Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page

Our Review of Your Application

The Edwards Aquifer Program staff conducts an administrative and technical review of all applications. The turnaround time for administrative review can be up to 30 days as outlined in 30 TAC 213.4(e). Generally administrative completeness is determined during the intake meeting or within a few days of receipt. The turnaround time for technical review of an administratively complete Edwards Aquifer application is 90 days as outlined in 30 TAC 213.4(e). Please know that the review and approval time is directly impacted by the quality and completeness of the initial application that is received. In order to conduct a timely review, it is imperative that the information provided in an Edwards Aquifer application include final plans, be accurate, complete, and in compliance with 30 TAC 213.

Administrative Review

- Edwards Aquifer applications must be deemed administratively complete before a technical review can begin. To be considered administratively complete, the application must contain completed forms and attachments, provide the requested information, and meet all the site plan requirements. The submitted application and plan sheets should be final plans. Please submit one full-size set of plan sheets with the original application, and half-size sets with the additional copies.
 - To ensure that all applicable documents are included in the application, the program has developed tools to guide you and web pages to provide all forms, checklists, and guidance. Please visit the below website for assistance: http://www.tceq.texas.gov/field/eapp.
- 2. This Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page form (certified by the applicant or agent) must be included in the application and brought to the administrative review meeting.
- 3. Administrative reviews are scheduled with program staff who will conduct the review. Applicants or their authorized agent should call the appropriate regional office, according to the county in which the project is located, to schedule a review. The average meeting time is one hour.
- 4. In the meeting, the application is examined for administrative completeness. Deficiencies will be noted by staff and emailed or faxed to the applicant and authorized agent at the end of the meeting, or shortly after. Administrative deficiencies will cause the application to be deemed incomplete and returned.
 - An appointment should be made to resubmit the application. The application is re-examined to ensure all deficiencies are resolved. The application will only be deemed administratively complete when all administrative deficiencies are addressed.
- 5. If an application is received by mail, courier service, or otherwise submitted without a review meeting, the administrative review will be conducted within 30 days. The applicant and agent will be contacted with the results of the administrative review. If the application is found to be administratively incomplete, it can be retrieved from the regional office or returned by regular mail. If returned by mail, the regional office may require arrangements for return shipping.
- 6. If the geologic assessment was completed before October 1, 2004 and the site contains "possibly sensitive" features, the assessment must be updated in accordance with the *Instructions to Geologists* (TCEQ-0585 Instructions).

Technical Review

- When an application is deemed administratively complete, the technical review period begins. The regional
 office will distribute copies of the application to the identified affected city, county, and groundwater
 conservation district whose jurisdiction includes the subject site. These entities and the public have 30 days
 to provide comments on the application to the regional office. All comments received are reviewed by TCEQ.
- 2. A site assessment is usually conducted as part of the technical review, to evaluate the geologic assessment and observe existing site conditions. The site must be accessible to our staff. The site boundaries should be

- clearly marked, features identified in the geologic assessment should be flagged, roadways marked and the alignment of the Sewage Collection System and manholes should be staked at the time the application is submitted. If the site is not marked the application may be returned.
- 3. We evaluate the application for technical completeness and contact the applicant and agent via Notice of Deficiency (NOD) to request additional information and identify technical deficiencies. There are two deficiency response periods available to the applicant. There are 14 days to resolve deficiencies noted in the first NOD. If a second NOD is issued, there is an additional 14 days to resolve deficiencies. If the response to the second notice is not received, is incomplete or inadequate, or provides new information that is incomplete or inadequate, the application must be withdrawn or will be denied. Please note that because the technical review is underway, whether the application is withdrawn or denied **the application fee will be forfeited**.
- 4. The program has 90 calendar days to complete the technical review of the application. If the application is technically adequate, such that it complies with the Edwards Aquifer rules, and is protective of the Edwards Aquifer during and after construction, an approval letter will be issued. Construction or other regulated activity may not begin until an approval is issued.

Mid-Review Modifications

It is important to have final site plans prior to beginning the permitting process with TCEQ to avoid delays.

Occasionally, circumstances arise where you may have significant design and/or site plan changes after your Edwards Aquifer application has been deemed administratively complete by TCEQ. This is considered a "Mid-Review Modification". Mid-Review Modifications may require redistribution of an application that includes the proposed modifications for public comment.

If you are proposing a Mid-Review Modification, two options are available:

- If the technical review has begun your application can be denied/withdrawn, your fees will be forfeited, and the plan will have to be resubmitted.
- TCEQ can continue the technical review of the application as it was submitted, and a modification application can be submitted at a later time.

If the application is denied/withdrawn, the resubmitted application will be subject to the administrative and technical review processes and will be treated as a new application. The application will be redistributed to the affected jurisdictions.

Please contact the regional office if you have questions. If your project is located in Williamson, Travis, or Hays County, contact TCEQ's Austin Regional Office at 512-339-2929. If your project is in Comal, Bexar, Medina, Uvalde, or Kinney County, contact TCEQ's San Antonio Regional Office at 210-490-3096

Please fill out all required fields below and submit with your application.

1. Regulated Entity Name: CrossPoint - Frontage				2. Regulated Entity No.:					
3. Customer Name: JSACQ GEORGETOWN LP			4. Customer No.: CN606274660						
5. Project Type: (Please circle/check one)	New		Modification		Extension		Exception		
6. Plan Type: (Please circle/check one)	WPAP	CZP (SCS	UST	AST	EXP	EXT	Technical Clarification	Optional Enhanced Measures
7. Land Use: (Please circle/check one)	Resident	tial (Non-residential		tial		8. Sit	e (acres):	
9. Application Fee:	\$1,873.5	0	10. Permanent B			BMP(s	s):		
11. SCS (Linear Ft.):	3747	·	12. AST/UST (No. T			o. Tar	ıks):		
13. County:	Williams County	son	14. Watershed:						

Application Distribution

Instructions: Use the table below to determine the number of applications required. One original and one copy of the application, plus additional copies (as needed) for each affected incorporated city, county, and groundwater conservation district are required. Linear projects or large projects, which cross into multiple jurisdictions, can require additional copies. Refer to the "Texas Groundwater Conservation Districts within the EAPP Boundaries" map found at:

http://www.tceq.texas.gov/assets/public/compliance/field_ops/eapp/EAPP%2oGWCD%2omap.pdf

For more detailed boundaries, please contact the conservation district directly.

Austin Region				
County:	Hays	Travis	Williamson	
Original (1 req.)	_	_	_X_	
Region (1 req.)	_	_	_X_	
County(ies)	_	_	_x_	
Groundwater Conservation District(s)	Edwards Aquifer AuthorityBarton Springs/ Edwards AquiferHays TrinityPlum Creek	Barton Springs/ Edwards Aquifer	NA	
City(ies) Jurisdiction	AustinBudaDripping SpringsKyleMountain CitySan MarcosWimberleyWoodcreek	AustinBee CavePflugervilleRollingwoodRound RockSunset ValleyWest Lake Hills	AustinCedar ParkFlorence _x_GeorgetownJerrellLeanderLiberty HillPflugervilleRound Rock	

	Sa	an Antonio Region			
County:	Bexar	Comal	Kinney	Medina	Uvalde
Original (1 req.)	_	_	_	_	_
Region (1 req.)	_			_	_
County(ies)	_	_	_		_
Groundwater Conservation District(s)	Edwards Aquifer Authority Trinity-Glen Rose	Edwards Aquifer Authority	Kinney	EAA Medina	EAA Uvalde
City(ies) Jurisdiction	Castle HillsFair Oaks RanchHelotesHill Country VillageHollywood ParkSan Antonio (SAWS)Shavano Park	Bulverde Fair Oaks Ranch Garden Ridge New Braunfels Schertz	NA	San Antonio ETJ (SAWS)	NA

I certify that to the best of my knowledge, that application is hereby submitted to TCEQ for ac		
Hollis Scheffler, P.E.		
Print Name of Customer/Authorized Agent		
	8/15/2025	
Signature of Customer/Authorized Agent	Date	

FOR TCEQ INTERNAL USE ONLY		
Date(s)Reviewed:	Date Administratively Cor	mplete:
Received From:	Correct Number of Copies	:
Received By:	Distribution Date:	
EAPP File Number:	Complex:	
Admin. Review(s) (No.):	No. AR Rounds:	
Delinquent Fees (Y/N):	Review Time Spent:	
Lat./Long. Verified:	SOS Customer Verification	n:
Agent Authorization Complete/Notarized (Y/N):	Payable to TCE	Q (Y/N):
Core Data Form Complete (Y/N):	Check: Signed (Y/N):	
Core Data Form Incomplete Nos.:	Less than 90 da	ys old (Y/N):

General Information Form

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Hollis Scheffler, P.E.

For Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge and Transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.4(b) & §213.5(b)(2)(A), (B) Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

Date: 7/15/2025

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **General Information Form** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review. The application was prepared by:

Sig	ignature of Customer/Agent:	
(Aug.	
Pı	Project Information	
1.	. Regulated Entity Name: CrossPoint - Frontage	
2.	. County: Williamson	
3.	. Stream Basin: <u>Dry Berry Creek</u>	
4.	. Groundwater Conservation District (If applicable): N/A	
5.	. Edwards Aquifer Zone:	
	Recharge Zone Transition Zone	
6.	. Plan Type:	
	WPAP AST SCS UST Modification Exception Request	

7.	Customer (Applicant):	
	Contact Person: Miles Terry Entity: JSACQ GEORGETOWN LP Mailing Address: 4890 Alpha Road Ste. 100 City, State: Dallas, TX Telephone: (405) 570-8713 Email Address: mterry@jacksonshaw.com	Zip: <u>75244</u> FAX: <u>N/A</u>
8.	Agent/Representative (If any):	
	Contact Person: Hollis Scheffler, P.E. Entity: Westwood Professional Services Mailing Address: 8701 N. Mopac Expy Ste. 320 City, State: Austin, TX Telephone: (512) 485-0831 Email Address: hollis.scheffler@westwoodps.com	Zip: <u>78759</u> FAX:
9.	Project Location:	
	 ☐ The project site is located inside the city limits ☐ The project site is located outside the city limit jurisdiction) of ☐ The project site is not located within any city's 	s but inside the ETJ (extra-territorial
10.	The location of the project site is described beldetail and clarity so that the TCEQ's Regional suboundaries for a field investigation.	
	The project is located directly northeast of the existing CrossPoint Phase 1 site. The project Georgetown, TX 78633.	
11.	Attachment A – Road Map. A road map show project site is attached. The project location are the map.	_
12.	Attachment B - USGS / Edwards Recharge Zon USGS Quadrangle Map (Scale: 1" = 2000') of th The map(s) clearly show:	
	 Project site boundaries. USGS Quadrangle Name(s). Boundaries of the Recharge Zone (and Trand Drainage path from the project site to the left) 	
13.	The TCEQ must be able to inspect the project Sufficient survey staking is provided on the pro the boundaries and alignment of the regulated features noted in the Geologic Assessment.	ject to allow TCEQ regional staff to locate

	Survey staking will be completed by this date:
14. 🔀	Attachment C – Project Description . Attached at the end of this form is a detailed narrative description of the proposed project. The project description is consistent throughout the application and contains, at a minimum, the following details:
	 Area of the site ✓ Offsite areas ✓ Impervious cover ✓ Permanent BMP(s) ✓ Proposed site use ✓ Site history ✓ Previous development ✓ Area(s) to be demolished
15. Exis	sting project site conditions are noted below:
	Existing commercial site Existing industrial site Existing residential site Existing paved and/or unpaved roads Undeveloped (Cleared) Undeveloped (Undisturbed/Uncleared) Other:
Proh	nibited Activities
16. 🔀	I am aware that the following activities are prohibited on the Recharge Zone and are not proposed for this project:
	(1) Waste disposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 of this title (relating to Underground Injection Control);
	(2) New feedlot/concentrated animal feeding operations, as defined in 30 TAC $\S 213.3$;
	(3) Land disposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC §335.1;
	(4) The use of sewage holding tanks as parts of organized collection systems; and
	(5) New municipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I standards which are defined in §330.41(b), (c), and (d) of this title (relating to Types of Municipal Solid Waste Facilities).
	(6) New municipal and industrial wastewater discharges into or adjacent to water in the state that would create additional pollutant loading.
17.	I am aware that the following activities are prohibited on the Transition Zone and are not proposed for this project:
	(1) Waste disposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 (relating to Underground Injection Control);

- (2) Land disposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC §335.1; and
- (3) New municipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I standards which are defined in §330.41 (b), (c), and (d) of this title.

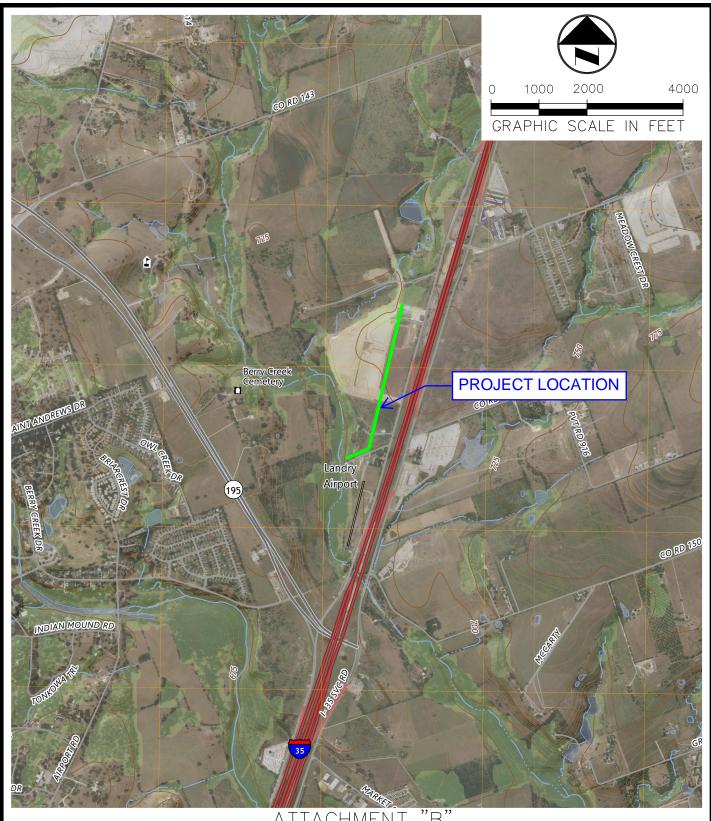
Administrative Information

18. The	e fee for the plan(s) is based on:
	For a Water Pollution Abatement Plan or Modification, the total acreage of the site where regulated activities will occur. For an Organized Sewage Collection System Plan or Modification, the total linear footage of all collection system lines. For a UST Facility Plan or Modification or an AST Facility Plan or Modification, the total number of tanks or piping systems. A request for an exception to any substantive portion of the regulations related to the protection of water quality. A request for an extension to a previously approved plan.
19. 🔀	Application fees are due and payable at the time the application is filed. If the correct fee is not submitted, the TCEQ is not required to consider the application until the correct fee is submitted. Both the fee and the Edwards Aquifer Fee Form have been sent to the Commission's:
	 ☐ TCEQ cashier ☐ Austin Regional Office (for projects in Hays, Travis, and Williamson Counties) ☐ San Antonio Regional Office (for projects in Bexar, Comal, Kinney, Medina, and Uvalde Counties)
20. 🔀	Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
21. 🔀	No person shall commence any regulated activity until the Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan(s) for the activity has been filed with and approved by the Executive Director.

Attachment A – Road Map



Attachment B – USGS / Edwards Recharge Zone Map



USGS/EDWARDS RECH MAP

7.5-MINUTE TOPO

Phone (512) 485-0831 (888) 937-5150 Toll Free 8701 N. Mopac Expy, Suite 320

Austin, TX 78759 westwoodps.com

TBPE FIRM REGISTRATION NO. F-11756
TBPLS FIRM REGISTRATION NO. LS-10074301

DRAWN BY HAS

CHECKED BY HAS

Westwood Professional Services, Inc.

SCALE 1"=2000'

DA TE 7/24/2025

JOB NUMBER R0040131.09

Attachment C - Project Description

The proposed project will consist of off-site sanitary sewer improvements, including manholes, cleanouts, mains, and building services to serve a partially developed site. The proposed site consists of 36.8 acres located at 4805 IH 35 North in Georgetown, Williamson County, Texas and is within City of Georgetown limits. The proposed sanitary sewer improvements will consist of 2.62 acres. There is an existing development on the site, CrossPoint Phase 1, which consists of 3 buildings totaling 488,758 square feet as well as paved roads and parking lots. There is an undeveloped grass meadow to the east of the site and an undeveloped meadow with trees and brushy vegetation to the north and west. A partially developed tract with a single-family home and brushy vegetation is located south of the site.

Relative to a true north orientation, the proposed sanitary sewer system will connect to an existing sanitary sewer system on the south side of the adjacent tract below the site and will run northwest approximately 700 feet toward IH 35. The sewer line will then run northbound for approximately 3146 feet directly east of the site and parallel to IH 35.

The proposed sewer system consists of:

3747 LF of 12" PVC SDR-35 ASTM D3034 sewer line



Geologic Assessment

GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT

For

JACKSON SHAW AN APPROXIMATE 215 ACRE TRACT IH 35 North of Texas Hwy 195 GEORGETOWN, WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS

Prepared for

Jackson Shaw 4890 Alpha Road, Suite 100 Dallas, Texas 75244

Prepared by

Professional Service Industries, Inc. 2600 McHale Court, Suite 125 Austin, Texas 78758 Telephone (512) 491-0200

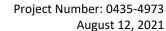
PSI PROJECT NO.: 0435-4973

August 17, 2021











Professional Service Industries, Inc.

2600 McHale Court, Austin, TX 78758

Phone: (512) 491-0200 Fax: (512) 491-0221

Jackson Shaw 4890 Alpha Road, Suite 100 Dallas, TX 75244 Attention: Zac McGuire

Re: Geologic Assessment, Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone

215 Acre Ranch, IH 35 North of State Hwy 195. South of FM 972, southbound side

Georgetown, Williamson County, Texas

PSI Project No.: 0435-4973

Dear Mr. McGuire:

Professional Service Industries, Inc. (PSI) has completed a geologic recharge assessment for the above referenced project in compliance with the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) requirements for regulated developments located on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone (EARZ). The purpose of this report is to describe surficial geologic units and identify the locations and extent of significant recharge features present in the development area.

AUTHORIZATION

Authorization to perform this assessment was given on by a signed copy of PSI Proposal PSI Proposal No. 0435-348168, dated July 7, 2021.

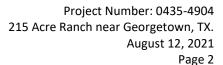
PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The subject site consists of an irregular shaped tract of land that is approximately 215 acres in size. The subject site is developed as a livestock ranch, just north of Georgetown, Texas. The site includes a ranch house and associated buildings, 2 ponds, and 2 water wells.

The online Edwards Aquifer Map provided by the TCEQ was reviewed for this assessment. According to the contour lines on the maps, the elevation of the property is approximately 740 feet above mean sea level (MSL) in the eastern and northeastern parts of the site. Drainage appears to be to the predominantly west in an unnamed creek that flows across the site. This creek flows WSW and approximately parallel and mostly south of, the east/west entry road at the north gate. This creek is depicted on Figure 2B, the topographic map. Another drainage feature, apparently beginning at the southbound service road, south of the north entry gate flows west onto the subject property and joins the unnamed creek near the entry road about halfway to the ranch house. Parts of the site not near the unnamed creek slope southwest. Southwest and western parts of the site have an elevation of about 710 feet. Also 2 water wells were found onsite.

REGIONAL GEOLOGY







Physiography

From west to east, the two physiographic provinces in Travis and Williamson County are: the Edwards Plateau and the Blackland Prairie. The Edwards Plateau terrain is rugged and hilly, with elevations ranging from 800 feet to 1,400 feet above sea level. This area is underlain by beds of limestone that dip gently to the southeast. Southeast of the Edwards Plateau is the Balcones Fault Zone, which is also the northernmost limit of the Blackland Prairie. The Balcones Fault Zone extends north-south across Williamson County and Travis County and is composed of fault blocks of limestone, chalk, shale and marl. The undulating, hilly topography of the Blackland Prairie ranges in elevation from about 400 feet to 800 feet above sea level. The faults are predominantly normal, down thrown-to-the Gulf Coast, with near vertical throws.

Geology

The subject property lies primarily on the geologic formation Qt, which is a Quaternary fluviatile terrace deposit. See Figure 1, which is based on the online State of Texas Bureau of Economic Geology (Texas Geologic Atlas, published 1974). See also Figure 2, which is based on the online US Geological Survey map for the vicinity. A small amount of the Edwards Limestone (Ked) is present near the north gate entry (the point onsite farthest north on the IH35 frontage Road) for approximately 0.1 miles after you enter the property. A small amount of Qal (Quaternary Alluvium) appears on the western fringe of the site, apparently associated with south flowing Dry Berry Creek. Further south of the site, at approximately 2.5 miles, Dry Berry Creek empties into southeast flowing Berry Creek. Further upstream, both of these creeks flow across the Georgetown Limestone (Kgt), and Ked, recharging the aquifer.

Near the site's NE boundary is the stratigraphic contact between the Qt and the Ked. Also nearby, there is a normal fault, downthrown to the SE, with a strike of about N 20 degrees east. This is depicted on the Atlas (Figure 1) and reproduced on the Site Geologic Map (Figure 2). The Buda (Kbu), Eagle Ford (Kef), and Austin Chalk (Kau) are to the east and southeast of the fault. However, it is noted that Kau, Kef, Kbu, and the Del Rio (Kdr) are on both sides of the fault as depicted on the Atlas. This implies that there is only limited vertical throw on the fault, and hence it would seem to be of limited significance. Also, it is one of the last faults as you go southeast (downgradient regionally).

Also, near the northeast of the site, and just offsite, there is a large pond that appears to straddle the above referenced fault. However, this pond is manmade, has an earthen dam on the south side of this pond, with tire tracks is evident on aerial software. Thus, this large pond does not appear to be spring fed via fault related hydrology. Rather, the pond appears to be fed by surface flow from topographically higher areas to the northeast (Kau). Surface flow to the pond is depicted on Topographic Map Figure 2C. The spill over from that large pond continues onto the subject site and becomes the small creek that crosses the entry road from the north gate of the subject site.

The small west-southwest flowing creek originates as surface flow on the Kau to the northeast. The flow path is depicted on Figure 2C. Because this creek does not originate from springs in the Edwards or Georgetown, endangered salamander habitat is not evident. Also, the creek is seasonal, and hence unable to sustain the local endangered salamander species.

In summary for the hydrology, there are no springs onsite. There is a stream onsite that is seasonal but does not flow in the summer or extended dry periods. The stream originates offsite to the northeast on the Austin chalk, and feeds a large pond just offsite to the northeast. In wetter months of the year, the overflow from that pond



feeds the stream onsite. This stream is intermittent and is not spring-fed. Hence it is not suitable for salamanders or any other species that require constant water flow.

PSI found no obvious evidence of faulting on the subject site. But the Qt surface cover onsite may mask such evidence regarding the above referenced fault, if any such evidence actually exists in the shallow subsurface.

Stratigraphy and Structure

According to the USGS online map cited above, the site is mapped as the Qt Quaternary Fluviatile Deposits. The USGS for the above referenced map describes this formation as "in north, central, and south Texas including Quaternary for all of west Texas- gravel commonly exposed to the surface, in northwest part of Austin Sheet (Atlas, 1974) composed of an upper silty clay unit good for crop production and a lower coarse unit that yields some water (possibly correlates with the Onion Creek Marl)."

The Edwards Limestone is described as "fine to coarse grained, with abundant chert, medium gray to grayish brown; Fossils in the formation are rudistids as reefs and individuals, miliolid (microfossils), and shell fragments; solution zones and collapse breccia common; thickness 300-500 feet".

According to the TCEQ's online Edwards Aquifer Map (Figure 3), the subject site is located on the Edwards recharge zone. The Edwards Aquifer maps are based on official printed maps, containing regulatory boundaries. They are also based on previous geologic studies and interpretations of the Edwards Aquifer zones, including recharge, transition, contributing, artesian and saline zones, as defined in 30 TAC 213.

PSI located features onsite. Both were water wells but neither was found in the online GIS software maintained by the Texas Water Development Board (TWDB). According to the TWDB website, most wells in the area are 200 – 250 feet deep and completed in the Edwards and associated limestones.

STRATIGRAPHIC COLUMN

Approximate 215 Acre Tract North of Georgetown, Texas (See Maps) Georgetown, Williamson County, Texas PSI Project No.: 0435-4973

FORMATION	THICKNESS	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
Quaternary Terrace Deposit Qt	Variable	Quaternary Terrace Deposits. The USGS for the above referenced map describes this formation as "in north, central, and south Texas including Quaternary for all of west Texas- gravel commonly exposed to the surface, in northwest part of Austin Sheet (1974) composed of an upper silty clay unit good for crop production and a lower coarse unit that yields some water (possibly correlates with the Onion Creek Marl)."
Del Rio Clay Kdr	40-70′	Calcareous and gypsiferous, with pyrite common, with a blocky structure that weathers to light gray or yellowish gray. The characteristic marine



		mega fossil, Ilmatogyra arietina (formerly exogyra arietina) is widespread throughout the formation.
Georgetown Formation Kgt	30-80′	Light tan limestone identified by proximity to Del Rio clay and diagnostic marker fossil: waconella wacoensis brachiopod; low porosity and permeability development.
Edwards Limestone Ked	60-350′	Limestones and dolomites, extensive porosity development in "honeycomb sections, interbedded with massive recrystallized limestones with more limited permeabilities
Glen Rose Limestone (upper) Kgr(u)	220	Yellowish-tan thinly bedded limestone and marl. Alternating beds of varying hardness erodes to "stair step" topography. Marine fossils common.

SOILS NARRATIVE

According to the website https://websoilsurvey.sc.egov.usda.gov/App/HomePage.htm soils beneath the subject property are about 50% Denton silty clay (DnB) -1 to 3 percent slopes, about 10% are Heiden extremely stony clay (HesE)- 3 to 12 percent slopes, and 10% are Sunev silty clay loam(SvA)-0 to 1 percent slopes. Seven other soil types make up the remaining 30% of the soils onsite. The reader is referred to the soils section of this report where detailed information for all 10 soil types present onsite is available.

According to the Soil web survey, Denton silty clay (DnB)-1 to 3 percent slopes soil profile consists of the

following: Typical profile
A - 0 to 14 inches: silty clay
Bw - 14 to 25 inches: silty clay
Bk - 25 to 33 inches: silty clay

Ck - 33 to 36 inches: gravelly silty clay

R - 36 to 80 inches: bedrock

DnB parent material is Silty and clayey slope alluvium over residuum weathered from limestone. It is classified as having high runoff and being well drained. Finally, this soil is non-hydric and in Hydrologic Soil Group D.

According to the Soil web survey, Heiden extremely stony clay (HesE)-3 to 12 percent slopes consists of the

following: Typical profile H1 - 0 to 8 inches: very stony clay

H2 - 8 to 60 inches: clay

HesE parent material is Clayey residuum weathered from clayey shale of Eagleford shale or Taylor marl. These soils are well drained with high runoff. The water table is expected at more than 80 inches. It belongs to Group D in the hydrologic soil groups and is non-hydric.

According to the Soil web survey, Sunev silty clay loam (SvA)-0 to 1 percent slopes consists of the following: Typical profile

A - 0 to 12 inches: silty clay loam Bk - 12 to 42 inches: clay loam



BCk - 42 to 80 inches: clay loam

SvA parent material is Loamy alluvium derived from limestone. These soils are well drained with high runoff. The water table is expected at more than 80 inches. It belongs to Group B in the hydrologic soil groups and is non-hydric.

SITE INVESTIGATION

The site investigation was performed by systematically traversing the subject tract, and mapping fractured or vuggy rock outcrops, closed depressions, sinkholes, caves, or indications of fault/fracture zones. The purpose of the site investigation was to delineate features with recharge potential that may warrant special protection or consideration. The results of the site investigation are included in the attached TCEQ report format.

The subject site consists of an irregular shaped tract of land that is approximately 215 acres in size. The subject site is developed as a livestock ranch, just north of Georgetown, Texas. The site includes a ranch house and associated buildings, 2 ponds, and 2 water wells. PSI located no natural features onsite, and no obvious evidence of faulting. The water wells found onsite are documented on the site geologic map (Figure 2, WW1 and WW2) and in the Geologic Assessment Table. Neither well was found in the online GIS software maintained by the Texas Water Development Board (TWDB). According to the TWDB website, most wells in the area are 200 – 250 feet deep and completed in the "Edwards and associated limestones".

SUMMARY

No natural features and no faults were noted on the subject site. Two water wells were located onsite as described above.

It is possible that clearing/construction activities will reveal the presence of features currently hidden by thick vegetation, pavement, or soil cover. If caves, sinkholes, or solution cavities are encountered during future clearing/construction activities, please contact our office for additional assistance.

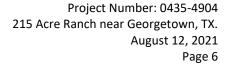
We appreciate this opportunity to be of service to you. If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact our office.

Respectfully Submitted,
PROFESSIONAL SERVICE INDUSTRIES, INC.

Dave Hill, P.E., P.G.

Environmental Services

wil It





WARRANTY

The field observations and research reported herein are considered sufficient in detail and scope to form a reasonable basis for a general geological recharge assessment of this site. PSI warrants that the findings and conclusions contained herein have been promulgated in accordance with generally accepted geologic methods, only for the site described in this report. These methods have been developed to provide the client with information regarding apparent indications of existing or potential conditions relating to the subject site and are necessarily limited to the conditions observed at the time of the site visit and research. This report is also limited to the information available at the time it was prepared. In the event additional information is provided to PSI following the report, it will be forwarded to the client in the form received for evaluation by the client. There is a possibility that conditions may exist which could not be identified within the scope of the assessment or which were not apparent during the site visit. PSI believes that the information obtained from others during the review of public information is reliable; however, PSI cannot warrant or guarantee that the information provided by others is complete or accurate.

This report has been prepared for the exclusive use of the client for the site discussed herein. Reproductions of this report cannot be made without the expressed approval the client. The general terms and conditions under which this assessment was prepared apply solely to the client for this site. No other warranties are implied or expressed.

Geologic Assessment

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

For Regulated Activities on The Edwards Aquifer Recharge/transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(3), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

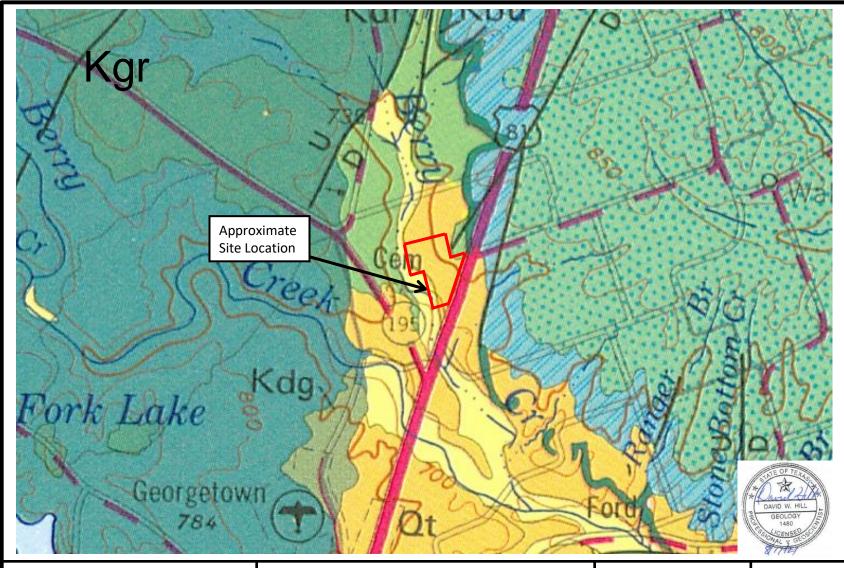
To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. My signature certifies that I am qualified as a geologist as defined by 30 TAC Chapter 213.

Print Name of Geologist: Dave Hill	Telephone: <u>512-491-0200</u>		
Date: <u>8/17/21</u>	Fax: <u>512-491-0221</u>		
Representing: PSI TBPG No. 50128 (Name of Comp	any and TBPG or TBPE registration number)		
Signature of Geologist:			
Regulated Entity Name: Jackson Shaw	DAVID W. HILL B GEOLOGY		
Project Information			
1. Date(s) Geologic Assessment was performed:	B/9-10/21		
2. Type of Project:	A 17121		
WPAPSCS3. Location of Project:	☐ AST ☐ UST		
Recharge Zone Transition Zone Contributing Zone within the Transition Zo	ne		

		ogic Assessment 1 ble) is attached.	Гable . Completed G	Geologic	Assessi	ment Table	
Hydrologic 55, Append	Soil Grou lix A, Soil	ps* (Urban Hydrol Conservation Serv	rized in the table be ogy for Small Wate ice, 1986). If there In the site Geologic N	rsheds, is more	Technio	cal Release No. ne soil type on	
Table 1 - Soil Un Characteristics a			Soil Name	e Gi	roup*	Thickness(feet)	
Soil Name	Group*	Thickness(feet)	* Soil Gro	un Defin	itions ((Abbreviated)	
Denton silty clay (DnB)-1 to 3 % slopes	D	6.7	A. So ra B. So	oils havin te when oils havin	g a hig thorou g a mo	h infiltration ighly wetted. oderate	
Heiden Clay extremely stony 3-12% slopes	D	5.0	C. So	etted. oils havin	ng a slo	when thoroughly w infiltration ughly wetted.	
Sunev silty clay loam (SvA)-0 to 1 percent slopes	В	6.8	D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate when thorow wetted.				
members, top of the stratign 7. Attachment including a potential for	and thick stratigrap raphic col nt C – Site ny featur or fluid m	nesses is attached hic column. Other umn. Geology . A narrat es identified in the	A stratigraphic color. The outcropping underwise, the uppermosive description of the Geologic Assessment of the Geologic Assessme	init, if prost unit s he site s ent Table	esent, hould be pecific e, a dis	should be at the be at the top of geology cussion of the	
		Geologic Map(s). Plan. The minimur	The Site Geologic In scale is 1": 400'	Map mu	st be th	ne same scale as	
Applicant's Site Geolog Site Soils N	Site Plan gic Map So Nap Scale	Scale: 1" =' cale: 1" =' (if more than 1 so	il type): 1" =				
9. Method of col	lecting po	sitional data:					
	_	ystem (GPS) techn ease describe met	ology. hod of data collecti	ion:	_		

10. The project site and boundaries are clearly shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Ma
11. Surface geologic units are shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map.
12. Geologic or manmade features were discovered on the project site during the field investigation. They are shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map and are described in the attached Geologic Assessment Table.
Geologic or manmade features were not discovered on the project site during the field investigation.
13. The Recharge Zone boundary is shown and labeled, if appropriate.
14. All known wells (test holes, water, oil, unplugged, capped and/or abandoned, etc.): If applicable, the information must agree with Item No. 20 of the WPAP Application Section.
 ☐ There are 2 (#) wells present on the project site and the locations are shown and labeled. (Check all of the following that apply.) ☐ The wells are not in use and have been properly abandoned. ☐ The wells are not in use and will be properly abandoned. ☐ The wells are in use and comply with 16 TAC Chapter 76. ☐ There are no wells or test holes of any kind known to exist on the project site.
Administrative Information

15. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.



