HIGHWAY 195 BUSINESS PARK

Modification of a Previously Approved Water Pollution Abatement Plan

April 2025

Prepared For:

Highway 195 Business Park Owner, LP 1717 West 6th Street, Suite 400 Austin, Texas 78703

Prepared By:

2P Consultants, LLC 203 E. Main Street, Suite 204 Round Rock, Texas 78664



4/7/2025 Addison Skrla Project Manager





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Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page

Our Review of Your Application

The Edwards Aquifer Program staff conducts an administrative and technical review of all applications. The turnaround time for administrative review can be up to 30 days as outlined in 30 TAC 213.4(e). Generally administrative completeness is determined during the intake meeting or within a few days of receipt. The turnaround time for technical review of an administratively complete Edwards Aquifer application is 90 days as outlined in 30 TAC 213.4(e). Please know that the review and approval time is directly impacted by the quality and completeness of the initial application that is received. In order to conduct a timely review, it is imperative that the information provided in an Edwards Aquifer application include final plans, be accurate, complete, and in compliance with 30 TAC 213.

Administrative Review

- 1. <u>Edwards Aquifer applications</u> must be deemed administratively complete before a technical review can begin. To be considered administratively complete, the application must contain completed forms and attachments, provide the requested information, and meet all the site plan requirements. The submitted application and plan sheets should be final plans. Please submit one full-size set of plan sheets with the original application, and half-size sets with the additional copies.
 - To ensure that all applicable documents are included in the application, the program has developed tools to guide you and web pages to provide all forms, checklists, and guidance. Please visit the below website for assistance: http://www.tceq.texas.gov/field/eapp.
- 2. This Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page form (certified by the applicant or agent) must be included in the application and brought to the administrative review meeting.
- 3. Administrative reviews are scheduled with program staff who will conduct the review. Applicants or their authorized agent should call the appropriate regional office, according to the county in which the project is located, to schedule a review. The average meeting time is one hour.
- 4. In the meeting, the application is examined for administrative completeness. Deficiencies will be noted by staff and emailed or faxed to the applicant and authorized agent at the end of the meeting, or shortly after. Administrative deficiencies will cause the application to be deemed incomplete and returned.
 - An appointment should be made to resubmit the application. The application is re-examined to ensure all deficiencies are resolved. The application will only be deemed administratively complete when all administrative deficiencies are addressed.
- 5. If an application is received by mail, courier service, or otherwise submitted without a review meeting, the administrative review will be conducted within 30 days. The applicant and agent will be contacted with the results of the administrative review. If the application is found to be administratively incomplete, it can be retrieved from the regional office or returned by regular mail. If returned by mail, the regional office may require arrangements for return shipping.
- 6. If the geologic assessment was completed before October 1, 2004 and the site contains "possibly sensitive" features, the assessment must be updated in accordance with the *Instructions to Geologists* (TCEQ-0585 Instructions).

Technical Review

- 1. When an application is deemed administratively complete, the technical review period begins. The regional office will distribute copies of the application to the identified affected city, county, and groundwater conservation district whose jurisdiction includes the subject site. These entities and the public have 30 days to provide comments on the application to the regional office. All comments received are reviewed by TCEQ.
- 2. A site assessment is usually conducted as part of the technical review, to evaluate the geologic assessment and observe existing site conditions. The site must be accessible to our staff. The site boundaries should be

- clearly marked, features identified in the geologic assessment should be flagged, roadways marked and the alignment of the Sewage Collection System and manholes should be staked at the time the application is submitted. If the site is not marked the application may be returned.
- 3. We evaluate the application for technical completeness and contact the applicant and agent via Notice of Deficiency (NOD) to request additional information and identify technical deficiencies. There are two deficiency response periods available to the applicant. There are 14 days to resolve deficiencies noted in the first NOD. If a second NOD is issued, there is an additional 14 days to resolve deficiencies. If the response to the second notice is not received, is incomplete or inadequate, or provides new information that is incomplete or inadequate, the application must be withdrawn or will be denied. Please note that because the technical review is underway, whether the application is withdrawn or denied **the application fee will be forfeited**.
- 4. The program has 90 calendar days to complete the technical review of the application. If the application is technically adequate, such that it complies with the Edwards Aquifer rules, and is protective of the Edwards Aquifer during and after construction, an approval letter will be issued. Construction or other regulated activity may not begin until an approval is issued.

Mid-Review Modifications

It is important to have final site plans prior to beginning the permitting process with TCEQ to avoid delays.

Occasionally, circumstances arise where you may have significant design and/or site plan changes after your Edwards Aquifer application has been deemed administratively complete by TCEQ. This is considered a "Mid-Review Modification". Mid-Review Modifications may require redistribution of an application that includes the proposed modifications for public comment.

If you are proposing a Mid-Review Modification, two options are available:

- If the technical review has begun your application can be denied/withdrawn, your fees will be forfeited, and the plan will have to be resubmitted.
- TCEQ can continue the technical review of the application as it was submitted, and a modification application can be submitted at a later time.

If the application is denied/withdrawn, the resubmitted application will be subject to the administrative and technical review processes and will be treated as a new application. The application will be redistributed to the affected jurisdictions.

Please contact the regional office if you have questions. If your project is located in Williamson, Travis, or Hays County, contact TCEQ's Austin Regional Office at 512-339-2929. If your project is in Comal, Bexar, Medina, Uvalde, or Kinney County, contact TCEQ's San Antonio Regional Office at 210-490-3096

Please fill out all required fields below and submit with your application.

1. Regulated Entity Name: Highway 195 Business Park				2. Regulated Entity No.: N/A					
3. Customer Name: Highway 195 Br Owner, LP			Business Park		4. Customer No.: N/A				
5. Project Type: (Please circle/check one)	New	New Modification			Extension		Exception		
6. Plan Type: (Please circle/check one)	WPAP CZP SCS UST AST		EXP	EXT	Technical Clarification	Optional Enhanced Measures			
7. Land Use: (Please circle/check one)	Resider	ntial	Non-r	Non-residential			8. Sit	e (acres):	24.427
9. Application Fee:	\$6,500		10. P	10. Permanent B			s):	Batch Detention & Bioretention Ponds	
11. SCS (Linear Ft.):	N/A		12. AST/UST (No			o. Tanks):		N/A	
13. County: Williamson 14. Watershed:				hed:			Berry Creek		

Application Distribution

Instructions: Use the table below to determine the number of applications required. One original and one copy of the application, plus additional copies (as needed) for each affected incorporated city, county, and groundwater conservation district are required. Linear projects or large projects, which cross into multiple jurisdictions, can require additional copies. Refer to the "Texas Groundwater Conservation Districts within the EAPP Boundaries" map found at:

http://www.tceq.texas.gov/assets/public/compliance/field_ops/eapp/EAPP%2oGWCD%2omap.pdf

For more detailed boundaries, please contact the conservation district directly.

Austin Region					
County:	Hays	Travis	Williamson		
Original (1 req.)	_	_	_1_		
Region (1 req.)	_	_	1_		
County(ies)	_	_	1_		
Groundwater Conservation District(s)	Edwards Aquifer AuthorityBarton Springs/ Edwards AquiferHays TrinityPlum Creek	Barton Springs/ Edwards Aquifer	NA		
City(ies) Jurisdiction	AustinBudaDripping SpringsKyleMountain CitySan MarcosWimberleyWoodcreek	AustinBee CavePflugervilleRollingwoodRound RockSunset ValleyWest Lake Hills	AustinCedar ParkFlorence _1_GeorgetownJerrellLeanderLiberty HillPflugervilleRound Rock		

San Antonio Region								
County:	Medina	Uvalde						
Original (1 req.)	_		_	_	_			
Region (1 req.)	_				_			
County(ies)			_					
Groundwater Conservation District(s)	Edwards Aquifer Authority Trinity-Glen Rose	Edwards Aquifer Authority	Kinney	EAA Medina	EAA Uvalde			
City(ies) Jurisdiction	Castle HillsFair Oaks RanchHelotesHill Country VillageHollywood ParkSan Antonio (SAWS)Shavano Park	BulverdeFair Oaks RanchGarden RidgeNew BraunfelsSchertz	NA	San Antonio ETJ (SAWS)	NA			

I certify that to the best of my knowledge, that the application is complete and accurate. This application is hereby submitted to TCEQ for administrative review and technical review.				
Addison Skrla, PE				
Print Name of Customer/Authorized Agent				
Addison Ska	04-01-2025			
Signature of Customer/Authorized Agent	Date			

FOR TCEQ INTERNAL USE ONLY						
Date(s)Reviewed: Date Administratively Complete:						
Received From:		Correct Number of Copies:				
Received By:		Distribution Date:				
EAPP File Number:		Complex	:			
Admin. Review(s) (No.):		No. AR Rounds:				
Delinquent Fees (Y/N):		Review Time Spent:				
Lat./Long. Verified:	ified: SOS Customer Verification:		tomer Verification:			
Agent Authorization Complete/Notarized (Y/N):		Fee	Payable to TCEQ (Y/N):			
Core Data Form Complete (Y/N):		Check:	Signed (Y/N):			
Core Data Form Incomplete Nos.:		Less than 90 days old (Y/N):				

General Information Form (TCEQ-0587)

General Information Form

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

For Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge and Transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.4(b) & §213.5(b)(2)(A), (B) Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **General Information Form** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review. The application was prepared by:

Pri	nt Name of Customer/Agent: <u>Addison Skrla, PE</u>
Dat	te: <u>04-02-2025</u>
Sig	nature of Customer/Agent:
	Addison Skl
Pi	roject Information
1.	Regulated Entity Name: Highway 195 Business Park
2.	County: Williamson
3.	Stream Basin: San Gabriel River
4.	Groundwater Conservation District (If applicable): N/A
5.	Edwards Aquifer Zone:
	Recharge Zone Transition Zone
6.	Plan Type:
	WPAPSCS✓ UST✓ Modification✓ Exception Request

7.	Customer (Applicant):	
	Contact Person: Michael Murphy Entity: Highway 195 Business Park Mailing Address: 1717 West 6 th Street, Suite 400 City, State: Austin, TX Telephone: (512)684-3702 Email Address: murphy@aquilacommercial.com	Zip: <u>78703</u> FAX:
8.	Agent/Representative (If any):	
	Contact Person: Addison Skrla Entity: 2P Consultants, LLC. Mailing Address: 203 E. Main St., Suite 204 City, State: Round Rock, TX Telephone: (512) 344-9664 Email Address: askrla@2pconsultants.com	Zip: <u>78664</u> FAX:
9.	Project Location:	
	 ☐ The project site is located inside the city limits ☐ The project site is located outside the city limit jurisdiction) of Georgetown. ☐ The project site is not located within any city's 	s but inside the ETJ (extra-territorial
10.	The location of the project site is described bel detail and clarity so that the TCEQ's Regional suboundaries for a field investigation.	
	Located on State Highway 195, east of the inte Sun City Blvd, in Georgetown, Texas 78633	
11.	Attachment A – Road Map. A road map show project site is attached. The project location are the map.	_
12.	Attachment B - USGS / Edwards Recharge Zon USGS Quadrangle Map (Scale: 1" = 2000') of th The map(s) clearly show:	
	 ☑ Project site boundaries. ☑ USGS Quadrangle Name(s). ☑ Boundaries of the Recharge Zone (and Trangle) ☑ Drainage path from the project site to the Identical Section (and Trangle) 	
13.	The TCEQ must be able to inspect the project Sufficient survey staking is provided on the protect the boundaries and alignment of the regulated features noted in the Geologic Assessment.	ject to allow TCEQ regional staff to locate

\boxtimes Survey staking will be completed by this date: <u>TBD</u>
14. Attachment C – Project Description. Attached at the end of this form is a detailed narrative description of the proposed project. The project description is consistent throughout the application and contains, at a minimum, the following details:
 ✓ Area of the site ✓ Offsite areas ✓ Impervious cover ✓ Permanent BMP(s) ✓ Proposed site use ✓ Site history ✓ Previous development ✓ Area(s) to be demolished
15. Existing project site conditions are noted below:
 Existing commercial site Existing industrial site Existing residential site Existing paved and/or unpaved roads Undeveloped (Cleared) Undeveloped (Undisturbed/Uncleared) Other:
Prohibited Activities
16. I am aware that the following activities are prohibited on the Recharge Zone and are not proposed for this project:
 Waste disposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 of this title (relating to Underground Injection Control);
(2) New feedlot/concentrated animal feeding operations, as defined in 30 TAC §213.3;
(3) Land disposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC §335.1;
(4) The use of sewage holding tanks as parts of organized collection systems; and
(5) New municipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I standards which are defined in §330.41(b), (c), and (d) of this title (relating to Types of Municipal Solid Waste Facilities).
(6) New municipal and industrial wastewater discharges into or adjacent to water in the state that would create additional pollutant loading.
17. I am aware that the following activities are prohibited on the Transition Zone and are not proposed for this project:

(1) Waste disposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 (relating to Underground

Injection Control);

- (2) Land disposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC §335.1; and
- (3) New municipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I standards which are defined in §330.41 (b), (c), and (d) of this title.

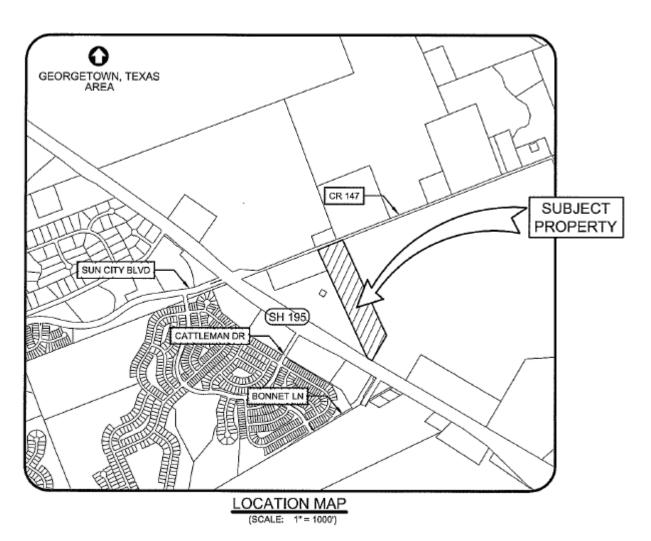
Administrative Information

18. The	e fee for the plan(s) is based on:
	For a Water Pollution Abatement Plan or Modification, the total acreage of the site where regulated activities will occur. For an Organized Sewage Collection System Plan or Modification, the total linear footage of all collection system lines. For a UST Facility Plan or Modification or an AST Facility Plan or Modification, the total number of tanks or piping systems. A request for an exception to any substantive portion of the regulations related to the protection of water quality. A request for an extension to a previously approved plan.
19. 🔀	Application fees are due and payable at the time the application is filed. If the correct fee is not submitted, the TCEQ is not required to consider the application until the correct fee is submitted. Both the fee and the Edwards Aquifer Fee Form have been sent to the Commission's:
	 ☐ TCEQ cashier ☐ Austin Regional Office (for projects in Hays, Travis, and Williamson Counties) ☐ San Antonio Regional Office (for projects in Bexar, Comal, Kinney, Medina, and Uvalde Counties)
20. 🔀	Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
21. 🔀	No person shall commence any regulated activity until the Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan(s) for the activity has been filed with and approved by the Executive Director.

Attachment 1A Road Map



Attachment 1A – Road Map

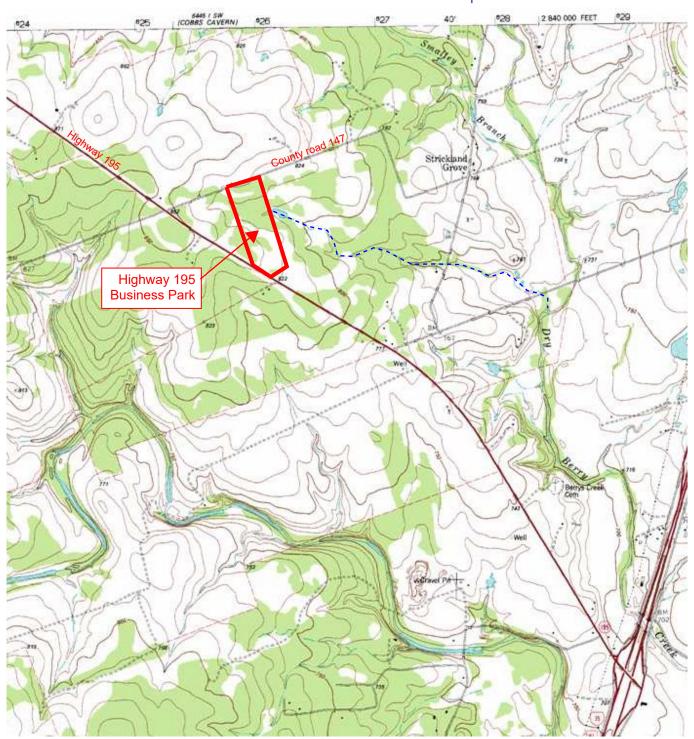


(CITY OF GEORGETOWN)

Attachment 1B USGS Map



Attachment 1B – USGS Map



Site Address: 3000 SH 195, Georgetown, Texas 78633

<u>USGS Quadrangle Name:</u> Georgetown, Texas-Williamson County (No. 30097-F6)

Attachment 1C Project Description



2P CONSULTANTS, LLC 203 E. Main Street, Suite 204 Round Rock, Texas 78664 512-344-9664 TBPE FIRM #F-19351

Attachment 1C – Project Description

The proposed Highway 195 Business Park is located at the newly established address of 3000 SH 195, which is approximately 1,600 feet east of the intersection of State Highway 195 and County Road 147 (Sun City Blvd), in Georgetown, Texas 78633. The site is comprised of a single lot of 24.43 acres in Williamson County, within the ETJ of Georgetown. Legal description for this property; 24.427 Acres situated in the Burrell Eaves Survey, Abstract No. 216.

The existing site is an undeveloped lot without established access from either SH 195 or CR 147. The properties generally to the north (across CR 147) consist of large farmed plots with individual homes; to the west, a large single-family home on a mostly undeveloped plot bordered by SH 195 along its west property line; to the east is the Martin Marietta – North Austin Quarry; to the south, SH 195 and an undeveloped plot. The site is lightly forested with ground surface consisting of brush, weed and grasses in good condition. No impervious cover exists within the proposed property boundary.

The NRCS Soils Map (2021) for the area shows Denton silty clay (DnB) generally corresponding to the northern ¼ of the property and the offsite area to the north, and Eckrant cobbly clay (EaD) for the southern ¾ of the property and the property to the west. Both silty and cobbly clay soils are defined as hydrologic soil group D.

The proposed improvements consist of constructing five - 40,500 square foot warehouse buildings and one - 20,800 square foot commercial building (totaling 223,600 sf building footprint) and the corresponding parking, drive aisles, utilities and stormwater facilities. Significant areas to the south and west of the subject property contribute stormwater runoff to and through the site to the neighboring property to the east. Drainage channels are proposed to collect and convey offsite runoff through the site.

The majority of the property drains toward an undefined channel in the northern ¼ portion of the property, outflowing to the neighboring quarry to the east. A smaller portion of the site drains across the across the east and south property lines, leaving less than an acre draining to the south along SH 195. Based on GIS topographic information, approximately 58 acres north of CR 147 flows to a shallow depression along the County road frontage and is conveyed to the subject property through 3 – 18" CMP culverts, outflowing at the NW corner of the property. The centerline of CR 147 is roughly 2 feet above the culverts' invert, creating a shallow closed depression on the neighboring property. Approximately 36 acres of the neighboring property to the west generally sheet flows across the common property line.

Surface discharge from the developed site mimics the pre-developed site with runoff flowing across the east and south property lines. Stormwater runoff treatment for the front of Buildings 1 - 4 is provided by Engineered Vegetated Filter Strips, designed in general accordance with Section 3.2.4 of the TCEQ Technical Guidance on BMP's. Essentially, less than 72 feet of gently sloped impervious area flows across 15 feet of gently sloped vegetated buffer strip before flowing offsite, with no encumbrances (e.g. curbs or graded channels) to concentrate or channelize the flows.

Proposed extended detention basins are located along the east and south property boundaries, for stormwater treatment and detention of the remaining site. Each pond will be modified with a Batch Detention System to provide 91% TSS removal, in general accordance with TCEQ Technical Guidance, Section 3.2.17. A

bioretention pond is positioned upstream of a detention pond to provide added stormwater storage and treatment for the upstream subbasin. This bioretention pond was designed in general accordance with TCEQ Section 3.4.8.

Based on the TCEQ calculations, with the City of Georgetown modification for an additional 5% TSS removal, the proposed Extended Drainage Basins and Bioretention Pond are sized for adequate stormwater treatment. Beyond the treatment capacity of the detention basins, stormwater will overflow the perimeter earthen berms to the adjacent properties.

A modification to the previously approved WPAP (EAPP ID No. 11003406) was withdrawn with 3 remaining unanswered review comments. The last review email and letter of response follow herein.

Geologic Assessment Form (TCEQ-0585)



2P CONSULTANTS, LLC 203 E. Main Street, Suite 204 Round Rock, Texas 78664 512-344-9664 TBPE FIRM #F-19351

2 – Geologic Assessment Form

The completed Geologic Assessment Form (TCEQ-0585) can be found in the following Geologic Assessment.



GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT FOR THE INDUSTRIAL 195 TRACT, GEORGETOWN, WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS

MARCH 2021

PREPARED FOR

HWY 195/247 LLC

PREPARED BY

SWCA Environmental Consultants

Texas Board of Professional Geoscientists, Firm Registration No. 50159

GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT FOR THE INDUSTRIAL 195 TRACT, CITY OF GEORGETOWN, WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS

Prepared for

HWY 195/247 LLC 3303 Windsor Road, Unit A Austin, TX 78703

Prepared by

SWCA Environmental Consultants

Texas Board of Professional Geoscientists, Firm Registration No. 50159
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Austin, Texas 78749
(512) 476-0891
www.swca.com

SWCA Project No. 63269

LUKE ROME

BEOLOGY

No. 12028

CENSE

ALIGNATION

ALIG

March 2021

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Geologic Assessment for the Industrial 195 Tract, Georgetown, Texas
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1 INTRODUCTION

This narrative Geologic Assessment accompanies Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) Geologic Assessment Form TCEQ-0585 completed for the Industrial 195 Tract (project). The project proposes approximately 25 acres between State Highway (SH)195 and Ronald Reagan Blvd. in the City of Georgetown extraterritorial jurisdiction (ETJ), Williamson County, Texas (Figure 1). The project area covers approximately 25 acres.

2 METHODOLOGY

SWCA Environmental Consultants (SWCA) scientists studied records pertaining to all reputed caves in the project area and gathered information related to documented caves in the project vicinity prior to conducting field work. Relevant information sources include:

- Internal SWCA data;
- Unpublished data related to SWCA et al. (2008);
- ESRI® ArcGIS® Online Basemap Map Services;
- U.S. Geological Survey (2018) 7.5-minute topographic digital raster graphics;
- Geologic maps (Barnes 1974; Collins 1997a, 1997b); and
- Mapped fault lines (Collins 1997a, 1997b).

An SWCA Texas Licensed Professional Geoscientist (PG), Luke Rome, conducted a pedestrian survey on September 15, 2020. The pedestrian survey was completed by walking parallel transects spaced approximately 30 to 50 feet apart, as directed by the TCEQ in the Instructions to Geologists for Geologic Assessments on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge/Transition Zones (Rev. 10-01-04). Closer spacing was used where vegetation inhibited clear observation. SWCA scientists carefully examined all potential karst features, including depressions, holes, and animal burrows, for subsurface extent evidence. SWCA used several techniques for this effort, including probing with a digging implement to determine the thickness and consistency of fill material and feeling for air flow which may indicate the presence of a sub-surface void space. Other techniques included recording notable features and site characteristics, such as vegetation types or semi-circular burrow mounds produced by small mammal activity.



Figure 1. Site location map.

3 RESULTS

3.1 PROJECT AREA OVERVIEW

The project area occurs within the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone (EARZ), which is in the northern segment of the Edwards Aquifer (TCEQ 2021 (TCEQ 2021). Topography within and surrounding the project area slopes from the south to the north. The elevation of the project area ranges from approximately 815 feet above mean sea level (amsl) at the northern side of project area to 835 feet amsl near the project area's southern extent.

The project area consists of undeveloped rangeland. It appears that little vegetative manipulation has occurred in recent years. The majority of the project area is undisturbed. The project area is located adjacent to and west of an active limestone quarry, CC Aggregates LLC. Quarrying activities such as the excavation of large pits are adjacent to and not within the project area.

3.2 SOILS

The Natural Resources Conservation Service (2021) identified two soil units within the project area (Figure 3). Table 1 provides additional details for these soil units.

Table 1. Soil Units within the Project Area

Soil Unit	Hydric	Hydrologic Soil Group*	Drainage Class	Frequency of Flooding/ Ponding	Depth to Water Table (inches)
DnB: Denton silty clay, 1 to 3 percent slopes	N	5	Well Books of	Name / Name	00 . in ab
EaD: Eckrant cobbly clay, 1 to 8 percent slopes	No	D	Well Drained	None / None	80+ inches

Data Source: Natural Resources Conservation Service (2021).

^{*}Group D – Soils had very slow infiltration rates when thoroughly wetted and exhibit the highest potential for runoff.

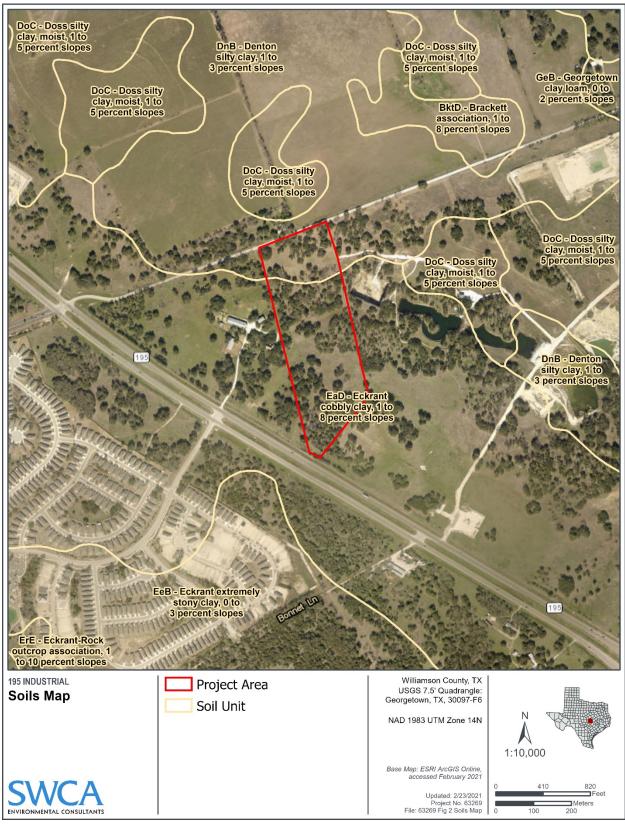


Figure 2. Soils map.

3.3 GEOLOGY

The Project Area occurs along the Balcones Fault Zone (BFZ) within the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zones (TCEQ 2021). Structural down-warping occurred with the Gulf of Mexico's ancestral formation during the middle Tertiary. The earth's crust was stretched in response, and the BFZ formed along a zone of weakness, which currently marks the boundary between the Edwards Plateau and the Gulf Coastal Plain in central Texas. The BFZ is characterized by a series of northeast-trending, predominantly normal, nearly vertical, en echelon faults. No faults are mapped within the project area (Collins 1997).

As depicted on Figure 3, there are no mapped faults within the project area (Collins 1997, 2004). The regional trend of the mapped faults within the area is approximately 15 degrees; therefore, any features within 15 degrees (0 to 30 degrees) will be awarded an additional 10 points on the geologic assessment table presented in Appendix A, Attachment A.

Collins (1997, 2004) indicates the project area is underlain by Georgetown Formation (Kgt) (Appendix A, Attachment D). SWCA finds Collins (1997, 2004) interpretation of the geology to be generally accurate. The Stratigraphic Column is included in Appendix A, Attachment B.

Georgetown Formation is described by Collins (1997) as:

... Member A consists of 23 feet of thick-bedded nodular limestone; Member B consists of 25 feet of interbedded chalky, argillaceous limestone and light gray to buff shale; Member C is a 5-foot Texigryphaea washitaensis (Hill) agglomerate; Member D consists of 10 feet of interbedded, thin, chalky limestone and light gray marl; and Member E consists of 20 feet of light gray, hard, crystalline, thin- bedded limestone.

Recharge into the Edwards Aquifer primarily occurs in areas where the Edwards Group and Georgetown Formation are exposed at the surface. Most recharge is from direct infiltration via precipitation and streamflow loss. Recharge occurs predominantly along secondary porosity features such as faults, fractures, and karst features (caves, solution cavities, sinkholes, etc.). Karst features are commonly formed along joints, fractures, and within bedding plane surfaces in the Edwards Group and Georgetown Formation. Water that recharges the Edwards Aquifer in the vicinity of the project area commonly discharges near the contact between Edwards Limestone and underlying Comanche Peak Formation.

3.4 HYDROGEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT

The overall potential for fluid migration to the Edwards Aquifer within the project area appears relatively low compared to background infiltration rates due to the presence of no sensitive features. The depth to water in the vicinity of the project area has been measured between 70 and 96.5 feet below ground surface in nearby monitoring wells (State ID Nos. 168654 and 190308) (TWDB 2021).

The gentle contours shown on Appendix A, Attachment D suggest runoff from rainfall reaching the undisturbed portions of the project area will continue downslope in the form of sheet flow until collected in drainages outside the project area that eventually feed Berry Creek, approximately 1 mile southwest of the project area.

There were no springs or streams identified within project area. Due to the lack of streams and springs, this project area appears to comply with the City of Georgetown Water Quality Ordinance No. 2015.14

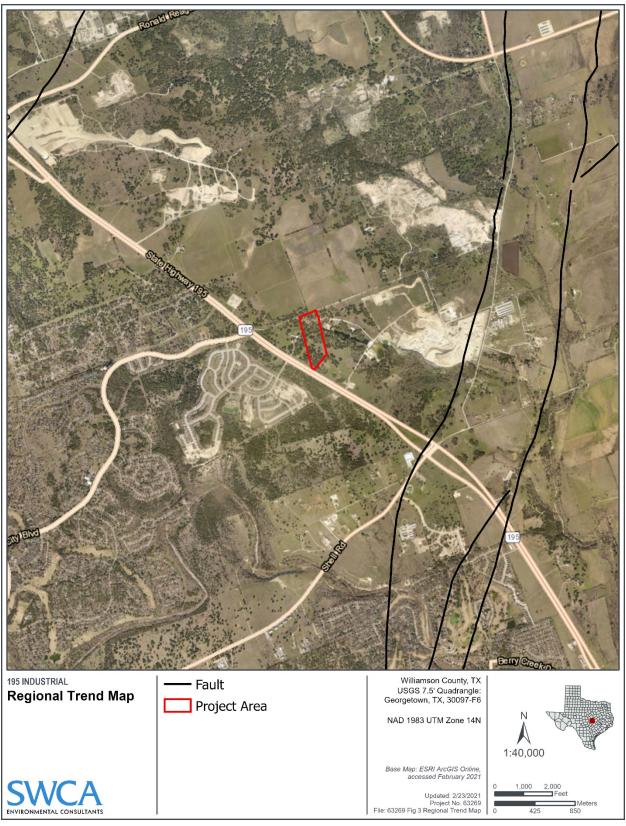


Figure 3. Regional trend map.

3.5 FEATURE DESCRIPTIONS

Two geologic features were identified within the project area.

H-01 Feature H-01 is a small non-karst closed depression influenced by the surrounding live oak roots. The closed depression had a length, width, and depth of 2.5 feet, 2 feet, and 0.5 feet. This feature was positioned along a gentle hillside with a catchment area of less than 1.6 acres. The infill material within the depression consisted of leaf litter (recently dropped from the canopy above) and moderately compacted clay rich soils. There was no indication of sediment transport of infiltration into the depression. Due to the lack of connection bedrock and the fine clay infilling, the probability of rapid infiltration is low. H-01 is not considered a sensitive recharge feature.

H-03 Feature H-03 is non-karst closed depression that is approximately 4 feet by 3 feet by 0.75 feet. The feature is located along a hillslope and has a catchment area of less than 1.6 acres. The feature consists of a small depression that contains rotten wood material therefore this feature is likely a result of tree rot. There was no indication of sediment transport of infiltration into the depression. Due to the lack of connection bedrock, the likely origin (tree rot), and the clay infilling, the probability of rapid infiltration is low. H-03 is not considered a sensitive recharge feature.

4 CONCLUSION

This Geologic Assessment identified two features within the project area, both features are considered to be non-sensitive therefore do not require protective buffering. Additionally, there were no springs or streams identified within the project area.

5 LITERATURE CITED

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- SWCA Environmental Consultants (SWCA), Smith, Robertson, Elliott, Glen, Klein, & Bell, LLP, Prime Strategies, Inc., Texas Perspectives, Inc. 2008. Williamson County Regional Habitat Conservation Plan. Prepared for Williamson County Conservation Foundation and The Honorable Lisa Birkman.
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- ———. 2021. Edwards Aquifer Viewer v4.1. Available online at: https://www.tceq.texas.gov/gis/edwards-viewer.html. Accessed February 2021.
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 https://www2.twdb.texas.gov/apps/WaterDataInteractive/GroundwaterDataViewer/?map=sdr
 Accessed February 2021.
- U.S. Geological Survey (USGS). 2018. USGS 1:24000-scale Quadrangle for Georgetown, TX 2018: U.S. Geological Survey.

APPENDIX A

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) Forms

ATTACHMENT A

Geologic Assessment Table

GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT TABLE						PROJECT NAME: Industrial 195 Tract														
	LOCATIO	N			F	EATUR	E CH	IAR/	CTERI	STIC	S				EVAL	LAU.	ION	PH'	YSIC/	AL SETTING
1A	1B *	1C*	2A	2B	3		4		5	5A	6	7	8A	8B	9	1	10	1	11	12
FEATURE ID	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	FEATURE TYPE	POINTS	FORMATION	DIME	ENSIONS	(FEET)	TREND (DEGREES)	DOM	DENSITY (NO/FT)	APERTURE (FEET)	INFILL	RELATIVE INFILTRATION RATE	TOTAL	SENS	ITIVITY		ENT AREA RES)	TOPOGRAPHY
						Х	Υ	Z		10						<40	≥40	<1.6	≥1.6	
H-01	30.737997	-97.68563	0	5	Kgt	2.5	2	0.5					O, F	5	10	Х		Х		Hillside
H-03	30.736523	-97.68586	CD	5	Kgt	4	3	0.75					O, F	5	10	Х		Х		Hillside
																			<u> </u>	1
																			<u> </u>	1
																			<u> </u>	1
																			<u> </u>	

* DATUM: Geographic Latitude Longitude Decimal Degrees NAD83

2A TYPE	TYPE	2B POINTS
С	Cave	30
sc	Solution cavity	20
SF	Solution-enlarged fracture(s)	20
F	Fault	20
0	Other natural bedrock features	5
MB	Manmade feature in bedrock	30
SW	Swallow hole	30
SH	Sinkhole	20
CD	Non-karst closed depression	5
Z	Zone, clustered or aligned features	30

_	
	8A INFILLING
N	None, exposed bedrock
С	Coarse - cobbles, breakdown, sand, gravel
0	Loose or soft mud or soil, organics, leaves, sticks, dark colors
F	Fines, compacted clay-rich sediment, soil profile, gray or red colors
V	Vegetation. Give details in narrative description
FS	Flowstone, cements, cave deposits
Χ	Other materials

12 TOPOGRAPHY
Cliff, Hilltop, Hillside, Drainage, Floodplain, Streambed



I have read, I understood, and I have followed the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality's Instructions to Geologists. The information presented here complies with that document and is a true representation of the conditions observed in the field.

My signature certifies that I am qualified as a geologist as defined by 30 TAC Chapter 213.

Date March 19, 2021

Sheet 1 of 1

TCEQ-0585-Table (Rev. 10-01-04)

ATTACHMENT B

Stratigraphic Column

Stratigraphic Column

		Navarro and Taylor Groups, undivided; 600 feet thick
snoes	Upper Confining Units	Austin Group; 325–420 feet thick
Upper Cretaceous		Eagle Ford Group; 25–65 feet thick
		Buda Limestone; 40–50 feet thick
		Del Rio Clay; 40–70 feet thick
		Georgetown Formation; 30–80 feet thick
snoa	Edwards Aquifer	Edwards Limestone; Up to 200 feet thick
Lower Cretaceous		Comanche Peak Formation; 80 feet thick
Lowel	Lower Confining	Walnut Formation; Up to 120 feet thick
	Units	Upper member of Glen Rose Limestone; 500 feet thick

Note: The shaded area represents the lithology that outcrops in the project area.



ATTACHMENT C

Narrative Description of Site Geology

Geologic Assessment

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

For Regulated Activities on The Edwards Aquifer Recharge/transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(3), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. My signature certifies that I am qualified as a geologist as defined by 30 TAC Chapter 213.

Print Name of Geologist: Luke Rome, P.G.

Date: March 19, 2021

Representing: SWCA Environmental Consultants; TBPG Firm Registration No. 50159 (Name of Company and TBPG or TBPE registration number)

Signature of Geologist:

LUKE ROME

Regulated Entity Name: Industrial 195 Tract

Project Information

1.	Date(s) Geologic Assessment was performed: 9/15	<u>5/20</u>
2.	Type of Project:	
3.	WPAP SCS Location of Project:	AST UST
	Recharge Zone Transition Zone Contributing Zone within the Transition Zone	

4.	✓ Attac	hment A	- Gaologic Assass	ment Table Complete	ed Geologic Assessment Table
ч.			585-Table) is attac	·	d deologic Assessifient Table
5.	— Hydr 55, A	ologic Soi ppendix <i>A</i>	l Groups* (Urban A, Soil Conservatio	Hydrology for Small W on Service, 1986). If the	e below and uses the SCS atersheds, Technical Release No. ere is more than one soil type on gic Map or a separate soils map.
			, Infiltration Thickness		Group Definitions (Abbreviated) Soils having a high infiltration
S	oil Name	Group*	Thickness(feet)	R	rate when thoroughly wetted. Soils having a moderate
	DnB	D	6-7	<i>D.</i>	infiltration rate when thoroughly
	EaD	D	6-7		wetted.
				C.	Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
				D.	Soils having a very slow
					infiltration rate when thoroughly
					wetted.
7.	mem top o the s Attac inclu pote	bers, and of the strateration tratigraph chment Coding any fortial for fl	thicknesses is att tigraphic column. nic column. — Site Geology . A eatures identified uid movement to	ached. The outcroppin Otherwise, the upper narrative description of in the Geologic Assess the Edwards Aquifer, s	column showing formations, g unit, if present, should be at the most unit should be at the top of of the site specific geology sment Table, a discussion of the stratigraphy, structure(s), and
	karst	characte	ristics is attached.		
8.				lap(s). The Site Geolog inimum scale is 1": 400	ic Map must be the same scale as)'
	Site (Geologic N	e Plan Scale: 1" = <u>5</u> Map Scale: 1" = <u>83</u> Scale (if more tha		1
9.	Method	of collecti	ng positional data	a:	
	=		ning System (GPS) (s). Please describ	technology. e method of data colle	ection:
10	. 🔀 The p	roject site	e and boundaries	are clearly shown and	labeled on the Site Geologic Map
11	. 🔀 Surfa	ce geolog	ic units are showr	n and labeled on the Si	te Geologic Map.

investigation.	anmade features were discovered on the project site during the field. They are shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map and are described d Geologic Assessment Table.
Geologic or minvestigation.	anmade features were not discovered on the project site during the field
13. 🔀 The Recharge	Zone boundary is shown and labeled, if appropriate.
•	est holes, water, oil, unplugged, capped and/or abandoned, etc.): If formation must agree with Item No. 20 of the WPAP Application Section
labeled. (Che The wells The wells The wells) wells present on the project site and the locations are shown and ck all of the following that apply.) are not in use and have been properly abandoned. are not in use and will be properly abandoned. are in use and comply with 16 TAC Chapter 76. wells or test holes of any kind known to exist on the project site.

Administrative Information

15. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.

REFER TO SECTION 3.3 OF THIS REPORT FOR GEOLOGIC NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

Geologic Assessment for the Industrial 195 Tract, Georgetown, Texas

Modification of a Previously Approved Plan Form (TCEQ-0590)

Modification of a Previously Approved Plan

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Transition Zone and Relating to 30 TAC 213.4(j), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This request for a **Modification of a Previously Approved Plan** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The request was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Addison Skrla, PE

Date: <u>4/3/2025</u>

Signature of Customer/Agent:

Project Information

Addison Skl

1.	Current Regulated Entity Name: Highway 195 Business Park
	Original Regulated Entity Name: Highway 195 Commercial
	Regulated Entity Number(s) (RN): RN111300612
	Edwards Aquifer Protection Program ID Number(s): 11002594
	The applicant has not changed and the Customer Number (CN) is:
	The applicant or Regulated Entity has changed. A new Core Data Form has been provided.
2.	Attachment A: Original Approval Letter and Approved Modification Letters. A copy of the original approval letter and copies of any modification approval letters are attached.

Physical or operation including but not ling diversionary structs. Change in the nature originally approved plan to prevent polement of lar pollution abatemer. Physical modification	re or character of the regulated a lor a change which would signifi lution of the Edwards Aquifer; and previously identified as undev	ollution abatement structure(s) wage treatment plants, and activity from that which was cantly impact the ability of the eloped in the original water wage collection system;
	on of the approved aboveground	•
plan has been modified	Modifications (select plan type be I more than once, copy the appr te the information for each addi	•
WPAP Modification	Approved Project	Proposed Modification
Summary		
Acres	24.428	24.428
Type of Development	Commercial	Commercial
Number of Residential	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>
Lots		
Impervious Cover (acres)	<u>14.26</u>	<u>13.24</u>
Impervious Cover (%	<u>58.4</u>	<u>54.2</u>
Permanent BMPs	Batch Detention Basin	Batch Detention Basins,
Other		Biofiltration pond and
		<u>Vegetative Filter Strips</u>
SCS Modification	Approved Project	Proposed Modification
Summary		
Linear Feet		
Pine Diameter		

Other

AST Modification	Approved Project	Proposed Modification
Summary		
Number of ASTs		
Volume of ASTs		
Other		
UST Modification	Approved Project	Proposed Modification
Summary		
Number of USTs		
Volume of USTs		
Other		
the nature of the pro	posed modification is attached.	A detailed narrative description of It discusses what was approved, roposed modification will change
the existing site development of the approved core any subsequent of the approved core illustrates that the The approved core Attachment C illustrates core illustrates that the The approved core	elopment (i.e., current site layouthed. A site plan detailing the chared elsewhere. Instruction has not commenced. Insolved in approval letters are approval has not expired. Instruction has commenced and he site was constructed as approval.	has been completed. Attachment C ved. has been completed. Attachment C proved. has not been completed. has not been completed. has not been completed. has not been completed.
provided for the new	oproved plan has increased. A G acreage. an added to or removed from the	-
needed for each affe	al and one (1) copy of the applic cted incorporated city, groundw project will be located. The TCEC	rater conservation district, and

copies to these jurisdictions. office.	The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional

Attachment 2A Original Approval Letter

Jon Niermann, *Chairman*Emily Lindley, *Commissioner*Bobby Janecka, *Commissioner*Toby Baker, *Executive Director*





TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Protecting Texas by Reducing and Preventing Pollution

September 3, 2021

Mr. Cosmo Palmieri Hwy 195 247, LLC 6907 N Capital of Texas Hwy, Ste. 300 Austin, TX 78731

Re: Edwards Aquifer, Williamson County

NAME OF PROJECT: Highway 195 Commercial; Located 0.4 Mi. East of CR 147 and Hwy 195; Georgetown, Texas

TYPE OF PLAN: Request for Approval of a Water Pollution Abatement Plan (WPAP); 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 213 Edwards Aquifer

Edwards Aquifer Protection Program ID No. 11002594; Regulated Entity No. RN111300612

Dear Mr. Palmieri:

The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) has completed its review of the WPAP application for the above-referenced project submitted to the Austin Regional Office by CSF Civil Group, LLC on behalf of Highway 195 247, LLC on July 23, 2021. Final review of the WPAP was completed after additional material was received on August 30, 2021. As presented to the TCEQ, the Temporary and Permanent Best Management Practices (BMPs) were selected, and construction plans were prepared by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer to be in general compliance with the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 213. These planning materials were sealed, signed, and dated by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. Therefore, based on the engineer's concurrence of compliance, the planning materials for construction of the proposed project and pollution abatement measures are hereby approved subject to applicable state rules and the conditions in this letter. The applicant or a person affected may file with the chief clerk a motion for reconsideration of the executive director's final action on this Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan. A motion for reconsideration must be filed no later than 23 days after the date of this approval letter. This approval expires two (2) years from the date of this letter unless, prior to the expiration date, more than 10 percent of the construction has commenced on the project or an extension of time has been requested.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The proposed commercial project will have an area of approximately 24.43 acres. It will include six commercial buildings, two storage buildings, associated parking, and utility improvements. The impervious cover will be 14.26 acres (58.4 percent). According to a letter dated, July 22, 2021, signed by Aaron Googins, with Williamson County, the site in the development is acceptable for the use of on-site sewage facilities.

Mr. Cosmo Palmieri Page 2 September 3, 2021

PERMANENT POLLUTION ABATEMENT MEASURES

To prevent the pollution of stormwater runoff originating on-site or upgradient of the site and potentially flowing across and off the site after construction, a batch detention basin, designed using the TCEQ technical guidance document, complying with the Edwards Aquifer Rules: Technical Guidance on Best Management Practices (2005), will be constructed to treat stormwater runoff. The required total suspended solids (TSS) treatment for this project is 12,412 pounds of TSS generated from the 14.26 acres of impervious cover. The approved measures meet the required 80 percent removal of the increased load in TSS caused by the project.

GEOLOGY

According to the Geologic Assessment included with the application, the surficial unit on site is the Georgetown Formation (Kgt). The soils present on site are characterized by Denton silty clay and Eckrant cobbly clay. There were no sensitive features identified on site. The TCEQ site assessment conducted on August 10, 2021 determined the site to be generally as described.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

- I. All permanent pollution abatement measures shall be operational prior to occupancy of the facility.
- II. All sediment and/or media removed from the water quality basin during maintenance activities shall be properly disposed of according to 30 TAC 330 or 30 TAC 335, as applicable.

STANDARD CONDITIONS

- 1. Pursuant to Chapter 7 Subchapter C of the Texas Water Code, any violations of the requirements in 30 TAC Chapter 213 may result in administrative penalties.
- 2. The holder of the approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan must comply with all provisions of 30 TAC Chapter 213 and all best management practices and measures contained in the approved plan. Additional and separate approvals, permits, registrations and/or authorizations from other TCEQ Programs (i.e., Stormwater, Water Rights, UIC) can be required depending on the specifics of the plan.
- 3. In addition to the rules of the Commission, the applicant may also be required to comply with state and local ordinances and regulations providing for the protection of water quality.

Prior to Commencement of Construction:

- 4. Within 60 days of receiving written approval of an Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan, the applicant must submit to the Austin Regional Office, proof of recordation of notice in the county deed records, with the volume and page number(s) of the county deed records of the county in which the property is located. A description of the property boundaries shall be included in the deed recordation in the county deed records. A suggested form (Deed Recordation Affidavit, TCEQ-0625) that you may use to deed record the approved WPAP is enclosed.
- 5. All contractors conducting regulated activities at the referenced project location shall be provided a copy of this notice of approval. At least one complete copy of the approved WPAP and this notice of approval shall be maintained at the project location until all regulated activities are completed.
- 6. Modification to the activities described in the referenced WPAP application following the date of approval may require the submittal of a plan to modify this approval, including the payment of appropriate fees and all information necessary for its review and approval prior to initiating construction of the modifications.
- 7. The applicant must provide written notification of intent to commence construction, replacement, or rehabilitation of the referenced project. Notification must be submitted to

Mr. Cosmo Palmieri Page 3 September 3, 2021

the Austin Regional Office no later than 48 hours prior to commencement of the regulated activity. Written notification must include the date on which the regulated activity will commence, the name of the approved plan and program ID number for the regulated activity, and the name of the prime contractor with the name and telephone number of the contact person. The executive director will use the notification to determine if the approved plan is eligible for an extension.

- 8. Temporary erosion and sedimentation (E&S) controls, i.e., silt fences, rock berms, stabilized construction entrances, or other controls described in the approved WPAP, must be installed prior to construction, and maintained during construction. Temporary E&S controls may be removed when vegetation is established, and the construction area is stabilized. If a water quality pond is proposed, it shall be used as a sedimentation basin during construction. The TCEQ may monitor stormwater discharges from the site to evaluate the adequacy of temporary E&S control measures. Additional controls may be necessary if excessive solids are being discharged from the site.
- 9. All borings with depths greater than or equal to 20 feet must be plugged with non-shrink grout from the bottom of the hole to within three (3) feet of the surface. The remainder of the hole must be backfilled with cuttings from the boring. All borings less than 20 feet must be backfilled with cuttings from the boring. All borings must be backfilled or plugged within four (4) days of completion of the drilling operation. Voids may be filled with gravel.

During Construction:

- 10. During the course of regulated activities related to this project, the applicant or agent shall comply with all applicable provisions of 30 TAC Chapter 213, Edwards Aquifer. The applicant shall remain responsible for the provisions and conditions of this approval until such responsibility is legally transferred to another person or entity.
- 11. This approval does not authorize the installation of temporary aboveground storage tanks on this project. If the contractor desires to install a temporary aboveground storage tank for use during construction, an application to modify this approval must be submitted and approved prior to installation. The application must include information related to tank location and spill containment. Refer to Standard Condition No. 6, above.
- 12. If any sensitive feature (caves, solution cavities, sink holes, etc.) is discovered during construction, all regulated activities near the feature must be suspended immediately. The applicant or his agent must immediately notify the Austin Regional Office of the discovery of the feature. Regulated activities near the feature may not proceed until the executive director has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the feature and the aquifer from potentially adverse impacts to water quality. The plan must be sealed, signed, and dated by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer.
- 13. All water wells, including injection, dewatering, and monitoring wells must be in compliance with the requirements of the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation under Title 16 TAC Chapter 76 (relating to Water Well Drillers and Pump Installers) and all other locally applicable rules, as appropriate.
- 14. If sediment escapes the construction site, the sediment must be removed at a frequency sufficient to minimize offsite impacts to water quality (e.g., fugitive sediment in street being washed into surface streams or sensitive features by the next rain). Sediment must be removed from sediment traps or sedimentation ponds not later than when design capacity has been reduced by 50 percent. Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals shall be prevented from becoming stormwater discharge pollutants.
- 15. Intentional discharges of sediment laden water are not allowed. If dewatering becomes necessary, the discharge will be filtered through appropriately selected best management practices. These may include vegetated filter strips, sediment traps, rock berms, silt fence rings, etc.
- 16. The following records shall be maintained and made available to the executive director upon request: the dates when major grading activities occur, the dates when construction

Mr. Cosmo Palmieri Page 4 September 3, 2021

activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site, and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.

17. Stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, and construction activities will not resume within 21 days. When the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day is precluded by weather conditions, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable.

After Completion of Construction:

- 18. A Texas Licensed Professional Engineer must certify in writing that the permanent BMPs or measures were constructed as designed. The certification letter must be submitted to the Austin Regional Office within 30 days of site completion.
- 19. The applicant shall be responsible for maintaining the permanent BMPs after construction until such time as the maintenance obligation is either assumed in writing by another entity having ownership or control of the property (such as without limitation, an owner's association, a new property owner or lessee, a district, or municipality) or the ownership of the property is transferred to the entity. The regulated entity shall then be responsible for maintenance until another entity assumes such obligations in writing or ownership is transferred. A copy of the transfer of responsibility must be filed with the executive director through Austin Regional Office within 30 days of the transfer. A copy of the transfer form (TCEQ-10263) is enclosed.
- 20. Upon legal transfer of this property, the new owner(s) is required to comply with all terms of the approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan. If the new owner intends to commence any new regulated activity on the site, a new Edwards Aquifer protection plan that specifically addresses the new activity must be submitted to the executive director. Approval of the plan for the new regulated activity by the executive director is required prior to commencement of the new regulated activity.
- 21. An Edwards Aquifer protection plan approval or extension will expire, and no extension will be granted if more than 50 percent of the total construction has not been completed within ten years from the initial approval of a plan. A new Edwards Aquifer protection plan must be submitted to the Austin Regional Office with the appropriate fees for review and approval by the executive director prior to commencing any additional regulated activities.
- 22. At project locations where construction is initiated and abandoned, or not completed, the site shall be returned to a condition such that the aquifer is protected from potential contamination.

This action is taken under authority delegated by the Executive Director of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality. If you have any questions or require additional information, please contact Savannah Finger of the Edwards Aquifer Protection Program of the Austin Regional Office at 512-339-2929.

Sincerely, Lilian Butter

Lillian Butler, Section Manager

Edwards Aquifer Protection Program

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

LIB/sjf

Enclosure: Deed Recordation Affidavit, Form TCEQ-0625

Change in Responsibility for Maintenance of Permanent BMPs, Form TCEQ-10263

Attachment 2B Narrative of Proposed Modification



2P CONSULTANTS, LLC 203 E. Main Street, Suite 204 Round Rock, Texas 78664 512-344-9664 TBPE FIRM #F-19351

Attachment B – Narrative of Proposed Modification

The proposed Highway 195 Business Park is located at the newly established address of 3000 SH 195, which is approximately 1,600 feet east of the intersection of State Highway 195 and County Road 147 (Sun City Blvd), in Georgetown, Texas 78633. The site is comprised of a single lot of 24.43 acres in Williamson County, within the ETJ of Georgetown. Legal description for this property; 24.427 Acres situated in the Burrell Eaves Survey, Abstract No. 216.

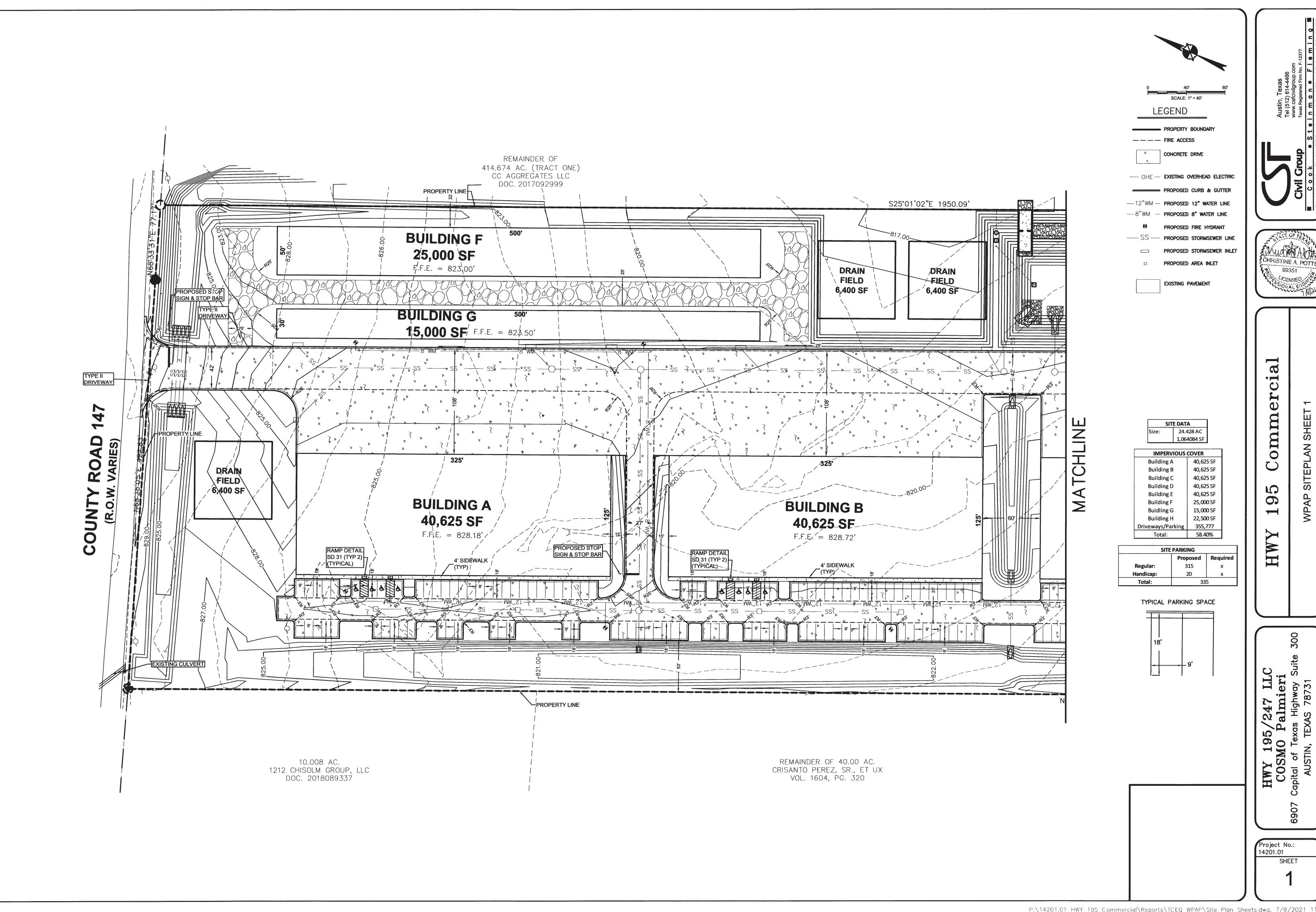
The previously approved Highway 195 Commercial project consisted of five 40,625 sf and one 22,500 sf commercial buildings and two separate storage buildings of 15,000 and 25,000 sf (totaling 265,625 sf of building footprint), with associated parking and utilities. Total impervious cover for the previously approved plan was 621,402 sf, or 58.4% of the 24.428-acre site. No other modifications have been proposed for this site since the original TCEQ Approval Letter, dated September 3, 2021.

The proposed improvements for the Highway 195 Business Park consist of constructing five 40,500 sf warehouse buildings and one 20,800 sf commercial building (totaling 223,600 sf of building footprint) and the corresponding parking, drive aisles, utilities and stormwater facilities. Total impervious cover for the proposed plan is 576,550 sf, or 54.2% of the 24.428-acre site.

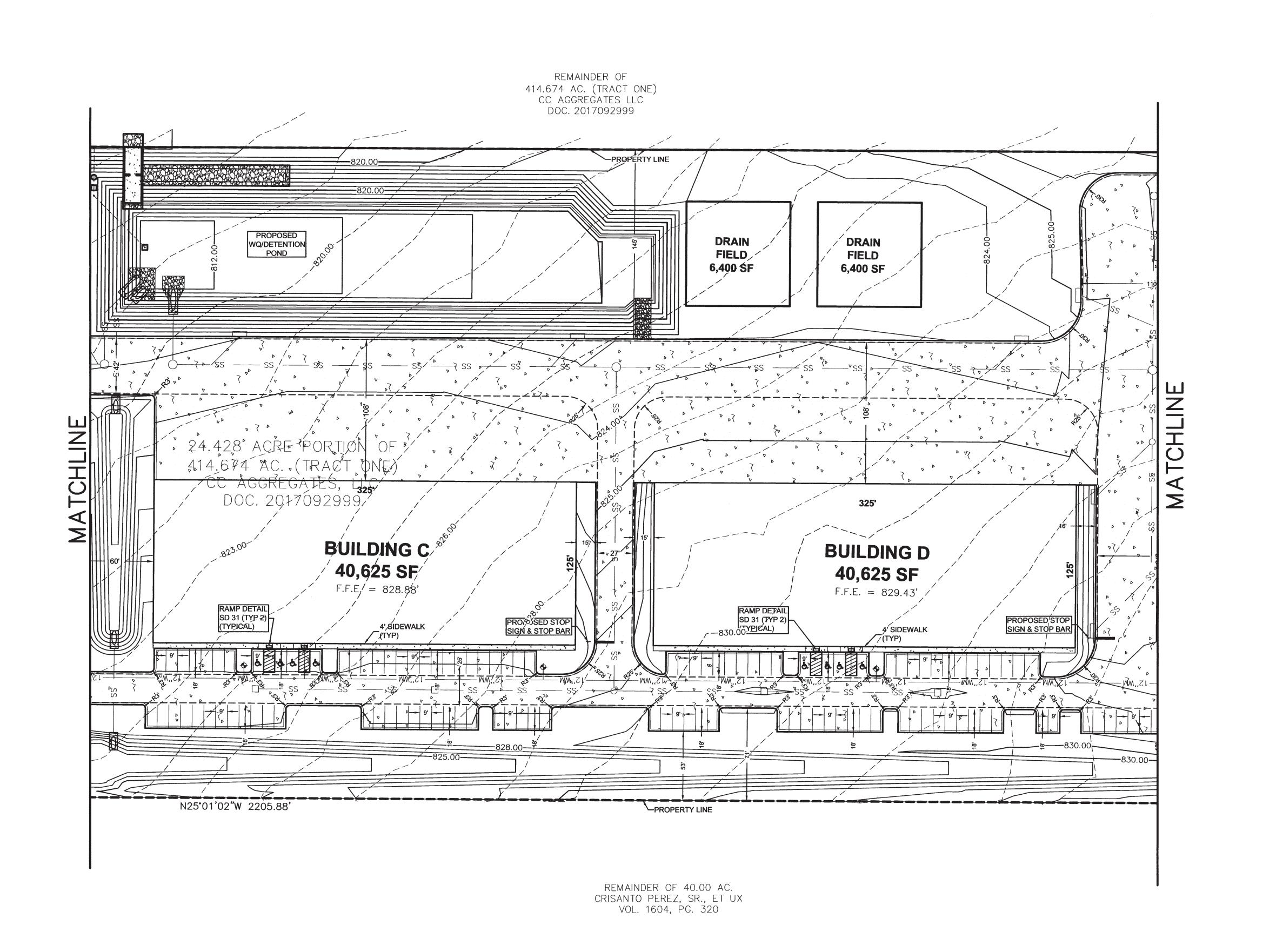
The significant modifications to the site include repositioning of the commercial buildings on the site, removal of the two storage buildings, rerouting of the offsite stormwater bypass to along the south property boundary and through the site, adding vegetative filter strips and a biofiltration pond for treatment of a portion of the stormwater runoff, and using three Batch Detention Basins instead of a single basin. These proposed modifications will route the offsite runoff around and through the site instead of combining with onsite stormwater, will significantly reduce the length of storm pipe, will reduce impervious cover by more than an acre, will reduce excavation into the subsurface rock for the detention basin, and will eliminate the stormwater pump.

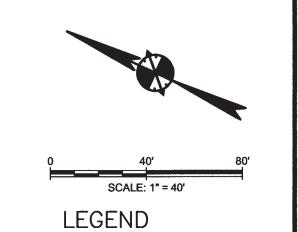
Minor modifications to the site include shifting of the entrances from Highway 195 and County Road 147 for better alignment with the proposed site, reducing the number of parking spaces by 5, and improving constructability.

Attachment 2C Current Site Plan of the Approved Project



P:\14201.01 HWY 195 Commercial\Reports\TCEQ WPAP\Site Plan Sheets.dwg, 7/8/2021 11:36:07 AV





PROPERTY BOUNDARY

— — — FIRE ACCESS

4 CONCRETE DRIVE

— OHE — EXISTING OVERHEAD ELECTRIC

— PROPOSED CURB & GUTTER

— 12"WM — **PROPOSED 12" WATER LINE**— 8"WM — **PROPOSED 8" WATER LINE**

PROPOSED FIRE HYDRANT
-----SS --- PROPOSED STORMSEWER LINE

PROPOSED STORMSEWER INLETPROPOSED AREA INLET

EXISTING PAVEMENT

CHRISTINE A. POTTS:
99351
CCENSED
CHALE 1924

0

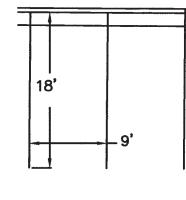
95

SITE DATA
Size: 24.428 AC
1,064084 SF

IMPERVIOUS COVER 40,625 SF **Building B Building C** 40,625 SF **Building D** 40,625 SF **Building E** 40,625 SF **Building F** 25,000 SF **Buidling G** 15,000 SF **Building H** 22,500 SF Driveways/Parking 355,777
Total: 58.40%

36.4	0/0
E PARKING	
Proposed	Required
315	x
20	х
33	5
	Proposed 315

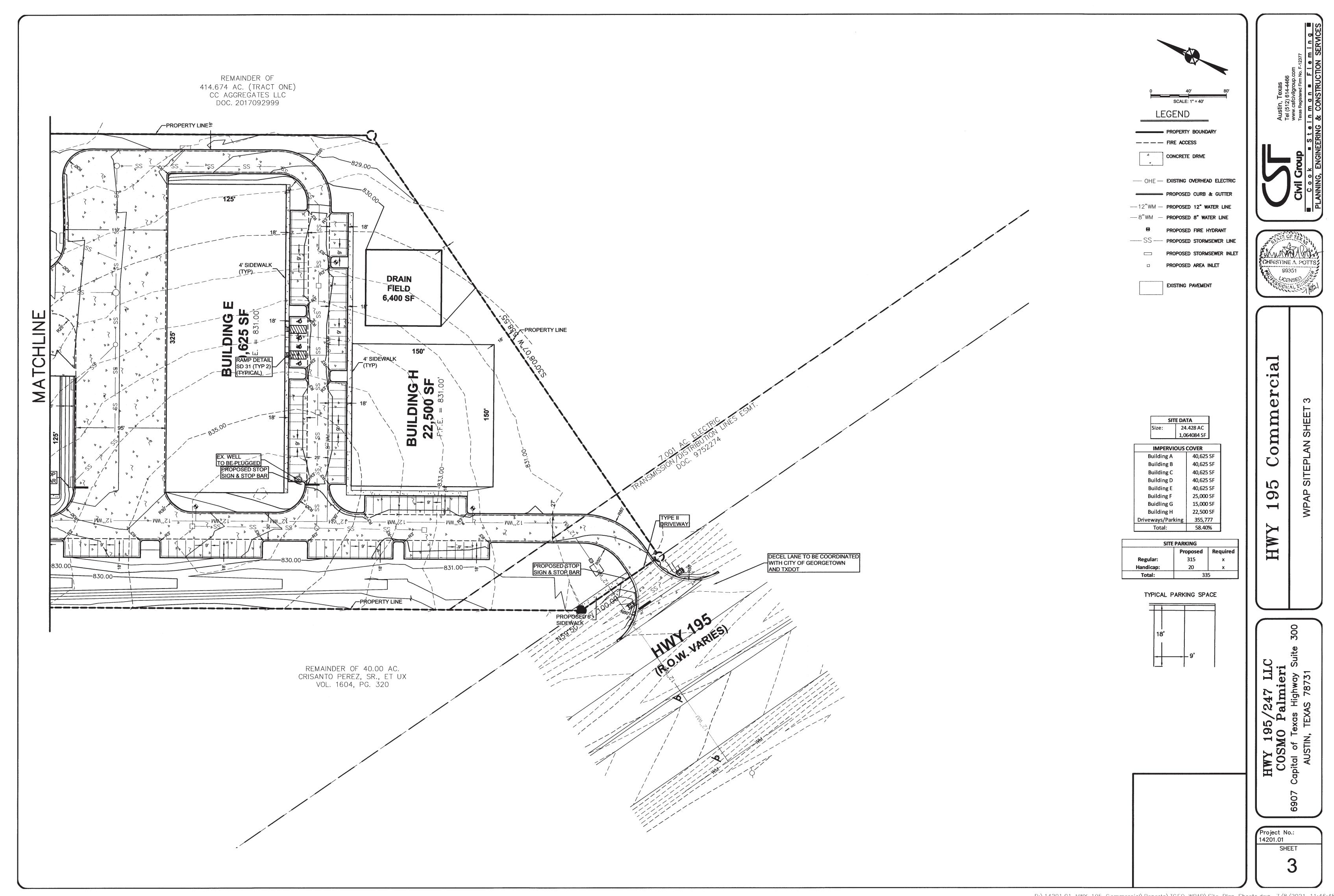
TYPICAL PARKING SPACE



CE.

HWY 195/247 LLC COSMO Palmieri 907 Capital of Texas Highway Suite

Project No.: 14201.01 SHEET



Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application (TCEQ-0584)

Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application Form** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and Executive Director approval. The form was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Addison Skrla, PE
Date: <u>04-02-2025</u>
Signature of Customer/Agent:
Addison Sk Q

Regulated Entity Name: Highway 195 Business Park

Regulated Entity Information

The type of project is:
Residential: Number of Lots: Residential: Number of Living Unit Equivalents:
Commercial
Industrial
Other:

- 2. Total site acreage (size of property):24.43
- 3. Estimated projected population:165
- 4. The amount and type of impervious cover expected after construction are shown below:

Table 1 - Impervious Cover Table

Impervious Cover of Proposed Project	Sq. Ft.	Sq. Ft./Acre	Acres
Structures/Rooftops	223,600	÷ 43,560 =	5.13
Parking	352,944	÷ 43,560 =	8.10
Other paved surfaces	0	÷ 43,560 =	0
Total Impervious Cover	576,544	÷ 43,560 =	13.24

Total Impervious Cover $\underline{13.24}$ ÷ Total Acreage $\underline{24.43}$ X 100 = $\underline{54.2}$ % Impervious Cover

5.	Attachment A - Factors Affecting Surface Water Quality. A detailed description of all
	factors that could affect surface water and groundwater quality that addresses ultimate
	land use is attached.

6. Only inert materials as defined by 30 TAC §330.2 will be used as fill material.

For Road Projects Only

Complete questions 7 - 12 if this application is exclusively for a road project.

7.	Type of project:
	 TXDOT road project. County road or roads built to county specifications. City thoroughfare or roads to be dedicated to a municipality. Street or road providing access to private driveways.
8.	Type of pavement or road surface to be used:
	Concrete Asphaltic concrete pavement Other:
9.	Length of Right of Way (R.O.W.): feet.
	Width of R.O.W.: feet. $L \times W = Ft^2 \div 43,560 Ft^2/Acre = acres.$
10.	Length of pavement area: feet.
	Width of pavement area: feet. L x W = $Ft^2 \div 43,560 Ft^2/Acre = acres$. Pavement area acres \div R.O.W. area acres x $100 = \%$ impervious cover.
11.	A rest stop will be included in this project.
	A rest stop will not be included in this project.

TCEQ Executive Director. Modi	ting roadways that do not require approval from the fications to existing roadways such as widening g more than one-half (1/2) the width of one (1) existing in the TCEQ.
Stormwater to be gener	ated by the Proposed Project
volume (quantity) and characte occur from the proposed proje- quality and quantity are based	raracter of Stormwater. A detailed description of the er (quality) of the stormwater runoff which is expected to et is attached. The estimates of stormwater runoff on the area and type of impervious cover. Include the both pre-construction and post-construction conditions
Wastewater to be gener	rated by the Proposed Project
14. The character and volume of waste	ewater is shown below:
100% Domestic% Industrial% Commingled TOTAL gallons/day 3,300	3,300 Gallons/dayGallons/dayGallons/day
15. Wastewater will be disposed of by	
On-Site Sewage Facility (OSSF/S	Septic Tank):
will be used to treat and dis licensing authority's (autho the land is suitable for the uthe requirements for on-sit relating to On-site Sewage Each lot in this project/devesize. The system will be des	Letter from Authorized Agent. An on-site sewage facility spose of the wastewater from this site. The appropriate rized agent) written approval is attached. It states that use of private sewage facilities and will meet or exceed a sewage facilities as specified under 30 TAC Chapter 285 Facilities. Elopment is at least one (1) acre (43,560 square feet) in signed by a licensed professional engineer or registered a licensed installer in compliance with 30 TAC Chapter
Sewage Collection System (Sew	er Lines):
to an existing SCS.	the wastewater generating facilities will be connected the wastewater generating facilities will be connected
The SCS was previously subThe SCS was submitted withThe SCS will be submitted a be installed prior to Execution	t this application. t a later date. The owner is aware that the SCS may not

	The sewage collection system will convey the wastewater to the (name) Treatment Plant. The treatment facility is:
	Existing. Proposed.
16.	All private service laterals will be inspected as required in 30 TAC §213.5.
Si	te Plan Requirements
Iter	ms 17 – 28 must be included on the Site Plan.
17.	\square The Site Plan must have a minimum scale of 1" = 400'.
	Site Plan Scale: 1" = <u>100</u> '.
18.	100-year floodplain boundaries:
	 Some part(s) of the project site is located within the 100-year floodplain. The floodplain is shown and labeled. No part of the project site is located within the 100-year floodplain. The 100-year floodplain boundaries are based on the following specific (including date of material) sources(s): FEMA Firm Map #48491C0285F, dated December 20, 2019.
19.	The layout of the development is shown with existing and finished contours at appropriate, but not greater than ten-foot contour intervals. Lots, recreation centers, buildings, roads, open space, etc. are shown on the plan.
	The layout of the development is shown with existing contours at appropriate, but not greater than ten-foot intervals. Finished topographic contours will not differ from the existing topographic configuration and are not shown. Lots, recreation centers, buildings, roads, open space, etc. are shown on the site plan.
20.	All known wells (oil, water, unplugged, capped and/or abandoned, test holes, etc.):
	\square There are $\underline{1}$ (#) wells present on the project site and the locations are shown and labeled. (Check all of the following that apply)
	 ☐ The wells are not in use and have been properly abandoned. ☐ The wells are not in use and will be properly abandoned. ☐ The wells are in use and comply with 16 TAC §76.
	☐ There are no wells or test holes of any kind known to exist on the project site.
21.	Geologic or manmade features which are on the site:
	 All sensitive geologic or manmade features identified in the Geologic Assessment are shown and labeled. No sensitive geologic or manmade features were identified in the Geologic Assessment.
	Attachment D - Exception to the Required Geologic Assessment. A request and justification for an exception to a portion of the Geologic Assessment is attached.

22. 🔀	The drainage patterns and approximate slopes anticipated after major grading activities
23. 🔀	Areas of soil disturbance and areas which will not be disturbed.
24. 🔀	Locations of major structural and nonstructural controls. These are the temporary and permanent best management practices.
25. 🖂	Locations where soil stabilization practices are expected to occur.
26. 🗌	Surface waters (including wetlands).
\boxtimes	N/A
27.	Locations where stormwater discharges to surface water or sensitive features are to occur.
\boxtimes	There will be no discharges to surface water or sensitive features.
28. 🔀	Legal boundaries of the site are shown.
Adm	ninistrative Information
29. 🔀	Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
30. 🔀	Any modification of this WPAP will require Executive Director approval, prior to construction, and may require submission of a revised application, with appropriate fees.

Attachment 3A Factors Affecting Water Quality



Attachment 3A – Factors Affecting Surface Water Quality

The factors affecting water quality as a result of proposed site improvements are as follows:

The proposed improvements consist of constructing five - 40,500 square foot warehouse buildings and one - 20,800 square foot commercial building (totaling 223,600 sf building footprint) and the corresponding parking, drive aisles, utilities and stormwater facilities. The proposed improvements will add approximately 576,550 square feet (13.24 acres) of impervious cover to the site, or 54.2% of the 24.43-acre site.

The proposed improvements will attract vehicular and truck traffic to the site and will cause an increase in Total Suspended Solids (TSS). The vehicular and truck traffic which will be visiting the site will naturally cause an increase in TSS due to unforeseen leaks in vehicles which can include, but are not limited to brake fluid, hydraulic fluid, antifreeze, oil, gasoline, and diesel fuel. The surface water quality will be affected negatively by this increase in TSS; however, this water quality will be restored to abide by TCEQ (80% TSS Removal) and City of Georgetown's (85% TSS Removal) requirements with the proposed Engineered Filter Strips, Bioretention Swale and Batch Detention Basins.

