require three-phase, 380-415 VAC, 50 Hz incoming power.

4. 4" riser pipe, if supplied locally, must be 41/2" OD by 3/16" WT tubing.

5. For riser pipe lengths 787mm to 1524mm, additional charges apply. (Call Customer Service for lead times.)

 $^{*}$ Model length (A) defined as the dimension from turbine manifold bottom to pump motor inlet.

### **Factory Installed Approvals**

Specified in model number at time of STP order.

Model	Description				-
(ATXF)	Submersible Turbine Pumps with ATEX Flameproof approval for EN markets	3	1.1.1.1	16	
(RT)	Submersible Turbine Pumps with ROSTEST approval for Eastern European markets				

Note: If not otherwise specified, all models are supplied to UL approval as standard. Consult factory for local approvals.

### **Factory Installed Options**

Specified in model number at time of STP order.

Model	Description
F	Floating suction adapter, 1½" NPT female, must be factory installed
К	IFS (intake filter screen) factory assembled to pump motor assembly
R	Model R check valve, factory installed, for Veeder-Root* PLLD Line Leak
W	Model W check valve, factory installed, for Red Jacket PPM4000 Line Leak

### **Field Installed Options**

3/4 Hp fixed speed specific accessories.

Model	Description
400137937	Syphon check valve, alcohol-gasoline compatible
400818922	STP-CBBS, single-phase control box with lockout switch, 240 Volt coil
402312932	STP-DHIB + SPGC-220 Guardian Series <sup>™</sup> Single Phase Smart Controller bundle
402313922	STP-DHIB-CBBS, combo DHIB with factory-wired STP-CBBS single-phase control box
402459931	Model 65 psi (4.5 bar) check valve AG compatible, (for slave of manifolded STPs with Veeder-Root* PLLD)
402507930	Secondary syphon kit (when two syphon primes are required for one STP)
5800100220	SPGC-220 Guardian Series <sup>™</sup> Single Phase Smart Controller
401220965	STP-CBB3C three-phase, 380-415 VAC magnetic starter
5800103300	STP-SCIIIC three-phase, 380-415 VAC smart controller
5800300200	STP-DHIB, dispenser hook isolation for 240 Volt dispenser handle switches, up to eight each



## ENCORE<sup>®</sup> SERIES

FUEL DISPENSERS



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## ENCORE<sup>®</sup> SERIES

### FUEL DISPENSERS

Welcome to the line of Encore fueling dispensers, the most reliable and time-tested fueling technology on the market. In fact, Encore is the most popular dispenser in North America — with more pumps installed than any of the competition! Whether you're looking for industry-leading security, the highest reliability, a better alternative fuel offering, or a whole new way to market your brand, Encore has it.

Encore dispensers offer a broad range of products to accommodate all types of fuels from gasoline to diesel to alternative fuels and beyond:

- Encore 700 S
- Encore Flex Fuel
- Encore CNG
- Encore Ultra-Hi + DEF

As the technology leader, we've designed the Encore family to grow with you. Our modular approach provides the greatest runway to adapt to rapidly evolving forecourt technologies. We offer state-of-the-art options such as EMV-certified FlexPay<sup>™</sup> Hybrid Card Reader, 10.4" color screens, and Applause<sup>™</sup> Media at the pump. And, of course, our Passport<sup>®</sup> POS is fully integrated to work with your Encore<sup>®</sup> dispensers.\*

So no matter which model or combination you choose, your investment will keep paying off for years to come. For more information call your local distributor or visit www.gilbarco.com.

\*US ONLY



# TRUSTED

# ENCORE<sup>®</sup> 700S

### DISPENSERS

### The industry's most trusted dispenser

Secure your competitive advantage and increase profits with Gilbarco Veeder-Root's Encore® 700 S – your best dispenser investment for today and tomorrow.

Highly secure, powerful CRIND® electronics build a flexible and innovative platform for your changing forecourt marketing and payment needs. Enjoy peace of mind with a leading foundation that is highly secure today and upgradeable to meet the payment security and technology needs of tomorrow.

Gilbarco's proven and time-tested design guarantees most forecourts and widest range of conditions
$\operatorname{Encore}^{\textcircled{\ensuremath{\mathbb{B}}}}$ 700 S offers most configurations and options to fit your forecourt
The industry's most secure Encore 700 S is the cornerstone of Gilbarco's $\text{EMV}^{\textcircled{B}}$ suite of products
Engineered with easy access and quick turntime for servicing and maintenance
Encore <sup>®</sup> 700 S runs a variety of marketing and rich multimedia programs including Applause TV at the pump.

NOTE: The dispenser shown on the left is the Encore 700S (3+0 Blender) dispenser



# ENCORE<sup>®</sup> FLEX FUEL

### FLEX FUEL DISPENSERS

## Encore<sup>®</sup> Flexible Fuel Dispensers 🗰

Your customers are demanding more and more alternative fuel options. Encore Flexible Fuel Dispensers help broaden your fuel offering while keeping the fueling experience simple and safe. With the industry's broadest set of flexible fuel options, the Encore NF Series offers up to five product selections from one fueling position. It's a smart investment that lets you maximize branding and sales opportunities, while keeping the number of tanks needed to a minimum. All with the unmatched durability and reliability you expect from the industry leader in flexible fuels. The NF4 is a Multi-Hose Hybrid Blender, allowing you to offer three grades of blended gasoline, as well as two additional blended grades of alternative fuel that blend through their own individual hoses. Combined with clear signage, this feature prevents mis-fueling at the pump.

The Encore Flexible Fuel dispenser comes with all the same selling tools and value-added options as a traditional Encore unit:

OPTIONS	Four different model configurations available	
EMV-READY	No EMV worries with the $\operatorname{Encore}^{\operatorname{I\!\!R}}$ Flex Fuel Dispensers	
RICH MEDIA	Applause™ TV or Applause Media System on 10.4" color screen is available.	

NOTE: The dispenser shown on the left is the Encore 700S (3+1+1 Blender) with Flex Fuel Option. May not be available in all areas.

# SEAMLESS

# ENCORE<sup>®</sup> CNG

### C N G D I S P E N S E R S

## Encore CNG Alternative Fueling

Offering alternative fuels? Look no further than the Encore® Dispenser line. With our Encore® CNG, It's never been easier to bring compressed natural gas (CNG) to your forecourt. Encore® CNG offers a familiar interface to your customers, a seamless experience from gasoline to CNG fueling, and provides you a seamless integration with your existing forecourt controller. It provides a safe, fast and complete fill with maximum flexibility and connectivity to the ANGI compression system.

SAFE, FAST, AND COMPLETE FILL	Temperature-compensated fill rate with optimized, electronically controlled software. Positive shut-off, actuated ball valves with hydrocarbon and motion sensors provide industry-leading safety.
SEAMLESS INTEGRATION	Ties to your existing forecourt controller — minimizes impact to your site payment network and saves the cost of a separate POS system.
REMOTE CONNECTIVITY	Integrates with the ANGI compression system to provide three possible tiers of remote monitoring and configuration capabilities. Increase your site uptime with our connectivity.
FAMILIAR INTERFACE	Increase throughput, streamline transactions, shorten wait time, and enhance your customer's experience with Encore's familiar interface and intuitive design. Available in 1- or 2-sided models.
MAXIMUM FLEXIBILITY	Configurable for 3-Bank or Direct-fill site configurations. One dispenser for hi-flow and standard flow applications — fill cars or buses from the same dispenser and increase throughput for your site.





# ENCORE<sup>®</sup> ULTRA-HI + DEF

### DIESEL DISPENSERS

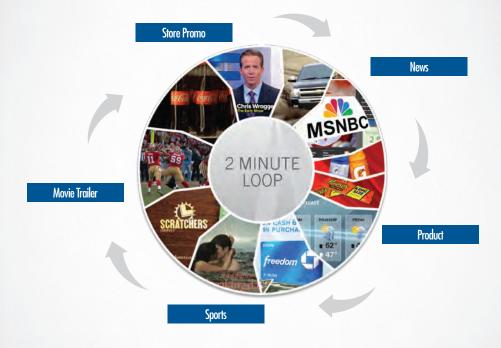
### Encore Master & Satellite Dispensers

Pump up to 60 gpm (227 lpm)\* combined flow rate when using a master and satellite simultaneously – with all the convenience of pay-at-pump. It's the fastest way to pump and pay!

The truck stop environment requires rugged solutions that are both durable and reliable, because time is money to you and your customers. Gilbarco Veeder-Root's Ultra-Hi flow masters and satellites for retail truck stops are made to last and they cut in half the amount of time it takes to pump and pay. You can sell more fuel during busy periods and your customers get back on the road faster. Our Encore<sup>®</sup> models combine to offer the most rugged, economical and flexible choices for truck stop fueling.

FLEXIBLE CHOICES	A variety of configurations to provide many options for your fuel island layout
SAFE, FAST, AND COMPLETE FILL	Cuts in half the amount of time to pump and pay
SEAMLESS INTEGRATION	Familiar Encore <sup>®</sup> interface and fueling experience
EASY MODULAR UPGRADES	$Encore^{\textcircled{\ensuremath{\mathbb{B}}}}$ modular dispenser electronics make it easy to upgrade in the future

\*Assumes 30 psi inlet pressure. Flow rate for master and satellite used separately is about 30 gpm (113 lpm) each. Actual results may vary.





# ADVERTISING

# APPLAUSE" MEDIA SYSTEM

### MEDIA AT THE PUMP

## Applause<sup>™</sup> TV<sup>\*</sup>

### **GROW IN-STORE SALES:**

Applause™ TV brings multiple tools to drive consumers into the store through Gilbarco's partnership with GSTV Media. To grow in-store sales, you will benefit from:

- On-demand couponing proven to show a 7% print rate
- Retailer-specific, customizable advertising by day part and location
- National advertising promotions
- Case studies have shown over 30% sales lift on promoted items

### **DIFFERENTIATE A SITE:**

Applause<sup>™</sup> TV differentiates a site from other sites by improving the site profile and providing an engaging fueling experience.

- Localized weather forecasts, news and sports updates
- 10.4" color screen with full-motion video and rich audio
- Connect with the community with amber alerts

### Applause Media

Utilizing the same tools as Applause TV, Applause Media drives additional in-store sales and differentiates your brand by taking total control of your content loop. Engage directly with your customers through promotional giveaways, charity campaigns, targeted loyalty ads, local event promotion, and much more.

\*May not be available in all areas.



# HARDWARE

## CATLOW HANGING HARDWARE

### DO YOU NEED A NO-HASSLE SOLUTION TO HANGING HARDWARE ASSEMBLIES?

Catlow products are supported with world class customer service with 40 years of industry experience, making Catlow the best choice for your hanging hardware assembly needs.

- Bundled with Gilbarco Dispenser
- Full and Lower Cat-tail Assemblies Now Available

### WHY USE CATLOW FOR YOUR HANGING HARDWARE ASSEMBLIES?

- Customized bundling with dispenser
- Fewer touches and logistics = cost savings. Save on Shipping. Save labor on assembling.
- No need to source with separate providers. Save on inventory management.
- Factory pre-assembled. Ease of making one connection into the outlet casting of the dispenser upon startup.
- Prevent accident due to installation error. Sold as a bundle with Dispenser to ensure compatibility. Pressure and Leak tested to avoid leaking over 5% saving with reduced failure rate.

### FEATURES:

- 3/4" 1" Nozzle Catlow offers a full line of nozzle products to suit your needs.
- CamTwist Magnetic Breakaway Patented technology allows the breakaway to be twisted apart for maintenance & inspection which eliminates the need for a "remove by" date.
- Twister Swivel Provides you with the benefits of both fuel weather compatibility, and has two 360-degree planes of rotation.

# CONFIGURATIONS

### **OPTIONS**

Quality that lastsStandard 2-year warranty includes laborS4-year corrosion protectionSSAngled hose outletsSSNo pulse, no flowSSEncrypted PulserOOProgressive lighting cuesSSLED display lightingSS	e S
Angled hose outletsSNo pulse, no flowSEncrypted PulserOProgressive lighting cuesS	
No pulse, no flow     S     S       Encrypted Pulser     0     0       Progressive lighting cues     S     S	
Encrypted Pulser O O Progressive lighting cues S S	
Progressive lighting cues S S	
IED display lighting C C	
S S	
Brand View canopy 0 0	
Rounded and rectangular canopies 0 0	
Stainless steel sheathing 0 0	
Better, brighter 5.7" Color display S N	
forecourt merchandising 5.7" Monochrome display N S	
10.4" Color display O N	
Applause™ TV / Applause Media System <b>0</b>	
Industry-leading security Hidden security clasp for pad lock S S	
Security door switches 0 0	
FlexPay™ Encrypting PIN Pad (EPP)S	
FlexPay Secure Card Reader (SCR) N O	
FlexPay Hybrid Card Reader (HCR)   O	
Bar code scanner <b>O</b> N	
Contactless card reader 0 0	
Cash acceptor (US currency only)* 0	
More flexible         DEF + Diesel dispenser models         O         O	
dispensing options Ultra-Hi Flow models Y Y	
Flex Fuel dispensers and blenders Y Y	
Up to 8 hoses (4 per side) 0	

 ${\sf S}={\sf Standard}$  Feature,  ${\sf O}={\sf Optional}$  Feature,  ${\sf R}={\sf Available}$  as Retrofit only,  ${\sf N}={\sf Not}$  Available,  ${\sf Y}={\sf Available}$  \* Not available on all model configurations

MPD       •         ·       · <td< th=""><th></th><th>NA0           NA1           NA2           NA3           NC0           NC1           NC2           NC3           NG4           NG0           NG1           NG5           NG2           NG3           NN1           NN2           NN3           NN5           NN6           NN7           NL0           NL1           NL2           NL3           NL4</th><th>Dispenser 1-Grade Dispenser 2-Grade Dispenser 3-Grade Dispenser 4-Grade Pump 1-Grade Pump 2-Grade Pump 3-Grade Pump 3-Grade Dispenser 2-Grade Dispenser 3-Grade Single Hose + 1 Dispenser 4-Grade Pump 2-Grade Pump 3-Grade Single Hose + 1 Pump 4-Grade Dispenser 3+0 Dispenser 3+0 Dispenser 4+0 Dispenser 5+0 Pump 3+0 Pump 4+0 Pump 5+0 Dispenser 2+1 Dispenser 2+1 Dispenser 3+1 Dispenser 3+1 Dispenser 4+1 Blender Dispenser 3+1+1 Pump 2+1</th><th>1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 2 3 4 2 3 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2</th><th>1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 2 3 4 2 3 4 2 3 4 2 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5 5 5</th><th>1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2</th><th>Lever Lever Lever Lever Lever Lever Lever Lever Grade Button Grade Button</th><th>Center Ce</th><th>2 4 6 8 2 4 6 8 4 6 8 4 6 8 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4</th></td<>		NA0           NA1           NA2           NA3           NC0           NC1           NC2           NC3           NG4           NG0           NG1           NG5           NG2           NG3           NN1           NN2           NN3           NN5           NN6           NN7           NL0           NL1           NL2           NL3           NL4	Dispenser 1-Grade Dispenser 2-Grade Dispenser 3-Grade Dispenser 4-Grade Pump 1-Grade Pump 2-Grade Pump 3-Grade Pump 3-Grade Dispenser 2-Grade Dispenser 3-Grade Single Hose + 1 Dispenser 4-Grade Pump 2-Grade Pump 3-Grade Single Hose + 1 Pump 4-Grade Dispenser 3+0 Dispenser 3+0 Dispenser 4+0 Dispenser 5+0 Pump 3+0 Pump 4+0 Pump 5+0 Dispenser 2+1 Dispenser 2+1 Dispenser 3+1 Dispenser 3+1 Dispenser 4+1 Blender Dispenser 3+1+1 Pump 2+1	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 2 3 4 2 3 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 2 3 4 2 3 4 2 3 4 2 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5 5 5	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2	Lever Lever Lever Lever Lever Lever Lever Lever Grade Button Grade Button	Center Ce	2 4 6 8 2 4 6 8 4 6 8 4 6 8 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
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Single Hose MPD		NC3 NG4 NG0 NG1 NG5 NG2 NG3 NN1 NN2 NN3 NN5 NN6 NN7 NL0 NL1 NL2 NL3 NL4	Pump 4-Grade           Dispenser 2-Grade           Dispenser 3-Grade           Single Hose + 1 Dispenser 4-Grade           Pump 2-Grade           Pump 3-Grade           Single Hose + 1 Pump 4-Grade           Dispenser 3+0           Dispenser 4+0           Dispenser 5+0           Pump 3+0           Pump 5+0           Dispenser 2+1           Dispenser 3+1           Dispenser 4+1           Blender Dispenser 3+1+1	2 3 4 2 3 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3	2 3 4 2 3 4 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5 5	1 2 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2	Lever Grade Button Grade Button	Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center	8 4 6 8 4 6 8 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 6
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ا         1 <t< td=""><td></td><td>NG0 NG1 NG5 NG2 NG3 NN1 NN2 NN3 NN5 NN6 NN7 NL0 NL1 NL2 NL3 NL4</td><td>Dispenser 3-Grade Single Hose + 1 Dispenser 4-Grade Pump 2-Grade Pump 3-Grade Single Hose + 1 Pump 4-Grade Dispenser 3+0 Dispenser 4+0 Dispenser 5+0 Pump 3+0 Pump 3+0 Pump 5+0 Dispenser 2+1 Dispenser 2+1 Dispenser 3+1 Dispenser 4+1 Blender Dispenser 3+1+1</td><td>3 4 2 3 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3</td><td>3 4 2 3 4 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5 5</td><td>1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2</td><td>Grade Button Grade Button</td><td>Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center</td><td>6 8 4 6 8 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 6</td></t<>		NG0 NG1 NG5 NG2 NG3 NN1 NN2 NN3 NN5 NN6 NN7 NL0 NL1 NL2 NL3 NL4	Dispenser 3-Grade Single Hose + 1 Dispenser 4-Grade Pump 2-Grade Pump 3-Grade Single Hose + 1 Pump 4-Grade Dispenser 3+0 Dispenser 4+0 Dispenser 5+0 Pump 3+0 Pump 3+0 Pump 5+0 Dispenser 2+1 Dispenser 2+1 Dispenser 3+1 Dispenser 4+1 Blender Dispenser 3+1+1	3 4 2 3 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3	3 4 2 3 4 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5 5	1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2	Grade Button Grade Button	Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center	6 8 4 6 8 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 6
۱         ۲+0 Blender         1 <tr< td=""><td></td><td>NG1 NG5 NG2 NG3 NN1 NN2 NN3 NN5 NN6 NN7 NL0 NL1 NL2 NL3 NL4</td><td>Single Hose + 1 Dispenser 4-Grade Pump 2-Grade Pump 3-Grade Single Hose + 1 Pump 4-Grade Dispenser 3+0 Dispenser 4+0 Dispenser 5+0 Pump 3+0 Pump 3+0 Pump 5+0 Dispenser 2+1 Dispenser 3+1 Dispenser 4+1 Blender Dispenser 3+1+1</td><td>4 2 3 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3</td><td>4 2 3 4 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5 5</td><td>1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2</td><td>Grade Button Grade Button</td><td>Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center</td><td>8 4 6 8 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 6</td></tr<>		NG1 NG5 NG2 NG3 NN1 NN2 NN3 NN5 NN6 NN7 NL0 NL1 NL2 NL3 NL4	Single Hose + 1 Dispenser 4-Grade Pump 2-Grade Pump 3-Grade Single Hose + 1 Pump 4-Grade Dispenser 3+0 Dispenser 4+0 Dispenser 5+0 Pump 3+0 Pump 3+0 Pump 5+0 Dispenser 2+1 Dispenser 3+1 Dispenser 4+1 Blender Dispenser 3+1+1	4 2 3 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3	4 2 3 4 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5 5	1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2	Grade Button Grade Button	Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center	8 4 6 8 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 6
۱         X+0 Blender         1 <tr< td=""><td>• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •</td><td>NG5 NG2 NG3 NN1 NN2 NN3 NN5 NN6 NN7 NL0 NL1 NL1 NL2 NL3 NL4</td><td>Pump 2-Grade Pump 3-Grade Single Hose + 1 Pump 4-Grade Dispenser 3+0 Dispenser 4+0 Dispenser 5+0 Pump 3+0 Pump 3+0 Pump 5+0 Dispenser 2+1 Dispenser 3+1 Dispenser 4+1 Blender Dispenser 3+1+1</td><td>3 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3</td><td>3 4 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5</td><td>1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2</td><td>Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button</td><td>Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center</td><td>4 6 8 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 6</td></tr<>	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	NG5 NG2 NG3 NN1 NN2 NN3 NN5 NN6 NN7 NL0 NL1 NL1 NL2 NL3 NL4	Pump 2-Grade Pump 3-Grade Single Hose + 1 Pump 4-Grade Dispenser 3+0 Dispenser 4+0 Dispenser 5+0 Pump 3+0 Pump 3+0 Pump 5+0 Dispenser 2+1 Dispenser 3+1 Dispenser 4+1 Blender Dispenser 3+1+1	3 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3	3 4 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5	1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2	Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button	Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center	4 6 8 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 6
۱         ۲+0 Blender         ۱         1 <tr< td=""><td>• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •</td><td>NG2 NG3 NN1 NN2 NN3 NN5 NN6 NN7 NL0 NL1 NL2 NL3 NL4</td><td>Pump 3-Grade Single Hose + 1 Pump 4-Grade Dispenser 3+0 Dispenser 4+0 Dispenser 5+0 Pump 3+0 Pump 4+0 Pump 5+0 Dispenser 2+1 Dispenser 3+1 Dispenser 4+1 Blender Dispenser 3+1+1</td><td>3 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3</td><td>3 4 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5</td><td>1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2</td><td>Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button</td><td>Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center</td><td>8 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 6</td></tr<>	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	NG2 NG3 NN1 NN2 NN3 NN5 NN6 NN7 NL0 NL1 NL2 NL3 NL4	Pump 3-Grade Single Hose + 1 Pump 4-Grade Dispenser 3+0 Dispenser 4+0 Dispenser 5+0 Pump 3+0 Pump 4+0 Pump 5+0 Dispenser 2+1 Dispenser 3+1 Dispenser 4+1 Blender Dispenser 3+1+1	3 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3	3 4 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2	Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button	Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center	8 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 6
۱         ۲+0 Blender         ۱         1 <tr< td=""><td>• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •</td><td>NG3 NN1 NN2 NN3 NN5 NN6 NN7 NL0 NL1 NL2 NL3 NL4</td><td>Single Hose + 1 Pump 4-Grade Dispenser 3+0 Dispenser 4+0 Dispenser 5+0 Pump 3+0 Pump 4+0 Pump 5+0 Dispenser 2+1 Dispenser 3+1 Dispenser 4+1 Blender Dispenser 3+1+1</td><td>4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3</td><td>4 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5</td><td>1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2</td><td>Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button</td><td>Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center</td><td>8 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 6</td></tr<>	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	NG3 NN1 NN2 NN3 NN5 NN6 NN7 NL0 NL1 NL2 NL3 NL4	Single Hose + 1 Pump 4-Grade Dispenser 3+0 Dispenser 4+0 Dispenser 5+0 Pump 3+0 Pump 4+0 Pump 5+0 Dispenser 2+1 Dispenser 3+1 Dispenser 4+1 Blender Dispenser 3+1+1	4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3	4 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2	Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button	Center Center Center Center Center Center Center Center	8 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 6
ا           1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	NN1 NN2 NN3 NN5 NN6 NN7 NL0 NL1 NL2 NL3 NL4	Dispenser 3+0 Dispenser 4+0 Dispenser 5+0 Pump 3+0 Pump 4+0 Pump 5+0 Dispenser 2+1 Dispenser 3+1 Dispenser 4+1 Blender Dispenser 3+1+1	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3	3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5 5	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2	Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button	Center Center Center Center Center Center Center	4 4 4 4 4 4 6
ا           1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	NN2 NN3 NN5 NN6 NN7 NL0 NL1 NL2 NL3 NL4	Dispenser 4+0 Dispenser 5+0 Pump 3+0 Pump 4+0 Pump 5+0 Dispenser 2+1 Dispenser 3+1 Dispenser 4+1 Blender Dispenser 3+1+1	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3	4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5 5	2 2	Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button	Center Center Center Center Center Center	4 4 4 4 4 6
ا           ١	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	NN3 NN5 NN6 NN7 NL0 NL1 NL2 NL3 NL4	Dispenser 5+0 Pump 3+0 Pump 4+0 Pump 5+0 Dispenser 2+1 Dispenser 3+1 Dispenser 4+1 Blender Dispenser 3+1+1	2 2 2 2 3 3	5 3 4 5 3 4 5 5	2 2	Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button	Center Center Center Center Center	4 4 4 4 6
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I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	• • • • • • • •	NN6 NN7 NL0 NL1 NL2 NL3 NL4	Pump 4+0 Pump 5+0 Dispenser 2+1 Dispenser 3+1 Dispenser 4+1 Blender Dispenser 3+1+1	2 2 3 3	4 5 3 4 5	2 2	Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button	Center Center Center	4 4 6
X+1 Blender  X+1 Blender  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A	• • • • •	NN7 NL0 NL1 NL2 NL3 NL4	Pump 5+0 Dispenser 2+1 Dispenser 3+1 Dispenser 4+1 Blender Dispenser 3+1+1	2 3 3	5 3 4 5	2 2	Grade Button Grade Button Grade Button	Center Center	4 6
X+1 Blender	• • • •	NLO NL1 NL2 NL3 NL4	Dispenser 2+1 Dispenser 3+1 Dispenser 4+1 Blender Dispenser 3+1+1	3 3	3 4 5	2 2	Grade Button Grade Button	Center	6
Intra-Hi Flow In	• • • • • •	NL1 NL2 NL3 NL4	Dispenser 3+1 Dispenser 4+1 Blender Dispenser 3+1+1	3	4 5	2 2	Grade Button		
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Ultra-Hi Flow 6	•		Pump 7+1	0		3	Grade Button	Center	8
Multi-Hose Blender Multi-Hose Blender	_			3	3	2	Grade Button	Center	6
Multi-Hose Blender	•	NL5	Pump 3+1	3	4	2	Grade Button	Center	6
Ultra-Hi Flow 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		NL6	Pump 4+1	3	5	2	Grade Button	Center	6
Ultra-Hi Flow 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	•	NJO	Dispenser	2	3	3	Lever	Center	4
Ultra-Hi Flow • • • • • •	•	NJ2	Multi-Hose + 1 Dispenser	3	4	4	Lever	Center	6
Ultra-Hi Flow	•	NJ1	Pump	2	3	3	Lever	Center	4
Ultra-Hi Flow	•	NJ3	Multi-Hose + 1 Pump	3	4	4	Lever	Center	6
•	•	NJ4	Multi-Hose Hybrid Blender 3+2	4	5	3	Lever	Center	8
•	•	NP3	Master Dispenser 1-Grade	1 or 2	1	1	Lever	Center	1 or 2
•	•	NP4	Combo Dispenser 1-Grade	2	1	1	Lever	Center	1
•	•	NP5	Satellite Dispenser 1-Grade	1 or 2	1	1	Lever	Center	0
	•	NP6	Master Dispenser 2-Grade	2	2	2	Lever	Center	2
	•	NP8	Satellite Dispenser 2-Grade	2	2	2	Lever	Center	0
DEF •	•	NA4	MPD Dispenser 1-Grade, Single-Side	1	1	1	Grade Button	Center	1
•	•	NPA	Ultra-Hi DEF +1, Master for Diesel	2	2	2	Grade Button	Center	2
•	•	NPB	Ultra-Hi Master/Satellite, Combo & DEF	2	2	2/1	Grade Button	Center	2
•	•	NPC	Master Diesel 2-Grade, DEF 1-Side only	3	3	3/0	Grade Button	Center	3
Flexible Fuel Models for •	•	NAO	MPD Dispenser 1-Grade	1	1	1	Lever	Center	1
E85 and/or Biodiesel	•	NA1	MPD Dispenser 2-Grade (1 or 2 alt)	2	2	2	Lever	Center	2
•	•	NA2	MPD Dispenser 3-Grade (1 alt)	3	3	3	Lever	Center	3
•	•	NA3	MPD Dispenser 4-Grade (1 or 2 alt)	4	4	4	Lever	Center	8
•	•	NGO*	Single-Hose MPD Dispenser 3-Grade (1 alt)	3	3	2	Grade Button	Center	6
•	•	NG1	Single-Hose + 1 MPD Dispenser 4-Grade (1 or 2 alt)	4	4	2	Grade Button	Center	8
•	•	NLO*	2+1 Blender Dispenser (1 alt)	3	3	2	Grade Button	Center	6
•	•	NJ2*	Multi-Hose Blender Dispenser +1	3	4	4	Grade Button	Center	6
•	•	NJ4	Multi-Hose Hybrid Blender 3+2	4	5	3	Lever	Center	8
•	•	NL1*	3+1 Blender Dispenser (1 alt)	3	4	2	Grade Button	Center	6
•	•	NL2*	4+1 Blender Dispenser (1 alt)	3	5	2	Grade Button	Center	6
•	•	NL2 NL3	Blender Dispenser 3+1+1	4	5	3	Grade Button	Center	8
•	_	NN1*	Dispenser 3+0	2	3	1	Grade Button	Center	4
•		NN2*	Dispenser 4+0	2	4	1	Grade Button	Center	4
	•	NNZ NN3*	Dispenser 5+0	2	5	1	Grade Button	Center	4

<sup>†</sup> Standard fuel can not be dispensed through the same hose as flexible fuels. ^ Pending UL Approval \* UL Approved for E85

# CONFIGURATIONS

### O P T I O N S

Туре	Encore S	Encore 700 S	Model	Description	Product Inlet	Grade Dis- pensed	Hoses Per Side	Acti- vation Method	CIM Location Encore 700 S Encore S	Meters
	•	•	NP3	Master Dispenser 1-Grade	1 or 2	1	1	Lever	Center	1 or 2
Ultra-Hi	•	•	NP4	Combo Dispenser 1-Grade	2	1	1	Lever	Center	1
Flow	•	•	NP5	Satellite Dispenser 1-Grade	1 or 2	1	1	Lever	Center	0
1101	•	•	NP6	Master Dispenser 2-Grade	2	2	2	Lever	Center	2
	•	•	NP8	Satellite Dispenser 2-Grade	2	2	2	Lever	Center	0
	•	•	NA4	MPD Dispenser 1-Grade, Single-Side	1	1	1	Grade Button	Center	1
DEF	•	•	NPA	Ultra-Hi DEF +1, Master for Diesel	2	2	2	Grade Button	Center	2
	•	•	NPB	Ultra-Hi Master/Satellite, Com- bo & DEF	2	2	2/1	Grade Button	Center	2
	•	•	NPC	Master Diesel 2-Grade, DEF 1-Side only	3	3	3/0	Grade Button	Center	3
	•	•	NAO	MPD Dispenser 1-Grade	1	1	1	Lever	Center	1
	•	•	NA1	MPD Dispenser 2-Grade (1 or 2 alt)	2	2	2	Lever	Center	2
	•	•	NA2	MPD Dispenser 3-Grade (1 alt)	3	3	3	Lever	Center	3
	•	•	NA3	MPD Dispenser 4-Grade (1 or 2 alt)	4	4	4	Lever	Center	8
	•	•	NGO*	Single-Hose MPD Dispenser 3-Grade (1 alt)	3	3	2	Grade Button	Center	6
	•	•	NG1	Single-Hose + 1 MPD Dispenser 4-Grade (1 or 2 alt)	4	4	2	Grade Button	Center	8
Flexible	•	•	NLO*	2+1 Blender Dispenser (1 alt)	3	3	2	Grade Button	Center	6
Fuel Mod- els for E85	•	•	NJ2*	Multi-Hose Blender Dispenser +1	3	4	4	Grade Button	Center	6
and/or Biodiesel	•	•	NJ4	Multi-Hose Hybrid Blender 3+2	4	5	3	Lever	Center	8
Diodicsei	•	•	NL1*	3+1 Blender Dispenser (1 alt)	3	4	2	Grade Button	Center	6
	•	•	NL2*	4+1 Blender Dispenser (1 alt)	3	5	2	Grade Button	Center	6
	•	•	NL3	Blender Dispenser 3+1+1	4	5	3	Grade Button	Center	8
	•	•	NN1*	Dispenser 3+0	2	3	1	Grade Button	Center	4
	•	•	NN2*	Dispenser 4+0	2	4	1	Grade Button	Center	4
	•	•	NN3*	Dispenser 5+0	2	5	1	Grade Button	Center	4

## NOTES



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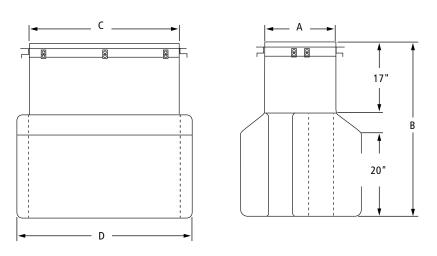
### **Fiberglass Dispenser Sumps**

FlexWorks Fiberglass Dispenser Sumps allow the supply piping to enter and/or exit out of the sidewall of the containment sump at a very low elevation. Ideal for pressure piping systems requiring indirect slope back to the tank.

### **Features & Benefits:**

- Structural Integrity engineered with thick side walls to withstand backfill and high water table forces.
- Full Access Working Area frame is attached after plumbing is complete.
- All three models have an external conduit channel.





### **Ordering Specifications\* - Fiberglass Dispenser Sumps\*\***

Model #	Α		В		С			D	Weight		
	in.	cm	in.	cm	in.	cm	in.	cm	lbs.	kg	
FDS-4021	17	43	42	106	36	91	42	106	102	46.27	
FDS-4319	15	38	42	106	39	99	39	99	107	48.53	

Refer to FlexWorks Dispenser Sump Selection Chart (See Pages 42 - 43 of this catalog) to select sumps for particular dispensers.

\*All models are designed with conduit-less frames. All models have an external conduit channel. \*\*Add –DW" for double-wall version.



### **Ordering Specifications - FlexWorks Dispenser Sump Selection Chart**

Dispenser Manufacturer & Model	Dispenser Fo Dimensi		FlexWorks One-Piece	FlexWorks Wide-Access	FlexWorks One-Piece	FlexWorks One-Piece	FlexWorks Wide-Access	Stabilizer
GILBARCO	in.	cm	Polyethylene Sump	Polyethylene Sump	Polyethylene Pan	Fiberglass Sump	Fiberglass Sump	Bar Kit
Commercial 625, 650, 684 Series (21" / 53" cm Frame)	15 <sup>11</sup> / <sub>16</sub> " x 21"	40 x 53	DS-1117F		DP-1117F			SBK-1100J
Salesmaker-2 Series (21" / 53 cm Frame)	15 <sup>11</sup> /16" x 21"	40 x 53	DS-1117F		DP-1117F			SBK-1100J
Highline 11B Series (21" Frame / 53 mm)	15 <sup>11</sup> /16" x 21"	40 x 53	DS-1117F					SBK-1100J
Highline 111B Series (27" / 69 cm Frame)	15 <sup>11</sup> / <sub>16</sub> " x 27"	40 x 53	DS-1123F	DSW-1123F	DP-1123F			SBK-1100J
Trimline 251, 252, 261, 262 (27" / 69 cm Frame)	15 <sup>11</sup> /16" x 27"	40 x 69	DS-1123F	DSW-1123F	DP-1123F		DSF-1123F	SBK-1100J
Trimline 154, 164, 251, 262 (27" / 69 cm Frame)	15 <sup>11</sup> / <sub>16</sub> " x 21"	40 x 69	DS-1117F					SBK-1100J
Commercial 650 Series (27" / 69 cm Frame)	15 <sup>11</sup> / <sub>16</sub> " x 27"	40 x 69	DS-1123F	DSW-1123F	DP-1123F		DSF-1123F	SBK-1100J
Highline Salesmaker Series	15 <sup>11</sup> /16" x 21"	40 x 69	DS-1117F		DP-1117F			SBK-1100J
Highline Salesmaker Series (27" / 69 cm Frame)	15 <sup>11</sup> /16" x 27"	40 x 69	DS-1123F	DSW-1123F	DP-1123F		DSF-1123F	SBK-1100J
Salesmaker-4 Series (27" / 69 cm Frame)	15 <sup>11</sup> / <sub>16</sub> " x 27"	40 x 69	DS-1123F	DSW-1123F	DP-1123F		DSF-1123F	SBK-1100J
Legacy Series	15 <sup>11</sup> /16" x 27"	40 x 69	DS-1123F	DSW-1123F	DP-1123F		DSF-1123F	SBK-1100J
Encore Series LOOP SYSTEM- READY	23 <sup>1</sup> /2" x 40 <sup>9</sup> /16"	60 x 103	DS-1836	DSW-1836 DSW-1836CL	DP-1836	FDS-4021	DSF-1836 DSF-1836C	SBK-1800*
Advantage (36" / 91 cm Frame Models)	21 <sup>1</sup> /2" x 36"	55 x 91	DS-1630	DSW-1630	DP-1630		DSF-1630	SBK-1600
Quad or Dual								
Blender X + O (36" / 91 cm)								
Advantage (48" / 122 cm Frame Models)	211/2" x 48"	55 x 122	DS-1642					SBK-1600*
Blender Six-Hose								
Blender Single-Hose								
Blender X + O (48" / 122 cm) or X + 1 (48" / 122 cm)								
MPD-1, MPD-2, MPD-3	16" x 48"	41 x 122	DS-1036					SBK-1000J
MPD Fixed Blender	16" x 48"	41 x 122	DS-1036					SBK-1000J
BENNETT								
Bennett Pacific	19 <sup>1</sup> /2" x 43 <sup>1</sup> /2"	49 x 110	DS-1543A					SBK-1500
Bennett 3000 Series	20" x 30"	51 x 76	DS-1123B					SBK-1100J
PD MCLAREN								
	24" 47 75"	FD. 4F		DCW 4022				
RDR HSx (Single Product, Single Hose)	21" x 17.75"	53 x 45		DSW-1922				SBK-1900
RDR HSx-D1 (Single Product, Dual Hose)	21" x 17.75"	53 x 45		DSW-1922				SBK-1900
RDR HSx-D2 (Dual Product, Dual Hose)	21" x 17.75"	53 x 45		DSW-1922				SBK-1900
RDR HSx-SAT (Master Unit and Satellites)	21" x 17.75"	53 x 45		DSW-1922				SBK-1900
RDR HSx-X2 (Single Product, Dual Hose, One at a Time)	21" x 17.75"	53 x 45		DSW-1922				SBK-1900

\* For FDS-4021 Models, use Stabilizer Bar SBK-1800.

### **Ordering Specifications - FlexWorks Dispenser Sump Selection Chart**

Dispenser Manufacturer & Model	Dispenser Footprint Dimensions		FlexWorks One-Piece	FlexWorks Wide-Access	FlexWorks One-Piece	FlexWorks One-Piece	FlexWorks Wide-Access	Stabilizer	
GASBOY	in.	cm	Polyethylene Sump	Polyethylene Sump	Polyethylene Pan	Fiberglass Sump	Fiberglass Sump	Bar Kit	
0215A, 216A (19 <sup>7</sup> /8" Frame / 50.5 mm)	17¼" x 19%"	49 x 50.5	DS-1117F		DP-1117F			SBK-1100J	
52 and 53 Series	17" x 19%"	44 x 50.5	DS-1117F		DP-1117F			SBK-1100J	
8700, 8800, 9100, 9800 Series	17¼" x 25"	44 x 63.5	DS-1120					SBK-1100J	
25" Frame 63.5 mm	17¼" x 25"	44 x 63.5							
8700, 8800, 9100, 9800 Series (28¼" Frame / 72 mm)	17¼" x 28"	44 x 71	DS-1123	DSW-1123	DP-1123		DSF-1123F	SBK-1100J	
9850A	15 <sup>11</sup> /16" x 21"	40 x 69	DS-1120	DSW-1120			DSF-1120	SBK-1100J	

\* Stabilizer bar is installed widthwise in dispenser sump

### DRESSER / WAYNE

350, 357, 358, 360, 370 Series	15" x 25%"	30 x 66	DS-1123F	DSW-1123F	DP-1123F		DSF-1123F	SBK-1100J
Vista 380 Series (387, 389)	20" x 35"	51 x 89	DS-1229					SBK-1200J
Vista 590 Series (590, 595)	Series (590, 595) 20" x 48" 51 x 122		DS-1242					SBK-1200J
Vista 390 Series (395, 399)	20" x 48"	51 x 122	DS-1242					SBK-1200J
Vista 490 Series	) Series 20" x 48" 51 x 1		DS-1242					SBK-1200J
DL390, 395, 399 Series	20" x 48"	51 x 122	DS-1242					SBK-1200J
HS1 Satellite / 287 Series	Satellite / 287 Series 20" x 35"		DS-1229					SBK-1200J
Ovation LOOP SYSTEM- READY	19½" x 43½"	50 x 110	DS-1543A**	DSW-1543 DSW-1543C	DP-1543	FDS-4319*	DSF-1543 DSF-1543C	SBK-1500
Select	19¾" x 325/16"	49 x 82	DS-1928				DSF-1630	SBK-1500
Global Century	19¾" x 325/16"	49 x 82	DS-1928				DSF-1630	SBK-1500
Reliance	19¾" x 325⁄16"	49 x 82	DS-1928				DSF-1630	SBK-1500
HS4 / HS3 / Vista	19¾" x 325/16"	49 x 82	DS-1630	DSW-1630***	DP-1630		DSF-1630***	SBK-1600
Narrow Frame Helix (2000, 4000)	20" x 33"	51 x 84	DS-1630					SBK-1600
Wide Frame Helix (5000)	26" x 44"	51 x 112	DS-1741					SBK-1700
ТОКНЕІМ								
1200, 1248, 1250 Series	17¼" x 25"	44 x 64	DS-1120	DSW-1120			DSF-1120	SBK-1100J
330B, 333B Series	17¼" x 44"	44 x 112	DS-1642					SBK-1600

\* For FDS-4319 Model use Stabilizer Bar SBO-0250.



## FLEXIBLE CONNECTORS

FLEX-ING<sup>™</sup> Flexible Connectors have become the industry standard and benchmark for quality as a means to easily connect a pipework system to other system components such as submersible pumps or shear valves. As an integral part of any system, installers enjoy how easy they make connections in tight spaces while station owners have come to depend on their durability and their simplification of regular maintenance.

### HIGHLIGHTS

- End fittings are available in either nickel plated steel or stainless steel construction.
- Multiple diameter and length options available as well as a wide offering of end fitting connections (including tees, elbows, and fiberglass transitions) to create the right flexible connector to fit virtually any application.
- Standard on all flexible connectors, the stainless steel corrugated fuel contact layers feature a thick construction and gain flexibility from having more corrugations per foot rather than thinner walls.
- Enclosing the corrugated fuel contact layer is a high-grade stainless steel braid.
- All metal construction means one flexible connector for both above and below ground applications (may not be direct buried).
- Schedule 80 hex end fittings protect against deformation of the ends during installation.
- The EZ FIT union style coupling system is specifically designed to make connections in confined spaces simple and tight. EZ FIT union style couplings come complete with couplers and gaskets (flange only fittings excluded).

### **Common End Fitting Options**

- See Ordering Information for a complete listing of options.
- 1 Non-hex male/female
- 2 Hex male/female
- 3 Male/female swivel
- 4 EZ Fit flange only
- 5 EZ Fit male/female
- 8 Male swivel 90° elbow

6 EZ Fit fiberglass pipe

9 Ball valve

7 EZ Fit tee

9 Dall



### SPECIFICATIONS

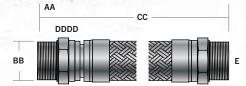
Outer shell	304 stainless steel
Inner core	321 stainless steel
End fittings	Nickel plated steel or stainless steel
Pressure testing	100% pressure tested to 100 PSI to assure quality
Approvals/ certifications	<ul> <li>Meets USA NFPA 30-A fire code requirements</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>UL 2039 listed for 50 psi working pressure</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>UL 2039 listed: Only those fuels formulated in accordance with 40CFR80, "Regulation of Fuels and Fuel Additives," and meeting the following ASTM fuel specifications and blend limits:</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Diesel with or without biodiesel blends up to 5% (B5)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Diesel with biodiesel blends between 6%</li> <li>- 20% (B6 - B20)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Gasoline with ethanol blends up to 10% (E10)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>High-blend ethanol, with ethanol/gasoline blends from 51% to 83% (E51 - E83) commercially sold as E85 Diesel with or without biodiesel blends up to 5% (B5)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Mid-range ethanol, with ethanol/gasoline blends from 11% to 50% (E11 - E50)</li> </ul>
6	7 8 9



### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

### **Ordering Guide**

Complete flexible connector model numbers have a specific order and are created using the following guidelines. Use the diagrams and table to build a model number.



### AA BB X CC DDDD X E FFFF

### AA = Product Type

FF = FLEX-ING<sup>™</sup> flexible connector

### **BB** = Hose Diameter

07 = 3⁄4"	20 = 2"
10 = 1"	30 = 3"
$15 = 1\frac{1}{2}$ "	40 = 4"

### CC = Overall Length in Inches

Use two-digit format:  $06 = 6^{\circ}$ ,  $24 = 24^{\circ}$ , etc. Maximum length of 108".

### DDDD = End Fitting First End

Use End Fitting Options below.

#### E = End Fitting Second End if Alternating Diameter (optional)

Optional: Second end fitting alternate diameter. Only one end can be a different size than the hose diameter and it can only be one size larger than hose diameter.

### FFFF = End Fitting Second End

Use End Fitting Options below.

#### Example:

FF20X18EZMX15HM = Flexible connector with 2" hose diameter, 18" overall length, one 2" EZ fit male NPT end fitting, and one 11/2" Hex male fixed end fitting.

### **End Fitting Options**

Use the diagrams below along with the Ordering Guide to help build flexible connector model numbers.

EZ Fit System	EZ			EZF	EZFFT	EZFG	EZF	G90	
Nickel Plated Steel	M	HM	MS	MS90	F	HF	FS	BT	BTS
Stainless Steel	SSRF	SSFF	SSEZ	M SSI	EZF S	SSHM	SFBVS	SSMS	

	Model	Description	3⁄4"	1"	11/2"	2"	3"	4"
_	EZ	EZ Fit flange only	√	~		~	√	
ten	EZM	EZ Fit with male NPT		~	~	~	~	
Fit System	EZF	EZ Fit with female NPT		~	~	~	~	
i≓ S	EZFFT	EZ Fit tee			~	~		
E	EZFG	EZ Fit with fiberglass glue pipe			~	~	✓	
ш	EZFG90	EZ Fit with fiberglass glue pipe 90° elbow			~	~	✓	
	Μ	Male fixed non-hex NPT					~	✓
e	HM	Male fixed hex NPT	~	~	~	~		
Nickel Plated Steel	MS	Male swivel hex NPT	√	~	~	~		
ğ	MS90	Male swivel hex 90° elbow NPT			~	~		
late	F	Female fixed non-hex NPT	~	~	~	~	~	
Р	HF	Female fixed hex NPT			~	~		
ske	FS	Female swivel hex NPT			~	~		
ĬŽ	BT	Hex Male Fixed BSPT			~	~		
	BTS	Male Swivel BSPT			~	~	~	
-	SSRF	Raised face flange, stainless steel		~	~	~	~	✓
ite	SSFF	Flat face flange, stainless steel			~	~	~	✓
ŝ	SSEZM	EZ Fit with male NPT, stainless steel		~	~	~	~	
Stainless Steel	SSEZF	EZ Fit with female NPT, stainless steel			~	~	~	
tair	SSHM	Male fixed hex NPT, stainless steel	~	~	~	~		
S	SFBVSSMS	Flat face flange ball valve with male swivel, stainless steel				~		

### **ORDERING INFORMATION CONTINUED**

### Flexible Connector Common Models

Model	Description
FF15X12HMXEZ	1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " diameter flexible connector, hex male by EZ Fit flange, 12" OAL
FF15X18HMXEZ	$1\!\!\!/\!\!\!2$ diameter flexible connector, hex male by EZ Fit flange, 18" OAL
FF15X24HMXEZ	$1\!l\!\!2$ diameter flexible connector, hex male by EZ Fit flange, 24" OAL
FF20X12HMXEZ	2" diameter flexible connector, hex male by EZ Fit flange, 12" OAL
FF20X18HMXEZ	2" diameter flexible connector, hex male by EZ Fit flange, 18" OAL
FF20X24HMXEZ	2" diameter flexible connector, hex male by EZ Fit flange, 24" OAL
FF30X12MXEZ	3" diameter flexible connector, male coupler x EZ Fit flange, 12" OAL
FF30X18MXEZ	3" diameter flexible connector, male coupler x EZ Fit flange, 18" OAL
FF30X24MXEZ	3" diameter flexible connector, male coupler x EZ Fit flange, 24" OAL
FF15X12MSXEZM	$1\!l\!2"$ diameter flexible connector, male swivel by EZ Fit male NPT, 12" OAL
FF15X18MSXEZM	$1\!l\!\!2$ diameter flexible connector, male swivel by EZ Fit male NPT, 18" OAL
FF15X24MSXEZM	$1\!l\!2"$ diameter flexible connector, male swivel by EZ Fit male NPT, 24" OAL
FF20X12MSXEZM	2" diameter flexible connector, male swivel by EZ Fit male NPT, 12" OAL
FF20X18MSXEZM	2" diameter flexible connector, male swivel by EZ Fit male NPT, 18" OAL
FF20X24MSXEZM	2" diameter flexible connector, male swivel by EZ Fit male NPT, 24" OAL
FF20X12MSXF	2" diameter flexible connector, male swivel by female coupler, 12" OAL
FF20X18MSXF	2" diameter flexible connector, male swivel by female coupler, 18" OAL
FF20X24MSXF	2" diameter flexible connector, male swivel by female coupler, 24" OAL
FF30X12MXEZM	3" diameter flexible connector, male coupler by EZ Fit male NPT, 12" OAL
FF30X18MXEZM	3" diameter flexible connector, male coupler by EZ Fit male NPT, 18" OAL
FF30X24MXEZM	3" diameter flexible connector, male coupler by EZ Fit male NPT, 24" OAL
FF15X12EZXSSHM	$1\!\!\!/_2$ diameter flexible connector, EZ Fit flange by SS hex male, 12" OAL
FF15X18MSXSSHM	$1\!\!\!/_2$ diameter flexible connector, male swivel by SS hex male, 18" OAL
FF20X12SSHMXSSHM	2" diameter flexible connector, hex male by SS hex male, 12" OAL
FF20X18SSEZMXSSHM	$2"$ diameter flexible connector, SS EZ Fit male NPT by SS hex male, $18"~\mbox{OAL}$

### **EZ Fit Accessories**



Model	Description
EZFITXEZFIT	2" EZ Fit × EZ Fit connector, stainless steel



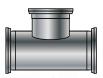
Model	Description
EZBLANK	2" EZ Fit blank, stainless steel
EZ30BLANK	3" EZ Fit blank, stainless steel



Model	Description
EZXEZX20BV	2" EZ Fit × 2" EZ Fit ball valve
EZX20BV	2" EZ Fit × 2" ball valve, brass
EZXEZX20BVSS	2" EZ Fit × 2" EZ Fit ball valve, stainless steel
EZX20BVSS	2" EZ Fit × 2" ball valve, stainless steel
EZ30XEZ30X30BV	3" EZ Fit × 3" EZ Fit ball valve, brass
EZ30XEZ30X30SSBV	3" EZ Fit × 3" EZ Fit ball valve, stainless steel



Model	Description
EZXEZ90	2" EZ Fit × 2" EZ Fit 90° elbow, stainless steel
EZ30XEZ3090	3" EZ Fit × 2" EZ Fit 90° elbow, stainless steel



Model	Description
EZXEZXEZTEE	2" EZ Fit × 2" EZ Fit × 2" EZ Fit $1\frac{1}{2}$ " tee, stainless steel
EZ20XEZ20TEEFF	2" EZ Fit × 2" EZ Fit × 2" EZ Fit, 2" tee, stainless steel
EZ30XEZ30XEZ30T	3" EZ Fit $\times$ 3" EZ Fit $\times$ 3" EZ Fit tee, stainless steel

### **ORDERING INFORMATION CONTINUED**

Model

EZX20FG90

EZX30FG90

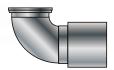


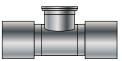
Model	Description
EZX15HM90	2" EZ Fit × $1\frac{1}{2}$ " hex male 90° elbow, nickel plated
EZX20HM90	2" EZ Fit × 2" hex male 90° elbow, nickel plated
EZX20HM90SS	2" EZ Fit × 2" hex male 90° elbow, stainless steel
EZX30M90	3" EZ Fit × 3" male 90° elbow, nickel plated



Model	Description
EZX20HF90	2" EZ Fit × 2" female 90° elbow, nickel plated
EZX30F90	3" EZ Fit $\times$ 3" female 90° elbow, nickel plated

Description







Model	Description
EZX20FGTEE	2" EZ Fit $\times$ 2" fiberglass glue pipe tee, nickel plated
EZX30FGTEE	3" EZ Fit $\times$ 3" fiberglass glue pipe tee, nickel plated

2" EZ Fit × 2" fiberglass glue pipe 90° elbow, nickel plated

3" EZ Fit  $\times$  3" fiberglass glue pipe 90° elbow, nickel plated

Model	Description
EZX15HMPL	2" EZ Fit $\times$ 1½" hex male, nickel plated
EZX15HMSS	2" EZ Fit × 1½" hex male, stainless steel
EZX20HMPL	2" EZ Fit × 2" hex male, nickel plated
EZX20HMSS	2" EZ Fit × 2" hex male, stainless steel
EZX30MP	3" EZ Fit × 3" male, nickel plated

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Model	Description
EZX15HFSS	2" EZ Fit × $1\frac{1}{2}$ " hex female, stainless steel
EZX20HFPL	2" EZ Fit × 2" hex female, nickel plated
EZX20HFSS	2" EZ Fit × 2" hex female, stainless steel



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Model	Description
EZX20FGPL	2" EZ Fit $\times$ 2" fiberglass glue pipe, nickel plated
EZX20FGSS	2" EZ Fit × 2" fiberglass glue pipe, stainless steel
EZX30FGSS	3" EZ Fit $\times$ 3" fiberglass glue pipe, nickel plated



Model	Description
EZ10CLAMP	1" EZ Fit clamp
EZCLAMP	2" EZ Fit clamp
EZ30CLAMP	3" EZ Fit clamp



Model	Description
407493001	1" EZ Fit gasket
407493002	2" EZ Fit gasket
407493003	3" EZ Fit gasket

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### ATTACHMENT I

Initial and Continuing Training



### **Initial and Continuing Training**

The release detection system at the facility will be a Veeder Root TLS-450 Plus. The system will also be equipped with CSLD Release Detection Software and inventory reconciliation. The system will have sump sensors installed in the submersible sump containment area to monitor sub pump, sump sensors installed in the dispenser sumps and tank interstitial sensors. The system will be equipped with mechanical line leak detection for the product delivery lines. The system will be installed by a Veeder Root certified technician. The system will be installed in accordance with Veeder Root specifications and instructions. The system is UL listed and is third party certified for release detection under USEPA guidelines. The system has self- diagnostic programs to test and warn of failures of the external devices as well as internal electronics. The system has been tested by a Third Party and found to be compliant with USEPA requirements for release detection.