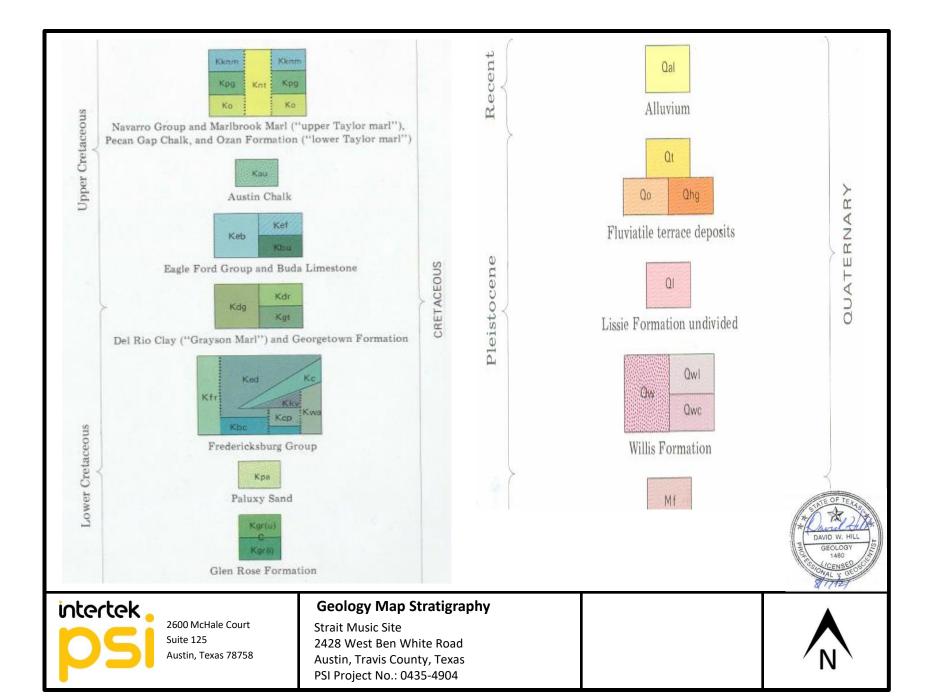


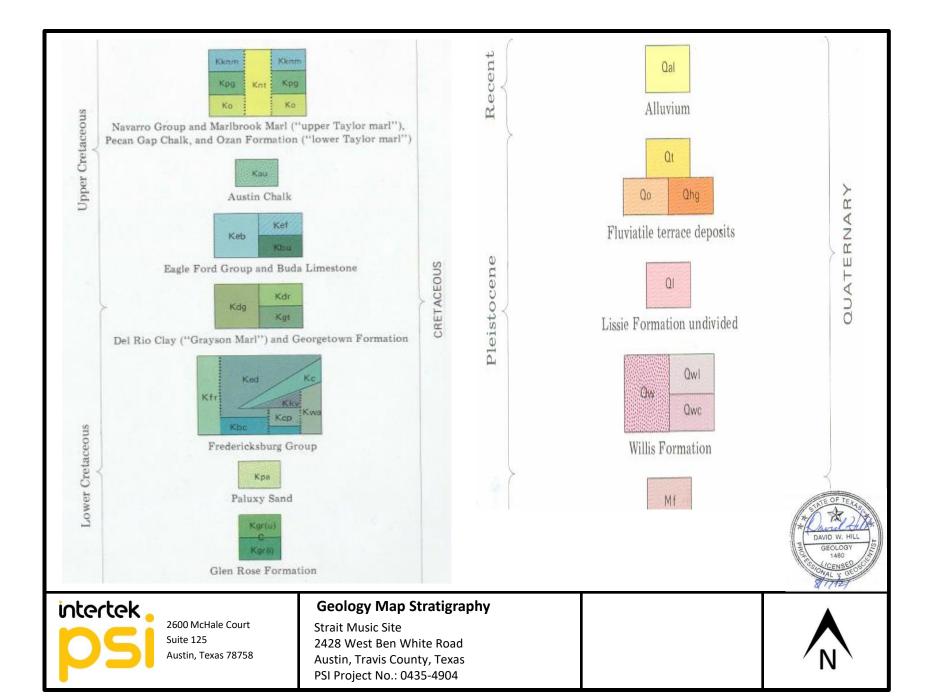
2600 McHale Court Suite 125 Austin, Texas 78758

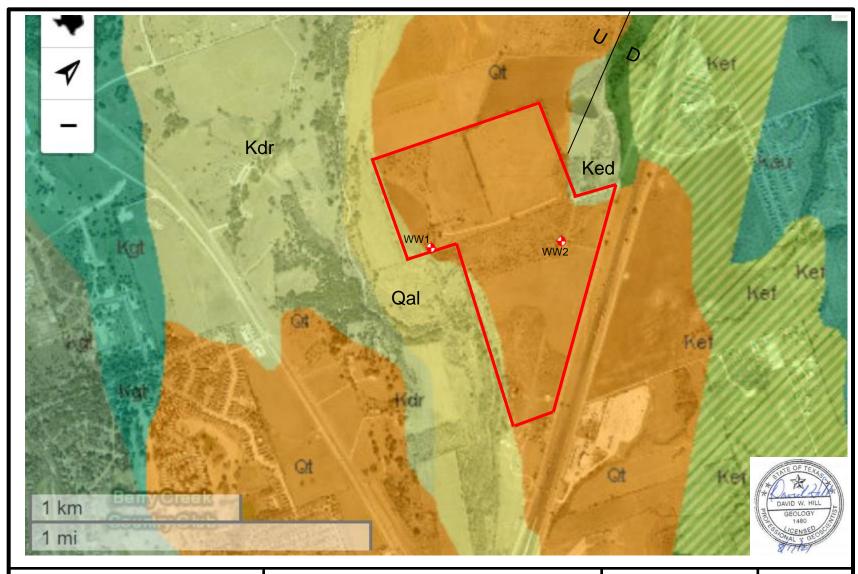
Figure 1 - Area Geology Map

Jackson Shaw Approximate 215 Acre Tract Georgetown, Texas PSI Project No.: 0435-4973 Approximate Scale Miles
0 0.5 1









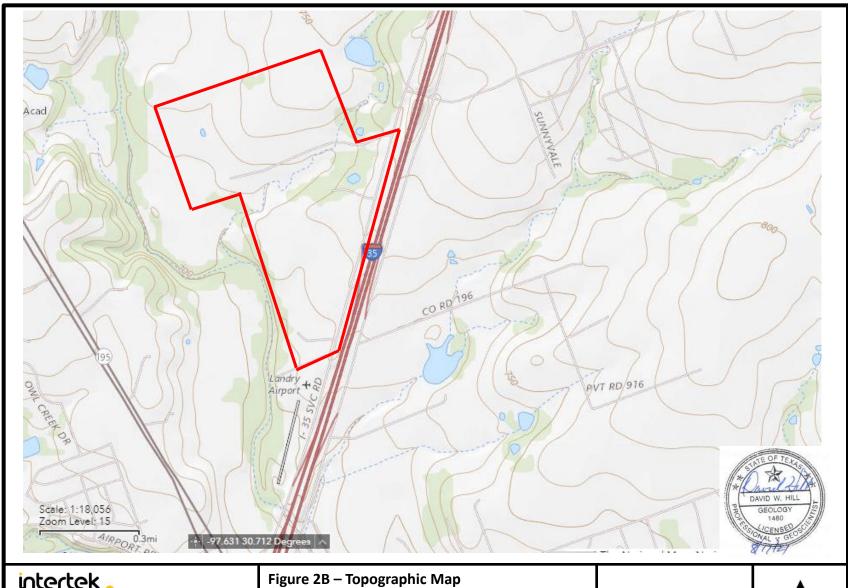


2600 McHale Court Suite 125 Austin, Texas 78758

Figure 2 - Site Geology Map

Jackson Shaw Approximate 215 Acre Tract Georgetown, Texas PSI Project No.: 0435-4973







Jackson Shaw

2600 McHale Court

Austin, Texas 78758

Suite 125

Approximate 215 Acre Tract Georgetown, Texas

PSI Project No.: 0435-4973



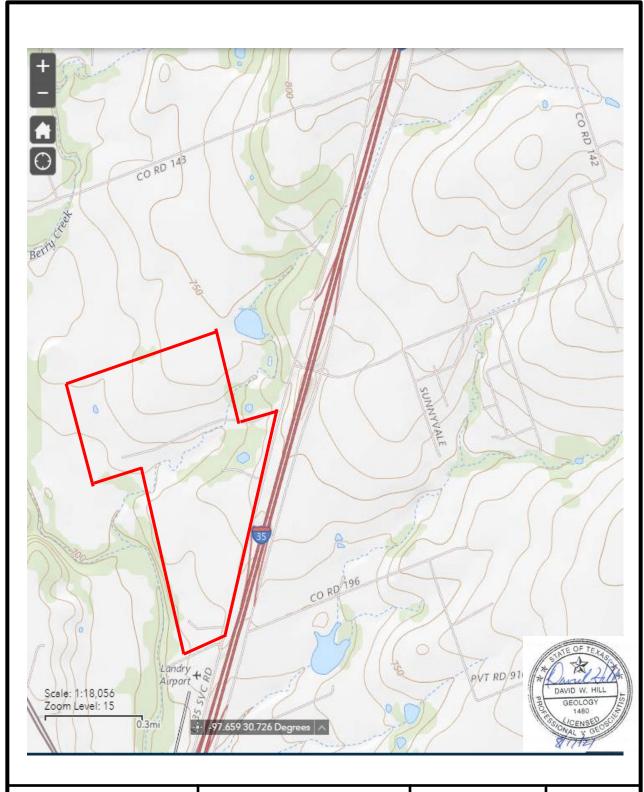




Figure 2C – Topographic Map

Jackson Shaw Approximate 215 Acre Tract Georgetown, Texas PSI Project No.: 0435-4973



GEOL	OGIC ASSE	ESSMENT 1	ABLE	PSI 04	1354973		PRC	JECT	NAME	:	Appro	x 215-	Acre T	ract-depict	ed in r	elate	d ma	ıps, G	eorge	town, Tx
LOCATION				FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS												PHYSICAL SETTING				
1A	1B *	1C*	2A	2B	3	4		5	5A	6	7	8A	8B	9	1	10	1	1	12	
FEATURE ID	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	FEATURE TYPE	POINTS	FORMATION	DIMENSIONS (FEET)		TREND (DEGREES)	DOM	DENSITY (NO/FT)	APERTURE (FEET)	INFILL	RELATIVE INFILTRATION RATE	TOTAL	SENS	ITIVITY	IVITY CATCHMENT AREA (ACRES) TOPO		TOPOGRAPHY	
						Х	Υ	Z		10						<40	<u>>40</u>	<1.6	<u>>1.6</u>	
WW1	30 43 10.10	97 38 54.48				unable	to me	asure						5	35	Х		Х		Hilltop
WW2	30 43 09.87	97 39 17.27				unable	to me	asure						5	35	Х		Х		Hilltop
									 					 			-			
									 											
																	<u> </u>			
									1											

* DATUM:_

2A TYPE	TYPE	2B POINTS
С	Cave	30
SC	Solution cavity	20
SF	Solution-enlarged fracture(s)	20
F	Fault	20
0	Other natural bedrock features	5
MB	Manmade feature in bedrock	30
SW	Swallow hole	30
SH	Sinkhole	20
CD	Non-karst closed depression	5
Z	Zone, clustered or aligned features	30

	8A INFILLING
N	None, exposed bedrock
С	Coarse - cobbles, breakdown, sand, gravel
0	Loose or soft mud or soil, organics, leaves, sticks, dark colors
F	Fines, compacted clay-rich sediment, soil profile, gray or red colors
V	Vegetation. Give details in narrative description
FS	Flowstone, cements, cave deposits
Χ	Other materials

12 TOPOGRAPHY
Cliff, Hilltop, Hillside, Drainage, Floodplain, Streambed

I have read, I understood, and I have followed the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality's Instructions to Geologists. The information presented here complies with that document and is a true representation of the conditions observed in the field.

My signature certifies that I am qualified as a geologist as defined by 30 TAC Chapter 213.

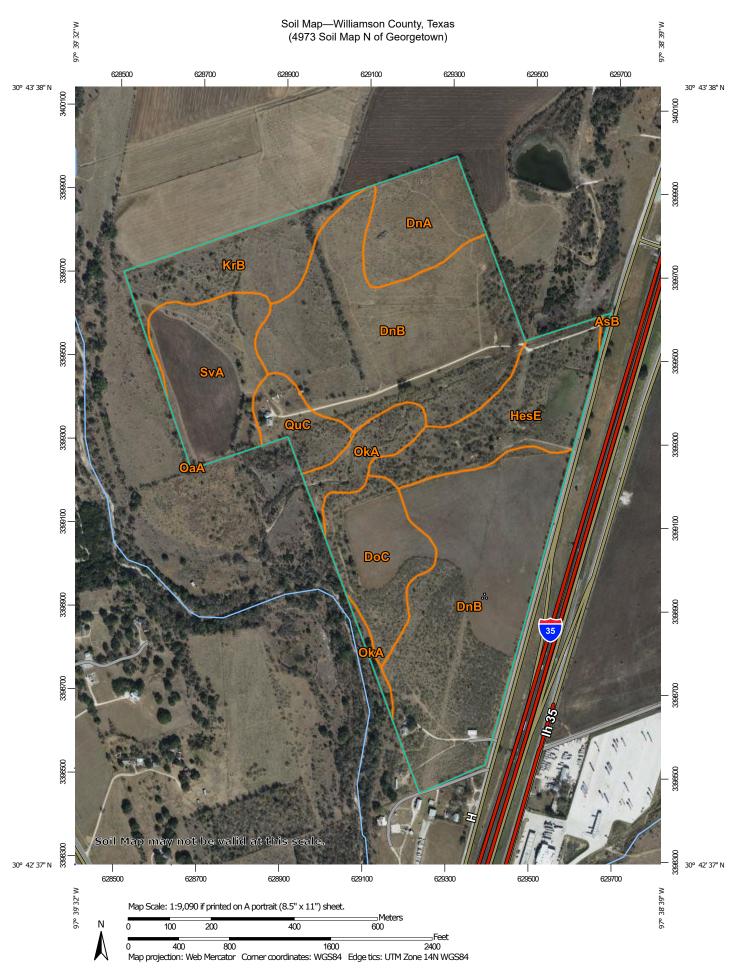
David Lill

DAVID W. HILL GEOLOGY

Sheet <u>1</u> of <u>1</u>

Date 8/17/21

TCEQ-0585-Table (Rev. 10-01-04)



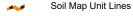
MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Map Unit Polygons



Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features

(o) Blowout

Borrow Pit

Clay Spot

Closed Depression

Gravel Pit

Gravelly Spot

Landfill

Lava Flow

Marsh or swamp

Mine or Quarry

Miscellaneous Water

Perennial Water

→ Saline Spot

Sandy Spot

Severely Eroded Spot

Sinkhole

Slide or Slip

Sodic Spot

Stony Spot

Very Stony Spot

Spoil Area

Wet Spot

Other

Special Line Features

Water Features

Δ

Streams and Canals

Transportation

Rails

Interstate Highways

US Routes

Major Roads

Local Roads

Background

Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:20.000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Williamson County, Texas Survey Area Data: Version 21, Jun 11, 2020

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50.000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: May 27, 2018—Dec 4, 2020

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI		
AsB	Austin silty clay, 1 to 3 percent slopes	0.3	0.1%		
DnA	Denton silty clay, 0 to 1 percent slopes	15.0	6.9%		
DnB	Denton silty clay, 1 to 3 percent slopes	108.0	49.5%		
DoC	Doss silty clay, moist, 1 to 5 percent slopes	16.9	7.8%		
HesE	Heiden extremely stony clay, 3 to 12 percent slopes	22.5	10.3%		
KrB	Krum silty clay, 1 to 3 percent slopes	17.4	8.0%		
OaA	Oakalla silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	0.0	0.0%		
OkA	Oakalla silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, frequently flooded	8.6	3.9%		
QuC	Queeny clay loam, 1 to 5 percent slopes	7.6	3.5%		
SvA	Sunev silty clay loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes	21.8	10.0%		
Totals for Area of Interest		218.1	100.0%		

Williamson County, Texas

AsB—Austin silty clay, 1 to 3 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2vtgj Elevation: 440 to 810 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 30 to 40 inches Mean annual air temperature: 63 to 70 degrees F

Frost-free period: 228 to 293 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

Map Unit Composition

Austin and similar soils: 90 percent Minor components: 10 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of

the mapunit.

Description of Austin

Setting

Landform: Ridges

Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder, summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Residuum weathered from chalk

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 16 inches: silty clay Bw - 16 to 22 inches: silty clay Bk - 22 to 29 inches: silty clay Cr - 29 to 57 inches: bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 1 to 3 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 22 to 39 inches to paralithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: High

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Low to

moderately high (0.00 to 0.20 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 85 percent

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.5 to 2.1

mmhos/cm)

Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum: 1.0

Available water capacity: Low (about 4.9 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3e

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: R086AY007TX - Southern Clay Loam

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Houston black

Percent of map unit: 10 percent

Landform: Ridges

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve Microfeatures of landform position: Linear gilgai

Down-slope shape: Convex, linear Across-slope shape: Convex, linear

Ecological site: R086AY011TX - Southern Blackland

Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Williamson County, Texas Survey Area Data: Version 21, Jun 11, 2020

Williamson County, Texas

DnA—Denton silty clay, 0 to 1 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2tc46 Elevation: 400 to 1,900 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 29 to 37 inches Mean annual air temperature: 64 to 67 degrees F

Frost-free period: 220 to 250 days

Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Denton and similar soils: 90 percent Minor components: 10 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of

the mapunit.

Description of Denton

Setting

Landform: Ridges

Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope, backslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Clayey slope alluvium and/or residuum over

calcareous residuum weathered from limestone

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 13 inches: silty clay Bw - 13 to 19 inches: silty clay 2Bk - 19 to 36 inches: silt loam 2CBk - 36 to 52 inches: silt loam 2R - 52 to 80 inches: bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 1 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 40 to 60 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained Runoff class: Medium

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water

(Ksat): Moderately low to moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 80 percent

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0

mmhos/cm)

Available water capacity: Moderate (about 6.6 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3s

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Ecological site: R085XY179TX - Clayey Slope 30-38

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Crawford

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Ridges

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: R085XY180TX - Deep Redland 30-38" PZ

Hydric soil rating: No

Krum

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Draws

Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Concave

Ecological site: R085XY279TX - Clayey Swale 30-38

Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

DnB—Denton silty clay, 1 to 3 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2t26l Elevation: 570 to 1,870 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 31 to 36 inches Mean annual air temperature: 65 to 68 degrees F

Frost-free period: 220 to 260 days

Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Denton and similar soils: 88 percent Minor components: 12 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of

the mapunit.

Description of Denton

Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Silty and clayey slope alluvium over residuum

weathered from limestone

Typical profile

A - 0 to 14 inches: silty clay Bw - 14 to 25 inches: silty clay Bk - 25 to 33 inches: silty clay

Ck - 33 to 36 inches: gravelly silty clay

R - 36 to 80 inches: bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 1 to 3 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 22 to 60 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: High

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water

(Ksat): Moderately low to moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 80 percent

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0

mmhos/cm)

Available water capacity: Low (about 4.3 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3s

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: R081CY357TX - Clay Loam 29-35 PZ

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Krum

Percent of map unit: 6 percent

Landform: Drainageways

Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Concave

Ecological site: R081CY357TX - Clay Loam 29-35 PZ

Hydric soil rating: No

Doss

Percent of map unit: 4 percent

Landform: Hillslopes

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: R081BY343TX - Shallow 23-31 PZ

Hydric soil rating: No

Anhalt

Percent of map unit: 2 percent

Landform: Hillslopes

Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: R081CY358TX - Deep Redland 29-35 PZ

Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

DoC—Doss silty clay, moist, 1 to 5 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2s0st Elevation: 630 to 1,840 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 30 to 36 inches Mean annual air temperature: 66 to 68 degrees F

Frost-free period: 210 to 240 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Doss and similar soils: 85 percent Minor components: 15 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of

the mapunit.

Description of Doss

Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Residuum weathered from limestone

Typical profile

A - 0 to 9 inches: silty clay Bk - 9 to 17 inches: silty clay Cr - 17 to 80 inches: bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 1 to 5 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 11 to 20 inches to paralithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained Runoff class: Medium

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water

(Ksat): Moderately low to moderately high (0.06 to 0.57 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 70 percent

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0

mmhos/cm)

Available water capacity: Very low (about 2.4 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4e

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: R081CY574TX - Shallow 29-35 PZ

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Brackett

Percent of map unit: 7 percent

Landform: Ridges

Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder, backslope,

footslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Convex

Ecological site: R081CY362TX - Steep Adobe 29-35 PZ

Hydric soil rating: No

Bolar

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Ridges

Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Ecological site: R081CY357TX - Clay Loam 29-35 PZ

Hydric soil rating: No

Purves

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Landform: Plains

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: R081CY574TX - Shallow 29-35 PZ

Hydric soil rating: No

Denton

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Landform: Plains

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: R081CY357TX - Clay Loam 29-35 PZ

Hydric soil rating: No

Eckrant

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Landform: Ridges

Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Ecological site: R081CY360TX - Low Stony Hill 29-35 PZ

Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

HesE—Heiden extremely stony clay, 3 to 12 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: djq8 Elevation: 400 to 1,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 28 to 42 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 64 to 70 degrees F

Frost-free period: 225 to 275 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Heiden and similar soils: 100 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of

the mapunit.

Description of Heiden

Setting

Landform: Ridges

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope Microfeatures of landform position: Linear gilgai

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Clayey residuum weathered from clayey shale of

eagleford shale or taylor marl

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 8 inches: very stony clay

H2 - 8 to 60 inches: clay

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 12 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained Runoff class: Very high

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

to moderately low (0.00 to 0.06 in/hr) Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 40 percent

Gypsum, maximum content: 5 percent

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0

mmhos/cm)

Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum: 12.0

Available water capacity: High (about 9.4 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s Hydrologic Soil Group: D Ecological site: R086AY011TX - Southern Blackland

Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

KrB—Krum silty clay, 1 to 3 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: djqf Elevation: 600 to 1,300 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 26 to 36 inches Mean annual air temperature: 63 to 70 degrees F

Frost-free period: 230 to 250 days

Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Krum and similar soils: 100 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of

the mapunit.

Description of Krum

Setting

Landform: Stream terraces, stream terraces Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Clayey alluvium of pleistocene age derived from

mixed sources

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 6 inches: silty clay
H2 - 6 to 44 inches: silty clay
H3 - 44 to 72 inches: silty clay

Properties and qualities

Slope: 1 to 3 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained Runoff class: Medium

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20 to 0.57 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 50 percent

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0

mmhos/cm)

Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum: 3.0

Available water capacity: Moderate (about 8.8 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Ecological site: R086AY007TX - Southern Clay Loam

Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

OaA—Oakalla silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, occasionally flooded

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2wg93 Elevation: 400 to 1,070 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 32 to 35 inches Mean annual air temperature: 66 to 70 degrees F

Frost-free period: 271 to 278 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Oakalla, occasionally flooded, and similar soils: 90 percent

Minor components: 10 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of

the mapunit.

Description of Oakalla, Occasionally Flooded

Setting

Landform: Flood plains, flood plains

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Convex, linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Loamy alluvium derived from limestone

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 8 inches: silty clay loam
Ak - 8 to 23 inches: silty clay loam
Bk1 - 23 to 53 inches: silty clay loam
Bk2 - 53 to 80 inches: silty clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained Runoff class: Negligible

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high (0.20 to 1.98 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches Frequency of flooding: NoneOccasional

Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 60 percent

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0

mmhos/cm)

Available water capacity: Moderate (about 8.8 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3e

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Ecological site: R086AY012TX - Loamy Bottomland

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Williamson County, Texas

Frio, occasionally flooded

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Flood plains, flood plains

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: R086AY012TX - Loamy Bottomland

Hydric soil rating: No

Tinn, frequently flooded

Percent of map unit: 4 percent Landform: Flood plains, flood plains

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread Microfeatures of landform position: Circular gilgai

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Concave

Ecological site: R086AY013TX - Clayey Bottomland

Hydric soil rating: No

Gladewater, frequently flooded

Percent of map unit: 1 percent Landform: Flood plains, flood plains Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave

Ecological site: R086AY013TX - Clayey Bottomland

Hydric soil rating: Yes

Data Source Information

OkA—Oakalla silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, frequently flooded

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2t26p Elevation: 370 to 1,450 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 24 to 35 inches Mean annual air temperature: 64 to 69 degrees F

Frost-free period: 210 to 250 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Oakalla and similar soils: 90 percent Minor components: 10 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of

the mapunit.

Description of Oakalla

Setting

Landform: Flood plains

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Loamy alluvium derived from limestone

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 8 inches: silty clay loam
Ak - 8 to 23 inches: silty clay loam
Bk1 - 23 to 53 inches: silty clay loam
Bk2 - 53 to 80 inches: silty clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained Runoff class: Negligible

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high (0.20 to 1.98 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches Frequency of flooding: FrequentNone

Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 60 percent

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0

mmhos/cm)

Available water capacity: Moderate (about 8.8 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 5w Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 5w Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Ecological site: R081CY561TX - Loamy Bottomland 29-35 PZ

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Oakalla, occasionally flooded

Percent of map unit: 4 percent

Landform: Flood plains

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: R081CY561TX - Loamy Bottomland 29-35 PZ

Hydric soil rating: No

Dev

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Landform: Flood plains

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Concave

Ecological site: R081CY561TX - Loamy Bottomland 29-35 PZ

Hydric soil rating: No

Krum

Percent of map unit: 2 percent

Landform: Flood plains

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Concave

Ecological site: R081CY357TX - Clay Loam 29-35 PZ

Hydric soil rating: No

Unnamed, hydric

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Landform: Depressions, flood-plain steps Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Concave, linear Across-slope shape: Concave

Hydric soil rating: Yes

Data Source Information

QuC—Queeny clay loam, 1 to 5 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: djql Elevation: 450 to 800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 29 to 34 inches Mean annual air temperature: 64 to 70 degrees F

Frost-free period: 235 to 255 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Queeny and similar soils: 100 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of

the mapunit.

Description of Queeny

Setting

Landform: Paleoterraces

Landform position (three-dimensional): Riser

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Gravelly alluvium of quaternary age derived from

mixed sources

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 18 inches: clay loam

H2 - 18 to 32 inches: cemented material

H3 - 32 to 99 inches: variable

Properties and qualities

Slope: 1 to 5 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to petrocalcic

Drainage class: Well drained Runoff class: Medium

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water

(Ksat): Moderately low to moderately high (0.06 to 0.57 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 15 percent

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0

mmhos/cm)

Available water capacity: Low (about 3.1 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4s

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: R086AY002TX - Southern Chalky Ridge

Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

SvA—Sunev silty clay loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2s1qh Elevation: 510 to 640 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 34 to 37 inches Mean annual air temperature: 67 to 69 degrees F

Frost-free period: 255 to 266 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

Map Unit Composition

Sunev and similar soils: 85 percent *Minor components:* 15 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of

the mapunit.

Description of Sunev

Setting

Landform: Stream terraces

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Loamy alluvium derived from limestone

Typical profile

A - 0 to 12 inches: silty clay loam Bk - 12 to 42 inches: clay loam BCk - 42 to 80 inches: clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 1 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained Runoff class: Negligible

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high (0.57 to 1.98 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 70 percent

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0

mmhos/cm)

Available water capacity: Moderate (about 7.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3e

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Ecological site: R086AY007TX - Southern Clay Loam

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Krum

Percent of map unit: 10 percent Landform: Stream terraces

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Convex

Ecological site: R086AY007TX - Southern Clay Loam

Hydric soil rating: No

Queeny

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Paleoterraces

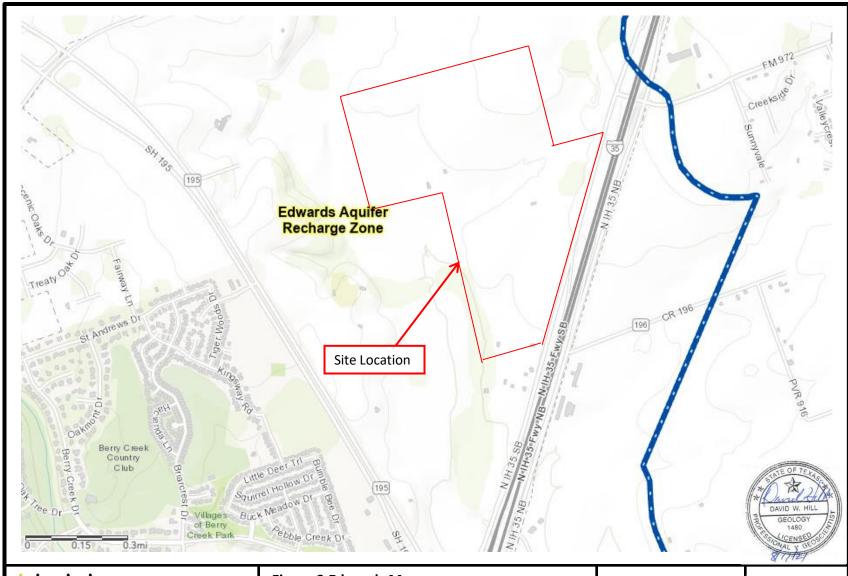
Landform position (three-dimensional): Riser

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Ecological site: R086AY002TX - Southern Chalky Ridge

Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information





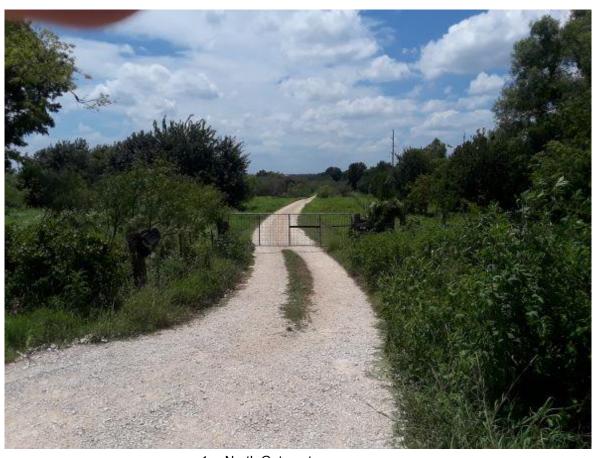
2600 McHale Court Suite 125 Austin, Texas 78758

Figure 3 Edwards Map

Jackson Shaw Approximate 215 Acre Tract Georgetown, Texas PSI Project No.: 0435-4973







1. North Gate entry





3. Well near ranch house



4. Pond in northern part of site



5. Well House in Central part of site



6. Well in Central part of site



7. Creek on north entry road at bridge



8. Drainage feature near creek near north gate



9. Livestock barn near residence



10 Field in Northern part of the site



11. Central part of site, facing East



12. Eastern part of site, facing north along power line easement

Organized Sewage Collection System Application

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

For Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(c), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Regulated Entity Name: CrossPoint - Frontage

1. Attachment A – SCS Engineering Design Report. This Engineering Design Report is provided to fulfill the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 217, including 217.10 of Subchapter A, §§217.51 – 217.70 of Subchapter C, and Subchapter D as applicable, and is required to be submitted with this SCS Application Form.

Customer Information

2. The entity and contact person responsible for providing the required engineering certification of testing for this sewage collection system upon completion (including private service connections) and every five years thereafter to the appropriate TCEQ region office pursuant to 30 TAC §213.5(c) is:

Contact Person: Miles Terry
Entity: JSACQ GEORGETOWN LP

Mailing Address: 4890 Alpha Road Ste. 100

City, State: <u>Dallas, Texas</u> Zip: <u>75244</u> Telephone: (405) 570-8713 Fax: N/A

Email Address: mterry@jacksonshaw.com

The appropriate regional office must be informed of any changes in this information within 30 days of the change.

3. The engineer responsible for the design of this sewage collection system is:

Contact Person: Hollis Scheffler, P.E.

Texas Licensed Professional Engineer's Number: 136049

Entity: Westwood Professional Services

Mailing Address: 8701 N. Mopacy Expy. Ste. 320

 City, State: Austin, Texas
 Zip: 78759

 Telephone: (512) 485-0831
 Fax: N/A

Email Address:hollis.scheffler@westwoodps.com

Project Information

4.	•	of development to be served (estimated future population to be served, lowance for institutional and commercial flows):			
	☐ Multi-family: ☑ Commercial ☑ Industrial	Number of single-family Number of residential u	inits:		
	Other:	m (not associated with a	any development)		
5.	The character and vo	olume of wastewater is s	shown below:		
	67% Domestic		<u>727,934</u> gallons,	[/] day	
	% Industrial		gallons/d	ау	
	33% Commingled		<u>482,385</u> gallons,	[/] day	
	Total gallons/day	r: <u>1,210,319</u>			
6.	-	· ·	278,535 gallons/day. Try sewer collection system	his will be addressed by: em standards.	
7.			s required for constructi located on the Recharge		
		·	ent was approved by let	ter dated <u>2/25/2022</u> . A	
		oval letter is attached.			
		·	ent was submitted to th	e TCEQ on, but	
	has not been app				
	=	•	• •	as not been submitted.	
		iated project requiring a	a WPAP application.		
8.	Pipe description:				
Та	ble 1 - Pipe Descrij	ption		T	
	Pipe				
	Diameter(Inches)	Linear Feet (1)	Pipe Material (2)	Specifications (3)	
	12	3747	PVC SDR-35	ASTM D3034	

Pipe Diameter(Inches)	Linear Feet (1)	Pipe Material (2)	Specifications (3)
12	3747	PVC SDR-35	ASTM D3034

Total Linear Feet: 3747

- (1) Linear feet Include stub-outs and double service connections. Do not include private service laterals.
- (2) Pipe Material If PVC, state SDR value.
- (3) Specifications ASTM / ANSI / AWWA specification and class numbers should be included.

9.		e sewage collection system will convey the wastewater to the <u>San Gabriel WWTP</u> (name) eatment Plant. The treatment facility is: Existing Proposed
10.	All	components of this sewage collection system will comply with: The City of Georgetown standard specifications. Other. Specifications are attached.
11.		No force main(s) and/or lift station(s) are associated with this sewage collection system. A force main(s) and/or lift station(s) is associated with this sewage collection system and the Lift Station/Force Main System Application form (TCEQ-0624) is included with this application.
ΑI	ig	nment
12.		There are no deviations from uniform grade in this sewage collection system without manholes and with open cut construction.
13.		There are no deviations from straight alignment in this sewage collection system without manholes.
		Attachment B - Justification and Calculations for Deviation in Straight Alignment without Manholes. A justification for deviations from straight alignment in this sewage collection system without manholes with documentation from pipe manufacturer allowing pipe curvature is attached. For curved sewer lines, all curved sewer line notes (TCEQ-0596) are included on the construction plans for the wastewater collection system.
M	an	holes and Cleanouts
14.		Manholes or clean-outs exist at the end of each sewer line(s). These locations are listed below: (Please attach additional sheet if necessary)

Table 2 - Manholes and Cleanouts

			Manhole or Clean-
Line	Shown on Sheet	Station	out?
А	7 Of 12	1+00.00	MANHOLE W/ DROP
А	7 Of 12	4+00.10	MANHOLE
А	7 Of 12	7+00.69	MANHOLE
А	8 Of 12	11+50.18	MANHOLE
А	8 Of 12	16+00.18	MANHOLE
А	9 Of 12	20+50.18	MANHOLE
Α	9 Of 12	25+00.18	MANHOLE

Line	Shown on Sheet	Station	Manhole or Clean- out?
Α	10 Of 12	29+50.18	MANHOLE
Α	11 Of 12	34+00.18	MANHOLE
Α	11 Of 12	38+46.84	MANHOLE

16. The maximum spacing between manholes on this project for each pipe diameter is no greater than:

Pipe Diameter (inches)	Max. Manhole Spacing (feet)
6 - 15	500
16 - 30	800
36 - 48	1000
≥54	2000

Attachment C – Justification for Variance from Maximum Manhole Spacing. The
maximum spacing between manholes on this project (for each pipe diameter used) is
greater than listed in the table above. A justification for any variance from the
maximum spacing is attached, and must include a letter from the entity which will
operate and maintain the system stating that it has the capability to maintain lines with
manhole spacing greater than the allowed spacing.

- 17. All manholes will be monolithic, cast-in-place concrete.
 - The use of pre-cast manholes is requested for this project. The manufacturer's specifications and construction drawings, showing the method of sealing the joints, are attached.

Site Plan Requirements

Items 18 - 25 must be included on the Site Plan.

18. \square The Site Plan must have a minimum scale of 1" = 400'.

Site Plan Scale: 1" = 120'.

19. The Site Plan must include the sewage collection system general layout, including manholes with station numbers, and sewer pipe stub outs (if any). Site plan must be overlain by topographic contour lines, using a contour interval of not greater than ten feet and showing the area within both the five-year floodplain and the 100-year floodplain of any drainage way.

20	Lateral	l stul	h-∩ı	ıtc.
~ U.	Lattia	ı stu	σ	ato.

	The location of all lateral stub-outs are shown and labeled.
X	No lateral stub-outs will be installed during the construction of this sewer collection
	system.

21. Location of existing and prop	posed water lines:					
 The entire water distribution system for this project is shown and labeled. If not shown on the Site Plan, a Utility Plan is provided showing the entire water and sewer systems. There will be no water lines associated with this project. 						
22. 100-year floodplain:	2. 100-year floodplain:					
floodplain, either natura lined channels construct After construction is com have water-tight manho	•	not include streets or concrete- in the 100-year floodplain will the table below and are shown				
Line	Sheet	Station				
A	7 of 12	1+00 to 1+17.52				
	of	to				
of to						
	of	to				
floodplain, either natura lined channels construct After construction is comencased in concrete or construction and lined channels construct Table 4 - 5-Year Floodplain	nplete, all sections located within apped with concrete. These located diabeled on the Site Plan. (Do red above sewer lines.)	not include streets or concrete- n the 5-year floodplain will be ations are listed in the table not include streets or concrete-				
Line	Sheet	Station				
	of	to				
	of	to				
	of	to				
	of	to				
sheet of the construction	site are shown. nical specifications are submitte n plans and specifications are dain nal Engineer responsible for the	ted, signed, and sealed by the				

Items 26 - 33 must	be included on the	Plan and Profile sh	eets.	
sewer lines rated pipe t variance fro	or proposed water of are listed in the take to be installed show om the required pre om 30 TAC Chapter	ole below. These ling on on the plan and personers rated piping a	es must have the profile sheets. Any	request for a
	e no water line cros e no water lines wi	_	sed sewer lines.	
Table 5 - Water	Line Crossings			
Line	Station or Closest Point	Crossing or Parallel	Horizontal Separation Distance	Vertical Separation Distance
А	18+24.93	CROSSING	0	13.3'
А	36+88.90	CROSSING	0	7.74'
required by A portion of the table be provided to provide the provided the table be provided to provide the table be provided to provided the table be prov	this sewer line is with 30 TAC Chapter 21 of this sewer line is well at less than 1500 felow and labeled or fithis sewer line is well be provided at less means is described of this sewer line is well be ger than 1500 feet less were line is well at less than 1500 feet less well at less well	7. vithin the 100-year foot intervals. These the appropriate provithin the 100-year as than 1500 feet into on the following payithin the 100-year	floodplain and ver e water-tight man ofile sheets. floodplain and an tervals. A descript ge. floodplain; howev	holes are listed in alternative means o ion of the er, there is no
Table 6 - Vented Line	Manholes Manho	nle S	tation	Sheet
Line	ivianno)ie 3	idion	JIICEL

Line	Manhole	Station	Sheet			
28. Drop manholes:						
There are no drop manholes associated with this project. Sewer lines which enter new or existing manholes or "manhole structures" higher than 24 inches above the manhole invert are listed in the table below and labeled on the appropriate profile sheets. These lines meet the requirements of 30 TAC §217.55(I)(2)(H).						
Table 7 - Drop Manho	Manhole	Station	Sheet			
Α	6"	1+00.00	7 OF 12			
29. Sewer line stub-outs	(For proposed extensio	ns):				
= '	nd markings of all sewer ub-outs are to be installe n.					
30. Lateral stub-outs (Fo	or proposed private servi	ce connections):				
	The placement and markings of all lateral stub-outs are shown and labeled.No lateral stub-outs are to be installed during the construction of this sewage collection					
31. Minimum flow veloc	city (From Appendix A)					
	Assuming pipes are flowing full; all slopes are designed to produce flows equal to or greater than 2.0 feet per second for this system/line.					
32. Maximum flow veloc	city/slopes (From Appen	dix A)				
less than or equa	Assuming pipes are flowing full, all slopes are designed to produce maximum flows of less than or equal to 10 feet per second for this system/line.					
Assuming pipes a	Attachment D – Calculations for Slopes for Flows Greater Than 10.0 Feet per Second. Assuming pipes are flowing full, some slopes produce flows which are greater than 10 feet per second. These locations are listed in the table below. Calculations are attached.					

