WESTINGHOUSE FLEX – NORTH

Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification and Sewage Collection System Application





July 1, 2024

Ms. Lillian Butler Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) Region 11 12100 Park 35 Circle, Bldg A, Rm 179 Austin, TX 78753

Re: Westinghouse Flex North Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification & Sewage Collection System

Dear Ms. Butler:

Please find included herein the Westinghouse Flex North Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification & Sewage Collection System. This Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification has been prepared in accordance with the regulations of the Texas Administrative Code (30 TAC 213) and current policies for development over the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone. This Sewage Collection System Application has been prepared to be consistent with the regulations of the Texas Administrative Code (30 TAC 213, 217, and 290) and current policies for development over the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone.

This Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification applies to an approximate 9.021-acre site as identified by the project limits. This Sewage Collection System Application applies to the 423.68-linear feet of sewer main proposed as part of this project. Please review the plan information for the items it is intended to address. If acceptable, please provide a written approval of the plan in order that construction may begin at the earliest opportunity.

Appropriate review fees (\$5,000 and \$650) and fee application are included. If you have questions or require additional information, please do not hesitate to contact me at your earliest convenience.

Sincerely, Pape-Dawson Consulting Engineers, LLC

Mitchel

Shelly Mitchell, P.E. Vice President

Attachments



H:\Projects\513\70\00\301 Construction Documents\WPAP MOD North\Word\240621a1.docx

WESTINGHOUSE FLEX – NORTH

Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification and Sewage Collection System Application



July 2024



EDWARDS AQUIFER APPLICATION COVER PAGE (TCEQ-20705)

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page

Our Review of Your Application

The Edwards Aquifer Program staff conducts an administrative and technical review of all applications. The turnaround time for administrative review can be up to 30 days as outlined in 30 TAC 213.4(e). Generally administrative completeness is determined during the intake meeting or within a few days of receipt. The turnaround time for technical review of an administratively complete Edwards Aquifer application is 90 days as outlined in 30 TAC 213.4(e). Please know that the review and approval time is directly impacted by the quality and completeness of the initial application that is received. In order to conduct a timely review, it is imperative that the information provided in an Edwards Aquifer application include final plans, be accurate, complete, and in compliance with <u>30 TAC 213</u>.

Administrative Review

1. <u>Edwards Aquifer applications</u> must be deemed administratively complete before a technical review can begin. To be considered administratively complete, the application must contain completed forms and attachments, provide the requested information, and meet all the site plan requirements. The submitted application and plan sheets should be final plans. Please submit one full-size set of plan sheets with the original application, and half-size sets with the additional copies.

To ensure that all applicable documents are included in the application, the program has developed tools to guide you and web pages to provide all forms, checklists, and guidance. Please visit the below website for assistance: <u>http://www.tceq.texas.gov/field/eapp</u>.

- 2. This Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page form (certified by the applicant or agent) must be included in the application and brought to the administrative review meeting.
- 3. Administrative reviews are scheduled with program staff who will conduct the review. Applicants or their authorized agent should call the appropriate regional office, according to the county in which the project is located, to schedule a review. The average meeting time is one hour.
- 4. In the meeting, the application is examined for administrative completeness. Deficiencies will be noted by staff and emailed or faxed to the applicant and authorized agent at the end of the meeting, or shortly after. Administrative deficiencies will cause the application to be deemed incomplete and returned.

An appointment should be made to resubmit the application. The application is re-examined to ensure all deficiencies are resolved. The application will only be deemed administratively complete when all administrative deficiencies are addressed.

- 5. If an application is received by mail, courier service, or otherwise submitted without a review meeting, the administrative review will be conducted within 30 days. The applicant and agent will be contacted with the results of the administrative review. If the application is found to be administratively incomplete, it can be retrieved from the regional office or returned by regular mail. If returned by mail, the regional office may require arrangements for return shipping.
- 6. If the geologic assessment was completed before October 1, 2004 and the site contains "possibly sensitive" features, the assessment must be updated in accordance with the *Instructions to Geologists* (TCEQ-0585 Instructions).

Technical Review

- 1. When an application is deemed administratively complete, the technical review period begins. The regional office will distribute copies of the application to the identified affected city, county, and groundwater conservation district whose jurisdiction includes the subject site. These entities and the public have 30 days to provide comments on the application to the regional office. All comments received are reviewed by TCEQ.
- 2. A site assessment is usually conducted as part of the technical review, to evaluate the geologic assessment and observe existing site conditions. The site must be accessible to our staff. The site boundaries should be

clearly marked, features identified in the geologic assessment should be flagged, roadways marked and the alignment of the Sewage Collection System and manholes should be staked at the time the application is submitted. If the site is not marked the application may be returned.

- 3. We evaluate the application for technical completeness and contact the applicant and agent via Notice of Deficiency (NOD) to request additional information and identify technical deficiencies. There are two deficiency response periods available to the applicant. There are 14 days to resolve deficiencies noted in the first NOD. If a second NOD is issued, there is an additional 14 days to resolve deficiencies. If the response to the second notice is not received, is incomplete or inadequate, or provides new information that is incomplete or inadequate, the application must be withdrawn or will be denied. Please note that because the technical review is underway, whether the application is withdrawn or denied **the application fee will be forfeited**.
- 4. The program has 90 calendar days to complete the technical review of the application. If the application is technically adequate, such that it complies with the Edwards Aquifer rules, and is protective of the Edwards Aquifer during and after construction, an approval letter will be issued. Construction or other regulated activity may not begin until an approval is issued.

Mid-Review Modifications

It is important to have final site plans prior to beginning the permitting process with TCEQ to avoid delays.

Occasionally, circumstances arise where you may have significant design and/or site plan changes after your Edwards Aquifer application has been deemed administratively complete by TCEQ. This is considered a "Mid-Review Modification". Mid-Review Modifications may require redistribution of an application that includes the proposed modifications for public comment.

If you are proposing a Mid-Review Modification, two options are available:

- If the technical review has begun your application can be denied/withdrawn, your fees will be forfeited, and the plan will have to be resubmitted.
- TCEQ can continue the technical review of the application as it was submitted, and a modification application can be submitted at a later time.

If the application is denied/withdrawn, the resubmitted application will be subject to the administrative and technical review processes and will be treated as a new application. The application will be redistributed to the affected jurisdictions.

Please contact the regional office if you have questions. If your project is located in Williamson, Travis, or Hays County, contact TCEQ's Austin Regional Office at 512-339-2929. If your project is in Comal, Bexar, Medina, Uvalde, or Kinney County, contact TCEQ's San Antonio Regional Office at 210-490-3096

Please fill out all required fields below and submit with your application.

1. Regulated Entity Name:							2. Regulated Entity No.:			
3. Customer Name:					4. Customer No.:					
5. Project Type: (Please circle/check one)			Extension		Exception					
6. Plan Type: (Please circle/check one)	WPAP CZP SCS UST AS		AST	EXP	EXT	Technical Clarification	Optional Enhanced Measures			
7. Land Use: (Please circle/check one)	Resider	ntial	Non-r	esiden	tia		8. Sit	e (acres):		
9. Application Fee:			10. P	ermai	ient I	BMP(s):			
11. SCS (Linear Ft.):			12. A	. AST/UST (No. Tai			nks):			
13. County:			14. W	aters	hed:					

Application Distribution

Instructions: Use the table below to determine the number of applications required. One original and one copy of the application, plus additional copies (as needed) for each affected incorporated city, county, and groundwater conservation district are required. Linear projects or large projects, which cross into multiple jurisdictions, can require additional copies. Refer to the "Texas Groundwater Conservation Districts within the EAPP Boundaries" map found at:

http://www.tceq.texas.gov/assets/public/compliance/field_ops/eapp/EAPP%20GWCD%20map.pdf

For more detailed boundaries, please contact the conservation district directly.

	Austin Region										
County:	Hays	Travis	Williamson								
Original (1 req.)											
Region (1 req.)											
County(ies)											
Groundwater Conservation District(s)	Edwards Aquifer Authority Barton Springs/ Edwards Aquifer Hays Trinity Plum Creek	Barton Springs/ Edwards Aquifer	NA								
City(ies) Jurisdiction	Austin Buda Dripping Springs Kyle Mountain City San Marcos Wimberley Woodcreek	Austin Bee Cave Pflugerville Rollingwood Round Rock Sunset Valley West Lake Hills	Austin Cedar Park Florence Georgetown Jerrell Leander Liberty Hill Pflugerville Round Rock								

	San Antonio Region									
County:	Bexar	Comal	Kinney	Medina	Uvalde					
Original (1 req.)										
Region (1 req.)										
County(ies)										
Groundwater Conservation District(s)	Edwards Aquifer Authority Trinity-Glen Rose	Edwards Aquifer Authority	Kinney	EAA Medina	EAA Uvalde					
City(ies) Jurisdiction	Castle Hills Fair Oaks Ranch Helotes Hill Country Village Hollywood Park San Antonio (SAWS) Shavano Park	Bulverde Fair Oaks Ranch Garden Ridge New Braunfels Schertz	NA	San Antonio ETJ (SAWS)	NA					

O:\Public\WORD\Reports-Covers-Dividers\TCEQ\CZP\f-20705_Edwards_Aquifer_application_cover.pdf

I certify that to the best of my knowledge, that the application is complete and accurate. This application is hereby submitted to TCEQ for administrative review and technical review.

Print Name of Customer/Authorized Agent

Signature of Customer/Authorized Agent

07/08/2024 Date

Date(s)Reviewed:	Date Administratively Complete:				
Received From:	Correct Number of Copies:				
Received By:	Distribution Date:				
EAPP File Number:	Complex:				
Admin. Review(s) (No.):	No. AR I	Rounds:			
Delinquent Fees (Y/N):	Review Time Spent:				
Lat./Long. Verified:	SOS Cus	tomer Verification:			
Agent Authorization Complete/Notarized (Y/N):	Fee	Payable to TCEQ (Y/N): Signed (Y/N):			
Core Data Form Complete (Y/N):	Check:				
Core Data Form Incomplete Nos.:		Less than 90 days old (Y/N):			

GENERAL INFORMATION FORM (TCEQ-0587)

General Information Form

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

For Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge and Transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.4(b) & §213.5(b)(2)(A), (B) Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **General Information Form** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review. The application was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Shelly Mitchell, P.E.

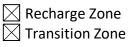
Date: 07/08/2024

Signature of Customer/Agent:

Shelly Mitchell

Project Information

- 1. Regulated Entity Name: Westinghouse Flex North
- 2. County: Williamson
- 3. Stream Basin: Brushy Creek
- 4. Groundwater Conservation District (If applicable): N/A
- 5. Edwards Aquifer Zone:



6. Plan Type:

🛛 WPAP	AST
⊠ scs	🗌 UST
Modification	Exception Request

7. Customer (Applicant):

Contact Person: <u>Edward A. St. John</u> Entity: <u>Mays Westinghouse Crossing, LLC</u> Mailing Address: <u>3800 N Lamar Blvd, Ste 200</u> City, State: <u>Georgetown, TX</u> Telephone: <u>(410) 788-0100</u> Email Address: <u>mvannewkirk@sjpi.com</u>

Zip: <u>78756</u> FAX:

8. Agent/Representative (If any):

Contact Person: Shelly Mitchell, P.E.Entity: Pape-Dawson Consulting Engineers, LLCMailing Address: 10801 N MoPac Expy, Bldy 3 - Ste 200City, State: Austin, TXZip: 78759Telephone: (512) 454-8711FAX: ______Email Address: smitchell@pape-dawson.com

9. Project Location:

The project site is located inside the city limits of <u>Georgetown</u>.

The project site is located outside the city limits but inside the ETJ (extra-territorial jurisdiction) of _____.

- The project site is not located within any city's limits or ETJ.
- 10. The location of the project site is described below. The description provides sufficient detail and clarity so that the TCEQ's Regional staff can easily locate the project and site boundaries for a field investigation.

<u>From TCEQ's Regional Office, turn left on Park 35 Cir toward I-35. travel approximately</u> <u>11 miles north on I-35 before taking exit 257 toward Westinghouse Rd. Travel 0.4 mi</u> <u>on I-35 Frontage Rd and turn right onto Bass Pro Dr. In approximately 0.7 miles, turn</u> <u>left onto N Mays St. The project is located approximately 0.4 miles south of the N</u> <u>Mays St and Westinghouse Rd intersection.</u>

- 11. Attachment A Road Map. A road map showing directions to and the location of the project site is attached. The project location and site boundaries are clearly shown on the map.
- 12. Attachment B USGS / Edwards Recharge Zone Map. A copy of the official 7 ½ minute USGS Quadrangle Map (Scale: 1" = 2000') of the Edwards Recharge Zone is attached. The map(s) clearly show:

Project site boundaries.

USGS Quadrangle Name(s).

Boundaries of the Recharge Zone (and Transition Zone, if applicable).

Drainage path from the project site to the boundary of the Recharge Zone.

13. The TCEQ must be able to inspect the project site or the application will be returned. Sufficient survey staking is provided on the project to allow TCEQ regional staff to locate

TCEQ-0587 (Rev. 02-11-15)

2 of 4

the boundaries and alignment of the regulated activities and the geologic or manmade features noted in the Geologic Assessment.

Survey staking will be completed by this date: when advised by TCEQ

14. Attachment C – Project Description. Attached at the end of this form is a detailed narrative description of the proposed project. The project description is consistent throughout the application and contains, at a minimum, the following details:

\boxtimes	Area of the site
\boxtimes	Offsite areas
\boxtimes	Impervious cover
\boxtimes	Permanent BMP(s)
\boxtimes	Proposed site use
\boxtimes	Site history
	Previous development
	Area(s) to be demolished

15. Existing project site conditions are noted below:

	Future concerns and all all a
	Existing commercial site
	Existing industrial site
	Existing residential site
	Existing paved and/or unpaved roads
\boxtimes	Undeveloped (Cleared)
	Undeveloped (Undisturbed/Uncleared)
	Other:

Prohibited Activities

- 16. I am aware that the following activities are prohibited on the Recharge Zone and are not proposed for this project:
 - (1) Waste disposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 of this title (relating to Underground Injection Control);
 - (2) New feedlot/concentrated animal feeding operations, as defined in 30 TAC §213.3;
 - (3) Land disposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC §335.1;
 - (4) The use of sewage holding tanks as parts of organized collection systems; and
 - (5) New municipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I standards which are defined in §330.41(b), (c), and (d) of this title (relating to Types of Municipal Solid Waste Facilities).
 - (6) New municipal and industrial wastewater discharges into or adjacent to water in the state that would create additional pollutant loading.
- 17. I am aware that the following activities are prohibited on the Transition Zone and are not proposed for this project:

- (1) Waste disposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 (relating to Underground Injection Control);
- (2) Land disposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC §335.1; and
- (3) New municipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I standards which are defined in §330.41 (b), (c), and (d) of this title.

Administrative Information

18. The fee for the plan(s) is based on:

- For a Water Pollution Abatement Plan or Modification, the total acreage of the site where regulated activities will occur.
- For an Organized Sewage Collection System Plan or Modification, the total linear footage of all collection system lines.
- For a UST Facility Plan or Modification or an AST Facility Plan or Modification, the total number of tanks or piping systems.
- A request for an exception to any substantive portion of the regulations related to the protection of water quality.
- A request for an extension to a previously approved plan.
- 19. Application fees are due and payable at the time the application is filed. If the correct fee is not submitted, the TCEQ is not required to consider the application until the correct fee is submitted. Both the fee and the Edwards Aquifer Fee Form have been sent to the Commission's:

🛛 TCEQ cashier

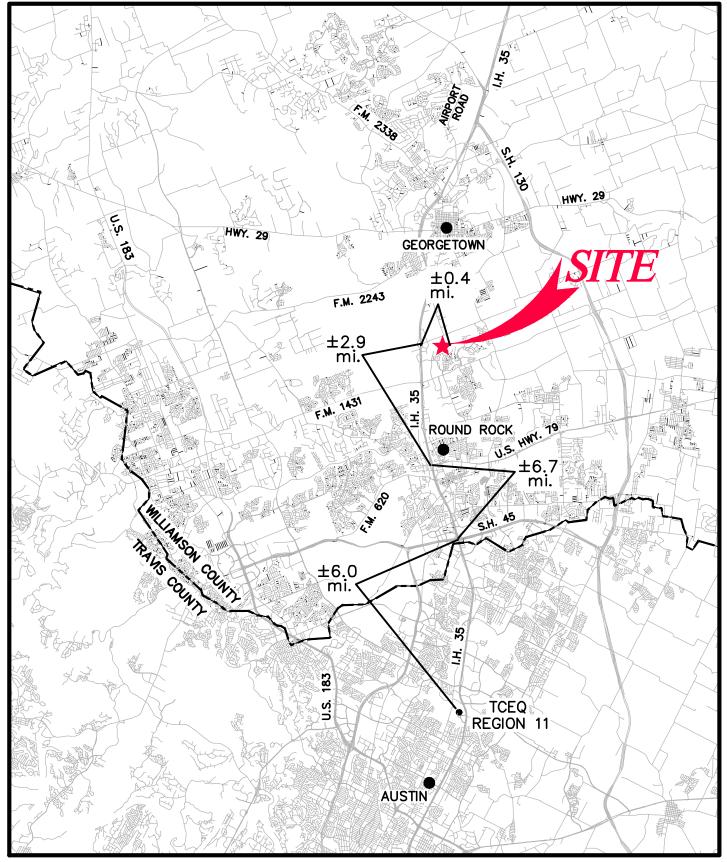
Austin Regional Office (for projects in Hays, Travis, and Williamson Counties) San Antonio Regional Office (for projects in Bexar, Comal, Kinney, Medina, and Uvalde Counties)

- 20. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
- 21. No person shall commence any regulated activity until the Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan(s) for the activity has been filed with and approved by the Executive Director.

ATTACHMENT A

WESTINGHOUSE FLEX Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification

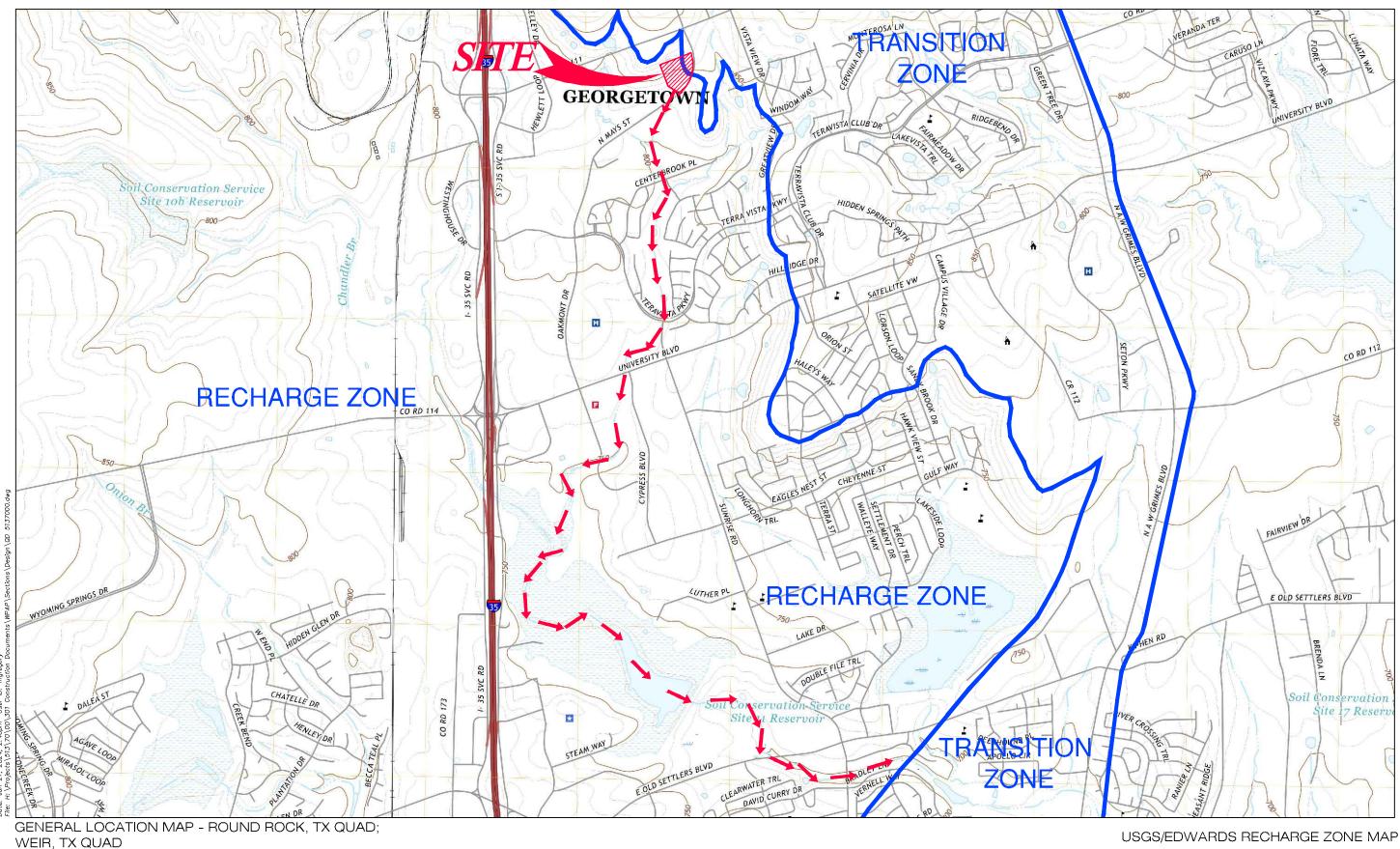


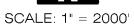


Pape-Dawson Engineers, Inc. Date: Aug 10, 2023, 10:48am User ID: mgregory File: H: Projects\\$13\70\00\301 Construction Documents\WPAP\Sections\Design\RM 5137000.dwg ATTACHMENT A Road Map

ATTACHMENT B

WESTINGHOUSE FLEX Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification





ATTACHMENT B

ATTACHMENT C

WESTINGHOUSE FLEX – NORTH Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification

Attachment C – Project Description

The Westinghouse Flex – North Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification (WPAP MOD) is a modification of the previously approved Westinghouse Flex WPAP (ID 11003708), approved on October 27, 2023. The previous plan approved an industrial development on approximately 33.33 acres, including a north and south site, with 17.45 acres of total impervious cover. This WPAP modification is for the north site only. The site is located approximately 0.4 miles south of the N Mays St and Westinghouse Rd intersection. The site is cleared and undeveloped, lies within the Brushy Creek watershed in both the Edwards Aquifer Recharge and Transition Zones, and does not contain the 100-year floodplain. The Geologic Assessment identified zero naturally occurring sensitive geological features.

This WPAP MOD proposes additional clearing and grading for the construction of two (2) deceleration lanes for the north site. The Permanent Best Management Practices (PBMPs) for this north site are the previously approved batch detention basin "A" (ID 11003708) and the proposed 15' engineered VFS, which are designed in accordance with the TCEQ's Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) RG-348 (2005) to remove 80% of the increase in Total Suspended Solids (TSS) form the site as required by TCEQ and 85% removal per the City of Georgetown guidelines. Approximately 4.871 total acres of impervious cover, or 54% of the 9.021-acre site, are proposed for this site. There are approximately 0.1304 acres of existing impervious cover within the project limits to remain, for a total of 4.974 acres of impervious cover overall. Part of the previously uncaptured driveway will now be captured by the proposed fifteen-foot (15') engineered vegetative filter strip (VFS). No modifications are proposed to the previously approved basin. Overtreatment for the approximately 0.275 acres of uncaptured impervious cover has been accounted for via the approved detention basin. Please see the Treatment Summary Table attached with this application for a full breakdown of the impervious cover.

The previously approved Westinghouse Flex overall site also approved the construction of sanitary sewer main. This Westinghouse Flex – North SCS proposes the modification of the north sewer main alignment, resulting in a change in the linear footage. The proposed alignment consists of approximately 57.27 LF of 6-inch (6") polyvinyl chloride (PVC), SDR 26 gravity main and approximately 366.41 LF of 8-inch (8") PVC SDR 26 gravity main. Regulated activities proposed include excavation, construction of sewer mains, manholes, and compaction. Approximately 0.97 acres may be disturbed as identified by the limits of the fifty-foot (50') SCS/GA envelope shown on the plans; however, additional regulated activities will disturb 9.021 acres for the overall north site development, in accordance with the concurrent WPAP.

The proposed development will generate approximately 5,844 gallons per day (average flow) of domestic wastewater based on 55,434 SF of industrial building space (55,434 SF * 1 LUE/1,660 SF * 175 GPD/LUE). Wastewater will be disposed of by the Dove Springs Wastewater Treatment Plant. Potable water service is to be provided by the City of Georgetown.

GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT FORM (TCEQ-0585)

Geologic Assessment

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

For Regulated Activities on The Edwards Aquifer Recharge/transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(3), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. My signature certifies that I am qualified as a geologist as defined by 30 TAC Chapter 213.

Pri	nt Name of Geologist: <u>Henry E. Stultz III, P.G.</u>	Telephone:	210-375-9000
Dat	te: July 5, 2023	Fax:	210-375-9090
Rep	presenting: Pape-Dawson Engineers, Inc., TBPG reg	istration num	per 50351
Sig	nature of Geologist:		TE OF TETRIN
	gulated Entity Name: <u>WESTINGHOUSE FLEX</u>		HENRY STULTZ III BEOLOGY 12121 CENSE ONAL XGEOS
Pr	oject Information		
1.	Date(s) Geologic Assessment was performed: Marc	h 22, 2023	
2.	Type of Project:		
3.	WPAP [SCS [Location of Project:	AST UST	
	 Recharge Zone Transition Zone Contributing Zone within the Transition Zone 		

- 4. Attachment A Geologic Assessment Table. Completed Geologic Assessment Table (Form TCEQ-0585-Table) is attached.
- 5. Soil cover on the project site is summarized in the table below and uses the SCS Hydrologic Soil Groups* (Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds, Technical Release No. 55, Appendix A, Soil Conservation Service, 1986). If there is more than one soil type on the project site, show each soil type on the site Geologic Map or a separate soils map.

Soil Name	Group*	Thickness (feet)							
Doss silty clay, moist, 1 to 5 percent slopes (DoC)	D	1-2							
Ferris-Heiden complex, 5 to 15 percent slopes, moderately eroded (FhF2)	D	3-4							
Heiden clay, 5 to 8 percent slopes, eroded (HeiD3)	D	3-4							
Heiden extremely stony clay, 3 to 12 percent slopes (HesE)	D	1-2							
Houston Black clay, 1 to 3 percent slopes (HoB)	D	5-6							

Table 1	- Soil	Units,	Infiltration
Characte	eristic	s and	Thickness

Soil Name	Group*	Thickness (feet)
Houston Black clay, 3 to 5 percent slopes, moderately eroded (HoC2)	D	5-6

- * Soil Group Definitions (Abbreviated)
 - A. Soils having a high infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
 - B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
 - C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
 - D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
- 6. Attachment B Stratigraphic Column. A stratigraphic column showing formations, members, and thicknesses is attached. The outcropping unit, if present, should be at the top of the stratigraphic column. Otherwise, the uppermost unit should be at the top of the stratigraphic column.
- 7. X Attachment C Site Geology. A narrative description of the site specific geology including any features identified in the Geologic Assessment Table, a discussion of the potential for fluid movement to the Edwards Aquifer, stratigraphy, structure(s), and karst characteristics is attached.
- 8. Attachment D Site Geologic Map(s). The Site Geologic Map must be the same scale as the applicant's Site Plan. The minimum scale is 1": 400'

Applicant's Site Plan Scale: 1" = 100'Site Geologic Map Scale: 1" = 100'Site Soils Map Scale (if more than 1 soil type): 1" = 400' 9. Method of collecting positional data:

Global Positioning System (GPS) technology.

Other method(s). Please describe method of data collection:

- 10. The project site and boundaries are clearly shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map.
- 11. X Surface geologic units are shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map.
- 12. Geologic or manmade features were discovered on the project site during the field investigation. They are shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map and are described in the attached Geologic Assessment Table.
 - Geologic or manmade features were not discovered on the project site during the field investigation.
- 13. X The Recharge Zone boundary is shown and labeled, if appropriate.
- 14. All known wells (test holes, water, oil, unplugged, capped and/or abandoned, etc.): If applicable, the information must agree with Item No. 20 of the WPAP Application Section.

There are ____(#) wells present on the project site and the locations are shown and labeled. (Check all of the following that apply.)

The wells are not in use and have been properly abandoned.

The wells are not in use and will be properly abandoned.

The wells are in use and comply with 16 TAC Chapter 76.

There are no wells or test holes of any kind known to exist on the project site.

Administrative Information

15. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.

ATTACHMENT A Geologic Assessment Table

	PHYSICAL SETTING	11 12	CATCHMENT AREA TOPOGRAPHY (ACRES)	>1.6	Hillside	X Hillside	Hillside	X Hillside	X Hillside	X Hillside	X Hillside	X Hillside				None, exposed bedrock Coarse - cobbles, breakdown, sand, gravel Loose or soft mud or soil, organics, leaves, sticks, dark colors Fines, compacted clay-rich sediment, soil profile, gray or red colors Vegetation. Give details in narrative description Flowstone, cements, cave deposits Other materials Other materials 12 TOPOGRAPHY dilitop, Hilliside, Drainage, Floodplain, Streambed y's Instructions to Geologists. e conditions observed in the field.
100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100	H	1	CATCHME (ACF	<1.6	×		×							0	2	vel es, stick ail profile cription PHY reambec
	NOL	10	SENSITIVITY	>40			50	50	50	50	50	50				lown, sand, gravel , organics, leaves, th sediment, soil p n narrative descrip e deposits e deposits 12 TOPOGRAPHY 12 TOPOGRAPHY
1.11	EVALUATION		SENS	<40	35	35								84 1	5	t down, s down, s in narr ich sed rich
	EV	თ	TOTAL		35	35	50	50	50	50	50	50				bedrock is, break ed or so ed clay-t ents, ca ents, ca Drainag to Geol to Geol
E FLEX		8B	RELATIVE INFILTRATION RATE		5	5	20	20	20	20	20	20				None, exposed bedrock C Coarse - cobbles, breakdown, sand, gravel D Loose or soft mud or soil, organics, leaves, sticks F Fines, compacted clay-rich sediment, soil profile, V Vegetation. Give details in narrative description F Flowstone, cements, cave deposits X Other materials 12 TOPOGRAPHY Cliff, Hilltop, Hillside, Drainage, Floodplain, Streambed tial Quality's Instructions to Geologists. tion of the conditions observed in the field.
SUOH		8A	INFILL		ш	ц	F,C	F,C	F,C	Р,С	F,C	F,C				Z NC C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
WESTINGHOUSE		7	APERTURE (FEET)											INITO	01110	30 20 20 20 20 30 30 30 30 30 5 5 30 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
	TICS	9	DENSITY (NO/FT)	Support Support												sion on Er is a fuer i by 30 TA
ECT N	TERIS	5A	MOD	10	10											Commis tent and tentinec
PROJECT NAME:	CHARACTERISTICS	2	TREND (DEGREES)		N20E											s) ures ck features features the Texas (that docum
	FEATURE	4	DIMENSIONS (FEET)	X Y Z									_			Cave 30 N None, exposed bedrock Solution cavity 20 C Coarse - cobbles, breakdown, sar Solution-enlarged fracture(s) 20 C Coarse - cobbles, breakdown, sar Solution-enlarged fracture(s) 20 Loose or soft mud or soil, organic Fault 20 V Vegetation. Give details in narrati Mammade feature in bedrock 30 Y Vegetation. Give details in narrati Sinkhole 30 X Other materials 12 TOPC Sone, clustered or aligned features 30 X Other materials 12 TOPC Scone, clustered or aligned features 30 X Other materials 12 TOPC Scone, clustered or aligned features 30 X Chiff Hiltop, Hillisi
		e	FORMATION	A DATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PART	Kdr, Kbu, Kgt	Kdr	Kdr, Kbu, Kgt	Kdr, Kgt	Kdr, Kbu, Kgt	Kdr, Kbu	Kdr	Kbu				C Cave 30 N None, exposed bedrock SC Solution cavity 20 C coarse - cobbles, breakdown, SF Solution-enlarged fracture(s) 20 C coarse - cobbles, breakdown, F Fault 20 C coarse - cobbles, breakdown, O Other natural bedrock features 20 C coarse - cobbles, breakdown, MB Mammade feature in bedrock 20 V Vegetation. Give details in natural bedrock features MB Mammade feature in bedrock 30 X Other materials 1are SW Swallow hole 30 X Other materials 12 TG SN Sinkhole 30 Z Constance, cements, cave det 12 TG SH Sinkhole 20 Constance, cements, cave det 12 TG 12 TG C Non-karst closed depression 5 Z Constance, cements, cave det 12 TG SH Sinkhole Solution-entail and is a tute representation of the conditions observed in the filte intermation presented here complies with that document and is a tute representation of the conditions observed in the filte intermation of the conditions observed in the filte intermatint and is a tute representa
		2B	POINTS		20	30	30	30	30	30	30	30			ZAIYPE	e read, informat
ABLE		2A	FEATURE TYPE		ш	MB	MB	MB	MB	MB	MB	MB			ZA ZA	Myer Myer Myer
SMENT TA		1C*	LONGITUDE		-97.68125	-97.68071	-97.68913	-97.67974	-97.67943	-97.68061	-97.68005	-97.67824				
GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT TABLE	LOCATION	18 *	LATITUDE		30.57527	30.57329	30.57810	30.57693	30.57777	30.57918	30.57434	30.57625	AD 83	2		HENRY STULTZIII CEOLOGY 12121 1212
GEOLOG		1A	FEATURE ID		s-1	S-2	S-3	S-4	S-5	S-6	S-7	S-8				Reverses and the second second

Sheet 1 of 1 ATTACHMENT A

TCEQ-0585-Table (Rev. 10-01-04)

ATTACHMENT B Stratigraphic Column

.

WESTINGHOUSE FLEX Geologic Assessment (TCEQ-0585)

Period	Epoch	Group	Formation	Member	Maximum Thickness	Lithology	Hydrologic Unit
Cretaceous	Late Cretaceous	Washita	Buda Limestone		40–50	Buff to light gray, dense nodular mudstone and wackestone containing calcite-filled veins and bluish dendrites; porcelaneous limestone that weathers from a smooth gray to grayish white; nodular surface has a conchoidal fracture; commonly contains iron nodules, iron staining, and shell frags	Confining
			Del Rio Clay	1	40–50	Fossiliferous blue-green to yellow-brown clay with thin beds of packstone; contains iron nodules; <i>llymatogyra arietina</i>	Confining
			Georgetown		100	Reddish-brown, gray to light tan, shaley mudstone and wackestone; commonly contains black dendrites, iron nodules, and iron staining; often fossiliferous with Plesioturrilites brazoensis, Waconella wacoensis common	
	Early Cretaceous	Trinity Fredericksburg	Edwards	1	80 -9 0	Gray to tan, hard, dense, thick-to thin-bedded, fine-grained limestone with soft dolomitic limestone zone near middle	Edwards Aquifer
				2		Gray to tan, soft, nodular-weathering marly limestone	
				3		Light gray to tan, fine-to-medium-grained, hard, thin-to thick-bedded limestone; chert nodules in lower third	
				4		Gray-brown, thin-to medium-bedded, porous dolomite, dolomitic limestone, and limestone; chert common; solution collapse zone at top	
			Comanche Peak		60-64	White, irregularly bedded nodular limestone interbedded with marl to gray fine-grained, nodular limestone, marly limestone, and marl. Large gastropods and pelecypods occur in abundance throughout the limestone.	
			Walnut	Keys Valley	70-120	Gray to tan, soft marl and nodular limestone with abundant fossils	
				Whitestone		Gray to tan, hard, fine-to medium-grained, thin-to thick- bedded fossiliferous limestone	
				Cedar Park		Gray to tan, thin-to thick-bedded, fine-to medium-grained, hard limestone	
				Bee Cave		Gray to tan, soft, nodular-weathering, fine-grained limestone, marly limestone, and marl with abundant fossil shells	
				Bull Creek		Gray to tan, hard, fine-to medium-grained, thin to thick- bedded limestone; shell fragments common	
			Glen Rose	Upper Glen Rose	450	Alternating resistant and nonresistant beds of blue shale, nodular marl, and impure, fossiliferous limestone; gray to yellowish gray; stair-step topography; contains two distinct evaporite zones; distinct <i>Corbula</i> sp. bed marks the contact with the underlying lower member of the Glen Rose Limestone; <i>Orbitulina texana</i>	Upper Trinity

<u>Attachment B – Stratigraphic Column</u>

ATTACHMENT C Site Geology

WESTINGHOUSE FLEX Geologic Assessment

Attachment C – Site Geology

SUMMARY

The Westinghouse Flex Site is located along the north and south sides of North Mays Street, ¼ mile south of Westinghouse Road in Williamson County, Texas.

Based on the results of the field survey conducted in accordance with *Instructions for Geologists for Geologic Assessments in the Edwards Aquifer Recharge/Transition Zones (TCEQ-0585 Instructions),* no naturally occurring sensitive features were identified on site. The overall potential for fluid migration to the Edwards Aquifer for the site is low.

A stream was identified on site. The unnamed tributary of Chandler Branch Tributary 1 generally flows from north to south along the west boundary of the southwest portion of the site. The stream is located within the Turkey Creek-Brushy Creek watershed.

No springs exist on site.

SITE GEOLOGY

As observed through field evidence, the geologic formation which outcrops at the surface within the subject site is the Buda Limestone (Kbu), Del Rio Clay (Kdr), and Georgetown (Kgt) formations. A description of the formations observed onsite is provided below:

- The Kgt is characterized by reddish-brown to light tan marly limestone. Karst development within the Kgt does not occur.
- The Kdr is a blue-green to yellow-brown waxy clay. Karst development within the Kdr does not occur.
- The Kbu is characterized by buff, light gray, dense mudstone. Karst development in the Kbu is generally minor.

The predominant trend of faults in the vicinity of the site is approximately N20°E, based on faults identified during the previous mapping of the area.



WESTINGHOUSE FLEX Geologic Assessment

FEATURE DESCRIPTIONS:

A description of the features observed onsite is provided below:

Feature S-1

Feature S-1 is an intraformational fault within the Kdr. At places within the site, it drops the Kbu and Kdr against the Kdr and Kgt respectively. It was identified by review of aerial photography and published maps. Lack of evidence of enhanced permeability and the presence of fine-grained soil cover suggests a low probability for rapid infiltration.

Feature S-2

Feature S-2 is a sediment basin. Due to the non-karst nature of the feature, the probability of rapid infiltration is low.

Feature S-3

Feature S-3 is a series of existing sewer lines that are partially located beneath pavement. The sewer lines have been trenched through bedrock and backfilled with a mix of fine and course fill material that may be more permeable than surrounding undisturbed areas. Therefore, the probability of rapid infiltration is intermediate.

Feature S-4 through S-8

Features S-4 through S-8 are a series of existing storm drain lines that are partially located beneath pavement. The storm drain lines have been trenched through bedrock and backfilled with a mix of fine and course fill material that may be more permeable than surrounding undisturbed areas. Therefore, the probability of rapid infiltration is intermediate.

REFERENCES

Collins, E.W., 1997, Georgetown Quadrangle, University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology, Series unknown, 1:24,000.

Nationwide Environmental Title Research, LLC. Historical Aerials, HistoricAerials.com. https://www.historicaerials.com/viewer, July 5, 2023.



WESTINGHOUSE FLEX Geologic Assessment

Soil Survey Staff, Natural Resources Conservation Service, United States Department of Agriculture. Web Soil Survey. http://websoilsurvey.sc.egov.usda.gov/, July 5, 2023.

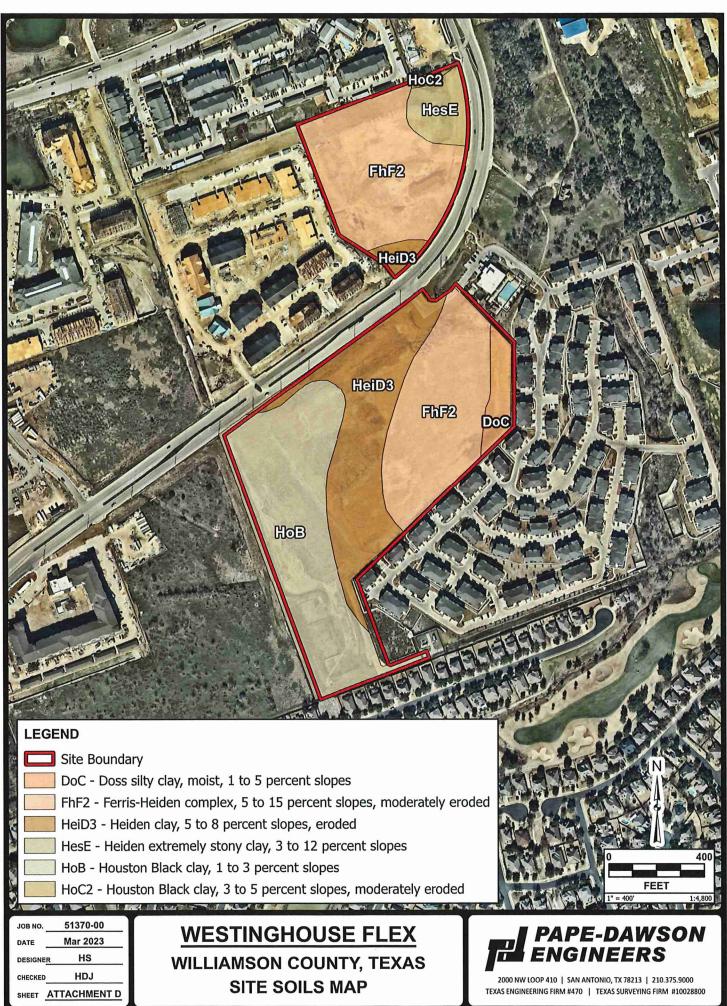
Stein, W.G., and Ozuna, G.B., 1995, Geologic framework and hydrogeologic characteristics of the Edwards Aquifer recharge zone, Bexar County, Texas: U.S. Geological Survey Water-Resources Investigations Report 95–4030, 8 p.

Texas Water Development Board, Wells in TWDB Groundwater Database Viewer, https://www3.twdb.texas.gov/apps/waterdatainteractive/groundwaterdataviewer, July 5, 2023

U.S. Geological Survey, National Water Information System: Mapper, https://maps.waterdata.usgs.gov/mapper/index.html, July 5, 2023.