Annual maintenance of the system will be conducted to certify the function of all modules in the system.

On-site employees will monitor the system condition locally and remotely on a daily basis, with particular emphasis on any sensor alarms or release detection alarms as indicated on the panel of the system. In the case of any sensor or inventory alarm, employees will notify the Owner or General Manager who will make the determination of a proper course of action. Site employees are not authorized to reset of disable any alarm conditions on the system.

New facility employees will be trained in the proper operation and functional modes of the system. Ongoing reviews of the system operation will be presented to all employees to ensure operation and function status is understood.

Ongoing maintenance will be conducted by Prestige Tank and Pump Services, Inc. personnel.



## Operating And Maintaining Underground Storage Tank Systems

## Practical Help And Checklists



Printed on Recycled Paper

### Contents

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### DISCLAIMER

This document provides information on operating and maintaining underground storage tank (UST) systems. The document is not a substitute for U.S. Environmental Protection Agency regulations nor is it a regulation itself — it does not impose legally binding requirements.

For regulatory requirements regarding UST systems, refer to the federal regulations governing UST systems (40 CFR Part 280).

## How To Use This Booklet

#### Who Should Read This Booklet?

This booklet is for owners and operators of underground storage tank systems (USTs).

You are responsible for making sure your USTs do not leak. This booklet can help you meet your UST responsibilities.

### What Can This Booklet Help You Do?

- Identify and understand the operation and maintenance (O&M) procedures you need to follow routinely to make sure your USTs don't have leaks that damage the environment or endanger human health.
- Identify good O&M procedures you can use to avoid cleanup costs and liability concerns.
- Maintain useful records of your O&M.

#### Key Terms Used In This Booklet

An UST is an underground storage tank and underground piping connected to the tank that has at least 10 percent of its combined volume underground. The federal regulations apply only to USTs storing petroleum or certain hazardous substances.

**O&M** stands for **operation and maintenance procedures** that must be followed to keep USTs from causing leaks and creating costly cleanups.

### Your UST System Is New Or Upgraded — Is That Enough?

Being new or upgraded is not enough. New and upgraded USTs are made of a complex collection of mechanical and electronic devices that can fail under certain conditions. These failures can be prevented or quickly detected by following routine O&M procedures. Having a new or upgraded UST system is a good start, but the system must be properly operated and continuously maintained to ensure that leaks are avoided or quickly detected.

### What Should You Do With Each Section Of This Booklet?

Read through each section carefully and use the checklists to help you establish clear O&M procedures.

By identifying and understanding the O&M tasks you need to perform routinely, you will ensure timely repair or replacement of components when problems are identified.



#### How Can You Use The Following Checklists Effectively?

This booklet's pages are 3-hole punched and unbound so you can put all the materials in a handy 3-ring binder. You can easily remove any of the following checklists from the binder, reproduce them, and then fill them out.

You can select the specific mix of checklists that matches your UST facility. Once you have your select group of checklists together, make several copies that you can fill out periodically over time.

In this way you can keep track of your O&M activities and know that you've done what was necessary to keep your UST site safe and clean, avoiding any threats to the environment or nearby people as a result of costly and dangerous UST releases.

## Use This Booklet Often — Effective O&M Requires Constant Vigilance.

Note: This booklet describes quality O&M practices put together by a work group of state and federal environmental regulators. This booklet is not a federal regulation nor legally binding, but it does provide useful information on effective O&M procedures. You should check with your state UST program for information on any additional or different O&M practices that may be required in your state. See Section 7 for contact information.

# Section 1 — Identifying The Equipment At Your UST Facility

Determine what UST equipment you have at your facility by completing the checklist below. Note that each part of the checklist below refers you to the appropriate section of this O&M booklet for relevant information. After you have identified your equipment, proceed to the following sections to identify the O&M actions necessary for your specific UST system.

Facility Name					
Facility ID #					_
Release D	etection (See Section 2 for infor	mation on	release de	etection)	
A. Release Dete				/	
	one for each tank:	Tank #1	Tank #2	Tank #3	Tank #4
	ank Gauging System			1	
	onitoring (with secondary containment)				
Groundwate					
Vapor Monite	oring	4			
Inventory Co	ntrol and Tank Tightness Testing (TTT)*				
	Gauging Only **	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Manual Tank	Gauging and Tank Tightness Testing (TTT)***				
Other Releas (please spec	e Detection Method, such as SIR ify)				
protection. T	for tanks of 2,000 gallon capacity or less and only for T required every 5 years.	10 years after u	pgrading or in	stalling tank w	ith corrosio
protection. TI B. Release Det	T required every 5 years. ection for Pressurized Piping		pgrading or ins		
protection. TI B. Release Det	T required every 5 years.	10 years after u		stalling tank w Tank #3	ith corrosio
protection. T B. Release Det Check at least A (Automatic	T required every 5 years. ection for Pressurized Piping one from A & B for each tank's piping:				
protection. T B. Release Det Check at least A	T required every 5 years. ection for Pressurized Piping one from A & B for each tank's piping: Automatic Flow Restrictor				
protection. T B. Release Det Check at least A (Automatic Line Leak	T required every 5 years. ection for Pressurized Piping one from A & B for each tank's piping: Automatic Flow Restrictor Automatic Shutoff Device				
protection. T B. Release Det Check at least A (Automatic Line Leak	T required every 5 years. ection for Pressurized Piping one from A & B for each tank's piping: Automatic Flow Restrictor Automatic Shutoff Device Continuous Alarm				
protection. T B. Release Det Check at least A (Automatic Line Leak Detectors) B * Monthly Monite	T required every 5 years. ection for Pressurized Piping one from A & B for each tank's piping: Automatic Flow Restrictor Automatic Shutoff Device Continuous Alarm Annual Line Tightness Test Monthly Monitoring* oring for piping includes Interstitial Monitoring, Vapor	Tank #1	Tank #2	Tank #3	Tank #4
protection. T B. Release Det Check at least A (Automatic Line Leak Detectors) B * Monthly Monite methods (such	T required every 5 years. ection for Pressurized Piping one from A & B for each tank's piping: Automatic Flow Restrictor Automatic Shutoff Device Continuous Alarm Annual Line Tightness Test Monthly Monitoring*	Tank #1	Tank #2	Tank #3	Tank #4
protection. T B. Release Det Check at least A (Automatic Line Leak Detectors) B * Monthly Monitumethods (such C. Release Dete	T required every 5 years. ection for Pressurized Piping one from A & B for each tank's piping: Automatic Flow Restrictor Automatic Shutoff Device Continuous Alarm Annual Line Tightness Test Monthly Monitoring* oring for piping includes Interstitial Monitoring, Vapor as SIR and Electronic Line Leak Detectors)	Tank #1	Tank #2	Tank #3	Tank #4
protection. TI B. Release Det Check at least A (Automatic Line Leak Detectors) B * Monthly Monito methods (such C. Release Detec Check at least o	T required every 5 years. ection for Pressurized Piping one from A & B for each tank's piping: Automatic Flow Restrictor Automatic Shutoff Device Continuous Alarm Annual Line Tightness Test Monthly Monitoring* oring for piping includes Interstitial Monitoring, Vapor as SIR and Electronic Line Leak Detectors) section for Suction Piping	Monitoring, Gro	Tank #2	Tank #3	Tank #4
protection. TI B. Release Det Check at least A (Automatic Line Leak Detectors) B * Monthly Monito methods (such C. Release Detec Check at least o	T required every 5 years. ection for Pressurized Piping one from A & B for each tank's piping: Automatic Flow Restrictor Automatic Shutoff Device Continuous Alarm Annual Line Tightness Test Monthly Monitoring* oring for piping includes Interstitial Monitoring, Vapor as SIR and Electronic Line Leak Detectors) ection for Suction Piping ne for each tank's piping: ss Testing Every Three Years	Monitoring, Gro	Tank #2	Tank #3	Tank #4
protection. TI B. Release Det Check at least A (Automatic Line Leak Detectors) B * Monthly Monit methods (such C. Release Dete Check at least o Line Tightne Monthly Mor	T required every 5 years. ection for Pressurized Piping one from A & B for each tank's piping: Automatic Flow Restrictor Automatic Shutoff Device Continuous Alarm Annual Line Tightness Test Monthly Monitoring* oring for piping includes Interstitial Monitoring, Vapor as SIR and Electronic Line Leak Detectors) ection for Suction Piping ne for each tank's piping: ss Testing Every Three Years	Monitoring, Gro	Tank #2	Tank #3	Tank #4
protection. TI B. Release Det Check at least A (Automatic Line Leak Detectors) B * Monthly Monitumethods (such C. Release Dete Check at least o Line Tightne Monthly Mor No Release I * Monthly Mor * No release d characterist	T required every 5 years. ection for Pressurized Piping one from A & B for each tank's piping: Automatic Flow Restrictor Automatic Shutoff Device Continuous Alarm Annual Line Tightness Test Monthly Monitoring* oring for piping includes Interstitial Monitoring, Vapor as SIR and Electronic Line Leak Detectors) ection for Suction Piping ne for each tank's piping: ss Testing Every Three Years hitoring* Detection Required For Safe Suction ** hitoring for piping includes Interstitial Monitoring, Vapor bitoring for piping includes Interstitial Monitoring, Vapor conting for piping includes Interstitial Monitoring, Vapor hitoring for piping includes Interstitial Monitoring for piping includes Interstitial Monitoring for piping includes Interstitial Monitoring for piping includes Interstitial Monitor for for for for for for for for for f	Tank #1	Tank #2	Tank #3	Tank #4

Spill and Overfill Protection (See Section Check for each tank:	Tank #1	Tank #2	Tank #3	Tank #4
Spill Catchment Basin/ Spill Bucket	Tallk #1	I GIIK #2	I GIIR #9	1 di i 1 m-1
			-	
Check at least one overfill device for each tank:	2			
Automatic Shutoff Device				
Overfill Alarm	1			
Ball Float Valve	1		1. The second	
Correction Destantion (D. O. Har 5 form	and inform	atten)		
Corrosion Protection (See Section 5 for m	ore inform	lation)		-
A. Corrosion Protection for Tanks	Tool Ho	Teals #0	Taula #0	Teelella
Check at least one for each tank:	Tank #1	Tank #2	Tank #3	Tank #4
Coated and Cathodically Protected Steel				
Noncorrodible Material (such as Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic)				
Steel Jacketed or Clad with Noncorrodible Material				
Cathodically Protected Noncoated Steel*			1	
Internally Lined Tank*			1	
Cathodically Protected Noncoated Steel and Internally Lined Tank*	1			
Other Method Used to Achieve Corrosion Protection (please specify):				
* These options may be used only for tanks installed before December 2	2, 1988.			
B. Corrosion Protection for Piping				
Check at least one for each:	Tank #1	Tank #2	Tank #3	Tank #4
Coated and Cathodically Protected Steel				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Noncorrodible Material (such as Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic or Flexible Plastic)				
I lastic of Tickibic Tilastic)				1
Cathodically Protected Noncoated Metal*	-			

## Any Problems Filling Out This Checklist?

If you have trouble filling out this checklist or any following checklist, remember these sources of assistance you can contact:

- Your UST contractor, the vendor of your equipment, and the manufacturer of your UST equipment should be ready to help you. Look through your records for contact information. You may also want to use some of the industry contacts and other contact information provided in Section 7.
- Your state regulatory agency may be able to help you identify equipment or sources of information about your UST equipment. You should, in any event, make yourself aware of any ways in which your state may have additional or different O&M procedures than those presented in this booklet. See Section 7 for state agency contact information.

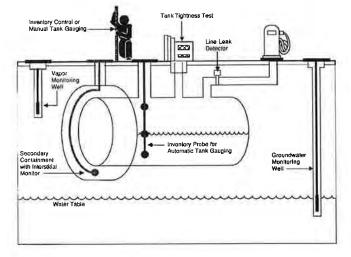
## Section 2 — Release Detection

#### What Is Release Detection?

You must be able to determine at least every 30 days whether or not your tank and piping are leaking by using proper release detection methods.

Your release detection method must be able to detect a release from any portion of the tank and connected underground piping that routinely contains product.

Release detection must be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained according to the manufacturer's instructions.



#### Do You Know If Your Release Detection Is Certified To Work At Your UST Site?

Release detection must meet specific performance requirements. You should have documentation from the manufacturer, vendor, or installer of your release detection equipment showing certification that it can meet performance requirements.

Some vendors or manufacturers supply their own certification, but more often an impartial "third party" is paid to test the release detection equipment and certify that performance requirements are met. An independent workgroup of release detection experts periodically evaluates all third-party certifications, thus providing a free and reliable list of evaluations of third-party certifications for various release detection equipment. Frequently updated, this list is available on the Internet at <u>http://www.nwglde.org/</u> (the publication's title is *List Of Leak Detection Evaluations For Underground Storage Tank Systems*). If you can't find the certification anywhere, contact your state regulatory agency (see Section 7 for contact information).

By checking the certification, you may discover the method you use has not been approved for use with the type of tank or piping you have or the type of product being stored. For example, you may learn from the certification that your method won't work with manifolded tanks, certain products, high throughput, or with certain tank sizes.

That's why you need to make sure your release detection method has clear certification that it will work effectively at your site with its specific characteristics.

#### How Can You Make Sure Your Leak Detection Method Is Working At Your UST Site?

If you don't understand your O&M responsibilities and don't know what O&M tasks you must routinely perform, you may allow your UST site to become contaminated — then you will face cleanup costs and associated problems.

To avoid these problems use the checklists on the following pages that describe each type of leak detection method, discuss actions necessary for proper O&M, and note the records you should keep.

Locate the methods of release detection you are using at your facility, review these pages, and periodically complete the checklist. You might want to copy a page first and periodically fill out copies later.

If you have questions about your release detection system, review your owner's manual or call the vendor of your system. Your state or local regulatory agency may be able to provide assistance as well.

You will find leak detection recordkeeping forms in the following pages of this Section. Keeping these records increases the likelihood that you are conducting good O&M and providing effective release detection at your UST site. For example, see page 20 for a 30-Day Release Detection Monitoring Record.

If you ever suspect or confirm a leak, refer to Section 3. Never ignore leak detection alarms or failed leak detection tests. Treat them as potential leaks!

Autom	atic Tank Gauging (ATG) Systems (for tanks only)
Description Of Release Detection	An automatic tank gauging (ATG) system consists of a probe permanently installed in a tank and wired to a monitor to provide information on product level and temperature. ATG systems automatically calculate the changes in product volume that can indicate a leaking tank.
Have Certification For Your Release Detection Method	Make sure your ATG system is certified for the types of tanks and stored contents on which the ATG system is used. Most manufacturers have their leak detection devices tested and certified by a third party to verify that their equipment meets specific performance requirements set by regulatory agencies. If you don't have certified performance claims, have the manufacturer provide them to you.
	Use your ATG system to test for leaks at least every 30 days. Most systems are already programmed by the installer to run a leak test periodically. If your system is not programmed to automatically conduct the leak test, refer to your ATG system manual to identify which buttons to push to conduct the leak test. Testing more often than monthly can catch leaks sooner and reduce cleanup costs and problems.
	Make sure that the amount of product in your tank is sufficient to run the ATG leak test. The tank must contain a minimum amount of product to perform a valid leak detection test. One source for determining that minimum amount is the certification for your leak detection equipment (as discussed above).
Perform These	Frequently test your ATG system according to the manufacturer's instructions to make sure it is working properly. Don't assume that your release detection system is working and never needs checking. Read your owner's manual, run the appropriate tests, and see if your ATG system is set up and working properly. Most ATG systems have a test or self-diagnosis mode that can easily and routinely run these checks.
O&M Actions	If your ATG ever fails a test or indicates a release, see Section 3 of this booklet for information on what to do next.
	Periodically have a qualified UST contractor, such as the vendor who installed your ATG, service all the ATG system components according to the manufacturer's service instructions. Tank probes and other components can wear out and must be checked periodically. Many vendors recommend or require this maintenance activity at least annually.
	<ul> <li>Check your ATG system owner's manual often to answer questions and to make sure you know the ATG's operation and maintenance procedures. Call the ATG manufacturer or vendor for a copy of the owner's manual if you don't have one.</li> </ul>
	Make sure employees who run, monitor, or maintain the release detection system know exactly what they have to do and to whom to report problems. Develop and maintain regular training programs for all employees.
Keep These	Keep results of your ATG system tests for at least 1 year. Your monitoring equipment may provide printouts that can be used as records. Unless you are recording actual release detection results at least every 30 days and maintaining records for at least 1 year, you are not doing leak detection right.
O&M Records	Keep all records of calibration, maintenance, and repair of your release detection equipment for at least 1 year.
NEUUIUƏ	Keep all performance claims supplied by the installer, vendor, or manufacturer for at least 5 years. These records include the certification of your leak detection equipment described above.

Seco	ndary Containment With Interstitial Monitoring (for tanks & piping)
Description Of Release Detection	Secondary containment is a barrier between the portion of an UST system that contains product and the outside environment. Examples of secondary containment include an outer tank or piping wall, an excavation liner, and a bladder inside an UST. The area between the inner and outer barriers — called the interstitial space — is monitored manually or automatically for evidence of a leak.
Have Certification For Your Release Detection Method	<ul> <li>Make sure your interstitial monitoring equipment and any probes are certified for the types of tanks, piping, and stored contents on which the release detection system is used. Most manufacturers have their leak detection devices tested and certified by a third party to verify that their equipment meets specific performance requirements set by regulatory agencies. If you don't have certified performance claims, have the manufacturer provide them to you.</li> <li>Use your release detection system to test for leaks at least every 30 days.</li> </ul>
	Testing more often than monthly can catch leaks sooner and reduce cleanup costs and problems.
	Frequently test your release detection system according to the manufacturer's instructions to make sure it is working properly. Don't assume that your release detection system is working and never needs checking. Read your owner's manual, run the appropriate tests, and see if your system is set up and working properly. Some interstitial monitoring systems have a test or self-diagnosis mode that can easily and routinely run these checks.
	<ul> <li>If your interstitial monitoring ever fails a test or indicates a release, see Section 3 of this booklet for information on what to do next.</li> </ul>
Perform These O&M Actions	Periodically have a qualified UST contractor, such as the vendor who installed your release detection system, service all the system components according to the manufacturer's service instructions. Tank probes and other components can wear out and must be checked periodically. Many vendors recommend or require this maintenance activity at least annually.
	Keep interstitial monitoring access ports clearly marked and secured.
	Check your interstitial monitoring system owner's manual often to answer questions and to make sure you know the system's O&M procedures. Call the system's vendor or manufacturer for a copy of the owner's manual if you don't have one.
	Make sure employees who run, monitor, or maintain the release detection system know exactly what they have to do and to whom to report problems. Develop and maintain regular training programs for all employees.
Кеер	Keep results of your release detection system tests for at least 1 year. Your monitoring equipment may provide printouts that can be used as records. Unless you are recording actual release detection results at least every 30 days and maintaining records for at least 1 year, you are not doing leak detection right.
These O&M	Keep all records of calibration, maintenance, and repair of your release detection equipment for at least 1 year.
Records	Keep all performance claims supplied by the installer, vendor, or manufacturer for at least 5 years. These records include the certification of your leak detection equipment described above.

Statistica	I Inventory Reconciliation (SIR) (for tanks & piping)
Description Of Release Detection	SIR is typically a method in which a trained professional uses sophisticated computer software to conduct a statistical analysis of inventory, delivery, and dispensing data. You must supply the professional with data every month. There are also computer programs that enable an owner/operator to perform SIR. In either case, the result of the analysis may be pass, inconclusive, or fail.
Have Certification For Your Release Detection Method	Make sure your SIR vendor's methodology is certified for the types of tanks, piping, and product on which you use SIR. Most vendors have their leak detection methodology tested and certified by a third party to verify that their equipment meets specific performance requirements set by regulatory agencies. If you don't have certified performance claims, have the vendor provide them to you.
	<ul> <li>Supply daily inventory data to your SIR vendor (as required) at least every 30 days. The vendor will provide you with your leak detection results after the statistical analysis is completed. Otherwise, use your computer software at least every 30 days to test your tank for leaks.</li> </ul>
	See Section 3 of this manual if your UST system fails a leak test.
Perform	If you receive an inconclusive result, you must work with your SIR vendor to correct the problem and document the results of the investigation. An inconclusive result means that you have not performed leak detection for that month. If you cannot resolve the problem, treat the inconclusive result as a suspected release and refer to Section 3.
These O&M Actions	If you use an ATG system to gather data for the SIR vendor or your software, periodically have a qualified UST contractor, such as the vendor who installed your ATG, service all the ATG system components according to the manufacturer's service instructions. Tank probes and other components can wear out and must be checked periodically. Many vendors recommend or require this maintenance activity at least annually. Do this according to manufacturer's instructions. See the checklist for ATG systems on page 7.
	If you stick your tank to gather data for the SIR vendor or your software, make sure your stick can measure to one-eighth of an inch and can measure the level of product over the full range of the tank's height. You should check your measuring stick periodically to make sure you can read the markings and numbers and that the bottom of the stick is not worn.
	Make sure employees who run, monitor, or maintain the release detection system know exactly what they have to do and to whom to report problems. Develop and maintain regular training programs for all employees.
Кеер	Keep results of your SIR tests for at least 1 year. Unless you are keeping records of the 30-day release detection results and maintaining those records for at least 1 year, you are not doing leak detection right.
These O&M	• Keep all vendor performance claims for at least 5 years. This includes the certification of the SIR method discussed above.
Records	If you use an ATG system, keep all records of calibration, maintenance, and repair of your release detection equipment for at least 1 year.
	Keep the records of investigations conducted as a result of any monthly monitoring conclusion of inconclusive or fail for at least 1 year. This may include the results of a tightness test performed during the investigation or a re- evaluation based on corrected delivery or dispenser data.

	Vapor Monitoring (for tanks & piping)			
Description Of Release Detection	Vapor monitoring measures product vapors in the soil at the UST site to check for a leak. A site assessment must determine the number and placement of monitoring wells that make sure a release is detected. NOTE: vapor monitors will not work well with substances that do not easily vaporize (such as diesel fuel).			
Have Certification For Your Release Detection Method	<ul> <li>Make sure your vapor monitoring equipment is certified for the types of stored contents on which the release detection system is used. Most manufacturers have their leak detection devices tested and certified by a third party to verify that their equipment meets specific performance requirements se by regulatory agencies. If you don't have certified performance claims, have the manufacturer provide them to you.</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Use your release detection system to test for leaks at least every 30 days. Testing more often than monthly can catch leaks sooner and reduce cleanup costs and problems. Be sure you check all of your vapor monitoring wells.</li> </ul>			
	See Section 3 of this manual if your UST system fails a leak test.			
Perform These O&M Actions	Frequently test your release detection system according to the manufacturer's instructions to make sure it is working properly. Don't assume that your release detection system is working and never needs checking. Some electronic vapor monitoring systems have a test or self- diagnosis mode. If you have components (such as monitoring equipment, probes or sensors) for your vapor monitoring system, read your manual and test your equipment to see if it is working properly.			
	Periodically have a qualified UST contractor, such as the vendor who installed your release detection system, service all the system components according to the manufacturer's service instructions. Probes and other components can wear out and must be checked periodically. Many vendors recommend or require this maintenance activity at least annually.			
	Keep your vapor monitoring wells clearly marked and secured.			
	Check your vapor monitoring system owner's manual often to answer questions and to make sure you know the system's operation and maintenance procedures. Call the system's vendor or manufacturer for a copy of the owner's manual if you don't have one.			
	<ul> <li>Make sure employees who run, monitor, or maintain the release detection system know exactly what they have to do and to whom to report problems. Develop and maintain regular training programs for all employees.</li> </ul>			
Кеер	Keep results of your release detection system tests for at least 1 year. You monitoring equipment may provide printouts that can be used as records. Unless you are recording actual release detection results at least every 30 days and maintaining records for at least 1 year, you are not doing leak detection right.			
These O&M	Keep all records of calibration, maintenance, and repair of your release detection equipment for at least 1 year.			
Records	<ul> <li>Keep all performance claims supplied by the installer, vendor, or manufacturer for at least 5 years. These records include the certification of your leak detection equipment described above.</li> </ul>			

	Groundwater Monitoring (for tanks & piping)
Description Of Release Detection	Groundwater monitoring looks for the presence of liquid product floating on the groundwater at the UST site. A site assessment must determine the number and placement of monitoring wells that make sure a release is detected. NOTE: this method cannot be used at sites where groundwater is more than 20 feet below the surface.
Have Certification For Your Release Detection Method	Make sure any automated groundwater monitoring equipment is certified for the types of stored contents on which the release detection system is used. Most manufacturers have their leak detection devices tested and certified by a third party to verify that their equipment meets specific performance requirements set by regulatory agencies. If you don't have certified performance claims, have the manufacturer provide them to you. (Manual devices such as bailers are not generally certified.)
	<ul> <li>Use your release detection system to test for leaks at least every 30 days. Testing more often than monthly can catch leaks sooner and reduce cleanup costs and problems. Be sure you check all of your groundwater monitoring wells.</li> </ul>
	See Section 3 of this manual if your UST system fails a leak test.
Perform These	Frequently test your automated release detection system according to the manufacturer's instructions to make sure it is working properly. Don't assume that your release detection system is working and never needs checking. Some electronic groundwater monitoring systems have a test or self-diagnosis mode. If you have components (such as monitoring equipment, probes or sensors) for your groundwater monitoring system, read your manual and test your equipment to see if it is working properly. Manual devices should be periodically checked to make sure they are working properly.
O&M Actions	Periodically have a qualified UST contractor, such as the vendor who installed your release detection system, service all the system components according to the manufacturer's service instructions. Probes and other components can wear out and must be checked periodically. Many vendors recommend or require this maintenance activity at least annually.
	Keep your groundwater monitoring wells clearly marked and secured.
	Check your groundwater monitoring system owner's manual often to answer questions and to make sure you know the system's operation and maintenance procedures. Call the system's vendor or manufacturer for a copy of the owner's manual if you don't have one.
	<ul> <li>Make sure employees who run, monitor, or maintain the release detection system know exactly what they have to do and to whom to report problems. Develop and maintain regular training programs for all employees.</li> </ul>
Keep These	Keep results of your release detection system tests for at least 1 year. Your monitoring equipment may provide printouts that can be used as records. Unless you are recording actual release detection results at least every 30 days and maintaining records for at least 1 year, you are not doing leak detection right.
O&M Records	<ul> <li>Keep all records of calibration, maintenance, and repair of your release detection equipment for at least 1 year.</li> </ul>
Records	Keep all performance claims supplied by the installer, vendor, or manufacturer for at least 5 years. These records include the certification of your leak detection equipment described above.

Inven	tory Control And Tank Tightness Testing (for tanks only)
Description Of Release Detection	This temporary method combines monthly inventory control with periodic tank tightness testing. Inventory control involves taking measurements of tank contents and recording the amount of product pumped each operating day, measuring and recording tank deliveries, and reconciling all this data at least once a month. This combined method also includes tightness testing, a sophisticated test performed by trained professionals. <i>NOTE: This combination method can only be used temporarily for up to 10 years after installing a new UST or for up to 10 years after your tank meets the corrosion protection requirements.</i>
Have Certification For Your Release Detection Method	Make sure your tank tightness testing method is certified for the types of tanks and stored contents on which the tightness test is used. Most tightness test methods are certified by a third party to verify that they meet specific performance requirements set by regulatory agencies. If you don't have certified performance claims, have the tightness tester provide them to you.
	Take inventory readings and record the numbers at least each day that product is added to or taken out of the tank. You may want to use the Daily Inventory Worksheet provided for you on the next page.
	<ul> <li>Reconcile the fuel deliveries with delivery receipts by taking inventory readings before and after each delivery. Record these readings on a Daily Inventory Worksheet (see next page).</li> </ul>
	Reconcile all your data at least every 30 days. Use a Monthly Inventory Record (see page 14 for an example).
	Have a tank tightness test conducted at least every 5 years. This testing needs to be conducted by a professional trained in performing tank tightness testing.
Perform These O&M Actions	See Section 3 of this manual if your tank fails a tightness test or if fails two consecutive months of inventory control.
	Ensure that your measuring stick can measure to the nearest one-eighth inch and can measure the level of product over the full range of the tank's height. You should check your measuring stick periodically to make sure that you can read the markings and numbers and that the bottom of the stick is not worn.
	Ensure that your product dispenser is calibrated according to local standards or to an accuracy of 6 cubic inches for every 5 gallons of product withdrawn.
	Measure the water in your tank to the nearest one-eighth inch at least once a month and record the results on the reconciliation sheet. You can use a paste that changes color when it comes into contact with water.
	Make sure employees who run, monitor, or maintain the release detection system know exactly what they have to do and to whom to report problems. Develop and maintain regular training programs for all employees.
Keep These	Keep results of your release detection system tests for at least 1 year. Your monitoring equipment may provide printouts that can be used as records. Unless you are recording actual release detection results at least every 30 days and maintaining records for at least 1 year, you are not doing leak detection right.
0&M	Keep the results of your most recent tightness test.
Records	Keep all certification and performance claims for tank tightness test performed at your UST site for at least 5 years.

## Daily Inventory Worksheet

\_\_\_\_\_

Facility Name:

Your Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date:

Tank Identification					
Type Of Fuel					
Tank Size In Gallons					
End Stick Inches				1	
Amount Pumped	ţ	Ļ	Ļ	Ļ	Ļ
Totalizer Reading					
Totalizer Reading				1	
Totalizer Reading	1- 			1	
Totalizer Reading					
Totalizer Reading		þ			
Totalizer Reading	1				
Totalizer Reading			· · · · · ·		
Totalizer Reading					
Today's Sum Of Totalizers					
Previous Day's Sum Of Totalizers					
Amount Pumped Today					
Delivery Record	Ļ	Ļ	Ļ	Ļ	Ļ
Inches of Fuel Before Delivery					
Gallons of Fuel Before Delivery (from tank chart)					
Inches of Fuel After Delivery					
Gallons of Fuel After Delivery (from tank chart)					
Gallons Delivered (Stick) [Gallons After - Gallons Before]					
Gross Gallons Delivered (Receipt)					

## **Monthly Inventory Record**

Month/Year :\_\_\_\_/

Tank Identification & Type Of Fuel:\_\_\_

Facility Name:\_\_\_

Date Of Water Check: \_\_\_\_\_ Level Of Water (Inches):\_

Daily Over (+) Or Short (-) Start Stick End Stick Inventory Book Initials Inventory (Gallons) Gallons Gallons Inventory (Gallons) Date Delivered Pumped [End - Book] (Inches) | (Gallons) (-) 1 (+) (=) 2 (+) (-) (=) 3 (+) (-) (=) 4 (+) (-) (=) 5 (+) (-) (=) 6 (+) (-) (=) 7 (+) (-) (=) 8 (+) (-) (=) 9 (+) (-) (=) 7 (+) (-) (=) 8 (+)(-) (=) 9 (+) (-) (=) 10 (-) (=) (+) 11 (+) (-) (=) 12 (+) (-) (=) 13 (+) (-) (=) 14 (+) (-) (=) 15 (+) (-) (=) 16 (-) (+) (=) 17 (-) (=) (+) 18 (+) (-) (=) 19 (+) (-) (=) 20 (-) (=) (+) 21 (+) (-) (=) 22 (+) (-) (=) 23 (+) (-) (=) 24 (+) (-) (=) 25 (+) (-) (=) 26 (-) (=) (+) 27 (+) (-) (=) 28 (-) (=) (+) 29 (+) (-) (=) 30 (+) (-) (=) 31 (+) (-) (=) Total Galions Pumped > Total Gallons Over Or Short > Compare these numbers Leak Check: Drop the last two digits from the Total Gallons Pumped number and enter here: + 130 gallons Is the total gallons over or short larger than leak check result? Yes No (circle one)

If your answer is Yes for 2 months in a row, **notify the regulatory agency** as soon as possible. Keep This Piece Of Paper On File For At Least 1 Year

Manua	I Tank Gauging (for tanks 1,000 gallons or less only)			
Description Of Release Detection	This method may be used only for tanks of 1,000 gallons or less capacity meeting certain requirements. These requirements (tank size, tank dimension, and test time) are found in the manual tank gauging record on the next page. Manual tank gauging involves taking your tank out of service for the testing period (at least 36 hours) each week, during which time the contents of the tank are measured twice at the beginning and twice at the end of the test period. The measurements are then compared to weekly and monthly standards to determine if the tank is tight.			
Have Certification For Your Release Detection Method	None required.			
	<ul> <li>Once a week, record two inventory readings at the beginning of the test, allow the tank to sit undisturbed for the time specified in the Manual Tank Gauging Record on the next page, and record two inventory readings at the end of the test (use any form comparable to the one on the following page).</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Reconcile the numbers weekly and record them on a Manual Tank Gauging Record (see the next page).</li> </ul>			
	See Section 3 of this manual if your tank fails the weekly standard.			
Perform These	At the end of 4 weeks, reconcile your records for the monthly standard and record the result on a Manual Tank Gauging Record (see the next page).			
O&M Actions	• See Section 3 of this manual if your tank fails the monthly standard.			
	Ensure that your measuring stick can measure to the nearest one- eighth inch and can measure the level of product over the full range of the tank's height. You should check your measuring stick periodically to make sure that you can read the markings and numbers and that the bottom of the stick is not worn.			
	Make sure employees who run, monitor, or maintain the release detection system know exactly what they have to do and to whom to report problems. Develop and maintain regular training programs for all employees.			
Keep These O&M Records	Keep your manual tank gauging records for at least 1 year. Unless you are recording actual release detection results weekly and at least every 30 days and maintaining records for at least 1 year, you are not doing leak detection right.			

## Manual Tank Gauging Record

Tank Size	Minimum Duration Of Test	Weekly Standard (1 test)	Monthly Standard (4-test average)
up to 550 gallons	36 hours	10 gallons	5 gallons
551-1,000 gallons (when tank diameter is 64")	44 hours	9 gallons	4 gallons
551-1,000 gallons (when tank diameter is 48")	58 hours	12 gallons	6 gallons
551-1,000 gallons (also requires periodic tank tightness testing)	36 hours	13 gallons	7 gallons
1,001-2,000 gallons (also requires periodic tank tightness testing)	36 hours	26 gallons	13 gallons

Circle your tank size, test duration, and weekly/monthly standards in the table below:

Month	Year
Tank Identification:	
Person Completing Form:	
Facility Name:	

Compare your weekly readings and the monthly average of the 4 weekly readings with the standards shown in the table on the left.

If the calculated change exceeds the weekly standard, the UST may be leaking. Also, the monthly average of the 4 weekly test results must be compared to the monthly standard in the same way.

If either the weekly or monthly standards have been exceeded, the UST may be leaking. As soon as possible, call your implementing agency to report the suspected leak and get further instructions.

Start Test (month, day, and time)	First Initial Stick Reading	Second Initial Stick Reading	Average Initial Reading	Initial Gallons (convert inches to gallons) [a]	End Test (month, day, and time)	First End Stick Reading	Second End Stick Reading	Average End Reading	End Gallons (convert inches to gallons) [b]	Change In Tank Volume In Gallons + or () [ab]	Tank Passes Test (circle Yes or No)
Date: Time: AM/PM					Date: Time: AM/PM						Y N
Date: Time: AM/PM					Date: Time: AM/PM					1	Y N
Date: Time: AM/PM			· · · · · ·	1.1	Date: Time: AM/PM					-	Y N
Date: Time: AM/PM					Date: Time: AM/PM			· · · · · · ·			Y N
Keep This I	Diaco Of Da	nor On E	ilo For At l	oast 1 Vo	ar		To see how	v close you are t	to the monthly		Y N

Reep This Piece OFF ΟΓΑΓΕΒΑΣΙ standard, divide the sum of the 4 weekly readings by 4 and enter result here >

Ma	anual Tank Gauging And Tank Tightness Testing (for tanks 2,000 gallons or less only)
Description Of Release Detection	This temporary method combines manual tank gauging with periodic tank tightness testing. It may be used only for tanks of 2,000 gallons or less capacity. Manual tank gauging involves taking your tank out of service for the testing period (at least 36 hours) each week, during which the contents of the tank are measured twice at the beginning and twice at the end of the test period. The measurements are then compared to weekly and monthly standards to determine if the tank is tight. This combined method also includes tightness testing, a sophisticated test performed by trained professionals. NOTE: This combination method can only be used temporarily for up to ten years after installing a new UST or for up to 10 years after your tank meets the
Have Certification For Your Release Detection Method	<ul> <li>corrosion protection requirements.</li> <li>Make sure your tank tightness testing is certified for the types of tanks and stored contents on which the tightness test is used. Most tightness test methods are certified by a third party to verify that they meet specific performance requirements set by regulatory agencies. If you don't have certified performance claims, have the tightness tester provide them to you.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Once a week, record two inventory readings at the beginning of the test, allow the tank to sit undisturbed for the time specified in the Manual Tank Gauging Record on page 16, and record two inventory readings at the end of the test (use any form comparable to the one on page 16).</li> <li>Reconcile the numbers weekly and record them on a Manual Tank Gauging</li> </ul>
	Record (see page 16).
	<ul> <li>See Section 3 of this manual if your tank fails the weekly standard.</li> <li>At the end of 4 weeks, reconcile your records for the monthly standard and record the result on a Manual Tank Gauging Record (see page 16).</li> </ul>
Perform These	See Section 3 of this manual if your tank fails the monthly standard.
O&M Actions	Conduct a tank tightness test at least every 5 years. This testing needs to be conducted by a professional trained in performing tank tightness testing.
	See Section 3 of this manual if your tank fails the tightness test.
	Ensure that your measuring stick can measure to the nearest one-eighth inch and can measure the level of product over the full range of the tank's height. You should check your measuring stick periodically to make sure that you can read the markings and numbers and that the bottom of the stick is not worn.
	Make sure employees who run, monitor, or maintain the release detection system know exactly what they have to do and to whom to report problems. Develop and maintain regular training programs for all employees.
Keep	Keep your manual tank gauging records for at least 1 year. Unless you are recording actual release detection results at least weekly and every 30 days and maintaining records for at least 1 year, you are not doing leak detection right.
These O&M	Keep the results of your most recent tightness test.
Records	Keep all certification and performance claims for tank tightness test performed at your UST site for at least 5 years.

Automa	tic Line Leak Detection
Description Of Release Detection Have Certification For Your Release Detection	<ul> <li>tic Line Leak Detection (for pressurized piping only)</li> <li>Automatic line leak detectors (LLDs) are designed to detect a catastrophic release from pressurized piping. Automatic LLDs must be designed to detect a leak at least as small as 3 gallons per hour at a line pressure of 10 psi within 1 hour. When a leak is detected, automatic LLDs must shut off the product flow, restrict the product flow, or trigger an audible or visual alarm. NOTE: Mechanical automatic LLDs need to be installed and operated as close as possible to the tank (LLDs are designed to detect a leak, restrict flow, etc. only between the detector and the dispenser).</li> <li>Make sure your release detection equipment is certified for the types of piping and stored contents on which the release detection system is used. Most manufacturers have their leak detection devices tested and certified by a third party to verify that their equipment meets specific performance requirements set by regulatory agencies. If you don't have certified performance claims, have the manufacturer provide them to you.</li> </ul>
Method Perform These O&M Actions	<ul> <li>Frequently test your automatic LLDs according to the manufacturer's instructions to make sure it is working properly. Don't assume that your release detection system is working and never needs checking. Some monitoring systems have a test or self-diagnosis mode.</li> <li>Periodically have a qualified UST contractor, such as the vendor who installed your release detection system, service all the system components according to the manufacturers' service instructions. Components can wear out and must be checked periodically. Many vendors recommend or require this maintenance activity at least annually.</li> </ul>
Actions	<ul> <li>See Section 3 of this manual if your LLD detects a leak.</li> <li>Make sure employees who run, monitor, or maintain the release detection system know exactly what they have to do and to whom to report problems. Develop and maintain regular training programs for all employees.</li> </ul>
Keep These O&M Records	<ul> <li>For at least a year, keep the annual test that demonstrates that the LLD is functioning properly.</li> <li>If used for monthly monitoring, keep results of your release detection system tests for at least 1 year. Your monitoring equipment system may provide printouts that can be used as records. Unless you are recording actual release detection results at least every 30 days and maintaining records for at least 1 year, you are not doing leak detection right.</li> <li>Keep all records of calibration, maintenance, and repair of your release detection equipment for at least 1 year.</li> <li>Keep all performance claims supplied by the installer, vendor, or manufacturer for at least 5 years. These records include the certification of your leak detection equipment described above.</li> </ul>

	Line Tightness Testing (for piping only)		
Description Of Release Detection	This method uses a periodic line tightness test to determine if your piping is leaking. Tightness testing can be performed by either a trained professional or by using a permanently installed electronic system (sometimes connected to an automatic tank gauging system).		
Have Certification For Your Release Detection Method	<ul> <li>Make sure your line tightness testing or permanently installed electronic system is certified for the types of piping and stored contents on which the release detection system is used. Most tightness test methods and release detection equipment have been tested and certified by a third party to verify that the equipment or services meet specific performance requirements set by regulatory agencies. If you don't have certified performance claims, have the tightness tester or equipment manufacturer provide them to you.</li> <li>If line tightness testing is used for pressurized piping, the test must be</li> </ul>		
	conducted at least annually.		
	<ul> <li>If line tightness testing is used for suction piping, the test must be conducted at least every three years. Safe suction piping as described at the bottom of page 3 may not need release detection testing.</li> </ul>		
Derform	This tightness testing must be conducted by a professional trained in performing line tightness testing or by using a permanently installed electronic system.		
Perform These O&M	<ul> <li>See Section 3 of this manual if your piping fails the tightness test or if the electronic system indicates a leak.</li> </ul>		
Actions	Periodically have a qualified UST contractor, such as the vendor who installed your release detection system, service all the system components according to the manufacturers' service instructions. Components can wear out and must be checked periodically. Many vendors recommend or require this maintenance activity at least annually.		
	Make sure employees who run, monitor, or maintain the release detection system know exactly what they have to do and to whom to report problems. Develop and maintain regular training programs for all employees.		
Кеер	Keep results of your release detection system tests for at least 1 year. Your monitoring equipment may provide printouts that can be used as records. Unless you are recording actual release detection results at least every 30 days and maintaining records for at least 1 year, you are not doing leak detection right.		
These O&M Records	<ul> <li>If you use a permanently installed electronic system, keep all records of calibration, maintenance, and repair of your equipment for at least year.</li> </ul>		
	Keep all performance claims supplied by the installer, vendor, or manufacturer for at least 5 years. These records include the certification of your leak detection equipment described above.		

## **30-Day Release Detection Monitoring Record**

(May be used for monitoring wells, interstitial monitoring, and automatic tank gauging)

Release Detection Method:

Facility Name:

Date	Your Name	UST System (Tank & Piping) (Enter N for No Release Detected or Y for a Suspected Or Confirmed Release)					
		UST #	UST #	UST #	UST #		
					-		
					_		
	-				1		
-							
				1			

Keep This Piece Of Paper And Any Associated Printouts On File For At Least 1 Year From The Date Of The Last Entry

## Section 3 — Suspected Or Confirmed Releases

You need to be fully prepared to respond to releases **before** they may occur. You need to know what to do when release detection methods indicate a suspected or confirmed release. Be ready to take the following steps, as appropriate.

#### **Stop The Release**

- Take immediate action to prevent the release of more product.
- Turn off the power to the dispenser and bag the nozzle.
- Make sure you know where your emergency shutoff switch is located.
- Empty the tank, if necessary, without further contaminating the site. You may need the assistance of your supplier or distributor.

#### **Contain The Release**

Contain, absorb, and clean up any surface spills or overfills. You should keep enough absorbent material at your facility to contain a spill or overfill of petroleum products until emergency response personnel can respond to the incident. The suggested supplies include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Containment devices, such as containment booms, dikes, and pillows.
- Absorbent material, such as kitty litter, chopped corn cob, sand, and sawdust. (Be sure you
  properly dispose of used absorbent materials.)
- Mats or other material capable of keeping spill or overfill out of nearby storm drains.
- Spark-free flash light.
- Spark-free shovel.
- Buckets.
- Reels of caution tape, traffic cones, and warning signs.
- Personal protective gear.

Also, identify any fire, explosion, or vapor hazards and take action to neutralize these hazards.

### **Call For Help**

Contact your local fire or emergency response authority. Make sure you have these crucial telephone numbers prominently posted where you and your employees can easily see them. See the next page for a form you can copy and post.

#### **Report To Authorities**

If you observe any of the following, contact your state's underground storage tank regulatory authority to report a suspected or confirmed release as soon as possible (within 24 hours):

- Any spill or overfill of petroleum that exceeds 25 gallons or that causes a sheen on nearby surface water. (Spills and overfills under 25 gallons that are contained and immediately cleaned up do not have to be reported. If they can't be quickly cleaned up they must be reported to your regulatory agency.)
- Any released regulated substances at the UST site or in the surrounding area such as the presence of liquid petroleum; soil contamination; surface water or groundwater contamination; or petroleum vapors in sewer, basement, or utility lines.
- Any unusual operating conditions you observe such as erratic behavior of the dispenser, a sudden loss of product, or an unexplained presence of water in the tank. However, you are not required to report if:
  - The system equipment is found to be defective, but not leaking, and is immediately repaired or replaced.
- Results from your release detection system indicate a suspected release. However, you are not required to report if:
  - The monitoring device is found to be defective and is immediately repaired, recalibrated, or replaced and further monitoring does not confirm the initial suspected release, or
  - In the case of inventory control, a second month of data does not confirm the initial result.

The next page contains a blank list for names and phone numbers of important contacts. Fill out this information for your facility so that you will know who to call in case of an emergency. Remove this page from the manual, copy it, fill it out, and post it in a prominent place at your facility.

## Copy the next page and update it often. Make sure everyone at your UST facility is familiar with this list of contacts.

		ease Response t Contact Inform	ation
		Contact Name	Phone #
01	State UST Agency: Local UST Agency: Fire Department: Ambulance: Police Department: Repair Contractor: ther Contacts:		
	✓ Relea	se Response Chec	klist
a	<b>Stop the release:</b> Take immediate power to the dispenser and bag the switch is located. Empty the tank, it	action to prevent the release of r nozzle. Make sure you know wh	nore product. Turn off the nere your emergency shutoff
	<b>Contain the release:</b> Contain, absore explosion, or vapor hazards and tak	orb, and clean up any surface rel a action to neutralize these haza	eases. Identify any fire, ards.
	<b>Call for help and to report suspec</b> emergency response authority. Con within 24 hours.	cted or confirmed releases: Co ntact your state's underground st	ntact your local fire or orage tank regulatory authority

## Section 4 — Spill And Overfill Protection

The purpose of spill and overfill protection equipment is to eliminate the potential for a release during fuel deliveries. The equipment must be in working order and used properly to provide adequate protection from spills and overfills.

Even the best spill and overfill protection equipment can become faulty over time if not properly operated and maintained.

Only one gallon of fuel leaking each week from a poorly maintained spill bucket can result in up to 195 tons of contaminated soil in a year.

Improper maintenance of the spill bucket at the UST site pictured below contributed to significant contamination of soil and groundwater.

#### What's The Difference?

#### **Spill Protection:**

A spill bucket is installed at the fill pipe to contain the drips and spills of fuel that can occur when the delivery hose is uncoupled from the fill pipe after delivery.

#### **Overfill Protection:**

Equipment is installed on the UST that is designed to stop product flow, reduce product flow, or alert the delivery person during delivery **before** the tank becomes full and begins releasing petroleum into the environment.

The following pages in this section focus on how you can routinely make sure your spill and overfill equipment is operating effectively.



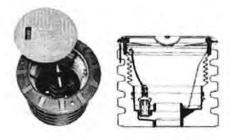
**Operating And Maintaining UST Systems** 

## What Are The Basics Of Spill Protection?

Your USTs must have catchment basins — also called spill buckets — installed at the fill pipe to contain spills that may occur as a result of fuel deliveries.

- The spill bucket is designed to temporarily contain product spills that might occur during fuel delivery. To contain a spill, the spill bucket must be liquid tight.
- The spill bucket is not designed to contain fuel for long periods of time. After each delivery, empty and dispose of contents properly.
- Spill buckets need to be large enough to contain any fuel that may spill when the delivery hose is uncoupled from the fill pipe. Spill buckets typically range in size from 5 gallons to 25 gallons.
- If you use a checklist for correct delivery practices (see page 33), spills should be eliminated or reduced to very small volumes that your spill bucket can easily handle.

If your UST *never* receives deliveries of more than 25 gallons at a time, the UST does not need to meet the spill protection requirements. Many used oil tanks fall into this category. Even though these USTs are not required to have spill protection, you should consider using spill protection as part of good UST system management.



Examples Of Spill Buckets

## How Do You Maintain Your Spill Bucket?

The checklist below provides information on properly maintaining your spill bucket.

## Spill Bucket O&M Checklist

 Keep your spill bucket empty of liquids. Some spill buckets are equipped with a valve that allows you to drain accumulated fuel into your UST. Others may be equipped with a manual pump so fuel can be put into your UST by pumping it through the fill pipe. However, keep in mind that when you pump out or drain your spill bucket into your UST, any water and debris may also enter the UST. If a basin is not equipped with drain valve or pump, then any accumulated fuel or water must be removed manually and disposed of properly.
 Periodically check your spill bucket to remove any debris.

- Periodically check your spill bucket to remove any debris. Debris could include soil, stones, or trash.
- Periodically check to see if your spill bucket is still liquid tight.
   Have a qualified UST contractor inspect your spill bucket for signs of wear, cracks, or holes.
   Based on this inspection, the contractor may suggest a test to determine if the spill bucket is tight or needs repair or replacement.

## What Are The Basics Of Overfill Protection?

Your USTs must have overfill protection installed to help prevent the overfilling of tanks.

Three types of overfill protection devices are commonly used:

- Automatic shutoff devices
- Overfill alarms
- Ball float valves

Each of these forms of overfill protection is discussed in detail on the following pages.

If your UST *never* receives deliveries of more than 25 gallons at a time, the UST does not need to meet the overfill protection requirements. Many used oil tanks fall into this category. Even though these USTs are not required to have overfill protection, you should consider using overfill protection as part of good UST system management.

## How Can You Help The Delivery Person Avoid Overfills?

To protect your business, you must make every effort to help the delivery person avoid overfilling your UST.

#### **Use A Checklist On Correct Filling Practices**

If correct filling practices are used, you will not exceed the UST's capacity — see page 33 for a checklist on correct filling procedures. Overfills are caused when the delivery person makes a mistake, such as ignoring an overfill alarm.

#### Use Signs, Alert Your Delivery Person

The delivery person should know what type of overfill device is present on each tank at your facility and what action will occur if the overfill device is triggered — such as a visual and/or audible alarm or that the product flow into the tank will stop or slow significantly.

Educate and alert your delivery person by placing a clear sign near your fill pipes, in plain view of the delivery person. An example of such a sign follows on the next page.

### **Delivery Person — Avoid Overfills**

- An **overfill alarm** is used for overfill protection at this facility.
- Do not tamper with this alarm in any attempt to defeat its purpose.
- When the tank is 90% full, the overfill alarm whistles and a red light flashes.
- If you hear the alarm whistle or see the red light flashing,

#### **Stop The Delivery Immediately!**

#### Make Sure You Order The Right Amount Of Product

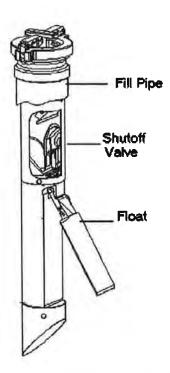
Also, you need to **make sure you've ordered the right amount of product for delivery**. Order only the quantity of fuel that will fit into 90% of the tank. For example, if you have a 10,000 gallon tank with 2,000 gallons already in the tank, you would order at the most a 7,000 gallon delivery (90% of 10,000 is 9,000 gallons; subtracting the 2,000 gallons already in the tank leaves a maximum delivery of 7,000 gallons). Use the checklist formula on page 33. Do your homework right and you reduce the chance of overfills.

## What Should You Do To Operate And Maintain Your Automatic Shutoff Device?

The automatic shutoff device is a mechanical device installed in line with the drop tube within the fill pipe riser. It slows down and then stops the delivery when the product has reached a certain level in the tank. It should be positioned so that the float arm is not obstructed and can move through its full range of motion.

When installed and maintained properly, the shutoff valve will shut off the flow of fuel to the UST at 95% of the tank's capacity or before the fittings at the top of the tank are exposed to fuel.

You should not use an automatic shutoff device for overfill protection if your UST receives pressurized deliveries.



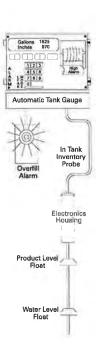
## Basic O&M Checklist For Automatic Shutoff Devices

- □ A qualified UST contractor periodically checks to make sure that the automatic shutoff device is functioning properly and that the device will shut off fuel flowing into the tank at 95% of the tank capacity or before the fittings at the top of the tank are exposed to fuel:
  - Make sure the float operates properly.
  - Make sure there are no obstructions in the fill pipe that would keep the floating mechanism from working.
- You have posted signs that the delivery person can easily see and that alert the delivery person to the overfill warning devices and alarms in use at your facility.

## What Should You Do To Operate And Maintain Your Electronic Overfill Alarm?

This type of overfill device activates an audible and/or visual warning to delivery personnel when the tank is either 90% full or is within one minute of being overfilled. The alarm *must* be located so it can be seen and/or heard from the UST delivery location. Once the electronic overfill alarm sounds, the delivery person has approximately one minute to stop the flow of fuel to the tank.

Electronic overfill alarm devices have no mechanism to shut off or restrict flow. Therefore, the fuel remaining in the delivery hose after the delivery has been stopped will flow into the tank as long as the tank is not yet full.