Table 8 - Flows Greater Than 10 Feet per Second

Line	Profile Sheet	Station to Station	FPS	% Slope	Erosion/Shock Protection

33.	Assuming pipes are flowing full, where flows are \geq 10 feet per second, the provisions noted below have been made to protect against pipe displacement by erosion and/or shock under 30 TAC §217.53(I)(2)(B).
	 Concrete encasement shown on appropriate Plan and Profile sheets for the locations listed in the table above. Steel-reinforced, anchored concrete baffles/retards placed every 50 feet shown on
	appropriate Plan and Profile sheets for the locations listed in the table above. N/A

Administrative Information

- 34. The final plans and technical specifications are submitted for TCEQ review. Each sheet of the construction plans and specifications are dated, signed, and sealed by the Texas Licensed Professional Engineer responsible for the design on each sheet.
- 35. Standard details are shown on the detail sheets, which are dated, signed, and sealed by the Texas Licensed Professional Engineer, as listed in the table below:

Table 9 - Standard Details

Standard Details	Shown on Sheet
Lateral stub-out marking [Required]	of
Manhole, showing inverts comply with 30 TAC §217.55(I)(2) [Required]	12 of 12
Alternate method of joining lateral to existing SCS line for potential future connections [Required]	12 of 12
Typical trench cross-sections [Required]	12 of 12
Bolted manholes [Required]	12 of 12
Sewer Service lateral standard details [Required]	of
Clean-out at end of line [Required, if used]	of
Baffles or concrete encasement for shock/erosion protection [Required, if flow velocity of any section of pipe >10 fps]	of
Detail showing Wastewater Line/Water Line Crossing [Required, if crossings are proposed]	11 of 12
Mandrel detail or specifications showing compliance with 30 TAC §217.57(b) and (c) [Required, if Flexible Pipe is used]	of

Standard Details	Shown on Sheet
Drop manholes [Required, if a pipe entering a manhole is more than 24 inches above manhole invert]	12 of 12

36. 🔀 All organized	d sewage collection system	n general construction no	otes (TCEQ-0596) are
included on	the construction plans for	this sewage collection s	ystem.

37.	\times	All proposed sewer lines will be sufficiently surveyed/staked to allow an assessment
		prior to TCEQ executive director approval. If the alignments of the proposed sewer lines
		are not walkable on that date, the application will be deemed incomplete and returned.

	Survey staking was completed on this date:	
	carrel craiming trace completes and time dates	

- 38. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
- 39. Any modification of this SCS application will require TCEQ approval, prior to construction, and may require submission of a revised application, with appropriate fees.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Organized Sewage Collection System Application** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The system was designed in accordance with the requirements of 30 TAC §213.5(c) and 30 TAC §217 and prepared by:

Print Name of Licensed Professional Engineer: Hollis Scheffler, P.E.

Date: 8/11/2025

Place engineer's seal here:

Signature of Licensed Professional Engineer:

8/15/2025

Appendix A-Flow Velocity Table

Flow Velocity (Flowing Full) All gravity sewer lines on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone shall be designed and constructed with hydraulic slopes sufficient to give a velocity when flowing full of not less than 2.0 feet per second, and not greater than 10 feet per second. The grades shown in the following table are based on Manning's formula and an n factor of 0.013 and shall be the minimum and maximum acceptable slopes unless provisions are made otherwise.

Table 10 - Slope Velocity

Pipe Diameter(Inches)	% Slope required for minimum flow velocity of 2.0 fps	% Slope which produces flow velocity of 10.0 fps
6	0.50	12.35
8	0.33	8.40
10	0.25	6.23
12	0.20	4.88
15	0.15	3.62
18	0.11	2.83
21	0.09	2.30
24	0.08	1.93
27	0.06	1.65
30	0.055	1.43
33	0.05	1.26
36	0.045	1.12
39	0.04	1.01
>39	*	*

^{*}For lines larger than 39 inches in diameter, the slope may be determined by Manning's formula (as shown below) to maintain a minimum velocity greater than 2.0 feet per second when flowing full and a maximum velocity less than 10 feet per second when flowing full.

$$v = \frac{1.49}{n} \times R_h^{0.67} \times \sqrt{S}$$

Figure 1 - Manning's Formula

Where:

v = velocity (ft/sec)
n = Manning's roughness coefficient
(0.013)
Rh = hydraulic radius (ft)
S = slope (ft/ft)

Jon Niermann, *Chairman*Emily Lindley, *Commissioner*Bobby Janecka, *Commissioner*Toby Baker, *Executive Director*



TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Protecting Texas by Reducing and Preventing Pollution

February 25, 2022

Mr. Miles Terry Jackson-Shaw Company 4890 Alpha Road, Suite 100 Dallas, Texas 75244

Re: Edwards Aquifer, Williamson County

NAME OF PROJECT: Jackson-Shaw Phase 1; Located at 4811 N. HWY 35; Georgetown, Texas

TYPE OF PLAN: Request for Approval of a Water Pollution Abatement Plan (WPAP); 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 213 Edwards Aguifer

Edwards Aquifer Protection Program ID No. 11002817; Regulated Entity No. RN111383972

Dear Mr. Terry:

The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) has completed its review of the WPAP application for the above-referenced project submitted to the Austin Regional Office by Pacheco Koch Consulting Engineers, Inc. on behalf of Jackson-Shaw Company on December 3, 2021. Final review of the WPAP was completed after additional material was received on February 22, 2022. As presented to the TCEO, the Temporary and Permanent Best Management Practices (BMPs) were selected, and construction plans were prepared by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer to be in general compliance with the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 213. These planning materials were sealed, signed, and dated by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. Therefore, based on the engineer's concurrence of compliance, the planning materials for construction of the proposed project and pollution abatement measures are hereby approved subject to applicable state rules and the conditions in this letter. The applicant or a person affected may file with the chief clerk a motion for reconsideration of the executive director's final action on this Edwards Aguifer Protection Plan. A motion for reconsideration must be filed no later than 23 days after the date of this approval letter. This approval expires two (2) years from the date of this letter unless, prior to the expiration date, more than 10 percent of the construction has commenced on the project or an extension of time has been requested.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The proposed non-residential project will have an area of approximately 73.85 acres. It will include 3 buildings, grading, drainage improvements, drives, parking, utilities, detention, water quality facilities, and associated appurtenances. The impervious cover will be 45.87 acres (62.11 percent). Project wastewater will be disposed of by conveyance to the existing Pecan Branch Wastewater Treatment Plant.

PERMANENT POLLUTION ABATEMENT MEASURES

To prevent the pollution of stormwater runoff originating on-site or upgradient of the site and potentially flowing across and off the site after construction, a wet basin (Pond 1) and an extended detention (Pond 2) in series with a grassy swale, designed using the TCEQ technical guidance document, <u>Complying with the Edwards Aquifer Rules: Technical Guidance on Best Management Practices (2005)</u>, will be constructed to treat stormwater runoff. The required total suspended solids (TSS) treatment for this project is 39,928 pounds of TSS generated from the 45.87 acres of impervious cover. The approved measures meet the required 80 percent removal of the increased load in TSS caused by the project.

GEOLOGY

According to the Geologic Assessment included with the application, the site is characterized surficially by Edwards Limestone and Quaternary fluviatile terrace deposits. No sensitive geologic features were identified in the Geologic Assessment. The TCEQ site assessment conducted on February 15, 2022, revealed the site to be generally as described.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

- I. All permanent pollution abatement measures shall be operational prior to occupancy of the facility.
- II. All sediment and/or media removed from the water quality basin during maintenance activities shall be properly disposed of according to 30 TAC 330 or 30 TAC 335, as applicable.

STANDARD CONDITIONS

- 1. Pursuant to Chapter 7 Subchapter C of the Texas Water Code, any violations of the requirements in 30 TAC Chapter 213 may result in administrative penalties.
- 2. The holder of the approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan must comply with all provisions of 30 TAC Chapter 213 and all best management practices and measures contained in the approved plan. Additional and separate approvals, permits, registrations and/or authorizations from other TCEQ Programs (i.e., Stormwater, Water Rights, UIC) can be required depending on the specifics of the plan.
- 3. In addition to the rules of the Commission, the applicant may also be required to comply with state and local ordinances and regulations providing for the protection of water quality.

Prior to Commencement of Construction:

- 4. Within 60 days of receiving written approval of an Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan, the applicant must submit to the Austin Regional Office, proof of recordation of notice in the county deed records, with the volume and page number(s) of the county deed records of the county in which the property is located. A description of the property boundaries shall be included in the deed recordation in the county deed records. A suggested form (Deed Recordation Affidavit, TCEQ-0625) that you may use to deed record the approved WPAP is enclosed.
- 5. All contractors conducting regulated activities at the referenced project location shall be provided a copy of this notice of approval. At least one complete copy of the approved WPAP and this notice of approval shall be maintained at the project location until all regulated activities are completed.

Mr. Miles Terry Page 2 February 25, 2022

- 6. Modification to the activities described in the referenced WPAP application following the date of approval may require the submittal of a plan to modify this approval, including the payment of appropriate fees and all information necessary for its review and approval prior to initiating construction of the modifications.
- 7. The applicant must provide written notification of intent to commence construction, replacement, or rehabilitation of the referenced project. Notification must be submitted to the Austin Regional Office no later than 48 hours prior to commencement of the regulated activity. Written notification must include the date on which the regulated activity will commence, the name of the approved plan and program ID number for the regulated activity, and the name of the prime contractor with the name and telephone number of the contact person. The executive director will use the notification to determine if the approved plan is eligible for an extension.
- 8. Temporary erosion and sedimentation (E&S) controls, i.e., silt fences, rock berms, stabilized construction entrances, or other controls described in the approved WPAP, must be installed prior to construction, and maintained during construction. Temporary E&S controls may be removed when vegetation is established, and the construction area is stabilized. If a water quality pond is proposed, it shall be used as a sedimentation basin during construction. The TCEQ may monitor stormwater discharges from the site to evaluate the adequacy of temporary E&S control measures. Additional controls may be necessary if excessive solids are being discharged from the site.
- 9. All borings with depths greater than or equal to 20 feet must be plugged with non-shrink grout from the bottom of the hole to within three (3) feet of the surface. The remainder of the hole must be backfilled with cuttings from the boring. All borings less than 20 feet must be backfilled with cuttings from the boring. All borings must be backfilled or plugged within four (4) days of completion of the drilling operation. Voids may be filled with gravel.

During Construction:

- 10. During the course of regulated activities related to this project, the applicant or agent shall comply with all applicable provisions of 30 TAC Chapter 213, Edwards Aquifer. The applicant shall remain responsible for the provisions and conditions of this approval until such responsibility is legally transferred to another person or entity.
- 11. This approval does not authorize the installation of temporary aboveground storage tanks on this project. If the contractor desires to install a temporary aboveground storage tank for use during construction, an application to modify this approval must be submitted and approved prior to installation. The application must include information related to tank location and spill containment. Refer to Standard Condition No. 6, above.
- 12. If any sensitive feature (caves, solution cavities, sink holes, etc.) is discovered during construction, all regulated activities near the feature must be suspended immediately. The applicant or his agent must immediately notify the Austin Regional Office of the discovery of the feature. Regulated activities near the feature may not proceed until the executive director has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the feature and the aquifer from potentially adverse impacts to water quality. The plan must be sealed, signed, and dated by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer.
- 13. All water wells, including injection, dewatering, and monitoring wells must be in compliance with the requirements of the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation under Title 16 TAC Chapter 76 (relating to Water Well Drillers and Pump Installers) and all other locally applicable rules, as appropriate.

Mr. Miles Terry Page 2 February 25, 2022

- 14. If sediment escapes the construction site, the sediment must be removed at a frequency sufficient to minimize offsite impacts to water quality (e.g., fugitive sediment in street being washed into surface streams or sensitive features by the next rain). Sediment must be removed from sediment traps or sedimentation ponds not later than when design capacity has been reduced by 50 percent. Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals shall be prevented from becoming stormwater discharge pollutants.
- 15. Intentional discharges of sediment laden water are not allowed. If dewatering becomes necessary, the discharge will be filtered through appropriately selected best management practices. These may include vegetated filter strips, sediment traps, rock berms, silt fence rings, etc.
- 16. The following records shall be maintained and made available to the executive director upon request: the dates when major grading activities occur, the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site, and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 17. Stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, and construction activities will not resume within 21 days. When the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day is precluded by weather conditions, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable.

After Completion of Construction:

- 18. A Texas Licensed Professional Engineer must certify in writing that the permanent BMPs or measures were constructed as designed. The certification letter must be submitted to the Austin Regional Office within 30 days of site completion.
- 19. The applicant shall be responsible for maintaining the permanent BMPs after construction until such time as the maintenance obligation is either assumed in writing by another entity having ownership or control of the property (such as without limitation, an owner's association, a new property owner or lessee, a district, or municipality) or the ownership of the property is transferred to the entity. The regulated entity shall then be responsible for maintenance until another entity assumes such obligations in writing or ownership is transferred. A copy of the transfer of responsibility must be filed with the executive director through Austin Regional Office within 30 days of the transfer. A copy of the transfer form (TCEQ-10263) is enclosed.
- 20. Upon legal transfer of this property, the new owner(s) is required to comply with all terms of the approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan. If the new owner intends to commence any new regulated activity on the site, a new Edwards Aquifer protection plan that specifically addresses the new activity must be submitted to the executive director. Approval of the plan for the new regulated activity by the executive director is required prior to commencement of the new regulated activity.
- 21. An Edwards Aquifer protection plan approval or extension will expire, and no extension will be granted if more than 50 percent of the total construction has not been completed within ten years from the initial approval of a plan. A new Edwards Aquifer protection plan must be submitted to the Austin Regional Office with the appropriate fees for review and approval by the executive director prior to commencing any additional regulated activities.
- 22. At project locations where construction is initiated and abandoned, or not completed, the site shall be returned to a condition such that the aquifer is protected from potential contamination.

Mr. Miles Terry Page 2 February 25, 2022

This action is taken under authority delegated by the Executive Director of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality. If you have any questions or require additional information, please contact James "Bo" Slone, P.G. of the Edwards Aquifer Protection Program of the Austin Region office at (512) 339-2929.

Sincerely,

Lillian Butler, Section Manager

Edwards Aquifer Protection Program

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

LIB/jcs

Enclosure: Deed Recordation Affidavit, Form TCEQ-0625

Change in Responsibility for Maintenance of Permanent BMPs, Form TCEQ-10263

Cc: Ms. Hollis Scheffler, P.E., Pacheco Koch Consulting Engineers, Inc.

SANITARY SEWER COLLECTION SYSTEM ENGINEERING DESIGN REPORT

CROSSPOINT - FRONTAGE CITY OF GEORGETOWN

PREPARED BY:

Westwood

Westwood

Contact Information

Description	Name	Company	Email
Director, Commercial	Hollis A. Scheffler, PE	Westwood Professional Services	hollis.scheffler@westwoodps.com

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1.0 Introduction

1.1 Background and Scope of Work

JSACQ Georgetown LP ("JacksonShaw") is installing an offsite sanitary sewer system on a partially developed tract within the City of Georgetown ("City") to serve future industrial developments on and around the site. The sanitary sewer collection system for the proposed development and the proposed public infrastructure will tie into the City's existing sanitary sewer collection system.

1.2 Project Location

The development is located in Georgetown, Williamson County, Texas directly north of the intersection of IH 35 and SH 195, see <u>Attachment 1 - Overall Aerial</u>. The proposed collection system lies within City limits and will serve the future industrial development and surrounding tracts. The proposed sanitary sewer collection is primarily in an area of minimal flood hazard, Zone X. However, a small portion of the system falls in the 100-year floodplain, Zone A, at the connection point to the existing sewer line. See <u>Attachment 2 - FEMA FIRM Exhibit</u>. The proposed collection system lies within the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone, see <u>Attachment 3 - Edwards Aquifer Zone Exhibit</u>. This engineering report and the sanitary sewer collection system design are in accordance with TCEQ Regulations Chapter 213 and 217.

1.3 Proposed Development

The proposed development includes the construction of a sanitary sewer collection system on partially developed land. The proposed collection system will be designed, constructed, and implemented to serve future industrial developments as well as surrounding tracts, and includes a stub-out for future connections. The overall preliminary development plan is attached as **Attachment 4 – CrossPoint - Frontage Development Plan**. The development is a sewer infrastructure extension and will connect to an existing 36" sanitary sewer line.

2.0 Wastewater Capacity Analysis

2.1 Wastewater Demand Calculations

Utilizing the City's Water & Wastewater Master Plan ("WWMP") in combination with the proposed development site layout, estimates for wastewater demand have been determined to utilize for site planning and utility design. Attached to this analysis are the calculations for the demand determination, see <u>Attachment 5 – Wastewater Demand Calculations</u>.

The process for estimating the wastewater demand is as follows.

- Number of LUEs = Building Square Footage / 1,660 Square Feet per LUE
- Average Dry Weather Flow = Base Wastewater Flow (BWF) + Groundwater Infiltration (GWI)
- BWF = Number of People x 80 gallons per day (gpd) per person
- GWI = 25% of BWF for non-residential PF
- Peaking Factor for Dry Weather Flow = 1.5
- Rainfall Dependent Inflow & Infiltration (RDII) = Acreage x 1000 gpd per acre
- Peak Wet Weather Flow = O_{PDWF} + I/I

The total estimated wastewater demand for the development is as follows:

- Average Dry Weather Flow = 171.63 gpm = 247,147 gpd
- Peak Wet Weather Flow = 840.90 gpm = 1,210,896 gpd

See <u>Attachment 5 – Wastewater Demand Calculations</u> for the full wastewater calculations for the proposed sanitary sewer extension.

According to email correspondence from the City of Georgetown Engineering Systems Director, the receiving wastewater treatment facility (San Gabriel WWTP) has sufficient capacity for this development's additional flow. See **Attachment 6 – WWTP Capacity Verification.**

2.2 Existing Wastewater Utilities

There is existing wastewater utility infrastructure located along SH-195. See <u>Attachment 7 – Existing GUS Utilities</u> and <u>Attachment 9 – Construction Plans</u>. This information was obtained from the GUS GIS system and correlated with the topographic survey conducted. The SH-195 existing sanitary sewer line ultimately conveys wastewater to the Pecan Branch WWTP.

2.3 Wastewater Capacity Analysis & Recommended Improvements

The wastewater system was designed for the following criteria:

- Wastewater lines stay below 65% of the capacity of the pipe flowing full during Peak Dry Weather Flow (PDWF).
- Wastewater lines stay below 85% of the capacity of the pipe flowing full during Peak Wet Weather Flows (PWWF).

The 12" line segment full flow capacity is 1,625,242 gpd. This was calculated using Manning's Formula for PVC pipe with a roughness coefficient of 0.013 and slope of 0.50%.

A service area map is included as **Attachment 8 – Existing Wastewater Service Area Map** which illustrates the existing service area.

2.4 Recommended Improvements Design

The design criteria for the proposed sanitary sewer gravity collection lines are as follows:

TABLE 2 - DESIGN CRITERIA

Pipe Size	Min. Grade (%)	Max. Grade (%)	Cross-Sectional Area
12"	0.50%	0.50%	0.79

Pipe Diameter (Inches)	Linear Feet (1)	Pipe Material (2)	Specifications (3)
12	3747	SDR-35 PVC	ASTM D3034

2.5 Safety Considerations

Ample space for working areas is provided outside of the right of way and away from the direct flow of traffic. The design of this system is resistant to the 100-year flood. Proposed manholes are

heavy duty traffic rated and bolted where required by the City's requirements. Piping in the system has ample cover as to not inhibit the structural integrity of any part of the system.

2.6 Inflow & Infiltration Abatement Measures

The calculations for inflow & infiltration were completed in accordance with the City's WWMP. The proposed design is in accordance with the City's design standards including that all proposed sanitary sewer manholes within the 100-year floodplain will be watertight with watertight rings and covers to minimize inflow & infiltration.

ATTACHMENT 1

OVERALL AERIAL



ATTACHMENT 2 FEMA FIRM EXHIBITS

National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette

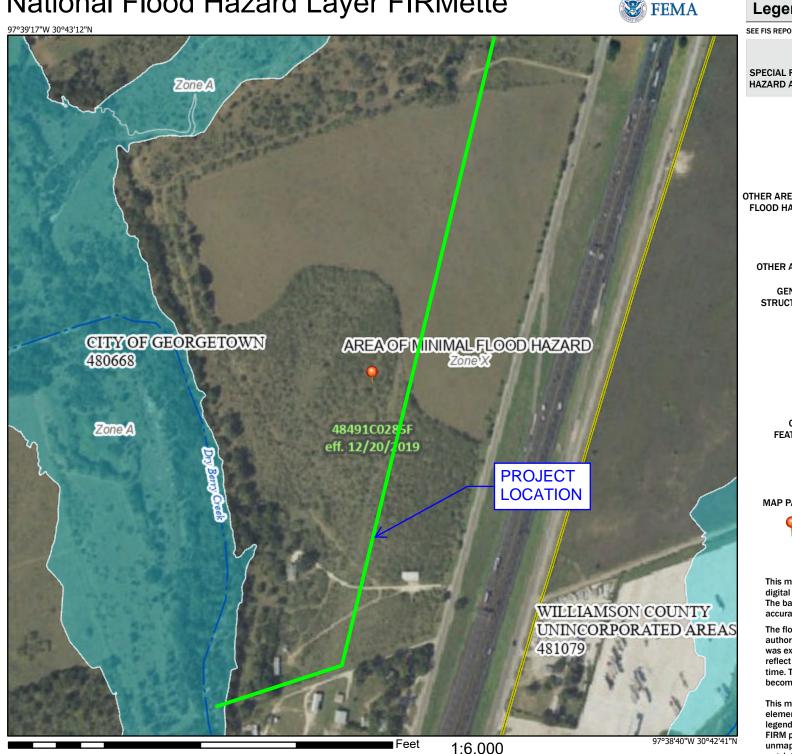
250

500

1,000

1,500

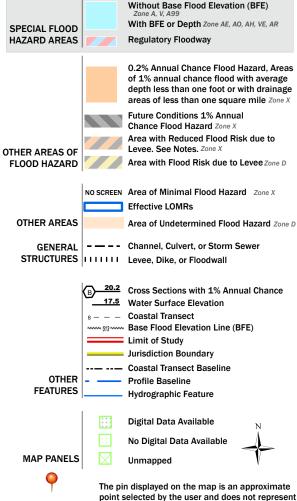




2,000

Legend

SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT



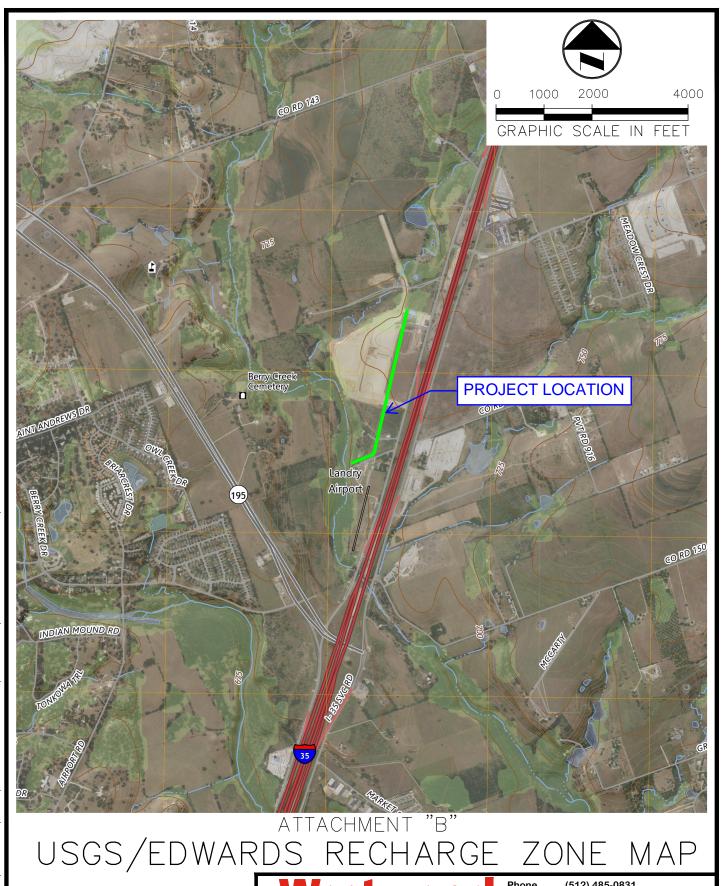
This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of digital flood maps if it is not void as described below. The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap accuracy standards

The flood hazard information is derived directly from the authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map was exported on 7/24/2025 at 10:09 PM and does not reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and time. The NFHL and effective information may change or become superseded by new data over time.

an authoritative property location.

This map image is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, FIRM panel number, and FIRM effective date. Map images for unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for regulatory purposes.

ATTACHMENT 3 EDWARDS AQUIFER ZONE EXHIBIT



MAP

7.5-MINUTE TOPO



Phone (512) 485-0831 (888) 937-5150 Toll Free 8701 N. Mopac Expy, Suite 320 Austin, TX 78759 westwoodps.com

Westwood Professional Services, Inc.

TBPE FIRM REGISTRATION NO. F-11756
TBPLS FIRM REGISTRATION NO. LS-10074301

DRAWN BY HAS

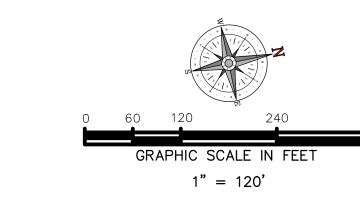
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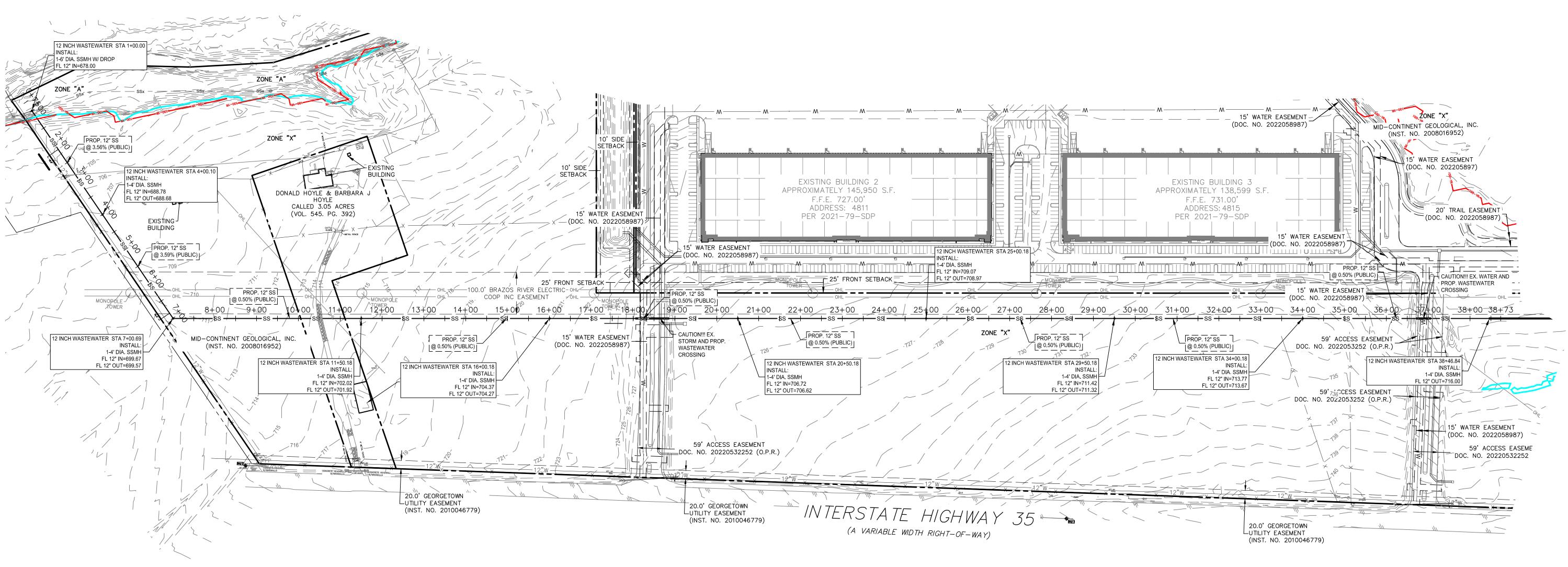
SCALE 1"=2000'

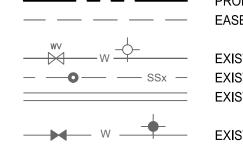
DA TE 7/24/2025

JOB NUMBER R0040131.09

ATTACHMENT 4 CROSSPOINT - FRONTAGE DEVELOPMENT PLAN







OR NOT. 2. CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD VERIFY LOCATION AND DEPTH OF

- ALL EXISTING UTILITIES PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- 3. ALL T.C.E.Q. PIPE SEPARATION MUST BE MET. 4. ALL WYE CONNECTIONS AND BENDS SHALL BE MANUFACTURED FITTINGS.
- 5. SANITARY SEWER CONSTRUCTION WILL INCLUDE FURNISHING AND INSTALLING THE MATERIALS AND ALL SAN. SEWER PIPES, MANHOLES, CLEANOUTS, APPURTENANCE, INCLUDING EXCAVATION, EMBEDMENT AND BACKFILL, AS SHOWN ON THESE PLANS.

TREE **DEMO TREE**

2025-XX-CON

POINT S S CRO LEGEND ——— — PROPERTY LINE — EASEMENT LINE EXISTING WATERLINE — SSX — EXISTING SEWER LINE EXISTING STORM DRAIN LINE DRAFTER: CYS EXISTING WATERLINE —— SS —— SS —— PROPOSED SEWER LINE DESIGNER: HAS 100 YR FLOODPLAIN GEORGETOWN CHECKED: HAS 100 YR FLOODPLAIN FEMA PROJECT NO. R0040131.09 1. THE CITY OF GEORGETOWN DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS APPLY WHETHER INDICATED ON THESE PLANS

STEWATE

M

12"

FRONTAGE

JACKSON

DATE: August, 2025

8/15/2025

6 OF 12 2025-XX-CON

ATTACHMENT 5 WASTEWATER DEMAND CALCULATIONS

 $Q_{pdwf} = ([18 + (0.018 \times F)^{0.5}] / [4 + (0.018 \times F)^{0.5}]) \times F$

Where: F = 80 gal./person/day x No. of LUEs x 3.5/1440 = average dryweather flow in gpm

DRAINAGE			Land Area									PWWF	
AREA	PARCEL	Land Use	(Ac)	Amt	Unit	LUE's/Unit*	LUE	F (gpm)	Q _{pdwf} (gpm)	I/I (gpd)	I/I (gpm)	(gpm)	
DA-1	DBC-S4 Lower	MIXED USE COMMUNITY	248.00		SF	1/1660	185.0	35.97	140.79	186000	129.17	269.96	
DA-2	Niemann	50% Industrial and 50% Retail	67.69	693,953	SF	1/1660	418.0	81.29	299.73	50768	35.26	334.99	
DA-3	Frontage	Retail (Restuarants and Office space)	55.69	464,209	SF	1/1660	279.6	54.38	206.95	41768	29.01	235.96	
-	-	-	0.00	-	SF	1/1660	0.0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	
		TOTAL	371.38										

^{*}LUE Calculation from City of Austin LUE Guidance Document included as Attachment 4.1. Please refer to report Section 2.1 for reference on Subject Property LUE calculation.

Wastewater Flows at Specific Nodes

											Cumulative
		Land Area			Cumulative	Cumulative			Cumulative	PWWF	PWWF
MH-Node	DA Contributing At Node	(Ac)	Amt	LUE	LUE	F (gpm)	Q _{pdwf} (gpm)	I/I (gpd)	I/I (gpm)	(gpm)	(gpm)
MH-3	DA-1	248.00	-	185.00	185.00	35.97	140.79	186000	129.17	269.96	269.96
MH-2	DA-2	67.69	693,953	418.04	603.04	117.26	418.32	50768	164.42	334.99	582.74
MH-1	DA-3	55.69	464,209	279.64	882.69	171.63	588.97	41768	193.43	235.96	782.39

Line Segments Capacities and Calculated Flows

			Pip	е		Cross				Calculated	(Calculated	Calculated	
			Slo	pe	Manning's	Sectional	Full Flow	85% of Full	Calculated	% Full	65% of Full F	PDWF	% Full	Pipe Length
U/S Node	D/S Node	Pipe Diameter (inches)	(ft/1	t)	n	Area	(gpm)	Flow (gpm)	PWWF (gpm)	PWWF (%)	Flow (gpm) (gpm)	PDWF (%)	(ft)
MH-3	MH-3		12	0.0050	0.013	0.79	1128.64	959.34	269.96	23.92%	733.6	140.79	12.47%	, O
MH-3	MH-2		12	0.0050	0.013	0.79	1128.64	959.34	582.74	51.63%	733.6	418.32	2 37.06%	, 0
MH-2	MH-1		12	0.0050	0.013	0.79	1128.64	959.34	782.39	69.32%	733.6	588.97	7 52.18%	, 0

ATTACHMENT 6 WWTP CAPACITY VERIFICATION



RE: [EXTERNAL] Pecan Branch WWTP Flows

From Wesley Wright < Wesley. Wright@georgetown.org >

Date Mon 8/11/2025 4:46 PM

To Joel Gujjarlapudi < Joel.Gujjarlapudi@westwoodps.com>

Cc Caleb Fuhrer < Caleb.Fuhrer@georgetowntexas.gov>

CAUTION: External Sender. Please do not click on links or open attachments from senders you do not trust.

Not sure you want it, but we show the following percent flows for the past 7 days: 97, 80, 101, 116, 118, 107, 106.

However, TCEQ should be advised that Pecan Branch has a sister plant (San Gabriel) that is actively undergoing renovations and averaged 74% full across this time.