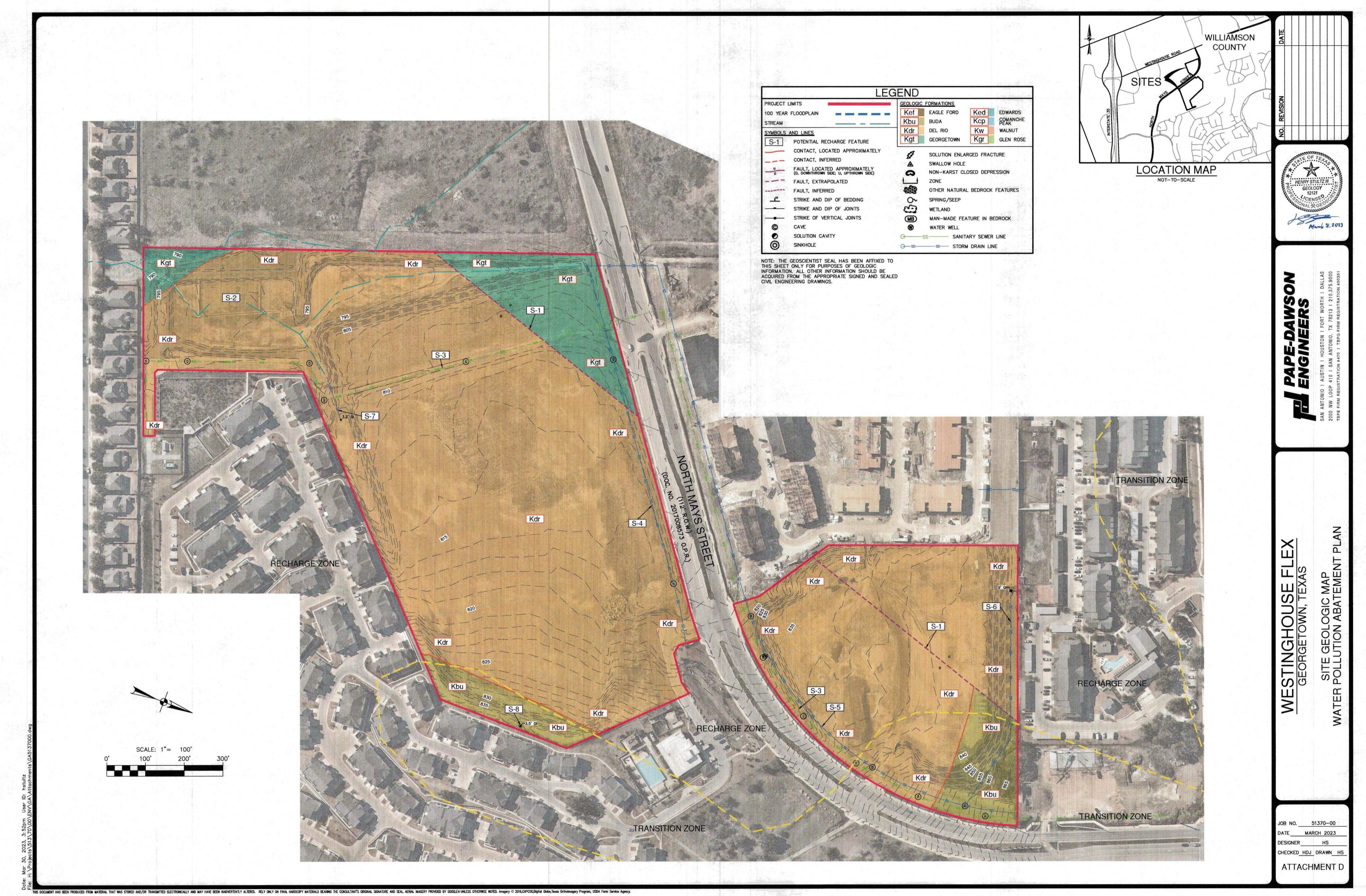


ATTACHMENT D Site Geologic Map(s)



Date: Mar 29, 2023 1:05 PM User: hstultz File: H:VProjects15131701001ENVIGAMttachments1GISIWor

NCUMENT HAS BEEN PRODUCED FROM MATERIAL THAT WAS STORED AND/OR TRANSMITTED ELECTRONICALLY AND MAY HAVE BEEN INADVERTENTLY ALTERED. RELY ONLY ON FINAL HARDCOPY MATERIALS BEARING THE CONSULTANTS ORIGINAL SIGNATURE AND SEA



MODIFICATION OF A PREVIOUSLY APPROVED WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN (TCEQ-0590)

Modification of a Previously Approved Plan

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Transition Zone and Relating to 30 TAC 213.4(j), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This request for a **Modification of a Previously Approved Plan** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The request was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Shelly Mitchell, P.E.

Date: <u>07/08</u>/2024 Signature of Customer/Agent:

Shelly Mitchell

Project Information

 Current Regulated Entity Name: <u>Westinghouse Flex - North</u> Original Regulated Entity Name: <u>Westinghouse Flex</u> Regulated Entity Number(s) (RN): <u>110424017</u>

Edwards Aquifer Protection Program ID Number(s): <u>11003708 (WPAP); 11003709 (SCS)</u>

 \boxtimes The applicant has not changed and the Customer Number (CN) is: <u>606180263</u>

The applicant or Regulated Entity has changed. A new Core Data Form has been provided.

2. Attachment A: Original Approval Letter and Approved Modification Letters. A copy of the original approval letter and copies of any modification approval letters are attached.

- 3. A modification of a previously approved plan is requested for (check all that apply):
 - Physical or operational modification of any water pollution abatement structure(s) including but not limited to ponds, dams, berms, sewage treatment plants, and diversionary structures;
 - Change in the nature or character of the regulated activity from that which was originally approved or a change which would significantly impact the ability of the plan to prevent pollution of the Edwards Aquifer;
 - Development of land previously identified as undeveloped in the original water pollution abatement plan;

Physical modification of the approved organized sewage collection system;

Physical modification of the approved underground storage tank system;

Physical modification of the approved aboveground storage tank system.

4. Summary of Proposed Modifications (select plan type being modified). If the approved plan has been modified more than once, copy the appropriate table below, as necessary, and complete the information for each additional modification.

WPAP Modification	Approved Project	Proposed Modification
Summary		
Acres	<u>33.33</u>	<u>9.021</u>
Type of Development	<u>industrial</u>	<u>industrial</u>
Number of Residential	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>
Lots		
Impervious Cover (acres)	<u>17.45</u>	<u>4.974 (4.871 proposed)</u>
Impervious Cover (%	<u>53.5</u>	<u>53</u>
Permanent BMPs	2 batch detention basins	<u>1 batch detention basin</u>
Other		<u>1 15' VFS</u>
SCS Modification	Approved Project	Proposed Modification
Summary		
Linear Feet	<u>860.27</u>	<u>423.68</u>
Pipe Diameter	<u>6"; 8"</u>	<u>6"; 8"</u>
Other		

AST Modification	Approved Project	Proposed Modification
Summary		
Number of ASTs		
Volume of ASTs		
Other		
UST Modification	Approved Project	Proposed Modification
UST Modification Summary	Approved Project	Proposed Modification
-	Approved Project	Proposed Modification
Summary	Approved Project	Proposed Modification

- 5. Attachment B: Narrative of Proposed Modification. A detailed narrative description of the nature of the proposed modification is attached. It discusses what was approved, including any previous modifications, and how this proposed modification will change the approved plan.
- 6. Attachment C: Current Site Plan of the Approved Project. A current site plan showing the existing site development (i.e., current site layout) at the time this application for modification is attached. A site plan detailing the changes proposed in the submitted modification is required elsewhere.
 - The approved construction has not commenced. The original approval letter and any subsequent modification approval letters are included as Attachment A to document that the approval has not expired.
 - The approved construction has commenced and has been completed. Attachment C illustrates that the site was constructed as approved.
 - The approved construction has commenced and has been completed. Attachment C illustrates that the site was **not** constructed as approved.

The approved construction has commenced and has **not** been completed. Attachment C illustrates that, thus far, the site was constructed as approved.

- The approved construction has commenced and has **not** been completed. Attachment C illustrates that, thus far, the site was **not** constructed as approved.
- 7. The acreage of the approved plan has increased. A Geologic Assessment has been provided for the new acreage.
 - Acreage has not been added to or removed from the approved plan.
- 8. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.

ATTACHMENT A

Jon Niermann, *Chairman* Emily Lindley, *Commissioner* Bobby Janecka, *Commissioner* Kelly Keel, *Interim Executive Director*



TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Protecting Texas by Reducing and Preventing Pollution

October 27, 2023

Mr. Edward A. St. John Mays Westinghouse Crossing, LLC 3800 N. Lamar Blvd., Ste. 200 Austin, TX 78756

Re: Modification of an approved Water Pollution Abatement Plan (WPAP-MOD) and Approval of an Organized Sewage Collection System (SCS) Plan Westinghouse Flex; Located at 0.5 miles south of N. Mays St. and Westinghouse Rd.; Georgetown, Williamson County, Texas Edwards Aquifer Protection Program ID No. 11003708 (WPAP-MOD) and 11003709 (SCS); Regulated Entity No. RN110424017

Dear Mr. St. John:

The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) has completed its review on the applications for the above-referenced projects submitted to the Edwards Aquifer Protection Program (EAPP) by Pape-Dawson Engineers on behalf of the applicant, Mays Westinghouse Crossing, LLC, on September 7, 2023. Final review of the applications were completed after additional material was received on October 26, 2023 and October 27, 2023.

As presented to the TCEQ, the application was prepared in general compliance with the requirements of 30 Texas Administrative Codes (TAC) Chapter §213 and Chapter §217. The permanent best management practices (BMPs), engineering design report, technical specifications and final design plans were prepared by a Texas licensed professional engineer (PE). All construction plans and design information were sealed, signed, and dated by a Texas licensed PE. Therefore, the application for the construction of the proposed project and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer are hereby **approved**, subject to applicable state rules and the conditions in this letter.

This approval expires two years from the date of this letter, unless, prior to the expiration date, more than 10 percent of the construction has commenced on the project or an extension of time has been officially requested. This approval or extension will expire, and no extension will be granted if more than 50 percent of the project has not been completed within ten years from the date of this letter.

The applicant or a person affected may file with the chief clerk a motion for reconsideration of the executive director's final action on this Edwards Aquifer protection plan. A motion for reconsideration must be filed in accordance with 30 TAC §50.139.

BACKGROUND

The New Westinghouse Investors Tract WPAP (EAPP ID No. 11002422), approved by letter dated May 20, 2021, included mass grading of the site.

TCEQ Region 11 · P.O. Box 13087 · Austin, Texas 78711-3087 · 512-339-2929 · Fax 512-339-3795

Mr. Edward A. St. John Page 2 October 27, 2023

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

WPAP DESCRIPTION

The proposed industrial project will have an area of approximately 33.33 acres. The modification will include construction of seven industrial flex buildings, associated parking and drives, utilities, and associated appurtenances. The impervious cover will be 17.45 acres (52.35 percent).

SCS DESCRIPTION

The proposed sewage collection system will provide disposal service for industrial development. The system includes gravity lines and other appurtenances necessary for conveying wastewater to a treatment plant.

The proposed SCS includes the lines listed in the table below:

Pipe Diameter (inches)	Linear Feet	Pipe Material	Specifications
6	244.36	PVC SDR 26	ASTM 3034
6	20	PVC SDR 26	ASTM 2241
8	570.91	PVC SDR 26	ASTM 3034
8	25	PVC SDR 26	ASTM 2241
Total Linear Feet	860.27		

TREATMENT FACILITY

The system will be connected to an existing City of Georgetown wastewater line for conveyance to the Dove Springs Wastewater Treatment Plant for treatment and disposal. **The proposed system shall be connected for conveyance prior to use of the development.** The project will conform to all applicable codes, ordinances, and requirements of the City of Georgetown.

PERMANENT POLLUTION ABATEMENT MEASURES

To prevent the pollution of stormwater runoff originating on-site or upgradient of the site and potentially flowing across and off the site after construction, two batch detention basins (Batch A and Batch B), designed using the TCEQ technical guidance, *RG-348, Complying with the Edwards Aquifer Rules: Technical Guidance on Best Management Practices*, will be constructed to treat stormwater runoff. The required total suspended solids (TSS) treatment for this project is 15,186 pounds of TSS generated from the 17.45 acres of impervious cover. The approved permanent BMPs and measures meet the required 80 percent removal of the increased load in TSS caused by the project.

The permanent BMPS shall be operational prior to occupancy or use of the proposed project. Inspection, maintenance, repair, and retrofit of the permanent BMPs shall be in accordance with the approved application.

Mr. Edward A. St. John Page 3 October 27, 2023

<u>GEOLOGY</u>

According to the Geologic Assessment (GA) included with the application, the surficial units of the site are the Buda Limestone (Kbu), Del Rio Clay (Kdr) and Georgetown (Kgt) formations. No sensitive geologic features were identified in the GA. The site assessment conducted on October 3, 2023 by TCEQ staff determined the site to be generally as described by the GA.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

I. This modification is subject to all the special and standard conditions listed in the approval letter dated May 20, 2021 (EAPP ID No. 11002422).

STANDARD CONDITIONS

- 1. The plan holder (applicant) must comply with all provisions of 30 TAC Chapter §213 and technical specifications contained in the approved plan. The plan holder should also acquire and comply with additional and separate approvals, permits, registrations or authorizations from other TCEQ Programs (i.e., Stormwater, Water Rights, Dam Safety, Underground Injection Control, Water Quality) as required based on the specifics of the plan.
- 2. In addition to the rules of the Commission, the plan holder must also comply with state and local ordinances and regulations providing for the protection of water quality as applicable.

Prior to Commencement of Construction:

- 3. Within 60 days of receiving written approval of an Edwards Aquifer protection plan, the plan holder must submit to the EAPP proof of recordation of notice in the county deed records, with the volume and page number(s) of the county record. A description of the property boundaries shall be included in the deed recordation in the county deed records. TCEQ form, Deed Recordation Affidavit (TCEQ-0625), may be used.
- 4. The plan holder of any approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan must notify the EAPP and obtain approval from the executive director prior to initiating any modification to the activities described in the referenced application following the date of the approval.
- 5. The plan holder must provide written notification of intent to commence construction, replacement, or rehabilitation of the referenced project. Notification must be submitted to the EAPP no later than 48 hours prior to commencement of the regulated activity. Notification must include the date on which the regulated activity will commence, the name of the approved plan and program ID number for the regulated activity, and the name of the prime contractor with the name and telephone number of the contact person.
- 6. Temporary erosion and sedimentation (E&S) controls as described in the referenced application, must be installed prior to construction, and maintained during construction. Temporary E&S controls may be removed when vegetation is established, and the construction area is stabilized. The TCEQ may monitor stormwater discharges from the site to evaluate the adequacy of temporary E&S control measures. Additional controls may be necessary if excessive solids are being discharged from the site.
- 7. All borings with depths greater than or equal to 20 feet must be plugged with non-shrink grout from the bottom of the hole to within three (3) feet of the surface. The remainder of the hole must be backfilled with cuttings from the boring or gravel. All borings less than 20 feet must be backfilled with cuttings from the boring. All borings must be backfilled or plugged within four (4) days of completion of the drilling operation.

During Construction:

- 8. This approval does not authorize the installation of temporary or permanent aboveground storage tanks on this project that will have a total storage capacity of 500 gallons or more of static hydrocarbons or hazardous substances without prior approval of an Aboveground Storage Tank facility application.
- 9. If any sensitive feature is encountered during construction, replacement, or rehabilitation on this project, all regulated activities must be **immediately** suspended near it and notification must be made to TCEQ EAPP staff. Temporary BMPs must be installed and maintained to protect the feature from pollution and contamination. Regulated activities near the feature may not proceed until the executive director has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the feature and the aquifer from potentially adverse impacts to water quality.
- 10. All water wells, including injection, dewatering, and monitoring wells shall be identified in the geologic assessment and must be in compliance with the requirements of the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation 16 TAC Chapter §76 and all other locally applicable rules, as appropriate.
- 11. If sediment escapes the construction site, the sediment must be removed at a frequency sufficient to minimize offsite impacts to water quality (e.g., fugitive sediment in street being washed into surface streams or sensitive features by the next rain). Sediment must be removed from sediment traps or sedimentation ponds not later than when design capacity has been reduced by 50 percent. Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals shall be prevented from becoming stormwater discharge pollutants.
- 12. Intentional discharges of sediment laden water are not allowed. If dewatering becomes necessary, the discharge must be filtered through appropriately selected BMPs.
- 13. The following records shall be maintained and made available to the executive director upon request: the dates when major grading activities occur, the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site, and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 14. Stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, and construction activities will not resume within 21 days. When the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day is precluded by weather conditions, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable.

After Completion of Construction:

- 15. Owners of permanent BMPs and temporary measures must ensure that the BMPs and measures are constructed and function as designed. A Texas licensed PE **must certify** in writing that the permanent BMPs or measures were constructed as designed. The certification letter must be submitted to the EAPP within 30 days of site completion.
- 16. The applicant shall be responsible for maintaining the permanent BMPs after construction until such time as the maintenance obligation is either assumed in writing by another entity having ownership or control of the property or the ownership of the property is transferred to the entity. A copy of the transfer of responsibility must be filed with the executive director through the EAPP within 30 days of the transfer. TCEQ form, Change in Responsibility for Maintenance on Permanent BMPs and Measures (TCEQ-10263), may be used.

Mr. Edward A. St. John Page 5 October 27, 2023

- 17. No part of the organized sewage collection system may be used as a sewage holding tank, as defined in 30 TAC §213.3 (excluding lift stations), over the Edwards Aquifer recharge zone.
- 18. A Texas licensed PE **must certify** in writing that the new sewage collection system (including force mains) has passed all required testing. The certification shall be submitted to the EAPP within 30 days of test completion and prior to the new sewage collection system being put into service.
- 19. A Texas licensed PE **must certify** subsequent testing required every five years of the existing sewage collection system after being put into use to determine types and locations of structural damage and defects such as offsets, open joints, or cracked or crushed lines that would allow exfiltration to occur. The test results must be retained by the plan holder for five years and made available to the executive director upon request.

The holder of the approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan is responsible for compliance with Chapter §213 and any condition of the approved plan through all phases of plan implementation. Failure to comply with any condition within this approval letter is a violation of Chapter §213 and is subject to administrative rule or orders and penalties as provided under §213.10 of this title (relating to Enforcement). Such violations may also be subject to civil penalties and injunction. Upon legal transfer of this property, the new owner is required to comply with all terms of the approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan.

This action is taken as delegated by the executive director of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality. If you have any questions or require additional information, please contact Mr. Colin Gearing of the Edwards Aquifer Protection Program at 512-239-7015 or the regional office at 512-339-2929.

Sincerely, Lillian Butter

Lillian Butler, Section Manager Edwards Aquifer Protection Program Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

LIB/cmg

cc: Ms. Shelly Mitchell, P.E., Pape-Dawson Engineers

ATTACHMENT B

Attachment B – Narrative of Proposed Modification

The Westinghouse Flex – North Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification (WPAP MOD) is a modification of the previously approved Westinghouse Flex WPAP (ID 11003708), approved on October 27, 2023. The previous plan approved an industrial development on approximately 33.33 acres, including a north and south site, with 17.45 acres of total impervious cover. This WPAP modification is for the north site only. The site is located approximately 0.4 miles south of the N Mays St and Westinghouse Rd intersection. The site is cleared and undeveloped, lies within the Brushy Creek watershed in both the Edwards Aquifer Recharge and Transition Zones, and does not contain the 100-year floodplain. The Geologic Assessment identified zero naturally occurring sensitive geological features.

This WPAP MOD proposes additional clearing and grading for the construction of two (2) deceleration lanes for the north site. The Permanent Best Management Practices (PBMPs) for this north site are the previously approved batch detention basin "A" (ID 11003708) and the proposed 15' engineered VFS, which are designed in accordance with the TCEQ's Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) RG-348 (2005) to remove 80% of the increase in Total Suspended Solids (TSS) form the site as required by TCEQ and 85% removal per the City of Georgetown guidelines. Approximately 4.871 total acres of impervious cover, or 54% of the 9.021-acre site, are proposed for this site. There are approximately 0.1304 acres of existing impervious cover within the project limits to remain, for a total of 4.974 acres of impervious cover overall. Part of the previously uncaptured driveway will now be captured by the proposed fifteen-foot (15') engineered vegetative filter strip (VFS). No modifications are proposed to the previously approved basin. Overtreatment for the approximately 0.275 acres of uncaptured impervious cover has been accounted for via the approved detention basin. Please see the Treatment Summary Table attached with this application for a full breakdown of the impervious cover.

The previously approved Westinghouse Flex overall site also approved the construction of sanitary sewer main. This Westinghouse Flex – North SCS proposes the modification of the north sewer main alignment, resulting in a change in the linear footage. The proposed alignment consists of approximately 57.27 LF of 6-inch (6") polyvinyl chloride (PVC), SDR 26 gravity main and approximately 366.41 LF of 8-inch (8") PVC SDR 26 gravity main. Regulated activities proposed include excavation, construction of sewer mains, manholes, and compaction. Approximately 0.97 acres may be disturbed as identified by the limits of the fifty-foot (50') SCS/GA envelope shown on the plans; however, additional regulated activities will disturb 9.021 acres for the overall north site development, in accordance with the concurrent WPAP.

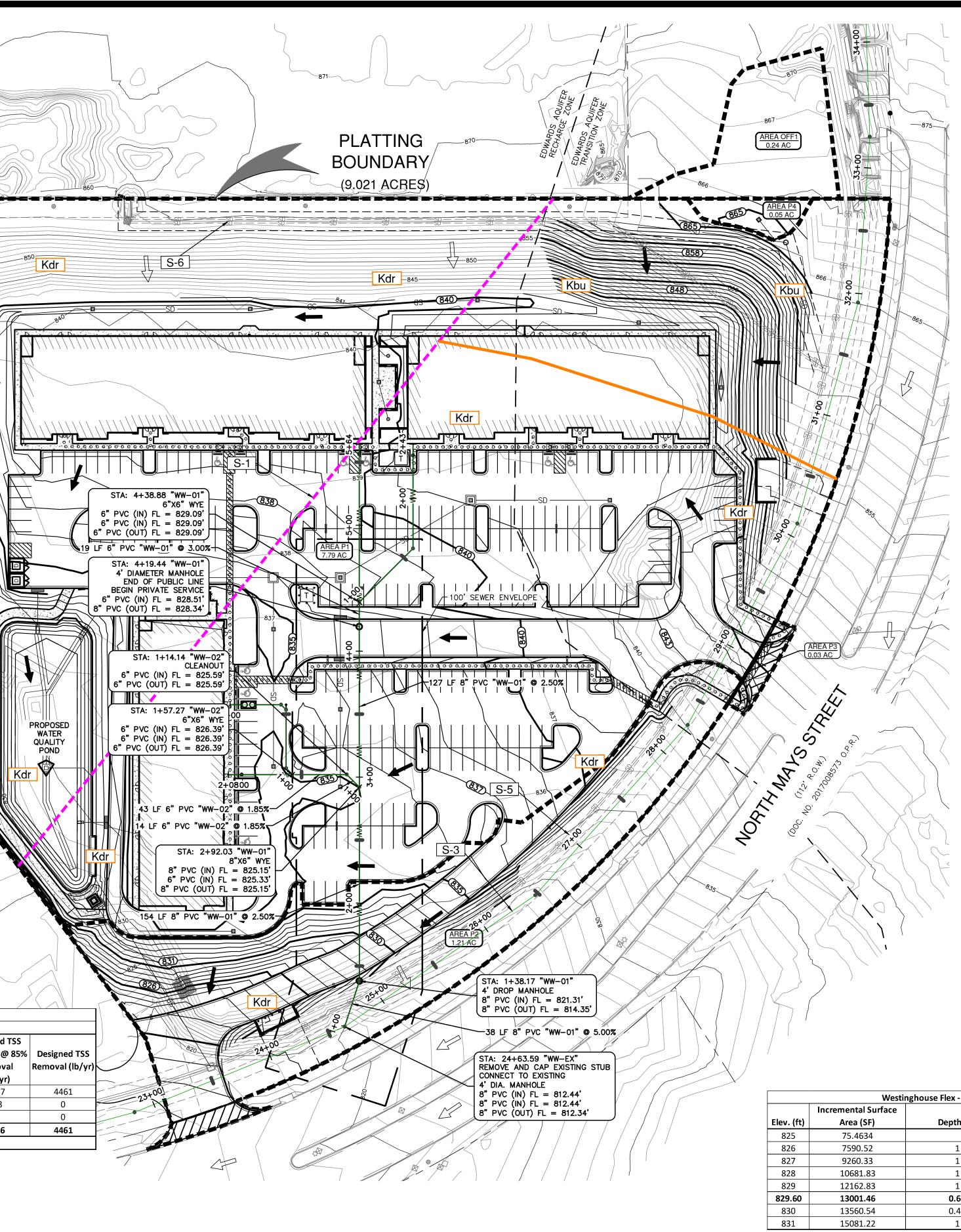
The proposed development will generate approximately 5,844 gallons per day (average flow) of domestic wastewater based on 55,434 SF of industrial building space (55,434 SF * 1 LUE/1,660 SF * 175 GPD/LUE). Wastewater will be disposed of by the Dove Springs Wastewater Treatment Plant. Potable water service is to be provided by the City of Georgetown.

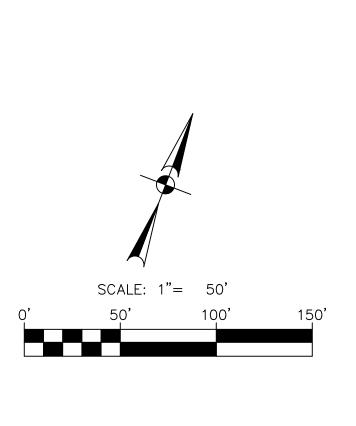


ATTACHMENT C

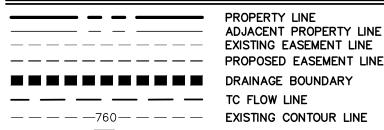
Texas Commiss	ion on Environm	ental Quality								
TSS Removal Calo	culations 04-20-2	009				e: Westinghou d: 10/26/2023		North		
Text shown in blue	indicate location of	for cells with a red triangle f instructions in the Technical				cursor over th	ne cell.			
Characters showr Characters showr		entry fields. are calculated fields. Chang	ues to thes	e fields will	remove the eq	uations used	in the sp	readsheet.		
1. The Required Load			Calculations f		in fundade regionerate information in the	Pages 3-27 to				
I. The Required Load	r Reduction for the t			011110-040		Fages 5-27 to	0-00			,
		Page 3-29 Equation 3.3: L_{M} =				N2 N2 NA 2.1				\sim
where:					ing from the proposition of the proposition of the project	sed development =	= 85% of inc	creased load	\langle	
		P =	Average annu	al precipitation	, inches					\mathcal{I}
Site Data: Detern	nine Required Load R	emoval Based on the Entire Project County =	TCEQ 80% R Williamson							\times
Predev		al project area included in plan * = area within the limits of the plan * =		acres acres					~	
Total post-dev		area within the limits of the plan* = ment impervious cover fraction * =		acres						
		P =	32	inches						
	Section Internation	L _{M TOTAL PROJECT} =	15186	lbs.						
The values entered	in these fields shou	ld be for the total project area.								
Number o	of drainage basins / ou	tfalls areas leaving the plan area =	1							
Durin an Daria Ba	(-									
z. Drainage Basin Par		nation should be provided for ea								-1//
		rainage Basin/Outfall Area No. =		1						//
	nent impervious area	Total drainage basin/outfall area = within drainage basin/outfall area =	0.00	acres acres						
		within drainage basin/outfall area = within drainage basin/outfall area =	0.58	acres						
		L _{M THIS BASIN} =	3908	lbs.						I I
3. Indicate the propos	sed BMP Code for th	is basin.								- QS
		Proposed BMP = Removal efficiency =	Extended De 91	tention percent						
		, Shova enciency =	41	per cont		Aqualogic Car Bioretention	tridge Filter			
						Contech Storm				
						Constructed W Extended Dete				
						Grassy Swale Retention / Irrig	gation			
						Sand Filter Stormceptor				
						Vegetated Filte Vortechs	er Strips			
						Wet Basin Wet Vault				ĬŇ
4. Calculate Maximum	TSS Load Removed	$I(L_R)$ for this Drainage Basin by t	the selected E	BMP Type.						
	RG	348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7: L _R =	(BMP efficien	cy) x P x (A _i x	34.6 + A _P x 0.54)					
where:		A _C =	Total On-Site	drainage area	in the BMP catchm	ent area				
			-		the BMP catchme he BMP catchment					SX N
					catchment area by		1P			
		A _C =	7.79	acres						
		A _l = A _P =		acres acres						
		L _R =		lbs						
5. Calculate Fraction	of Annual Runoff to	Treat the drainage basin / outfall	area							
		Desired $L_{M THIS BASIN}$ =	4461	lbs.						
		F =	0.97						-	
6. Calculate Capture	Volume required by	the BMP Type for this drainage b	asin / outfall	area.	Calculations from F	RG-348	Pages 3-3	4 to 3-36		
	Post	Rainfall Depth = Development Runoff Coefficient =	3.00 0.40	inches						
	1031	On-site Water Quality Volume =	34258	cubic feet						
			Calaviatiana f	DC 249	Pages 3-36 to 3-37	,				
					Pages 3-30 10 3-37					
		Off-site area draining to BMP = npervious cover draining to BMP =	0.00	acres acres						
	In	pervious fraction of off-site area = Off-site Runoff Coefficient =	0.00	•						
		Off-site Water Quality Volume =	0	cubic feet					<u> </u>	
Total Capture	e Volume (required t	Storage for Sediment = water quality volume(s) x 1.20) =	6852 41110	cubic feet						
The following section	s are used to calcula	the the required water quality vol cell C45 will show NA.			P.					
The values for BMP T 7. Retention/Irrigation			Designed as I	Required in RC	-348	Pages 3-42 to	3-46			
	Required Water G	uality Volume for retention basin =	NA	cubic feet					~	
Irrigati	on Area Calculations:									
	S	oil infiltration/permeability rate =	0.1		Enter determined	permeability rate	e or assum	ed value of 0.1	~	
		Irrigation area =	NA NA	square feet acres						
			. 171							
8. Extended Detention	n Basin System		Designed as I	Required in RC	-348	Pages 3-46 to	3-51			
	ed Water Quality Volu	ime for extended detention basin =	41110	cubic feet						
Requir				1]		
Requir						nent Summa	•			
Requir					vvesti	nghouse Fle			Required TSS	Required
Requir			1	ed Imperv	ious Total	Impervious			Removal @ 80%	-
	Watershed	Previously Approved	Propose			er (acres)		ВМР	Removal	Remov
Watershed	Watershed Area (acres)	Impervious Cover *	-	ver (acres)					- i	1
			-	ver (acres)					(lbs/yr)	(lbs/yr
Watershed P1	Area (acres) 7.789	Impervious Cover * (acres) 0.000	-	4.490		4.490	Pro	posed WQ Pond Basin A	3908	(lbs/yr 4157
Watershed P1 P2	Area (acres) 7.789 1.208	Impervious Cover * (acres) 0.000 0.024	-	4.490 0.306		4.490 0.330	Pro	Overtreatment	3908 266	4157 283
Watershed P1 P2 P3	Area (acres) 7.789 1.208 0.029	Impervious Cover * (acres) 0.000 0.024 0.023	-	4.490 0.306 0.007		4.490 0.330 0.030	Pro	•	3908 266 6	4157 283 6
Watershed P1 P2	Area (acres) 7.789 1.208	Impervious Cover * (acres) 0.000 0.024	-	4.490 0.306 0.007 4.803		4.490 0.330 0.030 4.850		Overtreatment Overtreatment -	3908 266	4157 283
Watershed P1 P2 P3	Area (acres) 7.789 1.208 0.029	Impervious Cover * (acres) 0.000 0.024 0.023	-	4.490 0.306 0.007 4.803	npervious co	4.490 0.330 0.030 4.850		Overtreatment Overtreatment -	3908 266 6	4157 283 6
Watershed P1 P2 P3	Area (acres) 7.789 1.208 0.029	Impervious Cover * (acres) 0.000 0.024 0.023	Cov	4.490 0.306 0.007 4.803 *Ir		4.490 0.330 0.030 4.850		Overtreatment Overtreatment -	3908 266 6	4157 283 6
Watershed P1 P2 P3	Area (acres) 7.789 1.208 0.029	Impervious Cover * (acres) 0.000 0.024 0.023 0.0470	Cov	4.490 0.306 0.007 4.803 *Ir		4.490 0.330 0.030 4.850		Overtreatment Overtreatment -	3908 266 6	4157 283 6
Watershed P1 P2 P3	Area (acres) 7.789 1.208 0.029	Impervious Cover * (acres) 0.000 0.024 0.023 0.0470 Water Quality	Cov Basin Su	4.490 0.306 0.007 4.803 *Ir mmary	npervious co	4.490 0.330 0.030 4.850		Overtreatment Overtreatment -	3908 266 6	4157 283 6
Watershed P1 P2 P3	Area (acres) 7.789 1.208 0.029 9.026	Impervious Cover * (acres) 0.000 0.024 0.023 0.0470	Basin Su Require	4.490 0.306 0.007 4.803 *Ir	npervious co	4.490 0.330 0.030 4.850	d with o	Overtreatment Overtreatment - ther WPAP	3908 266 6	4157 283 6

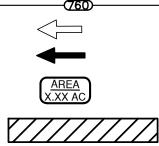
IS DÓCUMENT HAS BEEN PRODUCED FROM MATERIAL THAT WAS STORED AND/OR TRANSMITTED ELECTRONICALLY AND MAY HAVE BEEN INADVERTENTLY ALTERED. RELY ONLY ON FINAL HARDCOPY MATERIALS BEARING THE CONSULTANT'S ORIGINAL SIGNATURE AND SEAL.





LEGEND





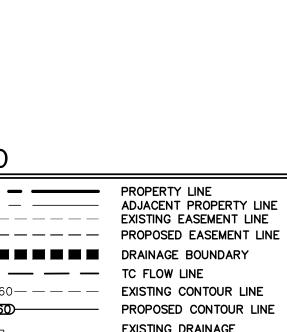
Kbu Kdr

S-1 ____ U D

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. THE LOCATIONS OF EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES ARE SHOWN IN AN APPROXIMATE WAY ONLY AND HAVE NOT BEEN INDEPENDENTLY VERIFIED BY THE OWNER OR ITS REPRESENTATIVE. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES BEFORE COMMENCING WORK, AND AGREES TO BE FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY AND AGREES TO BE FOLLT RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY AND ALL DAMAGES WHICH MIGHT BE ASSOCIATED BY THE CONTRACTOR'S FAILURE TO EXACTLY LOCATE AND PRESERVE ANY AND ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.
- 2. EXISTING CONTOUR INFORMATION SHOWN IS AT 1 FOOT INTERVALS. THE CONTOURS ARE FROM FIELD DATA COLLECTED AUGUST 2021.

	Westinghouse Flex - North - Water Quality Pond					
	Incremental Surface		Incremental	Cummulative		
(ft)	Area (SF)	Depth (ft)	Volume (ft ³	Volume (ft³)	Notes	
5	75.4634		0	0		
6	7590.52	1	3833	3833		
7	9260.33	1	8425	12258		
8	10681.83	1	9971	22229		
9	12162.83	1	11422	33652		
.60	13001.46	0.60	7549	41201	WQEL	
0	13560.54	0.40	5312	46514		
1	15081.22	1	14321	60834		



SHELLY MITCHE

103662

Shelly Mitchell

WS

PAPE-DAV ENGINEEI

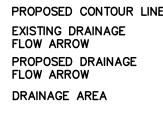
10/27/202

AS

0 A L 454

200

50



EXISTING IMPERVIOUS COVER

BUDA FORMATION

DEL RIO FORMATION

POTENTIAL RECHARGE FEATURE CONTACT, LOCATED APPROXIMATELY CONTACT, INFERRED

FAULT, LOCATED APPROXIMATELY (D, DOWNTHROWN SIDE; U, UPTHROWN SIDE)

FAULT, EXTRAPOLATED FAULT, INFERRED

ſ 0 Z 78626 \triangleleft ASIN Ш AS AS Ш STINGHOUSE F N. MAYS STF GEORGETOWN, TE 1 XHIBIT Ш WPAP GEORGE Ś Ш М JOB NO. 51370-00 DATE OCTOBER 2023 DESIGNER ASB CHECKED____ DRAWN__JM SHEET 1 OF 1

2023-44-SDP

WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN APPLICATION FORM (TCEQ-0584)

Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application Form** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and Executive Director approval. The form was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Shelly Mitchell, P.E.

Date: 07/08/2024

Signature of Customer/Agent:

Shelly Mitchell

Regulated Entity Name: Westinghouse Flex - North

Regulated Entity Information

- 1. The type of project is:
 - Residential: Number of Lots: _____
 Residential: Number of Living Unit Equivalents: _____
 Commercial
 Industrial
 Other: _____
- 2. Total site acreage (size of property): 9.021
- 3. Estimated projected population: N/A
- 4. The amount and type of impervious cover expected after construction are shown below:

Impervious Cover of Proposed Project	Sq. Ft.	Sq. Ft./Acre	Acres
Structures/Rooftops	55,248	÷ 43,560 =	1.27
Parking	155,479	÷ 43,560 =	3.57
Other paved surfaces	1,355	÷ 43,560 =	0.031
Total Impervious Cover	212,082	÷ 43,560 =	4.871

Table 1 - Impervious Cover Table

Total Impervious Cover <u>4.871</u> ÷ Total Acreage <u>9.021</u> X 100 = <u>54</u>% Impervious Cover

- 4.974 ac total impervious cover, including existing impervious cover
 5. Attachment A Factors Affecting Surface Water Quality. A detailed description of all factors that could affect surface water and groundwater quality that addresses ultimate land use is attached.
- 6. Only inert materials as defined by 30 TAC §330.2 will be used as fill material.

For Road Projects Only

Complete questions 7 - 12 if this application is exclusively for a road project.

7. Type of project:

TXDOT road project.

County road or roads built to county specifications.

City thoroughfare or roads to be dedicated to a municipality.

Street or road providing access to private driveways.

8. Type of pavement or road surface to be used:

Concrete
Asphaltic concrete pavement
Other:

9. Length of Right of Way (R.O.W.): _____ feet.

Width of R.O.W.: _____ feet. L x W = _____ $Ft^2 \div 43,560 Ft^2/Acre = _____ acres.$

10. Length of pavement area: _____ feet.

Width of pavement area: _____ feet.L x W = ____ $Ft^2 \div 43,560 Ft^2/Acre = ____ acres.Pavement area _____ acres \div R.O.W. area _____ acres x 100 = ____% impervious cover.$

11. A rest stop will be included in this project.

A rest stop will not be included in this project.

12. Maintenance and repair of existing roadways that do not require approval from the TCEQ Executive Director. Modifications to existing roadways such as widening roads/adding shoulders totaling more than one-half (1/2) the width of one (1) existing lane require prior approval from the TCEQ.

Stormwater to be generated by the Proposed Project

13. Attachment B - Volume and Character of Stormwater. A detailed description of the volume (quantity) and character (quality) of the stormwater runoff which is expected to occur from the proposed project is attached. The estimates of stormwater runoff quality and quantity are based on the area and type of impervious cover. Include the runoff coefficient of the site for both pre-construction and post-construction conditions.

Wastewater to be generated by the Proposed Project

14. The character and volume of wastewater is shown below:

<u>100</u> % Domestic	<u>5,844</u> Gallons/day
% Industrial	Gallons/day
% Commingled	Gallons/day
TOTAL gallons/day	E/1,660 SF * 175 GPD/LUE)

15. Wastewater will be disposed of by:

On-Site Sewage Facility (OSSF/Septic Tank):

Attachment C - Suitability Letter from Authorized Agent. An on-site sewage facility will be used to treat and dispose of the wastewater from this site. The appropriate licensing authority's (authorized agent) written approval is attached. It states that the land is suitable for the use of private sewage facilities and will meet or exceed the requirements for on-site sewage facilities as specified under 30 TAC Chapter 285 relating to On-site Sewage Facilities.

Each lot in this project/development is at least one (1) acre (43,560 square feet) in size. The system will be designed by a licensed professional engineer or registered sanitarian and installed by a licensed installer in compliance with 30 TAC Chapter 285.

Sewage Collection System (Sewer Lines):

- Private service laterals from the wastewater generating facilities will be connected to an existing SCS.
- Private service laterals from the wastewater generating facilities will be connected to a proposed SCS.

The SCS was previously submitted on_____.

- \boxtimes The SCS was submitted with this application.
 - The SCS will be submitted at a later date. The owner is aware that the SCS may not be installed prior to Executive Director approval.

The sewage collection system will convey the wastewater to the <u>Dove Springs</u> (name) Treatment Plant. The treatment facility is:

\ge	Existing.
	Proposed

16. \square All private service laterals will be inspected as required in 30 TAC §213.5.

Site Plan Requirements

Items 17 – 28 must be included on the Site Plan.

17. \square The Site Plan must have a minimum scale of 1" = 400'.

Site Plan Scale: 1" = <u>100</u>'.

18. 100-year floodplain boundaries:

Some part(s) of the project site is located within the 100-year floodplain.	The floodplain
is shown and labeled.	

 \boxtimes No part of the project site is located within the 100-year floodplain.

The 100-year floodplain boundaries are based on the following specific (including date of
material) sources(s): <u>DFIRM (Digital Flood Insurance Rate Map for Georgetown, Texas) Panel</u>
No. 48491C0485F, Dated 12/10/2019

19. The layout of the development is shown with existing and finished contours at appropriate, but not greater than ten-foot contour intervals. Lots, recreation centers, buildings, roads, open space, etc. are shown on the plan.

The layout of the development is shown with existing contours at appropriate, but not greater than ten-foot intervals. Finished topographic contours will not differ from the existing topographic configuration and are not shown. Lots, recreation centers, buildings, roads, open space, etc. are shown on the site plan.

20. All known wells (oil, water, unplugged, capped and/or abandoned, test holes, etc.):

🗌 There are _	(#) wells present on the project site and the locations are shown and
labeled. (C	heck all of the following that apply)

The wells are not in use and have been properly abandoned.

The wells are not in use and will be properly abandoned.

The wells are in use and comply with 16 TAC §76.

There are no wells or test holes of any kind known to exist on the project site.

21. Geologic or manmade features which are on the site:

All sensitive geologic or manmade features identified in the Geologic Assessment are shown and labeled.

No sensitive geologic or manmade features were identified in the Geologic Assessment.

Attachment D - Exception to the Required Geologic Assessment. A request and justification for an exception to a portion of the Geologic Assessment is attached.

- 22. The drainage patterns and approximate slopes anticipated after major grading activities.
- 23. Areas of soil disturbance and areas which will not be disturbed.
- 24. 🖂 Locations of major structural and nonstructural controls. These are the temporary and permanent best management practices.
- 25. \square Locations where soil stabilization practices are expected to occur.
- 26. Surface waters (including wetlands).

🖂 N/A

- 27. Locations where stormwater discharges to surface water or sensitive features are to occur.
 - There will be no discharges to surface water or sensitive features.
- 28. \boxtimes Legal boundaries of the site are shown.

Administrative Information

- 29. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
- 30. Any modification of this WPAP will require Executive Director approval, prior to construction, and may require submission of a revised application, with appropriate fees.

ATTACHMENT A

Attachment A – Factors Affecting Water Quality

Potential sources of pollution that may reasonably be expected to affect the quality of storm water discharges from the site during construction include:

- Soil erosion due to the clearing of the site;
- Oil, grease, fuel and hydraulic fluid contamination from construction equipment and vehicle drippings;
- Hydrocarbons from asphalt paving operations;
- Miscellaneous trash and litter from construction workers and material wrappings;
- Concrete truck washout.
- Potential overflow/spills from portable toilets

Potential sources of pollution that may reasonably be expected to affect the quality of storm water discharges from the site after development include:

- Oil, grease, fuel and hydraulic fluid contamination from vehicle drippings;
- Dirt and dust which may fall off vehicles; and
- Miscellaneous trash and litter.



ATTACHMENT B

Attachment B – Volume and Character of Stormwater

Stormwater runoff will increase as a result of this development. For a 25-year storm event, the overall project will generate approximately 154 cfs. The runoff coefficient for the site changes from approximately 0.47 before development to 0.77 after development. Values are based on the Rational Method using runoff coefficients per the City of Georgetown Development Code.



TEMPORARY STORMWATER SECTION (TCEQ-0602)

Temporary Stormwater Section

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(4)(A), (B), (D)(I) and (G); Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Temporary Stormwater Section** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The application was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Shelly Mitchell, P.E.

Date: 07/08/2024

Signature of Customer/Agent:

Shelly Mitchell

Regulated Entity Name: Westinghouse Flex - North

Project Information

Potential Sources of Contamination

Examples: Fuel storage and use, chemical storage and use, use of asphaltic products, construction vehicles tracking onto public roads, and existing solid waste.