Surface discharge from the developed site mimics the pre-developed site with runoff flowing across the east and south property lines. Stormwater runoff treatment for the front of Buildings 1 - 4 is provided by Engineered Vegetated Filter Strips, designed in general accordance with Section 3.2.4 of the TCEQ Technical Guidance on BMP's. Essentially, less than 72 feet of gently sloped impervious area flows across 15 feet of gently sloped vegetated buffer strip before flowing offsite, with no encumbrances (e.g. curbs or graded channels) to concentrate or channelize the flows.

Proposed extended detention basins are located along the east and south property boundaries, for stormwater treatment and detention of the remaining site. Each pond will be modified with a Batch Detention System to provide 91% TSS removal, in general accordance with TCEQ Technical Guidance, Section 3.2.17. A bioretention pond is positioned upstream of a detention pond to provide added stormwater storage and treatment for the upstream subbasin. This bioretention pond was designed in general accordance with TCEQ Section 3.4.8.

Based on the TCEQ calculations, with the City of Georgetown modification for an additional 5% TSS removal, the proposed Extended Drainage Basins and Bioretention Pond are sized for adequate stormwater treatment. Beyond the treatment capacity of the detention basins, stormwater will overflow the perimeter earthen berms to the adjacent properties.

Attachment 3B Volume and Character of Stormwater



Attachment 3B – Volume and Character of Stormwater

The volume and character of stormwater at the project site for both existing and post-development conditions are as follows:

Existing Hydrologic Condition Analysis:

The existing site is an undeveloped lot without established access from either SH 195 or CR 147. The properties generally to the north (across CR 147) consist of large farmed plots with individual homes; to the west, a large single-family home on a mostly undeveloped plot bordered by SH 195 along its west property line; to the east is the Martin Marietta – North Austin Quarry; to the south, SH 195 and an undeveloped plot. The site is lightly forested with ground surface consisting of brush, weed and grasses in good condition. The NRCS Soils Map (2021) for the area shows Denton silty clay (DnB) generally corresponding to the northern ¼ of the property and the offsite area to the north, and Eckrant cobbly clay (EaD) for the southern ¾ of the property and the property to the west. Both silty and cobbly clay soils are defined as hydrologic soil group D.

The majority of the property drains toward an undefined channel in the northern $\frac{1}{2}$ portion of the property, outflowing to the neighboring quarry to the east. A smaller portion of the site drains across the across the east and south property lines, leaving less than an acre draining to the south along SH 195. Based on GIS topographic information, approximately 58 acres north of CR 147 flows to a shallow depression along the County road frontage and is conveyed to the subject property through 3-18" CMP culverts, outflowing at the NW corner of the property. The centerline of CR 147 is roughly 2 feet above the culverts' invert, creating a shallow closed depression on the neighboring property. Approximately 36 acres of the neighboring property to the west generally sheet flows across the common property line.

Table 3-6 of the Georgetown Drainage Criteria Manual was used to determine the Base Runoff Curve Numbers (CN) for the drainage basin. The brush, weed and grass mixture (in good condition) and the defined hydrologic soil group assign a Base Curve Number of 73 for the subject property and the contributing property to the west. The contributing area to the north is better defined as Meadow – generally mowed for hay, warranting a Base Curve Number of 78. Refer to Attachment A for the SCS Base Runoff Curve Numbers table and Attachment B for the USDA NRCS Soils Map that shows the soils breakdown for the site and a description of each soil type.

Peak runoff rates for the Existing and Developed conditions were calculated using HEC-HMS 4.10. The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's (NOAA) Atlas 14 precipitation frequency estimates for the region were input into HEC-HMS for analysis of the required 24-hour SCS type III storm events: 2, 10, 25, and 100-year storm events.

NOAA Atlas 14 Precipitation Data (in)							
Event 2-YR 10-YR 25-YR 100-YR							
24-Hour	3.93	6.28	8.00	11.20			

Precipitation Data taken from NOAA Atlas 14 website

Address: 3000 SH 195, Georgetown, TX 78633

Four existing drainage basins were defined based on geographic features and the three areas of discharge across the subject property lines, assigned Points of Interest A - C. The entire drainage basin contributing to the three Points of Interest covers over 119 acres. Existing Basin 1 is comprised of the nearly 58 acres north of CR 147. Stormwater discharge from Existing Basin 1 to the subject property is limited by the three 18" CMP culverts, creating a small pond on that property during each of the design storm events. Based on GIS topographic information, a volume of approximately 41,000 cf is available prior to overflowing the County road centerline. Once flow from Existing Basin 1 enters the subject property, it flows to the existing channel and is conveyed to an existing point of discharge at the east property line, Point of Interest A (POI A).

Existing Basin 2 is comprised of most of the contributing offsite area to the west and the remaining portion of the subject property that drains to the existing channel, where it combines with Existing Basin 1 to outflow to POI A. Existing Basin 3 is comprised of a smaller portion of the offsite area to the west and the southern portion of the subject property that sheet flows across the east and south property lines (POI B). Existing Basin 4 is comprised of a small onsite area that drains south toward SH 195 right-of-way (POI C).

Existing impervious cover consists of the two homes and drives on the offsite contributing properties and the portion of CR 147 within the drainage basin area, totaling 88, 540 sf (2.03 acres). No impervious cover exists within the proposed property boundary.

A summary of the existing drainage basin information can be seen in the table below with an Existing Conditions Basin Map included in Attachment H.

EXISTNG CONDITIONS DRAINAGE BASIN INFORMATION										
	AREA		IMPERVIOUS COVER		CURVE NUMBER		TIME OF CONCENTRATION	LAG		
BASIN	(SF)	(AC)	(Sq Mi)	(SF)	(AC)	(%)	Base Soil	Composite	(MIN)	(MIN)
1	2,525,195	57.97	0.09057891	26,840	0.62	1.1%	78	78.21	31.64	19.0
2	2,071,675	47.56	0.07431112	61,700	1.42	3.0%	73	73.74	31.53	18.9
3	558,710	12.83	0.02004096	0	0.00	0.0%	73	73.00	31.18	18.7
4	37,630	0.86	0.00134979	0	0.00	0.0%	73	73.00	6.00	3.6
Total	5,193,210	119.22	0.18628078	88,540	2.03	1.7%	•	•		

The Time of Concentration (ToC) for each subbasin was determined using standard TR-55 procedures. Refer to Attachment D for spreadsheets of each ToC calculation.

The peak runoff rates calculated for the Existing Conditions can be found in the table below.

EXISTNG CONDITIONS DRAINAGE CALCULATIONS (cfs)								
Basin	2-YR	2-YR 10-YR 25-Y		100-YR				
1	48.9	103.1	144.6	222.5				
2	32.5	74.4	107.6	171.0				
3	8.5	19.8	28.8	46.0				
4	1.1	2.6	3.8	6.0				
POI A	73.6	174.7	249.4	390.6				
POI B	8.5	19.8	28.8	46.0				
POI C	1.1	2.6	3.8	6.0				

Proposed Hydrologic Condition Analysis:

Proposed grading and improvements divide the total drainage basin into 13 separate subbasins, with surface discharge from the site at the same three Points of Interest. The proposed improvements bring the total impervious cover of the overall basin to over 665,000 square feet (15.3 acres), or 12.8% of the entire 119-acre drainage basin. Allowable impervious cover is based on UDC 11.02.010.A.1.b, which states, "For subdivisions greater than five acres, the impervious cover maximum allowance changes with the total acreage of the subdivision. The impervious cover maximum is 70 percent (70%) of the first five acres and 55 percent (55%) of the remaining acreage." The site is 24.427 acres. Allowable Impervious Cover = $(5 \times 0.70 + (24.427 - 5) \times 0.55) = 14.18$ acres, or 58.1%. Proposed additional Impervious Cover is 13.24 acres, or 54.2%.

Developed Basin 1 consists of the same 58-acre area north of CR 147, with the same shallow depression and 3-18" culvert outflow. Developed Basins 2 and 3 consist of the offsite property to the west. Proposed drainage channels will convey offsite flows from Developed Basins 1-3 through the site to the point of discharge to the quarry (POI A).

Runoff from Developed Basins 4 and 5 consist of the parking and sidewalk along Buildings 1 – 4. Stormwater runoff treatment is provided by Engineered Vegetated Filter Strips, designed in general accordance with Section 3.2.4 of the TCEQ Technical Guidance on BMP's. Essentially, less than 72 feet of gently sloped impervious area flows across 15 feet of gently sloped vegetated buffer strip before flowing offsite, with no encumbrances (e.g. curbs or graded channels) to concentrate or channelize the flows. After treatment, runoff is combined in the drainage channels to POI A.

Runoff from Developed Basins 7 and 8 is conveyed to a proposed Detention Ponds 1 and 2 with release to POI A. Developed Basin 9 flows to a Bioretention Pond for stormwater treatment with primary overflow to Detention Pond 2 and secondary overflow to POI B. In general, Developed Basins 1 – 10 contribute to POI A, Basins 11 and 12 contribute to POI B, and Basin 13 contributes to POI C.

A summary of the developed conditions drainage basin information can be seen in the table below with a Developed Conditions Basin Map included in Attachment H.

	DEVELOPED CONDITIONS DRAINAGE BASIN INFORMATION									
		AREA		IMPER	RVIOUS COV	/ER	CURVE	NUMBER	TIME OF CONCENTRATION	LAG
BASIN	(SF)	(AC)	(Sq Mi)	(SF)	(AC)	(%)	Base Soil	Composite	(MIN)	(MIN)
1	2,525,195	57.97	0.09057891	26,840	0.62	1.1%	78	78.21	31.64	19.0
2	1,143,240	26.25	0.04100809	54,250	1.25	4.7%	73	74.19	30.66	18.4
3	453,660	10.41	0.01627281	2,500	0.06	0.6%	73	73.14	31.31	18.8
4	110,104	2.53	0.00394944	49,798	1.14	45.2%	73	84.31	6	3.6
5	98,146	2.25	0.00352050	46,650	1.07	47.5%	73	84.88	6	3.6
6	16,447	0.38	0.00058995	0	0.00	0.0%	73	73.00	6	3.6
7	258,330	5.93	0.00926631	162,119	3.72	62.8%	73	88.69	6	3.6
8	227,569	5.22	0.00816291	156,399	3.59	68.7%	73	90.18	6	3.6
9	117,702	2.70	0.00422198	83,583	1.92	71.0%	73	90.75	6	3.6
10	51,830	1.19	0.00185915	1,000	0.02	1.9%	73	73.48	6	3.6
11	124,356	2.85	0.00446066	80,763	1.85	64.9%	73	89.24	6	3.6
12	54,966	1.26	0.00197163	0	0.00	0.0%	73	73.00	6	3.6
13	11,690	0.27	0.00041932	1,182	0.03	10.1%	73	75.53	6	3.6
Total	5,193,235	119.22	0.18628167	665,084	15.27	12.8%		•	<u> </u>	

Added Impervious Cover: 13.24 Ac.

The peak runoff rates calculated for the Developed Conditions can be found in the table below.

DEVE	DEVELOPED CONDITIONS DRAINAGE CALCULATIONS (cfs)					
Basin	2-YR	10-YR	25-YR	100-YR		
1	48.9	103.1	144.6	222.5		
2	18.6	42.1	60.7	96.1		
3	6.9	16.1	23.4	37.3		
4	5.2	9.7	13.0	19.4		
5	4.7	8.7	11.7	17.4		
6	0.5	1.1	1.6	2.6		
7	14.1	24.5	32.4	47.3		
8	12.9	22.2	29.1	42.1		
9	6.8	11.6	15.2	21.9		
10	1.6	3.6	5.2	8.3		
11	6.9	11.9	15.7	22.8		
12	1.6	3.8	5.5	8.7		
13	0.4	0.9	1.2	1.9		
POI A	74.0	172.2	244.0	386.1		
POI B	8.4	19.5	29.1	45.4		
POI C	0.4	0.9	1.2	1.9		

A comparison of the peak runoff rates calculated for the Developed Conditions vs. the Existing Conditions can be found in the table below. As presented, the developed peak runoff rates do not exceed 0.5 cfs of the existing conditions for the three Points of Interest analyzed.

Developed vs. Existing Conditions Drainage Calculations (cfs)						
	2-YR 10-YR 25-YR 100-YR					
POI A	0.4	-2.5	-5.4	-4.5		
POI B	-0.1	-0.3	0.3	-0.6		
POI C	-0.7	-1.7	-2.6	-4.1		

Detention Analysis and Design:

Proposed extended detention basins (Detention/WQ Ponds 1, 2 and 4) are located along the east and south property boundaries, comprised of earthen berms. Each pond will be modified with a Batch Detention System to provide 91% TSS removal, in general accordance with TCEQ Technical Guidance, Section 3.2.17. Beyond the treatment capacity of each detention basin, stormwater will generally flow toward the assigned point of discharge from the site.

A bioretention pond (WQ Pond 3) is positioned upstream of Detention Pond 2 to provide added stormwater storage and treatment for the upstream subbasin (Basin 9). WQ Pond 3 was designed in general accordance with TCEQ Section 3.4.8. Based on the TCEQ calculations, with the City of Georgetown modification for an additional 5% TSS removal, the proposed Extended Drainage Basins and Bioretention Pond are sized for adequate stormwater treatment. Beyond the treatment capacity of Pond 3, stormwater flows back into the drive aisle curb line and eventually into Pond 2. Basin 9 is considered "An offsite area drainage to BMP" Pond 2.

Refer to Attachment D for the TCEQ TSS Removal calculations and Attachment G for a schematic of the Batch Detention Valve.

Staged Pond Volume tables for each pond and peak elevations for each storm event can be found below.

Existing Closed Depression - Stage Storage					
Area Step Volume Cumulative Vo					
Elevation	(SF)	(CF)	(CF)		
829.00	600	ı	0		
830.00	14,600	7,600	7,600		
831.00	53,200	33,900	41,500		
832.00	96,000	74,600	116,100		

Volume =	$(\Delta 1 + \Delta 2)$	/2 *	(F2 - F1)	١
volulle -	1A1 T A21	14	(LZ - LI	,

PEAK POND ELEVATION - Exist Closed Depression						
Event	2-YR	10-YR	25-YR	100-YR		
DISCHARGE	43.6	101.1	142.7	220.5		
ELEV	831.2	831.4	831.6	831.8		

Out	let	Assum	ptions:
		,	P

Outlet 1-	3 - 18" CMP Culverts	In Elev=	829.0
		Slope=	0.0125
		Ent. Coef.=	0.7
		Exit Coef.=	1.0
		Mannings N=	0.024
Spillway 1 -	Weir	Elev=	831.0
		Length=	90
		Coef.=	3.0

Detention/WQ Pond 1 - Stage Storage						
	Area	Step Volume	Cumulative Volume			
Elevation	(SF)	(CF)	(CF)			
817.00	100	-	0			
818.00	6,163	3,132	3,132			
819.00	13,714	9,939	13,070			
819.50	18,073	7,947	21,017			
820.00	22,822	10,224	31,241			
821.00	33,480	28,151	59,392			
822.00	36,655	35,068	94,459			
822.80	39,091	30,298	124,757			
823.00	44,705	8,380	133,137			
823.50	58,458	25,791	158,928			

Volume = (A1 + A2)/2 * (E2 - E1)

PEAK POND ELEVATION - Detention/WQ Pond 1						
Event	2-YR	10-YR	25-YR	100-YR		
DISCHARGE	1.7	2.3	2.6	6.8		
ELEV	820.9	821.7	822.3	823.0		
Outlet Assump	tions:					
Outlet 1 - 1 - 8" HDPE Pipe			In Elev=	819.5		
				0.0200		
			Ent. Coef.=	0.7		
			Exit Coef.=	1.0		
			Mannings N=	0.012		
Spillway 1 -		Weir	Elev=	822.6		
			Length=	5		

Coef.=

2.70

 $[\]ensuremath{^{*}}$ Area values above 822.8 include ponding within the truck apron.

Detention/WQ Pond 2 - Stage Storage						
	Area	Step Volume	Cumulative Volume			
Elevation	(SF)	(CF)	(CF)			
817.00	100	1	0			
818.00	6,163	3,132	3,132			
819.00	13,714	9,939	13,070			
819.50	18,073	7,947	21,017			
820.00	22,822	10,224	31,241			
821.00	33,480	28,151	59,392			
822.00	36,655	35,068	94,459			
822.80	39,091	30,298	124,757			
823.00	44,705	8,380	133,137			
823.50	58,458	25,791	158,928			

Volume =	(A1	+ A21/2	* (F2	- F1)

^{*} Area values above 822.8 include ponding within the truck apron.

WQ Pond 3 - Stage Storage								
	Area	Step Volume	Cumulative Volume					
Elevation	(SF)	(CF)	(CF)					
827.00	13,118	-	0					
827.50	14,074	6,798	6,798					
828.00	15,060	7,284	14,082					
828.60	15,914	9,292	23,374					

Volume = (A1 + A2)/2 * (E2 - E1)

	Detention/W0	Q Pond 4 - Stage S	Storage
	Area	Step Volume	Cumulative Volume
Elevation	(SF)	(CF)	(CF)
828.30	100	-	0
829.00	3,668	1,319	1,319
830.00	11,974	7,821	9,140
830.20	13,782	2,576	11,715
830.50	16,582	4,555	16,270
830.60	17,400	1,699	17,969
831.00	17,844	7,049	25,018
831.60	18,492	10,901	35,919

Volume = (A1 + A2)/2 * (E2 - E1)

PEAK P	OND ELEVAT	ION - Dete	ention/WQ Por	nd 2
Event	2-YR	10-YR	25-YR	100-YR
DISCHARGE	4.7	6.4	7.2	13.3
ELEV	821.2	821.9	822.4	823.0
Outlet Assumpt	tions:			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Outlet 1 -	3 - 8" HD	PE Pipes	In Elev=	820.0
			Slope=	0.0200
			Ent. Coef.=	0.7
			Exit Coef.=	1.0
			Mannings N=	0.012
Spillway 1 -		Weir	Elev=	822.5
			Length=	5
			Coef.=	2.70

ı	P	EAK POND E	LEVATION - \	NQ Pond 3		
I	Event	2-YR	10-YR	25-YR	100-YR	
	DISCHARGE	4.3	6.2	6.7	7.4	
	ELEV	827.9	828.1	828.1	828.1	
	Outlet Assumptions:					
	Spillway 1 -		Weir	Elev=	827.5	
				Length=	5	
				Coef.=	3.00	
	Spillway 2 -		Weir	Elev=	828.0	
				Length=	110	
				Coef.=	3.00	

PEAK P	OND ELEVAT	ION - Dete	ntion/WQ Po	nd 4
Event	2-YR	10-YR	25-YR	100-YR
DISCHARGE	6.8	11.8	15.6	22.6
ELEV	830.5	830.6 830.6		830.6
Outlet Assump	tions:			
Outlet 1 -	1 - 8" HD	OPE Pipe	In Elev=	830.2
			Slope=	0.0100
			Ent. Coef.=	0.7
			Exit Coef.=	1.0
			Mannings N=	0.012
Spillway 1 -		Weir	Elev=	830.5
			Length=	230
			Coef.=	3.00

The proposed vegetative filter strips provide 85% TSS removal, in general accordance with TCEQ Technical Guidance, Section 3.4.6. The upstream contributing areas are 72 feet deep or less with less than 4% cross-slope and the vegetative filter strips are 15 feet wide with 1 to 20% cross-slope, all within the written design criteria.

Conveyance Systems Analysis and Design:

An Open Channel Flow Calculator was used with 25-year flow rates to determine Channel Flow portions of Time of Concentrations for Existing Basin 2 (and Ex-1 Reach), and Developed Basins 2 and 3. The Calculator was also used with 100-year flow rates to support available freeboard at critical junctions of the proposed drainage channels (J1 – combination of Developed Basins 1 and 2, J3 – addition of Basin 3, and J5 – addition of Ponds 1 and 2). Refer to Attachment F for the Open Channel Flow calculations.

All flows are contained with the proposed conveyance system. Ponding of less than 6" is anticipated in the parking area during the 100-year storm event.

Attachment 3C Suitability Letter from Authorized Agent

Department of Infrastructure County Engineer's Office

3151 SE Inner Loop, Georgetown, TX 78626

T: 512.943.3330 F: 512.943.3335

J. Terron Evertson, PE, DR, CFM



July 22, 2021

Aaron Googins HWY 195/247 LLC 6907 Capital of Texas Highway, Suite 300 Austin, TX 78731

RE: 3000 SH 195, GEORGETOWN, TX 78633

Legal: WPAP letter for 3000 SH 195

Williamson County, Texas.

The above referenced property is located within the Edwards Recharge Zone.

Based on the surrounding subdivisions and the soil survey for Williamson County and planning material received, this office is able to determine that the soil and site conditions of this lot is suitable to allow the use of on-site sewage facilities (OSSF). It should be noted that this office has not actually studied the physical properties of this site. Site specific conditions such as OSSF setbacks, recharge features, drainage, soil conditions, etc ..., will need taken into account in planning any OSSF.

These OSSF's will have to be designed by a professional engineer or a registered sanitarian. An Edwards Aquifer protection plan shall be approved by the appropriate TCEQ regional office before an authorization to construct an OSSF may be issued . The owner will be required to inform each prospective buyer, lessee or renter of the following in writing:

- That an authorization to construct shall be required before an OSSF can be constructed in the subdivision;
- That a notice of approval shall be required for the operation of an OSSF;
- Whether an application for a water pollution abatement plan as defined in Chapter 213 has been made, whether it has been approved and if any restrictions or conditions have been placed on the approval.

If this office can be of further assistance, please do not hesitate to call.

Sincerely,

Paul T. Walter, OS 8032

Williamson County Engineer's Office

Attachment 3D Exception to the Required Geologic Assessment

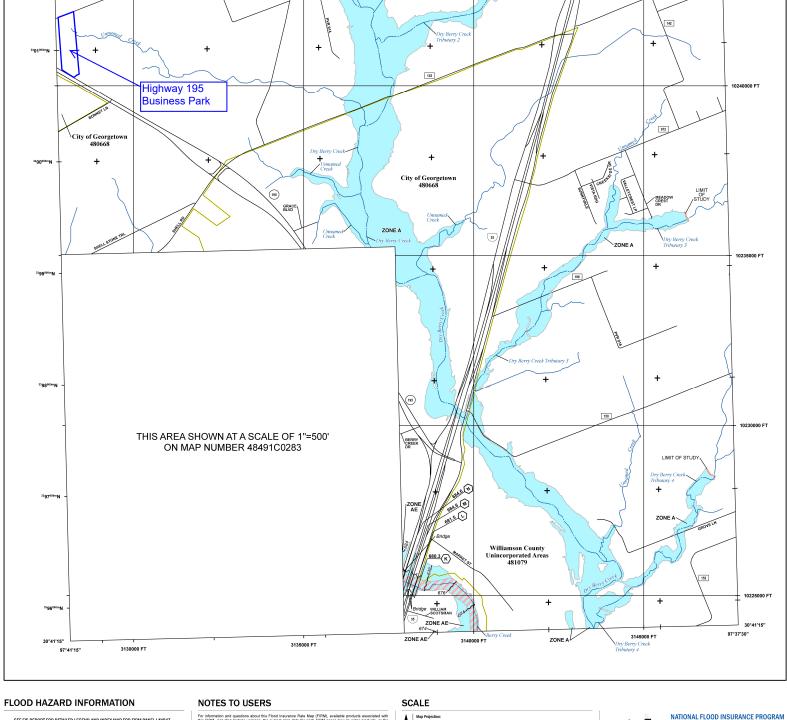


Attachment 3D – Exception to the Required Geologic Assessment

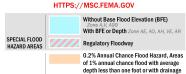
An exception to the required Geologic Assessment is not being requested for this project.

This section is not applicable to this project.

Attachment 3E FIRM Panel 48491C0285F

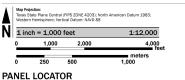


SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT THE INFORMATION DEPICTED ON THIS MAP AND SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION ARE ALSO AVAILABLE IN DIGITAL FORMAT AT



tion and questions about this Flood Insurance Rafe Map (FIRM), available products associated with including historic versions, the current map date for each FIRM band, how to order products, or the of issurance Program (HPF) in general passes call the FEAM high fromtenior of Debriage, at 1677. Application of the Program of the roducts may include proviously sixued Letters of Map Change, a Flood Insurance Study Report, and/or not of this ramp. Almy of these products can be ordered or obtained directly from the work.

Base map information shown on this FIRM was derived from digital data obtained from Texas Natural Resource Information Systems (TNHIS), dated 2000; United States Census Bureau, dated 2015; United States Geological Survey, dated 2005; and the Williamson County Geographic Information Systems (GIS) Department, dated 2014 and 2017.



Insurance Program FEMA

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS and Incorporated Areas

PANEL 285 OF 750

COMMUNITY NUMBER PANEL SUFFIX 480668 0285 F 481079 0285 F

Attachment 3F TR-55 Tc calculations

Project			Ву	1011 (10) 01 11	Date	(-)
1		JOHETOIAI	1	loop Ogran)
	HWAY 195 IN	NDUSTRIAL		Ison Ogren	7/20/2022	-
Locatio			Chec	ked	Date	
Ged	orgetown, Tex	as				
		Draiange Conditions		Drainage Area		
	Check One:		eloped	EX-1		
	Official Official					
	Check One:	Time Value Tr Tt through	suharea			
Notes				can be used for each w	orksneet.	
	include a map, scr	nematic, or description	of flow se	egments.		
Shee	t flow (Applicable	to Tc only)				
		Se	gment ID	Sheet		
1	Surface description	n (table 3-1)		Residue cover >20%	Bermudagrass	3
2	Manning's roughne	ess coefficient, n (table	3-1)	0.17		0.41
3	Flow Length, L (I<	300)	ft	200		
4	Two-year 24-hour	rainfall, P	in	3.93		3.94
5	Land Slope, s		ft/ft	1.30%		
6	Tt		hr	0.337	+	0.000 = 0.337
Shall	ow Concentrated I	Flow				
		Se	ament IC	Shallow		
7	Surface description	n (paved orunpaved)	gillelitib	Unpaved	Unpaved	
8	Flow Length, L	ii (pavea oranpavea)	ft	1640	Опрачеа	
9	Watercourse Slop	Δ	ft/ft	2.20%		
10	Average velocity,		ft/s	2.39		0.00
11	Tt = L/3600V	V	hr	0.190	+	0.000 = 0.190
''	11 - L/3000 V		111	0.190	' <u></u>	0.000 - 0.190
Chan	nel or Storm Drair	Flow				
Chan	mei or Storm Drair	I FIOW				
					T	
				Channel	Pipe	
12	Cross Sectional A		sf			0.0
13	Wetted perimeter,	-	ft			0.0
14	Hydraulic radius, r	=a/p _w Compute r	ft	0.00		0.00
15	Channel slope, s		ft/ft			
16	Manning's roughne	ess coefficient, n				0
17	V =		ft	0		0
18	Flow Length, L		ft			
19	Tt = L/3600V		hr	0	+	0.000
20	Watershed or suba	area Tc or Tt (add Tt in	steps 6,	11, and 19)		hr 0.53
				_		
			ည	hr		0.53
				min		31.64
			Lag	hr		0.32
			ت	min		19.0

		mic of Conce		1011 (10) 01 11	Date (10)	
Projec		UDLIGTELAL	Ву		Date	
HIG	<u> </u>	NDUSTRIAL	Ne	lson Ogren	7/20/2022	
Location	on:		Checl	ked	Date	
Geo	orgetown, Tex	cas				
	, ,		L	Drainage Area		
	01 1 0	Draiange Conditions	alanad			
	Check One:	Present Dev	eioped	EX-1 Reach		
	Check One:	Time Value				
	Check One.	Tc Tt through	subarea			
Note	s Space for as man	y as two segments per	flow type	can be used for each wo	rksheet.	
	Include a map, scl	hematic, or description	of flow se	egments.		
Shee	t flow (Applicable	to Tc only)				
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
		Sa	gment ID			
1	Surface description		gilicitib	Smooth Surfaces	Bermudagrass	
2	-	ess coefficient, n (table	2 1)	0.011	0.41	
3	Flow Length, L (I<		5-1) ft	0.011	0.41	
		•			2.04	
4	Two-year 24-hour	raintali, P	in ft/ft	3.93 0.00%	3.94	
5	Land Slope, s				0.000	0.000
6	Tt		hr	0.000	+ 0.000 =	= 0.000
Shall	low Concentrated	Flow				
		Se	gment ID			
7	Surface description	n (paved orunpaved)	5	Unpaved	Paved	
8	Flow Length, L	(parea eranparea)	ft	330	0	
9	Watercourse Slop	e	ft/ft	1.80%	0.00%	
10	Average velocity,		ft/s	2.16	0.00	
11	Tt = $L/3600V$	v	hr	0.042	+ 0.000 =	= 0.042
''	11 - L/3000 V		111	0.042	0.000	0.042
Char	nnel or Storm Draii	n Flow				
		Se	gment ID	Channel 1	Channel 2	
12	Cross Sectional A	rea, a	sf	36.0	0.0	
13	Wetted perimeter,	, p _w	ft	60.0	0.0	
14	Hydraulic radius, r	=a/p _w Compute r	ft	0.60	0.00	
15	Channel slope, s		ft/ft	0.0086		
16	Manning's roughn	ess coefficient, n		0.03	0	
17	V =		ft	3.277652989	0	
18	Flow Length, L		ft	800		
19	Tt = L/3600V		hr	0.067799191 -	+ 0=	= 0.068
20		area Tc or Tt (add Tt in			L	- 44
20	vvalcibiled Oi SUD	area re or re (auu il III	sichs 0,	11, and 18)	[nr <u> </u>
L				hr		0.11
			ည	hr		0.11
				min		6.61
			Lag	hr		0.07
				min		4.0

Project	<u> </u>		Ву	1011 (10) 01 11	Date	<u> </u>
1		IDLICTDIAL		la a 12 O aura 12		
	SHWAY 195 IN	NDUSTRIAL		Ison Ogren	7/20/2022	
Locatio			Chec	ked	Date	
Ged	orgetown, Tex	as				
				Drainage Area	•	
	Charle Once	Draiange ConditionsPresentDev	eloped	EX-2		
	Check One:		reloped	EX-2		
	Check One:	Time Value				<u> </u>
	Check One.	Tc Tt through	subarea			
Notes	s Space for as many	as two segments per	flow type	can be used for each wo	rksheet.	
	Include a map, sch	nematic, or description	of flow se	egments.		
Shee	t flow (Applicable	to Tc only)				
		Se	gment ID	Sheet		
1	Surface description		-	Dense grasses	Bermudagrass	
2	•	ess coefficient, n (table	3-1)	0.24	0.4	41
3	Flow Length, L (I<		ft	120	<u> </u>	· ·
4	Two-year 24-hour	•	in	3.93	3.9	0.4
5	Land Slope, s	railiaii, r	ft/ft	1.80%	0.	34
6	Tt		hr	0.259 -	L 0.00	00 = 0.259
	11		111	0.239	0.0	0.239
			_			
Shall	ow Concentrated F	Flow				
		Se	gment ID	Shallow		
7	Surface description	n (paved orunpaved)		Unpaved	Unpaved	
8	Flow Length, L	. ,	ft	1460	•	
9	Watercourse Slope	е	ft/ft	1.60%		
10	Average velocity, \		ft/s	2.04	0.0	00
11	Tt = L/3600V	•	hr	0.199 -	+ 0.0	
''	11 L/0000 V			0.100	0.0	0.100
Chan	nel or Storm Drair	Flow				
Cilaii	iner of Storm Drain	IFIOW				
		_				
				Channel	Pipe	_
12	Cross Sectional Ar		sf	36.0		0.0
13	Wetted perimeter,	•	ft	60.0		0.0
14	Hydraulic radius, r	=a/p _w Compute r	ft	0.60	0.0	00
15	Channel slope, s		ft/ft	0.0086		
16	Manning's roughne	ess coefficient, n		0.03		0
17	V =		ft	3.277652989		0
18	Flow Length, L		ft	800		
19	Tt = L/3600V		hr	0.067799191 -	 	0 = 0.068
20		area Tc or Tt (add Tt in				hr 0.53
	vvaloraneu ur aubi	arca ro or re (aud Telli	sicps 0,	11, and 10 <i>j</i>		111 0.55
				hr		0.52
			2	hr		0.53
				min		31.53
			Lag	hr		0.32
				min		18.9

	inic of Conce		don (1c) of 11	aver time (1t)	
Project		Ву		Date	
HIGHWAY 195 I	INDUSTRIAL	Ne	Ison Ogren	7/20/2022	
Location:		Chec	ked	Date	
Georgetown, Te	xas				
<u> </u>			Drainage Area		
	Draiange Conditions	la a a al			
Check One:	Present O Deve	lopea	EX-3		
	Time Value				1
Check One:	Tc Tt through s	ubarea			
Notes Space for as ma	ny as two segments per f	low type	can be used for each wo	orksheet.	
Include a map, so	chematic, or description o	of flow se	egments.		
.,	,				
Sheet flow (Applicable	e to Tc only)				
	•				
	Sec	gment ID	Sheet		
1 Surface descripti	_		Dense grasses	Bermudagrass	
-	ness coefficient, n (table 3	3-1)	0.24	0.41	
3 Flow Length, L (I		ft	180	0.11	
4 Two-year 24-hou	•	in	3.93	3.94	
5 Land Slope, s	i raimaii, i	ft/ft	1.30%	3.94	
6 Tt		hr	0.408	+ 0.000	= 0.408
		111	0.400	0.000	- 0.400
		_			
Shallow Concentrated	Flow				
	_			1	1
	-	gment ID	Shallow		
-	on (paved orunpaved)		Unpaved	Unpaved	
8 Flow Length, L		ft	870		
9 Watercourse Slo	ре	ft/ft	1.80%		
10 Average velocity,	V	ft/s	2.16	0.00	
11 Tt = L/3600V		hr	0.112	+ 0.000	= 0.112
Channel or Storm Dra	in Flow				
	Seg	gment ID	Channel	Pipe	
12 Cross Sectional		sf		0.0	
13 Wetted perimete	r, p _w	ft		0.0	
	r =a/p _w Compute r	ft	0.00	0.00	
15 Channel slope, s		ft/ft	0.00	0.00	
	ness coefficient, n	1010		0	
17 V =	icos coemoient, n	ft	0	0	
17 V – 18 Flow Length, L		ft	0	U	
					_ [0.000]
		hr		+0	. —
20 Watershed or sul	barea Tc or Tt (add Tt in s	steps 6,	11, and 19)		hr 0.52
		1	hr		0.52
		2	hr		
			min		31.18
		Lag	hr		0.31
			min		18.7

Project			Ву	1011 (10) 01 11	Date	<i>)</i>
1		JOHOTOLAL		la a O aa		
	<u> </u>	NDUSTRIAL		Ison Ogren	7/20/2022	
Location	on:		Chec	ked	Date	
Ged	orgetown, Tex	as				
	,		<u> </u>	Drainage Area		
		Draiange Conditions				
	Check One:	O Present O Dev	/eiopea	DA-2		
	0	Time Value				
	Check One:	Tc Tt through	subarea			
Notes	s Space for as man	y as two segments per	flow type	can be used for each wo	rksheet.	
	-	nematic, or description				
	1,	, ,		3		
Shee	t flow (Applicable	to Tc only)				
		Se	gment ID	Sheet		
1	Surface descriptio		-	Dense grasses	Bermudagrass	
2	•	ess coefficient, n (table	3-1)	0.24	0.4	11
3	Flow Length, L (I<		ft	120	0.	· ·
4	Two-year 24-hour	•	in	3.93	3.9	24
5	Land Slope, s	raii iraii, r	ft/ft	1.80%	0.0	94
6	Tt		hr	0.259	+ 1 0.00	00 = 0.259
	10		111	0.200	0.00	0.233
		-				
Shall	ow Concentrated I	Flow				
		Se	gment ID	Shallow		
7	Surface descriptio	n (paved orunpaved)		Unpaved	Unpaved	
8	Flow Length, L		ft	1410		
9	Watercourse Slop	е	ft/ft	1.60%		
10	Average velocity, \	/	ft/s	2.04	0.0	00
11	Tt = L/3600V		hr	0.192 -	+ 0.00	
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			0.102	0.00	30 01.102
Chan	nel or Storm Drair	Flow				
Onan		11 10W				
				<u></u>		_
				Channel	Pipe	
12	Cross Sectional A		sf	26.7		.0
13	Wetted perimeter,	-	ft	27.2		.0
14	Hydraulic radius, r	=a/p _w Compute r	ft	0.98	0.0	00
15	Channel slope, s		ft/ft	0.005		
16	Manning's roughne	ess coefficient, n		0.045		0
17	V =		ft	2.313730453		0
18	Flow Length, L		ft	500		
19	Tt = L/3600V		hr	0.06002812 -	+	0 = 0.060
20		area Tc or Tt (add Tt in				hr 0.51
	55 5. 5db			, · • <i>j</i>		3.31
				hr		0.51
			ပို	min		30.66
			<u> </u>			0.31
			Lag	hr		18.4
				min		10.4

D!	Kyneet 5.11me 0.				
Projec	SHWAY 195 INDUST	B)		Date 7/20/201	22
Location			lelson Ogren	7/20/202 Date	<u> </u>
		Ci	lecked	Date	
Ge	orgetown, Texas				
	┌ Draiange	Conditions —	Drainage Area		
	Check One: O Prese		DA-3		
	☐ Time Valu	ie			
	Check One: Tc	O Tt through subarea	ı		
Note:	s Space for as many as two s	eaments per flow ty	— pe can be used for each	worksheet.	
	Include a map, schematic, o		-		
	, с		9		
Shee	t flow (Applicable to Tc only	/)			
		,*			
		Segment	ID Sheet		
1	Surface description (table 3-	_	Dense grasses	Bermudagra	ass
2	Manning's roughness coeffic	•	0.2		0.41
3	Flow Length, L (I<300)	ft	15	50	
4	Two-year 24-hour rainfall, P	in	3.9	93	3.94
5	Land Slope, s	ft/	ft 0.73°	%	
6	Tt	hr	0.44	14 +	0.000 = 0.444
Shall	low Concentrated Flow				
		Seament	ID Shallow		
7	Surface description (paved of	_	Unpaved	Unpaved	
8	Flow Length, L	ft			
9	Watercourse Slope	ft/			
10	Average velocity, V	ft/			0.00
11	Tt = L/3600V	hr			0.000 = 0.047
Char	nnel or Storm Drain Flow				
		Segment	ID Channel	Pipe	
12	Cross Sectional Area, a	sf			0.0
13	Wetted perimeter, pw	ft	15	.3	0.0
14	Hydraulic radius, r =a/pw Co	mpute r ft	0.5	53	0.00
15	Channel slope, s	ft/	ft 0.01	18	
16	Manning's roughness coeffic	cient, n	0.04	15	0
17	V =	ft	2.91416934	17	0
18	Flow Length, L	ft	32	25	
19	Tt = L/3600V	hr	0.03097890)6 +	0 = 0.031
20	Watershed or subarea Tc or	Tt (add Tt in steps	6, 11, and 19)		hr 0.52
		•	•		
			o hr		0.52
		1	hr min		0.52 31.31
			<u> </u>		

Attachment 3G Runoff CN Tables

3-12 HYDROLOGY

ABLE 3-4 RUNOFF CURVE NUMBERS FOR URBAN AREAS⁶

Cover type and hvdrologic condition	Average percent impervious area	A	В	С	D	
Fully developed urban areas (vegetation established)						
Open space (lawns, parks, golf courses, cemeteries, etc.):						
Poor condition (grass cover <50%)		68	79	86	89	
Fair condition (grass cover 50% to 75%)		49	69	79	_84_	
Good condition (grass cover > 75%)		39	61	74	80	
Impervious areas:						
Paved parking lots, roofs, driveways,						
etc. (excluding right-of-way)		98	98	98	98	
Streets and roads:						
Paved; curbs and storm drains						
(excluding right~of-way)		98	98	98	98	
Paved; open ditches (including right-of-w	/ay)	83	89	92	93	
Gravel (including right~of-way)		76	85	89	91	
Dirt (including right~of-way)		72	82	87	89	
Western desert urban areas:						
Natural desert landscaping (pervious						
areas only)		63	77	85	88	
Artificial desert landscaping						
(impervious weed barrier, desert shrub						
with 1 - to 2-inch sand or gravel mulch						
and basin borders)		96	96	96	96	
Urban districts:						
Commercial and business	85	89	92	94	95	
Industrial	72	81	88	91	93	
Residential districts by						
average lot size:						
1/8 acre or less (town houses)	65	77	85	90	92	
1/4 acre	38	61	75	83	87	
1/3 acre	30	57	72	81	86	
1/2 acre	25	54	70	80	85	
1 acre	20	51	68	79	84	
2 acres	12	46	65	77	82	
Developing urban areas						
Newly graded areas (pervious areas						
only, no vegetation)		77	86	91	94	

- Values in table are for average runoff condition and Ia = 0.2S.
- The average percent impervious area shown was used to develop the composite RCN's. Other assumptions are: (1) impervious areas are directly connected to the drainage system, (2) impervious areas have a RCN of 98, and (3) pervious areas are considered equivalent to open space in good hydrologic condition.

3-14 HYDROLOGY

TABLE 3-6 RUNOFF CURVE NUMBERS FOR OTHER AGRICULTURAL LANDS⁶

Cover type	Hydrologic condition	Α	В	С	D
Pasture, grassland, or range-	Poor	68	79	86	89
continuous forage for grazing	Fair	49	69	79	84
5 5 5	Good	39	61	74	80
Meadow- continuous grass, Protected from grazing and generally mowed for hay	-	30	58	71	78
Brushbrush-weed-grass mixture,	Poor	48	67	77	83
With brush the major element	Fair	35	56	70	77
•	Good	30	48	65	73
Woodsgrass combination	Poor	57	73	82	86
(orchard or tree farm)	Fair	43	65	76	82
	Good	32	58	72	79
Woods	Poor	45	66	77	83
	Fair	36	60	73	79
	Good	30	55	70	77
Farmsteadsbuildings, lanes, driveways, and surrounding lots		59	74	82	86

Values in table are for average runoff condition and Ia = 0.2S.

Pasture: Poor: <50% ground cover or heavily grazed with no mulch

Fair: 50 to 75% ground cover and not heavily grazed Good: > 75% ground cover and lightly

or only occasionally grazed

Meadow: Poor: <50% ground cover

Fair: 50 to 75% ground cover

Good: > 75% ground cover

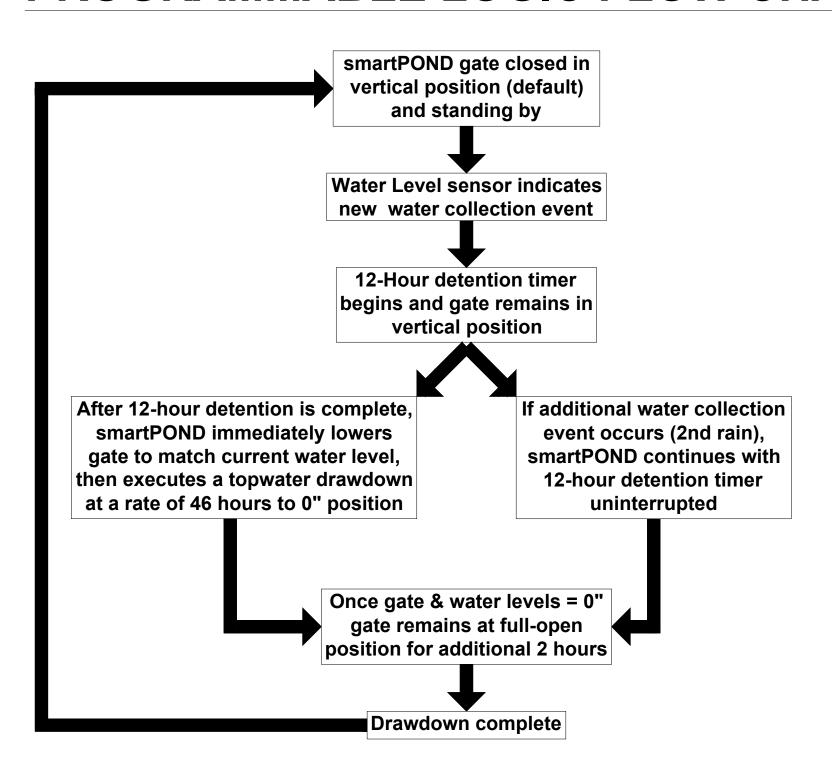
Woods/grass: RCN's shown were computed for areas with 50% grass (pasture) cover. Other combinations
of conditions may be computed from RCNtS for woods and pasture

Woods: Poor: Forest litter, small trees, and brush are destroyed by heavy grazing or regular burning

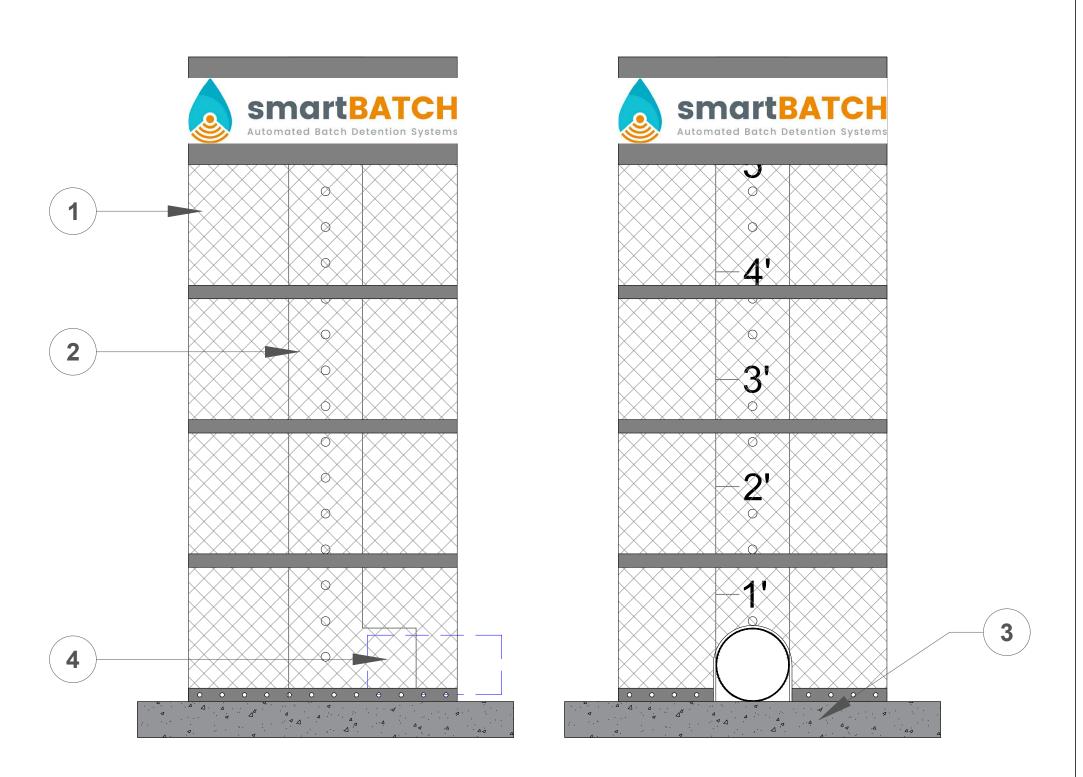
Fair: Woods grazed but not burned, and some forest litter covers the soil Good: Woods protected from grazing, litter and brush adequately cover soil

Attachment 3H Batch Detention BMP

PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC FLOW CHART

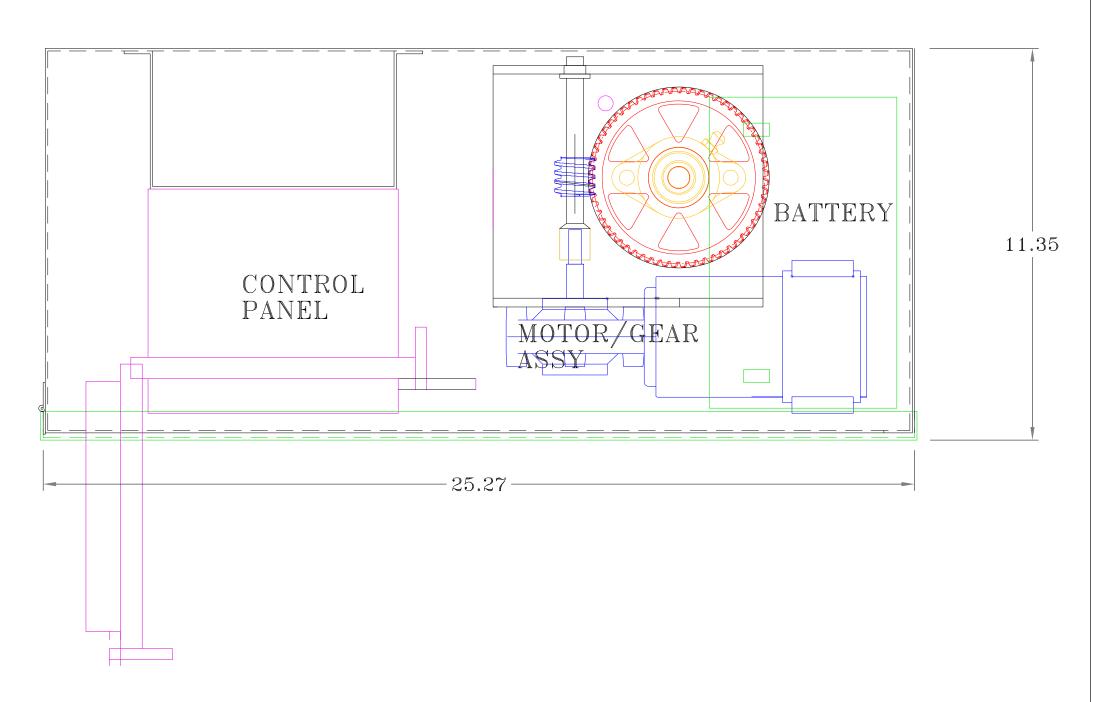


TRASH CAGE WITH PERFORATED RISER PIPE

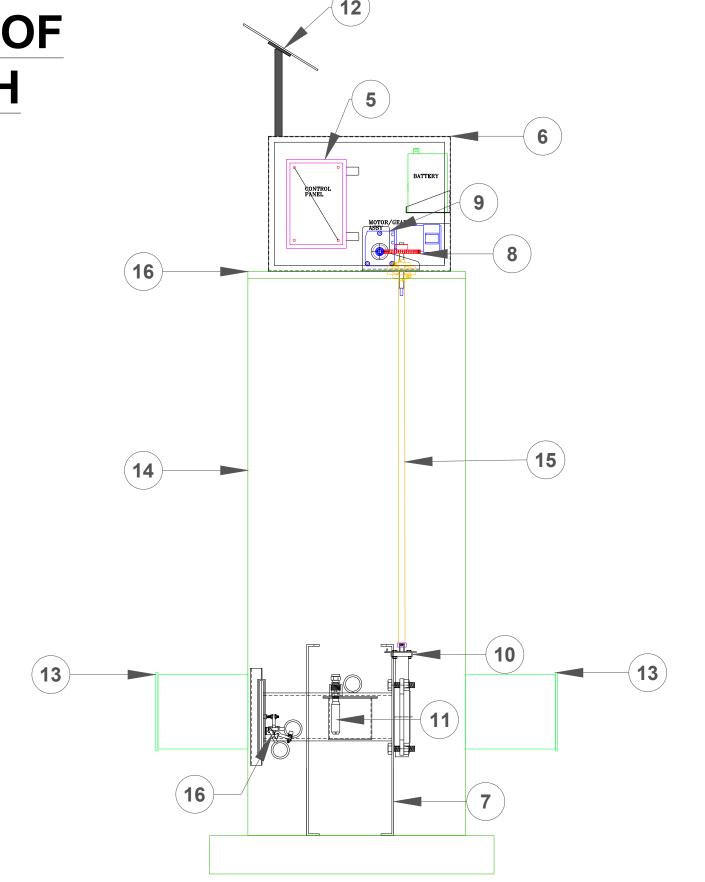


	Parts List
Item	smartPOND Valve Component
1	30" DIAMETER CAGE WITH 1 ½" GALVANIZED MESH SCREEN
2	8" SQUARE PERFORATED TUBING WITH 1" PERFORATION, WITH 4" VERTICAL SPACING ON CENTERS WITH WATER DEPTH MARKER
3	3 ½' X 3 ½' X 4" CONCRETE PAD (BY OTHERS)
4	6" PVC OUTFALL PIPE (BY OTHERS)
5	WEATHERPROOF ELECTRONIC BOX
6	CONTROL BOX
7	PEDESTAL
8	ACTUATOR
9	MOTOR
10	6" VALVE
11	LEVEL TRANSDUCER
12	SOLAR PANEL
13	OUTLET PIPE (BY OTHERS)
14	30" DRAIN BASIN
15	VALVE STEM
16	QUICK DISCONNECT VALVE CONNECTION

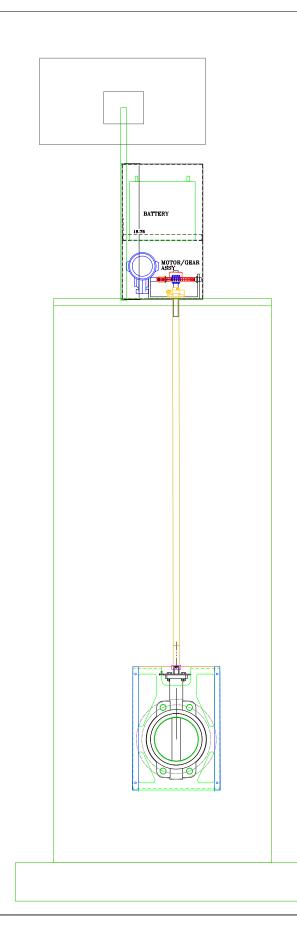
PLAN VIEW OF ENCLOSER



SECTION VIEW OF SMARTBATCH



FRONT VIEW OF SMARTBATCH

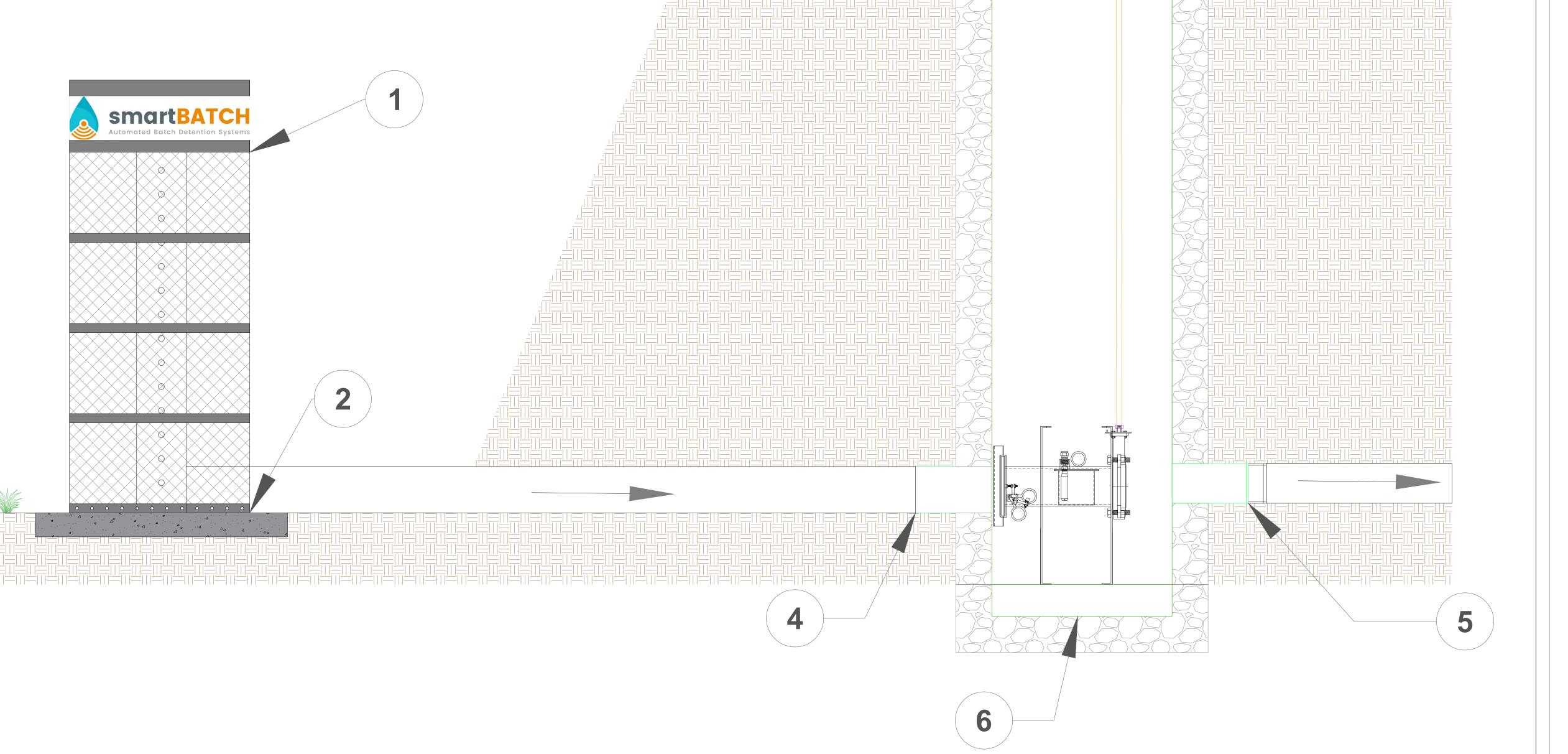






SI	MARTBATC	H PONDS 1	& 2
Label	PIPE DIA.	MATERIAL	ELEVATION
1	8"	STEEL	820.0
2	6"	PVC	817.0
3	30"	PVC	823.5
4	6"	PVC	816.8
5	6"	PVC	816.8
6	30"	PVC	815.5

	SMARTBA	CH POND	4
Label	PIPE DIA.	MATERIAL	ELEVATION
1	8"	STEEL	830.5
2	6"	PVC	828.5
3	30"	PVC	831.5
4	6"	PVC	828.3
5	6"	PVC	828.3
6	30"	PVC	827.0





FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION PLEASE CONTACT: CONSTRUCTION ECO SERVICES, 832-456-1000, www.ecosvs.com



smartBATCH Valve SPECIFICATION

Continuously Monitored Automated Batch Detention System with Valve

1. Introduction

The following specifications describe the components, general functions, and applications of a smartPOND Continuously Monitored Automated Batch Detention System (C-MABDS) with Valve. The system functions as an electronically controlled, solar powered stormwater management device, providing precision management capabilities and real-time data. Using sensors, solar power, an electronic actuator, and an internet-based control interface, the smartPOND valve connects to a specialized perforated riser inside the stormwater impoundment to meet batch detention standards as approved by local regulations.

2. smartPOND Valve Applications in Stormwater Management

The smartPOND valve is a device for active Stormwater management. As opposed to passive devices such as floating skimmers or stationary weirs, active water management dramatically increases the efficiency and effectiveness of a detention or retention pond. Where a passive stormwater detention system allows water to leave immediately upon collection, the smartPOND valve can detain newly caught Stormwater and allow it to settle for a programmed period before automatically dewatering the impoundment completely.

2.1 Pre-Programmed Control

Many functions can be pre-programmed without any human interactions, leaving the valve to automatically receive commands based on environmental conditions and respond as programmed.

2.1.1 Batch Detention Function for Stormwater Quality

The smartPOND valve meets TCEQ Batch Detention specifications for a 91% Total Suspended Solid removal rate. The function proceeds as follows. With the valve in the closed position and the impoundment dry, the system will stand by and wait for a water collection event. At the first sign of water collection, the unit will begin a 12-hour detention timer. At the end of the 12-hour detention period, the valve will open and release all of the water that has been collected. After the water level drops to 0", the valve will remain open for an additional 2 hours to facilitate final drainage, then return to the closed position to stand by for the next water collection event.

2.2 Real Time Monitoring

smartPOND comes standard with telemetry available on each unit and access to the user app available at no additional cost for 1 year. This option allows for real time monitoring of the unit and the data that comes along with it. From the real time monitoring app, a user can:

- See the water level
- See if trash or debris is surrounding the inlet
- Get maintenance alerts (Low Battery, Valve Failure, Etc.)

3. Components

The smartPOND valve may be implemented either above or below ground, and is comprised of the following components:

3.1 Hardware and Configuration

The standard smartPOND valve features a cast 6" valve. An extended spool and mounting flange on each side of the valve allows it to be attached to the outfall pipe in various configurations. The valve is actuated with an electric motor connected by an extendable drive shaft for underground applications.

For above ground applications, the entire system including all necessary components for operation assemble into one kit and are housed under a single lockable steel enclosure with the solar panel mounted on top. In this configuration, the unit can be installed on a stable, level pad and be bolted onto the back of the outfall pipe with six ¾" bolts and then switched to the "ON" position.

For underground applications, the valve is installed in a vault or concrete encasement as needed. An extended drive shaft connects between the underground valve and the rest of the components, including the motor and all electronics, which are housed in the lockable steel enclosure directly above ground.

3.2 Electronics and Software Specifications

- Main board The main board of the smartPOND valve's electronics box serves as the main connection terminal for all sensors and additional control boards
- Motor Controller Board The motor controller board of the smartPOND valve regulates the connection between the battery and the motor and receives inputs from the main board to control motor direction. It also powers the main board.
- **Motor** The smartPOND valve's motor operates on 12-volts and has two wires connecting to the motor controller board. It is mounted on a bracket and connects to the directly to the valve with a driveshaft.
- Battery The smartPOND valve is powered by a 12-volt, 30 amp/hour gel battery. Two terminals at the top connect the power wires to the motor controller board and the solar charge controller to the battery.
- **Solar Panel** The solar panel of the smartPOND valve is 12-volts with 15 watt charging capability. It connects to a solar charge controller which regulates the voltage and current before connecting with two wires to the positive and negative battery terminals.

Sensors

- Pressure Transducer The water level sensor is a pressure transducer sensor capable of staying submersed in water indefinitely. It mounts on the side of the smartPOND valve's center spool.
- Valve position sensor A proximity sensor senses the position of the valve's drive shaft in order to control and determine the position of the valve.
- (Optional)
 - Cell data modem A cellular data modem will be required for real time control and alert options as well as predevelopment hydrograph functions.
 Hydrocarbon Sensor This optional sensor may be fitted to the smartPOND valve to perform specific functions based on the presence of hydrocarbon

4. Real Time Monitoring Interface (optional)

contamination.

If the real time monitoring option is selected, the smartPOND valve may be monitored in real time through the Autoflow app. Live and historical data from each unit may be viewed in the app, as well as alerts (detailed in section 5).

4.1 Accessing unit data

To access live and historical data in the Autoflow app, select the unit of interest on the home page by clicking on the unit's name. From there, select the "Data" button, and the data page for that unit will be displayed.

5. Alerts

The smartPOND valve will indicate the following alerts by illuminating an exteriorly visible red LED light

- Low battery
- Loss of function
- Valve malfunction
- Hydrocarbon contamination (optional)

If the telemetry option is selected, the unit will upload the above alerts to the Autoflow app and notify the operator via text or email.

6. In Case of Failure

To bypass the smartPOND valve's normal automated functions and control the valve position in case of failure:

6.1 Removal of motor and manual direct control

In case of a total electronic or motor failure, the motor and motor bracket can be uninstalled together by removing the two bolts at the bottom of the motor bracket. With the motor and motor bracket removed, the output shaft on the butterfly valve can be manually controlled with a socket wrench, or any other tool that can grip the output shaft.

7. Additional Components List

7.1 Perforated Riser

The smartPOND valve system includes a stackable perforated steel riser which installs on the inlet side of the outfall pipe within the impoundment area. The perforated riser features an 8-inch steel perforated square tube within a 24" round steel mesh tube. At the bottom of the 8-inch square tube, there is a female threaded fitting for a six inch PVC outfall pipe to connect. The steel tube is perforated with 1-inch holes every 4" on center to the height of the impoundment.

7.2 Trash Cage

The trash cage attaches to the perforated riser with a coupling and calder pin. The trash cage will be comprised of steel banding and a 1.5" x 1.5" mesh to prevent floatable's and other contaminants from entering and clogging the perforated riser. The trash cage will sit 0.5" above the bottom of the impoundment to allow the last 0.5" out of the impoundment.

7.3 Valve Stem Extension

The drive shaft/valve stem of the smartPOND system may be extended to any length necessary for instances where the valve will be in an underground vault or manhole. The valve stem will connect the valve to the above ground controls.

8. Maintenance

8.1 Grease

The smartPOND valve includes a grease fitting on the valve itself which should be greased twice per year. It is also recommended that a thick, mildly heat-resistant grease be used to avoid grease melting out of the groove in warmer temperatures.

8.2 Flange Bolts

There are 6 bolts connecting the smartPOND valve's flange to the outfall pipe or fixture. During routine maintenance intervals, these bolts should be checked for tightness. All bolts should be tightened evenly.

8.3 Perforated Riser

Silt, sediment, and debris can build up around the perforated riser with time. An annual inspection of the unit is necessary to ensure that excess debris or sediment has not limited the drainage capacity of the perforated riser. To access the perforated riser for maintenance, lift the trash cage off of the riser, dig out any accumulated sediment, and clear all perforations.

8.4 Trash Cage

As a part of routine maintenance, it is advisable to remove trash and debris that has accumulated on the trash cage and properly dispose.

8.5 Solar Panel

On all inspection visits, it is necessary to confirm that the solar panel is facing south and is well secured. The solar panel is commonly utilized by birds and insects. It is important to keep the surface clean of bird litter, insect nests and debris in order to maintain optimal performance.

8.6 Battery

Over time, battery terminals may corrode. Check annually for corrosion and clean as needed. The battery should be replaced every 4 to 6 years.

8.7 Storag

The smartPOND valve is shipped in a near-fully assembled configuration and should be stored likewise. The systems are transported and stored on pallets and must remain secured via straps or steel bands to said pallet at all times. The solar panel is not installed at times of transport or storage and should not be installed until the unit is ready to begin operation. The battery may be stored inside the electronics box and if removed, should never be stored on a concrete surface.

9. Installation

The smartPOND valve can be installed in a near-completely assembled configuration. Only the solar panel should be removed during the installation process. There are several ways to install the smartPOND valve with the key being structured support.

9.1 Structural Support

If the smartPOND valve is mounted to a steel pipe in an above ground/fully assembled configuration, the weight of the unit may be supported by the steel pipe. For plastic or concrete pipes, it is recommended that the weight of the unit be supported by either a concrete pad or steel frame. For below ground installations, the upper unit (electronics and actuator) should be fastened to the surface of the concrete vault. For vault installations, see design details for standard vault design.

10. Important Safety Information and Warnings:

- Always keep hands clear of the valve and motor when unit is in operation.
- Turn the power switch off when doing any electrical work.
- Do not enter the water when the device is actively draining water
- Always use proper PPE and confined space protocol when servicing a valve beneath ground.

11. PRODUCTS

Manufacturer/Supplier/Reseller shall be an established stormwater company that has at least 5 installations of automated stormwater management devices that have been in use and functional for the past 3 or more years.

A. Acceptable smartPOND Valve

"smartBATCH" Automated Batch Detention System

"smartPOND" Automated Detention System

B. Acceptable System Supplier

Convergent Water Technologies, Inc. (800)711-5428 www.convergentwater.com

C. Authorized Value Added Reseller

Construction EcoServices (800)456-1000

www.ecosvs.com

12. Quality Assurance and Performance Specifications

The quality of all system components and all other appurtenances and their assembly process shall be subject to inspection upon delivery of the system to the work site. Installation is to be performed only by skilled work people with satisfactory record of performance on earthworks, pipe, welding, chamber, or pond/landfill construction projects of comparable size and quality.





artBATCH Valv

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REVISION NO.

DATE

5/14/2019

SHEET NO.

NOTE: ENGINEER OF RECORD TO REVIEW, APPROVE AND ENDORSE FINAL SITE SPECIFIC DESIGN.

Temporary Stormwater Section (TCEQ-0602)

Temporary Stormwater Section

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(4)(A), (B), (D)(I) and (G); Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Temporary Stormwater Section** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The application was prepared by:

executive director approval. The application was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Addison Skrla, PE

Date: 04-02-2025

Signature of Customer/Agent:

Regulated Entity Name: Highway 195 Business Park

Project Information

Addison 8kg

Potential Sources of Contamination

Examples: Fuel storage and use, chemical storage and use, use of asphaltic products, construction vehicles tracking onto public roads, and existing solid waste.

1.	Fuels for construction equipment and hazardous substances which will be used during construction:
	The following fuels and/or hazardous substances will be stored on the site:
	These fuels and/or hazardous substances will be stored in:
	Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of less than 250 gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year.

	 Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity between 250 gallons and 499 gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year. Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of 500 gallons or more will be stored on the site. An Aboveground Storage Tank Facility Plan application must be submitted to the appropriate regional office of the TCEQ prior to moving the tanks onto the project.
	igtimes Fuels and hazardous substances will not be stored on the site.
2.	Attachment A - Spill Response Actions. A site specific description of the measures to be taken to contain any spill of hydrocarbons or hazardous substances is attached.
3.	Temporary aboveground storage tank systems of 250 gallons or more cumulative storage capacity must be located a minimum horizontal distance of 150 feet from any domestic, industrial, irrigation, or public water supply well, or other sensitive feature.
4.	Attachment B - Potential Sources of Contamination. A description of any activities or processes which may be a potential source of contamination affecting surface water quality is attached.
Se	equence of Construction
5.	Attachment C - Sequence of Major Activities. A description of the sequence of major activities which will disturb soils for major portions of the site (grubbing, excavation, grading, utilities, and infrastructure installation) is attached.
	 For each activity described, an estimate (in acres) of the total area of the site to be disturbed by each activity is given. For each activity described, include a description of appropriate temporary control measures and the general timing (or sequence) during the construction process that the measures will be implemented.
ŝ.	Name the receiving water(s) at or near the site which will be disturbed or which will

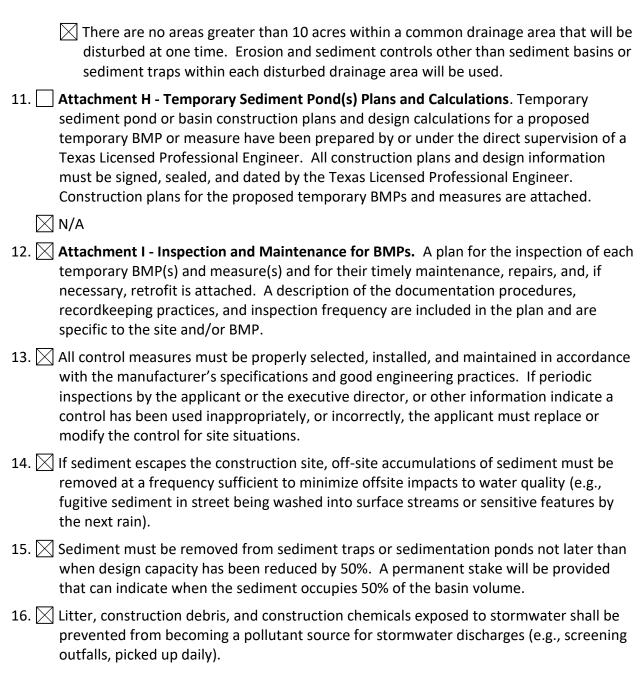
Temporary Best Management Practices (TBMPs)

receive discharges from disturbed areas of the project: Dry Berry Creek

Erosion control examples: tree protection, interceptor swales, level spreaders, outlet stabilization, blankets or matting, mulch, and sod. Sediment control examples: stabilized construction exit, silt fence, filter dikes, rock berms, buffer strips, sediment traps, and sediment basins. Please refer to the Technical Guidance Manual for guidelines and specifications. All structural BMPs must be shown on the site plan.

7. Attachment D – Temporary Best Management Practices and Measures. TBMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, and stormwater. The construction-phase BMPs for erosion and sediment controls have been designed to retain sediment on site to the extent practicable. The following information is attached:

	 A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site. A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water or
	groundwater that originates on-site or flows off site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff from the site.
	A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollutants from entering surface streams, sensitive features, or the aquifer.
	A description of how, to the maximum extent practicable, BMPs and measures will maintain flow to naturally-occurring sensitive features identified in either the geologic assessment, TCEQ inspections, or during excavation, blasting, or construction.
8. 🔀	The temporary sealing of a naturally-occurring sensitive feature which accepts recharge to the Edwards Aquifer as a temporary pollution abatement measure during active construction should be avoided.
	Attachment E - Request to Temporarily Seal a Feature. A request to temporarily seal a feature is attached. The request includes justification as to why no reasonable and practicable alternative exists for each feature.
	There will be no temporary sealing of naturally-occurring sensitive features on the site.
9. 🔀	Attachment F - Structural Practices. A description of the structural practices that will be used to divert flows away from exposed soils, to store flows, or to otherwise limit runoff discharge of pollutants from exposed areas of the site is attached. Placement of structural practices in floodplains has been avoided.
10.	Attachment G - Drainage Area Map. A drainage area map supporting the following requirements is attached:
	For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a sediment basin will be provided.
	For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a smaller sediment basin and/or sediment trap(s) will be used.
	For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a sediment basin or other equivalent controls are not
	attainable, but other TBMPs and measures will be used in combination to protect
	down slope and side slope boundaries of the construction area. There are no areas greater than 10 acres within a common drainage area that will be
	disturbed at one time. A smaller sediment basin and/or sediment trap(s) will be used in combination with other erosion and sediment controls within each disturbed drainage area.



Soil Stabilization Practices

Examples: establishment of temporary vegetation, establishment of permanent vegetation, mulching, geotextiles, sod stabilization, vegetative buffer strips, protection of trees, or preservation of mature vegetation.

17. Attachment J - Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices. A schedule of the interim and permanent soil stabilization practices for the site is attached.

- 18. Records must be kept at the site of the dates when major grading activities occur, the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site, and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 19. Stabilization practices must be initiated as soon as practicable where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased.

Administrative Information

- 20. All structural controls will be inspected and maintained according to the submitted and approved operation and maintenance plan for the project.
- 21. If any geologic or manmade features, such as caves, faults, sinkholes, etc., are discovered, all regulated activities near the feature will be immediately suspended. The appropriate TCEQ Regional Office shall be immediately notified. Regulated activities must cease and not continue until the TCEQ has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the aquifer from any adverse impacts.
- 22. Silt fences, diversion berms, and other temporary erosion and sediment controls will be constructed and maintained as appropriate to prevent pollutants from entering sensitive features discovered during construction.

Attachment 4A Spill Response Actions



2P CONSULTANTS, LLC 203 E. Main Street, Suite 204 Round Rock, Texas 78664 512-344-9664 TBPE FIRM #F-19351

Attachment 4A – Spill Response Actions

No spills of hydrocarbons or hazardous substances are expected. However, in the event such an incidence does occur, the contractor should carefully follow the following TCEQ guidelines:

Cleanup:

- 1. Clean up leaks and spills immediately.
- 2. Use a rag for small spills on paved surfaces, a damp mop for general cleanup, and absorbent material for larger spills. If the spilled material is hazardous, then the used cleanup materials are also hazardous and must be disposed of as hazardous waste.
- 3. Never hose down or bury dry material spills. Clean up as much of the material as possible and dispose of properly.

Minor Spills:

- 1. Minor spills typically involve small quantities of oil, gasoline, paint, etc. which can be controlled by the first responder at the discovery of the spill.
- 2. Use absorbent materials on small spills rather than hosing down or burying the spill.
- 3. Absorbent materials should be promptly removed and disposed of properly.
- 4. Follow the practice below for a minor spill:
 - a. Contain the spread of the spill.
 - b. Recover spilled materials.
 - c. Clean the contaminated area and properly dispose of contaminated materials.

Semi-Significant Spills:

Semi-significant spills still can be controlled by the first responder along with the aid of other personnel such as laborers and the foreman, etc. This response may require the cessation of all other activities. Spills should be cleaned up immediately:

- 1. Contain spread of the spill.
- 2. Notify the project foreman immediately.
- 3. If the spill occurs on paved or impermeable surfaces, clean up using "dry" methods (absorbent materials, cat litter and/or rags). Contain the spill by encircling with absorbent materials and do not let the spill spread widely.
- 4. If the spill occurs in dirt areas, immediately contain the spill by constructing an earthen dike. Dig up and properly dispose of contaminated soil.
- 5. If the spill occurs during rain, cover spill with tarps or other material to prevent contaminating runoff.