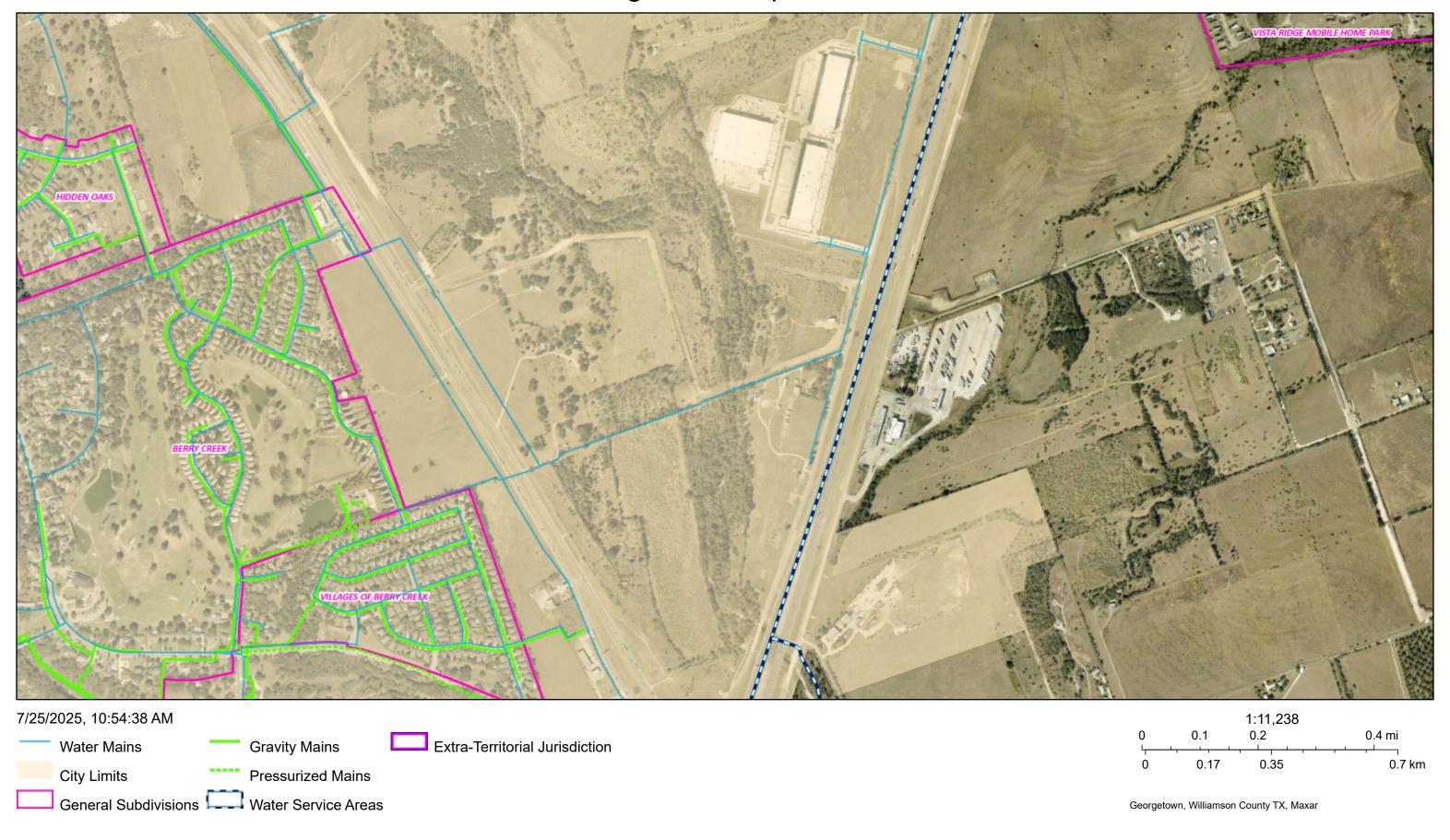
Wesley Wright, PE Systems Engineering Director City of Georgetown Municipal Complex 300-1 Industrial Ave. Georgetown, TX 78627 Phone: 512-931-7672

**PLEASE NOTE NEW EMAIL ADDRESS

Email: wesley.wright@georgetowntexas.gov

ATTACHMENT 7 EXISTING GUS UTILITIES

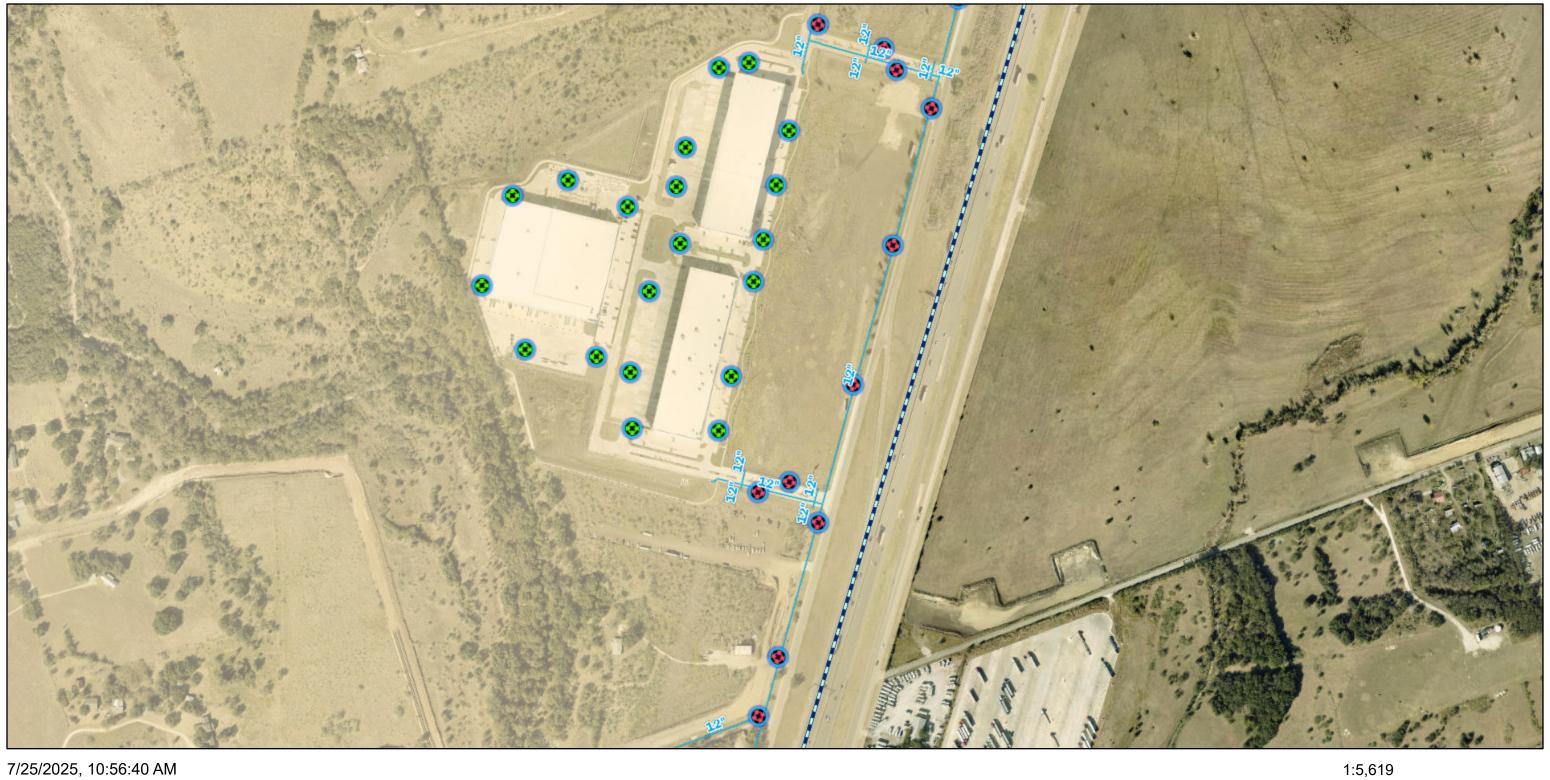
Georgetown Map Overall

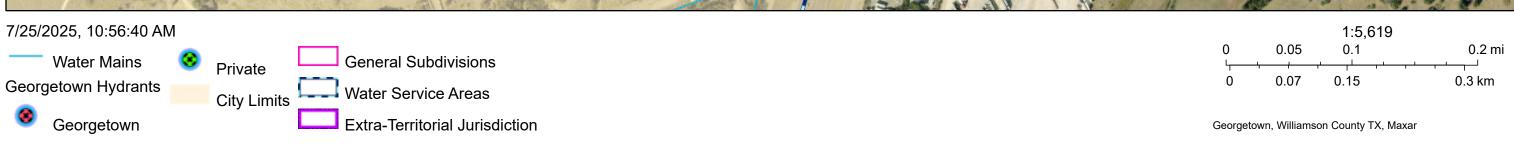


Georgetown Map South

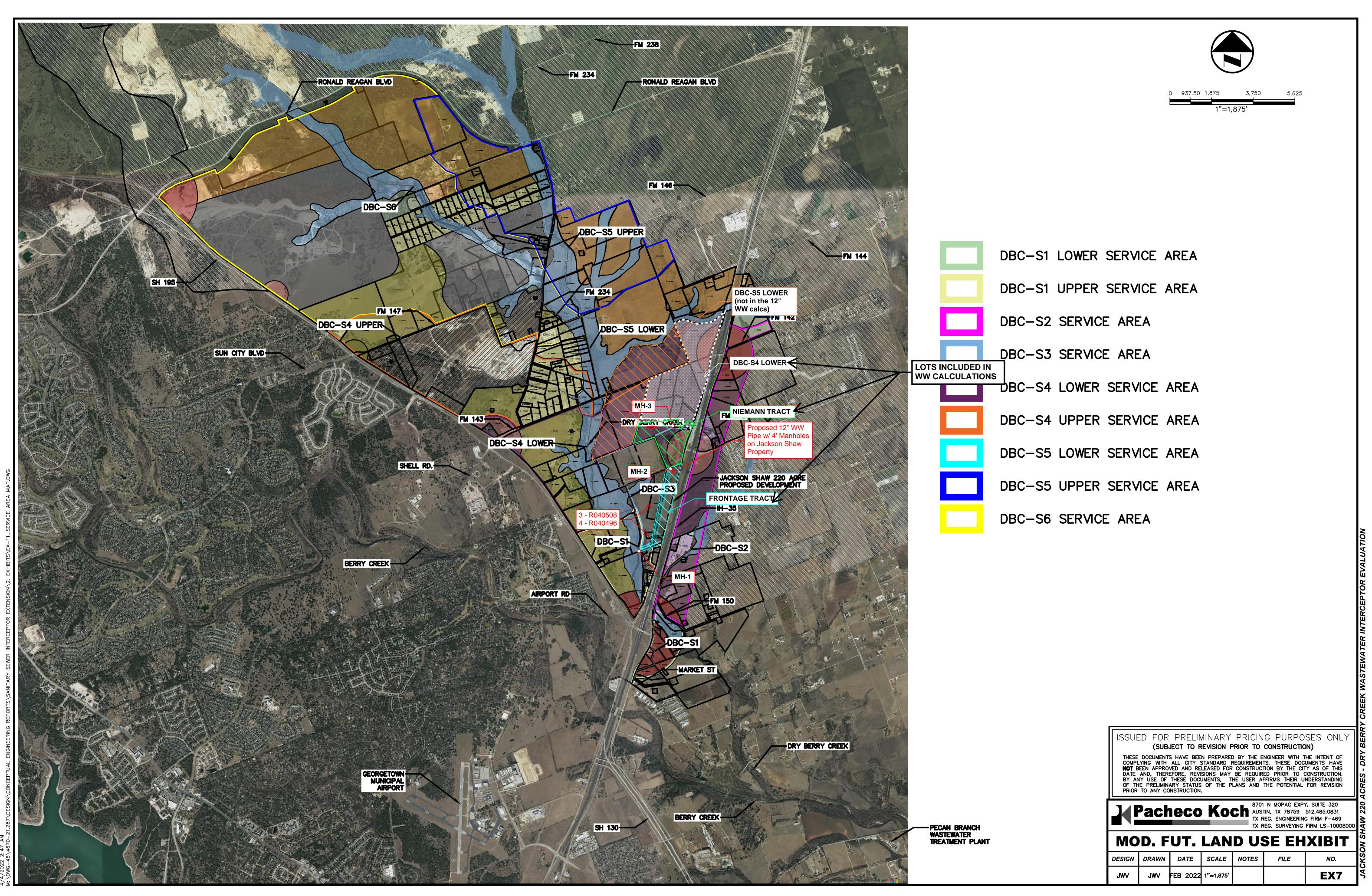


Georgetown Map North





ATTACHMENT 8 EXISTING WASTEWATER SERVICE AREA MAP



JVALENTIEN

ATTACHMENT 9 CONSTRUCTION PLANS

DEVELOPER / OWNER



4890 ALPHA ROAD, SUITE 100 DALLAS, TX 75244 PHONE: (972) 628-7400 MTERRY@JACKSONSHAW.COM WWW.JACKSONSHAW.COM

ENGINEER



HOLLIS SCHEFFLER, P.E. 8701 N. MOPAC EXPY, SUITE 320 AUSTIN, TX 78759 PHONE: (512) 485-0831 HOLLIS.SCHEFFLER@WESTWOODPS.COM WWW.WESTWOODPS.COM

FLOODPLAIN INFORMATION:

PER FEMA FIRM PARCEL NO: 48491C0285F, DATED 12/19/2019. THE PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS ARE IN THE AREA OF FLOOD PLAIN ZONE A, AND ARE IN THE 100 YEAR FLOOD PLAIN.

SANITARY SEWER FOR PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE

27.53 AC (1,199,277 SF) - LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION

GEORGETOWN FIRE DEPARTMENT 3500 DB WOOD RD. GEORGETOWN, TX 78626

ELECTRICITY, WATER, WASTEWATER: GEORGETOWN UTILITY SYSTEMS 300-1 INDUSTRIAL AVENUE

GEORGETOWN, TX 78626 512-930-3555 **GUS.GEORGETOWN.ORG**

PEDERNALES ELECTRICAL COOPERATIVE, INC 201 S. AVENUE F JOHNSON CITY, TX 78636

830-868-7155 PEC.COOP

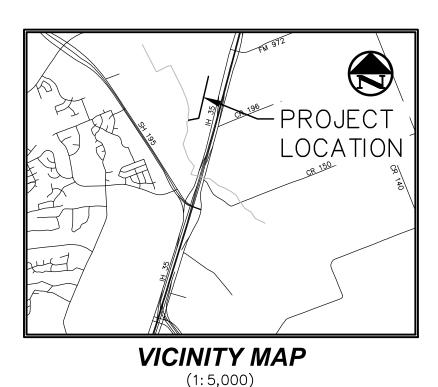
2727 S. AUSTIN AVE. GEORGETOWN, TX 78626 512-930-5402

- THESE PLANS WERE PREPARED, SEALED, SIGNED, AND DATED BY A TEXAS LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER. THEREFORE, BASED ON THE ENGINEER'S CONCURRENCE OF COMPLIANCE, THE PLANS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROPOSED PROJECT ARE HEREBY APPROVED SUBJECT TO THE STANDARD CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS AND DETAILS MANUAL AND ALL OTHER APPLICABLE CITY, STATE AND FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS AND CODES.
- THIS PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO ALL CITY STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS AND DETAILS IN EFFECT AT THE TIME OF SUBMITTAL OF THE PROJECT TO THE CITY. ALL ELECTRIC DISTRIBUTION LINES AND INDIVIDUAL SERVICE LINES SHALL BE INSTALLED UNDERGROUND. IF OVERHEAD LINES EXISTED PRIOR TO UNDERGROUND INSTALLATION, SUCH POLES, GUY WIRES, AND RELATED STRUCTURES SHALL BE REMOVED FOLLOWING CONSTRUCTION OF THE UNDERGROUND INFRASTRUCTURE (ONLY APPLICABLE FOR RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY).
- WHERE NO EXISTING OVERHEAD INFRASTRUCTURE EXISTS, UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC UTILITY LINES SHALL BE LOCATED ALONG THE STREET AND WITHIN THE SITE. WHERE EXISTING OVERHEAD INFRASTRUCTURE IS TO BE RELOCATED, IT SHALL BE RE-INSTALLED UNDERGROUND AND THE EXISTING FACILITIES SHALL BE REMOVED AT THE DISCRETION OF THE DEVELOPMENT ENGINEER (ONLY APPLICABLE FOR NON-RESIDENTIAL AND MULTI-FAMILY DEVELOPMENT).
- . ALL ELECTRIC AND COMMUNICATION INFRASTRUCTURE SHALL COMPLY WITH UDC
- . THE PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THIS APPLICATION IS SUBJECT TO THE WATER QUALITY REGULATIONS OF THE CITY OF GEORGETOWN.
- 6. A GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CITY OF GEORGETOWN WATER QUALITY REGULATIONS, WAS COMPLETED ON AUGUST 17, 2021. ANY SPRINGS AND STREAMS AS IDENTIFIED IN THE GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT ARE SHOWN HEREIN.

CONSTRUCTION PLANS

FOR

CROSS POINT FRONTAGE 12" WASTEWATER MAIN GEORGETOWN, TEXAS, 78633



PROJECT ZONING:

PROJECT ADDRESS:

4805 IH-35 N **GEORGETOWN, TX 78633**

SUBMITTAL DATE:

08/18/2025

REVISIONS/CORRECTIONS

NO.	DESCRIPTION	REVISE (R) ADD (A) VOID (V) SHEET NO.S	TOTAL # SHEETS IN PLAN SET	NET CHANGE TO IMP. COVER (sq. ft.)	TOTAL SITE IMP. COVER (sq. ft.) (%)	CITY OF GEORGETOWN APPROVAL/DATE	DATE IMAGED

SHEET INDEX

DESCRIPTION

COVER

GENERAL NOTES TCEQ NOTES

EROSION CONTROL PLAN

EROSION CONTROL DETAILS

OVERALL WASTEWATER PLAN

PLAN & PROFILE - LINE A STA. 1+00-08+50

PLAN & PROFILE - LINE A STA. 08+50-18+00 PLAN & PROFILE - LINE A STA. 18+00-27+00

PLAN & PROFILE - LINE A STA. 27+00-33+00

PLAN & PROFILE - LINE A STA. 33+00-END

WASTEWATER DETAILS

BENCHMARK LIST

" X " CUT SET IN CONCRETE ON THE SOUTHEAST SIDE OF SH 3 SOUTHBOUND FRONTAGE ROAD, ±263' SOUTHWEST FROM THE INTERSECTION OF SH 35 SOUTHBOUND FRONTAGE ROAD AND CR 972, ±78' SOUTHEAST FROM POWER POLE..

> SURFACE COORDINATES: NORTHING= 10,238,113.29 EASTING=3,141,506.66 ELEV=749.11

" X " CUT SET IN CONCRETE CURB ON THE SOUTHEAST SIDE OF SH 35 SOUTHBOUND FRONTAGE ROAD, ±55' SOUTHEAST FROM SIGN. ±64' NORTHEAST FROM LIGHT STANDARD.

> SURFACE COORDINATES: NORTHING= 10,236,140.16 EASTING=3,141,012.53 ELEV=740.02

" X " CUT SET IN CONCRETE HEADWALL ON THE NORTHWEST SIDE OF SH 35 SOUTHBOUND FRONTAGE ROAD, ±36' SOUTHEAST FROM FIRE HYDRANT, ±34' SOUTH FROM POWER POLE WITH GUY WIRE ..

> SURFACE COORDINATES: NORTHING= 10,140,483.61 EASTING=3,140,483.61

DATE: August, 2025

DRAFTER: CYS DESIGNER: HAS

> CHECKED: HAS PROJECT NO.

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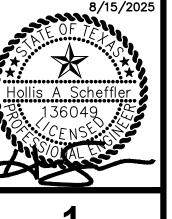
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Toll Free

Westwood Professional Services, Inc. **TBPE FIRM REGISTRATION NO. F-11756 TBPLS FIRM REGISTRATION NO. LS-10074301**

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PREPARED BY

2025-XX-CON

SPECIFIED. FAILURE ON THE PART OF THE CONTRACTOR TO BE FAMILIAR WITH ALL STANDARDS AND 5. SPECIFICATIONS PERTAINING TO THIS WORK SHALL IN NO WAY RELIEVE THE CONTRACTOR OF 6. RESPONSIBILITY OF PERFORMING THE WORK IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL SUCH APPLICABLE STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

THE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL LOCATIONS OF EXISTING SUBSURFACE UTILITIES HAVE BEEN DETERMINED FROM DATA RECORDED BY OTHERS. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ELEVATIONS SHOWN AND ENSURE THAT NECESSARY CROSSING CLEARANCES BETWEEN EXISTING AND PROPOSED UTILITIES EXIST PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION OF ANY SUCH CROSSINGS. IT WILL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE VERIFY SIZE AND LOCATION OF ALL UTILITIES PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION AND NOTIFY ENGINEER OF ANY

IT WILL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO PROTECT ALL MANHOLES. CLEANOUTS. VALVE PROPER LINE AND GRADE DURING THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE PAVING FOR THIS DEVELOPMENT.

5.1. PROTECT AND MAINTAIN ROADWAY TRAFFIC THROUGHOUT THE PROJECT, PROVIDING A

MINIMUM OF ONE (1) LANE OPEN IN EACH DIRECTION 5.2. PROVIDE AND MAINTAIN INTERIM ACCESS FROM ROADWAYS CURRENTLY IN USE TO ALL

DRIVEWAYS AND INTERSECTING STREETS OR ALLEYS; 5.3. MAINTAIN NORMAL PROJECT DRAINAGE UNTIL NEW DRAINAGE FACILITIES ARE FUNCTIONAL, INCLUDING, WHERE NECESSARY, INTERIM REPLACEMENT OF EXISTING DRAINAGE STRUCTURES REMOVED FOR CONSTRUCTION OF NEW DRAINAGE FACILITIES;

5.4. MAINTAIN ALL WORK AND MATERIAL STORAGE AREAS IN ORDERLY CONDITION, FREE OF DEBRIS AND WASTE. ON COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION, CLEAN UP THE PROJECT AND ADJACENT AFFECTED AREAS TO ACCEPTABLE CONDITION, ALL AS PROVIDED IN THE GENERAL 14.

PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION, BONDS AND THREE-WAY CONTRACTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE CITY AS REQUIRED. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR COMPLIANCE WITH ALL FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL

REGULATIONS REGARDING TRENCH SAFETY. REFER TO ARCHITECTURAL AND STRUCTURAL PLANS TO VERIFY ALL BUILDING DIMENSIONS REFER TO ARCHITECTURAL PLANS FOR DETAILED BUILDING ENTRANCE LAYOUTS, RAMPS, LANDSCAPE

BARRICADING AND PROJECT SIGNS SHALL CONFORM TO TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES AND LATEST UPDATES.

TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CITY PAVEMENT REPAIR MANUAL AND INCLUDED IN THE BASE BID.

DEMOLITION GENERAL NOTES

AND/OR RELOCATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES.

CONTRACTOR IS TO REVIEW ALL GENERAL NOTES PRIOR TO BEGINNING WORK.

REMOVE ALL EXISTING PAVEMENT AND STRUCTURES WITHIN THE LIMITS OF DEMOLITION UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. SAWCUT AND REMOVE ALL EXISTING DRIVE APPROACHES (WITHIN THE LIMITS OF DEMOLITION) TWO FEET FROM BACK OF CURB. SIDEWALKS, PAVEMENT, AND UTILITIES WITHIN THE

B. ALL PRIVATE FIRE HYDRANTS SHOULD BE TESTED ANNUALLY AND SHALL BE COLOR CODED TO INDICATE THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY ARE TO REMAIN UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

CONSULT THE DIMENSIONAL CONTROL PLAN. VERIFY THE PORTION OF EXISTING CONCRETE CURBS AND PAVEMENT WHICH ARE TO REMAIN. . COORDINATE WITH LOCAL POWER, TELEPHONE, CABLE, AND GAS COMPANIES PRIOR TO THE REMOVAL FLOW

ALL UTILITIES SHOULD BE CUT AND PLUGGED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THEIR RESPECTIVE UTILITY 1000 TO 1500 GPM COMPANY REQUIREMENTS AND PRIOR TO DEMOLITION OF THE EXISTING BUILDINGS.

CONTRACTOR TO PLUG ALL EXISTING EXPOSED ENDS OF ABANDONED UTILITIES. CONTRACTOR TO DETERMINE SOURCE OF ALL EXPOSED UTILITIES AND, IF REQUIRED, RECONNECT TO NOT WORKING

CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE REMOVAL AND LEGAL DISPOSAL OF ALL THE UNSUITABLE MATERIALS FROM THE PROJECT SITE. CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT ALL LOCAL AUTHORITIES TO PAVING GENERAL NOTES DETERMINE DISPOSAL REQUIREMENTS.

ALL TREES ON THE PROPERTY SHALL BE PROTECTED AGAINST DAMAGE DURING DEMOLITION OPERATIONS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. THE TREE PROTECTION SHALL BE PLACED AROUND TREES PRIOR TO ANY DEMOLITION OR GRADING. TREE PROTECTION SHALL REMAIN UNTIL ALL WORK IS COMPLETED. REFER TO LANDSCAPE PLANS FOR TREE REMOVAL AND PROTECTION DETAILS.

0. ANY DAMAGE DONE TO EXISTING TREE CROWNS OR ROOT SYSTEMS SHALL BE REPAIRED IMMEDIATELY BY AN APPROVED TREE SURGEON AT THE OWNER'S DIRECTION. ROOTS EXPOSED AND/OR DAMAGED DURING DEMOLITION AND/OR GRADING OPERATIONS SHALL BE CUT OFF CLEANLY INSIDE THE EXPOSED OR DAMAGED AREA, CUT SURFACES PAINTED WITH AN APPROVED TREE PAINT, AND TOPSOIL AND MULCH PLACED OVER THE EXPOSED ROOT AREA IMMEDIATELY

. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ESTABLISHING AND MAINTAINING EROSION CONTROL MEASURES ON THE SITE IN ACCORDANCE WITH FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL REGULATIONS UNTIL THE SITE HAS BEEN

12. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR GRADING ALL DISTURBED AREAS TO ALLOW FOR POSITIVE $_{
m 6}$ DRAINAGE, GRADING SLOPES ARE NOT TO EXCEED 3:1. 3. AREAS EXCAVATED FOR FOUNDATION OR UNDERGROUND STRUCTURE REMOVAL SHALL BE BACK-FILLED AND COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM OF 95% STANDARD PROCTOR DENSIT

14. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR SECURITY OF THE SITE DURING DEMOLITION ACTIVITIES AND UNTIL SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION.

5. ALL WORK, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR PUBLIC WORKS CONSTRUCTION ISSUED BY THE NORTH CENTRAL TEXAS COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS 9. AND CITY STANDARD CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS. 16. THE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL LOCATIONS OF EXISTING SUBSURFACE UTILITIES HAVE BEEN 10.

DETERMINED FROM DATA RECORDED BY OTHERS. IT WILL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR 11. TO PROTECT ALL UTILITY MAINS, MANHOLES, CLEANOUTS, VALVE BOXES, AND FIRE HYDRANTS, ETC. IN 12. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR COMPLIANCE WITH ALL FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL

REGULATIONS REGARDING TRENCH SAFETY 18. BARRICADING AND PROJECT SIGNS SHALL CONFORM TO TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES AND LATEST UPDATES.

19. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN EXISTING PAVEMENT AND ACCESS TO FIRE HYDRANTS ON SITE UNTIL THE FIRE PROTECTION NOTES BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURES IN THAT AREA HAVE BEEN DEMOLISHED AND REMOVED. 20. CONTRACTOR WILL PROVIDE ON-SITE PARKING FOR WORKERS. VEHICLE PARKING WILL NOT BE ALLOWED

WITHIN THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY 21. CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR IMPLEMENTING AND MAINTAINING ADEQUATE DUST CONTROL MEASURES DURING DEMOLITION ACTIVITIES.

22. CONTRACTOR IS TO COORDINATE DEMOLITION ACTIVITIES WITH THE HAZARDOUS MATERIAL ABATEMENT CONTRACTORS' ACTIVITIES, IF APPLICABLE. 23. THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR OBTAINING ALL TEMPORARY UTILITY SERVICES REQUIRED

GRADING & DRAINAGE GENERAL NOTES

TO COMPLETE THE SCOPE OF WORK.

REFER TO GEOTECHNICAL REPORT 19106100.094 BY MLA GEOTECHNICAL FOR REQUIREMENTS REGARDING FILL COMPACTION AND MOISTURE CONTENT. UNLESS NOTED, ALL FILL IS TO BE COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM OF 95% STANDARD PROCTOR DENSITY WITHIN 3% OF OPTIMUM MOISTURE CONTENT. FILL TO BE PLACED IN MAXIMUM LIFTS OF 6 INCHES.

SIDEWALKS AND ACCESSIBLE ROUTES SHALL HAVE A RUNNING SLOPE NO GREATER THAN 5% (UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED) AND A CROSS SLOPE NO GREATER THAN 2%. GRADING OF ALL HANDICAPPED SPACES AND ROUTES TO CONFORM TO FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL GUIDELINES.

ALL PROPOSED AND EXISTING GRADES IN NON-PAVED AREAS ARE "FINISHED GRADE" (i.e. IN LANDSCAPE BEDS, TOP OF MULCH/BEDDING MATERIAL) UNLESS NOTED, STORM DRAIN LINES SHALL BE OF THE FOLLOWING MATERIALS AND INSTALLED IN

ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS: 6.A. RCP C-76, CLASS III 6.B. ADS N-12

6.C. HANCOR HI-Q 6.D. CONTECH ALUMINIZED ULTRA FLOW

6.E. LANE ENTERPRISES HDPE OR APPROVED EQUAL

UNLESS NOTED, STORM STRUCTURES TO BE "FORTERRA PIPE AND PRECAST" SIZED AS SHOWN, OR APPROVED EQUAL. FINAL PAVING, CURB, AND SIDEWALK ELEVATIONS WILL BE PLACED AT PLUS OR MINUS 0.03 FOOT.

. ANY CONCRETE, ROCK, OR MATERIAL DEEMED BY THE ENGINEER TO BE UNSUITABLE FOR SUBGRADE SHALL BE DISPOSED OF OFFSITE AT CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE. TRENCH BACKFILL MATERIAL SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF CITY OF GEORGETOWN

REFER TO LANDSCAPE SPECIFICATIONS FOR SEEDING AND SODDING REQUIREMENTS.

STANDARDS AND SHALL BE MECHANICALLY COMPACTED IN 6-INCH LIFTS TO THE TOP OF SUBGRADE TO A MINIMUM OF 95% STANDARD PROCTOR DENSITY IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF GEORGETOWN STANDARDS UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THESE PLANS OR STATED IN THE STANDARD CITY SPECIFICATIONS.

EMBEDMENT SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF CITY OF AUSTIN ITEM 510 UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THESE PLANS OR STATED IN THE STANDARD CITY SPECIFICATIONS.

13. A ROUND MANHOLE COVER MEETING CITY SPECIFICATIONS SHALL BE PLACED IN ALL INLET TOPS NEAR THE OUTLET PIPE 14. ALL CONCRETE FOR INLETS AND DRAINAGE STRUCTURES SHALL CONFORM TO CITY OF GEORGETOWN,

CLASS "A" (3000 PSI) UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THESE PLANS OR STATED IN STANDARD CITY CRUSHED STONE BEDDING OR APPROVED EQUAL SHALL BE PROVIDED BY THE CONTRACTOR WHEN

ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED IN TRENCHES. THERE SHALL BE NO ADDITIONAL PAY ITEM FOR CRUSHED STONE

16. IF REQUIRED DUE TO CONSTRUCTION, POWER POLES TO BE BRACED OR RELOCATED AT CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.

WATER & SANITARY SEWER GENERAL NOTES

STANDARD CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS OR THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR PUBLIC WORKS 2. ALL WATER MAINS SHALL BE PVC C900, DR 18, CLASS 235, FIRE PROTECTION SERVICES SHALL BE PVC C900. DR 14, CLASS 305 AND INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DESIGN AND SPECIFICATIONS OF THE FIRE PROTECTION PLANS TO BE PREPARED BY A LICENSED FIRE PROTECTION CONTRACTOR.

> WATER AND SANITARY SEWER SERVICES SHALL MEET PLUMBING CODE REQUIREMENTS. ALL WATER MAINS SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM COVER OF 48 INCHES BELOW IMPROVED FINISHED GRADE, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

SANITARY SEWER PIPE SHALL BE PVC SDR-35 WHEN WATER AND SANITARY SEWER MAINS, SERVICES, AND LATERALS ARE INSTALLED, THEY SHALL BE INSTALLED NO CLOSER TO EACH OTHER THAN NINE FEET IN ALL DIRECTIONS AND PARALLEL LINES MUST BE INSTALLED IN SEPARATE TRENCHES. WHERE THE NINE FOOT SEPARATION DISTANCE CANNOT BE ACHIEVED, THE FOLLOWING TCEQ CHAPTERS SHALL APPLY:

6.A. TCEQ CHAPTER 217.53 PIPE DESIGN. SECTION (d) SEPARATION DISTANCES 6.B. TCEQ CHAPTER 290.44 WATER DISTRIBUTION, SECTION (e) LOCATION OF WATERLINES.

CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY ALL EXISTING SEWER FLOW LINES BEFORE BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTOR TO PROTECT ALL UTILITIES IN THE CONSTRUCTION OF THIS PROJECT. CONTRACTOR TO 8. CONTRACTOR SHALL TIE A ONE INCH WIDE PIECE OF RED PLASTIC FLAGGING TO THE END OF SEWER SERVICE AND SHALL LEAVE A MINIMUM OF 36 INCHES OF FLAGGING EXPOSED AFTER BACKFILL. AFTER CURB AND PAVING IS COMPLETED, CONTRACTOR SHALL MARK THE LOCATION OF THE SEWER SERVICE ON THE CURB OR ALLEY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STANDARD CITY SPECIFICATIONS.

BOXES, AND FIRE HYDRANTS, ETC. CONTRACTOR TO ADJUST TO PROPER LINE AND GRADE PRIOR TO 9. ALL SANITARY SEWER LINES SHALL BE TESTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STANDARD CITY SPECIFICATIONS. AND AFTER THE PLACING OF PERMANENT PAVING AND GRADING. UTILITIES MUST BE MAINTAINED TO 10. THE UTILITY CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL THE WATER SERVICES TO A POINT TWO FEET BACK OF THE CURB LINE AT A DEPTH OF 12 INCHES. THE METER BOX SHALL BE FURNISHED AND INSTALLED BY THE CONTRACTOR AFTER THE PAVING CONTRACTOR HAS COMPLETED THE FINE GRADING BEHIND THE BACK OF THE CURB. EACH SERVICE LOCATION SHALL BE MARKED ON THE CURB WITH A BLUE LETTER "W" BY THE UTILITY CONTRACTOR AND TIED TO PROPERTY CORNERS ON THE "RECORD DRAWINGS."

> ALL METER BOXES SHALL BE LOCATED IN NON-TRAFFIC AREAS. TRENCH BACKFILL MATERIAL SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF NCTCOG ITEM 504.2 AND SHALL BE MECHANICALLY COMPACTED IN 6-INCH LIFTS TO THE TOP OF SUBGRADE TO A MINIMUM OF 95% STANDARD PROCTOR DENSITY IN ACCORDANCE WITH NCTCOG ITEM 504.5 UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THESE

PLANS OR STATED IN THE STANDARD CITY SPECIFICATIONS EMBEDMENT SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF NCTCOG ITEM 504.5 UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THESE PLANS OR STATED IN THE STANDARD CITY SPECIFICATIONS. VALVE BOXES SHALL BE FURNISHED AND SET ON EACH GATE VALVE. AFTER THE FINAL CLEAN-UP AND

ALIGNMENT HAS BEEN COMPLETED, THE UTILITY CONTRACTOR SHALL POUR A 24"X24"X6" CONCRETE BLOCK

15. CONTRACTOR SHALL RECONNECT ALL EXISTING SERVICES AND MAINTAIN EXISTING SERVICES THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTION 16. IF REQUIRED DUE TO CONSTRUCTION, POWER POLES TO BE BRACED OR RELOCATED AT CONTRACTOR'S

AROUND ALL VALVE BOX TOPS LEVEL WITH THE FINISHED GRADE.

AT THE CONCLUSION OF CONSTRUCTION AND AS PART OF THE PROCESS FOR THE CITY TO ACCEPT THIS PHASE. EXACT SAWCUT PAVEMENT REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT LIMITS WITHIN THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY IS

THE FIRE HYDRANTS SHALL BE FLOWED AND TESTED AND A COPY OF THE REPORT SHALL BE EMAILED INTO THE FIRE DEPARTMENT AND THE HYDRANTS SHALL BE PAINTED AND COLOR CODED. CAUTION: IF PRESSURE REDUCING VALVES WERE INSTALLED IN THIS PHASING THEY MUST BE SET PRIOR TO FIRE HYDRANT FLOW TESTING

> LA-507.5.7 A. ALL PRIVATE HYDRANT BARRELS WILL BE PAINTED RED WITH THE BONNET PAINTED USING THE HYDRANT FLOW STANDARD IN PARAGRAPH C OF THIS SECTION TO INDICATE FLOW. IT WILL BE THE CUSTOMER'S RESPONSIBILITY TO TEST AND MAINTAIN THEIR PRIVATE FIRE HYDRANT(S).

> EXPECTED FIRE FLOW FROM THE HYDRANT DURING NORMAL OPERATION. SUCH COLOR APPLIED TO THE FIRE HYDRANT BY PAINTING THE BONNET THE APPROPRIATE COLOR FOR THE EXPECTED FLOW CONDITION. C. HYDRANT FLOW CODING STANDARDS.

COLOR GREATER THAN 1500 GPM BLUE GREEN 500 TO 999 GPM ORANGE LESS THAN 500 GPM BLACK OR BAGGED

ALL DIMENSIONS ARE FROM BACK OF CURB UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

ALL CONCRETE SHALL CONFORM TO CITY OF GEORGETOWN STANDARDS, UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THESE PLANS, STATED IN STANDARD CITY SPECIFICATIONS OR STATED IN TXDOT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS.

SUBGRADE PREPARATION IN RIGHT OF WAY SHALL CONFORM TO STANDARD CITY SPECIFICATIONS OR TXDOT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS. ALL FILL PLACED UNDER PAVING SHALL BE COMPACTED TO 95% STANDARD PROCTOR DENSITY IN 6 INCH 1 LIFTS, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, OR STATED IN GEOTECH REPORT. REFER TO STRUCTURAL SPECIFICATIONS FOR FILL PLACED BENEATH BUILDING AREAS. ALL OTHER FILL AREAS TO BE COMPACTED TO 90% STANDARD PROCTOR.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SUBMIT A JOINT SPACING PLAN TO THE ENGINEER FOR APPROVAL. EXPANSION JOINT SPACING SHALL BE 90' MAXIMUM EACH WAY WITH NO KEYWAYS AND SAWED DUMMY JOINTS SHALL BE 15' FACH WAY LINEESS OTHERWISE NOTED

TRANSVERSE CONSTRUCTION JOINTS SHALL BE USED AT THE END OF EACH DAYS PAVING AND WHERE INTERRUPTIONS SUSPEND OPERATIONS FOR 30 MINUTES OR MORE. ALL PAVING TO BE REMOVED SHALL BE SAWCUT TO A NEAT LINE, MINIMUM 1-1/2" DEEP, AND THE PAVEMENT REMOVED IN SUCH A MANNER AS TO PRESERVE THE EXISTING TRANSVERSE REINFORCING

STEEL TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT POSSIBLE. ALL CURB AND GUTTER SHALL BE INTEGRAL WITH THE PAVEMENT AND HAVE THE SAME COMPRESSIVE

PAVEMENT REINFORCEMENT SHALL BE #3 BARS, SPACED AT 18 INCHES CENTER TO CENTER EACH WAY EXCEPT WHERE OTHERWISE NOTED IN THE PLANS OR GEOTECH REPORT.