1. Fuels for construction equipment and hazardous substances which will be used during construction:

The following fuels and/or hazardous substances will be stored on the site: <u>construction</u> <u>staging area</u>

These fuels and/or hazardous substances will be stored in:

Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of less than 250 gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year.

TCEQ-0602 (Rev. 02-11-15)

Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity between 250 gallons and 499 gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year.

- Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of 500 gallons or more will be stored on the site. An Aboveground Storage Tank Facility Plan application must be submitted to the appropriate regional office of the TCEQ prior to moving the tanks onto the project.
- Fuels and hazardous substances will not be stored on the site.
- 2. Attachment A Spill Response Actions. A site specific description of the measures to be taken to contain any spill of hydrocarbons or hazardous substances is attached.
- 3. Temporary aboveground storage tank systems of 250 gallons or more cumulative storage capacity must be located a minimum horizontal distance of 150 feet from any domestic, industrial, irrigation, or public water supply well, or other sensitive feature.
- 4. Attachment B Potential Sources of Contamination. A description of any activities or processes which may be a potential source of contamination affecting surface water quality is attached.

Sequence of Construction

5. Attachment C - Sequence of Major Activities. A description of the sequence of major activities which will disturb soils for major portions of the site (grubbing, excavation, grading, utilities, and infrastructure installation) is attached.

For each activity described, an estimate (in acres) of the total area of the site to be disturbed by each activity is given.

- For each activity described, include a description of appropriate temporary control measures and the general timing (or sequence) during the construction process that the measures will be implemented.
- 6. Name the receiving water(s) at or near the site which will be disturbed or which will receive discharges from disturbed areas of the project: <u>Brushy Creek</u>

Temporary Best Management Practices (TBMPs)

Erosion control examples: tree protection, interceptor swales, level spreaders, outlet stabilization, blankets or matting, mulch, and sod. Sediment control examples: stabilized construction exit, silt fence, filter dikes, rock berms, buffer strips, sediment traps, and sediment basins. Please refer to the Technical Guidance Manual for guidelines and specifications. All structural BMPs must be shown on the site plan.

7. Attachment D – Temporary Best Management Practices and Measures. TBMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, and stormwater. The construction-phase BMPs for erosion and sediment controls have been designed to retain sediment on site to the extent practicable. The following information is attached:

		 A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site. A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff from the site. A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollutants from entering surface streams, sensitive features, or the aquifer. A description of how, to the maximum extent practicable, BMPs and measures will maintain flow to naturally-occurring sensitive features identified in either the geologic assessment, TCEQ inspections, or during excavation, blasting, or construction.
8.	\triangleleft	The temporary sealing of a naturally-occurring sensitive feature which accepts recharge to the Edwards Aquifer as a temporary pollution abatement measure during active construction should be avoided.
		 Attachment E - Request to Temporarily Seal a Feature. A request to temporarily seal a feature is attached. The request includes justification as to why no reasonable and practicable alternative exists for each feature. There will be no temporary sealing of naturally-occurring sensitive features on the site.
9.	\bowtie	Attachment F - Structural Practices. A description of the structural practices that will be used to divert flows away from exposed soils, to store flows, or to otherwise limit runoff discharge of pollutants from exposed areas of the site is attached. Placement of structural practices in floodplains has been avoided.
10. [\ge	Attachment G - Drainage Area Map. A drainage area map supporting the following requirements is attached:
		 For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a sediment basin will be provided. For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a smaller sediment basin and/or sediment trap(s) will be used. For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a sediment basin or other equivalent controls are not attainable, but other TBMPs and measures will be used in combination to protect down slope and side slope boundaries of the construction area. There are no areas greater than 10 acres within a common drainage area that will be used in combination with other erosion and sediment controls within each disturbed at one time. A smaller sediment basin and/or sediment trap(s) will be used in combination with other erosion and sediment controls within each disturbed at one time.

There are no areas greater than 10 acres within a common drainage area that will be disturbed at one time. Erosion and sediment controls other than sediment basins or sediment traps within each disturbed drainage area will be used.

- 11. Attachment H Temporary Sediment Pond(s) Plans and Calculations. Temporary sediment pond or basin construction plans and design calculations for a proposed temporary BMP or measure have been prepared by or under the direct supervision of a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. All construction plans and design information must be signed, sealed, and dated by the Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. Construction plans for the proposed temporary BMPs and measures are attached.
 - 🖂 N/A
- 12. Attachment I Inspection and Maintenance for BMPs. A plan for the inspection of each temporary BMP(s) and measure(s) and for their timely maintenance, repairs, and, if necessary, retrofit is attached. A description of the documentation procedures, recordkeeping practices, and inspection frequency are included in the plan and are specific to the site and/or BMP.
- 13. All control measures must be properly selected, installed, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and good engineering practices. If periodic inspections by the applicant or the executive director, or other information indicate a control has been used inappropriately, or incorrectly, the applicant must replace or modify the control for site situations.
- 14. If sediment escapes the construction site, off-site accumulations of sediment must be removed at a frequency sufficient to minimize offsite impacts to water quality (e.g., fugitive sediment in street being washed into surface streams or sensitive features by the next rain).
- 15. Sediment must be removed from sediment traps or sedimentation ponds not later than when design capacity has been reduced by 50%. A permanent stake will be provided that can indicate when the sediment occupies 50% of the basin volume.
- 16. Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals exposed to stormwater shall be prevented from becoming a pollutant source for stormwater discharges (e.g., screening outfalls, picked up daily).

Soil Stabilization Practices

Examples: establishment of temporary vegetation, establishment of permanent vegetation, mulching, geotextiles, sod stabilization, vegetative buffer strips, protection of trees, or preservation of mature vegetation.

17. Attachment J - Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices. A schedule of the interim and permanent soil stabilization practices for the site is attached.

- 18. Records must be kept at the site of the dates when major grading activities occur, the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site, and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 19. Stabilization practices must be initiated as soon as practicable where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased.

Administrative Information

- 20. \square All structural controls will be inspected and maintained according to the submitted and approved operation and maintenance plan for the project.
- 21. If any geologic or manmade features, such as caves, faults, sinkholes, etc., are discovered, all regulated activities near the feature will be immediately suspended. The appropriate TCEQ Regional Office shall be immediately notified. Regulated activities must cease and not continue until the TCEQ has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the aquifer from any adverse impacts.
- 22. Silt fences, diversion berms, and other temporary erosion and sediment controls will be constructed and maintained as appropriate to prevent pollutants from entering sensitive features discovered during construction.

ATTACHMENT A

Attachment A – Spill Response Actions

In the event of an accidental leak or spill:

- Spill must be contained and cleaned up immediately.
- Spills will not be merely buried or washed with water.
- Contractor shall take action to contain spill. Contractor may use sand or other absorbent material stockpiled on site to absorb spill. Absorbent material should be spread over the spill area to absorb the spilled product.
- In the event of an uncontained discharge the contractor shall utilize onsite equipment to construct berms downgradient of the spill with sand or other absorbent material to contain and absorb the spilled product.
- Spill containment/absorbent materials along with impacted media must be collected and stored in such a way so as not to continue to affect additional media (soil/water). Once the spill has been contained, collected material should be placed on poly or plastic sheeting until removed from the site. The impacted media and cleanup materials should be covered with plastic sheeting and the edges weighed down with paving bricks or other similarly dense objects as the material is being accumulated. This will prevent the impacted media and cleanup materials from becoming airborne in windy conditions or impacting runoff during a rain event. The stockpiled materials should not be located within an area of concentrated runoff such as along a curb line or within a swale.
- Contaminated soils and cleanup materials will be sampled for waste characterization. When the analysis results are known the contaminated soils and cleanup materials will be removed from the site and disposed in a permitted landfill in accordance with applicable regulations.
- The contractor will be required to notify the owner, who will in turn contact TCEQ to notify them in the event of a significant hazardous/reportable quantity spill. Additional notifications as required by the type and amount of spill will be conducted by owner or owner's representative.

In the event of an accidental significant or hazardous spill:

The contractor will be required to report significant or hazardous spills in reportable quantities to:

- Notify the TCEQ by telephone as soon as possible and within 24 hours at 512-339-2929 (Austin) or 210-490-3096 (San Antonio) between 8 AM and 5 PM. After hours, contact the Environmental Release Hotline at 1-800-832-8224. It is the contractor's responsibility to have all emergency phone numbers at the construction site. https://www.tceq.texas.gov/response/spills/spill_rq.html
- For spills of federal reportable quantities, in conformance with the requirements in 40 CFR parts 110,119, and 302, the contractor should notify the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.



- Notification should first be made by telephone and followed up with a written report.
- The services of a spills contractor or a Haz-Mat team should be obtained immediately. Construction personnel should not attempt to clean up until the appropriate and qualified staffs have arrived at the job site.
- Other agencies which may need to be consulted include, but are not limited to, the City Police Department, County Sheriff Office, Fire Departments, etc.
- Contaminated soils will be sampled for waste characterization. When the analysis results are known the contaminated soils will be removed from the site and disposed in a permitted landfill in accordance with applicable regulations.

Additional guidance can be obtained from TCEQ's Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) RG-348 (2005) Section 1.4.16. Contractor shall review this section.

ATTACHMENT B

Attachment B – Potential Sources of Contamination

Other potential sources of contamination during construction include:

Potential Source	Preventative Measure
Asphalt products used on this project.	After placement of asphalt, emulsion or coatings, the contractor will be responsible for immediate cleanup should an unexpected rain occur. For the duration of the asphalt product curing time, the contractor will maintain standby personnel and equipment to contain any asphalt wash-off should an unexpected rain occur. The contractor will be instructed not to place asphalt products on the ground within 48 hours of a forecasted rain.
Oil, grease, fuel, and hydraulic fluid contamination from construction equipment and vehicle dripping.	 Vehicle maintenance when possible, will be performed within the construction staging area. Construction vehicles and equipment shall be checked regularly for leaks and repaired immediately.
Accidental leaks or spills of oil, petroleum products, and substances listed under 40 CFR parts 110, 117, and 302 used or stored temporarily on site.	 Contractor to incorporate into regular safety meetings, a discussion of spill prevention and appropriate disposal procedures. Contractor's superintendent or representative overseer shall enforce proper spill prevention and control measures. Hazardous materials and wastes shall be stored in covered containers and protected from vandalism. A stockpile of spill cleanup materials shall be stored in stored in site where it will be readily accessible.
Miscellaneous trash and litter from construction workers and material wrappings.	 Trash containers will be placed throughout the site to encourage proper trash disposal.
Construction debris.	 Construction debris will be monitored daily by contractor. Debris will be collected weekly and placed in disposal bins. Situations requiring immediate attention will be addressed on a case-by-case basis.
Spills/Overflow of waste from portable toilets	 Portable toilets will be placed away from high-traffic vehicular areas and storm drain inlets. Portable toilets will be placed on a level ground surface. Portable toilets will be inspected regularly for leaks and will be serviced and sanitized at time intervals that will maintain sanitary conditions.



ATTACHMENT C

Attachment C – Sequence of Major Activities

The sequence of major activities which disturb soil during construction on this site will be divided into two stages. The first is site preparation that will include installation of TBMPs, clearing and grubbing of vegetation where applicable. This will disturb approximately 9.021 acres. The second is construction that will include construction of industrial flex buildings with associated drives, sidewalks, parking, deceleration lanes, batch detention basins, landscaping and site cleanup.

Install TBMPs, including rough grading of basin – 3.71 Clearing, grading, grubbing – 9.021 Excavation for installation of utilities – 0.97 Basin construction – 1.65 Parking and drive construction – 3.22 Building construction – 2.6 Site stabilization and landscape – 4.39 Remove TBMPs – 5.82



ATTACHMENT D

Attachment D – Temporary Best Management Practices and Measures

a. A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site.

Upgradient water will cross the site from the adjacent property to the north. All TBMPs are adequate for the drainage areas they serve.

b. A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff from the site.

Site preparation, which is the initiation of all activity on the project, will disturb the largest amount of soil. Therefore, before any of this work can begin, the clearing and grading contractor will be responsible for the installation of all on-site control measures. The methodology for pollution prevention of on-site stormwater will include: (1) erection of silt fences along the downgradient boundary of construction activities for temporary erosion and sedimentation controls, (2) installation of rock berms with silt fencing downgradient from areas of concentrated stormwater flow for temporary erosion control, (3) Installation of gravel bags and drain inlet protection at inlets and downgradient areas of construction activities for sediment control (4) installation of stabilized construction entrance/exit(s) to reduce the dispersion of sediment from the site, and (5) installation of construction staging area(s).

Prior to the initiation of construction, all previously installed control measures will be repaired or reestablished for their designed or intended purpose. This work, which is the remainder of all activity on the project, may also disturb additional soil. The construction contractor will be responsible for the installation of all remaining on-site control measures that includes installation of the concrete truck washout pit(s), as construction phasing warrants.

Temporary measures are intended to provide a method of slowing the flow of runoff from the construction site in order to allow sediment and suspended solids to settle out of the runoff. By containing the sediment and solids within the site, they will not enter surface streams and/or sensitive features.

c. A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollutants from entering surface streams, sensitive features, or the aquifer.

Temporary measures are intended to provide a method of slowing the flow of runoff from the construction site in order to allow sediment and suspended solids to settle out of the runoff. By containing the sediment and solids within the site, they will not enter surface streams and/or sensitive features.



d. A description of how, to the maximum extent practicable, BMPs and measures will maintain flow to naturally-occurring sensitive features identified in either the geologic assessment, TCEQ inspections, or during excavation, blasting, or construction.

BMP measures utilized in this plan are intended to allow stormwater to continue downstream after passing through the BMPs. This will allow stormwater runoff to continue downgradient to streams or features that may exist downstream of the site.



ATTACHMENT F

Attachment F – Structural Practices

The following structural measures will be installed prior to the initiation of site preparation activities:

- Erection of silt fences along the downgradient boundary of construction activities and rock berms with silt fence for secondary protection, as located on Exhibit 1 and illustrated in Exhibit 2.
- Installation of gravel bags and drain inlet protection at inlets and downgradient areas of construction activities, as located on Exhibit 1 and illustrated in Exhibit 2.
- Installation of stabilized construction entrance/exit(s) and construction staging area(s), as located on Exhibit 1, and illustrated on Exhibit 2.

The following structural measures will be installed at the initiation of construction activities or as appropriate based on the construction sequencing:

• Installation of concrete truck washout pit(s), as required and located on Exhibit 1 and illustrated on Exhibit 2.



ATTACHMENT G

<u>Attachment G – Drainage Area Map</u>

No more than ten (10) acres will be disturbed with these proposed improvements. All TBMPs utilized are adequate for the drainage areas served.



ATTACHMENT I

INSPECTIONS

Designated and qualified person(s) shall inspect Pollution Control Measures weekly and within 24 hours after a storm event. An inspection report that summarizes the scope of the inspection, names and qualifications of personnel conducting the inspection, date of the inspection, major observations, and actions taken as a result of the inspection shall be recorded and maintained as part of Storm Water TPDES data for a period of three years after the Notice of Termination (NOT) has been filed. A copy of the Inspection Report Form is provided in this Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan.

As a minimum, the inspector shall observe: (1) significant disturbed areas for evidence of erosion, (2) storage areas for evidence of leakage from the exposed stored materials, (3) structural controls (rock berm outlets, silt fences, drainage swales, etc.) for evidence of failure or excess siltation (over 6 inches deep), (4) vehicle exit point for evidence of off-site sediment tracking, (5) vehicle storage areas for signs of leaking equipment or spills, (6) concrete truck rinse-out pit for signs of potential failure, (7) embankment, spillways, and outlet of sediment basin (where applicable) for erosion damage, and (8) sediment basins (where applicable) for evidence that basin has accumulated 50% of its volume in silt. Deficiencies noted during the inspection will be corrected and documented within seven calendar days following the inspection or before the next anticipated storm event if practicable.

Contractor shall review Sections 1.3 and 1.4 of TCEQ's Technical Guidance Manual for additional BMP inspection and maintenance requirements.



Pollution		Corrective Action Required				
Prevention Measure	Inspected i Compliance	Description (use additional sheet if necessary)	Date Completed			
Best Management Practices						
Natural vegetation buffer strips						
Temporary vegetation						
Permanent vegetation						
Sediment control basin						
Silt fences						
Rock berms						
Gravel filter bags						
Drain inlet protection						
Other structural controls						
Vehicle exits (off-site tracking)						
Material storage areas (leakage)						
Equipment areas (leaks, spills)						
Concrete washout pit (leaks, failure)						
General site cleanliness						
Trash receptacles						
Evidence of Erosion						
Site preparation						
Roadway or parking lot construction						
Utility construction						
Drainage construction						
Building construction						
Major Observations						
Sediment discharges from site						
BMPs requiring maintenance						
BMPs requiring modification						
Additional BMPs required						

_ A brief statement describing the qualifications of the inspector is included in this SWP3.

"I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations."

"I further certify I am an authorized signatory in accordance with the provisions of 30 TAC §305.128."

Inspector's Name

Inspector's Signature

Date

PROJECT MILESTONE DATES

Construction Activity	Date
Installation of BMPs	
Dates when construction activities temporarily or perman	ently cease on all or a portion of the project:
Construction Activity	Date
Dates when stabilization measures are initiated:	
Dates when stabilization measures are initiated.	
Stabilization Activity	Date
	<u> </u>
Removal of BMPs	

ATTACHMENT J

Attachment J - Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices

Interim on-site stabilization measures, which are continuous, will include minimizing soil disturbances by exposing the smallest practical area of land required for the shortest period of time and maximizing use of natural vegetation. As soon as practical, all disturbed soil will be stabilized as per project specifications in accordance with pages 1-35 to 1-60 of TCEQ's Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) RG-348 (2005). Mulching, netting, erosion blankets and seeding are acceptable.

Stabilization measures will be initiated as soon as practicable in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, and except as provided below, will be initiated no more than fourteen (14) days after the construction activity in that portion of the site has temporarily or permanently ceased. Where construction activity on a portion of the site is temporarily ceased, and earth disturbing activities will be resumed within twenty-one (21) days, temporary stabilization measures do not have to be initiated on that portion of site. In areas experiencing droughts where the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day after construction activity has temporarily or permanently ceased is precluded by seasonably arid conditions, stabilization measures must be initiated as soon as practicable.



PERMANENT STORMWATER SECTION (TCEQ-0600)

Permanent Stormwater Section

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(4)(C), (D)(Ii), (E), and (5), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Permanent Stormwater Section** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The application was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Shelly Mitchell, P.E.

Date: 07/08/2024

Signature of Customer/Agent

Shelly Mitchell

Regulated Entity Name: Westinghouse Flex - North

Permanent Best Management Practices (BMPs)

Permanent best management practices and measures that will be used during and after construction is completed.

1. Permanent BMPs and measures must be implemented to control the discharge of pollution from regulated activities after the completion of construction.



- 2. These practices and measures have been designed, and will be constructed, operated, and maintained to insure that 80% of the incremental increase in the annual mass loading of total suspended solids (TSS) from the site caused by the regulated activity is removed. These quantities have been calculated in accordance with technical guidance prepared or accepted by the executive director.
 - The TCEQ Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) was used to design permanent BMPs and measures for this site.

A technical guidance other than the TCEQ TGM was used to design permanent BMPs and measures for this site. The complete citation for the technical guidance that was used is: _____

🗌 N/A

3. Owners must insure that permanent BMPs and measures are constructed and function as designed. A Texas Licensed Professional Engineer must certify in writing that the permanent BMPs or measures were constructed as designed. The certification letter must be submitted to the appropriate regional office within 30 days of site completion.

🗌 N/A

- 4. Where a site is used for low density single-family residential development and has 20 % or less impervious cover, other permanent BMPs are not required. This exemption from permanent BMPs must be recorded in the county deed records, with a notice that if the percent impervious cover increases above 20% or land use changes, the exemption for the whole site as described in the property boundaries required by 30 TAC §213.4(g) (relating to Application Processing and Approval), may no longer apply and the property owner must notify the appropriate regional office of these changes.
 - The site will be used for low density single-family residential development and has 20% or less impervious cover.
 - The site will be used for low density single-family residential development but has more than 20% impervious cover.
 - The site will not be used for low density single-family residential development.
- 5. The executive director may waive the requirement for other permanent BMPs for multifamily residential developments, schools, or small business sites where 20% or less impervious cover is used at the site. This exemption from permanent BMPs must be recorded in the county deed records, with a notice that if the percent impervious cover increases above 20% or land use changes, the exemption for the whole site as described in the property boundaries required by 30 TAC §213.4(g) (relating to Application Processing and Approval), may no longer apply and the property owner must notify the appropriate regional office of these changes.
 - Attachment A 20% or Less Impervious Cover Waiver. The site will be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites and has 20% or less impervious cover. A request to waive the requirements for other permanent BMPs and measures is attached.
 - The site will be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites but has more than 20% impervious cover.
 - The site will not be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites.
- 6. Attachment B BMPs for Upgradient Stormwater.

	 A description of the BMPs and measures that will be used to prevent posurface water, groundwater, or stormwater that originates upgradient for and flows across the site is attached. No surface water, groundwater or stormwater originates upgradient from and flows across the site, and an explanation is attached. Permanent BMPs or measures are not required to prevent pollution of swater, groundwater, or stormwater that originates upgradient from the flows across the site, and an explanation is attached. 	from the site om the site surface
7.	🔀 Attachment C - BMPs for On-site Stormwater.	
	 A description of the BMPs and measures that will be used to prevent posurface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off the site pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff from the site is at Permanent BMPs or measures are not required to prevent pollution of sor groundwater that originates on-site or flows off the site, including possible caused by contaminated stormwater runoff, and an explanation is attacted. 	e, including tached. surface water ollution
8.	Attachment D - BMPs for Surface Streams. A description of the BMPs and r that prevent pollutants from entering surface streams, sensitive features, o is attached. Each feature identified in the Geologic Assessment as sensitive addressed.	or the aquifer
	□ N/A	
9.	The applicant understands that to the extent practicable, BMPs and measur maintain flow to naturally occurring sensitive features identified in either the assessment, executive director review, or during excavation, blasting, or co	ne geologic
	 The permanent sealing of or diversion of flow from a naturally-occurring feature that accepts recharge to the Edwards Aquifer as a permanent p abatement measure has not been proposed. Attachment E - Request to Seal Features. A request to seal a naturally-sensitive feature, that includes, for each feature, a justification as to what reasonable and practicable alternative exists, is attached. 	ollution
10.	Attachment F - Construction Plans. All construction plans and design calcu the proposed permanent BMP(s) and measures have been prepared by or u direct supervision of a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer, and are signed dated. The plans are attached and, if applicable include:	under the
	 Design calculations (TSS removal calculations) TCEQ construction notes All geologic features All proposed structural BMP(s) plans and specifications 	

🗌 N/A

insp	achment G - Inspection, Maintenance, Repair and Retrofit Plan. A plan for the bection, maintenance, repairs, and, if necessary, retrofit of the permanent BMPs and asures is attached. The plan includes all of the following:
	Prepared and certified by the engineer designing the permanent BMPs and measures
	Signed by the owner or responsible party Procedures for documenting inspections, maintenance, repairs, and, if necessary retrofit
\boxtimes	A discussion of record keeping procedures
🗌 N/A	
reco	achment H - Pilot-Scale Field Testing Plan. Pilot studies for BMPs that are not ognized by the Executive Director require prior approval from the TCEQ. A plan for t-scale field testing is attached.
🖂 N/A	
of tl and and	achment I -Measures for Minimizing Surface Stream Contamination. A description he measures that will be used to avoid or minimize surface stream contamination changes in the way in which water enters a stream as a result of the construction development is attached. The measures address increased stream flashing, the ation of stronger flows and in-stream velocities, and other in-stream effects caused

N/A

degradation.

Responsibility for Maintenance of Permanent BMP(s)

by the regulated activity, which increase erosion that results in water quality

Responsibility for maintenance of best management practices and measures after construction is complete.

14. 🖂 The applicant is responsible for maintaining the permanent BMPs after construction until such time as the maintenance obligation is either assumed in writing by another entity having ownership or control of the property (such as without limitation, an owner's association, a new property owner or lessee, a district, or municipality) or the ownership of the property is transferred to the entity. Such entity shall then be responsible for maintenance until another entity assumes such obligations in writing or ownership is transferred.

N/A

15. 🛛 A copy of the transfer of responsibility must be filed with the executive director at the appropriate regional office within 30 days of the transfer if the site is for use as a multiple single-family residential development, a multi-family residential development, or a non-residential development such as commercial, industrial, institutional, schools, and other sites where regulated activities occur.

N/A

ATTACHMENT B

Attachment B – BMPs for Upgradient Stormwater

A portion of the property to the north of the project limits flows across the project limits and will be intercepted by an onsite grate inlet and routed around the site. No offsite upgradient stormwater will flow to the onsite PBMPs.

The Permanent Best Management Practices (PBMPs) for stormwater treatment is one (1) previously approved batch detention basin (ID 11003708) and one (1) proposed fifteen-foot (15') engineered vegetative filter strip, which are designed in accordance with the TCEQ's Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) RG-348 (2005) to remove 80% of the increase in Total Suspended Solids (TSS) from the site as required by TCEQ and 85% removal per the City of Georgetown guidelines.



ATTACHMENT C

Attachment C – BMPs for On-Site Stormwater

The Permanent Best Management Practices (PBMPs) for stormwater treatment is one (1) previously approved batch detention basin (ID 11003708) and one (1) proposed fifteen-foot (15') engineered vegetative filter strip, which are designed in accordance with the TCEQ's Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) RG-348 (2005) to remove 80% of the increase in Total Suspended Solids (TSS) from the site as required by TCEQ and 85% removal per the City of Georgetown guidelines.



ATTACHMENT D

Attachment D – BMPs for Surface Streams

The Permanent Best Management Practices (PBMPs) for stormwater treatment is one (1) previously approved batch detention basin (ID 11003708) and one (1) proposed fifteen-foot (15') engineered vegetative filter strip, which are designed in accordance with the TCEQ's Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) RG-348 (2005) to remove 80% of the increase in Total Suspended Solids (TSS) from the site as required by TCEQ and 85% removal per the City of Georgetown guidelines.



ATTACHMENT F

Attachment F – Construction Plans

Please refer to the Exhibits Section of this application for the Water Pollution Abatement Site Plans.



ATTACHMENT G

PERMANENT POLLUTION ABATEMENT MEASURES MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE AND MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

This document has been prepared to provide a description and schedule for the performance of maintenance on permanent pollution abatement measures. Maintenance measures to be performed will be dependent on what permanent pollution abatement measures are incorporated into the project. The project specific water pollution abatement plan should be reviewed to determine what permanent pollution abatement measures are incorporated into a project.

It should also be noted that the timing and procedures presented herein are general guidelines, adjustment to the timing and procedures may have to be made depending on project specific characteristics as well as weather related conditions but may not be altered without TCEQ approval.

Where a project is occupied by the owner, the owner may provide for maintenance with his own skilled forces or contract for recommended maintenance of Permanent Best Management Practices. Where a project is occupied or leased by a tenant, the owner shall require tenants to contract for such maintenance services either through a lease agreement, property owners association covenants, or other binding document.

I understand that I am responsible for maintenance of the Permanent Pollution Abatement Measures included in this project until such time as the maintenance obligation is either assumed in writing by another entity having ownership or control of the property or ownership is transferred.

I, the owner, have read and understand the requirements of the attached Maintenance Plan and Schedule.

Mays Westinghouse Crossing, LLC

By: St. John Projects, LLC, Manager

By: Edward St. John, LLC, General Manager

clog Bv:

Name: Edward A. St. Jøhn Title: General Manager

Date: 81423



INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE FOR PERMANENT POLLUTION ABATEMENT MEASURES

Recommended Frequency	Task to be Performed												
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
After Rainfall													
Biannually*													

*At least one biannual inspection must occur during or immediately after a rainfall event. $\sqrt{Indicates}$ maintenance procedure that applies to this specific site.

See description of maintenance task to be performed on the following pages. Frequency of maintenance tasks may vary depending on amount of rainfall and other weather-related conditions but may not be altered without TCEQ approval.

A written record should be kept of inspection results and maintenance performed.

Task No. & Description		Included in this	project
1. Mowing		Yes	No
2. Litter and Debris Removal		Yes	No
3. Erosion Control		Yes	No
4. Level Sensor		Yes	No
5. Nuisance Control		Yes	No
6. Structural Repairs and Replacen	nent	Yes	No
7. Discharge Pipe		Yes	No
8. Detention and Drawdown Time		Yes	No
9. Sediment Removal		Yes	No
10. Logic Controller		Yes	No
11. Vegetated Filter Strips		Yes	No
12. Visually Inspect Security Fencing	for Damage or Breach	Yes	No
13. Recordkeeping for Inspections,	Maintenance, and Repairs	Yes	No

MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES FOR PERMANENT POLLUTION ABATEMENT MEASURES

Note: Additional guidance can be obtained from TCEQ's Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) RG-348 (2005) Section 3.5.

<u>Inspections</u>. Inspections should take place a minimum of twice a year. One inspection should take place during wet weather to determine if the basin is meeting the target detention time of 12 hours and a drawdown time of no more than 48 hours. The remaining inspections should occur between storm events so that manual operation of the valve and controller can be verified. The level sensor in the basin should be inspected and any debris or sediment in the area should be removed. The outlet structure and the trash screen should be inspected for signs of clogging. Debris and sediment should be removed from the orifice and outlet(s) as described in previous sections. Debris obstructing the valve should be removed. During each inspection, erosion areas inside and downstream of this BMP should be identified and repaired/revegetated immediately. *A written record should be kept of inspection results and corrective measures taken*

- 1. <u>Mowing</u>. The basin, basin side-slopes, and embankment of the basin must be mowed to prevent woody growth and control weeds. A mulching mower should be used, or the grass clippings should be caught and removed. Mowing should take place at least twice a year, or more frequently if vegetation exceeds 18 inches in height. More frequent mowing to maintain aesthetic appeal may be necessary in landscaped areas.
- 2. <u>Litter and Debris Removal</u>. Litter and debris removal should take place at least twice a year, as part of the periodic mowing operations and inspections. Debris and litter should be removed from the surface of the basin. Particular attention should be paid to floatable debris around the outlet structure. The outlet should be checked for possible clogging or obstructions and any debris removed.
- 3. <u>Erosion control</u>. The basin side slopes and embankment all may periodically suffer from slumping and erosion. To correct these problems, corrective action, such as regrading and revegetation, may be necessary. Correction of erosion control should take place whenever required based on the periodic inspections.
- 4. <u>Level Sensor</u>. The level sensor in the basin should be inspected and any debris or sediment in the area should be removed. Litter and debris removal should take place at least twice a year, as part of the periodic mowing operations and inspections. Debris and litter should be removed from the surface of the basin.
- 5. <u>Nuisance Control</u>. Standing water or soggy conditions may occur in the basin. Some standing water may occur after a storm event since the valve may close with 2 to 3 inches of water in the basin. Some flow into the basin may also occur between storms due to spring flow and residential water use that enters the storm sewer system. Twice a year, the facility should be evaluated in terms of nuisance control (insects, weeds, odors, algae, etc.).
- 6. <u>Structural Repairs and Replacement</u>. With each inspection, any damage to structural elements of the basin (pipes, concrete drainage structures, retaining walls, etc.) should be identified and



repaired immediately. An example of this type of repair can include patching of cracked concrete, sealing of voids, removal of vegetation from cracks and joints. The various inlet/outlet structures in a basin will eventually deteriorate and must be replaced. A written record should be kept of inspection results and corrective measures taken

- 7. <u>Discharge Pipe</u>. The basin discharge pipe shall be checked for accumulation of silt, debris or other obstructions which could block flow. Soil accumulations, vegetative overgrowth and other blockages should be cleared from the pipe discharge point. Erosion at the point of discharge shall be monitored. If erosion occurs, the addition of rock rubble to disperse the flow should be accomplished. A written record should be kept of inspection results and corrective measures taken
- 8. Detention and Drawdown Time. One inspection should take place during wet weather to determine if the basin is meeting the target detention time of 12 hours and a drawdown time of no more than 48 hours. This characteristic can be a sign of the need for maintenance. The minimum drawdown time is 24 hours. If drawdown time is less than 24 hours, the actuator valve shall be checked and partially closed to limit the drawdown time. Extensive drawdown time greater than 48 hours may indicated blockage of the discharge pipe. Corrective actions should be performed and completed within 15 working days. A written record of the inspection findings and corrective actions performed should be made.
- 9. <u>Sediment Removal</u>. A properly designed batch detention basin will accumulate quantities of sediment over time. The accumulated sediment can detract from the appearance of the facility and reduce the pollutant removal performance of the facility. The sediment also tends to accumulate near the outlet structure and can interfere with the level sensor operation. Sediment shall be removed from the basin at least every 5 years, when sediment depth exceeds 6 inches, when the sediment interferes with the level sensor or when the basin does not drain within 48 hours. Care should be taken not to compromise the basin lining during maintenance.
- 10. <u>Logic Controller</u>. The Logic Controller should be inspected as part of the twice-yearly investigations. Verify that the external indicators (active, cycle in progress) are operating properly by turning the controller off and on, and by initiating a cycle by triggering the level sensor in the basin. The valve should be manually opened and closed using the open/close switch to verify valve operation and to assist in inspecting the valve for debris. The solar panel should be inspected and any dust or debris on the panel should be carefully removed. The controller and all other circuitry and wiring should be inspected for signs of corrosion, damage from insects, water leaks, or other damage. At the end of the inspection, the controller should be reset.
- 11. <u>Vegetated Filter Strips</u>. Vegetation height for native grasses shall be limited to no more than 18inches. When vegetation exceeds that height, the filter strip shall be cut to a height of approximately 4 inches. Turf grass shall be limited to a height of 4-inches with regular maintenance that utilizes a mulching mower. Trash and debris shall be removed from filter strip prior to cutting. Check filter strip for signs of concentrated flow and erosion. Areas of filter strip showing signs of erosion shall be repaired by scarifying the eroded area, reshaping, regrading,



and placement of solid block sod over the affected area. A written record of the inspection findings and corrective actions performed should be made

- 12. <u>Visually Inspect Security Fencing for Damage or Breach</u>. Check maintenance access gates for proper operation. Damage to fencing or gates shall be repaired within 5 working days. *A written record should be kept of inspection results and maintenance performed*.
- 13. <u>Recordkeeping Procedures for Inspections, Maintenance, Repairs, and Retrofits.</u>
 - Written records shall be kept by the party responsible for maintenance or a designated representative.
 - Written records shall be retained for a minimum of five years.

ATTACHMENT I

Attachment I – Measures for Minimizing Surface Stream Contamination

Any points where discharge from the site is concentrated and erosive velocities exist will include appropriately sized energy dissipators to reduce velocities to non-erosive levels.



ORGANIZED SEWAGE COLLECTION SYSTEM PLAN (TCEQ-0582)

Organized Sewage Collection System Application

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

For Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(c), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Regulated Entity Name: Westinghouse Flex - North

 Attachment A – SCS Engineering Design Report. This Engineering Design Report is provided to fulfill the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 217, including 217.10 of Subchapter A, §§217.51 – 217.70 of Subchapter C, and Subchapter D as applicable, and is required to be submitted with this SCS Application Form.

Customer Information

 The entity and contact person responsible for providing the required engineering certification of testing for this sewage collection system upon completion (including private service connections) and every five years thereafter to the appropriate TCEQ region office pursuant to 30 TAC §213.5(c) is:

Contact Person:		
Entity: Georgetown Utility Systems		
Mailing Address: <u>300-1 Industrial Ave</u>		
City, State: <u>Georgetown, TX</u>	Zip: <u>78626</u>	
Telephone: <u>(512) 930-3555</u>	Fax:	
Email Address: gus@georgetown.org		
The appropriate regional office must be in	formed of any changes in this	information
within 30 davs of the chanae.		

3. The engineer responsible for the design of this sewage collection system is:

Contact Person: <u>Shelly Mitchell, P.E.</u>				
Texas Licensed Professional Engineer's Number: 10	<u>)3662</u>			
Entity: Pape-Dawson Engineers				
Mailing Address: <u>10801 N MoPac Expy, Bldg 3 - Ste 200</u>				
City, State: <u>Austin, TX</u> Zip: <u>78759</u>				
Telephone:(512) 454-8711 Fax:				
Email Address:smitchell@pape-dawson.com				

Project Information

4. Anticipated type of development to be served (estimated future population to be served, plus adequate allowance for institutional and commercial flows):

	Residential: Number of single-family lots:
	Multi-family: Number of residential units:
	Commercial
\boxtimes	Industrial
	Off-site system (not associated with any development)
	Other:

5. The character and volume of wastewater is shown below:

<u>100</u> % Domestic	<u>23,443</u> gallons/day
% Industrial	gallons/day
% Commingled	gallons/day
Total gallons/day: <u>23,443 (222,357 SF *</u>	* 1 LUE/1660 SF * 175 GPD/1 LUE)

- 6. Existing and anticipated infiltration/inflow is <u>1,000</u> gallons/day. This will be addressed by: <u>adequate sizing of the mains</u>.
- 7. A Water Pollution Abatement Plan (WPAP) is required for construction of any associated commercial, industrial or residential project located on the Recharge Zone.

The WPAP application for this development was approved by letter dated _____. A copy of the approval letter is attached.

The WPAP application for this development was submitted to the TCEQ on <u>concurrent</u>, but has not been approved.

A WPAP application is required for an associated project, but it has not been submitted.
 There is no associated project requiring a WPAP application.

8. Pipe description:

Table 1 - Pipe Description

Pipe Diameter(Inches)	Linear Feet (1)	Pipe Material (2)	Specifications (3)
6	57.27	PVC, SDR 26	ASTM D3034, ASTM D3212
8	366.41	PVC, SDR 26	ASTM D3034, ASTM D3212

Total Linear Feet: 423.68

(1) Linear feet - Include stub-outs and double service connections. Do not include private service laterals.

- (2) Pipe Material If PVC, state SDR value.
- (3) Specifications ASTM / ANSI / AWWA specification and class numbers should be included.
- 9. The sewage collection system will convey the wastewater to the <u>Dove Springs</u> (name) Treatment Plant. The treatment facility is:



10. All components of this sewage collection system will comply with:

The City of <u>Georgetown</u> standard specifications.
 Other. Specifications are attached.

11. No force main(s) and/or lift station(s) are associated with this sewage collection system.

A force main(s) and/or lift station(s) is associated with this sewage collection system and the **Lift Station/Force Main System Application** form (TCEQ-0624) is included with this application.

Alignment

- 12. There are no deviations from uniform grade in this sewage collection system without manholes and with open cut construction.
- 13. There are no deviations from straight alignment in this sewage collection system without manholes.
 - Attachment B Justification and Calculations for Deviation in Straight Alignment without Manholes. A justification for deviations from straight alignment in this sewage collection system without manholes with documentation from pipe manufacturer allowing pipe curvature is attached.

For curved sewer lines, all curved sewer line notes (TCEQ-0596) are included on the construction plans for the wastewater collection system.

Manholes and Cleanouts

14. Manholes or clean-outs exist at the end of each sewer line(s). These locations are listed below: (Please attach additional sheet if necessary)

Line	Shown on Sheet	Station	Manhole or Clean- out?
N WW-01	N 1 Of N 4	4+46.97	MH
N WW-02	N 2 Of N 4	1+14.14	CO
	Of		

Table 2 - Manholes and Cleanouts

Line	Shown on Sheet	Station	Manhole or Clean- out?
	Of		

- 15. Manholes are installed at all Points of Curvature and Points of Termination of a sewer line.
- 16. The maximum spacing between manholes on this project for each pipe diameter is no greater than:

Pipe Diameter (inches)	Max. Manhole Spacing (feet)
6 - 15	500
16 - 30	800
36 - 48	1000
≥54	2000

- Attachment C Justification for Variance from Maximum Manhole Spacing. The maximum spacing between manholes on this project (for each pipe diameter used) is greater than listed in the table above. A justification for any variance from the maximum spacing is attached, and must include a letter from the entity which will operate and maintain the system stating that it has the capability to maintain lines with manhole spacing greater than the allowed spacing.
- 17. All manholes will be monolithic, cast-in-place concrete.
 - The use of pre-cast manholes is requested for this project. The manufacturer's specifications and construction drawings, showing the method of sealing the joints, are attached.

Site Plan Requirements

Items 18 - 25 must be included on the Site Plan.

18. \square The Site Plan must have a minimum scale of 1" = 400'.

```
Site Plan Scale: 1" = <u>40</u>'.
```

19. The Site Plan must include the sewage collection system general layout, including manholes with station numbers, and sewer pipe stub outs (if any). Site plan must be overlain by topographic contour lines, using a contour interval of not greater than ten feet and showing the area within both the five-year floodplain and the 100-year floodplain of any drainage way.

20. Lateral stub-outs:

The location of all lateral stub-outs are shown and labeled.

No lateral stub-outs will be installed during the construction of this sewer collection system.

21. Location of existing and proposed water lines:

 \boxtimes The entire water distribution system for this project is shown and labeled.

If not shown on the Site Plan, a Utility Plan is provided showing the entire water and sewer systems.

There will be no water lines associated with this project.

22. 100-year floodplain:

After construction is complete, no part of this project will be in or cross a 100-year floodplain, either naturally occurring or manmade. (Do not include streets or concrete-lined channels constructed above of sewer lines.)

After construction is complete, all sections located within the 100-year floodplain will have water-tight manholes. These locations are listed in the table below and are shown and labeled on the Site Plan. (Do not include streets or concrete-lined channels constructed above sewer lines.)

Table 3 - 100-Year Floodplain

Line	Sheet	Station
	of	to

23. 5-year floodplain:

After construction is complete, no part of this project will be in or cross a 5-year floodplain, either naturally occurring or man-made. (Do not include streets or concrete-lined channels constructed above sewer lines.)

After construction is complete, all sections located within the 5-year floodplain will be encased in concrete or capped with concrete. These locations are listed in the table below and are shown and labeled on the Site Plan. (Do not include streets or concrete-lined channels constructed above sewer lines.)

Table 4 - 5-Year Floodplain

Line	Sheet	Station
	of	to

24. \square Legal boundaries of the site are shown.

25. The *final plans and technical specifications* are submitted for the TCEQ's review. Each sheet of the construction plans and specifications are dated, signed, and sealed by the Texas Licensed Professional Engineer responsible for the design on each sheet.

Items 26 - 33 must be included on the Plan and Profile sheets.

26. All existing or proposed water line crossings and any parallel water lines within 9 feet of sewer lines are listed in the table below. These lines must have the type of pressure rated pipe to be installed shown on the plan and profile sheets. Any request for a variance from the required pressure rated piping at crossings must include a variance approval from 30 TAC Chapter 290.

There will be no water line crossings.

There will be no water lines within 9 feet of proposed sewer lines.

Table 5 - Water Line Crossings

Line	Station or Closest Point	Crossing or Parallel	Horizontal Separation Distance	Vertical Separation Distance

27. Vented Manholes:

No part of this sewer line is within the 100-year floodplain and vented manholes are not required by 30 TAC Chapter 217.

A portion of this sewer line is within the 100-year floodplain and vented manholes will be provided at less than 1500 foot intervals. These water-tight manholes are listed in the table below and labeled on the appropriate profile sheets.

A portion of this sewer line is within the 100-year floodplain and an alternative means of venting shall be provided at less than 1500 feet intervals. A description of the alternative means is described on the following page.

A portion of this sewer line is within the 100-year floodplain; however, there is no interval longer than 1500 feet located within. No vented manholes will be used.

Table 6 - Vented Manholes

Line	Manhole	Station	Sheet

Line	Manhole	Station	Sheet

28. Drop manholes:

There are no drop manholes associated with this project.