Significant/Hazardous Spills:

From any event, the Reportable Quantity (RQ) = for high toxic materials the RQ>25 gallons. For petroleum/hydrocarbon liquids, spills the RQ>250 gallons (on land) or that which creates "a sheen" on water. Only certified Hazmat teams will be responsible for handling the material at the site.

For significant or hazardous spills that are in reportable quantities:

- 1. Notify the TCEQ by telephone as soon as possible and within 24 hours at 512-339-2929 (Austin) or 210-490-3096 (San Antonio) between 8 AM and 5 PM. After hours, contact the Environmental Release Hotline at 1-800-832-8224. It is the contractor's responsibility to have all emergency phone numbers at the construction site. Additionally, in the event of a hazardous material spill, local Williamson county and/or city of Georgetown police, fire and potentially EMS should be contacted in order to initiate the hazardous material response team.
- 2. For spills of federal reportable quantities, in conformance with the requirements in 40 CFR parts 110, 119, and 302, the contractor should notify the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.
- 3. Notifications should first be made by telephone and followed up with a written report of which one copy is to be kept onsite in the report binder and one copy provided to the TCEQ.
- 4. The services of a spill contractor or a Haz-Mat team should be obtained immediately. Construction personnel should not attempt to clean up until the appropriate and qualified staffs have arrived at the job site.
- 5. Other agencies which may need to be consulted include, but are not limited to, the City Police Department, County Sheriff Office, Fire Departments, etc.

More information on spill rules and appropriate responses is available on the TCEQ website at:

http://www.tceq.state.tx.us/response/spills.html

Attachment 4B Potential Sources of Contamination



2P CONSULTANTS, LLC 203 E. Main Street, Suite 204 Round Rock, Texas 78664 512-344-9664 TBPE FIRM #F-19351

Attachment 4B – Potential Sources of Contamination

No particular activity or process during construction is anticipated to present a significant risk of being a potential source of contamination. However, during regular construction operations, several common and minor risks of contamination are anticipated. Should the unforeseeable mishap occur during construction or regular operation of the facility, the contractor shall follow the guidelines set forth in "Attachment 4A – Spill Response Actions."

Potential sources of sediment to stormwater runoff:

- Clearing and grubbing
- Grading and excavation
- Vehicle tracking
- Topsoil stripping and stockpiling
- Landscaping

Potential pollutants and sources, other than sediment, to stormwater runoff:

- Combined Staging Area small fueling, minor equipment maintenance, sanitary facilities.
- Materials Storage Area solvents, adhesives, paving materials, aggregates, trash, etc.
- Construction Activities paving, concrete pouring
- Concrete Washout Area

Potential Onsite Pollutants:

- Fertilizer
- Concrete
- Glue, adhesives
- Gasoline, diesel fuel, hydraulic fluids, antifreeze
- Sanitary toilets

Attachment 4C Sequence of Major Activities





Attachment 4C – Sequence of Major Activities

1. Temporary erosion and sedimentation controls are to be installed as indicated on the approved site plan and in accordance with the stormwater pollution prevention plan (SWPPP) that is required to be posted on the site. Install tree protection and initiate tree mitigation measures.

The environmental project manager, and/or site supervisor, and/or designated responsible party, and the general contractor will follow the storm water pollution prevention plan (SWPPP) posted on the site. Temporary erosion and sedimentation controls will be revised, if needed, to comply with city inspectors' directives, and revised construction schedule relative to the water quality plan requirements and the erosion and sedimentation control plan.

Temporary erosion and sedimentation controls will be inspected and maintained in accordance with the stormwater pollution plan (SWPPP) posted on the site.

- 2. Schedule an on-site pre-construction meeting with jurisdictional agencies, site engineer, contractor, and sub-contractors.
- 3. Clear, grade, sawcut existing lane, and install widened deceleration lane and site construction entrance.
 - a. Approximately 0.5 acres will be disturbed during this activity.
 - b. Install accompanying vegetated filter strip
- 4. Site clearing, grubbing and demolition activities.
 - a. Approximately 24.4 acres will be disturbed during this activity.
- 5. Rough grading of detention ponds.
 - a. Approximately 2.6 acres will be disturbed during this activity.
 - b. Install dewatering pipes and temporary detention pond skimmers.
- 6. Rough grading of offsite stormwater by-pass channel.
 - a. Approximately 2.2 acres will be disturbed during this activity.
 - b. Install rip-rap channel lining.
- 7. Rough grade building pads.
 - a. Approximately 6.0 acres will be disturbed during this activity.
- 8. Install underground wastewater, water, stormwater, and dry utilities.
- 9. Complete stormwater pond grading, install impermeable liners, install overflow structures, and vegetate.
- 10. Finish grade access aisles, parking, and truck docks.
- 11. Perform lime stabilization of subgrade, if necessary.
- 12. Place concrete paving section for access aisles, parking, and truck docks.
- 13. Install engineered filter strips.
- 14. Complete construction and begin re-vegetation of the site.
- 15. Upon completion of the site construction and re-vegetation of a project site, the design engineer shall submit an engineer's letter of concurrence to the City of Georgetown indicating that construction, including revegetation, is complete and in substantial conformity with the approved plans. After receiving this letter, a final inspection will be scheduled by the appropriate city inspector.
- 16. After construction is complete and all disturbed areas have been re-vegetated per plan to at least 90% established, remove the temporary erosion and sedimentation controls and complete any necessary final revegetation resulting from removal of the controls.
- 17. Conduct any maintenance and rehabilitation that is needed.

Attachment 4D Temporary Best Management Practices



Attachment 4D – Temporary Best Management Practices and Measures

Prior to the commencement of any construction activity whatsoever, the contractor shall install the silt fencing per the Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan. The silt fencing shall be installed per TCEQ and local requirements. The proposed temporary BMP are intended to control increased TSS from construction activities in the following manner:

- A.) The proposed development receives stormwater runoff from private properties to the north and west. The off-site stormwater runoff is addressed in the stormwater routing calculations and is by-passed through the site. The off-site stormwater runoff is not included in the calculations for water quality.
- B.) The temporary BMPs proposed during construction activities will prevent sediment-laden runoff from pollutant sources listed in 'Attachment 4B Potential Sources of Contamination' from leaving the proposed site. The primary method of controlling sediment-laden stormwater runoff is through silt fencing. The silt fencing will be placed per plan along the downslope edges of the project area.
- C.) With the temporary silt fences in place, no stormwater runoff will enter any surface streams or sensitive features.
- D.) The proposed project seeks to honor the natural drainage patterns that currently exist in the proposed project area. There are no known sensitive geologic features on the site. After construction is completed, the site will maintain its current drainage patterns with the stormwater runoff draining to the south of the site.

Attachment 4E Request to Temporary Seal a Feature



Attachment 4E – Request to Temporarily Seal a Feature

No temporary sealing of naturally occurring sensitive features on the site are proposed.

This section is not applicable to this project.

Attachment 4F Structural Practices



Attachment 4F – Structural Practices

The following temporary BMP structural practices will be employed on the site:

- 1. Silt Fence used as barrier protection around the downslope perimeter of the project. The fence retains sediment primarily by retarding flow and promoting deposition on the uphill side of the slope. Runoff is filtered as it passes through the geotextile fabric.
- 2. Inlet Protection used to prevent sediment from entering the storm drain system.
- 3. Rock Berm used as barrier protection perpendicular to the frontage road drainage channel. The berm retains sediment primarily by retarding flow and promoting deposition on the uphill side of the slope. Runoff is filtered as it passes through the rock berm.
- 4. Concrete Washout Area used to prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants to stormwater from concrete waste. The concrete washout area is a designated area to wash out wastes into the temporary pit where the concrete can set, be broken up, and the disposed of properly.
- 5. Stabilized Construction Entrance used to provide a stable entrance/exit condition from the construction site and keep mud and sediment off public roads. The stabilized construction entrance is a stabilized pad of crushed stone and should be located at any point traffic will be entering or leaving the construction site from a public right-of-way.
- 6. Contractor Staging Area used as an area for the contractor to store and prepare equipment and materials before using them during the construction phase.

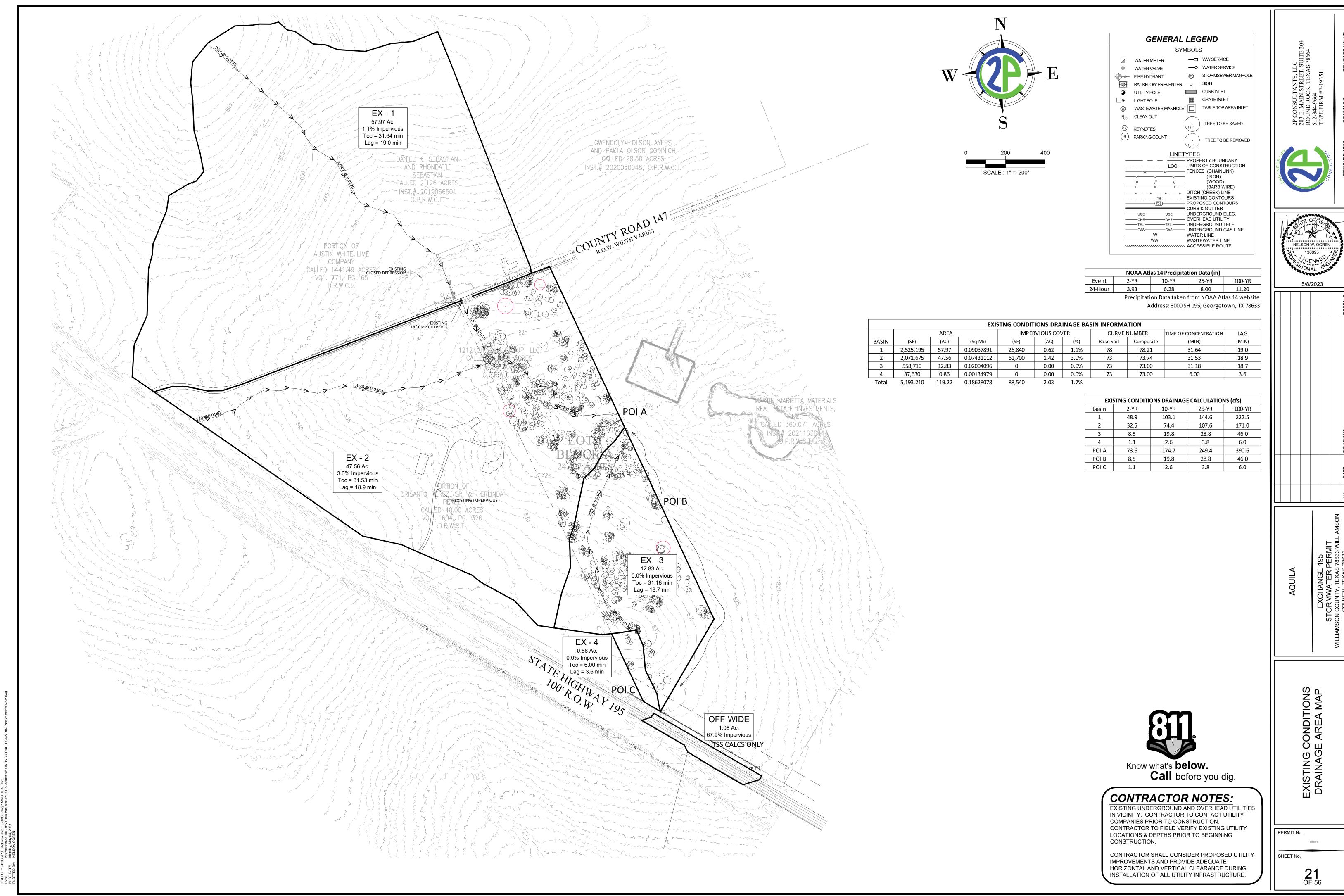
The placement of structural practices in the detention basin has been avoided.

Attachment 4G Drainage Area Maps

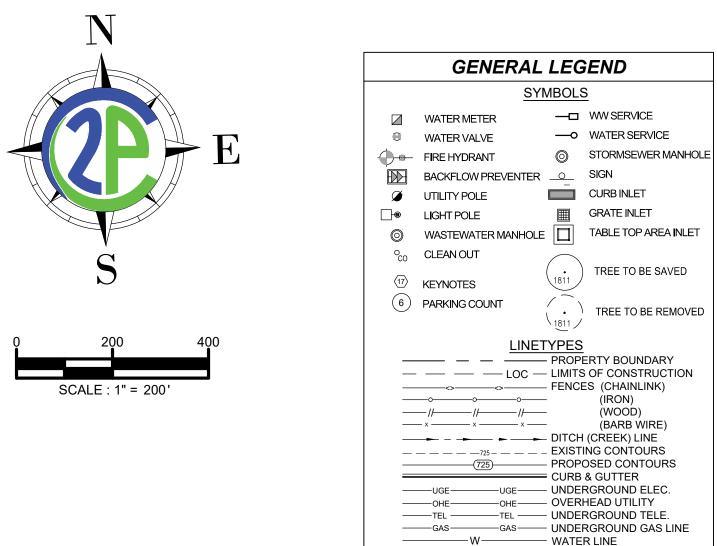


Attachment 4G – Drainage Area Maps

See attached for the Existing and Proposed Drainage Area Maps.







	NOAA Atl	as 14 Precipita	tion Data (in)	
Event	2-YR	10-YR	25-YR	100-YR
24-Hour	3.93	6.28	8.00	11.20
2 4 -11001		ion Data taken		

Address: 3000 SH 195, Georgetown, TX 78633

WW WASTEWATER LINE

	DEVELOPED CONDITIONS DRAINAGE BASIN INFORMATION									
,		AREA	Ţ	IMPER	IMPERVIOUS COVER CURVE NUMBER			TIME OF CONCENTRATION	LAG	
BASIN	(SF)	(AC)	(Sq Mi)	(SF)	(AC)	(%)	Base Soil	Composite	(MIN)	(MIN)
1	2,525,195	57.97	0.09057891	26,840	0.62	1.1%	78	78.21	31.64	19.0
2	1,143,240	26.25	0.04100809	54,250	1.25	4.7%	73	74.19	30.66	18.4
3	453,660	10.41	0.01627281	2,500	0.06	0.6%	73	73.14	31.31	18.8
4	110,104	2.53	0.00394944	49,798	1.14	45.2%	73	84.31	6	3.6
5	98,146	2.25	0.00352050	46,650	1.07	47.5%	73	84.88	6	3.6
6	16,447	0.38	0.00058995	0	0.00	0.0%	73	73.00	6	3.6
7	258,330	5.93	0.00926631	162,119	3.72	62.8%	73	88.69	6	3.6
8	227,569	5.22	0.00816291	156,399	3.59	68.7%	73	90.18	6	3.6
9	117,702	2.70	0.00422198	83,583	1.92	71.0%	73	90.75	6	3.6
10	51,830	1.19	0.00185915	1,000	0.02	1.9%	73	73.48	6	3.6
11	124,356	2.85	0.00446066	80,763	1.85	64.9%	73	89.24	6	3.6
12	54,966	1.26	0.00197163	0	0.00	0.0%	73	73.00	6	3.6
13	11,690	0.27	0.00041932	1,182	0.03	10.1%	73	75.53	6	3.6
Takal	F 102 22F	110.22	0.10020107	CCE 004	15.37	13.00/				

DEVE	LOPED CONDIT	TIONS DRAINA	GE CALCULATIO	ONS (cfs)
Basin	2-YR	10-YR	25-YR	100-YR
1	48.9	103.1	144.6	222.5
2	18.6	42.1	60.7	96.1
3	6.9	16.1	23.4	37.3
4	5.2	9.7	13.0	19.4
5	4.7	8.7	11.7	17.4
6	0.5	1.1	1.6	2.6
7	14.1	24.5	32.4	47.3
8	12.9	22.2	29.1	42.1
9	6.8	11.6	15.2	21.9
10	1.6	3.6	5.2	8.3
11	6.9	11.9	15.7	22.8
12	1.6	3.8	5.5	8.7
13	0.4	0.9	1.2	1.9
POI A	74.0	172.2	244.0	386.1
POI B	8.4	19.5	29.1	45.4
POLC	0.4	0.9	1.2	1.9

Develo	ped vs. Existin	g Conditions D	rainage Calcula	ations (cfs)
	2-YR	10-YR	25-YR	100-YR
POI A	0.4	-2.5	-5.4	-4.5
POI B	-0.1	-0.3	0.3	-0.6
POI C	-0.7	-1.7	-2.6	-4.1



Know what's **below.**Call before you dig.

CONTRACTOR NOTES:

EXISTING UNDERGROUND AND OVERHEAD UTILITIES IN VICINITY. CONTRACTOR TO CONTACT UTILITY COMPANIES PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. CONTRACTOR TO FIELD VERIFY EXISTING UTILITY LOCATIONS & DEPTHS PRIOR TO BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION.

CONTRACTOR SHALL CONSIDER PROPOSED UTILITY IMPROVEMENTS AND PROVIDE ADEQUATE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CLEARANCE DURING INSTALLATION OF ALL UTILITY INFRASTRUCTURE.

2P CONSULTANTS, LLC 203 E. MAIN STREET, SUITE 204 ROUND ROCK, TEXAS 78664 512-344-9664 TBPE FIRM #F-19351

SWITTING ON SULT IN SU



NO. DATE REVISIONS
DATE
DATE
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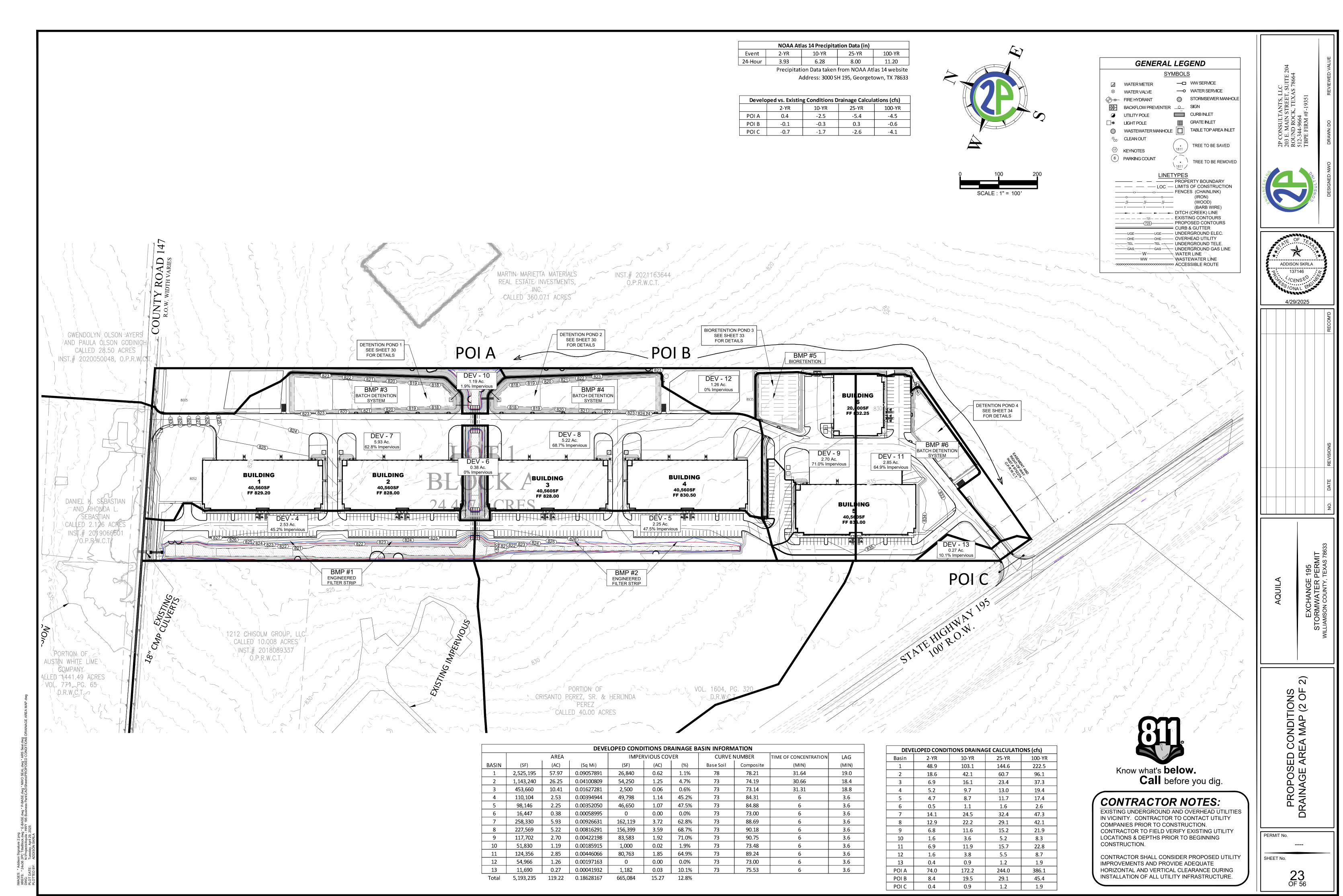
EXCHANGE 195
STORMWATER PERMIT
WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS 78633

PROPOSED CONDITIONS DRAINAGE AREA MAP (1 OF 2)

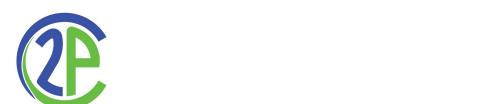
PERMIT No.

SHEET No.

22 OF 56



Attachment 4H Temporary Sediment Pond Plans and Calculations



Attachment 4H – Temporary Sediment Pond(s) Plan and Calculations

A pair of temporary sediment ponds are provided for two areas of the proposed development, each consisting of multiple drainage basins. Construction of the Temporary Sediment Ponds is anticipated prior to the excavation of the Offsite Stormwater By-Pass Channel. Therefore, runoff from DEV-4 combines with DEV-7 to contribute to Temporary Pond 1, and runoff from DEV-5 combines with DEV-8 and DEV-9 to contribute to Temporary Pond 2. The remaining portion of the site (DEV-11) is less than 3 acres.

The Temporary Sediment Ponds will be constructed in the designed locations of the permanent detention basins, only to the elevation needed for Water Quality Control. The tables below provide the calculations for the proposed temporary sediment ponds to be installed early in the site construction process.

CITY OF AUSTIN E.C.M.

Temporary Sediment Pond

SEDIMENT POND NAME: Temp Pond 1

DEVELOPED BASINS: DEV-4 and DEV-7

DRAINAGE AREA DATA

Drainage Area to Control (DA) 8.46 ac

WATER QUALITY CONTROL CALCULATIONS

 Required
 Provided

 Sedimentation Volume
 15,228 cf.
 31,697 cf.

 (WQV = DA*1800)
 31,697 cf.
 31,697 cf.

,

 Sedimentation Elevation
 820.00 ft msl

 Elevation of Splitter/Overflow Weir
 820.00 ft msl

 820.00 ft msl
 820.00 ft msl

Sedimentation Basin Volume

	Stage (ft. msl)	Area (sf)	Height (ft)	Avg. End Area	Cumul. Vol. (cf)	Cumul. Vol. (ac-ft)
Ì	817	100		0	0	
1	818	6,163	1.00	3,490	3,490	0.0801
1	819	13,714	1.00	9,939	13,429	0.3083
1	820	22.822	1.00	18.268	31.697	0.7277

CITY OF AUSTIN E.C.M.

Temporary Sediment Pond

SEDIMENT POND NAME: Temp Pond 2

DEVELOPED BASINS: DEV-5, DEV-8 and DEV-9

DRAINAGE AREA DATA

Drainage Area to Control (DA) 10.17 ac

WATER QUALITY CONTROL CALCULATIONS

 Required
 Provided

 Sedimentation Volume
 18,306 cf.
 31,697 cf.

(WQV = DA*1800)

 Sedimentation Elevation
 820.00 ft msl

 Elevation of Splitter/Overflow Weir
 820.00 ft msl
 820.00 ft msl

Sedimentation Basin Volume

	Stage	Area	Height	Avg. End	Cumul. Vol.	Cumul. Vol.
	(ft. msl)	(sf)	(ft)	Area	(cf)	(ac-ft)
	817	100		0	0	
7	818	6,163	1.00	3,490	3,490	0.0801
•	819	13,714	1.00	9,939	13,429	0.3083
7	820	22.822	1.00	18.268	31.697	0.7277

Plans for the Temporary Sediment Ponds, including details and these calculations, have been included in the attached Stormwater Permit for Exchange 195.

Attachment 4I Inspection and Maintenance for BMPs



Attachment 4I – Inspection and Maintenance for BMPs

The inspection and maintenance of temporary BMP's will be made according to TCEQ RG-348, <u>Complying</u> with the Edwards Aquifer Rules Technical Guidance on Best Management Practices.

Inspection Personnel:

Inspections shall be conducted by qualified representatives of the contractor acting on behalf of the owner or a designated party if hired separately by the owner. Each operator must delegate authority to the specifically described position or person performing inspections, as provided by 30 TAC 305.128, as an authorized person for signing reports and performing certain activities requested by the director or required by the TPDES general permit. This delegation of authority must be provided to the director of TCEQ in writing and a copy shall be kept along with the signed effective copy of the SWP3.

Inspection Schedule and Procedures - Inspections must comply with the following:

- A.) An inspection shall occur weekly and after any rain event. This inspection should include an inspection of the temporary concrete washout area.
- B.) The authorized party shall inspect all disturbed areas of the site, areas used for storage of materials that are exposed to precipitation, structural control measures, and locations where vehicles enter or exit the site.
- C.) Disturbed areas and areas used for storage of materials that are exposed to precipitation or within limits of the 1% annual chance (100 year) floodplain must be inspected for evidence of, or the potential for, pollutants entering the runoff from the site. Erosion and sediment control measures identified in the plan must be observed to ensure that they are operating correctly. Observations can be made during wet or dry weather conditions. Where discharge locations or points are accessible, they must be inspected to ascertain whether erosion control measures are effective in preventing significant impacts to receiving waters. This can be done by inspecting receiving waters to see whether any signs or erosion or sediment are associated with the discharge location. Locations where vehicles enter or exit the site must be inspected for evidence of off-site sediment tracking.
- D.) Based on the results of the inspection, the site description and the pollution prevention measures identified in the plan must be revised as soon as possible after an inspection that reveals inadequacies. The inspection and plan review process must provide for timely implementation of any changes to the plan with 7 calendar days following the inspection.
- E.) An inspection report that summarizes the scope of the inspection, name(s) and qualifications of personnel conducting the inspection, the dates of the inspection, major observations relating to the implementation of the SWP3. Major observations shall include as a minimum location of discharges of sediment or other pollutants from the site, location of BMPs that need to be maintained, location of BMPs that failed to operate as designed or proved inadequate for a particular location, and locations where BMPs are needed. Actions taken as a result of the inspections must be described within, and retained as a part of, the SWP3. Reports must identify any incidents of non-compliance. Where a report does not identify any incidents of non-compliance, the report must contain a certification that the facility or site is in compliance with the SWP3 and the TPDES general permit. The report must be signed by the authorized representative delegated by the operators in accordance with TAC 305.128.

Maintenance and Corrective Actions - Maintenance of erosion control facilities shall consist of the minimum requirements as follows:

- A.) In ongoing construction areas inspect erosion control improvements to confirm facilities are in place and operable. Where facilities have been temporarily set aside or damaged due to construction activity, place facilities in service before leaving job site.
- B.) If weather forecast predicts possibility of rain, check entire facilities throughout site to assure facilities are in place and operable. If job site weather conditions indicate high probability of rain, make special inspection of erosion control facilities.
- C.) After rainfall events review erosion control facilities as soon as site is accessible. Clean rock berms, berm/swales and other structural facilities. Determine where additional facilities or alternative techniques are needed to control sediment leaving site.
- D.) After portions of site have been seeded, review these areas on regular basis in accordance with project specifications to assure proper watering until grass is established. Reseed areas where grass is not well established.
- E.) Spills are to be handled as specified by the manufacturer of the product in a timely safe manner by personnel. The site superintendent will be responsible for coordinating spill prevention and cleanup operations.
- F.) Concrete trucks will discharge extra concrete or wash out drum only at an approved location on site. Residual product shall be properly disposed of.
- G.) Inspect vehicle entrance and exits for evidence of off-site tracking and correct as needed.
- H.) If sediment escapes the site, the contractor where feasible and where access is available shall collect and remove sedimentation material by appropriate non-damaging methods. Additionally, the contractor shall correct the condition causing discharges.
- I.) If inspections or other information sources reveal a control has been used incorrectly, or that a control is performing inadequately, the contractor must replace, correct or modify the control as soon as practical after discovery of the deficiency.

Silt Fence – Inspection and maintenance guidelines for silt fences are as follows:

- A.) Inspect all fencing weekly, and after any rainfall.
- B.) Remove sediment when buildup reaches 6 inches.
- C.) Replace any torn fabric or install a second line of fencing parallel to the torn section.
- D.) Replace or repair any sections crushed or collapsed in the course of construction activity. If a section of fence is obstructing vehicular access, consider relocating it to a spot where it will provide equal protection, but will not obstruct vehicles. A triangular filter dike may be preferable to a silt fence at common vehicle access points.
- E.) When construction is complete, the sediment should be disposed of in a manner that will not cause additional siltation and the prior location of the silt fence should be revegetated. The fence itself should be disposed of in an approved landfill.

Inlet Protection – Inspection and maintenance guidelines for inlet protection are as follows:

- A.) Inspection should be made weekly and after each rainfall. Repair or replacement should be made promptly as needed by the contractor.
- B.) Remove sediment when buildup reaches a depth of 3 inches. Removed sediment should be deposited in a suitable area and in such a manner that it will not erode.
- C.) Check placement of device to prevent gaps between device and curb.
- D.) Inspect filter fabric and patch or replace if torn or missing.
- E.) Structures should be removed, and the area stabilized only after the remaining drainage area has been properly stabilized.

Stabilized Construction Entrance – Inspection and maintenance guidelines for the stabilized construction entrance are as follows:

- A.) The entrance should be maintained in a condition, which will prevent tracking or flowing of sediment onto public rights-of-way. This may require periodic top dressing with additional stone as conditions demand and repair and/or cleanout of any measures used to trap sediment.
- B.) All sediments spilled, dropped, washed or tracked onto public rights-of-way should be removed immediately by contractor.
- C.) When necessary, wheels should be cleaned to remove sediment prior to entrance onto public rights-of-way.
- D.) When washing is required, it should be done on an area stabilized with crushed stone that drains into an approved sediment trap or sediment basin.
- E.) All sediment should be prevented from entering any storm drain, ditch, or water course by using approved methods.

Concrete Washout Area – Inspection and maintenance guidelines for the concrete washout area are as follows:

- A.) Concrete washout areas should be located at least 50 feet from sensitive features, storm drains, open ditches, or water bodies.
- B.) Do not allow runoff from this area by constructing a temporary pit or bermed area large enough for liquid and solid waste.
- C.) Plastic lining material should be a minimum of 10 mil in polyethylene sheeting and should be free of holes, tears, or other defects that compromise the impermeability of the material.
- D.) When temporary concrete washout facilities are no longer required for the work, the hardened concrete should be removed and disposed of. Materials sued to construct temporary concrete washout facilities should be removed from the site of the work and disposed of. Holes, depressions, or other ground disturbance caused by the removal of the temporary concrete washout facilities should be backfilled and repaired.

Attachment 4J Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices



Attachment 4J – Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices

Prior to Disturbance – Install all temporary erosion and sedimentation control features.

During Construction – Inspect and maintain all temporary erosion and sedimentation control structures per TCEQ regulations. Bare soils should be seeded or otherwise stabilized within 14 calendar days after final grading or where construction activity has temporarily ceased for more than 21 days.

All disturbed areas to be revegetated are required to place a minimum of six (6) inches of topsoil. Do not add topsoil within the critical root zone of existing trees. The topsoil shall be comprised of 4 parts of soil mixed with 1 part compost by volume. The compost shall meet the definition of "compost" as defined by TxDOT Specification Item 161.

The soil shall be locally available native soil that meets the following specification:

- Shall be free of trash, weeds, deleterious materials, rocks and debris,
- 100% shall pass through a 1.5 inch (38mm) screen,
- Shall be a loamy material meeting the following textural criteria:
 - \circ Clay (5 50%)
 - o Silt (10 50%)
 - o Sand (15 67%)
- An owner/engineer may propose use of onsite salvaged topsoil which does not meet the soil texture criteria
 above by providing a soil analysis and a written statement from a qualified professional in soils, landscape
 architecture or agronomy indicating the onsite topsoil will provide an equivalent growth media and
 specifying what, if any, soil amendments are required.
- Soil amendments shall be worked into the existing onsite topsoil with a disc or tiller to create a well-blended material.

Temporary Vegetation Stabilization

- From September 15 to March 1, seeding shall be with cool season cover crops (wheat at 0.5 lbs/1,000sf, oats at 0.5 lbs/1,000sf, cereal rye grain at 0.5 lbs/1,000sf). Cool season cover crops are not permanent erosion control.
- From March 2 to September 14, seeding shall be with hulled Bermuda at a rate of 1.0 lbs/1,000sf.
 - Fertilizer shall be applied only if warranted by a soil test. Fertilization should not occur when rainfall is expected or during slow plant growth or dormancy.
 - Temporary erosion control shall be acceptable when the grass has grown at least 1½ inches high with a minimum of 95% total coverage so that all areas of a site that rely on vegetation for temporary stabilization are uniformly vegetated and provided there are no bare spots larger than 10 square feet
 - O Hydromulch shall comply with the table below:

Material	Description	Longevity	Typical	Application
			Application	Rate
100% or any blend of wood,	70% or greater	0-3	Moderate slopes;	1,500 to 2,000 lbs
cellulose, straw, and/or cotton	Wood/Straw 30% or	months	from flat to 3:1	per acre
plant material (except no mulch	less Paper or Natural			
shall exceed 30% paper)	Fibers			

Permanent Vegetation Stabilization

- From September 15 to March 1, seeding is considered to be temporary stabilization only. If cool season cover crops exist where permanent vegetative stabilization is desired, the grasses shall be mowed to a height of less than one-half (½) inch and the area shall be re-seeded. Alternatively, the cool season cover crop can be mixed with Bermudagrass or native seed and installed together, understanding that germination of warm season seed typically requires soil temperatures of 60 to 70 degrees.
- From March 2 to September 14, seeding shall be with hulled Bermuda at a rate of 45 pounds per acre with a purity of 95% and a minimum pure live seed (PLS) of 0.83. Bermuda grass is a warm season grass and is considered permanent erosion control.
 - Fertilizer shall be applied only if warranted by a soil test. Fertilization should not occur when rainfall is expected or during slow plant growth or dormancy.
 - Water the seeded areas immediately after installation to achieve germination and a healthy stand of plants that can ultimately survive without supplemental water. Apply the water uniformly to the planted areas without causing displacement or erosion of the materials or soil. Maintain the seedbed in a moist condition favorable for plant growth.
 - Permanent erosion control shall be acceptable when the grass has grown at least 1½ inches high with a minimum of 95 percent for the non-native mix, and 95 percent coverage for the native mix so that all areas of a site that rely on vegetation for stability must be uniformly vegetated and provided there are no bare spots larger than 10 square feet.

Hydromulch shall comply with the table below:

Material	Description	Longevity	Typical	Application
			Application	Rate
Bonded Fiber Matrix	80% Organic defibrated fibers,	6 months	On slopes up to	2,500 to 4,000 lbs per
(BFM)	10% Tackifier		2:1 and erosive	acre (see manufacturers
			soil conditions	recommendations)
Fiber Reinforced Matrix	65% Organic defibrated fibers	Up to 12	On slopes up to	3,000 to 4,500 lbs per
(FRM)	25% Reinforcing Fibers or less	months	1:1 and erosive	acre (see manufacturers
	10% Tackifier		soil conditions	recommendations)

After Completion of Permanent Erosion and Sediment Controls – Stabilize and restore all areas disturbed during construction. Permanent seeding will be applied immediately after the final design grades are achieved on portions of the site but no later than 14 days after construction activities have permanently ceased. After the entire site is stabilized, any sediment that has accumulated will be removed and hauled off-site for disposal. Construction debris, trash and temporary BMPs including silt fences, material storage areas, sanitary toilets, etc.) will also be removed and any areas disturbed during removal will be seeded immediately.

Permanent Stormwater Section (TCEQ-0600)

Permanent Stormwater Section

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(4)(C), (D)(Ii), (E), and (5), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information

requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards
Aquifer. This Permanent Stormwater Section is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and
executive director approval. The application was prepared by:
Print Name of Customer/Agent: Addison Skrla, PE
Date: 04/02/2025

Addison 8kg

Signature of Customer/Agent

Regulated Entity Name: Highway 195 Business Park

Permanent Best Management Practices (BMPs)

Permanent best management practices and measures that will be used during and after construction is completed.

1.	pollution from regulated activities after the completion of construction.
	□ N/A
2.	These practices and measures have been designed, and will be constructed, operated, and maintained to insure that 80% of the incremental increase in the annual mass loading of total suspended solids (TSS) from the site caused by the regulated activity is removed. These quantities have been calculated in accordance with technical guidance prepared or accepted by the executive director.
	The TCEQ Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) was used to design permanent BMPs and measures for this site.

	A technical guidance other than the TCEQ TGM was used to design permanent BMPs and measures for this site. The complete citation for the technical guidance that was used is:
	□ N/A
3.	Owners must insure that permanent BMPs and measures are constructed and function as designed. A Texas Licensed Professional Engineer must certify in writing that the permanent BMPs or measures were constructed as designed. The certification letter must be submitted to the appropriate regional office within 30 days of site completion.
	□ N/A
4.	Where a site is used for low density single-family residential development and has 20 % or less impervious cover, other permanent BMPs are not required. This exemption from permanent BMPs must be recorded in the county deed records, with a notice that if the percent impervious cover increases above 20% or land use changes, the exemption for the whole site as described in the property boundaries required by 30 TAC §213.4(g) (relating to Application Processing and Approval), may no longer apply and the property owner must notify the appropriate regional office of these changes.
	 □ The site will be used for low density single-family residential development and has 20% or less impervious cover. □ The site will be used for low density single-family residential development but has more than 20% impervious cover. □ The site will not be used for low density single-family residential development.
5.	The executive director may waive the requirement for other permanent BMPs for multifamily residential developments, schools, or small business sites where 20% or less impervious cover is used at the site. This exemption from permanent BMPs must be recorded in the county deed records, with a notice that if the percent impervious cover increases above 20% or land use changes, the exemption for the whole site as described in the property boundaries required by 30 TAC §213.4(g) (relating to Application Processing and Approval), may no longer apply and the property owner must notify the appropriate regional office of these changes.
	 Attachment A - 20% or Less Impervious Cover Waiver. The site will be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites and has 20% or less impervious cover. A request to waive the requirements for other permanent BMPs and measures is attached. ☐ The site will be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites but has more than 20% impervious cover.
	The site will not be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites.
6.	Attachment B - BMPs for Upgradient Stormwater.

		 ☑ A description of the BMPs and measures that will be used to prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site is attached. ☑ No surface water, groundwater or stormwater originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site, and an explanation is attached. ☑ Permanent BMPs or measures are not required to prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site, and an explanation is attached.
7.	\boxtimes	
		A description of the BMPs and measures that will be used to prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off the site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff from the site is attached. Permanent BMPs or measures are not required to prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off the site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff, and an explanation is attached.
8.		Attachment D - BMPs for Surface Streams . A description of the BMPs and measures that prevent pollutants from entering surface streams, sensitive features, or the aquifer is attached. Each feature identified in the Geologic Assessment as sensitive has been addressed.
		N/A
9.		The applicant understands that to the extent practicable, BMPs and measures must maintain flow to naturally occurring sensitive features identified in either the geologic assessment, executive director review, or during excavation, blasting, or construction.
		 The permanent sealing of or diversion of flow from a naturally-occurring sensitive feature that accepts recharge to the Edwards Aquifer as a permanent pollution abatement measure has not been proposed. Attachment E - Request to Seal Features. A request to seal a naturally-occurring sensitive feature, that includes, for each feature, a justification as to why no reasonable and practicable alternative exists, is attached.
10.		Attachment F - Construction Plans . All construction plans and design calculations for the proposed permanent BMP(s) and measures have been prepared by or under the direct supervision of a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer, and are signed, sealed, and dated. The plans are attached and, if applicable include:
		 ✓ Design calculations (TSS removal calculations) ✓ TCEQ construction notes ✓ All geologic features ✓ All proposed structural BMP(s) plans and specifications
		N/A

11. Attachment G - Inspection, Maintenance, Repair and Retrofit Plan. A plan for the inspection, maintenance, repairs, and, if necessary, retrofit of the permanent BMPs and measures is attached. The plan includes all of the following:
Prepared and certified by the engineer designing the permanent BMPs and measuresSigned by the owner or responsible party
✓ Procedures for documenting inspections, maintenance, repairs, and, if necessary retrofit✓ A discussion of record keeping procedures
12. Attachment H - Pilot-Scale Field Testing Plan. Pilot studies for BMPs that are not recognized by the Executive Director require prior approval from the TCEQ. A plan for pilot-scale field testing is attached.
⊠ N/A
13. Attachment I -Measures for Minimizing Surface Stream Contamination. A description of the measures that will be used to avoid or minimize surface stream contamination and changes in the way in which water enters a stream as a result of the construction and development is attached. The measures address increased stream flashing, the creation of stronger flows and in-stream velocities, and other in-stream effects caused by the regulated activity, which increase erosion that results in water quality degradation.
□ N/A
Responsibility for Maintenance of Permanent BMP(s)
Responsibility for maintenance of best management practices and measures after construction is complete.
14. The applicant is responsible for maintaining the permanent BMPs after construction until such time as the maintenance obligation is either assumed in writing by another entity having ownership or control of the property (such as without limitation, an owner's association, a new property owner or lessee, a district, or municipality) or the ownership of the property is transferred to the entity. Such entity shall then be responsible for maintenance until another entity assumes such obligations in writing or ownership is transferred.
□ N/A
15. A copy of the transfer of responsibility must be filed with the executive director at the appropriate regional office within 30 days of the transfer if the site is for use as a multiple single-family residential development, a multi-family residential development, or a non-residential development such as commercial, industrial, institutional, schools, and other sites where regulated activities occur.
□ N/A

Attachment 5A 20% or Less Impervious Cover Waiver



Attachment 5A – 20% or Less Impervious Cover Waiver

The site does not have less than 20% impervious cover.

This section is not applicable to this project.

Attachment 5B BMPs for Upgradient Stormwater



Attachment 5B – BMPs for Upgradient Stormwater

Based on GIS topographic information, approximately 58 acres north of CR 147 flows to a shallow depression along the County Road frontage and is conveyed to the subject property through 3 - 18" CMP culverts, outflowing at the NW corner of the property. The centerline of CR 147 is roughly 2 feet above the culverts' invert, creating a shallow closed depression on the neighboring property.

Approximately 36 acres of the neighboring property to the west generally sheet flows across the common property line.

Proposed drainage channels will convey offsite flows from the upgradient basins through the site to the point of discharge to the quarry (Point of Interest A - POI A as defined in the attached Developed Conditions Drainage Area Map). See attached Stormwater Permit plans for drainage channel designs and details.

Attachment 5C BMPs for On-Site Stormwater





Attachment 5C – BMPs for On-Site Stormwater

Developed conditions basin analysis is provided in Attachment 3B – Volume and Character of Stormwater. The stormwater BMPs designed for this development to prevent pollution of surface water and groundwater are as follows:

Proposed grading and improvements divide the total drainage basin into 13 separate subbasins, with surface discharge from the site at the same three Points of Interest. The proposed improvements bring the total impervious cover of the overall basin to over 665,000 square feet (15.3 acres), or 12.8% of the entire 119-acre drainage basin. Allowable impervious cover is based on UDC 11.02.010.A.1.b, which states, "For subdivisions greater than five acres, the impervious cover maximum allowance changes with the total acreage of the subdivision. The impervious cover maximum is 70 percent (70%) of the first five acres and 55 percent (55%) of the remaining acreage." The site is 24.427 acres. Allowable Impervious Cover = $(5 \times 0.70 + (24.427 - 5) \times 0.55) = 14.18$ acres, or 58.1%. Proposed additional Impervious Cover is 13.24 acres, or 54.2%.

Developed Basin 1 consists of the same 58-acre area north of CR 147, with the same shallow depression and 3 culvert outflow. Developed Basins 2 and 3 consist of the offsite property to the west. Proposed drainage channels will convey offsite flows from Developed Basins 1 -3 through the site to the point of discharge to the quarry (POI A).

Runoff from Developed Basins 4 and 5 consist of the parking and sidewalk along Buildings 1 – 4. Stormwater runoff treatment is provided by Engineered Vegetated Filter Strips, designed in general accordance with Section 3.2.4 of the TCEQ Technical Guidance on BMP's. As designed, the proposed vegetative filter strips provide 85% TSS removal. The upstream contributing areas are 72 feet deep or less with less than 4% cross-slope and the vegetative filter strips are 15 feet with 1 to 10% cross-slope, all within the written design criteria. After treatment, runoff is combined in the drainage channels to POI A.

Runoff from Developed Basins 7 and 8 is conveyed to a proposed Detention Ponds 1 and 2 with release to POI A.

Developed Basin 9 flows to a Bioretention Pond for stormwater treatment with primary overflow to Detention Pond 2 and secondary overflow to POI B. The stormwater volume for Pond 3 is based on the water quality volume and additional sediment storage required for Developed Basin 9. As calculated in the TSS Removal Calculations for Basin 9, Total Capture Volume required is 6,567 cubic feet and provided in Pond 3 below the Water Quality Elevation is 6,798 cubic feet. As designed with HEC-HMS software, the primary downstream element from Pond 3 is Pond 2. The lower curb drop inlet, located in the northwest corner of Pond 3, is designed as a 5'-wide broad-crested spillway (Spillway 1) at a flowline elevation of 827.50, the water quality elevation of Pond 3. Beyond the treatment capacity of Pond 3, any excess stormwater runoff will flow through or bypass this lower curb drop inlet and eventually into Pond 2. An auxiliary spillway (Spillway 2), located along the east boundary of Pond 3, is set at an elevation of 828.00. Spillway 2 contributes to POI B.

Runoff from Developed Basin 11 is conveyed to a proposed Detention Pond 4 with release to POI B. In general, Developed Basins 1 – 10 contribute to POI A, Basins 11 and 12 contribute to POI B, and Basin 13 contributes to POI C.

In general accordance with the TCEQ Technical Guidance Manual, onsite stormwater BMP's must be designed to remove at least 80% of the increased total suspended solids (TSS) from the proposed project. The City of Georgetown requires an additional 5%, for a minimum requirement of 85% TSS removal. A Batch Detention Basin is proposed for

this WPAP. As described in the Addendum Sheet of "Complying with the Edwards Aquifer Rules: Technical Guidance on Best Management Practices" (TCEQ Approval of Innovative Technology, Section 3.2.17),

"Batch Detention Basins capture and temporarily detain the water quality volume from a storm event using an automated controller and valve. They are intended to serve primarily as settling basins for the solids fraction, and as a means of limiting downstream erosion by controlling peak flow rates during erosive events... Batch detention basins are designed to prevent clogging of the outflow structure and resuspension of captured sediment during a discharge. They also provide enhanced dissolved pollutant removal performance. The batch detention design typically incorporates a non-clogging outflow structure, such as an orifice protected by a trash rack, or a perforated riser pipe protected by riprap."

The proposed extended detention basins (Detention/WQ Ponds 1, 2 and 4) are located along the east and south property boundaries, comprised of earthen berms. Each pond will be modified with a Batch Detention System to provide 91% TSS removal, in general accordance with TCEQ Technical Guidance, Section 3.2.17. The bioretention pond (WQ Pond 3) is positioned upstream of Detention Pond 2 to provide added stormwater storage and treatment for the upstream subbasin. WQ Pond 3 was designed in general accordance with TCEQ Section 3.4.8.

Spillway 1-

Staged Pond Volume tables for each pond and peak elevations for each storm event can be found below.

Existing Closed Depression - Stage Storage					
Area Step Volume Cumulative Volume					
Elevation	(SF)	(CF)	(CF)		
829.00	600	-	0		
830.00	14,600	7,600	7,600		
831.00	53,200	33,900	41,500		
832.00	96,000	74,600	116,100		

Volume =	(A1 + A2)	/2 * (E2	- E1)

Event	2-YR	10-YR	25-YR	100-YR	
DISCHARGE	43.6	101.1	142.7	220.5	
ELEV	831.2	831.4	831.6	831.8	
Outlet Assumptions:					
Outlet 1 -	3 - 18" CM	P Culverts	In Elev=	829.0	
	Slope=			0.0125	
			Ent. Coef.=	0.7	
Exit Coef.=				1.0	
			Mannings N=	0.024	

Weir

831.0

90

3.0

Elev= Length=

Coef.=

PEAK POND ELEVATION - Exist Closed Depression

	Detention/WQ Pond 1 - Stage Storage					
	Area	Step Volume	Cumulative Volume			
Elevation	(SF)	(CF)	(CF)			
817.00	100	-	0			
818.00	6,163	3,132	3,132			
819.00	13,714	9,939	13,070			
819.50	18,073	7,947	21,017			
820.00	22,822	10,224	31,241			
821.00	33,480	28,151	59,392			
822.00	36,655	35,068	94,459			
822.80	39,091	30,298	124,757			
823.00	44,705	8,380	133,137			
823.50	58,458	25,791	158,928			

Volume = (A1 + A2)/2 * (E2 - E1)

 $[\]ensuremath{^{*}}$ Area values above 822.8 include ponding within the truck a pron.

PEAK POND ELEVATION - Detention/WQ Pond 1					
Event	2-YR	10-YR	25-YR	100-YR	
DISCHARGE	1.7	2.3	2.6	6.8	
ELEV	820.9	821.7	822.3	823.0	
Outlet Assumpt	tions:				
Outlet 1 -	1 - 8" H	OPE Pipe	In Elev=	819.5	
			Slope=	0.0200	
			Ent. Coef.=	0.7	
			Exit Coef.=	1.0	
			Mannings N=	0.012	
Spillway 1 -		Weir	Elev=	822.6	
			Length=	5	
			Coef.=	2.70	

Detention/WQ Pond 2 - Stage Storage					
	Area	Step Volume	Cumulative Volume		
Elevation	(SF)	(CF)	(CF)		
817.00	100	ı	0		
818.00	6,163	3,132	3,132		
819.00	13,714	9,939	13,070		
819.50	18,073	7,947	21,017		
820.00	22,822	10,224	31,241		
821.00	33,480	28,151	59,392		
822.00	36,655	35,068	94,459		
822.80	39,091	30,298	124,757		
823.00	44,705	8,380	133,137		
823.50	58,458	25,791	158,928		

Volume =	/ 4 4 .	421/2	* / ୮ ၁	E4 \
Volume =	(AT +	A21/2	^ (トノ	- F1)

 $[\]ensuremath{^{*}}$ Area values above 822.8 include ponding within the truck apron.

	-			-
Event	2-YR	10-YR	25-YR	100-YR
DISCHARGE	4.7	6.4	7.2	13.3
ELEV	821.2	821.9	822.4	823.0
Outlet Assump	tions:			
Outlet 1 -	3 - 8" HD	PE Pipes	In Elev=	820.0
			Slope=	0.0200
			Ent. Coef.=	0.7
			Exit Coef.=	1.0
			Mannings N=	0.012
Spillway 1 -		Weir	Elev=	822.5
			Length=	5
			Coef.=	2.70

PEAK POND ELEVATION - Detention/WQ Pond 2

WQ Pond 3 - Stage Storage						
	Area Step Volume Cumulative Volume					
Elevation	(SF)	(CF)	(CF)			
827.00	13,118	-	0			
827.50	14,074	6,798	6,798			
828.00	15,060	7,284	14,082			
828.60	15,914	9,292	23,374			

Volume = (A1 + A2)/2 * (E2 - E1)

Event	2-YR	10-YR	25-YR	100-YR
DISCHARGE	4.3	6.2	6.7	7.4
ELEV	827.9	828.1	828.1	828.1
Outlet Assump	tions:			
Spillway 1 -		Weir	Elev=	827.5
			Length=	5
			Coef.=	3.00
Spillway 2 -		Weir	Elev=	828.0
			Length=	110
			Coef.=	3.00

PEAK POND ELEVATION - WQ Pond 3

Detention/WQ Pond 4 - Stage Storage						
	Area	Step Volume	Cumulative Volume			
Elevation	(SF)	(CF)	CF) (CF)			
828.30	100	-	0			
829.00	3,668	1,319	1,319			
830.00	11,974	7,821	9,140			
830.20	13,782	2,576	11,715			
830.50	16,582	4,555	16,270			
830.60	17,400	1,699	17,969			
831.00	17,844	7,049	25,018			
831.60	18,492	10,901	35,919			

Volume = (A1 + A2)/	/2 * (E2 - E1)
------------	-----------	----------------

PEAK POND ELEVATION - Detention/WQ Pond 4								
Event	2-YR	10-YR	25-YR	100-YR				
DISCHARGE	6.8	11.8	15.6	22.6				
ELEV	830.5	830.6	830.6	830.6				
Outlet Assumptions:								
Outlet 1 -	1 - 8" HDPE Pipe		In Elev=	830.2				
			Slope=	0.0100				
			Ent. Coef.=	0.7				
			Exit Coef.=	1.0				
			Mannings N=	0.012				
Spillway 1 -		Weir	Elev=	830.5				
			Length=	230				
			Coef.=	3.00				

Based on the attached TCEQ calculations, with the City of Georgetown modification for an additional 5% TSS removal, the proposed Extended Drainage Basins and Bioretention Pond are sized for adequate stormwater treatment. Beyond the treatment capacity of the detention basins, stormwater will overflow the perimeter earthen berm.

Attachment 5D BMPs for Surface Streams



Attachment 5D – BMPs for Surface Streams

No BMPs are proposed to specifically affect surface streams.

The function of the proposed onsite temporary (used during construction) and permanent BMPs is to remove TSS from stormwater runoff while retaining natural flow patterns downstream of the site. Therefore, the BMPs proposed for reducing pollutant loads in surface stream are the onsite BMPs, and are described in the previous section: "Attachment 5C – BMPs for On-site Stormwater".

Attachment 5E Request to Seal Features



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Attachment 5E – Request to Seal Features

The permanent sealing of or diversion of flow from a naturally occurring sensitive feature that accepts recharge to the Edwards Aquifer as a permanent pollution abatement measure has not been proposed for any features on this site.

This section is not applicable to this project.

Attachment 5F Construction Plans



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Attachment 5F – Construction Plans

See attached Stormwater Permit plan set.

Attachment 5G Inspection, Maintenance, Repair, and Retrofit Plan



Attachment 5G – Inspection, Maintenance, Repair, and Retrofit Plan

The following are recommended maintenance procedures as outlined in TCEQ's <u>Complying with the Edwards</u> Aquifer Rules: Technical Guidance on Best Management Practices.

Batch Detention Basins:

Batch detention basins may have somewhat higher maintenance requirements than an extended detention basin since they are active stormwater controls. The maintenance activities are identical to those of extended detention basins with the addition of maintenance and inspections of the automatic controller and the valve at the outlet.

Inspections: Inspections should take place a minimum of twice a year. One inspection should take place during wet weather to determine if the basin is meeting the target detention time of 12 hours and a drawdown time of no more than 48 hours. The remaining inspections should occur between storm events so that manual operation of the valve and controller can be verified. The level sensor in the basin should be inspected and any debris or sediment in the area should be removed. The outlet structure and the trash screen should be inspected for signs of clogging. Debris and sediment should be removed from the orifice and outlet(s) as described in previous sections. Debris obstructing the valve should be removed. During each inspection, erosion areas inside and downstream of this BMP should be identified and repaired/revegetated immediately.

Mowing: The basin, basin side-slopes, and embankment of the basin must be mowed to prevent woody growth and control weeds. A mulching mower should be used, or the grass clippings should be caught and removed. Mowing should take place at least twice a year, or more frequently if vegetation exceeds 18 inches in height. More frequent mowing to maintain aesthetic appeal may be necessary in landscaped areas.

Litter and Debris Removal: Litter and debris removal should take place at least twice a year, as part of the periodic mowing operations and inspections. Debris and litter should be removed from the surface of the basin. Particular attention should be paid to floatable debris around the outlet structure. The outlet should be checked for possible clogging or obstructions and any debris removed.

Erosion Control: The basin side slopes and embankment all may periodically suffer from slumping and erosion. To correct these problems, corrective action, such as regrading and revegetation, may be necessary. Correction of erosion control should take place whenever required based on the periodic inspections.

Nuisance Control. Standing water or soggy conditions may occur in the basin. Some standing water may occur after a storm event since the valve may close with 2 to 3 inches of water in the basin. Some flow into the basin may also occur between storms due to spring flow and residential water use that enters the storm sewer system. Twice a year, the facility should be evaluated in terms of nuisance control (insects, weeds, odors, algae, etc.).

Structural Repairs and Replacement. With each inspection, any damage to structural elements of the basin (pipes, concrete drainage structures, retaining walls, etc.) should be identified and repaired immediately. An example of this type of repair can include patching of cracked concrete, sealing of voids, removal of vegetation from cracks and joints. The various inlet/outlet structures in a basin will eventually deteriorate and must be replaced.

Sediment Removal. A properly designed batch detention basin will accumulate quantities of sediment over time. The accumulated sediment can detract from the appearance of the facility and reduce the pollutant removal performance of the facility. The sediment also tends to accumulate near the outlet structure and can interfere with the level sensor operation. Sediment shall be removed from the basin at least every 5 years, when sediment depth exceeds 6 inches, when the sediment interferes with the level sensor or when the basin does not drain within 48 hours. Care should be taken not to compromise the basin lining during maintenance.

Logic Controller. The Logic Controller should be inspected as part of the twice-yearly investigations. Verify that the external indicators (active, cycle in progress) are operating properly by turning the controller off and on, and by initiating a cycle by triggering the level sensor in the basin. The valve should be manually opened and closed using the open/close switch to verify valve operation and to assist in inspecting the valve for debris. The solar panel should be inspected and any dust or debris on the panel should be carefully removed. The controller and all other circuitry and wiring should be inspected for signs of corrosion, damage from insects, water leaks, or other damage. At the end of the inspection, the controller should be reset.

Engineered Vegetated Filter Strips:

Successful performance of Engineered Vegetated Filter Strips relies heavily on maintaining shallow unconcentrated flow. To avoid flow channelization and maintain performance, a filter strip should:

- Contain dense vegetation with a mix of erosion resistant, soil binding species,
- Extend along the entire length of the contributing area,
- Be graded to a uniform, even and a slope of less than 20%,
- Be no less than 15 feet in width,
- Be free of gullies or rills that can concentrate overland flow,
- Have a minimum vegetated cover of no less than 80%.

Inspections: The primary inspection involves maintaining the top edge of the filter strip along the pavement to avoid the situation where runoff would travel along the top of the filter strip, rather than through it. Inspections should take place a minimum of twice a year. One inspection should take place during wet weather.

Bioretention:

The primary maintenance requirement for bioretention areas is that of inspection and repair or replacement of the treatment area's components. Generally, this involves nothing more than the routine periodic maintenance that is required of any landscaped area. Plants that are appropriate for the site, climatic, and watering conditions should be selected for use in the bioretention cell. Appropriately selected plants will aide in reducing fertilizer, pesticide, water, and overall maintenance requirements. Bioretention system components should blend over time through plant and root growth, organic decomposition, and the development of a natural soil horizon. These biologic and physical processes over time will lengthen the facility's life span and reduce the need for extensive maintenance.

Routine maintenance should include a semi-annual health evaluation of the trees and shrubs and subsequent removal of any dead or diseased vegetation. Diseased vegetation should be treated as needed using preventative and low-toxic measures to the extent possible. BMPs have the potential to create very attractive habitats for mosquitoes and other vectors because of highly organic, often heavily vegetated areas mixed with shallow water. Routine inspections for areas of standing water within the BMP and corrective measures to restore proper infiltration rates are necessary to prevent creating mosquito and other vector habitat. In addition, bioretention BMPs are susceptible to invasion by aggressive plant species such as cattails, which increase the chances of standing water and subsequent vector production if not routinely maintained.

To maintain the treatment area's appearance, it may be necessary to prune and weed. Furthermore, mulch replacement is suggested when erosion is evident or when the site begins to look unattractive. Specifically, the entire area may require mulch replacement every two to three years, although spot mulching may be sufficient when there are random void areas.

Other potential tasks include replacement of dead vegetation, soil pH regulation, erosion repair at inflow points, mulch replenishment, unclogging the underdrain, and repairing overflow structures.

Other recommended maintenance guidelines include:

Inspections. BMP facilities should be inspected at least twice a year (once during or immediately following wet weather) to evaluate facility operation. During each inspection, erosion areas inside and downstream of the BMP must be identified and repaired or revegetated immediately.

Sediment Removal. Remove sediment from the facility when sediment depth reaches 3 inches or when the sediment interferes with the health of vegetation or ability of the facility to meet required drawdown times. Sediment removal should be performed at least every 2 years.

Drain Time. When the drain time exceeds 72 hours as observed in the observation well, the filter media should be removed and replaced with more permeable material.

Vegetation. All dead and diseased vegetation considered beyond treatment shall be removed and replaced during semi-annual inspections. Diseased trees and shrubs should be treated during inspections. Re-mulch any bare areas by hand whenever needed. Replace mulch annually in the spring, or more frequently if needed, in landscaped areas of the basin where grass or groundcover is not planted. Grass areas in and around bioretention facilities must be mowed at least twice annually to limit vegetation height to 18 inches. More frequent mowing to maintain aesthetic appeal may be necessary in landscaped areas.

Debris and Litter Removal. Debris and litter will accumulate in the facility and should be removed during regular mowing operations and inspections.

Filter Underdrain. Clean underdrain piping network to remove any sediment buildup every 5 years, or as needed to maintain design drawdown time.

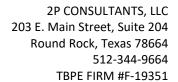
Record Keeping:

Records of all inspections and maintenance for the facility shall be recorded and maintained for the water quality facility beginning at startup of the facility. Record keeping shall be detailed to provide type of maintenance or repair made, date of the service, and detail of the extent of the maintenance or repair. The owner or responsible party of the facility is responsible for maintaining the facility as outlined in this plan until such time as another entity assumes responsibility in writing or ownership of the property is transferred. A copy of the transfer of ownership or responsibility must be filed with the Executive Director of TCEQ within 30-days of the transfer.

λ	23Mar23
Owner's Signature	Date
Mulitar	March 23, 2023
Engineer's Signature	Date

CIVIL ENGINEERING

Attachment 5H Pilot-Scale Field Testing Plan





Attachment 5H – Pilot-Scale Field Testing Plan

TCEQ's <u>Complying with the Edwards Aquifer Rules: Technical Guidance on Best Management Practices</u> was used to design permanent BMPs and measures for this site.

This section is not applicable to this project.

Attachment 5I Measures for Minimizing Surface Stream Contamination



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Attachment 5I – Measures for Minimizing Surface Stream Contamination

The BMPs proposed to reduce pollutants in surface streams are presented with detailed explanations in Attachment 3B: "Volume and Character of Stormwater" and Attachment 5C: "BMPs for Onsite Stormwater."

Attachment 5J TCEQ TSS Removal Calculations



2P CONSULTANTS, LLC 203 E. Main Street, Suite 204 Round Rock, Texas 78664 512-344-9664 TBPE FIRM #F-19351

Attachment 5J – TCEQ TSS Removal Calculations

See attached TCEQ TSS Removal Calculations.

Project Name: HIGHWAY 195 INDUSTRIAL

Date Prepared: 4/26/2023

Additional information is provided for cells with a red triangle in the upper right corner. Place the cursor over the cell. Text shown in blue indicate location of instructions in the Technical Guidance Manual - RG-348.

Characters shown in red are data entry fields.

Characters shown in black (Bold) are calculated fields. Changes to these fields will remove the equations used in the spreadsheet.

1. The Required Load Reduction for the total project:

Calculations from RG-348

Pages 3-27 to 3-30

Page 3-29 Equation 3.3: $L_M = 27.2(A_N \times P)$

L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} =

where:

12

L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} = Required TSS removal resulting from the proposed development = 80% of increased load*

 A_N = Net increase in impervious area for the project

P = Average annual precipitation, inches

Site Data: Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Project

County = Williamson Total project area included in plan * = 24.43 acres Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plan * = 0.00 acres Total post-development impervious area within the limits of the plan* = 13.32 acres Total post-development impervious cover fraction * = 0.55 32 inches 11594 lbs.

* The values entered in these fields should be for the total project area.

Number of drainage basins / outfalls areas leaving the plan area =

<u>BASIN</u>	<u>BMP</u>	TSS REMOVA	<u>L</u>
4	Engineered Filter Strip	1,093	lbs.
5	Engineered Filter Strip	1,024	
7	Batch Detention System	3,460	
8 Batch Detention System		3,330	
9	Bioretention System	1,530	

Batch Detention System 1,730 $TOTAL\;L_{M}\;REMOVAL$ 12,167 lbs. 573



Project Name: HIGHWAY 195 INDUSTRIAL

Date Prepared: 4/26/2023

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Characters shown in black (Bold) are calculated fields. Changes to these fields will remove the equations used in the spreadshe

1. The Required Load Reduction for the total project:

Calculations from RG-348

Pages 3-27 to 3-30

Page 3-29 Equation 3.3: $L_{M} = 27.2(A_{N} \times P)$

where:

L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} = Required TSS removal resulting from the proposed development = 80% of increased

 A_N = Net increase in impervious area for the project

P = Average annual precipitation, inches

Site Data: Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Project

County = Williamson

Total project area included in plan * = 24.43 acres

Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plan * = 0.00 acres Total post-development impervious area within the limits of the plan* = 13.32 acres

Total post-development impervious cover fraction * = 0.55

> 32 inches

> > 6

11594 lbs. L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} =

* The values entered in these fields should be for the total project area.

Number of drainage basins / outfalls areas leaving the plan area =

2. Drainage Basin Parameters (This information should be provided for each basin):

Drainage Basin/Outfall Area No. =	1	Basin 4
Total drainage basin/outfall area =	2.53	acres
Predevelopment impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area =	0.00	acres
Post-development impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area =	1.14	acres
Post-development impervious fraction within drainage basin/outfall area =	0.45	

L_{M THIS BASIN} =

3. Indicate the proposed BMP Code for this basin.

Proposed BMP = Vegetated Filter Strips Removal efficiency = percent

ENGINEERED FILTER STRIP

lbs.

Aqualogic Cartridge Filter Bioretention

Contech StormFilter Constructed Wetland **Extended Detention Grassy Swale** Retention / Irrigation

Sand Filter Stormceptor

Vegetated Filter Strips

Vortechs Wet Basin Wet Vault

4. Calculate Maximum TSS Load Removed (LR) for this Drainage Basin by the selected BMP Type.

RG-348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7: $L_R = (BMP \text{ efficiency}) \times P \times (A_1 \times 34.6 + A_2 \times 0.54)$

A_C = Total On-Site drainage area in the BMP catchment area

A_I = Impervious area proposed in the BMP catchment area

 A_P = Pervious area remaining in the BMP catchment area

L_R = TSS Load removed from this catchment area by the proposed BMP

where:

 $A_{C} =$ 2.53 acres $A_{I} =$ 1.14 acres $A_{P} =$ 1.39 acres $L_{R} =$ 1093 lbs

5. Calculate Fraction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall area

Desired $L_{M THIS BASIN} = 1093$ lbs.

F = 1.00

16. Vegetated Filter Strips

Designed as Required in RG-348

Pages 3-55 to 3-57

There are no calculations required for determining the load or size of vegetative filter strips.

The 80% removal is provided when the contributing drainage area does not exceed 72 feet (direction of flow) and the sheet flow leaving the impervious cover is directed across 15 feet of engineered filter strips with maximum slope of 20% or across 50 feet of natural vegetation with a maximum slope of 10%. There can be a break in grade as long as no slope exceeds 20%.

If vegetative filter strips are proposed for an interim permanent BMP, they may be sized as described on Page 3-56 of RG-348.

Project Name: HIGHWAY 195 INDUSTRIAL

Date Prepared: 4/26/2023

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1. The Required Load Reduction for the total project:

Calculations from RG-348

Pages 3-27 to 3-30

Page 3-29 Equation 3.3: $L_{M} = 27.2(A_{N} \times P)$

where:

L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} = Required TSS removal resulting from the proposed development = 80% of increased

 A_N = Net increase in impervious area for the project

P = Average annual precipitation, inches

Site Data: Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Project

County = Williamson

Total project area included in plan * = 24.43 acres

Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plan * = 0.00 acres Total post-development impervious area within the limits of the plan* = 13.32 acres

Total post-development impervious cover fraction * = 0.55

> 32 inches

11594 lbs. L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} =

* The values entered in these fields should be for the total project area.

Number of drainage basins / outfalls areas leaving the plan area =

2. Drainage Basin Parameters (This information should be provided for each basin):

Drainage Basin/Outfall Area No. =	2	Basin 5
Total drainage basin/outfall area = Predevelopment impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area = Post-development impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area = Post-development impervious fraction within drainage basin/outfall area =	2.25 0.00 1.07 0.48	acres acres acres

L_{M THIS BASIN} =

3. Indicate the proposed BMP Code for this basin.

Proposed BMP = Vegetated Filter Strips Removal efficiency = percent

931

ENGINEERED FILTER STRIP

lbs.

Aqualogic Cartridge Filter Bioretention

Contech StormFilter Constructed Wetland **Extended Detention Grassy Swale** Retention / Irrigation

Sand Filter Stormceptor

Vegetated Filter Strips

Vortechs Wet Basin Wet Vault

4. Calculate Maximum TSS Load Removed (LR) for this Drainage Basin by the selected BMP Type.

RG-348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7: $L_R = (BMP \text{ efficiency}) \times P \times (A_1 \times 34.6 + A_2 \times 0.54)$

A_C = Total On-Site drainage area in the BMP catchment area

A_I = Impervious area proposed in the BMP catchment area

 A_P = Pervious area remaining in the BMP catchment area

L_R = TSS Load removed from this catchment area by the proposed BMP

where:

 $A_{C} =$ 2.25 acres $A_{I} =$ 1.07 acres $A_{P} =$ 1.18 acres $L_{R} =$ 1024 lbs

5. Calculate Fraction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall area

Desired $L_{M THIS BASIN} = 1024$ lbs.

F = 1.00

16. Vegetated Filter Strips

Designed as Required in RG-348

Pages 3-55 to 3-57

There are no calculations required for determining the load or size of vegetative filter strips.

The 80% removal is provided when the contributing drainage area does not exceed 72 feet (direction of flow) and the sheet flow leaving the impervious cover is directed across 15 feet of engineered filter strips with maximum slope of 20% or across 50 feet of natural vegetation with a maximum slope of 10%. There can be a break in grade as long as no slope exceeds 20%.

If vegetative filter strips are proposed for an interim permanent BMP, they may be sized as described on Page 3-56 of RG-348.

Project Name: HIGHWAY 195 INDUSTRIAL

Date Prepared: 4/26/2023

Additional information is provided for cells with a red triangle in the upper right corner. Place the cursor over the cell. Text shown in blue indicate location of instructions in the Technical Guidance Manual - RG-348.

Characters shown in red are data entry fields. Characters shown in black (Bold) are calculated fields. Changes to these fields will remove the equations used in the spreadsheet.

1. The Required Load Reduction for the total project:

where:

Calculations from RG-348

Pages 3-27 to 3-30

Page 3-29 Equation 3.3: $L_{M} = 27.2(A_{N} \times P)$

L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} = Required TSS removal resulting from the proposed development = 80% of increased load*

A_N = Net increase in impervious area for the project

P = Average annual precipitation, inches

Site Data: Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Project

County = Williamson Total project area included in plan * = 24.43 acres

Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plan * = 0.00 acres Total post-development impervious area within the limits of the plan* = 13.32 acres

> Total post-development impervious cover fraction * = 0.55

32 inches

6

11594 L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} = lbs.

* The values entered in these fields should be for the total project area.

Number of drainage basins / outfalls areas leaving the plan area =

2. Drainage Basin Parameters (This information should be provided for each basin):

Drainage Basin/Outfall Area No. = Basin 7

Total drainage basin/outfall area = 5.93 acres Predevelopment impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area = 0.00 acres Post-development impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area = 3.72 acres Post-development impervious fraction within drainage basin/outfall area = 0.63

3238 lbs. L_{M THIS BASIN} =

3. Indicate the proposed BMP Code for this basin.

Proposed BMP = Extended Detention

Removal efficiency = 91 percent

BATCH DETENTION SYSTEM

Aqualogic Cartridge Filter

Bioretention

Contech StormFilter Constructed Wetland **Extended Detention Grassy Swale** Retention / Irrigation

Sand Filter Stormceptor

Vegetated Filter Strips

Vortechs Wet Basin Wet Vault

4. Calculate Maximum TSS Load Removed (L_R) for this Drainage Basin by the selected BMP Type.

RG-348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7: L_R = (BMP efficiency) x P x (A_I x 34.6 + A_P x 0.54)

A_C = Total On-Site drainage area in the BMP catchment area

A_I = Impervious area proposed in the BMP catchment area A_P = Pervious area remaining in the BMP catchment area

L_R = TSS Load removed from this catchment area by the proposed BMP

 $A_C =$ 5.93 acres $A_{l} =$ 3.72 acres $A_P =$ 2.21 acres

where:

L_R = **3783** lbs

5. Calculate Fraction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall area

Desired $L_{M THIS BASIN} =$ 3460 lbs.

F = **0.91**

6. Calculate Capture Volume required by the BMP Type for this drainage basin / outfall area.

Calculations from RG-348

Pages 3-34 to 3-36

Rainfall Depth = 1.80 inches
Post Development Runoff Coefficient = 0.44

On-site Water Quality Volume = 17086 cubic feet

Calculations from RG-348 Pages 3-36 to 3-37

Off-site area draining to BMP = 0.00 acres
Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP = 0.00 acres

Impervious fraction of off-site area = 0 L_{M} REMOVAL WITH THE BMP

Off-site Runoff Coefficient = 0.00 3,460 lbs

Off-site Water Quality Volume = 0 cubic feet

Storage for Sediment = 3417 <u>VOLUME PROVIDED</u>

Total Capture Volume (required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = 20503 cubic feet 21,017 cubic feet

The following sections are used to calculate the required water quality volume(s) for the selected BMP.

The values for BMP Types not selected in cell C45 will show NA.

8. Extended Detention Basin System

Designed as Required in RG-348

Pages 3-46 to 3-51

Required Water Quality Volume for extended detention basin = 20503 cubic feet

Project Name: HIGHWAY 195 INDUSTRIAL

Date Prepared: 4/26/2023

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1. The Required Load Reduction for the total project:

where:

Calculations from RG-348

Pages 3-27 to 3-30

Page 3-29 Equation 3.3: $L_{M} = 27.2(A_{N} \times P)$

L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} = Required TSS removal resulting from the proposed development = 80% of increased load*

A_N = Net increase in impervious area for the project

P = Average annual precipitation, inches

Site Data: Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Project

County = Williamson Total project area included in plan * = 24.43 acres

Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plan * = 0.00 acres Total post-development impervious area within the limits of the plan* = 13.32 acres

> Total post-development impervious cover fraction * = 0.55

> > 32 inches

> > > 6

11594 L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} = lbs.

* The values entered in these fields should be for the total project area.

Number of drainage basins / outfalls areas leaving the plan area =

2. Drainage Basin Parameters (This information should be provided for each basin):

Drainage Basin/Outfall Area No. = Basin 8

Total drainage basin/outfall area = 5.22 acres Predevelopment impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area = 0.00 acres Post-development impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area = 3.59 acres

Post-development impervious fraction within drainage basin/outfall area = 0.69 3125 L_{M THIS BASIN} =

3. Indicate the proposed BMP Code for this basin.

Proposed BMP = Extended Detention

Removal efficiency = 91 percent

BATCH DETENTION SYSTEM

lbs.