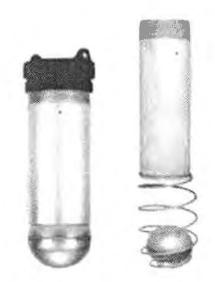
## Basic O&M Checklist For Overfill Alarms

- A qualified UST contractor periodically checks your electronic overfill alarm to make sure that it is functioning properly and that the alarm activates when the fuel reaches 90% of the tank capacity or is within one minute of being overfilled:
  - Ensure that the alarm can be heard and/or seen from where the tank is fueled.
  - Make sure that the electronic device and probe are operating properly.
  - You have posted signs that the delivery person can easily see and that alert the delivery person to the overfill warning devices and alarms in use at your facility.

## What Should You Do To Operate And Maintain Your Ball Float Valve?

The ball float valve — also called a float vent valve — is installed at the vent pipe in the tank and restricts vapor flow in an UST as the tank gets close to being full. The ball float valve should be set at a depth which will restrict vapor flow out of the vent line during delivery at 90% of the UST's capacity or 30 minutes prior to overfilling.

As the tank fills, the ball in the valve rises, restricting the flow of vapors out of the UST during delivery. The flow rate of the delivery will decrease noticeably and should alert the delivery person to stop the delivery.



For ball float values to work properly, the top of the tank must be air tight so that vapors cannot escape from the tank. Everything from fittings to drain mechanisms on spill buckets must be tight and be able to hold the pressure created when the ball float value engages.

You should not use a ball float valve for overfill protection if any of the following apply:

- Your UST receives pressurized deliveries.
- Your UST system has suction piping.
- Your UST system has single point (coaxial) stage 1 vapor recovery.

## Basic O&M Checklist For Ball Float Valves

- A qualified UST contractor periodically checks to make sure that the ball float valve is functioning properly and that it will restrict fuel flowing into the tank at 90% of the tank capacity or 30 minutes prior to overfilling:
  - Ensure that the air hole is not plugged.
  - Make sure the ball cage is still intact.
  - Ensure the ball still moves freely in the cage.
  - Make sure the ball still seals tightly on the pipe.
- You have posted signs that the delivery person can easily see and that alert the delivery person to the overfill warning devices and alarms in use at your facility.

**Operating And Maintaining UST Systems** 

	Spill And Overfill O&M Checklist
Spill Bucket	<ul> <li>Keep your spill bucket empty of liquids. Some spill buckets are equipped with a drainage valve which allows you to drain accumulated fuel into your UST. Others can be equipped with a manual pump so fuel can be put into your UST by pumping it through the fill pipe. However, keep in mind that when you pump out or drain your spill bucket into your UST, any water and debris may also enter the UST. If a spill bucket is not equipped with a drain valve or pump, then any accumulated fuel or water must be removed manually and disposed of properly.</li> <li>Periodically check your spill bucket to remove any debris. Debris could include soil, stones, or trash.</li> <li>Periodically check to see if your spill bucket is still liquid tight. Have a qualified UST contractor inspect your spill bucket for signs of wear, cracks, or holes. Based on this inspection, the contractor may suggest a test to determine if the spill bucket is tight or needs repair or replacement.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>A qualified UST contractor periodically checks to make sure that the automatic shutoff device is functioning properly and that the device will shut off fuel flowing into the tank at 95% of the tank capacity or before the fittings at the top of the tank are exposed to fuel:</li> </ul>
Automatic	Make sure the float operates properly,
Shutoff Devices	<ul> <li>Make sure that there are no obstructions in the fill pipe that would keep the floating mechanism from working.</li> </ul>
	You have posted signs that the delivery person can easily see and that alert the delivery person to the overfill warning devices and alarms in use at your facility.
	A qualified UST contractor periodically checks your electronic overfill alarm to make sure that it is functioning properly and that the alarm activates when the fuel reaches 90% of the tank capacity or is within one minute of being overfilled:
Overfill	Ensure that the alarm can be heard and/or seen from where the tank is fueled.
Alarms	Make sure that the electronic device and probe are operating properly.
	You have posted signs that the delivery person can easily see and that alert the delivery person to the overfill warning devices and alarms in use at your facility.
	A qualified UST contractor periodically checks to make sure that the ball float value is functioning properly and that it will restrict fuel flowing into the tank at 90% of the tank capacity or 30 minutes prior to overfilling:
Dell	Ensure that the air hole is not plugged.
Ball Float	Make sure the ball cage is still intact.
Valves	Ensure the ball still moves freely in the cage.
	Make sure the ball still seals tightly on the pipe.
	You have posted signs that the delivery person can easily see and that alert the delivery person to the overfill warning devices and alarms in use at your facility.

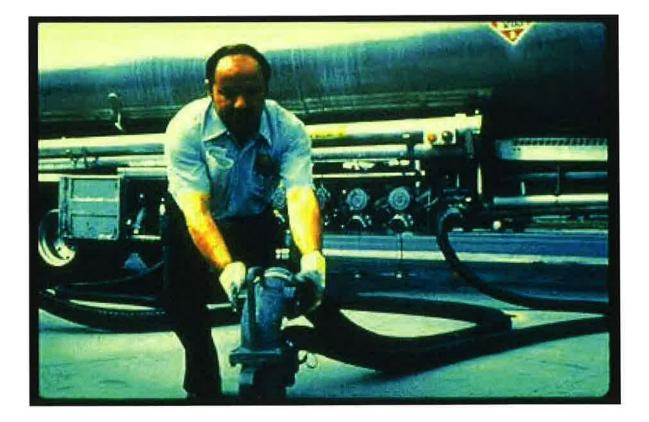
# What Are Your Responsibilities For Correct Filling Practices?

As an owner or operator you are responsible for ensuring that releases due to spilling or overfilling do not occur during fuel delivery.

As part of this responsibility, you must:

- Ensure the amount of product to be delivered will fit into the available empty space in the tank; and
- Ensure the transfer operation is monitored constantly to prevent overfilling and spilling.

One way help ensure the above requirements are met is to follow the checklist on the next page. The checklist describes activities to perform before, during, and after a fuel delivery.



**Operating And Maintaining UST Systems** 

		Correct Filling Checklist					
	Y.						
		Post clear signs that alert delivery persons to the overfill devices and alarms in use at your facility.					
		Make and record accurate readings for product and water in the tank before fuel delivery.					
		Order only the quantity of fuel that will fit into 90% of the tank.					
What To Do		Remember, the formula for determining the maximum amount of gasoline to order is:					
Before Your USTs Are Filled		(Tank capacity in gallons X 90% ) — Product currently in tank = Maximum amount of fuel to order					
		<b>Example:</b> (10,000 gal X 0.9 ) — 2,000 gal = 7,000 gal maximum amount to order					
		Ensure fuel delivery personnel know the type of overfill device present at the tank and what actions to perform if it activates. For example, use sample sign on page 27 of this chapter.					
		Review and understand the spill response procedures.					
		Verify that your spill bucket is empty, clean, and will contain spills.					
		Keep fill ports locked until the fuel delivery person requests access.					
	a	Have an accurate tank capacity chart available for the fuel delivery person.					
What To Do While Your USTs		The fuel delivery person makes all hook-ups. The person responsible for monitoring the delivery should remain attentive and observe the entire fuel delivery, be prepared to stop the flow of fuel from the truck to the UST at any time, and respond to any unusual condition, leak, or spill which may occur during delivery.					
Are Being Filled		Have response supplies readily available for use in case a spill or overfill occurs (see Section 3).					
		Provide safety barriers around the fueling zone.					
		Make sure there is adequate lighting around the fueling zone.					
	a	Following complete delivery, the fuel delivery person is responsible for disconnecting all hook-ups.					
What To Do		Return spill response kit and safety barriers to proper storage locations.					
After		Make and record accurate readings for product and water in the tank after fuel delivery.					
Your USTs Are Filled		Verify the amount of fuel received.					
		Make sure fill ports are properly secured.					
		Ensure the spill bucket is free of product and clean up any small spills.					

## Section 5 — Corrosion Protection

To prevent leaks, all parts of your UST system that are underground and routinely contain product need to be protected from corrosion. The UST system includes the tank, piping, and ancillary equipment, such as flexible connectors, fittings, and pumps. Unprotected metal UST components can deteriorate and leak when underground electrical currents act upon them.

One way to protect UST components from corrosion is to **make them with nonmetallic, noncorrodible materials**, such as USTs made of (or clad or jacketed with) fiberglass reinforced plastic (FRP) or other noncorrodible materials — as illustrated by the FRP tank on the right. Noncorrodible USTs like these do not require O&M for corrosion protection.

UST components made from metal, however, that routinely contain product and are in direct contact with the ground need corrosion protection provided

by cathodic protection or (in some cases) lining the interior of the tank, as described below. These options require O&M.

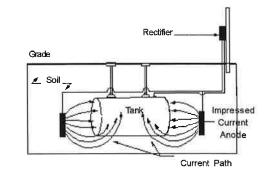
Note: Metal tanks or piping installed after December 22, 1988 must have a dielectric coating (a coating that does not conduct electricity) in addition to the cathodic protection described below.

## Cathodic Protection Using Sacrificial Anode Systems

Sacrificial anodes are buried and attached to UST components for corrosion protection — as illustrated on the right by an anode attached to a tank. Anodes are pieces of metal that are more electrically active than steel, and thus they suffer the destructive effects of corrosion rather than the steel they are attached to.

## Cathodic Protection Using Impressed Current Systems

An impressed current system — as shown on the right uses a rectifier to provide direct current through anodes to the tank or piping to achieve corrosion protection. The steel is protected because the current going to the steel overcomes the corrosion-causing current flowing away from it. The cathodic protection rectifier must always be on and operating to protect your UST system from corrosion.





#### Corrosion Protection Using Internal Lining Of The Tank

This corrosion protection option applies only to tanks installed before December 22, 1988. These older tanks can be internally lined by trained professionals to meet the corrosion protection requirements — as shown on the right, in which a professional follows industry codes to safely and effectively line a tank's interior.



It may help you to see your corrosion protection options displayed in the following table.

Corr	<b>Corrosion Protection Choices</b>				
Option	Description				
Noncorrodible Material	The tank or piping is constructed of noncorrodible material.				
Steel Tank Clad Or Jacketed With A Noncorrodible Material	Examples of cladding or jacket material include fiberglass and urethane. Does not apply to piping.				
Coated And Cathodically Protected Steel Tanks Or Piping	Steel tank and piping is well-coated with a dielectric material and cathodically protected.				
Cathodically Protected Noncoated Steel Tanks Or Piping	This option is only for steel tanks and piping installed before December 22, 1988. Cathodic protection is usually provided by an impressed current system.				
Internal Lining Of Tanks	<i>This option is only for steel tanks installed before December 22, 1988.</i> A lining is applied to the inside of the tank. Does not apply to piping.				
Combination Of Cathodically Protected Steel And Internal Lining Of Tanks	<i>This option is only for steel tanks installed before December 22, 1988.</i> Cathodic protection is usually provided by an impressed current system. Does not apply to piping.				
Other Methods Used To Achieve Corrosion Protection	If you have tanks or piping that do not meet any of the descriptions above, check with your state UST agency to see if your UST system meets the requirements for corrosion protection. You also will need to ask about the operation, maintenance, and record keeping requirements applicable to this type of UST system.				

Note: In addition to tanks and piping, all other metal components in direct contact with the ground that routinely hold product — such as flexible connectors, swing joints, fittings, and pumps — must also be cathodically protected.

# Use the O&M checklist on the next page. Following the checklist look for record keeping forms and discussions of special corrosion protection situations.

<b>v</b>	Basic O&M Checklist For Corrosion Protection
	You need to have a periodic test conducted by a qualified corrosion tester to make sure your cathodic protection system is adequately protecting your UST system. This test needs to be conducted:
	Within 6 months of installation.
Sacrificial	At least every 3 years after the previous test.
Anode	Within 6 months after any repairs to your UST system.
Cathodic Protection	<ul> <li>Make sure the professional tester is qualified to perform the test and follows a standard code of practice to determine that test criteria are adequate.</li> </ul>
Systems	<ul> <li>If any test indicates your tanks are not adequately protected, you need to have a corrosion expert examine and fix your system.</li> </ul>
	Testing more frequently can catch problems before they become big problems.
	You need to keep the results of at least the last two tests on file. See the next page for a cathodic protection test record keeping form.
	You need to have a periodic test conducted by a qualified corrosion tester to make sure your cathodic protection system is adequately protecting your UST system. This test needs to be conducted:
	Within 6 months of installation.
	At least every 3 years after the previous test.
	Within 6 months after any repairs to your UST system.
	<ul> <li>Make sure the professional tester is qualified to perform the test and follows a standard code of practice to determine that test criteria are adequate.</li> </ul>
	If any test indicates your tanks are not adequately protected, you need to have a corrosion expert examine and fix your system.
Impressed	Testing more frequently can catch problems before they become big problems.
Current Cathodic	You need to keep the results of at least the last two tests on file. See next page for a cathodic protection test record keeping form.
Protection Systems	You need to inspect your rectifier at least every 60 days to make sure that it is operating within normal limits.
-	<ul> <li>This inspection involves reading and recording the voltage and amperage readouts on the rectifier. You or your employees can perform this periodic inspection.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Make sure your cathodic protection professional provides you with the rectifier's acceptable operating levels so you can compare the readings you take with an acceptable operating level. If your readings are not within acceptable levels, you must contact a cathodic protection professional to address the problem.</li> </ul>
	□ You need to keep records of at least the last 3 rectifier readings. See page 39 for a 60-Day Inspection Results record keeping form.
	You should have a trained professional periodically service your impressed current system.
	Never turn off your rectifier!
Internally Lined	Within 10 years after lining and at least every 5 years thereafter, the lined tank must be inspected by a trained professional and found to be structurally sound with the lining still performing according to original design specifications. Make sure the professional performing the inspection follows a standard code of practice.
Tanks	Keep records of the inspection (as specified in industry standards for lining inspections).

# Record For Periodic Testing Of Cathodic Protection Systems

(for use by a qualified cathodic protection tester)

Test Date: \_\_\_/\_\_\_/ Facility Name/ID:\_\_\_\_\_

Note: Provide site sketch as directed on the back of this page.

<b>Cathodic Protection (CP</b>	') Tester Information:
Name:	Phone Number:
Address:	
Testing must be conducted by a qua	alified CP tester. Indicate your qualifications as a CP tester:
4 H	

Identify which of the following testing situations applies:

- Test required within 6 months of installation of CP system (installation date was \_/\_/\_)
- Test required at least every 3 years after installation test noted above
- Test required within 6 months of any repair activity note repair activity and date below:

Indicate which industry standard you used to determine that the cathodic protection test criteria are adequate:

Cathodic Protection Test Method Used (check one)
100 mV Cathodic Polarization Test
-850 mV Test (Circle 1 or 2 below)
1) Polarized Potential (instant off) 2) Potential with CP Applied, IR Drop Considered
Note: All readings taken must meet the -850 mV criteria to pass
Other Accepted Method (please describe):

Is the cathodic protection system working properly? Yes

Yes No (circle one)

#### If answer is no, go to the directions at the bottom on the back of this page.

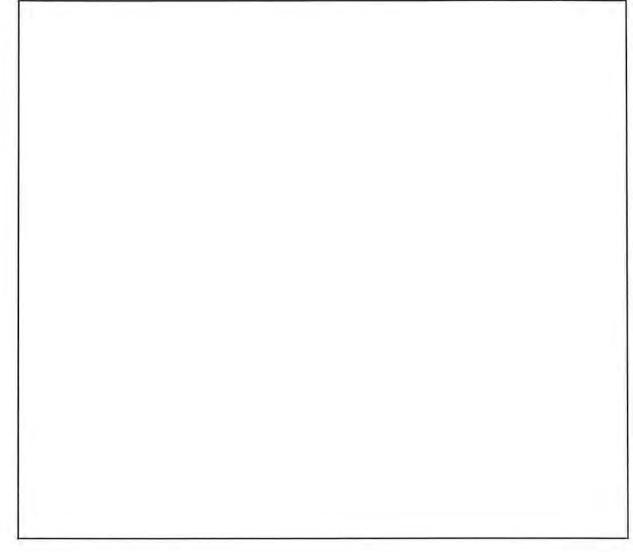
My signature below affirms that I have sufficient education and experience to be a cathodic protection tester; I am competent to perform the tests indicated above; and that the results on this form are a complete and truthful record of all testing at this location on the date shown.

CP Tester Signature:

Date:\_\_\_\_

Keep This Paper On File For At Least Six Years

**Site Sketch:** Provide a rough sketch of the tanks and piping, the location of each CP test, and each voltage value obtained (use space below or attach separate drawing). Voltage readings through concrete or asphalt do not provide accurate readings and are not acceptable. Perform sufficient testing to evaluate the entire UST system.



- If CP system fails test, you must have a corrosion expert fix the system. If the answer was no, indicating that your CP system is not working, you must have a *corrosion expert* investigate and fix the problem. A corrosion expert has additional training, skills, and certification beyond the corrosion tester who filled out the bulk of this form. A corrosion expert must be:
  - Accredited/certified by NACE International (The Corrosion Society) as a corrosion specialist or cathodic protection specialist, or
  - Be a registered professional engineer with certification or licensing in corrosion control.

As long as you have the UST, be sure you keep a record that clearly documents what the corrosion expert did to fix your CP system.

Keep This Paper On File For At Least Six Years

### 60-Day Inspection Results For Impressed Current Cathodic Protection Systems

Facility Name:

Amp Range Recommended:

Voltage Range Recommended:

Date	Your Name	Voltage Reading	Amp Reading	Is Your System Running Properly? (Yes/No)
			5	
_				
				-

- If the rectifier voltage and/or amperage output(s) are outside the recommended operating levels, contact a cathodic protection expert to address the problem.
- Never turn off your rectifier.
- Keep this record for at least 6 months after the date of the last reading.

#### **Some Special Corrosion Protection Situations**

#### What If You Have An STI-P3 Tank With A PP4 Test Station?

If you have a PP4 test station installed with an STI-P3 tank, you may perform the periodic testing of your cathodic protection system by using the meter provided to you with the PP4 test station.

- Don't forget to record the result of the reading and keep at least the last two results.
- If your test readings do not pass, you must take action to correct the problem. Call your installer and ask that the corrosion expert who designed the system examine it and correct the problem.

#### What If You Combine Internal Lining And Cathodic Protection?

If you chose the combination of internal lining and cathodic protection for meeting corrosion protection requirements on your UST, you may not have to meet the periodic inspection requirement for the lined tank. However, you must always meet the requirements for checking and testing your cathodic protection system as described in the basic O&M checklist for corrosion protection on page 36. The 10-year and subsequent 5-year inspections of the lined tank are not required if the integrity of the tank was ensured when cathodic protection was added. You should be able to show an inspector documentation of the passed integrity assessment.

#### Example 1:

If you have cathodic protection and internal lining applied to your tank at the same time, periodic inspections of the lined tank **are not** required because an integrity assessment of the tank is required prior to adding the cathodic protection and internal lining.

#### Example 2:

If you had cathodic protection added to a tank in 1997 that was internally lined in 1994 and the contractor did not perform an integrity assessment of the tank at the time cathodic protection was added (or you cannot show an inspector documentation of the passed integrity assessment), then periodic inspections of the lined tank **are** required because you cannot prove that the tank was structurally sound and free of corrosion holes when the cathodic protection was added. The lined tank needs to be periodically inspected because the lining may be the only barrier between your gasoline and the surrounding environment.

# What If You Have A Double Walled Steel UST With Interstitial Monitoring And Cathodic Protection?

If you have a cathodically protected double walled steel tank and you use interstitial monitoring capable of detecting a breach in both the inner and outer wall or ingress of product and water as your method of leak detection, then you should monitor your cathodic protection system within six months of installation and following any activity that could affect the CP system.

If you are using impressed current cathodic protection, you still need to perform the 60day checks of your rectifier to make sure it is operating within normal limits.

- Testing the cathodic protection system more frequently may help catch problems quicker.
- If your test readings do not pass, you must take action to correct the problem. Call your installer and ask that the corrosion expert who designed the system examine it and correct the problem.
- Don't forget to keep at least the last two results of your cathodic protection testing.

#### **Do All UST Sites Need Corrosion Protection?**

A corrosion expert may be able to determine the soil at an UST site is not conducive to corrosion and will not cause the tank or piping to have a release during its operating life. If so, you must keep a record of that corrosion expert's analysis for the life of the tank or piping to demonstrate why your UST has no corrosion protection.

## Section 6 — Frequent Walk-Through Inspections

You should conduct basic walk-through inspections of your facility **at least monthly** to make sure your essential equipment is working properly and you have release response supplies on hand.

These inspections would not be as thorough as following the O&M checklists presented earlier in this booklet, but they can provide a quick overview you can do more often than the longer checklists. You might think of this level of inspection as similar to automobile dashboard indicators that provide us with status warnings like low battery.

When you perform your walk-through inspection you should quickly check at least the following:

- Release Detection System: Is your release detection equipment working properly? For example, did you run a quick self-test of the ATG to verify it's working properly? Or did you check your manual dip stick to make sure it's not warped or worn?
- Spill Buckets: Are spill buckets clean, empty, and in good condition?
- Overfill Alarm (if you have one): Is your overfill alarm working and easily seen or heard?
- Impressed Current Cathodic Protection System (if you have one): Is your cathodic protection system turned on? Are you checking your rectifier at least every 60 days?
- Fill And Monitoring Ports: Are covers and caps tightly sealed and locked?
- Spill And Overfill Response Supplies: Do you have the appropriate supplies for cleaning up a spill or overfill?

In addition, good UST site management should also include the following quick visual checks:

- Dispenser Hoses, Nozzles, And Breakaways: Are they in good condition and working properly?
- Dispenser And Dispenser Sumps: Any signs of leaking? Are the sumps clean and empty?
- Piping Sumps: Any signs of leaking? Are the sumps clean and empty?

If you find any problems during the inspection, you or your UST contractor need to take action quickly to resolve these problems and avoid serious releases.

#### A frequent walk-through checklist is provided for your use on the next page.

Date Of Inspection			
Release Detection System: Inspect for proper operation.			
Spill Buckets: Ensure spill buckets are clean and empty.			
<b>Overfill Alarm:</b> Inspect for proper operation. Can a delivery person hear or see the alarm when it alarms?			
Impressed Current System: Inspect for proper operation.			
Fill And Monitoring Ports: Inspect all fill/monitoring ports and other access points to make sure that the covers and caps are tightly sealed and locked.			
Spill And Overfill Response Supplies: Inventory and inspect the emergency spill response supplies. If the supplies are low, restock the supplies. Inspect supplies for deterioration and improper functioning.			
<b>Dispenser Hoses, Nozzles, And</b> <b>Breakaways:</b> Inspect for loose fittings, deterioration, obvious signs of leakage, and improper functioning.			
<b>Dispenser And Dispenser Sumps:</b> Open each dispenser and inspect all visible piping, fittings, and couplings for any signs of leakage. If any water or product is present, remove it and dispose of it properly. Remove any debris from the sump.			
<b>Piping Sumps:</b> Inspect all visible piping, fittings, and couplings for any signs of leakage. If any water or product is present, remove it and dispose of it properly. Remove any debris from the sump.			

Your initials in each box below the date of the inspection indicate the device/system was inspected and OK on that date.

## Section 7 — For More Information

This section identifies UST program contacts and other resources to help answer your questions and provide you with information about good UST management.

#### **Internet Resources**

#### **Government Links**

- # Directory of State UST Program Contacts: http://www.epa.gov/oust/states/statcon1.htm
- # Directory of State UST Program Internet Sites: http://www.epa.gov/oust/states/stateurl.htm
- # U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's Office of Underground Storage Tanks Home Page: <u>http://www.epa.gov/oust</u>. To go directly to the compliance assistance section of the Home page go to: <u>http://www.epa.gov/swerust1/cmplastc/index.htm</u>
- # Tanks Subcommittee of the Association of State and Territorial Solid Waste Management Officials (ASTSWMO): <u>http://www.astswmo.org/programs\_tanks.htm</u>
- # New England Interstate Water Pollution Control Commission (NEIWPCC): http://www.neiwpcc.org

#### Professional And Trade Association Links

- # American Petroleum Institute (API): http://www.api.org
- # American Society of Testing and Materials (ASTM): http://www.astm.org
- # Fiberglass Tank and Pipe Institute (FTPI): http://www.fiberglasstankandpipe.com
- # NACE International The Corrosion Society: <u>http://www.nace.org</u>
- # National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) : <u>http://www.nfpa.org</u>
- # Petroleum Equipment Institute (PEI): <u>http://www.pei.org</u>
- # Steel Tank Institute (STI): http://www.steeltank.com
- # Underwriters Laboratories (UL): http://www.ul.com

### Free Informative Publications Available

The publications listed below are free and available from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). You can access these publications in the following ways.

- # Go to EPA's web site at <u>http://www.epa.gov/oust/pubs/index.htm</u> to order, read, or download documents online.
- # Write and ask for free publications by addressing your request to EPA's publication distributor: National Service Center for Environmental Publications (NSCEP), Box 42419, Cincinnati, OH 45242.
- # For free copies, call EPA's publication distributor's toll-free number at (800) 490-9198. Or go to <u>http://www.epa.gov/nscep/ordering.htm</u> for additional ordering methods.

#### Catalog Of EPA Materials On USTs

An annotated list of UST materials, including ordering information. Most of the leaflets, booklets, videos, and software items listed provide UST owners and operators with information to help them comply with federal UST requirements (32 pages).

#### Musts For USTs: A Summary Of Federal Regulations For Underground Storage Tank Systems

Plain language summary of federal UST requirements for installation, release detection, spill, overfill, and corrosion protection, corrective action, closure, reporting and recordkeeping. Updated & revised 1995 (36 pages).

#### Model Underground Storage Tank Environmental Results Program Workbook

Workbook, which states can modify to reflect their laws, helps improve owner and operator compliance with UST regulations. Contains general information about ERP; instructions on how to use the workbook; regulatory requirements, best management practices, and compliance checklists for USTs; and draft forms and worksheets in the appendices (164 pages). (Available on web only)

# UST Systems: Inspecting And Maintaining Sumps And Spill Buckets – Practical Help And Checklist

Manual presents recommended inspection guidelines and best management practices for UST system sumps and spill buckets. Includes safety considerations; a general introduction to the kinds of sumps; basic maintenance procedures for sumps and spill buckets; and a sump and spill bucket inspection checklist (16 pages).

#### Straight Talk On Tanks: Leak Detection Methods For Petroleum Underground Storage Tanks

Explains federal regulatory requirements for leak detection and briefly describes allowable leak detection methods. Updated & revised 2005 (28 pages).

#### Getting The Most Out Of Your Automatic Tank Gauging System

Trifold leaflet provides UST owners and operators with a basic checklist they can use to make sure their automatic tank gauging systems work effectively and provide compliance with federal leak detection requirements.

#### Doing Inventory Control Right: For Underground Storage Tanks

Booklet describes how owners and operators of USTs can use inventory control and periodic tightness testing to temporarily meet federal leak detection requirements. Contains recordkeeping forms (16 pages).

#### Manual Tank Gauging: For Small Underground Storage Tanks

Booklet provides simple, step-by-step directions for conducting manual tank gauging for tanks 2,000 gallons or smaller. Contains recordkeeping forms (12 pages).

#### List Of Leak Detection Evaluations For UST Systems

A summary of specifications, based on third-party certifications, for over 275 systems that detect leaks from USTs and their piping. Each summary provides information on such items as certified detectable leak rate/threshold, test period duration, product applicability, calibration requirements, restrictions on the use of the device, and so on. (Available on web only)

#### List Of Integrity Assessment Evaluations For USTs

A list of integrity assessment procedures that have been successfully evaluated and certified by a qualified independent third party to meet specified performance criteria. (Available on web only)

#### Introduction To Statistical Inventory Reconciliation: For Underground Storage Tanks

Booklet describes how Statistical Inventory Reconciliation (SIR) can meet federal leak detection requirements (12 pages).

#### **Closing Underground Storage Tanks: Brief Facts**

Trifold leaflet presents "brief facts" on properly closing USTs in order to comply with federal closure requirements.

#### **Underground Storage Tanks: Requirements And Options**

Trifold leaflet alerts UST owners and operators who are "nonmarketers" (who do not sell stored petroleum) that they need either to find alternatives to managing their USTs or to make decisions about UST compliance.

#### **Dollars And Sense: Financial Responsibility Requirements For Underground Storage Tanks** Booklet summarizes the "financial responsibility" required of UST owners and operators (16 pages).

#### List Of Known Insurance Providers For Underground Storage Tanks

Provides UST owners and operators with a list of insurance providers who may be able to help them comply with financial responsibility requirements by providing suitable insurance mechanisms (12 pages). (Available on web only)

**Financing Underground Storage Tank Work: Federal And State Assistance Programs** Booklet identifies potential sources of financial assistance to cover the costs of upgrading, replacing, or closing an UST, or of cleaning up an UST release. Updated and revised March 1999 (23 pages).

### **State Regulatory Agency Contacts**

See EPA's web site at <u>http://www.epa.gov/oust/states/statcon1.htm</u> for state underground storage tank program contact information.

United States Environmental Protection Agency Solid Waste And Emergency Response 5401G EPA 510-B-05-002 September 2005 www.epa.gov

### Getting The Most Out Of Your Automatic Tank Gauging System

As an owner or operator of an underground storage tank, you have invested a lot of money in your automatic tank gauging system to detect leaks—but are you getting your money's worth?

If you don't operate your automatic tank gauging system (ATGS) effectively, you may be letting stored product leak into the environment. If so, you may face costly cleanups and liability actions. Also, you can be cited and fined for not meeting the federal requirements for properly operating and maintaining an ATGS to detect leaks from underground storage tanks (USTs).

#### Note that a simple ATGS will detect leaks only from tanks. To detect leaks from piping, you will need an ATGS that supports connection to line leak detectors.

The checklist that follows can help you avoid some common problems and make sure your ATGS is working as required:

- # Know your ATGS. Insist that your ATGS installer trains you and provides clear instructions in the proper operation and maintenance of the ATGS.
- # Make sure your ATGS is constantly "on" and plugged into a power source. This may sound obvious, but inspectors have written many citations when they discovered that the ATGS was "off" and not monitoring for leaks.

- # Respond to alarms. Ignoring an alarm defeats the purpose for having the ATGS. Don't ignore the "FAIL" alarm. Large leaks have gone undetected when operators ignored an alarm or turned their ATGS off.
- # Run your ATGS in its "test mode" at least once a month. You must test when tank is relatively full. Since an ATGS does not detect leaks above the product level, test when the tank is as full as it typically gets (try testing soon after delivery, but after product settles). Also, you should test frequently. The more frequently you test, the greater the likelihood you will detect leaks as quickly as possible. The earlier you detect a leak, the easier and less costly the cleanup.
- # Have your ATGS maintained and calibrated according to manufacturers' instructions. Make sure you read the directions in the manual that came with your ATGS. Use the manufacturer or installer representative's phone number to get answers to any questions you have about using the ATGS correctly. Don't hesitate to contact the manufacturer or installer for help.
- # Report problems. You must report test results indicating a leak to your implementing agency (usually your state environmental agency), generally within 24 hours. You do not need to report if the ATGS is found to be defective, is repaired immediately, recalibrated or replaced, and subsequent monitoring shows tank is tight. You must immediately investigate and confirm all suspected leaks. When in doubt, report.

# Keep records. Federal regulations require you to keep the following records:

#### Keep for at least one year:

- Monthly test results.
- Documentation of all calibration, maintenance, and repair.

#### Keep for at least five years:

- Any written performance claim for your ATGS. This will usually be an evaluation document signed by a third-party evaluator showing how a sample ATGS performed under test conditions.
- Manufacturer-supplied schedules for calibration and maintenance.

Keep records either at the UST site or at a readily available alternative site, and provide them for inspection upon request.

# Put ATGS monitoring in the most responsible hands. Do not rely on the vigilance of part-time or under-trained employees. If necessary, have ATGS alarms go to a central, 24-hour contact or use other mechanisms that put ATGS monitoring in the most responsible hands.

> *Check state and local regulations.* State or local regulations may differ from the federal requirements, so find out which requirements apply to your UST. Check with your implementing agency.

Please note: You may need to continue doing monthly inventory control as you use your ATGS. If your ATGS was installed after December 22, 1990 and does not meet performance standards for minimum leak detection rates, you must continue to perform proper inventory control. Check the third-party evaluation of your ATGS to see if it meets the performance standard requiring ATGS to detect a leak of 0.2 gallons per hour with 95% probability of detection and 5% probability of false alarm. If you are not sure, check with your implementing agency.

#### **Need More Information?**

EPA can provide free, plain-English publications that concisely describe all aspects of federal UST requirements.

To order free publications, determine if your tanks need to meet federal UST requirements, get more information about UST requirements, or identify state regulatory authorities, please call **EPA's tollfree Hotline at 800-424-9346**. Remember, requirements and deadlines may be different in some states, so check with your state UST program office.

You can also find UST publications, links to state regulatory authorities, and other UST information at EPA's Office of Underground Storage Tanks Web site at http://www.epa.gov/OUST/ Remember, it's in your best interest that your ATGS works and detects leaks as soon as possible—

> before leaks become big cleanup and liability problems.

Protect your ATGS investment by making sure your ATGS installer:

- Trains you in proper operation of the ATGS.
- Demonstrates that the ATGS has been correctly installed and programmed for the tank it monitors.
- Gives you an operation manual, schedules and documentation for calibration/maintenance, third-party evaluation, and phone numbers for technical support.
- Schedules maintenance with you as required by manufacturers' instructions.

United States Environmental Protection Agency EPA 510-F-98-011 March 1998 www.epa.gov

Solid Waste and Emergency Response (5401G)

EPA Getting The Most Out Of Your Automatic Tank Gauging System





UST Systems: Inspecting And Maintaining Sumps And Spill Buckets

# Practical Help And Checklist



Printed on recycled paper

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### Appendix A: Sample Underground Storage Tank Sump And Spill Bucket Inspection Checklist

This document provides information on inspecting and maintaining sumps and spill buckets. The information provided in this manual is not intended to replace or contradict your specific manufacturer's instructions for maintaining your sumps. Nothing in this manual is intended to endorse or criticize any specific type of equipment or any manufacturer. Photographs of common sump problems are provided for instructional purposes only. This document does not replace existing federal or state regulations, nor is it a regulation itself - it does not impose legally binding requirements. For regulatory requirements regarding UST systems, refer to the federal regulations governing underground storage tank systems (40 CFR Part 280) or corresponding state regulations.

Additional copies of this manual are available at no cost by calling EPA's toll-free distribution center at 800-490-9198. Or you can download a color copy by going to OUST's World Wide Web Home Page at <u>http://www.epa/gov/oust/pubs</u>

# Introduction

### Who Should Read This Manual?

This manual is intended for owners and operators of underground storage tank (UST) systems; specifically, anyone who oversees the operation and maintenance of UST systems that contain and dispense petroleum products. UST owners/operators should ensure that only qualified personnel conduct inspection and maintenance activities.

### How Will This Manual Help You?

This manual covers recommended inspection guidelines and best management practices for sumps associated with your UST system. This manual will:

- Help you identify and inspect the sumps associated with your UST system, including the equipment in your sumps.
- Explain some simple steps you can take to maintain your sumps and the equipment in your sumps, as well as identify potential problems.
- Provide you with tips for fixing common problems before they cause a release to the environment.

For more complete guidance on how to operate and maintain your UST system, refer to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) document, *Operating And Maintaining Underground Storage Tank Systems, Practical Help And Checklists (EPA 510-B-05-002, May 2005)*.

# Why Should You Care About Sump Maintenance?

Despite advances that have greatly reduced the threat of petroleum releases from UST systems into the environment, some UST systems continue to experience releases. Inadequate operation and maintenance is one reason these systems continue to experience releases. After reading this manual, you should be able to identify the different types of sumps associated with your UST system and be familiar with how to identify some common sumprelated problems.

The average cleanup cost for a leaking UST is about \$100,000. The cost can be more than \$1,000,000 if groundwater is affected. Sumps, including the sumps beneath dispensers, sumps around the submersible pump (turbine) head<sup>1</sup>, transition/intermediate sumps, and spill buckets are common sources of releases. Releases of even small volumes of product can seep into the ground and contaminate soil and groundwater. Inspecting and maintaining your sumps is generally simple and can prevent or minimize such releases.

While this manual addresses a number of issues related to sump maintenance, it may not cover some details specific to your particular sumps. Keep in mind the information provided in this manual is not intended to replace or contradict your specific manufacturer's instructions for maintaining your sumps and the equipment in your sumps.

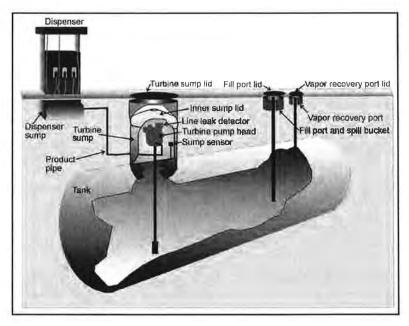


Diagram of an UST system

This manual presents practical help and a checklist for inspecting and maintaining sumps. State and local agencies may require these or other activities. Please check with your state or local agency to determine their specific requirements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Submersible turbine pumps are often known by their acronym STP.

# **Safety Considerations**

If you perform sump inspection and maintenance activities, you should be experienced and aware of hazards and safety issues. Chances are you will be working in a high-traffic area, such as a gas station. You should properly mark off your work area and take appropriate steps to protect yourself. You should have the following items:

- Safety barriers, such as traffic cones or yellow plastic tape to mark off your work area
- Orange safety vest
- Hard hat (for construction sites)
- Steel-toed boots
- First-aid kit
- Chemical resistant gloves

You should consider these additional safety precautions:

- Sump lids may be large and very heavy and may require more than one person to lift. Use caution when lifting large steel lids.
- Be aware of the possibility of explosive or harmful vapors when inspecting and maintaining sumps. Avoid breathing in petroleum vapors.
- Please note that OSHA designates some sumps as confined spaces. See OSHA's standard on confined spaces in Title 29 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 1910.146.

http://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owadisp.show\_documen t?p\_table=STANDARDS&p\_id=9797



Person wearing safety gear while inspecting a sump



Person removing a sump lid within a marked inspection area

# **Getting To Know Your Sumps**

### What Is A Sump?

A sump is a subsurface area (pit) designed to provide access to equipment located below ground and, when contained, to prevent liquids from releasing into the environment.

Sumps may or may not be contained. Contained sumps have sides and a bottom, are designed to be liquid tight, and may have a special cover designed to keep out water. Uncontained sumps generally do not have a bottom and are not designed to prevent liquid from entering or exiting the sump. These sumps may use wooden or metal sheeting to restrict the slumping of soil or crushed rock onto the equipment and to prevent the surface pavement from buckling or caving.

# What Kinds Of Sumps Are Associated With My UST System And Where Are They Located?

The types of sumps likely to be associated with your UST system are:

**Turbine Sumps** – Turbine sumps are designed to provide access to the turbine area above the tank. The turbine area may house the submersible turbine pump head, piping, line leak detectors, interstitial monitoring devices, wiring, and other equipment. You generally will find turbine sumps directly above your USTs. Turbine sump lids generally range from 3 to 4 feet in diameter and can be round, oval, square, or rectangular in shape.

**Dispenser Sumps** – Dispenser sumps are designed to provide access to piping, flex connectors, shear valves, and other equipment located beneath the dispenser. Dispenser sumps are found directly under your dispensers.



Uncontained turbine sump



Contained turbine sump



Contained dispenser sump

**Transition/Intermediate Sumps** – Transition/intermediate sumps are less common than other sumps, but can be found along the piping runs that connect the tanks to the dispensers, and are designed to provide access to the piping. Transition sumps are used to transition from above-ground piping to below-ground piping or, in some cases, to transition between different types of piping. Intermediate sumps are located at key points in the piping system (e.g., low spots, branches, tees). Transition/intermediate sump lids generally range from 3 to 4 feet in diameter and can be round, oval, square, or rectangular in shape.

**Spill Buckets** – Spill buckets are contained sumps installed at the fill and/or vapor recovery connection points to contain drips and spills of fuel that can occur during delivery. Spill buckets are located where the delivery driver connects the product and/or vapor recovery hoses to your tank. Spill buckets can be found directly above your UST, at a location that is away from your UST (remote), or both. They typically range in size from 5 to 25 gallons, and lids range from 1 to 2 feet in diameter. Spill buckets may also be installed within a larger sump, similar in construction to a turbine sump, for secondary containment. In this case, you will only need to open your smaller lids to access your spill buckets.

## Spill Bucket Lid

Turbine Sump Lid



View of sump lids



Transition/intermediate sump



Spill bucket



Fill and vapor recovery lids installed within a larger sump lid

Did You Know? Most UST systems must have spill buckets at each fill pipe where fuel is delivered into the UST. Some facilities also may have a second spill bucket around the Stage I vapor recovery line.

# How Do You Access Your Sumps And Spill Buckets?

You may need tools such as a large screwdriver, pry bar, wrench, or hammer to open your sump lids. Composite lids may require a specialized tool that you probably have on site. Have someone help you in lifting large lids, as they may be very heavy. Use caution when opening the lids and be aware of the following:

- Square, rectangular, or oval sump lids can fall through the opening and damage the piping, submersible pump, or tank.
- Round lids, while not typically capable of falling into the sump, may swing down and damage the turbine head or line leak detector.
- If applicable, follow your equipment manufacturer's recommendations if special instructions are necessary to open the sump lids.
- You may need a key to remove the dispenser cover in order to access the dispenser sumps.

Generally, sumps will have a traffic load rated lid, beneath which may be either direct access to the equipment or, if contained, an inner lid covering the contained area.



Circular steel sump lid pulled back to show the inner lid covering the turbine sump



Square steel sump lid pulled up to show the inside of an uncontained turbine sump



Circular spill bucket lid pulled back to show the fill port with a spill bucket



Dispenser cover pulled off to show the dispenser piping and equipment

# Basic Maintenance Procedures For Sumps And Spill Buckets

## What Can You Do To Ensure Your Sumps and Spill Buckets Are In Good Condition?

Maintaining your sumps and spill buckets will involve gaining access to them, inspecting them on a regular basis, assessing whether any problems exist, and ensuring any problems are addressed. For serious problems (e.g., obvious leaks occurring on the piping and equipment, cracked spill buckets or sidewalls, cracked or missing seal around the lid), it's best to contact your UST contractor or the manufacturer of your UST equipment to have the problem fixed. Appendix A contains a sample checklist you may want to use to guide your sump inspections.

### What Should You Look For When You Inspect Your Turbine, Dispenser, And Transition/Intermediate Sumps?

Are The Lids Tight And Sealed Correctly? Check to ensure the lids to the turbine, transition, and intermediate sumps create a tight seal when closed and are securely fastened. The seals of the sump lids often dry out, crack, and require replacement; so you need to ensure they are in good condition. Water in your sumps may be an indication of a bad seal.

Are The Sump Walls Intact? Check to ensure the walls of your sump are intact and are not slumping or warping. If your sump is not contained, check the sidewalls to ensure there is no caving.

Note: To avoid accumulation of surface water, you should check the seals of your sumps' lids more frequently if they are located at a low point on the property or in the path of surface water runoff.

If you identify or suspect a release of fuel to the environment, report this to your implementing agency. For a list of state UST websites, go to: http://www.epa.gov /oust/states/ statcon1.htm



Contained turbine sump full of liquid

Is The Sump Free Of Debris, Liquid, Or Ice? Debris, liquid, and ice can damage equipment, reduce capacity (if contained), and interfere with your equipment's ability to operate correctly. For example, water in your sump will reduce capacity and may cause metal equipment in your sump to corrode. Fuel in your sump will also reduce capacity and may damage some plastic sumps and other components not designed for long term contact with petroleum. Similarly, used dispenser filters may contain small amounts of petroleum, so they should not be left inside your sump. You should carefully remove and properly dispose of any debris, liquid, or ice in your sumps.



Dry, debris-free contained turbine sump



Contained sump with liquid and debris

**Is The Sump Free Of Cracks Or Holes?** Examine your contained sumps for signs of damage (e.g., cracks or holes). Check to ensure no cracks are present around the areas where components, such as wiring conduit and piping, enter your sumps. Cracks and holes mean your sump will no longer contain product or prevent releases to the environment.

Are Sump Components Leak-Free? Check to ensure the piping, fittings, and connections in your sump are not leaking or dripping fuel.

Is The Sump Free Of Staining/New Staining? Check to ensure no new stains are present since your last inspection. New staining indicates a drip or spill has occurred.



Staining

Did You Know? Some sensors may alarm only when in contact with petroleum. If covered completely with water, they will not alarm, even in the event of a petroleum leak. **Are The Sensors Positioned Correctly?**<sup>2</sup> If you have sensors, check to ensure they are positioned properly in the lowest part of your sump and below the piping entry. Sensors should not be raised as the result of false alarms or for any other reason. Raised or disabled sensors will take longer or fail to detect a leak and could violate regulatory requirements.

Sump sensor



Sump sensor in contained turbine sump



Float sump sensor



Liquid sump sensor

Are All Penetrations Into The Sump In Good Condition?<sup>2</sup> Check to ensure all areas where electrical wires, conduits, and piping enter the sump are sealed. Cracked or loose seals around the penetrations can allow liquids to enter the sump and can allow fuel to be released into the surrounding soils if a release occurs inside the sump.



Sump penetration seals in poor condition



Sump penetration seals in good condition

Did You Know? A crack or hole in your sump below the sump sensor will not allow liquid to accumulate in the sump to a level necessary to activate the sensor. As a result. liquid may be released undetected. Such cracks or holes need to be repaired immediately.

Did You Know? Some plastic flexible piping is installed within a larger pipe (or chase). There may be a seal between the primary pipe and the chase. Check with the piping maker to determine the proper position of the seal.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Only for contained sumps

#### Are The Test Boots Positioned Correctly And In Good

**Condition?**<sup>3</sup> A test boot is found on secondarily-contained piping and is a flexible sleeve usually made of rubber with a valve located either at the entry to the sump or on the piping in the sump. It is used to test the space between the inner and outer piping walls for tightness. Check to ensure the test boots are in good condition, not cracked or torn, and positioned correctly in the sump.

To ensure a leak can be detected by your leak detection equipment, test boots should be positioned so they allow product to enter your sump if a leak from the primary piping occurs. There are a variety of different configurations for test boots. If you are unsure of the appropriate configuration, check with your contractor.



Test boot located in a sump



Test boots positioned at sump wall, right test boot is torn

Is The Piping And Other Equipment In Good Condition?

Sumps may contain various types of piping and equipment such as leak detection equipment, turbine motors, line leak detectors, sensors, conduits, and flex connectors.



Contained turbine sumps and equipment in good condition

Did You Know? If your metal piping, including metal flex connectors, is in contact with the ground, it must be protected from corrosion.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Typically only for contained sumps

When inspecting the piping and equipment in your sumps, you should watch for the following conditions:

- For metal piping, check to ensure the piping is not severely corroded, in contact with the ground if it does not have corrosion protection, or otherwise degraded.
- For fiberglass piping, check to ensure the piping is not cracked, delaminated, or otherwise degraded.
- For flexible piping, check to ensure the piping does not have abnormal bends, breaks, cracks, or kinks; is not bulging, swelling, or growing; has not become soft, spongy, or discolored; and is not otherwise distorted or degraded.
- Check to ensure the fittings and flexible connectors are not twisted or misaligned and the flexible connectors are not cracked, kinked, etc.
- Check to ensure other pieces of equipment, including pump head, line leak detector, and sensors, are not visibly damaged, severely corroded, etc.



Flexible piping is cracked



Metal flexible connector is twisted due to growth of flexible plastic piping



Equipment and metal piping covered with dirt in uncontained sump



Fiberglass piping is cracked



Flexible piping is degraded due to microbial growth



Flexible piping is kinked



Flexible piping is bulging

## What Should You Look For When You Inspect Your Spill Buckets?

Are The Lids To Your Spill Buckets In Good Condition? Check to ensure the lids to your spill buckets are in good condition so they will keep water out when the lid is closed. Ensure that when the lids to your spill buckets are in the closed position, they create a good seal and are secured tightly. Some spill buckets contain a rubber gasket inside the cover; check to ensure the rubber gasket is in good condition and creates a proper seal when the lid is closed.



Cracked spill bucket lid

Spill bucket lid gasket

Check to ensure the lid is not touching the fill cap. This situation should be repaired because it could potentially damage the fill pipe and the tank if it is in an area where vehicles drive over the lid.

Is The Spill Bucket Free Of Debris, Liquid, Or Ice? Examine your spill buckets to determine whether they contain debris, liquid, or ice. For example, water in your spill bucket will reduce capacity and may cause metal equipment in your sump to corrode. Fuel in your spill bucket will also reduce capacity and may damage some plastic spill buckets not designed for long term contact with petroleum. You should carefully remove and properly dispose of any debris, liquid, or ice found in your spill buckets during your inspections. You should also check for and remove any liquid and debris present in your spill buckets before and after every delivery.

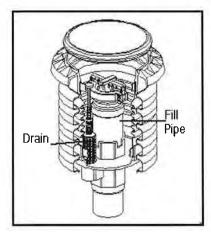
Spill bucket that contains liquid

12

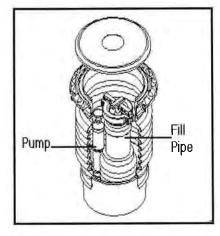
A missing or damaged spill bucket lid may be a safety hazard. Replace it as soon as possible. Until the lid is replaced, cover and barricade the area to prevent potential accidents.

#### UST Systems: Inspecting And Maintaining Sumps And Spill Buckets

Some spill buckets are equipped with a valve that allows you to drain accumulated liquid into your UST. Others may be equipped with a manual pump so fuel can be transferred to your UST system by pumping it through the fill pipe or removing the fuel and disposing of it properly. However, keep in mind that when you pump out or drain your spill bucket into your UST, any water and debris present also will enter the UST. This could lead to internal corrosion, dispensing problems, and the need to remove contaminated water from the tank. If your spill bucket is not equipped with a drain valve or pump, you can still remove the liquid and debris and dispose of them appropriately. Liquid can be removed with a portable pump, such as the one on the right.



Spill bucket with a drain valve



Spill bucket with a manual pump

Is The Spill Bucket Free Of Cracks Or Holes? Examine the spill buckets for evidence of cracks or holes. If you have a metal bucket, check for corrosion and rust. Also check for deformations in the spill buckets or separation of the spill bucket from the fill pipe.



Portable pump

If your spill bucket is always dry, this may be an indication that it is not able to contain product. You may need to test to ensure it is liquid tight.



Spill bucket in poor condition – note the gap between the spill bucket and the fill pipe

**Are The Drain Valves Operational?** Some spill buckets have drain valves. Check to ensure the drain valve is free of debris and operational (e.g., it can close tightly and be opened to drain fuel in the spill bucket). If the drain valve is left open:

- It will act as a vent
  - Possibly affecting the ability of your overfill device to function properly;
  - Allowing potentially dangerous vapors to build up in the spill bucket or to be released to the soil or groundwater;
  - Possibly affecting the operation of the Stage II vapor recovery system.
- It can allow water and debris to enter your tank.



Spill bucket drain valve

Never pump fuel from your spill buckets into storm or sewer drains as a method of disposal. Improper disposal can contaminate surface and groundwater, result in vapor/explosion hazards, damage sewage treatment plants, and may be in violation of state or federal law.

# Where Can You Get More Information On This Topic?

#### **Federal Agencies**

U.S. EPA Office of Underground Storage Tanks http://www.epa.gov/oust

U.S. Department of Labor Occupational Safety and Health Administration <u>http://www.osha.gov</u> 1-800-321-OSHA (6742)

#### Organizations

API - American Petroleum Institute www.api.org (202) 682-8000

FTPI - Fiberglass Tank and Pipe Institute www.fiberglasstankandpipe.com (281) 568-4100

NACE International - Formerly National Association of Corrosion Engineers <u>www.nace.org</u> (281) 228-6200

NFPA - National Fire Protection Association <u>www.nfpa.org</u> (617) 770-3000

PEI - Petroleum Equipment Institute <u>www.pei.org</u> (918) 494-9696

STI - Steel Tank Institute www.steeltank.com (847) 438-8265

#### Publications

The publications listed below are free and available from the U.S. EPA. You can access these publications via EPA's website or you can call, write to, or fax EPA.

- You can download, read, or order documents from <u>http://www.epa.gov/oust/pubs/index.htm</u>
- To order free copies or ask questions, call EPA's publication distribution toll-free number at 800-490-9198 or fax301-604-3408. You can also write and ask for free publications by addressing your request to EPA's publication distributor: National Service Center for Environmental Publications (NSCEP), Box 42419, Cincinnati, OH 45242.

Operating and Maintaining Underground Storage Tank Systems: Practical Help and Checklists, U.S., EPA, Office of Underground Storage Tanks, Washington DC, EPA 510-B-05-002, May 2005.

Musts for USTs: A Summary of the New Regulations for Underground Storage Tank Systems, U.S. EPA, Solid Waste and Emergency Response, Washington DC, EPA-510-K-95-002, July 1995.

*Model Underground Storage Tank Environmental Results Program Workbook,* U.S. EPA, Solid Waste and Emergency Response, Washington DC, EPA R-04-003, June 2004.

#### **Other Sources**

For additional information on UST system operation and maintenance, go to U.S. EPA Office of Underground Storage Tanks, List of Operation and Maintenance Tools http://www.epa.gov/oust/ustsystm/tanko&m.htm

For links to state UST websites go to http://www.epa.gov/oust/states/statcon1.htm Note: Federal UST regulations do not require you to report your maintenance activities, use this form, or keep any specific records of your sump inspection and maintenance practices.