Sewer lines which enter new or existing manholes or "manhole structures" higher than 24 inches above the manhole invert are listed in the table below and labeled on the appropriate profile sheets. These lines meet the requirements of 30 TAC §217.55(I)(2)(H).

Table 7 - Drop Manholes

Line	Manhole	Station	Sheet
North WW-01		1+65.10	N 1 of 4

29. Sewer line stub-outs (For proposed extensions):

The placement and markings of all sewer line stub-outs are shown and labeled.

No sewer line stub-outs are to be installed during the construction of this sewage collection system.

30. Lateral stub-outs (For proposed private service connections):

The placement and markings of all lateral stub-outs are shown and labeled.

] No lateral stub-outs are to be installed during the construction of this sewage collection system.

31. Minimum flow velocity (From Appendix A)

Assuming pipes are flowing full; all slopes are designed to produce flows equal to or greater than 2.0 feet per second for this system/line.

32. Maximum flow velocity/slopes (From Appendix A)

Assuming pipes are flowing full, all slopes are designed to produce maximum flows of less than or equal to 10 feet per second for this system/line.

Attachment D – Calculations for Slopes for Flows Greater Than 10.0 Feet per Second. Assuming pipes are flowing full, some slopes produce flows which are greater than 10 feet per second. These locations are listed in the table below. Calculations are attached.

Table 8 - Flov	Table 8 - Flows Greater Than 10 Feet per Second						
Line	Profile Sheet	Station to Station	FPS	% Slope	Erosion/Shock Protection		

33. Assuming pipes are flowing full, where flows are \geq 10 feet per second, the provisions noted below have been made to protect against pipe displacement by erosion and/or shock under 30 TAC §217.53(I)(2)(B).

Concrete encasement shown on appropriate Plan and Profile sheets for the locations listed in the table above.

Steel-reinforced, anchored concrete baffles/retards placed every 50 feet shown on appropriate Plan and Profile sheets for the locations listed in the table above. 🕅 N/A

Administrative Information

- 34. 🖂 The final plans and technical specifications are submitted for TCEQ review. Each sheet of the construction plans and specifications are dated, signed, and sealed by the Texas Licensed Professional Engineer responsible for the design on each sheet.
- 35. X Standard details are shown on the detail sheets, which are dated, signed, and sealed by the Texas Licensed Professional Engineer, as listed in the table below:

Standard Details	Shown on Sheet
Lateral stub-out marking [Required]	N 3 of N 4
Manhole, showing inverts comply with 30 TAC §217.55(I)(2) [Required]	N 3 of N 4
Alternate method of joining lateral to existing SCS line for potential future connections [Required]	N 3 of N 4
Typical trench cross-sections [Required]	N 4 of N 4
Bolted manholes [Required]	N 3 of N 4
Sewer Service lateral standard details [Required]	N 3 of N 4
Clean-out at end of line [Required, if used]	N 3 of N 4
Baffles or concrete encasement for shock/erosion protection [Required, if flow velocity of any section of pipe >10 fps]	of
Detail showing Wastewater Line/Water Line Crossing [Required, if crossings are proposed]	N 3 of N 4
Mandrel detail or specifications showing compliance with 30 TAC §217.57(b) and (c) [Required, if Flexible Pipe is used]	of

Table 9 - Standard Details

Standard Details	Shown on Sheet
Drop manholes [Required, if a pipe entering a manhole is more than 24 inches above manhole invert]	N 3 of N 4

- 36. All organized sewage collection system general construction notes (TCEQ-0596) are included on the construction plans for this sewage collection system.
- 37. All proposed sewer lines will be sufficiently surveyed/staked to allow an assessment prior to TCEQ executive director approval. If the alignments of the proposed sewer lines are not walkable on that date, the application will be deemed incomplete and returned.

Survey staking was completed on this date: when advised by TCEQ of site visit

- 38. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
- 39. Any modification of this SCS application will require TCEQ approval, prior to construction, and may require submission of a revised application, with appropriate fees.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Organized Sewage Collection System Application** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The system was designed in accordance with the requirements of 30 TAC §213.5(c) and 30 TAC §217 and prepared by:

Print Name of Licensed Professional Engineer: Shelly Mitchell, P.E.

Date: 07/08/2024

Place engineer's seal here:



Signature of Licensed Professional Engineer:

elly Mitchell

Appendix A-Flow Velocity Table

Flow Velocity (Flowing Full) All gravity sewer lines on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone shall be designed and constructed with hydraulic slopes sufficient to give a velocity when flowing full of not less than 2.0 feet per second, and not greater than 10 feet per second. The grades shown in the following table are based on Manning's formula and an n factor of 0.013 and shall be the minimum and maximum acceptable slopes unless provisions are made otherwise.

Pipe Diameter(Inches)	% Slope required for minimum flow velocity of 2.0 fps	% Slope which produces flow velocity of 10.0 fps
6	0.50	12.35
8	0.33	8.40
10	0.25	6.23
12	0.20	4.88
15	0.15	3.62
18	0.11	2.83
21	0.09	2.30
24	0.08	1.93
27	0.06	1.65
30	0.055	1.43
33	0.05	1.26
36	0.045	1.12
39	0.04	1.01
>39	*	*

Table 10 - Slope Velocity

*For lines larger than 39 inches in diameter, the slope may be determined by Manning's formula (as shown below) to maintain a minimum velocity greater than 2.0 feet per second when flowing full and a maximum velocity less than 10 feet per second when flowing full.

$$v = \frac{1.49}{n} \times R_h^{0.67} \times \sqrt{S}$$

Figure 1 - Manning's Formula

Where:

v = velocity (ft/sec)
n = Manning's roughness coefficient
(0.013)
Rh = hydraulic radius (ft)
S = slope (ft/ft)

ATTACHMENT A (Engineering Design Report)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PROJECT INFORMATION1
GRAVITY SANITARY SEWER PIPING: FLOW & CAPACITY ANALYSIS
Odor Control2
Flow Calculation2
Capacity Calculation3
Conclusion
GENERAL STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS
Project Materials (Pipe and Joints):5
Project Materials (Bedding):6
Project Materials (Manholes):6
Project Materials (Manhole Covers):7
Minimum and Maximum Slopes7
Backfill7
Trenching
Minimum and Maximum Trench Width8
Corrosion Prevention
Manholes (General)
Manholes (Inverts)9
Manholes (Ventilation)9
FLEXIBLE PIPE COMPUTATIONS
Live Load Calculations
Buckling Pressure Calculations
Allowable Buckling Pressure:
Pressure Under Installed Conditions12
Installation Temperature Effects 13
Tensile Strength13
Strain13
Modulus of Soil Reaction



Zeta Calculation	
Pipe Stiffness	15
Deflection	



This Engineering Design Report has been prepared to comply with the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality's (TCEQ) Design Criteria for Domestic Wastewater Systems (30 TAC 217), and regulations over the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone (30 TAC 213). Please note, throughout this application, in the case of multiple regulations, the more stringent shall apply.

PROJECT INFORMATION

Westinghouse Flex – North proposes the construction of an industrial flex site with associated water quality basin, parking, and drives, located on approximately 9.021 acres within the City of Georgetown, in Williamson County, Texas. The site is located approximately 0.4 miles south of the N Mays St and Westinghouse Rd intersection. The site is cleared and undeveloped, lies within the Brushy Creek watershed in both the Edwards Aquifer Recharge and Transition Zones, and does not contain the 100-year floodplain. There were zero (0) naturally-occurring and six (6) manmade sensitive geological features identified in the Geologic Assessment.

This Westinghouse Flex - North SCS proposes the construction of 423.68 linear feet (LF) of sanitary sewer main to serve this development over the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone. The proposed alignment will consist of approximately 57.27 LF of 6-inch (6") polyvinyl chloride (PVC), SDR 26 gravity main; and 366.41 LF of 8-inch (8") PVC, SDR 26 gravity main. Regulated activities proposed include excavation, construction of sewer mains, manholes, and compaction. Approximately 0.97 acres may be disturbed as identified by the limits of the fifty-foot (50') SCS/GA envelope shown on the plans; however, additional regulated activities will disturb 9.021 acres for the overall development of this site, in accordance with the concurrent WPAP.

The proposed development will generate approximately 5,844 gallons per day (average flow) of domestic wastewater based on 55,434 SF of industrial building space (55,434 SF * 1 LUE/1,660 SF * 175 GPD/LUE). Wastewater will be disposed of by the Dove Springs Wastewater Treatment Plant. Potable water service is to be provided by the City of Georgetown.

Please refer to Sheets North 1-2 of the attached sewer plans, which show the proposed service area and its topographic features. This system is designed to have a minimum structural life of 50 years.

Refer to included EDR for additional details.

Safety considerations are the responsibility of the contractor. Safety protection shall be accomplished in accordance with the most recent requirements of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Standards and Interpretations.

GRAVITY SANITARY SEWER PIPING: FLOW & CAPACITY ANALYSIS

Basis for average flow used for design of collection system (check one or more):

 Per Capita Contributions:

 Service Connections:

 Land Area and Use:
 ✓

 Fixture Analysis:

Odor Control

Odor Control is not necessary on this project as it is a gravity line and there will be no conditions where sewage is standing and will become septic.

Flow Calculation

 Peaking Factor used for design:
 1.5

 Peaking Factor is based on:
 Design Requirements for peak flow (from City of Georgetown,

 CDM Memorandum on Water & Wastewater System Design

 Criteria) for non-residential sites



Project Limits = 9.021 ac Total Building Square Footage = 55,434 SF Infiltration = 1,000 gallons/acre served

```
Site Flows = 55,434 SF x 1 LUE/1,660 SF x 175 GPD/1 LUE = <u>5,844 gpd</u> average dry flow = <u>4.06 gpm</u>

Peak Dry Flow = 5,844 gallons/ day average x 1.5 peaking factor = <u>8,766 gpd</u> = <u>6.09 gpm</u>

Avg. Wet Flow = 5,844 gpd + [(1000 gpd/acre) x 9.021 acres] = <u>14,865 gpd</u> = <u>10.32 gpm</u>

Peak Wet Flow = 8,766 gpd + [(1000 gpd/acre) x 9.021 acres] = <u>17,787 gpd</u> = <u>12.35 gpm</u>

85% Peak Wet Flow = 17,787 gpd * 0.85 = <u>15,119 gpd</u> = <u>10.50 gpm</u>
```

Please note that capacities are determined using Manning's equation for pipes flowing full with an "n" value of 0.013. A reference for Manning's Equation can be found in "The Uni-Bell Handbook of PVC Pipe: Design and Construction".

Capacity Calculation

Characteristics of 6" ASTM D3034, SDR 26, PVC Sewer Pipe: Nominal Size = 6" Outer Diameter (D_o) = 6.275" Minimum Wall Thickness (t) = 0.241" Inner Diameter (D_i) = 5.793"

<u>Characteristics of 8" ASTM D3034, SDR 26, PVC Sewer Pipe:</u> Nominal Size = 8" Outer Diameter (D_o) = 8.40" Minimum Wall Thickness (t) = 0.323" Inner Diameter (D_i) = 7.75"



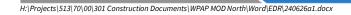
Manning's Equation: $Q = (k/n)(A)(R^{2/3})(S^{1/2})$ v = Q/AWhere: Q = Discharge (cfs) $k = Constant [(1.49 ft^{1/3})/sec.]$ n = Manning's roughness coefficient (unitless) $A = Flow area (ft^2)$ R = Hydraulic Radius (ft) $= A/P = Cross sectional area of flow (ft^2)/Wetted perimeter (ft.)$ S = Slope (ft/ft)v = Velocity of flow (ft/s)

n = 0.013 [as required by 30 TAC 213.53 A(i)]

Calculations for 6" ASTM D3034, SDR 26, PVC Sewer Pipe:

 $A = \pi (D_i^2)/4 = \pi (5.793 \text{ in})^2/4 = 26.36 \text{ in}^2 = 0.18 \text{ ft}^2$ $P = \pi (D_i) = \pi (26.36 \text{ in}) = 18.20 \text{ in} = 1.52 \text{ ft}$ $R = A/P = 0.18 \text{ ft}^2/1.52 \text{ ft} = 0.12 \text{ ft}$ S = 0.025 $Q = [(1.49 \text{ ft}^{1/3}/\text{sec})/0.013](0.18 \text{ ft}^2)(0.12 \text{ ft})^{2/3}(0.025)^{1/2}$ $Q = 0.81 \text{ cfs} = 364 \text{ gpm} = Q_{full}$ $v = 0.81 \text{ cfs}/0.18 \text{ ft}^2 = 4.43 \text{ ft/s}$ Qmax = 0.81 cfs (0.85)(7.48 gallons/1 cf)(60 sec/1 min.) = 309 gpm

Calculations for 8" ASTM D3034, SDR 26, PVC Sewer Pipe: $A = \pi (D_i^2)/4 = \pi (7.75 \text{ in})^2/4 = 47.17 \text{ in}^2 = 0.33 \text{ ft}^2$ $P = \pi (D_i) = \pi (7.75 \text{ in}) = 24.35 \text{ in} = 2.03 \text{ ft}$ $R = A/P = 0.33 \text{ ft}^2/2.03 \text{ ft} = 0.16 \text{ ft}$ S = 0.01





 $Q = [(1.49 \, ft^{1/3} / sec) / 0.013] (0.33 \, ft^2) (0.16 \, ft)^{2/3} (0.01)^{1/2}$

 $Q = 1.11 cfs = 500 gpm = Q_{full}$

v = 1.11 cfs/0.33 ft²=**3.40 ft/s**

Qmax = 1.11 cfs (0.85)(7.48 gallons/1 cf)(60 sec/1 min.)=425 gpm

Nominal Main Size (in)	Outer Diameter (in)	Minimum Slope (%)	Area (ft²)	Hydraulic Radius (A/P) ft	R ^{2/3}	S ^{1/2}	Q-Full (cfs)	Velocity (ft/s)	Peak Wet Max Pipe (%)	Q-Max (gpm) 85%	Peak Dry Max Pipe (%)	Q-Max (gpm) 65%
6 (NR)	6.275	2.50	0.18	0.12	0.24	0.15	0.81	3.40	85	309	65	201
8 (NR)	8.40	1.00	0.33	0.16	0.29	0.10	1.11	4.43	85	425	65	276

Conclusion

The proposed 6" pipe (NR) with a minimum slope of 2.50% and the proposed 8" pipe (NR) with a minimum slope of 1.00% have sufficient capacity to convey the projected average and peak flows. The Peak Dry Weather Flow of 6.09 gpm shall not exceed 65% of capacity. The Peak Wet Weather Flow of 12.35 gpm shall not exceed 85% of the capacity.

GENERAL STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS

Project Materials (Pipe and Joints):

Nominal Pipe Diameter (in)	Linear Feet	Pipe Material	National Standard Specification for Pipe Material	National Standard for Pipe Joints
6 (NR)	57.27	PVC SDR 26	ASTM D3034	ASTM D3212
8 (NR)	366.41	PVC SDR 26	ASTM D3034	ASTM D3212

Note: Section 217.53 (j)(4) requires a minimum pipe diameter of 6 inches for all gravity sanitary sewer collection system piping.



Watertight, size on size resilient connectors conforming to ASTM C-923 have been specified for connecting pipe to manholes.

Where a collection system parallels a water supply pipe and a nine-foot separation distance cannot be achieved, Section 217.53 (d)(3)(A)(i) requires a collection system pipe be constructed of cast iron, ductile iron, or PVC meeting ASTM specifications with at least a 150 pounds per square inch (psi) rating for both the pipe and joints. The proposed project will comply with these requirements.

Where a collection system pipe crosses a water supply line and a nine-foot separation distance cannot be achieved, Section 217.53(d)(3)(B)(i) requires the collection system pipe be constructed of cast iron, ductile iron, or PVC with a minimum pressure rating of 150 psi. The proposed project will comply with this requirement and that of 217.53(d)(3)(B)(iii).

Project Materials (Bedding):

The specified bedding will comply with ASTM D2321-11 Class I, II or III for materials and densification. A minimum of 6 inches of bedding is required for all pipe.

Pipe Diameter (in)	Pipe Material	Bedding Class
6	PVC	Class I & Class III
8	PVC	Class I & Class III

Initial backfill for the pipe sizes shown above will be Class I. Secondary backfill will be Class III. See Table 2 of ASTM D2321-11 "Soil Classes" in Appendix A of this subsection.

Project Materials (Manholes):

Section 217.55 (f) prohibits the use of bricks to adjust a manhole cover to grade or construct a manhole. The proposed project will comply with this requirement.

The inside diameter of a manhole must be no less than 48 inches.



Section 217.55 (n) requires watertight, size-on-size resilient connectors that allow for differential settlement and must conform to American Society for Testing and Materials C-923. The proposed project complies with this requirement.

Under 30 TAC 213.5(C)(3)(A), all manholes over the Recharge Zone must be watertight, with watertight rings and covers. The proposed project complies with this requirement. The materials specified for manhole construction are **precast concrete**.

Project Materials (Manhole Covers):

Manhole covers must be constructed of impervious materials. If personnel entry is required, a minimum 30-inch diameter clear opening must be provided. Inclusion of steps in a manhole is prohibited. If a manhole must be located within a 100-year floodplain, then a means of preventing inflow is required. A manhole cover that is located in a roadway must meet or exceed the American Association of State Highways and Transportation Officials Standard M-306 for load bearing.

Under 30 TAC 213.5 (c)(3)(A), all manholes over the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone must be watertight, with watertight rings and covers. This proposed project complies with this requirement.

Minimum and Maximum Slopes

Note: All pipes are designed with a slope that will provide a velocity of at least 2 ft/s flowing full, as calculated using Manning's equation with an "n" value of 0.013. Additionally, the collection system is designed to ensure that, with pipes flowing full, the velocities will be less than 10 feet per second.

The following are the minimum and maximum slopes for each pipe diameter:

 Pipe Diameter:
 6" (NR)
 Min. Slope:
 2.50 %
 Max. Slope:
 2.50%

 Pipe Diameter:
 8" (NR)
 Min. Slope:
 1.00%
 Max. Slope:
 2.50%

Backfill

Note: The backfill will be free of stones greater than 6 inches in diameter and free of organic or any other unstable material. See SAWS Item No. 804 for additional specifications.



Trenching

Note: The trench width will be minimized while still allowing adequate width for proper compaction of backfill, and while still ensuring that at least 6 inches of backfill exists below and on each side of the pipe. The trench walls will be vertical to at least one foot above the pipe.

Trenching will occur over the Recharge Zone and will comply with 30 TAC 213.5.

Minimum and Maximum Trench Width

Based on Georgetown Utility Systems Construction Detail WW16 30 TAC 217.54:
Pipe Diameter: <u>6" (NR)</u> Min. Trench Width: <u>19</u>" Max. Trench Width: <u>30"</u>
Pipe Diameter: <u>8" (NR)</u> Min. Trench Width: <u>21</u>" Max. Trench Width: <u>33"</u>
These trench widths account for the bell diameter.

Corrosion Prevention

Proposed collection system components (pipes, manholes, etc.) will not be susceptible to deterioration through the corrosive effects of an anaerobic sewage environment. Manholes shall be constructed of or lined with a corrosion resistant material. Where new construction ties into an existing manhole, the existing manhole must be lines, coated, or replaces with a corrosion resistant material.

Manholes (General)

Note: Manholes are provided at all changes in size, grade or alignment of pipe, at the intersection of all pipes and at the end of all lines that may be extended at a future date. A clean-out with watertight plugs may be installed instead of a manhole if no extensions are anticipated. Clean outs must pass all testing requirements outlined for gravity collection pipes.



Pipe Diameter (in)	Max. Manhole Spacing (ft)
6 - 15	500
18 - 30	800
36 - 48	1000
54 or larger	2000

The project complies with the maximum manhole spacing allowed by the TCEQ:

Manhole Spacing:

Pipe Diameter: <u>6"</u>	Max. Spacing: <u>57.27 LF</u>
Pipe Diameter: <u>8"</u>	Max. Spacing: <u>216.21 LF</u>

Manholes (Inverts)

The bottom of a manhole must contain a U-shaped channel, which is a smooth continuation of the inlet, and outlet pipes. The bench above the channel must be sloped a minimum of 0.5 inches per foot. See the City of Georgetown Detail which, complies with these requirements. Note, a manhole connected to a pipe less than 15 inches in diameter must have a channel depth equal to at least half the largest pipe's diameter.

Manholes (Ventilation)

Vented manholes are not proposed for this SCS.

Reduction of Inflow

Connection of storm water or roof drains to the sewage collection system is prohibited in accordance with 30 TAC 217.55(j)(6).





FLEXIBLE PIPE COMPUTATIONS

Please note, all flexible pipe computations are based on engineering principles and practices for the design of buried PVC pipe systems. Equations used can be found in "The Uni-Bell PVC Pipe Association Handbook of PVC Pipe: Design and Construction". Please note, the equations used may be in a different format than shown in the Uni-Bell Handbook.

Live Load Calculations

Minimum burial depth without concrete encasement is six (6) feet. Based on Table 6-6 Live Loads on PVC pipe (from Uni-Bell Handbook for PVC) for this sewer line would be 1.39 psi.

Buckling Pressure Calculations

This area of the Edwards Aquifer is unsaturated; consequently, there are no anticipated areas where sewer pipe will be placed below the water table. The value of hw=0 as there will be no height or time period of perched water or groundwater above the pipe crowns of the proposed sewer line.

The value of H for use in these calculations is fourteen (14) feet as it exceeds the maximum burial depth for this line. The value of γ_s equals 143 pcf is a conservative value based on a dry unit weight of 135 pcf and a moisture content of 6%. This value is conservative as it corresponds to saturated unit weights of commonly used backfill materials. Please see information from Raba-Kistner provided in Appendix C.

Allowable Buckling Pressure:

$$q_a = 0.4 * \sqrt{32 * R_w * B' * E_b * (E * I / D^3)}$$

Equation 1

 $\begin{aligned} q_a &= 0.4 * \sqrt{32 * 1 * 0.38 * 400 * (400,000 * 0.001/6.03^3)} = 40.82 \text{ psi } (6'' \text{PVC NR}) \\ q_a &= 0.4 * \sqrt{32 * 1 * 0.38 * 400 * (400,000 * 0.003/8.08^3)} = 40.90 \text{ psi } (8'' \text{PVC NR}) \end{aligned}$

$$B' = \frac{1}{1 + 4 * e^{-.065 * H}}$$

$$B' = \frac{1}{1 + 4 * e^{-.065 * 14}} = 0.38$$
Equation 3

$$I = t^{3}/12 * (inches^{4}/linear inch)$$

$$I = 0.241^{3}/12 = .001in^{3} (6''PVC SDR 26, NR)$$

$$I = 0.323^{3}/12 = .003in^{3} (8''PVC SDR 26, NR)$$

$$D = 6.275$$
 inches $- 0.241$ inches $= 6.03$ inches (6" PVC SDR 26, NR)
 $D = 8.4$ inches $- 0.323$ inches $= 8.08$ inches (8" PVC SDR 26, NR)

Where:

 $D = D_0 - t$

- q_a = Allowable buckling pressure, pounds per square inch (psi)
- h = Height of soil surface above top of pipe in inches (in)
- h_w = Height of water surface above top of pipe in inches (in) (groundwater elevation)
- R_w = Water buoyancy factor. If hw = 0, Rw = 1. If $0 \le hw \le h$ (groundwater elevation is between the top of the pipe and the ground surface), calculate Rw with Equation 2
- H = Depth of burial in feet (ft) from ground surface to crown of pipe.
- B' = Empirical coefficient of elastic support
- E_b = Modulus of soil reaction for the bedding material (psi)
- E = Modulus of elasticity of the pipe material (psi)
- Moment of inertia of the pipe wall cross section per linear inch of pipe, inch4/linear inch = inch3. For solid wall pipe, "I" can be calculated with Equation 4

11

- t = Pipe structural wall thickness (in)
- D = Mean pipe diameter (in)
- D_o = Pipe outer diameter (in)



Equation 4

Equation 5

Pressure Under Installed Conditions

$$\begin{aligned} q_p &= \gamma_w * h_w + R_w * (W_c/D) + L_l & \textit{Equation} \\ q_p &= 0.361 * 0 + 1 * (87.24/6.03) + 1.39 = 16.20 \text{ psi} (6''\text{PVC SDR 26, NR}) \\ q_p &= 0.361 * 0 + 1 * (116.78/8.08) + 1.39 = 16.20 \text{ psi} (8''\text{PVC SDR 26, NR}) \end{aligned}$$

Where:

 q_p = Pressure applied to pipe under installed conditions (psi)

- γ_w = 0.0361 pounds per cubic inch (pci), specific weight of water
- W_c = Vertical soil load on the pipe per unit length in pounds per linear inch (lb/in)
- L = Live load (lbs)

$$\begin{split} W_c &= \gamma_s * H * (D+t)/144 & \textit{Equation 7} \\ W_c &= 143 * 16 * (6.03 + 0.241)/144 = 99.70 \ \text{lb/in}^2 (6'' \text{PVC SDR 26, NR}) \\ W_c &= 143 * 16 * (8.08 + 0.323)/144 = 133.47 \ \text{lb/in}^2 (8'' \text{PVC SDR 26, NR}) \end{split}$$

Pipe Diameter: <u>6" (NR)</u> Pipe Material: <u>PVC, SDR 26</u>	q _a : <u>40.82</u>	q _p : <u>16.20</u>
Pipe Diameter: <u>8" (NR)</u> Pipe Material: <u>PVC, SDR 26</u>	qa: <u>40.90</u>	qp: <u>16.20</u>

Since $q_a \geq q_p,$ the specific pipe is acceptable for the proposed installation.

Wall Crushing

No portion of the proposed SCS is located in the 5-year floodplain.

$H = (24 * P_c * A)/(\gamma_s * D_o)$	Equation 8
A = t(in) * 12(in/ft)	Equation 9
H = (24 * 4000 * 2.892)/(143 * 6.275) = 309.40 (6" PVC SDR 26, NR)	
$A = 0.241(in) * 12(in / ft) = 2.892 \text{ in}^2/\text{ft} (6" \text{ PVC SDR 26, NR})$	
H = (24 * 4000 * 3.876) / (143 * 8.4) = 309.77 (8" PVC SDR 26, NR)	
$A = 0.323(in) * 12(in / ft) = 3.876^2 / \text{ft}(8" \text{ PVC SDR 26, NR})$	

H:\Projects\513\70\00\301 Construction Documents\WPAP MOD North\Word\EDR\240626a1.docx

6

Where:

D _o =	outside	nine	diameter,	in.
$D_0 =$	outside	pipe	ulumeter,	

- P_c = compressive stress or hydrostatic design basis (HDB). For typical PVC pipe assume 4,000 psi. For any other pipe material, the HDB must be supplied by the pipe manufacturer.
- A = surface area of the pipe wall, in.²/ft [conversion factor of 12 applied to change from ft. to in.]
- γ_s = specific weight of soil in pounds per cubic foot (pcf)
- H = Depth of burial in feet (ft) from ground surface to crown of pipe.
- 24 = conversions and coefficients

Installation Temperature Effects

Flexible pipe will be installed under favorable ambient conditions, per pipe manufacturer's specifications.

Tensile Strength

The information below is from "The Uni-Bell Handbook of PVC Pipe: Design and Construction" Table 2.1 pages 14-15. This applies to all PVC SDR-26 pipe.

Pipe Material: <u>PVC SDR 26</u>	Tensile Strength: 7,000	Cell Class (PVC only) <u>12454</u>
----------------------------------	--------------------------------	------------------------------------

Strain

The conditions of this installation are such that strain-related failure will not be a problem. Strain is generally not a performance-limiting factor for buried PVC pipe or a design-limiting criterion for PVC pipes according to the Uni-Bell Handbook of PVC Pipe (Chapter VII, Pages 255 and 257). As pipe deflection will be below 5%, strain-related failure is not anticipated.

Modulus of Soil Reaction

The modulus of soil reaction for the bedding material, $E_{b,}$ is **<u>400 psi</u>**.



This value was determined using the "Table 1: Soil Classification Chart" and "Table 2: Soil Classes" from ASTM D2321-11 and "Average Values of Modulus of Soil Reaction, E" Table 7.3 from "The Uni-Bell Handbook of PVC Pipe: Design and Construction" attached in Appendix A of this subsection. Class III material was chosen. As the secondary backfill (Class III) has a lower Modulus of Soil Reaction than initial backfill (Class I), its value was used in the calculations that follow. Class III on Table 2 corresponds to coarse-grained soils with fines (GM, GC, SM or SC) and sandy or gravelly fine-grained soils (CL or ML). On Table 7.3, coarse-grained soils with fines at a slight compaction have an E' equal to 400 psi.

The modulus of soil reaction for the in-situ soil, E'n, is **3,000 psi**

This value was determined using the "Table 1: Soil Classification Chart" and "Table 2: Soil Classes" from ASTM D 2321-11 and "Table 7.3 Average Values of Modulus of Soil Reaction, E" from "The Uni-Bell Handbook of PVC Pipe: Design and Construction" attached in Appendix A of this subsection. Class I material was chosen, which includes crushed rock as shown on Table 2. Compacted crushed rock on Table 7.3 has an E' equal to 3,000 psi. Values in Table 7.3 are based on empirical data and derived from laboratory and field tests for buried pipe.

Bedding to in-situ soil modulus of soil reaction ratio = $E_b/E'_n = \frac{400 \text{ psi/3,000 psi} = 0.13}{100 \text{ psi} = 0.13}$

Zeta Calculation

Where native soil is significantly weaker than bedding material, or where predicted deflection approaches 5%, the effect of native soil must be quantified using Leonhardt's Zeta factor. If the ration of bedding modulus to soil modulus is not equal to 1.0, a zeta factor must be calculated by using the equations below, where zeta is a factor, which corrects for the effect of in-situ soil on pipe stability (Uni-Bell Handbook of Pipe, page 267). To calculate zeta, directly use the formulas below. The calculations that are done to determine the zeta factors for the different pipe diameters must be included with this submittal.



$$zeta = \frac{1.44}{f + (1.44 - f) * (E_b/E_{n'})}$$

$$zeta = \frac{1.44}{1.33 + (1.44 - 1.12) * 0.13} = 1.03(6'' PVC SDR 26, NR)$$

$$zeta = \frac{1.44}{1.17 + (1.44 - 1.19) * 0.13} = 1.24(8'' PVC SDR 26, NR)$$

$$f = \frac{(b/d_a) - 1}{1.154 + 0.444 * ((b/d_a) - 1)}$$

$$f = \frac{(30/6.275) - 1}{1.154 + 0.444 * ((30/6.275) - 1)} = 1.12(6'' PVC SDR 26, NR)$$

$$f = \frac{(33/8.40) - 1}{1.154 + 0.444 * ((32/8.40) - 1)} = 1.19(8'' PVC SDR 26, NR)$$

Where:

- f = Pipe/trench width coefficient
- b = Trench width (in)

d_a = Pipe diameter (in)

- E_b = Modulus of soil reaction for the bedding material (psi)
- E'_n = Modulus of soil reaction for the in-situ soil (psi)

 Pipe Diameter:
 6" (NR)
 Trench Width:
 30"
 Zeta:
 1.03

 Pipe Diameter:
 8" (NR)
 Trench Width:
 33"
 Zeta:
 1.24

Pipe Stiffness

Pipe stiffness (Ps) is based on National Reference Standards and manufacturer's data. Please see Table 7.1 of the "The Uni-Bell Handbook of PVC Pipe: Design and Construction" listing the pipe stiffness of 6" PVC SDR 26 and 8" PVC SDR 26 as 115 psi for E = 400,000 psi.



Pipe Diameter: <u>6"</u> Pipe Material: <u>PVC SDR 26</u> Ps: <u>115 psi</u> Pipe Diameter: **8**" Pipe Material: **PVC SDR 26** Ps: **<u>115 psi</u>**

Deflection

Maximum allowable deflection in installed lines is 5% (per 30 TAC 217), as determined by the deflection analysis and verified by a mandrel test. It is recommended that the percent of vertical deflection is below this range; however, a 7.5% deflection limit (recommended by ASTM D3034) provides a conservative factor of safety against structural failure (Handbook of PVC Pipe, page 249).

Note: Per Table 7.2 attached in Appendix A of the SCS Application, K = 0.096 when the bedding angle is 90 degrees.

Assume Live Load at 14 feet max bury depth is negligible.

$$\Delta Y/D(\%) = \frac{K * (L_p + L_1) * 100}{(0.149 * P_s) + (0.061 * zeta * E_b)}$$
Equation 12

$$\Delta Y/D(\%) = \frac{0.096 * (13.9 + 0) * 100}{(0.149 * 115) + (0.061 * 1.03 * 400)} = 3.17\%(6'' \text{ PVC SDR26, NR})$$

$$\Delta Y/D(\%) = \frac{0.096 * (13.9 + 0) * 100}{(0.149 * 115) + (0.061 * 1.24 * 400)} = 2.82\%(8'' \text{ PVC SDR 26, NR})$$

$$L_{p} = \frac{\gamma_{s} * H}{144}$$
 Equation 13
 $L_{p} = \frac{143 * 14}{144} = 13.9 \text{ psi}$

144

Where:

 $\Delta Y/D$ (%) = Predicted % vertical deflection under load

- ΔY = Change in vertical pipe diameter under load
- D = Undeflected mean pipe diameter (in)
- K = Bedding angle constant
- γ_s = Unit weight of soil (pcf)
- H = Depth of burial (ft) from ground surface to crown of pipe
- L_p = Prism load (psi)

Type of Pipe Material	P₅ (psi)	Zeta Factor Assumed or Calculated	E₅ (psi)	% Deflection
6" PVC SDR 26	115	1.03	400	3.17
8" PVC SDR 26	115	1.24	400	2.82

All pipes proposed for this project have a maximum predicted deflection below 5.0% Per ASTM D3034, 7.5% deflection is permitted.

Signature, Seal and Date of the Texas Professional Engineer Below:





APPENDIX A (TABLES)

SOIL CLASSIFICATION CHART

From ASTM D2321-11: Standard Practice for Underground Installation of Thermoplastic Pipe for Sewers and Other Gravity-Flow Applications

TABLE 1 Soil Classification Chart (s	see Classification D2487)
--------------------------------------	---------------------------

	Criteria for Assigning Group Symbols and Group Names Using Laboratory Tests ⁴				Soil Classification	
					Group Symbol	Group Name ^B
Coarse-Grained Soils	Gravels	Clean gravels	$C \ge 4$ and $1 \le Cc \le 3^c$		GW	Well-graded gravel ^D
More than 50% retained on No. 200 sieve	More than 50% of coarse fraction retained on No. 4 sieve	Less thanCu < 4 and/or 1> Cc>3c5% of fines ^E			GP	Poorly graded gravel ^p
	-	Gravels with	Fines classify as ML or MH		GM	Silty gravel ^{DFG}
		more than 12% fines [⊭]	Fines classify as CL or CH		GC	Clayey gravel ^{DFG}
	Sands	Clean sands	Cu \geq 6 and 1 \leq Cc \leq 3 ^c		SW	Well-graded sand ^H
	50% or more of coarse fraction passes on No. 4 sieve	Less thanCu < 6 and/or 1 > Cc > 3 ^c 5% fines/			SP	Poorly graded sand ^H
	_	Sand with fines	Fines classify as ML or MH		SM	Silty sand ^{FGH}
	-	More than 12% fines [/]	Fines classify as CL or CH		SC	Clayey sand ^{FGH}
Fine-Grained Soils	Silts and clays	Inorganic	PI > 7 and plots on or above "A" line ^J		CL	Lean clay ^{KLM}
50% or more passes the No. 200 Sieve	Liquid limit less than 50		PI < 4 and plots below "A" line ^J		ML	silt ^{KLM}
	-	Organic	Liquid Limit-Oven dried	<0.75	OL	Organic clay ^{KLMN}
			Liquid Limit-Not dried			Organic silt ^{KLMO}
	Silts and clays	Inorganic	PI plots on or above "A" line	_	CH	Fat clay ^{KLM}
	Liquid limit 50 or more		Plots below "A" line	_	MH	Elastic silt ^{KLM}
	-	Organic	Liquid Limit-Oven Dried	<0.75	OH	Organic clay ^{KLMP}
			Liquid Limit-Not Dried	-		Organic silt ^{KLMQ}
Highly organic soils	Primarily organic matter, dark in c	olor, and organic odor			PT	peat

^A Based on the material passing the 3-in. (75-mm) sieve.

^B If field sample contained cobbles or boulders, or both, add "with cobbles or boulders, or both" to group name.

 $^{\circ}$ Cu = D₆₀ / D₁₀

$$Cc = \frac{(D_{30})^2}{D_{10}xD_{60}}$$

^{*D*} If soil contains \geq 15 % sand, add "with sand" to group name.

- ^EGravels with 5 to 12 % fines require dual symbols:
 - GW-GM well-graded gravel with silt.
 - GW-GC well-graded gravel with clay
 - GP-GM poorly graded gravel with silt
 - GP-GC poorly graded gravel with clay
- ^F If fines classify as CL-ML, use dual symbol GC-GM, or SC-SM.
- ^G If fines are organic, add "with organic fines" to group name.
- ^{*H*} If soil contains \geq 15 % gravel, add "with gravel" to group name.
- /Sands with 5 to 12 % fines require dual symbols:
 - SW-SM well graded sand with silt
 - SW-SC well-graded sand with clay
 - SP-SM poorly graded sand with silt
 - SP-SC poorly graded sand with clay
- ^J If Atterberg limits plot in hatched area, soil is a CL-ML, silty clay (see Test Method D4318).
- ^K If soil contains 15 to 29 % plus No. 200, add "with sand" or "with gravel", whichever is predominant.
- ^{*L*} If soil contains \geq 30 % plus No. 200, predominantly sand, add "sandy" to group name.
- ^M If soil contains \geq 30 % plus No. 200, predominantly gravel, add "gravelly" to group name.
- ^N PI \geq 4 and plots on or above "A" line.
- $^{\circ}$ PI < 4 or plots below "A" line.
- ^P PI plots on or above "A" line.
- Q PI plots below "A" line.



SOIL CLASSIFICATION CHART

From ASTM D2321-11: Standard Practice for Underground Installation of Thermoplastic Pipe for Sewers and Other Gravity-Flow Applications

	TABLE 2 0011 0123363	
Soil Group ^{A,B}	Soil Class	American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) Soil Groups ^c
Crushed rock, angular ^{<i>D</i>} , 100% passing 1-1/2 in. sieve, =15 %<br passing #4 sieve, = 25 % passing 3/8<br in. sieve and = 12 % passing #200<br sieve	Class I	
Clean, coarse grained soils: SW, SP, GW, GP or any soil beginning with one of these symbols with = 12<br % passing #200 sieve ^{<i>E,F</i>}	Class II	A1, A3
Coarse grained soils with fines: GM, GC, SM, SC or any soil beginning with one of these symbols, containing > 12 % passing #200 sieve; Sandy or gravelly fine-grained soils: CL, ML, or any soil beginning with one of these symbols, with >/= 30 % retained on #200 sieve	Class III	A-2-4, A-2-5, A-2-6, or A-4 or A-6 soils with more than 30% retained on #200 sieve
Fine-grained soils: CL, ML, or any soil beginning with one of these symbols, with <30 % retained on #200 sieve	Class IV	A-2-7, or A-4, or A-6 soils with 30% or less retained on #200 sieve
MH, CH, OL, OH, PT	Class V Not for use as embedment	A5, A7

TABLE 2 Soil Classes

^A See Classification D2487, Standard Classification of Soils for Engineering Purposes (Unified Soil Classification System).

^{*B*} Limits may be imposed on the soil group to meet project or local requirements if the specified soil remains within the group. For example, some project applications require a Class I material with minimal fines to address specific structural or hydraulic conditions and the specification may read "Use Class I soil with a maximum of 5% passing the #200 sieve."

^c AASHTO M145, Classification of Soils and Soil Aggregate Mixtures.

^D All particle face shall be fractured.

^{*E*} Materials such as broken coral, shells, and recycled concrete, with \leq = 12% passing a No. 200 sieve, are considered to be Class II materials. These materials should only be used when evaluated and approved by the Engineer.

^{*F*} Uniform fine sands (SP) with more than 50% passing a No. 100 sieve (0.006 in., 0.15 mm) are very sensitive to moisture and should not be used as backfill unless specifically allowed in the contract documents. If use of these materials is allowed, compaction and handling procedures should follow the guidelines for Class III materials.

PAPE-DAWSON ENGINEERS

SOIL CLASSIFICATION CHART

From ASTM D2321-11: Standard Practice for Underground Installation of Thermoplastic Pipe for Sewers and Other Gravity-Flow Applications

TABLE 3 Recommendations for Installation and Use of Soils and Aggregates for Foundation and Pipe-Zone Embedment

Soil Class ^₄	Class I ^B	Class II	Class III	Class IV
General Recommendations and Restrictions	Acceptable and common where no migration is probable or when combined with a geotextile filter media. Suitable for use as a drainage blanket and under drain where adjacent material is suitably graded or when used with a geotextile filter fabric (see X1.8).	Where hydraulic gradient exists check gradation to minimize migration. Clean groups are suitable for use as a drainage blanket and underdrain (see Table 2). Uniform fine sands (SP) with more than 50 % passing a #100 sieve (0.006 in., 0.15 mm) behave like silts and should be treated as Class IV soils.	Do not use where water conditions in trench prevent proper placement and compaction. Not recommended for use with pipes with stiffness of 9 psi or less.	Difficult to achieve high-soil stiffness. Do not use where water conditions in trench prevent proper placement and compaction. Not recommended for use with pipes with stiffness of 9 psi or less.
Foundation	Suitable as foundation and for replacing over-excavated and unstable trench bottom as restricted above.	Suitable as foundation and for replacing over-excavated and unstable trench bottom as restricted above. Install and compact in 12 in. (300 mm) maximum layers.	Suitable for replacing over- excavated trench bottom as restricted above. Install and compact in 6 in. (150 mm) maximum layers.	Suitable for replacing over- excavated trench bottom as restricted above. Install and compact in 6-in (150 mm) maximum layers.
Pipe Embedment	Suitable as restricted above. Work material under pipe to provide uniform haunch support.	Suitable as restricted above. Work material under pipe to provide uniform haunch support.	Suitable as restricted above. Difficult to place and compact in the haunch zone.	Suitable as restricted above. Difficult to place and compact in the haunch zone.
Embedment Compaction: Min Recommended Percent Compaction, SPD ^p	See Note ^c	85 % (SW and SP soils) For GW and GP soils See Note [∉]	90 %	95 %
Relative Compactive Effort Required to Achieve Minimum Percent Compaction	Low	Moderate	High	Very high
Compaction Methods	Vibration or impact	Vibration or impact	Impact	Impact
Required Moisture Control	None	None	Maintain near optimum to minimize compactive effort	Maintain near optimum to minimize compactive effort

^A Class V materials are unsuitable as embedment. They may be used as final backfill as permitted by the engineer.

^B Class I materials have higher stiffness than Class II materials, but data on specific soil stiffness of placed, uncompacted Class I materials can be taken equivalent to Class II materials compacted to 95% of maximum standard Proctor density (SPD95), and the soil stiffness of compacted Class I materials can be taken equivalent to Class II materials compacted to 100% of maximum standard Proctor density (SPD95). Even if placed uncompacted (that is, dumped), Class I materials should be uncluded to the proceeding of the soil stiffness of compacted (that is, dumped), Class I materials should be uncluded to the proceeding of the soil stiffness of placed.

always be worked into the haunch zone to assure completed placement. ^c Suitable compaction typically achieved by dumped placement (that is, uncompacted but worked into haunch zone to ensure complete placement).

^D SPD is standard Proctor density as determined by Test Method D698.

^E Place and compact GW and GP soils with at least two passes of compaction equipment.