Aqualogic Cartridge Filter

Bioretention

Contech StormFilter Constructed Wetland **Extended Detention Grassy Swale** Retention / Irrigation

Sand Filter Stormceptor

Vegetated Filter Strips

Vortechs Wet Basin Wet Vault

4. Calculate Maximum TSS Load Removed (L_R) for this Drainage Basin by the selected BMP Type.

RG-348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7: L_R = (BMP efficiency) x P x (A_I x 34.6 + A_P x 0.54)

A_C = Total On-Site drainage area in the BMP catchment area

A_I = Impervious area proposed in the BMP catchment area A_P = Pervious area remaining in the BMP catchment area

L_R = TSS Load removed from this catchment area by the proposed BMP

 $A_C =$ 5.22 acres $A_{l} =$ 3.59 acres $A_P =$ 1.63 acres

where:

L_R = **3643** lbs

5. Calculate Fraction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall area

Desired $L_{M THIS BASIN} =$ 3330 lbs.

F = **0.91**

6. Calculate Capture Volume required by the BMP Type for this drainage basin / outfall area.

Calculations from RG-348

Pages 3-34 to 3-36

Rainfall Depth = 1.80 inches
Post Development Runoff Coefficient = 0.49

On-site Water Quality Volume = 16837 cubic feet

Calculations from RG-348 Pages 3-36 to 3-37

Off-site area draining to BMP = 2.70 acres
Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP = 1.92 acres

Impervious fraction of off-site area = 0.71 L_{M} REMOVAL WITH THE BMP

Off-site Runoff Coefficient = 0.52 3,330 lbs

Off-site Water Quality Volume = 9120 cubic feet

Storage for Sediment = 5191 <u>VOLUME PROVIDED</u>

Total Capture Volume (required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = 31149 cubic feet 31,241 cubic feet

The following sections are used to calculate the required water quality volume(s) for the selected BMP. The values for BMP Types not selected in cell C45 will show NA.

8. Extended Detention Basin System

Designed as Required in RG-348

Pages 3-46 to 3-51

Required Water Quality Volume for extended detention basin = 31149 cubic feet

Project Name: HIGHWAY 195 INDUSTRIAL

Date Prepared: 4/26/2023

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1. The Required Load Reduction for the total project:

Calculations from RG-348

Pages 3-27 to 3-30

Page 3-29 Equation 3.3: $L_{M} = 27.2(A_{N} \times P)$

where:

 $L_{M TOTAL PROJECT}$ = Required TSS removal resulting from the proposed development = 80% of increased load*

 A_N = Net increase in impervious area for the project

P = Average annual precipitation, inches

Site Data: Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Project

County = Williamson

Total project area included in plan * = 24.43 acres

Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plan * = 0.00 acres

Total post-development impervious area within the limits of the plan* = 13.32 acres

Total post-development impervious cover fraction * = 0.55

P = 32 inches

L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} = 11594 lbs.

6

* The values entered in these fields should be for the total project area.

Number of drainage basins / outfalls areas leaving the plan area =

2. Drainage Basin Parameters (This information should be provided for each basin):

Drainage Basin/Outfall Area No. = 5 Basin 9

Total drainage basin/outfall area = 2.70 acres
Predevelopment impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area = 0.00 acres
Post-development impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area = 1.92 acres
Post-development impervious fraction within drainage basin/outfall area = 0.71

L_{M THIS BASIN} =

3. Indicate the proposed BMP Code for this basin.

Proposed BMP = **Bioretention**Removal efficiency = **89** percent

BIORETENTION

1671

lbs.

Aqualogic Cartridge Filter Bioretention Contech StormFilter Constructed Wetland Extended Detention Grassy Swale Retention / Irrigation Sand Filter Stormceptor Vegetated Filter Strips Vortechs Wet Basin Wet Vault

4. Calculate Maximum TSS Load Removed (LR) for this Drainage Basin by the selected BMP Type.

RG-348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7: L_R = (BMP efficiency) x P x (A_I x 34.6 + A_P x 0.54)

 A_{C} = Total On-Site drainage area in the BMP catchment area

 A_I = Impervious area proposed in the BMP catchment area A_P = Pervious area remaining in the BMP catchment area

 L_R = TSS Load removed from this catchment area by the proposed BMP

 $A_{C} =$ 2.70 acres $A_{I} =$ 1.92 acres $A_{P} =$ 0.78 acres

where:

L_R = **1904** lbs

5. Calculate Fraction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall area

Desired $L_{M THIS BASIN} = 1530$ lbs.

F = 0.80

6. Calculate Capture Volume required by the BMP Type for this drainage basin / outfall area.

Calculations from RG-348

Calculations from RG-348

Pages 3-34 to 3-36

Rainfall Depth = 1.08 inches
Post Development Runoff Coefficient = 0.52
On-site Water Quality Volume = 5472 cubic feet

Pages 3-36 to 3-37

Off-site area draining to BMP = 0.00 acres
Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP = 0.00 acres

Impervious fraction of off-site area = 0 L_{M} REMOVAL WITH THE BMP

Off-site Runoff Coefficient = 0.00 1,530 lbs

Off-site Water Quality Volume = 0 cubic feet

Storage for Sediment = 1094 <u>VOLUME PROVIDED</u>

Total Capture Volume (required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = 6567 cubic feet 6,798 cubic feet

The following sections are used to calculate the required water quality volume(s) for the selected BMP.

The values for BMP Types not selected in cell C45 will show NA.

<u>10. Bioretention System</u> Designed as Required in RG-348 Pages 3-63 to 3-65

Required Water Quality Volume for Bioretention Basin = 6567 cubic feet

Project Name: HIGHWAY 195 INDUSTRIAL

Date Prepared: 4/26/2023

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1. The Required Load Reduction for the total project:

Calculations from RG-348

Pages 3-27 to 3-30

Page 3-29 Equation 3.3: $L_{M} = 27.2(A_{N} \times P)$

where:

L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} = Required TSS removal resulting from the proposed development = 80% of increased load*

A_N = Net increase in impervious area for the project

P = Average annual precipitation, inches

Site Data: Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Project

County = Williamson Total project area included in plan * = 24.43 acres Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plan * = 0.00 acres Total post-development impervious area within the limits of the plan* = 13.32 acres Total post-development impervious cover fraction * = 0.55 32 inches

> 11594 L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} = lbs.

> > 6

* The values entered in these fields should be for the total project area.

Number of drainage basins / outfalls areas leaving the plan area =

2. Drainage Basin Parameters (This information should be provided for each basin):

Drainage Basin/Outfall Area No. = Basin 11 Total drainage basin/outfall area = 2.85 acres Predevelopment impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area = 0.00 acres Post-development impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area = 1.85 acres Post-development impervious fraction within drainage basin/outfall area = 0.65 1610 lbs. L_{M THIS BASIN} =

3. Indicate the proposed BMP Code for this basin.

Proposed BMP = Extended Detention Removal efficiency = 91 percent

BATCH DETENTION SYSTEM

Aqualogic Cartridge Filter Bioretention Contech StormFilter Constructed Wetland **Extended Detention Grassy Swale** Retention / Irrigation Sand Filter Stormceptor Vegetated Filter Strips Vortechs

Wet Basin Wet Vault

4. Calculate Maximum TSS Load Removed (L_R) for this Drainage Basin by the selected BMP Type.

RG-348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7: L_R = (BMP efficiency) x P x (A_I x 34.6 + A_P x 0.54)

A_C = Total On-Site drainage area in the BMP catchment area

A_I = Impervious area proposed in the BMP catchment area A_P = Pervious area remaining in the BMP catchment area

L_R = TSS Load removed from this catchment area by the proposed BMP

 $A_C =$ 2.85 acres $A_{l} =$ 1.85 acres $A_P =$ 1.00 acres

where:

L_R = **1880** lbs

5. Calculate Fraction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall area

Desired $L_{M THIS BASIN} = 1730$ lbs.

F = **0.92**

6. Calculate Capture Volume required by the BMP Type for this drainage basin / outfall area.

Calculations from RG-348

Pages 3-34 to 3-36

Rainfall Depth = 2.00 inches
Post Development Runoff Coefficient = 0.46

On-site Water Quality Volume = 9493 cubic feet

Calculations from RG-348 Pages 3-36 to 3-37

Off-site area draining to BMP = 0.00 acres
Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP = 0.00 acres

Impervious fraction of off-site area = 0 L_{M} REMOVAL WITH THE BMP

Off-site Runoff Coefficient = 0.00 1,730 lbs

Off-site Water Quality Volume = 0 cubic feet

Storage for Sediment = 1899 <u>VOLUME PROVIDED</u>

Total Capture Volume (required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = 11391 cubic feet 11,715 cubic feet

The following sections are used to calculate the required water quality volume(s) for the selected BMP. The values for BMP Types not selected in cell C45 will show NA.

8. Extended Detention Basin System

Designed as Required in RG-348

Pages 3-46 to 3-51

Required Water Quality Volume for extended detention basin = 11391 cubic feet

Project Name: HIGHWAY 195 INDUSTRIAL

Date Prepared: 4/26/2023

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1. The Required Load Reduction for the total project:

where:

Calculations from RG-348

Pages 3-27 to 3-30

Page 3-29 Equation 3.3: $L_{M} = 27.2(A_{N} \times P)$

L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} = Required TSS removal resulting from the proposed development = 80% of increased |

 A_N = Net increase in impervious area for the project

acres

P = Average annual precipitation, inches

Site Data: Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Project

County = Williamson

Total project area included in plan * = 1.08 acres

Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plan * = 0.73 acres Total post-development impervious area within the limits of the plan* =

0.82 Total post-development impervious cover fraction * = 0.76

> 32 inches

L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} = 78 lbs.

* The values entered in these fields should be for the total project area.

Number of drainage basins / outfalls areas leaving the plan area =

2. Drainage Basin Parameters (This information should be provided for each basin):

Drainage Basin/Outfall Area No. = 1 Offsite Widening

Total drainage basin/outfall area = 1.08 acres

Predevelopment impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area = 0.73 acres Post-development impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area = 0.82 acres

Post-development impervious fraction within drainage basin/outfall area = 0.76

> L_{M THIS BASIN} = lbs.

3. Indicate the proposed BMP Code for this basin.

Proposed BMP = Vegetated Filter Strips

Removal efficiency = percent

VEGETATED FILTER STRIP

Aqualogic Cartridge Filter

Bioretention Contech StormFilter

Constructed Wetland **Extended Detention**

Grassy Swale Retention / Irrigation

Sand Filter Stormceptor

Vegetated Filter Strips

Vortechs Wet Basin Wet Vault

4. Calculate Maximum TSS Load Removed (LR) for this Drainage Basin by the selected BMP Type.

RG-348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7: $L_R = (BMP \text{ efficiency}) \times P \times (A_1 \times 34.6 + A_2 \times 0.54)$

A_C = Total On-Site drainage area in the BMP catchment area

A_I = Impervious area proposed in the BMP catchment area

 A_P = Pervious area remaining in the BMP catchment area

L_R = TSS Load removed from this catchment area by the proposed BMP

where:

5. Calculate Fraction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall area

Desired $L_{M THIS BASIN} = 776$ lbs.

F = 1.00

16. Vegetated Filter Strips

Designed as Required in RG-348

Pages 3-55 to 3-57

There are no calculations required for determining the load or size of vegetative filter strips.

The 80% removal is provided when the contributing drainage area does not exceed 72 feet (direction of flow) and the sheet flow leaving the impervious cover is directed across 15 feet of engineered filter strips with maximum slope of 20% or across 50 feet of natural vegetation with a maximum slope of 10%. There can be a break in grade as long as no slope exceeds 20%.

If vegetative filter strips are proposed for an interim permanent BMP, they may be sized as described on Page 3-56 of RG-348.

Agent Authorization Form (TCEQ-0599)

Agent Authorization Form

For Required Signature
Edwards Aquifer Protection Program
Relating to 30 TAC Chapter 213
Effective June 1, 1999

Michael Murphy
Print Name
Owner
Title - Owner/President/Other
of Hwy 195 Business Park Dwww, LP Corporation/Partnership/Entity Name
have authorized Addison Skrla, P.E. Print Name of Agent/Engineer
of 2P Consultants, LLC
Print Name of Firm
to represent and act on the behalf of the above-named Corporation, Partnership, or Entity for the purpose of preparing and submitting this plan application to the Texas Commission of Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the review and approval consideration of regulate

I also understand that:

activities.

- 1. The applicant is responsible for compliance with 30 Texas Administrative Code Chapter 213 and any condition of the TCEQ's approval letter. The TCEQ is authorized to assess administrative penalties of up to \$10,000 per day per violation.
- 2. For those submitting an application who are not the property owner, but who have the right to control and possess the property, additional authorization is required from the owner.
- Application fees are due and payable at the time the application is submitted. The
 application fee must be sent to the TCEQ cashier or to the appropriate regional office.
 The application will not be considered until the correct fee is received by the
 commission.
- 4. A notarized copy of the Agent Authorization Form must be provided for the person preparing the application, and this form must accompany the completed application.
- 5. No person shall commence any regulated activity on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone, Contributing Zone or Transition Zone until the appropriate application for the activity has been filed with and approved by the Executive Director.

588 28 58 78 7 mg ...

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MY COMMISSION EXPIRES: April 24 2028

GRAHAM MOORE Notary ID #125739888 My Commission Expires April 24, 2028

Application Fee Form (TCEQ-0574)

Application Fee Form

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Name of Proposed Regulated Entity: Highway 195 Business Park Regulated Entity Location: 3000 SH 195, Georgetown, TX 78633 Name of Customer: Highway 195 Business Park Owner, LP Contact Person: Michael Murphy Phone: (512)684-3702 Customer Reference Number (if issued):CN Regulated Entity Reference Number (if issued):RN ______ **Austin Regional Office (3373)** Hays Travis | Williamson San Antonio Regional Office (3362) Medina Uvalde Bexar Comal Kinney Application fees must be paid by check, certified check, or money order, payable to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality. Your canceled check will serve as your receipt. This form must be submitted with your fee payment. This payment is being submitted to: X Austin Regional Office San Antonio Regional Office Mailed to: TCEQ - Cashier Overnight Delivery to: TCEQ - Cashier **Revenues Section** 12100 Park 35 Circle Mail Code 214 Building A, 3rd Floor P.O. Box 13088 Austin, TX 78753 (512)239-0357 Austin, TX 78711-3088 Site Location (Check All That Apply): Recharge 7one Contributing Zone Transition Zone

Mechange Zone	continuating zone		tion zone
Type of P	lan	Size	Fee Due
Water Pollution Abatement Pla	n, Contributing Zone		
Plan: One Single Family Resider	ntial Dwelling	Acres	\$
Water Pollution Abatement Pla	n, Contributing Zone		
Plan: Multiple Single Family Res	sidential and Parks	Acres	\$
Water Pollution Abatement Pla	n, Contributing Zone		
Plan: Non-residential		24.43 Acres	\$ 6,500
Sewage Collection System		L.F.	\$
Lift Stations without sewer lines	S	Acres	\$
Underground or Aboveground S	Storage Tank Facility	Tanks	\$
Piping System(s)(only)		Each	\$
Exception		Each	\$
Extension of Time		Each	\$

Signature: Alexi 802 8kg Date: 4/10/2025

Application Fee Schedule

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Edwards Aquifer Protection Program 30 TAC Chapter 213 (effective 05/01/2008)

Water Pollution Abatement Plans and Modifications

Contributing Zone Plans and Modifications

Project	Project Area in Acres	Fee
One Single Family Residential Dwelling	< 5	\$650
Multiple Single Family Residential and Parks	< 5	\$1,500
	5 < 10	\$3,000
	10 < 40	\$4,000
	40 < 100	\$6,500
	100 < 500	\$8,000
	≥ 500	\$10,000
Non-residential (Commercial, industrial, institutional,	< 1	\$3,000
multi-family residential, schools, and other sites	1 < 5	\$4,000
where regulated activities will occur)	5 < 10	\$5,000
	10 < 40	\$6,500
	40 < 100	\$8,000
	≥ 100	\$10,000

Organized Sewage Collection Systems and Modifications

Project	Cost per Linear Foot	Minimum Fee- Maximum Fee
Sewage Collection Systems	\$0.50	\$650 - \$6,500

Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank System Facility Plans and Modifications

Project	Cost per Tank or Piping System	Minimum Fee- Maximum Fee
Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank Facility	\$650	\$650 - \$6,500

Exception Requests

Project	Fee
Exception Request	\$500

Extension of Time Requests

Project	Fee
Extension of Time Request	\$150

Core Data Form (TCEQ-10400)



TCEQ Core Data Form

TCEQ Use Only

For detailed instructions regarding completion of this form, please read the Core Data Form Instructions or call 512-239-5175.

SECTION I: General Information

			·											
1. Reason for Submission (If other is checked please describe in space provided.) New Permit, Registration or Authorization (Core Data Form should be submitted with the program application.)														
Renewal (Core Data Form should be submitted with the renewal form) Other														
0.0 (D.f N //// D								0 B						
CN CN	Follow this link to sea for CN or RN number Central Registry**			numbers	s in	RN 111300612								
SECTION II: Customer Information														
4. General Customer Information			5. Effective Date for Customer Information Updates (mm/dd/yyyy)											
 New Customer □ Update to Customer Information □ Change in Regulated Entity Ownership □ Change in Legal Name (Verifiable with the Texas Secretary of State or Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts) 												Entity Ownership		
The Customer Name submitted here may be updated automatically based on what is current and active with the														
Texas Secretary of State (SOS) or Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts (CPA).														
6. Customer Legal Name (If an individual, print last name first: eg: Doe, John) If new Customer, enter previous Customer below:														
Highway 195 Business Park Owner, LP														
7. TX SOS/CPA Filing Number			8. TX State Tax ID (11 digits) 32086012468					9. I	Federa	l Tax ID	(9 digits)	10. DUNS Number (if applicable)		
11. Type of C	Customer	on		☐ Individual				Par	tnership: ☐ General ⊠ Limited					
Government: City County Federal State Other Sole Pr								etorship Other:						
12. Number of Employees 13. Independently Owned and Operated?									ted?					
14. Customer Role (Proposed or Actual) – as it relates to the Regulated Entity listed on this form. Please check one of the following														
□ Owner □ Operator □ Owner & Operator □ Occupational Licensee □ Responsible Party □ Voluntary Cleanup Applicant □ Other:														
	1717 '	1717 West 6 th Street												
15. Mailing Address:	Suite 400													
	City	Austin			ate	TX		ZIP 78703		ZIP + 4				
16. Country Mailing Information (if outside USA)							17. E-	. E-Mail Address (if applicable)						
							murj	murphy@aquilacommercial.com						
18. Telephone Number					19. Extension or Code					20. Fax Number (if applicable)				
(512)68								() -						
SECTION	III: R	egulated En	tity Infor	mati	<u>on</u>									
21. General Regulated Entity Information (If 'New Regulated Entity" is selected below this form should be accompanied by a permit application)														
New Regulated Entity ☐ Update to Regulated Entity Name ☐ Update to Regulated Entity Information														
The Regulated Entity Name submitted may be updated in order to meet TCEQ Agency Data Standards (removal of organizational endings such as Inc, LP, or LLC).														
22. Regulated Entity Name (Enter name of the site where the regulated action is taking place.)														
Highway	195 Bus	Highway 195 Business Park												

TCEQ-10400 (02/21) Page 1 of 2

23. Street Address of	3000 SI	H 195							
the Regulated Entity:									
(No PO Boxes)	City	Georgetown	1 State	TX	ZIP	78633		ZIP + 4	
24. County			•		•	•		•	
	E	Inter Physical Lo	cation Descrip	tion if no str	eet addres	s is provid	ded.		
25. Description to Physical Location:								south of S	un City Blvd.
26. Nearest City						State		Nea	rest ZIP Code
Georgetown						TX		786	533
27. Latitude (N) In Deci	mal:	30.735202		28. L	ongitude (\	W) In Deci	mal:	-97.68508	35
Degrees	Minutes	Se	econds	Degre	es	Mi	nutes		Seconds
30		44	6.73		-97		4	1	6.31
29. Primary SIC Code (4 digits) 30.	Secondary SIC (Code (4 digits)	31. Prima (5 or 6 digits	ry NAICS C	ode	32. Se (5 or 6 di	condary NAI	CS Code
				339999					
33. What is the Primary	/ Business o	of this entity? (L	o not repeat the SI	C or NAICS des	cription.)		1		
				1717 W	est 6th Stre	et			
34. Mailing				S	uite 400				
Address:	City	Austin	State	тх	ZIP	78	703	ZIP + 4	
35. E-Mail Address	s:	•		murphy@a	quilacomn	nercial.co	m		
36. Teleph	none Numbe	r	37. Extensi	ion or Code		38.	Fax Num	ber <i>(if appli</i>	cable)
(512)	684-3702						() -	
89. TCEQ Programs and I orm. See the Core Data Form	D Numbers	Check all Programs or additional guidance	and write in the p	ermits/registra	tion numbers	that will be	affected b	y the updates	submitted on this
☐ Dam Safety	☐ Distric	ts		uifer	☐ Emissi	ons Invento	ry Air	☐ Industrial	Hazardous Waste
☐ Municipal Solid Waste	☐ New S	Source Review Air	OSSF		☐ Petrole	eum Storage	e Tank	☐ PWS	
_									
Sludge	Storm	Water	☐ Title V Air		Tires			Used Oil	
□ Valuatana O'		\\/-t	□ W- ' '	Ai 11		District.			
Voluntary Cleanup	vvaste	Water	Wastewater	Agriculture	☐ Water	rignts		Other:	
SECTION IV: Pr	angrar I.	nformation							
	cparti II	<u>mvi mativil</u>							
40. Name: Addison Sk	rla			41. Title:	Proje	ect Mana	ager		
42. Telephone Number	43. Ext./Cod	de 44. Fax	Number	45. E-M	ail Address	3		_	
(512)344-9664		()	-	askrla	@2pcons	sultants.	com		
SECTION V: Au	thorized	Signature							
16. By my signature below signature authority to subm	v, I certify, to	the best of my kn							
dentified in field 39.	uns 101111 0	n ochan of the ent	ny specificu III	ьсион п, гі	.cia o ana/oi	as require	a ioi uic	apaates to til	. ID humbers

Project Manager Addison Skrla Name (In Print): (512) 344- **9664** Phone: Signature: 04-02-2025 Date:

Job Title:

Company:

2P Consultants, LLC

Page 2 of 2 TCEQ-10400 (02/21)

JURISDICTION: **GEORGETOWN ETJ**

24.428 ACRE PORTION OF 414.674 ACRE (TRACT ONE) LEGAL DESCRIPTION:

CC AGGREGATES, LLC. DOC NO. 2017092999

STREET ADDRESS: GEORGETOWN, TX 78633

MCFARLAND ARCHITECTURE

HIGHWAY 195 BUSINESS PARK OWNER, LP

1717 WEST 6TH STREET 203 E. MAIN STREET SUITE 400 AUSTIN, TX 78703 ROUND ROCK, TX 78664

> MICHAEL MURPHY NELSON W. OREN, P.E. MURPHY@AQUILACOMMERCIAL.COM NOGREN@2PCONSULTANTS.COM

2PCONSULTANTS.COM

8317 YOUNG LANE JPH LAND SURVEYING, INC. 1516 EAST PALM VALLEY BLVD AUSTIN, TEXAS 78737 ROUND ROCK, TX 78664 SUSAN MCFARLAND, AIA SUSAN@MCFARLAND-ARCHITECTURE.COM COLE STREVEY, RPLS/PLS

(512)288-3001 COLE@JPHLS.COM MCFARLAND-ARCHITECTURE.COM (512)686-1474 JPHLANDSURVEYING.COM

GEORGETOWN UTILITY SYSTEMS 300-1 INDUSTRIAL AVENUE

LIBERTY HILL PLANNING GEORGETOWN. TX 78626 10625 W. HWY 29 LIBERTY HILL, TX 78642

(512)778-5470 PEC.COOP **GUS.GEORGETOWN.ORG**

WAREHOUSE / OFFICE PROPOSED USE: NO ZONING / NO OVERLAY ZONING DISTRICT AND OVERLAY 1,064,084 SF (24.43 ACRES) PROPERTY BOUNDARY AREA 0 SF (0 ACRES) EXISTING IMPERVIOUS COVER 576,550 SF (13.24 ACRES) PROPOSED IMPERVIOUS COVER PERCENTAGE OF SITE WITH IMPERVIOUS COVER 54.2%: 24.43 ACRES LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION (WITHIN LIMITS OF LOT) 25.97 ACRES LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION (TOTAL)

PROPOSED IMPERVIOUS COVE	ER .
BUILDING FOOTPRINT (TOTAL) (WITHIN LIMITS OF LOT ONLY)	223,600 SF
PARKING, PRIVATE SIDEWALK (WITHIN LIMITS OF LOT ONLY)	352,950 SF
DECELERATION LANE WIDENING	2,500 SF
OVERALL AREA OF DISTURBANCE	25.97 AC

NO PORTION OF THIS PROJECT IS LOCATED WITHIN THE 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN AS SHOWN ON THE FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY FIRM MAPS: #48491C0285F,

EFFECTIVE DATE OF DECEMBER 20, 2019 FOR WILLIAMSON COUNTY.

THIS PROJECT IS LOCATED IN THE EDWARDS AQUIFER RECHARGE ZONE.

THIS SITE IS LOCATED IN THE BERRY CREEK WATERSHED, THERE ARE NO KNOWN CRITICAL ENVIRONMENTAL FEATURES EVIDENT ON THIS SITE PER GEOLOGIC

ASSESSMENT, PREPARED BY SWCA ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANTS, DATED MARCH 2021.

WILLIAMSON COUNTY NOTES:

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN A "NOTICE OF

FROM WILLIAMSON COUNTY FOR ANY WORK

WORK WITHIN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY INCLUDING

PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING MAY ALSO BE

ANY ROAD CLOSURE IS INVOLVED.

PROPOSED INSTALLATION OF UTILITY LINE" PERMIT

PERFORMED IN THE EXISTING COUNTY RIGHT-OF-WAY

(DRIVEWAY APRON, WATER MAIN TIE-IN, ETC.). THIS PERMIT APPLICATION WILL REQUIRE A LIABILITY

AGREEMENT, A CONSTRUCTION COST ESTIMATE FOR

PAVEMENT REPAIR (IF NEEDED), A PERFORMANCE

BOND, CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND, IF NECESSARY, A

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN. AN INSPECTION FEE, AND A

REQUIRED, DEPENDING ON THE SCOPE OF WORK. THE

COUNTY ENGINEER, AND MUST ALSO BE APPROVED BY

THE WILLIAMSON COUNTY COMMISSIONERS COURT IF

PERMIT WILL BE REVIEWED AND APPROVED BY THE

WATER QUALITY: THIS PROJECT IS LOCATED WITHIN THE EDWARD'S AQUIFER RECHARGE ZONE AND HAS AN APPROVED WPAP UNDER EDWARD'S AQUIFER PROTECTION PROGRAM.

DETENTION NOTE: THIS SITE PROVIDES FOR ONSITE DETENTION.

BENCHMARKS: TBM: "JPH BENCHMARK" **ELEVATION = 817.89'** NAVD 1988 DATUM NAD83 - CENTRAL TEXAS ZONE (4203)

IMPORTANT NOTES TO CONTRACTOR

THE LOCATIONS OF THE EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES ARE SHOWN IN AN APPROXIMATE WAY ONLY AND HAVE NOT BEEN INDEPENDENTLY VERIFIED BY THE OWNER, DESIGN ENGINEER OR THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES BEFORE COMMENCING WORK, AND AGREES TO BE FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY AND ALL DAMAGES WHICH MIGHT BE OCCASIONED BY THE CONTRACTOR'S FAILURE TO EXACTLY LOCATE AND PRESERVE ANY AND ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES, AND SHALL REPAIR OR REPLACE TO NEW QUALITY.

- CAUTION: DO NOT USE THESE DRAWINGS FOR STAKING BUILDINGS ON THIS PROJECT. THE SIZE AND CONFIGURATION OF THE BUILDINGS SHOWN HEREON ARE BASED ON THE LATEST ARCHITECTURAL INFORMATION AVAILABLE TO 2P CONSULTANTS, LLC. AT THE TIME OF COMPLETION OF THESE PLANS. THE FUTURE SIZE AND CONFIGURATION OF EACH BUILDING IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE. THE LATEST APPROVED, SIGNED AND SEALED ARCHITECTURAL PLANS SHOULD BE CONSULTED FOR THE
- ACTUAL SIZE. CONFIGURATION AND LOCATION OF EACH BUILDING. CONTRACTOR SHALL REFER TO CITY OF GEORGETOWN CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS, OR ANY
- REQUIRED LOCAL CODE WHICHEVER IS MOST STRINGENT. THESE PLANS ARE NOT CONSIDERED FINAL FOR CONSTRUCTION UNTIL ACCEPTED BY THE CITY AND / OR THE COUNTY.
- CHANGES MAY BE REQUIRED PRIOR TO APPROVAL. THIS SITE IS SUBJECT TO TPDES REGULATIONS. TXR15000. TDLR NO.:

- IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE PROPERTY OWNER, AND SUCCESSORS TO THE CURRENT PROPERTY OWNER, TO ENSURE THE SUBJECT PROPERTY AND ANY IMPROVEMENTS ARE MAINTAINED IN CONFORMANCE WITH THIS SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN. THIS DEVELOPMENT SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL STANDARDS OF THE UNIFIED DEVELOPMENT CODE (UDC), THE CITY OF GEORGETOWN CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS, THE DEVELOPMENT MANUAL AND ALL OTHER APPLICABLE
- THIS SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN SHALL MEET THE UDC STORMWATER REQUIREMENTS.
- ALL SIGNAGE REQUIRES A SEPARATE APPLICATION AND APPROVAL FROM THE INSPECTION SERVICES DEPARTMENT. NO
- SIGNAGE IS APPROVED WITH THE SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN. SIDEWALKS SHALL BE PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UDC.
- DRIVEWAYS WILL REQUIRE APPROVAL BY THE DEVELOPMENT ENGINEER OF THE CITY OF GEORGETOWN.
- OUTDOOR LIGHTING SHALL COMPLY WITH SECTION 7.04 OF THE UDC.
- SCREENING OF MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT, DUMPSTERS AND PARKING SHALL COMPLY WITH CHAPTER 8 OF THE UDC. THE SCREENING IS SHOWN ON THE LANDSCAPE AND ARCHITECTURAL PLANS, AS APPLICABLE.
- THE COMPANION LANDSCAPE PLAN HAS BEEN DESIGNED AND PLANT MATERIALS SHALL BE INSTALLED TO MEET ALL
- 10. ALL MAINTENANCE OF REQUIRED LANDSCAPE SHALL COMPLY WITH THE MAINTENANCE STANDARDS OF CHAPTER 8 OF THE
- 11. A SEPARATE IRRIGATION PLAN SHALL BE REQUIRED AT THE TIME OF BUILDING PERMIT APPLICATION. 12. FIRE FLOW REQUIREMENTS OF 1,500 GALLONS PER MINUTE ARE BEING PERMITTED IN THIS APPLICATION.
- 13. ANY HERITAGE TREE NOTED ON THIS SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN IS SUBJECT, IN PERPETUITY, TO THE MAINTENANCE, CARE, PRUNING AND REMOVAL REQUIREMENTS OF THE UNIFIED DEVELOPMENT CODE.
- THESE PLANS WERE PREPARED, SEALED, SIGNED, AND DATED BY A TEXAS LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER. THEREFORE, BASED ON THE ENGINEER'S CONCURRENCE OF COMPLAINCE, THE PLANS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROPOSED PROJECT ARE HEREBY APPROVED SUBJECT TO THE STANDARD CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS AND DETAILS MANUAL AND ALL OTHER APPLICABLE CITY, STATE, AND FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS AND CODES.
- 2. THIS PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO ALL CITY STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS AND DETAILS IN EFFECT AT THE TIME OF THE SUBMITTAL
- THIS PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO THE WATER QUALITY REGULATIONS OF THE CITY OF GEORGETOWN
- 4. WHERE NO EXISTING OVERHEAD INFRASTRUCTURE EXISTS, UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC UTILITY LINES SHALL BE LOCATED ALONG THE STREET AND WITHIN THE SITE. WHERE EXISTING OVERHEAD INFRASTRUCTURE IS TO BE RELOCATED, IT SHALL BE RE-INSTALLED UNDERGROUND AND THE EXISTING FACILITIES SHALL BE REMOVED AT THE DISCRETION OF THE DEVELOPMENT
- ALL ELECTRIC AND COMMUNICATION INFRASTRUCTURE SHALL COMPLY WITH UDC SECTION 13.06.
- ADDITIONAL NOTES FOR PROPERTIES LOCATED OVER THE EDWARDS AQUIFER RECHARGE ZONE: THE PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THIS APPLICATION IS SUBJECT TO THE WATER QUALITY REGULATIONS OF THE CITY OF
- A GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CITY OF GEORGETOWN WATER QUALITY REGULATIONS, WAS COMPLETED ON MARCH 2021. ANY SPRINGS AND STREAMS AS IDENTIFIED IN THE GELOGIC ASSESSMENT ARE SHOWN HEREIN.

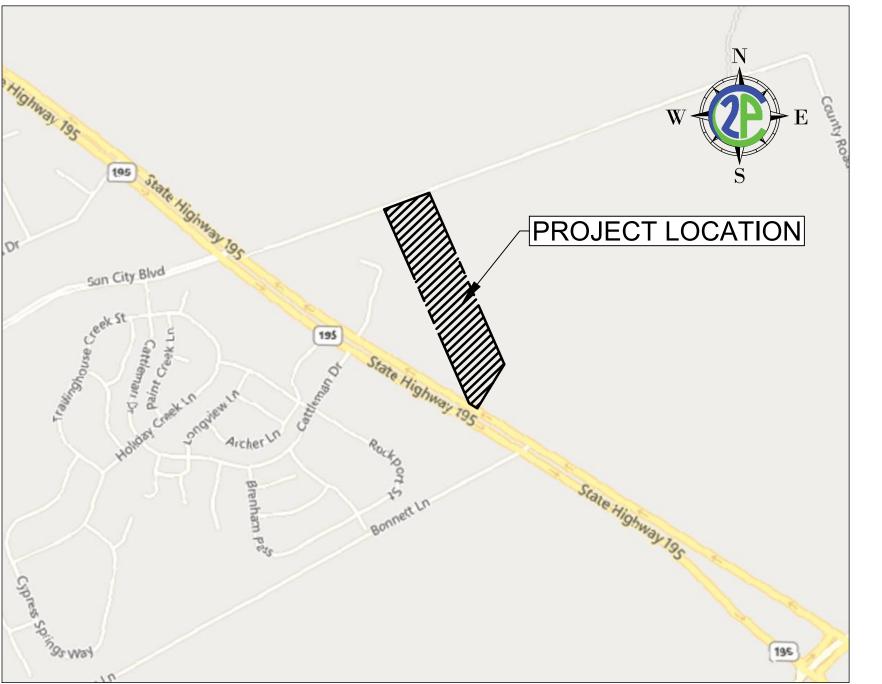
STORMWATER PERMIT FOR EXCHANGE 195

HIGHWAY 195 BUSINESS PARK

3000 SH 195 **GEORGETOWN, TX 78633**

CITY OF GEORGETOWN STORMWATER PERMIT NO. 2022-26-SWP

WILLIAMSON COUNTY **CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE NO. 2023-915-COC** DRIVEWAY PERMIT NO. 2023-965-DP



VICINITY MAP SCALE 1"=1000' MAPSCO PAGE 1435 **GRID NUMBER**

ITE TRIP GENERATION (9TH EDITION)											
Total Floor Total Generated Trips Total Distribution of Generated Trips											
WAREHOUSING (150)		Area (sf)	Daily	AM Hour	PM Hour	AM In	AM Out	Pass-By	PM In	PM Out	Pass-By
CR 147	Buildings #1 - 2	81,120	289	24	26	19	5	0	6	19	0
SH 195	Buildings #3 - 6	142,480	507	43	46	34	9	0	11	34	0

REVISIONS / CORRECTIONS

No.	Description	Revise (R) Add (A) Void (V) Sheet No.'s	TOTAL # SHEETS IN PLAN SET	NET CHANGE IMP. COVER (SQ FT)	TOTAL SITE IMP. COVER (SF. FT)/%	DATE IMAGED

Approved for construction by the City of Georgetown staff 09/20/2023

from the date of approval if the applicable conditions of UDC Section 3.17.050 are not met.

more than welcome

1	COVER SHEET
2	GENERAL NOTES
3	FINAL PLAT (1 OF 2)
4	FINAL PLAT (2 OF 2)
5	EXISTING CONDITIONS AND DEMOLITION PLAN
6	EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN (1 OF
7	EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN (2 OF
8	EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN (2 OF
9	EROSION CONTROL DETAILS (1 OF 2)
10	EROSION CONTROL DETAILS (2 OF 2)
11	SITE PLAN (1 OF 2)
12	SITE PLAN (2 OF 2)
13	DECELERATION LANE PLAN
14	DIMENSION PLAN (1 OF 2)
15	DIMENSION PLAN (2 OF 2)
16	SITE DETAILS (1 OF 3)
17	SITE DETAILS (2 OF 3)
18	SITE DETAILS (3 OF 3)
19	GRADING PLAN (1 OF 2)
20	GRADING PLAN (2 OF 2)
21	EXISTING CONDITIONS DRAINAGE AREA MAP
22	PROPOSED CONDITIONS DRAINAGE AREA MAP (1 OF 2
23	PROPOSED CONDITIONS DRAINAGE AREA MAP (2 OF 2
24	TCEQ CALCS
25	STORM OVERALL PLAN
26	STORM PLAN (1 OF 2)
27	STORM PLAN (2 OF 2)
28	STORM SECTIONS (A, B AND F)
29	STORM SECTION C
30	STORM SECTION D
	STORM SECTION E
31	
32	STORM SECTION G
33	STORM SECTION H
34	STORM SECTION I
35	STORM SECTION J
36	STORM DETAILS (1 OF 3)
37	STORM DETAILS (2 OF 3)
38	STORM DETAILS (3 OF 3)
39	UTILITY PLAN OVERALL
40	WATER LN A PLAN AND PROFILE
41	WATER LINE A AND B PLAN AND PROFILE
42	WATER LINE C PLAN AND PROFILE
43	WATER LINE D AND E PLAN AND PROFILE
44	WATER LINE F PLAN AND PROFILE
45	WATER DETAILS (1 OF 2)
46	WATER DETAILS (2 OF 2)
47	FIRE PROTECTION PLAN (1 OF 2)
48	FIRE PROTECTION PLAN (2 OF 2)
49	LANDSCAPE SHEET (1 OF 8)
50	LANDSCAPE SHEET (2 OF 8)
51	LANDSCAPE SHEET (3 OF 8)
52	LANDSCAPE SHEET (4 OF 8)
	, ,
53	LANDSCAPE SHEET (5 OF 8)
54	LANDSCAPE SHEET (6 OF 8)
	LANDSCAPE SHEET (7 OF 8)
55 56	LANDSCAPE SHEET (8 OF 8)

Sheet List Table

CITY OF GEORGETOWN PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION

REVIEWED FOR COMPLIANCE WITH COUNTY REQUIREMENTS

WILLIAMSON COUNTY DRIVEWAY PERMIT

DRIVEWAY PERMIT ALL RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE ADEQUACY OF THESE PLANS REMAINS WITH THE ENGINEER WHO PREPARED THEM. IN ACCEPTING THESE PLANS, THE CITY OF GEORGETOWN MUST

I, NELSON W. OGREN P.E., do hereby confirm that any new Public Works and Drainage Improvements described herein, have been designed in compliance with the stormwater drainage

policy adopted by the City of GEORGETOWN, Texas.

RELY UPON THE ADEQUACY OF THE WORK OF THE DESIGN ENGINEER.



NELSON W. OGREN, P.E. DATE ALL PLAN SHEETS EXCEPT LANDSCAPE SHEETS 2P CONSULTANTS, LLC 203 E. MAIN STREET, SUITE 204

ROUND ROCK, TEXAS 78664 512-344-9664 TBPE FIRM #F-19351

EDWARDS AQUIFER PROTECTION PROGRAM CONSTRUCTION NOTES - LEGAL DISCLAIMER

THE FOLLOWING/LISTED "CONSTRUCTION NOTES" ARE INTENDED TO BE ADVISORY IN NATURE ONLY AND DO NOT CONSTITUTE AN APPROVAL OR CONDITIONAL APPROVAL BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR (ED), NOR DO THEY CONSTITUTE A COMPREHENSIVE LISTING OF RULES OR CONDITIONS TO BE FOLLOWED DURING CONSTRUCTION.

FURTHER ACTIONS MAY BE REQUIRED TO ACHIEVE COMPLIANCE WITH TCEQ REGULATIONS FOUND IN TITLE 30, TEXAS ADMINISTRATIVE CODE (TAC), CHAPTERS 213 AND 217, AS WELL AS LOCAL ORDINANCES AND REGULATIONS PROVIDING FOR THE PROTECTION OF WATER QUALITY. ADDITIONALLY, NOTHING CONTAINED IN THE FOLLOWING/LISTED "CONSTRUCTION NOTES" RESTRICTS THE POWERS OF THE ED, THE COMMISSION OR ANY OTHER GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY TO PREVENT, CORRECT, OR CURTAIL ACTIVITIES THAT RESULT OR MAY RESULT IN POLLUTION OF THE EDWARDS AQUIFER OR HYDROLOGICALLY CONNECTED SURFACE WATERS. THE HOLDER OF ANY EDWARDS AQUIFER PROTECTION PLAN CONTAINING "CONSTRUCTION NOTES" IS STILL RESPONSIBLE FOR COMPLIANCE WITH TITLE 30, TAC, CHAPTERS 213 OR ANY OTHER APPLICABLE TCEQ REGULATION, AS WELL AS ALL CONDITIONS OF AN EDWARDS AQUIFER PROTECTION PLAN THROUGH ALL PHASES OF PLAN IMPLEMENTATION. FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH ANY CONDITION OF THE ED'S APPROVAL, WHETHER OR NOT IN CONTRADICTION OF ANY "CONSTRUCTION NOTES," IS A VIOLATION OF TCEQ REGULATIONS AND ANY VIOLATION IS SUBJECT TO ADMINISTRATIVE RULES, ORDERS, AND PENALTIES AS PROVIDED UNDER TITLE 30, TAC § 213.10 (RELATING TO ENFORCEMENT). SUCH VIOLATIONS MAY ALSO BE SUBJECT TO CIVIL PENALTIES AND INJUNCTION. THE FOLLOWING/LISTED "CONSTRUCTION NOTES" IN NO WAY REPRESENT AN APPROVED EXCEPTION BY THE ED TO ANY PART OF TITLE 30 TAC, CHAPTERS 213 AND 217, OR ANY OTHER TCEQ APPLICABLE REGULATION

1. A WRITTEN NOTICE OF CONSTRUCTION MUST BE SUBMITTED TO THE TCEQ REGIONAL OFFICE AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY REGULATED ACTIVITIES. THIS NOTICE MUST INCLUDE:

-THE NAME OF THE APPROVED PROJECT; -THE ACTIVITY START DATE; AND

-THE CONTACT INFORMATION OF THE PRIME CONTRACTOR.

- 2. ALL CONTRACTORS CONDUCTING REGULATED ACTIVITIES ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PROJECT MUST BE PROVIDED WITH COMPLETE COPIES OF THE APPROVED WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN (WPAP) AND THE TCEQ LETTER INDICATING THE SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF ITS APPROVAL. DURING THE COURSE OF THESE REGULATED ACTIVITIES, THE CONTRACTORS ARE REQUIRED TO KEEP ON-SITE COPIES OF THE APPROVED PLAN AND APPROVAL LETTER.
- 3. IF ANY SENSITIVE FEATURE(S) (CAVES, SOLUTION CAVITY, SINK HOLE, ETC.) IS DISCOVERED DURING CONSTRUCTION, ALL REGULATED ACTIVITIES NEAR THE SENSITIVE FEATURE MUST BE SUSPENDED IMMEDIATELY. THE APPROPRIATE TCEQ REGIONAL OFFICE MUST BE IMMEDIATELY NOTIFIED OF ANY SENSITIVE FEATURES ENCOUNTERED DURING CONSTRUCTION. CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES MAY NOT BE RESUMED UNTIL THE TCEQ HAS REVIEWED AND APPROVED THE APPROPRIATE PROTECTIVE MEASURES IN ORDER TO PROTECT ANY SENSITIVE FEATURE AND THE EDWARDS AQUIFER FROM POTENTIALLY ADVERSE IMPACTS TO WATER QUALITY.
- 4. NO TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE STORAGE TANK SHALL BE INSTALLED WITHIN 150 FEET OF A WATER SUPPLY SOURCE, DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM, WELL, OR SENSITIVE FEATURE.
- 5. PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY. ALL TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION (E&S) CONTROL MEASURES MUST BE PROPERLY INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED PLANS AND MANUFACTURERS SPECIFICATIONS. IF INSPECTIONS INDICATE A CONTROL HAS BEEN USED INAPPROPRIATELY, OR INCORRECTLY, THE APPLICANT MUST REPLACE OR MODIFY THE CONTROL FOR SITE SITUATIONS. THESE CONTROLS MUST REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE DISTURBED AREAS HAVE BEEN PERMANENTLY STABILIZED.
- 6. ANY SEDIMENT THAT ESCAPES THE CONSTRUCTION SITE MUST BE COLLECTED AND PROPERLY DISPOSED OF BEFORE THE NEXT RAIN EVENT TO ENSURE IT IS NOT WASHED INTO SURFACE STREAMS, SENSITIVE FEATURES, ETC.
- 7. SEDIMENT MUST BE REMOVED FROM THE SEDIMENT TRAPS OR SEDIMENTATION BASINS WHEN IT OCCUPIES 50% OF THE BASIN'S DESIGN CAPACITY.
- 8. LITTER, CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS, AND CONSTRUCTION CHEMICALS EXPOSED TO STORMWATER SHALL BE PREVENTED FROM BEING DISCHARGED OFFSITE.
- 9. ALL SPOILS (EXCAVATED MATERIAL) GENERATED FROM THE PROJECT SITE MUST BE STORED ON-SITE WITH PROPER E&S CONTROLS, FOR STORAGE OR DISPOSAL OF SPOILS AT ANOTHER SITE ON THE EDWARDS AQUIFER RECHARGE ZONE, THE OWNER OF THE SITE MUST RECEIVE APPROVAL OF A WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN FOR THE PLACEMENT OF FILL MATERIAL OR MASS GRADING PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF SPOILS AT THE OTHER SITE.
- 10. IF PORTIONS OF THE SITE WILL HAVE A TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT CEASE IN CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY LASTING LONGER THAN 14 DAYS, SOIL STABILIZATION IN THOSE AREAS SHALL BE INITIATED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE PRIOR TO THE 14 I DAY OF INACTIVITY. IF ACTIVITY WILL RESUME PRIOR TO THE 21 DAY, STABILIZATION MEASURES ARE NOT REQUIRED. IF DROUGHT CONDITIONS OR INCLEMENT WEATHER PREVENT ACTION BY THE 14^{1 H} DAY, STABILIZATION MEASURES SHALL BE INITIATED AS
- 11. THE FOLLOWING RECORDS SHALL BE MAINTAINED AND MADE AVAILABLE TO THE TCEQ UPON REQUEST:
 - -THE DATES WHEN MAJOR GRADING ACTIVITIES OCCUR; -THE DATES WHEN CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES TEMPORARILY OR PERMANENTLY
 - CEASE ON A PORTION OF THE SITE; AND -THE DATES WHEN STABILIZATION MEASURES ARE INITIATED.
- 12. THE HOLDER OF ANY APPROVED EDWARD AQUIFER PROTECTION PLAN MUST NOTIFY THE APPROPRIATE REGIONAL OFFICE IN WRITING AND OBTAIN APPROVAL FROM THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR PRIOR TO INITIATING ANY OF THE FOLLOWING:
- A. ANY PHYSICAL OR OPERATIONAL MODIFICATION OF ANY WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT STRUCTURE(S), INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO PONDS, DAMS, BERMS, SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANTS, AND DIVERSIONARY STRUCTURES;
- B. ANY CHANGE IN THE NATURE OR CHARACTER OF THE REGULATED ACTIVITY FROM THAT WHICH WAS ORIGINALLY APPROVED OR A CHANGE WHICH WOULD SIGNIFICANTLY IMPACT THE ABILITY OF THE PLAN TO PREVENT POLLUTION OF THE EDWARDS AQUIFER;
- C. ANY DEVELOPMENT OF LAND PREVIOUSLY IDENTIFIED AS UNDEVELOPED IN THE ORIGINAL WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN.

AUSTIN REGIONAL OFFICE 12100 PARK 35 CIRCLE, BUILDING A 14250 JUDSON ROAD AUSTIN, TEXAS 78753-1808 PHONE (512) 339-2929 FAX (512) 339-3795

SAN ANTONIO REGIONAL OFFICE SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS 78233-4480 PHONE (210) 490-3096 FAX (210) 545-4329

TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

1. THIS WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM MUST BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CURRENT TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY (TCEQ) RULES AND REGULATIONS FOR PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS 30 TEXAS ADMINISTRATIVE CODE (TAC) CHAPTER 290 SUBCHAPTER D. WHEN CONFLICTS ARE NOTED WITH LOCAL STANDARDS, THE MORE STRINGENT REQUIREMENT SHALL BE APPLIED. CONSTRUCTION FOR PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS MUST ALWAYS, AT A MINIMUM, MEET TCEQ'S "RULES AND REGULATIONS FOR PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS.

GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES

2. ALL NEWLY INSTALLED PIPES AND RELATED PRODUCTS MUST CONFORM TO AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARDS INSTITUTE/NATIONAL SANITATION FOUNDATION (ANSI/NSF) STANDARD 61-G AND MUST BE CERTIFIED BY AN ORGANIZATION ACCREDITED BY ANSI, AS REQUIRED BY 30 TAC §290.44(A)(1).

3. PLASTIC PIPE FOR USE IN PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS MUST BEAR THE NATIONAL SANITATION FOUNDATION SEAL OF APPROVAL (NSF PW-G) AND HAVE AN ASTM DESIGN PRESSURE RATING OF AT LEAST 150 PSI OR A STANDARD DIMENSION RATIO OF 26 OR LESS, AS REQUIRED BY 30 TAC §290.44(A)(2).

4. NO PIPE WHICH HAS BEEN USED FOR ANY PURPOSE OTHER THAN THE CONVEYANCE OF DRINKING WATER SHALL BE ACCEPTED OR RELOCATED FOR USE IN ANY PUBLIC DRINKING WATER SUPPLY, AS REQUIRED BY 30 TAC §290.44(A)(3).

5. ALL WATER LINE CROSSINGS OF WASTEWATER MAINS SHALL BE PERPENDICULAR, AS REQUIRED BY 30 TAC §290.44(E)(4)(B).

6. WATER TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION LINES SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS. HOWEVER. THE TOP OF THE WATER LINE MUST BE LOCATED BELOW THE FROST LINE AND IN NO CASE SHALL THE TOP OF THE WATER LINE BE LESS THAN 24 INCHES BELOW GROUND SURFACE, AS REQUIRED BY 30 TAC §290.44(A)(4).

7. THE MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE LEAD CONTENT OF PIPES, PIPE FITTINGS, PLUMBING FITTINGS, AND FIXTURES IS 0.25 PERCENT, AS REQUIRED BY 30 TAC §290.44(B)

8. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL APPROPRIATE AIR RELEASE DEVICES WITH VENT OPENINGS TO THE ATMOSPHERE COVERED WITH 16-MESH OR FINER, CORROSION RESISTANT SCREENING MATERIAL OR AN ACCEPTABLE EQUIVALENT, AS REQUIRED BY 30 TAC §290.44(D)(1). 9. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT PLACE THE PIPE IN WATER OR WHERE IT CAN BE FLOODED WITH WATER OR SEWAGE DURING ITS STORAGE OR INSTALLATION. AS REQUIRED BY 30 TAC

10. WHEN WATERLINES ARE LAID UNDER ANY FLOWING OR INTERMITTENT STREAM OR SEMI-PERMANENT BODY OF WATER THE WATERLINE SHALL BE INSTALLED IN A SEPARATE WATERTIGHT PIPE ENCASEMENT. VALVES MUST BE PROVIDED ON EACH SIDE OF THE CROSSING WITH FACILITIES TO ALLOW THE UNDERWATER PORTION OF THE YSSTEM TO BE ISOLATED AND TESTED, AS REQUIRED BY 30 TAC §290.44(F)(1).

11. PURSUANT TO 30 TAC §290.44(A)(5), THE HYDROSTATIC LEAKAGE RATE SHALL NOT EXCEED THE AMOUNT ALLOWED OR RECOMMENDED BY THE MOST CURRENT AWWA FORMULAS FOR PVC PIPE, CAST IRON AND DUCTILE IRON PIPE. INCLUDE THE FORMULAS IN THE NOTES ON

• THE HYDROSTATIC LEAKAGE RATE FOR POLYVINYL CHLORIDE (PVC) PIPE AND APPURTENANCES SHALL NOT EXCEED THE AMOUNT ALLOWED OR RECOMMENDED BY FORMULAS IN AMERICA WATER WORKS ASSOCIATION (AWWA) C-605 AS REQUIRED IN 30 TAC §290.44(A)(5). PLEASE ENSURE THAT THE FORMULA FOR THIS CALCULATION IS CORRECT AND MOST CURRENT FORMULA IS IN USE;

Q= LD√P

WHERE

Q = THE QUANTITY OF MAKEUP WATER IN GALLONS PER HOUR,

L = THE LENGTH OF THE PIPE SECTION BEING TESTED, IN FEET, D = THE NOMINAL DIAMETER OF THE PIPE IN INCHES, AND

P = THE AVERAGE TEST PRESSURE DURING THE HYDROSTATIC TEST IN POUNDS PER SQUARE INCH (PSI).

• THE HYDROSTATIC LEAKAGE RATE FOR DUCTILE IRON (DI) PIPE AND APPURTENANCES SHALL NOT EXCEED THE AMOUNT ALLOWED OR RECOMMENDED BY FORMULAS IN AMERICA WATER WORKS ASSOCIATION (AWWA) C-600 AS REQUIRED IN 30 TAC §290.44(A)(5). PLEASE ENSURE THAT THE FORMULA FOR THIS CALCULATION IS CORRECT AND MOST CURRENT FORMULA IS IN USE;

SD√F

WHERE

REQUIRED BY 30 TAC §290.44(E)(5).

CONTRACTOR:

CONTRACTOR PHONE NUMBER:

§290.44(F)(1).

L = THE QUANTITY OF MAKEUP WATER IN GALLONS PER HOUR,

S = THE LENGTH OF THE PIPE SECTION BEING TESTED, IN FEET,

D = THE NOMINAL DIAMETER OF THE PIPE IN INCHES, AND

P = THE AVERAGE TEST PRESSURE DURING THE HYDROSTATIC TEST IN POUNDS PER SQUARE INCH (PSI).

12. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN A MINIMUM SEPARATION DISTANCE IN ALL DIRECTIONS OF NINE FEET BETWEEN THE PROPOSED WATERLINE AND WASTEWATER COLLECTION FACILITIES INCLUDING MANHOLES. IF THIS DISTANCE CANNOT BE MAINTAINED, THE CONTRACTOR MUST IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY THE PROJECT ENGINEER FOR FURTHER DIRECTION. SEPARATION DISTANCES, INSTALLATION METHODS, AND MATERIAL UTILIZED MUST

MEET 30 TAC §290.44(E)(1)-(4). 13. THE SEPARATION DISTANCE FROM A POTABLE WATERLINE TO A WASTEWATER MAIN OR LATERAL MANHOLE OR CLEANOUT SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF NINE FEET. WHERE THE NINE-FOOT SEPARATION DISTANCE CANNOT BE ACHIEVED, THE POTABLE WATERLINE SHALL BE ENCASED IN A JOINT OF AT LEAST 150 PSI PRESSURE CLASS PIPE AT LEAST 18 FEET LONG AND TWO NOMINAL SIZES LARGER THAN THE NEW CONVEYANCE. THE SPACE AROUND THE CARRIER PIPE SHALL BE SUPPORTED AT FIVE-FOOT INTERVALS WITH SPACERS OR BE FILLED TO THE SPRINGLINE WITH WASHED SAND. THE ENCASEMENT PIPE SHALL BE CENTERED ON THE CROSSING AND BOTH ENDS SEALED WITH CEMENT GROUT OR MANUFACTURED SEALANT, AS

14. FIRE HYDRANTS SHALL NOT BE INSTALLED WITHIN NINE FEET VERTICALLY OR HORIZONTALLY OF ANY WASTEWATER LINE, WASTEWATER LATERAL, OR WASTEWATER SERVICE LINE REGARDLESS OF CONSTRUCTION, AS REQUIRED BY 30 TAC §290.44(E)(6).

15. SUCTION MAINS TO PUMPING EQUIPMENT SHALL NOT CROSS WASTEWATER MAINS. WASTEWATER LATERALS, OR WASTEWATER SERVICE LINES. RAW WATER SUPPLY LINES SHALL NOT BE INSTALLED WITHIN FIVE FEET OF ANY TILE OR CONCRETE WASTEWATER MAIN, WASTEWATER LATERAL, OR WASTEWATER SERVICE LINE, AS REQURIED BY 30 TAC §290.44(E)(7).

16. WATERLINES SHALL NOT BE INSTALLED CLOSER THAN TEN FEET TO SEPTIC TANK DRAINFIELDS, AS REQUIRED BY 30 TAC §290.44(E)(8).

17. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DISINFECT THE NEW WATERLINES IN ACCORDANCE WITH AWWA STANDARD C-651-14 OR MOST RECENT, THEN FLUSH AND SAMPLE THE LINES BEFORE BEING PLACED INTO SERVICE. SAMPLES SHALL BE COLLECTED FOR MICROBIOLOGICAL ANALYSIS TO CHECK FOR EFFECTIVENESS OF THE DISINFECTION PROCEDURE WHICH SHALL BE REPEATED IF CONTAMINATION PERSISTS. A MINIMUM OF ONE SAMPLE FOR EACH 1,000 FEET OF COMPLETED WATERLINE WILL BE REQUIRED OR AT THE NEXT AVAILABLE SAMPLING POINT BEYOND 1,000 FEET AS DESIGNATED BY THE DESIGN ENGINEER, AS REQUIRED BY 30 TAC §290.44(F)(3).

18. DECHLORINATION OF DISINFECTING WATER SHALL BE IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH CURRENT AWWA STANDARD C655-09 OR MOST RECENT.

TPDES / SWPPP

A STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN, AS REQUIRED BY THE STATE OF TEXAS UNDER THE TPDES STATUTES, IS REQUIRED FOR THIS PROJECT. THE SWPPP MUST BE FILED AND AVAILABLE FOR INSPECTION ON-SITE. PROJECT INFO & CONTACT NAME SHALL BE POSTED IN A PUBLIC PLACE AT THE MAIN GATE / CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE. THE NOTICE OF INTENT (NOI) SHALL BE FILED WITH T.C.E.Q. AND A COPY GIVEN TO THE CITY OF GEORGETOWN. NO WORK SHALL BE STARTED BEFORE ALL ASPECTS OF THE SWPPP ARE IN PLACE. ALL REGULATIONS ON THE SWPPP SHALL BE STRICTLY FOLLOWED OR THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE SUBJECT TO SERIOUS FINES. CONTRACTOR INFORMATION:

GENERAL NOTES: (CITY)

- 1. THESE CONSTRUCTION PLANS WERE PREPARED, SEALED, SIGNED AND DATED BY A TEXAS LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER. THEREFORE, BASED ON THE ENGINEER'S CONCURRENCE OF COMPLIANCE, THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROPOSED PROJECT ARE HEREBY APPROVED SUBJECT TO THE STANDARD CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS AND DETAILS MANUAL AND ALL OTHER APPLICABLE CITY, STATE AND FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS AND CODES.
- 2. THIS PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO ALL CITY STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS AND DETAILS IN EFFECT AT THE TIME
- OF SUBMITTAL OF THE PROJECT TO THE CITY. 3. THIS SITE CONSTRUCTION PLANS SHALL MEET ALL REQUIREMENTS OF THE APPROVED SITE PLAN.
- 4. WASTEWATER MAINS AND SERVICE LINES SHALL BE SDR 26 PVC.
- 5. WASTEWATER MAINS SHALL BE INSTALLED WITHOUT HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL BENDS.
- 6. MAXIMUM DISTANCE BETWEEN MANHOLES IS 500 FEET.
- 7. WASTEWATER MAINS SHALL BE LOW PRESSURE AIR TEST AND MANDREL TESTED BY THE CONTRACTOR ACCORDING TO CITY OF GEORGETOWN AND TCEQ REQUIREMENTS.
- 8. WASTEWATER MANHOLES SHALL BE VACUUM TESTED AND COATED BY CONTRACTOR ACCORDING TO
- THE CITY OF GEORGETOWN AND TCEQ REQUIREMENTS. 9. WASTEWATER MAINS SHALL BE CAMERA TESTED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND SUBMITTED TO THE CITY OF
- GEORGETOWN DVD FORMAT PRIOR TO PAVING THE STREETS. 10. PRIVATE WATER SYSTEM FIRE LINES SHALL BE TESTED BY CONTRACTOR TO 200 PSI FOR 2 HOURS.
- 11.PRIVATE WATER SYSTEM FIRE LINES SHALL BE DUCTILE IRON PIPING FROM THE WATER MAIN TO THE BUILDING SPRINKLER SYSTEM, AND 200 PSI C900 PVC FOR ALL OTHERS.
- 12.PUBLIC WATER SYSTEM MAINS SHALL BE 150 PSI C900 PVC AND TESTED BY THE CONTRACTOR AT 150 PSI
- 13. ALL BENDS AND CHANGES IN DIRECTION ON WATER MAINS SHALL BE RESTRAINED AND THRUST

14.LONG FIRE HYDRANT LEAD SHALL BE RESTRAINED.

- 15. ALL WATER LINES ARE TO BE BACTERIA TESTED BY THE CONTRACTOR ACCORDING TO THE CITY STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS.
- 16. WATER AND SEWER MAIN CROSSINGS SHALL MEET ALL REQUIREMENTS OF TCEQ AND THE CITY,
- 17.FLEXIBLE BASE MATERIAL FOR PUBLIC STREETS SHALL BE TXDOT TYPE A GRADE 1 18.HOT MIX ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEMENT SHALL BE TYPE D UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED AND SHALL
- BE A MINIMUM OF 2 INCHES THICK ON PUBLIC STREETS AND ROADS.
- 19. ALL SIDEWALK RAMPS ARE TO BE INSTALLED WITH THE PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE. 20.A MAINTENANCE BOND IS REQUIRED TO BE SUBMITTED TO THE CITY PRIOR TO ACCEPTANCE OF THE

PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT. THIS BOND SHALL BE ESTABLISHED FOR 2YEARS IN THE AMOUNT OF 10% OF THE

COST OF THE PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS AND SHALL FOLLOW THE CITY FORMAT 21.RECORD DRAWINGS OF THE PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE CITY BY THE DESIGN ENGINEER PRIOR TO ACCEPTANCE OF THE PROJECT. THESE DRAWINGS SHALL BE ON TIFF OR PDF (300dpi).

GENERAL NOTES: (CITY)

PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION ABOVE THE SLAB, PROVIDE AN ALL-WEATHER DRIVE SURFACE OF ASPHALT OR CONCRETE OR CHIP SEAL PLACED ONTO BASE MATERIAL ENGINEERED TO WITHSTAND 75,000 LBS. AN ACCEPTANCE INSPECTION BY FIRE INSPECTIONS IS REQUIRED. 2012 IFC 503 AND D102.1

FIRE PROTECTION NOTES

1. APPROVAL OF THIS SITE PLAN DOES NOT IMPLY APPROVAL TO INSTALL UNDERGROUND FIRE LINES. PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF UNDERGROUND FIRE LINES, A SEPARATE PERMIT SHALL BE SUBMITTED, UNDER GROUND FIRE LINE SUPPLY. 2. BACKFLOW PROTECTION WILL BE PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CITY OF GEORGETOWN

REQUIREMENTS WHEN REQUIRED. BACKFLOW PROTECTION WILL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DETAIL PROVIDED IN THE UTILITY DRAWINGS. 3. ALL PRIVATE FIRE LINES AND WHAT THEY PROVIDE SERVICE TO WILL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE

WITH NFPA 24 INSTILLATION OF PRIVATE SERVICE MAINS AND THEIR APPURTENANCES. 4. ALL TEES, PLUGS, CAPS, BENDS, REDUCERS, VALVES SHALL BE RESTRAINED AGAINST MOVEMENT.

THRUST BLOCKING AND JOINT RESTRAINED WILL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH NFPA 24. ALL UNDERGROUND SHALL REMAIN UNCOVERED UNTIL A VISUAL INSPECTION IS CONDUCTED BY THI GEORGETOWN FIRE MARSHAL'S OFFICE (FMO). ALL JOINT RESTRAINTS AND THRUST BLOCKING SHALL BE UNCOVERED FOR VISUAL INSPECTION.

6. ALL UNDERGROUND SHALL BE FLUSHED PER THE REQUIREMENTS OF NFPA STANDARD 24 AND WITNESSED BY GEORGETOWN FMO. 7. ALL UNDERGROUND SHALL PASS A HYDROSTATIC TEST WITNESSED BY GEORGETOWN FMO. ALL JOINTS SHALL BE UNCOVERED FOR HYDROSTATIC TESTING. ALL PIPING AND ATTACHMENTS SUBJECTED TO SYSTEM

WORKING PRESSURE SHALL BE TESTED AT 200 PSI, OR 50 PSI MORE THAN THE SYSTEM WORKING PRESSURE, WHICHEVER IS GREATER, AND SHALL MAINTAIN THAT PRESSURE + OR - 5 PSI FOR 2 HOURS. 8. FENCES, LANDSCAPING, AND OTHER ITEMS WILL NOT BE INSTALLED WITHIN 3 FT, AND WHERE THEY WILL OBSTRUCT THE VISIBILITY OR ACCESS TO HYDRANTS, OR REMOTE FDCs.

9. LICENSE REQUIREMENTS OF EITHER RME-U OR G. WHEN CONNECTING BY UNDERGROUND TO THE WATER PURVEYOR'S MAIN FROM THE POINT OF CONNECTION OR VALVE WHERE THE PRIMARY PURPOSE OF WATER IS FOR FIRE PROTECTION SPRINKLER SYSTEM.

THE FIRE CODE, SECTION LA-507.5.7 CITY OF GEORGETOWN FIRE HYDRANT COLOR CODE SYSTEM, IS HEREBY

- ADDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: LA-507.5.7 CITY OF GEORGETOWN FIRE HYDRANT COLOR CODE SYSTEM. PRIVATE FIRE HYDRANT
- MAINTENANCE SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH NFPA 291. a. ALL PRIVATE HYDRANT BARRELS WILL BE PAINTED RED WITH THE BONNET PAINTED USING THE HYDRANT FLOW STANDARD IN PARAGRAPH C OF THIS SECTION TO INDICATE FLOW. IT WILL BE THE CUSTOMER'S
- RESPONSIBILITY TO TEST AND MAINTAIN THEIR PRIVATE FIRE HYDRANT(S). b. ALL PRIVATE FIRE HYDRANTS SHOULD BE INSPECTED, MAINTAINED, AND FLOW TESTED ANNUALLY, AND COLOR CODED TO INDICATE THE EXPECTED FIRE FLOW FROM THE HYDRANT DURING NORMAL OPERATION. SUCH COLOR APPLIED TO THE FIRE HYDRANT BY PAINTING THE BONNET THE APPROPRIATE COLOR FOR
- THE EXPECTED FLOW CONDITION. c. HYDRANT FLOW CODING STANDARDS. PUBLIC HYDRANTS BARRELS WILL BE PAINTED SILVER, THE HYDRANTS WILL BE FLOW TESTED, AND THE BONNET PAINTED USING THE HYDRANT FLOW STANDARD IN AS FOLLOWS: AT 20 PSI RESIDUAL

GREATER THAN 1500 GPM BLUE 1000- 1500 GPM GREEN 500-999 GPM ORANGE

LESS THAN 500 GPM RED d. AT THE CONCLUSION OF CONSTRUCTION FIRE HYDRANTS SHALL BE FLOW TESTED AND COLOR CODED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY'S STANDARDS, AND RESULTS SHALL BE EMAILED TO THE FIRE DEPARTMENT. IFC-LA-507.5.7 FIRE HYDRANT SYSTEMS.

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCING

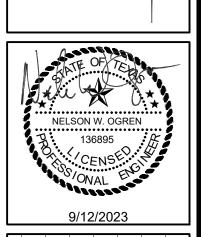
- 1. SCHEDULE A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING WITH CITY ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT PRIOR TO ANY SITE CONSTRUCTION. TWO DAY (48 HR) NOTICE IS REQUIRED.
- 2. CALL FOR UTILITY LOCATES (811).
- 3. REVIEW TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES.
- 4. INSTALL TESC MEASURES AND MAINTAIN DUST CONTROL WHILE PREVENTING DISTURBANCE OF ANY AREAS OF VEGETATION OUTSIDE THE CONSTRUCTION ZONE (ALL TEMPORARY SEDIMENTATION AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES MUST BE IN PLACE AND INSPECTED PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION OR SITE CLEARING. EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PRACTICES AND/OR DEVICES SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL PERMANENT VEGETATION IS ESTABLISHED).
- a. TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS ARE TO BE INSTALLED AS INDICATED ON THE APPROVED SITE PLAN, SUBDIVISION CONSTRUCTION PLAN OR STORMWATER PLAN AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP).
- b. THE SWPPP IS REQUIRED TO BE POSTED ON THE SITE.
- c. INSTALL TREE PROTECTION AND INITIATE TREE MITIGATION MEASURES.
- d. HAVE THE EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AND TREE PROTECTION INSPECTED BY CITY INSPECTOR. 5. BEGIN DEMOLITION, CLEARING AND/OR SITE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES.
- 6. ROUGH GRADE SITE AS REQUIRED TO INSTALL STORMWATER DETENTION FACILITIES.
- a. COMPLETE GRADING OF STORMWATER PONDS.
- b. STABILIZATION AND VEGETATION OF POND BOTTOM, SIDESLOPES AND OUTLETS TO BE COMPLETED WITHIN 7 DAYS OF POND GRADING.
- c. DETENTION FACILITIES SHALL BE MAINTAINED, INCLUDING REMOVAL OF ANY EXCESS SILT, THROUGHOUT SITE CONSTRUCTION PROCESS.
- 7. CLEAR, GRUB & ROUGH GRADE REMAINING SITE. STABILIZE AND REVEGETATE DISTURBED AREAS NOT SUBJECT TO ADDITIONAL SURFACE DISTURBANCE IMMEDIATELY AFTER ROUGH GRADING.
- 8. INSTALL SUBSURFACE UTILITIES.

9. COMPLETE SITE CONSTRUCTION AND START REVEGETATION.

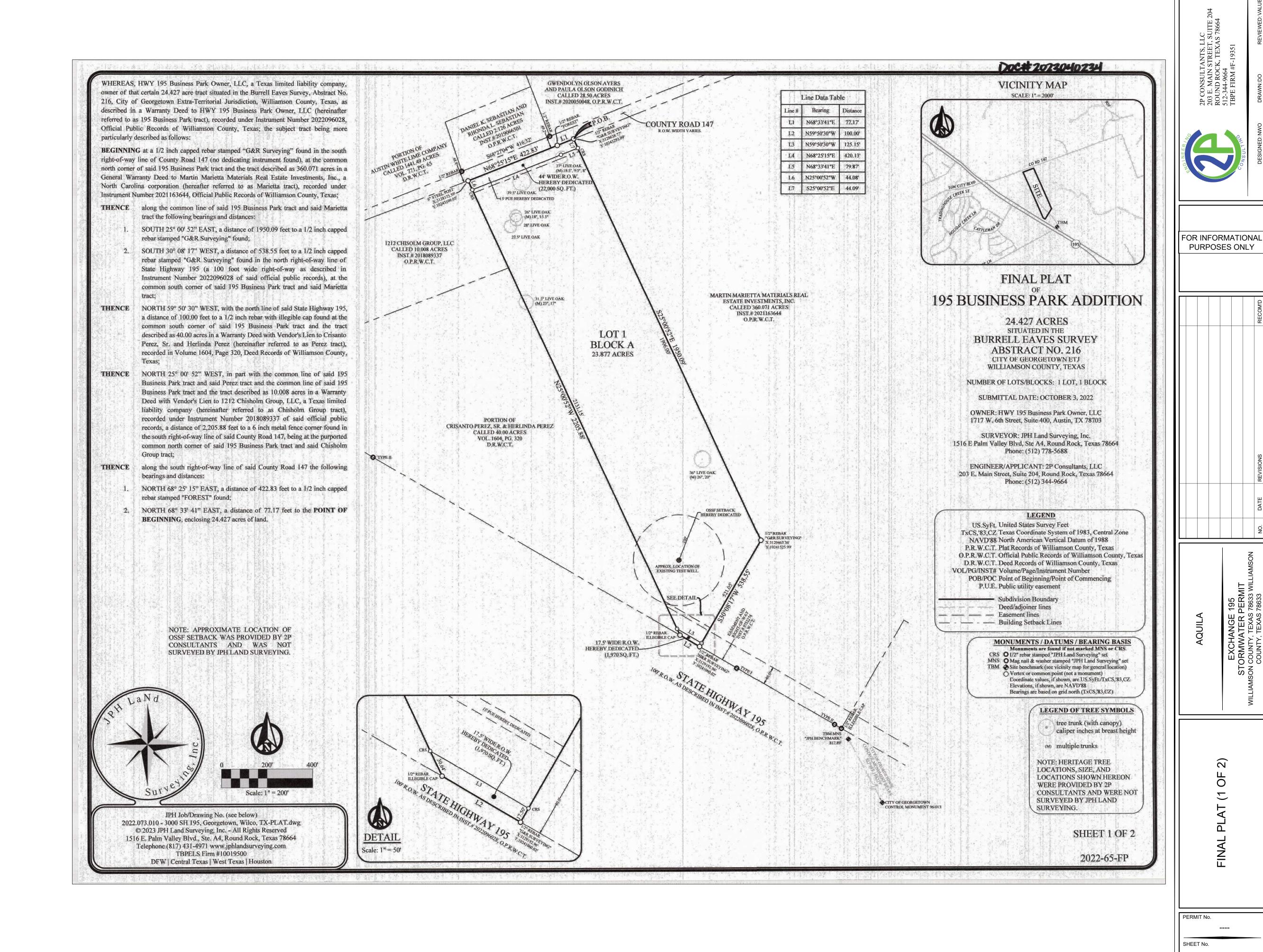
- a. UPON COMPLETION OF THE SITE CONSTRUCTION AND REVEGETATION, THE DESIGN ENGINEER SHALL SUBMIT AN ENGINEER'S LETTER OF CONCURRENCE TO THE WATERSHED PROTECTION AND DEVELOPMENT REVIEW DEPARTMENT INDICATING THAT CONSTRUCTION, INCLUDING REVEGETATION, IS COMPLETE AND IN SUBSTANTIAL CONFORMANCE WITH THE APPROVED PLANS.
- b. AFTER RECEIVING THIS LETTER, A FINAL INSPECTION WILL BE SCHEDULED BY THE CITY INSPECTOR.
- 10. AFTER CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETE AND ALL DISTURBED AREAS HAVE BEEN REVEGETATED PER PLAN TO AT LEAST 90 PERCENT ESTABLISHED, REMOVE THE TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS AND COMPLETE ANY NECESSARY FINAL REVEGETATION RESULTING FROM REMOVAL OF THE CONTROLS. CONDUCT ANY MAINTENANCE AND REHABILITATION OF THE STORMWATER PONDS OR CONTROLS.

FANTS, L.I STREET, JK, TEXA





PERMIT No. SHEET No.