Sample Underground Storage Tai	nk Su	mp	And S	Spill E	Buck	et Ins	spect	ion	Chec	klist		]
Name:	Date/Time Of Inspection:											
Comments/Follow-Up Needed:												
			_	_	-							_
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Choose yes o Choosing no on any iten When you have co	indicate	es a pr	oblem th	at shoul	d be co							
Turbine/Transition/Intermediate Sumps	Sump No.:			Sump	No.:		Sump No.:			Sump No.:		
	Yes	No	Fixed?	Yes	No	Fixed?	Yes	No	Fixed?	Yes	No	Fixed?
Are The Lids Tight And Sealed Correctly?	-						-					
Are The Sump Walls Intact?	-			_								
Is The Sump Free Of Debris, Liquid, Or Ice?		-			-			-				
Is The Sump Free Of Cracks Or Holes?*	-	-						-				
Are Sump Components Leak-Free (No Leak Or Drips)?					-		-	-			_	
Is The Sump Free Of Staining/New Staining?		-						-	<u> </u>		_	
Are The Sensors Positioned Correctly?*	-	-			-			-		-		
Are All Penetrations Into The Sump In Good Condition?*	-	-			-			-				
Are The Test Boots Positioned Correctly And In Good Condition?*	-	-			-			-				
Is The Piping And Other Equipment In Good Condition?	-	an United			-		1150000	-			-	
Dispenser Sumps	Dispenser No.:		Dispenser No.:		Dispense No.:		Dispenser No.:		No.:			
	Yes	No	Fixed?	Yes	No	Fixed?	Yes	No	Fixed?	Yes	No	Fixed?
Is The Sump Free Of Debris, Liquid, Or Ice In The Sump?												
Is The Sump Free Of Cracks Or Holes?												
Are Sump Components Leak-Free (No Leak Or Drips)?				2								
Is The Sump Free Of Staining/New Staining?				1								
Are The Sensors Positioned Correctly?		1		1			1					
Are All Penetrations Into The Sump In Good Condition?				1								
Are The Test Boots Positioned Correctly And In Good Condition?	1											
Is The Piping And Other Equipment In Good Condition?	1		0			D			D			
Spill Buckets	Bucket No.:		Bucket No.:		Bucket No.:		Bucket No.:					
	Yes	No	Fixed?	Yes	No	Fixed?	Yes	No	Fixed?	Yes	No	Fixed?
Are The Lids To Your Spill Buckets In Good Condition?									0			
Is The Spill Bucket Free Of Debris, Liquid, Or Ice?				-							-	
Is The Spill Bucket Free Of Cracks Or Holes?				-				-				0
Are The Drain Valves Operational?												

\*Only for contained sumps

Helpful Hints For Maintaining Spill Buckets

> United States Environmental Protection Agency

Solid Waste And Emergency Response 5401G EPA 510-R-05-001 May 2005 www.epa.gov/oust/pubs United States Environmental Protection Agency Solid Waste And Emergency Response 5403W EPA 510-B-93-004 November 1993

# **Set EPA**

# Doing Inventory Control Right For Underground Storage Tanks



# CONTENTS

Why You Should Read This Booklet If You Use Inventory Control	1
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## Why You Should Read This Booklet If You Use Inventory Control

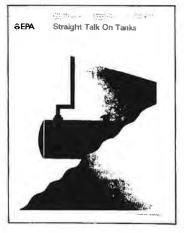
Federal and state laws require underground storage tanks (USTs) to have leak detection.

If your USTs do not have leak detection, you can be cited for violations and fined. Leak detection violations can also keep you from getting legally required insurance coverage and reimbursement for cleanup costs. Without leak detection, you constantly risk discovering a leak only after it becomes a major financial burden for yourself and an environmental problem for everyone.

#### If inventory control is part of your leak detection, then this booklet can help you make sure you do inventory control correctly.

Inspections conducted nationwide indicate that most people who think they are doing inventory control are not doing it in a way that is likely to find leaks and meet the law's requirements for leak detection. So even if you are SURE you are doing inventory control right, read this booklet carefully—it could save you a lot of grief and money.

If you need information on federal leak detection requirements and the various methods of leak detection available to you, see "Straight Talk On Tanks." Call EPA's toll-free Hotline at 800 424-9346 and order this free publication by number: EPA 530/UST-90/012.



## **How Does Inventory Control Work?**

This booklet helps you use inventory control to meet federal regulatory leak detection requirements by showing you how to do three important tasks:

- ! Good sticking
- ! Good math
- ! Good recordkeeping

Without these three, you may fail to meet the leak detection requirements. To do inventory control right, you have to spend time to make sure that you consistently measure the tank's contents correctly, that you don't let math errors creep into your daily and monthly calculations, and that you keep complete, easy-to-read records on file for at least a year.

Basically, inventory control requires daily measurements of tank contents and math calculations that let you compare your "stick" inventory (what you've measured) to your "book" inventory (what your recordkeeping indicates you should have). Some people call this process "inventory reconciliation." If the difference between your "stick" and "book" inventory is too large, your tank may be leaking.



Be sure you read about several important restrictions on the use of inventory control that are described on the next page.

To use INVENTORY CONTROL correctly,

follow Steps 1—5 starting on page 6.



## Please note these important restrictions on the use of inventory control as leak detection:

**Inventory control can never be used alone.** Inventory control must always be used in combination with tank tightness testing. Tanks must be tightness tested every 12 months if they do not have corrosion protection and spill/overfill devices. Tanks with corrosion protection and spill/overfill devices must be tested every 5 years.

1

1

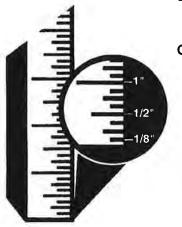
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Inventory control is a TEMPORARY leak detection method. You can use inventory control only for 10 years after installing a new tank that has corrosion protection and spill/overfill devices or for 10 years after upgrading an old tank with corrosion protection and spill/overfill devices. After the 10-year period, you must use a monthly monitoring method, such as groundwater monitoring or interstitial monitoring.

Tanks without corrosion protection and spill/overfill devices can use inventory control only until December 1998, when these tanks must be upgraded or closed. (See "Straight Talk On Tanks.")

The combined use of inventory control and tank tightness testing does not meet your tank system's leak detection requirements for piping. Pressurized and some suction piping must use other methods of leak detection, such as interstitial monitoring. (See "Straight Talk On Tanks.")

# If you don't pay careful attention to these restrictions, you will fail to meet the leak detection requirements.



## **Do You Have The Right Equipment?**

#### Gauge Stick Or Other Gauges

The gauge stick used to measure the depth of liquid in an underground tank must be marked or notched to the c inch, starting with zero at the bottom end. Check your stick to be sure the end has not been worn or cut off and that the stick is not warped. The stick should be made of nonsparking material, such as wood, and varnished to minimize the creeping of fuel above the actual fuel level in the tank. Instead of using a gauge stick, you may use a mechanical or electronic tank level monitor. Whatever measuring device you use must be capable of measuring the level of product over the full range of the tank's height to the nearest c inch.

#### Pastes For Finding Water Or Fuel

You must check for water in the bottom of the tank at least once each month by smearing a water-finding paste along the bottom of the gauge stick. The paste changes color when it comes in contact with water. Many operators improve their stick readings by smearing a fuel-finding paste on about 6 inches of the stick where they expect the fuel level to be. Fuel-finding paste changes color when it comes in contact with fuel.



#### Forms

The instructions in this booklet are keyed to two forms: the "DAILY INVENTORY WORKSHEET" and the "MONTHLY INVENTORY RECORD." You will find filled-in sample copies of these forms on the last two pages of this booklet. These samples are on perforated pages, so tear them out and refer to them while you read through the directions that are keyed alphabetically to the sample forms. Also, near the back of the booklet, you will find "masters" you can copy repeatedly to provide forms for use in your recordkeeping. If these forms are filled out according to the instructions in this booklet, you will be in compliance with federal regulations for inventory control. You should find out if state or local requirements have limitations on the use of inventory control or have requirements that are different from those presented in this booklet. You can use other standard recordkeeping forms, as long as they are clear, consistent, and contain all the information required by the federal and state leak detection regulations.

#### Tank Chart

A tank chart is a table that converts the number of inches of liquid in the tank into the number of gallons. You need a tank chart that exactly matches your storage tank (tank manufacturers usually provide charts for their tanks). If you have more than one tank, you will need a chart for each tank unless the tanks are identical. The tank chart must show conversion to gallons for each c inch stick reading. If your tank chart does not convert each c inch reading into gallons, contact the tank manufacturer, or, if you have a steel tank, the Steel Tank Association (708 438-8265) to get an appropriate chart.

You always need to convert inches into gallons in order to fill out the forms correctly and to do the necessary math. To convert inches into gallons, find your stick's reading to the nearest c inch on the tank chart, then simply read across to the gallons column to find the number of gallons. If you cannot get a tank chart showing conversion to gallons for each c inch reading, you must do the additional math explained on page 9.

1	n	4
STICK READING	GALLONS	4
21-5/8"	586	2
21-3/4"	591	L
21-7/8"	596	7
22"	601	6
22-1/8"	606	2
22-1/4"	611	7
22-3/8"	616	Z
22-1/2"	621	4
123.50	Lee	

#### **Drop Tube**

The fill pipe through which the fuel is delivered into the tank must have a drop tube extending to within 1 foot of the bottom of the tank. Stick measurements should be made through a drop tube in the fill pipe or gauging port. If your fill pipe does not have a drop tube, call your petroleum equipment supplier to have one installed.

#### **Calibrated Dispensing Meters**

Meters must be calibrated according to local standards.

#### **Manifolded Tanks**

If you have manifolded tanks or dispensers that blend fuel, consider these tanks as one tank system if they share a common inventory of stored fuel. As you follow the directions on the following pages, you will need to combine your measurements and calculations for all the tanks manifolded into one system.

## **Step 1—Measure The Tank's Contents**

You must measure the tank every day that fuel is added or removed. You may take measurements using a gauge stick or a mechanical or electronic tank level monitor.

## No fuel can be added or removed from the tank while you are performing Step 1 or Step 2.

Every day you measure the tank, you should fill out a "DAILY INVENTORY WORKSHEET." As you go through the following directions, refer to the sample DAILY INVENTORY WORKSHEET you will find on the last pages of this booklet. For easy reference, the sample is on a perforated page so you can tear it out and keep it handy as you read through the directions. Also, near the back of the booklet is a "master copy" on a perforated page you can tear out to make copies of the DAILY INVENTORY WORKSHEET for your recordkeeping.

Solution the identifying information at the top of the worksheet.

Next to the "TANK IDENTIFICATION" box are empty vertical columns. Each column represents one tank—consistently enter all information on that one tank in the same vertical column. NOTE: Once you have filled in the tank identification boxes, make copies of the worksheet so you won't have to repeatedly enter the same information.

**USE GOOD STICKING PRACTICES:** Slowly lower the gauge stick to the tank's bottom. Let the stick gently touch the bottom, then quickly bring it back up. Read the depth of fuel indicated by the wet mark to the closest c inch division on the stick. Use of fuel-finding paste will make your stick readings more accurate.

• Write your measurement in the box labeled "END STICK INCHES" for the tank you measured.

**NOTE:** If your tank is equipped with an automatic tank gauge (ATG), you may record the inches of product and gallons of product directly from the ATG's printed tape or simply staple the tape with this information to the worksheet.

Use the sample "DAILY INVENTORY WORKSHEET" from the last two pages of the booklet to see where you put the information from letters "A" through "M" in the following directions.



## Step 2—Record The Amount Pumped

At the same time you measure the tank contents (Step 1), you must record on the DAILY INVENTORY WORKSHEET the amount of fuel pumped. No fuel can be added or removed from the tank while you are sticking the tank and recording the amount pumped.

Locate the box labeled "AMOUNT PUMPED" on the left side of the worksheet. Copy the numbers from each dispenser's totalizer onto the worksheet. Be very careful that you write all the meter readings for a tank in the same column. You may have several dispensers and totalizers for one tank, so the worksheet provides boxes in which you can enter several readings in any order.



• Add up the totalizer meter readings in each column and write the result in the box labeled "TODAY'S SUM OF TOTALIZERS."

Find the last DAILY INVENTORY WORKSHEET you completed. Copy "TODAY'S SUM OF TOTALIZERS" from that worksheet into the "Previous Day's Sum of Totalizers" box of the worksheet you are working on today.

G On today's worksheet, subtract "Previous Day's Sum of Totalizers" from "TODAY'S SUM OF TOTALIZERS" and write the result in the box labeled "AMOUNT PUMPED TODAY."

You may have an alternative to reading totalizers. If you have a selfservice fueling operation where the cashier can authorize fuel sales from inside the facility, you can probably print out a daily report that gives you the total sales for each type of fuel. **NOTE: You can use the sales volumes from this report instead of reading your totalizer meters only if no fuel sales are made between the time you print the report from the cash register and the time you measure your tanks (Step 1).** 

If you are using cash register reports to record the amount pumped, enter the amount of each type of fuel pumped in the box labeled "AMOUNT PUMPED TODAY" or staple the printout to the worksheet.

If you pumped fuel through a dispenser and back into a tank, for example during a test, subtract the number of gallons you pumped from "AMOUNT PUMPED TODAY."

## **Step 3—Record Fuel Deliveries**



You must check how much fuel has been delivered every time any amount of fuel is delivered to your tank. **NOTE: You should not pump any fuel during the time it takes to do items "I" and "J" below.** 

Before the delivery begins, the liquid level in the tank must be measured. Always use good sticking practices: slowly lower the gauge stick, gently touch the stick to the bottom of the tank, then quickly bring the stick back up. Read the depth of fuel indicated by the wet mark to the nearest c inch division on the stick.

Write your measurement in the box labeled "Inches of Fuel Before Delivery" for each tank you measured.

The delivery person can now deliver fuel into the tank. After the delivery, wait at least 5 minutes for the fuel level in the tank to stabilize, and then measure again as described above.

Record fuel level in the box labeled "Inches of Fuel After Delivery."

Using your tank chart with c inch readings, convert both delivery readings to the correct number of gallons. Record these numbers in the boxes labeled "Gallons of Fuel Before Delivery" and "Gallons of Fuel After Delivery." (If necessary, see page 9 on converting inches into gallons.)

Subtract "Gallons of Fuel Before Delivery" from "Gallons of Fuel After Delivery." Record the result in the box labeled "GALLONS DELIVERED (STICK)."

Now look at the delivery receipt and find the volume of each type of product that was delivered. If two volumes are given, one labeled "net" and the other "gross," use the gross gallons as the volume of product delivered.

For each type of fuel delivered, copy the gross gallons delivered from the delivery receipt onto the worksheet in the box labeled "GROSS GALLONS DELIVERED (RECEIPT)." The gallons in items "L" and "M" should roughly match. If they don't, contact your supplier.

An automatic tank gauge (ATG) can usually print a delivery report. If your tank has an ATG that prints such a report, you may simply staple the ATG's delivery report to the DAILY INVENTORY WORKSHEET.

## Using Tank Charts Without C Inch Conversions

If your tank chart does not list direct conversions from inches to gallons for every c inch, then you must **do the additional math described below every time you stick your tank**.

The easiest way to explain this procedure is with an example. Let's say you have a stick reading of 43d inches and you need to figure how many gallons are in your tank.

 Look on your tank chart and find the inch measurements that are just above and below your stick reading and write down the number of gallons for these inch readings. Subtract the gallon readings to find the difference between the two readings:

3,585 gallons 3,480 gallons
105 gallons

STICK READING	GALLONS
42"	3379
43"	3480
44"	3585
45"	3685
46"	3779
47"	3865

 Dividing 105 by 8 will give you the number of gallons per c inch, which in this example is 13. (More exactly it is 13.125, but do round off the number to the nearest whole number.) Because your fraction is d, multiply 13 gallons by 3, which gives you 39 gallons as the volume represented by d inch.

CAUTION: The gallons represented by each c inch will vary from top to bottom of the tank and must be calculated for each conversion.

3. Take the number of gallons you have just calculated and add it to the inch reading just below your actual stick reading:

Chart reading at 43 inches:	3,480 gallons
Gallons at d inch:	+ 39 gallons
Sum:	3,519 gallons

Thus, your stick reading of 43d inches converts to 3,519 gallons.

**NOTE:** If your tank chart is in half or quarter inches, you must still use this procedure so that your gallon readings are accurate to **c** inch.

After all of this math, you can see why it pays to have the correct tank chart that indicates gallons for each c inch.

## Step 4—Calculate Daily Changes In Inventory

In this step, you will copy information from the DAILY INVENTORY WORKSHEET onto the **MONTHLY INVENTORY RECORD**. You will then do some math to determine your daily inventory. You need one MONTHLY INVENTORY RECORD for each tank that you have.

As you go through the following directions, refer to the sample MONTHLY INVENTORY RECORD you will find on the reverse side of the DAILY INVENTORY WORKSHEET sample you have already been using. For easy reference, the sample is on a perforated page so you can tear it out and keep it handy as you read through the directions. Also, near the back of the booklet is a "master copy" on a perforated page you can tear out to make copies of the MONTHLY INVENTORY RECORD for your recordkeeping.

Fill in the identifying information at the top of the MONTHLY INVENTORY RECORD.

If this is the very first day of your inventory recordkeeping, convert the "END STICK INCHES" from the DAILY WORKSHEET into gallons and enter on the MONTHLY RECORD under "END STICK INVENTORY (GALLONS)" for that starting date. (If necessary, see page 9 on converting inches into gallons.) This is all you can do today. Starting tomorrow, follow all of the instructions listed below.

Find the line in the left column on the MONTHLY RECORD with today's date listed. Copy the previous day's "END STICK INVENTORY (GALLONS)" number into the box for today's "START STICK INVENTORY (GALLONS)."

Enter the amount of fuel delivered from the DAILY INVENTORY WORKSHEET. If you were <u>NOT</u> pumping fuel during the time when the delivery was taking place, then use the "GALLONS DELIVERED (STICK)" number. However, if you had to pump fuel while the delivery was taking place, then use the "GROSS GALLONS DELIVERED (RECEIPT)" number as your delivery amount.

• Copy the "AMOUNT PUMPED TODAY" number from the DAILY INVENTORY WORKSHEET into the "GALLONS PUMPED" column of the MONTHLY INVENTORY RECORD.

Use the sample "MONTHLY INVENTORY RECORD" from the last two pages of the booklet to see where you put the information from letters "N" through "Z" in the following directions. Add the "START STICK INVENTORY (GALLONS)" and the "GALLONS DELIVERED" columns; then subtract the "GALLONS PUMPED" column. Enter the result in the column labeled "BOOK INVENTORY (GALLONS)."

Copy the "END STICK INCHES" number from the DAILY WORKSHEET into the column labeled "END STICK INVENTORY (INCHES)" on the MONTHLY RECORD. Convert inches into gallons and enter the result in the column on the MONTHLY RECORD labeled "END STICK INVENTORY (GALLONS)." (If necessary, see page 9 on converting inches into gallons.)

Subtract the "BOOK INVENTORY (GALLONS)" from the "END STICK INVENTORY (GALLONS)." Enter the difference into today's "DAILY OVER OR SHORT" box. This number will usually be a positive or negative number (only rarely will it be zero). GOOD ADVICE: If you are "over" for 5 days in a row (or "under" for 5 days in a row), you should check for problems with your math and your UST.

U Enter your initials to show who entered today's information.

At least once each month, you must also measure for water in the tank. Smear water-finding paste on the bottom few inches of the gauge stick. Open the fill pipe and **slowly** lower the stick to the tank's bottom. Hold the stick on the bottom for 10 seconds for gasoline (30 seconds for diesel). Then remove the stick. If there is water in the bottom of the tank, the water-finding paste will change color. Read the depth of water indicated by the line where the waterfinding paste has changed color to the closest c inch division on the stick. Do not use this stick reading to measure the amount of fuel in the tank, because the fuel will creep up the stick and will give you an inaccurate reading.

If you checked the tank for water today, enter the number of inches of water in the tank on the line under "Facility Name" at the top of the monthly record. If there is no water present, enter a zero to indicate that you in fact checked for water but found none. If you find more than 1 inch of water, you should arrange for its immediate removal, notify the product supplier, and conduct further tests to ensure that the tank is not leaking.





## Step 5—Calculate Monthly Changes In Inventory

At the end of each month, follow the directions below to see if the difference between "stick" and "book" inventory indicates a possible leak.

Add all of the month's "GALLONS PUMPED" numbers and write this total at the bottom of the column in the box labeled "TOTAL GALLONS PUMPED."

Add all the month's "DAILY OVER OR SHORT" numbers: pay careful attention to positive and negative numbers to get an accurate total. For example, adding +4 and +3 and -2 should equal +5. Enter the total at the bottom of the column in the box labeled "TOTAL GALLONS OVER OR SHORT."

Fill out the "LEAK CHECK" line at the bottom of the MONTHLY INVENTORY RECORD as follows:

- Take the "TOTAL GALLONS PUMPED" number and drop the last two digits to get 1% (for example: 6594 becomes 65).
- ! Add 130 (for example: 65 + 130 = 195):

Enter the result of this calculation at the end of the "LEAK CHECK" line. This number is the **maximum change in inventory allowed** by federal regulations (1% of throughput plus 130 gallons).

At the bottom of the MONTHLY INVENTORY RECORD, circle "YES" or "NO" to show whether your "TOTAL GALLONS OVER OR SHORT" number is **LARGER** than the "LEAK CHECK" number you identified in the previous item. Even if your "TOTAL GALLONS OVER OR SHORT" is a negative number, treat it as a positive number for the purpose of this comparison. For example, -74 would become +74.

If you circle "YES" for 2 months in a row, you must notify your regulatory agency as soon as possible (usually within 24 hours) that your tank may be leaking.

NOTE: Keep your inventory control records on file for at least 1 year. Your state, however, may have different rules about when you have to report a leak or how long you must keep the inventory records. Be sure you know the rules that apply to you.

## DAILY INVENTORY WORKSHEET

FACILITY NAME:

YOUR NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

TANK IDENTIFICATION					
Type of Fuel					
Tank Size in Gallons					
END STICK INCHES					_
AMOUNT PUMPED	Ţ	Ļ	Ļ	1	Ļ
Totalizer Reading					
Totalizer Reading					
Totalizer Reading					
Totalizer Reading					
Totalizer Reading					
Totalizer Reading				1	
Totalizer Reading	-				
Totalizer Reading	_			_	
TODAY'S SUM OF TOTALIZERS		(			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Previous Day's Sum of Totalizers					-
AMOUNT PUMPED TODAY					
DELIVERY RECORD	Ļ	Ţ	Ļ	1	Ļ
Inches of Fuel Before Delivery					
Gallons of Fuel Before Delivery (from tank chart)					
Inches of Fuel After Delivery				1	
Gallons of Fuel After Delivery (from tank chart)					
GALLONS DELIVERED (STICK) [Gallons "After" Gallons "Before"]		6			
GROSS GALLONS DELIVERED (RECEIPT)					

#### **KEEP THIS PIECE OF PAPER ON FILE FOR AT LEAST 1 YEAR**

If answer is "YES" for 2 MONTHS IN A ROW, notify regulatory agency as soon as possible.

Is "TOTAL GALLONS OVER OR SHORT" LARGER than "LEAK CHECK" result? YES NO (circle one)

DATE	START STICK INVENTORY (GALLONS)	GALLONS DELIVERED	GALLONS PUMPED	BOOK INVENTOR Y	END STICK INVENTORY	DAILY OVER (+) OR SHORT ( ) ["End" "Book"]	INITIALS
DATE	(GALLONS)	DELIVERED	FUMPED	(GALLONS)	(INCHES) (GALLONS)	[ Eng Book ]	INTIAL
1	(+)	()	(=)			1	
2	(+)	()	(=)			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
3	(+)	()	(=)				
4	(+)	()	(=)			1	
5	(+)	()	(=)				
6	(+)	()	(=)				
7	(+)	()	(=)			[]	
8	(+)	()	(=)				
9	(+)	()	(=)		1		
10	(+)	()	(=)			·	
11	(+)	()	(=)				
12	(+)	()	(=)				
13	(+)	()	(=)		A Description of the second second	8	
14	(+)	()	(=)				
15	(+)	()	(=)			3	
16	(+)	()	(=)			·	
17	(+)	()	(=)			A	
18	(+)	()	(=)			1	
19	(+)	()	(=)				
20	(+)	()	(=)				
21	(+)	()	(=)			6 T	
22	(+)	()	(=)			1	
23	(+)	()	(=)				
24	(+)	()	(=)			1	
25	(+)	()	(=)				
26	(+)	()	(=)				
27	(+)	()	(=)				
28	(+)	()	(=)				
29	(+)	()	(=)				
30	(+)	()	(=)		1	1	
31	(+)	()	(=)				

DATE OF WATER CHECK: \_\_\_\_\_\_ LEVEL OF WATER (INCHES):\_\_\_\_\_

FACILITY NAME:

TANK IDENTIFICATION & TYPE OF FUEL:

MONTH/YEAR \_\_\_\_\_/

## MONTHLY INVENTORY RECORD



DAILY INVENTORY WORKSHEET

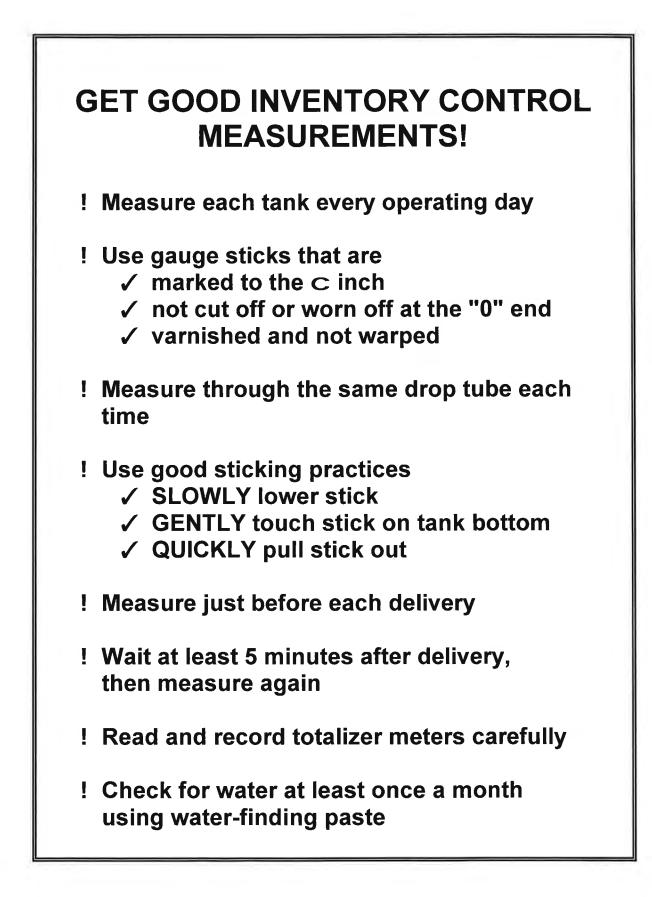
A FACILITY NAME: LAST CHANCE #2 YOUR NAME: JUAN DOE DATE: 9/22/93

TANK IDENTIFICATION	1	2	3	4	
Type of Fuel	REG UNL	PREM UNL	DIESEL	MID UNL	
Tank Size in Gallons	6000	6000	6000	10,000	
END STICK INCHES	414	587	69	86 1/2	
AMOUNT PUMPED	1		1		
Totalizer Reading	24 383	30798	92.485	44013	
Totalizer Reading	55138	11017	70178	38974	
Totalizer Reading					
Totalizer Reading					
Totalizer Reading					
Totalizer Reading					
Totalizer Reading					
Totalizer Reading		_			
TODAY'S SUM OF TOTALIZERS	79 521	41815	162663	82.487	
Previous Day's Sum of Totalizers	78271	40260	16(663	82584	_
AMOUNT PUMPED TODAY	1250	1555	1000	403	
DELIVERY RECORD	4		•	and a start	
Inches of Fuel Before Delivery	13 7/8			497/8	
Gallons of Fuel Before Delivery (from tank chart)	537			5246	
Inches of Fuel After Delivery	411/4			861/2	
Gallons of Fuel After Delivery (from tank chart)	2672			9423	
GALLONS DELIVERED (STICK) (Geflons "After" — Gallons "Before")	2135			4177	
GROSS GALLONS DELIVERED (RECEIPT)	2100			4200	

1	MIP		-	ILITY NAME: _	0	/	OF WATER (INCHES	-
ATE	START STICK INVENTORY (GALLONS)	GALLONS DELIVERED	Q GALLONS PUMPED	BOOK INVENTORY (GALLONS)	END STICK	INVENTORY (GALLONS)	DAILY OVER (+) OR SHORT (-) ["End" - "Book"]	
1	4047 1-	+) (	-1333 (	=1 3714	38 14	3690	-24	AD
2	3690 1-		1.1.	=1 3646	38	3658	+12	ZD
3	3658 1-	+) (	-1 329 (	=1 3329	35 3/8	3323	-6	70
4	33231-	+) (	-) 60 (	=1 3263	35	3275	+12	20
5	32751-	+) (	-1 1451	=1 3130	333/4	3117	- 13	20
6	3117 (+	+) (	-1 238 1	=) 2879	31 18	2790	-89	30
7	2790 1-	+1 6134	-) 117 (	=) 8807	80	8844	+37	2D
8	8844 1-	+) (	-) 127 (	=) 8717	787/8	8732	+15	7D
9	8732 1-	+) (	-) 182 (	=) 8550	77 1/2	8591	-+ 41	2P
0	8591 (-	+) (	-) 205 (	=) 8386	751/2	8379	-7	20
1	8379 (-	+) (	-1 204 (	=) 8175	73 %	8173	-2	ZD
2	81731-	+) ~ (	-) (66 (	=) 8007	72	7991	-16	20
3	7991 (-	+) - (	-) 320 (	=) 7671	693/4	7730	159	2D
4	77301-	+) (	-1 307 1	=) 7423	67	7402	-21	ID
15	7402 1-	+) (	-1 76 (	=) 7326	66 1/2	7342	+16	20
6	7342 (-	+)	-1 224 (	=)7118	6448	7050	- 68	20
17	70501-	+) - (	-) 390 (	=) 6660	61	6657	-3	20
18	66571-	+) (	-1 296 1	=) 6361	58 5/8	6354	-7	20
9	6354 (-	+) - (	-1 781	=) 6276	581/8	6290	+14	2P
20	6290 1-	+) (	-1 424 1	=1 5866	54 \$/8	5869	+3	ZD
21	5869 1-		-1 205 1	=) 5664	531/8	5639	-25	TD
22	5639 1-	+ 4177	-1 403 (	=) 94(3	861/2	9423	+10	ZD
23	9423 (-	+) (	-) 87 (	=) 9336	851/2	9343	+7	2D
24	9343 (-	+) (	-) 311 (	=) 9032	82	9036	+4	2P
25	9036 1-	+) (	-) 239 (	=) 8797	79 1/2	8757	-40	20
26	8757 1-	+) (	-) 256 (	=) 8501	767/8	8526	+25	ZD
27	8526 1-		-1 264 1		74 1/2	8270	+8	20
28	8270 (-	+1 (	-1 263 1	=) 8007	72	7991	-16	YP
29	7991 (-	+) (	-) 185 (		69	7811	+ 5	SP
30	7811 1-	+) (		=) 7695	68	7690	- 5	JP
1		+) (		=)				
DF	TAL GALLONS	2 DIGITS from t and enter on th		ALLONS	LONS OVER C	Compar	- 74 e these numbers 95g	

KEEP THIS PIECE OF PAPER ON FILE FOR AT LEAST 1 YEAR

## >>>Copy and post this reminder where employees who measure tanks can see it!<<<



Developed in cooperation with...

Fiberglass Petroleum Tank & Pipe Institute











SOCIETY OF INDEPENDENT CASOLINE MARKETERS OF AMERICA

3



### ATTACHMENT J

Release Detection Maintenance



#### **Release Detection**

The release detection system to be used at the facility is a Veeder Root TLS-450 Plus. The system will have inventory probes installed in the tanks, sump sensors installed in the submersible sump containment areas to monitor sub pump, sump sensors installed in the dispenser sumps and tank interstitial sensors. The system will be installed by a Veeder Root certified technician. The system will be installed in accordance with Veeder Root specifications and instructions. The system is UL listed and is third party certified for release detection under USEPA guidelines. The system has self- diagnostic programs to test and warn of failures of the external devices as well as internal electronics. The system has been tested by a Third Party and found to be compliant with USEPA requirements for release detection.

Ongoing maintenance will be conducted by Prestige Tank and Pump Services, Inc. personnel.



## TLS-450PLUS Automatic Tank Gauge

Console Description	The TLS-450PLUS Automatic Tank Gauge (ATG) is a powerful tool that allows fueling operations to run at peak efficiency, with an easy to understand navigation, streamlined inventory and compliance reporting, and powerful business analytics. It can monitor up to 64 tanks, or 32 tanks with BIR. Frequent releases of operating software for the TLS-450PLUS tank gauge assures that data is secure and software features are routinely updated and enhanced.
	Part # & Description Standard Hardware & Application Software
TLS-450PLUS Consoles, Standard Hardware & Software	<ul> <li>1. 860091-301 TLS-450PLUS Console with 8" WVGA Color Touch Screen Display, Printer, 3 Ethernet and Dual USB/Expansion, Dual RS-232, UL/cUL</li> <li>2. 860091-302 TLS-450PLUS Console with 8" WVGA Color Touch Screen Display, Printer, 3 Ethernet and Dual USB/Expansion, Dual RS-232/RS- 485, UL/cUL</li> <li>3. 860091-401 TLS-450PLUS Console with 8" WVGA Color Touch Screen Display, No Printer, 3 Ethernet and Dual USB/Expansion, Dual RS-232, UL/cUL</li> <li>4. 860091-402 TLS-450PLUS Console with 8" WVGA Color Touch Screen Display, No Printer, 3 Ethernet and Dual USB/Expansion, Dual RS-232/ RS-485, UL/cUL</li> <li>5. 860091-001 TLS-450PLUS Console, No Display, No Printer, 3 Ethernet and Dual USB/Expansion, Dual RS-232, UL/cUL</li> <li>6. 860091-002 TLS-450PLUS Console, No Display, No Printer, 3 Ethernet and Dual USB/Expansion, Dual RS-232/RS-485, UL/cUL</li> </ul>
	Devices
	Inputs         Inputs         Console         TLS-XB 1         TLS-XB 2         TLS-XB 3         Modules           Module         per         iButton         Slots         Slots         Slots         Slots         per         per           Module         module         Per         Req'd?         1         2         3         4         1         2         3         4         1         2         3         4         1         2         3         4         1         2         3         4         1         2         3         4         1         2         3         4         1         2         3         4         1         2         3         4         1         2         3         4         1         2         3         4         5         System
	Compatibility       Module       Special of the spectrum of t
TLS-450PLUS Device & Communications	Communications Console Modules
Module Compatibility	Module         1 <sup>4</sup> 2         3         4         5         per         Type           81         P1         P2         System         View
	RS-232       P1       P2       P3



## TLS-450PLUS Automatic Tank Gauge

	Par	t # & Description	Maximum # of Modules per Console	# of Inputs per Module	Availability	
	Universal Sensor Module (USM) Interface for all Probes, Sensors, and DPLLD	332812-001 – Factory Installed Module 330020-619 – Spare Part Module	Up to 4 for each TLS-450PLUS and/or TLS-XB or a maximum of 16 modules per system	16		
TLS-450PLUS Device Modules	Universal Input/Output Interface Module (UIOM) for Relay Control and Input Signal Monitoring	332813-001 – Factory Installed Module 330020-620 – Spare Part Module	Up to 4 for each TLS-450PLUS and/or TLS-XB or a maximum of 16 modules per system	5 dry contact output relays / 4 low voltage dry contact inputs / 5 high voltage inputs (<=240 VAC)	Sold Separately (either Factory Installed or as a Spare Part Module)	
	10-Amp Relay Module has 6 high power outputs / 6 low voltage inputs / must be installed in slot 4 of TLS-450 PLUS and TLS-XB	333564-001 – Factory Installed Module 330020-814 – Spare Part Module	Up to 1 for each TLS-450PLUS and/or TLS-XB or a maximum of 4 modules per system – *Only installed in slot 4	4		
	BIR/AccuChart LVDIM for TLS-450PLUS, 12 Inputs	333581-001 – Factory Installed Module 330020-800 – Spare Part Module				
	BIR/AccuChart MDIM for TLS-450PLUS, 12 Inputs	333582-001 – Factory Installed Module 330020-799 – Spare Part Module				
	Par	Maximum # of Modules per System	Availability			
	SiteFax <sup>™</sup> Interface Module (Comm. Slots 1,2,3), for TLS-450PLUS	332818-001 – Factory Installed Module 330020-612 – Spare Part Module				
	Single RS-232 Interface Module (Comm. Slots 1,2,3), for TLS-450PLUS	332866-001 – Factory Installed Module 330020-613 – Spare Part Module	Up to 3 per			
TLS-450PLUS Communications	RS-232 Dual Interface Module (Comm. Slots 1,2,3), for TLS-450PLUS	332868-001 – Factory Installed Module 330020-617 – Spare Part Module	System	Sold Separately (either Factor Installed or as a Spare Part Mod		
Modules	Single RS-232/RS-485 Dual Interface Module (Comm. Slots 1,2,3), for TLS-450PLUS	332870-001 – Factory Installed Module 330020-618 – Spare Part Module	For Spare Part "u the BIR/AccuCh Enhancement will b Veeder-Root iButt P/N 33002	ll be shipped on a utton adapter –		
	BIR/AccuChart EDIM for TLS-450PLUS	333149-001 – Factory Installed Module 330020-801 – Spare Part Module		T/N 330020-03		
	BIR/AccuChart CDIM for TLS-450PLUS, 3 Inputs	333580-001 – Factory Installed Module 330020-802 – Spare Part Module	1 per System			
	IFSF LON Interface Module (Comm. Slots 1,2,3), for TLS-450PLUS	333659-001 – Factory Installed Module 330020-828 – Spare Part Module				
		Part # & Descri	ption			
		Detection (CSLD) for TLS-450PLUS		332972-006		
		e Leak Detection for TLS-450PLUS		332972-007		
TLS-450PLUS	Ŭ	ne Leak Detection for TLS-450PLUS		332972-008		
Optional Software		ne Leak Detection for TLS-450PLUS		332972-009		
	Timed Sudden Loss Detection Vapor Collection Monitor fo			332972-018 332972-021		
		Feature for TLS-450PLUS & DEF	33	 2972-026 – Softwa	re	
	Temperature Sensor Installa			4380-210 – Install I		



Operating Temperature Storage Temperature	+32 to +104°F (0 to +40°C)
Storage Temperature	
	-40 to +158°F (-40 to +70°C)
Installation Location	NEMA 4 or indoors
Relative Humidity	0-90% (non-condensing)
External Dimensions	18.4" x 11" x 8.8" (46.74cm x 27.94cm x 22.35cm)
Construction	16GA (0.060 in/0.1524 cm) powder coated steel
Console Power Wiring Requirements	AC Power Wiring – Wires carrying 120 or 240 VAC from power panel to the console should be #14 AWG (or larger) wire for line, neutral & chassis ground (3) ; and 4 sq. mm, rated for at least 90C for barrier ground.
Probe & Sensor to Console Wiring Requirements	<ol> <li>Wire Type – Shielded cable required regardless of conduit material or application. It must be rated less than 100 picofarad per ft manufactured with a suitable material such as Carol C2534 or Belden 88760, 8760, or 8770.</li> <li>Wire Length – Maximum 1,000ft (304.8m) to meet intrinsic safety requirements. Improper system operation could result for runs over 1,000ft (304.8m).</li> <li>Wire Gauges – Color coded – shielded cable used in all installations. Wires should be #14 - #18 AWG stranded copper wire and installed as Class 2 circuits. As an alternate method when approved by the local authority having jurisdiction, #22 AWG wire such as 88761 may be suitable with the following requirements: Wire run is less than 750ft (228.6m), Capacitance does not exceed 100 pF/ft; Inductance does not exceed 0.2 uH/ft.</li> </ol>
System Power Requirements	AC Input – Universal AC power supply: 100 to 249 VAC, 50/60Hz, 2A max.
Display Specifications	8" (20.32cm) Color WVGA LCD touch screen display
Connectivity Methods	Ethernet, Web Browser, Modem, Fax, Serial
Data Storage Features	SD card
Software Security Features	Centralized Device Management to protect your network of TLS-4XX consoles
Custom User Access	Front Panel Display control through user specific log-in; User defined roles to restrict access / functionality. Screen permissions can be limited to view, edit, perform
System Security	<ol> <li>Partitioned Ethernet Ports that can be used to separate user network from the internet</li> <li>Port availability control: SSH Port (22), HTTPS Port (443), Serial Command Port (10001)</li> <li>Reassign Port Numbers (i.e., HTTPS on 50443)</li> <li>System Integrator CVE Scans &amp; Fixes</li> <li>Periodic System Updates to protect against persistent threats</li> </ol>
Customized Alarm Features	Customizable for all alarms
Approvals	UL cUL, ATEX, IECEx, NEPSI, FCC, FMC, PESO, ANZEx, ULC, INMETRO, IQC, EAC, NWGLDE, and CEN
Third Party Evaluations	http://www.nwglde.org/evals/veeder_root_zf.html
Product Installation Guide	https://www.veeder.com/us/technical-document-library



#### **System Compatibilities Guide**

Feature/Console	TLS-450PLUS
CONSOLE DESIGN	
Modular/Expandable Features	•
LCD with Touch Screen (optional)	8" WVGA Color
Integral Roll Printer	Optional
Universal Power Supply	•
INVENTORY CONTROL	
Graphical Inventory Status	•
Complete Inventory Reports	•
Programmable Auto Report Times	•
Inventory Increase Report	•
Timed Sudden Loss Detection	Optional
BUSINESS INVENTORY RECONCILIATION	
Shift-Based Reconciliation	Optional
Reconciliation by Tank	Optional
TANK CALIBRATION	
Multi-Pass Tank Calibration	Optional
Single-Pass / Metered Drop	Optional
Limited Range Calibration	Optional
Supports Multiple Tank Charts per Tank	Optional
Supports Multiple Line Manifold Tanks	Optional
Graphical / Text Calibration Diagnostics	Optional
Automatic and Manual Meter Mapping	Optional
IN-TANK LEAK TEST	
0.1 GPH Tank Tightness Testing	•
0.2 GPH Tank Tightness Testing	•
Continuous Statistical Leak Detection	Optional
Selectable Test Rates	•
Programmable Automatic Test Schedules	•
PASS, FAIL, or INVALID Indicators	•
LINE LEAK DETECTION	
Integral Line Leak Detector	Optional
Programmable Line Test Features	Optional
INTERSTITIAL/SUMP LEAK SENSING	1
Tank Annulus	•
Sump	•
Dispenser Pan	•
Mag Sump	•
Sensor Location Identifiers	•
VAPOR WELL MONITORING	-
Hydrocarbon Vapor Detection	•
High Water Level Alarm	•
GROUNDWATER MONITORING	
Hydrocarbon Liquid Detection	•
Low Water Alarm	•
AIR VAPOR MONITORING	
Vapor Collection Monitor	Optional
ALARMS	
Leak	•
Overfill	•
High Level	•
Sudden Loss	•
	•
High Water	
High Water Low Inventory	•

Feature/Console	TLS-450PLUS	TLS-450PLU with TLS-XB*
DATA COMMUNICATIONS		
RS-232	5	5
RS-485	3	3
Fax Transmittal (SiteFax)	Optional	Optional
External USB 2.0	2	2
Ethernet Ports	3	3
International Forecourt Standards Forum (IFSF)	1	1
SYSTEM CAPABILITIES		
Manifold Tank Capability (Line & Siphon)	•	•
Height-Based Pump Priority Control for Manifolded Tanks	•	•
Pump Alternate on the Fly	•	•
Self-Diagnostics	•	•
Emergency Generator Capability	•	•
Up to 3 Years Data Storage	•	•
FAX Notification On-Time or Event	Optional	Optional
Email Notification On-Time or Event	•	•
LCD with Touch Screen	Optional	Optional
On-Board Help	•	•
Custom Help	•	•
Custom Alarms	•	•
Environmental Reports (Compliance Reports Summary)	•	•
Sensor Reports	•	•
Sensor History Report by Period, Month, Week or Custom	•	•
Web-Enabled	•	•
System Duplicate	•	•
SYSTEM CAPACITIES*		
Inputs	64	256
In-Tank Probes (Including Density)	64	64
In-Tank Probes with BIR	32	32
Digital Pressurized Line Leak Detectors (Additional Software Req'd)	15	16
2-WIRE SENSORS		
Magnetostrictive Discriminating Level Indicating Sump Sensor	64	99
Discriminating Dispenser Pan & Containment Sensors	64	99
Solid-State Non-Discr. Dispenser Pan & Containment Sensors	64	99
Sump Sensors	64	99
Position Sensitive Pan/Sump Sensor	64	99
Interstitial Sensor for Fiberglass Tanks	64	99
Solid-State Discr. Interstitial Sensors for Fiberglass Tanks	64	99
Alt. Ethanol Fluid Interstitial Sensors for Fiberglass Tanks	64	99
Interstitial Sensors for Steel Tanks	64	99
Microsensors	64	99
Position Sensitive Interstitial Sensor for Steel Tanks	64	99
Alt. Ethanol Fluid Solid-State Interstitial Sensor for Steel Tanks	64	99
Hydrostatic Sensors for Brine-Filled Double-Wall Tanks	64	99
Hydrostatic Sensor for Brine-Filled Double-Wall Sumps	64	99
Oil Water Separator Sensor	64	99
3-WIRE SENSORS		
Solid-State Discr. Dispenser Pan & Containment Sump Sensors	32	99
Groundwater Sensor	32	99
Vapor Sensor for Monitoring Wells	32	99
INPUT & OUTPUT		
Output Relays	21	32
External Inputs Low Voltage	16	64
External Inputs High Voltage	20	32

\* Indicates the maximum number of devices the system can handle if all slots/ positions are filled with that type of device.

\*\* TLS-450PLUS with (3) three TLS-XB boxes

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#### **Example Illustrations**

Illustrations used in this guide for example sensor installations may contain components that are customer supplied and not included with the sensor. Please check with your Veeder-Root Distributor for recommended installation accessories.

#### **Third Party Evaluations**

Third party evaluations of the Veeder-Root sensors contained in this application guide can be found under the Veeder-Root vendor name on the National Work Group on Leak Detection Evaluations (NWGLDE) website:

http://www.nwglde.org

Temporary Stormwater Section TCEQ-0602



Previously submitted and approved with the Water Pollution Abatement Plan (approval lettered dated 10/25/2023). Please note, the TCEQ approval letter is included at the end of this section.

## **Temporary Stormwater Section**

#### **Texas Commission on Environmental Quality**

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(4)(A), (B), (D)(I) and (G); Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

### Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Temporary Stormwater Section** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The application was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Ahmed El Seweify

Date: 06/09/2023

Signature of Customer/Agent:

El Ser

Regulated Entity Name: Ahmed Real Estate Inc.

### **Project Information**

### Potential Sources of Contamination

*Examples: Fuel storage and use, chemical storage and use, use of asphaltic products, construction vehicles tracking onto public roads, and existing solid waste.* 

1. Fuels for construction equipment and hazardous substances which will be used during construction:

The following fuels and/or hazardous substances will be stored on the site: \_\_\_\_\_

These fuels and/or hazardous substances will be stored in:

Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of less than 250 gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year.

Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity between 250 gallons and 499 gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year.

- Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of 500 gallons or more will be stored on the site. An Aboveground Storage Tank Facility Plan application must be submitted to the appropriate regional office of the TCEQ prior to moving the tanks onto the project.
- Fuels and hazardous substances will not be stored on the site.
- 2. Attachment A Spill Response Actions. A site specific description of the measures to be taken to contain any spill of hydrocarbons or hazardous substances is attached.
- 3. Temporary aboveground storage tank systems of 250 gallons or more cumulative storage capacity must be located a minimum horizontal distance of 150 feet from any domestic, industrial, irrigation, or public water supply well, or other sensitive feature.
- 4. Attachment B Potential Sources of Contamination. A description of any activities or processes which may be a potential source of contamination affecting surface water quality is attached.

## Sequence of Construction

5. Attachment C - Sequence of Major Activities. A description of the sequence of major activities which will disturb soils for major portions of the site (grubbing, excavation, grading, utilities, and infrastructure installation) is attached.

For each activity described, an estimate (in acres) of the total area of the site to be disturbed by each activity is given.

- For each activity described, include a description of appropriate temporary control measures and the general timing (or sequence) during the construction process that the measures will be implemented.
- 6. Name the receiving water(s) at or near the site which will be disturbed or which will receive discharges from disturbed areas of the project: <u>North Fork Gabriel River</u>

## Temporary Best Management Practices (TBMPs)

Erosion control examples: tree protection, interceptor swales, level spreaders, outlet stabilization, blankets or matting, mulch, and sod. Sediment control examples: stabilized construction exit, silt fence, filter dikes, rock berms, buffer strips, sediment traps, and sediment basins. Please refer to the Technical Guidance Manual for guidelines and specifications. All structural BMPs must be shown on the site plan.

7. Attachment D – Temporary Best Management Practices and Measures. TBMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, and stormwater. The construction-phase BMPs for erosion and sediment controls have been designed to retain sediment on site to the extent practicable. The following information is attached:

<ul> <li>A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site.</li> <li>A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff from the site.</li> <li>A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollutants from entering surface streams, sensitive features, or the aquifer.</li> <li>A description of how, to the maximum extent practicable, BMPs and measures will maintain flow to naturally-occurring sensitive features identified in either the geologic assessment, TCEQ inspections, or during excavation, blasting, or construction.</li> </ul>
The temporary sealing of a naturally-occurring sensitive feature which accepts recharge to the Edwards Aquifer as a temporary pollution abatement measure during active construction should be avoided.
<ul> <li>Attachment E - Request to Temporarily Seal a Feature. A request to temporarily seal a feature is attached. The request includes justification as to why no reasonable and practicable alternative exists for each feature.</li> <li>There will be no temporary sealing of naturally-occurring sensitive features on the site.</li> </ul>
Attachment F - Structural Practices. A description of the structural practices that will be used to divert flows away from exposed soils, to store flows, or to otherwise limit runoff discharge of pollutants from exposed areas of the site is attached. Placement of structural practices in floodplains has been avoided.
Attachment G - Drainage Area Map. A drainage area map supporting the following requirements is attached:
<ul> <li>For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a sediment basin will be provided.</li> <li>For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a smaller sediment basin and/or sediment trap(s) will be used.</li> <li>For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a sediment basin or other equivalent controls are not attainable, but other TBMPs and measures will be used in combination to protect down slope and side slope boundaries of the construction area.</li> <li>There are no areas greater than 10 acres within a common drainage area that will be used in combination with other erosion and sediment controls within each disturbed at one time. A smaller sediment basin and/or sediment trap(s) will be used in combination with other erosion and sediment controls within each disturbed at one time.</li> </ul>

There are no areas greater than 10 acres within a common drainage area that will be disturbed at one time. Erosion and sediment controls other than sediment basins or sediment traps within each disturbed drainage area will be used.

- 11. Attachment H Temporary Sediment Pond(s) Plans and Calculations. Temporary sediment pond or basin construction plans and design calculations for a proposed temporary BMP or measure have been prepared by or under the direct supervision of a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. All construction plans and design information must be signed, sealed, and dated by the Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. Construction plans for the proposed temporary BMPs and measures are attached.
  - N/A
- 12. Attachment I Inspection and Maintenance for BMPs. A plan for the inspection of each temporary BMP(s) and measure(s) and for their timely maintenance, repairs, and, if necessary, retrofit is attached. A description of the documentation procedures, recordkeeping practices, and inspection frequency are included in the plan and are specific to the site and/or BMP.
- 13. All control measures must be properly selected, installed, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and good engineering practices. If periodic inspections by the applicant or the executive director, or other information indicate a control has been used inappropriately, or incorrectly, the applicant must replace or modify the control for site situations.
- 14. If sediment escapes the construction site, off-site accumulations of sediment must be removed at a frequency sufficient to minimize offsite impacts to water quality (e.g., fugitive sediment in street being washed into surface streams or sensitive features by the next rain).
- 15. Sediment must be removed from sediment traps or sedimentation ponds not later than when design capacity has been reduced by 50%. A permanent stake will be provided that can indicate when the sediment occupies 50% of the basin volume.
- 16. 🖂 Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals exposed to stormwater shall be prevented from becoming a pollutant source for stormwater discharges (e.g., screening outfalls, picked up daily).

## Soil Stabilization Practices

*Examples:* establishment of temporary vegetation, establishment of permanent vegetation, mulching, geotextiles, sod stabilization, vegetative buffer strips, protection of trees, or preservation of mature vegetation.

17. Attachment J - Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices. A schedule of the interim and permanent soil stabilization practices for the site is attached.

- 18. Records must be kept at the site of the dates when major grading activities occur, the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site, and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 19. Stabilization practices must be initiated as soon as practicable where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased.

### Administrative Information

- 20.  $\square$  All structural controls will be inspected and maintained according to the submitted and approved operation and maintenance plan for the project.
- 21. If any geologic or manmade features, such as caves, faults, sinkholes, etc., are discovered, all regulated activities near the feature will be immediately suspended. The appropriate TCEQ Regional Office shall be immediately notified. Regulated activities must cease and not continue until the TCEQ has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the aquifer from any adverse impacts.
- 22. Silt fences, diversion berms, and other temporary erosion and sediment controls will be constructed and maintained as appropriate to prevent pollutants from entering sensitive features discovered during construction.

#### Major Spills:

Only trained personnel should ever approach a spill. Containment, clean up, or neutralization of the hazardous material be accomplished by individuals or organizations familiar with or trained in such activities. The following steps should be considered general guidelines and may not apply to all circumstances.

- 1. Notify responsible site contact for spill management and control.
- 2. Survey the scene and assess extent of spill, determine the existence or possibility of runoff, determine if any dead animals are near, and evaluate the distressed nature of surrounding vegetation. Evaluate any markings on containers. Assess the physical characteristics of the material (color, solid, liquid, powder, or granules).
- 3. Restrict access to the spill site. Keep the public away from the hazard. Provide traffic control, as needed.
- 4. Notify supervisor by radio or telephone.
- 5. Supervisor should notify local fire department, Department of Public Safety, and district hazardous materials coordinator. Supervisors should ensure that field personnel only conduct traffic control from a safe distance from the spill.
- 6. Determine if a reportable discharge or spill has occurred and if so, the district hazardous materials coordinator should ensure TCEQ has been notified of the spill or release as soon as possible but not later than 24 hours after the discovery of the spill or discharge. Provide the following information, if possible:
  - the name, address, and phone number of the person making the report.
  - the date, time, and location of the spill or discharge.
  - a specific description of the hazardous substance discharged or spilled, or an estimate of the quantity discharged or spilled.
  - the duration of the incident.
  - the name of the surface water affected or threatened by the discharge or spill.
  - the source of the discharge or spill.
  - a description of the extent of actual or potential harmful impact on the environment and an identification of any environmentally sensitive areas or natural resources at risk.
  - the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of the responsible person and the contact person at the location of the discharge or spill.
  - a description of any actions that have been taken, are being taken and will be taken to contain and respond to the discharge or spill any known or anticipated health risks.
  - the identity of any governmental representatives, including local authorities or third parties, responding to the discharge or spill
  - any other information that may be significant to the response action.