TABLE 6.6LIVE LOADS ON PVC PIPEFrom Uni-Bell Handbook of PVC Pipe: Design and Construction, Fourth Edition (2001)

Height Live Load Transferred to Pipe, Ib/in ²		Pipe, lb/in ²	Height	Live Load Transferred to Pipe, lb/in ²			
of Cover (ft)	Highway H20 ¹	Railway E80 ²	Airport ³	of Cover (ft)	Highway H201	Railway E80 ²	Airport ³
1	12.50			14	*	4.17	3.06
2	5.56	26.39	13.14	16	*	3.47	2.29
3	4.17	23.61	12.28	18	*	2.78	1.91
4	2.78	18.40	11.27	20	*	2.08	1.53
5	1.74	16.67	10.09	22	*	1.91	1.14
6	1.39	15.63	8.79	24	*	1.74	1.05
7	1.22	12.15	7.85	26	*	1.39	*
8	0.69	11.11	6.93	28	*	1.04	*
10	*	7.64	6.09	30	*	0.69	*
12	*	5.56	4.76	35	*	*	*
				40	*	*	*

¹ Simulates 20 ton truck traffic + impact (Source: ASTM A 796)

² Simulates 80,000 lb/ft railway load + impact (Source: ASTM A 796)

³ 180,000 lbs. dual tandem gear assembly. 26 inch spacing between tires and 66 inch center-to-center

spacing between fore and aft tires under a rigid pavement 12 inches thick + impact.

* Negligible live load influence.

FIGURE 7.4 BEDDING ANGLE From Uni-Bell Handbook of PVC Pipe: Design and Construction, Fourth Edition (2001)

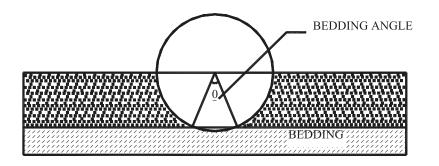


TABLE 7.2 VALUES OF BEDDING CONSTANT, K

BEDDING ANGLE (DEGREES)	<u>K</u>
0	0.110
30	0.108
45	0.105
60	0.102
90	0.096
120	0.090
180	0.083



TABLE 7.3AVERAGE VALUES OF MODULUS OF SOIL REACTION, E'(For Initial Flexible Pipe Deflection)From Uni-Bell Handbook of PVC Pipe: Design and Construction, Fourth Edition (2001)

						
	E' for Degree of Compaction of Bedding, in pounds per square inch					
		Slight,	Moderate,	High,		
		< 85%	85%-95%	>95%		
		Proctor,	Proctor,	Proctor,		
		<40%	40%-70%	>70%		
Soil type-pipe bedding material		relative	relative	relative		
(Unified Classification System ^a)	Dumped	density	density	density		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)		
Fine-grained Soils (LL>50) ^b						
Soils with medium to high plasticity,			onsult a com			
СН, МН, СН-МН	soils e	engineer; Oth	erwise use E'	= 0		
Fine-grained Soils (LL<50)						
Soils with medium to no plasticity, CL,						
ML, ML-CL, with less than 25% coarse-	50	200	400	1 000		
grained particles	50	200	400	1,000		
Fine-grained Soils (LL<50)						
Soils with medium to no plasticity, CL,						
ML, ML-CL, with more than 25%	100	400	1 000	2 000		
coarse-grained particles	100	400	1,000	2,000		
Coarse-grained Soils with Fines GM, GC, SM, SC ^c contains more than 12%						
fines						
Coarse-grained Soils with Little or no Fines						
GW, GP, SW, SP ^c contains less than 12%						
fines	200	1,000	2,000	3,000		
Crushed Rock	1,000	3,000	3,000	3,000		
Accuracy in Terms of Percentage Deflection ^d	± 2	± 2	±1	± 0.5		
^a ASTM Designation D 2487, USBR Designation E		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	± 0.5		
^b LL = Liquid limit.						
°Or any borderline soil beginning with one of th	ese symbols	(i.e. GM-GC.	GC-SC).			
d For ± 1% accuracy and predicted deflection of				n 2%		
and 4%						
Note: Values applicable only for fills less than						
factor. For use in predicting initial deflections only, appropriate Deflection Lag Factor must be						
applied for long-term deflections. If bedding falls on the borderline between two compaction						
categories, select lower E' value or average			-			
laboratory maximum dry density from test st		-		ft (598,000		
J/m ³) (ASTM D 698, AASHTO T-99, USBR Design OUBCE: "Soil Reaction for Buried Elexible Pine" I		-				

SOURCE: "Soil Reaction for Buried Flexible Pipe" by Amster K. Howard, U.S. Bureau of Reclamation, Denver, Colorado. Reprinted with permission from American Society of Civil Engineers.

APPENDIX B (SOIL UNIT WEIGHT VALUES)



January 14, 2009

Raba-Kistner Consultants, Inc. 12821 W. Golden Lane P.O. Box 690287, San Antonio, TX 78269-0287 (210) 699-9090 • FAX (210) 699-6426 www.rkci.com

Charles P. "Frosty" Forster, P.E., P.G. Pape Dawson Engineers 555 East Ramsey San Antonio, Texas 78216

RE: Soil Unit Weight Values for Backfill Materials Various Projects San Antonio, Texas

Dear Mr. Forster:

Raba-Kistner Consultants Inc. (R-K) is pleased to submit this letter providing general guidance for selecting design soil unit weights for use in utility trench design.

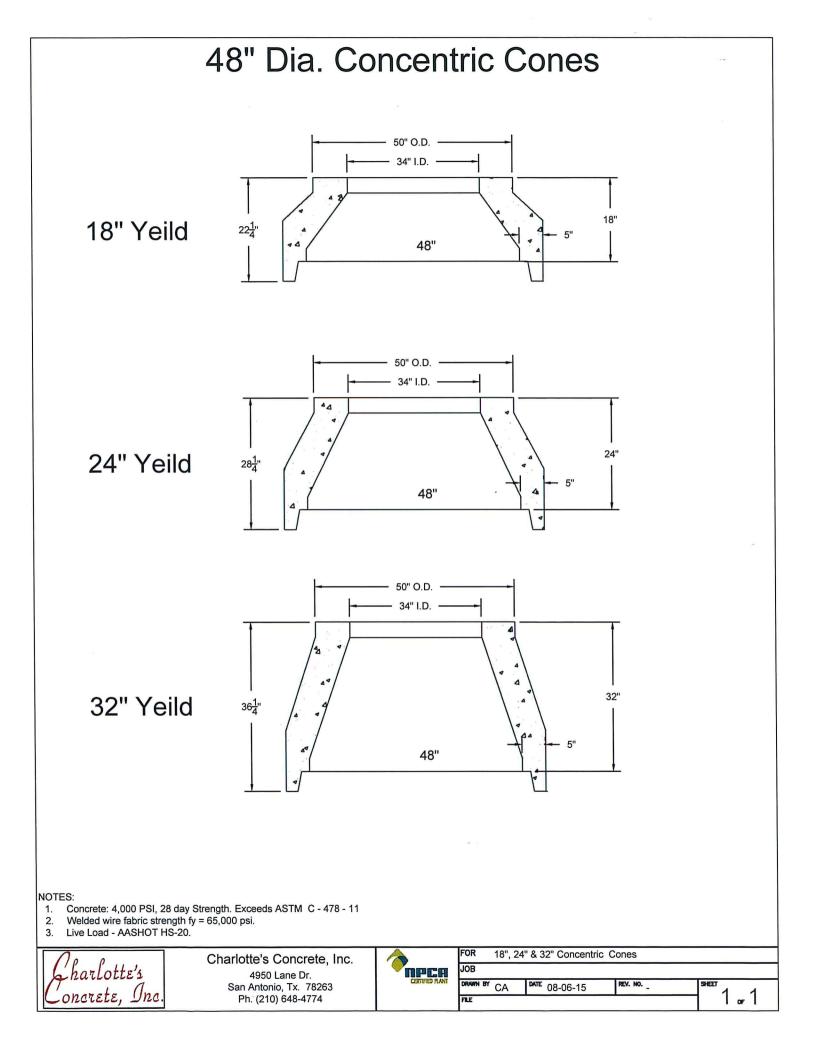
In general, the following table contains a list of the frequently used trench backfill materials in the San Antonio area. The table also contains approximate values for the soil dry unit weight, moist unit weight and saturated unit weight for these materials assuming 90 to 95 percent compaction utilizing a standard Proctor (ASTM D 698.)

MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	DRY UNIT WEIGHT, PCF	MOIST UNIT WEIGHT, PCF	SATURATED UNIT WEIGHT, PCF	
TxDOT TEX-113E Type A, Gr. 1 or 2	130	137	143	
TxDOT TEX-113E Type A, Gr. 3 thru 5	128	135	143	
Limestone Millings	115	124	134	
Gravelly Clay	110	120	132	
Clay	100	120	127	
Clayey Sand	95	106	123	
Gravel (Clean)	115	120	134	
Sand (Clean)	92	98	120	
Pit Run Gravel	127	137	142	

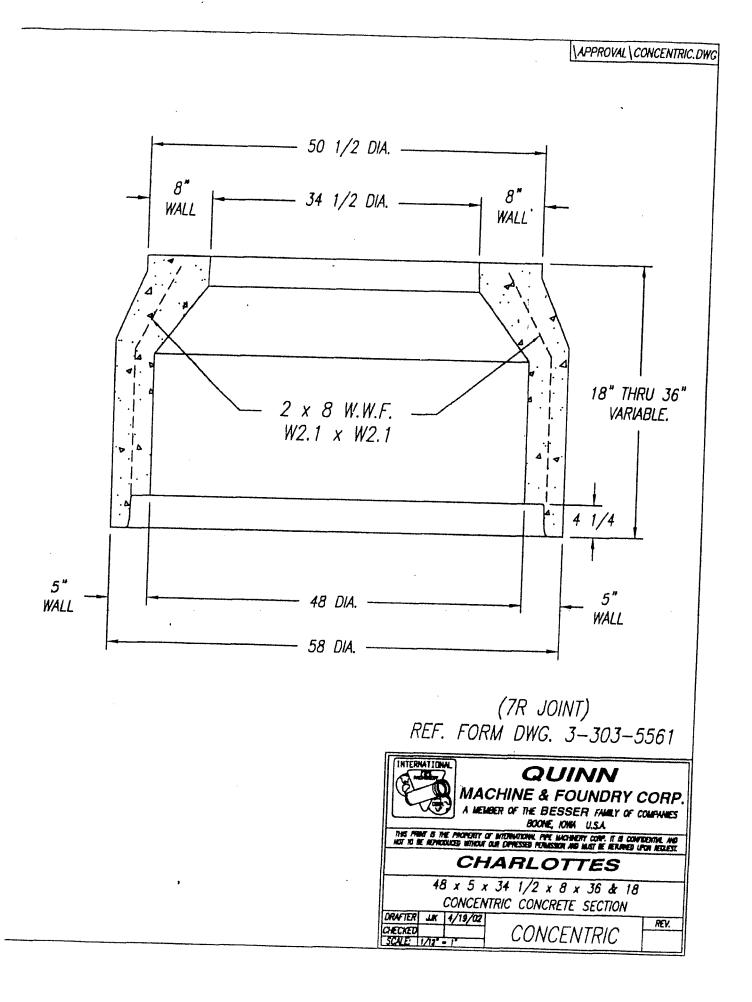
We appreciate the opportunity to be of service to you. If you have any questions or need additional assistance, please call.

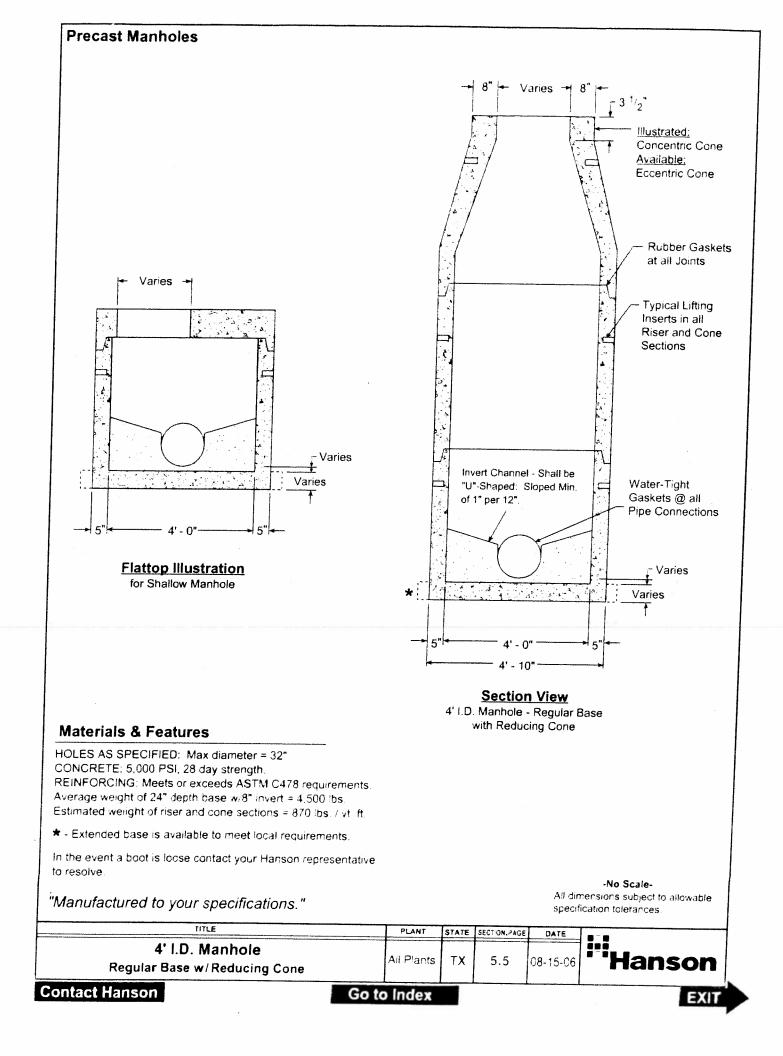
Very truly yours, RABA-KISTNER CONSU Chris L. Schultz, P Senior Vice Presider CLS/mem

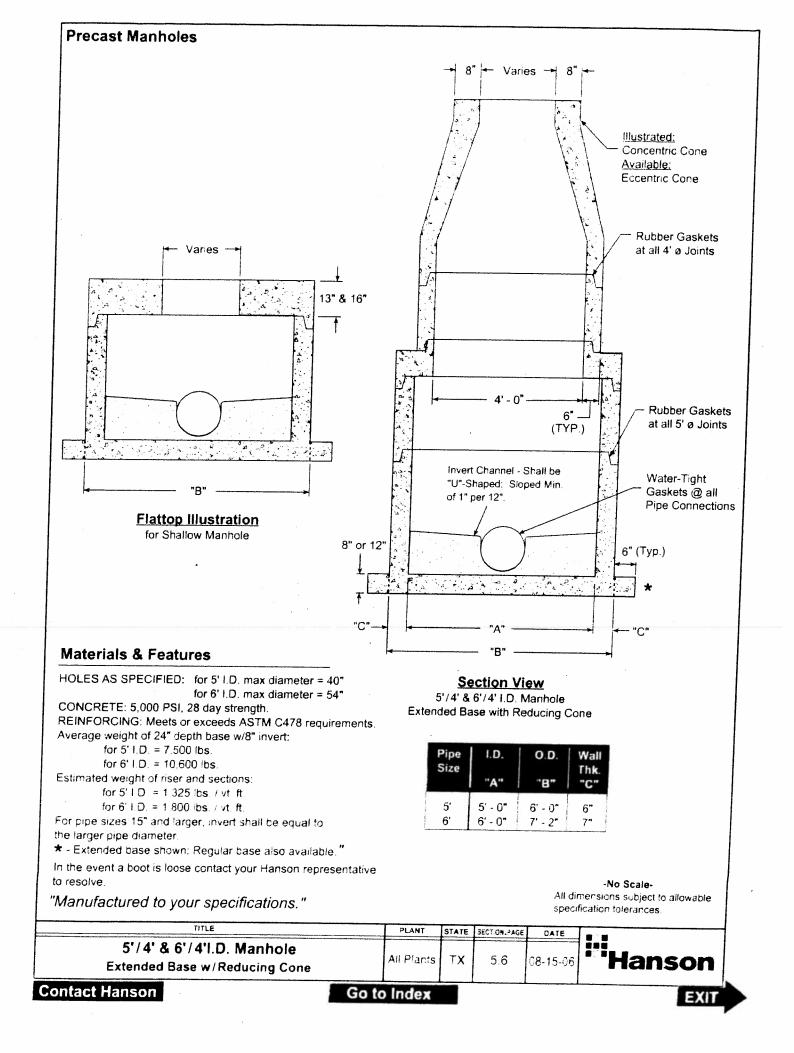
APPENDIX C (STANDARD SPECS AND PRE-CAST MANHOLES SPECS)

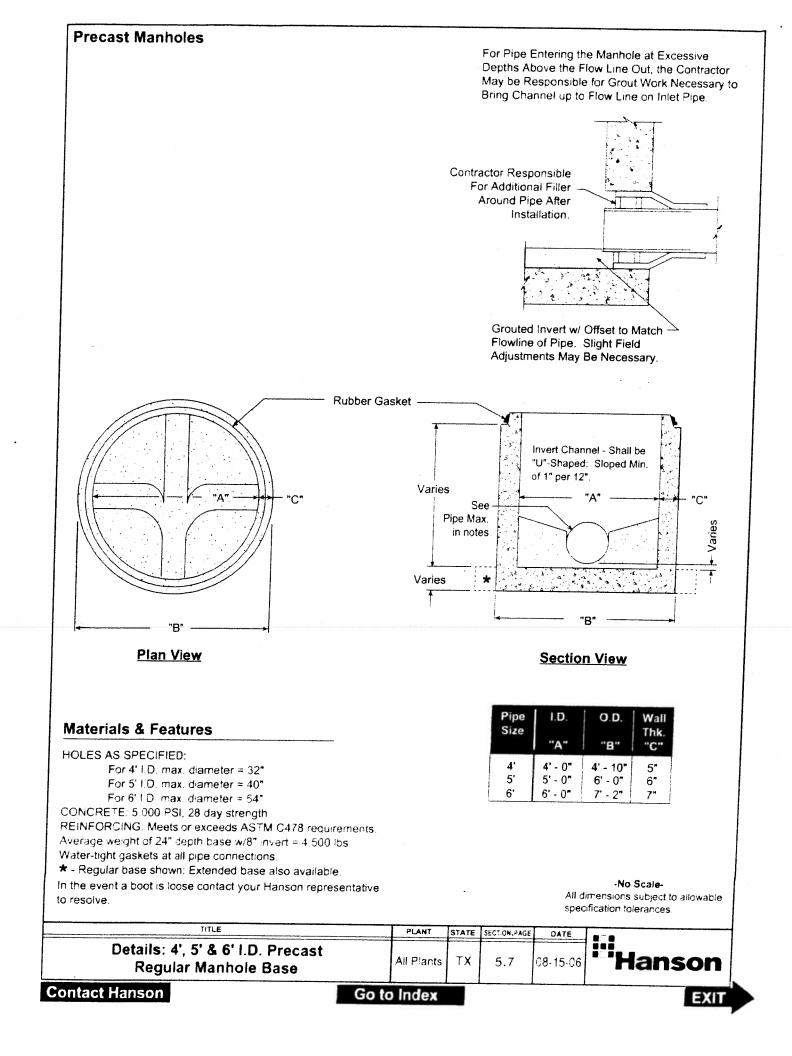


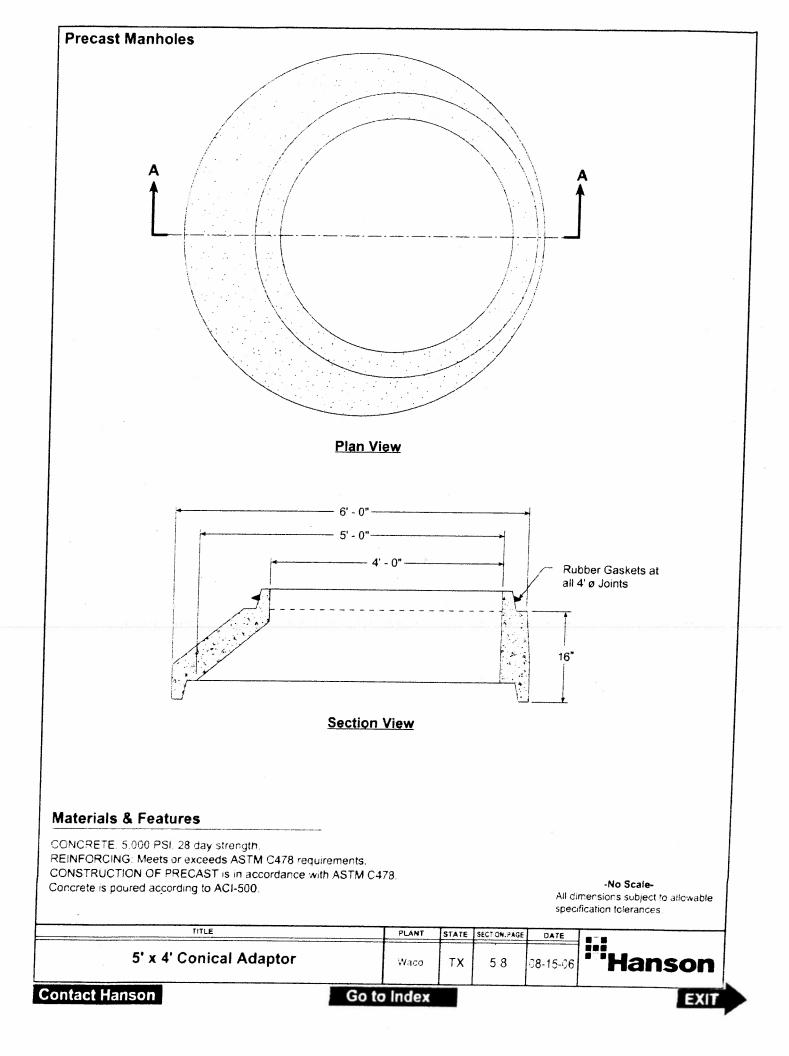
PRE-CAST MANHOLE DRAWINGS & SPECIFICATIONS

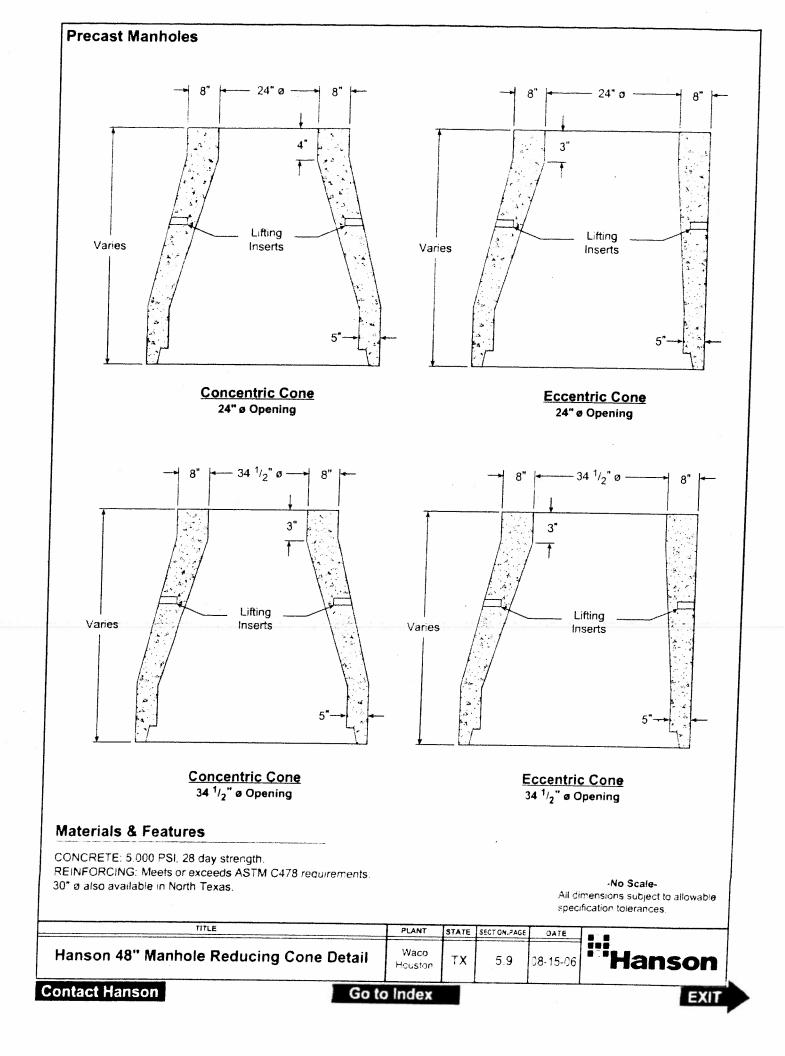


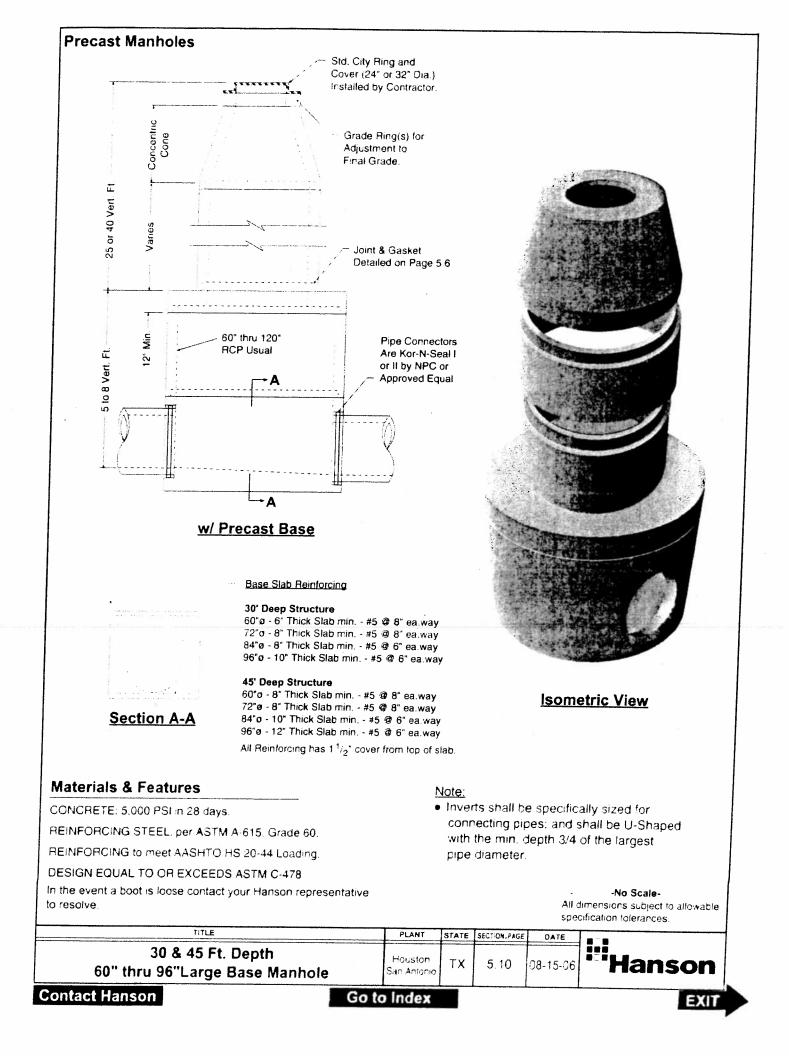


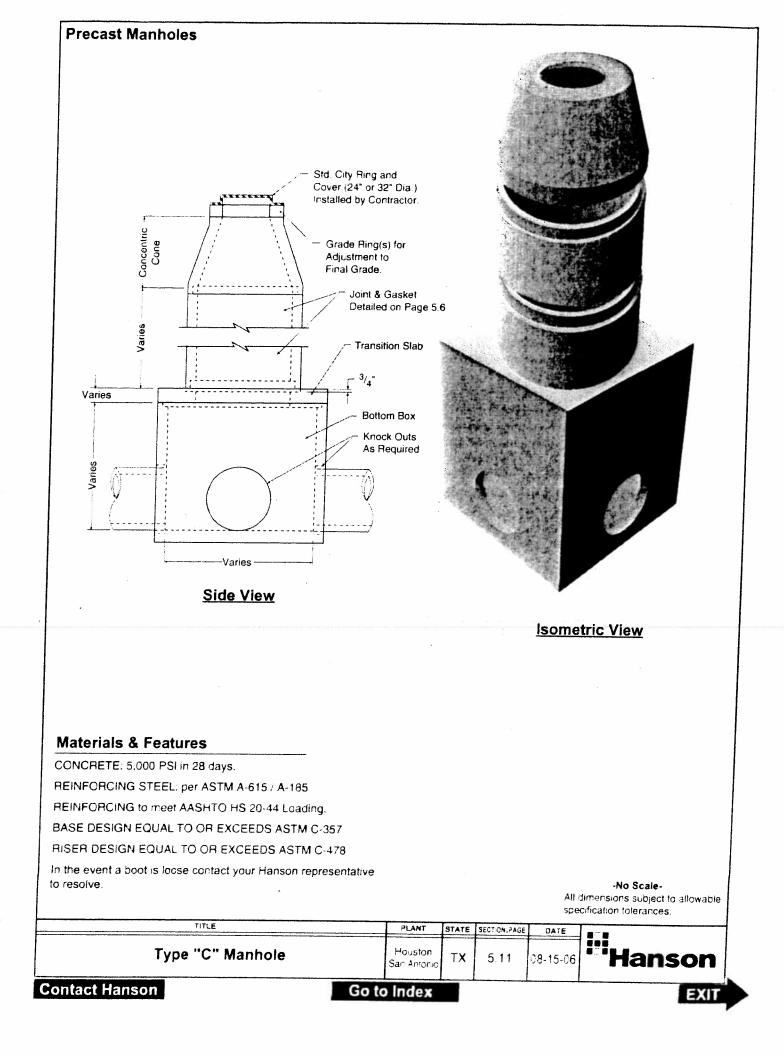


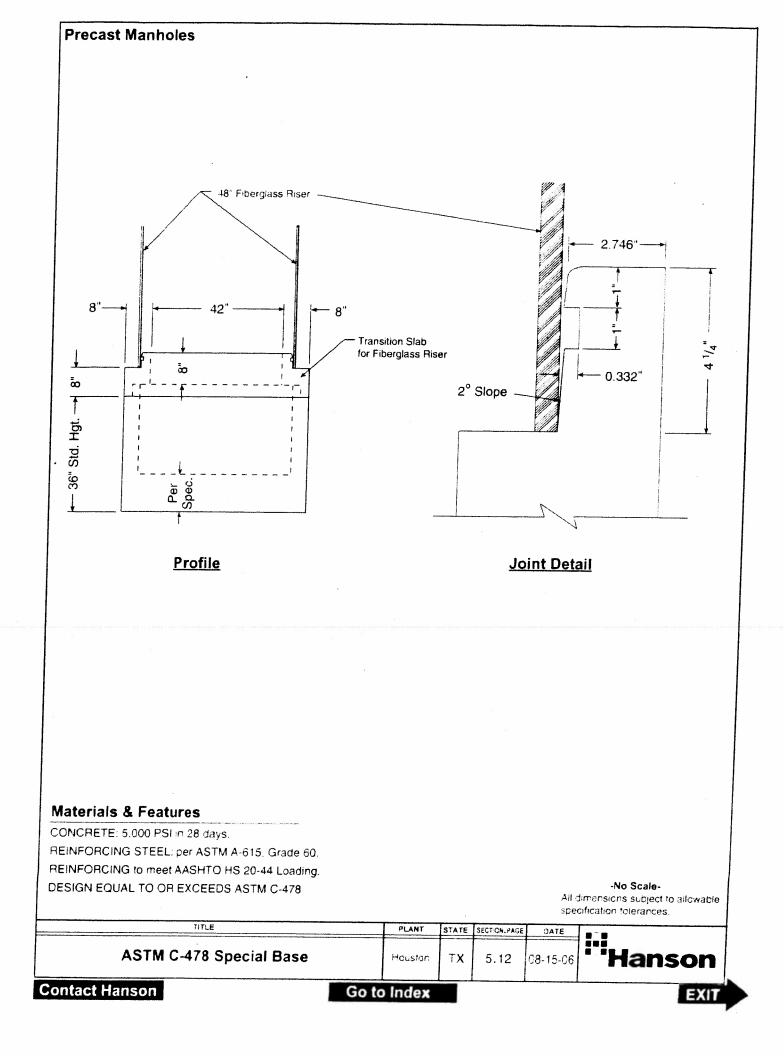


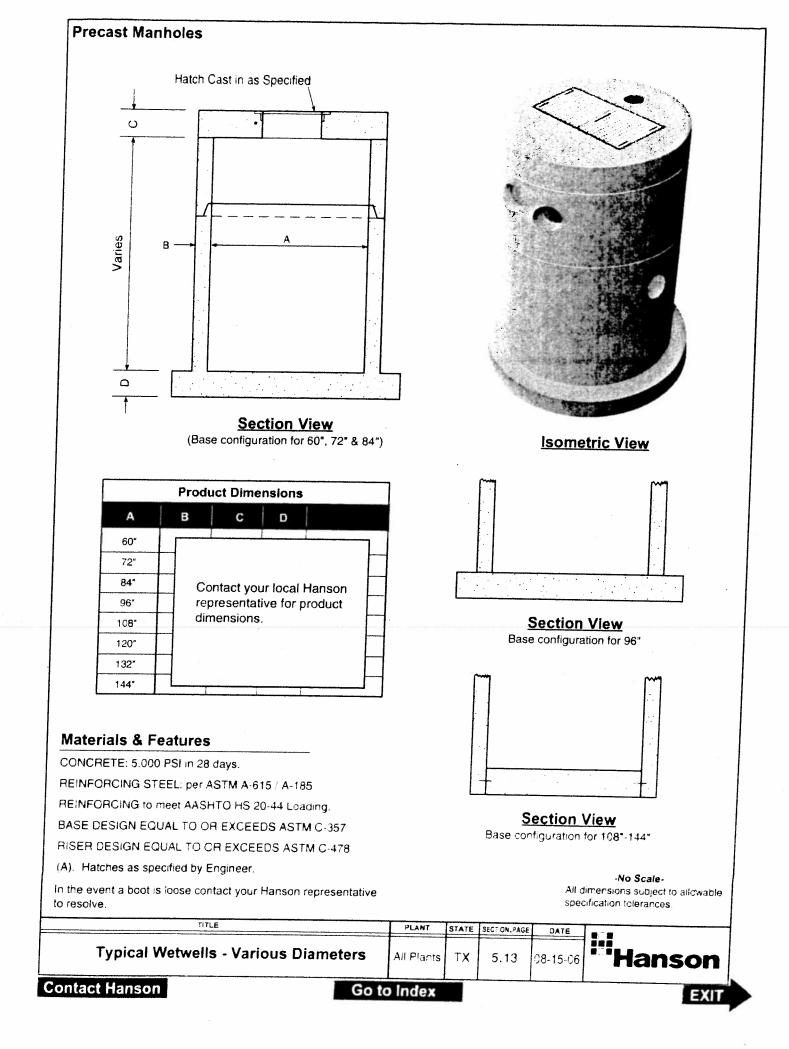


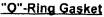


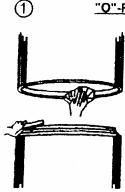












Carefully clean all dirt & foreign objects from the joining surface of the bell or groove end of pipe.

Carefully clean spigot or tongue end of pipe, including the gasket recess. Inspect the bell and spigot ends of each section to make sure they are free from cracks, chips or voids that will interfere with gasket.

Improperly prepared bell and spigot surfaces may prevent homing of the pipe or keep the gasket from sealing.



IMPORTANT

Fit the gasket carefully, equalizing the rubber gasket stretch by running a smooth, round object (inserted between the gasket & spigot) around the entire circumference several times.

Unequal stretch could cause bunching of the gasket and may cause leaks in the joint or crack the bell.

Profile Gasket

- Manhole sections should be handed with extreme caution to avoid chipping of the bell or spigot ends. Proper lifting devices must be used on all sections.
- Inspect gasket sealing area for any voids or rough edges that may interfere with the seal.
- 3. Place the 4-G Gasket in the step of the spigot. (Making sure that the pointed end of the gasket is toward the end of the pipe as shown in Fig A.)
- 4. **IMPORTANT** Equalize the stretch on the gasket by pulling the sealing lube away from the spigot at least one inch and then releasing the gasket. Repeat this every three or four inches around the circumference of the pipe. Equalization of stretch makes sure that the gasket has the same stretched crosssection and tension throughout. **Do not lube the gasket or spigot end of the pipe.**
- Remove all dirt and other foreign matter from the inside surface of the bell. Apply lube to the inner surface of the bell including the

lead-in taper surface on the outer edge of the bell. Align spigot with the bell. Gasket should touch lead-in taper around the entire circumference before pushing the pipe home.

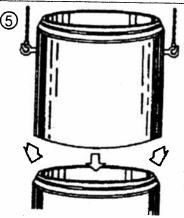
- Push the manhole section carefully, until the spigot is all the way home. (Fig B) Do not force sections together. If sections do not seat properly. unstack and contact your Hanson Sales Representative.
- 7. Every manhole will not come home exactly the same. Differences in application, consistency of lubricants, dimensions in the spigot and groove will cause variations in installation. If joining problems arise, please contact the manhole manufacturer immediately rather than forcing manhole sections together with subsequent damage to the manhole.
- All testing should be performed prior to backfill of the manhole. Problems can not be detected after the manhole is backfilled. <u>Testing the manhole after backfill voids all</u> warranties.

Lubricate bell joint surface liberally, covering entire inside surface using proper pipe gasket lubricant.



Lubricate the gasket throughly before it is placed on the spigot or tongue.

Bell and Gasket not lubricated or improperly lubricated may cause the gasket to roll and leak or possibly damage the bell.



2

Align the bell & spigot to be joined. Before homing the joint, check that the gasket is in contact with the bell end entrance taper around the entire circumference.

Do not force sections together. If sections do not seat properly, unstack and contact your Hanson Sales Representative.

Improper alignment can dislodge gasket, causing leaks or possibly breaking the bell.

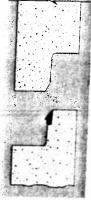
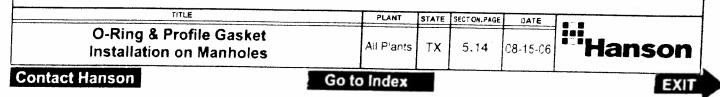
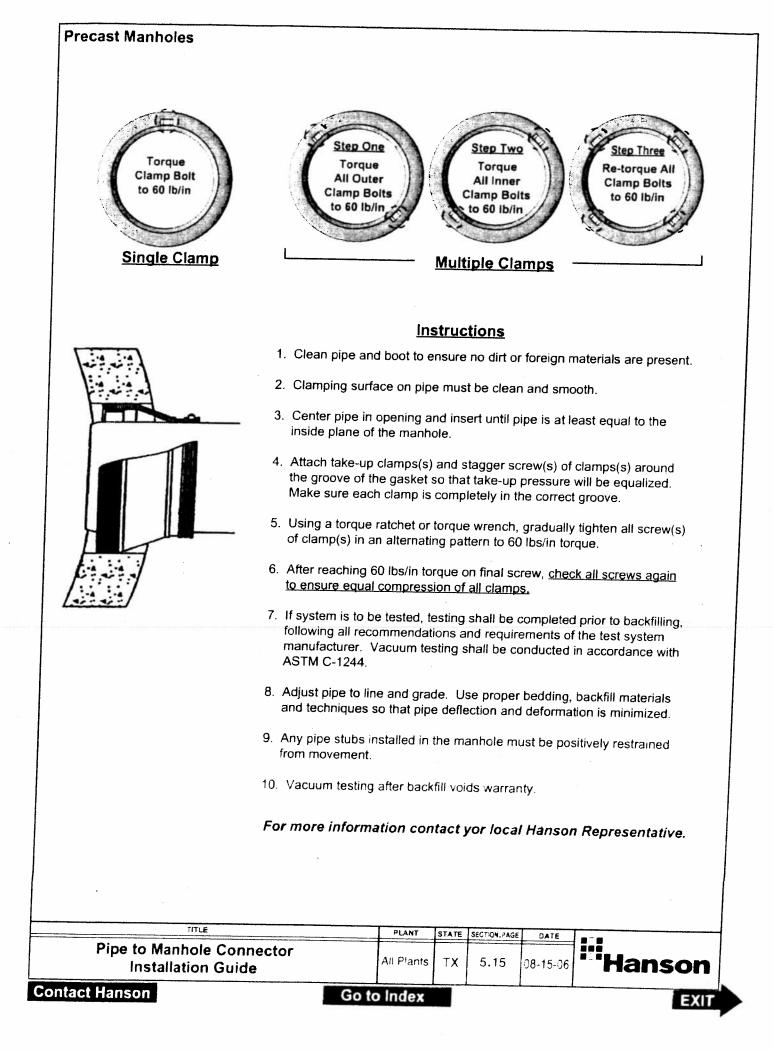


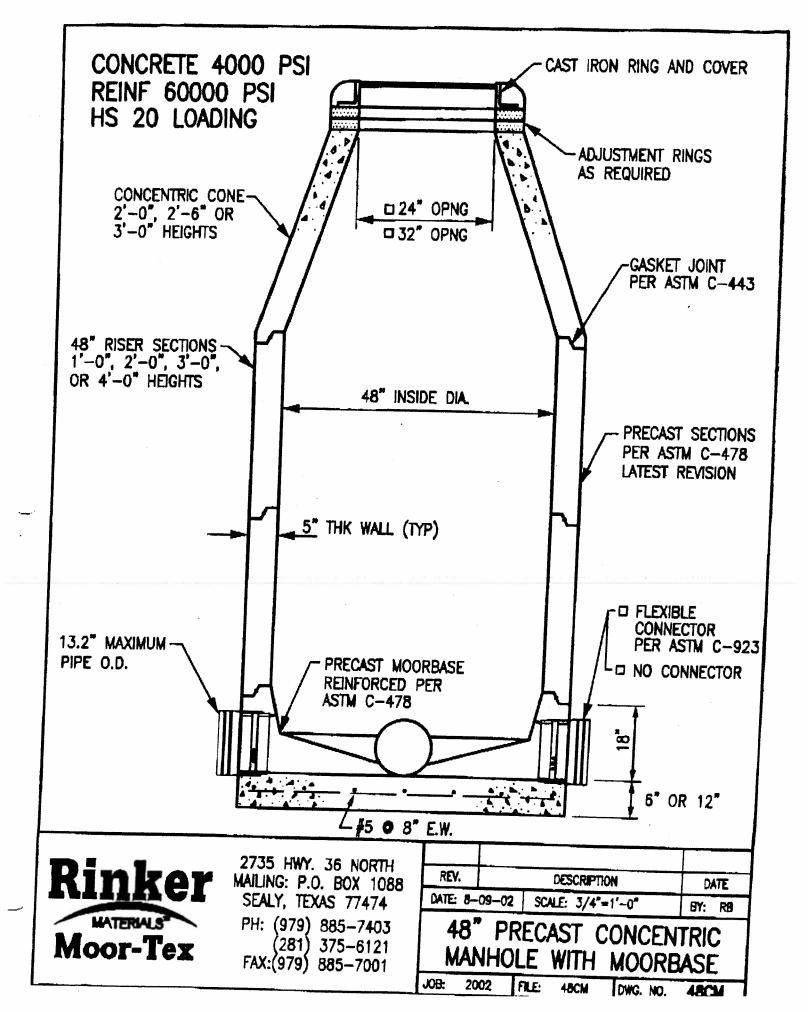
Fig. A



<u>Note:</u> Manholes in excess of 30' in depth must be vacuum tested prior to backfill. The loads presented by soils and possible groundwater at 30' in addition to the load from the vacuum may exceed the design capacity of the pipe to manhole connector.