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2022-26-SWP

2P CONSULTANTS, LLC 203 E. MAIN STREET, SUITE 2 ROUND ROCK, TEXAS 78664 512-344-9664 TBPE FIRM #F-19351

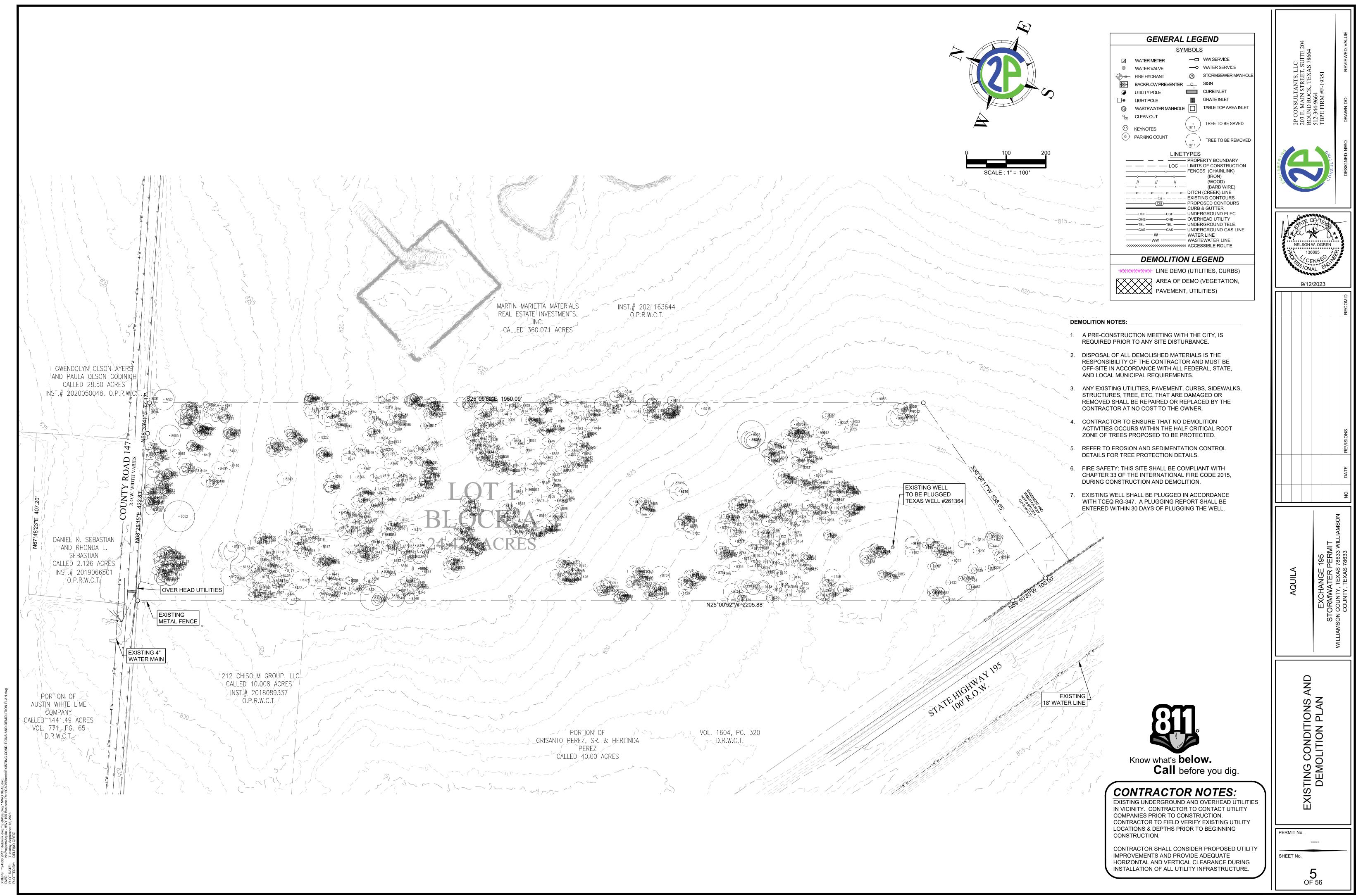
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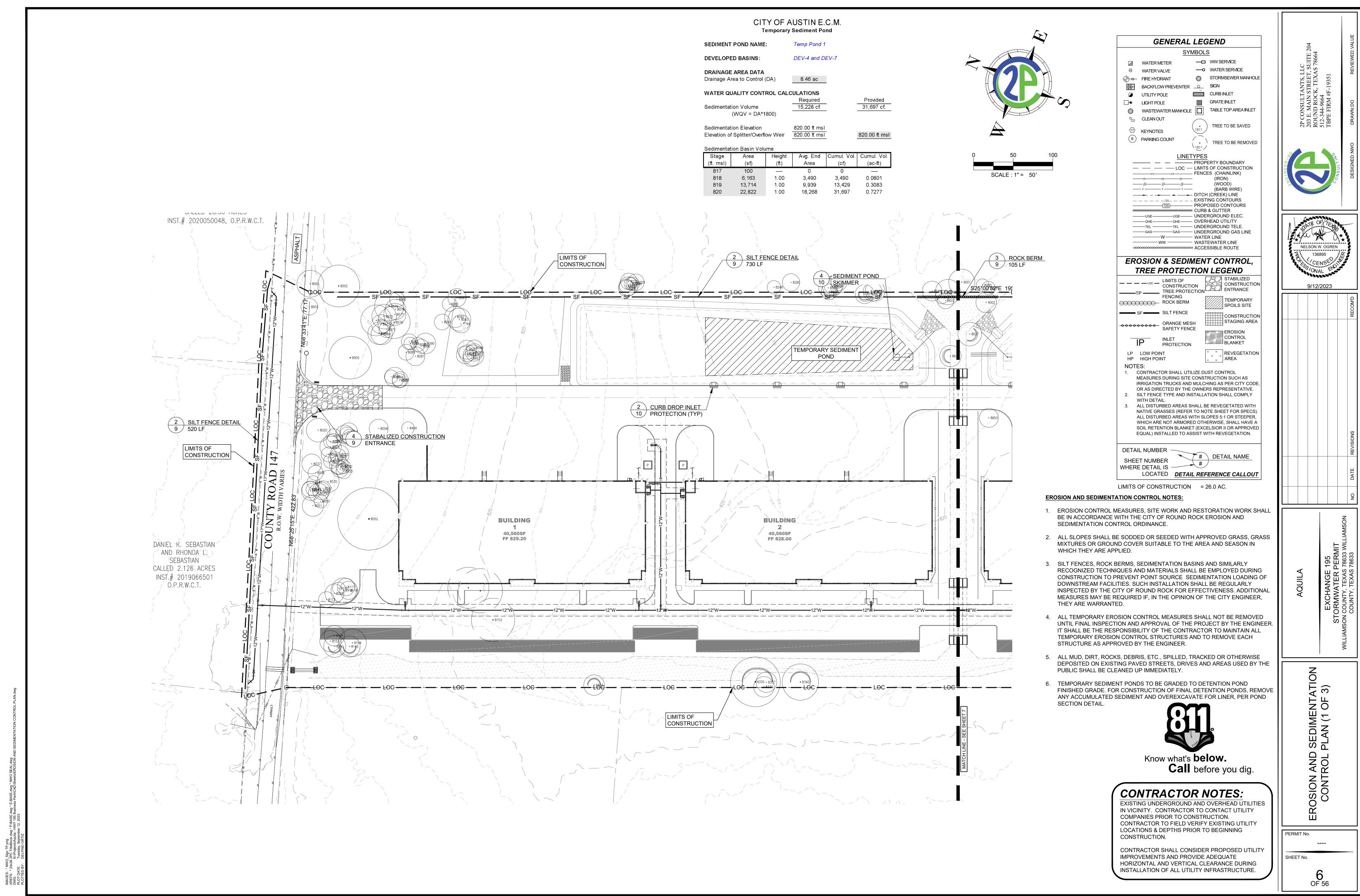
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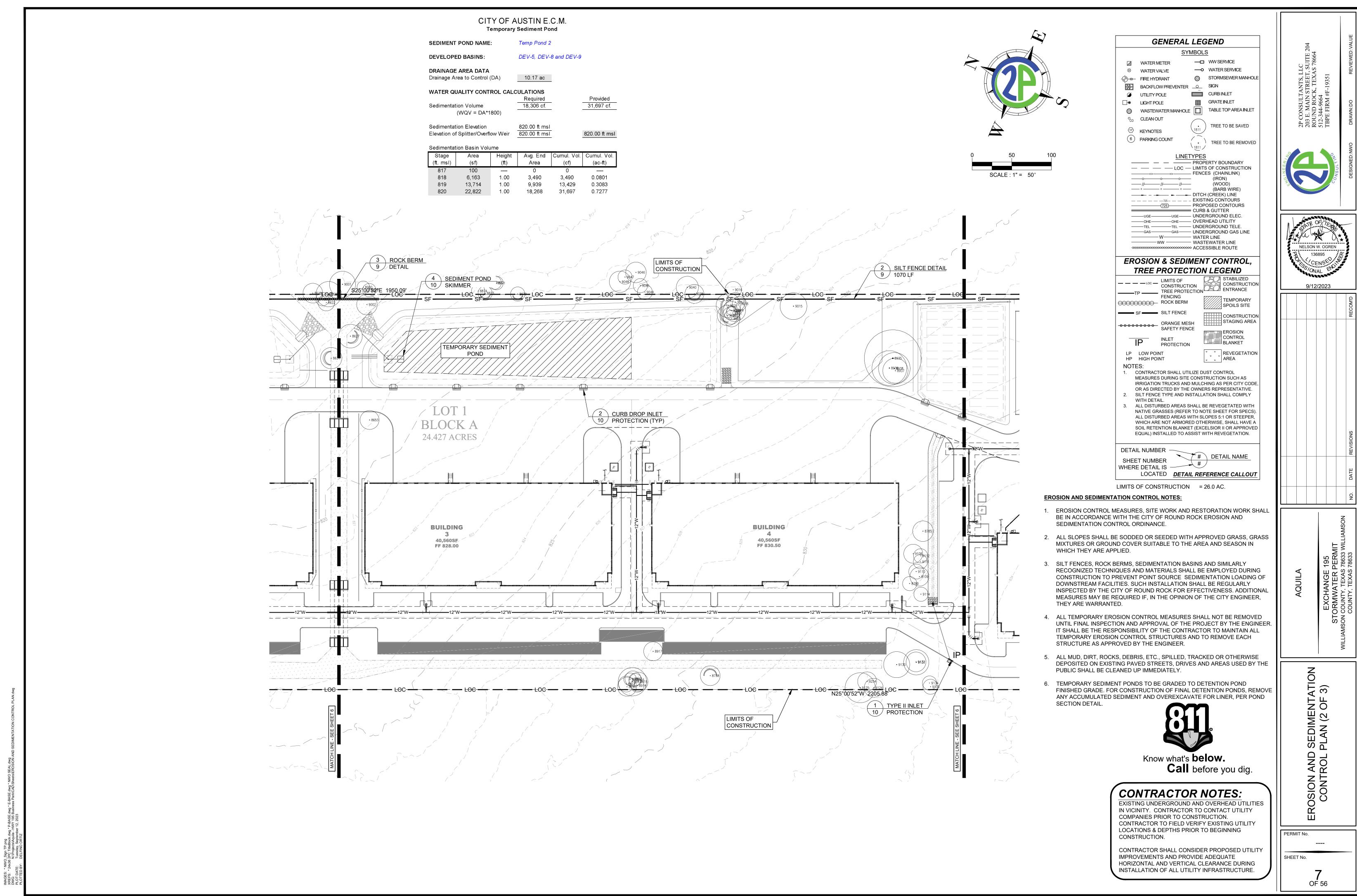
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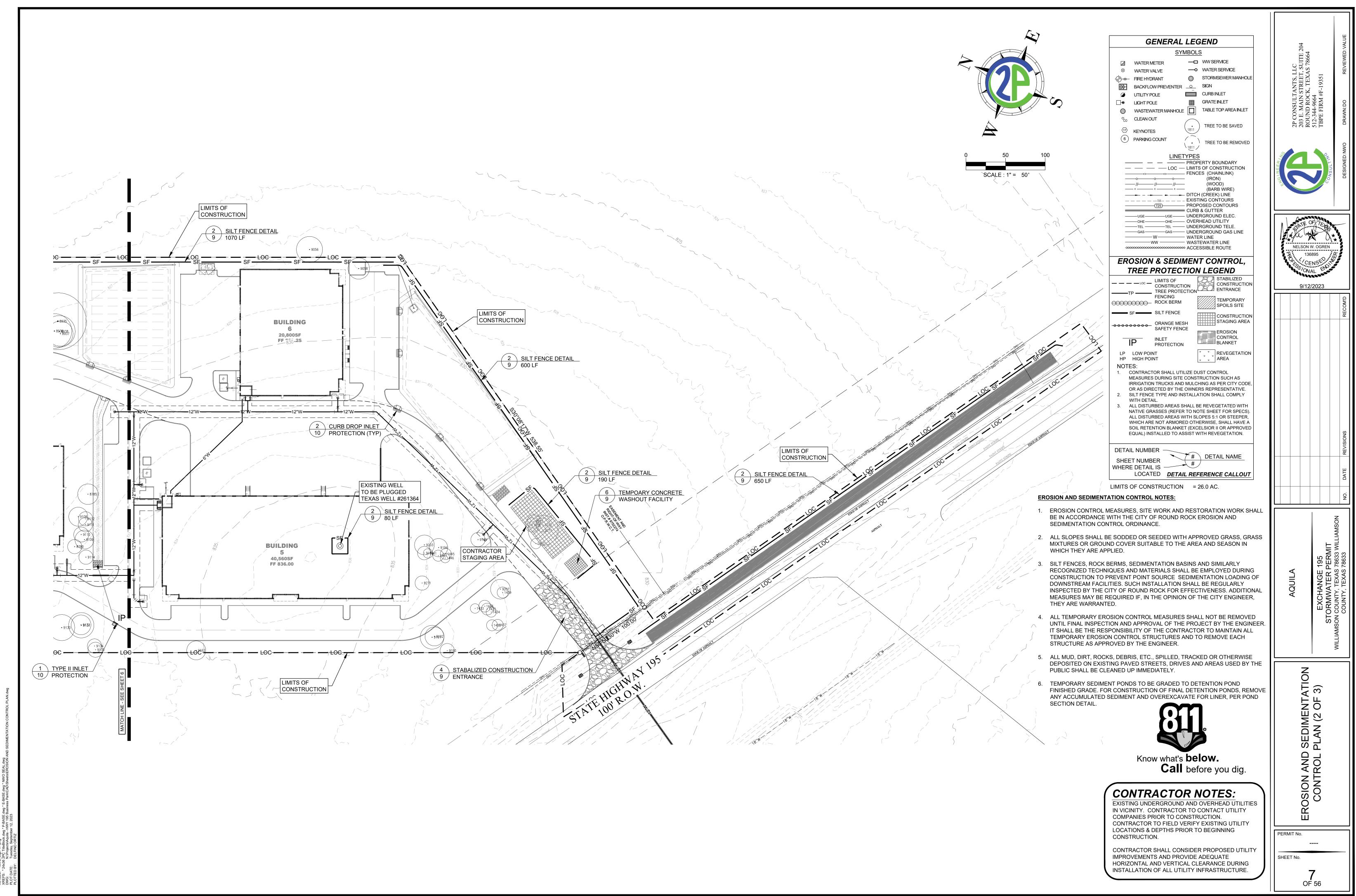
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GUIDELINES FOR DESIGN AND INSTALLATION OF TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS

TYPE OF STRUCTURE	REACH LENGTH	MAXIMUM DRAINAGE AREA	SLOPE
SILT FENCE	N/A	2 ACRES	0 - 10%
	200 FEET	2 ACRES	10 - 20%
	100 FEET	1 ACRE	20 - 30%
	50 FEET	1/2 ACRE	> 30%
TRIANGLE FILTER DIKE	100 FEET	1/2 ACRE	< 30% SLOPE
	50 FEET	1/4 ACRE	> 30% SLOPE
ROCK BERM *, **	500 FEET	< 5 ACRES	0 - 10%

* FOR ROCK BERM DESIGN WHERE PARAMETERS ARE OTHER THAN STATED. DRAINAGE AREA CALCULATIONS AND ROCK BERM DESIGN MUST BE SUBMITTED FOR REVIEW.

** HIGH SERVICE ROCK BERMS MAY BE REQUIRED IN AREAS OF ENVIRONMENTAL SIGNIFICANCE AS DETERMINED BY THE CITY OF GEORGETOWN.

The Architect/Engineer assumes responsibility for appropriate use of this standard.

	<i>ADOPTED 6/21/</i>	2000
CITY OF GEORGETOWN CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS AND DETAILS TEMPORARY EROSION AND	EC01	
GEORGETOWN SEDIMENTATION CONTROL GUIDELINES NTS 1	0ATE: 1/2003 APPROVED BY: TRB	

NOTE: THIS SECTION IS INTENDED TO ASSIST THOSE PERSONS PREPARING WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLANS (WPAP) OR STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLANS (SW3P) THAT COMPLY WITH FEDERAL, STATE AND/OR LOCAL'STORM

1. THE CONTRACTOR TO INSTALL AND MAINTAIN EROSION/SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS AND TREE/NATURAL AREA PROTECTIVE FENCING PRIOR TO ANY SITE PREPARATION WORK (CLEARING, GRUBBING, GRADING, OR EXCAVATION). CONTRACTOR TO REMOVE EROSION/SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS AT THE COMPLETION OF PROJECT AND GRASS RESTORATION.

2. ALL PROJECTS WITHIN THE RECHARGE ZONE OF THE EDWARD'S AQUIFER SHALL SUBMIT A BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AND WATER POLLUTION AND ABATEMENT PLAN TO THE TNRCC FOR APPROVAL PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION. 3. THE PLACEMENT OF EROSION/SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED EROSION AND

SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN AND WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN. DEVIATIONS FROM THE APPROVED PLAN MUST BE SUBMITTED TO AND APPROVED BY THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE. 4. ALL PLANTING SHALL BE DONE BETWEEN MAY 1 AND SEPTEMBER 15 EXCEPT AS SPECIFICALLY AUTHORIZED IN WRITING.
IF PLANTING IS AUTHORIZED TO BE DONE OUTSIDE THE DATES SPECIFIED, THE SEED SHALL BE PLANTED WITH THE ADDITION
OF WINTER FESCUE (KENTUCKY 31) AT A RATE OF 1001b/ACRE. GRASS SHALL BE COMMON BERMUDA GRASS, HULLED, MINIMUM 82% PURE LIVE SEED. ALL GRASS SEED SHALL BE FREE FROM NOXIOUS WEED, GRADE "A" RECENT CROP, RECLEANED AND TREATED WITH APPROPRIATE FUNGICIDE AT TIME OF MIXING. SEED SHALL BE FURNISHED IN SEALED,

STANDARD CONTAINERS WITH DEALER'S GUARANTEED ANALYSIS. 5. ALL DISTURBED AREAS TO BE RESTORED AS NOTED IN THE WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN. 6. THE PLANTED AREA TO BE IRRIGATED OR SPRINKLED IN A MANNER THAT WILL NOT ERODE THE TOPSOIL, BUT WILL SUFFICIENTLY SOAK THE SOIL TO A DEPTH OF FOUR (4) INCHES. THE IRRIGATION TO OCCUR AT 10-DAY INTERVALS DURING THE FIRST TWO MONTHS TO INSURE GERMINATION AND ESTABLISHMENT OF THE GRASS . RAINFALL

OCCURRENCES OF 1/2 INCH OR GREATER TO POSTPONE THE WATERING SCHEDULE ONE WEEK. 7. RESTORATION TO BE ACCEPTABLE WHEN THE GRASS HAS GROWN AT LEAST 1-1/2 INCHES HIGH WITH 95% COVERAGE,

PROVIDED NO BARE SPOTS LARGER THAN 25 SQUARE FEET EXIST. 8. A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) INCHES OF TOPSOIL TO BE PLACED IN ALL AREAS DISTURBED BY CONSTRUCTION.

9. THE CONTRACTOR TO HYDROMULCH OR SOD (AS SHOWN ON PLANS) ALL EXPOSED CUTS AND FILLS UPON COMPLETION 10. EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS TO BE INSTALLED OR MAINTAINED IN A MANNER WHICH DOES NOT RESULT IN

SOIL BUILDUP WITHIN TREE DRIPLINE. 11. TO AVOID SOIL COMPACTION, CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT ALLOW VEHICULAR TRAFFIC, PARKING, OR STORAGE OF EQUIPMENT OR MATERIALS IN THE TREE DRIPLINE AREAS.

12. WHERE A FENCE IS CLOSER THAN FOUR (4) FEET TO A TREE TRUNK, PROTECT THE TRUNK WITH STRAPPED-ON PLANKING TO A HEIGHT OF EIGHT (8) FEET (OR TO THE LIMITS OF LOWER BRANCHING) IN ADDITION TO THE FENCING. 13. TREES TO BE REMOVED IN A MANNER WHICH DOES NOT IMPACT TREES TO BE PRESERVED.

14. ANY ROOT EXPOSED BY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY TO BE PRUNED FLUSH WITH THE SOIL, BACKFILL ROOT AREAS WITH GOOD QUALITY TOPSOIL AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. IF EXPOSED ROOT AREAS ARE NOT BACKFILLED WITHIN TWO DAYS, COVER THEM WITH ORGANIC MATERIAL IN A MANNER WHICH REDUCES SOIL TEMPERATURE AND MINIMIZES WATER LOSS

15. CONTRACTOR TO PRUNE VEGETATION TO PROVIDE CLEARANCE FOR STRUCTURES, VEHICULAR TRAFFIC, AND EQUIPMENT BEFORE DAMAGE OCCURS (RIPPING OF BRANCHES, ETC.). ALL FINISHED PRUNING TO BE DONE ACCORDING TO RECOGNIZED, APPROVED STANDARDS OF THE INDUSTRY (REFERENCE THE "NATIONAL ARBORIST ASSOCIATION PRUNING STANDARDS FOR SHADE TREES").

INCH TO VERIFY THAT THEY HAVE NOT BEEN SIGNIFICANTLY DISTURBED. ANY ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AFTER A SIGNIFICANT RAINFALL TO BE REMOVED AND PLACED IN THE OWNER DESIGNATED SPOIL DISPOSAL SITE. THE CONTRACTOR TO CONDUCT PERIODIC INSPECTIONS OF ALL EROSION/SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS AND TO MAKE ANY REPAIRS OR MODIFICATIONS NECESSARY TO ASSURE CONTINUED EFFECTIVE OPERATION OF EACH DEVICE.

16. THE CONTRACTOR IS TO INSPECT THE CONTROLS AT WEEKLY INTERVALS AND AFTER EVERY RAINFALL EXCEEDING 1/4

17. WHERE THERE IS TO BE AN APPROVED GRADE CHANGE, IMPERMEABLE PAVING SURFACE, TREE WELL, OR OTHER SUCH SITE DEVELOPMENT IMMEDIATELY ADJACENT TO A PROTECTED TREE, ERECT THE FENCE APPROXIMATELY TWO TO FOUR FEET (2'-4') BEHIND THE AREA IN QUESTION.

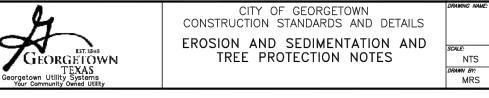
18. NO ABOVE AND/OR BELOW GROUND TEMPORARY FUEL STORAGE FACILITIES TO BE STORED ON THE PROJECT SITE. 19. IF EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL SYSTEMS ARE EXISTING FROM PRIOR CONTRACTS, OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE AND THE CONTRACTOR TO EXAMINE THE EXISTING EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL SYSTEMS FOR DAMAGE PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. ANY DAMAGE TO PREEXISTING EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS NOTED TO BE REPAIRED AT OWNERS EXPENSE.

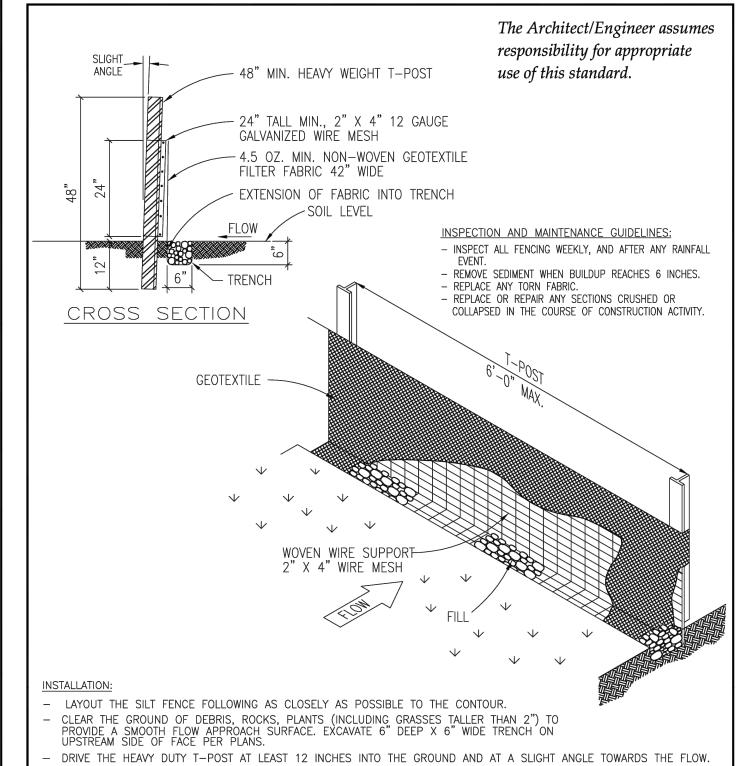
20. INTENTIONAL RELEASE OF VEHICLE OR EQUIPMENT FLUIDS ONTO THE GROUND IS NOT ALLOWED. CONTAMINATED SOIL RESULTING FROM ACCIDENTAL SPILL TO BE REMOVED AND DISPOSED OF PROPERLY.

> The Architect/Engineer assumes responsibility for appropriate use of this standard.

> > EC01A

REVISION NOTE: ADOPTED 6/21/2006





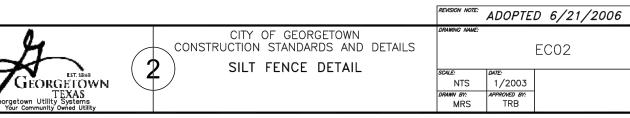
- ATTACH THE 2" X 4" 12 GAUGE WELDED WIRE MESH TO THE T-POST WITH 11 1/2 GAUGE GALVANIZED T-POST CLIPS. THE TOP OF THE WIRE TO BE 24" ABOVE GROUND LEVEL. THE WELDED WIRE MESH TO BE OVERLAPPED 6" AND TIED AT LEAST 6 TIMES WITH HOG RINGS.

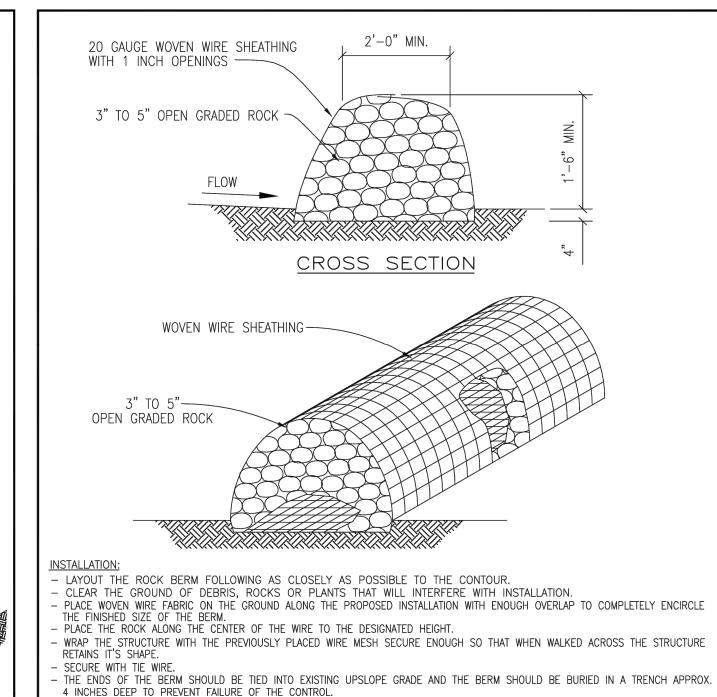
ANCHOR THE SILT FENCE BY BACKFILLING WITH EXCAVATED DIRT AND ROCKS (NOT LARGER THAN 2").

THE SILT FENCE TO BE INSTALLED WITH A SKIRT A MINIMUM OF 6" WIDE PLACED ON THE UPHILL SIDE OF THE FENCE INSIDE EXCAVATED TRENCH. THE FABRIC TO OVERLAP THE TOP OF THE WIRE BY 1".

GEOTEXTILE SPLICES SHOULD BE A MINIMUM OF 18" WIDE ATTACHED IN AT LEAST 6 PLACES. SPLICES IN CONCENTRATED

SILT FENCE SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN THE SITE IS COMPLETELY STABILIZED SO AS NOT TO BLOCK OR IMPEDE STORM FLOW OR DRAINAGE.





PLACE WOVEN WIRE FABRIC ON THE GROUND ALONG THE PROPOSED INSTALLATION WITH ENOUGH OVERLAP TO COMPLETELY ENCIRCLE

WRAP THE STRUCTURE WITH THE PREVIOUSLY PLACED WIRE MESH SECURE ENOUGH SO THAT WHEN WALKED ACROSS THE STRUCTURE

4 INCHES DEEP TO PREVENT FAILURE OF THE CONTROL. THE ROCK BERM SHOULD BE LEFT IN PLACE UNTIL ALL UPSTREAM AREAS ARE STABILIZED AND ACCUMULATED SILT REMOVED.

INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE GUIDELINES: - INSPECTION SHOULD BE MADE WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RAINFALL EVENT BY THE RESPONSIBLE PARTY. FOR INSTALLATIONS IN

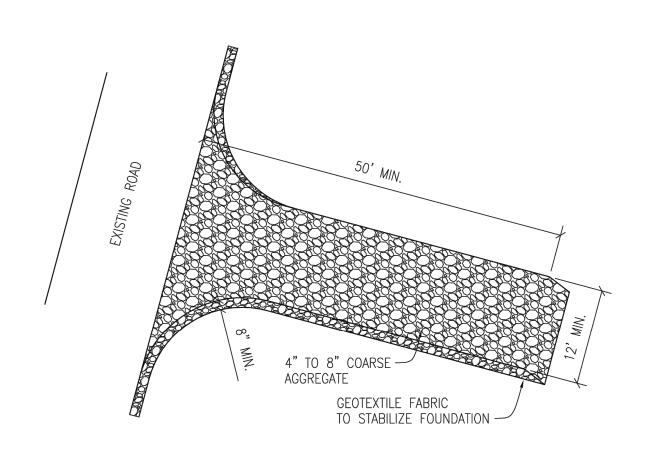
STREAMBEDS, ADDITIONAL DAILY INSPECTIONS SHOULD BE MADE. REMOVE SEDIMENT AND OTHER DEBRIS WHEN BUILDUP REACHES 6 INCHES AND DISPOSE OF THE ACCUMULATED SILT IN AN APPROVED

MAPAIR ANY LOOSE WIRE SHEATHING. THE BERM SHOULD BE RESHAPED AS NEEDED DURING INSPECTION. THE BERM SHOULD BE REPLACED WHEN THE STRUCTURE CEASES TO FUNCTION AS INTENDED DUE TO SILT ACCUMULATION AMONG THE

ROCKS, WASHOUT, CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC DAMAGE, ETC.

The Architect/Engineer assumes responsibility for appropriate

use of this standard.		REVISION NOTE:	ADOPTE	D 6/21/2006
4	CITY OF GEORGETOWN CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS AND DETAILS ROCK BERM DETAIL	DRAWING NAME:		EC03
Georgetown	() ROOK BEKW BETAIL	SCALE: NTS	1/2003	
TEXAS Georgetown Utility Systems	+	DRAWN BY:	APPROVED BY:	



- DIVERSION RIDGE GEOTEXTILE FABRIC -AS APPROVED BY THE CITY

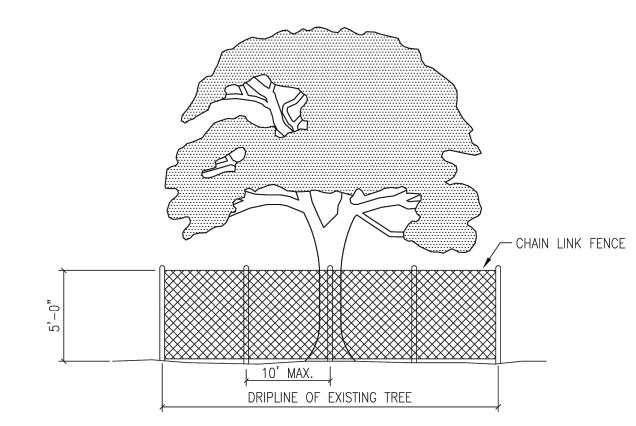
INSTALLATION:

- CLEAR THE AREA OF DEBRIS, ROCKS OR PLANTS THAT WILL INTERFERE WITH INSTALLATION. - GRADE THE AREA FOR THE ENTRANCE TO FLOW BACK ON TO THE CONSTRUCTION SITE. RUNOFF FROM THE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION - PLACE GEOTEXTILE FABRIC AS APPROVED BY THE CITY.
- PLACE ROCK AS APPROVED BY THE CITY.
- INSPECTIONS AND MAINTENANCE GUIDELINES:
- THE ENTRANCE SHOULD BE MAINTAINED IN A CONDITION, WHICH WILL PREVENT TRACKING OR FLOWING OF SEDIMENT ONTO PUBLIC RIGHTS-OF-WAY. THIS MAY REQUIRE PERIODIC TOP DRESSING WITH ADDITIONAL STONE AS CONDITIONS DEMAND AND REPAIR AND/OR
- CLEANOUT OF ANY MEASURES USED TO TRAP SEDIMENT. - ALL SEDIMENT SPILLED, DROPPED, WASHED OR TRACKED ON TO PUBLIC RIGHTS-OF-WAY SHOULD BE REMOVED IMMEDIATELY BY WHEN NECESSARY, WHEELS SHOULD BE CLEANED TO REMOVE SEDIMENT PRIOR TO ENTRANCE ONTO PUBLIC RIGHTS-OF-WAY.
- WHEN WASHING IS REQUIRED, IT SHOULD BE DONE ON AN AREA STABILIZED WITH CRUSHED STONE THAT DRAINS INTO AN APPROVED SEDIMENT TRAP OR SEDIMENT BASIN.
- ALL SEDIMENT SHOULD BE PREVENTED FROM ENTERING ANY STORM DRAIN, DITCH OR WATER COURSE BY USING APPROVED METHODS.

The Architect/Engineer assumes responsibility for appropriate

use of this standard.

REVISION NOTE: ADOPTED 6/21/2006 CITY OF GEORGETOWN CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS AND DETAILS ⚠ STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE NTS 1/2003



- 1. TREE PROTECTION FENCES SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF ANY SITE PREPARATION WORK (CLEARING, GRUBBING OR GRADING).
- 2. FENCES SHALL COMPLETELY SURROUND THE TREE, OR CLUSTERS OF TREES; WILL BE LOCATED AT THE OUTERMOST LIMIT OF THE TREE BRANCHES (DRIPLINE), AND WILL BE MAINTAINED THROUGHOUT THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT IN ORDER TO PREVENT THE FOLLOWING:
- A. SOIL COMPACTION IN THE ROOT ZONE AREA RESULTING FROM VEHICULAR TRAFFIC, OR STORAGE OF EQUIPMENT OR MATERIALS
- B. ROOT ZONE DISTURBANCES DUE TO GRADE CHANGES (GREATER THAN SIX INCHES (6") CUT OR FILL, OR TRENCHING NOT REVIEWED AND AUTHORIZED BY THE CITY.
- C. WOUNDS TO EXPOSED ROOTS, TRUNKS OR LIMBS BY MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT. D. OTHER ACTIVITIES DETRIMENTAL TO TREES, SUCH AS CHEMICAL STORAGE, CEMENT TRUCK CLEANING
- 3. EXCEPTIONS TO INSTALLING FENCES AT TREE DRIPLINES MAY BE PERMITTED IN THE FOLLOWING CASES: A. WHERE PERMEABLE PAVING IS TO BE INSTALLED, ERECT THE FENCE AT THE OUTER LIMITS OF THE
- B. WHERE TREES ARE CLOSE TO PROPOSED BUILDINGS, ERECT THE FENCE NO CLOSER THAN SIX FEET (6'-0") TO BUILDING.

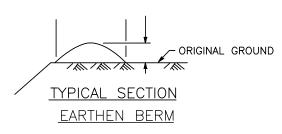
The Architect/Engineer assumes responsibility for appropriate use of this standard.

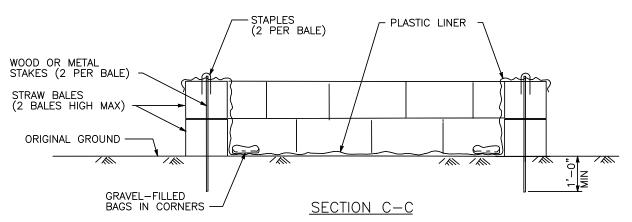
PERMEABLE PAVING AREA.

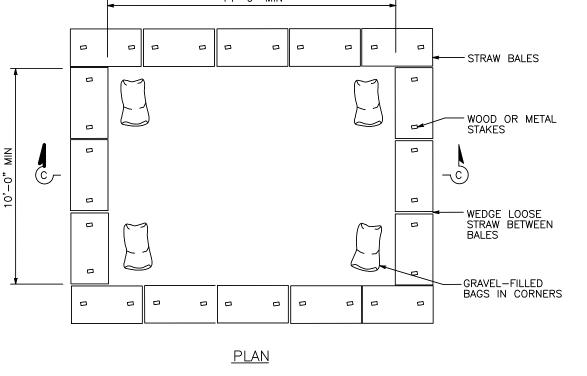


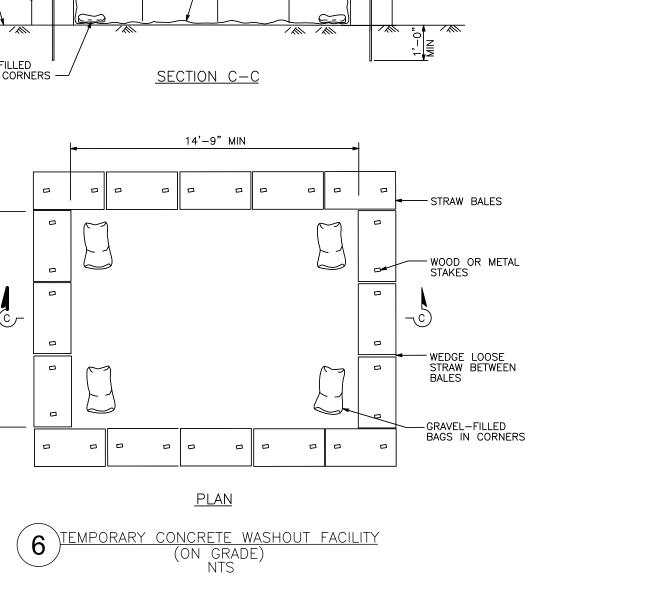
CITY OF GEORGETOWN CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS AND DETAILS TREE PROTECTION -CHAIN LINK FENCE

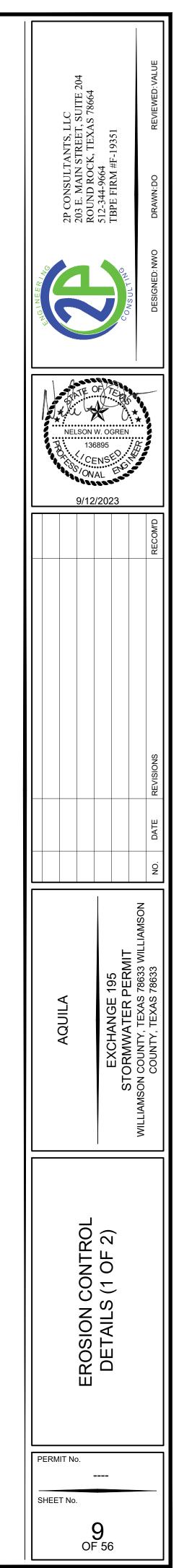
REVISION NOTE: ADOPTED 6/21/2006 NTS 1/2003

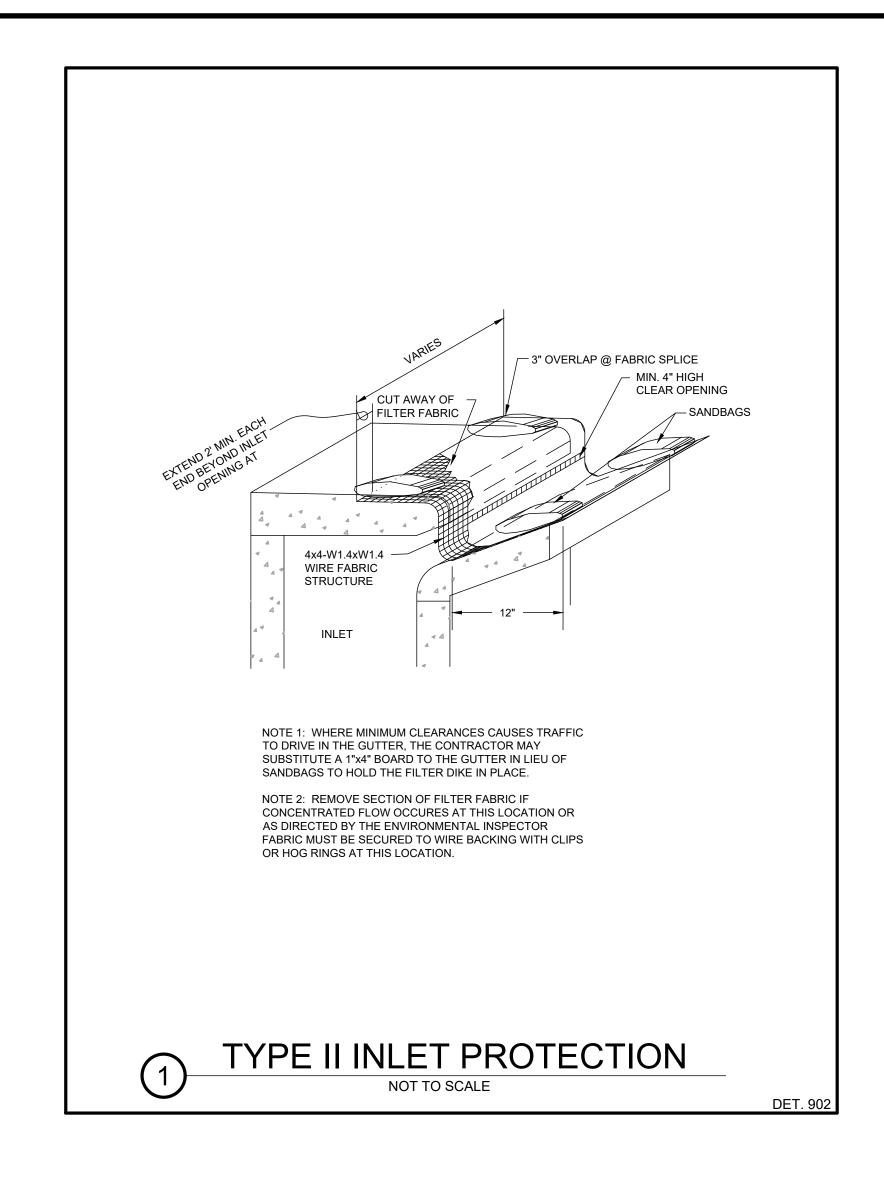


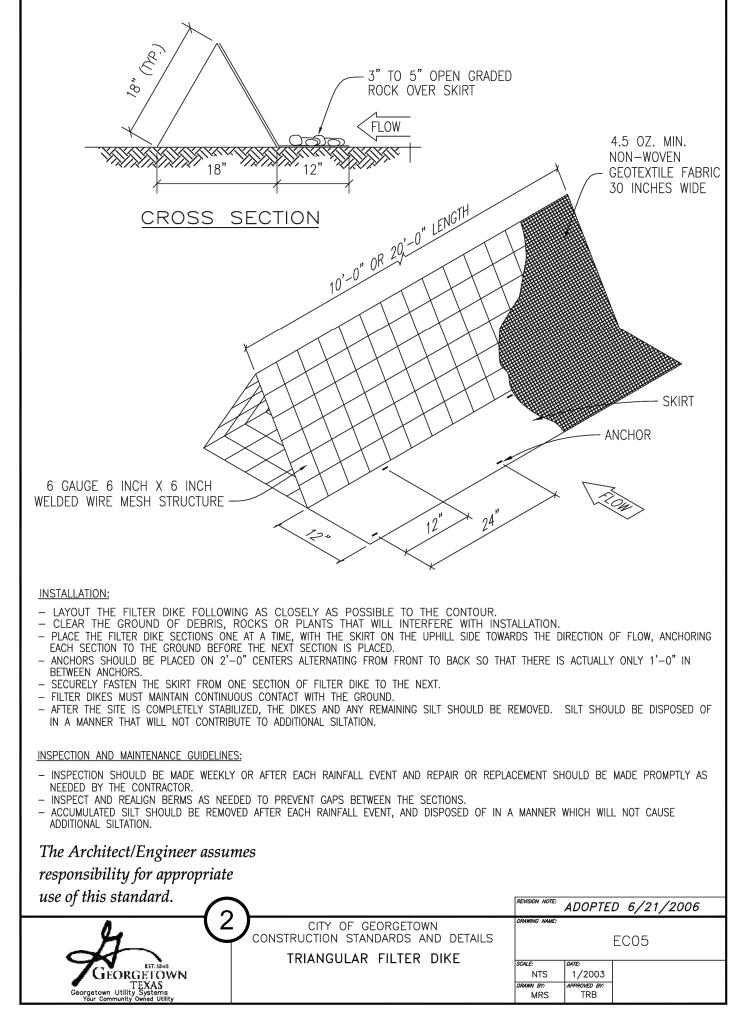


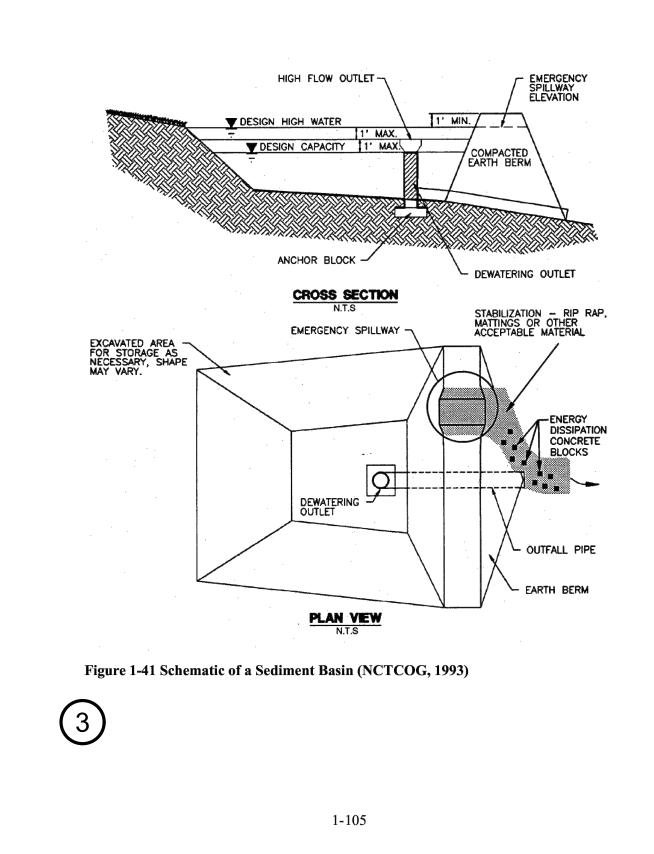


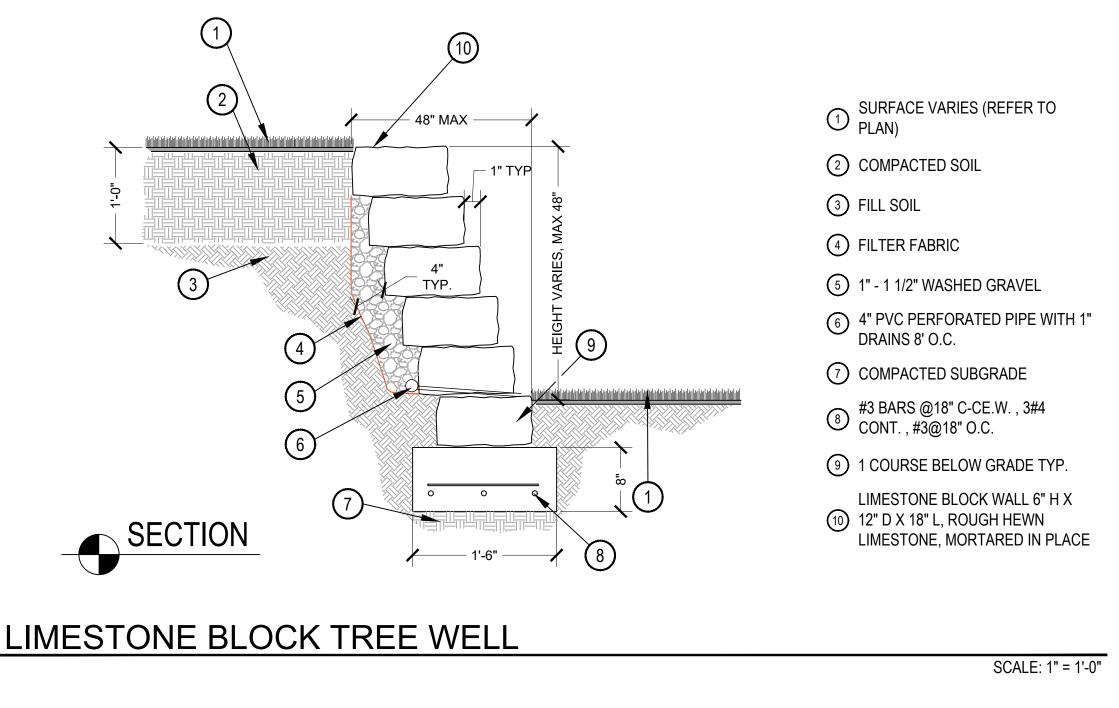


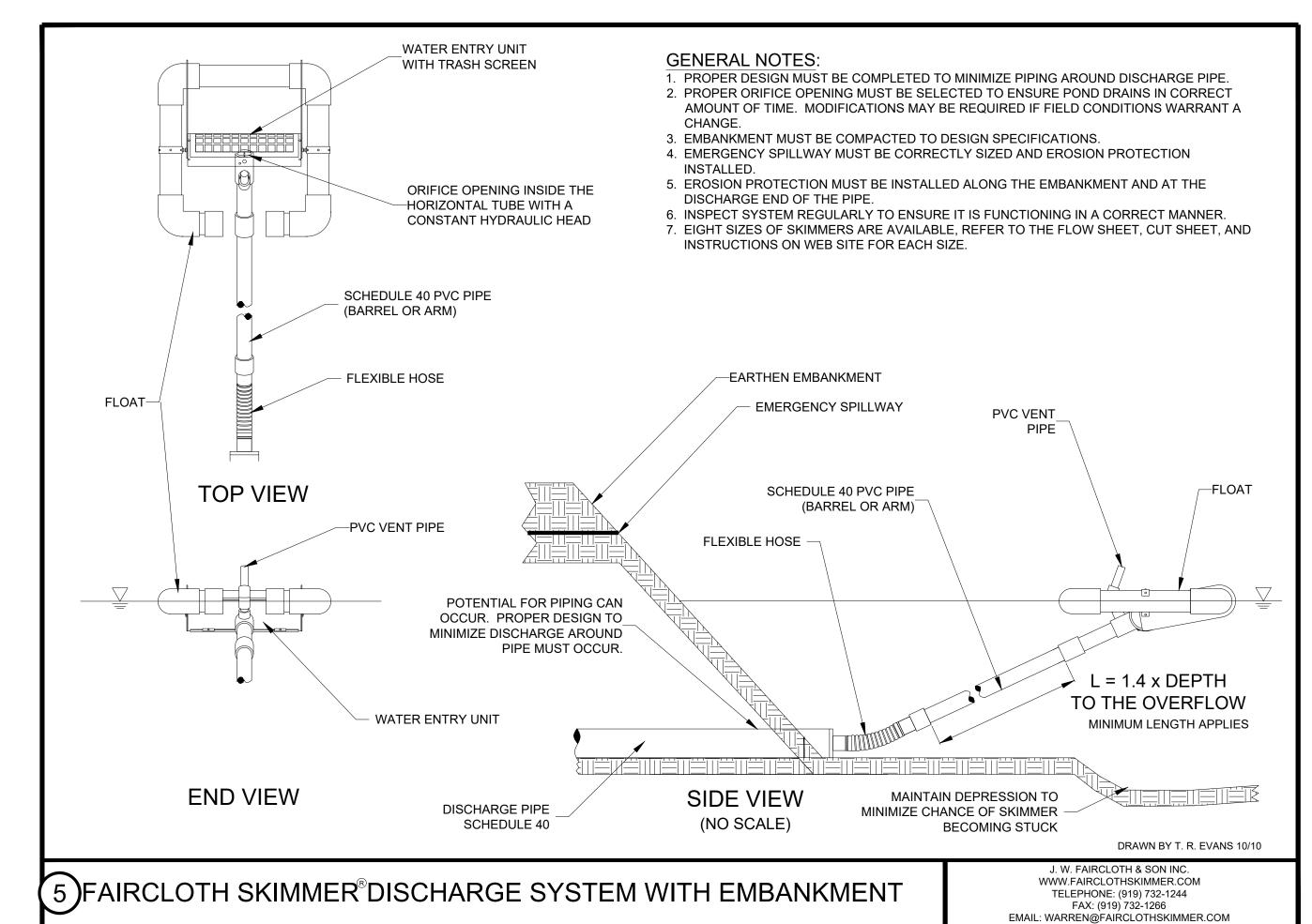












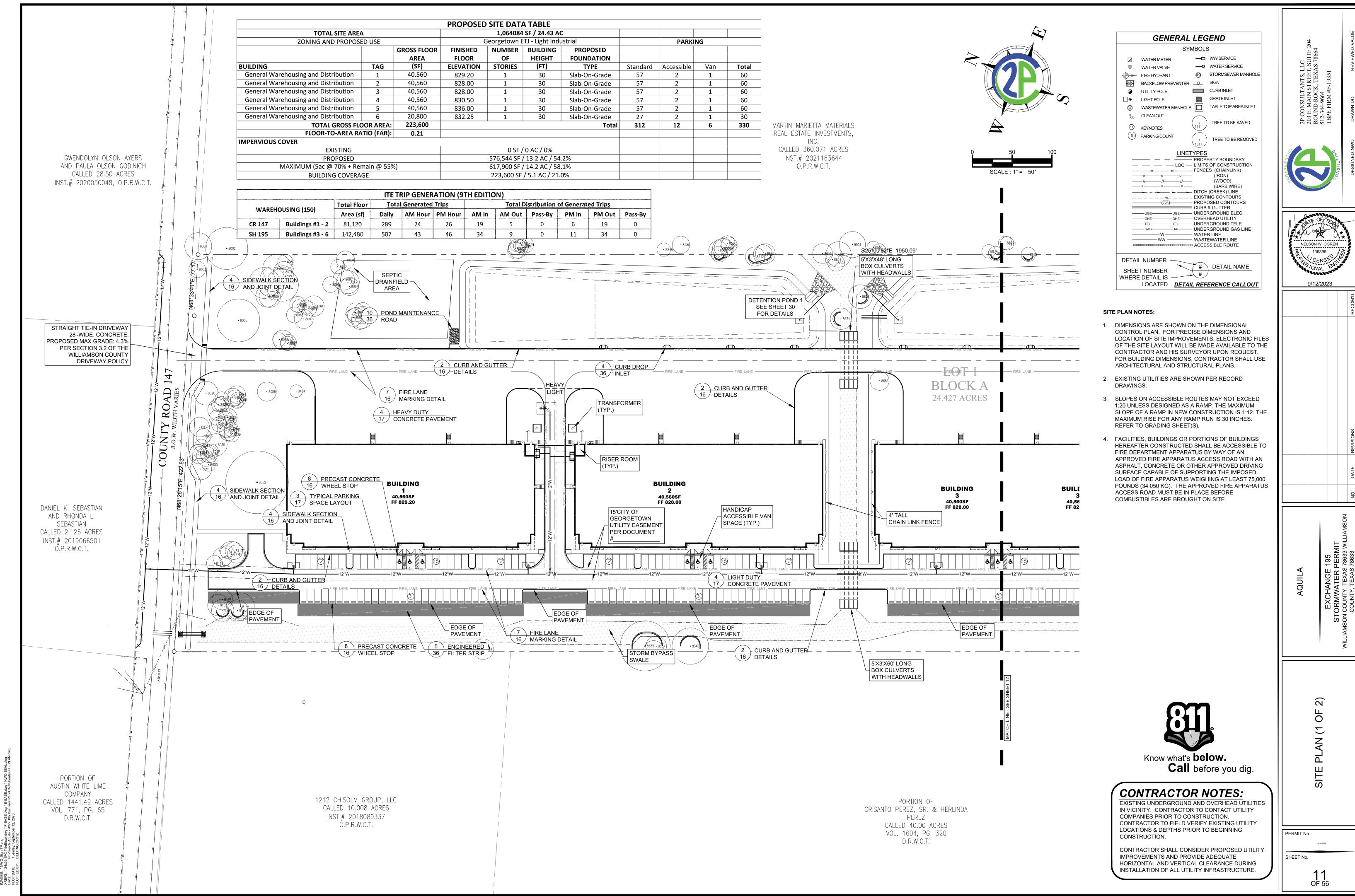
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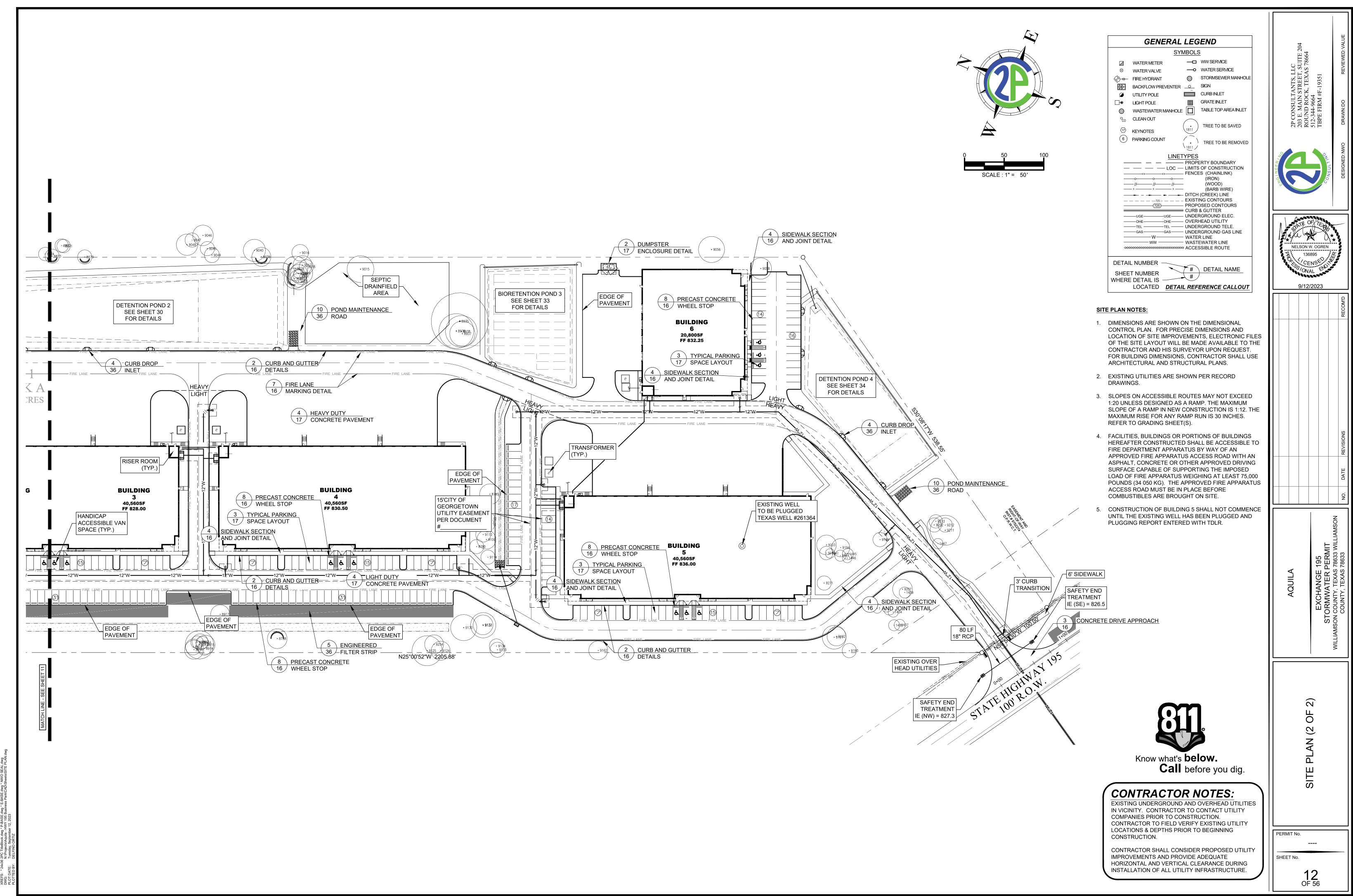
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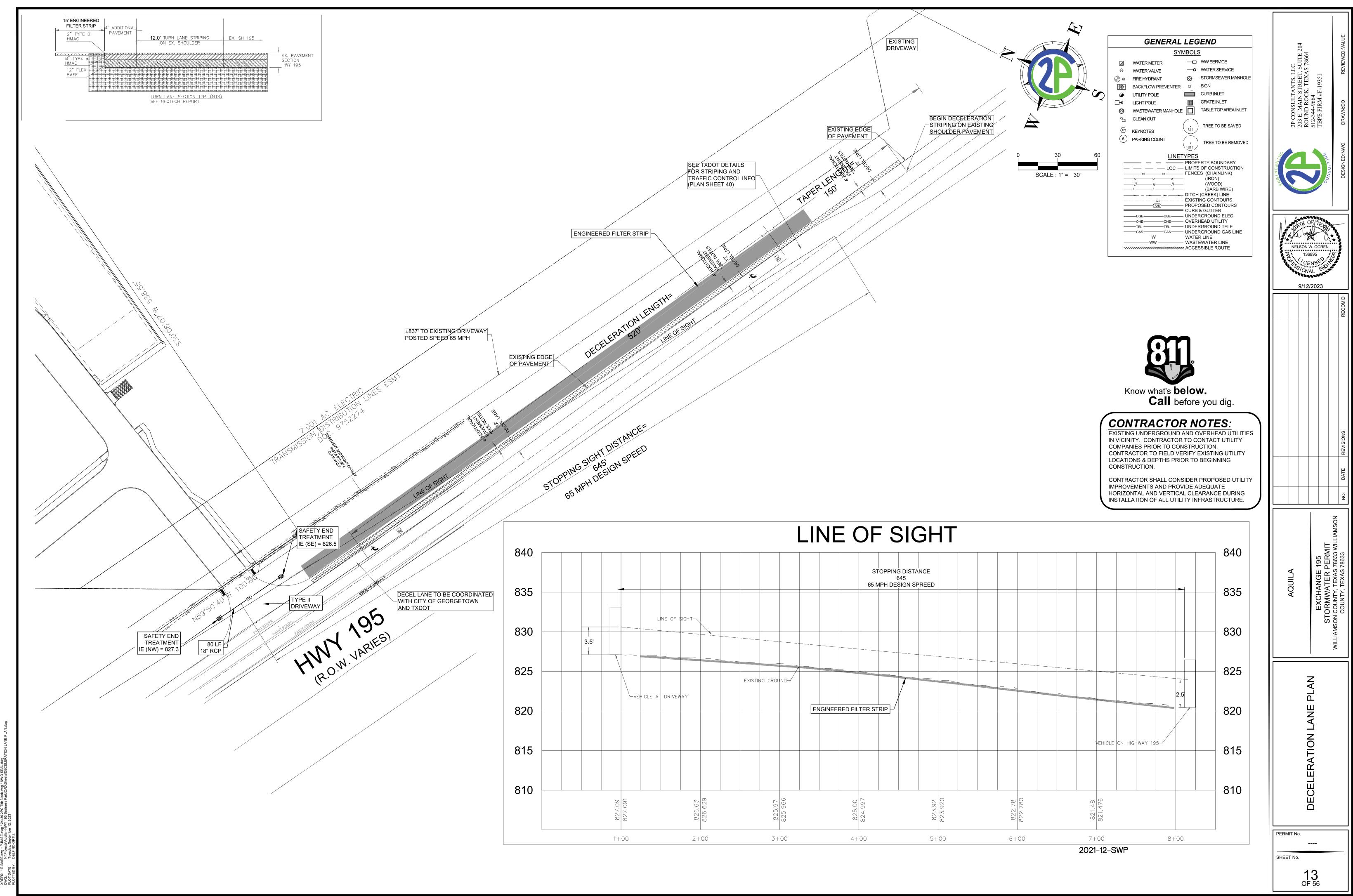
EROSION CONTRO DETAILS (2 OF 2)

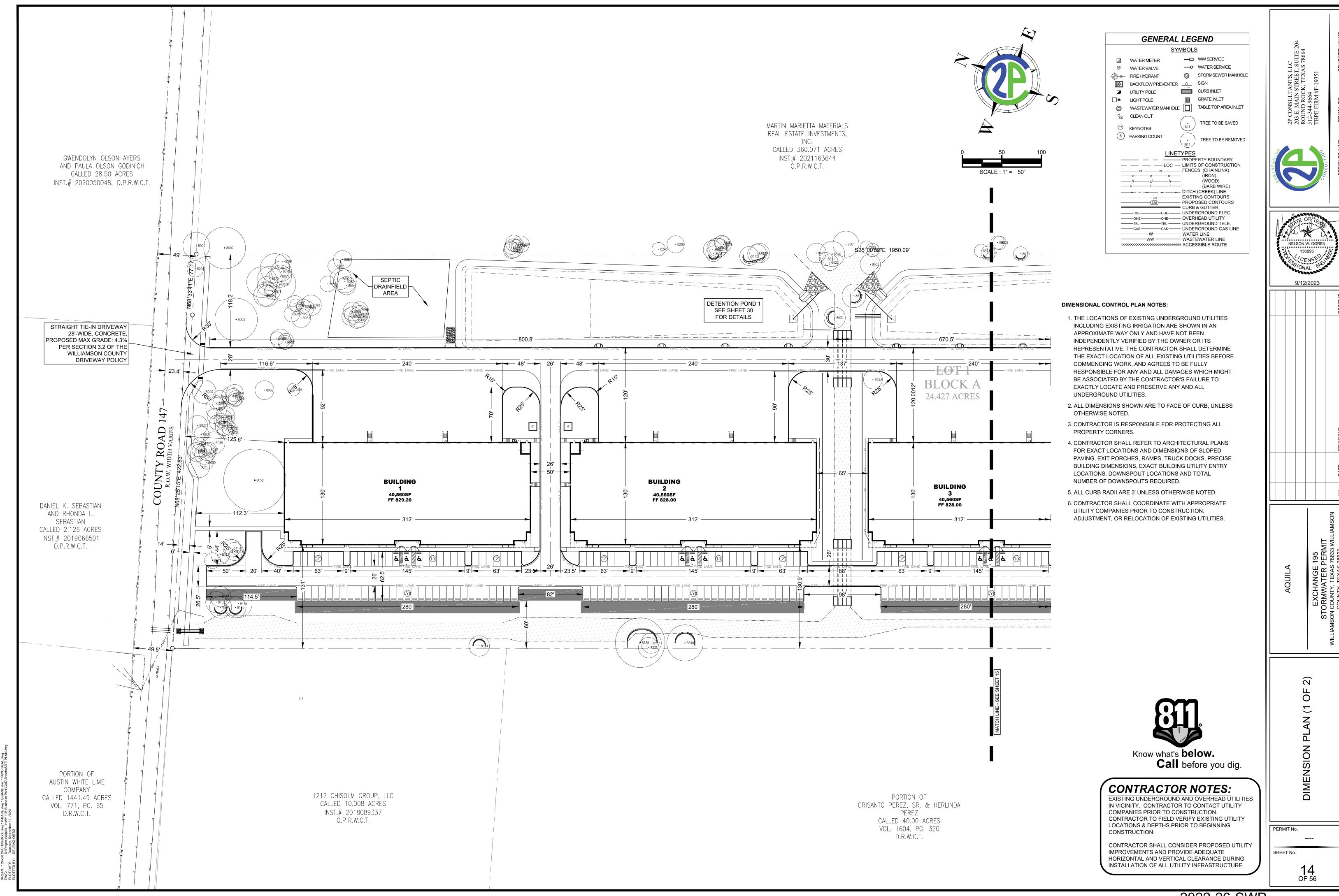
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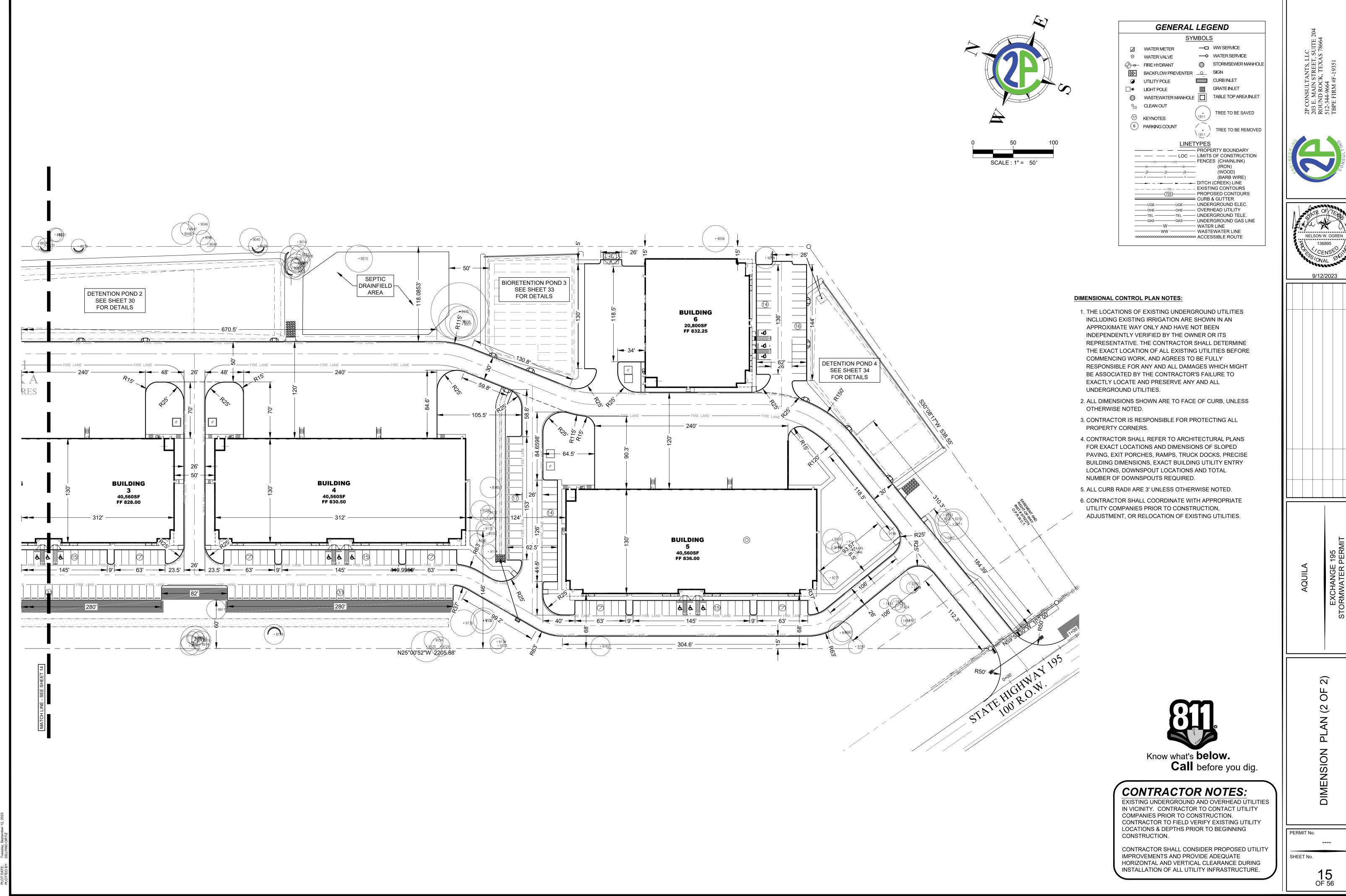
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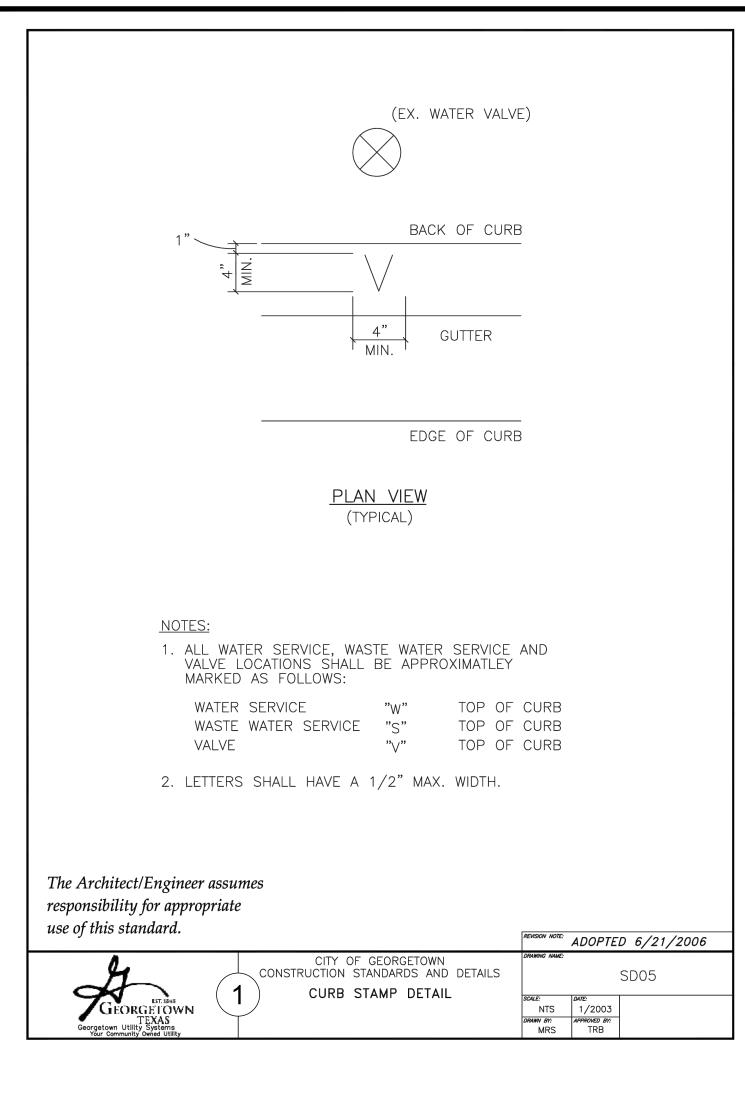