In addition to the good housekeeping and material management practices discussed above, the following practices will be followed for spill prevention and cleanup:

 Manufacturer's recommended methods for spill cleanup will be clearly posted and site personnel will be made aware of the procedures and the location of the information and cleanup supplies.  Materials and equipment necessary for spill cleanup will be kept in the material storage area onsite. Equipment and material will include, but not be limited to, brooms, dustpans, mops, rags, gloves, goggles, sand, sawdust, and plastic and metal trash containers specifically for this purpose.

#### Minor Spills:

The responsible site contact person shall designate an area as spill storage location prepared with sand and containment device such as silt fence to store spilled material and removal to a facility for further handling. <u>Minor spills are defined as minor equipment leakage of oil and gasoline.</u>

Contact information in the event of a spill with a reportable quantity Williamson County - (512) 943-3330 TCEQ Spill-Reporting Hotline 1-800-832-8224

#### Valero C-Store Potential Source of Contamination-Attachment B

Pollutant-Generating Activity	Pollutants or Pollutant Constituents (that could be discharged if exposed to stormwater)	Location on Site
Grading, Excavation	Oil, Gasoline, grease, hydraulic fluid, rock, gravel, sand, and soil	Entire site
Pavement	Concrete & Conc. Product, reinforcement bars	Entire site
Building	Stucco, paint	At Building
Landscaping	Fertilizer, pesticide	All landscape areas
Utility Work	PVC pipe	Site, Front building

#### Valero C-Store Sequence of Major Activities- Attachment C

#### Order of work shall be as follows:

- 1- Installation of the exterior silt fence along property line downstream of site. 1708 linear feet .
- 2- Installation of interior erosion control measures such as sediment trap, concrete wash-out area, storage, and staging areas as shown on plan (Erosion Control Sheet).
- 3- Construct underground utilities. Area disturbed 0.092 acre
- 4- Construct foundations and buildings. area disturbed 0.52 acre
- 5- Construct concrete pavement and striping. Area disturbed 1.448 acre
- 6- Install landscaping. Area disturbed 0.52 Acre
- 7- Construct permanent detention and water-quality pond. Area disturbed 0.33 Acre

#### Valero C-Store Temporary BMP and Measures-Attachment D

#### These TBMP's shall be considered and followed:

Temporary silt fence, spoils area, and construction entrance are installed and designated to protect natural streams, sensitive features, and surface and groundwater. These protection measures will be installed prior to the start of any construction and shall be inspected after each rain and every week, any damaged areas shall be repaired or replaced if necessary. Remove siltation as required when siltation reaches ½ of its design depth or one foot. Inspect after each rain or every week.

When necessary, wheels must be cleaned to remove sediment prior to entrance onto public right of way. When washing is required, it shall be done on an area stabilized with crushed stone which drains into an approved sediment basin/trap. All sediment shall be prevented from entering any storm drain, ditch, or watercourse using approved method.

A sediment trap will be constructed and inspected after each rainfall or every six (6) months.

Designate a spoil area (shown on plan) for handling waste, and inspect and secure the silt fence to prevent pollution spills. This area will be graded toward the sediment trap for maximum pollution and sedimentation prevention.

Contractor's staging area and construction material are designated on the plans. This area is enclosed with silt fence and inspected regularly. This area will be graded toward the sediment trap for maximum pollution and sedimentation prevention.

Designated washout area will also be enclosed with silt fence. This area will be graded toward the sediment trap for maximum pollution and sedimentation prevention.

Important factor in this area is to transport contaminated soil due to fuel and oil to spoil areas frequently and as required by the city/TCEQ. This area is designated on the plan and enclosed with a silt fence.

All equipment will be washed in the designated area as shown on the plan.

Silt fences will be inspected and properly maintained as required.

Gravel, stone, reinforcement bars for concrete foundation and retaining wall, sand, rock, construction equipment and/or any mechanical equipment will be stored on site.

A silt fence area adjacent to material storage area is set up for washout area where concrete mix trucks, will be washed and handled.

All equipment/vehicle fueling, and discharge are handled within this area. In event of spills, contractor shall have sand and/or hay available on-site to apply to the contaminated areas in order to contain and clean up possible spills. Contaminated sand shall be transported to the spoil area and disposed of off-site at a disposal site by the contractor.

<u>Measures taken to prevent pollution</u>: A construction exit/entrance will be installed to reduce tracking dirt on the pavement after exiting the construction area. Silt fences at critical locations are installed to reduce run-off velocity and retain sediments. All drainage inlets or culverts affected by this project's site activities shall be covered with silt fence, hay bale or rock berm.

### a. Sensitive feature(s):

If any sensitive feature is discovered during construction, replacement, or rehabilitation, all regulated activities near the sensitive feature must be suspended immediately.

(A) The holder of an approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan must immediately notify the appropriate regional office of any sensitive features encountered during construction. This notice must be given before continuing construction.

(B) Regulated activities near the sensitive feature may not proceed until the executive director has reviewed a geologic assessment report prepared by a geologist that consists of information required under subsection (b)(3)(C) and (D) of this section for the sensitive feature and has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the sensitive feature and the Edwards Aquifer from potentially adverse impacts to water quality. The geologic assessment report must be signed, sealed, and dated by the geologist preparing the report.

(C) The holder of an approved sewage collection system plan, must meet the following.

(i) Upon completion of any lift station excavation, a geologist must certify that the excavation has been inspected for the presence of sensitive features. The certification must be signed, sealed, and dated by the geologist preparing the certification. Certification that the excavation has been inspected must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.

(I) Further activities may not proceed until the executive director has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect any sensitive feature and the Edwards Aquifer from potentially adverse impacts to water quality from the lift station.

(II) Construction may continue if the geologist certifies that no sensitive feature or features were present.

(ii) The applicant must submit a plan for ensuring the structural integrity of the sewer line or for modifying the proposed collection system alignment around the feature. The plan must be certified by a Texas licensed professional engineer. These plans must be submitted to the appropriate regional office for review and approval.

(D) For an approved underground storage tank facility plan, a geologist must certify that a completed tankhold excavation has been inspected for the presence of sensitive features. The certification must be signed, sealed, and dated by the geologist preparing the certification.

(i) Certification that the tankhold excavation has been inspected must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.

(ii) If a sensitive feature is discovered, the applicant must propose methods to protect the feature and the Edwards Aquifer from potentially adverse impacts to water quality from the underground storage tank system. Installation activities may not proceed until the executive director has reviewed and approved the proposed methods. The protection methods must be consistent with subsection (d)(1)(B) of this section.

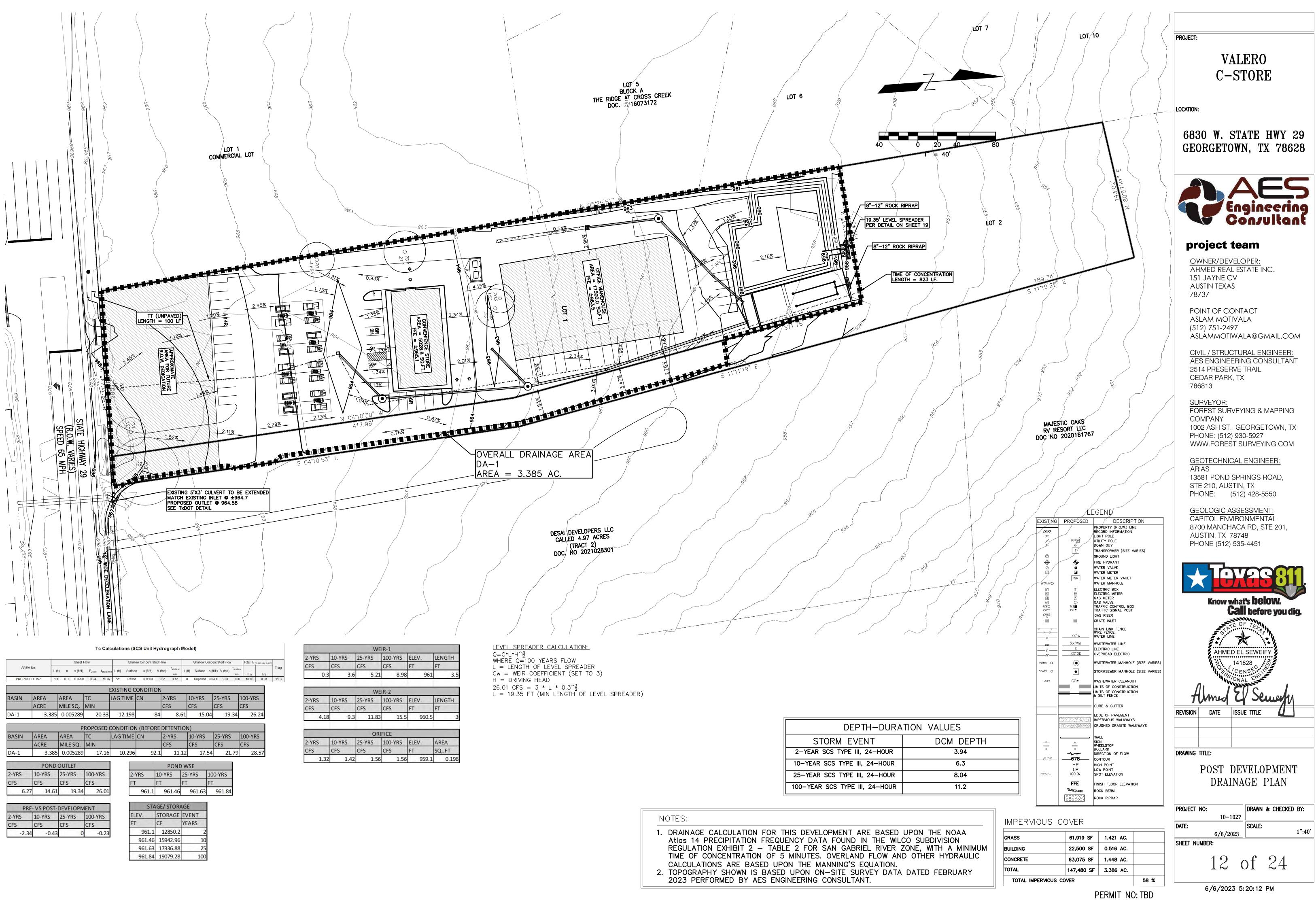
(iii) Construction may continue if the geologist certifies that no sensitive feature or features were present.

### Valero C-Store Request to Seal a Feature-Attachment E

If required per Attachment D, a Request will be filed.

### Valero C-Store Structural Practices- Attachment F

Silt Fence will be installed as shown on the plan, silt fence will be regularly checked and maintained per attachment D.



DEPTH-DURA	TION
STORM EVENT	
2-YEAR SCS TYPE III, 24-HOUR	
10-YEAR SCS TYPE III, 24-HOUR	
25-YEAR SCS TYPE III, 24-HOUR	
100-YEAR SCS TYPE III, 24-HOUR	

Valero C-Store Temporary Sediment Pond Plans and Calculation- Attachment H

Sediment Pond has not been proposed.

### Valero C-Store Inspection and maintenance for BMPs- Attachment I

### I) Maintenance Procedures

The Contractor will be responsible for ensuring the maintenance of the erosion and sedimentation controls. Repairs will be made to damaged areas as soon as practicable after damage is discovered, but no later than seven (7) days after the inspection. Built-up sediment will be removed when the depth reaches six inches.

Temporary and permanent seeding shall be irrigated or sprinkled in a manner that will not erode the topsoil but will sufficiently soak the soil to a depth of six inches. Irrigation shall occur at 10-day intervals during the first two months.

Rainfall of 1/2 inch or more shall postpone the watering schedule by one week.

### II) Inspection Procedures

The Contractor will inspect the control measures weekly and within 24 hours after rainfall events on  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch or more.

The Contractor will also be responsible for inspections, maintenance, and repair activities as well as preparing the inspection and maintenance forms. Major observations to be made during inspections include:

- Locations of discharges of sediment or other pollutants from the site.
- Locations of BMPs that need maintenance.
- Locations of BMPs that are not performing, failing to operate, or were inadequate.
- Locations where additional BMPs are needed.

### III) Additional Maintenance Procedure

Keep necessary equipment in working order ready for sediment/pollutant cleanup which may possibly escape the construction site and onto streets, drainage inlets, or streams.

All construction debris and litter shall be picked up and area cleaned on a daily basis. All construction materials and/or chemicals shall be stored in designated areas as shown on the plan. Inspect all equipment on a daily basis for potential leaks and repair as required.

### Valero C-Store Inspection and maintenance for BMP's- Attachment I

Inspect all seeded areas for failures and reseed within planting season if necessary. (See below for more information).

Inspect on monthly basis. Maintain width and length and if required add rock to keep required thickness.

In event of spills, contractor shall have sand and/or hay available on site to apply to the contaminated areas in order to contain and clean up possible spills. Contaminated sand shall be transported to the spoil area and disposed of offsite to a disposal site by the contractor.

### **Temporary BMP Maintenance:**

**Silt Fence:** Silt fences will be inspected weekly and immediately after storm events to ensure it is intact and that there are no gaps where the fence meets the ground or tears along the length of the fence. If gaps or tears are found during the inspection, the fabric will be repaired or replaced immediately. Accumulated sediment will be removed from the fence base if it reaches one-third the height of the silt fence and hauled off-site for disposal at (to be determined). If accumulated sediment is creating noticeable strain on the fabric and the fence might fail from a sudden storm event, the sediment will be removed more frequently. Before the fence is

removed from the project area, the sediment will be removed. The anticipated life span of the silt fence is 6 months and will likely need to be replaced after this period.

**Stabilized Construction Entrance:** The exit will be inspected weekly and after storm events or heavy use. The exit will be maintained in a condition that will prevent tracking or flowing of sediment onto Tx-29. This could require adding additional crushed stone to the exit. All sediment tracked, spilled, dropped, or washed will be swept up immediately and hauled off-site for disposal at landfill determined by "Site Contractor". Sediment will be swept from the anti-tracking pad at least weekly, or more often if necessary. If excess sediment has clogged the pad, the exit will be top dressed with new crushed stone. Replacement of the entire pad might be necessary when the pad becomes completely filled with sediment. The pad will be reshaped as needed for drainage and runoff control. Broken road pavement as a result of construction activities on roadways immediately adjacent to the project site will be repaired immediately. The stone anti-tracking pad will be removed before the subgrade of pavement is applied to the parking lot. he removed stone and sediment from the pad will be hauled off-site and disposed of at a landfill determined by "Site Contractor".

**Watering:** Dust control will be implemented as needed once site grading has been initiated and during windy conditions (forecasted or actual wind conditions of 20 mph or greater) while site grading is occurring. Spraying of potable water will be performed no more than three times a day during the months of May–September and once per day during the months of October–April or whenever the dryness of the soil warrants it.

**Material Storage area:** The hazardous waste material storage areas will be inspected weekly and after storm events. The storage areas will be kept lean, well organized, and equipped with ample cleanup supplies as appropriate for the materials being stored. Material safety datasheets, material inventory, and emergency contact numbers will be maintained in the office trailer.

**Dumpster:** The dumpster will be inspected weekly and immediately after storm events. The dumpster will be emptied when full by a trash company. If trash and construction debris are exceeding the dumpster's capacity, the dumpster will be emptied more frequently.

**Portable Toilet:** All sanitary waste will be collected from the portable facilities a minimum of three times per week by "Site Contractor". The portable toilets will be inspected weekly for evidence of leaking holding tanks. Toilets with leaking holding tanks will be removed from the site and replaced with new portable toilets.

**Concrete Washout:** The concrete and washing applicator washout will be inspected on the days when concrete is being poured onsite to determine if a larger pit is required and that the drivers are using the washout. The concrete washout will also be inspected after/during storm events.

### Valero C-Store Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices- Attachment J

Disturbed areas including spoils disposal sites where construction activity temporarily ceases for at least 21 days will be stabilized with seeding and mulching by the 14th day after the last disturbance. Seeding shall be as follows:

### 1. Grasses:

Un-hulled Bermuda and Winter Rye from September 15 to March Hulled Bermuda from March 2 to September 14.

**4.** Application:

Broadcast seeding or hydro-mulch

5. Fertilization:

Fertilization shall have an analysis of 15-15-15 and shall be applied at the rate of 1.5 pounds per 1,000 square feet.

- 6. Mulch: Mulch type used shall be hay, straw, or mulch applied at a rate of 45 pounds per 1,000 square feet.
- 7. **Sprinkling:** The planted area shall be irrigated or sprinkled in a manner that will not erode the topsoil but will sufficiently soak the soil to a depth of six inches. The irrigation shall occur at 10-day intervals during the first two months.
- 8. Rainfall occurrences of  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch or more shall postpone the watering schedule for one week.

	SHEET INDEX
SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	COVER SHEET
2	EXISTING PLAT
3	GENERAL NOTES
4	EXISTING CONDITION
5	EROSION & SEDIMENTATION PLAN
6	EROSION & SEDIMENTAION DETAILS
7	EXISTING DRAINAGE AREA MAP
8	SITE PLAN AND DIMENSIONS
9	SITE PLAN DETAILS
10	SITE PLAN DETAILS (2)
11	GRADING PLAN
12	POST DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE PLAN
13	INLET PLAN AND CALCULATION
14	STORM PIPE & PROFILES - STORM 1
15	STORM PIPE & PROFILES - STORM 2 & 3
16	WATER QUALITY-1
17	WATER QUALITY -2
18	WATER QUALITY-3
19	DRAINAGE DETAIL
20	UTILITY PLAN
21	WATER & WASTEWATER DETAILS
22	PAVING PLAN
23	FIRE PROTECTION PLAN
24	DRIVEWAY AND CULVERT TXDOT DETAILS

APPROVED FOR ACCEPTANCE:

**REVIEWED BY:** 

CURTIS STEGER, P.E. CITY ENGINEER

JERRY L. MILLARD, JR., DIRECTOR OF PLANNING

LIZ BRANIGAN, MAYOR

ELAINE SIMPSON, CITY SECRETARY

WILLIAMSON COUNTY ENGINEER

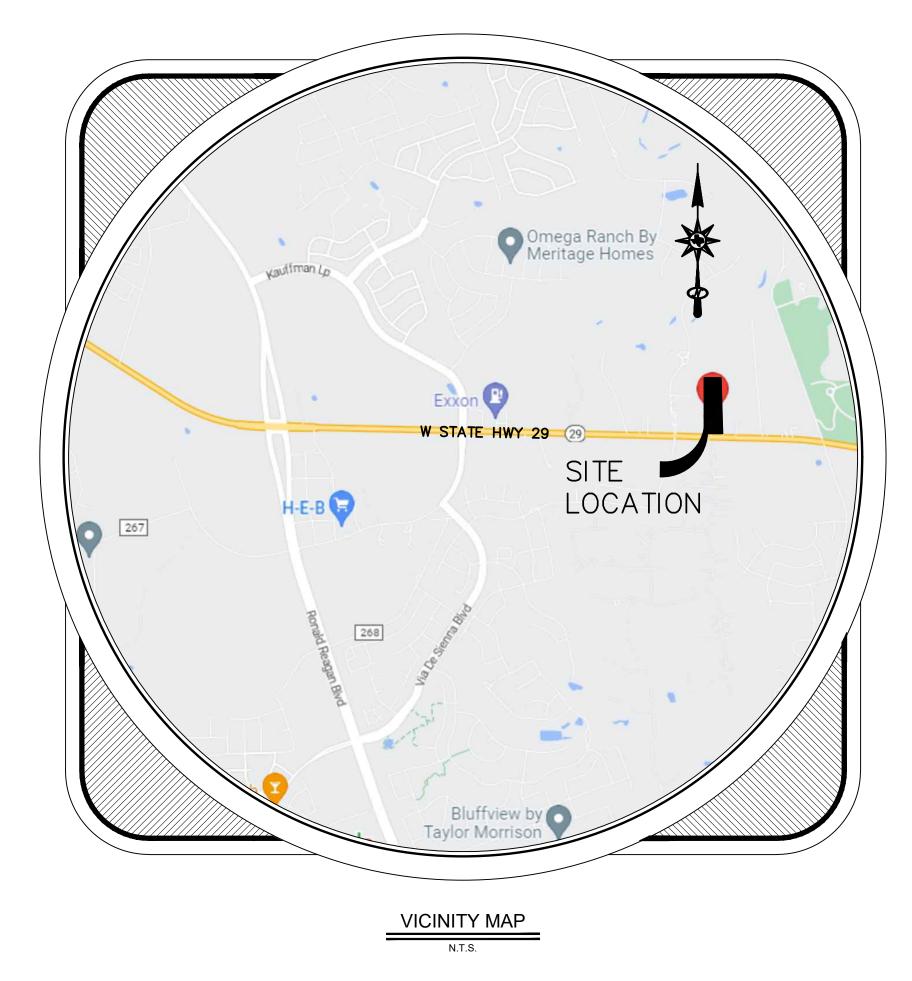
FIRE DEPARTMENT

TCEQ PERMIT NUMBER

REVISION DESCRIPTION	REVIEWED BY:	APPROVAL OF REVISION	DATE
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GRA BUIL CON тот

# SITE DEVELOPMENT PERMIT PLANS VALERO C-STORE WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN



**GENERAL NOTES** 

APPLICANT/OWNER MUST COORDINATE WITH UTILITY COMPANIES PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. NO POND HAVE EMBANKMENT EQUALING OR EXCEEDING 6 FEET. THIS SITE IS OVER THE EDWARDS AQUIFER RECHARGE ZONE.

SITE INFORMATION:

PROPERTY: R634291 WATERSHED: NORTH FORK SAN GABRIEL RIVER EXTRATERRITORIAL JURISDICTION: LIBERTY HILL

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

WAREHOUSES.

FLOODPLAIN INFORMATION:

THE TRACT SHOWN HEREON LIES WITHIN ZONE "X", (AREAS DETERMINED TO BE OUTSIDE 0.2% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOODPLAIN), AS IDENTIFIED BY THE FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY, FEDERAL INSURANCE ADMINISTRATION, AS SHOWN ON MAP NO. 48491C0275E, DATED 09/26/2008, FOR WILLIAMSON COUNTY, UNINCORPORATED AREAS, IF THIS SITE IS NOT WITHIN AN IDENTIFIED SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA, THIS FLOOD STATEMENT DOES NOT IMPLY THAT THE PROPERTY AND/OR THE STRUCTURES THEREON WILL BE FREE FROM FLOODING OR FLOOD DAMAGE. THIS FLOOD STATEMENT SHALL NOT CREATE LIABILITY ON THE PART OF THE ENGINEER OR SURVEYOR.

IMPERVIOUS COVER

	0,121,		
RASS	61,919 SF	1.421 AC.	
JILDING	22,500 SF	0.516 AC.	
ONCRETE	63,075 SF	1.448 AC.	
DTAL	147,480 SF	3.386 AC.	
TOTAL IMPERVIOUS CO	OVER		58 %

58 %



THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

Hemed Z

AHMED EL SEWEIFY, P.E.

LEGAL DESCRIPTION: AW0005 AW0005 - Fisk, G. Sur., ACRES 3

CONSTRUCTION OF 4500 SQ OF COMMERCIAL RETAIL AND 17,500 SQUARE FOOT OF OFFICE

June 6, 2023

DATE

SITE AREAS

TOTAL DISTURBED AREA	147,480 SF	3.386 AC.
LIMIT OF CONSTRUCTION	147,480 SF	3.386 AC.
TOTAL AREA	147,480 SF	3.386 AC.

PERMIT NO: TBD

**PROJECT:** 



LOCATION:

# 6830 W. STATE HWY 29 GEORGETOWN, TX 78628



# project team

OWNER/DEVELOPER: AHMED REAL ESTATE INC. 151 JAYNE CV AUSTIN TEXAS 78737

POINT OF CONTACT ASLAM MOTIVALA (512) 751-2497 ASLAMMOTIWALA@GMAIL.COM

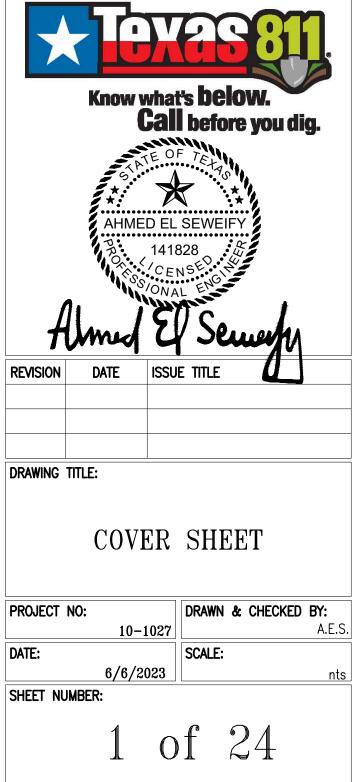
CIVIL / STRUCTURAL ENGINEER: AES ENGINEERING CONSULTANT 2514 PRESERVE TRAIL CEDAR PARK, TX 786813

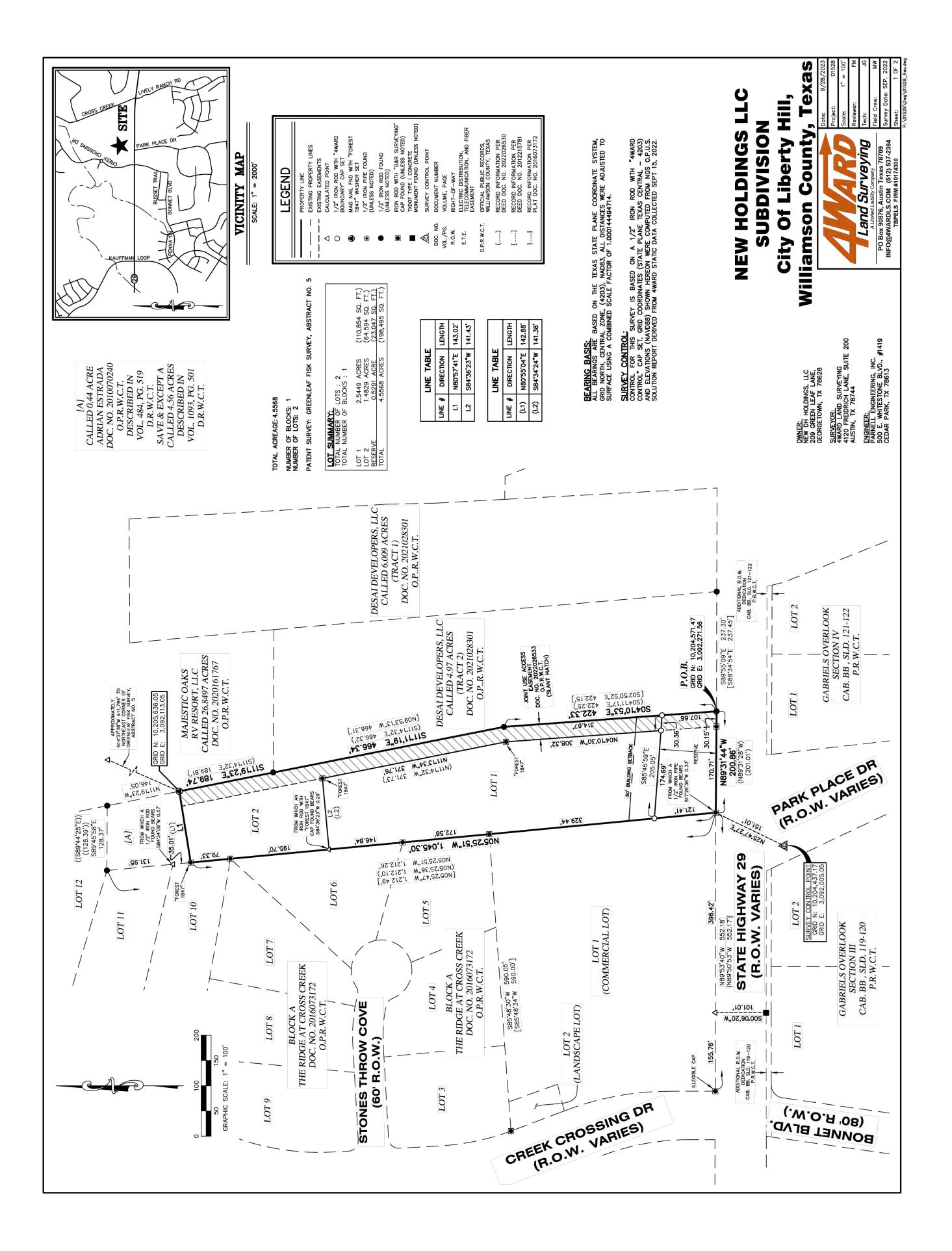
SURVEYOR: FOREST SURVEYING & MAPPING COMPANY 1002 ASH ST. GEORGETOWN, TX PHONE: (512) 930-5927

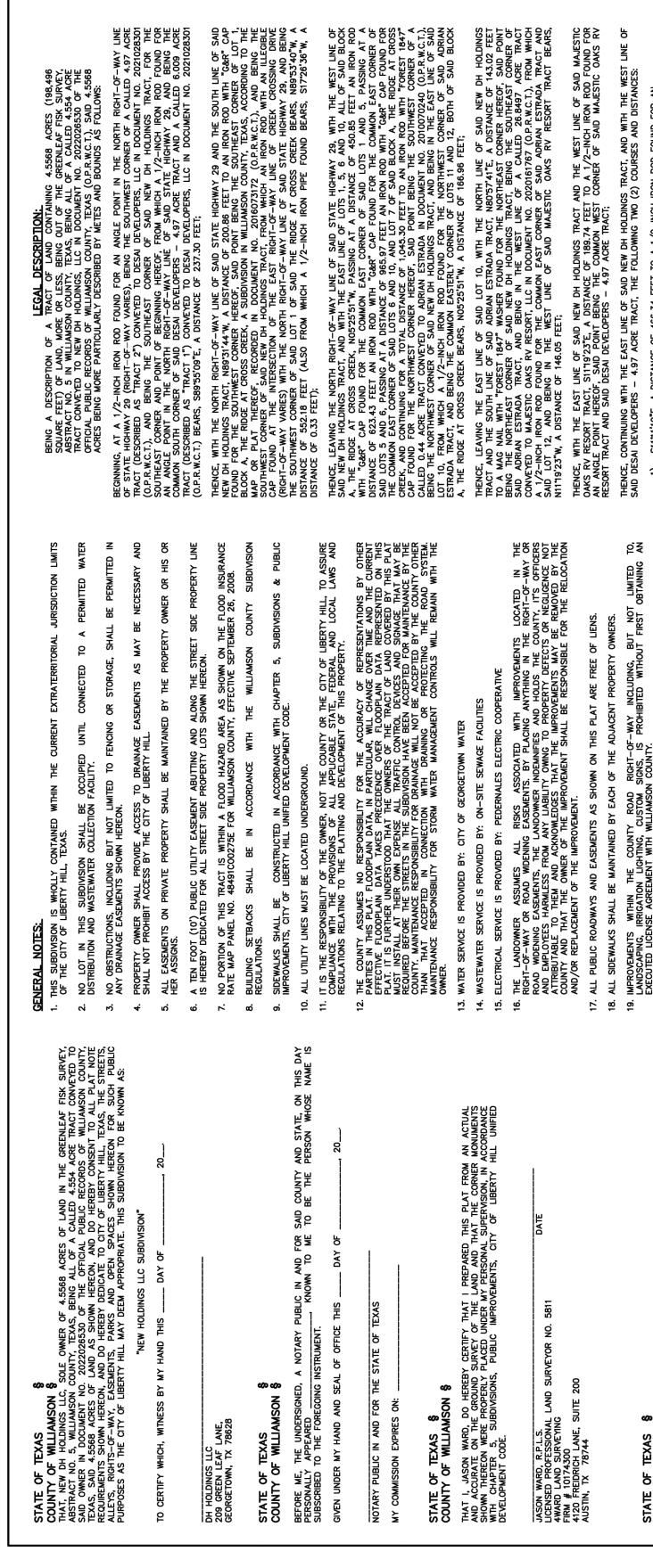
WWW.FOREST SURVEYING.COM

GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER: ARIAS 13581 POND SPRINGS ROAD, STE 210, AUSTIN, TX PHONE: (512) 428-5550

GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT CAPITOL ENVIRONMENTAL 8700 MANCHACA RD, STE 201, AUSTIN, TX 78748 PHONE (512) 535-4451







			PROJECT:
			VALERO C-STORE
DD FOUND FOR AN NNING AND R LESS.	THE COUNTY AND STATE AFORESAID, DO AND ITS AUTHENTICATION, WAS FILED FOR , A.D., AT O'CLOCK,M., PLAT 	HOLDINGS LLC HOLDINGS LLC UBDIVISION Of Liberty HII, Of Liberty HII, Soon County, Texas and Soon County, Texas and	LOCATION: 6830 W. STATE HWY 29 GEORGETOWN, TX 78628
stance of 466.34 feet to a 1/2-inch iron rod found for an and stance of 422.33 feet to the point of beginning and stess (198,496 Square Feet) of Land, more or less.	<b>TCATION:</b> K OF COUNTY COURT, WITH AND FOR THE COUN F FOREGOING INSTRUMENT OF WRITING, AND ITS A THE DAY OF 20 A.D., AND STATE IN CABINET 20 A.D., AND STATE IN CABINET SLIDES	NEW HOLDING SUBDIVISIC SUBDIVISIC SUBDIVISIC City Of Liberty Williamson Count A Limed Librity Company A Limed Librity Company A Limed Librity Company D B D SO 80876, Austin Texas 78705 INFLIS FIRM #10174300	Project team         OWNER/DEVELOPER:
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			POINT OF CONTACT ASLAM MOTIVALA (512) 751-2497 ASLAMMOTIWALA@GMAIL.COM
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			PROJECT NO:         DRAWN & CHECKED BY:           10-1027         10-1027           A.E.S.           DATE:           1/24/2023           9/27/2023
			sheet number: 2 of 35
		PFRMIT_NO: 2023-880-COC	SAVED ON 10/3/2023 11:54:36 AM

LIBERTY HILL PERMIT NO: 23-020SDP

# **GENERAL NOTES:**

1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR CONFIRMING TO ALL REQUIREMENTS HEREIN. 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FOLLOW ALL MANUFACTURES INSTALLATION RECOMMENDATIONS.

3. REPORT ANY CHANGES OR REVISIONS TO GEOMETRY AND OR MATERIAL SO THAT THE DESIGN(S) SHOWN HEREIN CAN BE REMOVED OR MODIFIED, IF REQUIRED. 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR LOCATING AND/OR VERIFYING THE LOCATION AND DEPTHS OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES AND COORDINATING WITH THE APPROPRIATE UTILITY AGENCY. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE AND PAY 100% OF THE COST TO REPAIR OR REPLACE UTILITY DAMAGES THAT OCCUR AS A RESULT OF THE PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION.

5. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL INTERIM BRACING, SHORING, AND INTERIM DRAINAGE AND EROSION CONTROL PROVISIONS. BRACING AND SHORING FOR PROTECTION OF EXISTING STRUCTURES ARE NOT INCLUDED IN THIS DESIGN AND MUST BE DESIGNED BY A PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER TO PROTECT AGAINST POSSIBLE FOUNDATION FAILURES. AT THE END OF EACH WORK DAY, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL GRADE THE SITE TO PREVENT INTRUSION OF WATER INTO THE WORK AREA.

6. ASSURE CONFORMANCE WITH THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS, LOCAL, STATE, AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS. 7. PROVIDE CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING SERVICES FOR HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL

CONTROL. 8. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE HIS OWN INVESTIGATIONS AND ARRANGEMENTS FOR DELIVERY OF MATERIALS.

9. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SOLELY BE RESPONSIBLE FOR FURNISHING. INSTALLING AND MAINTAINING THE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES IN ACCORDANCE TO THE TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN PROVIDED. ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES, CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND TYPICAL WORK ZONE SIGNS SHALL MEET OR EXCEED THE REQUIREMENTS SHOWN IN THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES" (TMUTCD). THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE ALL STREET AND CURB CUTS WITHIN PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY WITH THE PUBLIC WORKS -ENGINEERING DIVISION (INSPECTION HOTLINE: 254-501-7620)

10. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE ALL WATER AND SEWER UTILITY TIE-INS TO PUBLICLY-DEDICATED INFRASTRUCTURE WITH THE PUBLIC WORKS -ENGINEERING DIVISION (INSPECTION HOTLINE: 254-501-7620).

11. SPECIFICATIONS SHALL CONFORM TO THOSE ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, JUNE 1, 2004.

# CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

1. CONTRACTOR TO REMOVE ALL ROCK AND UNSUITABLE MATERIAL TO A DEPTH OF TWO FEET BELOW FINISHED GRADE OR AS DIRECTED BY A GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER AND/OR THE OWNER/DEVELOPER.

2. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE REMOVAL OF ALL DEBRIS. 3. EARTHWORK IN PERMANENT STRUCTURE AREAS SHALL BE COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM OF 95% OF THE STANDARD PROCTOR MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY (ASTM SPEC. D-68) OR AS DIRECTED BY GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER. 4. ALL FILL AREAS TO BE PROOF ROLLED.

5. ALL CUT AND FILL SLOPES TO BE MINIMUM 3H:1V OR AS SHOWN

6. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY DAMAGE THAT MAY OCCUR TO ANY ADJACENT OR EXISTING STRUCTURES THAT ARE TO REMAIN. 7. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE DUST CONTROL AND PROTECT ADJACENT STREETS FROM ACCUMULATION OF SOIL.

8. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR MONITORING DOWNSTREAM CONDITIONS THROUGHOUT THE CONSTRUCTION PERIOD AND CLEARING ANY DEBRIS AND SEDIMENT CAUSED BY THE CONSTRUCTION. 9. DETENTION POND, DETENTION OUTLET STRUCTURES AND TEMPORARY SEDIMENT

POND FEATURES ARE TO BE FULLY OPERATIONAL PRIOR TO ANY OTHER CONSTRUCTION OR GRADING.

# PERMITS AND PERMIT REQUIREMENTS:

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN COPIES OF ALL REGULATORY AGENCY PERMITS AND LOCAL AGENCY PERMITS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE EXPECTED TO REVIEW AND ABIDE BY ALL THE REQUIREMENTS AND LIMITATIONS SET FORTH IN THE PERMITS. IT SHALL BE THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO NOTIFY THE AGENCIES PRIOR TO BEGINNING WORK.

ALL NEW ADVERTISING SIGNS SHALL BE UNDER SEPARATE PERMIT

# LAYOUT & CONTROL:

UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ON THE PLANS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL USE THE GEOMETRY PROVIDED ON THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS. BENCHMARK INFORMATION SHALL BE PROVIDED TO THE CONTRACTOR BY THE OWNER'S SURVEYOR. ANY DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN FIELD MEASUREMENTS AND CONSTRUCTION PLAN INFORMATION SHALL BE BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF THE ENGINEER IMMEDIATELY.

# LIMIT OF CONSTRUCTION:

THE CONTRACTOR IS EXPECTED TO CONTAIN ALL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES WITHIN THE SITE LIMITS. AT NO TIME SHALL THE CONTRACTOR DISTURB SURROUNDING PROPERTIES OR TRAVEL ON SURROUNDING PROPERTIES WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT FROM THE PROPERTY OWNER. ANY REPAIR OR RECONSTRUCTION OF DAMAGED AREAS IN SURROUNDING PROPERTIES SHALL BE REPAIRED BY THE CONTRACTOR ON AN IMMEDIATE BASIS. ALL COSTS FOR REPAIRS SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR AND NO EXTRA COMPENSATION SHALL BE PROVIDED

# GENERAL DESIGN INTENT:

ALL PAVED SURFACES AND ADJACENT SECTIONS SHALL BE GRADED TO DRAIN POSITIVELY IN THE DIRECTION SHOWN BY THE FLOW ARROWS AND SPOT ELEVATIONS ON THE PLANS AND TO PROVIDE A SMOOTH TRANSITION BETWEEN SURFACES WITH NO SHARP BREAKS IN GRADE AND NO UNUSUALLY STEEP OR REVERSE CROSS SLOPES. IT MAY BECOME ADVISABLE TO MAKE MINOR FIELD ADJUSTMENTS IN THE PROPOSED GRADES TO CONSTRUCT THE DESIGN INTENT. IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO ACCOMPLISH THE ABOVE. THE ENGINEER SHALL BE CONSULTED SO THAT HE MAY MAKE ANY AND ALL INTERPRETATIONS OF THE PLANS OR GIVE SUPPLEMENTARY INSTRUCTIONS TO ACCOMPLISH THE INTENT OF THE PLANS

MATERIAL STORAGE/DEBRIS REMOVAL: ALL WASTE MATERIALS EXCAVATED FROM THE SITE SHALL BE REMOVED AND PROPERLY DISPOSED OF OFF SITE BY THE CONTRACTOR. MATERIALS SHALL BE STOCKPILED SEPARATELY AS TO USABLE (NON-ORGANIC) FILL STOCKPILES AND ORGANIC (MUCK) STOCKPILES. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE REMOVAL OF ALL UNSUITABLE FILL MATERIALS FROM THE SITE

# **EXCAVATION:**

REMOVE ALL ORGANIC MATTERS, STUMPS, DELETERIOUS MATTERS, AND CONCRETE PAVING, FOUNDATIONS, ETC. WITHIN THE BUILDING PADS . PRE-DENSIFY WITH LOADED DUMP TRUCK (20-TON MINIMUM) OR OTHER SUITABLE RUBBER TIRED EQUIPMENT. OVERLAPPING PASSES OF THE VEHICLE SHALL BE MADE ACROSS THE SITE IN ONE DIRECTION AND THEN AT RIGHT ANGLES TO THE ORIGINAL DIRECTION OF ROLLING. ALL YIELDING, PUMPING, OR SOFT AREAS IN PAVED AREAS AND BUILDING PADS SHALL BE CUT OUT AND REPLACED WITH FILL COMPACTED AS SPECIFIED ON GRADING PLAN.

# **GRADING:**

STRUCTURAL FILL MATERIAL REQUIRED TO BRING THE SITE TO GRADE SHALL BE AS SHOWN IN THE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT. IN THE ABSENCE OF A GEOTECHNICAL REPORT, FILL MATERIAL WILL BE LIMITED TO SOILS CLASSIFIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM D2487 AS GM, GC,SW,SP,SM,SC,ML, AND CL.

# TOP SOIL:

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL STOCKPILE AND LATER SPREAD A MINIMUM OF 6 INCHES OF TOPSOIL IN AREAS TO BE LANDSCAPED, SODDED OR SEEDED.

# SURFACE DAMAGE:

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE EXPECTED AT THE END OF EACH DAY TO HAVE THE SITE GRADED IN SUCH A WAY AS TO NOT CAUSE ANY ADVERSE IMPACT FROM RUNOFF OR SILTATION TO ANY ADJACENT PROPERTIES. SILTATION BARRIERS SHALL BE MAINTAINED AND REPAIRED IF REQUIRED AT THE END OF EACH WORKING DAY.

# **PAVEMENT SECTION REQUIREMENTS:** TXDOT STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATION. REFER TO DRAWINGS AND/OR GEOTECHNICAL REPORT FOR THE REQUIRED PAVEMENT SECTIONS.

### SIDEWALKS:

SIDEWALKS ARE TO BE CONSTRUCTED IN THE AREAS AS SHOWN ON THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS. THE SIDEWALK SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED OF 4" OF CONCRETE WITH A 28-DAY COMPRESSION STRENGTH OF 3,000 PSI. JOINTS SHALL BE EITHER TOOLED OR SAW CUT. HANDICAP RAMPS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE REGULATIONS FOR HANDICAP ACCESSIBILITY.

# **GENERAL UTILITIES:**

STANDARDS & SPECIFICATIONS.

COORDINATE WATER & SEWER CONNECTIONS WITH PLUMBING CONTRACTOR & REFER TO PLUMBING PLANS.

ALL EXTERIOR LIGHTS FACING RESIDENTIAL DISTRICTS SHALL SHINE DOWNWARDS.

THE LOCATIONS OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES SHOWN ON THE PLANS HAVE BEEN DETERMINED FROM THE INFORMATION AVAILABLE AND ARE GIVEN FOR THE CONFIDENCE OF THE CONTRACTOR. THE ENGINEER ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THEIR ACCURACY. PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY IT SHALL BE THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO NOTIFY THE VARIOUS UTILITIES AND TO MAKE THE NECESSARY ARRANGEMENTS FOR ANY RELOCATIONS OF THESE UTILITIES WITH THE OWNER OF THE UTILITY. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL EXERCISE CAUTION WHEN CROSSING AN UNDERGROUND UTILITY WHETHER SHOWN ON THE PLANS OR LOCATED BY THE UTILITY COMPANY. ALL UTILITIES THAT INTERFERE WITH THE PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE RELOCATED BY THE RESPECTIVE UTILITY COMPANY AND THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COOPERATE WITH THEM DURING THE RELOCATION OPERATION. ANY DELAY OR INCONVENIENCE CAUSED TO THE CONTRACTOR BY THE RELOCATION OF VARIOUS UTILITIES SHALL BE INCIDENTAL TO THE CONTRACT AND NO EXTRA COMPENSATION WILL BE ALLOWED.

# SANITARY SEWER:

ALL SANITARY SEWER PIPE SHALL BE PVC, CONFORMING TO ASTM D3034 SDR-26. INSTALLATION OF SEWER PIPE SHALL CONFORM TO THE LOCAL GOVERNING AGENCIES STANDARDS & SPECIFICATIONS. REFER TO "LOCAL GOVERNING MANUAL" FOR DETAILS. HORIZONTAL SEPARATION OF AT LEAST 10' SHALL BE MAINTAINED BETWEEN WATER AND SEWER LINES. WHEN WATER AND SEWER LINES CROSS WITH LESS THAN 24" VERTICAL SEPARATION OR WHEN THE WATER LINE CROSSES BENEATH THE SEWER LINE AT ANY DEPTH. THE SEWER LINE SHALL BE ENCASED IN CONCRETE. ALL SEWER FITTINGS SHALL BE PVC MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM D3034. FITTINGS SHALL BE SUITABLE FOR USE WITH PVC SDR-26 GRAVITY SEWER PIPE. ALL FITTINGS SHALL HAVE ELASTOMETRIC RUBBER SEALS. GASKETS SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM F477.

# SANITARY SEWER SERVICES SHALL BE SCH40 PVC PIPE

WATER LINES: ALL WATER MAINS SHALL BE AWWA C900 PVC PIPE UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. ALL CONSTRUCTION SHOWN HEREIN SHALL BE PER CITY OF KILLEEN STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATION. EXISTING UTILITIES SHOWN HEREIN HAVE BEEN LOCATED BY VISIBLE APPURTENCANCES AND RECORD DRAWINGS. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR LOCATION AND PROTECTING ALL UTILITIES REGARDLESS OF THE DEPICTION HEREIN. ALL WATER MAINS SHAL HAVE A MINIMUM DEPTH OF COVER OF 42" BELOW FINISH GRADE. FIRE HYDRANT SYMBOLS ARE FOR REPRESENTATION ONLY. FIRE HYDRANT ORIENTATION SHALL BE BE PER CITY OF KILLEEN STANDARD DETAIL ALL FIELD BENDS SHALL BE PER PIPE MANUFACTURER RECOMMENDATIONS. WATER MAIN SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AS SHOWN ON THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS. SERVICE LINE SHALL BE SCH 40 PVC. INSTALLATION OF WATER PIPE SHALL CONFORM TO THE LOCAL GOVERNING AGENCIES STANDARDS & SPECIFICATIONS.

# SPECIFICATIONS: THEY APPLY

# ACCESSIBILITY NOTES::

SLOPES ON ACCESSIBLE ROUTES MAY NOT EXCEED 1:20 UNLESS DESIGNED AS A RAMP. [TAS 4.3.7]. THE MAXIMUM SLOPE OF A RAMP IN NEW CONSTRUCTION IS 1:12. THE MAXIMUM RISE FOR ANY RAMP RUN IS 30 IN. [TAS 4.8.2]. 3. ACCESSIBLE ROUTES MUST HAVE A CROSS-SLOPE NO GREATER THAN 1:50. [TAS 4.3.7] 4. GROUND SURFACE ALONG ACCESSIBLE ROUTES MUST BE STABLE, FIRM, AND SLIP

RESISTANT. [TAS 4.5.1]

SUBGRADE PREPARATIONS AND PAVEMENT INSTALLATION SHALL CONFORM TO CITY AND/OR

INSTALLATION OF ALL UTILITIES SHALL CONFORM TO THE LOCAL GOVERNING AGENCIES

PROPOSED PROJECT IMPROVEMENTS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE TO THE PROJECT SPECIFICATIONS INCLUDING LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL GOVERNING SPECIFICATIONS AS **DEMOLITION:** DEMOLITION BY SEPARATE PERMIT BY CONTRACTOR.

# SEQUENCE OF MAJOR ACTIVITIES:

EROSION CONTROL CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE: PLACE TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE FOR TRUCKING AND EQUIPMENT MOBILIZATION WITH STONE. 2. ROUGH GRADE SILT PERIMETER AND INSTALL SILT FENCE SAME DAY WITH GOOD WEATHER PREDICTED BY THE NATIONAL WEATHER BUREAU. CONSTRUCT DETENTION FACILITY AND DETENTION OUTFALL TO DESIGN CONTROLS BEFORE ANY VERTICAL OR IMPERVIOUS CONSTRUCTION PROCEEDS.

- BEGIN UTILITY WORK AND ROUGH GRADING.
- FINISH ROUGH GRADING AND START FINISH GRADING. INSTALL ON-SITE PAVING.
- INSTALL SODDING AND/OR SEEDING.
- REMOVE SILT FENCING IN AREAS PROTECTED BY PERMANENT STRUCTURES.
- REMOVE TEMPORARY STONE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE. 10. PAVE CONCRETE APPROACHES.
- 11. COMPLETE INSTALLING SODDING AND LANDSCAPING.

12. REMOVE ALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL DEVICES WHEN APPROVED BY LOCAL 2 GOVERNING AUTHORITY.

# SITE ABBREVIATIONS:

			-	4.
3	- DIAMETER	N.I.C.	<ul> <li>NOT IN CONTRACT</li> <li>NOT TO SCALE</li> </ul>	
ð E	- PLUS OR MINUS	N.T.S.	– NOT TO SCALE	
Z	- PERCENT			5.
S.F.P	- BACKFLOW PREVENTOR	0.T.	– OVERHEAD TELEPHONE	
3.0.C	- BACK OF CURB	PL	- PROPERTY LINE	
с.в	– BACK OF CURB – CATCH BASIN	P.P.	- POWER POLE	
C&G	– CURB & GUTTER	P.V.C.	- POLYVINYL CHLORIDE	
S.I.	- CURB INLET	R	- RADIUS	
Ľ	<ul> <li>CURB INLET</li> <li>CENTERLINE</li> <li>CORRUGATED METAL PIPE</li> <li>CONCRETE MASONRY UNIT</li> </ul>	R.C.P.	- REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE	
С.М.Р.	- CORRUGATED METAL PIPE	REINF.	- REINFORCED	6.
CMU	- CONCRETE MASONRY UNIT	R.O.W.	- RIGHT OF WAY	0.
2.0.	- CLEANOUT	R.W.	<ul> <li>OVERHEAD ELECTRIC</li> <li>OVERHEAD TELEPHONE</li> <li>PROPERTY LINE</li> <li>POWER POLE</li> <li>POLYVINYL CHLORIDE</li> <li>RADIUS</li> <li>REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE</li> <li>REINFORCED</li> <li>RIGHT OF WAY</li> <li>RETAINING WALL</li> <li>SECTION</li> <li>SQUARE FEET</li> </ul>	
		SECT.	- SECTION	
CONS	- CONSTRUCTION			7.
CONT.	- CONTINUOUS	SHT.	– SHEET	1.
CULV.	- CONCRETE - CONSTRUCTION - CONTINUOUS - CULVERT - DRAINAGE EASEMENT - DIAMETER	SPECS.	– SHEET – SPECIFICATIONS – SANITARY SEWER – STATION – STANDARD	тс
).E.	– DRAINAGE EASEMENT	S.S.	- SANITARY SEWER	10
DIA.	- DIAMETER	STA.	- STATION	
DIA. D.I.	– DIAMETER – DROP INLET		0.0.0.00	
EA.	– EACH	S.W.	- SIDEWALK	
ELEV.	- EACH - ELEVATION - EDGE OF ASPHALT - EDGE OF PAVING - EASEMENT		- TEMPORARY BENCH MARK	
.O.A	– EDGE OF ASPHALT	T.C./T.O.C.	- TOP OF CURB	
.O.P	- EDGE OF PAVING	THK.	<ul><li>THICK</li><li>TRANSFORMER</li></ul>	
EASM	- EASEMENT	TRANS.	- TRANSFORMER	
X./EXIST.	- EXISTING	T.W.	<ul> <li>TRANSFORMER</li> <li>TOP OF WALL</li> <li>TYPICAL</li> <li>UTILITY EASEMENT</li> <li>UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC</li> <li>UNDERGROUND TELEPHONE</li> <li>VITRIFIED CLAY</li> <li>VERTICAL</li> <li>WITH</li> <li>WITHOUT</li> <li>WATER METER</li> <li>WELDED WIRE FABRIC</li> <li>WATER VALVE</li> </ul>	
XP. JT.	– EXPANSION JOINT	TYP.	- TYPICAL	
.F.E.	- FINISH FLOOR ELEVATION	U.E.	- UTILITY EASEMENT	
7.G.	– FINISH GRADE	U.G.E.	- UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC	
Г.Н.	- FIRE HYDRANT - FURNISH & INSTALL - FORCE MAIN - GALVANIZED - GENERAL CONTRACTOR - GENERAL CONTRACTOR	U.G.T.	- UNDERGROUND TELEPHONE	8.
.& I.	– FURNISH & INSTALL	V.C.	- VITRIFIED CLAY	ο.
Г.М.	- FORCE MAIN	VERT.	– VERTICAL	
GALV.	- GALVANIZED	W/	— WITH	~
G.C.	– GENERAL CONTRACTOR	W/0	– WITHOUT	9.
S.I.	– GRATE INLET	W.M.	- WATER METER	
I.C.	- HANDICAP	W.W.F.	- WELDED WIRE FABRIC	
I.D.P.E.	- GRATE INLET - HANDICAP - HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE	W.V.	- WATER VALVE	
PIPE				
IORIZ.	- HORIZONTAL			
I.W.	- HEADWALL			10
NV.	- INVERT			
l.B.	- JUNCTION BOX			
F.	– LINEAR FEET			
<i>и</i> .н.	- INVERT - JUNCTION BOX - LINEAR FEET - MANHOLE			
ION.	- MONUMENT			
				11

### Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Water Pollution Abatement Plan General Construction Notes

Edwards Aquifer Protection Program Construction Notes – Legal Disclaimer

he following/listed "construction notes" are intended to be advisory in nature only and do not constitute an approval or conditional approval by the Executive Director (ED), nor do they constitute a comprehensive listing of rules or conditions to be followed during construction. Further actions may be required to achieve compliance with TCEQ regulations found in Title 30, Texas Administrative Code (TAC), Chapters 213 and 217, as well as local ordinances and regulations providing for the protection of water quality. Additionally, nothing contained in the following/listed "construction notes" restricts the powers of the ED, the commission or any other governmental entity to prevent, correct, or curtail activities that result or may result in pollution of the Edwards Aquifer or hydrologically connected surface waters. The holder of any Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan containing "construction notes" is still responsible for compliance with Title 30, TAC, Chapters 213 or any other applicable TCEQ regulation, as well as all conditions of an Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan through all phases of plan implementation. Failure to comply with any condition of the ED's approval, whether or not in contradiction of any "construction notes," is a violation of TCEQ regulations and any violation is subject to administrative rules, orders, and penalties as provided under Title 30, TAC § 213.10 (relating to Enforcement). Such violations may also be subject to civil penalties and injunction. The following/listed "construction notes" in no way represent an approved exception by the ED to any part of Title 30 TAC, Chapters 213 and 217, or any other TCEQ applicable regulation

1. A written notice of construction must be submitted to the TCEQ regional office at least 48 hours prior to the start of any regulated activities. This notice must include: the name of the approved project;

> - the activity start date; and - the contact information of the prime contractor.