AGENT AUTHORIZATION FORM (TCEQ-0599)

Agent Authorization Form

For Required Signature Edwards Aquifer Protection Program Relating to 30 TAC Chapter 213 Effective June 1, 1999

Edward St. John, manager in the capacity as set forth below 1

Print Name

Mays Westinghouse Crossing, LLC

- St. John Projects, LLC, manager Edward St. John, LLC, General Manager Bv:
- By:
- By: Edward A. St. John, General Manager
 - Title Owner/President/Other
- of _____ Mays Westinghouse Crossing, LLC Corporation/Partnership/Entity Name
- have authorized _____ Pape-Dawson Consulting Engineers, LLC Print Name of Agent/Engineer

Pape-Dawson Consulting Engineers, LLC of Print Name of Firm

to represent and act on the behalf of the above named Corporation, Partnership, or Entity for the purpose of preparing and submitting this plan application to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the review and approval consideration of regulated activities.

I also understand that:

- The applicant is responsible for compliance with 30 Texas Administrative Code 1. Chapter 213 and any condition of the TCEQ's approval letter. The TCEQ is authorized to assess administrative penalties of up to \$10,000 per day per violation.
- 2. For those submitting an application who are not the property owner, but who have the right to control and possess the property, additional authorization is required from the owner.
- Application fees are due and payable at the time the application is submitted. The 3. application fee must be sent to the TCEQ cashier or to the appropriate regional office. The application will not be considered until the correct fee is received by the commission.
- 4. A notarized copy of the Agent Authorization Form must be provided for the person preparing the application, and this form must accompany the completed application.
- 5. No person shall commence any regulated activity on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone. Contributing Zone or Transition Zone until the appropriate application for the activity has been filed with and approved by the Executive Director.

SIGNATURE PAGE:

Mays Westinghouse Crossing, LLC

By: St. John Projects, LLC, manager

By: Edward St. John, LLC, General Manager

By: Name: Edward A. St. John

Title: General Manager

02-

THE STATE OF Marghan § County of Bartimore &

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared <u>Edward St. John</u> known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged to me that (s)he executed same for the purpose and consideration therein expressed.

GIVEN under my hand and seal of office on this 16th day of August 2023

NOTARY PUBLIC

MARGARET E GAMMON Notary Public-Maryland Howard County Commission Expires May 19, 2027 MV

Marganet E. Typed or Printed Name of Notary

MY COMMISSION EXPIRES:

TCEQ-0599 (Rev.04/01/2010)

Owner Authorization Form

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Required Signature **Edwards Aquifer Protection Program** Relating to 30 TAC Chapter 213 Effective June 1, 1999

Land Owner Authorization	Mays Westinghouse Crossing II, LLC By: St. John Projects, LLC, Manager By: Edward St. John, LLC, General Manager By: Edward A. St. John, General Manager			
Land Owner Signatory Name	Land Owner Name (Legal Entity or Individua			
am the owner of the property located at AW0385 AW0385 - Low, B.c. Sur., ACRES 9.021				
Legal description of the property re	ferenced in the application			
and am duly authorized in accordance with §213.4(c)(2 §213.23(d) relating to the right to submit an applicatio signatory.				

I do hereby authorize ______ Mays Westinghouse Crossing, LLC

Applicant Name (Legal Entity or Individual)

construction of industrial buildings with associated water quality basin, parking, driveways, utilities, and drainage to conduct

Description of the proposed regulated activities

at 0.4 mi S of N Mays St & Westinghouse Rd intersection, Georgetown, TX 78626

Precise location of the authorized regulated activities

Land Owner Acknowledgement

I understand that Mays Westinghouse Crossing II, LLC Land Owner Name (Legal Entity or Individual)

Is ultimately responsible for compliance with the approved or conditionally approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan and any special conditions of the approved plan through all phases of plan implementation even if the responsibility for compliance and the right to possess and control the property referenced in the application has been contractually assumed by another legal entity. I further understand that any failure to comply with any condition of the executive director's approval is a violation is subject to administrative rule or orders and penalties as provided under §213.10 (relating to Enforcement). Such violation may also be subject to civil penalties and injunction.

Mays Westinghouse Crossing II, LLC By: St. John Projects, Manager By: Edward St. John, LLC, General Manager By: Edward A. St. John, General Manager

Land Owner Ma Signature THE STATE

OF § County of § Ball

Date

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared <u>Edward St. John</u> known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged to me that (s)he executed same for the purpose and consideration therein expressed.

GIVEN under my hand and seal of office on this 14th d	ay of August 2023
	mafaut E. Aturno
MARGARET E GAMMON	NOTARY PUBLIC
Howard County	Margnet E. Cammon
My Commission Expires May 19, 2027	Typed or Printed Name of Notary
	MY COMMISSION EXPIRES: 519/2027
MARGARET E GAMMON Notary Public-Maryland Howard County My Commission Expires May 19, 2027	
Attached: (Mark all that apply)	
Lease Agreement	
Signed Contract	
Deed Recorded Easement	
Other legally binding	

document

Applicant Acknowledgement

Mays Westinghouse Crossing, LLC By: St. John Projects, LLC, Manager By: Edward St. John, LLC, General Manager By: Edward A. St. John, General Manager

Edward St. John, manager in the capacity as set forth below of I.

Applicant Signatory Name

Applicant Name (Legal Entity or Individual)

acknowledge that Mays Westinghouse Crossing II, LLC

Land Owner Name (Legal Entity or Individual)

has provided <u>Mays</u> Westinghouse Crossing, LLC

Applicant Name (Legal Entity or Individual)

with the right to possess and control the property referenced in the Edwards Aquifer protection plan. I understand that Mays Westinghouse Crossing, LLC

Applicant Name (Legal Entity or Individual)

is contractually responsible for compliance with the approved or conditionally approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan and any special conditions of the approved plan through all phases of plan implementation. I further understand that failure to comply with any condition of the executive director's approval is a violation is subject to administrative rule or orders and penalties as provided under §213.10 (relating to Enforcement). Such violation may also be subject to civil penalties and injunction.

Applicant Signature

Mays Westinghouse Crossing, LLC By: St. John Projects, LLC, Manager By: Edward St. John, LLC, General Manager By: Edward A. St. John, General Manager

Applicant Signature

THE STATE OF §

County of § Ba

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared Followed known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged to me that (s)he executed same for the purpose and consideration therein expressed.

GIVEN under my hand and seal of office on this 16th day of

MARGARET E GAMMON Notary Public-Maryland Howard County **Commission Expires** May 19, 2027

NOTARY PUBLIC

Typed or Printed MY COMMISSION EXPIRES:

APPLICATION FEE FORM (TCEQ-0574)

Application Fee Form

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality									
Name of Proposed Regulated Entity: Westinghouse Flex North									
Regulated Entity Location: 0.4 mi S of N Mays St & Westinghouse Rd intersection									
Name of Customer: Mays Westinghouse Crossing, LLC									
Contact Person: Edwards A. St. John Phone: (410) 788-0100									
Customer Reference Number (if iss	ued):CN <u>606180263</u>								
Regulated Entity Reference Numbe	er (if issued):RN <u>11042</u> 4	4017							
Austin Regional Office (3373)									
Hays Travis Williamson									
San Antonio Regional Office (3362)								
Bexar	Medina		valde						
	Kinney		alue						
Application fees must be paid by ch		r money order navah	le to the Teves						
Commission on Environmental Qu									
form must be submitted with your	-	•	•						
Austin Regional Office		an Antonio Regional O							
Mailed to: TCEQ - Cashier		vernight Delivery to: 1	CEQ - Cashier						
Revenues Section		2100 Park 35 Circle							
Mail Code 214		Building A, 3rd Floor							
P.O. Box 13088		Austin, TX 78753							
Austin, TX 78711-3088	(5	512)239-0357							
Site Location (Check All That Apply	/):								
Recharge Zone	Contributing Zone	🗌 Transi	tion Zone						
Type of Plan		Size	Fee Due						
Water Pollution Abatement Plan, C	ontributing Zone								
Plan: One Single Family Residential	Dwelling	Acres	\$						
Water Pollution Abatement Plan, C	contributing Zone								
Plan: Multiple Single Family Reside	ntial and Parks	Acres	\$						
Water Pollution Abatement Plan, C	contributing Zone								
Plan: Non-residential		9.021 Acres	\$ 5,000						
Sewage Collection System		423.68 L.F.	\$ 650						
Lift Stations without sewer lines	Acres	\$							
Underground or Aboveground Stor	Tanks	\$							
Piping System(s)(only)	Each	\$							
Exception		Each	\$						
Extension of Time		Each	\$						
Signature: Shell, Mikhell									
		07/08/2024							

Application Fee Schedule

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Edwards Aquifer Protection Program 30 TAC Chapter 213 (effective 05/01/2008)

Water Pollution Abatement Plans and Modifications

Contributing Zone Plans and Modifications

	Project Area in	
Project	Acres	Fee
One Single Family Residential Dwelling	< 5	\$650
Multiple Single Family Residential and Parks	< 5	\$1,500
	5 < 10	\$3,000
	10 < 40	\$4,000
	40 < 100	\$6,500
	100 < 500	\$8,000
	≥ 500	\$10,000
Non-residential (Commercial, industrial, institutional,	< 1	\$3,000
multi-family residential, schools, and other sites	1 < 5	\$4,000
where regulated activities will occur)	5 < 10	\$5,000
	10 < 40	\$6,500
	40 < 100	\$8,000
	≥ 100	\$10,000

Organized Sewage Collection Systems and Modifications

Project	Cost per Linear Foot	Minimum Fee- Maximum Fee
Sewage Collection Systems	\$0.50	\$650 - \$6,500

Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank System Facility Plans and Modifications

	Cost per Tank or	Minimum Fee-
Project	Piping System	Maximum Fee
Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank Facility	\$650	\$650 - \$6,500

Exception Requests

Project	Fee
Exception Request	\$500

Extension of Time Requests

Project	Fee
Extension of Time Request	\$150

CORE DATA FORM (TCEQ-10400)



TCEQ Core Data Form

For detailed instructions regarding completion of this form, please read the Core Data Form Instructions or call 512-239-5175.

SECTION I: General Information

1. Reason for Submission (If other is checked please describe in space provided.)												
New Permit, Registration or Authorization (Core Data Form should be submitted with the program application.)												
Renewal (Core Data Form should be submitted with the renewal form)								Other				
2. Customer	2. Customer Reference Number (if issued) Follow this link to sea							3. Regulated Entity Reference Number (if issued)				
CN 6061	CN 606180263						in	RN 110424017				
SECTION	II: Cu	stomer Info	ormation									
4. General C	ustomer I	nformation	5. Effective	Date fo	or Cust	tomer lı	nforma	tion U	pdate	es (mm/dd/yyyy)		
New Cust				•		tomer In				•	•	Entity Ownership
	-	ne (Verifiable wit										
			-	•				-			rrent and	active with the
Texas Sec	retary o	f State (SOS)	or Texas C	comptr	roller	of Pub	olic Ad	ccoun	nts (C	CPA).		
6. Customer	Legal Na	ne (If an individua	l, print last nam	e first: eg	g: Doe, .	John)		<u>lf nev</u>	w Cus	tomer, enter prev	vious Custome	<u>er below:</u>
Mays Wes	stinghou	se Crossing,	LLC									
7. TX SOS/CI	PA Filing	Number	8. TX State	Tax ID (11 digits)		9. Federal Tax ID (9 digits) 10. DUNS Number (S Number (if applicable)				
					-				-			
11. Type of C	Customer:	Corporati	on			ndividua	al		Par	tnership: 🗖 Gene	eral 🗌 Limited	
Government:	🗌 City 🔲	County 🗌 Federal 🗌] State 🗌 Othe	r		Sole Pro	prietor	ship		Other:		
12. Number 0-20	of Employ 21-100	ees	251-500		501 on	d higher	-		ndep Yes	endently Owne		ted?
		_										
	r Role (Pr	oposed or Actual) -		the Reg					Pleas	e check one of the	e following	
Owner	nal Licons	Operat	tor Insible Party		—	vner & C Juntary (•		cant	Other:		
						iui itai y v	Cieanu	h Yhhii	Can			
15. Mailing												
Address:												
	City			St	tate		z	IP.			ZIP + 4	
16. Country	Mailing In	formation (if outsi	de USA)		•		17. E-N	lail Ad	dress	(if applicable)		
18. Telephon	e Numbe	r		19. Ex	tensio	on or Co	ode			20. Fax Numb	er (if applicat	nle)
()	-									()	-	
L												

SECTION III: Regulated Entity Information

21. General Regulated Ent	ity Information (If 'New Regulated Entity	" is selected below this form should be accompanied by a permit application)
New Regulated Entity	☐ Update to Regulated Entity Name	Update to Regulated Entity Information

The Regulated Entity Name submitted may be updated in order to meet TCEQ Agency Data Standards (removal of organizational endings such as Inc, LP, or LLC).

22. Regulated Entity Name (Enter name of the site where the regulated action is taking place.)

Westinghouse Flex - North

23. Street Address of the Regulated Entity: <u>(No PO Boxes)</u>					
	City	State	ZIP	ZIP + 4	
24. County	Williams	son			
	Er	nter Physical Location Description	if no street address is pro	vided.	
25. Description to	0.4 mi S	of N Mays St & Westingho	use Rd intersection		

Physical Location:	0. This of IV mays be a Westinghouse Ra increased on									
26. Nearest City					State			Nea	Nearest ZIP Code	
Georgetown					ТХ			786	526	
27. Latitude (N) In Decimal: 30.575796			28. Lo	28. Longitude (W) In Decimal: -97.679901				01		
Degrees	Minutes		Seconds	Degree	s	Minute	s		Seconds	
30		34 32.9			-97	97 4			47.6	
29. Primary SIC Code (4 digits) 30. Secondary SIC Code (4 digits)				1. Primary NAICS Code 32. Secondary NAICS Code 5 or 6 digits) (5 or 6 digits)			CS Code			
1541	1623			236210 237			237110	110		
33. What is the Primary	Business o	f this entity?	(Do not repeat the SIC	or NAICS desc	ription.)					
industrial flex build	lings									
				3800 N Larr	nar Blvd, St	te 200				
34. Mailing										
Address:	City	Coorrectory	Ctata	ТХ	710	70606		ZIP + 4		
	City	Georgetow	n State	1	ZIP	78626		ZIP + 4		
35. E-Mail Address:			mvannewkirk@sjpi.com							
36. Telephone Number		37. Extension or Code			38. Fax Number (if applicable)			cable)		
(410) 788-100						()	-			

39. TCEQ Programs and ID Numbers Check all Programs and write in the permits/registration numbers that will be affected by the updates submitted on this form. See the Core Data Form instructions for additional guidance.

Dam Safety	Districts	Edwards Aquifer	Emissions Inventory Air	Industrial Hazardous Waste
Municipal Solid Waste	New Source Review Air	OSSF 0	Petroleum Storage Tank	PWS
Sludge	Storm Water	🔲 Title V Air	Tires	Used Oil
Voluntary Cleanup	Waste Water	Wastewater Agriculture	U Water Rights	Other:

SECTION IV: Preparer Information

40. Name:	Jean Autrey	, P.E., CESSWI		41. Title:	Project Manager
42. Tele	phone Number	43. Ext./Code	44. Fax Number	45. E-Mail	Address
(210)	375-9000		(210)375-9010	jautrey@	pape-dawson.com

SECTION V: Authorized Signature

46. By my signature below, I certify, to the best of my knowledge, that the information provided in this form is true and complete, and that I have signature authority to submit this form on behalf of the entity specified in Section II, Field 6 and/or as required for the updates to the ID numbers identified in field 39.

Company:	Pape-Dawson Consulting Engineers, LLC	Job Title:	Vice Pres	sident	
Name (In Print):	Shelly Mitchell, P.E.	Phone:	(512) 454- 8711		
Signature:	Shelly Mibruel			Date:	07/08/2024

POLLUTANT LOAD AND REMOVAL CALCULATIONS

	Treatment Summary Table								
	Westinghouse Flex - North								
Watershed	Watershed Area (acres)	Previously Approved Impervious Cover * (acres)	Proposed Impervious Cover (acres)	Total Impervious Cover (acres)	ВМР	Required TSS Removal @ 80% Removal (Ibs/yr)	Required TSS Removal @ 85% Removal (lbs/yr)	Designed TSS Removal (lb/yr)	
P1	7.789	0.000	4.490	4.490	Approved WQ Pond Basin A	3908	4157	4461	
P2	1.160	0.024	0.201	0.225	Overtreatment	175	186	0	
P2A**	0.106	0.000	0.106	0.106	Engineered VFS	92	98	100	
P3	0.031	0.026	0.002	0.028	Overtreatment	2	2	0	
P5	0.056	0.020	0.032	0.052	Overtreatment	28	30	0	
P6	0.076	0.033	0.040	0.073	Overtreatment	34	37	0	
Total	9.218	0.1034	4.871	4.974	-	4239	4509	4561	

*Impervious cover approved with other WPAP

**Watershed P2A is a subwatershed within P2

Water Quality Basin Summary

Basin	Designed Capture Volume (cf)	Required Volume (cf)	Excess Volume Capacity (cf)
Approved Basin A	41,201	41,110	91

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

TSS Removal Calculations 04-20-2009

Project Name: Westinghouse Flex North Date Prepared: 6/3/2024

Additional information is provided for cells with a red triangle in the upper right corner. Place the cursor over the cell. Text shown in blue indicate location of instructions in the Technical Guidance Manual - RG-348. Characters shown in red are data entry fields.

Characters shown in black (Bold) are calculated fields. Changes to these fields will remove the equations used in the spreadsheet.

1. The Required Load Reduction for the total project: Calculations from RG-348 Pages 3-27 to 3-30 Page 3-29 Equation 3.3: L_M = 27.2 (A_N x P) L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} = Required TSS removal resulting from the proposed development = 85% of increased load where: A_N = Net increase in impervious area for the project P = Average annual precipitation, inches Site Data: Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Project Williamson County = Total project area included in plan 9.021 acres Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plan * = Total post-development impervious area within the limits of the plan * = 0.103 acres acres Total post-development impervious cover fraction * 0.55 P = inches 32 4239 lbs. L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} = * The values entered in these fields should be for the total project area Number of drainage basins / outfalls areas leaving the plan area = 1 2. Drainage Basin Parameters (This information should be provided for each basin): Drainage Basin/Outfall Area No. = Batch A Total drainage basin/outfall area = 7.789 acres Predevelopment impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area = 0.000 acres Post-development impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area = acres Post-development impervious fraction within drainage basin/outfall area = 0.58 L_{M THIS BASIN} = 3908 lbs. 3. Indicate the proposed BMP Code for this basin. Proposed BMP = Extended Detention Removal efficiency = 91 percent 4. Calculate Maximum TSS Load Removed (L_R) for this Drainage Basin by the selected BMP Type. RG-348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7: L_R = (BMP efficiency) x P x (A₁ x 34.6 + A_P x 0.54) A_C = Total On-Site drainage area in the BMP catchment area where: AI = Impervious area proposed in the BMP catchment area A_P = Pervious area remaining in the BMP catchment area L_B = TSS Load removed from this catchment area by the proposed BMP A_c = 7.789 acres 4.490 A_I = acres A_P = 3.30 acres L. = 4576 lbs

5. Calculate Fraction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall area

6. Calculate Capture V

Desired $L_{M THIS BASIN}$ =	4461	lbs.			
F =	0.97				
late Capture Volume required by the BMP Type for this drainage bas	sin / outfall a	irea.	Calculations from RG-348	Pages 3-34 to 3-36	
Rainfall Depth = Post Development Runoff Coefficient = On-site Water Quality Volume =	3.00 0.40 34258	inches cubic feet		SATE OF TELTS	
	Calculations	from RG-348	Pages 3-36 to 3-37		
Off-site area draining to BMP = Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP = Impervious fraction of off-site area = Off-site Runoff Coefficient =	0.00 0.00 0 0.00	acres acres		SHELLY MITCHELL	
Off-site Water Quality Volume = Storage for Sediment =	0 6852	cubic feet	'	CENSED ON	
Total Capture Volume (required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) =	41110	cubic feet		Rholly Mitch 101	24

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality			
TSS Removal Calculations 04-20-2009		Project Name: Westinghouse Flex Date Prepared: 6/3/2024	
Additional information is provided for cells with a red triangle in Text shown in blue indicate location of instructions in the Technical G Characters shown in red are data entry fields. Characters shown in black (Bold) are calculated fields. Changes	uidance M	Manual - RG-348.	
1. The Required Load Reduction for the total project:	Calculations f	from RG-348 Pages 3-27 to 3-30	
Page 3-29 Equation 3.3: L_M = 2	8.93(A _N x P)	2)	
where: L _{M TOTAL PROJECT} = F	Required TS	SS removal resulting from the proposed development = 85% of in	
		e in impervious area for the project nual precipitation, inches	
Site Data: Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Project	tronago anno	na propraton, nono	
Total project area included in plan * =	Williamson 9.021	n acres	
Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plan * = Total post-development impervious area within the limits of the plan * =	0.103 4.974	acres acres	
Total post-development impervious cover fraction * = P =	0.55 32	inches	
LM TOTAL PROJECT =	4509	lbs.	
* The values entered in these fields should be for the total project area.			
Number of drainage basins / outfalls areas leaving the plan area =	1		
2. Drainage Basin Parameters (This information should be provided for each t	oasin):		
Drainage Basin/Outfall Area No. =	Batch A		
Total drainage basin/outfall area = Predevelopment impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area =	7.789 0.000	acres acres	
Post-development impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area = Post-development impervious fraction within drainage basin/outfall area =	4.490 0.58	acres	
L _{M THIS BASIN} =	4157	lbs.	
3. Indicate the proposed BMP Code for this basin.			
Proposed BMP = E Removal efficiency =	Extended De 91	percent	
4. Calculate Maximum TSS Load Removed (L) for this Drainage Basin by the			
RG-348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7: $L_R = (I_R - I_R)$	BMP efficien	ncy) x P x (A ₁ x 34.6 + A _P x 0.54)	
where: A _c = T	otal On-Site	e drainage area in the BMP catchment area	
		area proposed in the BMP catchment area ea remaining in the BMP catchment area	
		emoved from this catchment area by the proposed BMP	
A _c =	7.789	acres	
$A_1 = A_{P} =$	4.490 3.30	acres acres	
L _R =	4576	lbs	
5. Calculate Fraction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall are	a		
Desired L _{M THIS BASIN} =	4461	lbs.	ETATE
F =	0.97		
6. Calculate Capture Volume required by the BMP Type for this drainage basir	1 / outfall are	rea. Calculations from RG-348 Pages 3-3	
			SHELLY MITCHELL
Rainfall Depth = Post Development Runoff Coefficient =	3.00 0.40	inches	SHELLY MITCHELL
On-site Water Quality Volume =	34258	cubic feet	103662
c	Calculations f	from RG-348 Pages 3-36 to 3-37	O. LICENSED
Off-site area draining to BMP = Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP =	0.00 0.00	acres	SONAL END
Impervious fraction of off-site area = Off-site Runoff Coefficient =	0 0.00		07/08/2024
Off-site Water Quality Volume =	0	cubic feet	Shelly Mitchell
= Storage for Sediment Total Capture Volume (required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) =	6852 41110	cubic feet	Under Millened
The following sections are used to calculate the required water quality volume The values for BMP Types not selected in cell C45 will show NA.			()
)esigned as l	Required in RG-348 Pages 3-42 to 3-46	\checkmark
Required Water Quality Volume for retention basin =	NA	cubic feet	
Irrigation Area Calculations:			
Soil infiltration/permeability rate = Irrigation area =	0.1 NA NA	in/hr Enter determined permeability rate or assun square feet acres	
8. Extended Detention Basin System	Designed as '	Required in RG-348 Pages 3-46 to 3-51	
Required Water Quality Volume for extended detention basin =	41110	cubic feet	
requires trace quarty volume for extended detention basin =			

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality TSS Removal Calculations 04-20-2009 Project Name: Westinghouse Flex North Date Prepared: 6/3/2024 Additional information is provided for cells with a red triangle in the upper right corner. Place the cursor over the cell. Text shown in blue indicate location of instructions in the Technical Guidance Manual - RG-348 Characters shown in red are data entry fields. Characters shown in black (Bold) are calculated fields. Changes to these fields will remove the equations used in the spreadsheet. 1. The Required Load Reduction for the total project Calculations from RG-348 Pages 3-27 to 3-30 Page 3-29 Equation 3.3: L_M = 27.2 (A_N x P) where L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} = Required TSS removal resulting from the proposed development = 85% of increased load A_N = Net increase in impervious area for the project P = Average annual precipitation, inches Site Data: Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Project County = Williamson Total project area included in plan * = 9.021 9.021 acres Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plar Total post-development impervious area within the limits of the plar 0.103 acres acres Total post-development impervious cover fraction 0.55 P = nches 32 L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} = 4239 lbs. * The values entered in these fields should be for the total project area Number of drainage basins / outfalls areas leaving the plan area = 1 2. Drainage Basin Parameters (This information should be provided for each basin Drainage Basin/Outfall Area No. = VFS 0.106 Total drainage basin/outfall area= acres Predevelopment impervious area within drainage basin/outfall are = Post-development impervious area within drainage basin/outfall are = 0.000 acres acres Post-development impervious fraction within drainage basin/outfall are = 1.00 lbs. L_{M THIS BASIN} = 92 3. Indicate the proposed BMP Code for this basin Proposed BMP = Vegetated Filter Strips Removal efficiency = 85 percent Aqualogic Cartridge Filter Bioretention Contech StormFilter Constructed Wetland Extended Detention Grassy Swale Retention / Irrigation Sand Filter Stormceptor Vegetated Filter Strips Vortechs Wet Basin Wet Vault 4. Calculate Maximum TSS Load Removed (LR) for this Drainage Basin by the selected BMP Type RG-348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7: L_R = (BMP efficiency) x P x (A x 34.6 + A_P x 0.54) SHELLY MITCHELL A_c = Total On-Site drainage area in the BMP catchment area where: A_I = Impervious area proposed in the BMP catchment area 103662 A_P = Pervious area remaining in the BMP catchment area L_R = TSS Load removed from this catchment area by the proposed BMP (ICENSED A_C = 0 106 acres A, = 0.106 acres 07/08/2024 A_P = 0.00 acres L_R = 100 lbs elly Mitchell 5. Calculate Fraction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall are Desired L_{M THIS BASIN} = 100 lbs. F = 1.00 6. Calculate Capture Volume required by the BMP Type for this drainage basin / outfall area Calculations from RG-348 Pages 3-34 to 3-36 Rainfall Depth = 4.00 inches Post Development Runoff Coefficient = On-site Water Quality Volume = 0.82 1256 cubic feet

Calculations from RG-348 Pages 3-36 to 3-37

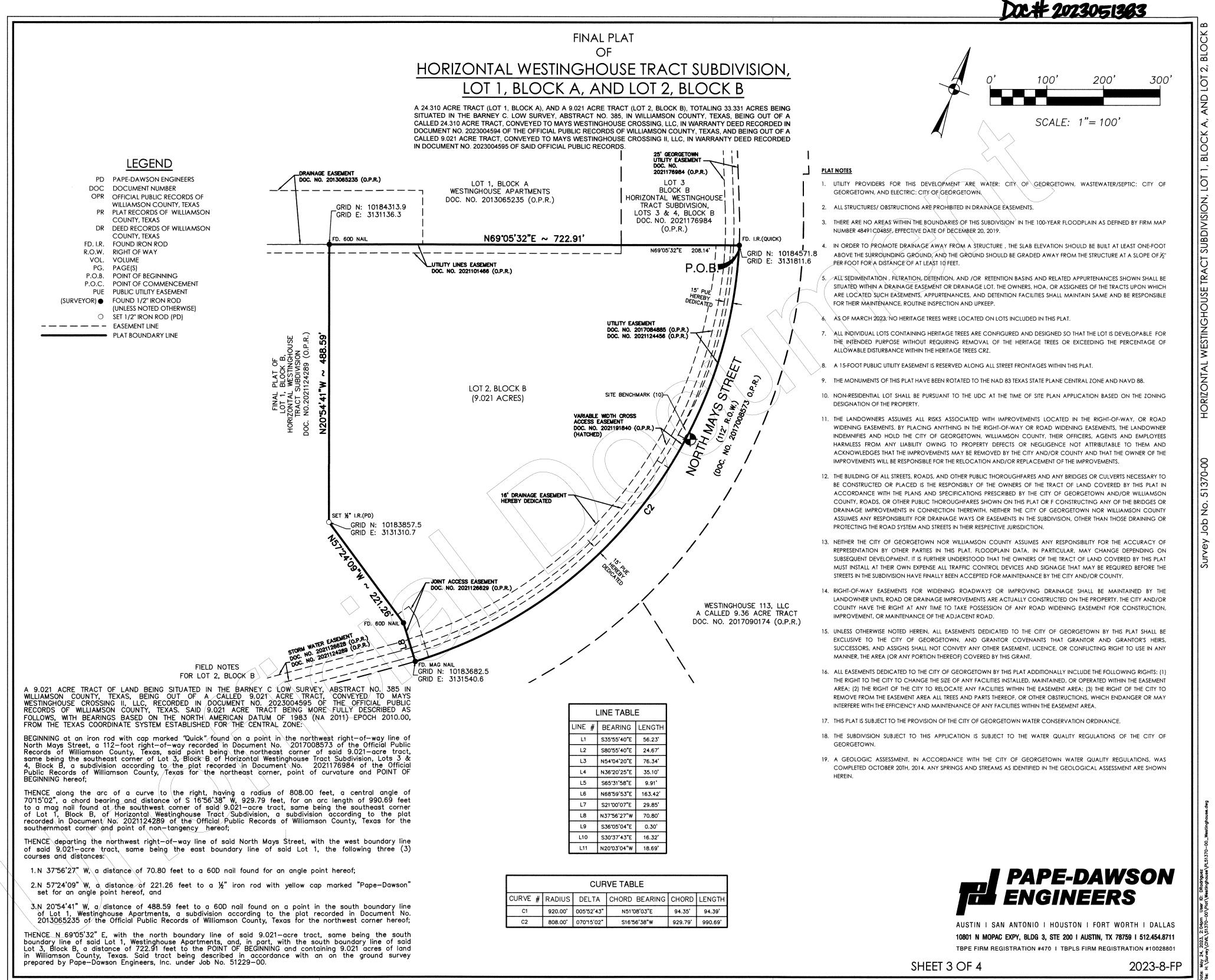
Off-site area draining to BMP = Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP = Impervious fraction of off-site area =	0.00 0.00 0	acres acres
Off-site Runoff Coefficient = Off-site Water Quality Volume =	0.00 0	cubic feet
Storage for Sediment = Total Capture Volume (required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) =	251 1508	cubic feet

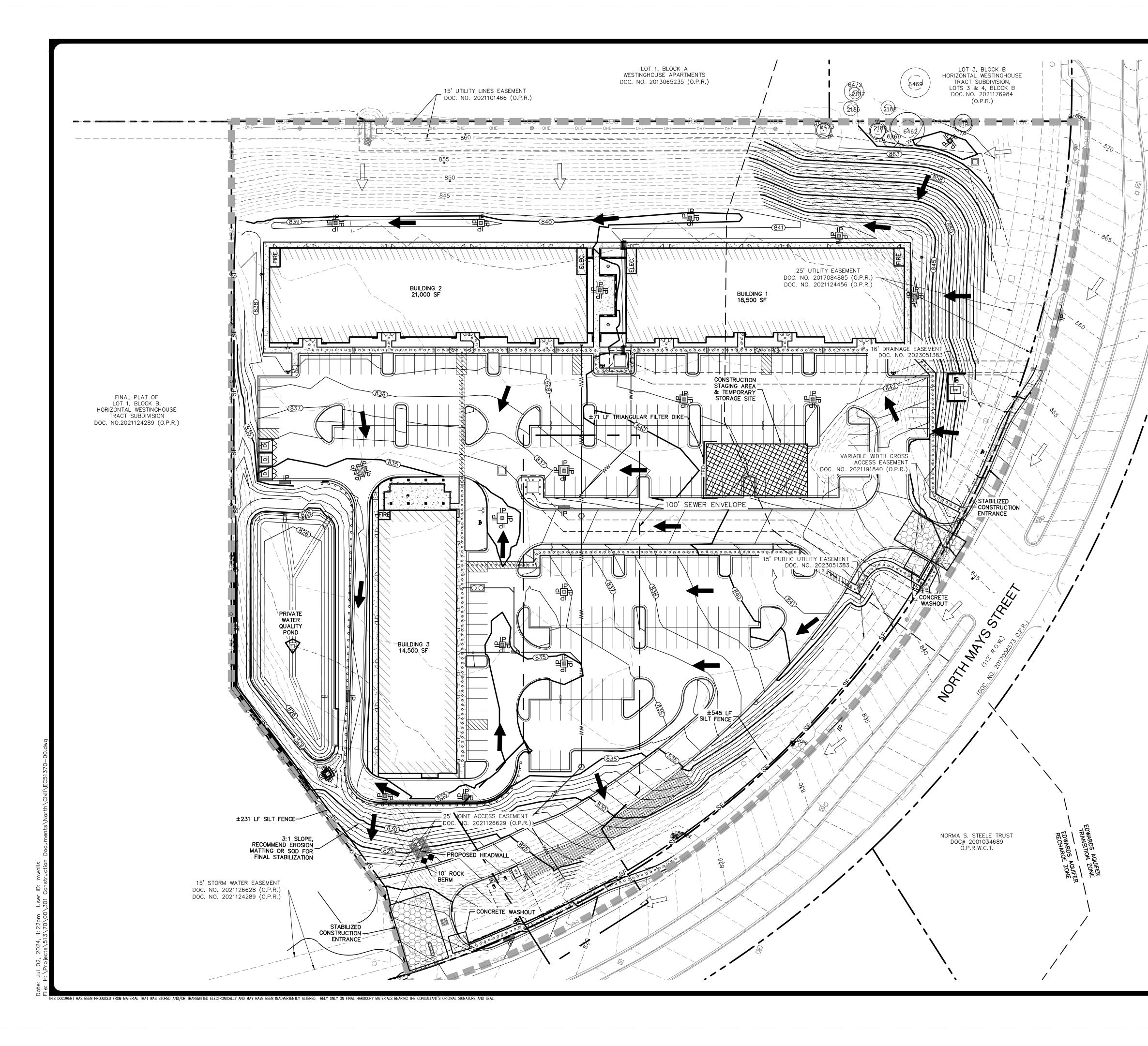
Texas Commission on Environmental Quality TSS Removal Calculations 04-20-2009 Project Name: Westinghouse Flex North Date Prepared: 6/3/2024 Additional information is provided for cells with a red triangle in the upper right corner. Place the cursor over the cell. Text shown in blue indicate location of instructions in the Technical Guidance Manual - RG-348 Characters shown in red are data entry fields. Characters shown in black (Bold) are calculated fields. Changes to these fields will remove the equations used in the spreadsheet. 1. The Required Load Reduction for the total project Calculations from RG-348 Pages 3-27 to 3-30 Page 3-29 Equation 3.3: $L_M = 28.93(A_N \times P)$ where L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} = Required TSS removal resulting from the proposed development = 85% of increased load A_N = Net increase in impervious area for the project P = Average annual precipitation, inches Site Data: Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Project County = Williamson Total project area included in plan * = 9,021 9.021 acres Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plar Total post-development impervious area within the limits of the plar 0.103 acres acres Total post-development impervious cover fraction 0.55 P = nches 32 L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} = 4509 lbs * The values entered in these fields should be for the total project area Number of drainage basins / outfalls areas leaving the plan area = 1 2. Drainage Basin Parameters (This information should be provided for each basin Drainage Basin/Outfall Area No. = VFS Total drainage basin/outfall area= 0.106 acres Predevelopment impervious area within drainage basin/outfall are = 0.00 Post-development impervious area within drainage basin/outfall are = 0.10 acres Post-development impervious fraction within drainage basin/outfall are = 1.00 L_{M THIS BASIN} = 98 lbs 3. Indicate the proposed BMP Code for this basin Proposed BMP = Vegetated Filter Strips Removal efficiency = 85 percent Aqualogic Cartridge Filter Bioretention Contech StormFilter Constructed Wetland Extended Detention Grassy Swale Retention / Irrigation Sand Filter Stormcepto Vegetated Filter Strips Vortechs Wet Basin Wet Vault 4. Calculate Maximum TSS Load Removed (LR) for this Drainage Basin by the selected BMP Type RG-348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7: L_R = (BMP efficiency) x P x (A x 34.6 + A_P x 0.54) A_c = Total On-Site drainage area in the BMP catchment area where: A_I = Impervious area proposed in the BMP catchment area SHELLY MITCHELL A_P = Pervious area remaining in the BMP catchment area L_R = TSS Load removed from this catchment area by the proposed BMP 103662 A_C = 0 106 acres A, = 0.106 acres A_p = 0.00 acres L_R = 100 lbs 07/08/2024 helly Mitchell 5. Calculate Fraction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall are Desired L_{M THIS BASIN} = 100 lbs. F = 1.00 6. Calculate Capture Volume required by the BMP Type for this drainage basin / outfall area Calculations from RG-348 Pages 3-34 to 3-36 Rainfall Denth = 4.00 inches Post Development Runoff Coefficient = On-site Water Quality Volume = 0.82 cubic feet 1256 Calculations from RG-348 Pages 3-36 to 3-37

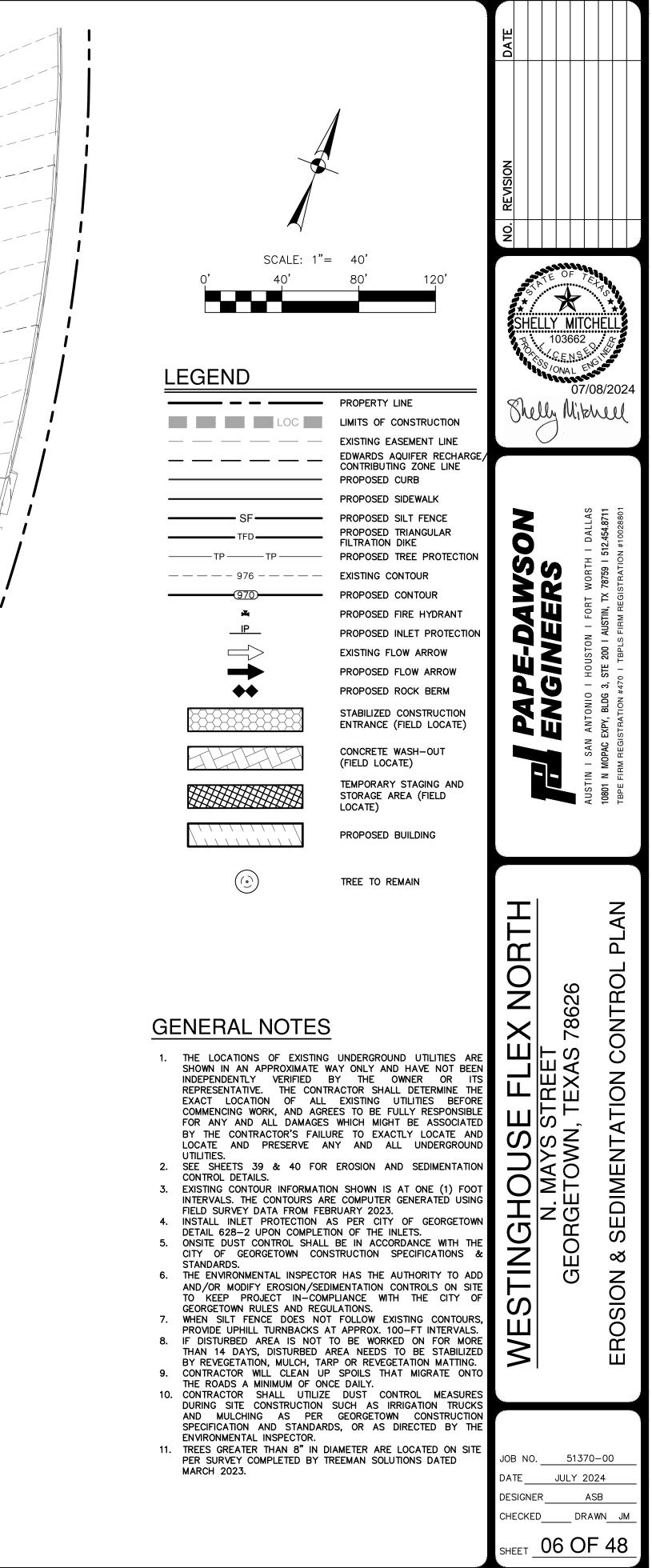
Off-site area draining to BMP = 0.00 acres Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP = Impervious fraction of off-site area = 0.00 acres Off-site Runoff Coefficient = 0.00 Off-site Water Quality Volume = 0 cubic feet Storage for Sediment = 251 cubic feet

Total Capture Volume (required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = 1508

EXHIBITS







2023-44-SDP

IGN AND INSTALLATION OF ID SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS

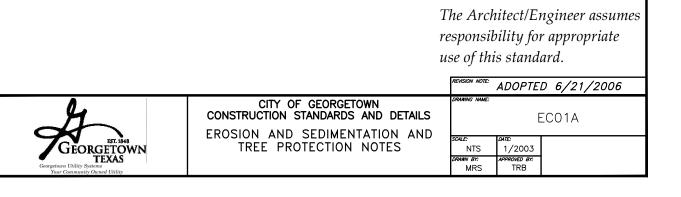
ACH LENGTH	MAXIMUM DRAINAGE AREA	SLOPE
N/A	2 ACRES	0 - 10%
200 FEET	2 ACRES	10 - 20%
100 FEET	1 ACRE	20 - 30%
50 FEET	1/2 ACRE	> 30%
100 FEET	1/2 ACRE	< 30% SLOPE
50 FEET	1/4 ACRE	> 30% SLOPE
500 FEET	< 5 ACRES	0 - 10%

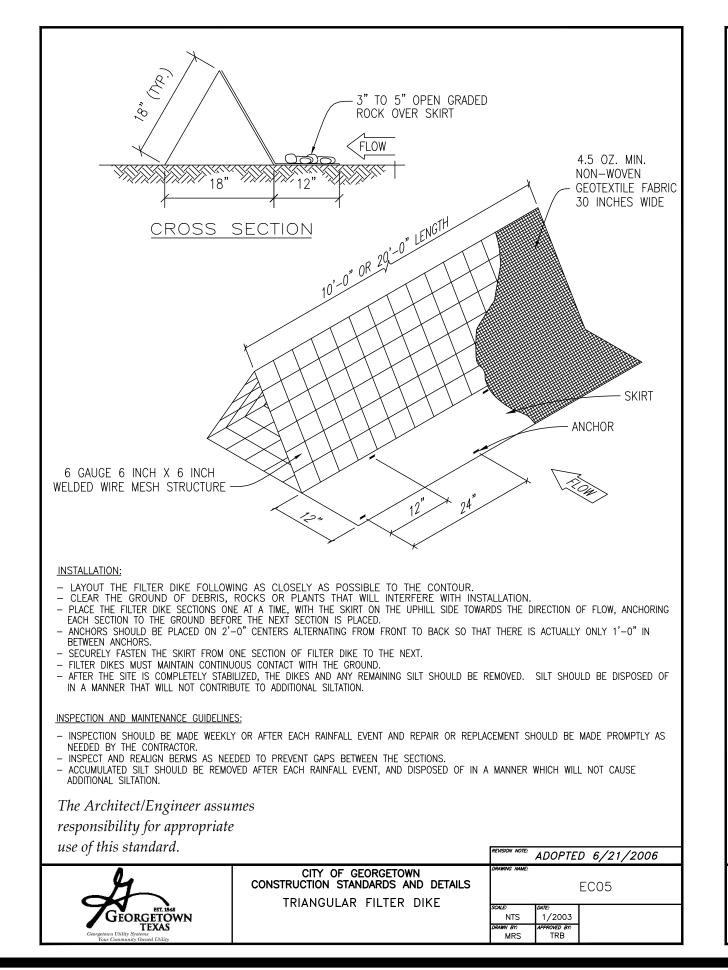
ETERS ARE OTHER THAN STATED, DRAINAGE SIGN MUST BE SUBMITTED FOR REVIEW.