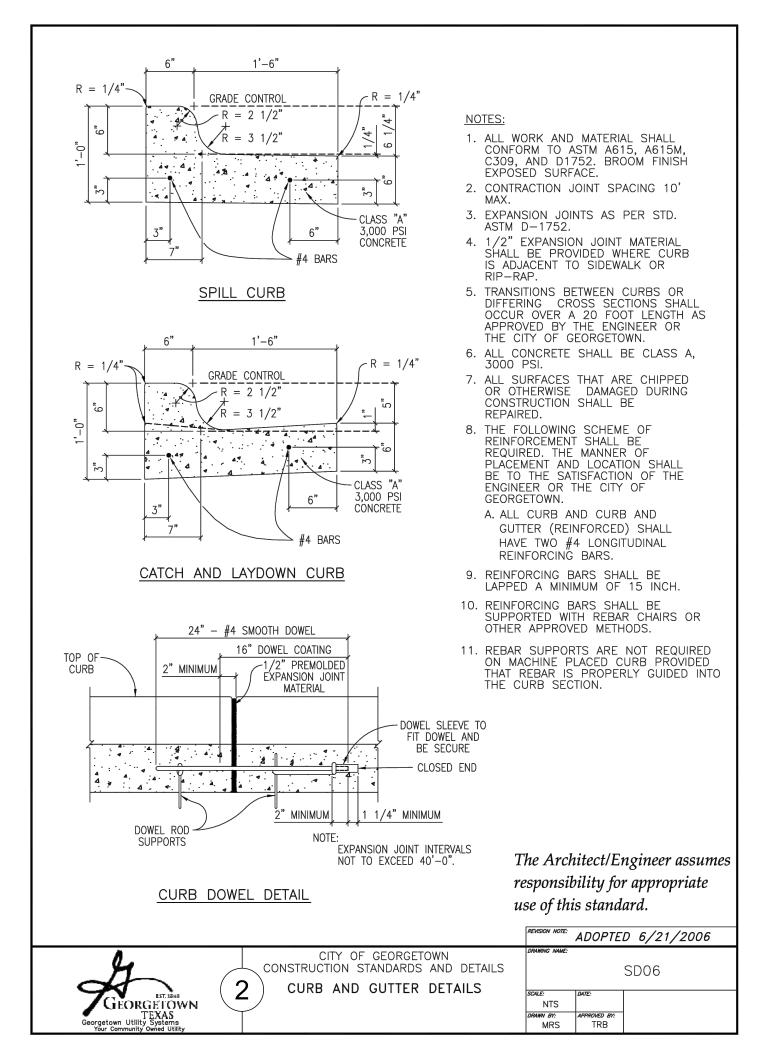


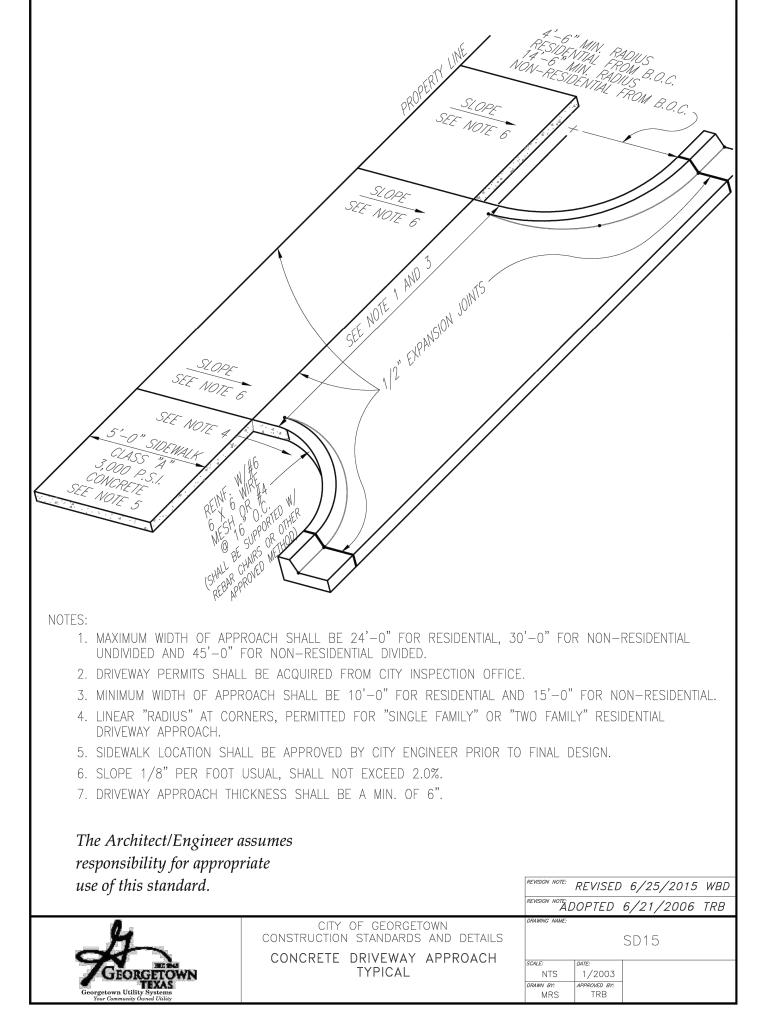


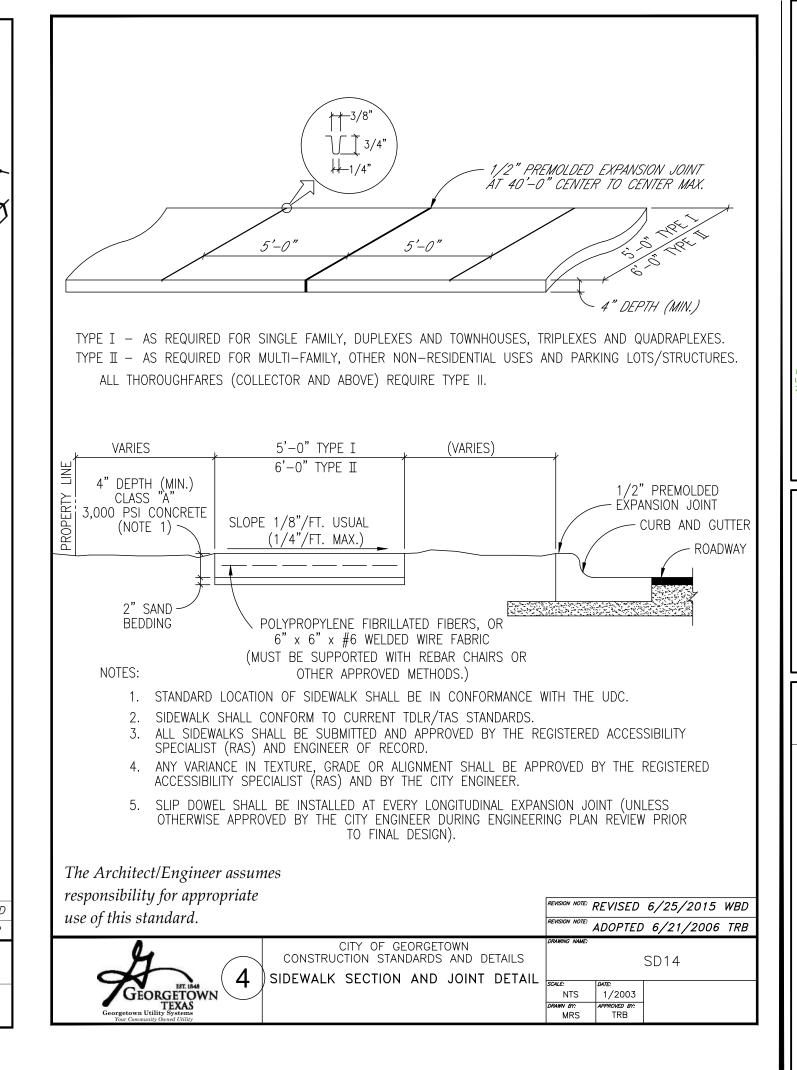








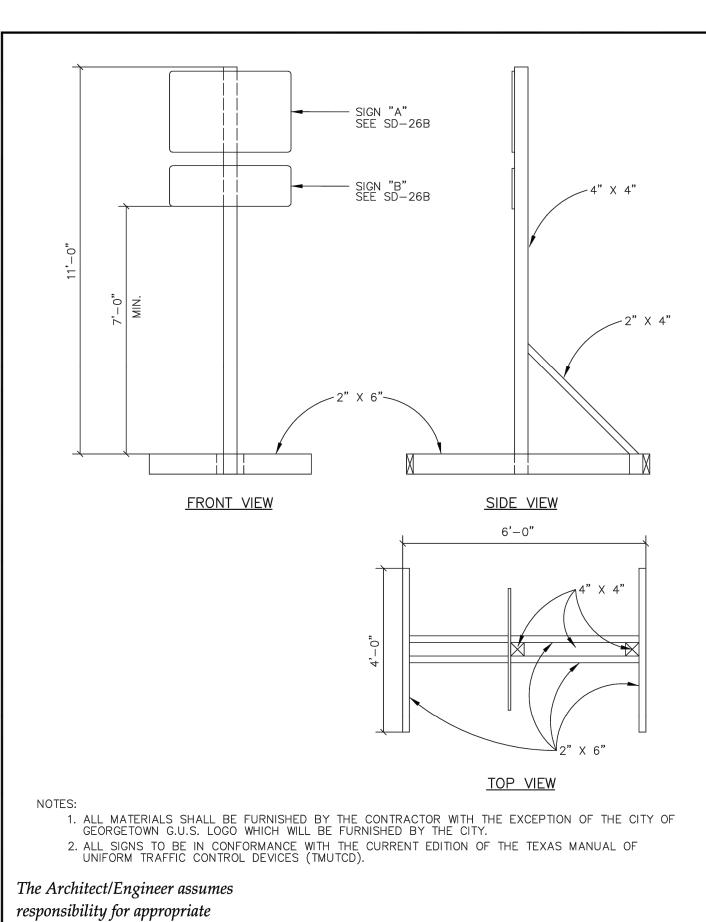


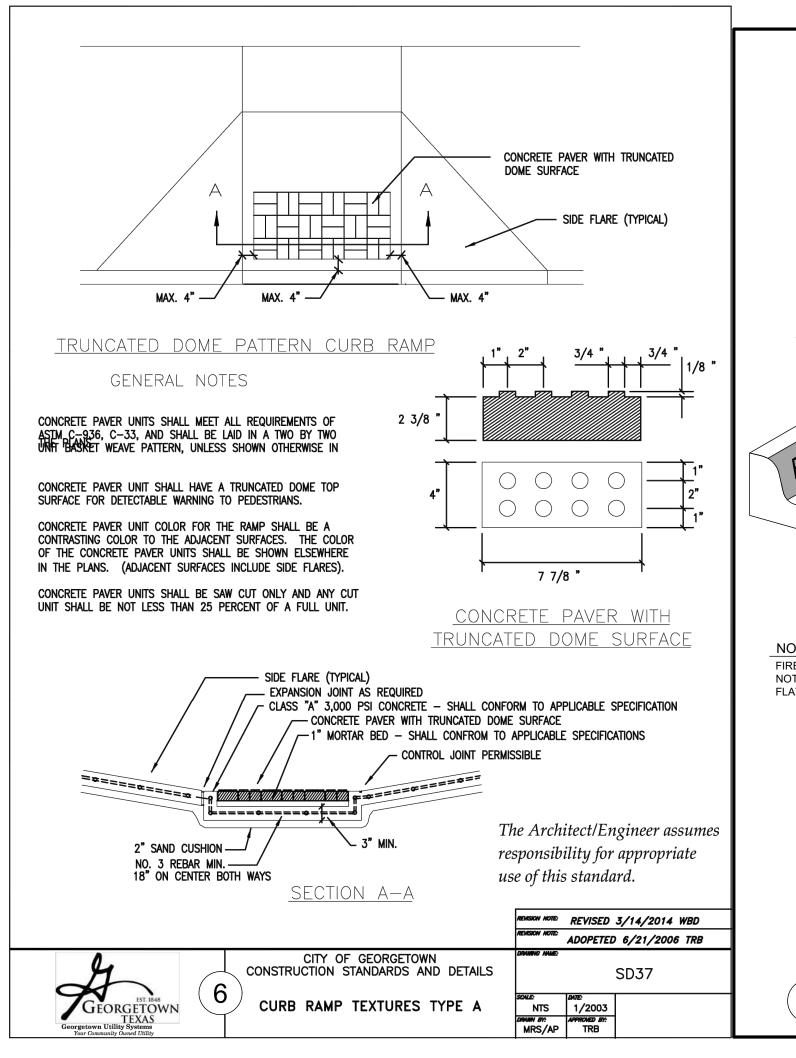


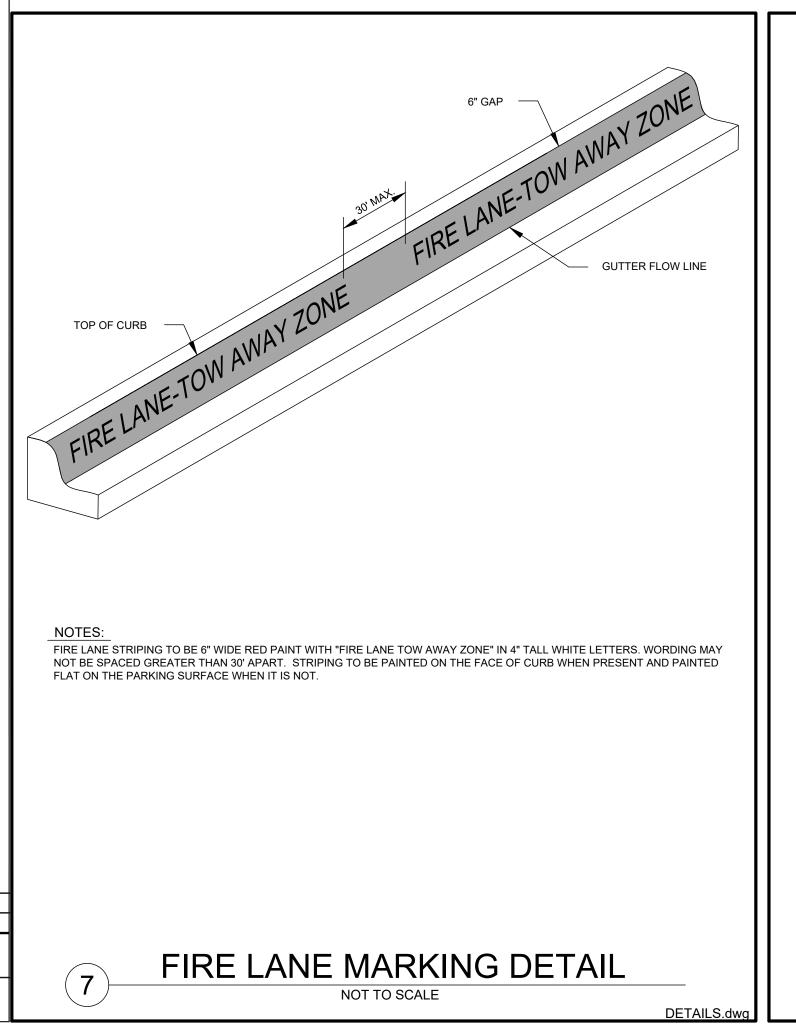
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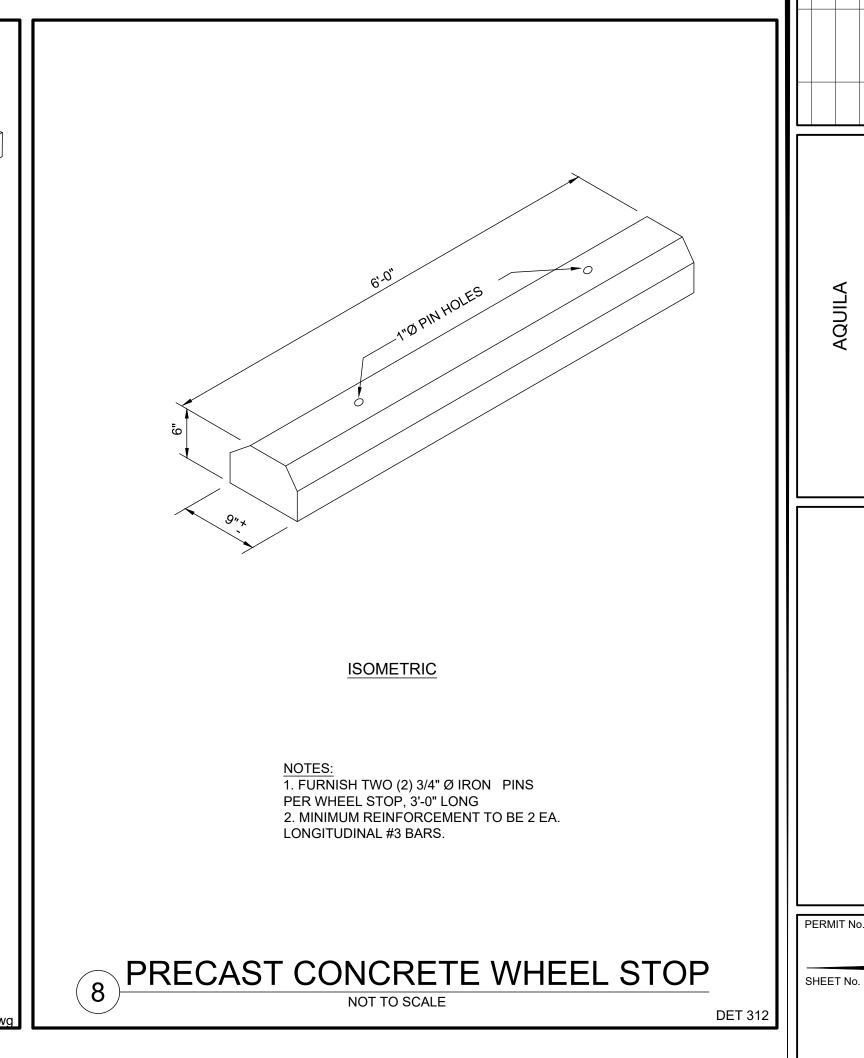
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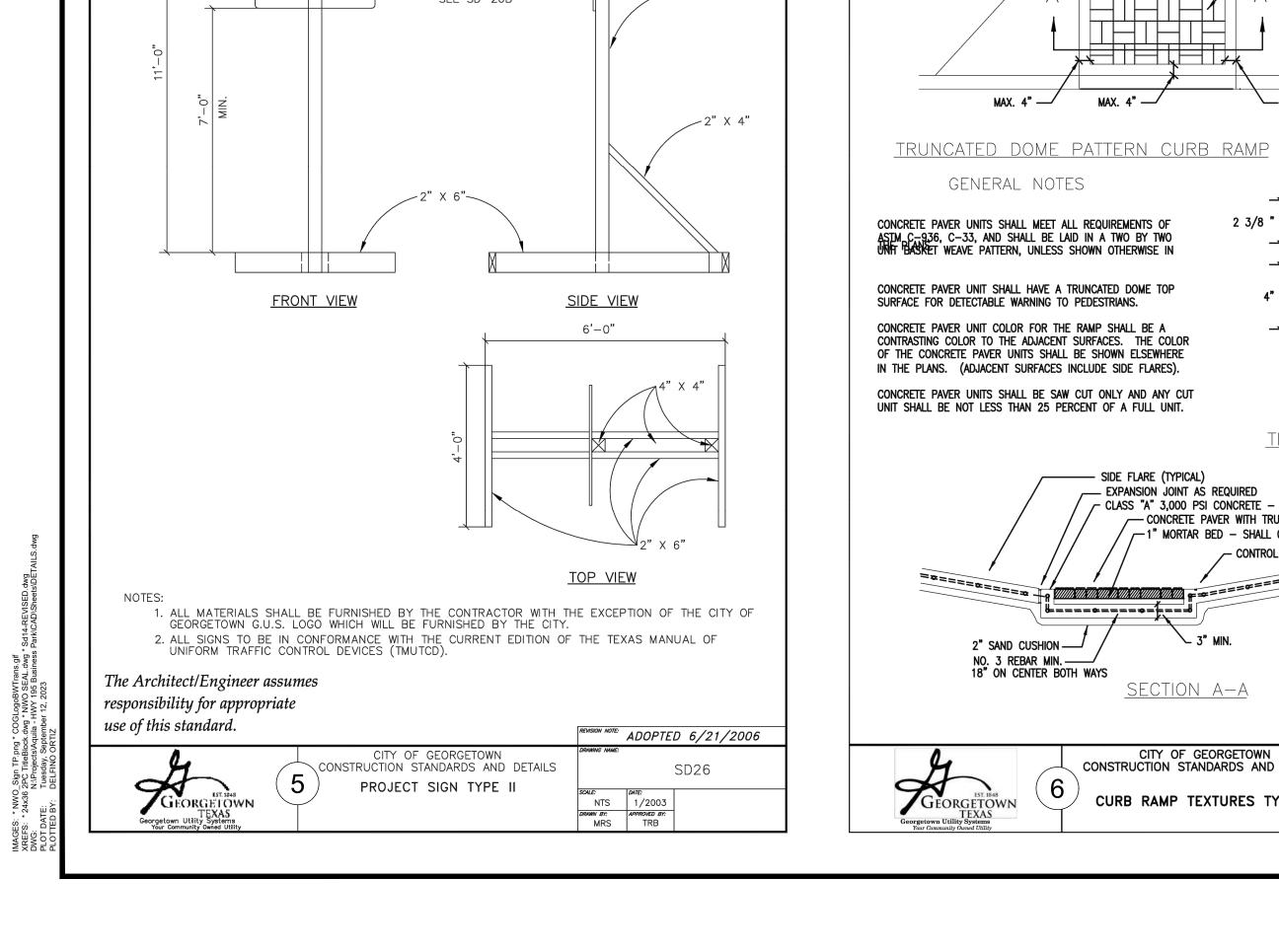
NELSON W. OGREN 136895

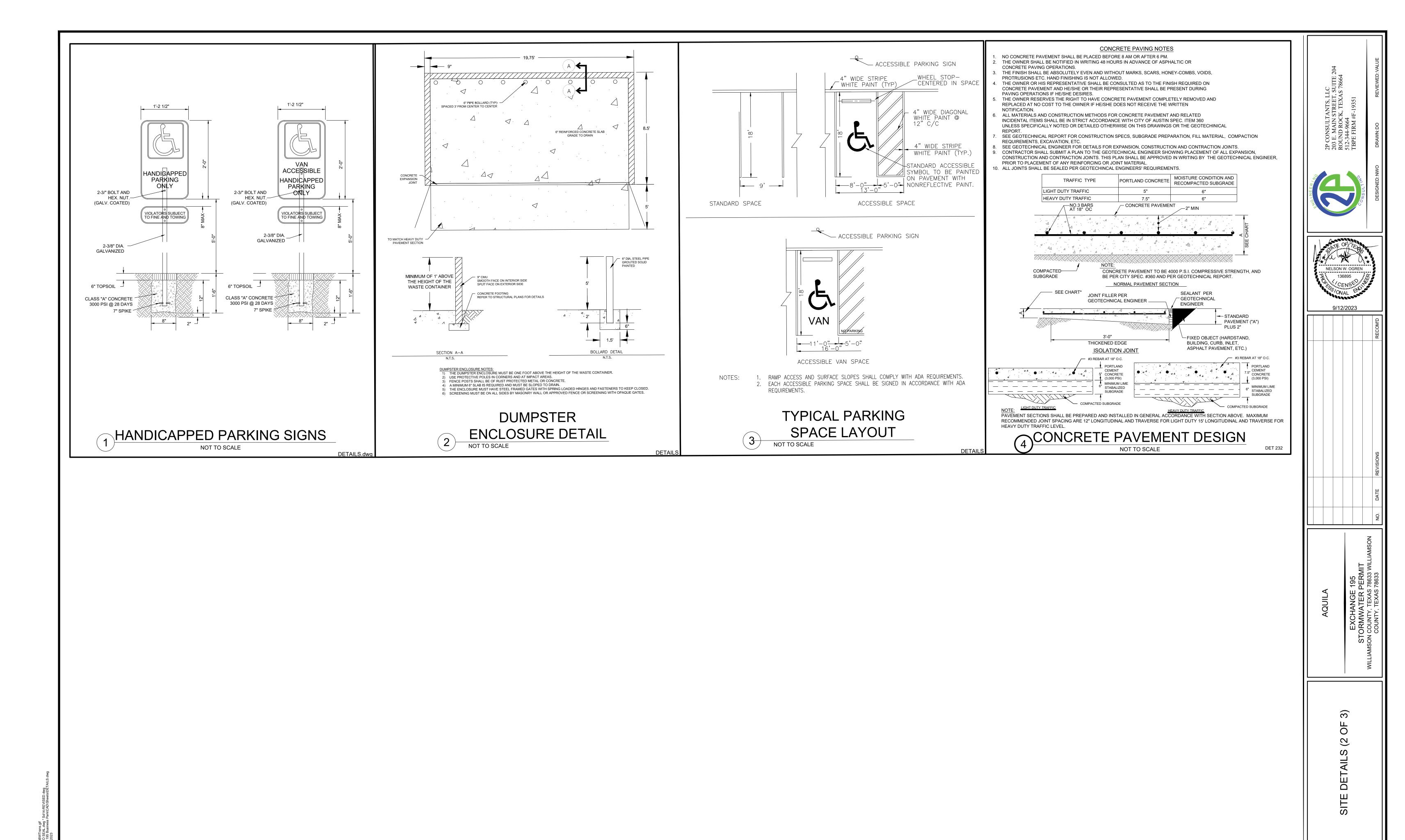




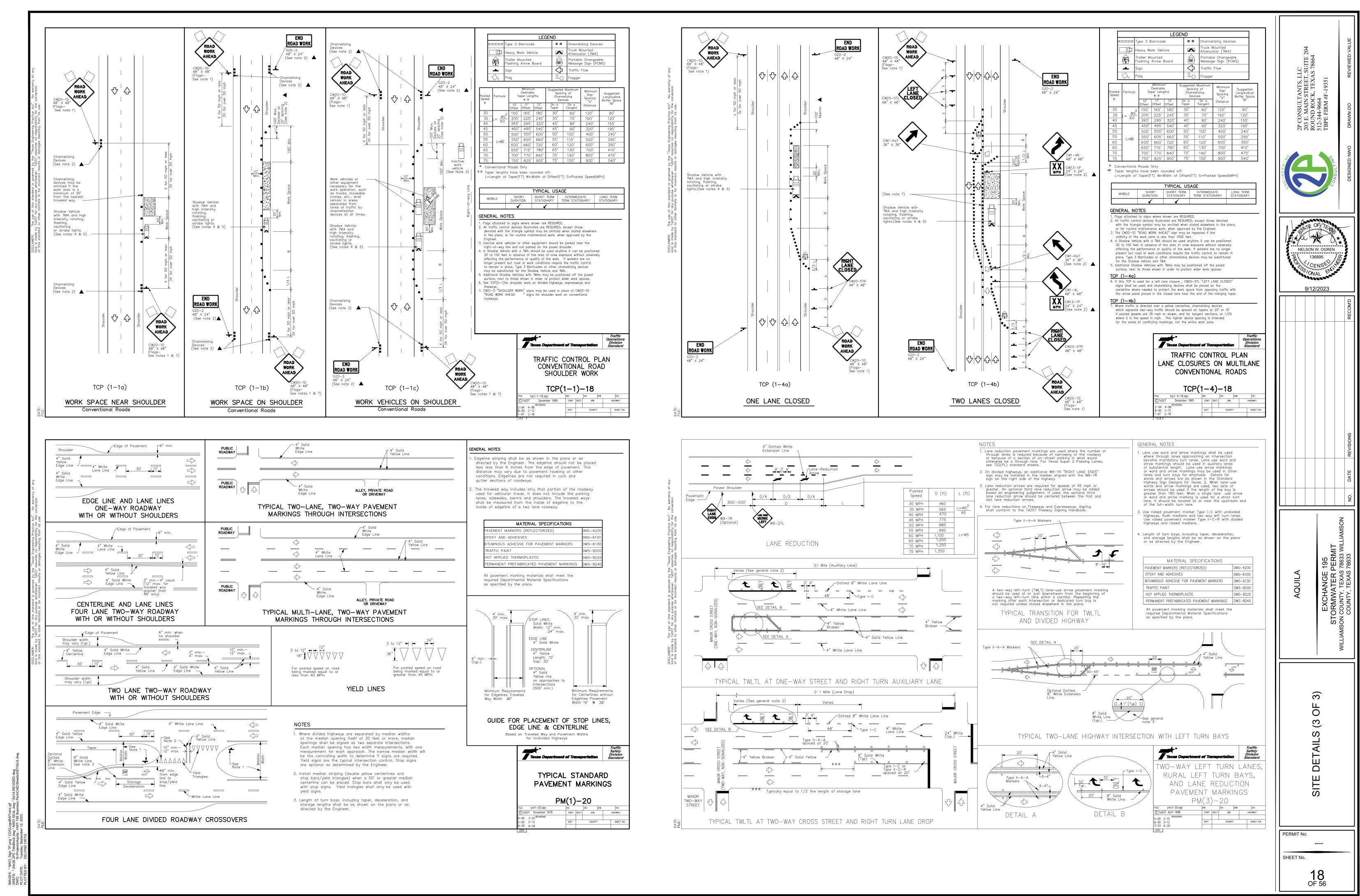


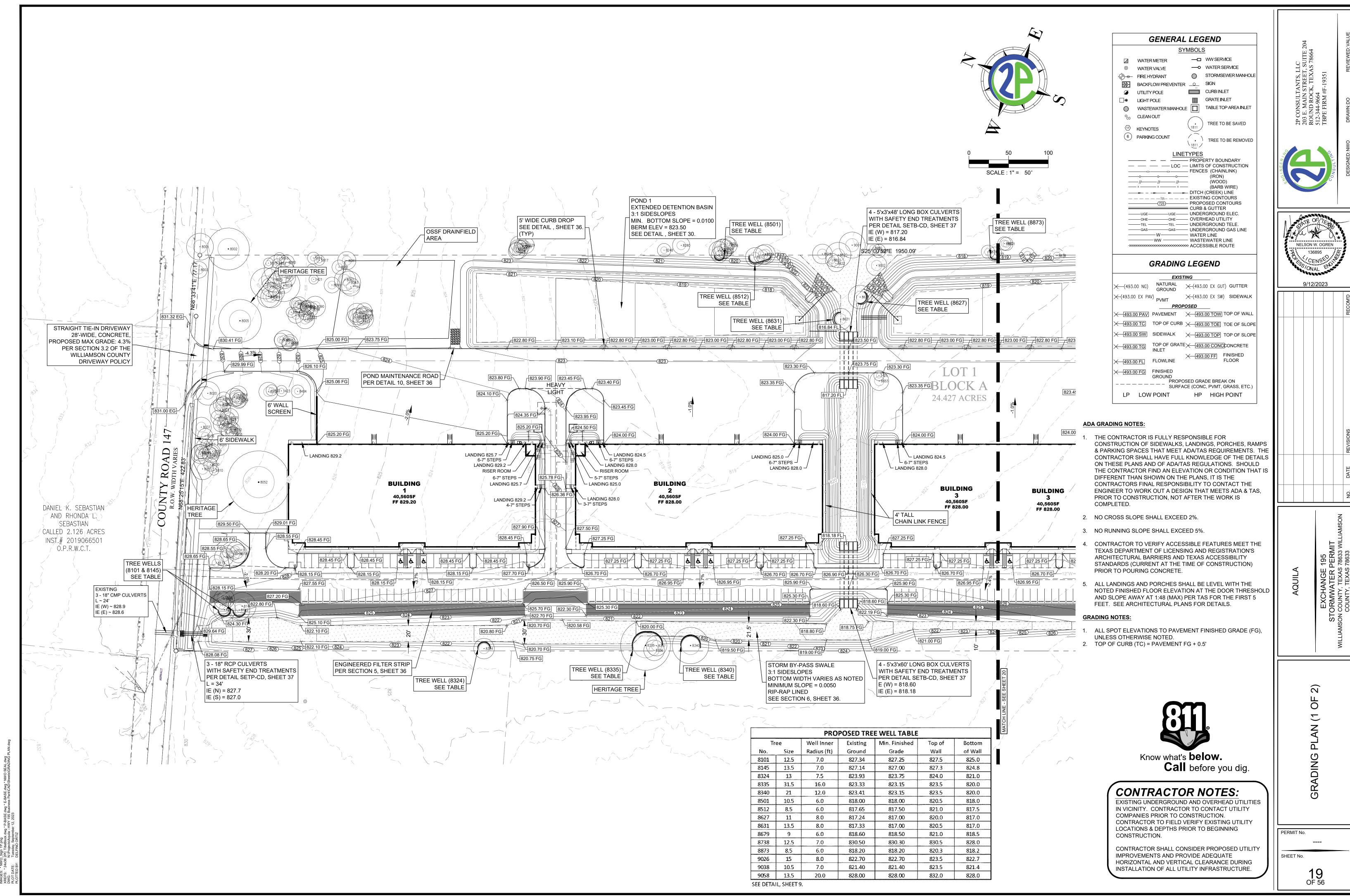


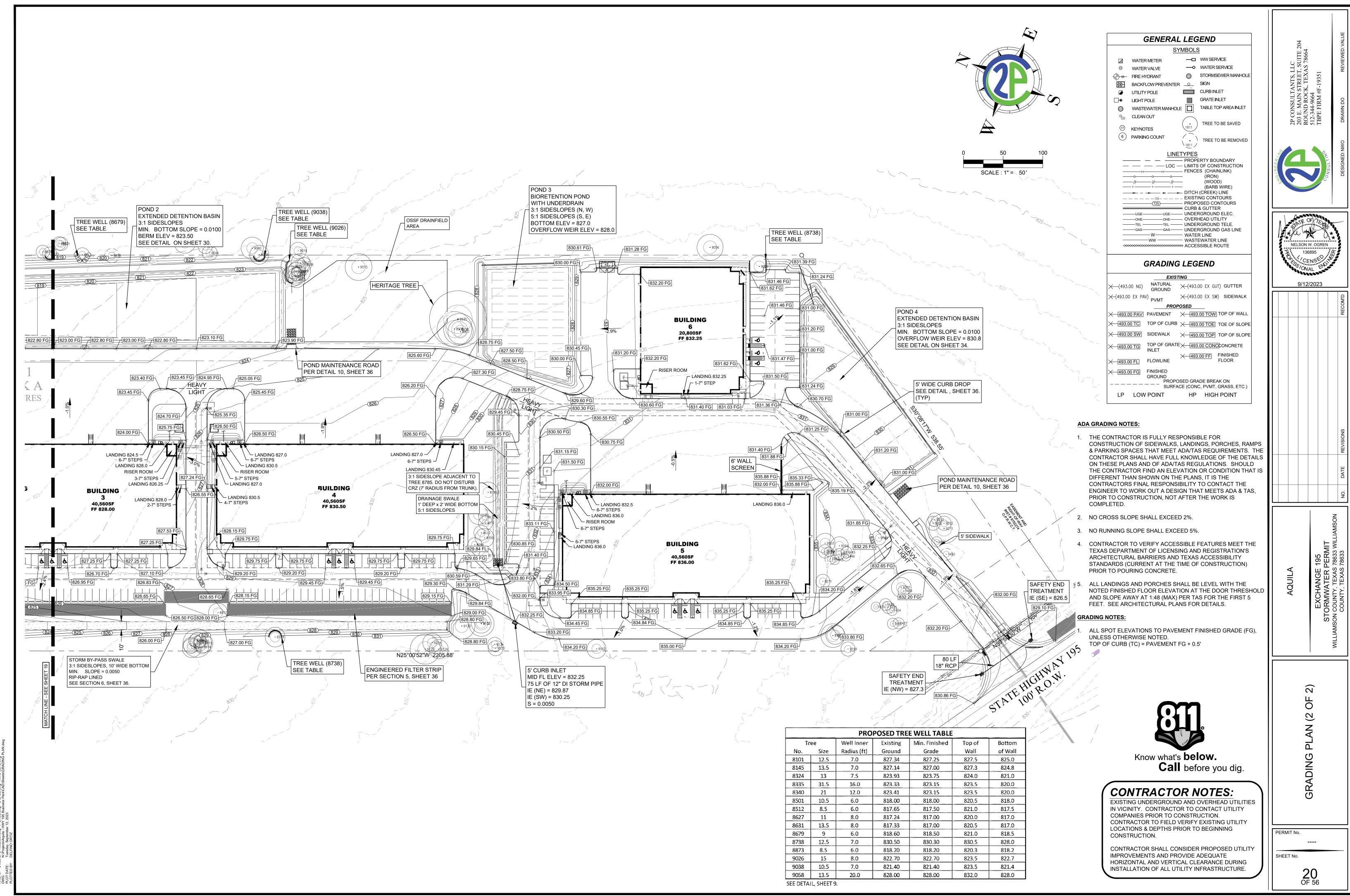


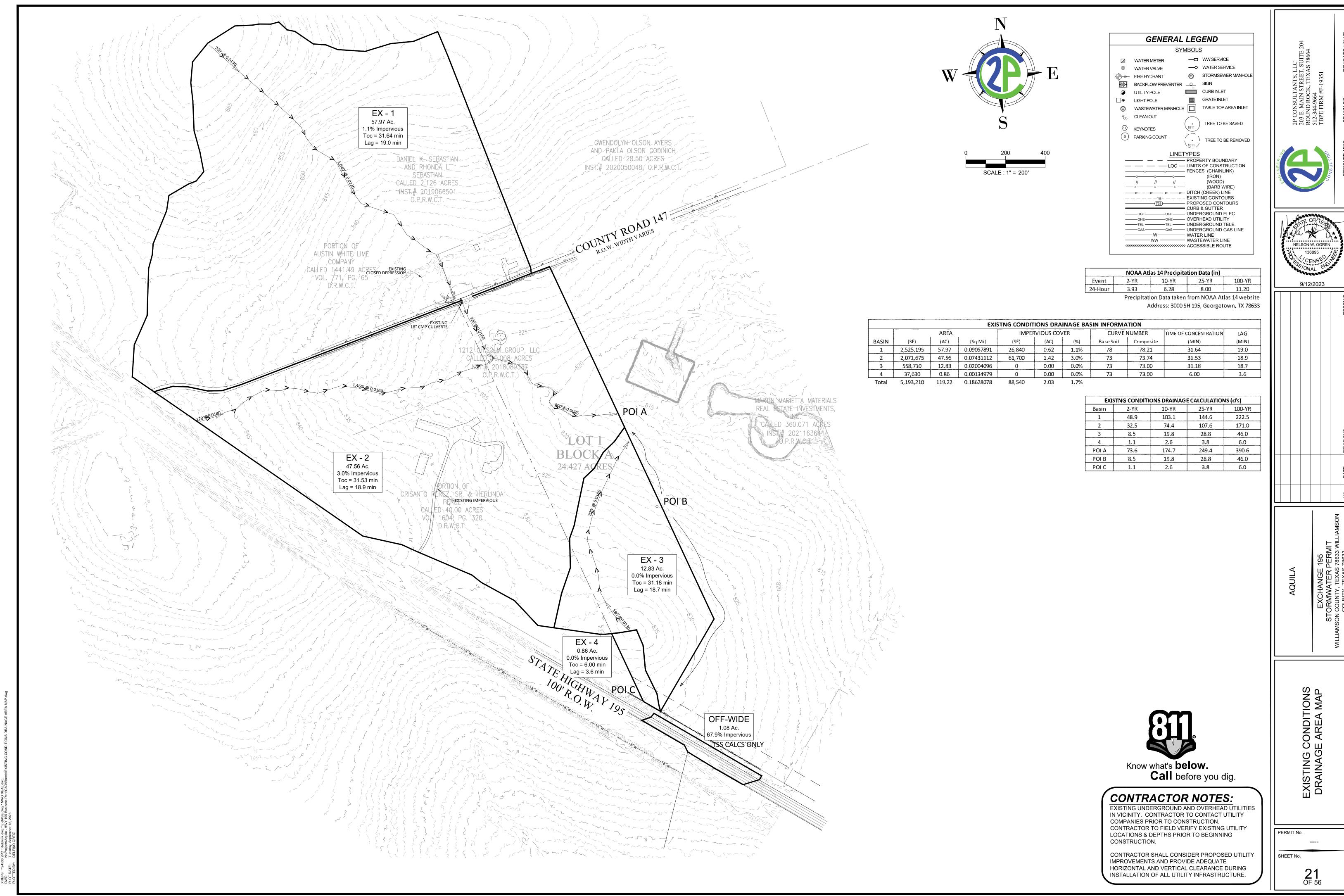


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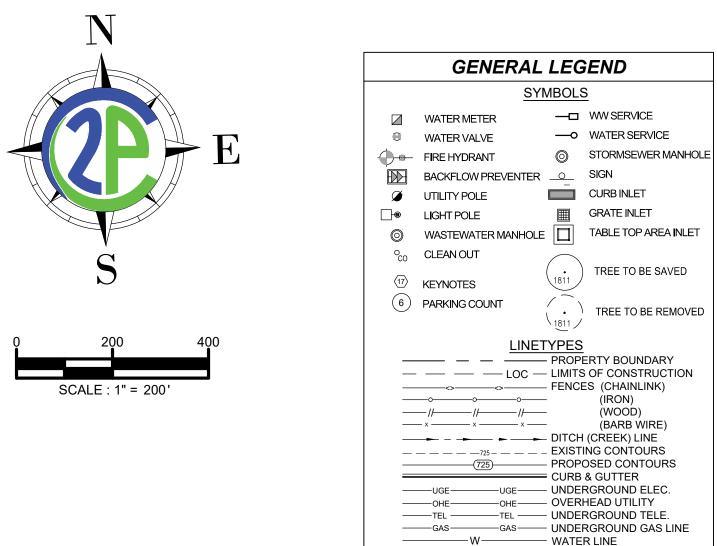












NOAA Atlas 14 Precipitation Data (in)									
Event	2-YR	10-YR	25-YR	100-YR					
24-Hour	3.93	6.28	8.00	11.20					
Precipitation Data taken from NOAA Atlas 14 website									

Address: 3000 SH 195, Georgetown, TX 78633

WW WASTEWATER LINE

	DEVELOPED CONDITIONS DRAINAGE BASIN INFORMATION											
,		AREA	Ţ	IMPERVIOUS COVER			CURVE NUMBER		TIME OF CONCENTRATION	LAG		
BASIN	(SF)	(AC)	(Sq Mi)	(SF)	(AC)	(%)	Base Soil	Composite	(MIN)	(MIN)		
1	2,525,195	57.97	0.09057891	26,840	0.62	1.1%	78	78.21	31.64	19.0		
2	1,143,240	26.25	0.04100809	54,250	1.25	4.7%	73	74.19	30.66	18.4		
3	453,660	10.41	0.01627281	2,500	0.06	0.6%	73	73.14	31.31	18.8		
4	110,104	2.53	0.00394944	49,798	1.14	45.2%	73	84.31	6	3.6		
5	98,146	2.25	0.00352050	46,650	1.07	47.5%	73	84.88	6	3.6		
6	16,447	0.38	0.00058995	0	0.00	0.0%	73	73.00	6	3.6		
7	258,330	5.93	0.00926631	162,119	3.72	62.8%	73	88.69	6	3.6		
8	227,569	5.22	0.00816291	156,399	3.59	68.7%	73	90.18	6	3.6		
9	117,702	2.70	0.00422198	83,583	1.92	71.0%	73	90.75	6	3.6		
10	51,830	1.19	0.00185915	1,000	0.02	1.9%	73	73.48	6	3.6		
11	124,356	2.85	0.00446066	80,763	1.85	64.9%	73	89.24	6	3.6		
12	54,966	1.26	0.00197163	0	0.00	0.0%	73	73.00	6	3.6		
13	11,690	0.27	0.00041932	1,182	0.03	10.1%	73	75.53	6	3.6		
Takal	F 102 22F	110.22	0.10020107	CCE 004	15.37	12.00/						

DEVE	LOPED CONDIT	TIONS DRAINA	GE CALCULATIO	ONS (cfs)
Basin	2-YR	10-YR	25-YR	100-YR
1	48.9	103.1	144.6	222.5
2	18.6	42.1	60.7	96.1
3	6.9	16.1	23.4	37.3
4	5.2	9.7	13.0	19.4
5	4.7	8.7	11.7	17.4
6	0.5	1.1	1.6	2.6
7	14.1	24.5	32.4	47.3
8	12.9	22.2	29.1	42.1
9	6.8	11.6	15.2	21.9
10	1.6	3.6	5.2	8.3
11	6.9	11.9	15.7	22.8
12	1.6	3.8	5.5	8.7
13	0.4	0.9	1.2	1.9
POI A	74.0	172.2	244.0	386.1
POI B	8.4	19.5	29.1	45.4
POLC	0.4	0.9	1.2	1.9

Developed vs. Existing Conditions Drainage Calculations (cfs)										
	2-YR	10-YR	25-YR	100-YR						
POI A	0.4	-2.5	-5.4	-4.5						
POI B	-0.1	-0.3	0.3	-0.6						
POI C	-0.7	-1.7	-2.6	-4.1						



Know what's **below.**Call before you dig.

CONTRACTOR NOTES:

EXISTING UNDERGROUND AND OVERHEAD UTILITIES IN VICINITY. CONTRACTOR TO CONTACT UTILITY COMPANIES PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. CONTRACTOR TO FIELD VERIFY EXISTING UTILITY LOCATIONS & DEPTHS PRIOR TO BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION.

CONTRACTOR SHALL CONSIDER PROPOSED UTILITY IMPROVEMENTS AND PROVIDE ADEQUATE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CLEARANCE DURING INSTALLATION OF ALL UTILITY INFRASTRUCTURE.

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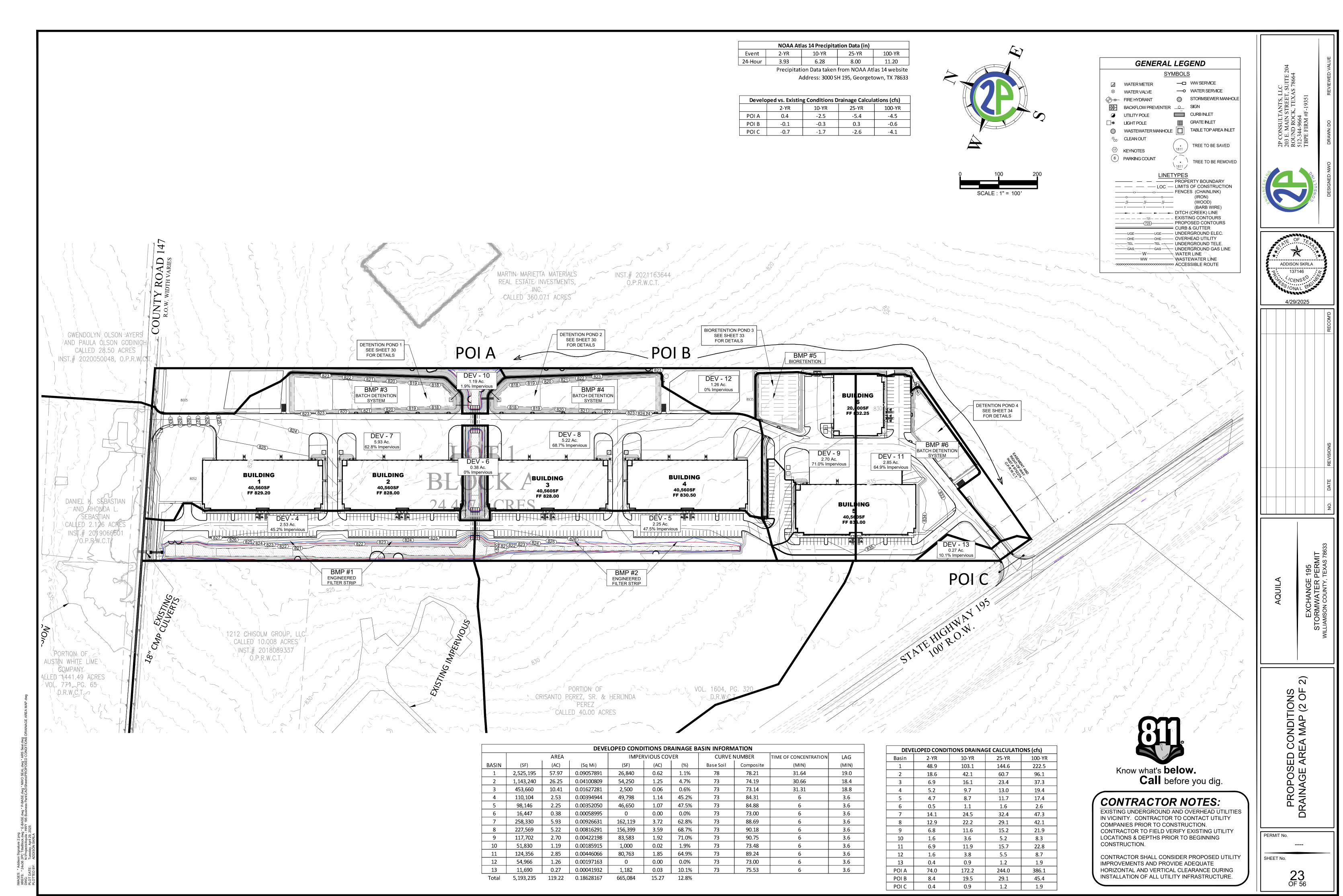
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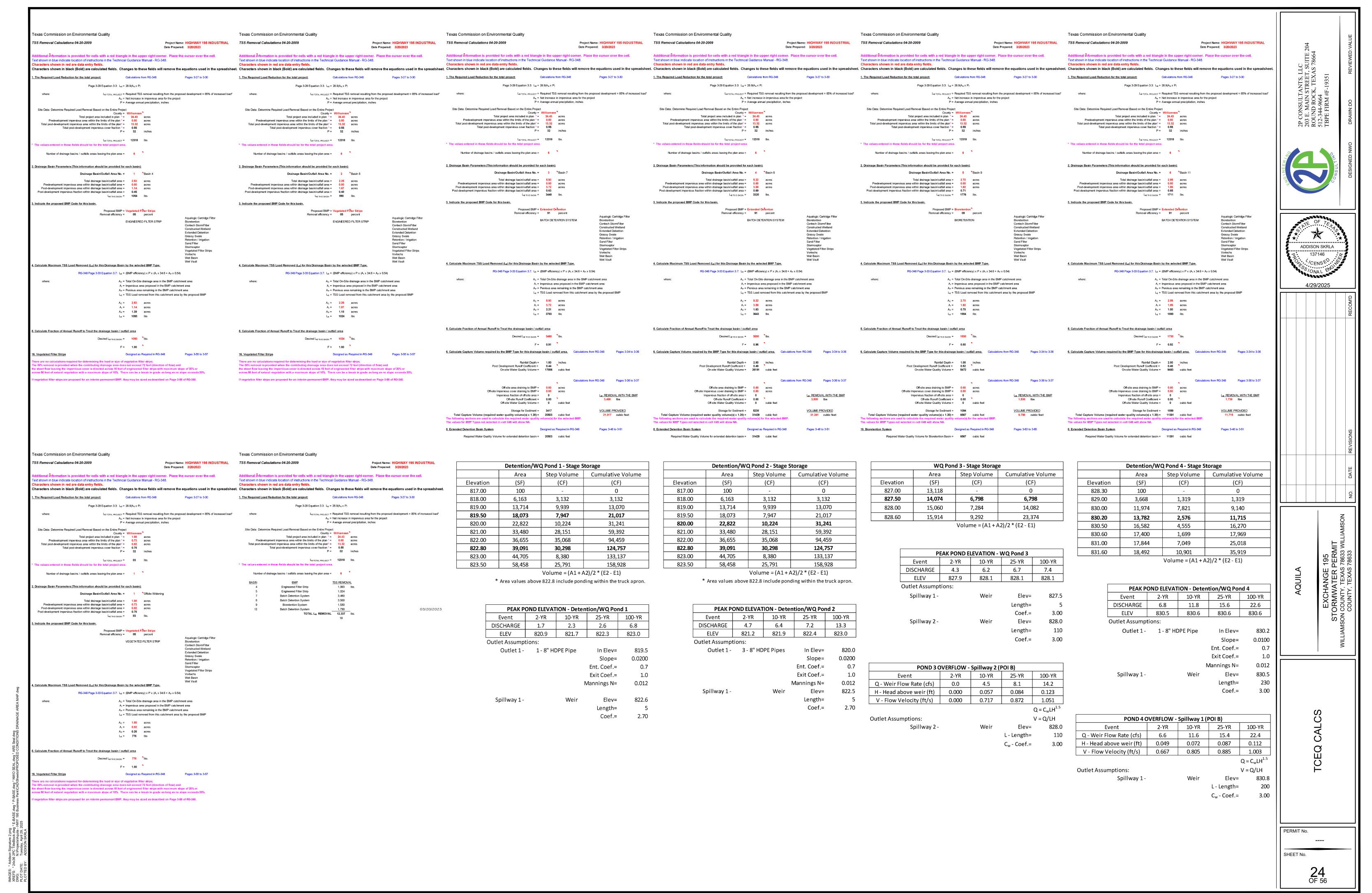
EXCHANGE 195
STORMWATER PERMIT
WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS 78633

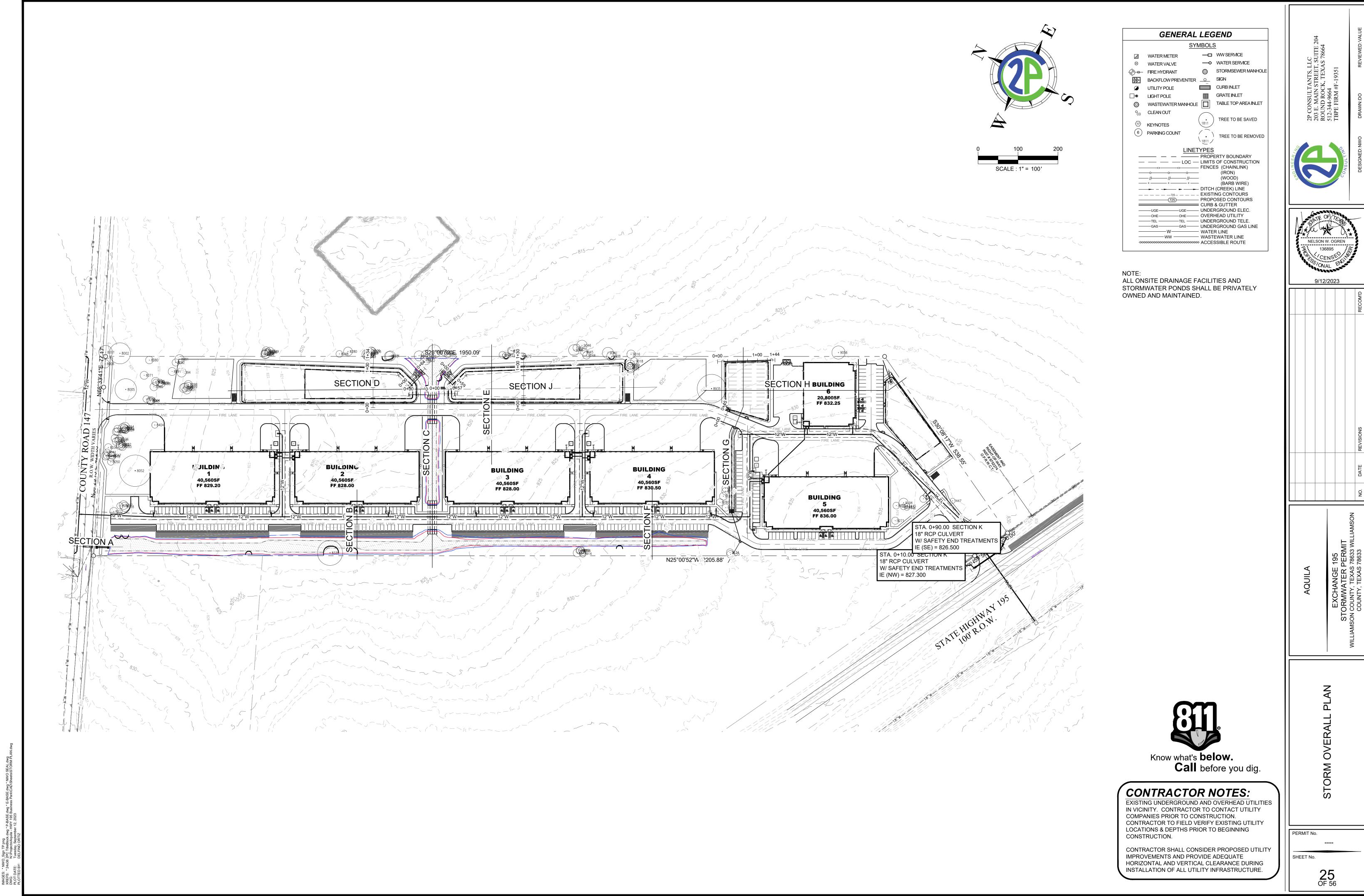
PROPOSED CONDITIONS DRAINAGE AREA MAP (1 OF 2)

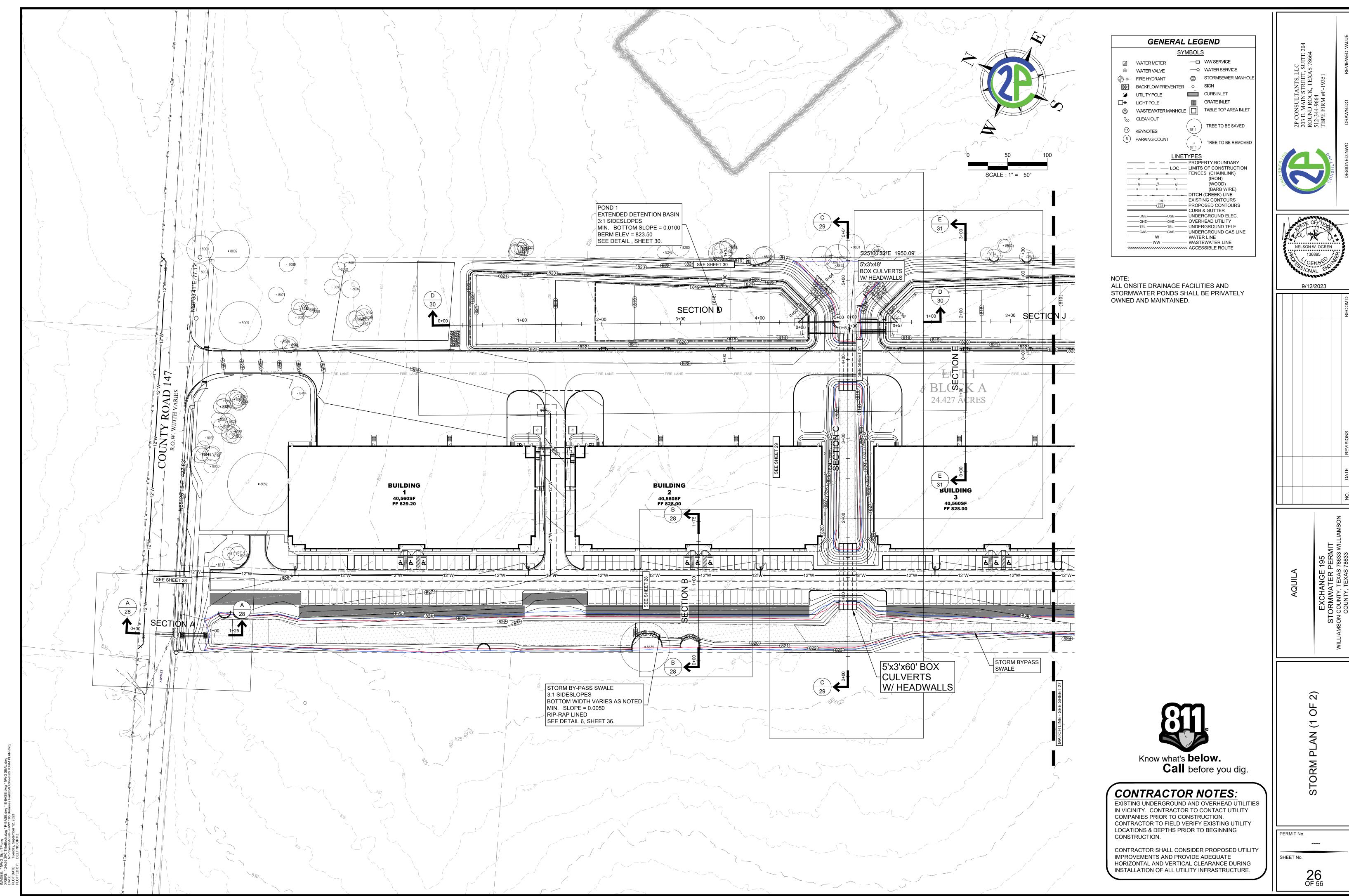
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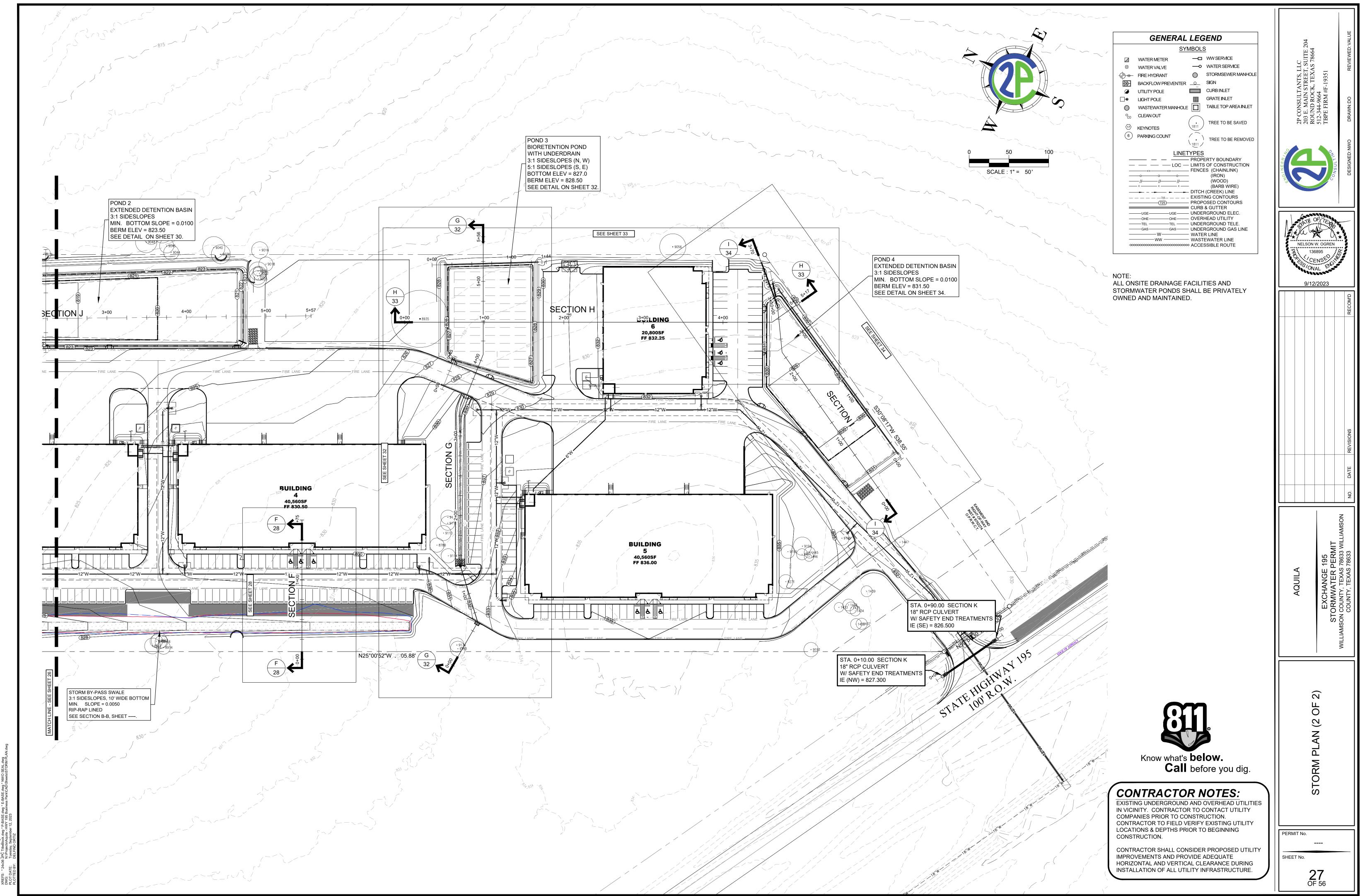
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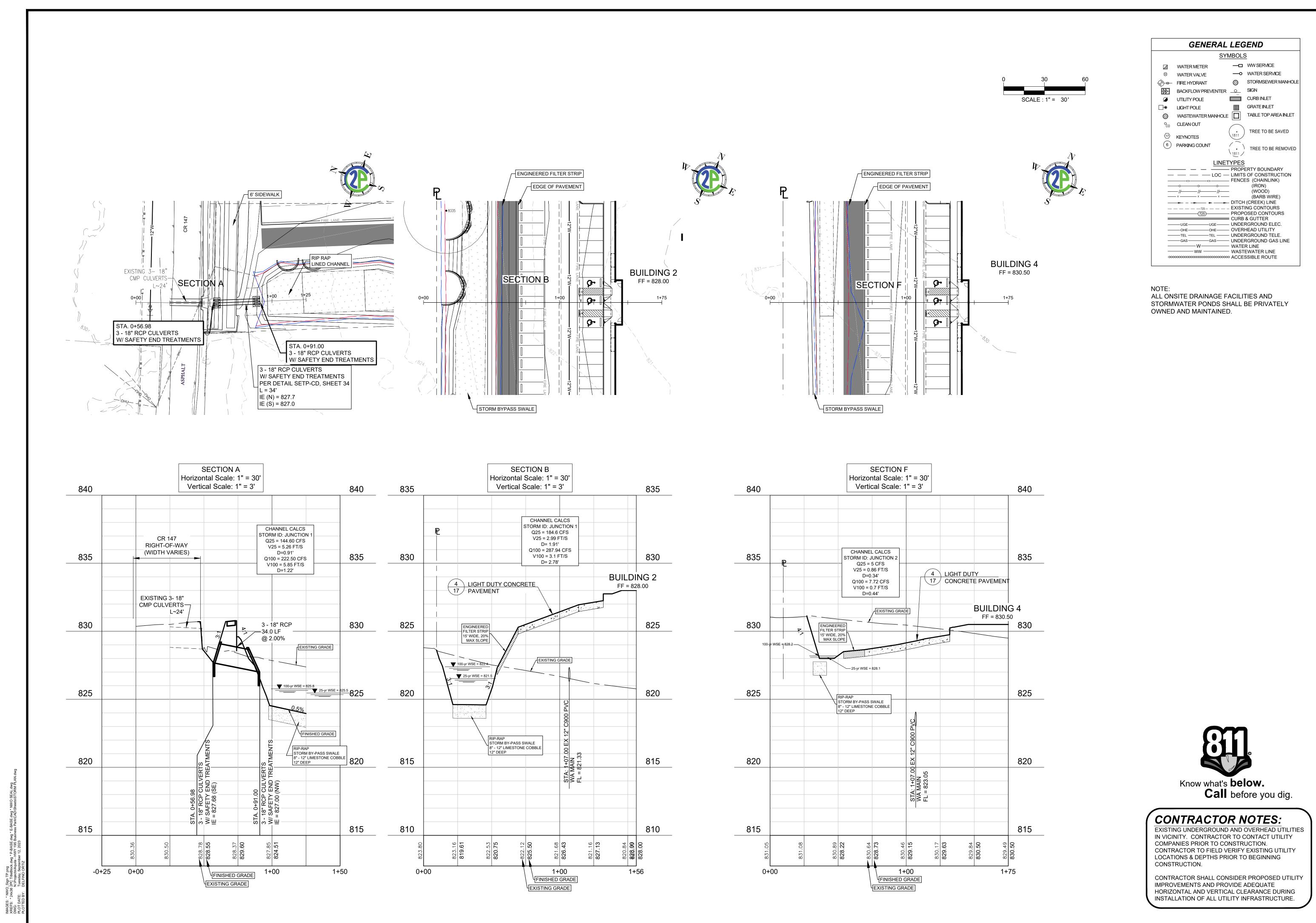












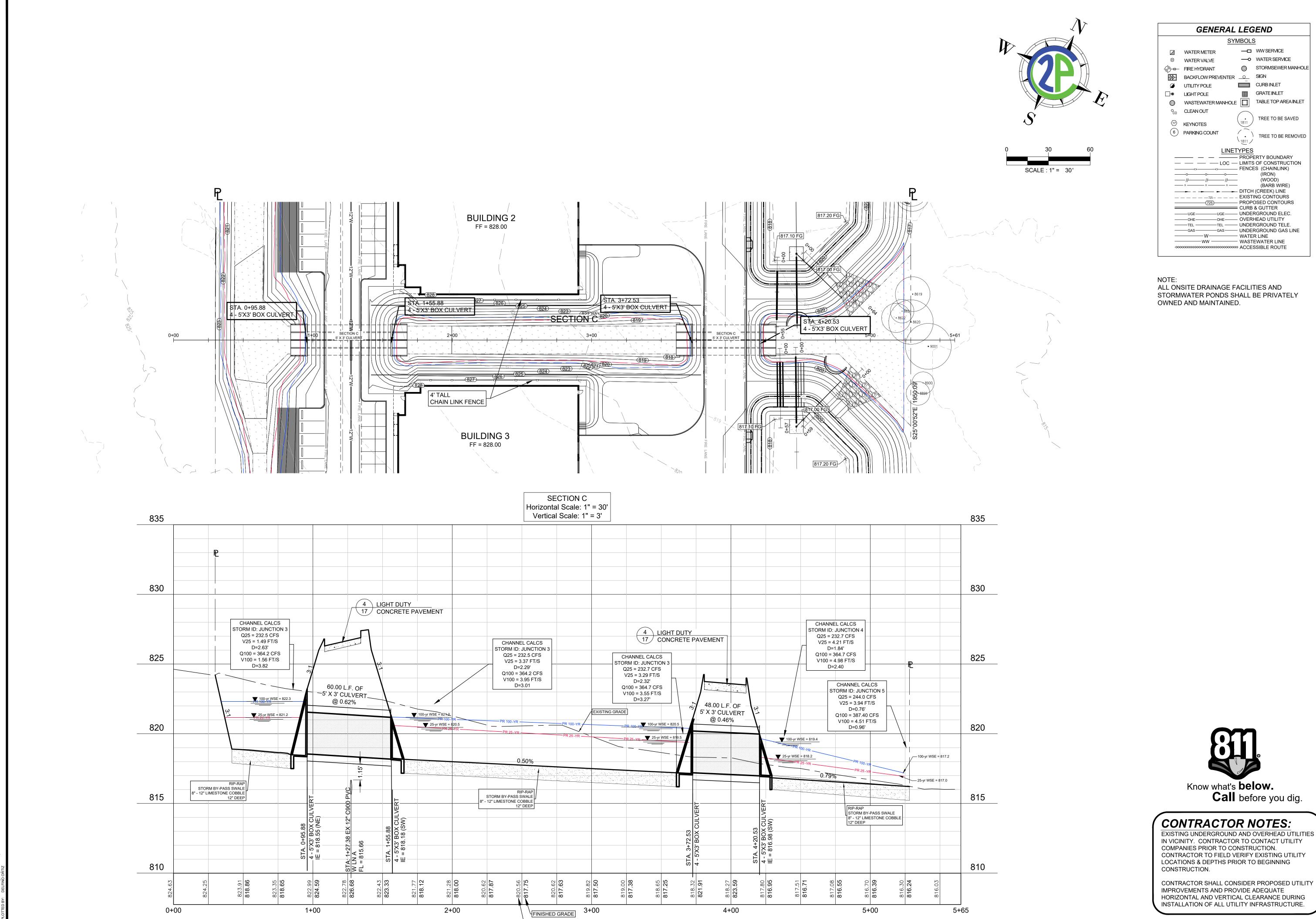
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SHEET No.