BAR LAPS SHALL BE 30 DIAMETERS IN LENGTH. ALL STRIPES SHALL BE 4 INCHES WIDE, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

INSTALLATION AND PLACEMENT OF IRRIGATION SLEEVES AND UTILITY CONDUITS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT AND MEP PLANS. CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY ALL SLEEVES HAVE BEEN PLACED PRIOR TO PAVING BEING PLACED.

SIDEWALKS AND ACCESSIBLE ROUTES SHALL HAVE A RUNNING SLOPE NO GREATER THAN 5% (UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED) AND A CROSS SLOPE NO GREATER THAN 2%.

APPROVAL OF THIS SITE PLAN DOES NOT IMPLY APPROVAL TO INSTALL UNDERGROUND FIRE LINES. PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF UNDERGROUND FIRE LINES, A SEPARATE PERMIT SHALL BE SUBMITTED, UNDER **GROUND FIRE LINE SUPPLY**

2. BACKFLOW PROTECTION WILL BE PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CITY OF GEORGETOWN REQUIREMENTS WHEN REQUIRED. BACKFLOW PROTECTION WILL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DETAIL PROVIDED IN THE LITH ITY DRAWINGS

ALL PRIVATE FIRE LINES AND WHAT THEY PROVIDE SERVICE TO WILL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH NFPA 24 INSTULLATION OF PRIVATE SERVICE MAINS AND THEIR APPURTENANCES. 4. ALL TEES, PLUGS, CAPS, BENDS, REDUCERS, VALVES SHALL BE RESTRAINED AGAINST MOVEMENT. THRUST

BLOCKING WILL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH NFPA 24. ALL UNDERGROUND SHALL REMAIN UNCOVERED UNTIL A VISUAL INSPECTION IS CONDUCTED BY THE GEORGETOWN FIRE MARSHAL'S OFFICE (FMO). ALL JOINTS AND THRUST BLOCKING SHALL BE UNCOVERED

ALL UNDERGROUND SHALL BE FLUSHED PER THE REQUIREMENTS OF NFPA STANDARD 24 AND WITNESSED BY GEORGETOWN FMO.

ALL UNDERGROUND SHALL PASS A HYDROSTATIC TEST WITNESSED BY GEORGETOWN FMO. ALL JOINTS SHALL BE UNCOVERED FOR HYDROSTATIC TESTING. ALL PIPING AND ATTACHMENTS SUBJECTED TO SYSTEM WORKING PRESSURE SHALL BE TESTED AT 200 PSI. OR 50 PSI IN EXCESS OF THE SYSTEM WORKING PRESSURE, WHICHEVER IS GREATER, AND SHALL MAINTAIN THAT PRESSURE + OR - 5 PSI FOR 2 HOURS. FENCES. LANDSCAPING AND OTHER ITEMS WILL NOT BE INSTALLED WITHIN 3 FT, AND WHERE THEY WILL

OBSTRUCT THE VISIBILITY OR ACCESS TO HYDRANTS, OR REMOTE FDCS. LICENSE REQUIREMENTS OF EITHER RME-U OR G. WHEN CONNECTING BY UNDERGROUND TO THE WATER PURVEYOR'S MAIN FROM THE POINT OF CONNECTION OR VALVE WHERE THE PRIMARY PURPOSE OF WATER IS FOR FIRE PROTECTION SPRINKLER SYSTEM.

EROSION CONTROL NOTES

1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL EROSION/SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS, TREE/NATURAL AREA PROTECTIVE FENCING, AND CONDUCT "PRE-CONSTRUCTION" TREE FERTILIZATION (IF APPLICABLE) PRIOR TO ANY SITE PREPARATION WORK (CLEARING, GRUBBING OR EXCAVATION).

THE PLACEMENT OF EROSION/SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ENVIRONMENTAL CRITERIA MANUAL AND THE APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN. THE COA ESC PLAN SHALL BE CONSULTED AND USED AS THE BASIS FOR A TPDES REQUIRED SWPPP. IF A SWPPP IS REQUIRED, IT SHALL BE AVAILABLE FOR REVIEW BY THE CITY OF AUSTIN ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTOR AT ALL TIMES DURING CONSTRUCTION, INCLUDING AT THE PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING. THE CHECKLIST BELOW CONTAINS THE BASIC ELEMENTS THAT SHALL BE REVIEWED FOR PERMIT APPROVAL BY COA EV PLAN REVIEWERS AS WELL AS COA EV INSPECTORS.

3. THE PLACEMENT OF TREE/NATURAL AREA PROTECTIVE FENCING SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CITY OF AUSTIN STANDARD NOTES FOR TREE AND NATURAL AREA PROTECTION AND THE APPROVED GRADING/TREE AND NATURAL AREA PLAN

4. A PRE-CONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE SHALL BE HELD ON-SITE WITH THE CONTRACTOR, DESIGN ENGINEER/PERMIT APPLICANT AND ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTOR AFTER INSTALLATION OF THE

EROSION/SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS. TREE/NATURAL AREA PROTECTION MEASURES AND "PRE-CONSTRUCTION" TREE FERTILIZATION (IF APPLICABLE) PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY SITE PREPARATION WORK. THE OWNER OR OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE SHALL NOTIFY THE DEVELOPMENT SERVICES DEPARTMENT, 512-974-2278 OR BY EMAIL AT ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTIONS@AUSTINTEXAS.GOV. AT LEAST THREE DAYS PRIOR TO THE MEETING DATE. COA APPROVED ESC PLAN AND TPDES SWPPP (IF REQUIRED) SHOULD BE REVIEWED BY COA EV INSPECTOR AT THIS TIME.

ANY MAJOR VARIATION IN MATERIALS OR LOCATIONS OF CONTROLS OR FENCES FROM THOSE SHOWN ON THE APPROVED PLANS WILL REQUIRE A REVISION AND MUST BE APPROVED BY THE REVIEWING ENGINEER, ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIALIST OR CITY ARBORIST AS APPROPRIATE. MAJOR REVISIONS MUST BE APPROVED BY AUTHORIZED COA STAFF, MINOR CHANGES TO BE MADE AS FIELD REVISIONS TO THE EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN MAY BE REQUIRED BY THE ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTOR DURING THE COURSE OF CONSTRUCTION TO CORRECT CONTROL INADEQUACIES.

6. THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO PROVIDE A CERTIFIED INSPECTOR THAT IS EITHER A LICENSED ENGINEER (OR PERSON DIRECTLY SUPERVISED BY THE LICENSED ENGINEER) OR CERTIFIED PROFESSIONAL IN EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL (CPESC OR CPESC - IT), CERTIFIED EROSION, SEDIMENT AND STORMWATER - INSPECTOR (CESSWI OR CESSWI - IT) OR CERTIFIED INSPECTOR OF SEDIMENTATION AND EROSION CONTROLS (CISEC OR CISEC - IT) CERTIFICATION TO INSPECT THE CONTROLS AND FENCES AT WEEKLY OR BI-WEEKLY INTERVALS AND AFTER ONE-HALF (1/2) INCH OR GREATER RAINFALL EVENTS TO INSURE THAT THEY ARE FUNCTIONING PROPERLY. THE PERSON(S) RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTENANCE OF CONTROLS AND FENCES SHALL IMMEDIATELY MAKE ANY NECESSARY REPAIRS TO DAMAGED AREAS. SILT ACCUMULATION AT CONTROLS MUST BE REMOVED WHEN THE DEPTH REACHES SIX (6) INCHES OR ONE-THIRD (1/3) OF THE INSTALLED HEIGHT OF THE CONTROL WHICHEVER IS LESS.

7. PRIOR TO FINAL ACCEPTANCE BY THE CITY, HAUL ROADS AND WATERWAY CROSSINGS CONSTRUCTED FOR TEMPORARY CONTRACTOR ACCESS MUST BE REMOVED, ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT REMOVED FROM THE WATERWAY AND THE AREA RESTORED TO THE ORIGINAL GRADE AND REVEGETATED. ALL LAND CLEARING DEBRIS SHALL BE DISPOSED OF IN APPROVED SPOIL DISPOSAL SITES.

8. ALL WORK MUST STOP IF A VOID IN THE ROCK SUBSTRATE IS DISCOVERED WHICH IS: ONE SQUARE FOOT IN TOTAL AREA; BLOWS AIR FROM WITHIN THE SUBSTRATE AND/OR CONSISTENTLY RECEIVES WATER DURING ANY RAIN EVENT. AT THIS TIME IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE PROJECT MANAGER TO IMMEDIATELY CONTACT A CITY OF AUSTIN ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTOR FOR FURTHER INVESTIGATION. IN ADDITION, IF THE PROJECT SITE IS LOCATED WITHIN THE EDWARDS AQUIFER, THE PROJECT MANAGER MUST NOTIFY THE TRAVIS COUNTY BALCONES CANYONLANDS CONSERVATION PRESERVE (BCCP) BY EMAIL AT BCCP@TRAVISCOUNTYTX.GOV. CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES WITHIN 50 FEET OF THE VOID MUST STOP.

A. ALL DISTURBED AREAS TO BE REVEGETATED ARE REQUIRED TO PLACE A MINIMUM OF SIX (6) INCHES OF TOPSOIL [SEE STANDARD SPECIFICATION ITEM NO. 601S.3(A)]. DO NOT ADD TOPSOIL WITHIN THE CRITICAL

9. TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT EROSION CONTROL: ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE RESTORED AS NOTED

ROOT ZONE OF EXISTING TREES. TOPSOIL SALVAGED FROM THE EXISTING SITE IS ENCOURAGED FOR USE, BUT IT SHOULD MEET THE STANDARDS

AN OWNER/ENGINEER MAY PROPOSE USE OF ONSITE SALVAGED TOPSOIL WHICH DOES NOT MEET THE CRITERIA OF STANDARD SPECIFICATION 601S BY PROVIDING A SOIL ANALYSIS AND A WRITTEN STATEMENT FROM A QUALIFIED PROFESSIONAL IN SOILS, LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE, OR AGRONOMY INDICATING THE ONSITE TOPSOIL WILL PROVIDE AN EQUIVALENT GROWTH MEDIA AND SPECIFYING WHAT, IF ANY, SOIL AMENDMENTS ARE REQUIRED.

SOIL AMENDMENTS SHALL BE WORKED INTO THE EXISTING ONSITE TOPSOIL WITH A DISC OR TILLER TO CREATE A WELL-BLENDED MATERIAL

THE VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION OF AREAS DISTURBED BY CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE AS FOLLOWS:

TEMPORARY VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION:

FROM SEPTEMBER 15 TO MARCH 1, SEEDING SHALL BE WITH OR INCLUDE A COOL SEASON COVER CROP: (WESTERN WHEATGRASS (PASCOPYRUM SMITHII) AT 5.6 POUNDS PER ACRE, OATS (AVENA SATIVA) AT 4.0 POUNDS PER ACRE, CEREAL RYE GRAIN (SECALE CEREALE) AT 45 POUNDS PER ACRE. CONTRACTOR MUST ENSURE THAT ANY SEED APPLICATION REQUIRING A COOL SEASON COVER CROP DOES NOT UTILIZE ANNUAL RYEGRASS (LOLIUM MULTIFLORUM) OR PERENNIAL RYEGRASS (LOLIUM PERENNE). COOL SEASON COVER CROPS ARE NOT PERMANENT EROSION CONTROL.

FROM MARCH 2 TO SEPTEMBER 14, SEEDING SHALL BE WITH HULLED BERMUDA AT A RATE OF 45 POUNDS PER ACRE OR A NATIVE PLANT SEED MIX CONFORMING TO ITEM 604S OR 609S. A. FERTILIZER SHALL BE APPLIED ONLY IF WARRANTED BY A SOIL TEST AND SHALL CONFORM TO ITEM NO

606S. FERTILIZER, FERTILIZATION SHOULD NOT OCCUR WHEN RAINFALL IS EXPECTED OR DURING SLOV PLANT GROWTH OR DORMANCY. CHEMICAL FERTILIZER MAY NOT BE APPLIED IN THE CRITICAL WATER

B. HYDROMULCH SHALL COMPLY WITH TABLE 1, BELOW.

C. TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL SHALL BE ACCEPTABLE WHEN THE GRASS HAS GROWN AT LEAST 11/2 INCHES HIGH WITH A MINIMUM OF 95% TOTAL COVERAGE SO THAT ALL AREAS OF A SITE THAT RELY ON VEGETATION FOR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION ARE UNIFORMLY VEGETATED, AND PROVIDED THERE ARE NO BARE SPOTS LARGER THAN 10 SQUARE FEET.

D. WHEN REQUIRED, NATIVE PLANT SEEDING SHALL COMPLY WITH REQUIREMENTS OF THE CITY OF AUSTIN ENVIRONMENTAL CRITERIA MANUAL, AND STANDARD SPECIFICATION 604S OR 609S.

TABLE 1: HYDROMULCHING FOR TEMPORARY VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION

MATERIAL DESCRIPTION LONGEVITY TYPICAL APPLICATIONS APPLICATION RATES 100% OR ANY BLEND OF WOOD, CELLULOSE, STRAW, AND/OR COTTON PLANT MATERIAL (EXCEPT NO MULCH SHALL EXCEED 30% PAPER) 70% OR GREATER

WOOD/STRAW 30% OR LESS PAPER OR NATURAL FIBERS 0--3 MONTHS MODERATE SLOPES; FROM FLAT TO 3:1 1,500 TO 2,000 LBS PER ACRE PERMANENT VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION:

FROM SEPTEMBER 15 TO MARCH 1, SEEDING IS CONSIDERED TO BE TEMPORARY STABILIZATION ONLY. IF COOL SEASON COVER CROPS EXIST WHERE PERMANENT VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION IS DESIRED, THE GRASSES SHALL BE MOWED TO A HEIGHT OF LESS THAN ONE-HALF (1/2) INCH AND THE AREA SHALL BE RE-SEEDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH TABLE 2 BELOW. ALTERNATIVELY, THE COOL SEASON COVER CROP CAN BE MIXED WITH BERMUDAGRASS OR NATIVE SEED AND INSTALLED TOGETHER, UNDERSTANDING THAT

GERMINATION OF WARM-SEASON SEED TYPICALLY REQUIRES SOIL TEMPERATURES OF 60 TO 70 DEGREES. FROM MARCH 2 TO SEPTEMBER 14, SEEDING SHALL BE WITH HULLED BERMUDA AT A RATE OF 45 POUNDS PER ACRE WITH A PURITY OF 95% AND A MINIMUM PURE LIVE SEED (PLS) OF 0.83. BERMUDA GRASS IS A WARM SEASON GRASS AND IS CONSIDERED PERMANENT EROSION CONTROL. PERMANENT VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION CAN ALSO BE ACCOMPLISHED WITH A NATIVE PLANT SEED MIX CONFORMING TO ITEM 604S OR

A. FERTILIZER USE SHALL FOLLOW THE RECOMMENDATION OF A SOIL TEST. SEE ITEM 606S, FERTILIZER. APPLICATIONS OF FERTILIZER (AND PESTICIDE) ON CITY-OWNED AND MANAGED PROPERTY REQUIRES THE YEARLY SUBMITTAL OF A PESTICIDE AND FERTILIZER APPLICATION RECORD, ALONG WITH A CURRENT COPY OF THE APPLICATOR'S LICENSE. FOR CURRENT COPY OF THE RECORD TEMPLATE CONTACT THE CITY OF AUSTIN'S IPM COORDINATOR.

HYDROMULCH SHALL COMPLY WITH TABLE 2, BELOW.

C. WATER THE SEEDED AREAS IMMEDIATELY AFTER INSTALLATION TO ACHIEVE GERMINATION AND A HEALTHY STAND OF PLANTS THAT CAN ULTIMATELY SURVIVE WITHOUT SUPPLEMENTAL WATER. APPLY THE WATER UNIFORMLY TO THE PLANTED AREAS WITHOUT CAUSING DISPLACEMENT OR EROSION OF THE MATERIALS OR SOIL. MAINTAIN THE SEEDBED IN A MOIST CONDITION FAVORABLE FOR PLANT GROWTH. ALL WATERING SHALL COMPLY WITH CITY CODE CHAPTER 6-4 (WATER CONSERVATION), AT RATES AND FREQUENCIES DETERMINED BY A LICENSED IRRIGATOR OR OTHER QUALIFIED PROFESSIONAL, AND AS ALLOWED BY THE AUSTIN WATER UTILITY AND CURRENT WATER RESTRICTIONS AND WATER CONSERVATION

D. PERMANENT EROSION CONTROL SHALL BE ACCEPTABLE WHEN THE GRASS HAS GROWN AT LEAST 11/2 INCHES HIGH WITH A MINIMUM OF 95 PERCENT FOR THE NON-NATIVE MIX, AND 95 PERCENT COVERAGE FOR THE NATIVE MIX SO THAT ALL AREAS OF A SITE THAT RELY ON VEGETATION FOR STABILITY MUST BE UNIFORMLY VEGETATED, AND PROVIDED THERE ARE NO BARE SPOTS LARGER THAN 10 SQUARE FEET.

E. WHEN REQUIRED, NATIVE PLANT SEEDING SHALL COMPLY WITH REQUIREMENTS OF THE CITY OF AUSTIN ENVIRONMENTAL CRITERIA MANUAL, ITEMS 604S AND 609S.

TABLE 2: HYDROMULCHING FOR PERMANENT VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION

MATERIAL DESCRIPTION LONGEVITY TYPICAL APPLICATIONS APPLICATION RATES BONDED FIBER MATRIX (BFM) 80% ORGANIC DEFIBRATED FIBERS 10% TACKIFIER 6 MONTHS ON SLOPES UP TO 2:1 AND EROSIVE SOIL CONDITIONS 2,500 TO 4,000 LBS PER ACRE (SEE MANUFACTURERS RECOMMENDATIONS) FIBER REINFORCED MATRIX (FRM) 65% ORGANIC DEFIBRATED FIBERS 25% REINFORCING FIBERS OR LESS

10% TACKIFIER UP TO 12 MONTHS ON SLOPES UP TO 1:1 AND EROSIVE SOIL CONDITIONS 3,000 TO 4,500 LBS PER ACRE (SEE MANUFACTURERS RECOMMENDATIONS)

DEVELOPER: JACKSON SHAW

PHONE #: (972) 628-7400

10. DEVELOPER INFORMATION:

ADDRESS: 4890 ALPHA ROAD, SUITE 100 DALLAS, TX 75229

OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE RESPONSIBLE FOR PLAN ALTERATIONS: WESTWOOD

PHONE #: (512) 485-0831

PERSON OR FIRM RESPONSIBLE FOR EROSION/SEDIMENTATION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: WESTWOOD

PHONE #: (512) 485-0831 PERSON OR FIRM RESPONSIBLE FOR TREE/NATURAL AREA PROTECTION MAINTENANCE: TBD

11. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT DISPOSE OF SURPLUS EXCAVATED MATERIAL FROM THE SITE WITHOUT NOTIFYING THE DEVELOPMENT SERVICES DEPARTMENT AT 512-974-2278 AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR WITH THE LOCATION AND A COPY OF THE PERMIT ISSUED TO RECEIVE THE MATERIAL

THESE CONSTRUCTION PLANS WERE PREPARED, SEALED, SIGNED, AND DATED BY A TEXAS LICENSEI PROFFESIONAL ENGINEER. THEREFORE BASED ON THE ENGINEER'S CONCURRAENCE OF COMPLIANCE THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROPOSED PROJECT ARE HEREBY APPROVED SUBJECT TO THE STANDARD CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS AND DETAILS MANUAL AND ALL OTHER APPLICABLE CITY, STATE, AND FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS AND CODES.

THIS PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO ALL CITY STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS AND DETAILS IN EFFECT AT THE TIME OF SUBMITTAL OF THE PROJECT TO THE CITY

THE SITE CONSTRUCTION PLANS SHALL MEET ALL REQUIREMENTS OF THE APPROVED SITE PLAN. WASTEWATER MAINS AND SERVICE LINES SHALL BE SDR 26 PVC

WASTEWATER MAINS SHALL BE INSTALLED WITHOUT HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL BENDS. MAXIMUM DISTANCE BETWEEN WASTEWATER MANHOLES IS 500 FEET.

WASTEWATER MAINS SHALL BE LOW PRESSURE AIR TESTED AND MANDREL TESTED BY THE CONTRACTOR ACCORDING TO CITY OF GEORGETOWN AND TCEQ REQUIREMENT. WASTEWATER MANHOLES SHALL BE VACUUM TESTED AND COATED BY THE CONTRACTOR ACCORDING TO CITY OF GEORGETOWN AND TCEQ REQUIREMENTS.

WASTEWATER MAINS SHALL BE CAMERA TESTED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND SUBMITTED TO THE CITY ON DVD FORMAT PRIOR TO PAVING THE STREETS. PRIVATE WATER SYSTEM FIRE LINES SHALL BE TESTED BY THE CONTRACTOR TO 200 PSI FOR 2 HOURS.

PRIVATE WATER SYSTEM FIRE LINES SHALL BE DUCTILE IRON PIPING FROM THE WATER MAIN TO THE BUILDING SPRINKLER SYSTEM, AND 200 PSI C900 PVC FOR ALL OTHERS. PUBLIC WATER SYSTEM MAINS SHALL BE 150 PSI C900 PVC AND TESTED BY THE CONTRACTOR AT 150 PSI FOR 4 HOURS

BLOCKED. LONG FIRE HYDRANT LEADS SHALL BE RESTRAINED.

ALL WATER LINES ARE TO BE BACTERIA TESTED BY THE CONTRACTOR ACCORDING TO CITY STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

FLEXIBLE BASE MATERIAL FOR PUBLIC STREETS SHALL BE TXDOT TYPE A GRADE 1. HOT MIX ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT SHALL BE TYPE D UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED AND SHALI

ALL SIDEWALK RAMPS ARE TO BE INSTALLED WITH THE PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE A MAINTENANCE BOND IS REQUIRED TO BE SUBMITTED TO THE CITY PRIOR TO ACCEPTANCE OF THE PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS. THIS BOND SHALL BE ESTABLISHED FOR 2 YEARS IN THE AMOUNT OF 10% OF THE COST OF THE PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS AND SHALL FOLLOW THE CITY FORMAT

ALL BENDS AND CHANGES IN DIRECTION ON WATER MAINS SHALL BE RESTRAINED AND THRUST WATER AND SEWER MAIN CROSSINGS SHALL MEET ALL REQUIREMENTS OF THE TCEQ AND THE CITY. BE A MINIMUM OF 2 INCHES THICK ON PUBLIC STREETS AND ROADWAYS. RECORD DRAWINGS OF PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE CITY BY THE DESIGN ENGINEER PRIOR TO ACCEPTANCE OF THE PROJECT. THESE DRAWINGS SHALL BE ON MYLAR OR ON TIFF OR PDF DISK (300DPI). IF A DISK IS SUBMITTED, A BOND SET SHALL BE INCLUDED WITH THE DISK.

7 G ONTA

DATE: August, 2025

DRAFTER: CYS DESIGNER: HAS

CHECKED: HAS PROJECT NO. R0040131.09

2 OF 12

2025-XX-CON

2025-XX-CON

THE ACTIVITY START DATE: AND THE CONTACT INFORMATION OF THE PRIME CONTRACTOR.

ALL CONTRACTORS CONDUCTING REGULATED ACTIVITIES ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PROJECT MUST BE PROVIDED WITH COMPLETE COPIES OF THE APPROVED WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN (WPAP) AND THE TCEQ LETTER INDICATING THE SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF ITS APPROVAL. DURING THE COURSE OF THESE REGULATED ACTIVITIES, THE CONTRACTORS ARE REQUIRED TO KEEP ON-SITE COPIES OF THE APPROVED PLAN AND APPROVAL LETTER.

IF ANY SENSITIVE FEATURE(S) (CAVES, SOLUTION CAVITY, SINK HOLE, ETC.) IS DISCOVERED DURING CONSTRUCTION, ALL REGULATED ACTIVITIES NEAR THE SENSITIVE FEATURE MUST BE SUSPENDED IMMEDIATELY. THE APPROPRIATE TCEQ REGIONAL OFFICE MUST BE IMMEDIATELY NOTIFIED OF ANY SENSITIVE FEATURES ENCOUNTERED DURING CONSTRUCTION. CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES MAY NOT BE RESUMED UNTIL THE TCEQ HAS REVIEWED AND APPROVED THE APPROPRIATE PROTECTIVE MEASURES IN ORDER TO PROTECT ANY SENSITIVE FEATURE AND THE EDWARDS AQUIFER FROM POTENTIALLY ADVERSE

IMPACTS TO WATER QUALITY. 4. NO TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE STORAGE TANK SHALL BE INSTALLED WITHIN 150 FEET OF A WATER SUPPLY SOURCE, DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM, WELL, OR SENSITIVE FEATURE PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY, ALL TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION (E&S) T = TIME FOR PRESSURE TO DROP 1.0 POUND PER SQUARE INCH GAUGE IN SECONDS

CONTROL MEASURES MUST BE PROPERLY INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED PLANS AND MANUFACTURERS SPECIFICATIONS. IF INSPECTIONS INDICATE A CONTROL HAS BEEN USED INAPPROPRIATELY. OR INCORRECTLY. THE APPLICANT MUST REPLACE OR MODIFY THE CONTROL FOR SITE SITUATIONS. THESE CONTROLS MUST REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE DISTURBED AREAS

PERMANENTLY STABILIZED ANY SEDIMENT THAT ESCAPES THE CONSTRUCTION SITE MUST BE COLLECTED AND PROPERLY DISPOSED OF BEFORE THE NEXT RAIN EVENT TO ENSURE IT IS NOT WASHED INTO SURFACE STREAMS, SENSITIVE

SEDIMENT MUST BE REMOVED FROM THE SEDIMENT TRAPS OR SEDIMENTATION BASINS NOT LATER THAN TCEQ-0592 (REV. JULY 15, 2015) PAGE 2 OF 2 WHEN IT OCCUPIES 50% OF THE BASIN'S DESIGN CAPACITY. B. LITTER, CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS, AND CONSTRUCTION CHEMICALS EXPOSED TO STORMWATER SHALL BE

PREVENTED FROM BEING DISCHARGED OFFSITE ALL SPOILS (EXCAVATED MATERIAL) GENERATED FROM THE PROJECT SITE MUST BE STORED ON-SITE WITH PROPER E&S CONTROLS. FOR STORAGE OR DISPOSAL OF SPOILS AT ANOTHER SITE ON THE EDWARDS AQUIFER RECHARGE ZONE, THE OWNER OF THE SITE MUST RECEIVE APPROVAL OF A WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN FOR THE PLACEMENT OF FILL MATERIAL OR MASS GRADING PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF SPOILS AT THE OTHER SITE.

0. IF PORTIONS OF THE SITE WILL HAVE A TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT CEASE IN CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY LASTING LONGER THAN 14 DAYS, SOIL STABILIZATION IN THOSE AREAS SHALL BE INITIATED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE PRIOR TO THE 14TH DAY OF INACTIVITY. IF ACTIVITY WILL RESUME PRIOR TO THE 21ST DAY. STABILIZATION MEASURES ARE NOT REQUIRED. IF DROUGHT CONDITIONS OR INCLEMENT WEATHER PREVENT ACTION BY THE 14TH DAY, STABILIZATION MEASURES SHALL BE INITIATED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.

. THE FOLLOWING RECORDS SHALL BE MAINTAINED AND MADE AVAILABLE TO THE TCEQ UPON REQUEST: THE DATES WHEN MAJOR GRADING ACTIVITIES OCCUR: THE DATES WHEN CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES TEMPORARILY OR PERMANENTLY CEASE ON A PORTION

OF THE SITE; AND THE DATES WHEN STABILIZATION MEASURES ARE INITIATED. 12. THE HOLDER OF ANY APPROVED EDWARD AQUIFER PROTECTION PLAN MUST NOTIFY THE APPROPRIATE

REGIONAL OFFICE IN WRITING AND OBTAIN APPROVAL FROM THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR PRIOR TO INITIATING ANY OF THE FOLLOWING A. ANY PHYSICAL OR OPERATIONAL MODIFICATION OF ANY WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT STRUCTURE(S), ABOVE THE CROWN OF A PIPE AT AN UPSTREAM MANHOLE. INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO PONDS, DAMS, BERMS, SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANTS, AND

DIVERSIONARY STRUCTURES; ANY CHANGE IN THE NATURE OR CHARACTER OF THE REGULATED ACTIVITY FROM THAT WHICH WAS ORIGINALLY APPROVED OR A CHANGE WHICH WOULD SIGNIFICANTLY IMPACT THE ABILITY OF THE PLAN TO PREVENT POLLUTION OF THE EDWARDS AQUIFER:

ANY DEVELOPMENT OF LAND PREVIOUSLY IDENTIFIED AS UNDEVELOPED IN THE ORIGINAL WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN.

TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ORGANIZED SEWAGE COLLECTION SYSTEM GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES

THIS ORGANIZED SEWAGE COLLECTION SYSTEM (SCS) MUST BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH 30 TEXAS ADMINISTRATIVE CODE (TAC) \$213.5(C). THE TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY'S (TCEQ) EDWARDS AQUIFER RULES AND ANY LOCAL GOVERNMENT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS. ALL CONTRACTORS CONDUCTING REGULATED ACTIVITIES ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PROPOSED REGULATED PROJECT MUST BE PROVIDED WITH COPIES OF THE SCS PLAN AND THE TCEQ LETTER INDICATING THE

SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF ITS APPROVAL. DURING THE COURSE OF THESE REGULATED ACTIVITIES, THE CONTRACTORS MUST BE REQUIRED TO KEEP ON-SITE COPIES OF THE PLAN AND THE APPROVAL LETTER. A WRITTEN NOTICE OF CONSTRUCTION MUST BE SUBMITTED TO THE PRESIDING TCEO REGIONAL OFFICE AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY REGULATED ACTIVITIES. THIS NOTICE MUST INCLUDE: THE NAME OF THE APPROVED PROJECT;

THE ACTIVITY START DATE; AND THE CONTACT INFORMATION OF THE PRIME CONTRACTOR

ANY MODIFICATION TO THE ACTIVITIES DESCRIBED IN THE REFERENCED SCS APPLICATION FOLLOWING THE MUST HAVE AN OD EQUAL TO 95% OF THE ID OF A PIPE. IN THIS CASE, THE ID OF THE PIPE, FOR THE PURPOSE DATE OF APPROVAL MAY REQUIRE THE SUBMITTAL OF AN SCS APPLICATION TO MODIFY THIS APPROVAL. INCLUDING THE PAYMENT OF APPROPRIATE FEES AND ALL INFORMATION NECESSARY FOR ITS REVIEW AND

5. PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY, ALL TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION (E&S) CONTROL MEASURES MUST BE PROPERLY INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUFACTURERS SPECIFICATIONS. THESE CONTROLS MUST REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE DISTURBED AREAS HAVE BEEN PERMANENTLY STABILIZED

6. IF ANY SENSITIVE FEATURES ARE DISCOVERED DURING THE WASTEWATER LINE TRENCHING ACTIVITIES, ALL REGULATED ACTIVITIES NEAR THE SENSITIVE FEATURE MUST BE SUSPENDED IMMEDIATELY. THE APPLICANT MUST IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY THE APPROPRIATE REGIONAL OFFICE OF THE TCEQ OF THE FEATURE DISCOVERED A GEOLOGIST'S ASSESSMENT OF THE LOCATION AND EXTENT OF THE FEATURE DISCOVERED MUST BE REPORTED TO THAT REGIONAL OFFICE IN WRITING AND THE APPLICANT MUST SUBMIT A PLAN FOR ENSURING THE STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY OF THE SEWER LINE OR FOR MODIFYING THE PROPOSED COLLECTION SYSTEM ALIGNMENT AROUND THE FEATURE. THE REGULATED ACTIVITIES NEAR THE SENSITIVE FEATURE MAY NOT PROCEED UNTIL THE TCEQ-0596 (REV. JULY 15, 2015) PAGE 2 OF 6 EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR HAS REVIEWED AND APPROVED THE METHODS PROPOSED TO PROTECT THE SENSITIVE FEATURE AND THE EDWARDS AQUIFER FROM ANY POTENTIALLY ADVERSE IMPACTS TO WATER QUALITY WHILE

MAINTAINING THE STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY OF THE LINE. SEWER LINES LOCATED WITHIN OR CROSSING THE 5-YEAR FLOODPLAIN OF A DRAINAGE WAY WILL BE PROTECTED FROM INUNDATION AND STREAM VELOCITIES WHICH COULD CAUSE EROSION AND SCOURING OF BACKFILL. THE TRENCH MUST BE CAPPED WITH CONCRETE TO PREVENT SCOURING OF BACKFILL, OR THE SEWER LINES MUST BE ENCASED IN CONCRETE. ALL CONCRETE SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM THICKNESS

BLASTING PROCEDURES FOR PROTECTION OF EXISTING SEWER LINES AND OTHER UTILITIES WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION CRITERIA. SAND IS NOT ALLOWED AS BEDDING OR BACKFILL IN TRENCHES THAT HAVE BEEN BLASTED. IF ANY EXISTING SEWER LINES ARE DAMAGED. THE LINES MUST BE REPAIRED AND RETESTED.

. ALL MANHOLES CONSTRUCTED OR REHABILITATED ON THIS PROJECT MUST HAVE WATERTIGHT SIZE ON SIZE RESILIENT CONNECTORS ALLOWING FOR DIFFERENTIAL SETTLEMENT. IF MANHOLES ARE CONSTRUCTED WITHIN THE 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN, THE COVER MUST HAVE A GASKET AND BE BOLTED TO THE RING. WHERE GASKETED MANHOLE COVERS ARE REQUIRED FOR MORE THAN THREE MANHOLES IN SEQUENCE OR FOR MORE THAN 1500 FEET, ALTERNATE MEANS OF VENTING WILL BE PROVIDED. BRICKS ARE NOT AN ACCEPTABLE CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL FOR ANY PORTION OF THE MANHOLE. THE DIAMETER OF THE MANHOLES MUST BE A MINIMUM OF FOUR FEET AND THE MANHOLE FOR ENTRY MUST

HAVE A MINIMUM CLEAR OPENING DIAMETER OF 30 INCHES. THESE DIMENSIONS AND OTHER DETAILS SHOWING COMPLIANCE WITH THE COMMISSION'S RULES CONCERNING MANHOLES AND SEWER LINE/MANHOLE INVERTS DESCRIBED IN 30 TAC §217.55 ARE INCLUDED ON PLAN SHEET __ OF IT IS SUGGESTED THAT ENTRANCE INTO MANHOLES IN EXCESS OF FOUR FEET DEEP BE ACCOMPLISHED BY MEANS OF A PORTABLE LADDER. THE INCLUSION OF STEPS IN A MANHOLE IS PROHIBITED

10. WHERE WATER LINES AND NEW SEWER LINE ARE INSTALLED WITH A SEPARATION DISTANCE CLOSER THAN NINE FEET (I.E., WATER LINES CROSSING WASTEWATER LINES, WATER LINES PARALLELING WASTEWATER LINES, OR WATER LINES NEXT TO MANHOLES) THE INSTALLATION MUST MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF 30 TAC §217.53(D) (PIPE DESIGN) AND 30 TAC §290.44(E) (WATER DISTRIBUTION).