All contractors conducting regulated activities associated with this project must be provided with complete copies of the approved Water Pollution Abatement Plan (WPAP) and the TCEQ letter indicating the specific conditions of its approval. During the course of these regulated activities, the contractors are required to keep on-site copies of the approved plan and approval letter.

If any sensitive feature(s) (caves, solution cavity, sink hole, etc.) is discovered during construction, all regulated activities near the sensitive feature must be suspended immediately. The appropriate TCEQ regional office must be immediately notified of any sensitive features encountered during construction. Construction activities may not be resumed until the TCEQ has reviewed and approved the appropriate protective measures in order to protect any sensitive feature and the Edwards Aquifer from potentially adverse impacts to water quality.

No temporary or permanent hazardous substance storage tank shall be installed within 150 feet of a water supply source, distribution system, well, or sensitive feature.

Prior to beginning any construction activity, all temporary erosion and sedimentation (E&S) control measures must be properly installed and maintained in accordance with the approved plans and manufacturers specifications. If inspections indicate a control has been used inappropriately, or incorrectly, the applicant must replace or modify the control for site situations. These controls must remain in place until the disturbed areas have been permanently stabilized.

Any sediment that escapes the construction site must be collected and properly disposed of before the next rain event to ensure it is not washed into surface streams, sensitive features,

Sediment must be removed from the sediment traps or sedimentation basins not later than CEQ-0592 (Rev. July 15, 2015) Page 1 of 2

when it occupies 50% of the basin's design capacity.

Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals exposed to stormwater shall be prevented from being discharged offsite.

All spoils (excavated material) generated from the project site must be stored on-site with proper E&S controls. For storage or disposal of spoils at another site on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone, the owner of the site must receive approval of a water pollution abatement plan for the placement of fill material or mass grading prior to the placement of spoils at the other site.

10. If portions of the site will have a temporary or permanent cease in construction activity lasting longer than 14 days, soil stabilization in those areas shall be initiated as soon as possible prior to the 14<sup>th</sup> day of inactivity. If activity will resume prior to the 21<sup>st</sup> day, stabilization measures are not required. If drought conditions or inclement weather prevent action by the 14<sup>th</sup> day, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as possible.

11. The following records shall be maintained and made available to the TCEQ upon request:

 the dates when major grading activities occur; - the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site; and

- the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.

12. The holder of any approved Edward Aquifer protection plan must notify the appropriate regional office in writing and obtain approval from the executive director prior to initiating any of the following:

- any physical or operational modification of any water pollution abatement structure(s), including but not limited to ponds, dams, berms, sewage treatment plants, and diversionary structures;
- any change in the nature or character of the regulated activity from that which was originally approved or a change which would significantly impact the ability of the plan to prevent pollution of the Edwards Aquifer;
- any development of land previously identified as undeveloped in the original water pollution abatement plan.

Austin Regional Office	San Antonio Regional Office
12100 Park 35 Circle, Building A	14250 Judson Road
Austin, Texas 78753-1808	San Antonio, Texas 78233-4480
Phone (512) 339-2929	Phone (210) 490-3096
Fax (512) 339-3795	Fax (210) 545-4329

THESE GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES MUST BE INCLUDED ON THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS PROVIDED TO THE CONTRACTOR AND ALL SUBCONTRACTORS.

TCEQ-0592 (Rev. July 15, 2015)

Page 2 of 2





LOCATION:

# 6830 W. STATE HWY 29 GEORGETOWN, TX 78628



# project team

OWNER/DEVELOPER: AHMED REAL ESTATE INC. 151 JAYNE CV AUSTIN TEXAS 78737

POINT OF CONTACT ASLAM MOTIVALA (512) 751-2497 ASLAMMOTIWALA@GMAIL.COM

CIVIL / STRUCTURAL ENGINEER: **AES ENGINEERING CONSULTANT** 2514 PRESERVE TRAIL CEDAR PARK. TX 786813

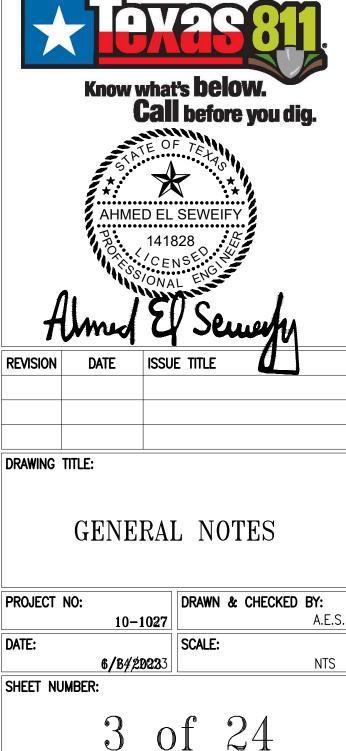
# SURVEYOR:

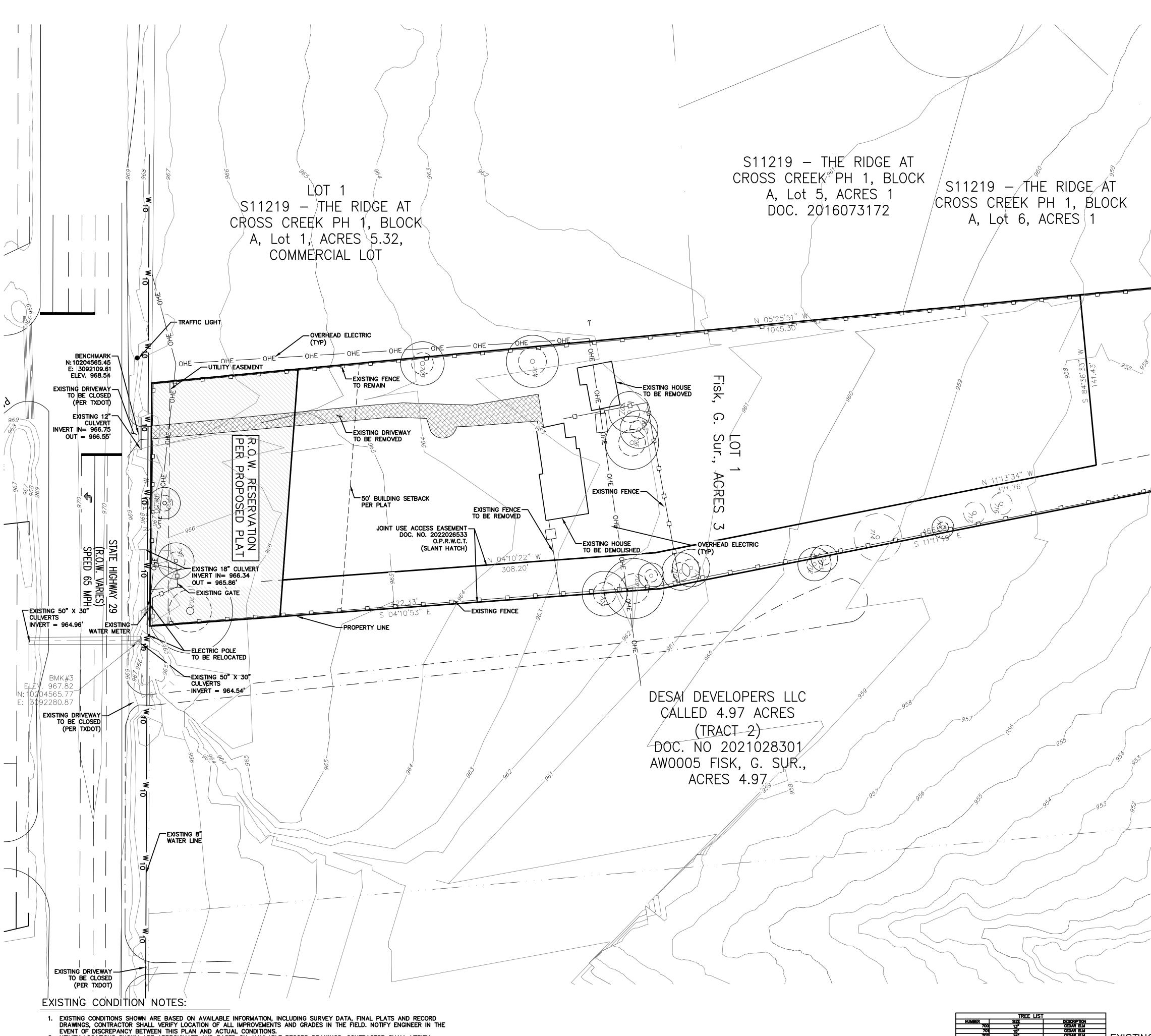
FOREST SURVEYING & MAPPING COMPANY 1002 ASH ST. GEORGETOWN, TX PHONE: (512) 930-5927 WWW.FOREST SURVEYING.COM

# GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER:

ARIAS 13581 POND SPRINGS ROAD, STE 210, AUSTIN, TX PHONE: (512) 428-5550

GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT CAPITOL ENVIRONMENTAL 8700 MANCHACA RD. STE 201. AUSTIN, TX 78748 PHONE (512) 535-4451





2. UTILITY LOCATIONS SHOWN ARE APPROXIMATE AND BASED ON AVAILABLE RECORD DRAWINGS, CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY LOCATIONS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

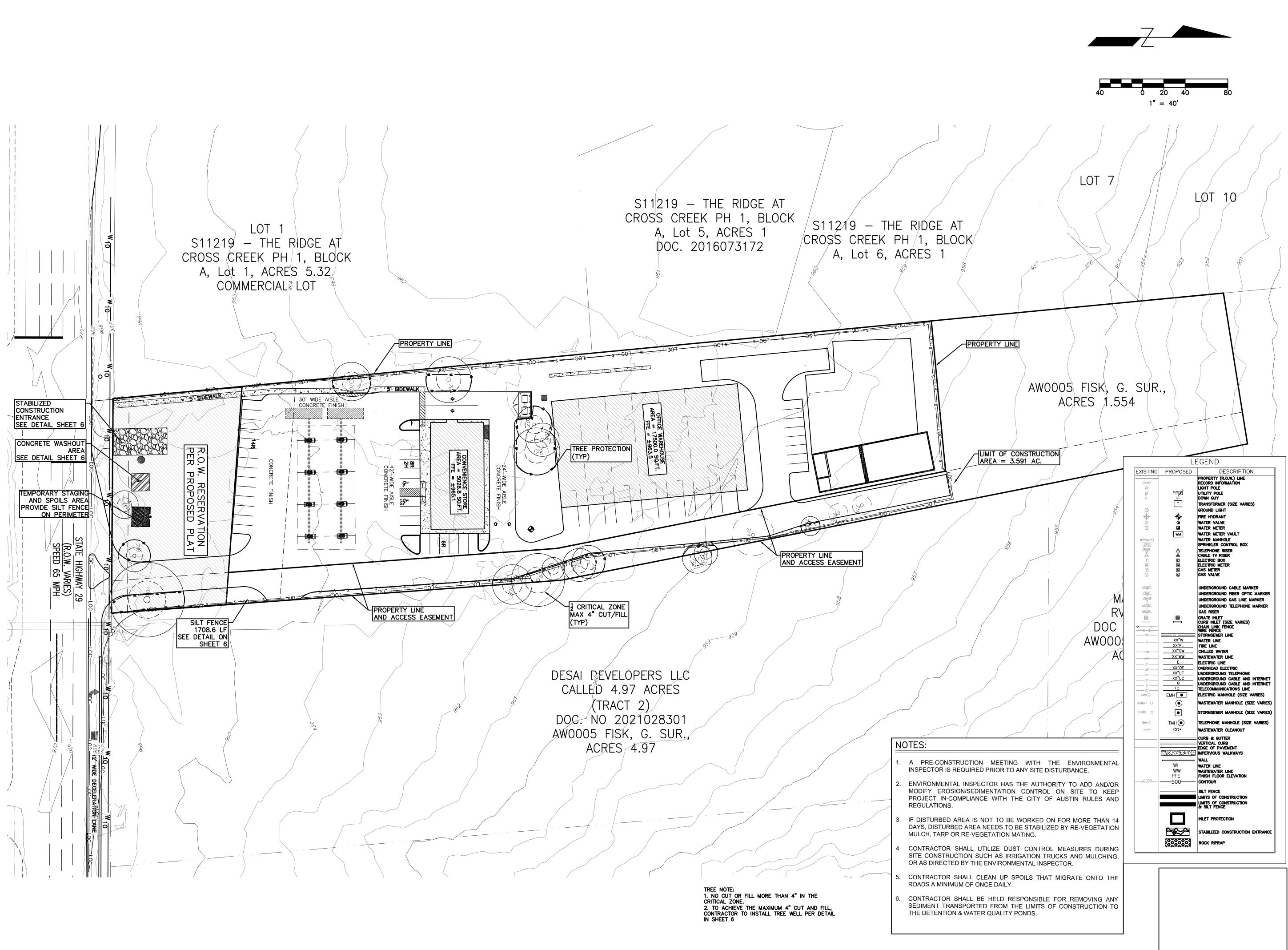
# DEMOLITION NOTES:

- ALL EXISTING CONCRETE AND ASPHALT IMPROVEMENTS TO BE REMOVED FROM SITE AS SHOWN. CONTRACTOR SHALL DISPOSE OF CONCRETE, ASPHALT, AND OTHER CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS AT AN APPROVED OFF-SITE FACILITY.
   A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING WITH THE ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTOR IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO ANY SITE DISTURBANCE.
- A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING WITH THE ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTOR IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO ANY SITE DISTORBANCE.
   ANY HAZARDOUS OR ENVIRONMENTALLY HARMFUL MATERIALS SHALL BE REMOVED AND DISPOSED BY PROPERLY LICENSED CONTRACTORS AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS.
   CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR OBTAINING THE REQUIRED PERMITS FOR DEMOLITION FROM THE PROPER AUTHORITIES.
   ALL DEMOLITION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL GUIDELINES.
   A PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING WITH THE ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTOR IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO ANY SITE DISTURBANCE.

		PROJECT: VALERO C-STORE
S11219 – THE RIDGE AT OSS CREEK PH 1, BLOCK A, Lot 6, ACRES 1	$40$ $0$ $20$ $40$ $10^{10}$ $10^{10}$	6830 W. STATE HWY 29 GEORGETOWN, TX 78628
		AES Engineering Convultant
	FISK, G. SUR., ES 1.554	OWNER/DEVELOPER:AHMED REAL ESTATE INC.151 JAYNE CVAUSTIN TEXAS78737POINT OF CONTACT
N 11°13'34" W	189.74') S 11°19'25'' E	ASLAM MOTIVALA (512) 751-2497 ASLAMMOTIWALA@GMAIL.COM <u>CIVIL / STRUCTURAL ENGINEER:</u> AES ENGINEERING CONSULTANT 2514 PRESERVE TRAIL CEDAR PARK, TX
		786813 <u>SURVEYOR:</u> FOREST SURVEYING & MAPPING COMPANY 1002 ASH ST. GEORGETOWN, TX PHONE: (512) 930-5927 WWW.FOREST SURVEYING.COM
	MAJESTIC OAKS RV RESORT LLC DOC NO 2020161767 AW0005 – Fisk, G, Sur.,	<u>GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER:</u> ARIAS 13581 POND SPRINGS ROAD, STE 210, AUSTIN, TX PHONE: (512) 428-5550 <u>GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT:</u> CAPITOL ENVIRONMENTAL
-957 05 <sup>6</sup> 955	ACRES 23.8497	8700 MANCHACA RD, STE 201, AUSTIN, TX 78748 PHONE (512) 535-4451
95 <sup>5</sup> 95 <sup>4</sup> 95 <sup>4</sup> 95 <sup>3</sup> 95 <sup>4</sup> 95 <sup>3</sup> 95 <sup>1</sup> 95 <sup>1</sup>	LEGEND • 1/2" IRON ROD FOUND (UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED) C LIGHT POLE Ø UTILITY POLE • DOWN GUY	Know what's below. Call before you dig.
	<ul> <li>FIRE HYDRANT</li> <li>WATER VALVE</li> <li>ELECTRIC BOX</li> <li>WATER METER</li> <li>CATV RISER</li> <li>AT&amp;T JUNCTION BOX</li> <li>FIBER OPTIC MARKER</li> </ul>	REVISION DATE ISSUE TITLE
TREE LIST	- OE - OVERHEAD ELECTRIC LINE WWMH O WASTEWATER MANHOLE SSMH O STORM SEWER MANHOLE LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION 2 CRITICAL ZONE TREE ( ) TREE TO BE REMOVED	DRAWING TITLE: EXISTING CONDITION
NUMBER         SIZE         DESCRIPTION           700         13"         CEDAR ELM           701         15"         CEDAR ELM           702         35"         CEDAR ELM           703         18"         CEDAR ELM           704         21"         CEDAR ELM           705         15.5"         CEDAR ELM           706         22"         CEDAR ELM           707         17"         CEDAR ELM           708         22"         CEDAR ELM           708         11.5")         CEDAR ELM           708         17" (MI0.5", 11.5")         CEDAR ELM           709         24.5" (M 15", 11.5", 7.5")         CEDAR ELM	AC.	PROJECT NO:         DRAWN & CHECKED BY:           10=1027         A.E.S.           DATE:         SCALE:           9/27/2023         1:40
710         10.5"         CEDAR ELM           711         15.25" (M 10", 10.5")         CEDAR ELM           712         14"         CEDAR ELM           713         11.5"         CEDAR ELM           714         19.25" (M13", 12.5")         CEDAR ELM           715         6"         CEDAR ELM           716         9.2"         CEDAR ELM TO BE REMOVED           717         9"         CEDAR ELM TO BE REMOVED		4 of 35 SAVED ON 10/3/2023 7:35:59 PM

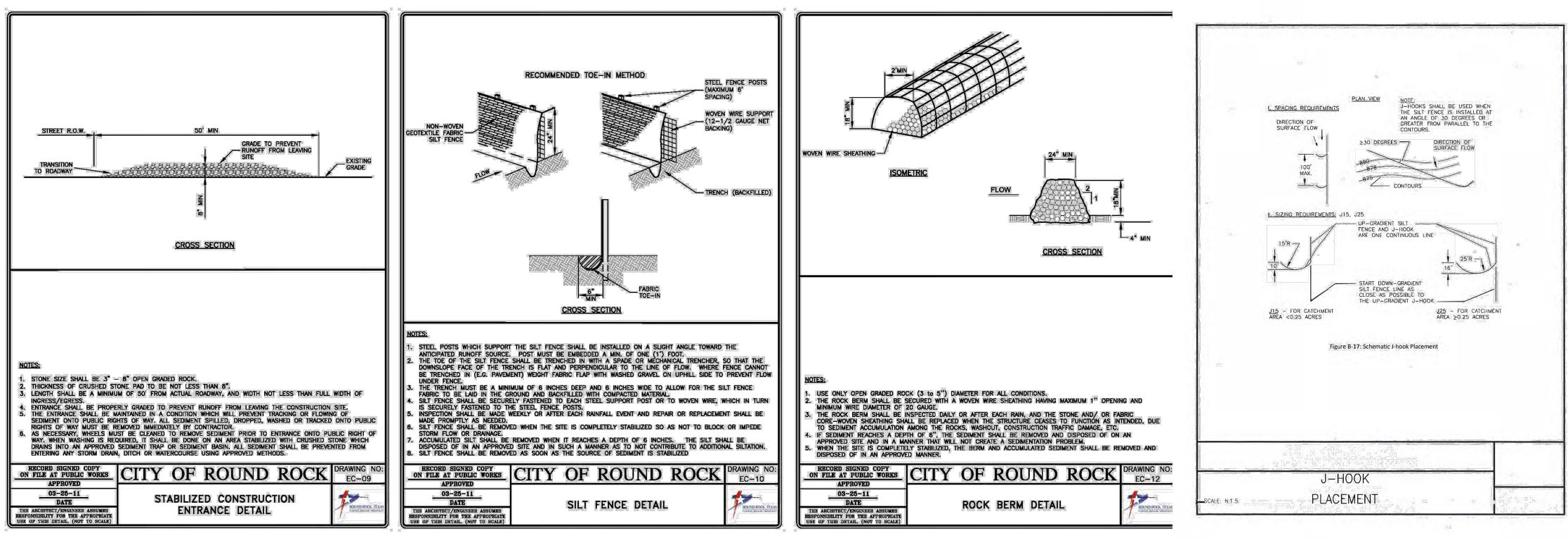
PERMIT NO: 2023-880-COC LIBERTY HILL PERMIT NO: 23-020SDP

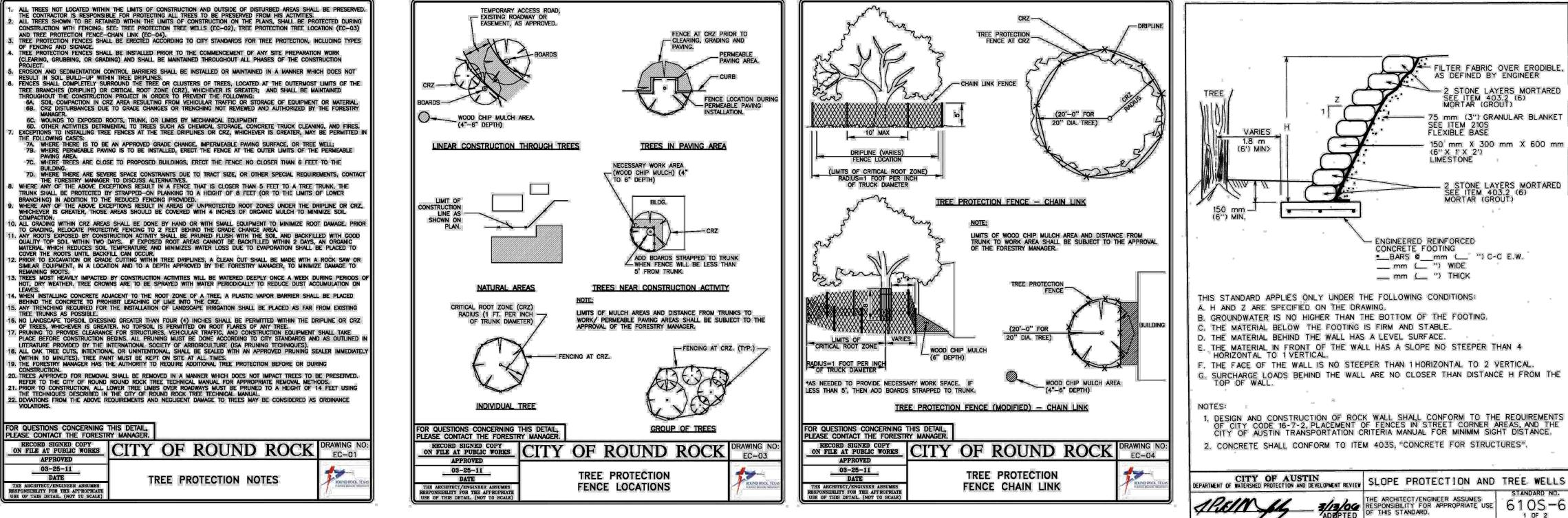
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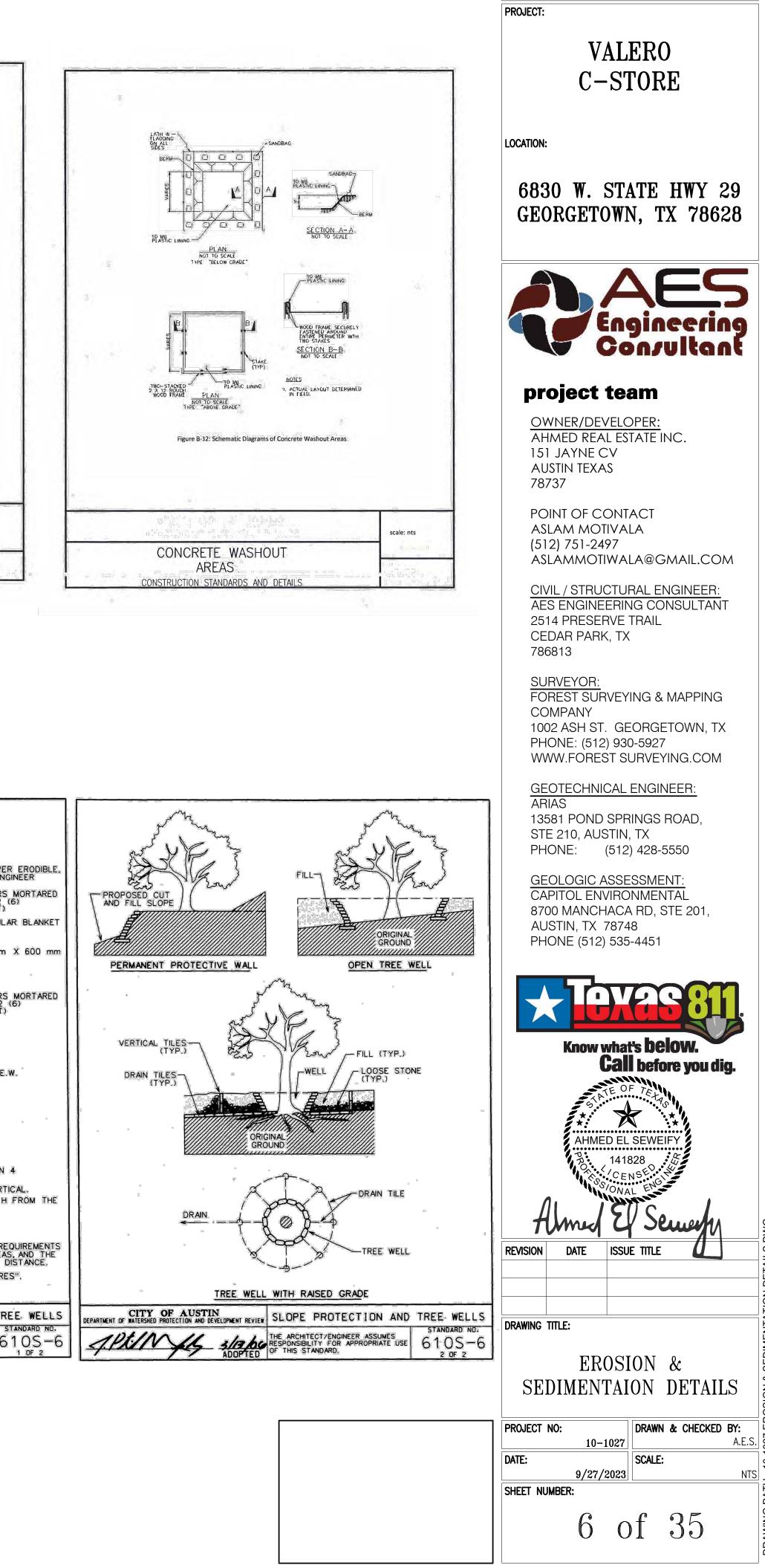


VALERO C-STORE	
LOCATION:	
6830 W. STATE HWY 29 GEORGETOWN, TX 78628	
Convultant	
project team	
OWNER/DEVELOPER: AHMED REAL ESTATE INC. 151 JAYNE CV AUSTIN TEXAS 78737	
POINT OF CONTACT ASLAM MOTIVALA (512) 751-2497 ASLAMMOTIWALA@GMAIL.COM	
<u>CIVIL / STRUCTURAL ENGINEER:</u> AES ENGINEERING CONSULTANT 2514 PRESERVE TRAIL CEDAR PARK, TX 786813	
<u>SURVEYOR:</u> FOREST SURVEYING & MAPPING COMPANY 1002 ASH ST. GEORGETOWN, TX PHONE: (512) 930-5927 WWW.FOREST SURVEYING.COM	
<u>GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER:</u> ARIAS 13581 POND SPRINGS ROAD, STE 210, AUSTIN, TX PHONE: (512) 428-5550	
GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT: CAPITOL ENVIRONMENTAL 8700 MANCHACA RD, STE 201, AUSTIN, TX 78748 PHONE (512) 535-4451	
× Texasen.	
Know what's <b>below.</b> <b>Call before you dig.</b>	
AHMED EL SEWEIFY	
Admic El Servery REVISION DATE ISSUE TITLE	
DRAWING TITLE:	_
EROSION & SEDIMENTATION PLAN	
PROJECT NO: 10-1027 DRAWN & CHECKED BY: A.E.S	
DATE: 9/27/2023 SCALE: 1:4	
SHEET NUMBER:	_

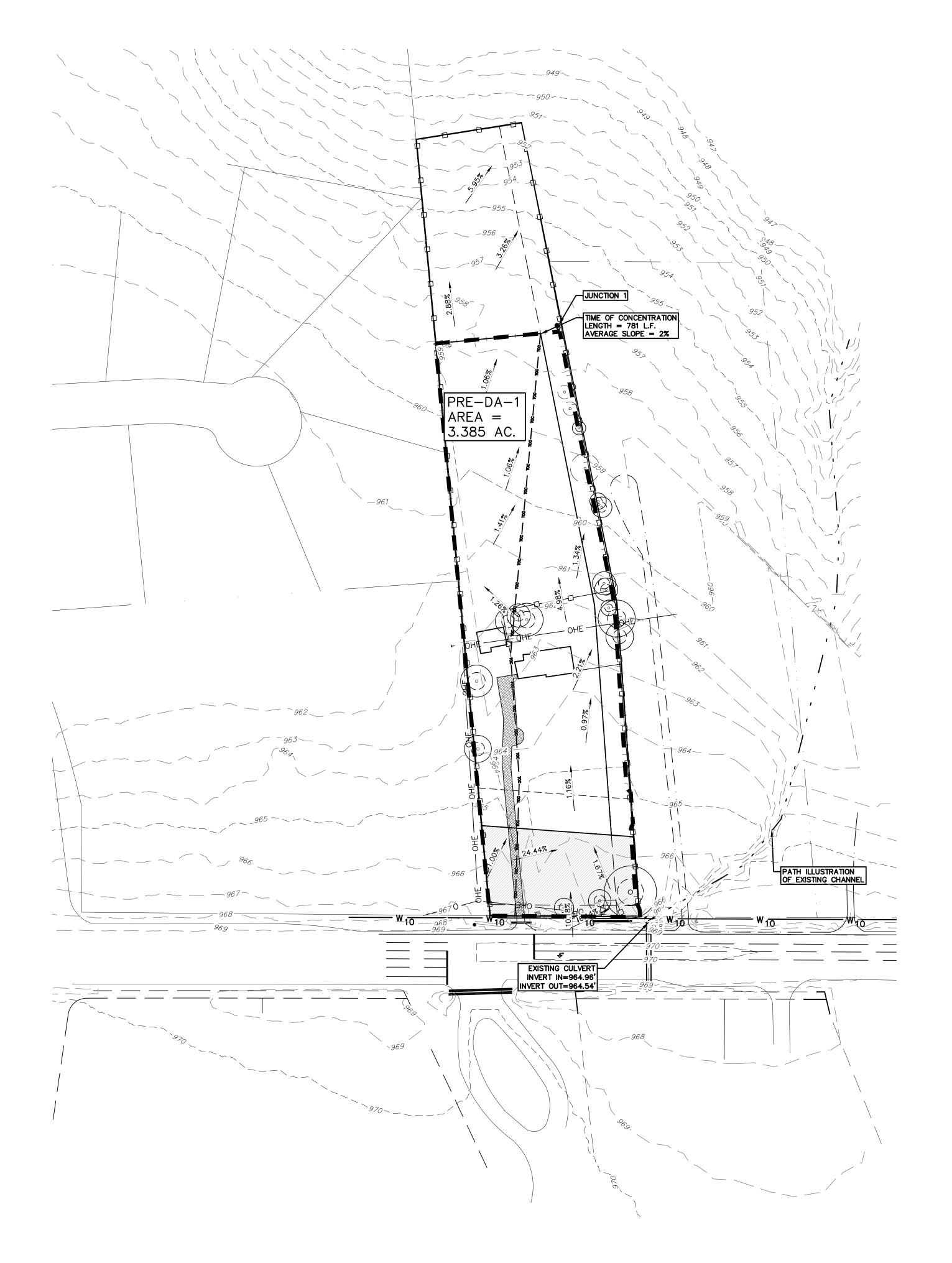
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PERMIT NO: 2023-880-COC LIBERTY HILL PERMIT NO: 23-020SDP



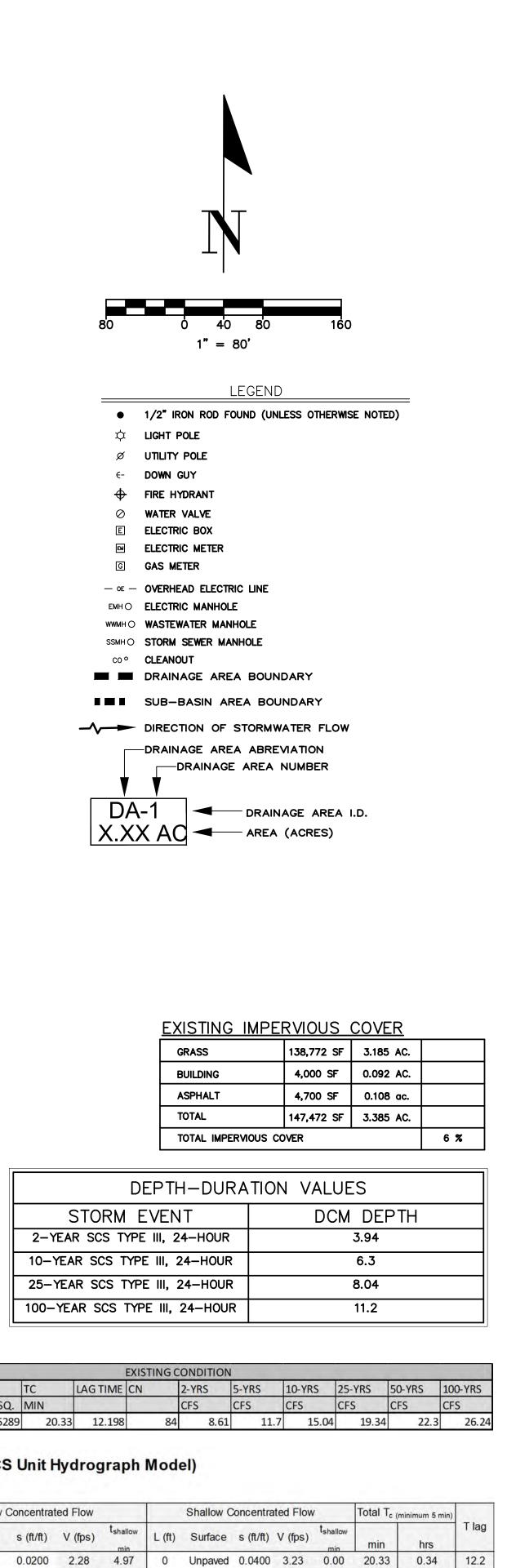
BASIN	AREA	AREA
	ACRE	MILE S
DA-1	3.385	0.005
DA-1	3.365	0.00

# Tc Calculations (SCS Unit Hydrograph Model)

	Sheet Flow				Shallow		
AREA No.	L (ft)	n	s (ft/ft)	P <sub>2 (in)</sub>	t <sub>sheet min</sub>	L (ft)	Surface
EXISTING DA-1	100	0.30	0.0200	3.95	15.35	681	Unpaved

# NOTES:

1. DRAINAGE CALCULATION FOR THIS DEVELOPMENT ARE BASED UPON THE NOAA Atlas 14 PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY DATA FOUND IN THE WILCO SUBDIVISION REGULATION EXHIBIT 2 - TABLE 2 FOR SAN GABRIEL RIVER ZONE, WITH A MINIMUM TIME OF CONCENTRATION OF 5 MINUTES. OVERLAND FLOW AND OTHER HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS ARE BASED UPON THE MANNING'S EQUATION. 2. TOPOGRAPHY SHOWN IS BASED UPON ON-SITE SURVEY DATA DATED FEBRUARY 2023 PERFORMED BY AES ENGINEERING CONSULTANT.

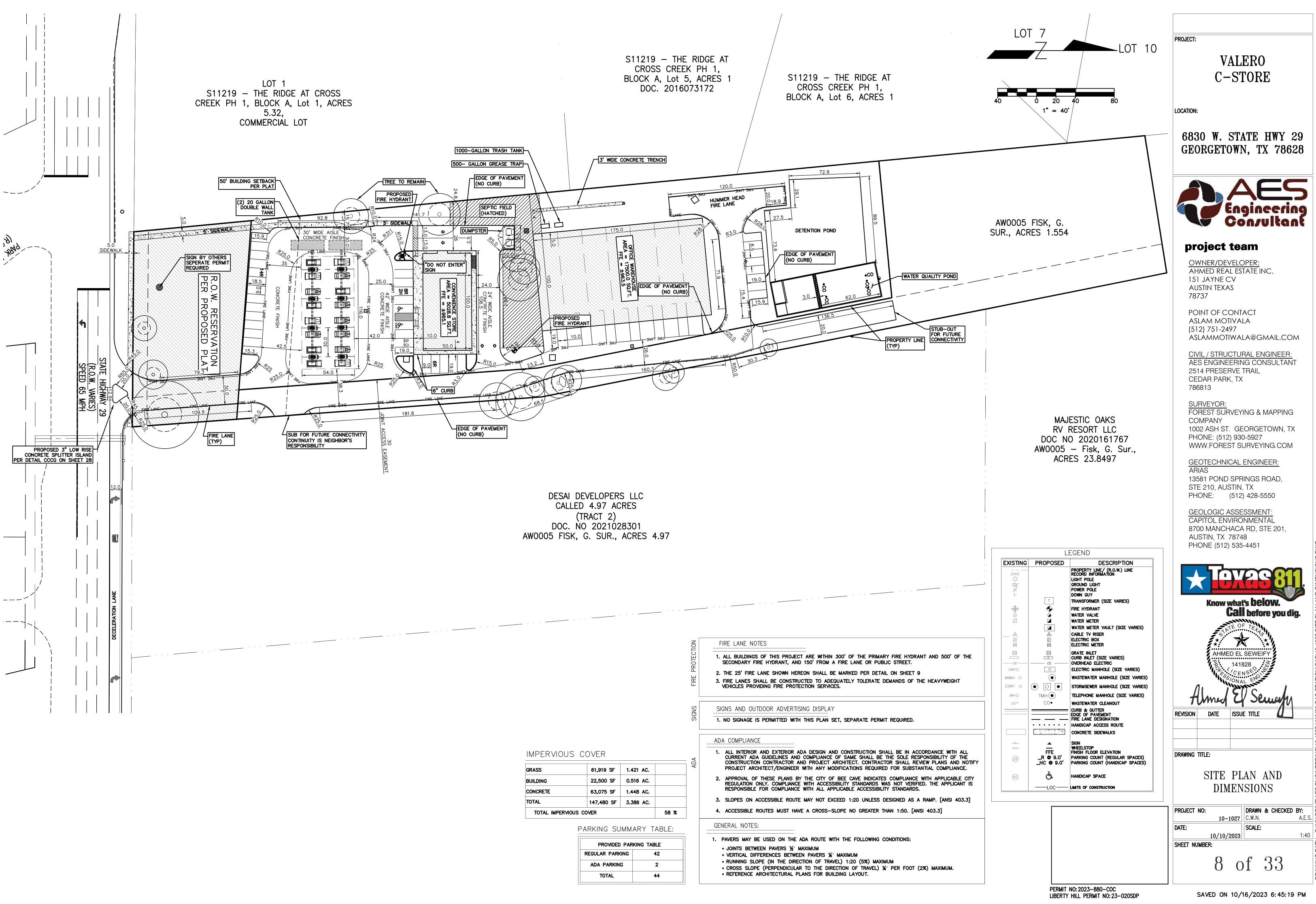


VALERO C-STORE
LOCATION:
6830 W. STATE HWY 29 GEORGETOWN, TX 78628
Regineering Consultant
DWNER/DEVELOPER: AHMED REAL ESTATE INC. 151 JAYNE CV AUSTIN TEXAS 78737
POINT OF CONTACT ASLAM MOTIVALA (512) 751-2497 ASLAMMOTIWALA@GMAIL.COM
<u>CIVIL / STRUCTURAL ENGINEER:</u> AES ENGINEERING CONSULTANT 2514 PRESERVE TRAIL CEDAR PARK, TX 786813
<u>SURVEYOR:</u> FOREST SURVEYING & MAPPING COMPANY 1002 ASH ST. GEORGETOWN, TX PHONE: (512) 930-5927 WWW.FOREST SURVEYING.COM
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER: ARIAS 13581 POND SPRINGS ROAD, STE 210, AUSTIN, TX PHONE: (512) 428-5550
GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT: CAPITOL ENVIRONMENTAL 8700 MANCHACA RD, STE 201, AUSTIN, TX 78748 PHONE (512) 535-4451
Know what's below.
Call before you dig.
AHMED EL SEWEIFY
REVISION DATE ISSUE TITLE
EXISTING DRAINAGE AREA MAP PROJECT NO: 10-1027 DRAWN & CHECKED BY: A.E.S. DATE: 9/27/2023 SCALE: 1:80 SHEET NUMBER: 7 of 35
sheet number: 7 of 35

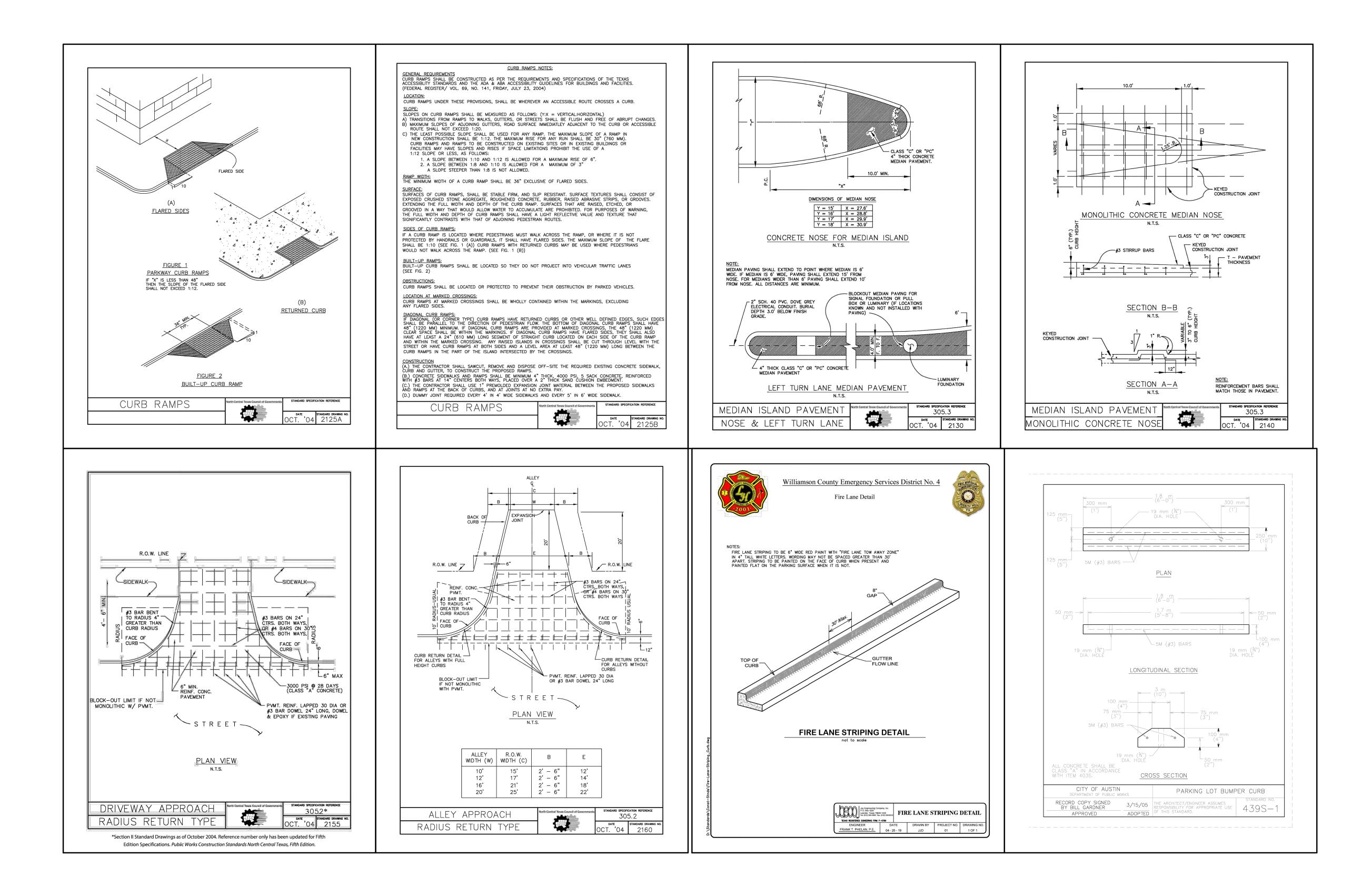
PROJECT:

PERMIT NO: 2023-880-COC LIBERTY HILL PERMIT NO: 23-020SDP

# SAVED UN 10/0/2023 11:00:38 PM



PROVIDED PAR	KING TABLE
REGULAR PARKING	42
ADA PARKING	2
TOTAL	44



PROJECT:



LOCATION:

# 6830 W. STATE HWY 29 GEORGETOWN, TX 78628



# project team

OWNER/DEVELOPER: AHMED REAL ESTATE INC. 151 JAYNE CV AUSTIN TEXAS 78737

POINT OF CONTACT ASLAM MOTIVALA (512) 751-2497 ASLAMMOTIWALA@GMAIL.COM

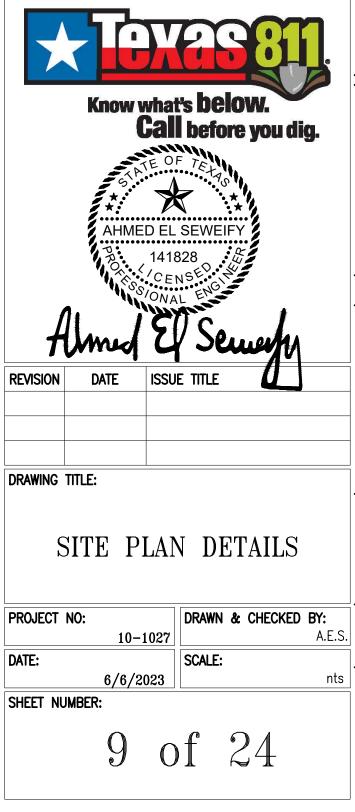
CIVIL / STRUCTURAL ENGINEER: AES ENGINEERING CONSULTANT 2514 PRESERVE TRAIL CEDAR PARK, TX 786813

SURVEYOR: FOREST SURVEYING & MAPPING COMPANY 1002 ASH ST. GEORGETOWN, TX PHONE: (512) 930-5927 WWW.FOREST SURVEYING.COM

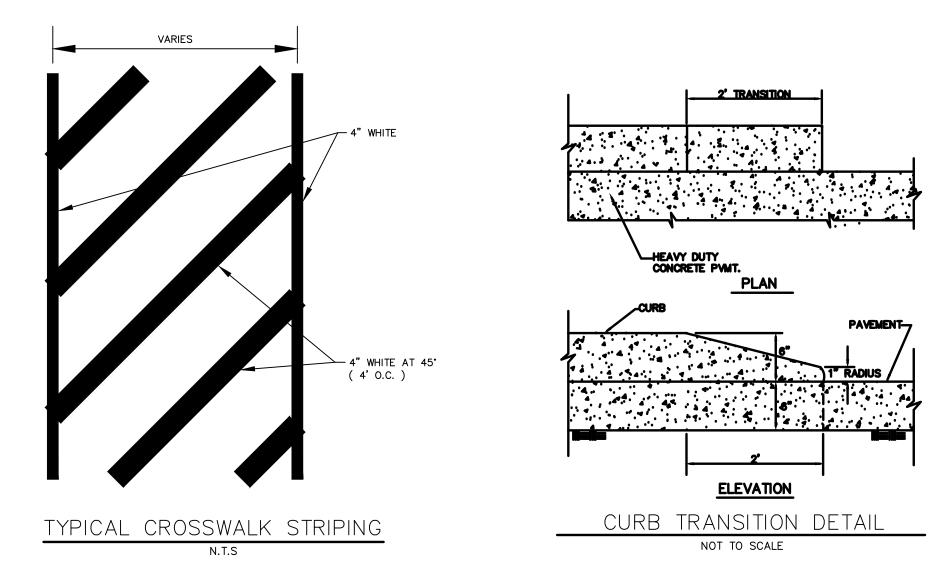
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER:

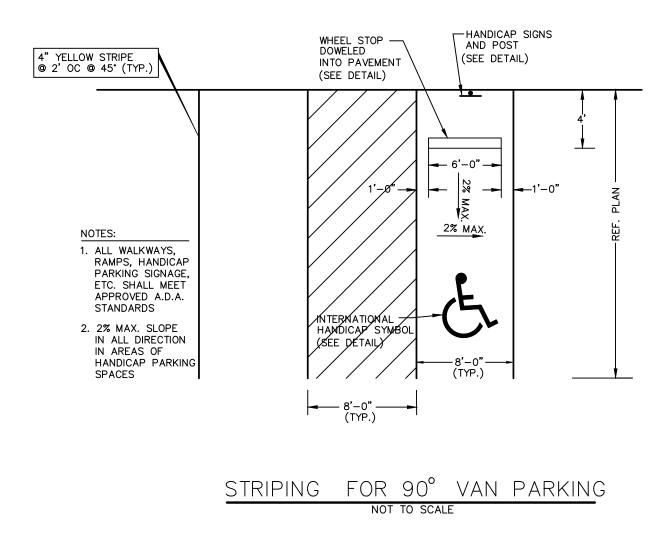
ARIAS 13581 POND SPRINGS ROAD, STE 210, AUSTIN, TX PHONE: (512) 428-5550

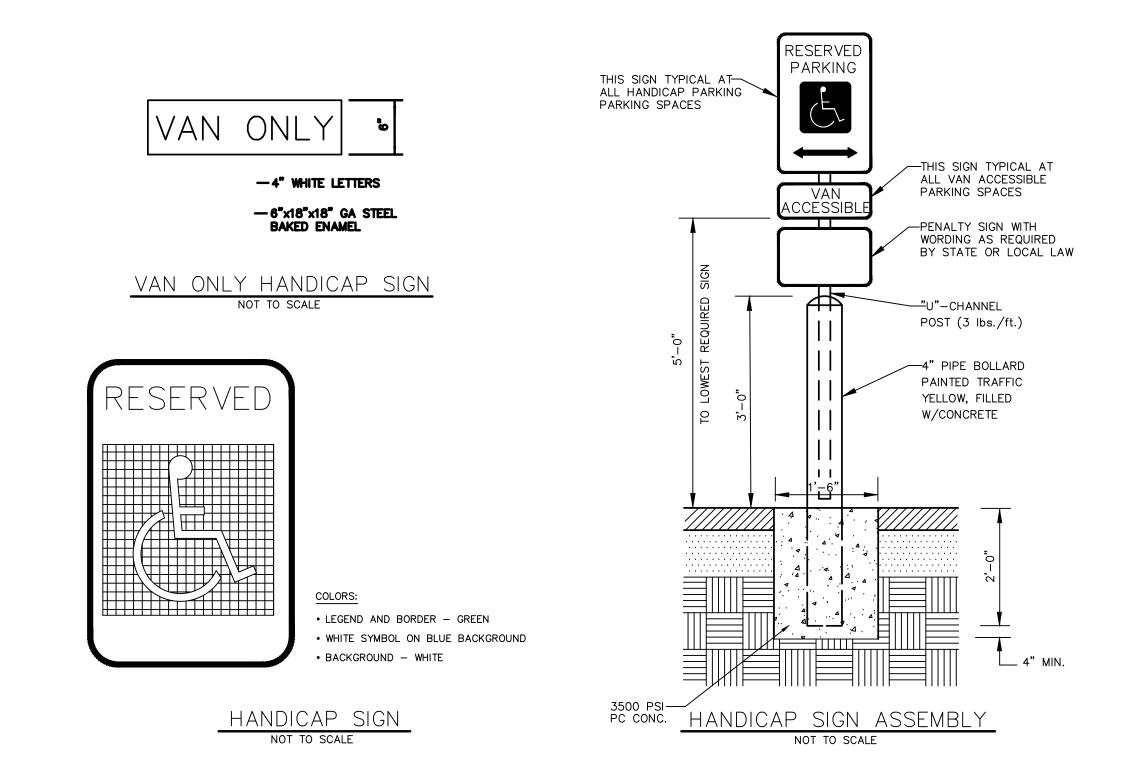
GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT: CAPITOL ENVIRONMENTAL 8700 MANCHACA RD, STE 201, AUSTIN, TX 78748 PHONE (512) 535-4451



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PROJECT:



LOCATION:

# 6830 W. STATE HWY 29 GEORGETOWN, TX 78628



# project team

OWNER/DEVELOPER: AHMED REAL ESTATE INC. 151 JAYNE CV AUSTIN TEXAS 78737

POINT OF CONTACT ASLAM MOTIVALA (512) 751-2497 ASLAMMOTIWALA@GMAIL.COM

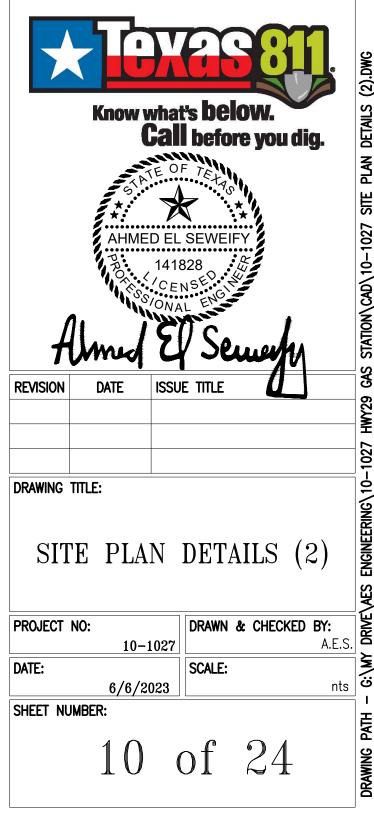
<u>CIVIL / STRUCTURAL ENGINEER:</u> AES ENGINEERING CONSULTANT 2514 PRESERVE TRAIL CEDAR PARK, TX 786813

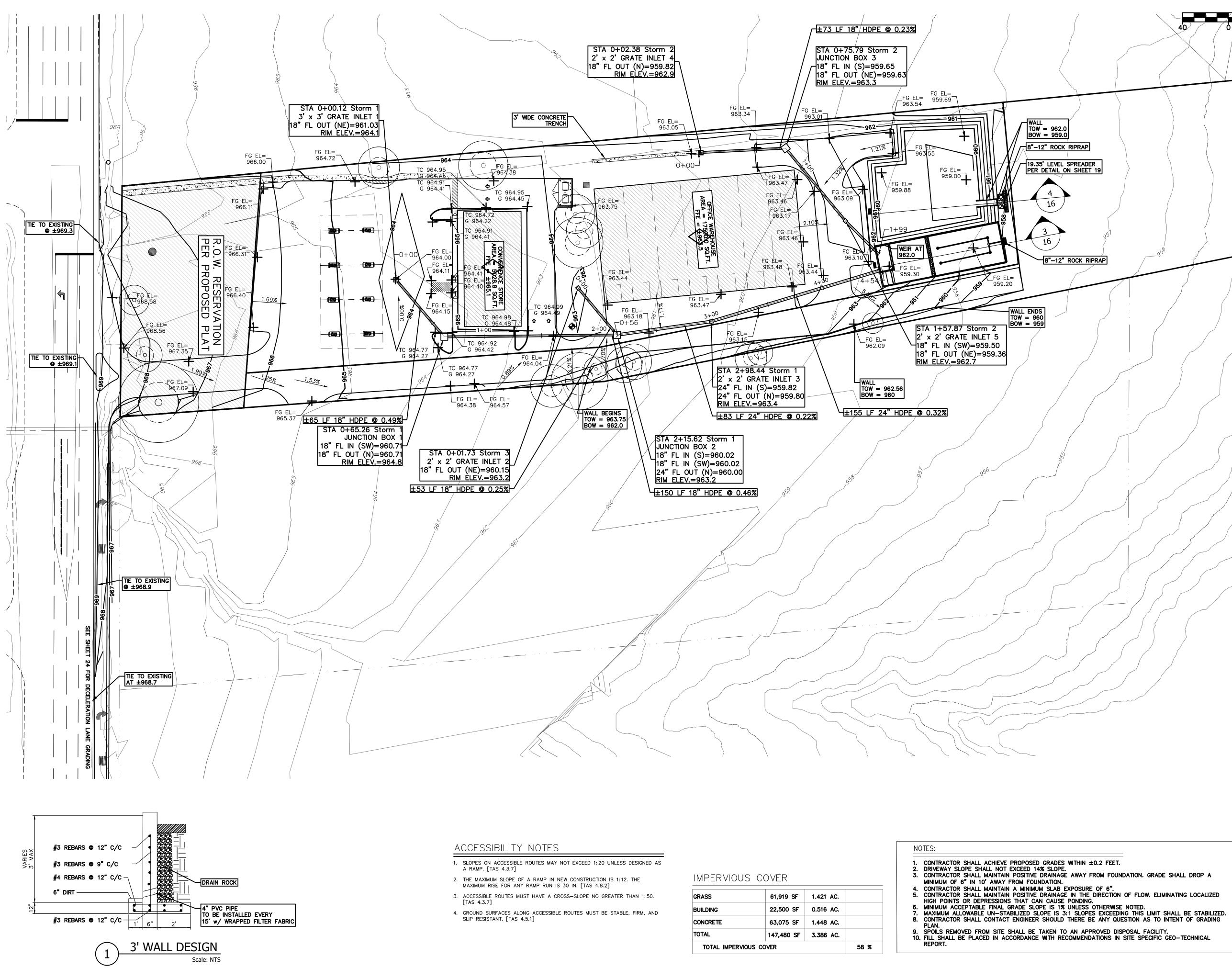
<u>SURVEYOR:</u> FOREST SURVEYING & MAPPING COMPANY 1002 ASH ST. GEORGETOWN, TX PHONE: (512) 930-5927 WWW.FOREST SURVEYING.COM

<u>GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER:</u> ARIAS

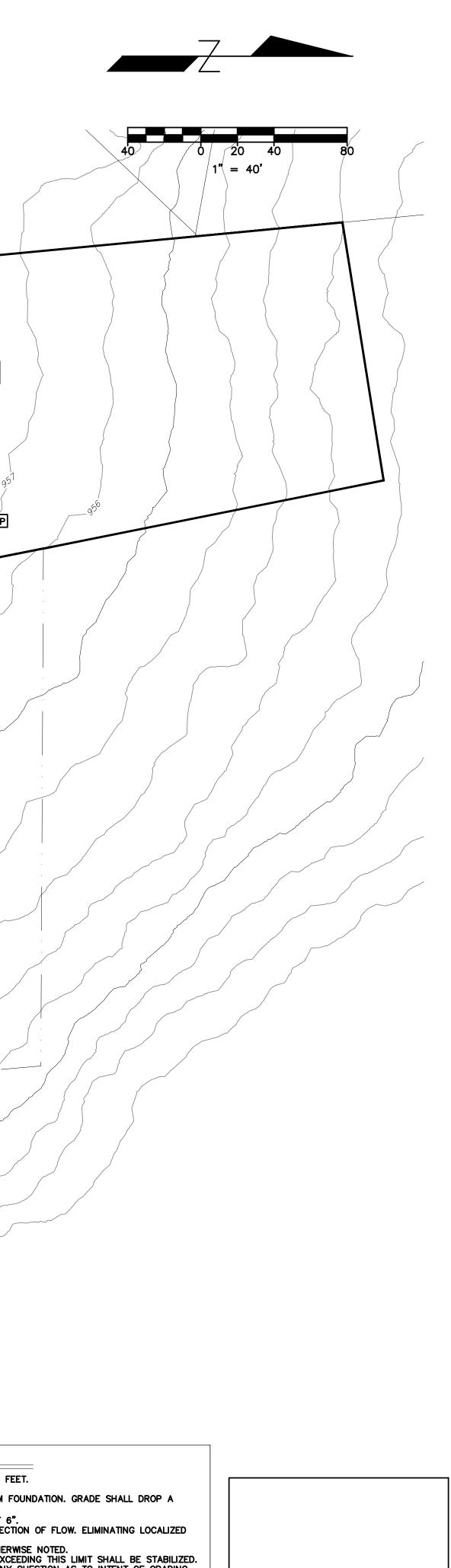
13581 POND SPRINGS ROAD, STE 210, AUSTIN, TX PHONE: (512) 428-5550

GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT: CAPITOL ENVIRONMENTAL 8700 MANCHACA RD, STE 201, AUSTIN, TX 78748 PHONE (512) 535-4451





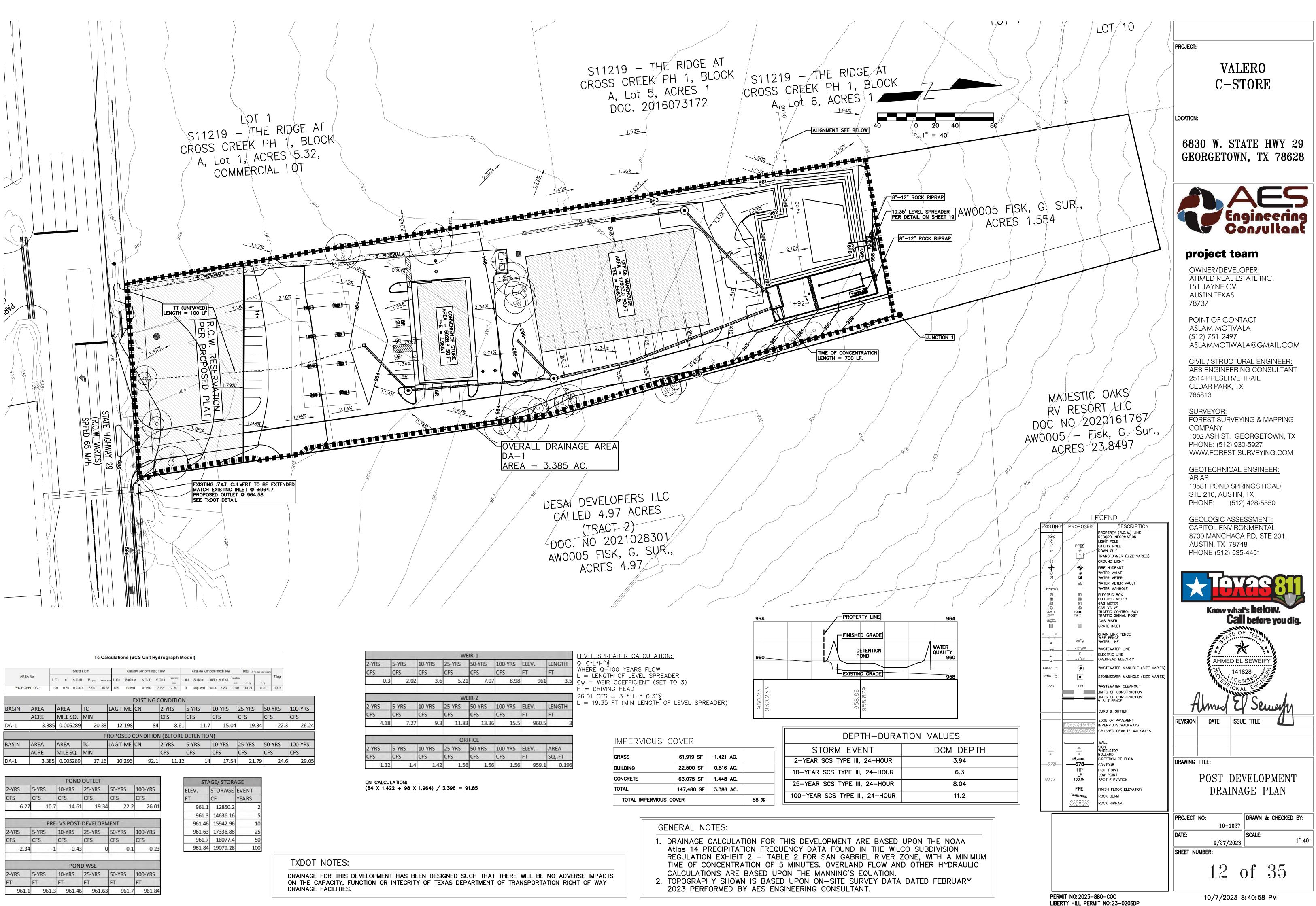
GRASS	61,919 SF	1.421 AC.	
BUILDING	22,500 SF	0.516 AC.	
CONCRETE	63,075 SF	1.448 AC.	
TOTAL	147,480 SF	3.386 AC.	
TOTAL IMPERVI	OUS COVER		58 %



VALERO C-STORE LOCATION: 6830 W. STATE HWY 29 GEORGETOWN, TX 78628 Engineering Convultant project team OWNER/DEVELOPER: AHMED REAL ESTATE INC. 151 JAYNE CV AUSTIN TEXAS 78737 POINT OF CONTACT ASLAM MOTIVALA (512) 751-2497 ASLAMMOTIWALA@GMAIL.COM CIVIL / STRUCTURAL ENGINEER: AES ENGINEERING CONSULTANT 2514 PRESERVE TRAIL CEDAR PARK, TX 786813 SURVEYOR: FOREST SURVEYING & MAPPING COMPANY 1002 ASH ST. GEORGETOWN, TX PHONE: (512) 930-5927 WWW.FOREST SURVEYING.COM GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER: ARIAS 13581 POND SPRINGS ROAD, STE 210, AUSTIN, TX PHONE: (512) 428-5550 GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT CAPITOL ENVIRONMENTAL 8700 MANCHACA RD, STE 201, AUSTIN, TX 78748 PHONE (512) 535-4451 Know what's **below. Call** before you dig.  $\mathbf{X}$ AHMED EL SEWEIFY 141828 TUM Serve REVISION DATE ISSUE TITLE DRAWING TITLE: GRADING PLAN PROJECT NO: DRAWN & CHECKED BY: 10-1027 A.E.S. DATE: SCALE: 9/27/2023 1:40 SHEET NUMBER: of 35

PROJECT:

PERMIT NO: 2023-880-COC LIBERTY HILL PERMIT NO: 23-020SDP



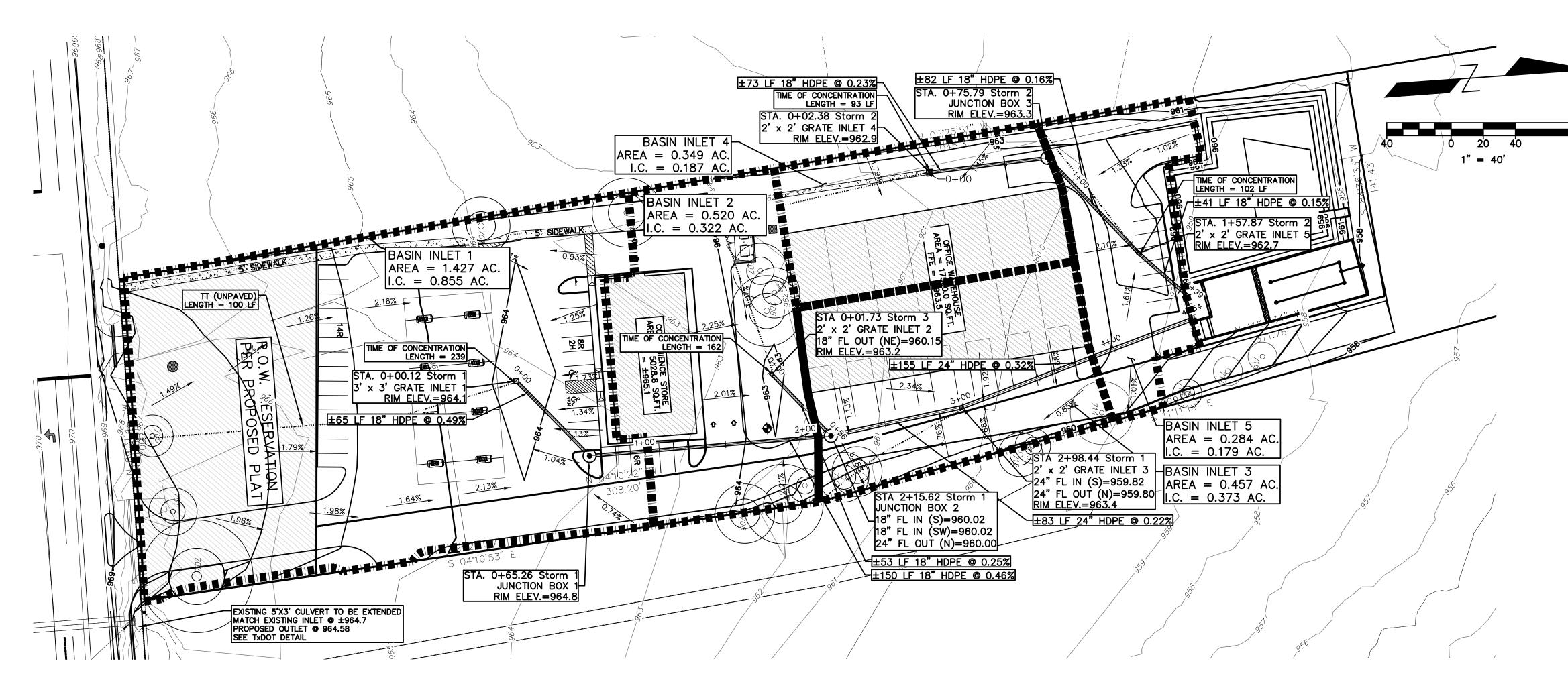
		1		Sheet	Flow		S	hallow Conce	ntrated FI	low			Shallow C	oncentra	ated Flov	v	Total T <sub>c</sub>	(minimum 5 mi	1)
AREA	A No.	L (ft)	n	s (ft/ft)	P <sub>2 (in)</sub>	t <sub>sheet mi</sub>	<sub>in</sub> L (ft) Su	face s (ft/	ft) V (f	fps) t <sub>shal</sub>		L (ft)	Surface	s (ft/ft)	V (fps)	t <sub>shallow</sub> min	min	hrs	T lag
PROPOS	SED DA-1	100	0.30	0.0200	3.94	15.37	599 Pa	ved 0.03	00 3.	52 2.8	34	0	Unpaved	0.0400	3.23	0.00	18.21	0.30	10.9
								EXISTI	NGC	ONDI		N							
BASIN	AREA	A	REA	(	тс	l	LAG TIM	E CN		2-YRS		5-1	<b>YRS</b>	10	-YRS	2	5-YRS	5 50	-YRS
	ACPE	Ν		50	MIN					CES		CE	c	C	S	C	EC	CE	C

	ACRE	MILE SQ.	MIN			CFS	CFS	CFS	CFS	CFS	CFS
DA-1	3.385	0.005289	20.33	12.198	84	<mark>8.6</mark> 1	11.7	15.04	19.34	22.3	26.24
	•		Р	ROPOSED	CONDITION	(BEFORE	DETENTIO	N)		•	
BASIN	AREA	AREA	TC	LAG TIME	CN	2-YRS	5-YRS	10-YRS	25-YRS	50-YRS	100-YRS
	ACRE	MILE SQ.	MIN			CFS	CFS	CFS	CFS	CFS	CFS
DA-1	3.385	0.005289	17.16	10.296	92.1	11.12	14	17.54	21.79	24.6	29.05

		POND	OUTLET		
2-YRS	5-YRS	10-YRS	25-YRS	50-YRS	100-YRS
CFS	CFS	CFS	CFS	CFS	CFS
6.27	10.7	14.61	19.34	22.2	26.01
	PRE	- VS POST-	DEVELOPN	IENT	-
2-YRS	5-YRS	10-YRS	25-YRS	50-YRS	100-YRS
CFS	CFS	CFS	CFS	CFS	CFS
-2.34	-1	-0.43	0	-0.1	-0.23
		PONE	D WSE		
2-YRS	5-YRS	10-YRS	25-YRS	50-YRS	100-YRS
FT	FT	FT	FT	FT	FT
961.1	961.3	961.46	961.63	961.7	961.84

STA	GE/STOR	AGE
ELEV.	STORAGE	EVENT
FT	CF	YEARS
961.1	12850.2	2
961.3	14636.16	5
961.46	15942.96	10
961.63	17336.88	25
961.7	18077.4	50
961.84	19079.28	100

2-YRS	5-YRS	10-YR
CFS	CFS	CFS
0.3	2.02	
0.1/00	E VIDO	40.00
2-YRS	5-YRS	10-YR
CFS	CFS	CFS
4.18	7.27	
2-YRS	5-YRS	10-YF
	CFS	CFS
CFS	CIS	0.0



			INLET/PIP	E FLOW CA	LCULATION	١		
BASIN	AREA	AREA	IC	IC	тс	LAG TIME	CN	FLOW
	ACRE	SQ.MI.	acre	%	MIN			25YRS (CFS)
INLET 1	1.427	0.00223	0.855	59.92%	19.02	11.412	92.4	9.16
INLET 2	0.52	0.000813	0.322	61.92%	9.19	5.514	92.7	4.31
INLET 3	0.457	0.000714	0.373	81.62%	18.37	11.022	95.4	3.85
INLET 4	0.349	0.000545	0.187	53.58%	25.95	15.57	91.5	2.26
INLET 5	0.284	0.000444	0.179	63.03%	5	3	92.8	2.36

Inlet Ca	Iculatio	ons	
GRATI	E INLET 1		
Q=(4.82Ah <sup>0.5</sup> )C <sub>f</sub>		10.	845 cfs
Size of Inlet (length)	3	ft	
Size of Inlet (width)	3	ft	
A= Area of Inlet	9	ft <sup>2</sup>	
h= height of head water	0.25	ft	
Cf= Clogging factor	0.50		
Q25 from Drainage Calcs	9.16		
GRATI	E INLET 2		
Q=(4.82Ah <sup>0.5</sup> )C <sub>f</sub>		4	1.82 cfs
Size of Inlet (length)	2	ft	
Size of Inlet (width)	2	ft	
A= Area of Inlet		ft <sup>2</sup>	
h= height of head water	0.25	ft	
Cf= Clogging factor	0.50		
Q25 from Drainage Calcs	4.41		
GRATI	E INLET 3		
Q=(4.82Ah <sup>0.5</sup> )C <sub>f</sub>		4	1.82 cfs
Size of Inlet (length)	2	ft	
Size of Inlet (width)	2	ft	
A= Area of Inlet	4	ft <sup>2</sup>	
h= height of head water	0.25	ft	
Cf= Clogging factor	0.50		
Q25 from Drainage Calcs	3.05		
GRATI	E INLET 4		
Q=(4.82Ah <sup>0.5</sup> )C <sub>f</sub>		4	1.82 cfs
Size of Inlet (length)	2	ft	
Size of Inlet (width)	2	ft	
A= Area of Inlet	4	ft <sup>2</sup>	
h= height of head water	0.25		
Cf= Clogging factor	0.50		
Q25 from Drainage Calcs	1.93		
	E INLET 5		
Q=(4.82Ah <sup>0.5</sup> )C <sub>f</sub>			1.82 cfs
Size of Inlet (length)	2	ft ft	
Size of Inlet (width)			
A= Area of Inlet		ft <sup>2</sup>	
h= height of head water	0.25	ft	
Cf= Clogging factor	0.50		
Q25 from Drainage Calcs	2.81		

Manning Equation:			
	1.49		
	$v = \frac{1.49}{m} R^2$	$s^{2/3}s^{1/2}$	
1	where:		
	1	e velocity of	flow fr
		ess coeffici	
		lic radius,	
		lic gradient	
	o nyuruu	no gradient	, 1010
Continuity Equation:			
	Q = va		
	2		
	where:		
	v = average	e velocity of	flow, fp
	a = flow are		
DIC		TION	
	T 1 TO JUNC		
	(18 INCH PIP		
	R = 0.375		į.
25 YEAR FLOW CA			CFS
PIPE CAPACITY		active the set	CFS
		0.0	0.0
PIF	E CALCULA	TION	
JUNCTION B	OX 1 TO JUN	NCTION BC	X 2
	(18 INCH PIP	Έ)	
n = 0.01 A = 1.77	R = 0.375	S = 0.46%	6
25 YEAR FLOW CA	LCULATED	9.16	CFS
PIPE CAPACITY		9.3	CFS
	E CALCULA		
INLET 2	TO JUNCTIO	ON BOX 2	
	(18 INCH PIP	PE)	
n = 0.01 A = 1.77	R = 0.375	S = 0.34%	5
25 YEAR FLOW CA	LCULATED	4.41	CFS
PIPE CAPACITY		8	CFS
	PE CALCULA		
	ON BOX 2 TO		
	(24 INCH PIP		
n = 0.01 A = 1.77			
25 YEAR FLOW CA	LCULATED	13.57	
PIPE CAPACITY		13.7	CFS
	E CALCULA		
	LET 3 TO PO		
	(24 INCH PIP	ΡE)	

n = 0.01 A = 1.77 R = 0.375 S = 0.33%

25 YEAR FLOW CALCULATED16.62 CFSPIPE CAPACITY16.8 CFS

PIPE CALCULA	TION	_
INLET 4 TO JUNCTION	ON BOX 3	
(18 INCH PIP	E)	
n = 0.01 A = 1.77 R = 0.375	S = 0.23%	
25 YEAR FLOW CALCULATED	1.93	CFS
PIPE CAPACITY	6.6	CFS
PIPE CALCULA	TION	
JUNCTION BOX 3 TO	DINLET 5	
(18 INCH PIP	E)	
n = 0.01 A = 1.77 R = 0.375	S = 0.16%	
25 YEAR FLOW CALCULATED	1.93	CFS
PIPE CAPACITY	5.5	CFS
	10.00	100
PIPE CALCULA	TION	
INLET 5 TO PC	DND	
18 INCH PIP	E)	
n = 0.01 A = 1.77 R = 0.375	S = 0.15%	
25 YEAR FLOW CALCULATED	4.74	CFS
PIPE CAPACITY	1 84	CFS

# IMPERVIOUS COVER

TOTAL IMPERVIOU	TOTAL IMPERVIOUS COVER					
TOTAL	147,480 SF	3.386 AC.				
CONCRETE	63,075 SF	1.448 AC.				
BUILDING	22,500 SF	0.516 AC.				
GRASS	61,919 SF	1.421 AC.				

# NOTES:

1. DRAINAGE CALCULATION FOR THIS DEVELOPMENT ARE BASED UPON THE NOAA Atlas 14 PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY DATA FOUND IN THE WILCO SUBDIVISION REGULATION EXHIBIT 2 - TABLE 2 FOR SAN GABRIEL RIVER ZONE, WITH A MINIMUM TIME OF CONCENTRATION OF 5 MINUTES. OVERLAND FLOW AND OTHER HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS ARE BASED UPON THE MANNING'S EQUATION. 2. TOPOGRAPHY SHOWN IS BASED UPON ON-SITE SURVEY DATA DATED FEBRUARY 2023 PERFORMED BY AES ENGINEERING CONSULTANT.

EXISTING	LE	EGEND DESCRIPTION	
(xxxx) ☆ ♂ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓		PROPERTY (R.O.W.) LINE PROPERTY (R.O.W.) LINE RECORD INFORMATION LIGHT POLE UTILITY POLE DOWN GUY TRANSFORMER (SIZE VARIES) GROUND LIGHT FIRE HYDRANT WATER VALVE WATER METER VAULT WATER METER VAULT WATER METER VAULT WATER METER VAULT WATER METER VAULT WATER METER GAS METER GAS METER GAS METER GAS NETER GAS RISER GRATE INLET CHAIN LINK FENCE WATER LINE WASTEWATER LINE	
е ое www.н. О SSMH О со°	E     	WASTEWATER LINE ELECTRIC LINE OVERHEAD ELECTRIC WASTEWATER MANHOLE (SIZE VARIES) STORMSEWER MANHOLE (SIZE VARIES) WASTEWATER CLEANOUT LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION & SILT FENCE	
		CURB & GUTTER EDGE OF PAVEMENT IMPERVIOUS WALKWAYS CRUSHED GRANITE WALKWAYS	REV
 * 678 100.0 x	<b>678</b> HP LP 100.0x	WALL SIGN WHEELSTOP BOLLARD DIRECTION OF FLOW CONTOUR HIGH POINT LOW POINT SPOT ELEVATION	DRA
		FINISH FLOOR ELEVATION ROCK BERM ROCK RIPRAP	
			PRC
			SHE

PERMIT NO: 2023-880-COC LIBERTY HILL PERMIT NO: 23-020SDP PROJECT:

# VALERO C-STORE

LOCATION:

# 6830 W. STATE HWY 29 GEORGETOWN, TX 78628



# project team

**OWNER/DEVELOPER:** AHMED REAL ESTATE INC. 151 JAYNE CV AUSTIN TEXAS 78737

POINT OF CONTACT ASLAM MOTIVALA (512) 751-2497 ASLAMMOTIWALA@GMAIL.COM

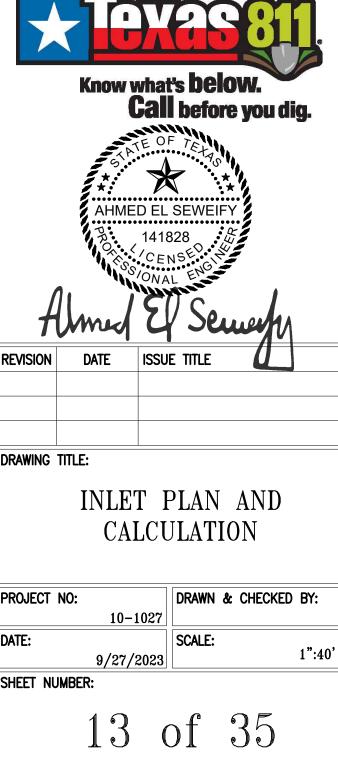
CIVIL / STRUCTURAL ENGINEER: AES ENGINEERING CONSULTANT 2514 PRESERVE TRAIL CEDAR PARK, TX 786813

SURVEYOR: FOREST SURVEYING & MAPPING COMPANY 1002 ASH ST. GEORGETOWN, TX PHONE: (512) 930-5927

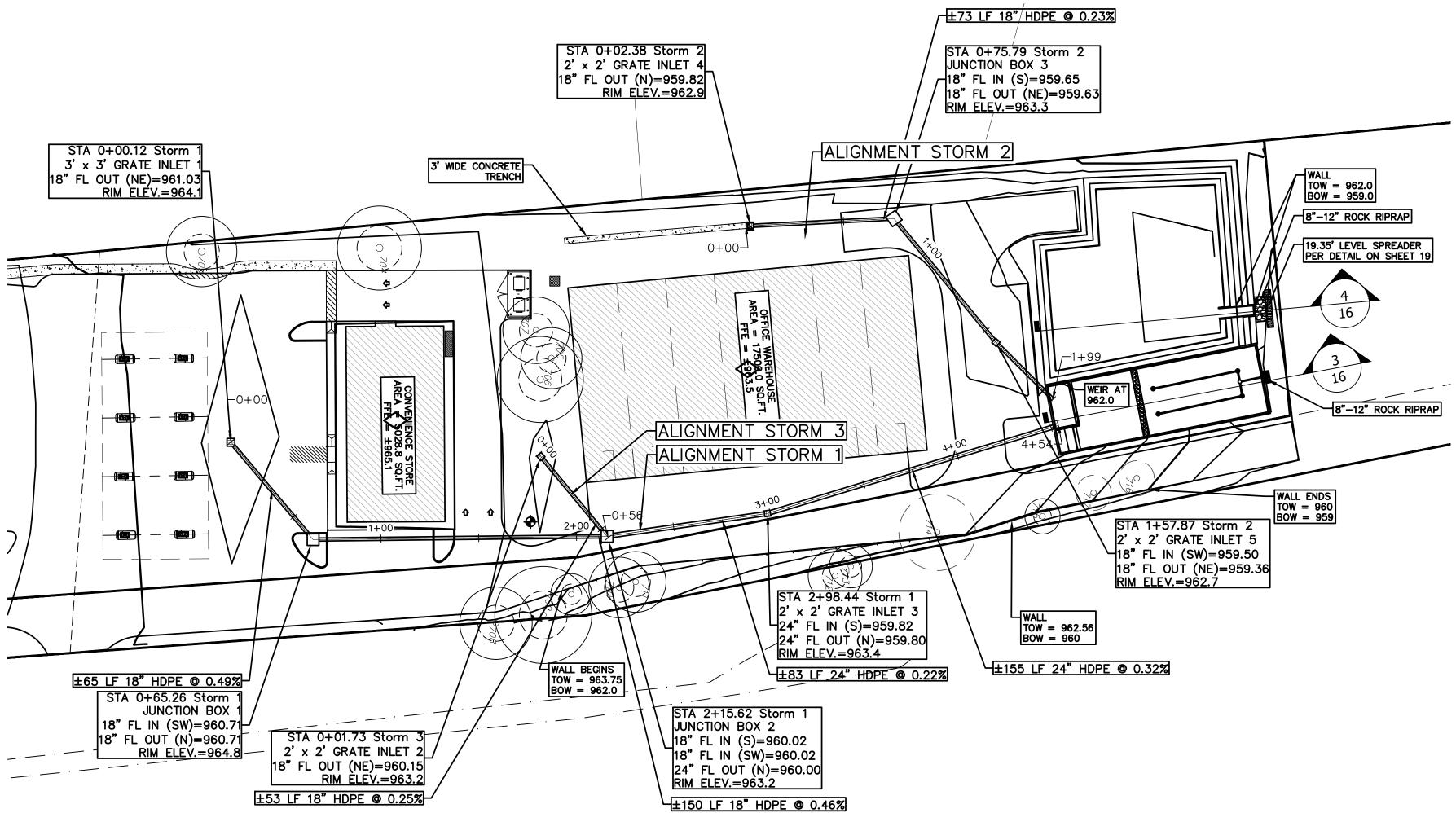
WWW.FOREST SURVEYING.COM GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER:

ARIAS 13581 POND SPRINGS ROAD, STE 210, AUSTIN, TX PHONE: (512) 428-5550

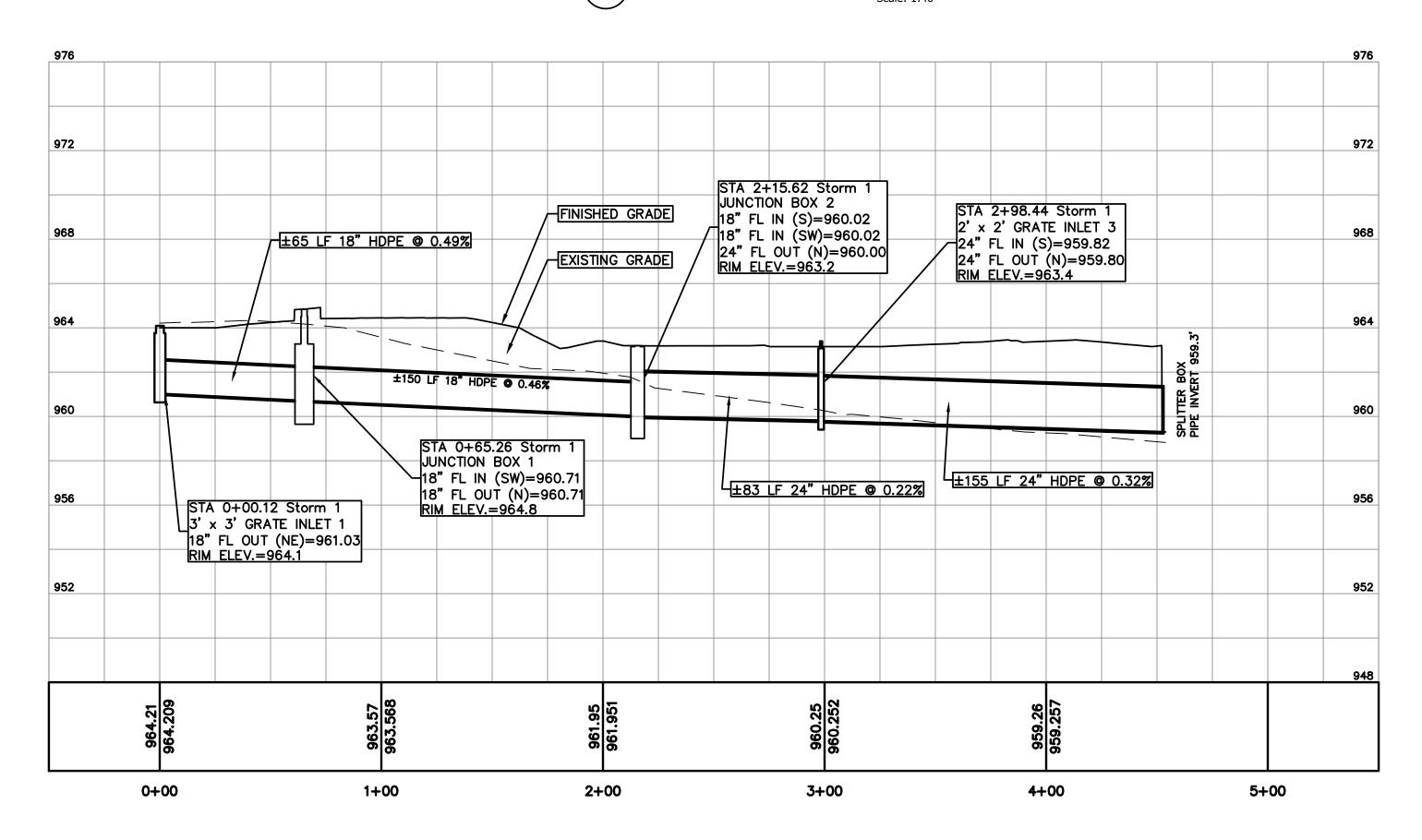
GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT: CAPITOL ENVIRONMENTAL 8700 MANCHACA RD, STE 201, AUSTIN, TX 78748 PHONE (512) 535-4451



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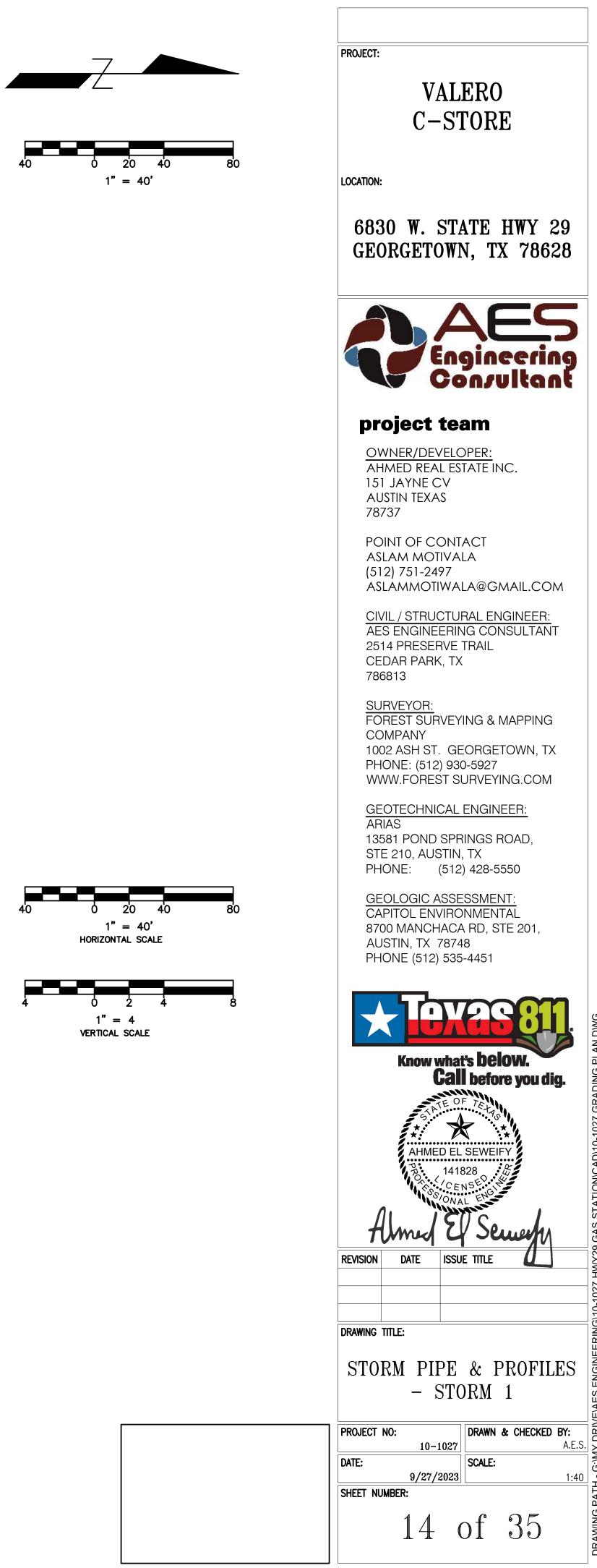
PLAN VIEW - ALIGNMENT 1 1



**PROFILE VIEW - ALIGNMENT 1** 2

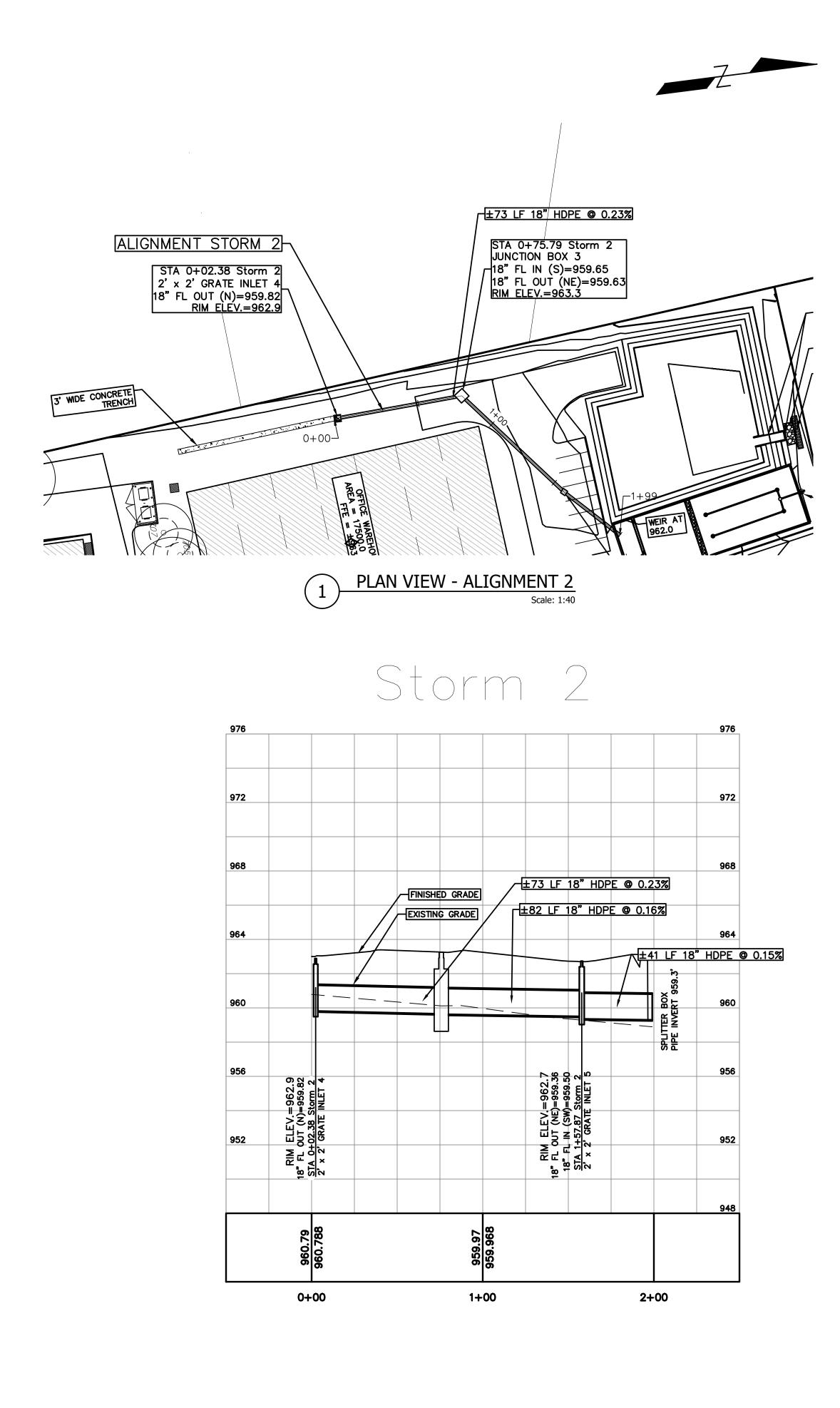
# Scale: 1:40

Scale: 1:40



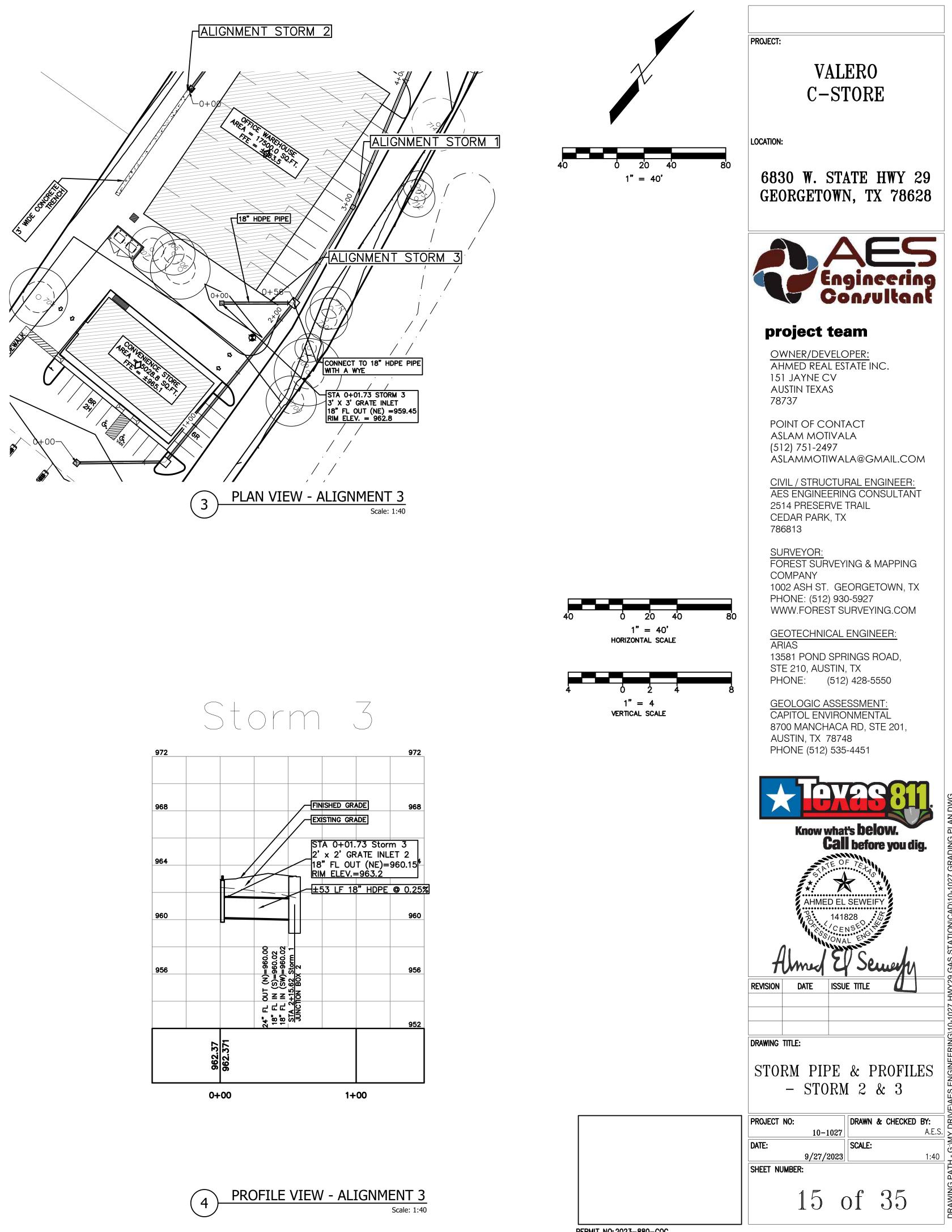
PERMIT NO: 2023-880-COC LIBERTY HILL PERMIT NO: 23-020SDP

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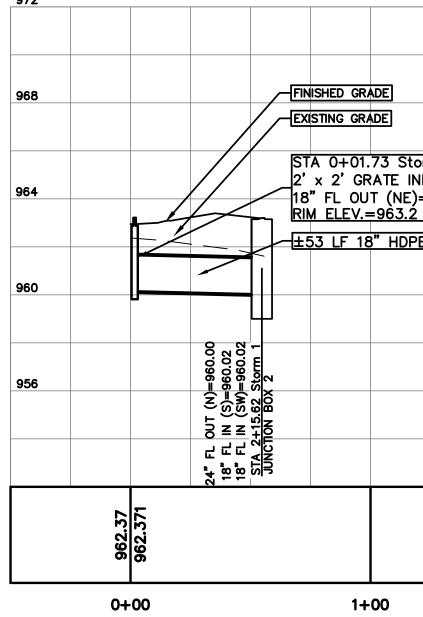




PROFILE VIEW - ALIGNMENT 2 Scale: 1:40

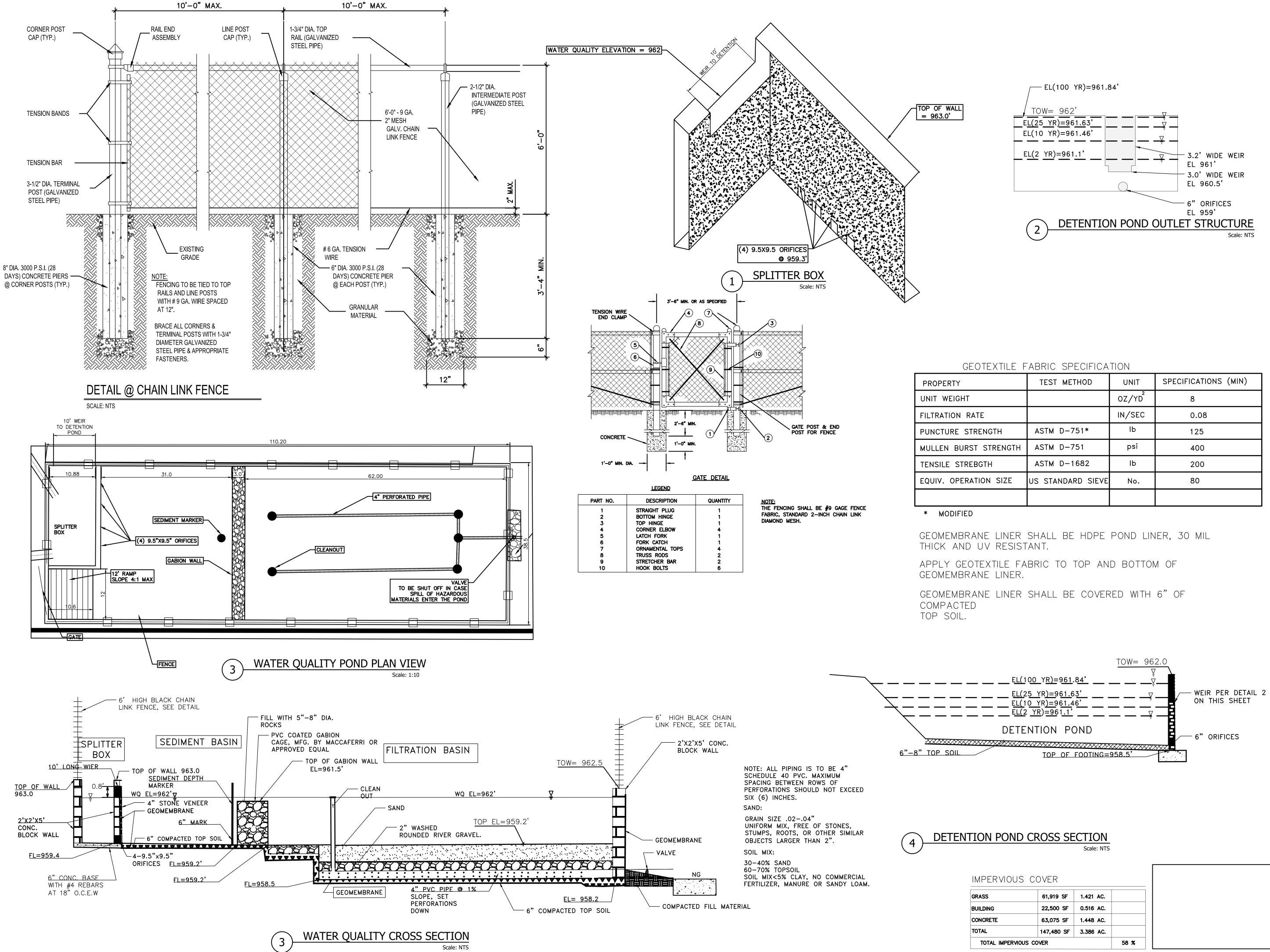






PERMIT NO: 2023-880-COC LIBERTY HILL PERMIT NO: 23-020SDP

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ILE FABRIC SPECIFICATION						
	TEST METHOD	UNIT	SPECIFICATIONS (MIN)			
		OZ/YD <sup>2</sup>	8			
		IN/SEC	0.08			
	ASTM D-751*	lb	125			
IGTH	ASTM D-751	psi	400			
	ASTM D-1682	lb	200			
ZE	US STANDARD SIEVE	No.	80			

NER	SHALL	ΒE	HDPE	POND	LINER,	30	MIL	
ESIST	TANT.							

	COVER		
	61,919 SF	1.421 AC.	
	22,500 SF	0.516 AC.	
	63,075 SF	1.448 AC.	
	147,480 SF	3.386 AC.	
ERMOUS	COVER		58 %

PROJECT:



LOCATION:

6830 W. STATE HWY 29 GEORGETOWN, TX 78628



# project team

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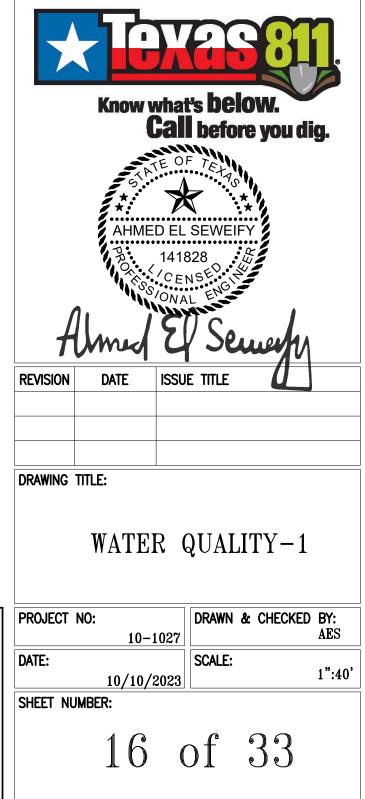
CIVIL / STRUCTURAL ENGINEER: AES ENGINEERING CONSULTANT 2514 PRESERVE TRAIL CEDAR PARK, TX 786813

SURVEYOR: FOREST SURVEYING & MAPPING COMPANY 1002 ASH ST. GEORGETOWN, TX PHONE: (512) 930-5927 WWW.FOREST SURVEYING.COM

GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER: ARIAS 13581 POND SPRINGS ROAD,

STE 210, AUSTIN, TX PHONE: (512) 428-5550

GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT: CAPITOL ENVIRONMENTAL 8700 MANCHACA RD, STE 201, AUSTIN, TX 78748 PHONE (512) 535-4451



PERMIT NO: 2023-880-COC LIBERTY HILL PERMIT NO: 23-020SDP 10/18/2023 3:01:39 PM

POND NOTES: 1- INSTALL COMMON BERMUDA SOD FOR THE ENTIRE DETENTION POND & DISTURBED AREA.