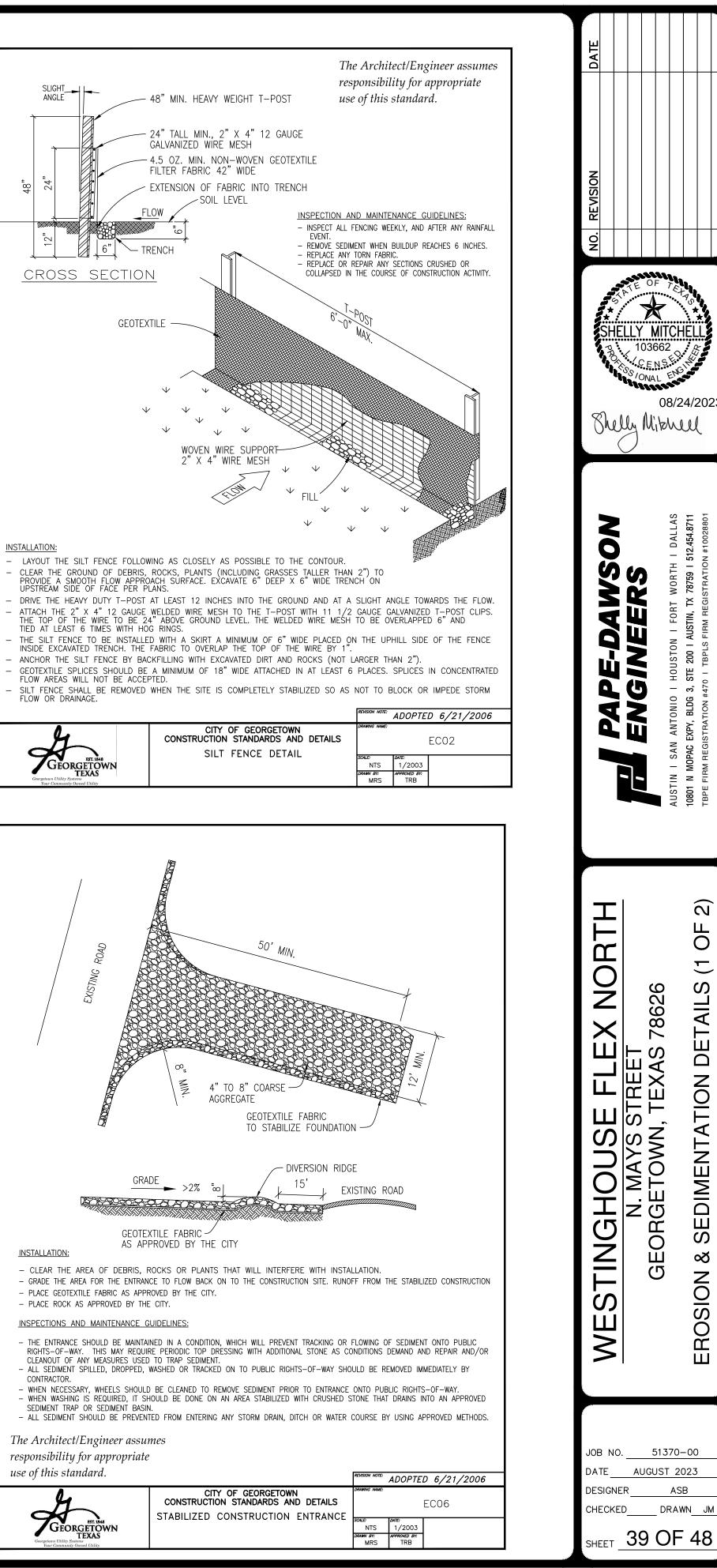
REQUIRED IN AREAS OF ENVIRONMENTAL Y OF GEORGETOWN.

	REVISION NOTE:	ADOPTE	D 6/21/2006
CITY OF GEORGETOWN TRUCTION STANDARDS AND DETAILS	DRAWING NAME:		EC01
TEMPORARY EROSION AND	<i>scale:</i> NTS	<i>date:</i> 1/2003	
	<i>drawn by:</i> MRS	approved by: TRB	

- NOTE: THIS SECTION IS INTENDED TO ASSIST THOSE PERSONS PREPARING WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLANS (WPAP) OR STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLANS (SW3P) THAT COMPLY WITH FEDERAL, STATE AND/OR LOCAL STORM WATER REGULATIONS.
- . THE CONTRACTOR TO INSTALL AND MAINTAIN EROSION/SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS AND TREE/NATURAL AREA PROTECTIVE FENCING PRIOR TO ANY SITE PREPARATION WORK (CLEARING, GRUBBING, GRADING, OR EXCAVATION). CONTRACTOR TO REMOVE EROSION/SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS AT THE COMPLETION OF PROJECT AND GRASS RESTORATION.
- 2. ALL PROJECTS WITHIN THE RECHARGE ZONE OF THE EDWARD'S AQUIFER SHALL SUBMIT A BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AND WATER POLLUTION AND ABATEMENT PLAN TO THE TNRCC FOR APPROVAL PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION. 3. THE PLACEMENT OF EROSION/SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN AND WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN. DEVIATIONS FROM THE APPROVED PLAN MUST BE SUBMITTED TO AND APPROVED BY THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE.
- 4. ALL PLANTING SHALL BE DONE BETWEEN MAY 1 AND SEPTEMBER 15 EXCEPT AS SPECIFICALLY AUTHORIZED IN WRITING. IF PLANTING IS AUTHORIZED TO BE DONE OUTSIDE THE DATES SPECIFIED, THE SEED SHALL BE PLANTED WITH THE ADDITION OF WINTER FESCUE (KENTUCKY 31) AT A RATE OF 1001b/ACRE. GRASS SHALL BE COMMON BERMUDA GRASS, HULLED, MINIMUM 82% PURE LIVE SEED. ALL GRASS SEED SHALL BE FREE FROM NOXIOUS WEED, GRADE "A" RECENT CROP, RECLEANED AND TREATED WITH APPROPRIATE FUNGICIDE AT TIME OF MIXING. SEED SHALL BE FURNISHED IN SEALED, STANDARD CONTAINERS WITH DEALER'S GUARANTEED ANALYSIS. 5. ALL DISTURBED AREAS TO BE RESTORED AS NOTED IN THE WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN.
- 6. THE PLANTED AREA TO BE IRRIGATED OR SPRINKLED IN A MANNER THAT WILL NOT ERODE THE TOPSOIL, BUT WILL SUFFICIENTLY SOAK THE SOIL TO A DEPTH OF FOUR (4) INCHES. THE IRRIGATION TO OCCUR AT 10-DAY INTERVALS DURING THE FIRST TWO MONTHS TO INSURE GERMINATION AND ESTABLISHMENT OF THE GRASS . RAINFALL OCCURRENCES OF 1/2 INCH OR GREATER TO POSTPONE THE WATERING SCHEDULE ONE WEEK.
- 7. RESTORATION TO BE ACCEPTABLE WHEN THE GRASS HAS GROWN AT LEAST 1-1/2 INCHES HIGH WITH 95% COVERAGE, PROVIDED NO BARE SPOTS LARGER THAN 25 SQUARE FEET EXIST. 8. A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) INCHES OF TOPSOIL TO BE PLACED IN ALL AREAS DISTURBED BY CONSTRUCTION.
- 9. THE CONTRACTOR TO HYDROMULCH OR SOD (AS SHOWN ON PLANS) ALL EXPOSED CUTS AND FILLS UPON COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 10. EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS TO BE INSTALLED OR MAINTAINED IN A MANNER WHICH DOES NOT RESULT IN SOIL BUILDUP WITHIN TREE DRIPLINE. 11. TO AVOID SOIL COMPACTION, CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT ALLOW VEHICULAR TRAFFIC, PARKING, OR STORAGE OF EQUIPMENT OR MATERIALS IN THE TREE DRIPLINE AREAS.
- 12. WHERE A FENCE IS CLOSER THAN FOUR (4) FEET TO A TREE TRUNK, PROTECT THE TRUNK WITH STRAPPED-ON PLANKING TO A HEIGHT OF EIGHT (8) FEET (OR TO THE LIMITS OF LOWER BRANCHING) IN ADDITION TO THE FENCING.
- 13. TREES TO BE REMOVED IN A MANNER WHICH DOES NOT IMPACT TREES TO BE PRESERVED. 14. ANY ROOT EXPOSED BY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY TO BE PRUNED FLUSH WITH THE SOIL. BACKFILL ROOT AREAS WITH GOOD QUALITY TOPSOIL AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. IF EXPOSED ROOT AREAS ARE NOT BACKFILLED WITHIN TWO DAYS, COVER THEM WITH ORGANIC MATERIAL IN A MANNER WHICH REDUCES SOIL TEMPERATURE AND MINIMIZES WATER LOSS DUE TO EXPORATION.
- DUE TO EVAPORATION. 15. CONTRACTOR TO PRUNE VEGETATION TO PROVIDE CLEARANCE FOR STRUCTURES, VEHICULAR TRAFFIC, AND EQUIPMENT BEFORE DAMAGE OCCURS (RIPPING OF BRANCHES, ETC.). ALL FINISHED PRUNING TO BE DONE ACCORDING TO RECOGNIZED, APPROVED STANDARDS OF THE INDUSTRY (REFERENCE THE "NATIONAL ARBORIST ASSOCIATION PRUNING STANDARDS FOR SUMPER THEFE? STANDARDS FOR SHADE TREES").
- 16. THE CONTRACTOR IS TO INSPECT THE CONTROLS AT WEEKLY INTERVALS AND AFTER EVERY RAINFALL EXCEEDING 1/4 INCH TO VERIFY THAT THEY HAVE NOT BEEN SIGNIFICANTLY DISTURBED. ANY ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AFTER A SIGNIFICANT RAINFALL TO BE REMOVED AND PLACED IN THE OWNER DESIGNATED SPOIL DISPOSAL SITE. THE CONTRACTOR TO CONDUCT PERIODIC INSPECTIONS OF ALL EROSION/SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS AND TO MAKE ANY REPAIRS OR MODIFICATIONS NECESSARY TO ASSURE CONTINUED EFFECTIVE OPERATION OF EACH DEVICE.
- 17. WHERE THERE IS TO BE AN APPROVED GRADE CHANGE, IMPERMEABLE PAVING SURFACE, TREE WELL, OR OTHER SUCH SITE DEVELOPMENT IMMEDIATELY ADJACENT TO A PROTECTED TREE, ERECT THE FENCE APPROXIMATELY TWO TO FOUR FEET (2'-4') BEHIND THE AREA IN QUESTION.
- 18. NO ABOVE AND/OR BELOW GROUND TEMPORARY FUEL STORAGE FACILITIES TO BE STORED ON THE PROJECT SITE. 19. IF EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL SYSTEMS ARE EXISTING FROM PRIOR CONTRACTS, OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE AND THE CONTRACTOR TO EXAMINE THE EXISTING EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL SYSTEMS FOR DAMAGE PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. ANY DAMAGE TO PREEXISTING EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS NOTED TO BE REPAIRED AT OWNERS EXPENSE.
- 20. INTENTIONAL RELEASE OF VEHICLE OR EQUIPMENT FLUIDS ONTO THE GROUND IS NOT ALLOWED. CONTAMINATED SOIL RESULTING FROM ACCIDENTAL SPILL TO BE REMOVED AND DISPOSED OF PROPERLY.







*

103662 CENSE

LY MITCHE

08/24/202

D AL .454.

200

DNIO BLDG

(N

Ο

5

ဟ

AL

ш

 \square

4

Z

Ш

DIMI

ш

S

య

Ζ

 \frown

ဟ

ВŐ

Ш

ASB

9

7862

S

エШ

NN,

വ

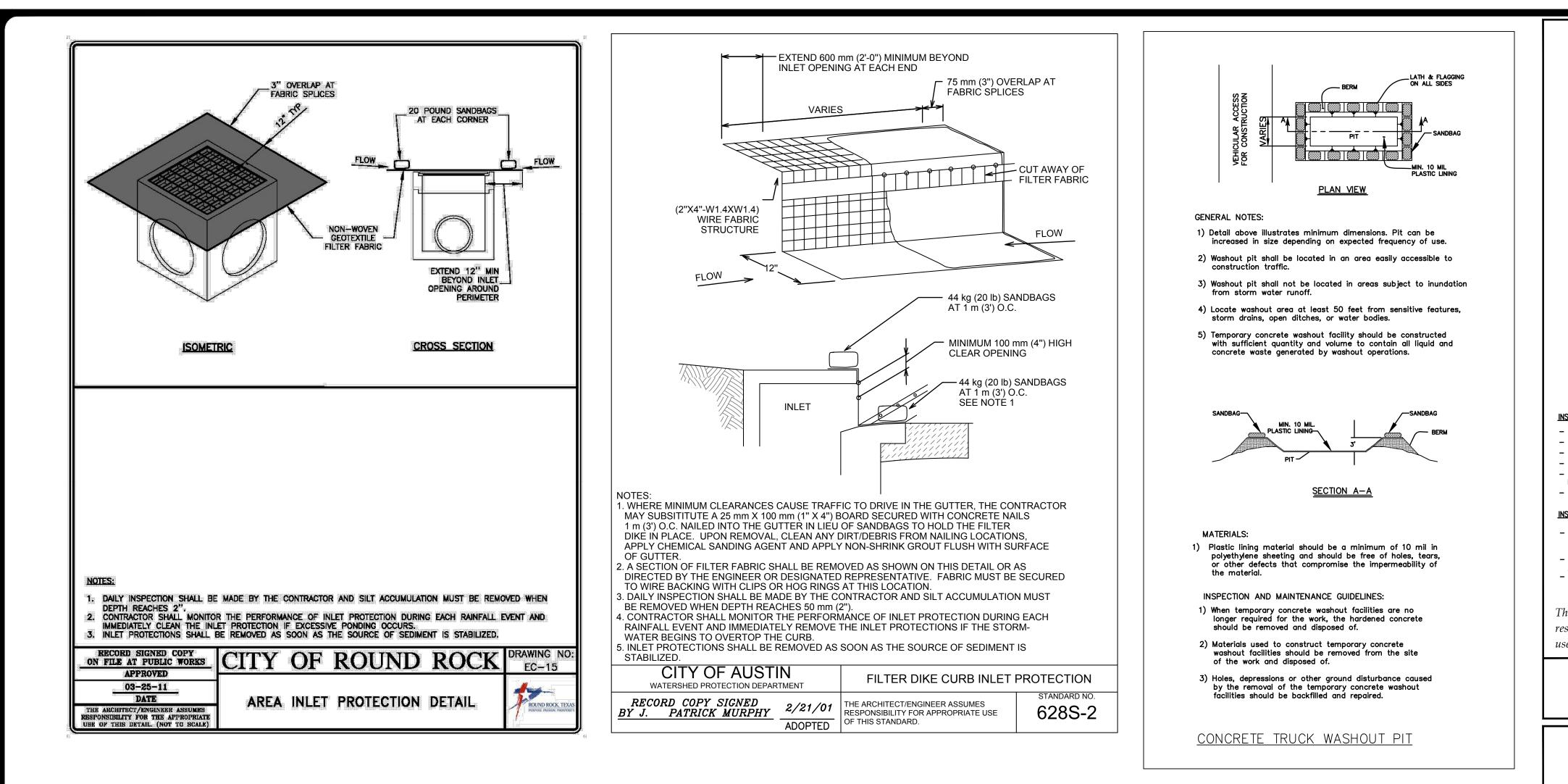
OR

Ш

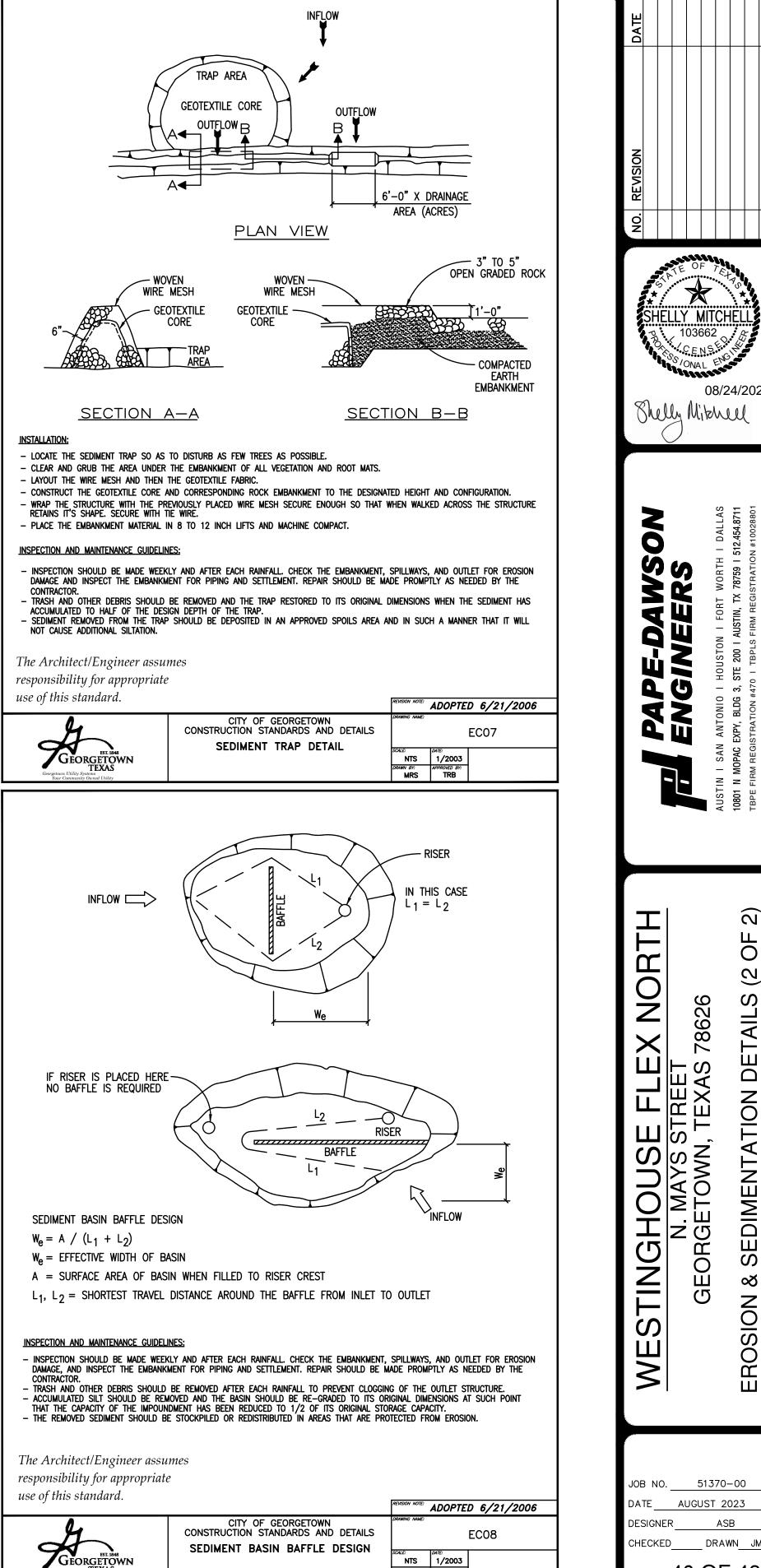
 $(\mathbf{7})$

_

2023-44-SDP



S DOCUMENT HAS BEEN PRODUCED FROM MATERIAL THAT WAS STORED AND/OR TRANSMITTED ELECTRONICALLY AND MAY HAVE BEEN INADVERTENTLY ALTERED. RELY ONLY ON FINAL HARDCOPY MATERIALS BEARING THE CONSULTANT'S ORIGINAL SIGNATURE AND SEAL.



2023-44-SDP

Y MITCHE

08/24/202

2 8

S

Ο

<u>N</u>

ဟ

AL

ш

 \square

ATION

____ . И Ш

DIMI

ш

S

య

Ζ \cap

EROSI

ASB

SHEET 40 OF 48

78626

S

Ш -

WN,

Ш

ORG

Ш

വ

×

Ш

S

Ш

>

103662

Shelly Mitchell

0

SS

3 Å

PAPE-DAV ENGINEE

DRAWN BY: APPROVED BY: MRS TRB

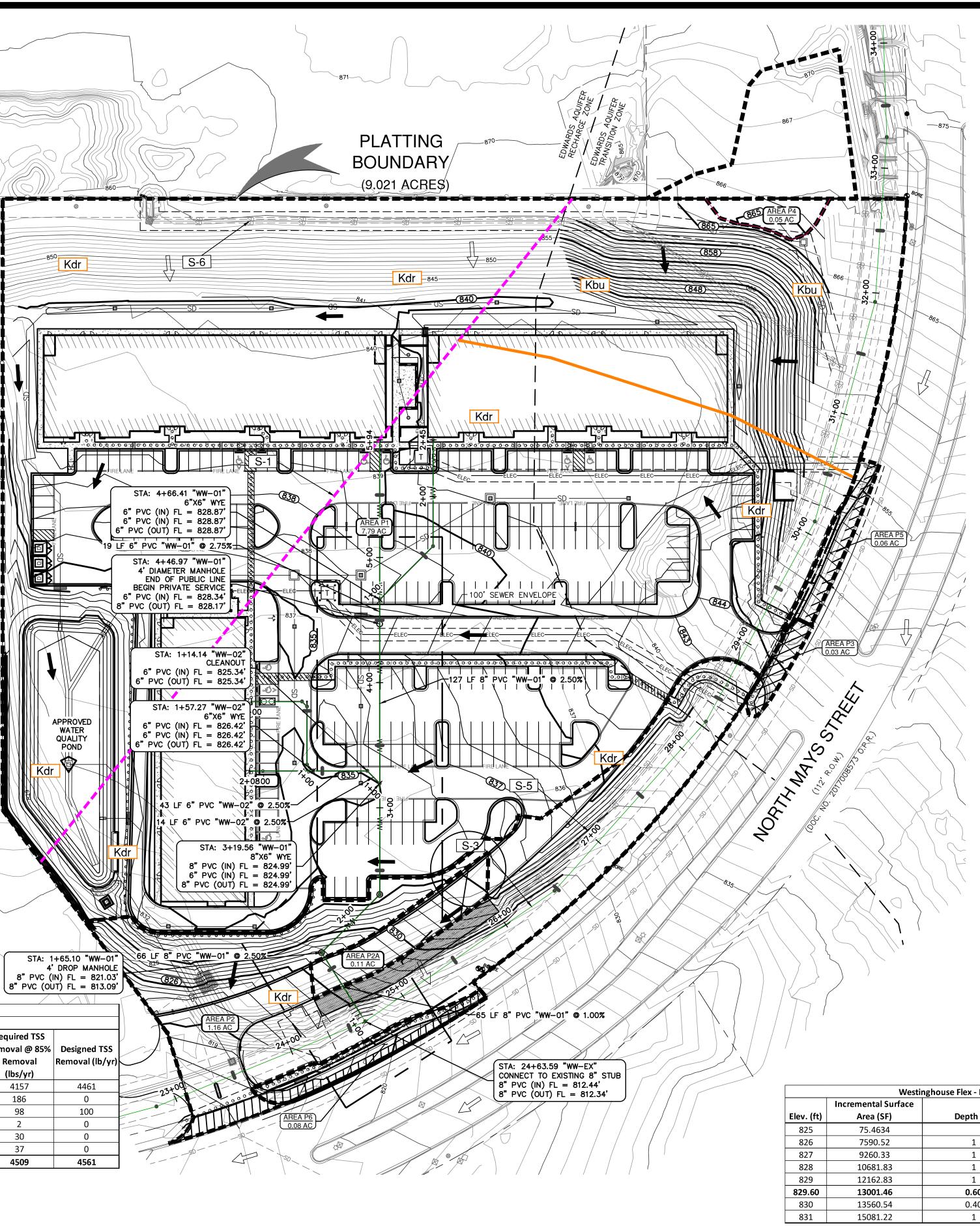
S Remova	al Calculations 04-20-2009			Project Name: Date Prepared:			North		
ditional in	formation is provided for cells with a red triangle	in the uppe	r right cor	mer. Place the cu	irsor over t	he cell.			
ext shown in	h blue indicate location of instructions in the Technical								
	shown in red are data entry fields. shown in black (Bold) are calculated fields. Chan	ges to these	e fields wil	I remove the equa	ations used	in the sr	readshe	et	
	shown in black (bold) are calculated fields. Chain	ges to these		remove the equa	itions useu	in the sp	reausing	.et.	
. The Require	d Load Reduction for the total project:	Calculations fr	om RG-348		Pages 3-27 to	3-30			
	Page 3-29 Equation 3.3: L _M =	27.2 (AN X P)							
where:				Iting from the proposed	d development	= 85% of in	creased lo	ad	
		Average annua		area for the project n. inches					
City Deter									
Site Data:	Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Projec County =		•						
	Total project area included in plan * = Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plan * =	9.021 0.103	acres						
	post-development impervious area within the limits of the plan* =	4.974	acres						
	Total post-development impervious cover fraction * = P =		inches						
		JE	inches						
	L _{M TOTAL PROJECT} =	4239	lbs.						
The values e	ntered in these fields should be for the total project area.								
Nu	mber of drainage basins / outfalls areas leaving the plan area =	1	•						
Drainage D-	sin Parameters (This information should be provided for ea	ch hacin):							
. Dramaye Da									
	Drainage Basin/Outfall Area No. =	Batch A							
	Total drainage basin/outfall area =	7.789	acres						
	evelopment impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area = evelopment impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area =	0.000	acres						
	elopment impervious fraction within drainage basin/outfall area =	0.58							
	L _{MTHS} BASIN =	3908	lbs.						
. Indicate the	proposed BMP Code for this basin.								
	Proposed BMP =	Extended Det	ention						
	Removal efficiency =		percent						
. Calculate Ma	aximum TSS Load Removed (L _R) for this Drainage Basin by	the selected B	MP Type.						
	DO 240 Dans 2 22 Emistics 2 7: 1			24.0 + A + 0.54)					
	RG-348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7: L _R =	(BiviP efficience	CV) X P X (A X						
			, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	$34.0 + A_{\rm P} \times 0.34)$					
where:			Irainage area	in the BMP catchmen					
where:	A ₁ =	Impervious are	Irainage area ea proposed i	in the BMP catchmen n the BMP catchment a	area				
where:	A ₁ = A _P =	Impervious are Pervious area	Irainage area ea proposed i remaining in	in the BMP catchmen n the BMP catchment a the BMP catchment ar	area ea	MP			
where:	A ₁ = A _P = L _R =	Impervious are Pervious area TSS Load rem	Irainage area ea proposed i remaining in oved from thi	in the BMP catchmen n the BMP catchment a	area ea	MP			
where:	A ₁ = A _P = L _R =	Impervious are Pervious area TSS Load rem 7.789	Irainage area a proposed i remaining in oved from thi acres	in the BMP catchmen n the BMP catchment a the BMP catchment ar	area ea	MP			
where:	A ₁ = A _P = L _R =	Impervious area Pervious area TSS Load rem 7.789 4.490	Irainage area ea proposed i remaining in oved from thi	in the BMP catchmen n the BMP catchment a the BMP catchment ar	area ea	MP			
where:	A ₁ = A _P = L _R = A _C =	Impervious area Pervious area TSS Load rem 7.789 4.490 3.30	Irainage area a proposed i remaining in oved from thi acres acres	in the BMP catchmen n the BMP catchment a the BMP catchment ar	area ea	MP			
where:	A ₁ = A _P = L _R = A _C = A ₁ = A _P =	Impervious area Pervious area TSS Load rem 7.789 4.490 3.30	Irainage area a proposed i remaining in oved from thi acres acres acres	in the BMP catchmen n the BMP catchment a the BMP catchment ar	area ea	MP			
	A ₁ = A _P = L _R = A ₁ = A ₂ = A ₁ = L _R =	Impervious area Pervious area TSS Load rem 7.789 4.490 3.30 4576	Irainage area a proposed i remaining in oved from thi acres acres acres	in the BMP catchmen n the BMP catchment a the BMP catchment ar	area ea	MP			
	A ₁ = A _P = L _R = A _C = A ₁ = A _P =	Impervious area Pervious area TSS Load rem 7.789 4.490 3.30 4576	Irainage area a proposed i remaining in oved from thi acres acres acres	in the BMP catchmen n the BMP catchment a the BMP catchment ar	area ea	MP			
	A ₁ = A _P = L _R = A ₁ = A ₂ = A ₁ = L _R =	Impervious area Pervious area TSS Load rem 7.789 4.490 3.30 4576 area	Irainage area a proposed i remaining in oved from thi acres acres acres	in the BMP catchmen n the BMP catchment a the BMP catchment ar	area ea	MP			
	A _I = A _P = L _R = A _C = A _I = A _P = L _R = L _R =	Impervious area Pervious area TSS Load rem 7.789 4.490 3.30 4576 area 4461	Irainage area ea proposed i remaining in oved from thi acres acres acres lbs	in the BMP catchmen n the BMP catchment a the BMP catchment ar	area ea				
. Calculate Fr	A _I = A _P = L _R = A _C = A _I = A _P = L _R = L _R = Desired L _{M THS BASIN} =	Impervious area Pervious area TSS Load rem 7.789 4.490 3.30 4576 area 4461 0.97	Irainage area ea proposed i remaining in oved from thi acres acres acres lbs	in the BMP catchmen n the BMP catchment a the BMP catchment ar	area ea				
. Calculate Fr	A _I = A _P = L _R = A _C = A _I = A _P = L _R = L _R =	Impervious area Pervious area TSS Load rem 7.789 4.490 3.30 4576 area 4461 0.97	Irainage area ea proposed i remaining in oved from thi acres acres acres lbs	in the BMP catchmen n the BMP catchment a the BMP catchment ar	area ea ne proposed Bl	MP Pages 3-34	to 3-36		
. Calculate Fr	$A_{I} = A_{P} = A_{P} = L_{R} = A_{C} = A_{I} = A_{P} = A_{I} = A_{P} = L_{R} = A_{P} = L_{R} = L_{R$	Impervious area Pervious area TSS Load rem 7.789 4.490 3.30 4576 area 4461 0.97 basin / outfall a	Irainage area ea proposed i remaining in oved from thi acres acres acres lbs	in the BMP catchment n the BMP catchment a the BMP catchment ar s catchment area by th	area ea ne proposed Bl		4 to 3-36		
. Calculate Fr	$A_{I} = A_{P} = A_{P} = L_{R} = A_{C} = A_{I} = A_{P} = A_{I} = A_{P} = L_{R} = A_{P} = L_{R} = L_{R$	Impervious area Pervious area TSS Load rem 7.789 4.490 3.30 4576 area 4461 0.97 basin / outfall a 3.00	Irainage area ea proposed i remaining in oved from thi acres acres acres lbs	in the BMP catchment n the BMP catchment a the BMP catchment ar s catchment area by th	area ea ne proposed Bl		+ to 3-36		
. Calculate Fr	$A_{I} = A_{P} = A_{P} = L_{R} = A_{C} = A_{I} = A_{P} = A_{I} = A_{P} = L_{R} = A_{P} = L_{R} = L_{R$	Impervious area Pervious area TSS Load rem 7.789 4.490 3.30 4576 area 4461 0.97 basin / outfall a	Irainage area ea proposed i remaining in oved from thi acres acres acres lbs	in the BMP catchment n the BMP catchment a the BMP catchment ar s catchment area by th	area ea ne proposed Bl		4 to 3-36		
. Calculate Fr	$A_{I} = A_{P} = A_{P} = L_{R} = L_{R} = A_{I} = A_{I} = A_{I} = A_{I} = A_{P} = L_{R} = L_{R$	Impervious area Pervious area TSS Load rem 7.789 4.490 3.30 4576 area 4461 0.97 basin / outfall a 3.00 0.40	Irainage area ea proposed i remaining in oved from thi acres acres acres lbs lbs.	in the BMP catchment n the BMP catchment a the BMP catchment ar s catchment area by th	area ea ne proposed Bl		4 to 3-36		
. Calculate Fr	$A_{I} = A_{P} = A_{P} = L_{R} = L_{R} = A_{I} = A_{I} = A_{I} = A_{I} = A_{P} = L_{R} = L_{R$	Impervious area Pervious area TSS Load rem 7.789 4.490 3.30 4576 area 4461 0.97 basin / outfall a 3.00 0.40 34258	Irainage area a proposed i remaining in oved from thi acres acres acres lbs lbs.	in the BMP catchment n the BMP catchment a the BMP catchment ar s catchment area by th	area ea ne proposed Bl		to 3-36		
. Calculate Fr	$A_{l} = A_{P} = L_{R} = L_{R} = L_{R} = A_{l} = A_{l} = A_{l} = A_{P} = L_{R} = L_{R$	Impervious area Pervious area TSS Load rem 7.789 4.490 3.30 4576 area 4461 0.97 basin / outfall a 3.00 0.40 34258 Calculations fr	Irainage area a proposed i remaining in oved from thi acres acres acres lbs lbs. lbs.	in the BMP catchment a the BMP catchment ar s catchment area by the Calculations from RG	area ea ne proposed Bl		4 to 3-36		
. Calculate Fr	A _I = A _P = L _R = A _C = A _I = A _P = L _R = A _P = L _R = Construct the drainage basin / outfall Desired L _{M THS BASIN} = F = Construct L _{M THS BASIN} = F = Construct L _{M THS BASIN} = F = Construct L _{M THS BASIN} = Construct L _{M THS}	Impervious area Pervious area TSS Load rem 7.789 4.490 3.30 4576 area 4461 0.97 basin / outfall a 3.00 0.40 34258 Calculations fr 0.00 0.00	Irainage area a proposed i remaining in oved from thi acres acres acres lbs lbs.	in the BMP catchment a the BMP catchment ar s catchment area by the Calculations from RG	area ea ne proposed Bl		4 to 3-36		
. Calculate Fr	A _I = A _P = L _R = A _C = A _I = A _P = L _R = A _P = L _R = Construction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall Desired L _{M THS BASIN} = F = Construction Content of Content and Co	Impervious area Pervious area TSS Load rem 7.789 4.490 3.30 4576 area 4461 0.97 basin / outfall a 3.00 0.40 34258 Calculations fr 0.00 0.00 0	Irainage area a proposed i remaining in oved from thi acres acres acres lbs lbs. lbs. lbs. rea. cubic feet om RG-348 acres	in the BMP catchment a the BMP catchment ar s catchment area by the Calculations from RG	area ea ne proposed Bl		to 3-36		
. Calculate Fr	A _I = A _P = L _R = A _C = A _I = A _P = L _R = A _P = L _R = Construction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall Desired L _{M THS BASIN} = F = Construction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall Desired L _{M THS BASIN} = F = Construction of Annual Runoff Coefficient = On-site Water Quality Volume = Off-site area draining to BMP = Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP = Impervious fraction of off-site area =	Impervious area Pervious area TSS Load rem 7.789 4.490 3.30 4576 area 4461 0.97 basin / outfall a 3.00 0.40 34258 Calculations fr 0.00 0.00 0	Irainage area a proposed i remaining in oved from thi acres acres acres lbs lbs. lbs. lbs. rea. cubic feet om RG-348 acres	in the BMP catchment a the BMP catchment ar s catchment area by the Calculations from RG	area ea ne proposed Bl		4 to 3-36		
. Calculate Fr	A _I = A _P = L _R = A _C = A _I = A _P = L _R = A _P = L _R = Construction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall Desired L _{M THS BASIN} = F = Construction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall Desired L _{M THS BASIN} = F = Construction of the structure basin / outfall Rainfall Depth = Post Development Runoff Coefficient = On-site Water Quality Volume = Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP = Impervious fraction of off-site area = Off-site Runoff Coefficient = Off-site Runoff Coefficient = Off-site Water Quality Volume =	Impervious area Pervious area TSS Load rem 7.789 4.490 3.30 4576 area 4461 0.97 basin / outfall a 3.00 0.40 34258 Calculations fr 0.00 0.00 0	Irainage area a proposed i remaining in oved from thi acres acres acres lbs lbs. lbs. lbs. rea. inches cubic feet om RG-348 acres acres	in the BMP catchment a the BMP catchment ar s catchment area by the Calculations from RG	area ea ne proposed Bl		to 3-36		
. Calculate Fr	A ₁ = A _p = L _R = A _c = A ₁ = A _p = L _R = A _p = L _R = A _p = L _R = A _p = L _R = Consider L _{MTHS BASIN} = F = Consider L _{MTHS BASIN} = F = Consider Constant and Con	Impervious area Pervious area TSS Load rem 7.789 4.490 3.30 4576 area 4461 0.97 basin / outfall a 3.00 0.40 34258 Calculations fr 0.00 0.00 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 0 0.00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Irainage area a proposed i remaining in oved from thi acres acres acres lbs lbs. lbs. lbs. rea. inches cubic feet om RG-348 acres acres cubic feet	in the BMP catchment at the BMP catchment ar s catchment area by the Calculations from RG	area ea ne proposed Bl		4 to 3-36		
. Calculate Fr . Calculate Ca	A _I = A _P = L _R = A _C = A _I = A _I = A _P = L _R = A _P = L _R = A _P = L _R = Construct the drainage basin / outfall Desired L _{M THS BASIN} = F = Construct L _{M THS BASIN} = F = Construct L _{M THS BASIN} = F = Construct L _{M THS BASIN}	Impervious area Pervious area TSS Load rem 7.789 4.490 3.30 4576 area 4461 0.97 basin / outfall a 3.00 0.40 34258 Calculations fr 0.00 0.00 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 0 0.00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Irainage area a proposed i remaining in oved from thi acres acres acres lbs lbs. lbs. lbs. rea. inches cubic feet om RG-348 acres acres cubic feet	in the BMP catchment at the BMP catchment ar s catchment area by the Calculations from RG	area ea ne proposed Bl		4 to 3-36		
. Calculate Fra . Calculate Ca . Calculate Ca be following s he values for	A ₁ = A _p = L _R = A _c = A ₁ = A _p = L _R = A _p = L _R = A _p = L _R = A _p = L _R = Consider L _{MTHS BASIN} = F = Consider L _{MTHS BASIN} = F = Consider Constant and Con	Impervious area Pervious area TSS Load rem 7.789 4.490 3.30 4576 area 4461 0.97 basin / outfall a 3.00 0.40 34258 Calculations fr 0.00 0.00 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 0 0.00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Irainage area a proposed i remaining in oved from thi acres acres acres lbs lbs. lbs. lbs. rea. cubic feet cubic feet cubic feet cubic feet	in the BMP catchment at the BMP catchment ar s catchment area by the Calculations from RG Pages 3-36 to 3-37	area ea ne proposed Bl	Pages 3-34	4 to 3-36		
. Calculate Fra . Calculate Ca . Calculate Ca be following s he values for	A ₁ = A ₂ = L _R = A ₂ = A ₂ = A ₁ = A ₂ = A ₁ = A ₂ = A ₁ = A ₂ = L _R = Construct the drainage basin / outfall Desired L _{MTHS BASN} = F = Construct L _{MTHS BASN} = Construct L _{MTHS BASN} = Construct L _{MTHS BASN} = Construct	Impervious area Pervious area TSS Load rem 7.789 4.490 3.30 4576 area 4461 0.97 basin / outfall a 3.00 0.40 34258 Calculations fr 0.00 0.00 0 0.00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Arainage area ea proposed i remaining in oved from thi acres acres acres lbs lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs. rea. cubic feet cubic feet cubic feet cubic feet selected BI Required in Ro	in the BMP catchment at the BMP catchment ar s catchment area by the Calculations from RG Pages 3-36 to 3-37	area ea ne proposed Bl -348	Pages 3-34	+ to 3-36		
. Calculate Fra . Calculate Ca . Calculate Ca be following s he values for	A ₁ = A ₂ = L _R = A ₂ = A ₁ = A ₂ = A ₁ = A ₂ = A ₁ = A ₂ = L _R = Construction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall Desired L _{MTHS BASIN} = F = Desired L _{MTHS BASIN} = F = Post Development Runoff Coefficient = On-site Water Quality Volume = Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP = Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP = Impervious fraction of off-site area = Off-site Runoff Coefficient = Off-site Water Quality Volume = Storage for Sediment = Capture Volume (required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required water quality vo BMP Types not selected in cell C45 will show NA. rigation System Required Water Quality Volume for retention basin =	Impervious area Pervious area TSS Load rem 7.789 4.490 3.30 4576 area 4461 0.97 basin / outfall a 3.00 0.40 34258 Calculations fr 0.00 0.00 0 0.00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Irainage area a proposed i remaining in oved from thi acres acres acres lbs lbs. lbs. lbs. rea. cubic feet cubic feet cubic feet cubic feet	in the BMP catchment at the BMP catchment ar s catchment area by the Calculations from RG Pages 3-36 to 3-37	area ea ne proposed Bl -348	Pages 3-34	to 3-36		
. Calculate Fra . Calculate Ca . Calculate Ca be following s he values for	A ₁ = A ₂ = L _R = A ₂ = A ₂ = A ₁ = A ₂ = A ₁ = A ₂ = A ₁ = A ₂ = L _R = Construct the drainage basin / outfall Desired L _{MTHS BASN} = F = Construct L _{MTHS BASN} = Construct L _{MTHS BASN} = Construct L _{MTHS BASN} = Construct	Impervious area Pervious area TSS Load rem 7.789 4.490 3.30 4576 area 4461 0.97 basin / outfall a 3.00 0.40 34258 Calculations fr 0.00 0.00 0 0.00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Arainage area ea proposed i remaining in oved from thi acres acres acres lbs lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs.	in the BMP catchment at the BMP catchment ar s catchment area by the Calculations from RG Pages 3-36 to 3-37	area ea ne proposed Bl -348	Pages 3-34	4 to 3-36		
. Calculate Fra . Calculate Ca . Calculate Ca be following s he values for	A ₁ = A ₂ A ₂ = A ₃ = A ₄ = A ₅ = A ₁ = A ₂ = A ₁ = A ₂ = A ₁ = A ₂ = A ₂ = A ₂ = A ₂ = A ₂ = A ₂ = A ₃ = A ₂ = A ₃ = A ₄ = Cesired L _{MTHS BASIN} = F = Desired L _{MTHS BASIN} = F = Post Development Runoff Coefficient = On-site Water Quality Volume = Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP = Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP = Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP = Impervious fraction of off-site area = Off-site Runoff Coefficient = Off-site Runoff Coefficient = Off-site Runoff Coefficient = Off-site Water Quality Volume = Storage for Sediment = Capture Volume (required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20)	Impervious area Pervious area TSS Load rem 7.789 4.490 3.30 4576 area 4461 0.97 basin / outfall a 3.00 0.40 3.4258 Calculations fr 0.00 0.00 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 0 6852 41110 ume(s) for the Designed as R NA 0.1	Irainage area a proposed i remaining in oved from thi acres acres acres lbs lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs.	in the BMP catchment at the BMP catchment ar s catchment area by the Calculations from RG Pages 3-36 to 3-37	area ea ne proposed Bl -348 -348 Pages 3-42 to	Pages 3-34		of 0.1	
. Calculate Fra . Calculate Ca . Calculate Ca be following s he values for	A ₁ = A _p = L _R = A _c = A ₁ = A _p = A _p = L _R = A _p = L _R = A _p = L _R = Construct the drainage basin / outfall Desired L _{MTHS BASIN} = F = Construct L _{MTHS BASIN} = F = Construct L _{MTHS BASIN} = F = Construct L _{MTHS BASIN} = Construct L _{MTHS BASIN} = Construct L _{MTHS BASIN} = Construct L _{MTHS BASIN} = Construct L _{MTHS BASIN} = Construct L _{MTHS BASIN} = Construct L _{MTHS BASIN} = Construct L _{MTH}	Impervious area Pervious area TSS Load rem 7.789 4.490 3.30 4576 area 4461 0.97 basin / outfall a 3.00 0.40 34258 Calculations fr 0.00 0.00 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 0 6852 41110 ume(s) for the Designed as R NA	Irainage area a proposed i remaining in oved from thi acres acres acres lbs lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs.	in the BMP catchment and the BMP catchment and the BMP catchment area by the second se	area ea ne proposed Bl -348 -348 Pages 3-42 to	Pages 3-34		of 0.1	
. Calculate Fra . Calculate Ca . Calculate Ca be following s he values for	A ₁ = A ₂ A ₂ = A ₃ = A ₄ = A ₅ = A ₁ = A ₂ = A ₁ = A ₂ = A ₁ = A ₂ = A ₂ = A ₂ = A ₂ = A ₂ = A ₂ = A ₃ = A ₂ = A ₃ = A ₄ = Cesired L _{MTHS BASIN} = F = Desired L _{MTHS BASIN} = F = Post Development Runoff Coefficient = On-site Water Quality Volume = Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP = Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP = Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP = Impervious fraction of off-site area = Off-site Runoff Coefficient = Off-site Runoff Coefficient = Off-site Runoff Coefficient = Off-site Water Quality Volume = Storage for Sediment = Capture Volume (required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20)	Impervious area Pervious area TSS Load rem 7.789 4.490 3.30 4576 area 4461 0.97 basin / outfall a 3.00 0.40 3.4258 Calculations fr 0.00 0.00 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 0 6852 41110 ume(s) for the Designed as R NA 0.1	Irainage area a proposed i remaining in oved from thi acres acres acres lbs lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs.	in the BMP catchment and the BMP catchment and the BMP catchment area by the second se	area ea ne proposed Bl -348 -348 Pages 3-42 to	Pages 3-34		of 0.1	
Calculate Fr.	A ₁ = A ₂ A ₂ = A ₃ = A ₄ = A ₅ = A ₁ = A ₂ = A ₁ = A ₂ = A ₁ = A ₂ = A ₂ = A ₂ = A ₂ = A ₂ = A ₂ = A ₃ = A ₂ = A ₃ = A ₄ = Cesired L _{MTHS BASIN} = F = Desired L _{MTHS BASIN} = F = Post Development Runoff Coefficient = On-site Water Quality Volume = Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP = Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP = Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP = Impervious fraction of off-site area = Off-site Runoff Coefficient = Off-site Runoff Coefficient = Off-site Runoff Coefficient = Off-site Water Quality Volume = Storage for Sediment = Capture Volume (required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20) = Sections are used to calculate the required mater quality volume(s) x 1.20)	Impervious area Pervious area TSS Load rem 7.789 4.490 3.30 4576 area 4461 0.97 basin / outfall a 3.00 0.40 34258 Calculations fr 0.00 0.00 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 0 6852 41110 ume(s) for the Designed as R NA 0.1 NA NA	Irainage area a proposed i remaining in oved from thi acres acres acres lbs lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs. rea. inches cubic feet cubic feet cubic feet selected BI Required in R0 cubic feet	in the BMP catchment and the BMP catchment and the BMP catchment area by the scatchment are	area ea ne proposed Bl -348 -348 Pages 3-42 to ermeability rat	Pages 3-34 Pages 3-34 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		of 0.1	
Calculate Fr.	A ₁ = A _P A ₂ = L _R = L _R = A ₂ = A ₂ = A ₂ = A ₁ = A ₂ = L _R = action of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall Desired L _{MTHSBASN} = F = action equired by the BMP Type for this drainage l = Post Development Runoff Coefficient = On-site Water Quality Volume = Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP = Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP = Off-site Runoff Coefficient = Off-site Runoff Coefficient = Off-site Runoff Coefficient = Off-site Water Quality Volume = Storage for Sediment = Storage for Sediment = Capture Volume (required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = bections are used to calculate the required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = bections are used to calculate the required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = bections are used to calculate the required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = bections are used to calculate the required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = bections are used to calculate the required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = bections are used to calculate the required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = bections are used to calculate the required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = bections are used to calculate the required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = bections are used to calculate the required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = bections are calculations: Soil infiltration/permeability rate = Irrigation Area Calculations: Soil infiltration/permeability rate = Irrigation area = I	Impervious area Pervious area TSS Load rem 7.789 4.490 3.30 4576 area 4461 0.97 basin / outfall a 3.00 0.40 34258 Calculations fr 0.00 0.40 34258 Calculations fr 0.00 0.00 0 0.00 0 0 6852 41110 ume(s) for the Designed as R NA 0.1 NA NA	Arainage area a proposed i remaining in oved from thi acres acres acres lbs lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs.	in the BMP catchment and the BMP catchment and the BMP catchment area by the scatchment are	area ea ne proposed Bl -348 -348 Pages 3-42 to	Pages 3-34 Pages 3-34 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
Calculate Fr.	A ₁ = A ₂ A ₂ = A ₂ A ₃ = A ₂ = A ₃ = A ₂ = C ₂ =	Impervious area Pervious area TSS Load rem 7.789 4.490 3.30 4576 area 4461 0.97 basin / outfall a 3.00 0.40 34258 Calculations fr 0.00 0.00 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 0 6852 41110 ume(s) for the Designed as R NA 0.1 NA NA	Irainage area a proposed i remaining in oved from thi acres acres acres lbs lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs. rea. inches cubic feet cubic feet cubic feet selected BI Required in R0 cubic feet	in the BMP catchment and the BMP catchment and the BMP catchment area by the scatchment are	area ea ne proposed Bl -348 -348 Pages 3-42 to ermeability rat	Pages 3-34 Pages 3-34 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		of 0.1	