. WHERE SEWERS LINES DEVIATE FROM STRAIGHT ALIGNMENT AND UNIFORM GRADE ALL CURVATURE OF SEWER PIPE MUST BE ACHIEVED BY THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURE WHICH IS RECOMMENDED BY THE PIPE IF PIPE FLEXURE IS PROPOSED, THE FOLLOWING METHOD OF PREVENTING DEFLECTION OF THE JOINT MUST BE N/A SPECIFIC CARE MUST BE TAKEN TO ENSURE THAT THE JOINT IS PLACED IN THE CENTER OF THE

TRENCH AND PROPERLY BEDDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH 30 TAC §217.54. 12. NEW SEWAGE COLLECTION SYSTEM LINES MUST BE CONSTRUCTED WITH STUB OUTS FOR THE CONNECTION OF ANTICIPATED EXTENSIONS. THE LOCATION OF SUCH STUB OUTS MUST BE MARKED ON THE GROUND SUCH THAT THEIR LOCATION CAN BE EASILY DETERMINED AT THE TIME OF CONNECTION OF THE EXTENSIONS. SUCH STUB OUTS MUST BE MANUFACTURED WYES OR TEES THAT ARE COMPATIBLE IN SIZE AND MATERIAL WITH BOTH THE SEWER LINE AND THE EXTENSION. AT THE TIME OF ORIGINAL CONSTRUCTION. NEW STUB-OUTS MUST BE CONSTRUCTED SUFFICIENTLY TO EXTEND BEYOND THE END OF THE STREET PAVEMENT. ALL STUB-OUTS MUST BE SEALED WITH A MANUFACTURED CAP TO PREVENT LEAKAGE. EXTENSIONS THAT WERE NOT ANTICIPATED AT THE TIME OF ORIGINAL CONSTRUCTION OR THAT ARE TO BE CONNECTED TO AN EXISTING SEWER LINE NOT FURNISHED WITH STUB OUTS MUST BE CONNECTED USING A MANUFACTURED SADDLE AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH ACCEPTED PLUMBING TECHNIQUES. TCEQ-0596 (REV. JULY 15, 2015) PAGE 3 OF 6 IF NO STUB-OUT IS PRESENT AN ALTERNATE

METHOD OF JOINING LATERALS IS SHOWN IN THE DETAIL ON PLAN SHEET __ OF __. (FOR POTENTIAL FUTURE LATERALS). THE PRIVATE SERVICE LATERAL STUB-OUTS MUST BE INSTALLED AS SHOWN ON THE PLAN AND PROFILE SHEETS ON PLAN SHEET __ OF __ AND MARKED AFTER BACKFILLING AS SHOWN IN THE

3. TRENCHING, BEDDING AND BACKFILL MUST CONFORM WITH 30 TAC §217.54. THE BEDDING AND BACKFILL FOR FLEXIBLE PIPE MUST COMPLY WITH THE STANDARDS OF ASTM D-2321, CLASSES IA, IB, II OR III. RIGID PIPE BEDDING MUST COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM C 12 (ANSI A 106.2) CLASSES A, B OR C. . SEWER LINES MUST BE TESTED FROM MANHOLE TO MANHOLE. WHEN A NEW SEWER LINE IS CONNECTED TO AN EXISTING STUB OR CLEAN-OUT, IT MUST BE TESTED FROM EXISTING MANHOLE TO NEW MANHOLE. IF A STUB OR CLEAN-OUT IS USED AT THE END OF THE PROPOSED SEWER LINE, NO PRIVATE SERVICE

ATTACHMENTS MAY BE CONNECTED BETWEEN THE LAST MANHOLE AND THE CLEANOUT UNLESS IT CAN BE CERTIFIED AS

CONFORMING WITH THE PROVISIONS OF 30 TAC §213.5(C)(3)(E). 15. ALL SEWER LINES MUST BE TESTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH 30 TAC §217.57. THE ENGINEER MUST RETAIN COPIES OF ALL TEST RESULTS WHICH MUST BE MADE AVAILABLE TO THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR UPON

REQUEST. THE ENGINEER MUST CERTIFY IN WRITING THAT ALL WASTEWATER LINES HAVE PASSED ALL REQUIRED TESTING TO THE APPROPRIATE REGIONAL OFFICE WITHIN 30 DAYS OF TEST COMPLETION AND PRIOR TO USE OF THE NEW COLLECTION SYSTEM. TESTING METHOD WILL BE: (A) FOR A COLLECTION SYSTEM PIPE THAT WILL TRANSPORT WASTEWATER BY GRAVITY FLOW, THE DESIGN MUST SPECIFY AN INFILTRATION AND EXFILTRATION TEST OR A LOW-PRESSURE AIR TEST. A TEST MUST

CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS: (1) LOW PRESSURE AIR TEST. A LOW PRESSURE AIR TEST MUST FOLLOW THE PROCEDURES DESCRIBED IN

AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR TESTING AND MATERIALS (ASTM) C-828, ASTM C924, OR ASTM F-1417 OR OTHER PROCEDURE APPROVED BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, EXCEPT AS TO TESTING TIMES AS REQUIRED IN TABLE C.3 IN SUBPARAGRAPH (C) OF THIS PARAGRAPH OR EQUATION C.3 IN SUBPARAGRAPH (B)(II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH.

(C) FOR SECTIONS OF COLLECTION SYSTEM PIPE LESS THAN 36 INCH AVERAGE INSIDE DIAMETER, THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURE MUST APPLY, UNLESS A PIPE IS TO BE TESTED AS REQUIRED BY PARAGRAPH (2) OF

A PIPE MUST BE PRESSURIZED TO 3.5 POUNDS PER SQUARE INCH (PSI) GREATER THAN THE PRESSURE EXERTED BY GROUNDWATER ABOVE THE PIPE. (J) ONCE THE PRESSURE IS STABILIZED, THE MINIMUM TIME ALLOWABLE FOR THE PRESSURE TO DROP FROM 3.5 PSI GAUGE TO 2.5 PSI GAUGE IS COMPUTED FROM THE FOLLOWING EQUATION: EQUATION C.3

K = 0.000419 X D X L. BUT NOT LESS THAN 1.0 D = AVERAGE INSIDE PIPE DIAMETER IN INCHES

L = LENGTH OF LINE OF SAME SIZE BEING TESTED, IN FEET

Q = RATE OF LOSS, 0.0015 CUBIC FEET PER MINUTE PER SQUARE FOOT INTERNAL SURFACE (C) SINCE A K VALUE OF LESS THAN 1.0 MAY NOT BE USED, THE MINIMUM TESTING TIME FOR EACH PIPE DIAMETER IS SHOWN IN THE FOLLOWING TABLE C.3

PIPE	MINIMUM TIME	MAXIMUM LENGTH	TIME FOR LONGE
ETER(INCHES)	(SECONDS)	FOR MINIMUM TIME	LENGTH
		(FEET)	(SECONDS/FOO
6	340	398	0.855
8	454	298	1.520
10	467	239	2.374
12	680	199	3.419
15	850	159	5.342
19	1020	133	7.693
21	1190	114	10.471
14	1360	100	13.676
17	1530	88	17.309
30	1700	80	21.369
33	1870	72	25.856

AN OWNER MAY STOP A TEST IF NO PRESSURE LOSS HAS OCCURRED DURING THE FIRST 25% OF THE CALCULATED TESTING TIME.

(B) IF ANY PRESSURE LOSS OR LEAKAGE HAS OCCURRED DURING THE FIRST 25% OF A TESTING PERIOD, THEN THE TEST MUST CONTINUE FOR THE ENTIRE TEST DURATION AS OUTLINED ABOVE OR UNTIL FAILURE. BE AIR TESTED AT EACH JOINT INSTEAD OF FOLLOWING THE PROCEDURE OUTLINED IN THIS SECTION. (D) A TESTING PROCEDURE FOR PIPE WITH AN INSIDE DIAMETER GREATER THAN 33 INCHES MUST BE

APPROVED BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR. (2) INFILTRATION/ EXFILTRATION TEST THE TOTAL EXFILTRATION, AS DETERMINED BY A HYDROSTATIC HEAD TEST. MUST NOT EXCEED 50 GALLONS PER INCH OF DIAMETER PER MILE OF PIPE PER 24 HOURS AT A MINIMUM TEST HEAD OF 2.0 FEET

(B) AN OWNER SHALL USE AN INFILTRATION TEST IN LIEU OF AN EXFILTRATION TEST WHEN PIPES ARE INSTALLED BELOW THE GROUNDWATER LEVEL.

(C) THE TOTAL EXFILTRATION, AS DETERMINED BY A HYDROSTATIC HEAD TEST, MUST NOT EXCEED 50 GALLONS PER INCH DIAMETER PER MILE OF PIPE PER 24 HOURS AT A MINIMUM TEST HEAD OF TWO FEET ABOVE THE CROWN OF A PIPE AT AN UPSTREAM MANHOLE, OR AT LEAST TWO FEET ABOVE EXISTING GROUNDWATER LEVEL. WHICHEVER IS GREATER.

(D) FOR CONSTRUCTION WITHIN A 25-YEAR FLOOD PLAIN, THE INFILTRATION OR EXFILTRATION MUST NOT EXCEED 10 GALLONS PER INCH DIAMETER PER MILE OF PIPE PER 24 HOURS AT THE SAME MINIMUM TEST HEAD AS IN SUBPARAGRAPH (C) OF THIS PARAGRAPH.

(E) IF THE QUANTITY OF INFILTRATION OR EXFILTRATION EXCEEDS THE MAXIMUM QUANTITY SPECIFIED, AN OWNER SHALL UNDERTAKE REMEDIAL ACTION IN ORDER TO REDUCE TCEQ-0596 (REV. JULY 15, 2015) PAGE 5 OF 6 THE INFILTRATION OR EXFILTRATION TO AN AMOUNT WITHIN THE LIMITS SPECIFIED. AN OWNER SHALL RETEST A PIPE FOLLOWING A REMEDIATION ACTION. (b) IF A GRAVITY COLLECTION PIPE IS COMPOSED OF FLEXIBLE PIPE, DEFLECTION TESTING IS ALSO

REQUIRED. THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURES MUST BE FOLLOWED: (1) FOR A COLLECTION PIPE WITH INSIDE DIAMETER LESS THAN 27 INCHES, DEFLECTION MEASUREMENT REQUIRES A RIGID MANDREL.

MANDREL SIZING. A RIGID MANDREL MUST HAVE AN OUTSIDE DIAMETER (OD) NOT LESS THAN 95% OF THE BASE INSIDE DIAMETER (ID) OR AVERAGE ID OF A PIPE, AS SPECIFIED IN THE APPROPRIATE STANDARD BY THE ASTMS, AMERICAN WATER WORKS ASSOCIATION, UNI-BELL, OR AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARDS INSTITUTE, OR ANY

(ii) IF A MANDREL SIZING DIAMETER IS NOT SPECIFIED IN THE APPROPRIATE STANDARD, THE MANDREL OF DETERMINING THE OD OF THE MANDREL, MUST EQUAL BE THE AVERAGE OUTSIDE DIAMETER MINUS TWO MINIMUM WALL THICKNESS FOR OD CONTROLLED PIPE AND THE AVERAGE INSIDE DIAMETER FOR ID

(iii) ALL DIMENSIONS MUST MEET THE APPROPRIATE STANDARD. MANDREL DESIGN. A RIGID MANDREL MUST BE CONSTRUCTED OF A METAL OR A RIGID PLASTIC

MATERIAL THAT CAN WITHSTAND 200 PSI WITHOUT BEING DEFORMED A MANDREL MUST HAVE NINE OR MORE ODD NUMBER OF RUNNERS OR LEGS. A BARREL SECTION LENGTH MUST EQUAL AT LEAST 75% OF THE INSIDE DIAMETER OF A PIPE. EACH SIZE MANDREL MUST USE A SEPARATE PROVING RING.

METHOD OPTIONS. AN ADJUSTABLE OR FLEXIBLE MANDREL IS PROHIBITED

A TEST MAY NOT USE TELEVISION INSPECTION AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR A DEFLECTION TEST. IF REQUESTED, THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR MAY APPROVE THE USE OF A

DEFLECTOMETER OR A MANDREL WITH REMOVABLE LEGS OR RUNNERS ON A CASE-BY-CASE BASIS. FOR A GRAVITY COLLECTION SYSTEM PIPE WITH AN INSIDE DIAMETER 27 INCHES AND GREATER, OTHER TEST METHODS MAY BE USED TO DETERMINE VERTICAL DEFLECTION.

(3) A DEFLECTION TEST METHOD MUST BE ACCURATE TO WITHIN PLUS OR MINUS 0.2% DEFLECTION. AN OWNER SHALL NOT CONDUCT A DEFLECTION TEST UNTIL AT LEAST 30 DAYS AFTER THE FINAL (5) GRAVITY COLLECTION SYSTEM PIPE DEFLECTION MUST NOT EXCEED FIVE PERCENT (5%).

(6) IF A PIPE SECTION FAILS A DEFLECTION TEST, AN OWNER SHALL CORRECT THE PROBLEM AND CONDUCT A SECOND TEST AFTER THE FINAL BACKFILL HAS BEEN IN PLACE AT LEAST 30 DAYS. 16. ALL MANHOLES MUST BE TESTED TO MEET OR EXCEED THE REQUIREMENTS OF 30 TAC §217.58. (a) ALL MANHOLES MUST PASS A LEAKAGE TEST. AN OWNER SHALL TEST EACH MANHOLE (AFTER ASSEMBLY AND BACKFILLING) FOR LEAKAGE, SEPARATE

TESTING, OR OTHER METHOD APPROVED BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR. (1) HYDROSTATIC TESTING THE MAXIMUM LEAKAGE FOR HYDROSTATIC TESTING OR ANY ALTERNATIVE TEST METHODS IS 0.025 GALLONS PER FOOT DIAMETER PER FOOT OF MANHOLE DEPTH PER HOUR.

AND INDEPENDENT OF THE COLLECTION SYSTEM PIPES, BY HYDROSTATIC EXFILTRATION TESTING, VACUUM

(B) TO PERFORM A HYDROSTATIC EXFILTRATION TEST, AN OWNER SHALL SEAL ALL WASTEWATER PIPES COMING INTO A MANHOLE WITH AN INTERNAL PIPE PLUG, FILL THE MANHOLE WITH WATER, AND MAINTAIN THE TEST FOR AT LEAST ONE HOUR. (C) A TEST FOR CONCRETE MANHOLES MAY USE A 24-HOUR WETTING PERIOD BEFORE TESTING TO ALLOW SATURATION OF THE CONCRETE.

(2) VACUUM TESTING. TO PERFORM A VACUUM TEST, AN OWNER SHALL PLUG ALL LIFT HOLES AND EXTERIOR JOINTS WITH A NON-SHRINK GROUT AND PLUG ALL PIPES ENTERING A MANHOLE.

(B) NO GROUT MUST BE PLACED IN HORIZONTAL JOINTS BEFORE TESTING. STUB-OUTS, MANHOLE BOOTS, AND PIPE PLUGS MUST BE SECURED TO PREVENT MOVEMENT WHILE A VACUUM IS DRAWN. (C) AN OWNER SHALL USE A MINIMUM 60 INCH/LB TORQUE WRENCH TO TIGHTEN THE EXTERNAL CLAMPS

THAT SECURE A TEST COVER TO THE TOP OF A MANHOLE. (D) A TEST HEAD MUST BE PLACED AT THE INSIDE OF THE TOP OF A CONE SECTION, AND THE SEAL INFLATED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

THERE MUST BE A VACUUM OF 10 INCHES OF MERCURY INSIDE A MANHOLE TO PERFORM A VALID TEST A TEST DOES NOT BEGIN UNTIL AFTER THE VACUUM PUMP IS OFF. (G) A MANHOLE PASSES THE TEST IF AFTER 2.0 MINUTES AND WITH ALL VALVES CLOSED, THE VACUUM IS AT LEAST 9.0 INCHES OF MERCURY.

17. ALL PRIVATE SERVICE LATERALS MUST BE INSPECTED AND CERTIFIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH 30 TAC §213.5(C)(3)(I). AFTER INSTALLATION OF AND, PRIOR TO COVERING AND CONNECTING A PRIVATE SERVICE LATERAL TO AN EXISTING ORGANIZED SEWAGE COLLECTION SYSTEM, A TEXAS LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER, TEXAS REGISTERED SANITARIAN, OR APPROPRIATE CITY INSPECTOR MUST VISUALLY INSPECT THE PRIVATE SERVICE LATERAL AND THE CONNECTION TO THE SEWAGE COLLECTION SYSTEM, AND CERTIFY THAT IT IS CONSTRUCTED IN CONFORMITY WITH THE APPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION. THE OWNER OF

COLLECTION SYSTEM MUST MAINTAIN SUCH CERTIFICATIONS FOR FIVE YEARS AND FORWARD COPIES TO THE APPROPRIATE REGIONAL OFFICE UPON REQUEST. CONNECTIONS MAY ONLY BE MADE TO AN APPROVED SEWAGE COLLECTION SYSTEM.

TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ORGANIZED SEWAGE COLLECTION SYSTEM

GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES TEXAS ADMINISTRATIVE CODE (TAC) §213.5(C), THE TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY'S (TCEQ)

EDWARDS AQUIFER RULES AND ANY LOCAL GOVERNMENT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS. ALL CONTRACTORS CONDUCTING REGULATED ACTIVITIES ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PROPOSED REGULATED PROJECT MUST BE PROVIDED WITH COPIES OF THE SCS PLAN AND THE TCEQ LETTER INDICATING THE SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF ITS APPROVAL. DURING THE COURSE OF THESE REGULATED ACTIVITIES, THE CONTRACTORS MUST BE REQUIRED TO KEEP ON-SITE COPIES OF THE PLAN AND THE APPROVAL LETTER. A WRITTEN NOTICE OF CONSTRUCTION MUST BE SUBMITTED TO THE PRESIDING TCEQ REGIONAL OFFICE

AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY REGULATED ACTIVITIES. THIS NOTICE MUST INCLUDE: THE NAME OF THE APPROVED PROJECT;

THE ACTIVITY START DATE; AND THE CONTACT INFORMATION OF THE PRIME CONTRACTOR.

ANY MODIFICATION TO THE ACTIVITIES DESCRIBED IN THE REFERENCED SCS APPLICATION FOLLOWING THE DATE OF APPROVAL MAY REQUIRE THE SUBMITTAL OF AN SCS APPLICATION TO MODIFY THIS APPROVAL, INCLUDING THE PAYMENT OF APPROPRIATE FEES AND ALL INFORMATION NECESSARY FOR ITS REVIEW AND

PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY, ALL TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION (E&S) CONTROL MEASURES MUST BE PROPERLY INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUFACTURERS SPECIFICATIONS. THESE CONTROLS MUST REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE DISTURBED AREAS HAVE BEEN PERMANENTLY STABILIZED.

IF ANY SENSITIVE FEATURES ARE DISCOVERED DURING THE WASTEWATER LINE TRENCHING ACTIVITIES, ALL REGULATED ACTIVITIES NEAR THE SENSITIVE FEATURE MUST BE SUSPENDED IMMEDIATELY. THE APPLICANT MUST IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY THE APPROPRIATE REGIONAL OFFICE OF THE TCEQ OF THE FEATURE DISCOVERED. A GEOLOGIST'S ASSESSMENT OF THE LOCATION AND EXTENT OF THE FEATURE DISCOVERED MUST BE REPORTED TO THAT REGIONAL OFFICE IN WRITING AND THE APPLICANT MUST SUBMIT A PLAN FOR ENSURING THE STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY OF THE SEWER LINE OR FOR MODIFYING THE PROPOSED COLLECTION SYSTEM ALIGNMENT AROUND THE FEATURE. THE REGULATED ACTIVITIES NEAR THE SENSITIVE FEATURE MAY NOT PROCEED UNTIL THE TCEQ-0596 (REV. JULY 15, 2015) PAGE 2 OF 6 EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR HAS REVIEWED AND ANY POTENTIALLY ADVERSE IMPACTS TO WATER QUALITY WHILE MAINTAINING THE STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY OF

SEWER LINES LOCATED WITHIN OR CROSSING THE 5-YEAR FLOODPLAIN OF A DRAINAGE WAY WILL BE PROTECTED FROM INUNDATION AND STREAM VELOCITIES WHICH COULD CAUSE EROSION AND SCOURING OF BACKFILL. THE TRENCH MUST BE CAPPED WITH CONCRETE TO PREVENT SCOURING OF BACKFILL, OR THE SEWER DETERMINING THE OD OF THE MANDREL, MUST EQUAL BE THE AVERAGE OUTSIDE DIAMETER MINUS TWO LINES MUST BE ENCASED IN CONCRETE. ALL CONCRETE SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 6 INCHES. BLASTING PROCEDURES FOR PROTECTION OF EXISTING SEWER LINES AND OTHER UTILITIES WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION CRITERIA. SAND IS NOT ALLOWED AS BEDDING OR BACKFILL IN TRENCHES THAT HAVE BEEN BLASTED. IF ANY EXISTING SEWER LINES ARE DAMAGED, THE LINES MUST BE REPAIRED AND RETESTED.

ALL MANHOLES CONSTRUCTED OR REHABILITATED ON THIS PROJECT MUST HAVE WATERTIGHT SIZE ON SIZE RESILIENT CONNECTORS ALLOWING FOR DIFFERENTIAL SETTLEMENT. IF MANHOLES ARE CONSTRUCTED (C) WASTEWATER COLLECTION SYSTEM PIPES WITH A 27 INCH OR LARGER AVERAGE INSIDE DIAMETER MAY WITHIN THE 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN, THE COVER MUST HAVE A GASKET AND BE BOLTED TO THE RING. WHERE GASKETED MANHOLE COVERS ARE REQUIRED FOR MORE THAN THREE MANHOLES IN SEQUENCE OR FOR MORE THAN 1500 FEET, ALTERNATE MEANS OF VENTING WILL BE PROVIDED. BRICKS ARE NOT AN ACCEPTABLE CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL FOR ANY PORTION OF THE MANHOLE. THE DIAMETER OF THE MANHOLES MUST BE A MINIMUM OF FOUR FEET AND THE MANHOLE FOR ENTRY MUST HAVE A MINIMUM CLEAR OPENING DIAMETER OF 30 (ii) INCHES. THESE DIMENSIONS AND OTHER DETAILS SHOWING COMPLIANCE WITH THE COMMISSION'S RULES CONCERNING MANHOLES AND SEWER LINE/MANHOLE INVERTS DESCRIBED IN 30 TAC §217.55 ARE INCLUDED ON PLAN SHEET OF . IT IS SUGGESTED THAT ENTRANCE INTO MANHOLES IN EXCESS OF FOUR FEET DEEP BE ACCOMPLISHED BY MEANS OF A PORTABLE LADDER. THE INCLUSION OF STEPS IN A MANHOLE IS PROHIBITED. WHERE WATER LINES AND NEW SEWER LINE ARE INSTALLED WITH A SEPARATION DISTANCE CLOSER THAN NINE FEET (I.E., WATER LINES CROSSING WASTEWATER LINES, WATER LINES PARALLELING WASTEWATER LINES, OR WATER LINES NEXT TO MANHOLES) THE INSTALLATION MUST MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF 30 TAC §217.53(D) (PIPE DESIGN) AND 30 TAC §290.44(E) (WATER DISTRIBUTION).

> SEWER PIPE MUST BE ACHIEVED BY THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURE WHICH IS RECOMMENDED BY THE PIPE MANUFACTURER: N/A. IF PIPE FLEXURE IS PROPOSED, THE FOLLOWING METHOD OF PREVENTING DEFLECTION OF TESTED TO MEET OR EXCEED THE REQUIREMENTS OF 30 TAC §217.58. THE JOINT MUST BE N/A SPECIFIC CARE MUST BE TAKEN TO ENSURE THAT THE JOINT IS PLACED IN THE CENTER OF THE TRENCH AND PROPERLY BEDDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH 30 TAC §217.54. 12. NEW SEWAGE COLLECTION SYSTEM LINES MUST BE CONSTRUCTED WITH STUB OUTS FOR THE CONNECTION OF ANTICIPATED EXTENSIONS. THE LOCATION OF SUCH STUB OUTS MUST BE MARKED ON THE GROUND SUCH THAT THEIR LOCATION CAN BE EASILY DETERMINED AT THE TIME OF CONNECTION OF THE EXTENSIONS. SUCH STUB OUTS MUST BE MANUFACTURED WYES OR TEES THAT ARE COMPATIBLE IN SIZE AND MATERIAL WITH BOTH THE SEWER LINE AND THE EXTENSION. AT THE TIME OF ORIGINAL CONSTRUCTION, NEW STUB-OUTS MUST BE CONSTRUCTED SUFFICIENTLY TO EXTEND BEYOND THE END OF THE STREET PAVEMENT. ALL STUB-OUTS MUST BE SEALED WITH A MANUFACTURED CAP TO PREVENT LEAKAGE. EXTENSIONS THAT WERE NOT ANTICIPATED AT THE TIME OF ORIGINAL CONSTRUCTION OR THAT ARE TO BE CONNECTED TO AN EXISTING SEWER LINE NOT FURNISHED WITH STUB OUTS MUST BE CONNECTED USING A MANUFACTURED SADDLE AND IN

WHERE SEWERS LINES DEVIATE FROM STRAIGHT ALIGNMENT AND UNIFORM GRADE ALL CURVATURE OF

ACCORDANCE WITH ACCEPTED PLUMBING TECHNIQUES. 13. TRENCHING, BEDDING AND BACKFILL MUST CONFORM WITH 30 TAC §217.54. THE BEDDING AND BACKFILL FOR FLEXIBLE PIPE MUST COMPLY WITH THE STANDARDS OF ASTM D-2321. CLASSES IA. IB. II OR III. RIGID PIPE BEDDING MUST COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM C 12 (ANSI A 106.2) CLASSES A, B OR C. 14. SEWER LINES MUST BE TESTED FROM MANHOLE TO MANHOLE. WHEN A NEW SEWER LINE IS CONNECTED TO AN EXISTING STUB OR CLEAN-OUT, IT MUST BE TESTED FROM EXISTING MANHOLE TO NEW MANHOLE. IF A STUB OR CLEAN-OUT IS USED AT THE END OF THE PROPOSED SEWER LINE, NO PRIVATE SERVICE ATTACHMENTS MAY BE CONNECTED BETWEEN THE LAST MANHOLE AND THE CLEANOUT UNLESS IT CAN BE CERTIFIED AS

CONFORMING WITH THE PROVISIONS OF 30 TAC §213.5(C)(3)(E). 15. ALL SEWER LINES MUST BE TESTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH 30 TAC §217.57. THE ENGINEER MUST RETAIN COPIES OF ALL TEST RESULTS WHICH MUST BE MADE AVAILABLE TO THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR UPON REQUEST. THE ENGINEER MUST CERTIFY IN WRITING THAT ALL WASTEWATER LINES HAVE PASSED ALL REQUIRED TESTING TO THE APPROPRIATE REGIONAL OFFICE WITHIN 30 DAYS OF TEST COMPLETION AND PRIOR TO USE OF THE NEW

COLLECTION SYSTEM. TESTING METHOD WILL BE: (A) FOR A COLLECTION SYSTEM PIPE THAT WILL TRANSPORT WASTEWATER BY GRAVITY FLOW, THE DESIGN MUST SPECIFY AN INFILTRATION AND EXFILTRATION TEST OR A LOW-PRESSURE AIR TEST. A TEST MUST

CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS: (1) LOW PRESSURE AIR TEST (A) A LOW PRESSURE AIR TEST MUST FOLLOW THE PROCEDURES DESCRIBED IN AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR TESTING AND MATERIALS (ASTM) C-828, ASTM C924, OR ASTM F-1417 OR OTHER PROCEDURE APPROVED BY THE

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, EXCEPT AS TO TESTING TIMES AS REQUIRED IN TABLE C.3 IN SUBPARAGRAPH (C) OF THIS PARAGRAPH OR EQUATION C.3 IN SUBPARAGRAPH (B)(II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH (B) FOR SECTIONS OF COLLECTION SYSTEM PIPE LESS THAN 36 INCH AVERAGE INSIDE DIAMETER, THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURE MUST APPLY, UNLESS A PIPE IS TO BE TESTED AS REQUIRED BY PARAGRAPH (2) OF

(I) A PIPE MUST BE PRESSURIZED TO 3.5 POUNDS PER SQUARE INCH (PSI) GREATER THAN THE PRESSURE EXERTED BY GROUNDWATER ABOVE THE PIPE.

(II) ONCE THE PRESSURE IS STABILIZED, THE MINIMUM TIME ALLOWABLE FOR THE PRESSURE TO DROP FROM 3.5 PSI GAUGE TO 2.5 PSI GAUGE IS COMPUTED FROM THE FOLLOWING EQUATION: **EQUATION C.3**

T = TIME FOR PRESSURE TO DROP 1.0 POUND PER SQUARE INCH GAUGE IN

K = 0.000419 X D X L, BUT NOT LESS THAN 1.0 D = AVERAGE INSIDE PIPE DIAMETER IN INCHES

L = LENGTH OF LINE OF SAME SIZE BEING TESTED, IN FEET Q = RATE OF LOSS, 0.0015 CUBIC FEET PER MINUTE PER SQUARE FOOT INTERNAL

(C) SINCE A K VALUE OF LESS THAN 1.0 MAY NOT BE USED, THE MINIMUM TESTING TIME FOR EACH PIPE DIAMETER IS SHOWN IN THE FOLLOWING TABLE C.3:

MINIMUM TIME | MAXIMUM LENGTH | TIME FOR LONGER DIAMETER(INCHES) | (SECONDS) | FOR MINIMUM TIME LENGTH (SECONDS/FOOT) 0.855 25.856

(A) AN OWNER MAY STOP A TEST IF NO PRESSURE LOSS HAS OCCURRED DURING THE FIRST 25% OF THE CALCULATED TESTING TIME

(B) IF ANY PRESSURE LOSS OR LEAKAGE HAS OCCURRED DURING THE FIRST 25% OF A TESTING PERIOD, THIS ORGANIZED SEWAGE COLLECTION SYSTEM (SCS) MUST BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH 30 THEN THE TEST MUST CONTINUE FOR THE ENTIRE TEST DURATION AS OUTLINED ABOVE OR UNTIL FAILURE. (C) WASTEWATER COLLECTION SYSTEM PIPES WITH A 27 INCH OR LARGER AVERAGE INSIDE DIAMETER MA

BE AIR TESTED AT EACH JOINT INSTEAD OF FOLLOWING THE PROCEDURE OUTLINED IN THIS SECTION. (D) A TESTING PROCEDURE FOR PIPE WITH AN INSIDE DIAMETER GREATER THAN 33 INCHES MUST BE APPROVED BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR.

INFILTRATION/EXFILTRATION TEST THE TOTAL EXFILTRATION, AS DETERMINED BY A HYDROSTATIC HEAD TEST, MUST NOT EXCEED 50 GALLONS PER INCH OF DIAMETER PER MILE OF PIPE PER 24 HOURS AT A MINIMUM TEST HEAD OF 2.0 FEET ABOVE THE CROWN OF A PIPE AT AN UPSTREAM MANHOLE.

(B) AN OWNER SHALL USE AN INFILTRATION TEST IN LIEU OF AN EXFILTRATION TEST WHEN PIPES ARE INSTALLED BELOW THE GROUNDWATER LEVEL (C) THE TOTAL EXFILTRATION, AS DETERMINED BY A HYDROSTATIC HEAD TEST, MUST NOT EXCEED 50 GALLONS PER INCH DIAMETER PER MILE OF PIPE PER 24 HOURS AT A MINIMUM TEST HEAD OF TWO FEET ABOVE

THE CROWN OF A PIPE AT AN UPSTREAM MANHOLE, OR AT LEAST TWO FEET ABOVE EXISTING GROUNDWATER LEVEL. WHICHEVER IS GREATER (D) FOR CONSTRUCTION WITHIN A 25-YEAR FLOOD PLAIN, THE INFILTRATION OR EXFILTRATION MUST NOT EXCEED 10 GALLONS PER INCH DIAMETER PER MILE OF PIPE PER 24 HOURS AT THE SAME MINIMUM TEST HEAD

(E) IF THE QUANTITY OF INFILTRATION OR EXFILTRATION EXCEEDS THE MAXIMUM QUANTITY SPECIFIED, AN OWNER SHALL UNDERTAKE REMEDIAL ACTION IN ORDER TO REDUCE TCEQ-0596 (REV. JULY 15, 2015) PAGE 5 OF 6 THE INFILTRATION OR EXFILTRATION TO AN AMOUNT WITHIN THE LIMITS SPECIFIED. AN OWNER SHALL RETEST A PIPE FOLLOWING A REMEDIATION ACTION.

(b) IF A GRAVITY COLLECTION PIPE IS COMPOSED OF FLEXIBLE PIPE, DEFLECTION TESTING IS ALSO

REQUIRED. THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURES MUST BE FOLLOWED: (1) FOR A COLLECTION PIPE WITH INSIDE DIAMETER LESS THAN 27 INCHES, DEFLECTION MEASUREMENT REQUIRES A RIGID MANDREL. MANDREL SIZING.

A RIGID MANDREL MUST HAVE AN OUTSIDE DIAMETER (OD) NOT LESS THAN 95% OF THE BASE INSIDE APPROVED THE METHODS PROPOSED TO PROTECT THE SENSITIVE FEATURE AND THE EDWARDS AQUIFER FROM DIAMETER (ID) OR AVERAGE ID OF A PIPE, AS SPECIFIED IN THE APPROPRIATE STANDARD BY THE ASTMS, AMERICAN WATER WORKS ASSOCIATION, UNI-BELL, OR AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARDS INSTITUTE, OR ANY

> (ii) IF A MANDREL SIZING DIAMETER IS NOT SPECIFIED IN THE APPROPRIATE STANDARD, THE MANDREL MUST HAVE AN OD EQUAL TO 95% OF THE ID OF A PIPE. IN THIS CASE, THE ID OF THE PIPE, FOR THE PURPOSE OF MINIMUM WALL THICKNESS FOR OD CONTROLLED PIPE AND THE AVERAGE INSIDE DIAMETER FOR ID CONTROLLED PIPE

ALL DIMENSIONS MUST MEET THE APPROPRIATE STANDARD. MANDREL DESIGN.

AS IN SUBPARAGRAPH (C) OF THIS PARAGRAPH.

A RIGID MANDREL MUST BE CONSTRUCTED OF A METAL OR A RIGID PLASTIC MATERIAL THAT CAN WITHSTAND 200 PSI WITHOUT BEING DEFORMED.

A MANDREL MUST HAVE NINE OR MORE ODD NUMBER OF RUNNERS OR LEGS. A BARREL SECTION LENGTH MUST EQUAL AT LEAST 75% OF THE INSIDE DIAMETER OF A PIPE. EACH SIZE MANDREL MUST USE A SEPARATE PROVING RING. METHOD OPTIONS.

AN ADJUSTABLE OR FLEXIBLE MANDREL IS PROHIBITED. A TEST MAY NOT USE TELEVISION INSPECTION AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR A DEFLECTION TEST.

IF REQUESTED, THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR MAY APPROVE THE USE OF A DEFLECTO-METER OR A MANDREL WITH REMOVABLE LEGS OR RUNNERS ON A CASE-BY-CASE BASIS. FOR A GRAVITY COLLECTION SYSTEM PIPE WITH AN INSIDE DIAMETER 27 INCHES AND GREATER, OTHER

TEST METHODS MAY BE USED TO DETERMINE VERTICAL DEFLECTION. A DEFLECTION TEST METHOD MUST BE ACCURATE TO WITHIN PLUS OR MINUS 0.2% DEFLECTION. AN OWNER SHALL NOT CONDUCT A DEFLECTION TEST UNTIL AT LEAST 30 DAYS AFTER THE FINAL

GRAVITY COLLECTION SYSTEM PIPE DEFLECTION MUST NOT EXCEED FIVE PERCENT (5%). IF A PIPE SECTION FAILS A DEFLECTION TEST, AN OWNER SHALL CORRECT THE PROBLEM AND CONDUCT A SECOND TEST AFTER THE FINAL BACKFILL HAS BEEN IN PLACE AT LEAST 30 DAYS. ALL MANHOLES MUST BE

(a) ALL MANHOLES MUST PASS A LEAKAGE TEST. AN OWNER SHALL TEST EACH MANHOLE (AFTER ASSEMBLY AND BACKFILLING) FOR LEAKAGE, SEPARATE AND INDEPENDENT OF THE COLLECTION SYSTEM PIPES, BY HYDROSTATIC EX-FILTRATION TESTING, VACUUM TESTING, OR OTHER METHOD APPROVED BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR.

HYDROSTATIC TESTING THE MAXIMUM LEAKAGE FOR HYDROSTATIC TESTING OR ANY ALTERNATIVE TEST METHODS IS 0.025 GALLONS PER FOOT DIAMETER PER FOOT OF MANHOLE DEPTH PER HOUR.

(B) TO PERFORM A HYDROSTATIC EXFILTRATION TEST, AN OWNER SHALL SEAL ALL WASTEWATER PIPES COMING INTO A MANHOLE WITH AN INTERNAL PIPE PLUG, FILL THE MANHOLE WITH WATER, AND MAINTAIN THE TEST FOR AT LEAST ONE HOUR. (C) A TEST FOR CONCRETE MANHOLES MAY USE A 24-HOUR WETTING PERIOD BEFORE TESTING TO ALLOW

SATURATION OF THE CONCRETE. VACUUM TESTING. TO PERFORM A VACUUM TEST, AN OWNER SHALL PLUG ALL LIFT HOLES AND EXTERIOR JOINTS WITH A NON-SHRINK GROUT AND PLUG ALL PIPES ENTERING A MANHOLE.