2- INSTALL TEMPORARY IRRIGATION SYSTEM FOR DISTURBED AREA TO ESTABLISH LAWN AND PLANTS.

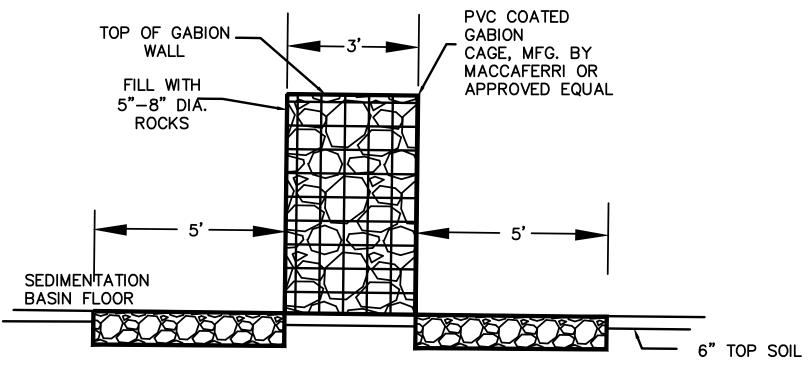
3- DETENTION BASIN FLOOR AFTER EXCAVATION IS SCARIFIED TO A DEPTH OF 2 TO 3 INCHES TO IMPROVE INFILTRATION.

4- 6 TO 8 INCHES OF TOPSOIL MUST BE ADDED TO DETENTION BASIN FLOOR WITH A MIXTURE OF 30% TO 40% SAND 60% TO 70% TOPSOIL AND SUGGEST 5%-10% COMPOST OR PEAT SOIL BLEND MUST HAVE CLAY CONTENT OF LESS THAN 20% AND BE FREE OF STONES, STUMPS, ROOTS OR OTHER SIMILAR OBJECTS LARGER THAN 1 INCH. SANDY LOAM OR CALICHE IS NOT AN ACCEPTABLE SOIL.

5- THE RISER (STANDARD DRAWDOWN) SHOULD BE DOUBLE-WRAPPED WITH FILTER FABRIC UNTIL THE CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA IS VEGETATED AND STABILIZED.

	WATER	QUA	LITY	C
	TOTAL	AREA	DRAIN	11
	DESIGN DESIGN	PEAK	FLOW	1
	DESIGN	PEAK	FLOW	1
l				

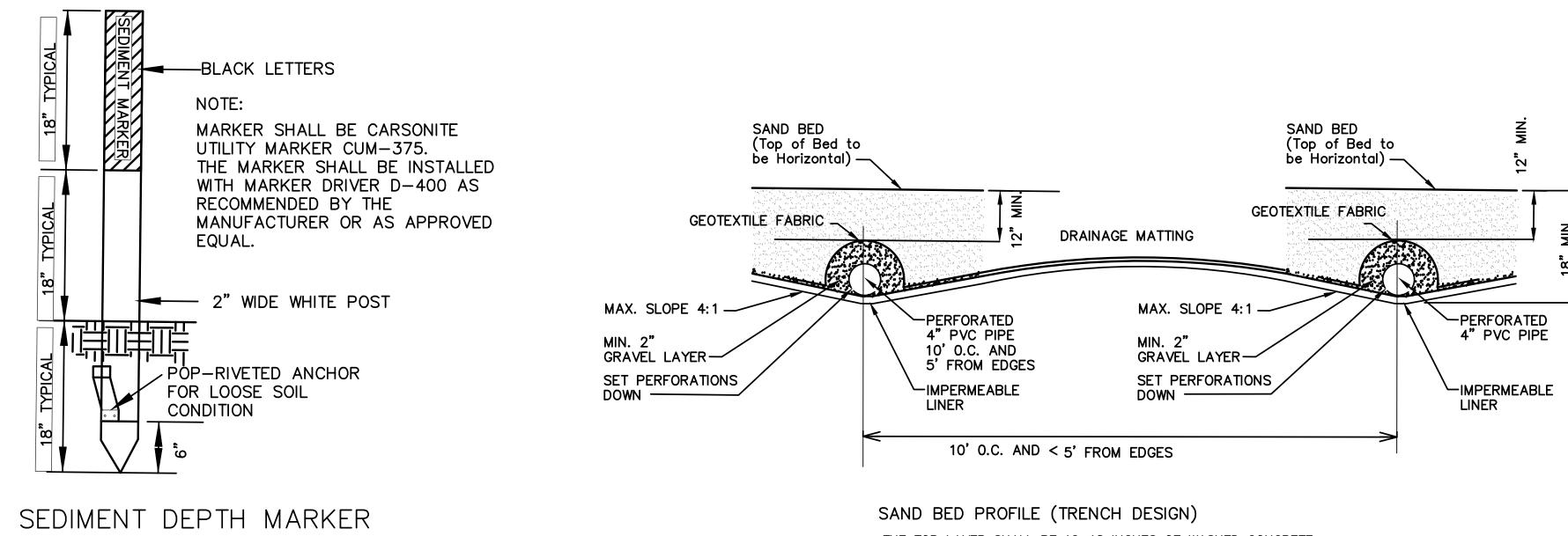
	REQUIRED	PROVIDED
WATER QUALITY VOLUME	7,974 CF	-
CAPTURED VOLUME (REQUIRED WQ VOLUME X1.20)	9,569 CF	9,671.8 CF
SEDIMENT POND AREA (MIN/MAX)	179/2871 SF	1,285 SF
SEDIMENTATION POND VOLUME ( Min. 20% WQV)	1722.4 CF	3341 CF
MINIMUM FILTRATION POND AREA	718 SF	2261 SF
FILTRATION POND VOLUME	2872 CF	6330.8 CF
WATER QUALITY ELEVATION= 962 FEET		
HEAD REQUIRED TO PUSH 100 YR FLOW= 0.8 FEET		
	•	•



NOTE: PLACE ON FULL WIDTH OF SEDIMENTATION BASIN.

# ROCK GABION DETAIL





# STAGE-STORAGE TABLE

# SITE INFORMATION

TOTAL SITE AREA=3.38 AC			
DRAINAGE AREA TO CONTROL=3.38 AC			
PROPOSED IMPERVIOUS COVER=1.96 AC			
PERVIOUS COVER=1.42 AC			
% IMPERVIOUS COVER=1.96/3.38=58%			

# CONTROL CALCULATIONS

ING TO THE POND=3.38 AC / RATE=21.79 CFS(25 YRS FLOW) RATE=28.58 CFS(100 YRS FLOW)

WATER	WATER QUALITY SEDIMENTATION POND					
ELEVATION	*** STAGE/ (FT.)	AREA (SF)	$\Sigma$ STORAGE (CU. FT.)	STORAGE (AC. FT.)		
959.4'	0 / 0'	1285	0	0		
960.0'	1 / 1'	1285	771	0.0177		
961.0'	2 / 2'	1285	2056	0.04172		
962.0'	3 / 3'	1285	3341	0.0767		

# \*\*\* STAGE / INCREMENTAL ELEVATION DIFFERENCE.

WATE	r qual	ND		
ELEVATION	**** STAGE/	AREA (SF)	$\Sigma$ STORAGE (CU. FT.)	$\Sigma$ STORAGE (AC. FT.)
959.2	0 / 0'	2261	0	0
960	1 / 1'	2261	1808.8	0.0415
961	2 / 2'	2261	4069.8	0.0934
962	3 / 3'	2261	6330.8	0.1453

RAIN EVENT	ELEV (FT)
2 YR	961.1
10 YR	961.46
25 YR	961.84
100 YR	961.84

# SPLITTER BOX WEIR CALCULATION

 $Q = C*L*(H)^{3/2}$ Q<sub>100</sub>= 28.57 CFS C= 3.32 L=10'  $H^{3/2} = Q/CxL$ =28.57/3.32X10' H=0.8'

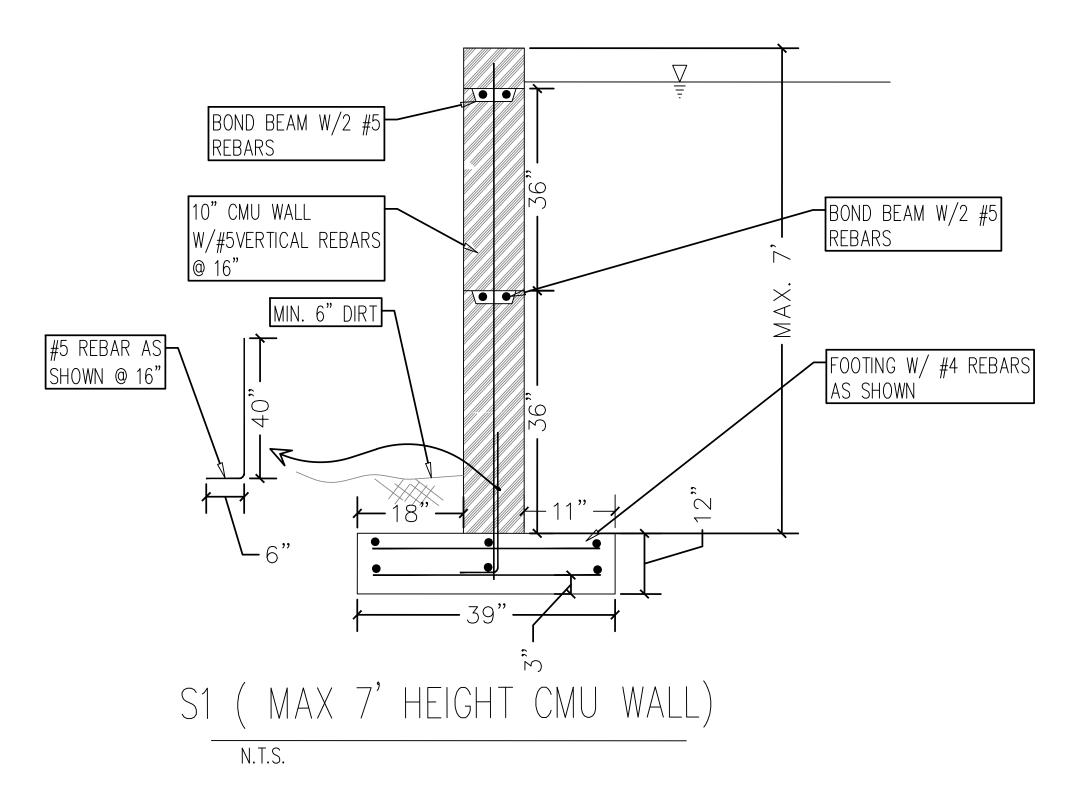
# SPLITTER BOX ORIFICE CALCULATION

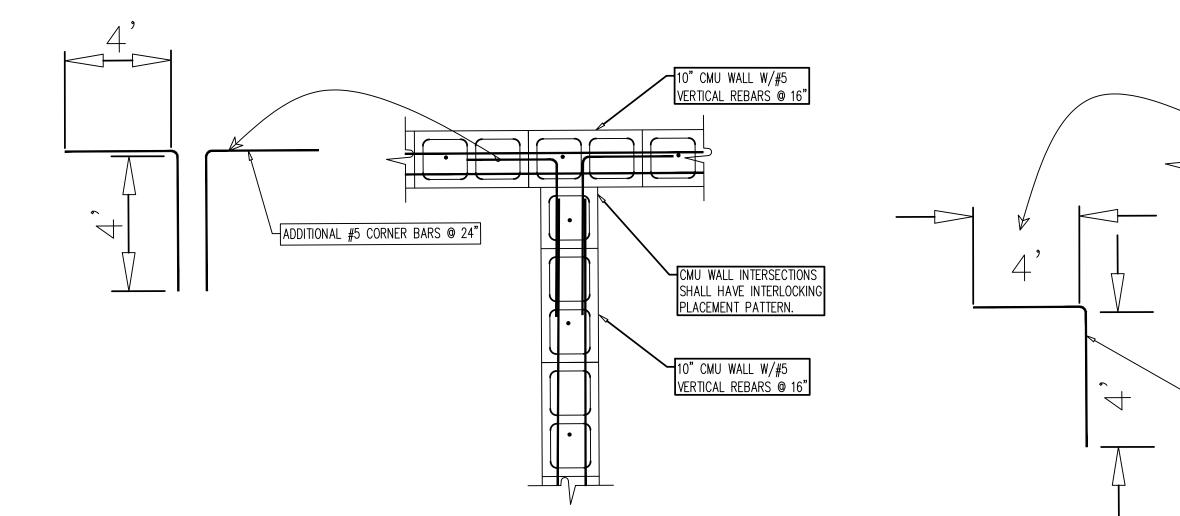
Q = Cd\*A\*(2gh)Q<sub>25</sub>= 21.79 CFS K= 0.62 1/2  $A = Q_{25} / Cd*(2gh)$  $A=22.07/0.62*(2*32.2*3)^{1/2}$  =2.53 SF USE 4- 9.5"X9.5" ORIFICES

THE TOP LAYER SHALL BE 12-18 INCHES OF WASHED CONCRETE SAND (ASTM C33 FINE AGGREGATE). LATERALS SHALL BE PLACED IN TRENCHES WITH A COVERING OF 1/2 TO TWO (2) INCH GRAVEL AND GEOTEXTILE FABRIC. THE LATERALS SHALL BE UNDERLAIN BY A LAYER OF DRAINAGE MATTING. THE DRAINAGE MATTING IS NEEDED TO PREVENT THE FILTER MEDIA FROM INFILTRATING INTO THE LATERAL PIPING. THE DRAINAGE MATTING IS NEEDED TO PROVIDE FOR ADEQUATE VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY TO THE LATERALS.

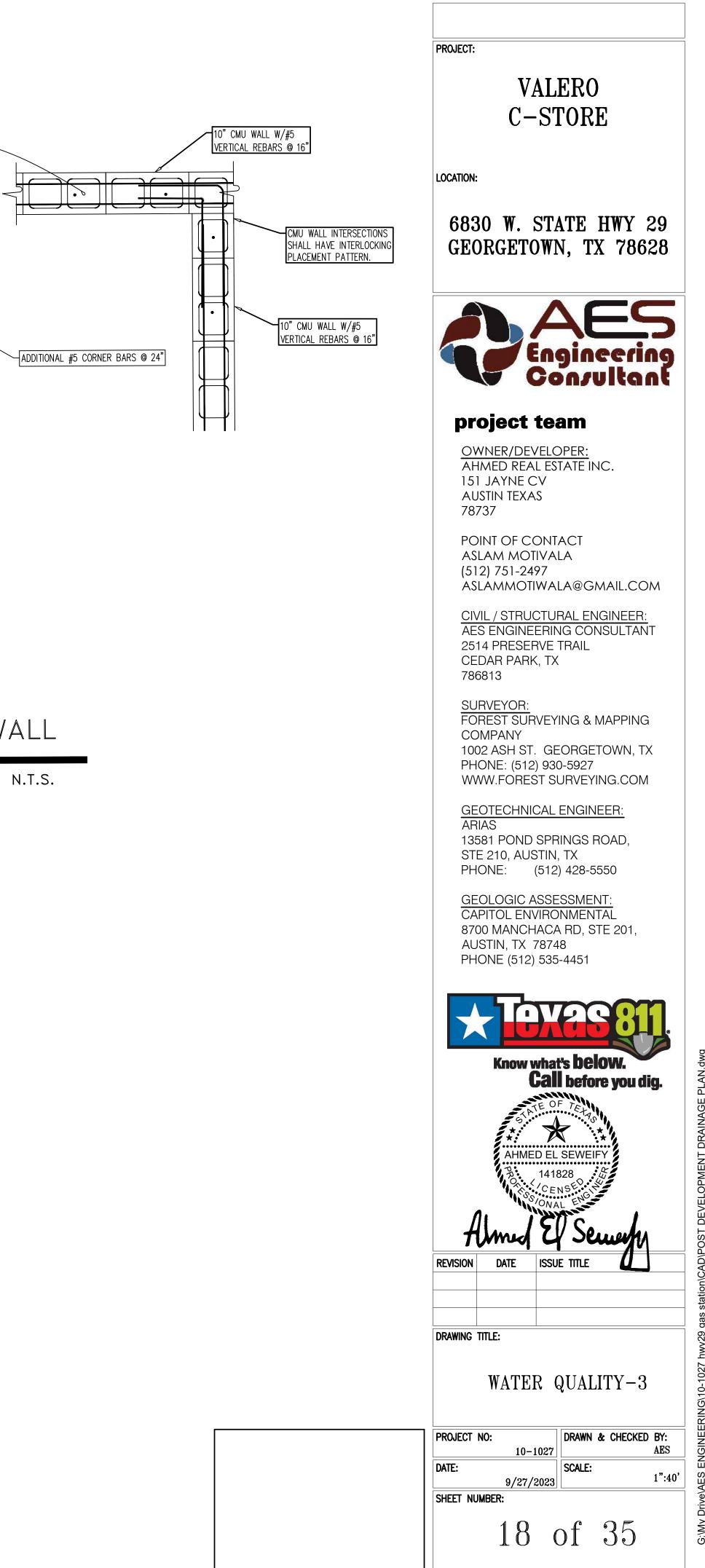
					PROJECT:
					VALEDO
exas Commission on Environmental Quality					VALERO
SS Removal Calculations 04-20-2009	Project Name:	Valero C	-Store		C-STORE
	Date Prepared:		6/4/2023		
The Required Load Reduction for the total project:	Calculations fr	rom RG-348		Pages 3-27 to 3-30	LOCATION:
Site Data: Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Pro	ect				
	= Williamson	acres			6830 W. STATE HWY 2
Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plan* Total post-development impervious area within the limits of the plan*	= 0.00	acres			GEORGETOWN, TX 7862
Total post-development impervious cover fraction *	= 0.58	inches			
L <sub>M TOTAL PROJECT</sub> The values entered in these fields should be for the total project ar	1	lbs.			
					Essignatio
Number of drainage basins / outfalls areas leaving the plan area	= 1				Engineerin Conzultar
Drainage Basin Parameters (This information should be provided fo	or each basin):				
Drainage Basin/Outfall Area No.					project team
Total drainage basin/outfall area		acres			OWNER/DEVELOPER:
Predevelopment impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area	= 0.00	acres			AHMED REAL ESTATE INC.
Post-development impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area Post-development impervious fraction within drainage basin/outfall area	= 0.58	acres			151 JAYNE CV AUSTIN TEXAS
L <sub>M THIS</sub> BASIN	= 1706	lbs.			78737
ndicate the proposed BMP Code for this basin.					POINT OF CONTACT
Proposed BMP Removal efficiency	= Sand Filter = 89	percent			ASLAM MOTIVALA
Calculate Maximum TSS Load Removed (L <sub>R</sub> ) for this Drainage Bas			<u>e.</u>		(512) 751-2497 ASLAMMOTIWALA@GMAIL.COM
Ac		acres			
A <sub>I</sub>		acres acres			<u>CIVIL / STRUCTURAL ENGINEER:</u> AES ENGINEERING CONSULTANT
L <sub>R</sub>		lbs			2514 PRESERVE TRAIL
					CEDAR PARK, TX 786813
Calculate Fraction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / o	utfall area	•			SURVEYOR:
Desired L <sub>M THIS BASIN</sub>	= 1730	lbs.			FOREST SURVEYING & MAPPING
	= 0.89				COMPANY 1002 ASH ST. GEORGETOWN, TX
					PHONE: (512) 930-5927
Calculate Capture Volume required by the BMP Type for this drain	ige basin / ouπ	all area.	Calculations from R	G-348 Pages 3	WWW.FOREST SURVEYING.COM
Rainfall Depth		inches			GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER:
Post Development Runoff Coefficient On-site Water Quality Volume		cubic feet			ARIAS 13581 POND SPRINGS ROAD,
					STE 210, AUSTIN, TX PHONE: (512) 428-5550
	Calculations fr	om RG-348	Pages 3-36 to 3-37		
Off-site area draining to BMP Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP		acres acres			GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT: CAPITOL ENVIRONMENTAL
Impervious fraction of off-site area Off-site Runoff Coefficient	= 0	•			8700 MANCHACA RD, STE 201,
Off-site Water Quality Volume		cubic feet			AUSTIN, TX 78748 PHONE (512) 535-4451
Storage for Sediment					
Total Capture Volume (required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) Filter area for Sand Filters	= 9569 Designed as F	cubic feet Required in R	G-348	Pages 3-58 to 3-63	
04 Eull Sodimontation and Eiltration System					
9A. Full Sedimentation and Filtration System	0500				
Water Quality Volume for sedimentation basin		cubic feet			Know what's <b>below.</b>
Minimum filter basin area	= 443	square feet			<b>Call before you di</b>
Maximum sedimentation basin area Minimum sedimentation basin area			For minimum wate		STATE OF TETTS
	<u><u>j</u><u>j</u><u>j</u></u>	Syudie leel			
9B. Partial Sedimentation and Filtration System					AHMED EL SEWEIFY
Water Quality Volume for combined basins	= 9569	cubic feet			141828 W
Minimum filter basin area	= 797	square feet			N NONAL EN
Maximum sedimentation basin area	= 3190	square feet	For minimum wate	er depth of 2 feet	Homed El Servert
Minimum sedimentation basin area	= 199	square feet	For maximum wat	er depth of 8 feet	REVISION DATE ISSUE TITLE
Bioretention System	Designed as F	Required in R	G-348	Pages 3-63 to 3-65	
	Debigned do r	toquirou in rt			
					DRAWING TITLE:
					DRAWING TITLE:
					WATER QUALITY -2
IMPERVIOUS COVER					
IMPERVIOUS COVER					WATER QUALITY -2 PROJECT NO: 10-1027 DRAWN & CHECKED SCALE:
GRASS 61,919 SF 1.421					WATER QUALITY $-2$ PROJECT NO: 10-1027 DATE: 10/10/2023 CALE:
	AC.				WATER QUALITY $-2$ PROJECT NO: 10-1027 DATE: 10/10/2023 SHEET NUMBER:
GRASS         61,919         SF         1.421           BUILDING         22,500         SF         0.516	AC. AC.				WATER QUALITY $-2$ PROJECT NO: 10-1027 DATE: 10/10/2023 CALE:

NOTE: ONLY ONE BOND BEAM IS REQUIRED FOR HEIGHTS LESS THAN 5'. THE WALL BELOW IS FOR THE WATER QUALITY POND AND NOT INTENDED TO BE USED TO RETAIN SOIL.



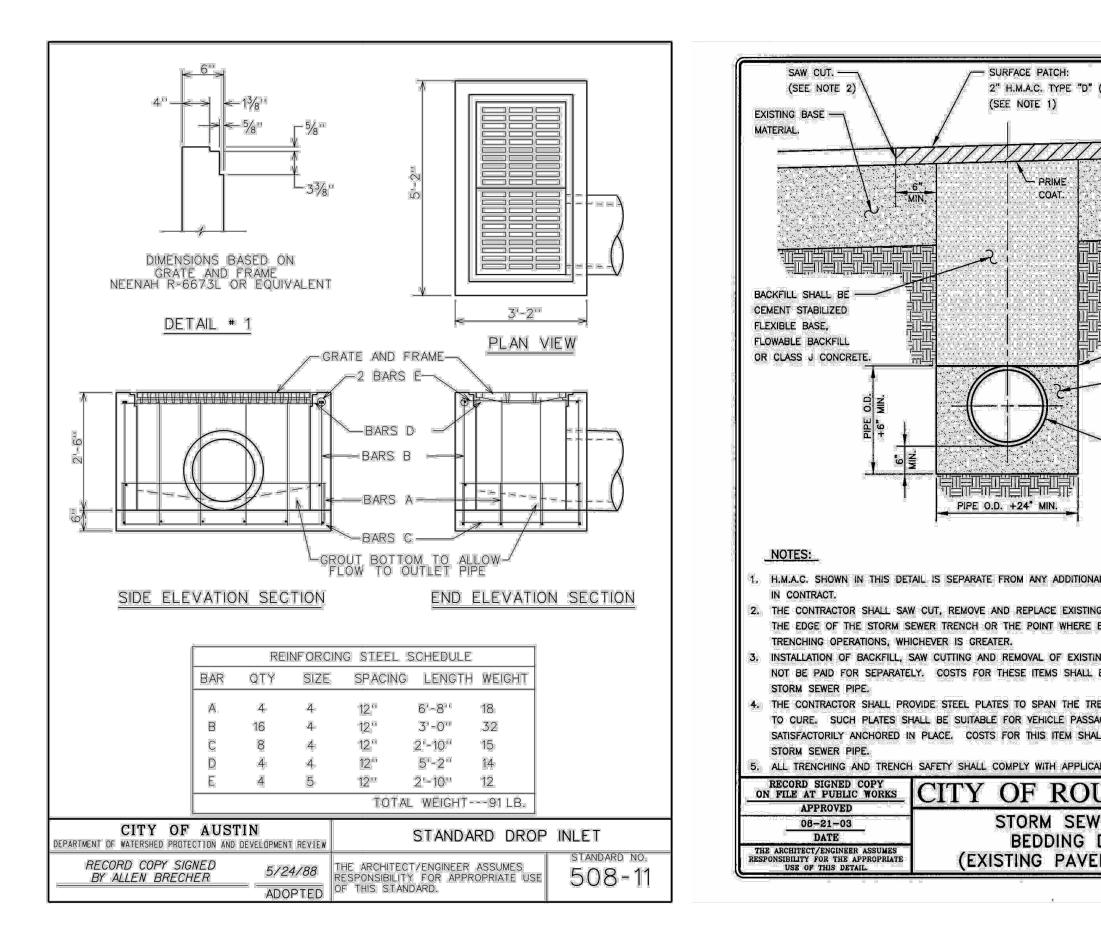


# PLAN VIEW OF CMU WALL



Permit No: 2023-880-coc Liberty Hill Permit No: 23-020SDP

10/7/2023 8:40:58 PM



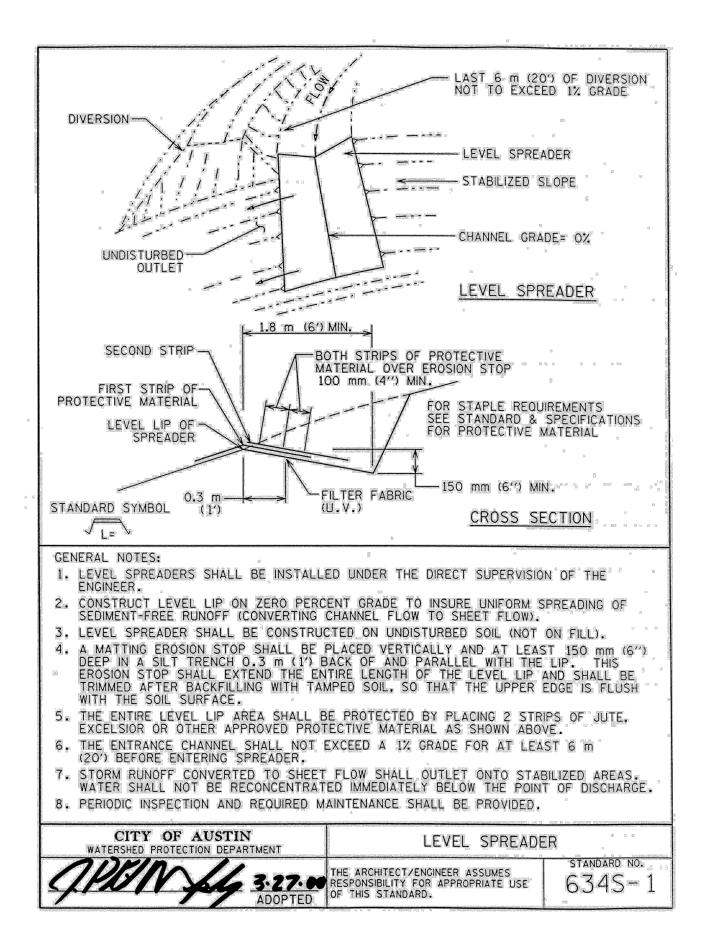
- SURFACE PATCH:

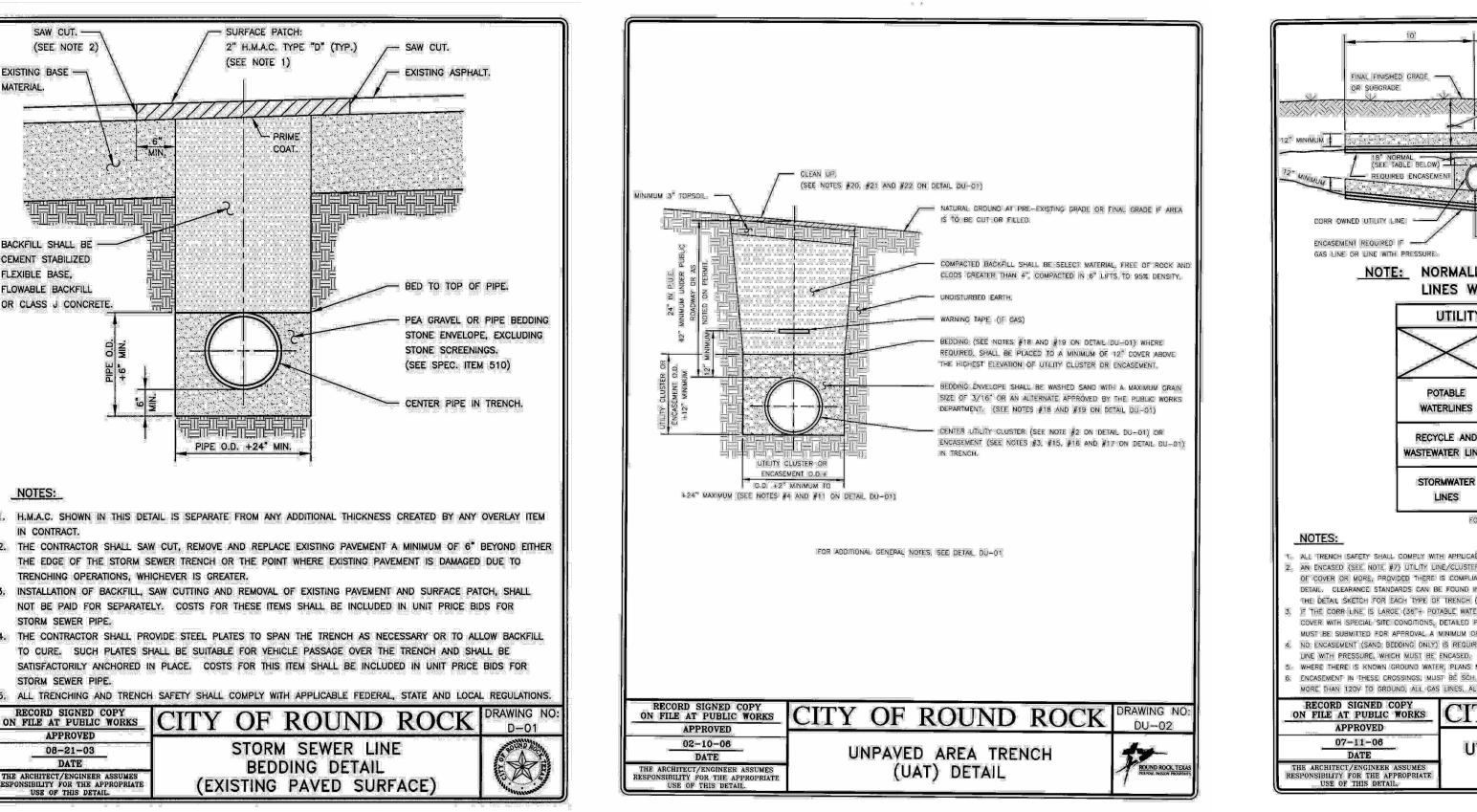
(SEE NOTE 1)

PIPE O.D. +24" MIN.

PRIME

COAT.





ii.

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			N ARE	Y 30" BELOW FINAL SUBGRADE AS TO BE PAVED WITHIN ROW, EASEMENT OR CORR OWNED OR PROPERTY.
1			DB4.740.0 100.0400	DTES #2 AND #3 FOR EMENTS
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nia		_ / _	Ni .	
Y-1	A CONTRACTOR			
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J. 65.	NORMAL MUST BE	STANDARD BEDDING PLACED AROUND INED UTILITY LINE	SAND N	G ENVELOPE SHALL BE WASHED NITH A MAXIMUM GRAIN SIZE OF (SEE NOTE ∦18 ON DETAIL )
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			1200	1
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	LINE SIZE	AS POSSIBLE)	ROUTES	
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	6" ~ 36"	18"	48"	
5	LARGER	24"	72"	
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- 1020A	LARGER	24"	60"	
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	LARGER	24"	60"	
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FUR AU	DITIONAL GENERAL NUTES, S	EL DETAL DO-01		
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TERLINE,	RECYCLE LINE OR WASTEW	ATER LINE, 60"+ STO	RMWATER LINE)	AND/OR HAS LESS THAN 60" OF
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ten actionia	RANCE STANDARDS COMPLIA BE SUBMITTED, THAT SHOW	80.00	IROL OF THE W	FT CONDITION:
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T	Y OF R	OUND	RO	CK DRAWING NO: DU-05
17711				
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PROJECT:			
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CA 870 AU	OLOGIC A PITOL ENV 00 MANCH ISTIN, TX ONE (512)	/IRONME IACA RD, 78748	NTAL STE 201,
		Xa	<b>S</b> 81
ł	Know v	D EL SEWI 141828 C ENSEO ONAL EN C SEO ONAL EN C SEO ONAL EN C SEO C S	
REVISION	<u> +</u>		
	DATE	ISSUE TITLE	
DRAWING	TITLE:		DETAIL
DRAWING	TITLE: DRAIN	NAGE	DETAIL
DRAWING PROJECT DATE:	TITLE: DRAIN	NAGE	DETAIL N & CHECKED

PERMIT NO: 2023-880-COC LIBERTY HILL PERMIT NO: 23-020SDP

Agent Authorization TCEQ-0599



### Agent Authorization Form For Required Signature Edwards Aquifer Protection Program Relating to 30 TAC Chapter 213 Effective June 1, 1999

1

### Aslam Motiwala Print Name

President/Owner Title - Owner/President/Other

of

### Ahmed Real Estate

Inc.

Corporation/Partnership/Entity Name

have authorized PWS Chad M. Copeland, P.G.,

Print Name of Agent/Engineer

of LLC Ranger Environmental Services,

Print Name of Firm

to represent and act on the behalf of the above named Corporation, Partnership, or Entity for the purpose of preparing and submitting this plan application to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the review and approval consideration of regulated activities.

I also understand that:

- The applicant is responsible for compliance with 30 Texas Administrative Code Chapter 213 and any condition of the TCEQ's approval letter. The TCEQ is authorized to assess administrative penalties of up to \$10,000 per day per violation.
- For those submitting an application who are not the property owner, but who have the right to control and possess the property, additional authorization is required from the owner.
- Application fees are due and payable at the time the application is submitted. The application fee must be sent to the TCEQ cashier or to the appropriate regional office. The application will not be considered until the correct fee is received by the commission.
- A notarized copy of the Agent Authorization Form must be provided for the person preparing the application, and this form must accompany the completed application.
- 5. No person shall commence any regulated activity on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge

Zone, Contributing Zone or Transition Zone until the appropriate application for the activity has been filed with and approved by the Executive Director.

SIGNATURE PAGE:

111/24

Applicant's Signature

Date

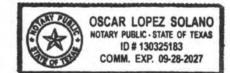
THE STATE OF TX §

County of TRAVIS §

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared  $A5 \log M_0 + \frac{1}{10} \log R_0 \log R_$ 

GIVEN under my hand and seal of office on this 11 day of MARCH . 2074.

NOTARY PUBLIC



SCATE LOPEZ-SOLANO Typed or Printed Name of Notary

09-28-2027 MY COMMISSION EXPIRES: Application Fee Form TCEQ-0574



# **Application Fee Form**

<b>Texas Commission on Environmer</b>	ntal Quality		
Name of Proposed Regulated Entit	ty: <u>Valero C-Store</u>		
Regulated Entity Location: 6830 W	est State Highway 29,	Georgetown, Texas 78	<u>3628</u>
Name of Customer: Ahmed Real Es	<u>state Inc.</u>		
Contact Person: <u>Aslam Motiwala</u>	Phon	e: <u>(512) 751-2497</u>	
Customer Reference Number (if is	sued):CN <u>606169910</u>		
Regulated Entity Reference Number	er (if issued):RN <u>11178</u>	<u>8956</u>	
Austin Regional Office (3373)			
Hays	Travis	⊠w	illiamson
San Antonio Regional Office (3362	2)		
Bexar	Medina		valde
	Kinney		alue
		r manay ardar nayah	la ta tha Tayaa
Application fees must be paid by c			
Commission on Environmental Qu form must be submitted with you			
Austin Regional Office		an Antonio Regional O	
X Mailed to: TCEQ - Cashier		vernight Delivery to: 1	CEQ - Cashier
Revenues Section	1	2100 Park 35 Circle	
Mail Code 214	В	uilding A, 3rd Floor	
P.O. Box 13088	A	ustin, TX 78753	
Austin, TX 78711-3088	(5	512)239-0357	
Site Location (Check All That Appl	y):		
🔀 Recharge Zone	Contributing Zone	🗌 Transi	tion Zone
Type of Plar	ו	Size	Fee Due
Water Pollution Abatement Plan, G	Contributing Zone		
Plan: One Single Family Residentia	l Dwelling	Acres	\$
Water Pollution Abatement Plan, G	Contributing Zone		
Plan: Multiple Single Family Reside	ential and Parks	Acres	\$
Water Pollution Abatement Plan, G	Contributing Zone		
Plan: Non-residential		Acres	\$
Sewage Collection System		L.F.	\$
Lift Stations without sewer lines		Acres	\$
Underground or Aboveground Sto	rage Tank Facility	3 Tanks	\$ 1,950
Piping System(s)(only)		Each	\$
Exception		Each	\$
Extension of Time		Each	\$
Signature: <u>CMCpul</u>	Z Date:	. <u>06/0</u> 3/2024	

# **Application Fee Schedule**

# Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Edwards Aquifer Protection Program 30 TAC Chapter 213 (effective 05/01/2008)

# Water Pollution Abatement Plans and Modifications

# *Contributing Zone Plans and Modifications*

Project	Project Area in Acres	Fee
One Single Family Residential Dwelling	< 5	\$650
Multiple Single Family Residential and Parks	< 5	\$1,500
	5 < 10	\$3,000
	10 < 40	\$4,000
	40 < 100	\$6,500
	100 < 500	\$8,000
	≥ 500	\$10,000
Non-residential (Commercial, industrial, institutional,	< 1	\$3,000
multi-family residential, schools, and other sites	1 < 5	\$4,000
where regulated activities will occur)	5 < 10	\$5,000
	10 < 40	\$6,500
	40 < 100	\$8,000
	≥ 100	\$10,000

### **Organized Sewage Collection Systems and Modifications**

Project	Cost per Linear Foot	Minimum Fee- Maximum Fee
Sewage Collection Systems	\$0.50	\$650 - \$6,500

# Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank System Facility Plans and Modifications

Project	Cost per Tank or Piping System	Minimum Fee- Maximum Fee
Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank Facility	\$650	\$650 - \$6,500

### **Exception Requests**

Project	Fee
Exception Request	\$500

### **Extension of Time Requests**

Project	Fee
Extension of Time Request	\$150

Core Data Form TCEQ-10400







# **TCEQ Core Data Form**

For detailed instructions on completing this form, please read the Core Data Form Instructions or call 512-239-5175.

# **SECTION I: General Information**

1. Reason for Submission (If other is cl	hecked please describe in space provided.) New Permit, Registration or Authorization (Core Data Form shou	uld be submitted with the program amplication )
	Renewal (Core Data Form should be submitted with the renewal form)	
2. Customer Reference Number (if issued)	Follow this link to search for CN or RN numbers in Central Registry**	3. Regulated Entity Reference Number (if issued)
CN 606169910		RN 111788956

# **SECTION II: Customer Information**

4. General Custon	ner Informatio	n	5. Effectiv	e Date fo	r Custom	er Information	Updates (mm/dd/yyyy)	
New Customer Change in Legal Nam	ne (Verifiable wit	Update h the Texas	to Customer Secretary of S	Information State or Tex	on xas Comptr	Change in Reg oller of Public Ac	gulated Entity Ownership counts)	
The Customer Nar or Texas Comptrol	me submitted h ller of Public A	ere may b ccounts (0	e updated au CPA).	utomatica	lly based	on what is curre	ent and active with the	Texas Secretary of State (SOS)
6. Customer Lega	l Name (If an in	dividual, p	rint last name	first: eg: L	Doe, John)	If new Customer,	enter previous Customer	helow:
Ahmed Real Estate In	nc,							
7. TX SOS/CPA F 0803805194	'iling Number		8. TX Stat 3207640541		(11 digits)	9. Federal Tax (9 digits) 85-3619763	ID 10. DUNS Numbe	sr (if applicable)
11. Type of Custo	mer:		Corporation		Individua	al	Partnership: General	Limited
Government: City Co	ounty Federal Loo	al State O	ther		Sole Proj	prietorship	Other.	
	01-250 251-50		und higher			Yes N	ntly Owned and Oper	
Owner Occupational License	Operator		Owner &	e Regulated : Operator A Applica		ted on this form. P	lease check one of the foll Other:	owing -
15. Mailing Address:	Ahmed R	eal Estate I	nc.					
	151 Jayn	e Cv.						
	City	Austin	State	TX	ZIP	78737	ZIP + 4	1415
16. Country Mail	ing Informatio	n (if outsid	e USA)		17. E-M	fail Address (if)	applicable)	
18. Telephone Nu	mber	_	19. Extens	sion or C	ode		20. Fax Number /	(if applicable)
( 512 ) 751-2497							( ) -	

### **SECTION III: Regulated Entity Information**

21. General Regulated Entity Information (If 'New Regulated Entity'' is selected, a new permit application is also required.)

and the second se								
The Regulated Entity Name s Inc, LP, or LLC).	submitted n	nay be updated	, in order to m	eet TCE	Q Core Data S	Standards (i	removal of orga	nizational endings such a
22. Regulated Entity Name (	Enter name	of the site where	the regulated act	tion is tak	ing place.)			
Valero C-Store								
23. Street Address of the Regulated Entity:	6830 W	/est State Highwa	av 29					
(No PO Boxes)								
	City	0	State		ZIP	78628	ZIP+4	Last
		Georgetown	State	TX		/8628		6854
24. County	William	nson						
		If no Street	Address is pro	ovided,	fields 25-28 au	re required		
25. Description to	1					_		
Physical Location:								
26. Nearest City						State		Nearest ZIP Code
								-
Latitude/Longitude are requi used to supply coordinates w						dards. (Geo	coding of the F	Physical Address may be
used to supply coordinates w	here none							Physical Address may be -97.803542
	here none	have been prov 30.637800			cy).			
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used to supply coordinates with 27. Latitude (N) In Decimal: Degrees 30 29. Primary SIC Code (4 digits) 4932 33. What is the Primary Bu Gas station with convenience sto	Minute 38 siness of th	have been prov 30.637800 is <b>30. Secondary</b> (4 digits)	Seconds 16 V SIC Code	31. P (5 or 6 47511	28. Longitu Degrees 97 rimary NAIC 6 digits)	nde (W) In S Code	Decimal: Minutes 48 32, Seconda (5 or 6 digits)	-97.803542 Seconds 12 Iry NAICS Code
used to supply coordinates wi 27. Latitude (N) In Decimal: Degrees 30 29. Primary SIC Code (4 digits) 4932 33. What is the Primary Bu	Minute 38 siness of th	have been prov 30.637800 rs <b>30. Secondary</b> (4 digits)	Seconds 16 V SIC Code Do not repeat the S	31. P (5 or 6 47511	28. Longitu Degrees 97 rimary NAIC 6 digits)	nde (W) In S Code	Decimal: Minutes 48 32, Seconda (5 or 6 digits)	-97.803542 Seconds 12 ITY NAICS Code
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39. TCEQ Programs and ID Numbers Check all Programs and write in the permits/registration numbers that will be affected by the updates submitted on this form. See the Core Data Form instructions for additional guidance.

Dam Safety	Districts	Edwards Aquifer	Emissions Inventory Air	Industrial Hazardous Waste
Municipal Solid Waste	New Source Review Air	OSSF	Petroleum Storage Tank	PWS
Sludge	Storm Water	Title V Air	Tires	Used Oil
Voluntary Cleanup	Wastewater	Wastewater Agriculture	Water Rights	Other:

# **SECTION IV: Preparer Information**

40. Name:	Chad M. Copeland, P.G., PWS	41. Title:	Project Manager
42. Telephone Number	43. Ext./Code	44. Fax Number	45. E-Mail Address
512-335-1785	x124	()	

### **SECTION V: Authorized Signature**

46. By my signature below, I certify, to the best of my knowledge, that the information provided in this form is true and complete, and that I have signature authority to submit this form on behalf of the entity specified in Section II, Field 6 and/or as required for the updates to the ID numbers identified in field 39.

Company:	Ahmed Real Estate Inc.	Job Title: President/Owner		v/Owner
Name (In Print):	rint): Aslam Motiwala		Phone:	( 512 ) 751- <b>2497</b>
Signature:	Non,		Date:	3/11/24

(11/22)

TCEQ-10400

1 of 2

Page

Jon Niermann, *Chairman* Emily Lindley, *Commissioner* Bobby Janecka, *Commissioner* Kelly Keel, *Interim Executive Director* 



# TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Protecting Texas by Reducing and Preventing Pollution

October 25, 2023

Mr. Aslam Motiwala Ahmed Real Estate, Inc. 151 Jayne Cv. Austin, Texas 78737

Re: Approval of a Water Pollution Abatement Plan (WPAP) Valero C-Store; Located 500 ft NE of Creek Crossing Dr. and W. State HWY 29; Liberty Hill ETJ, Williamson County, Texas Edwards Aquifer Protection Program ID: 11003670, Regulated Entity No. RN111788956

### Dear Mr. Motiwala:

The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) has completed its review on the application for the above-referenced project submitted to the Edwards Aquifer Protection Program (EAPP) by AES Engineering Consultant, on behalf of the applicant, Ahmed Real Estate Inc., on August 7, 2023. Final review of the application was completed after additional material was received on October 8, 2023, and October 18, 2023.

As presented to the TCEQ, the application was prepared in general compliance with the requirements of 30 Texas Administrative Codes (TAC) Chapter §213. The permanent best management practices (BMPs) and measures represented in the application were prepared by a Texas licensed professional engineer (PE). All construction plans and design information were sealed, signed, and dated by a Texas licensed PE. Therefore, the application for the construction of the proposed project and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer are **approved**, subject to applicable state rules and the conditions in this letter.

This approval expires two years from the date of this letter, unless, prior to the expiration date, more than 10 percent of the construction has commenced on the project or an extension of time has been officially requested. This approval or extension will expire, and no extension will be granted if more than 50 percent of the project has not been completed within ten years from the date of this letter.

The applicant or a person affected may file with the chief clerk a motion for reconsideration of the executive director's final action on this Edwards Aquifer protection plan. A motion for reconsideration must be filed in accordance with 30 TAC §50.139.

### PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The proposed commercial project will have an area of approximately 3.38 acres. The project will include a 5,000 ft<sup>2</sup> convenience store, a 17,500 ft<sup>2</sup> office warehouse, associated parking, utilities, and water quality facilities. The impervious cover will be 1.96 acres (58 percent). According to a letter dated, September 21, 2023, signed by James Lancaster, with Williamson County, the site in the development is acceptable for the use of on-site sewage facilities.

TCEQ Region 11 · P.O. Box 13087 · Austin, Texas 78711-3087 · 512-339-2929 · Fax 512-339-3795

Mr. Aslam Motiwala Page 2 October 25, 2023

### PERMANENT POLLUTION ABATEMENT MEASURES

To prevent the pollution of stormwater runoff originating on-site or upgradient of the site and potentially flowing across and off the site after construction, a partial sedimentation/filtration basin, designed using the TCEQ technical guidance, *RG-348, Complying with the Edwards Aquifer Rules: Technical Guidance on Best Management Practices,* will be constructed to treat stormwater runoff. The required total suspended solids (TSS) treatment for this project is 1,709 pounds of TSS generated from the 1.96 acres of impervious cover. The approved permanent BMPs and measures meet the required 80 percent removal of the increased load in TSS caused by the project.

The permanent BMPS shall be operational prior to occupancy or use of the proposed project. Inspection, maintenance, repair, and retrofit of the permanent BMPs shall be in accordance with the approved application.

### **GEOLOGY**

According to the Geologic Assessment (GA) included with the application, the surficial unit of the site is the Edwards Limestone. No sensitive geologic features were identified in the GA. The site assessment conducted on September 27, 2023, by TCEQ staff determined the site to be generally as described by the GA.

### SPECIAL CONDITIONS

I. An approved Underground Storage Tank Facility Plan (UST) will be required for the storage of static hydrocarbons.

### STANDARD CONDITIONS

- 1. The plan holder (applicant) must comply with all provisions of 30 TAC Chapter §213 and all technical specifications in the approved plan. The plan holder should also acquire and comply with additional and separate approvals, permits, registrations or authorizations from other TCEQ Programs (i.e., Stormwater, Water Rights, Dam Safety, Underground Injection Control) as required based on the specifics of the plan.
- 2. In addition to the rules of the Commission, the plan holder must also comply with state and local ordinances and regulations providing for the protection of water quality as applicable.

### Prior to Commencement of Construction:

- 3. Within 60 days of receiving written approval of an Edwards Aquifer protection plan, the plan holder must submit to the EAPP proof of recordation of notice in the county deed records, with the volume and page number(s) of the county record. A description of the property boundaries shall be included in the deed recordation in the county deed records. TCEQ form, Deed Recordation Affidavit (TCEQ-0625), may be used.
- 4. The plan holder of any approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan must notify the EAPP and obtain approval from the executive director prior to initiating any modification to the activities described in the referenced application following the date of the approval.
- 5. The plan holder must provide written notification of intent to commence construction, replacement, or rehabilitation of the referenced project. Notification must be submitted to the EAPP no later than 48 hours prior to commencement of the regulated activity. Notification must include the date on which the regulated activity will commence, the name of the approved plan and program ID number for the regulated activity, and the name of the prime contractor with the name and telephone number of the contact person.

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- 6. Temporary erosion and sedimentation (E&S) controls as described in the referenced application, must be installed prior to construction, and maintained during construction. Temporary E&S controls may be removed when vegetation is established, and the construction area is stabilized. The TCEQ may monitor stormwater discharges from the site to evaluate the adequacy of temporary E&S control measures. Additional controls may be necessary if excessive solids are being discharged from the site.
- 7. All borings with depths greater than or equal to 20 feet must be plugged with non-shrink grout from the bottom of the hole to within three (3) feet of the surface. The remainder of the hole must be backfilled with cuttings from the boring or gravel. All borings less than 20 feet must be backfilled with cuttings from the boring. All borings must be backfilled or plugged within four (4) days of completion of the drilling operation.

### **During Construction:**

- 8. This approval does not authorize the installation of temporary or permanent aboveground storage tanks on this project that will have a total storage capacity of five hundred gallons or more of static hydrocarbons or hazardous substances without prior approval of an Aboveground Storage Tank facility application.
- 9. If any sensitive feature is encountered during construction, replacement, or rehabilitation on this project, all regulated activities must be **immediately** suspended near it and notification must be made to TCEQ EAPP staff. Temporary BMPs must be installed and maintained to protect the feature from pollution and contamination. Regulated activities near the feature may not proceed until the executive director has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the feature and the aquifer from potentially adverse impacts to water quality.
- 10. All water wells, including injection, dewatering, and monitoring wells shall be identified in the geologic assessment and must be in compliance with the requirements of the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation 16 TAC Chapter §76 and all other locally applicable rules, as appropriate.
- 11. If sediment escapes the construction site, the sediment must be removed at a frequency sufficient to minimize offsite impacts to water quality (e.g., fugitive sediment in street being washed into surface streams or sensitive features by the next rain). Sediment must be removed from sediment traps or sedimentation ponds not later than when design capacity has been reduced by 50 percent. Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals shall be prevented from becoming stormwater discharge pollutants.
- 12. Intentional discharges of sediment laden water are not allowed. If dewatering becomes necessary, the discharge must be filtered through appropriately selected BMPs.
- 13. The following records shall be maintained and made available to the executive director upon request: the dates when major grading activities occur, the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site, and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 14. Stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, and construction activities will not resume within 21 days. When the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day is precluded by weather conditions, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable.

- 15. Owners of permanent BMPs and temporary measures must ensure that the BMPs and measures are constructed and function as designed. A Texas licensed PE must certify in writing that the **permanent** BMPs or measures were constructed as designed. The certification letter must be submitted to the EAPP within 30 days of site completion.
- 16. The applicant shall be responsible for maintaining the permanent BMPs after construction until such time as the maintenance obligation is either assumed in writing by another entity having ownership or control of the property or the ownership of the property is transferred to the entity. A copy of the transfer of responsibility must be filed with the executive director through the EAPP within 30 days of the transfer. TCEQ form, Change in Responsibility for Maintenance on Permanent BMPs and Measures (TCEQ-10263), may be used.

The holder of the approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan is responsible for compliance with Chapter §213 and any condition of the approved plan through all phases of plan implementation. Failure to comply with any condition within this approval letter is a violation of Chapter §213 and is subject to administrative rule or orders and penalties as provided under §213.10 of this title (relating to Enforcement). Such violations may also be subject to civil penalties and injunction. Upon legal transfer of this property, the new owner is required to comply with all terms of the approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan.

This action is taken as delegated by the executive director of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality. If you have any questions or require additional information, please contact Ms. Betsy Yockey of the Edwards Aquifer Protection Program at 512-239-7014 or the regional office at 512-339-2929.

Sincerely,

Monica Reyes for

Lillian Butler, Section Manager Edwards Aquifer Protection Program Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

LIB/bmy

cc: Mr. Ahmed El Seweify, P.E., AES Engineering Consultant