28 OF 56

2P CONSULTANTS, LLC 203 E. MAIN STREET, SUITE 2 ROUND ROCK, TEXAS 78664 512-344-9664 TBPE FIRM #F-19351

NELSON W. OGREN



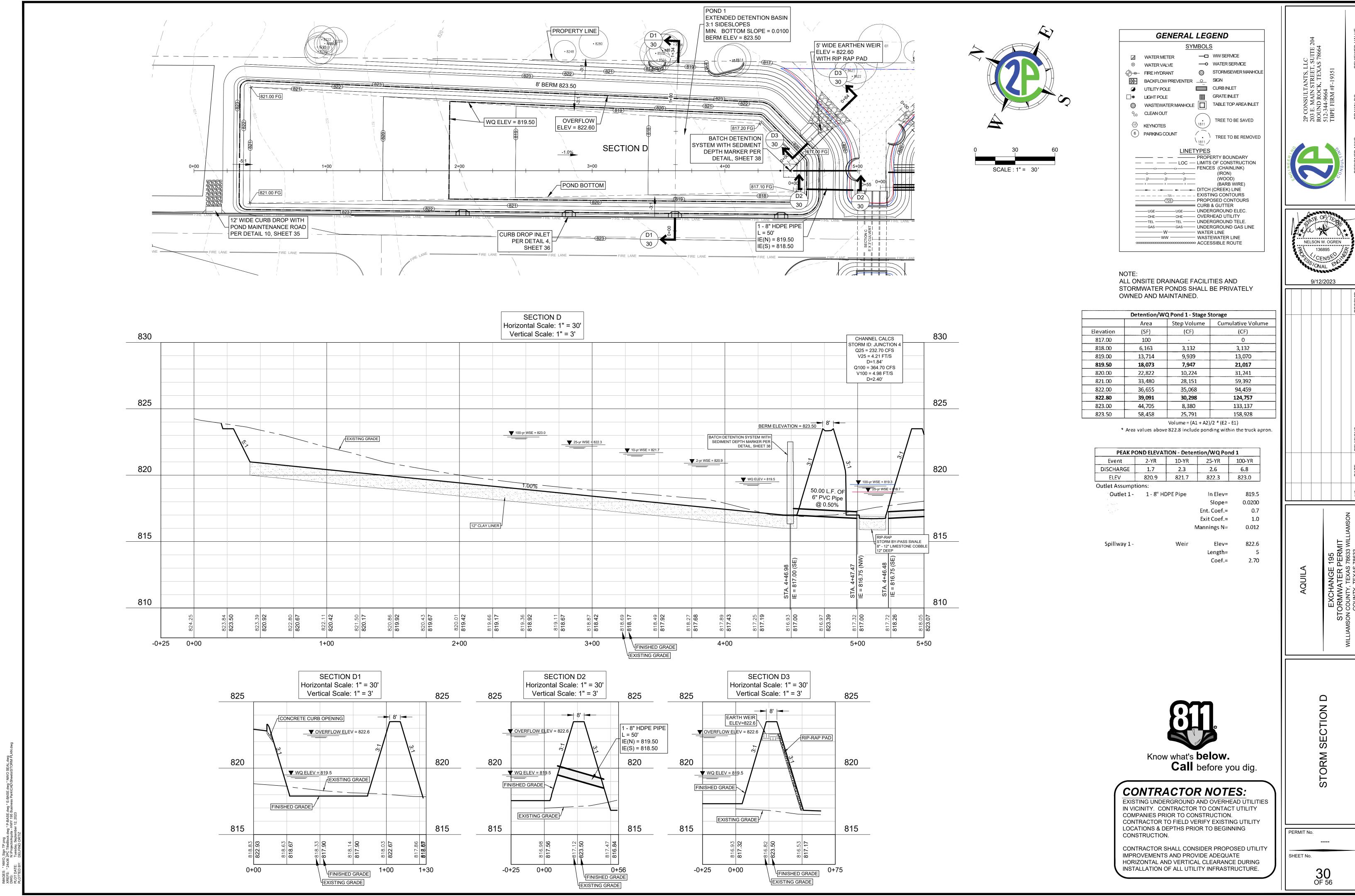
EXISTING GRADE

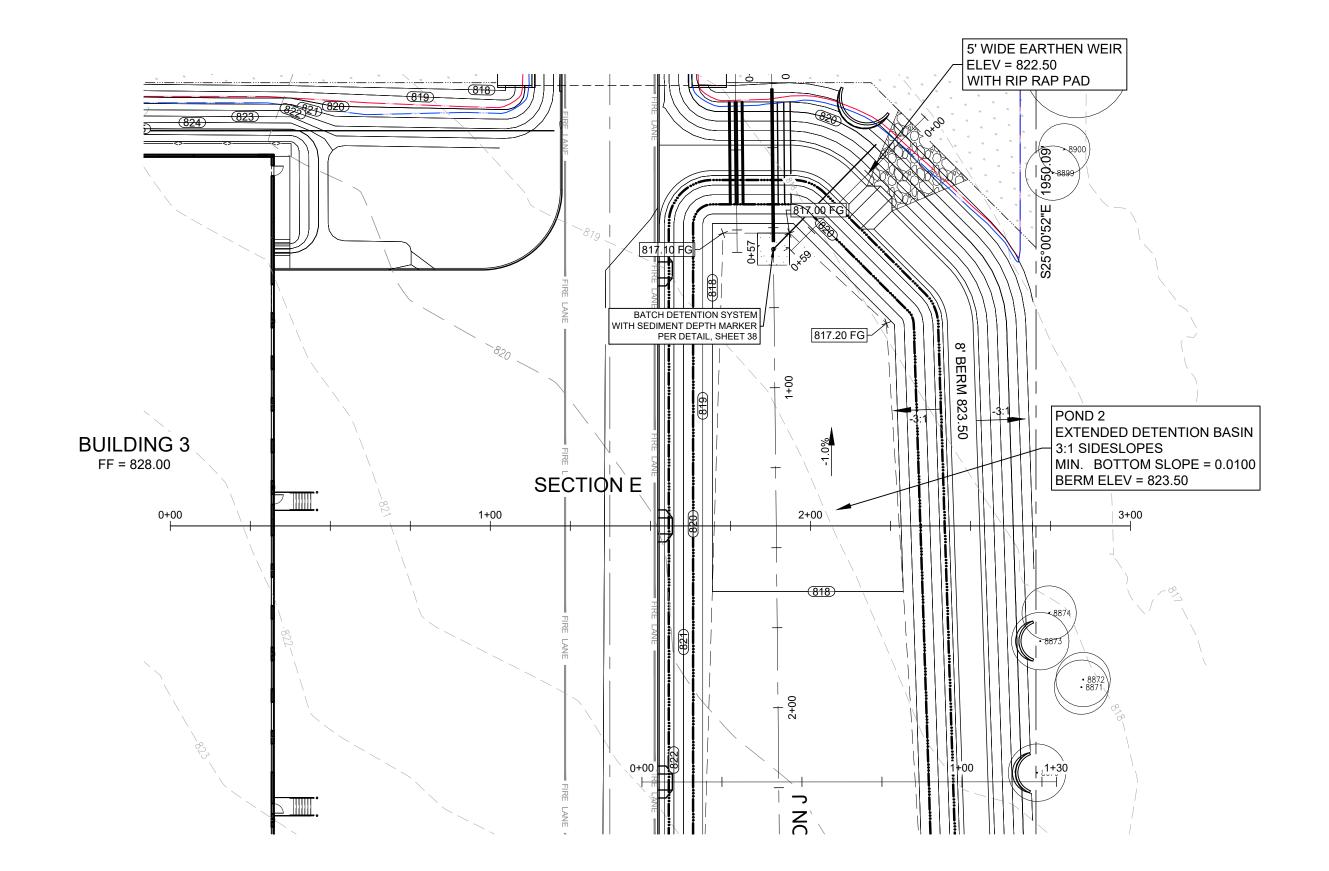
2P CONSULTANTS, LLC 203 E. MAIN STREET, SUITE 2 ROUND ROCK, TEXAS 78664 512-344-9664 TBPE FIRM #F-19351 NELSON W. OGREN

EXISTING UNDERGROUND AND OVERHEAD UTILITIES IN VICINITY. CONTRACTOR TO CONTACT UTILITY CONTRACTOR TO FIELD VERIFY EXISTING UTILITY

HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CLEARANCE DURING

PERMIT No. SHEET No. 29 OF 56





SECTION E Horizontal Scale: 1" = 30' Vertical Scale: 1" = 3'

4 HEAVY DUTY 17 CONCRETE PAVEMENT

820.86 **823.57**

1+00

TOP OF CURB ELEV = 823.30

100-yr WSE = 823.0

819.57

FINISHED GRADE EXISTING GRADE

819.12

2+00

BERM ELEV = 823.50

12" CLAY LINER

818.70

2-yr WSE = 821.2

830

825

820

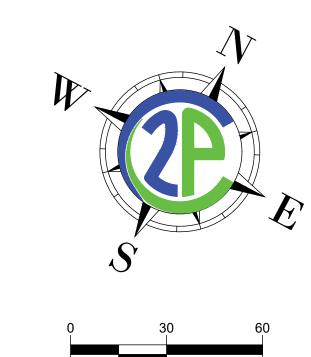
815

810

-0+25

0+00

BUILDING 3 FF = 828.00



SCALE: 1" = 30'

Detention/WQ Pond 2 - Stage Storage						
	Area	Step Volume	Cumulative Volume			
Elevation	(SF)	(CF)	(CF)			
817.00	100	-	0			
818.00	6,163	3,132	3,132			
819.00	13,714	9,939	13,070			
819.50	18,073	7,947	21,017			
820.00	22,822	10,224	31,241			
821.00	33,480	28,151	59,392			
822.00	36,655	35,068	94,459			
822.80	39,091	30,298	124,757			
823.00	44,705	8,380	133,137			
823.50 58,458 25,791 158,928						

Volume = $(A1 + A2)/2 * (E2 - E1)$	
* Area values above 822.8 include ponding within the truck apro	'n

PEAK POND ELEVATION - Detention/WQ Pond 2							
Event	2-YR	10-YR	25-YR	100-YR			
DISCHARGE	4.7	6.4	7.2	13.3			
ELEV	821.2	821.9	822.4	823.0			
Outlet Assumpt	tions:						
Outlet 1 -	3 - 8" HD	PE Pipes	In Elev=	820.0			
			Slope=	0.0200			
			Ent. Coef.=	0.7			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Exit Coef.=	1.0			
			Mannings N=	0.012			
Spillway 1 -		Weir	Elev=	822.5			
			Length=	5			
			Coef.=	2.70			

835

830

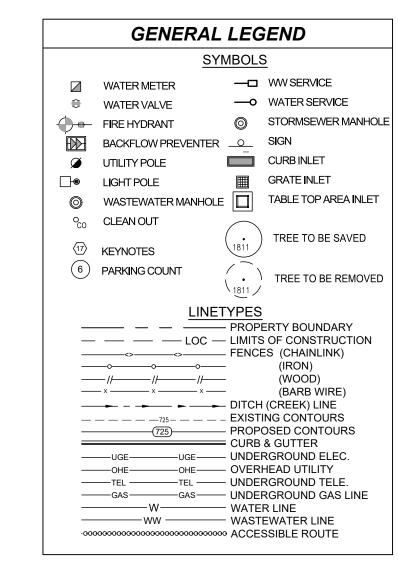
825

820

815

810

3+00



ALL ONSITE DRAINAGE FACILITIES AND STORMWATER PONDS SHALL BE PRIVATELY OWNED AND MAINTAINED.

STORM

2P CONSULTANTS, LLC 203 E. MAIN STREET, SUITE 2 ROUND ROCK, TEXAS 78664 512-344-9664 TBPE FIRM #F-19351

NELSON W. OGREN

9/12/2023

Know what's **below. Call** before you dig.

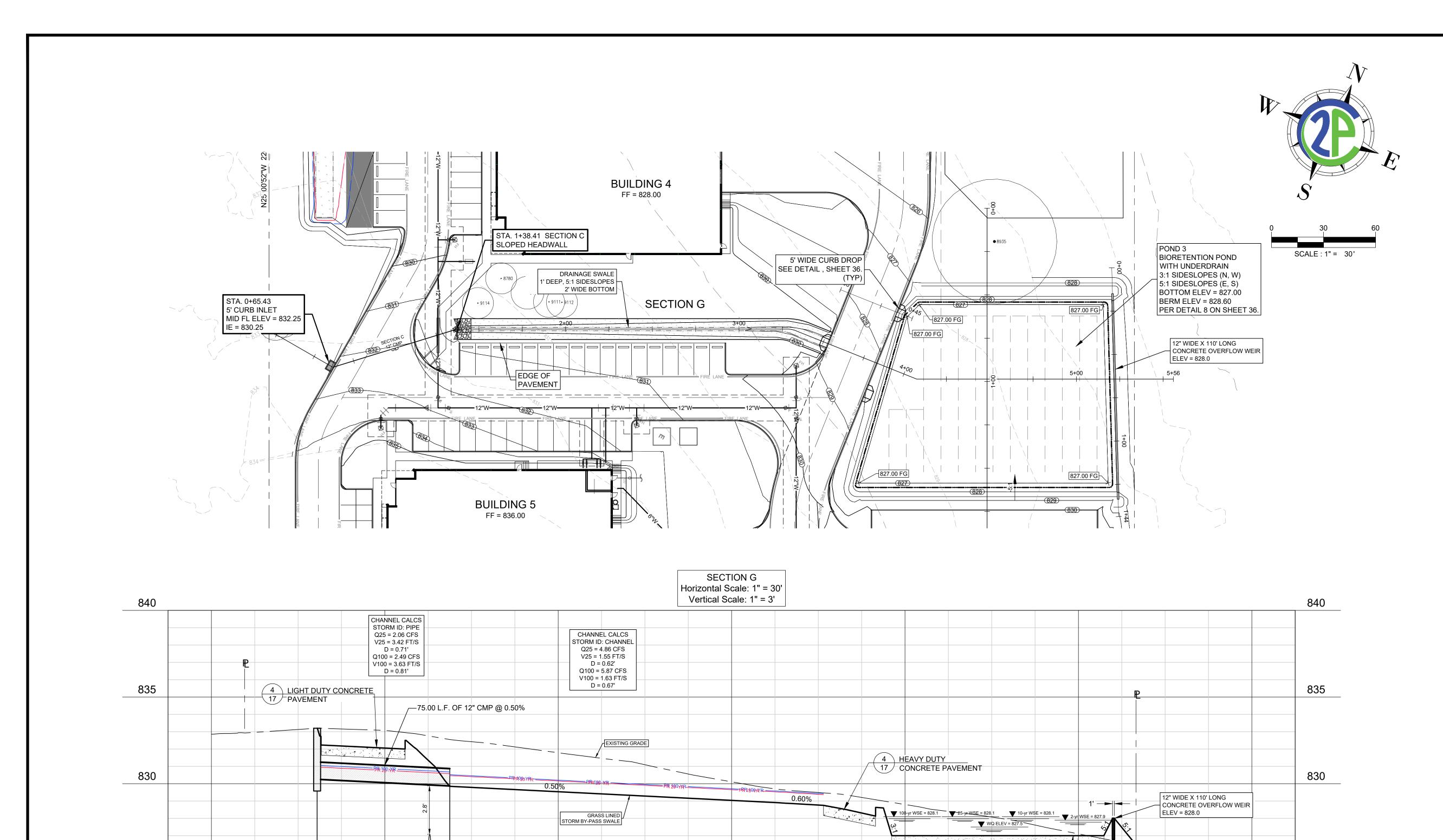
CONTRACTOR NOTES:

EXISTING UNDERGROUND AND OVERHEAD UTILITIES
IN VICINITY. CONTRACTOR TO CONTACT UTILITY
COMPANIES PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
CONTRACTOR TO FIELD VERIFY EXISTING UTILITY
LOCATIONS & DEPTHS PRIOR TO BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION.

CONTRACTOR SHALL CONSIDER PROPOSED UTILITY IMPROVEMENTS AND PROVIDE ADEQUATE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CLEARANCE DURING INSTALLATION OF ALL UTILITY INFRASTRUCTURE.

M

PERMIT No. SHEET No. **31** OF 56



831.47

830.56 **829.16**

FINISHED GRADE

EXISTING GRADE

830.11

3+00

832.12 **829.66**

831.78

2+00

832.76 **831.36**

6" PERFORATED HDPE SUBDRAIN | BIORETENTION SECTION | PER DETAIL 8, SHEET 36

828.40 **827.00**

828.80 **827.00**

4+00

828.08 **827.00**

827.61

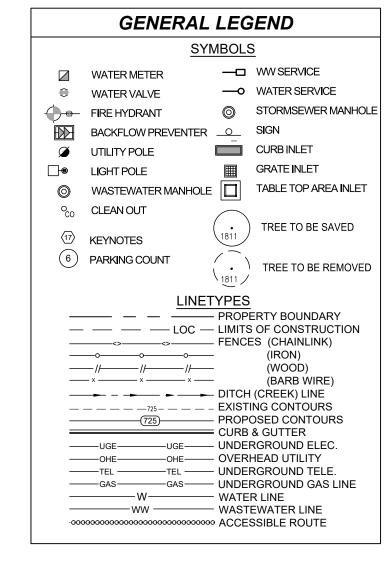
827.11

5+00

829.21 **828.31**

829.70 **828.91**

829.49



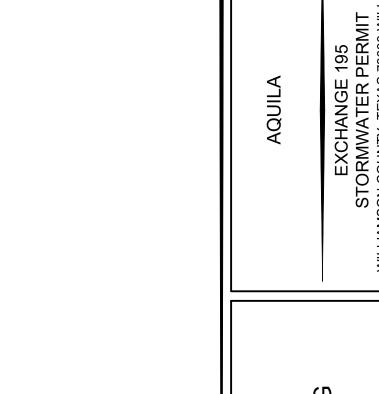
2P CONSULTANTS, LLC 203 E. MAIN STREET, SUITE 2 ROUND ROCK, TEXAS 78664 512-344-9664 TBPE FIRM #F-19351

NELSON W. OGREN

136895

9/12/2023

ALL ONSITE DRAINAGE FACILITIES AND STORMWATER PONDS SHALL BE PRIVATELY OWNED AND MAINTAINED.



Know what's **below.**

Call before you dig.

EXISTING UNDERGROUND AND OVERHEAD UTILITIES IN VICINITY. CONTRACTOR TO CONTACT UTILITY COMPANIES PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. CONTRACTOR TO FIELD VERIFY EXISTING UTILITY LOCATIONS & DEPTHS PRIOR TO BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION.

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Know what's helov

825

820

815

6+25

6+00

CONTRACTOR NOTES:

PERMIT No. SHEET No.

32 OF 56

2022-26-SWP

825

820

815

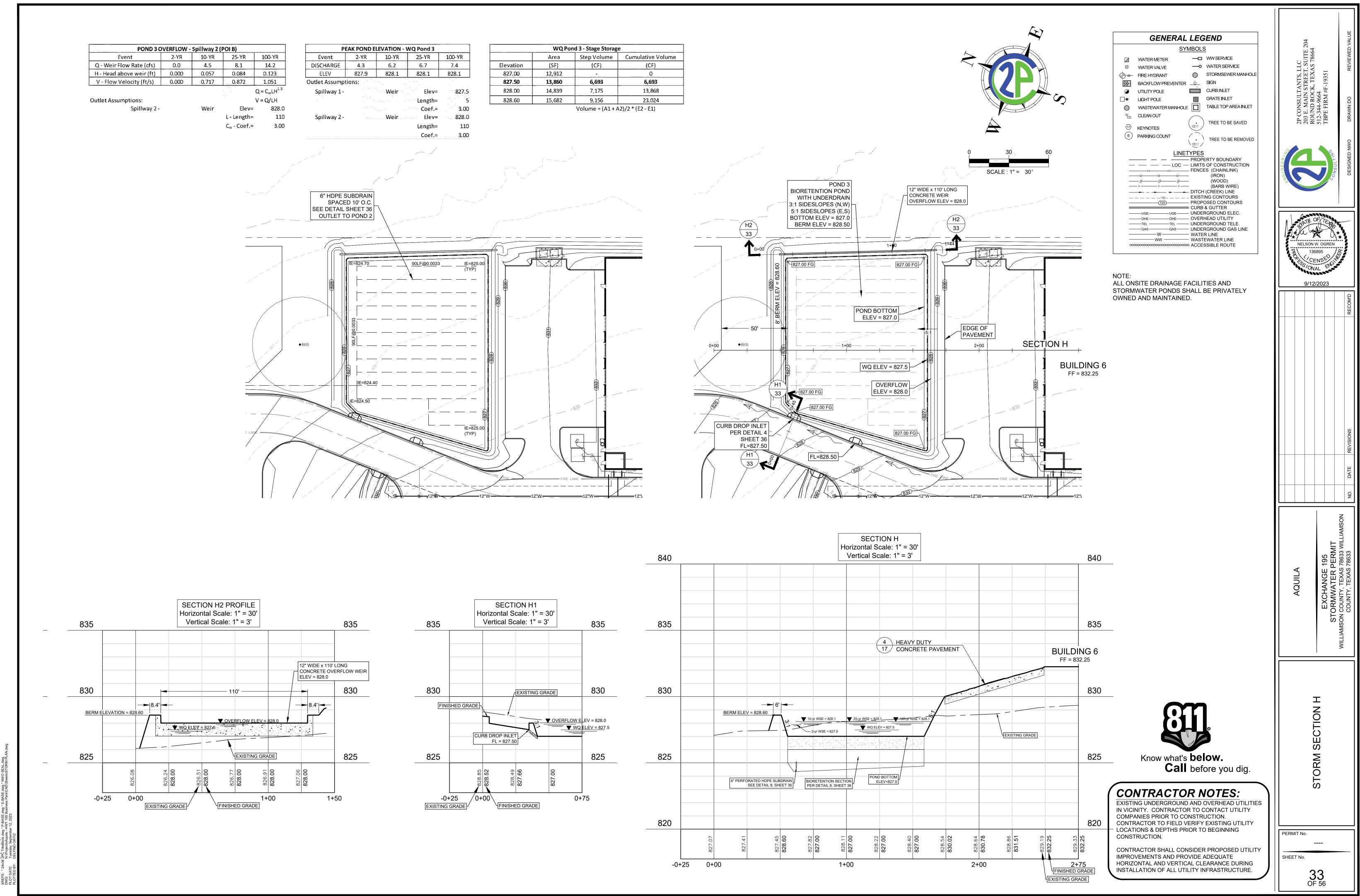
-0+25

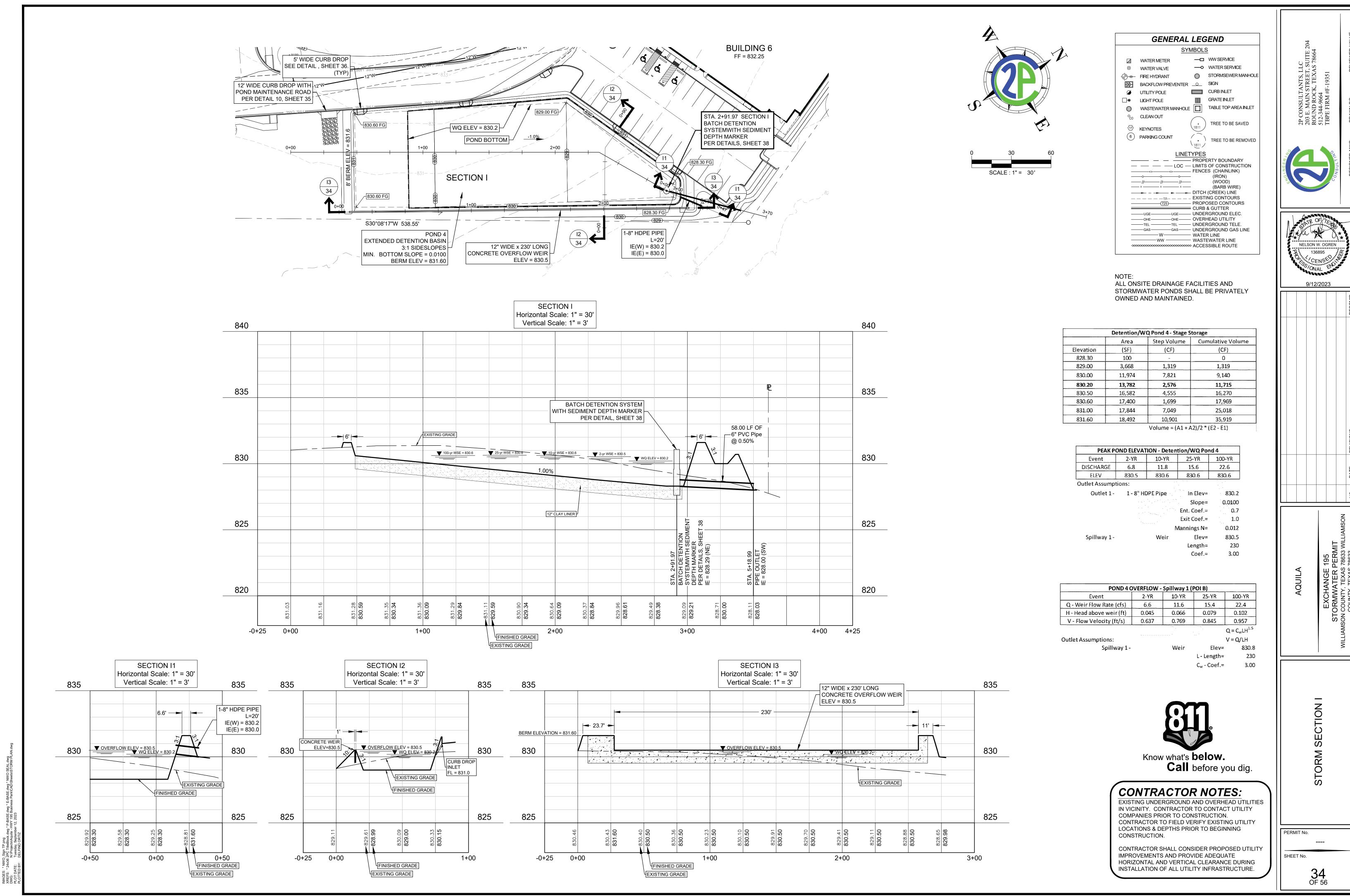
0+00

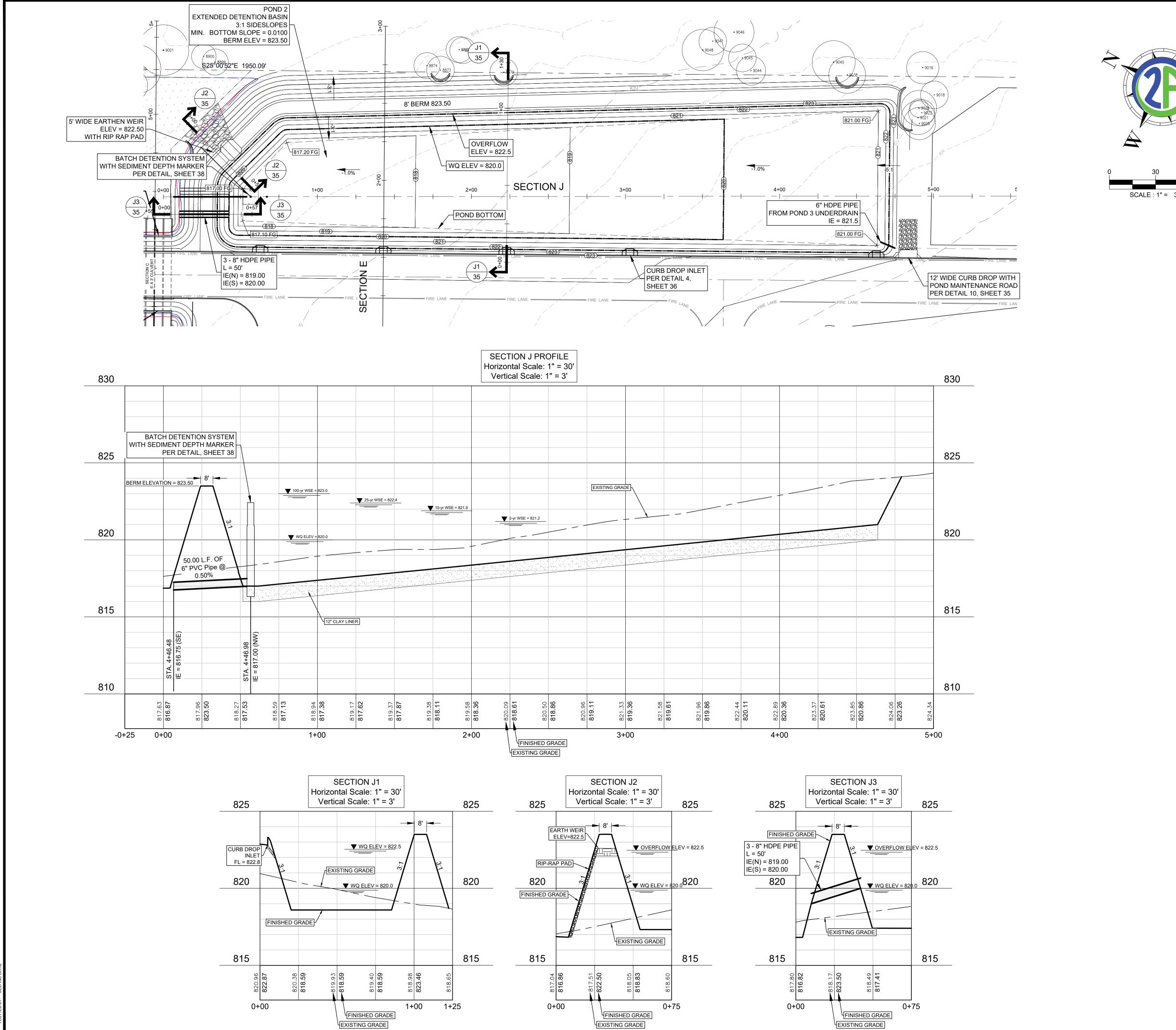
833.16 **832.18**

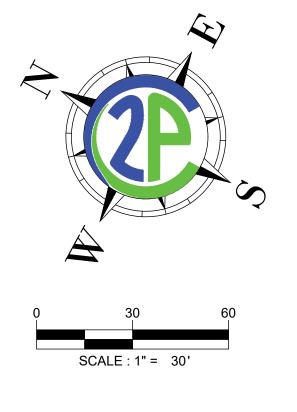
833.08 **832.06**

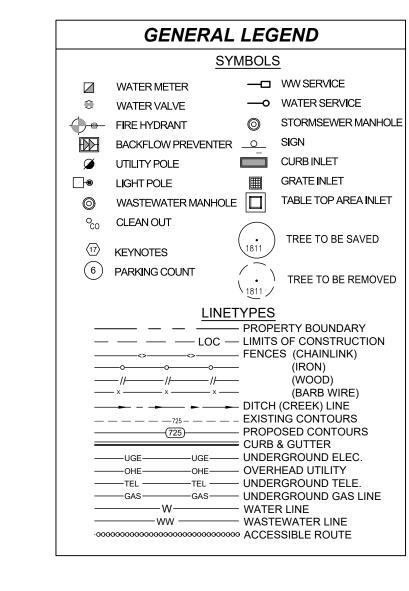
1+00









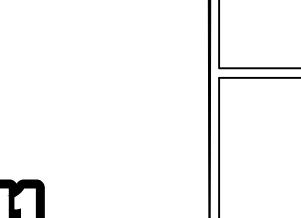


ALL ONSITE DRAINAGE FACILITIES AND STORMWATER PONDS SHALL BE PRIVATELY OWNED AND MAINTAINED.

{	Area	Step Volume	Cumulative Volume	
Elevation	(SF)	(CF)	(CF)	
817.00	100	-	0	
818.00	6,163	3,132	3,132	
819.00	13,714	9,939	13,070	
819.50	18,073	7,947	21,017	
820.00	22,822	10,224	31,241	
821.00	33,480	28,151	59,392	
822.00	36,655	35,068	94,459	
822.80	39,091	30,298	124,757	
823.00	44,705	8,380	133,137	
823.50	58,458	25,791	158,928	
823.50	58,458 25,791 158,928 Volume = (A1 + A2)/2 * (E2 - E1)			

* Area values above 822.8 include ponding within the truck apron.

PEAK PO	OND ELEVAT	ION - Det	ention/WQ Pon	d 2
Event	2-YR	10-YR	25-YR	100-YR
DISCHARGE	4.7	6.4	7.2	13.3
ELEV	821.2	821.9	822.4	823.0
Outlet Assumpt	ions:			
Outlet 1 -	3 - 8" HD	PE Pipes	In Elev=	820.
			Slope=	0.020
	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1		Ent. Coef.=	0.
	· ·		Exit Coef.=	1.
			Mannings N=	0.01
Spillway 1 -		Weir	Elev=	822.
			Length=	
			Coef.=	2.7



Know what's **below. Call** before you dig.

CONTRACTOR NOTES:

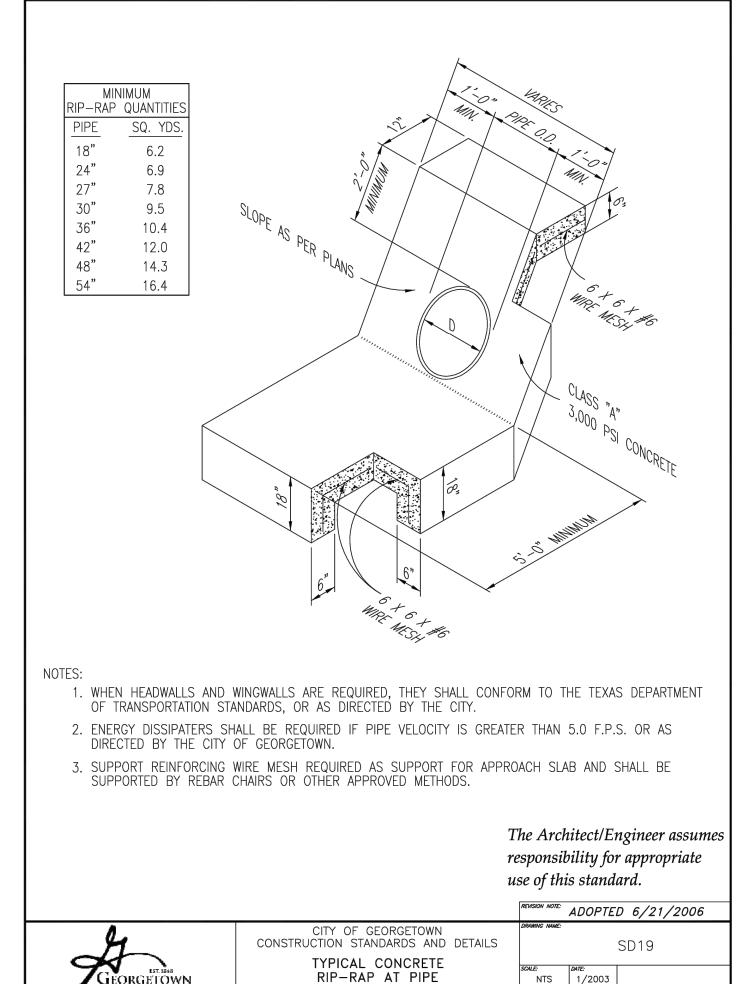
EXISTING UNDERGROUND AND OVERHEAD UTILITIES IN VICINITY. CONTRACTOR TO CONTACT UTILITY COMPANIES PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. CONTRACTOR TO FIELD VERIFY EXISTING UTILITY LOCATIONS & DEPTHS PRIOR TO BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION.

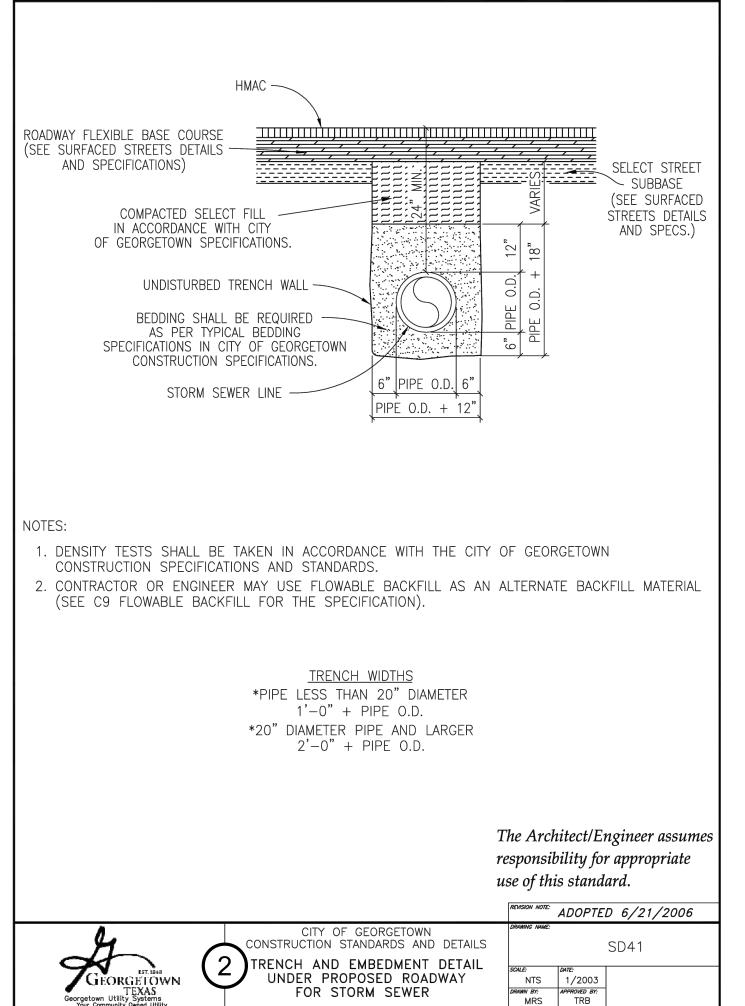
CONTRACTOR SHALL CONSIDER PROPOSED UTILITY IMPROVEMENTS AND PROVIDE ADEQUATE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CLEARANCE DURING INSTALLATION OF ALL UTILITY INFRASTRUCTURE.

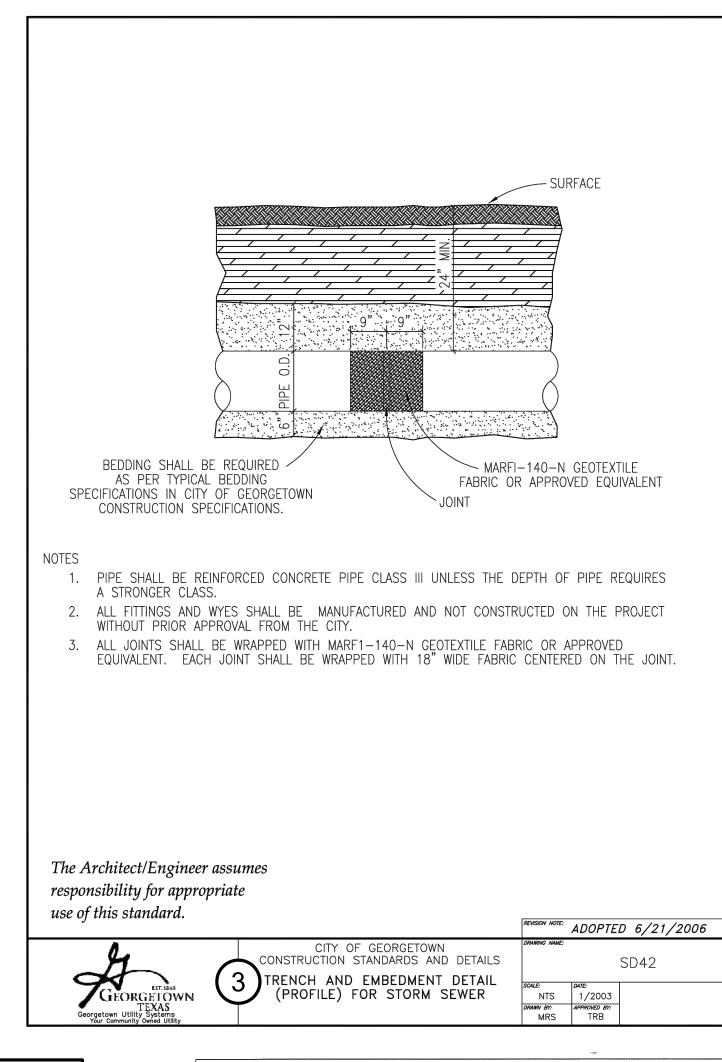
2P CONSULTANTS, LLC 203 E. MAIN STREET, SUITE 2 ROUND ROCK, TEXAS 78664 512-344-9664 TBPE FIRM #F-19351 NELSON W. OGREN 136895

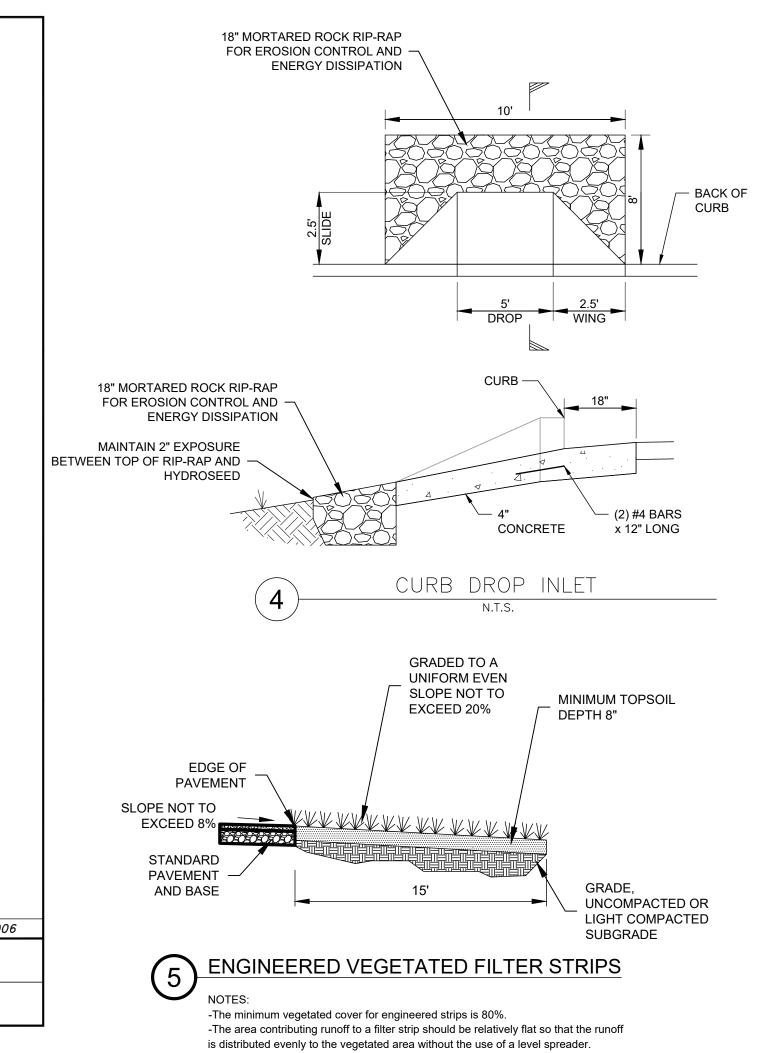
9/12/2023

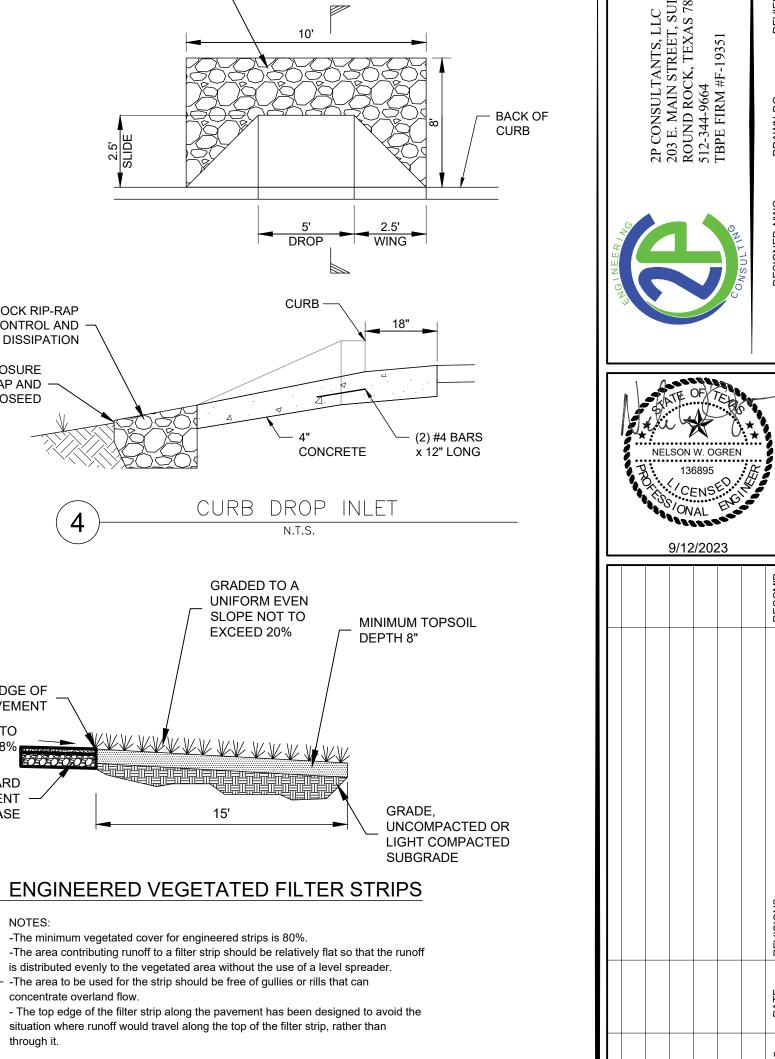
PERMIT No. SHEET No. 35 OF 56

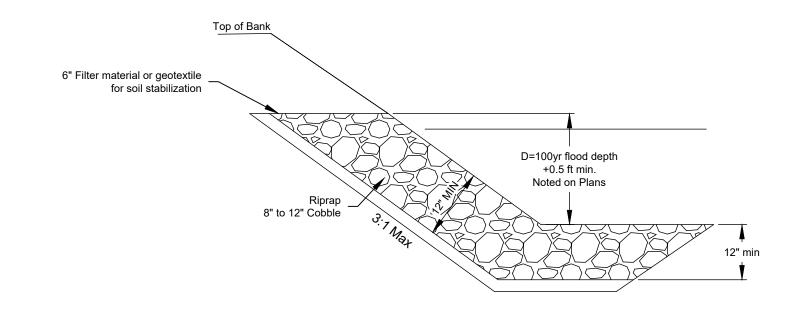




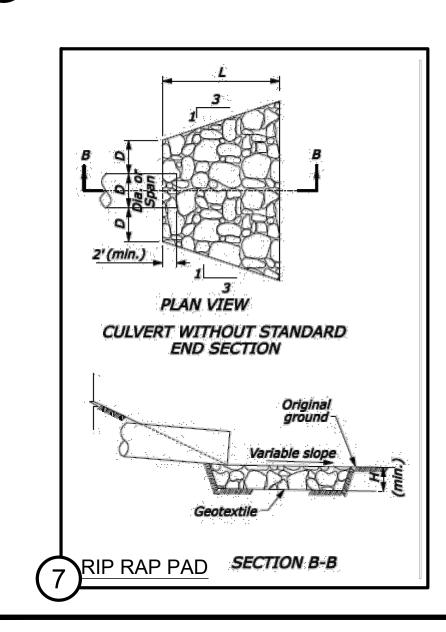


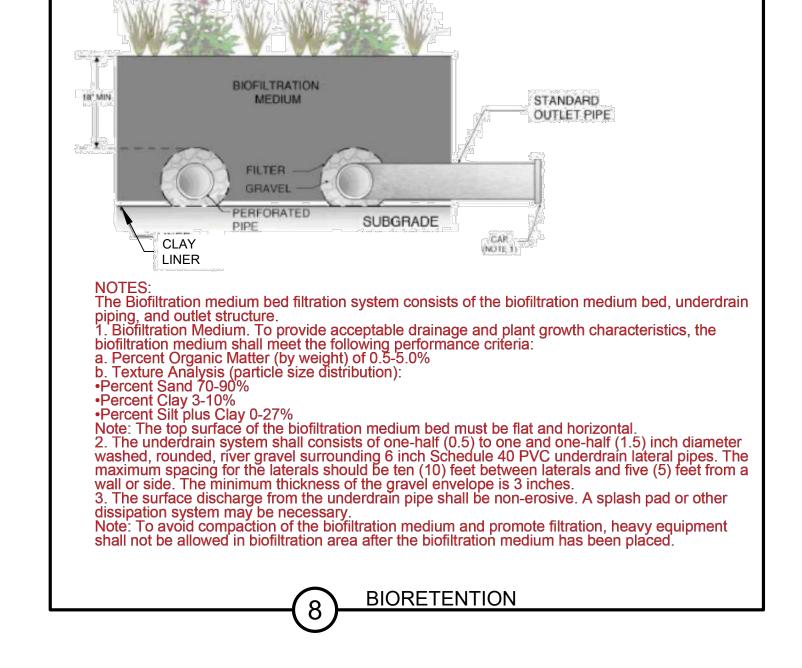






TRYPICAL CROSS SECTION RIPRAP CHANNEL

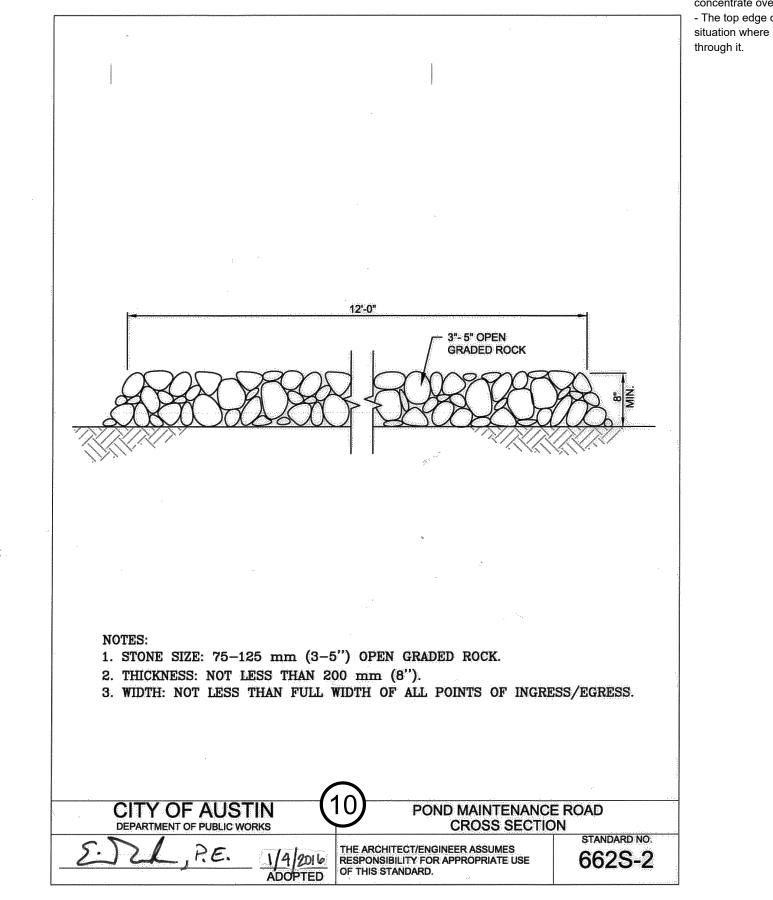


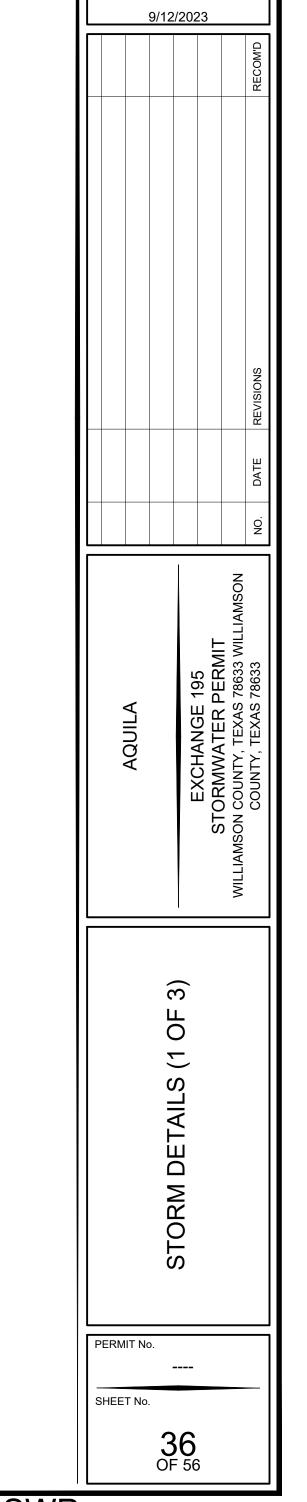


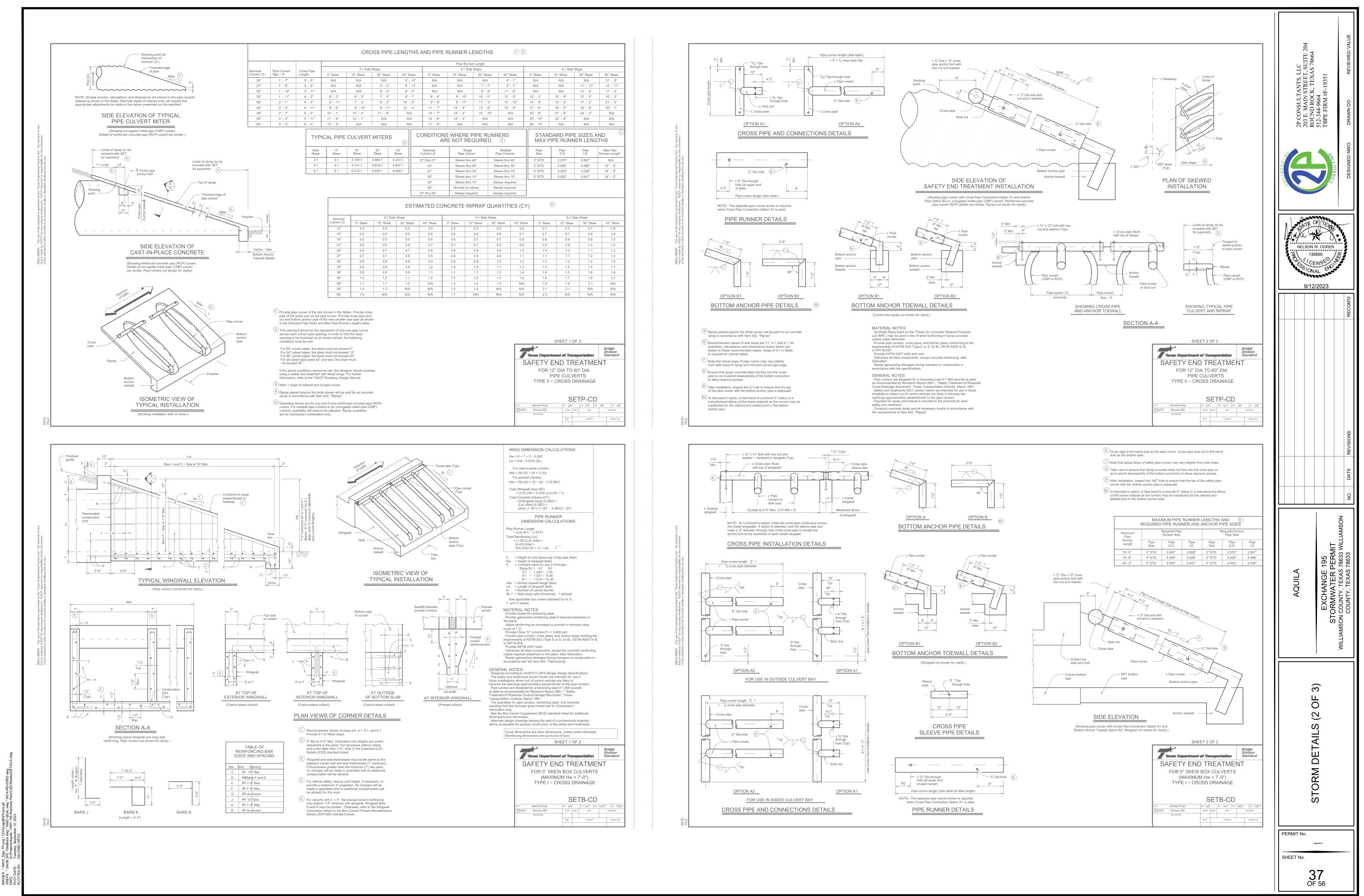
Clay Line specifications					
Property	Unit	Specification			
Permeability	cm/sec	≤1 x 10 ⁷			
Plastic Index	96	<u>></u> 15			
Liquid Limit	96	<u>></u> 30			
96 passing (200 sieve)	96	<u>></u> 30			
Required Compation	96	≥95% of TxDOT Tex-114-E			
From" De	sign Guidlines for Water Quality Co	ontrol Basins"			

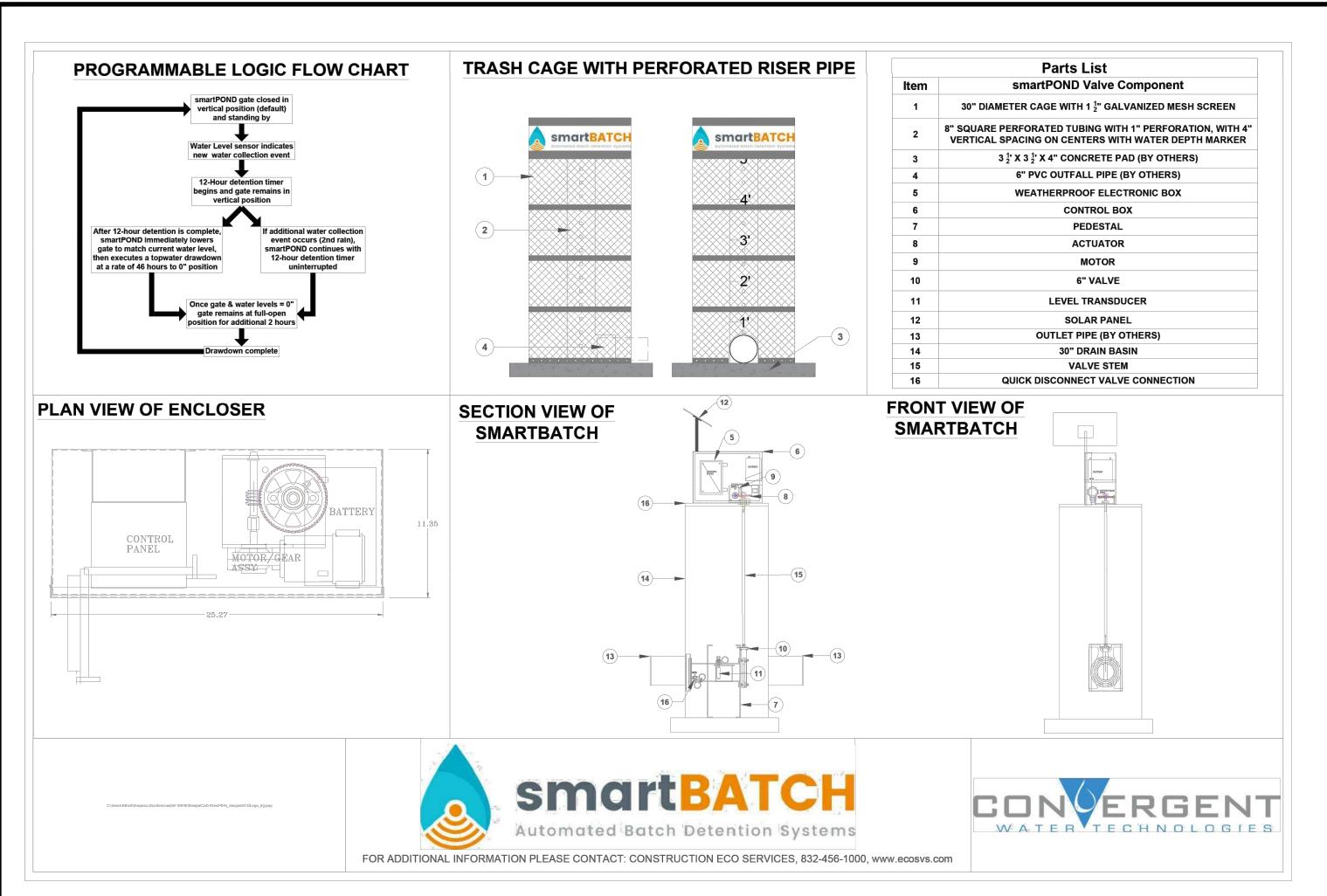
On-site clays may be used to line the pond, assuming they meet the material specifications presented in the table above. These clays must be free of rocks greater than $\frac{3}{4}$ inches and organic material. If a clay liner is used, the clay must be a minimum of 12 inches thick, compacted on 3H:1V slopes, and meet the above specifications.

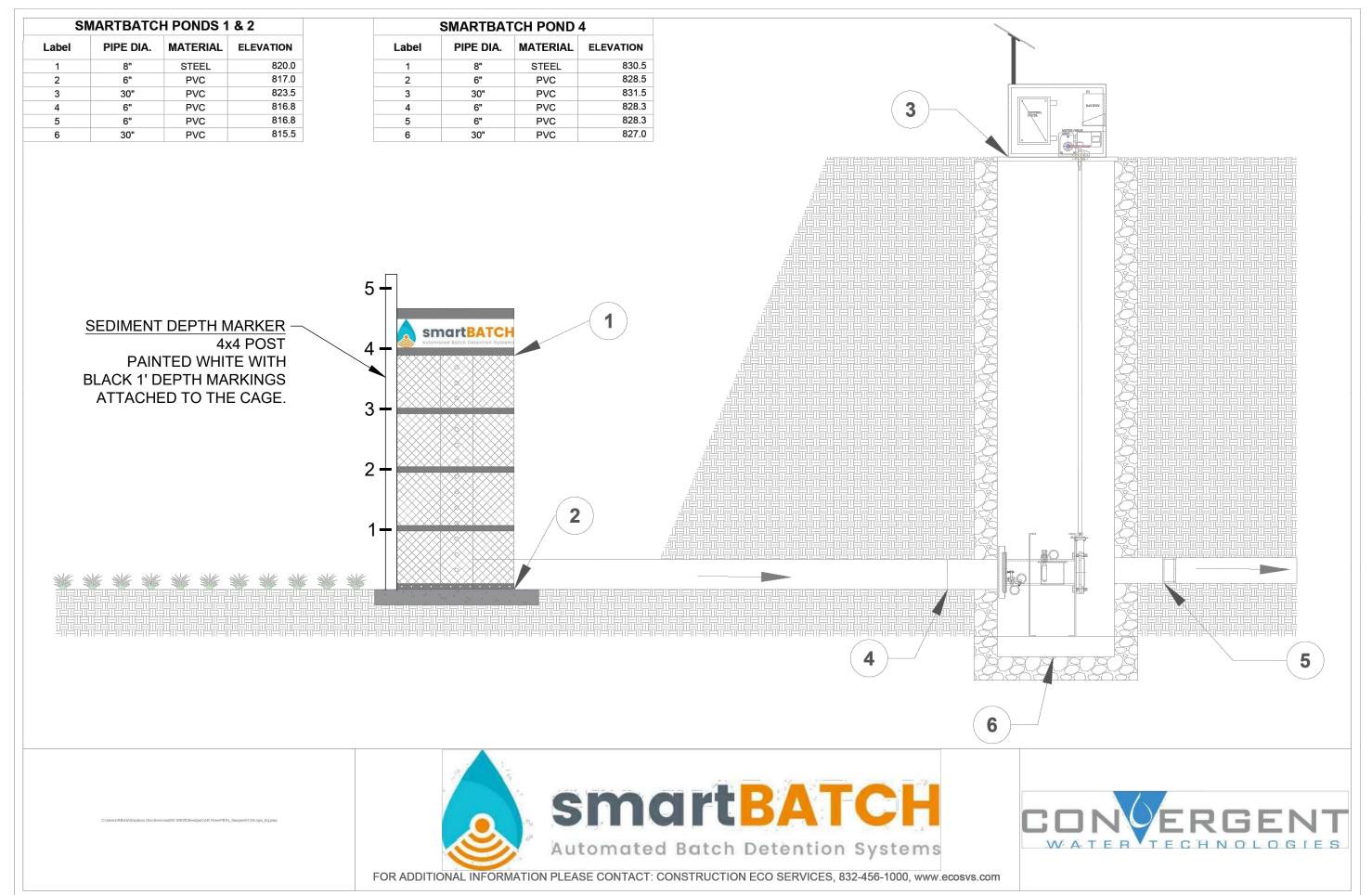


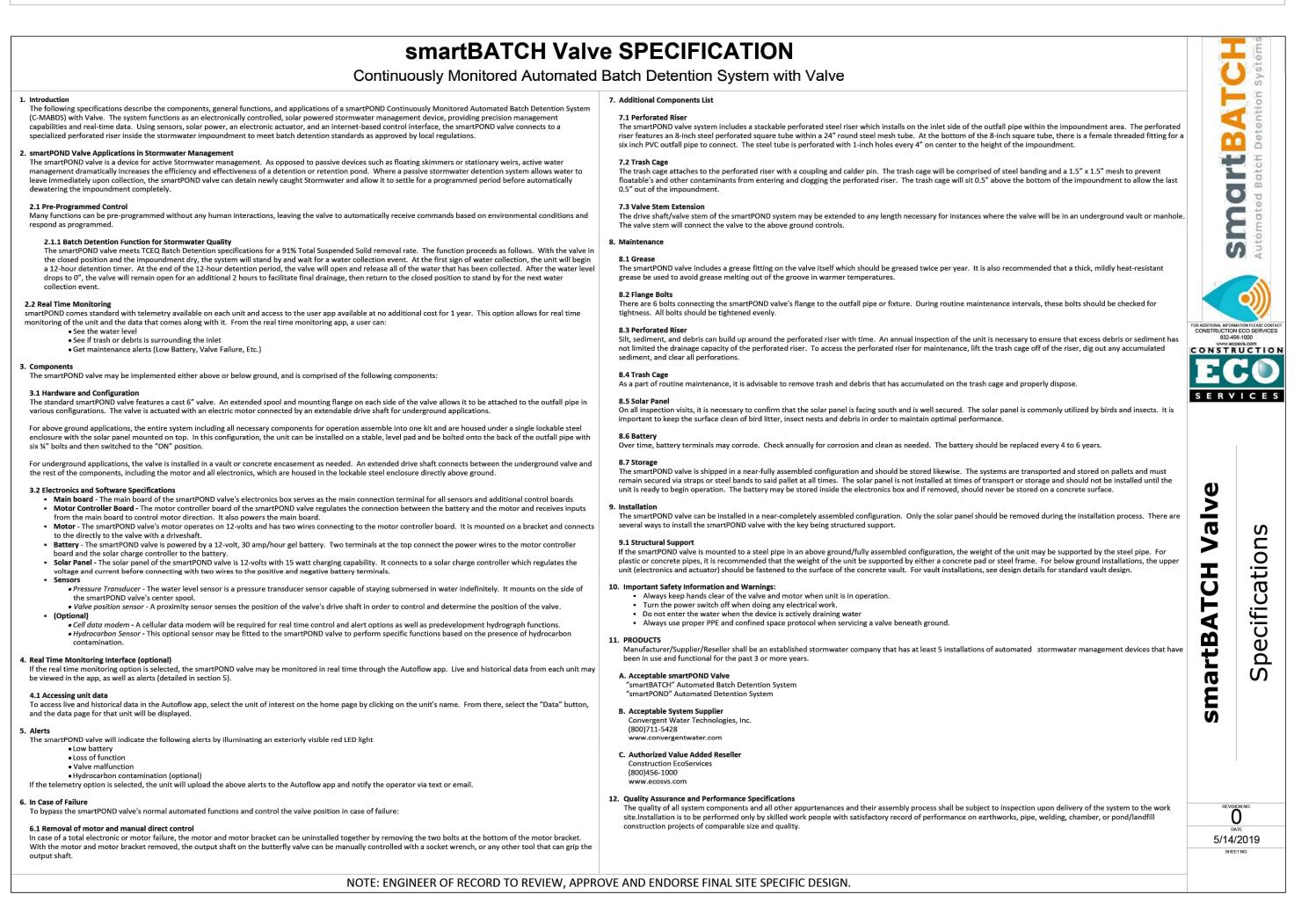


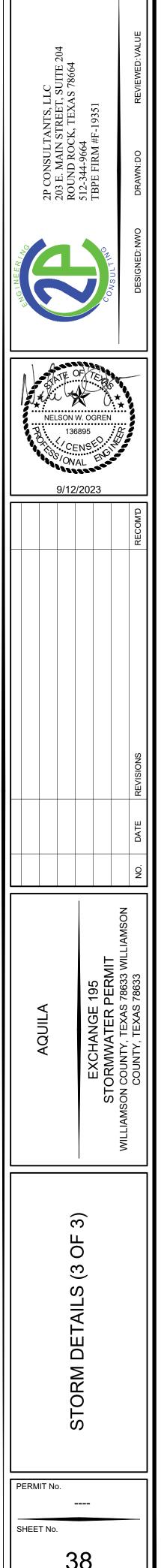


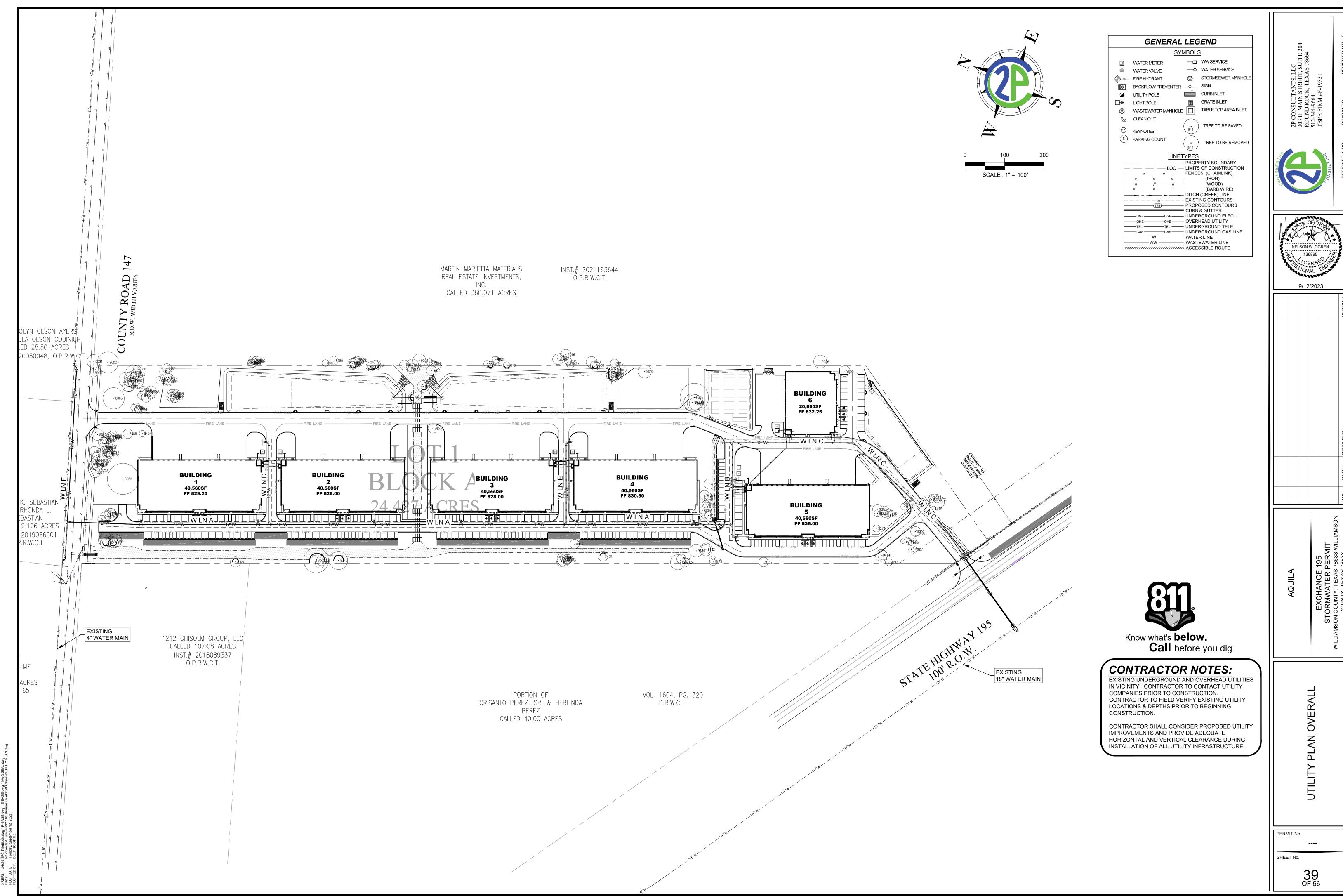


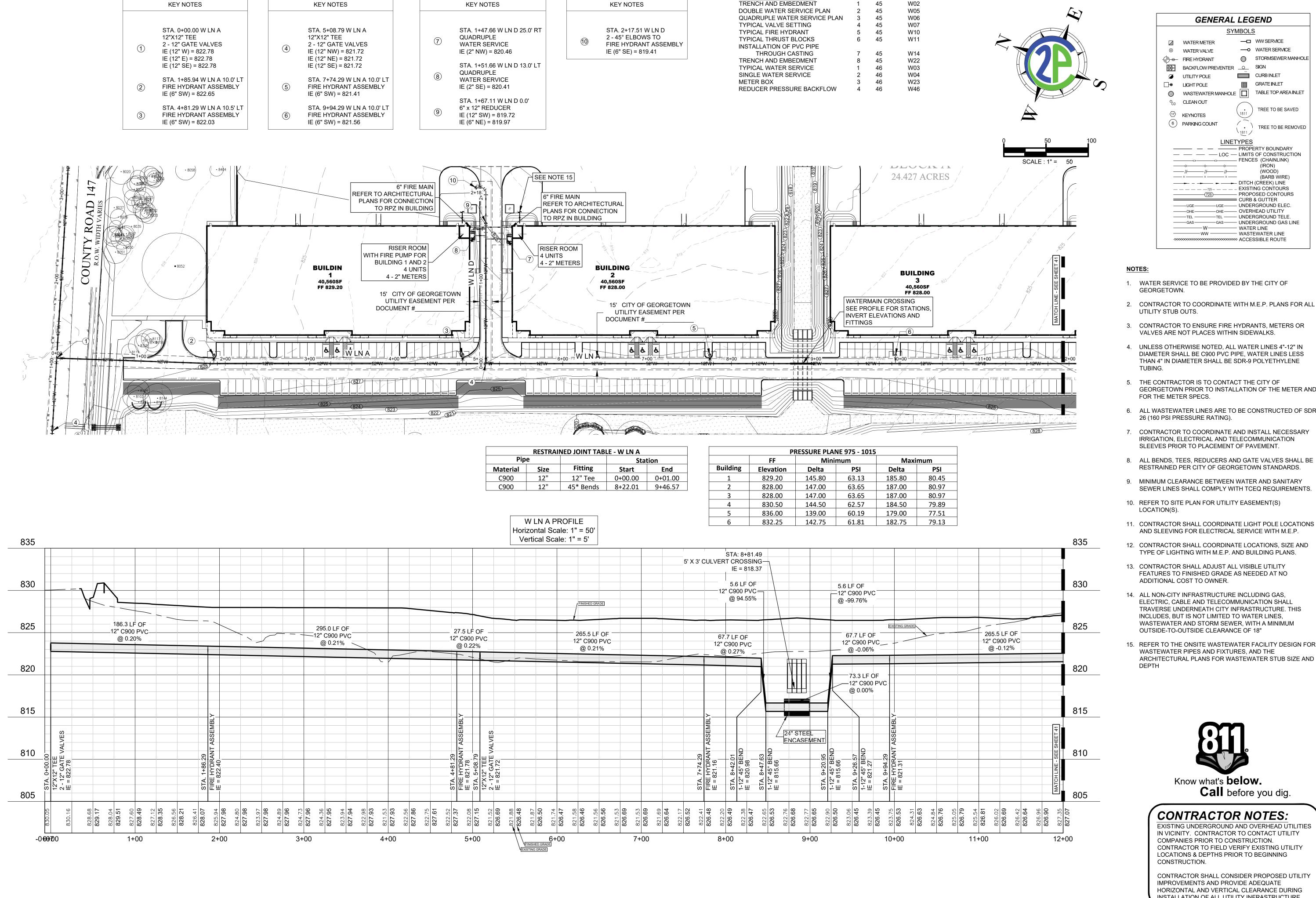












WATER CONSTRUCTION

WATER CONSTRUCTION

WATER CONSTRUCTION

WATER CONSTRUCTION

CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:

NO. SHEET

STD. DRAWING

GENERAL LEGEND <u>SYMBOLS</u> —□ WW SERVICE —O WATER SERVICE STORMSEWER MANHOLE | BACKFLOW PREVENTER _O__ SIGN CURB INLET ■ GRATE INLET TREE TO BE SAVED TREE TO BE REMOVED — — PROPERTY BOUNDARY — — LOC — LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION ___o__o__o (IRON) -----/|------/|------| (WOOD) (BARB WIRE) — — — DITCH (CREEK) LINE _____EXISTING CONTOURS —725——— PROPOSED CONTOURS CURB & GUTTER ——OHE——OHE——OVERHEAD UTILITY ——TEL ——TEL —— UNDERGROUND TELE ——GAS——GAS——UNDERGROUND GAS LINE ——W——— WATER LINE

- 2. CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE WITH M.E.P. PLANS FOR ALL
- 3. CONTRACTOR TO ENSURE FIRE HYDRANTS, METERS OR VALVES ARE NOT PLACES WITHIN SIDEWALKS.
- 4. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, ALL WATER LINES 4"-12" IN DIAMETER SHALL BE C900 PVC PIPE, WATER LINES LESS THAN 4" IN DIAMETER SHALL BE SDR-9 POLYETHYLENE
- 5. THE CONTRACTOR IS TO CONTACT THE CITY OF GEORGETOWN PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF THE METER AND
- 6. ALL WASTEWATER LINES ARE TO BE CONSTRUCTED OF SDR 26 (160 PSI PRESSURE RATING).
- 7. CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE AND INSTALL NECESSARY IRRIGATION, ELECTRICAL AND TELECOMMUNICATION SLEEVES PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF PAVEMENT.
- 8. ALL BENDS, TEES, REDUCERS AND GATE VALVES SHALL BE RESTRAINED PER CITY OF GEORGETOWN STANDARDS.
- 9. MINIMUM CLEARANCE BETWEEN WATER AND SANITARY SEWER LINES SHALL COMPLY WITH TCEQ REQUIREMENTS.
- 10. REFER TO SITE PLAN FOR UTILITY EASEMENT(S)

- FEATURES TO FINISHED GRADE AS NEEDED AT NO ADDITIONAL COST TO OWNER.
- 14. ALL NON-CITY INFRASTRUCTURE INCLUDING GAS, ELECTRIC, CABLE AND TELECOMMUNICATION SHALL TRAVERSE UNDERNEATH CITY INFRASTRUCTURE. THIS INCLUDES, BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO WATER LINES, WASTEWATER AND STORM SEWER, WITH A MINIMUM OUTSIDE-TO-OUTSIDE CLEARANCE OF 18"
- 15. REFER TO THE ONSITE WASTEWATER FACILITY DESIGN FOR WASTEWATER PIPES AND FIXTURES, AND THE ARCHITECTURAL PLANS FOR WASTEWATER STUB SIZE AND



Know what's **below.** Call before you dig.