(B) NO GROUT MUST BE PLACED IN HORIZONTAL JOINTS BEFORE TESTING. STUB-OUTS, MANHOLE BOOTS, AND PIPE PLUGS MUST BE SECURED TO PREVENT MOVEMENT WHILE A (C)

(D) AN OWNER SHALL USE A MINIMUM 60 INCH/LB TORQUE WRENCH TO TIGHTEN THE EXTERNAL CLAMPS THAT SECURE A TEST COVER TO THE TOP OF A MANHOLE. (E) A TEST HEAD MUST BE PLACED AT THE INSIDE OF THE TOP OF A CONE SECTION, AND THE SEAL INFLATED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

THERE MUST BE A VACUUM OF 10 INCHES OF MERCURY INSIDE A MANHOLE TO PERFORM A VALID TEST. A TEST DOES NOT BEGIN UNTIL AFTER THE VACUUM PUMP IS OFF. A MANHOLE PASSES THE TEST IF AFTER 2.0 MINUTES AND WITH ALL VALVES CLOSED, THE VACUUM IS AT

LEAST 9.0 INCHES OF MERCURY ALL PRIVATE SERVICE LATERALS MUST BE INSPECTED AND CERTIFIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH 30 TAC §213.5(C)(3)(I). AFTER INSTALLATION OF AND, PRIOR TO COVERING AND CONNECTING A PRIVATE SERVICE LATERAL TO AN EXISTING ORGANIZED SEWAGE COLLECTION SYSTEM, A TEXAS LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER, TEXAS REGISTERED SANITARIAN, OR APPROPRIATE CITY INSPECTOR MUST VISUALLY INSPECT THE PRIVATE SERVICE LATERAL AND THE CONNECTION TO THE SEWAGE COLLECTION SYSTEM, AND CERTIFY THAT IT IS CONSTRUCTED IN CONFORMITY WITH THE APPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION. THE OWNER OF THE COLLECTION SYSTEM MUST MAINTAIN SUCH CERTIFICATIONS FOR FIVE YEARS AND FORWARD COPIES TO THE

APPROPRIATE REGIONAL OFFICE UPON REQUEST. CONNECTIONS MAY ONLY BE MADE TO AN APPROVED

SEWAGE COLLECTION SYSTEM. TCEQ AUSTIN REGIONAL OFFICE 12100 PARK 35 CIRCLE, BUILDING A AUSTIN. TEXAS 78753-1808 PHONE: (512) 339-2929 (512) 339-3795

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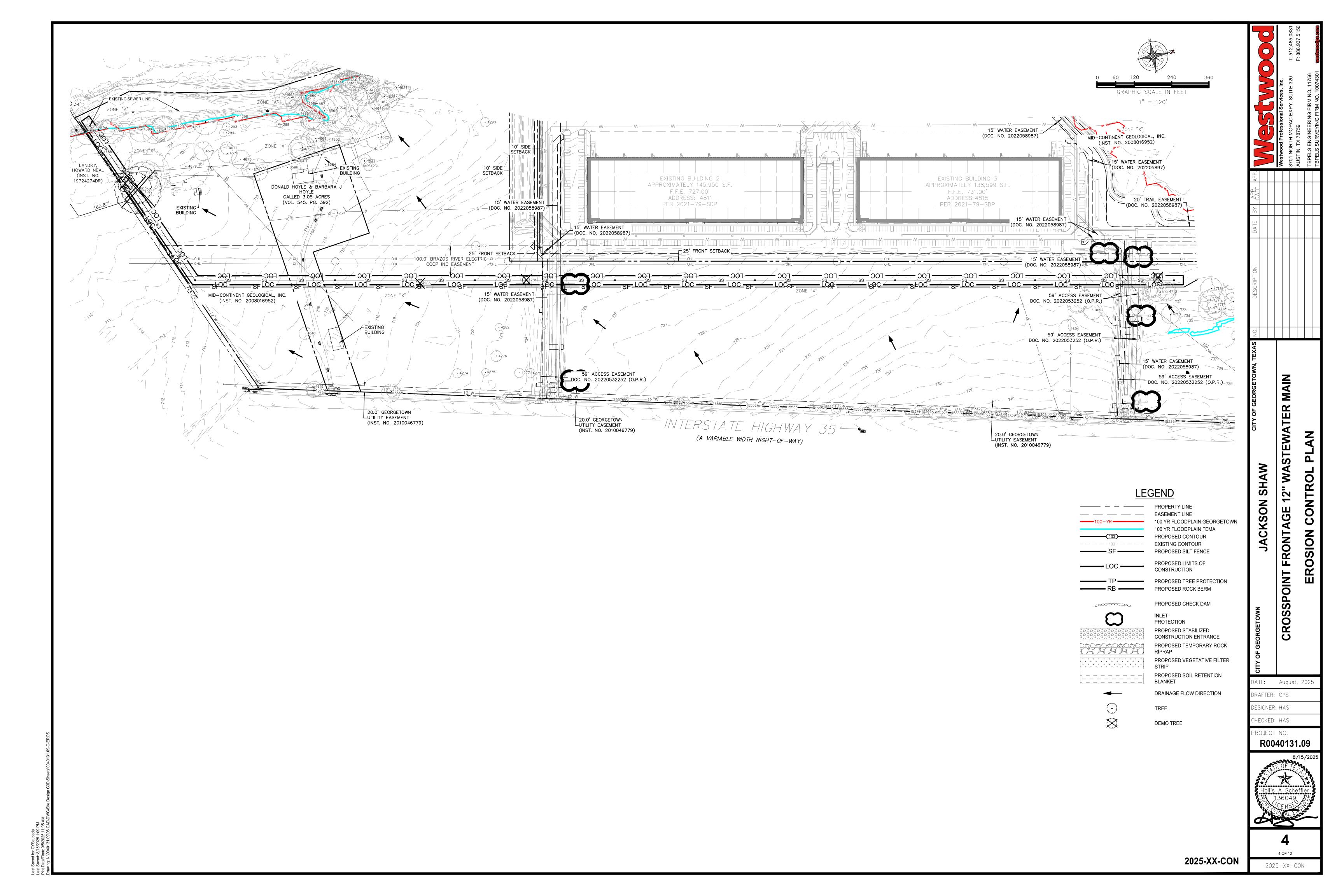
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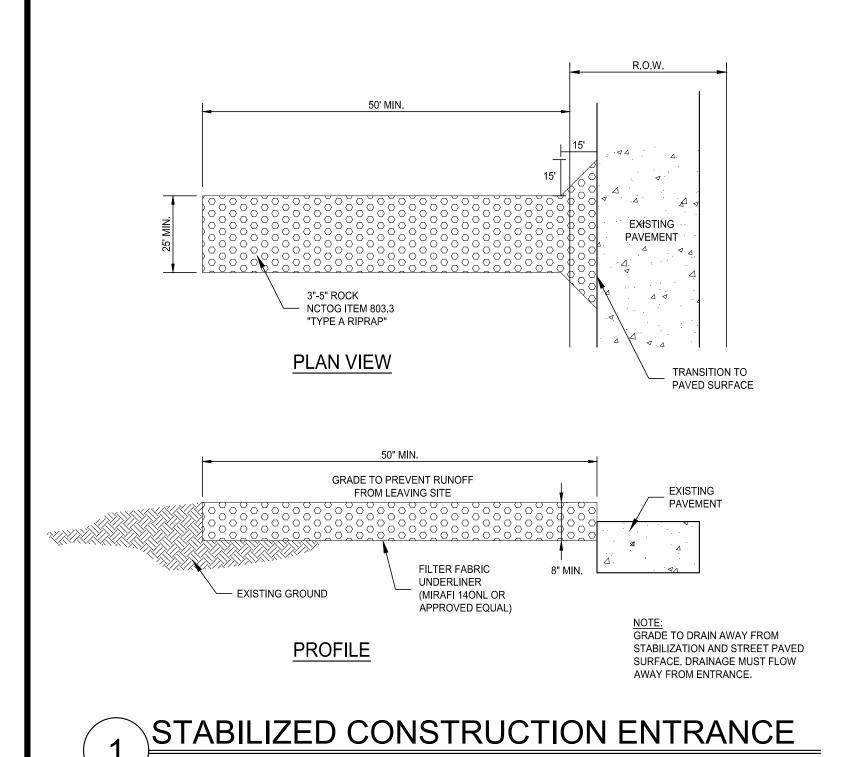
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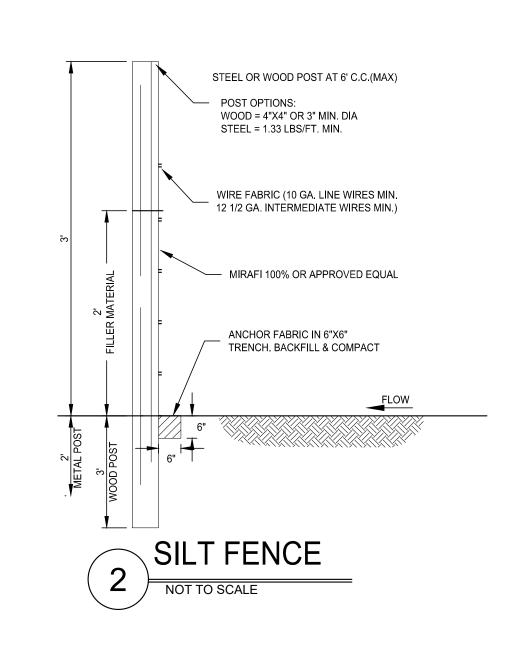
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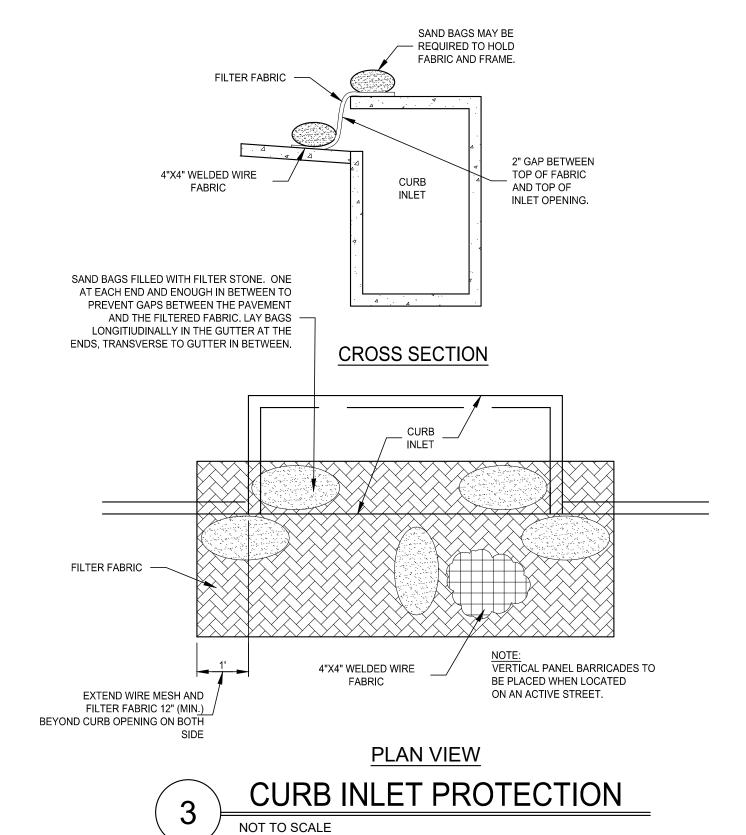
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1. SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL SHALL BE PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF GEORGETOWN EROSION REGULATIONS. 2. RESPONSIBILITY FOR INSTALLATION, ROUTINE INSPECTION, AND MAINTENANCE OF EROSION CONTROL SHOULD BE DEFINED AND ASSIGNED TO APPROPRIATE PERSON(S) PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF

ANY SOIL DISTURBING ACTIVITY. 3. EROSION CONTROL MEASURES MUST BE CONSTRUCTED AND FUNCTION BEFORE ANY GRADING OR LAND DISTURBANCE TAKES PLACE. 4. TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT SOIL STABILIZATION MUST BE APPLIED TO

DISTURBED AREA LEFT DORMANT FOR 14 DAYS. 5. IN THE EVENT THAT MEASURES BEING USED ARE DEEMED TO BE INEFFECTIVE BY CITY INSPECTORS, ADDITIONAL MEASURES OR CHANGES

IN THE ORIGINAL PLAN MAY BE REQUIRED BY THE CITY OF GEORGETOWN. 6. ALL EROSION CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE INSPECTED BY THE SITE FOREMAN DAILY, ANY STRUCTURE OR CONTROL DEVICES WHICH IS DAMAGED OR INOPERATIVE WILL BE REPAIRED OR REPLACED

IMMEDIATELY. 7. SANITARY FACILITIES SHALL BE PROVIDED ON THE SITE & REGULARLY SERVICED AS RECOMMENDED BY THE SUPPLIER. TRASH & DEBRIS SHALL BE STORED IN COVERED BINS OR ENCLOSURES.

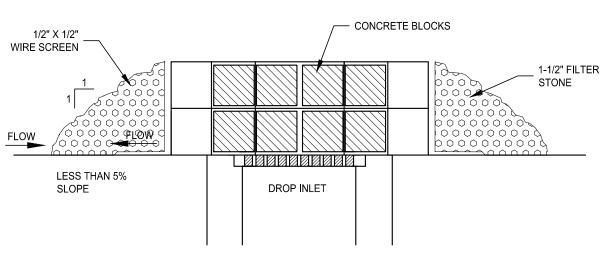
8. CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES/EXITS SHOULD BE LIMITED AND PROTECTION PROVIDED TO PREVENT TRACKING OF SOILS ONTO CITY

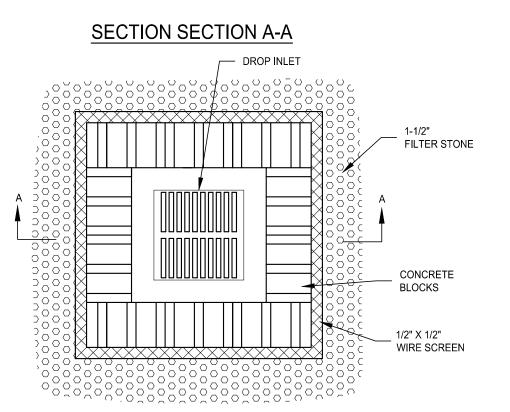
9. REMOVE SILT OR SEDIMENTS FROM STREETS, CURBS, GUTTERS, FLUMES, HANDICAP ACCESS RAMPS, CURB INLETS, STORM DRAINS, AND ANY OTHER PUBLIC DRAINAGE FACILITIES DAILY OR AS ACCUMULATION

10. EROSION CONTROL SHOULD BE EVALUATED TO DETERMINE THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THOSE DEVICES BY THE PERSON ASSIGNED TO INSPECT EROSION CONTROL DEVICES, AND CHANGES MADE IF NECESSARY.

11. SOIL TRACKED ONTO PUBLIC ROADS SHALL BE REMOVED DAILY IF FEASIBLE, OR WHEN VISIBLY ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT HAS BEEN DEPOSITED. DISCHARGED SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.

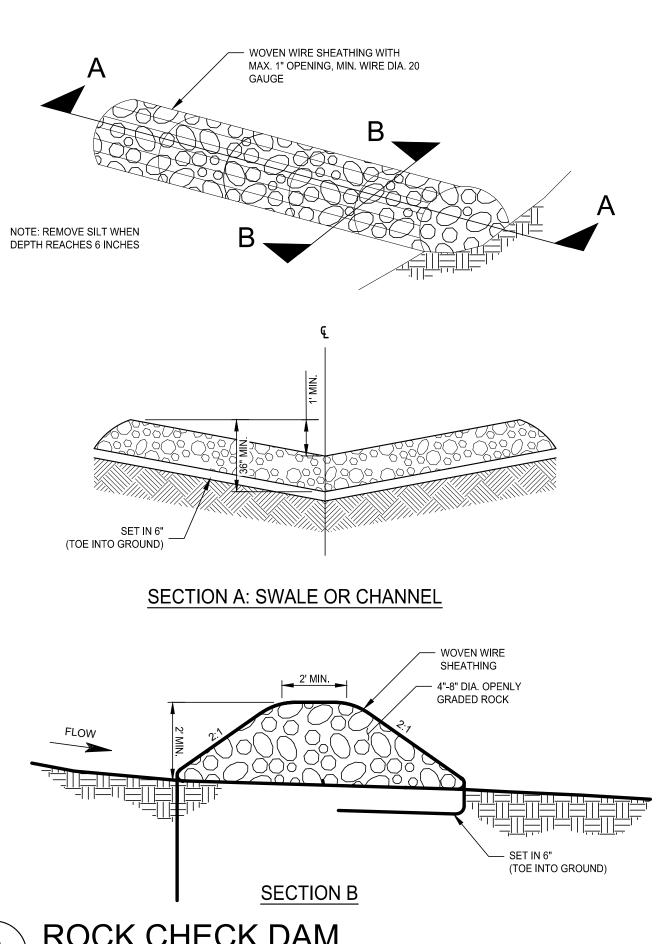
12. USING WASH WATER TO WASH SEDIMENT FORM STREETS IS PROHIBITED.

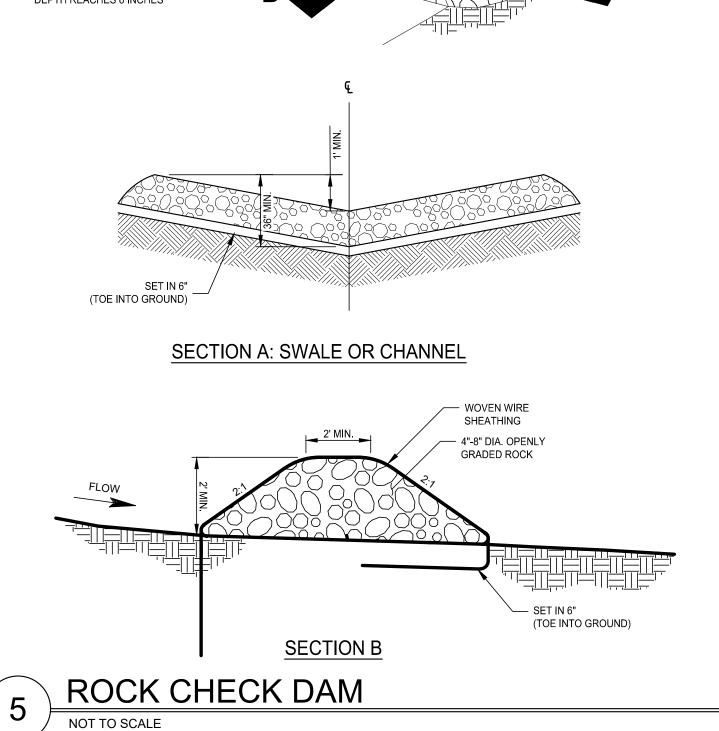


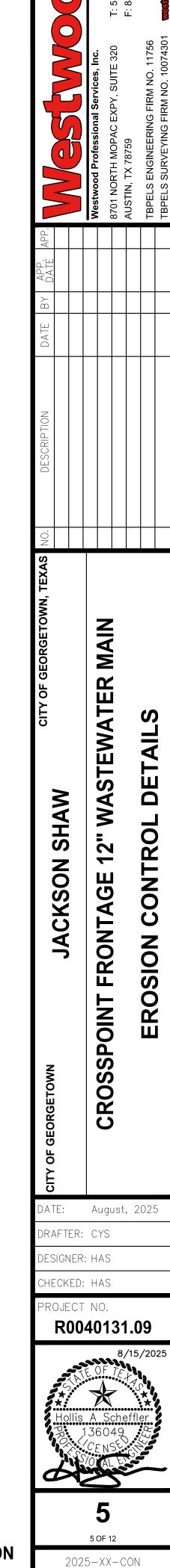


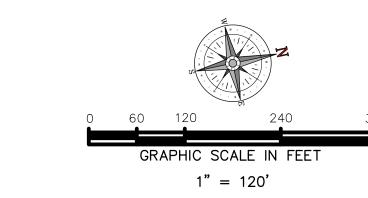
DROP INLET PROTECTION

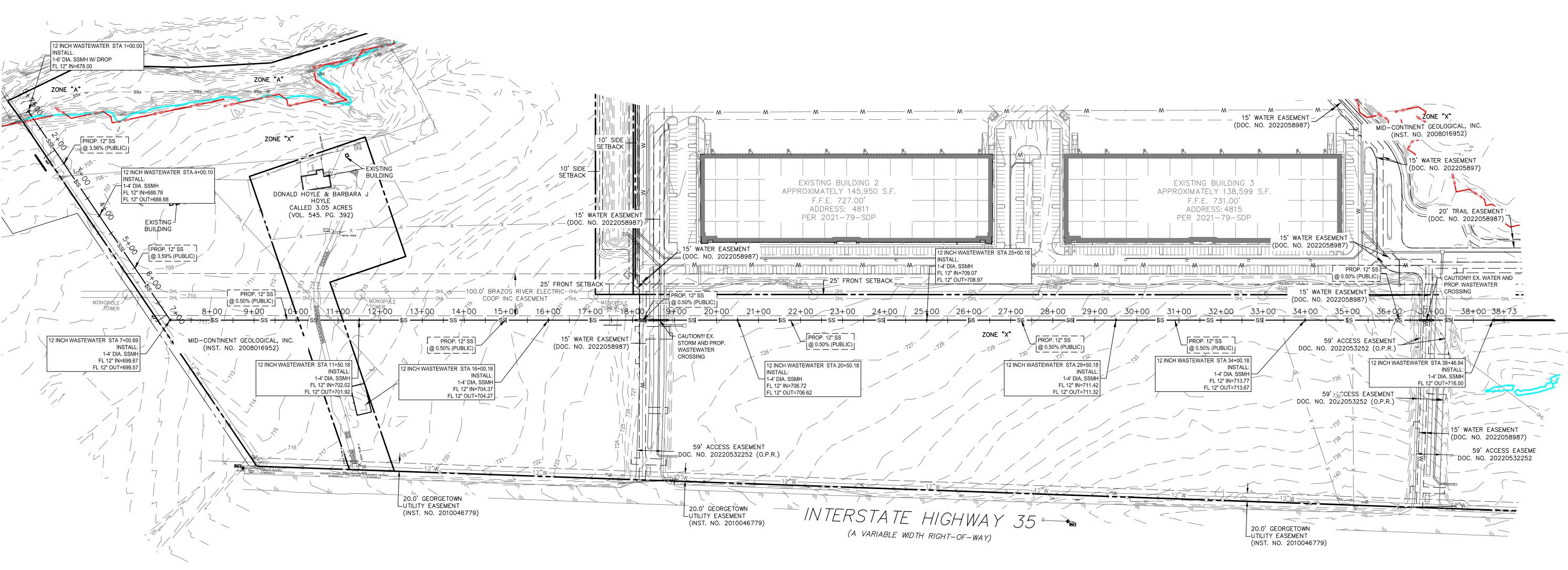
PLAN VIEW



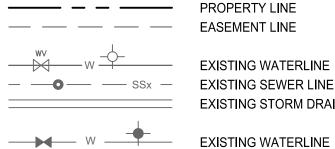








LEGEND



EXISTING WATERLINE — SSX — EXISTING SEWER LINE EXISTING STORM DRAIN LINE

—— SS —— SS —— PROPOSED SEWER LINE

100 YR FLOODPLAIN GEORGETOWN 100 YR FLOODPLAIN FEMA

1. THE CITY OF GEORGETOWN DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION

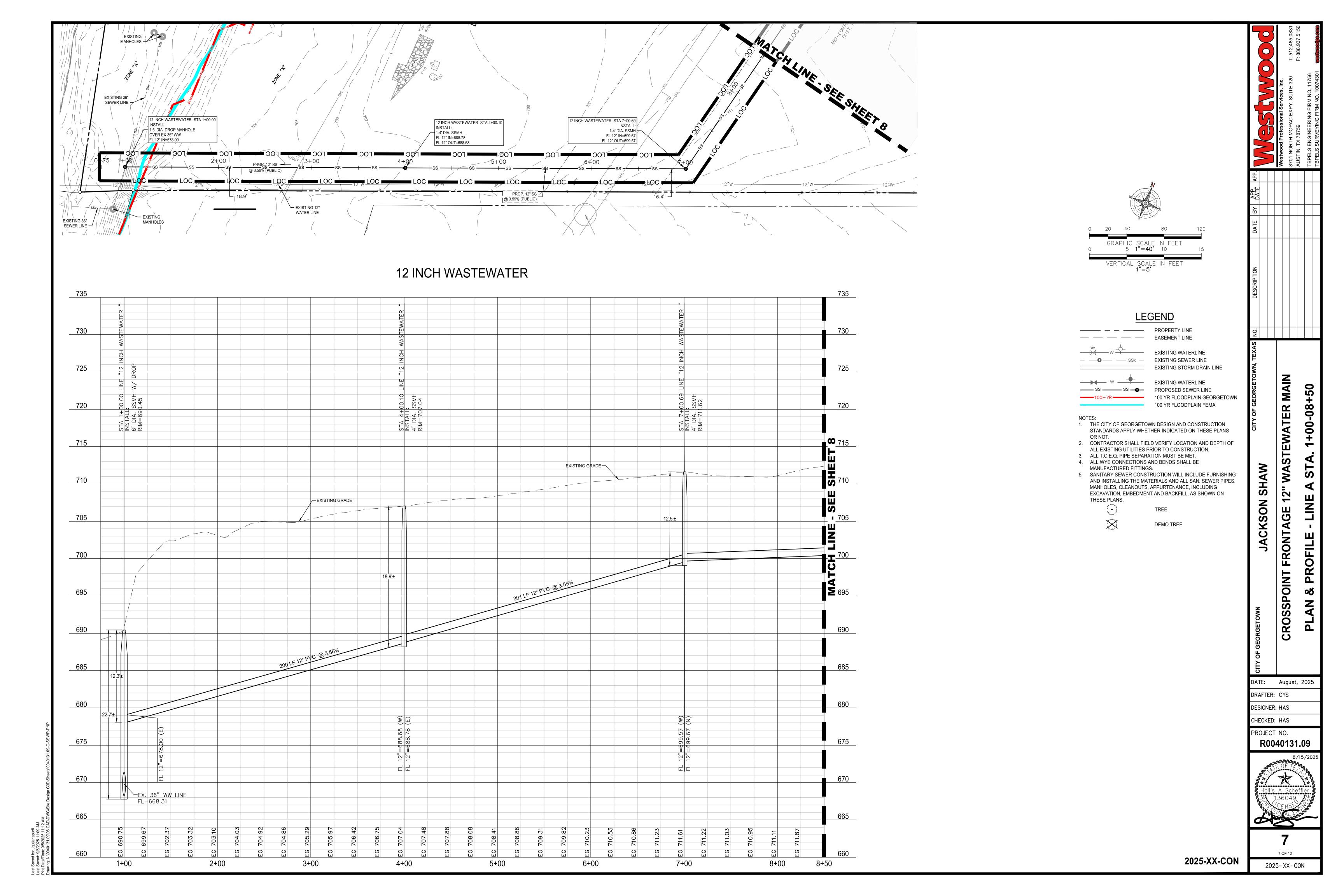
STANDARDS APPLY WHETHER INDICATED ON THESE PLANS OR NOT. 2. CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD VERIFY LOCATION AND DEPTH OF

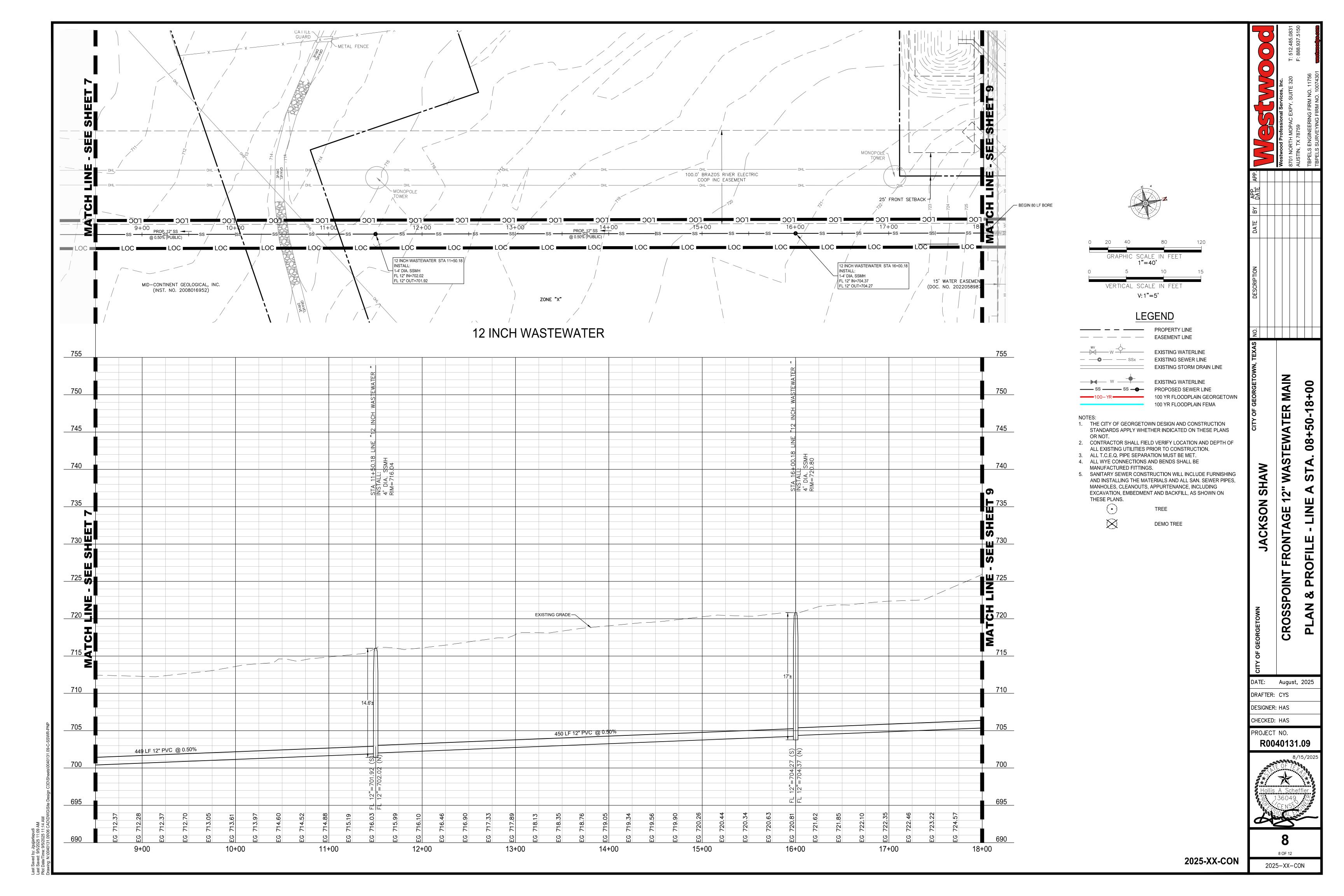
- ALL EXISTING UTILITIES PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- 3. ALL T.C.E.Q. PIPE SEPARATION MUST BE MET. 4. ALL WYE CONNECTIONS AND BENDS SHALL BE MANUFACTURED FITTINGS.
- 5. SANITARY SEWER CONSTRUCTION WILL INCLUDE FURNISHING AND INSTALLING THE MATERIALS AND ALL SAN. SEWER PIPES, MANHOLES, CLEANOUTS, APPURTENANCE, INCLUDING EXCAVATION, EMBEDMENT AND BACKFILL, AS SHOWN ON THESE PLANS.

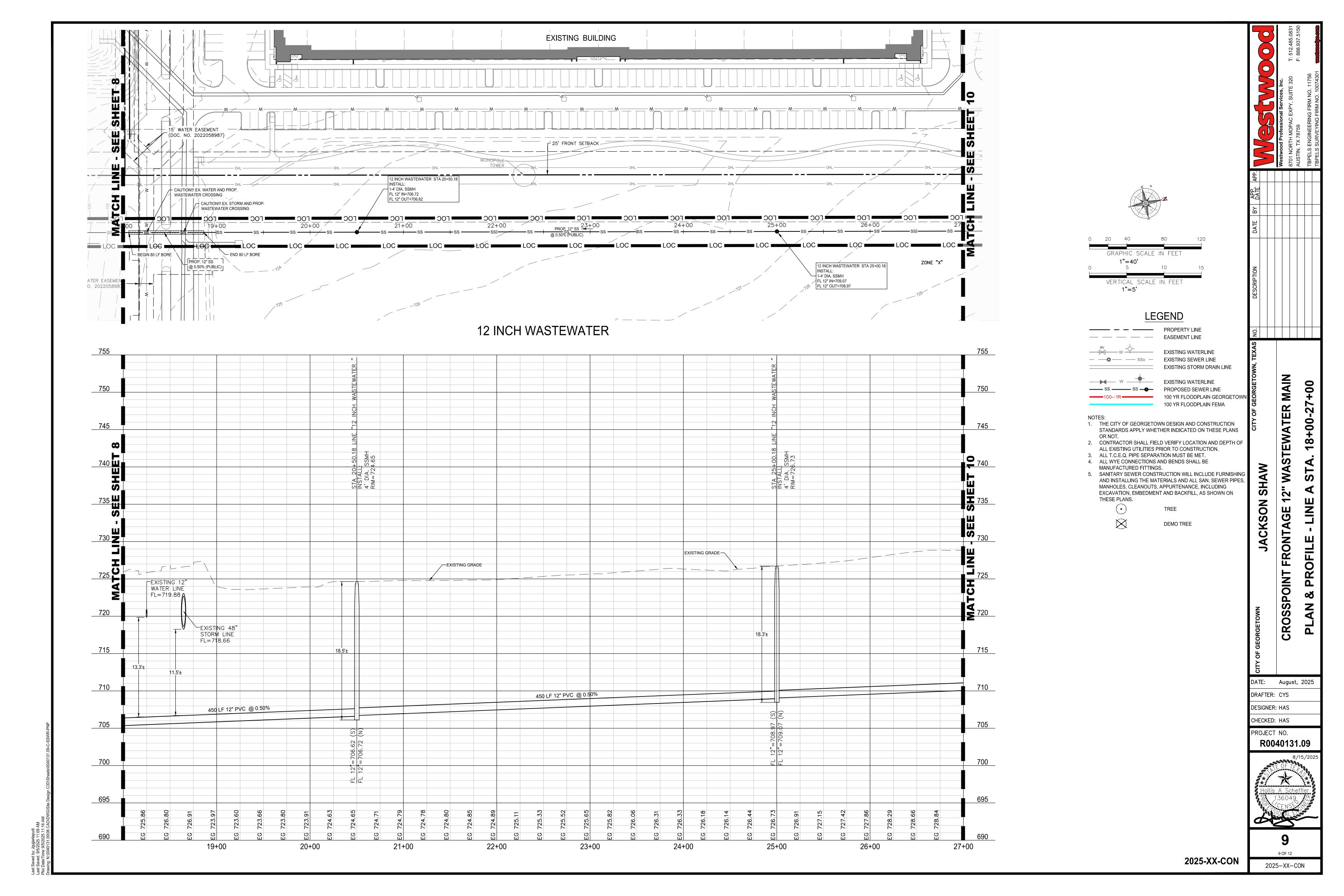
TREE **DEMO TREE**

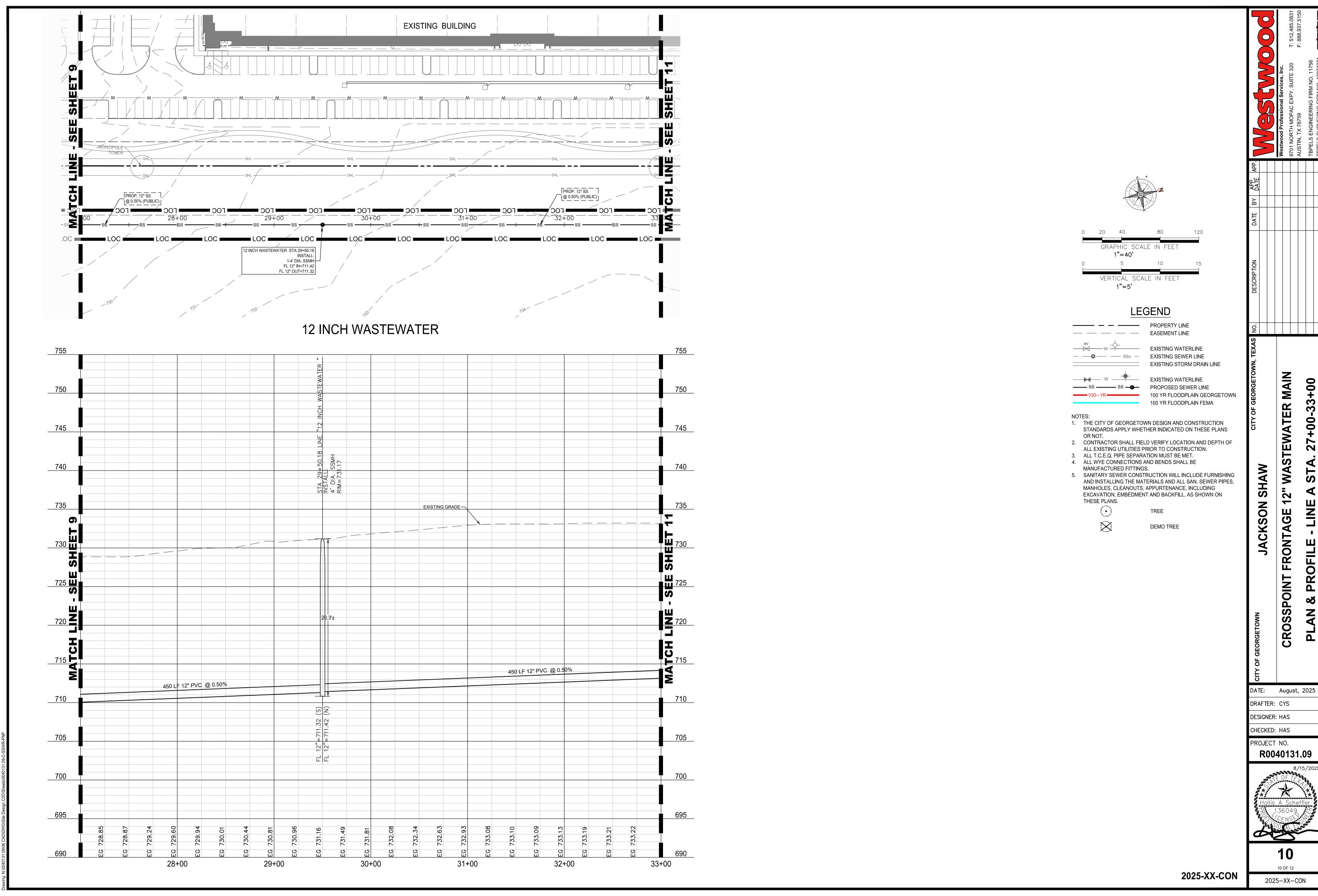
2025-XX-CON

STEWATE **M** 12" JACKSON FRONTAGE POINT S S CRO DATE: August, 2025 DRAFTER: CYS DESIGNER: HAS CHECKED: HAS PROJECT NO. R0040131.09 8/15/2025 6 OF 12 2025-XX-CON



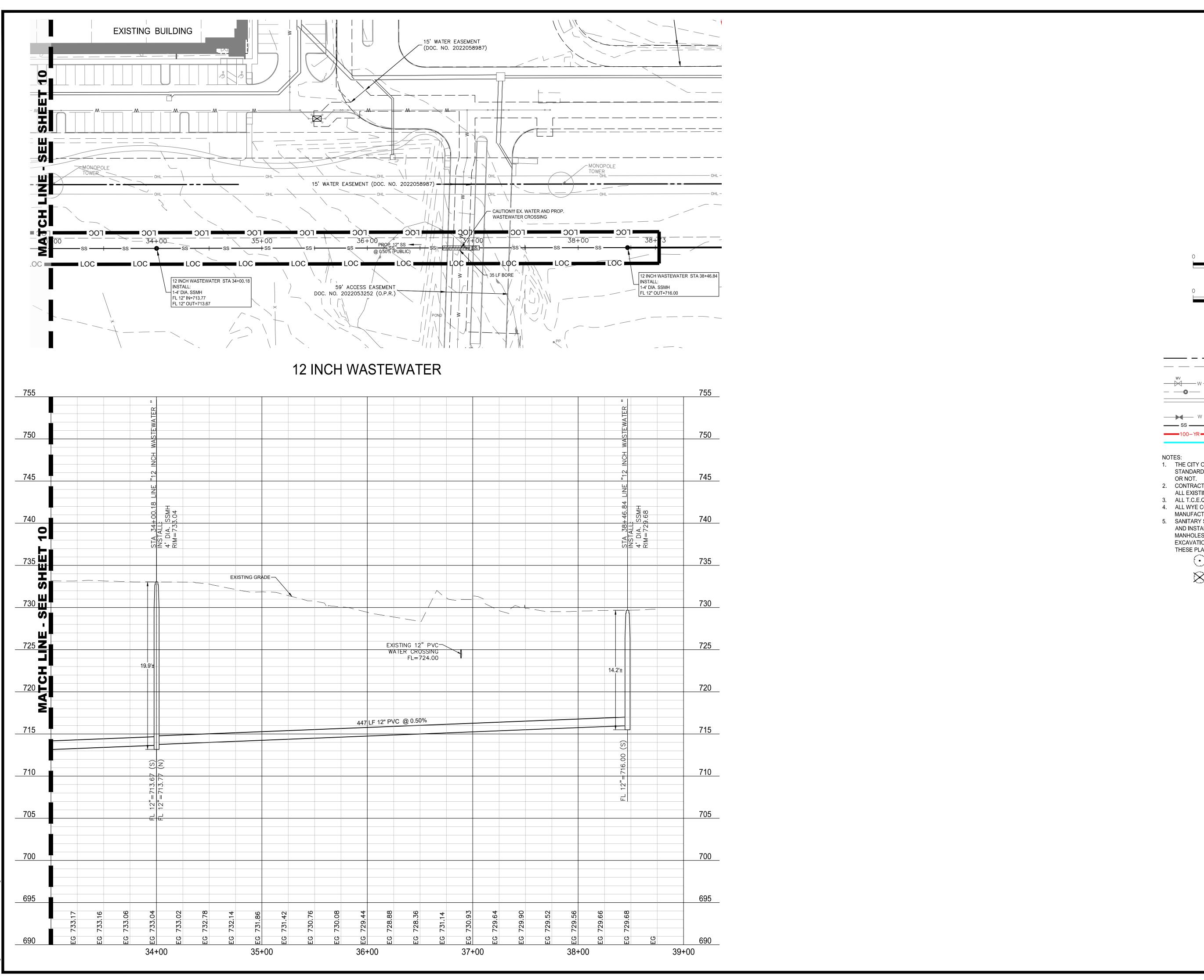






10 OF 12

27



GRAPHIC SCALE IN FEET VERTICAL SCALE IN FEET

LEGEND

1"=40'

1"=5'

— — EASEMENT LINE EXISTING WATERLINE — — SSX — EXISTING SEWER LINE EXISTING STORM DRAIN LINE

—— SS —— SS — PROPOSED SEWER LINE

EXISTING WATERLINE 100 YR FLOODPLAIN GEORGETOWN 100 YR FLOODPLAIN FEMA

- 1. THE CITY OF GEORGETOWN DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS APPLY WHETHER INDICATED ON THESE PLANS
- 2. CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD VERIFY LOCATION AND DEPTH OF
- ALL EXISTING UTILITIES PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. 3. ALL T.C.E.Q. PIPE SEPARATION MUST BE MET.
- 4. ALL WYE CONNECTIONS AND BENDS SHALL BE
- MANUFACTURED FITTINGS.
- 5. SANITARY SEWER CONSTRUCTION WILL INCLUDE FURNISHING AND INSTALLING THE MATERIALS AND ALL SAN. SEWER PIPES, MANHOLES, CLEANOUTS, APPURTENANCE, INCLUDING EXCAVATION, EMBEDMENT AND BACKFILL, AS SHOWN ON THESE PLANS.