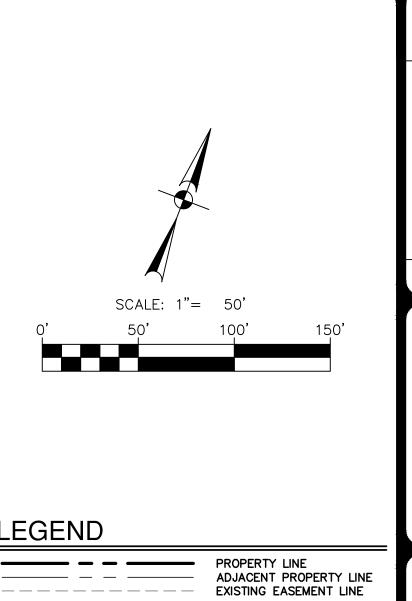
Westinghouse Flex - North							
Watershed	Watershed Area (acres)	Previously Approved Impervious Cover * (acres)	Proposed Impervious Cover (acres)	Total Impervious Cover (acres)	ВМР	Required TSS Removal @ 80% Removal (lbs/yr)	Required TS Removal @ 8 Removal (lbs/yr)
P1	7.789	0.000	4.490	4.490	Approved WQ Pond Basin A	3908	4157
P2	1.160	0.024	0.201	0.225	Overtreatment	175	186
P2A**	0.106	0.000	0.106	0.106	Engineered VFS	92	98
P3	0.031	0.026	0.002	0.028	Overtreatment	2	2
P5	0.056	0.020	0.032	0.052	Overtreatment	28	30
P6	0.076	0.033	0.040	0.073	Overtreatment	34	37
Total	9.218	0.1034	4.871	4.974	-	4239	4509

S DOCUMENT HAS BEEN PRODUCED FROM MATERIAL THAT WAS STORED AND/OR TRANSMITTED ELECTRONICALLY AND MAY HAVE BEEN INADVERTENTLY ALTERED. RELY ONLY ON FINAL HARDCOPY MATERIALS BEARING THE CONSULTANT'S ORIGINAL SIGNATURE AND SEAL.

**Watershed P2A is a subwatershed within P2

Water Quality Basin Summary							
Basin	Designed Capture Volume (cf)	Required Volume (cf)	Excess Volume Capacity (cf)				
A	41,201	41,110	91				





LEGEND

----- PROPOSED EASEMENT LINE ----- EXISTING CONTOUR LINE

AREA X.XX AC

> Kbu Kdr

S-1 ____ U D ----

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. THE LOCATIONS OF EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES ARE SHOWN IN AN APPROXIMATE WAY ONLY AND HAVE NOT BEEN INDEPENDENTLY VERIFIED BY THE OWNER OR ITS REPRESENTATIVE. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES BEFORE COMMENCING WORK, AND AGREES TO BE FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY AND AGREES TO BE FOLLT RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY AND ALL DAMAGES WHICH MIGHT BE ASSOCIATED BY THE CONTRACTOR'S FAILURE TO EXACTLY LOCATE AND PRESERVE ANY AND ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.
- 2. EXISTING CONTOUR INFORMATION SHOWN IS AT 1 FOOT INTERVALS. THE CONTOURS ARE FROM FIELD DATA COLLECTED AUGUST 2021.

	Westinghouse Flex - North - Water Quality Pond							
	Incremental Surface		Incremental	Cummulative				
(ft)	Area (SF)	Depth (ft)	Volume (ft ³	Volume (ft³)	Notes			
5	75.4634		0	0				
6	7590.52	1	3833	3833				
7	9260.33	1	8425	12258				
8	10681.83	1	9971	22229				
9	12162.83	1	11422	33652				
.60	13001.46	0.60	7549	41201	WQEL			
0	13560.54	0.40	5312	46514				
1	15081.22	1	14321	60834				

— TC FLOW LINE PROPOSED CONTOUR LINE

SHELLY MITCHE

103662

Shelly Mitchell

WS

PAPE-DAV ENGINEEI

07/08/2024

AS

) АL 454

200

EXISTING DRAINAGE FLOW ARROW PROPOSED DRAINAGE FLOW ARROW DRAINAGE AREA

EXISTING IMPERVIOUS COVER

BUDA FORMATION DEL RIO FORMATION

POTENTIAL RECHARGE FEATURE

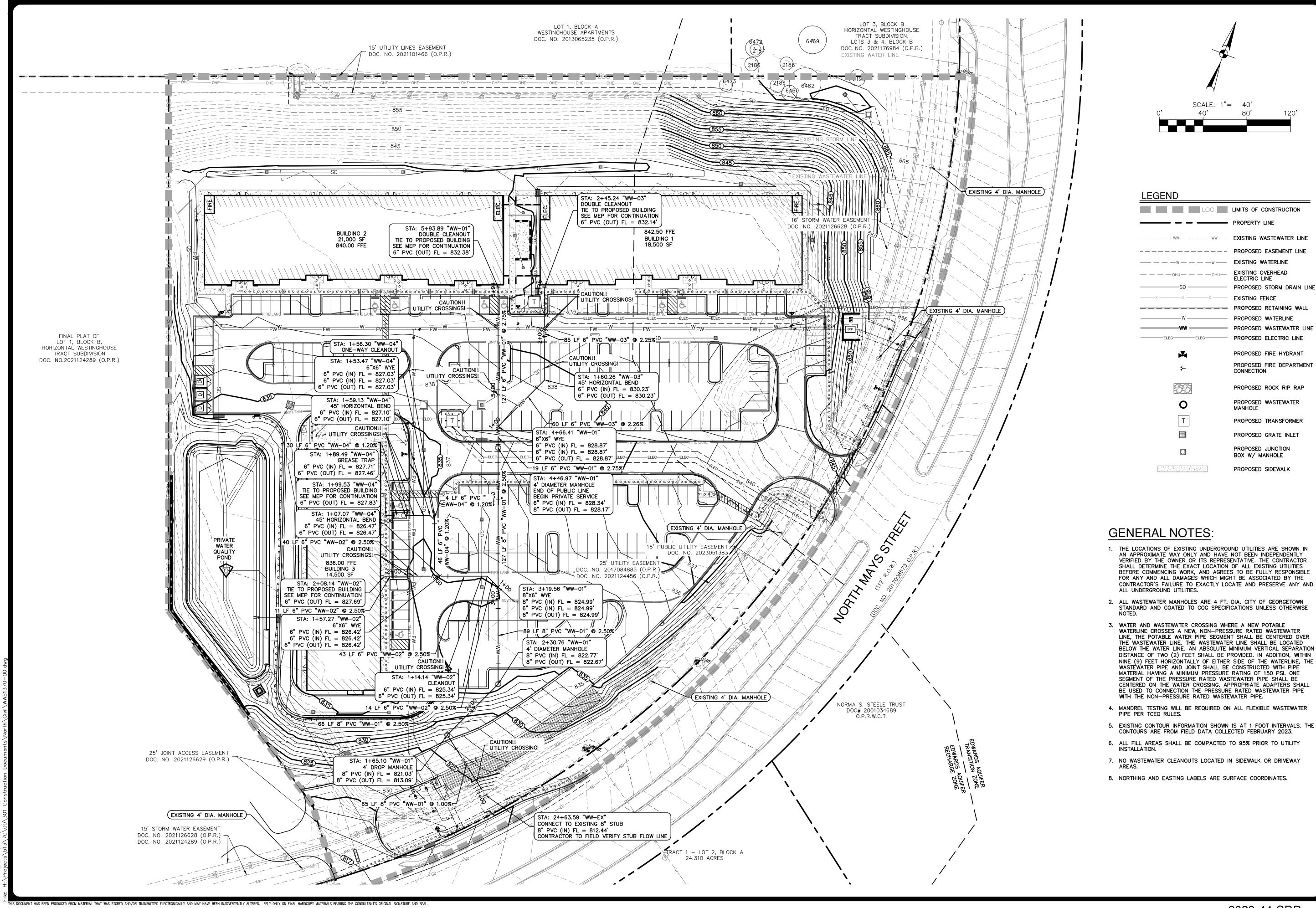
CONTACT, LOCATED APPROXIMATELY CONTACT, INFERRED

FAULT, LOCATED APPROXIMATELY (D, DOWNTHROWN SIDE; U, UPTHROWN SIDE)

FAULT, EXTRAPOLATED FAULT, INFERRED

2023-44-SDP

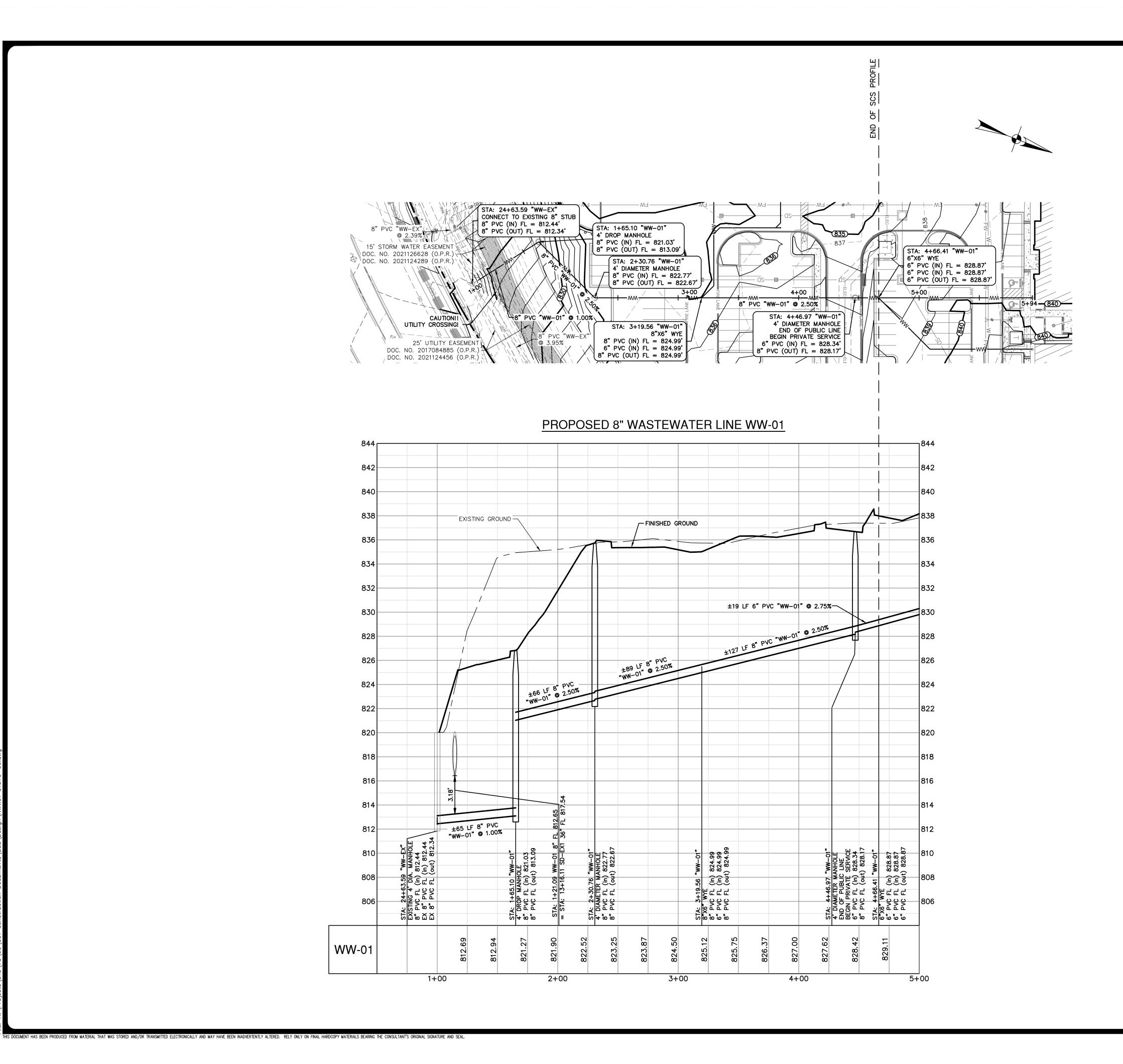
 \vdash ſ 0 Z 78626 \triangleleft ASIN Ш - AS Ш STINGHOUSE F N. MAYS STF GEORGETOWN, TE 1 XHIBIT Ш WPAP GEORGE Ś Щ М JOB NO. 51370-00 DATE JULY 2024 DESIGNER ASB CHECKED DRAWN JM ■_{SHEET} <u>10</u>F1



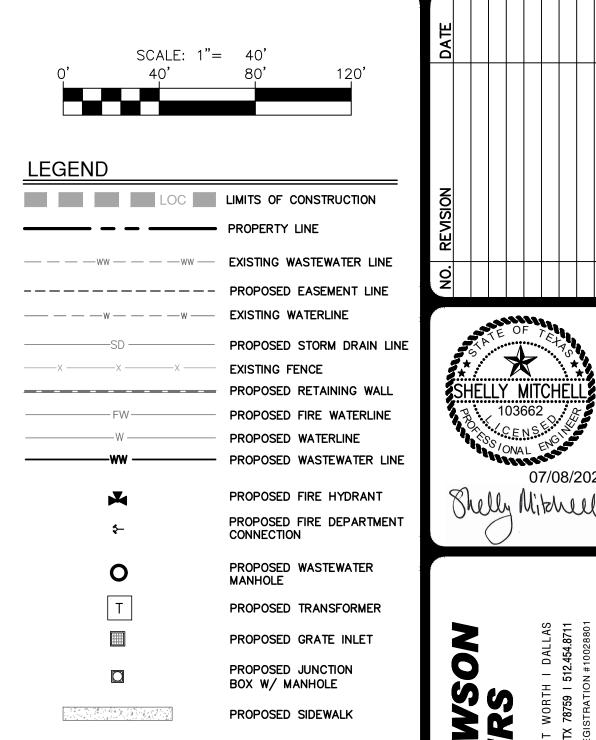
- VERIFIED BY THE OWNER OR ITS REPRESENTATIVE. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES BEFORE COMMENCING WORK, AND AGREES TO BE FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY AND ALL DAMAGES WHICH MIGHT BE ASSOCIATED BY THE CONTRACTOR'S FAILURE TO EXACTLY LOCATE AND PRESERVE ANY AND ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.
- 2. ALL WASTEWATER MANHOLES ARE 4 FT. DIA. CITY OF GEORGETOWN STANDARD AND COATED TO COG SPECIFICATIONS UNLESS OTHERWISE
- WATERLINE CROSSES A NEW, NON-PRESSURE RATED WASTEWATER LINE, THE POTABLE WATER PIPE SEGMENT SHALL BE CENTERED OVER THE WASTEWATER LINE. THE WASTEWATER LINE SHALL BE LOCATED BELOW THE WATER LINE. AN ABSOLUTE MINIMUM VERTICAL SEPARATION DISTANCE OF TWO (2) FEET SHALL BE PROVIDED. IN ADDITION, WITHIN NINE (9) FEET HORIZONTALLY OF EITHER SIDE OF THE WATERLINE, THE WASTEWATER PIPE AND JOINT SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED WITH PIPE MATERIAL HAVING A MINIMUM PRESSURE RATING OF 150 PSI. ONE SEGMENT OF THE PRESSURE RATED WASTEWATER PIPE SHALL BE CENTERED ON THE WATER CROSSING. APPROPRIATE ADAPTERS SHALL BE USED TO CONNECTION THE PRESSURE RATED WASTEWATER PIPE
- 5. EXISTING CONTOUR INFORMATION SHOWN IS AT 1 FOOT INTERVALS. THE
- 6. ALL FILL AREAS SHALL BE COMPACTED TO 95% PRIOR TO UTILITY
- 7. NO WASTEWATER CLEANOUTS LOCATED IN SIDEWALK OR DRIVEWAY



2023-44-SDP



te: Jul 01, 2024, 9:07pm User ID: mwalls =• H:\Proiects\513\70\00\301 Construction Documents\SCS\Design\NWW01 51370-00



GENERAL NOTES:

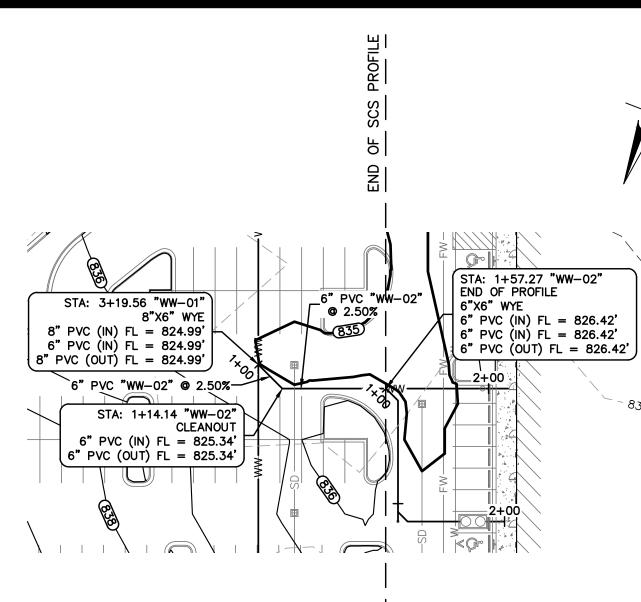
- 1. THE LOCATIONS OF EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES ARE SHOWN IN AN APPROXIMATE WAY ONLY AND HAVE NOT BEEN INDEPENDENTLY VERIFIED BY THE OWNER OR ITS REPRESENTATIVE. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES BEFORE COMMENCING WORK, AND AGREES TO BE FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY AND ALL DAMAGES WHICH MIGHT BE ASSOCIATED BY THE CONTRACTOR'S FAILURE TO EXACTLY LOCATE AND PRESERVE ANY AND ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.
- 2. ALL WASTEWATER MANHOLES ARE 4 FT. DIA. CITY OF GEORGETOWN STANDARD AND COATED TO COG SPECIFICATIONS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 3. WATER AND WASTEWATER CROSSING WHERE A NEW POTABLE WATERLINE CROSSES A NEW, NON-PRESSURE RATED WASTEWATER LINE, THE POTABLE WATER PIPE SEGMENT SHALL BE CENTERED OVER THE WASTEWATER LINE. THE WASTEWATER LINE SHALL BE LOCATED BELOW THE WATER LINE. AN ABSOLUTE MINIMUM VERTICAL SEPARATION DISTANCE OF TWO (2) FEET SHALL BE PROVIDED. IN ADDITION, WITHIN NINE (9) FEET HORIZONTALLY OF EITHER SIDE OF THE WATERLINE, THE WASTEWATER PIPE AND JOINT SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED WITH PIPE MATERIAL HAVING A MINIMUM PRESSURE RATING OF 150 PSI. ONE SEGMENT OF THE PRESSURE RATED WASTEWATER PIPE SHALL BE CENTERED ON THE WATER CROSSING. APPROPRIATE ADAPTERS SHALL BE USED TO CONNECTION THE PRESSURE RATED WASTEWATER PIPE WITH THE NON-PRESSURE RATED WASTEWATER PIPE.
- 4. MANDREL TESTING WILL BE REQUIRED ON ALL FLEXIBLE WASTEWATER PIPE PER TCEQ RULES.
- 5. ALL PIPE MATERIAL TO BE SDR 26, WITH TRACER TAPE, SERVICES INCLUDED, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 6. EXISTING CONTOUR INFORMATION SHOWN IS AT 1 FOOT INTERVALS. THE CONTOURS ARE FROM FIELD DATA COLLECTED FEBRUARY 2023.
- ALL FILL AREAS SHALL BE COMPACTED TO 95% PRIOR TO UTILITY INSTALLATION.
- 8. NO WASTEWATER CLEANOUTS LOCATED IN SIDEWALK OR DRIVEWAY AREAS.
- 9. NORTHING AND EASTING LABELS ARE SURFACE COORDINATES.

PROFILE SCALES:
1" = 40' HORIZONTAL
1" = 4' VERTICAL
PROFILE LEGEND:
NATURAL GROUND
SUBGRADE
FINISHED GRADE
PROPOSED WASTEWATER
PRESSURE PIPE STEEL ENCASEMENT WITH SEE NOTE THIS SPACERS SEE CONSTRUCTION
SHEET. DETAILS

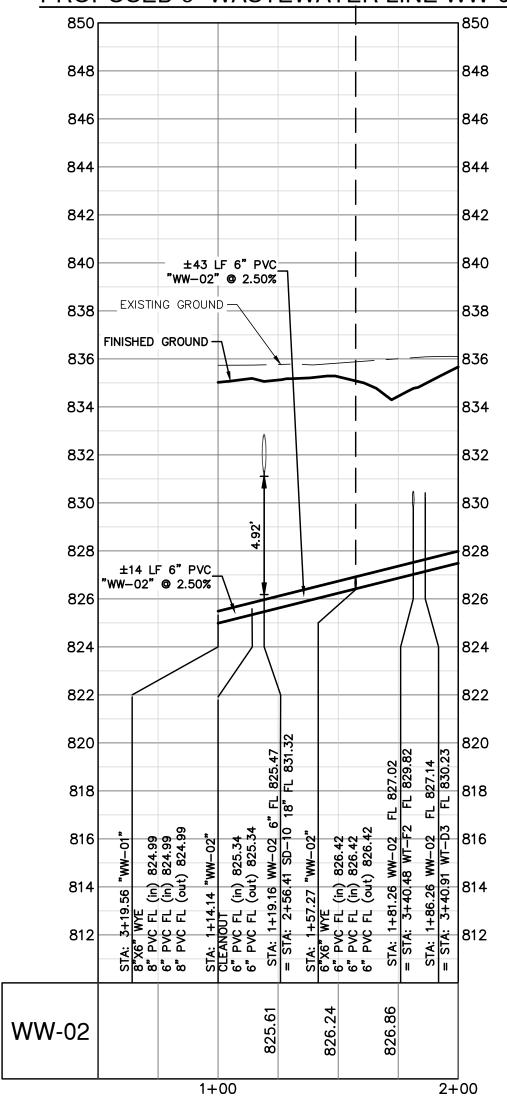
NO. REVISION		
		E+7 HELL S N 108/2024 MUL
I PAPE-DAWSON	ALISTIN I SAN ANTANIA I PALISTAN I FARE WARTH I PALIAS	
WESTINGHOUSE FLEX NORTH	N. MAYS STREET GEORGETOWN, TEXAS 78626	SCS WASTEWATER PLAN & PROFILE
DATE DESIGNE	5137 JULY_2 	024 \SB

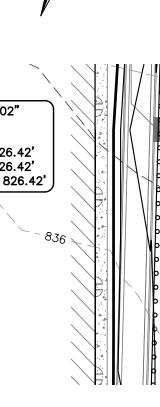
ate: Jul 01, 2024, 9:08pm User ID: mwalls ile: H:\Proiects\513\70\00\301 Construction Documents\SCS\Desian\NWW02 51370-C

HIS DOCUMENT HAS BEEN PRODUCED FROM MATERIAL THAT WAS STORED AND/OR TRANSMITTED ELECTRONICALLY AND MAY HAVE BEEN INADVERTENTLY ALTERED. RELY ONLY ON FINAL HARDCOPY MATERIALS BEARING THE CONSULTANT'S ORIGINAL SIGNATURE AND SEAL.



PROPOSED 6" WASTEWATER LINE WW-02





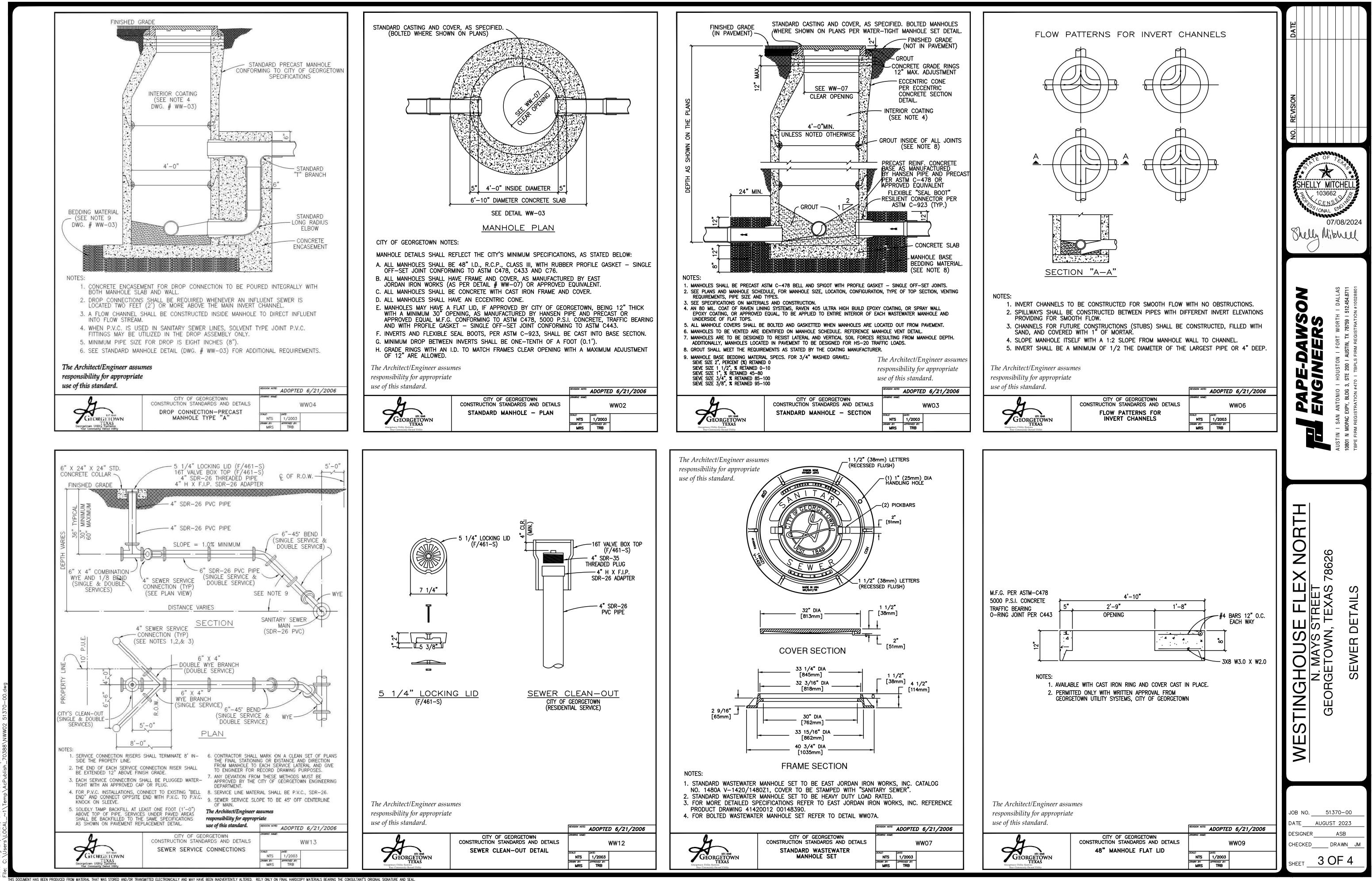
SCALE: 1"= 0' 40'	40' 80' 120'	DATE
LEGEND		
LOC	LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION	<u>N</u>
	PROPERTY LINE	REVISION
wwwwww	EXISTING WASTEWATER LINE	NO. RI
	PROPOSED EASEMENT LINE	ž
wwww	EXISTING WATERLINE	
SD	PROPOSED STORM DRAIN LINE	
XXX	EXISTING FENCE	
	PROPOSED RETAINING WALL	
	PROPOSED FIRE WATERLINE	
W	PROPOSED WATERLINE	
	PROPOSED WASTEWATER LINE	
×	PROPOSED FIRE HYDRANT	8
\$-	PROPOSED FIRE DEPARTMENT CONNECTION	Ì
0	PROPOSED WASTEWATER	
Т	PROPOSED TRANSFORMER	
	PROPOSED GRATE INLET	
	PROPOSED JUNCTION BOX W/ MANHOLE	
	PROPOSED SIDEWALK	

GENERAL NOTES:

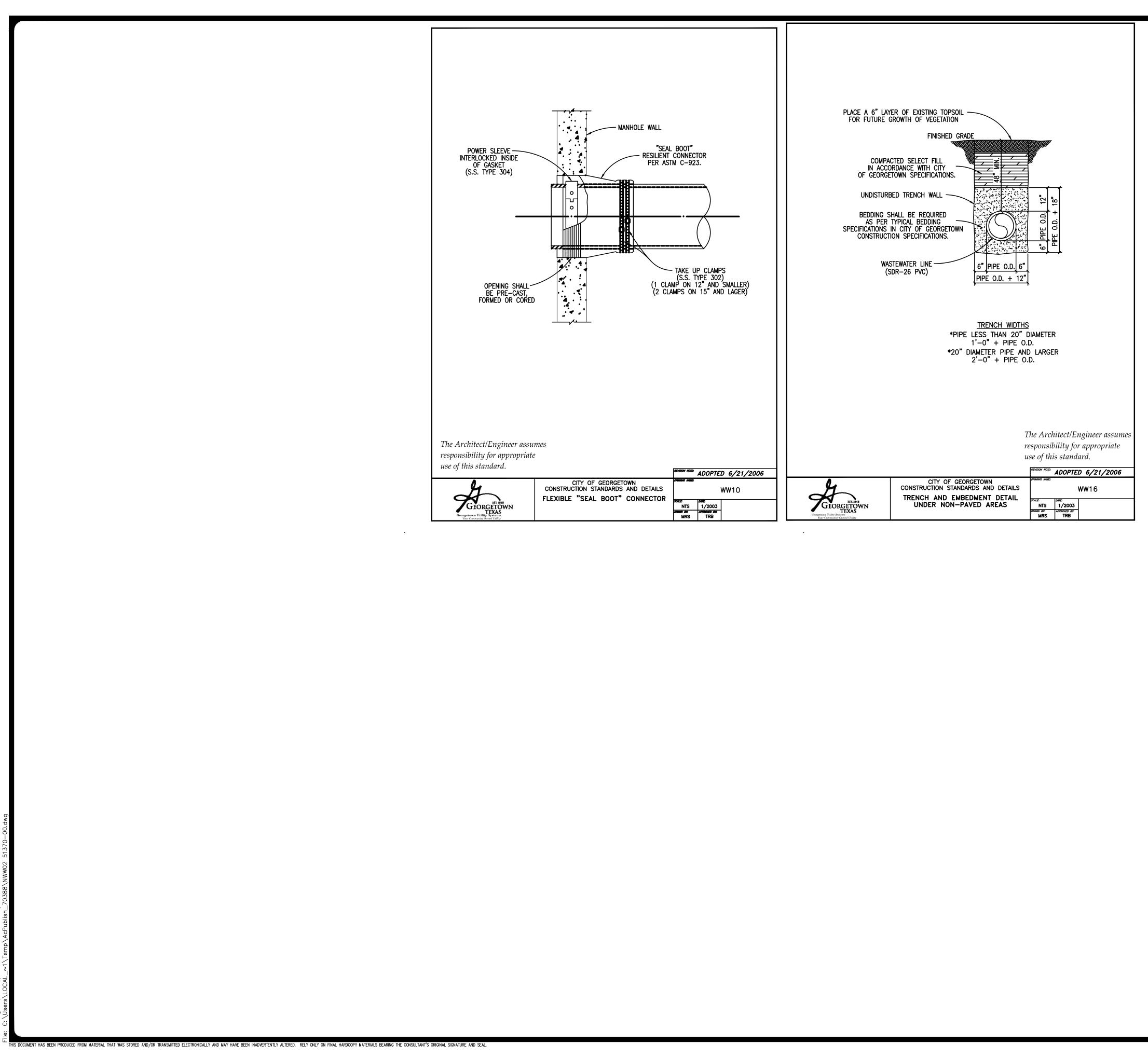
- 1. THE LOCATIONS OF EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES ARE SHOWN IN AN APPROXIMATE WAY ONLY AND HAVE NOT BEEN INDEPENDENTLY VERIFIED BY THE OWNER OR ITS REPRESENTATIVE. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES BEFORE COMMENCING WORK, AND AGREES TO BE FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY AND ALL DAMAGES WHICH MIGHT BE ASSOCIATED BY THE CONTRACTOR'S FAILURE TO EXACTLY LOCATE AND PRESERVE ANY AND ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.
- 2. ALL WASTEWATER MANHOLES ARE 4 FT. DIA. CITY OF GEORGETOWN STANDARD AND COATED TO COG SPECIFICATIONS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 3. WATER AND WASTEWATER CROSSING WHERE A NEW POTABLE WATERLINE CROSSES A NEW, NON-PRESSURE RATED WASTEWATER LINE, THE POTABLE WATER PIPE SEGMENT SHALL BE CENTERED OVER THE WASTEWATER LINE. THE WASTEWATER LINE SHALL BE LOCATED BELOW THE WATER LINE. AN ABSOLUTE MINIMUM VERTICAL SEPARATION DISTANCE OF TWO (2) FEET SHALL BE PROVIDED. IN ADDITION, WITHIN NINE (9) FEET HORIZONTALLY OF EITHER SIDE OF THE WATERLINE, THE WASTEWATER PIPE AND JOINT SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED WITH PIPE MATERIAL HAVING A MINIMUM PRESSURE RATING OF 150 PSI. ONE SEGMENT OF THE PRESSURE RATED WASTEWATER PIPE SHALL BE CENTERED ON THE WATER CROSSING. APPROPRIATE ADAPTERS SHALL BE USED TO CONNECTION THE PRESSURE RATED WASTEWATER PIPE WITH THE NON-PRESSURE RATED WASTEWATER PIPE.
- 4. MANDREL TESTING WILL BE REQUIRED ON ALL FLEXIBLE WASTEWATER PIPE PER TCEQ RULES.
- 5. ALL PIPE MATERIAL TO BE SDR 26, WITH TRACER TAPE, SERVICES INCLUDED, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 6. EXISTING CONTOUR INFORMATION SHOWN IS AT 1 FOOT INTERVALS. THE CONTOURS ARE FROM FIELD DATA COLLECTED FEBRUARY 2023.
- ALL FILL AREAS SHALL BE COMPACTED TO 95% PRIOR TO UTILITY INSTALLATION.
- 8. NO WASTEWATER CLEANOUTS LOCATED IN SIDEWALK OR DRIVEWAY
- AREAS. 9. NORTHING AND EASTING LABELS ARE SURFACE COORDINATES.

PROFILE SCALES:
1" = 40' HORIZONTAL
1'' = 4' VERTICAL
PROFILE LEGEND:
NATURAL GROUND
<u>SUBGRADE</u>
FINISHED GRADE
PROPOSED WASTEWATER
PRESSURE PIPE STEEL ENCASEMENT WITH SEE NOTE THIS SPACERS SEE CONSTRUCTION SHEET. DETAILS

DATE DESIC CHEC	WESTINGHOLISE FLEX NORTH		No.	NO. REVISION	DATE
 GNER KED	N MAYS STRFFT				
5137 JULY 2 DR 2 0	GEORGETOWN, TEXAS 78626				
2024 ASB AWN_		AUSTIN I SAN ANTONIO I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 10801 N MOPAC EXPV, BLDG 3, STE 200 I AUSTIN, TX 78759 I 512.454.8711			
JM	SCS WASTEWATER PLAN & PROFILE	TBPE FIRM REGISTRATION #470 I TBPLS FIRM REGISTRATION #10028801	2024 U		



2023-44-SDP



 8" COMPACTED FLEXIBLE TYPE I PER CITY OF GEORG CONTRUCTION SPECIFICATI COMPACTED SE IN ACCORDANCE OF GEORGETOWN SI UNDISTUI BEDDING AS PER SPECIFICATIONS CONSTRUC NOTES: 1. REPLACED BASE MATERIAL 2. BASE MATERIAL SHALL BE THOROUGHLY ROLLED OR 3. ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEN 4. SURFACE MATERIAL WILL E 5. DENSITY TESTS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICAT 	ETOWN ONS. 12" 12" 12" 12" 12" 12" 12" 12"	(NESS OF THE O EED 6". EACH L WED. ACE. OF GEORGETOWN	ORIGINAL BASE. AYER SHALL BE	DATE No. REVISION DATE I FORT WORTH I DALLAS I FORT WORTH I DALLAS No. REVISION DATE I FORT WORTH I DALLAS OLOSOBOL I FORT WORTH I DALLAS No. REVISION DATE I FORT WORTH I DALLAS OLOSOBOL I FORT WORTH I DALLAS NO. REVISION DATE I FORT WORTH I DALLAS AUSTIN, TX 78759 I 512.454.8711 FIRM REGISTRATION #10028801 I FORT WORTH I DALLAS I FORT WORTH I DALLAS
	1	The Architect/E responsibility fo use of this stand REVISION NOTE: ADOPTE ORWING NUME:	ngineer assumes r appropriate	A CONTRACTION HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I TOBOT N MOPAG EXPY, BLDG 3, STE 200 I AUSTIN, TX 78759 I 512 TBPE FIRM REGISTRATION #470 I TBPLS FIRM REGISTRATION #
BEDDING SHAL AS PER TYP SPECIFICATIONS IN (CONSTRUCTION WASTEV (SDR- (SDR- 1. DENSITY TESTS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICA 2. CONTRACTOR OR ENGINEE	T FILL TH CITY IFICATIONS. TRENCH WALL L BE REQUIRED ICAL BEDDING CAL BEDDIN	OF GEORGETOW		WESTINGHOUSE FLEX NORTH N. MAYS STREET GEORGETOWN, TEXAS 78626 SEWER DETAILS
IST: 1848 Stering S	1	responsibility fo use of this stand REVISION NOTE: ADOPTE ORNING NUME:		JOB NO. <u>51370-00</u> DATE <u>AUGUST 2023</u> DESIGNER <u>ASB</u> CHECKED DRAWN JM SHEET <u>4 OF 4</u>

2023-44-SDP