CONTRACTOR NOTES:

EXISTING UNDERGROUND AND OVERHEAD UTILITIES IN VICINITY. CONTRACTOR TO CONTACT UTILITY COMPANIES PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. CONTRACTOR TO FIELD VERIFY EXISTING UTILITY LOCATIONS & DEPTHS PRIOR TO BEGINNING

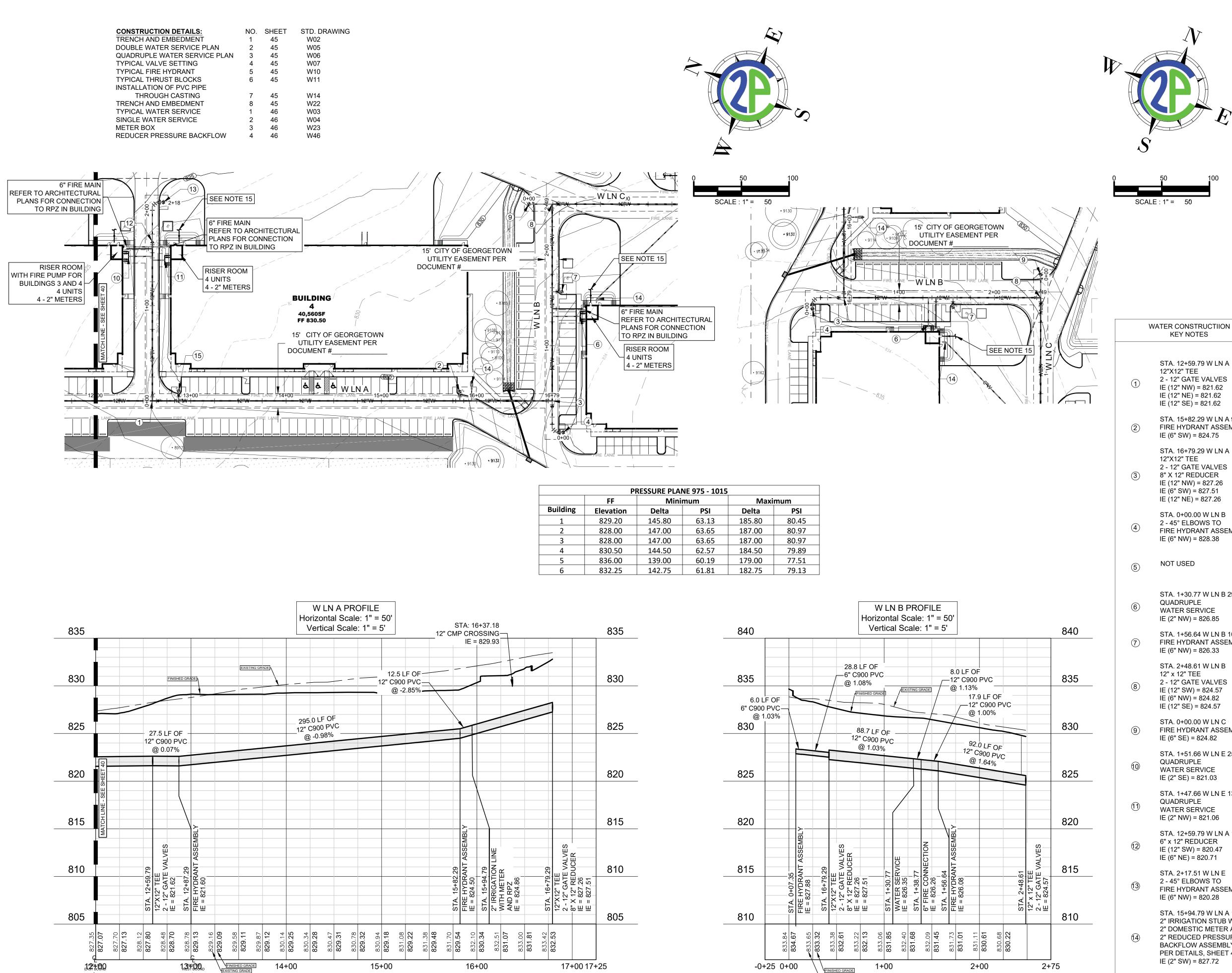
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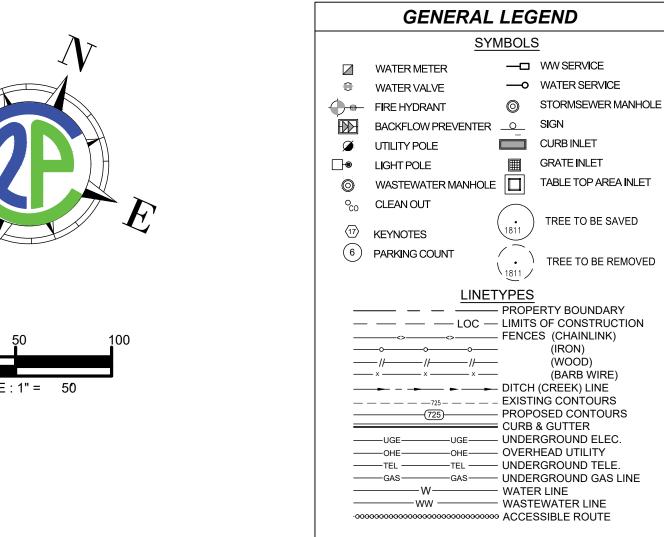
2P CONSULTANTS, LLC 203 E. MAIN STREET, SUJ ROUND ROCK, TEXAS 78 512-344-9664 TBPE FIRM #F-19351

NELSON W. OGREN 136895

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PERMIT No. SHEET No. **40** OF 56





KEY NOTES

12"X12" TEE

STA. 12+59.79 W LN A

2 - 12" GATE VALVES

IE (12" NW) = 821.62

IE (12" NE) = 821.62 IE (12" SE) = 821.62

IE (6" SW) = 824.75

12"X12" TEE

STA. 16+79.29 W LN A

2 - 12" GATE VALVES

IE (12" NW) = 827.26

IE (6" SW) = 827.51

IE (12" NE) = 827.26

STA. 0+00.00 W LN B

FIRE HYDRANT ASSEMBLY

STA. 1+30.77 W LN B 29.5' RT

STA. 1+56.64 W LN B 10.0' RT

FIRE HYDRANT ASSEMBLY

2 - 45° ELBOWS TO

IE (6" NW) = 828.38

NOT USED

QUADRUPLE

WATER SERVICE

IE (2" NW) = 826.85

IE (6" NW) = 826.33

STA. 2+48.61 W LN B

2 - 12" GATE VALVES

IE (12" SW) = 824.57

IE (6" NW) = 824.82

IE (12" SE) = 824.57

IE (6" SE) = 824.82

IE (2" SE) = 821.03

6" x 12" REDUCER

IE (12" SW) = 820.47 IE (6" NE) = 820.71

STA. 2+17.51 W LN E

FIRE HYDRANT ASSEMBLY

STA. 15+94.79 W LN A 17.8' LT

2" IRRIGATION STUB WITH

2" DOMESTIC METER AND

2" REDUCED PRESSURE

BACKFLOW ASSEMBLY

IE (2" SW) = 827.72

IE (6" SW) = 821.85

PER DETAILS, SHEET 46.

STA. 12+87.29 W LN A 10.5' LT

FIRE HYDRANT ASSEMBLY

2 - 45° ELBOWS TO

IE (6" NW) = 820.28

QUADRUPLE WATER SERVICE

QUADRUPLE WATER SERVICE IE (2" NW) = 821.06

STA. 0+00.00 W LN C

FIRE HYDRANT ASSEMBLY

STA. 1+51.66 W LN E 25.0' LT

STA. 1+47.66 W LN E 13.0' RT

STA. 12+59.79 W LN A 167.1' LT

12" x 12" TEE

STA. 15+82.29 W LN A 9.6' LT FIRE HYDRANT ASSEMBLY

- 1. WATER SERVICE TO BE PROVIDED BY THE CITY OF GEORGETOWN.
- 2. CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE WITH M.E.P. PLANS FOR ALL UTILITY STUB OUTS.
- 3. CONTRACTOR TO ENSURE FIRE HYDRANTS, METERS OR VALVES ARE NOT PLACES WITHIN SIDEWALKS.
- 4. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, ALL WATER LINES 4"-12" IN DIAMETER SHALL BE C900 PVC PIPE, WATER LINES LESS THAN 4" IN DIAMETER SHALL BE SDR-9 POLYETHYLENE
- 5. THE CONTRACTOR IS TO CONTACT THE CITY OF GEORGETOWN PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF THE METER AND FOR THE METER SPECS.
- 6. ALL WASTEWATER LINES ARE TO BE CONSTRUCTED OF SDR 26 (160 PSI PRESSURE RATING).
- 7. CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE AND INSTALL NECESSARY IRRIGATION, ELECTRICAL AND TELECOMMUNICATION SLEEVES PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF PAVEMENT.
- 8. ALL BENDS, TEES, REDUCERS AND GATE VALVES SHALL BE RESTRAINED PER CITY OF GEORGETOWN STANDARDS.
- 9. MINIMUM CLEARANCE BETWEEN WATER AND SANITARY SEWER LINES SHALL COMPLY WITH TCEQ REQUIREMENTS.
- 10. REFER TO SITE PLAN FOR UTILITY EASEMENT(S)
- LOCATION(S).
- 11. CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE LIGHT POLE LOCATIONS AND SLEEVING FOR ELECTRICAL SERVICE WITH M.E.P.
- 12. CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE LOCATIONS, SIZE AND TYPE OF LIGHTING WITH M.E.P. AND BUILDING PLANS.
- 13. CONTRACTOR SHALL ADJUST ALL VISIBLE UTILITY FEATURES TO FINISHED GRADE AS NEEDED AT NO ADDITIONAL COST TO OWNER.

OUTSIDE-TO-OUTSIDE CLEARANCE OF 18"

- 14. ALL NON-CITY INFRASTRUCTURE INCLUDING GAS, ELECTRIC, CABLE AND TELECOMMUNICATION SHALL TRAVERSE UNDERNEATH CITY INFRASTRUCTURE. THIS INCLUDES, BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO WATER LINES, WASTEWATER AND STORM SEWER, WITH A MINIMUM
- 15. REFER TO THE ONSITE WASTEWATER FACILITY DESIGN FOR WASTEWATER PIPES AND FIXTURES, AND THE ARCHITECTURAL PLANS FOR WASTEWATER STUB SIZE AND



Know what's **below.** Call before you dig.

CONTRACTOR NOTES:

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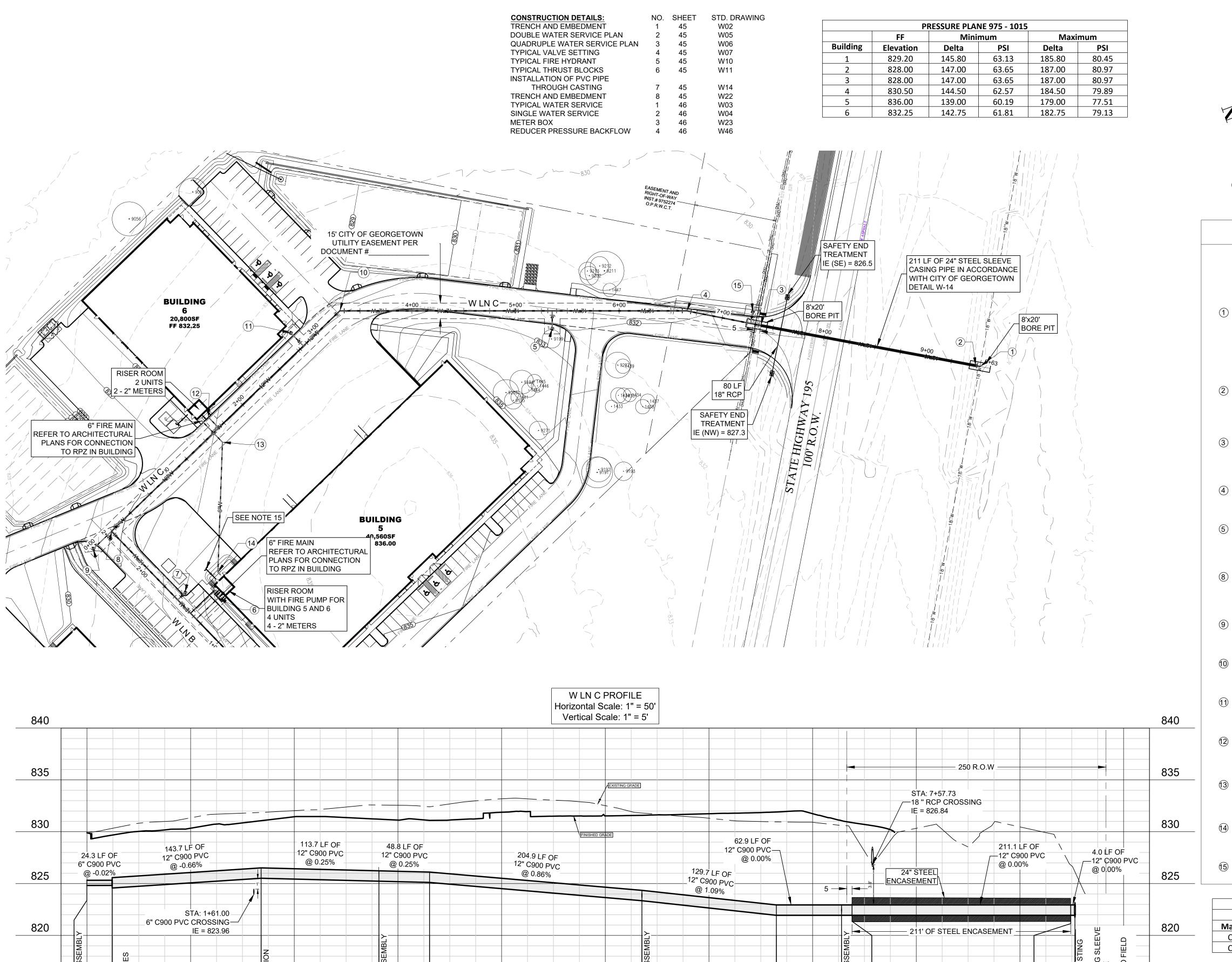
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2P CONSULTANTS, LLC 203 E. MAIN STREET, SUJ ROUND ROCK, TEXAS 78 512-344-9664 TBPE FIRM #F-19351

NELSON W. OGREN

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PERMIT No. SHEET No.



831.85 830.99 830.94 831.96

831.49

831.31

6+00

831.70 **831.63**

831.95

52 53

5+00

830.91 831.75 830.64 831.13

7+00

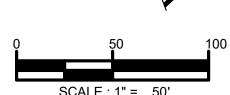
828.12 **830.71**

8+00

9+00

10+00 10+25





WATER CONSTRUCTION

KEY NOTES

STA. 9+53.08 W LN C CONNECT TO EXISTING 18" WATERLINE 1-18"X12" TAPPING SLEEVE 1-12" GATEVALVE IE(18")~821.7 CONTRACTOR TO FIELD VERIFY DEPTH IE (12" NE) = 821.94 IE (18" NW) = 821.69

STA. 9+49.08 W LN C END 24" STEEL

IE (18" SE) = 821.69

CASING PIPE IE (12" SW) = 821.94

STA. 7+37.94 W LN C BEGIN 24" STEEL CASING PIPE

IE (12" NE) = 821.94

STA. 6+65.05 W LN C 1-12" 11.25° BEND IE (12" N) = 821.94

STA. 5+35.37 W LN C 17.3' RT FIRE HYDRANT ASSEMBLY IE (6" E) = 823.60

STA. 2+48.61 W LN B 12" x 12" TEE

STA. 0+00.00 W LN C

FIRE HYDRANT ASSEMBLY

STA. 2+81.66 W LN C 17.5' LT

2 - 12" GATE VALVES IE (12" SW) = 824.57 IE (6" NW) = 824.82 IE (12" SE) = 824.57

IE (6" SE) = 824.82 STA. 3+30.48 W LN C

1-12" 45° BEND IE (12" NW) = 825.11

FIRE HYDRANT ASSEMBLY IE (6" SW) = 825.48

STA. 1+68.00 W LN C 14.1' LT DOUBLE WATER SERVICE

IE (2" SW) = 825.77 STA. 1+61.00 W LN C 12.5' RT 1-6" 45° BEND

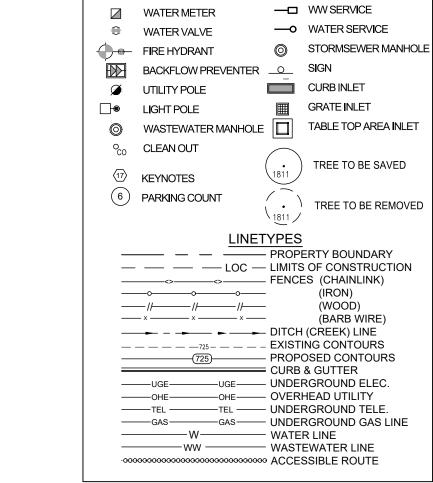
IE (6" NE) = 823.96 STA. 0+70.69 W LN C 99.7' RT

STA. 7+28.01 W LN C 11.5' LT

FIRE HYDRANT ASSEMBLY

IE (6" NW) = 822.19

1-6" 45° BEND IE (6" E) = 831.04



GENERAL LEGEND

<u>SYMBOLS</u>

- 1. WATER SERVICE TO BE PROVIDED BY THE CITY OF GEORGETOWN.
- 2. CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE WITH M.E.P. PLANS FOR ALL UTILITY STUB OUTS.
- 3. CONTRACTOR TO ENSURE FIRE HYDRANTS, METERS OR VALVES ARE NOT PLACES WITHIN SIDEWALKS.
- 4. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, ALL WATER LINES 4"-12" IN DIAMETER SHALL BE C900 PVC PIPE, WATER LINES LESS THAN 4" IN DIAMETER SHALL BE SDR-9 POLYETHYLENE TUBING.
- 5. THE CONTRACTOR IS TO CONTACT THE CITY OF GEORGETOWN PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF THE METER AND FOR THE METER SPECS.
- 6. ALL WASTEWATER LINES ARE TO BE CONSTRUCTED OF SDR 26 (160 PSI PRESSURE RATING).
- 7. CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE AND INSTALL NECESSARY IRRIGATION, ELECTRICAL AND TELECOMMUNICATION SLEEVES PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF PAVEMENT.
- 8. ALL BENDS, TEES, REDUCERS AND GATE VALVES SHALL BE RESTRAINED PER CITY OF GEORGETOWN STANDARDS.
- 9. MINIMUM CLEARANCE BETWEEN WATER AND SANITARY SEWER LINES SHALL COMPLY WITH TCEQ REQUIREMENTS.
- 10. REFER TO SITE PLAN FOR UTILITY EASEMENT(S) LOCATION(S).
- 11. CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE LIGHT POLE LOCATIONS AND SLEEVING FOR ELECTRICAL SERVICE WITH M.E.P.
- 12. CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE LOCATIONS, SIZE AND TYPE OF LIGHTING WITH M.E.P. AND BUILDING PLANS.
- 13. CONTRACTOR SHALL ADJUST ALL VISIBLE UTILITY FEATURES TO FINISHED GRADE AS NEEDED AT NO ADDITIONAL COST TO
- 14. ALL NON-CITY INFRASTRUCTURE INCLUDING GAS, ELECTRIC, CABLE AND TELECOMMUNICATION SHALL TRAVERSE UNDERNEATH CITY INFRASTRUCTURE. THIS INCLUDES, BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO WATER LINES, WASTEWATER AND STORM SEWER, WITH A MINIMUM OUTSIDE-TO-OUTSIDE CLEARANCE
- 15. REFER TO THE ONSITE WASTEWATER FACILITY DESIGN FOR WASTEWATER PIPES AND FIXTURES, AND ARCHITECTURAL PLANS FOR WASTEWATER STUB SIZE AND DEPTH.
- 16. CONTRACTOR TO NOTIFY DESIGN ENGINEER ASAP IF EXISTING 18" WATER MAIN IS FOUND TO BE LOWER THAN NOTED AS-BUILT DEPTH.

RESTRAINED JOINT TABLE - W LN C							
Pipe Station							
Material	Size	Fitting Start Er		End			
C900	12"	45* Bend	3+24.48	3+36.48			
C900	12"	PVC CARRIER	7+37.0	9+50.0			



Know what's **below.** Call before you dig.

CONTRACTOR NOTES:

EXISTING UNDERGROUND AND OVERHEAD UTILITIES IN VICINITY. CONTRACTOR TO CONTACT UTILITY COMPANIES PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. CONTRACTOR TO FIELD VERIFY EXISTING UTILITY LOCATIONS & DEPTHS PRIOR TO BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION.

CONTRACTOR SHALL CONSIDER PROPOSED UTILITY IMPROVEMENTS AND PROVIDE ADEQUATE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CLEARANCE DURING INSTALLATION OF ALL UTILITY INFRASTRUCTURE.

TANTS, LLC STREET, SU CK, TEXAS 7

NELSON W. OGREN

LINE

PERMIT No. SHEET No. **42** OF 56

815

-0+25 0+00

832.15

2+00

74

1+00

80 **85**

832.39 831.37

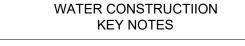
3+00

69 13 24 24 88

833. 831.

4+00

02



- STA. 4+81.29 W LN A 10.5' LT FIRE HYDRANT ASSEMBLY IE (6" SW) = 822.03
- STA. 5+08.79 W LN A 12"X12" TEE 2 - 12" GATE VALVES IE (12" NW) = 821.72 IE (12" NE) = 821.72
- STA. 1+47.66 W LN D 25.0' RT QUADRUPLE WATER SERVICE

IE (12" SE) = 821.72

STA. 1+51.66 W LN D 13.0' LT QUADRUPLE

WATER SERVICE

IE (2" NW) = 820.46

- IE (2" SE) = 820.41 STA. 1+67.11 W LN D 0.0' 6" x 12" REDUCER
- IE (12" SW) = 819.72 IE (6" NE) = 819.97 STA. 2+17.51 W LN D

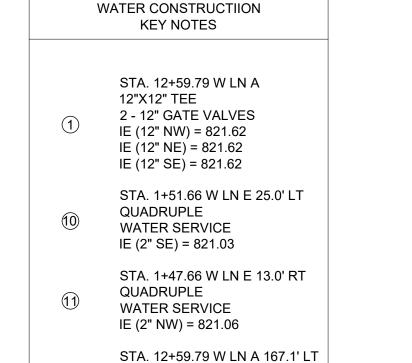
2 - 45° ELBOWS TO

IE (6" SE) = 819.41

FIRE HYDRANT ASSEMBLY

CONSTRUCTION DETAILS: STD. DRAWING NO. SHEET TRENCH AND EMBEDMENT DOUBLE WATER SERVICE PLAN W05 QUADRUPLE WATER SERVICE PLAN W06 TYPICAL VALVE SETTING W07 TYPICAL FIRE HYDRANT 45 TYPICAL THRUST BLOCKS 45 W11 INSTALLATION OF PVC PIPE W14 THROUGH CASTING TRENCH AND EMBEDMENT 45 W22 TYPICAL WATER SERVICE SINGLE WATER SERVICE 46 METER BOX 46 W23 REDUCER PRESSURE BACKFLOW 46

PRESSURE PLANE 975 - 1015							
	FF	Minimum		Maximum			
Building	Elevation	Delta	PSI	Delta	PSI		
1	829.20	145.80	63.13	185.80	80.45		
2	828.00	147.00	63.65	187.00	80.97		
3	828.00	147.00	63.65	187.00	80.97		
4	830.50	144.50	62.57	184.50	79.89		
5	836.00	139.00	60.19	179.00	77.51		
6	832.25	142.75	61.81	182.75	79.13		



6" x 12" REDUCER

IE (6" NE) = 820.71

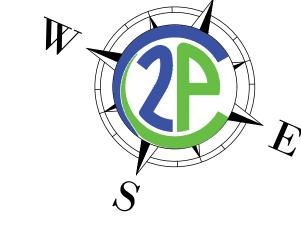
IE (12" SW) = 820.47

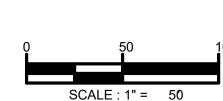
STA. 2+17.51 W LN E

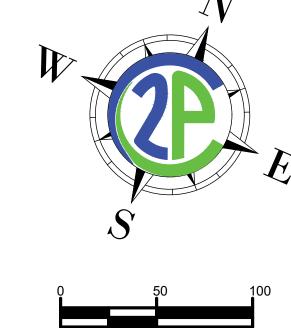
2 - 45° ELBOWS TO

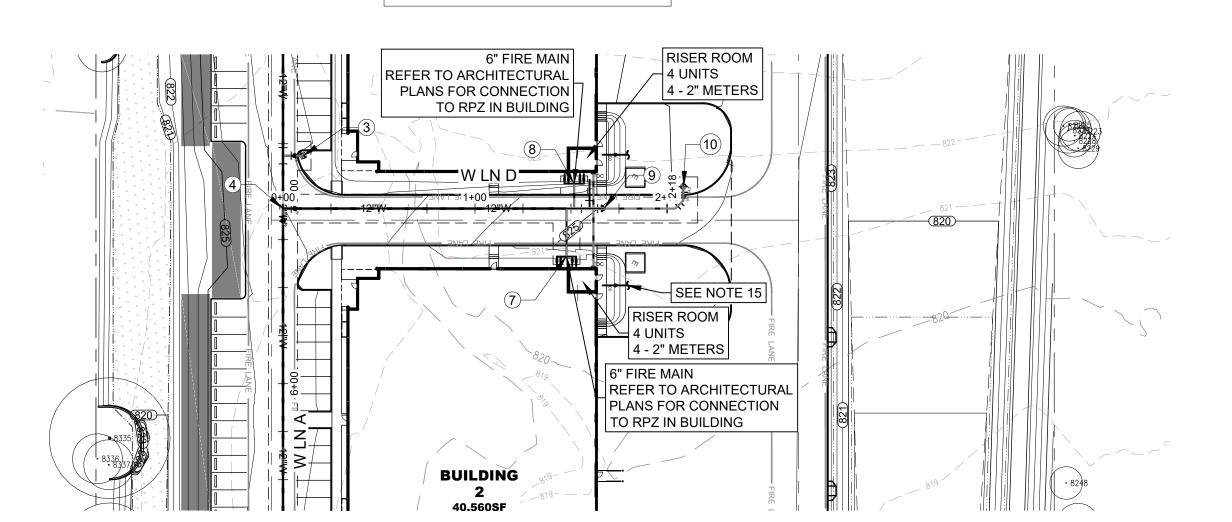
IE (6" NW) = 820.28

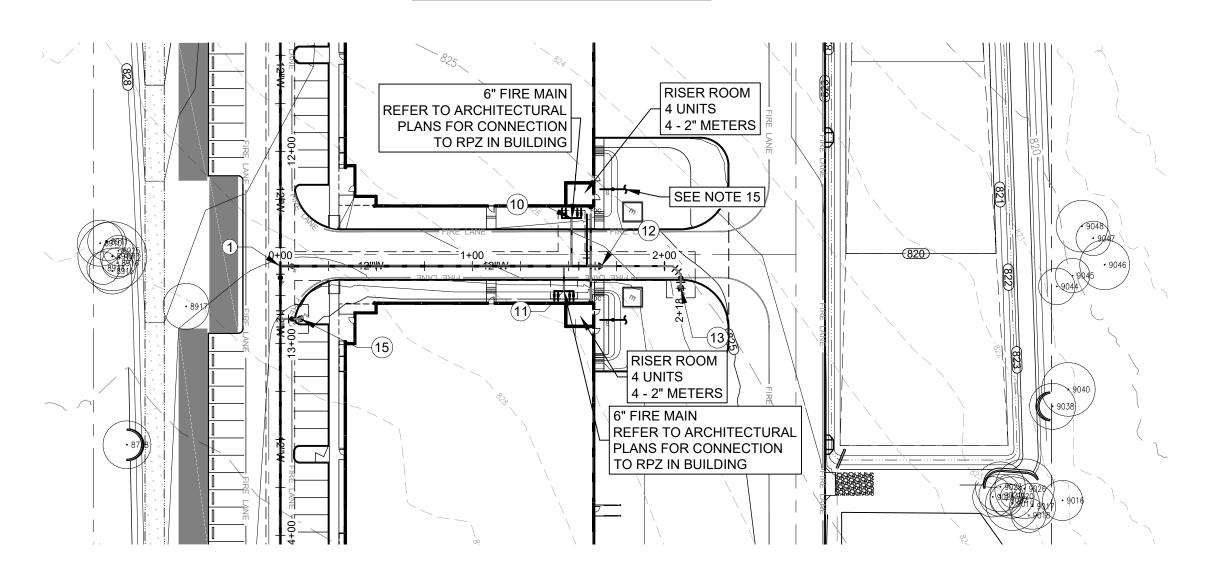
FIRE HYDRANT ASSEMBLY

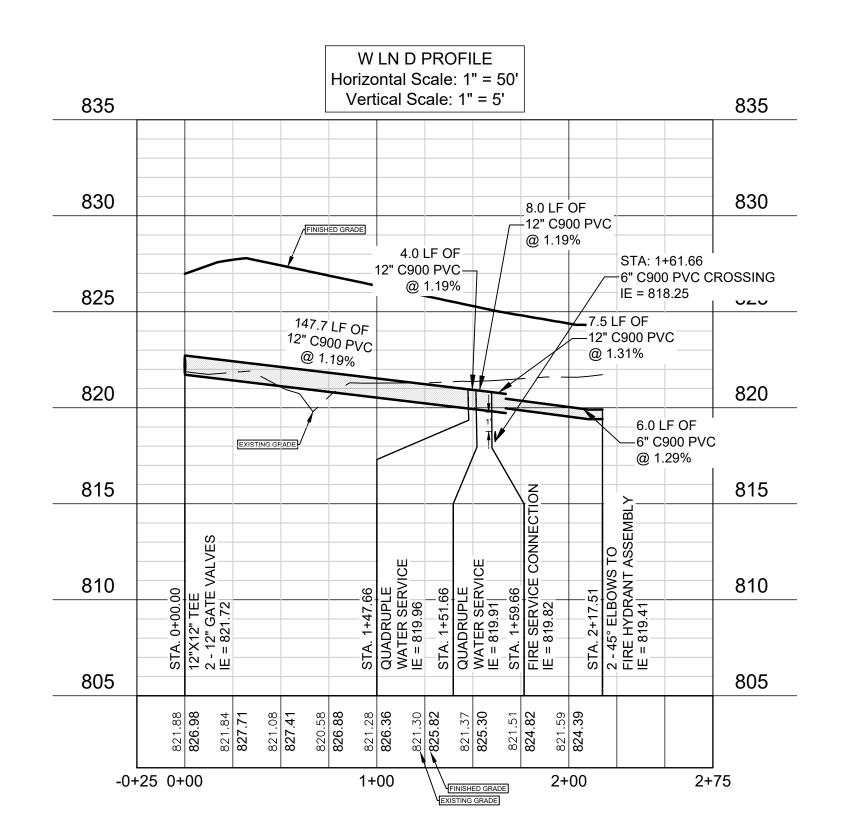


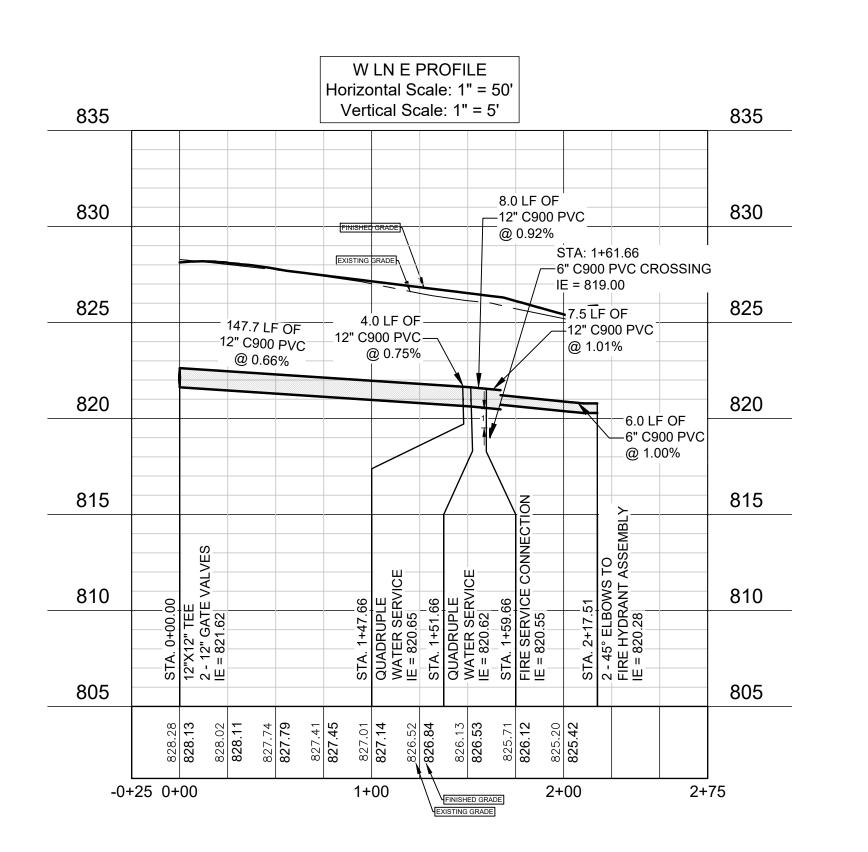


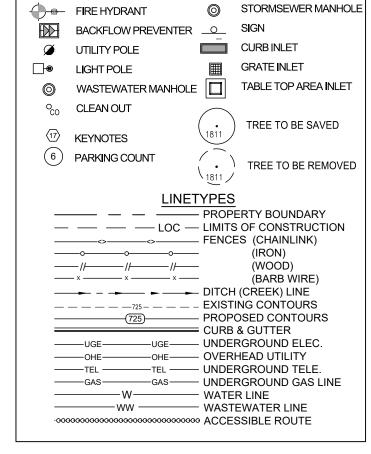












GENERAL LEGEND

☑ WATER METER

WATER VALVE

<u>SYMBOLS</u>

—□ WW SERVICE

—O WATER SERVICE

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- 15. REFER TO THE ONSITE WASTEWATER FACILITY DESIGN FOR WASTEWATER PIPES AND FIXTURES, AND THE ARCHITECTURAL PLANS FOR WASTEWATER STUB SIZE AND



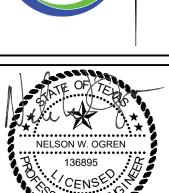
Know what's **below.** Call before you dig.

CONTRACTOR NOTES:

EXISTING UNDERGROUND AND OVERHEAD UTILITIES IN VICINITY. CONTRACTOR TO CONTACT UTILITY COMPANIES PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. CONTRACTOR TO FIELD VERIFY EXISTING UTILITY LOCATIONS & DEPTHS PRIOR TO BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION.

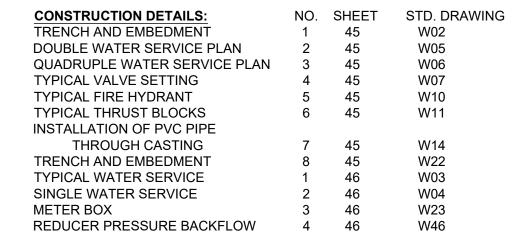
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2P CONSULTANTS, LLC 203 E. MAIN STREET, SUJ ROUND ROCK, TEXAS 78 512-344-9664 TBPE FIRM #F-19351

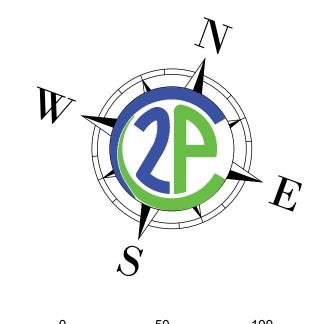


AND OFILE

PERMIT No. SHEET No.



PRESSURE PLANE 975 - 1015								
	FF	Minimum		Maximum				
Building	Elevation	Delta	PSI	Delta	PSI			
1	829.20	145.80	63.13	185.80	80.45			
2	828.00	147.00	63.65	187.00	80.97			
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4	830.50	144.50	62.57	184.50	79.89			
5	836.00	139.00	60.19	179.00	77.51			
6	832.25	142.75	61.81	182.75	79.13			



	GENERAL	LEG	END
	SY	MBOL	<u> </u>
	WATER METER		WW SERVICE
0	WATER VALVE	—	WATER SERVICE
0	FIRE HYDRANT	0	STORMSEWER MANHO
	BACKFLOW PREVENTER	_0_	SIGN
Ø	UTILITY POLE		CURB INLET
	LIGHT POLE		GRATE INLET
	WASTEWATER MANHOLE		TABLE TOP AREA INLET
°co	CLEAN OUT KEYNOTES	1811	TREE TO BE SAVED
6	PARKING COUNT	(1811)	TREE TO BE REMOVE
_		- LIMITS - FENCE	ERTY BOUNDARY OF CONSTRUCTION
.000	UGEUGEOHETELTELTELGASW	- UNDE - OVER - UNDE - UNDE - WATE - WAST	RGROUND ELEC. HEAD UTILITY RGROUND TELE. RGROUND GAS LINE R LINE EWATER LINE

2P CONSULTANTS, LLC 203 E. MAIN STREET, SUJ ROUND ROCK, TEXAS 78 512-344-9664 TBPE FIRM #F-19351

WATER CONSTRUCTION KEY NOTES

STA 1+06.40, W LN F = STA 1+00.00, W LN A 12"X12" TEE 2 - 12" GATE VALVES IE (12" W) = 822.78 IE (12" E) = 822.78

STA. 0+04.22 W LN F 1 - 4" 45° BEND IE (4" W) = 824.42 IE (4" SE) = 824.42

IE (12" SE) = 822.78

STA. 0+12.70 W LN F 1 - 4" 45° BEND IE (4" NW) = 824.31 IE (4" E) = 824.31

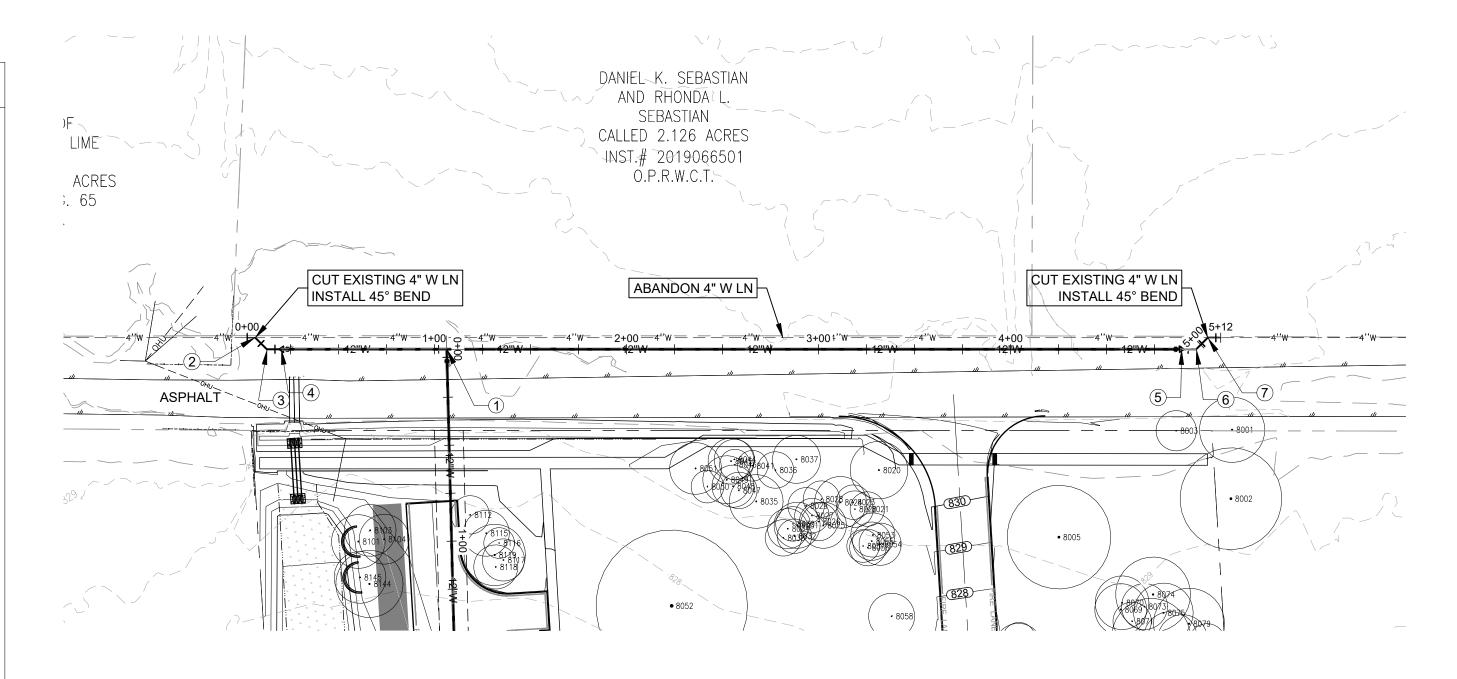
STA. -0+02.18 W LN A 86.2' RT 1 - 4" X 12" REDUCER IE (4" W) = 824.22

STA. 4+89.25 W LN F 1 - 4" X 12" REDUCER IE (12" W) = 825.09 IE (4" E) = 825.43

IE (12" E) = 823.88

STA. 4+96.70 W LN F 1 - 4" 45° BEND IE (4" W) = 825.47 IE (4" NE) = 825.47

STA. 5+05.19 W LN F 1 - 4" 45° BEND IE (4" SW) = 825.52 IE (4" E) = 825.52



W LN F PROFILE Horizontal Scale: 1" = 50' Vertical Scale: 1" = 5' 840 840 835 835 7.5 LF OF __8.5 LF OF 4" C900 PVC 4.2 LF OF __4" C900 PVC @ -0.61% 4" C900 PVC-@ 1.28% <u>@</u> 1.28% – 830 -8.5 LF OF 7.5 LF OF ___4" C900 PVC_ —4" C900 PVC 382.9 LF OF __@ -0.61% **@** 1.28% 12" C900 PVC 825 825 @ -0.61% 6.8 LF OF -4" C900 PVC ___@ -0.61% 820 820 810 810 -0+25 0+00 1+00 2+00 3+00 4+00 5+00 5+75 EXISTING GRADE

NOTE

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RESTRAINED JOINT TABLE - W LN F								
Pipe			Station					
Material	Size	Fitting	Start	End				
C900	12"	45* Bend	0+12.70	0+18.70				
C900	12"	45* Bend	4+90.70	4+96.70				



Know what's **below.**Call before you dig.

CONTRACTOR NOTES:

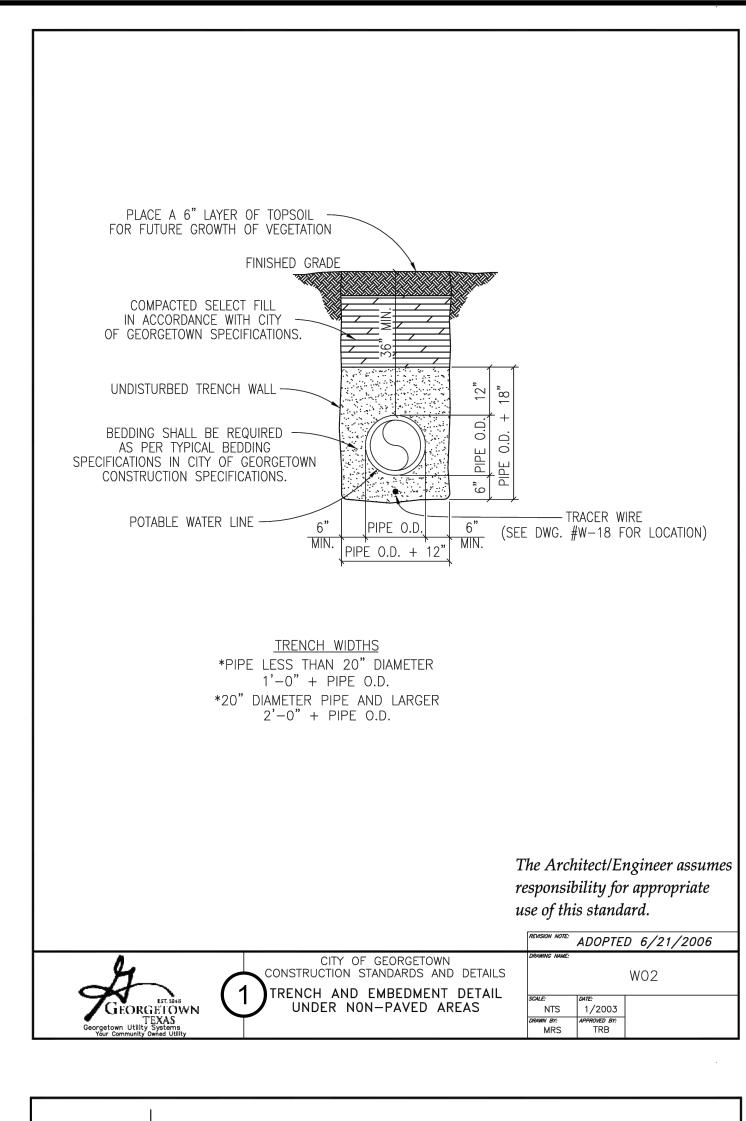
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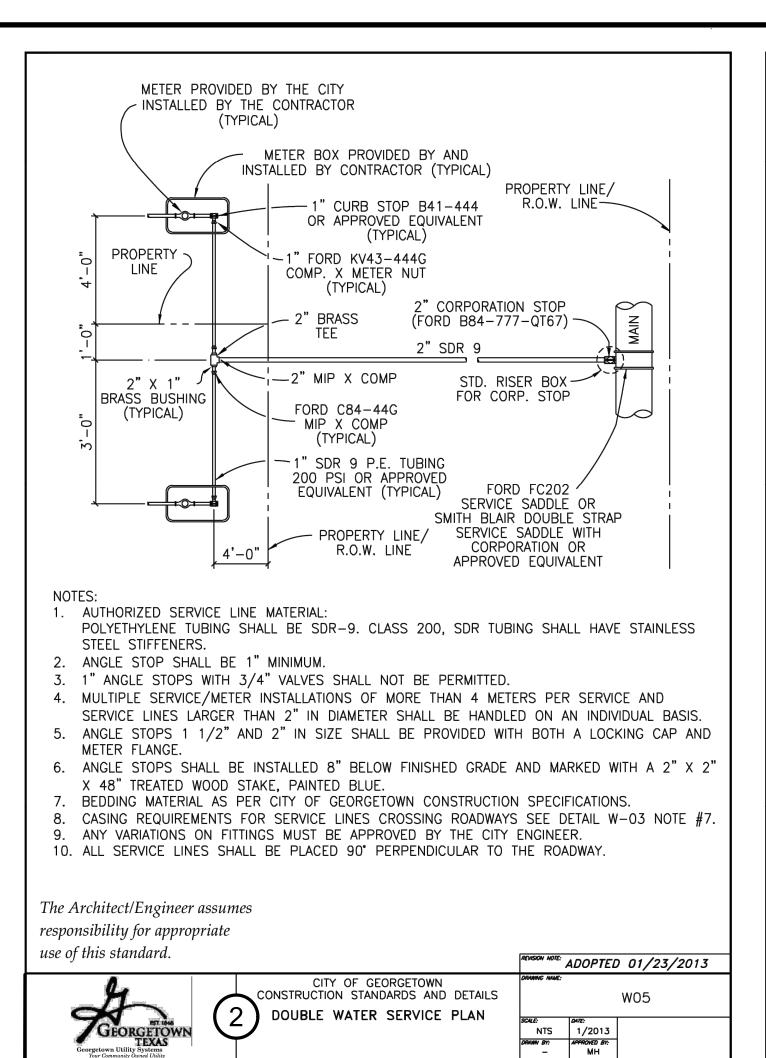
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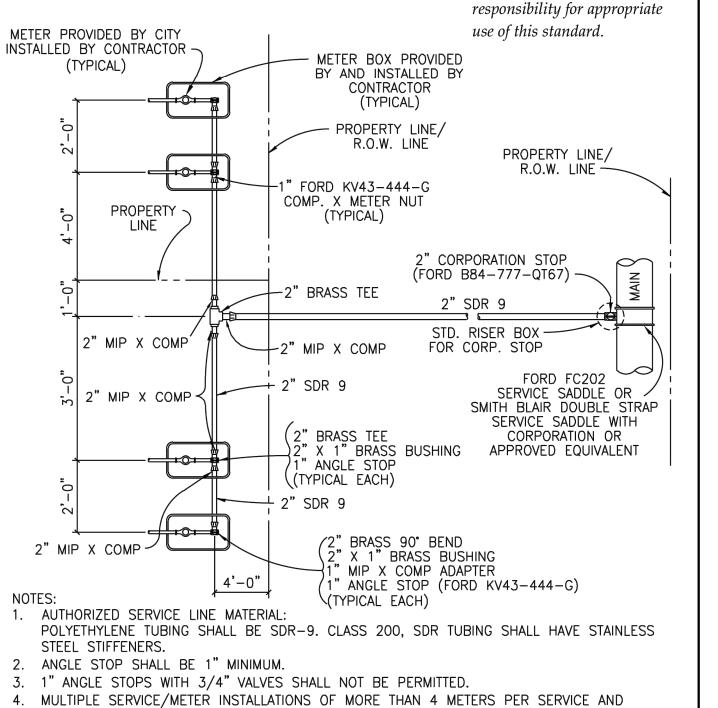
WATER LINE F PROFI

PERMIT No.

---SHEET No.







SERVICE LINES LARGER THAN 2" IN DIAMETER SHALL BE HANDLED ON AN INDIVIDUAL BASIS.

5. ANGLE STOPS 1 1/2" AND 2" IN SIZE SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH BOTH A LOCKING CAP AND

6. ANGLE STOPS SHALL BE INSTALLED 8" BELOW FINISHED GRADE AND MARKED WITH A 2" X 2"

8. CASING REQUIREMENTS FOR SERVICE LINES CROSSING ROADWAYS SEE DETAIL W-03 NOTE #7.

CITY OF GEORGETOWN

CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS AND DETAILS

3 QUADRUPLE WATER SERVICE PLAN

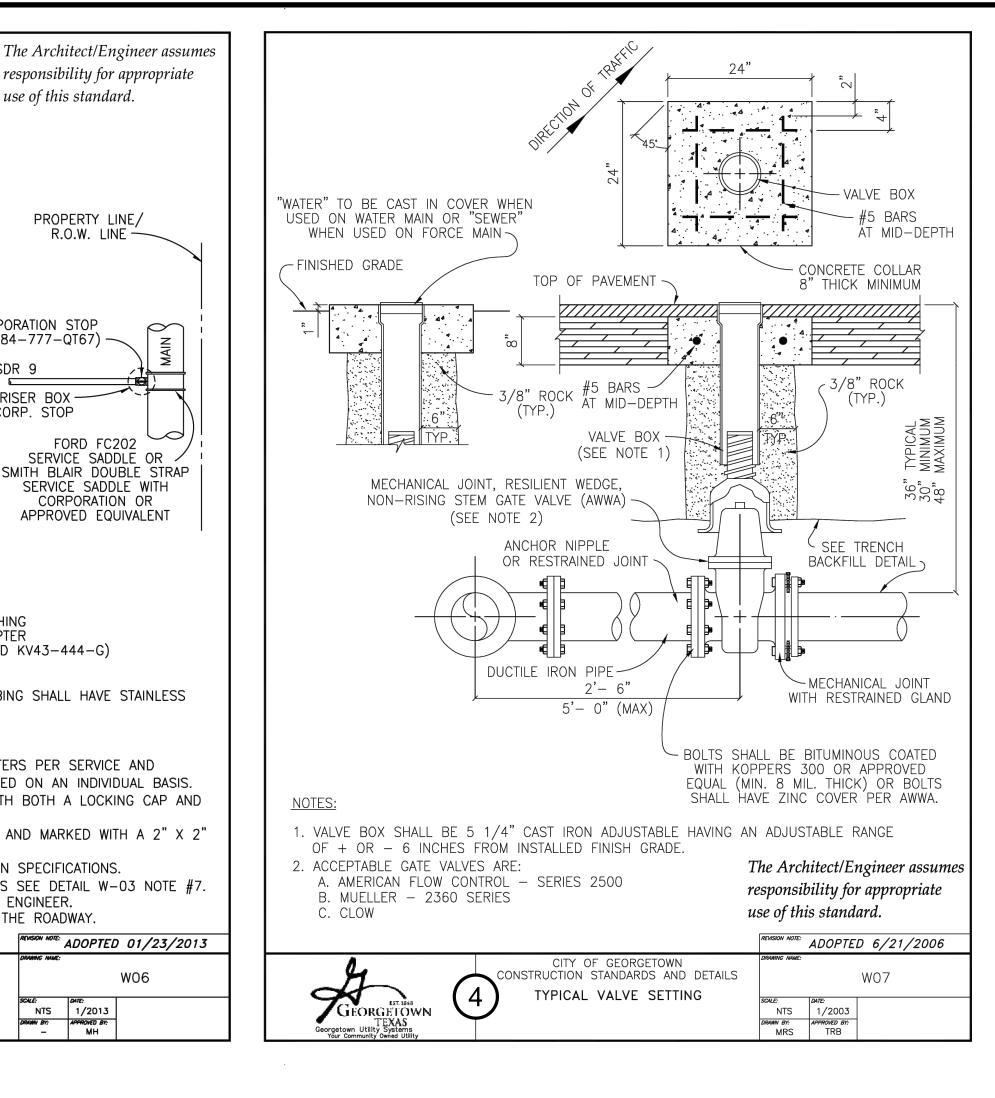
EVISION NOTE: ADOPTED 01/23/2013

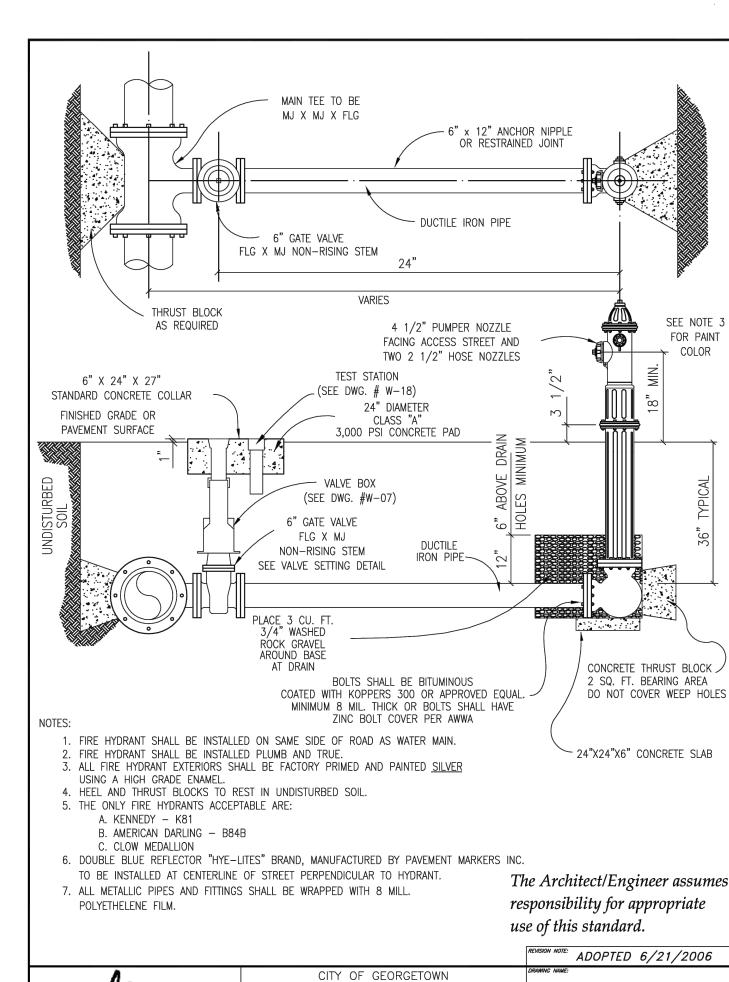
BEDDING MATERIAL AS PER CITY OF GEORGETOWN CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS.

9. ANY VARIATIONS ON FITTINGS MUST BE APPROVED BY THE CITY ENGINEER.

10. ALL SERVICE LINES SHALL BE PLACED 90° PERPENDICULAR TO THE ROADWAY.

X 48" TREATED WOOD STAKE, PAINTED BLUE.





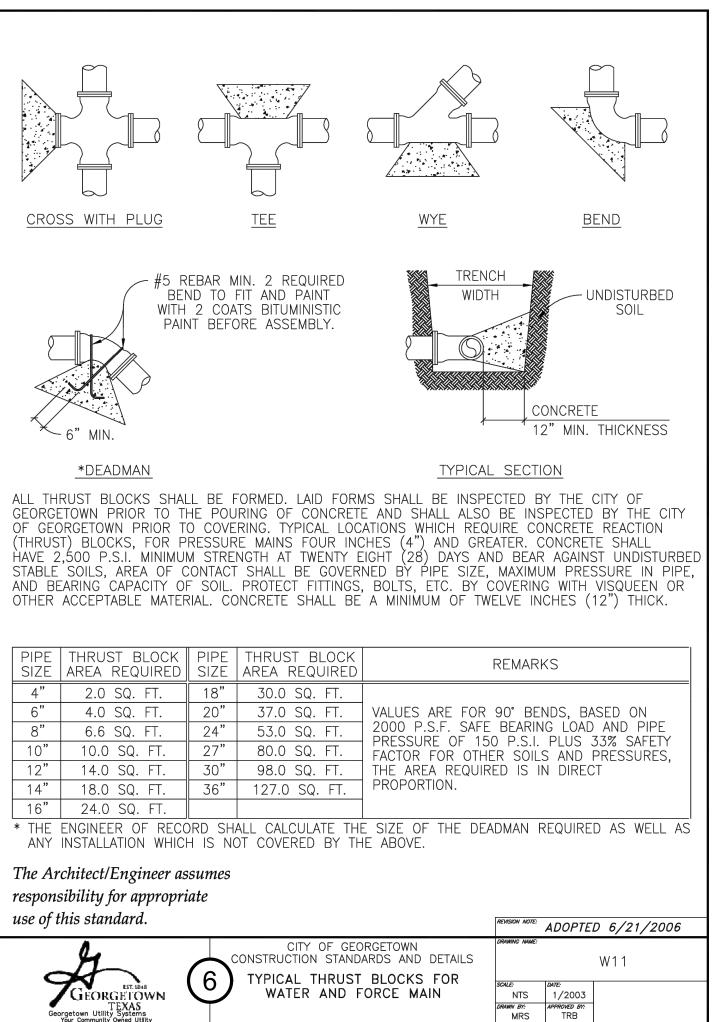
INSTRUCTION STANDARDS AND DETAILS

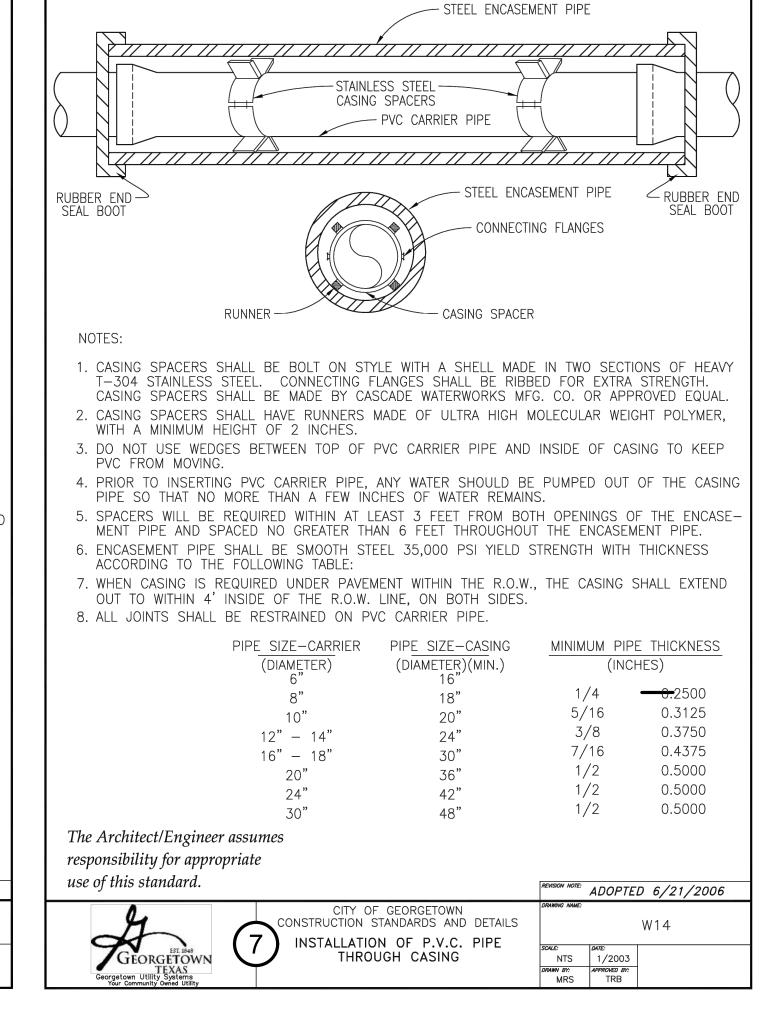
TYPICAL FIRE HYDRANT

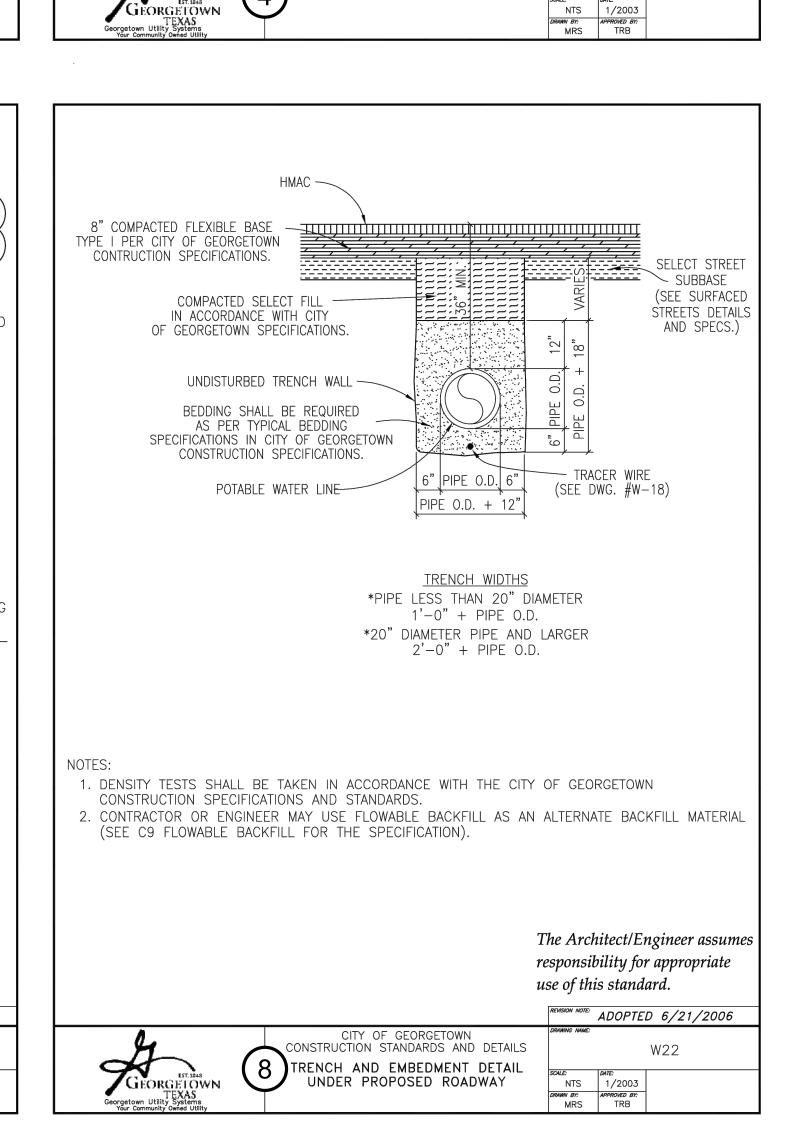
INSTALLATION

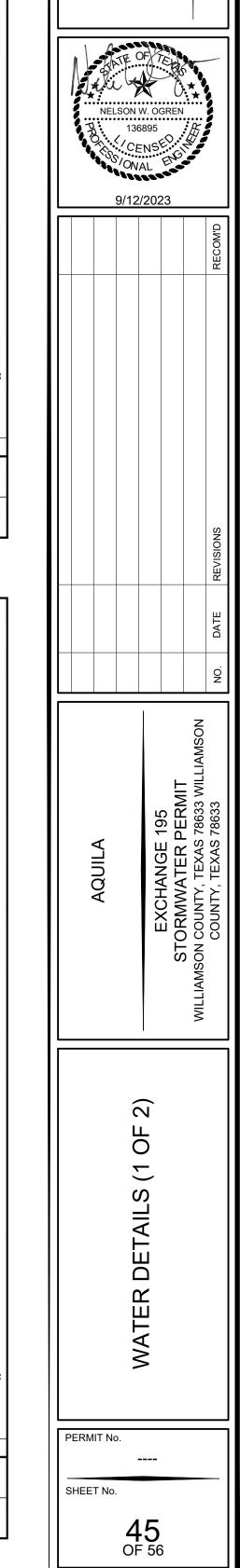
NTS 1/2003

| DRAWN BY: | APPROVED BY: | TRB





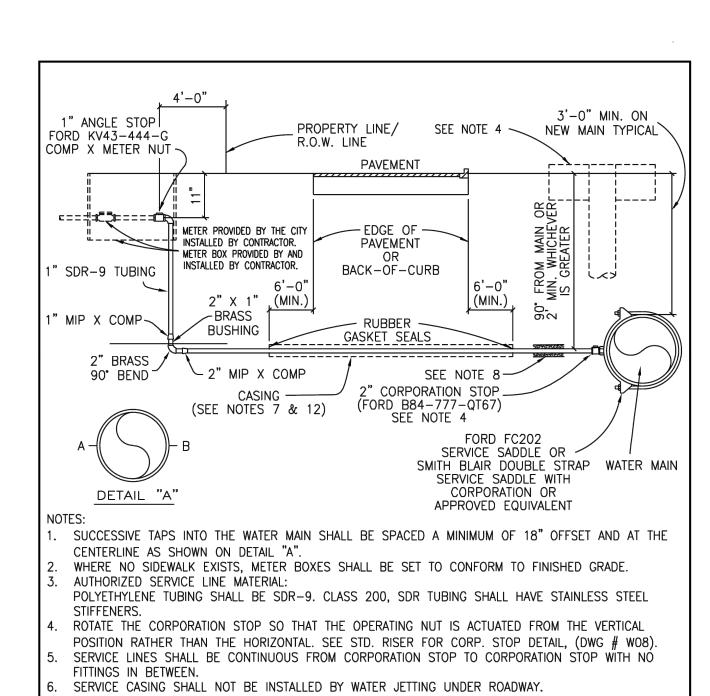




TANTS, LLC STREET, SU CK, TEXAS 7

2P CONSULT.
203 E. MAIN S
ROUND ROCI
512-344-9664
TBPE FIRM #I

GEORGETOWN



THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT OR BACK-OF-CURB.

The Architect/Engineer assumes

responsibility for appropriate

use of this standard.

BEDDING MATERIAL AS PER CITY OF GEORGETOWN CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS.

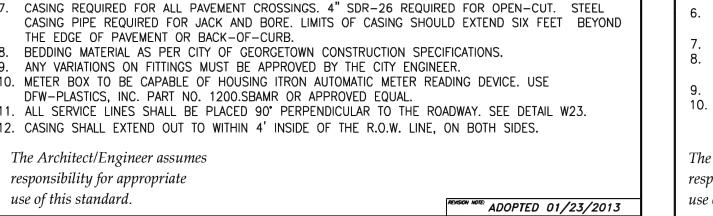
CITY OF GEORGETOWN

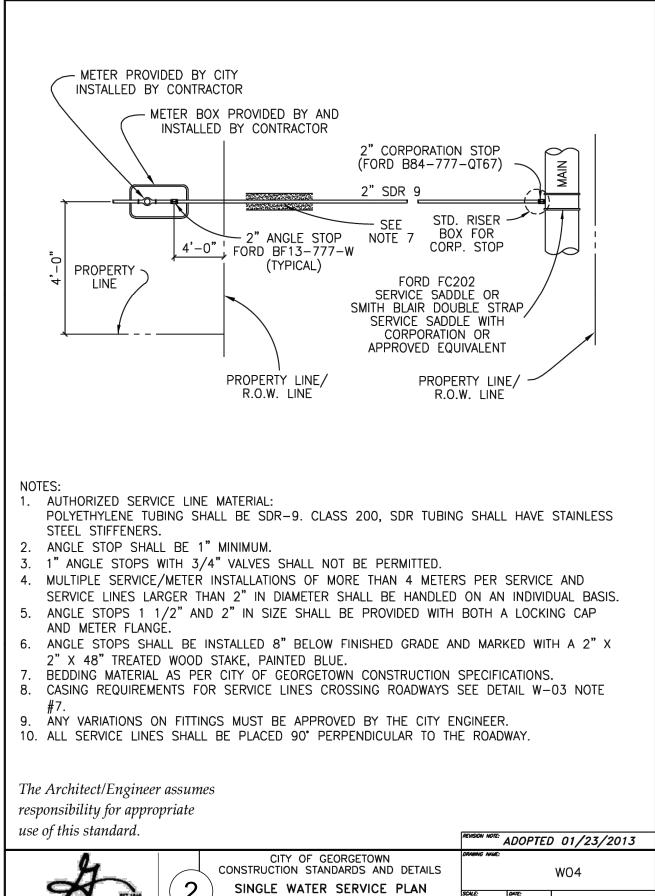
CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS AND DETAILS

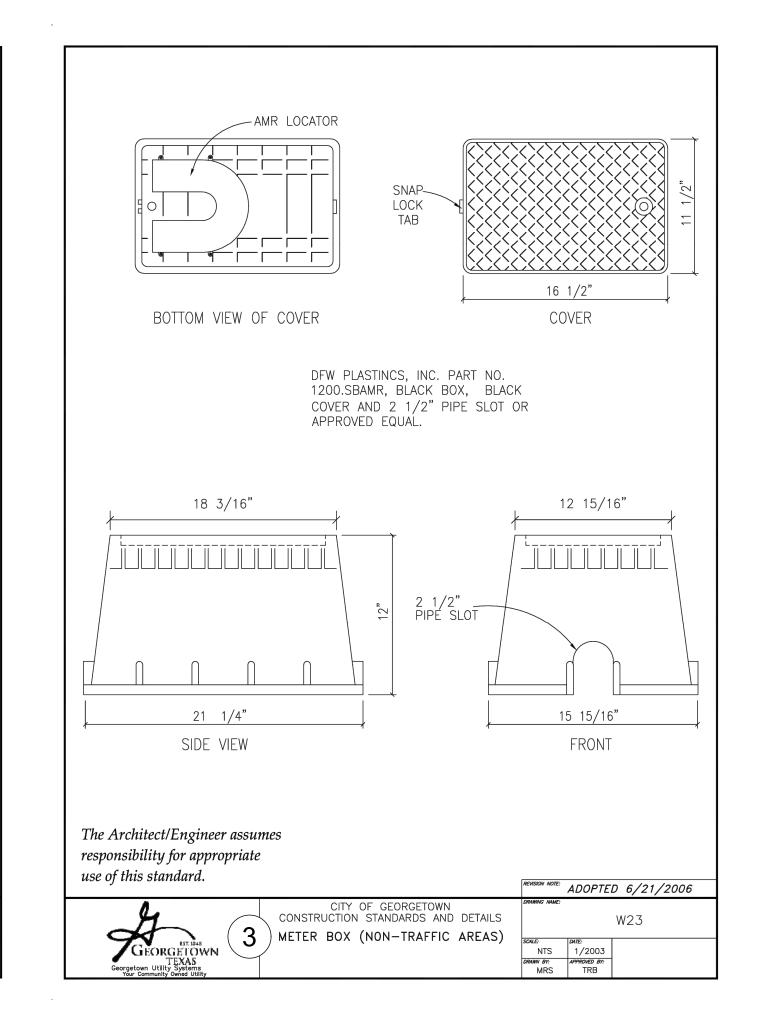
TYPICAL WATER SERVICE-ELEVATION

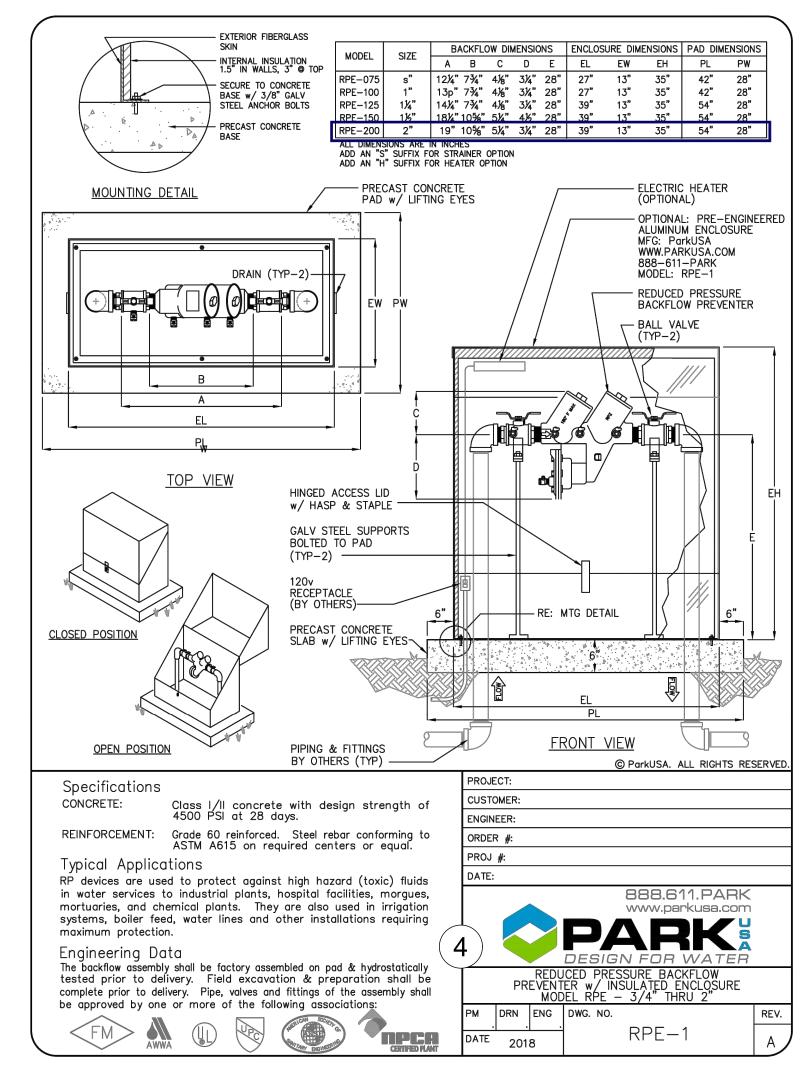
ANY VARIATIONS ON FITTINGS MUST BE APPROVED BY THE CITY ENGINEER.

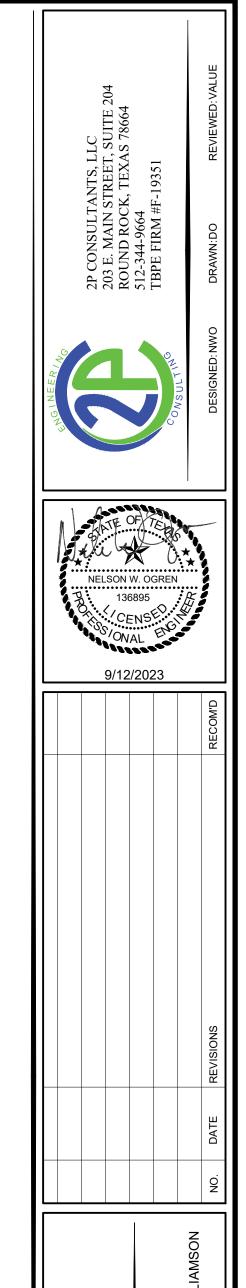
DFW-PLASTICS, INC. PART NO. 1200.SBAMR OR APPROVED EQUAL.











2)

SHEET No.

46 OF 56

Figure: 43 TAC §21.40 (a) (1)