DEMO TREE

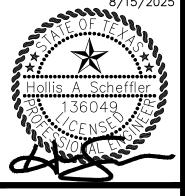
STEWATER 12" WA JACKSON SHAM **FRONTAGE** ROFILE CROSSPOINT

DATE: August, 2025

DRAFTER: CYS DESIGNER: HAS

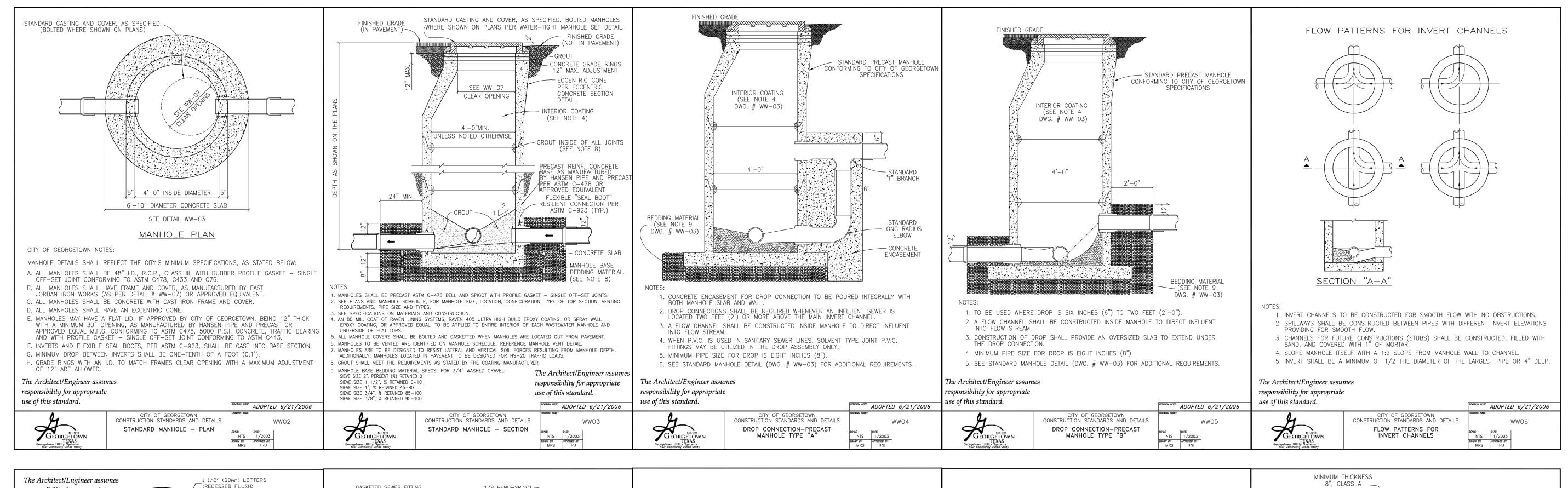
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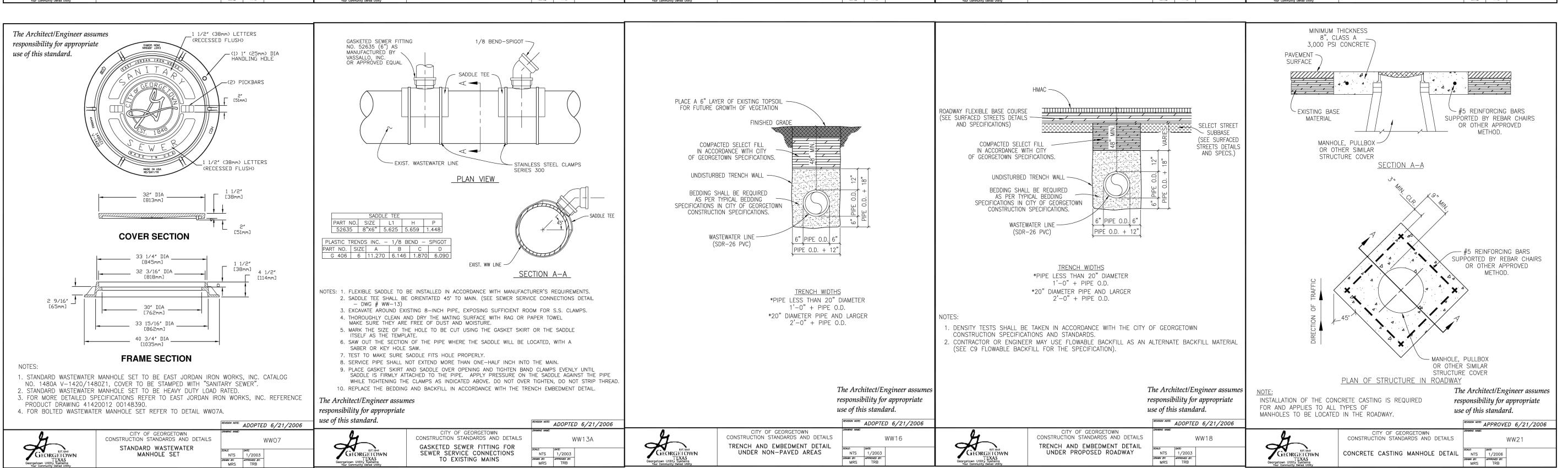
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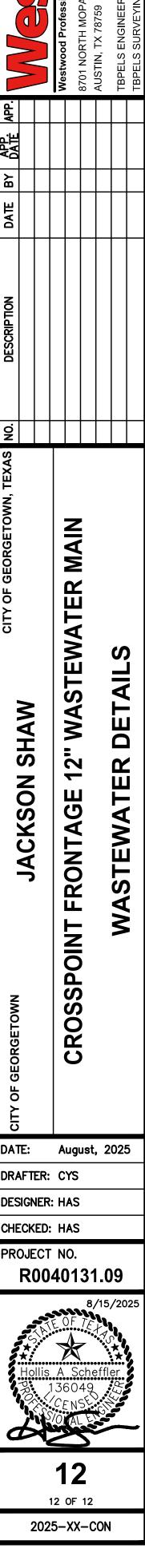


11 OF 12 2025-XX-CON

2025-XX-CON







Temporary Stormwater Section

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(4)(A), (B), (D)(I) and (G); Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Temporary Stormwater Section** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The application was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Hollis Scheffler, P.E.

Date: 7/23/2025

Signature of Customer/Agent:

Regulated Entity Name: CrossPoint - Frontage

Project Information

Potential Sources of Contamination

Examples: Fuel storage and use, chemical storage and use, use of asphaltic products, construction vehicles tracking onto public roads, and existing solid waste.

1.	Fuels for construction equipment and hazardous substances which will be used during construction:
	The following fuels and/or hazardous substances will be stored on the site:
	These fuels and/or hazardous substances will be stored in:
	Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of less than 250 gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year.

	 Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity between 250 gallons and 499 gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year. Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of 500 gallons or more will be stored on the site. An Aboveground Storage Tank Facility Plan application must be submitted to the appropriate regional office of the TCEQ prior to moving the tanks onto the project.
	Fuels and hazardous substances will not be stored on the site.
2.	Attachment A - Spill Response Actions. A site specific description of the measures to be taken to contain any spill of hydrocarbons or hazardous substances is attached.
3.	Temporary aboveground storage tank systems of 250 gallons or more cumulative storage capacity must be located a minimum horizontal distance of 150 feet from any domestic, industrial, irrigation, or public water supply well, or other sensitive feature.
4.	Attachment B - Potential Sources of Contamination. A description of any activities or processes which may be a potential source of contamination affecting surface water quality is attached.
Se	equence of Construction
5.	Attachment C - Sequence of Major Activities. A description of the sequence of major activities which will disturb soils for major portions of the site (grubbing, excavation, grading, utilities, and infrastructure installation) is attached.
	 For each activity described, an estimate (in acres) of the total area of the site to be disturbed by each activity is given. For each activity described, include a description of appropriate temporary control measures and the general timing (or sequence) during the construction process that the measures will be implemented.
6.	Name the receiving water(s) at or near the site which will be disturbed or which will

Temporary Best Management Practices (TBMPs)

receive discharges from disturbed areas of the project: Berry Creek

Erosion control examples: tree protection, interceptor swales, level spreaders, outlet stabilization, blankets or matting, mulch, and sod. Sediment control examples: stabilized construction exit, silt fence, filter dikes, rock berms, buffer strips, sediment traps, and sediment basins. Please refer to the Technical Guidance Manual for guidelines and specifications. All structural BMPs must be shown on the site plan.

7. Attachment D – Temporary Best Management Practices and Measures. TBMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, and stormwater. The construction-phase BMPs for erosion and sediment controls have been designed to retain sediment on site to the extent practicable. The following information is attached:

	A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site.
	A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff from the site.
	A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollutants from entering surface streams, sensitive features, or the aquifer.
	A description of how, to the maximum extent practicable, BMPs and measures will maintain flow to naturally-occurring sensitive features identified in either the geologic assessment, TCEQ inspections, or during excavation, blasting, or construction.
8.	The temporary sealing of a naturally-occurring sensitive feature which accepts recharge to the Edwards Aquifer as a temporary pollution abatement measure during active construction should be avoided.
	Attachment E - Request to Temporarily Seal a Feature. A request to temporarily seal a feature is attached. The request includes justification as to why no reasonable and practicable alternative exists for each feature.
	There will be no temporary sealing of naturally-occurring sensitive features on the site.
9.	Attachment F - Structural Practices . A description of the structural practices that will be used to divert flows away from exposed soils, to store flows, or to otherwise limit runoff discharge of pollutants from exposed areas of the site is attached. Placement of structural practices in floodplains has been avoided.
10.	Attachment G - Drainage Area Map . A drainage area map supporting the following requirements is attached:
	For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a sediment basin will be provided.
	For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a smaller sediment basin and/or sediment trap(s) will be used.
	For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area
	disturbed at one time, a sediment basin or other equivalent controls are not attainable, but other TBMPs and measures will be used in combination to protect down slope and side slope boundaries of the construction area.
	There are no areas greater than 10 acres within a common drainage area that will be
	disturbed at one time. A smaller sediment basin and/or sediment trap(s) will be used in combination with other erosion and sediment controls within each disturbed drainage area.

	There are no areas greater than 10 acres within a common drainage area that will be disturbed at one time. Erosion and sediment controls other than sediment basins or sediment traps within each disturbed drainage area will be used.
11.	Attachment H - Temporary Sediment Pond(s) Plans and Calculations. Temporary sediment pond or basin construction plans and design calculations for a proposed temporary BMP or measure have been prepared by or under the direct supervision of a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. All construction plans and design information must be signed, sealed, and dated by the Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. Construction plans for the proposed temporary BMPs and measures are attached.
\boxtimes	N/A
12. 🔀	Attachment I - Inspection and Maintenance for BMPs. A plan for the inspection of each temporary BMP(s) and measure(s) and for their timely maintenance, repairs, and, if necessary, retrofit is attached. A description of the documentation procedures, recordkeeping practices, and inspection frequency are included in the plan and are specific to the site and/or BMP.
13. 🔀	All control measures must be properly selected, installed, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and good engineering practices. If periodic inspections by the applicant or the executive director, or other information indicate a control has been used inappropriately, or incorrectly, the applicant must replace or modify the control for site situations.
14. 🔀	If sediment escapes the construction site, off-site accumulations of sediment must be removed at a frequency sufficient to minimize offsite impacts to water quality (e.g., fugitive sediment in street being washed into surface streams or sensitive features by the next rain).
15. 🔀	Sediment must be removed from sediment traps or sedimentation ponds not later than when design capacity has been reduced by 50%. A permanent stake will be provided that can indicate when the sediment occupies 50% of the basin volume.
16. 🔀	Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals exposed to stormwater shall be prevented from becoming a pollutant source for stormwater discharges (e.g., screening outfalls, picked up daily).

Soil Stabilization Practices

Examples: establishment of temporary vegetation, establishment of permanent vegetation, mulching, geotextiles, sod stabilization, vegetative buffer strips, protection of trees, or preservation of mature vegetation.

17. Attachment J - Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices. A schedule of the interim and permanent soil stabilization practices for the site is attached.

- 18. Records must be kept at the site of the dates when major grading activities occur, the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site, and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 19. Stabilization practices must be initiated as soon as practicable where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased.

Administrative Information

- 20. All structural controls will be inspected and maintained according to the submitted and approved operation and maintenance plan for the project.
- 21. If any geologic or manmade features, such as caves, faults, sinkholes, etc., are discovered, all regulated activities near the feature will be immediately suspended. The appropriate TCEQ Regional Office shall be immediately notified. Regulated activities must cease and not continue until the TCEQ has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the aquifer from any adverse impacts.
- 22. Silt fences, diversion berms, and other temporary erosion and sediment controls will be constructed and maintained as appropriate to prevent pollutants from entering sensitive features discovered during construction.

Attachment A – Spill Response Actions

In accordance with Edwards Aquifer Technical Guidance on Best Management Practices Section 1.4.16, the following actions will be followed to ensure appropriate measures are taken in the event of a spill:

Education

- Be aware that different materials pollute in different amounts. Make sure that each employee knows what a "significant spill" is for each material they use, and what is the appropriate response for "significant" and "insignificant" spills. Employees should also be aware of when spill must be reported to the TCEQ. Information available in 30 TAC 327.4 and 40 CFR 302.4.
- Educate employees and subcontractors on potential dangers to humans and the environment from spills and leaks.
- Hold regular meetings to discuss and reinforce appropriate disposal procedures (incorporate into regular safety meetings).
- Establish a continuing education program to indoctrinate new employees.
- Have contractor's superintendent or representative oversee and enforce proper spill prevention and control measures.

General Measures

- To the extent that the work can be accomplished safely, spills of oil, petroleum products, substances listed under 40 CFR parts 110,117, and 302, and sanitary and septic wastes should be contained and cleaned up immediately.
- Store hazardous materials and wastes in covered containers and protect from vandalism.
- Place a stockpile of spill cleanup materials where it will be readily accessible.
- Train employees in spill prevention and cleanup.
- Designate responsible individuals to oversee and enforce control measures.
- Spills should be covered and protected from stormwater runon during rainfall to the extent that it doesn't compromise clean up activities.
- Do not bury or wash spills with water.
- Store and dispose of used clean up materials, contaminated materials, and recovered spill material that is no longer suitable for the intended purpose in conformance with the provisions in applicable BMPs.
- Do not allow water used for cleaning and decontamination to enter storm drains or watercourses. Collect and dispose of contaminated water in accordance with applicable regulations.
- Contain water overflow or minor water spillage and do not allow it to discharge into drainage facilities or watercourses.
- Place Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS), as well as proper storage, cleanup, and spill reporting instructions for hazardous materials stored or used on the project site in an open, conspicuous, and accessible location.
- Keep waste storage areas clean, well organized, and equipped with ample cleanup supplies as appropriate for the materials being stored. Perimeter controls, containment structures, covers, and liners should be repaired or replaced as needed to maintain proper function.



Cleanup

- Clean up leaks and spills immediately
- Use a rag for small spills on paved surfaces, a damp mop for general cleanup, and absorbent material for larger spills. If the spilled material is hazardous, then the used cleanup materials are also hazardous and must be disposed of as hazardous waste.
- Never hose down or bury dry material spills. Clean up as much of the material as possible and dispose of properly. See the waste management BMPs in this section for specific information.

Minor Spills

- Minor spills typically involve small quantities of oil, gasoline, paint, etc. which can be controlled by the first responder at the discovery of the spill.
- Use absorbent materials on small spills rather than hosing down or burying the spill.
- Absorbent materials should be promptly removed and disposed of properly.
- Follow the practice below for a minor spill:
 - o Contain the spread of the spill.
 - o Recover spilled materials.
 - o Clean the contaminated area and properly dispose of contaminated materials.

Semi-Significant Spills

- Contain spread of the spill.
- Notify the project foreman immediately.
- If the spill occurs on paved or impermeable surfaces, clean up using "dry" methods (absorbent materials, cat litter and/or rags). Contain the spill by encircling with absorbent materials and do not let the spill spread widely.
- If the spill occurs in dirt areas, immediately contain the spill by constructing an earthen dike. Dig up and properly dispose of contaminated soil.
- If the spill occurs during rain, cover spill with tarps or other material to prevent contaminating runoff.

Significant/Hazardous Spills

- Notify the TCEQ by telephone as soon as possible and within 24 hours at 512-339-2929 (Austin) or 210-490-3096 (San Antonio) between 8 AM and 5 PM. After hours, contact the Environmental Release Hotline at 1-800-832-8224. It is the contractor's responsibility to have all emergency phone numbers at the construction site.
- For spills of federal reportable quantities, in conformance with the requirements in 40 CFR parts 110,119, and 302, the contractor should notify the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.
- Notification should first be made by telephone and followed up with a written report.
- The services of a spills contractor or a Haz-Mat team should be obtained immediately. Construction personnel should not attempt to clean up until the appropriate and qualified staffs have arrived at the job site.
- Other agencies which may need to be consulted include, but are not limited to, the City Police Department, County Sheriff Office, Fire Departments, etc.



Attachment B - Potential Sources of Contamination

Activities or processes which may be a potential source of contamination affecting surface water quality include:

- Clearing and grubbing
- Grading and site excavation
- Vehicle tracking
- Topsoil stripping and stockpiling
- Landscaping work
- Staging and storage spoils
- Paving of roadways and curb & gutter
- Construction activities
- Concrete washout runoff
- Sanitary waste (from portable toilets and sanitation facilities)



Attachment C – Sequence of Major Activities

The sequence of major activities which will disturb soils for major portions of the site is as follows:

1. Temporary erosion controls, silt fencing and tree protection fencing to be installed. Estimated area disturbed = 2.62 ac Estimated timing = 1 week

2. Pre-construction meeting to be held on-site. Estimated area disturbed = n/a ac Estimated timing = 1 day

3. Demolition of existing materials. Estimated area disturbed = 2.62 ac Estimated timing = 6 weeks

4. Site staking and rough grading. Estimated area disturbed = 2.62 ac Estimated timing = 6 weeks

5. Sanitary sewer line to be installed. Estimated area disturbed = 2.225 ac Estimated timing = 8 weeks

6. Temporary erosion control measures to be inspected on a regular basis; any sediment buildup to be removed.

Estimated area disturbed = n/a Estimated timing = 1 week

7. Site to be cleaned up and revegetated. Estimated area disturbed = 2.225 ac Estimated timing = 6 weeks

8. Temporary erosion controls to be removed after permanent restoration of site is established. Estimated area disturbed = n/a Estimated timing = 1 week



Attachment D – Temporary Best Management Practices and Measures

The following best management practices will be conducted to prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, and stormwater in accordance with Edwards Aquifer Technical Guidance on Best Management Practices:

Temporary Vegetation (Section 1.3.8)

Vegetation is used as a temporary or permanent stabilization technique for areas disturbed by construction, but not covered by pavement, buildings, or other structures. As a temporary control, vegetation can be used to stabilize stockpiles and barren areas that are inactive for long periods of time.

Dust Control (Section 1.3.12)

The purpose of dust control is to prevent blowing and movement of dust from exposed soil surfaces, reduce on and off-site damage, health hazards and improve traffic safety. This practice is applicable to areas subject to dust blowing and movement where on and off-site damage is likely without treatment.

Temporary Construction Entrance/Exit (Section 1.4.2)

The purpose of a temporary gravel construction entrance is to provide a stable entrance/exit condition from the construction site and keep mud and sediment off public roads. A stabilized construction entrance is a stabilized pad of crushed stone located at any point traffic will be entering or leaving the construction site from a public right-ofway, street, alley, sidewalk or parking area. The purpose of a stabilized construction entrance is to reduce or eliminate the tracking or flowing of sediment onto public rightsof-way. This practice should be used at all points of construction ingress and egress.

Silt Fence (Section 1.4.3)

A silt fence is a barrier consisting of geotextile fabric supported by metal posts to prevent soil and sediment loss from a site. When properly used, silt fences can be highly effective at controlling sediment from disturbed areas. They cause runoff to pond, allowing heavier solids to settle out.

Inlet Protection (Section 1.4.11)

Temporary inlet protection is a series of different measures that provide protection against silt transport or accumulation in storm sewer systems. This clogging can greatly reduce or completely stop the flow in the pipes. The different measures are used for different site conditions and inlet types. The following inlet protection devices are for drainage areas of one acre or less. Runoff from larger disturbed areas should be routed to a temporary sediment trap or basin. Filter barrier protection using silt fence is appropriate when the drainage area is less than one acre and the basin slope is less than five percent. This type of protection is not applicable in paved areas. Block and gravel protection is used when flows exceed 0.5 cubic feet per second and it is necessary to allow for overtopping to prevent flooding. This form of protection is also useful for curb type inlets as it works well in paved areas. 1-90 Wire mesh and



gravel protection is used when flows exceed 0.5 cubic feet per second and construction traffic may occur over the inlet. This form of protection may be used with both curb and drop inlets.

Concrete Washout Areas (Section 1.4.18)

The purpose of concrete washout areas is to prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants to stormwater from concrete waste by conducting washout offsite, performing onsite washout in a designated area, and training employees and subcontractors.

The following steps will help reduce stormwater pollution from concrete wastes:

- Incorporate requirements for concrete waste management into material supplier and subcontractor agreements.
- Avoid mixing excess amounts of fresh concrete.
- Perform washout of concrete trucks in designated areas only.
- Do not wash out concrete trucks into storm drains, open ditches, streets, or streams.
- Do not allow excess concrete to be dumped onsite, except in designated areas.

For onsite washout:

- Locate washout area at least 50 feet from sensitive features, storm drains, open ditches, or water bodies. Do not allow runoff from this area by constructing a temporary pit or bermed area large enough for liquid and solid waste.
- Wash out wastes into the temporary pit where the concrete can set, be broken up, and then disposed properly.

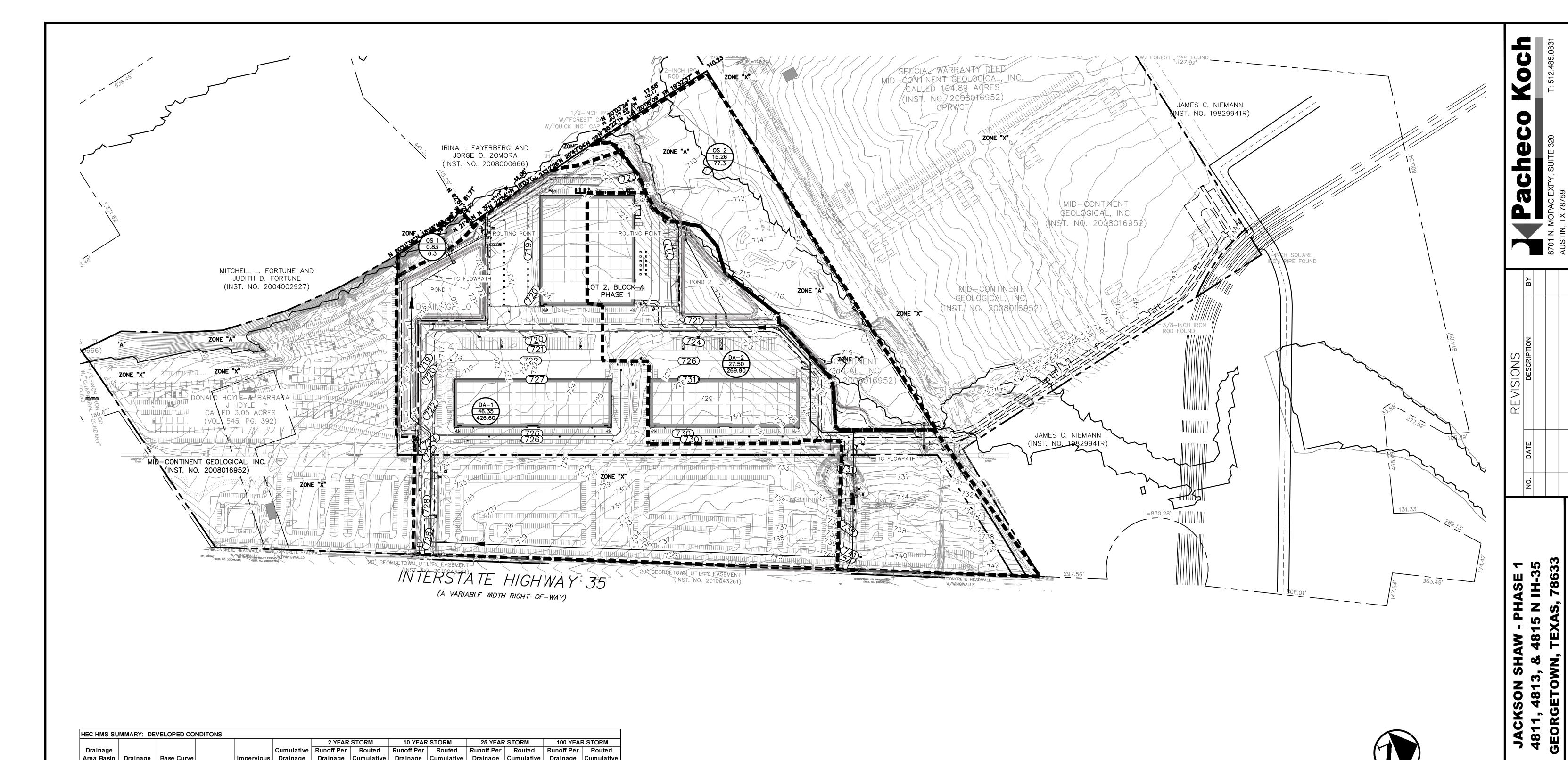


Attachment F - Structural Practices

Stormwater will be routed through the proposed silt fence and inlet protection for pollutant removal. The proposed permanent BMPs are to be constructed to intercept stormwater flowing from the roadway and other impervious areas. The silt fence will provide temporary sedimentation control during construction prior to the permanent BMPs being finalized. Placement of structural practices in floodplains will be avoided.

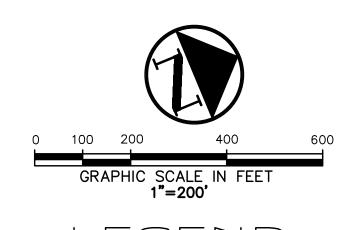


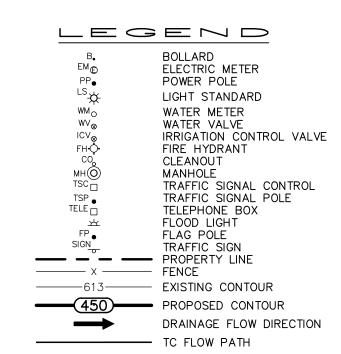
Attachment G – Drainage Area Map



HEC-HMS SU	MMARY: DE	VELOPED COI	NDITONS										
						2 YEAR	STORM	10 YEAF	STORM	25 YEAR	STORM	100 YEA	RSTORM
Drainage					Cumulative	Runoff Per	Routed						
Area Basin	Drainage	Base Curve		Impervious	Drainage	Drainage	Cumulative	Drainage	Cumulative	Drainage	Cumulative	Drainage	Cumulative
Designation	Area	Number CN	Lag Time	Cover	Area	Area	Runoff	Area	Runoff	Area	Runoff	Area	Runoff
	(ac)		(min)	%	(ac)	(cfs)							
DA 1	46.35	80	4.69	61.00%		235.90		284.50		345.20		426.60	
POND 1					46.35		56.50		74.60		133.40		187.60
DA 2	27.50	80	3.51	64.00%		160.90		182.20		218.70		269.90	
POND 2					27.50		43.80		57.30		76.90		124.80
OS 1	0.83	80	5.61	0.00%		2.00		3.60		4.70		6.30	
OS 2	15.26	80	18.60	0.00%		20.80		42.70		56.60		77.30	

	TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS																					
	Overland Flow				Shallow Concentrated Flow				Channel Flow							To	1					
Basin ID	Flowpath Length (ff)	Length	Slope	Surface Cover	Velocity	*Manning' s n	T ₀	Length	Slope	Surface Type	Velocity	*K	Ts	Length	Slope	Туре	*K	Velocity	T _h	Τ _C	(design)	Lag Time
		(ft)	(ft /ft)		(ft/s)		(min)	(ft)	(ft/ft)		(ft/s)		(min)	(ft)	(ft/ft)		(ft)	(ft/s)	(min)	(min)	(min)	(min)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)
EX 1	1051	150	0.010	SHORT GRASS PRAIRIE	0.160	0.15	15.61	901	0.015	UNPAVED	1.97	16.1	7.62							23.22	23.22	13.93
EX 2	742	150	0.010	Short Grass prairie	0.160	0.15	15.61	592	0.010	UNPAVED	1.61	16.1	6.13							21.74	21.74	13.04
OS 1	79	79	0.010	Short Grass prairie	0.141	0.15	9.35	0	0.010	UNPAVED	0.00	16.1	0.00							9.35	9.35	5.61
OS 2	1598	150	0.010	Short Grass prairie	0.160	0.15	15.61	1448	0.010	UNPAVED	1.61	16.1	14.99							30.60	30.60	18.36





TC FLOW PATH ARROW FEMA FLOOD PLAIN
100 YEAR FLOOD PLAIN ■ ■ ■ ■ DRAINAGE DIVIDE PROPOSED DRAINAGE AREA ID AREA IN ACRES Q₁₀₀ IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND

THE SEAL APPEARING ON THIS DOCUMENT WAS AUTHORIZED BY SUPERVISION OF HOLLIS ANN SCHEFFLER, P.E. 136049 ON 8/15/2025. ALTERATION OF A SEALED DOCUMENT WITHOUT PROPER NOTIFICATION TO THE RESPONSIBLE ENGINEER IS AN OFFENSE UNDER THE TEXAS ENGINEERING PRACTICE ACT. DESIGN DRAWN DATE

AREA

PROPOSED DRAINAGE

GEORGETOWN

MAR 2022 HAS NBB SHEET NO.

12

2021-79-SDP

Attachment I – Inspection and Maintenance for BMPs

The following inspection and maintenance guidelines for the temporary best management practices will be followed in accordance with Edwards Aquifer Technical Guidance on Best Management Practices. Inspections of the temporary BMPs will be documented in an inspection report. Inspection reports will document maintenance activities, sediment removal, and modifications to the sediment and erosion controls.

Temporary Vegetation (Section 1.3.8)

- 1. Temporary vegetation should be inspected weekly and after each rain event to locate and repair any erosion.
- 2. Erosion from storms or other damage should be repaired as soon as practical by regrading the area and applying new seed.
- 3. If the vegetated cover is less than 80%, the area should be reseeded.

Dust Control (Section 1.3.12)

1. When dust is evident during dry weather, reapply dust control BMPs.

Temporary Construction Entrance/Exit (Section 1.4.3)

- 1. Inspect all fencing weekly, and after any rainfall.
- 2. Remove sediment when buildup reaches 6 inches.
- 3. Replace any torn fabric or install a second line of fencing parallel to the torn section.
- 4. Replace or repair any sections crushed or collapsed in the course of construction activity. If a section of fence is obstructing vehicular access, consider relocating it to a spot where it will provide equal protection, but will not obstruct vehicles. A triangular filter dike may be preferable to a silt fence at common vehicle access points.
- 5. When construction is complete, the sediment should be disposed of in a manner that will not cause additional siltation and the prior location of the silt fence should be revegetated. The fence itself should be disposed of in an approved landfill.

Silt Fence (Section 1.4.3)

- 1. Inspect all fencing weekly, and after any rainfall.
- 2. Remove sediment when buildup reaches 6 inches.
- 3. Replace any torn fabric or install a second line of fencing parallel to the torn section.
- 4. Replace or repair any sections crushed or collapsed in the course of construction activity. If a section of fence is obstructing vehicular access, consider relocating it to a spot where it will provide equal protection, but will not obstruct vehicles. A triangular filter dike may be preferable to a silt fence at common vehicle access points.
- 5. When construction is complete, the sediment should be disposed of in a manner that will not cause additional siltation and the prior location of the silt fence should be revegetated. The fence itself should be disposed of in an approved landfill.

Inlet Protection (Section 1.4.11)

1. Inspection should be made weekly and after each rainfall. Repair or replacement should be made promptly as needed by the contractor.



- 2. Remove sediment when buildup reaches a depth of 3 inches. Removed sediment should be deposited in a suitable area and in such a manner that it will not erode.
- 3. Check placement of device to prevent gaps between device and curb.
- 4. Inspect filter fabric and patch or replace if torn or missing.
- 5. Structures should be removed and the area stabilized only after the remaining drainage area has been properly stabilized.

Concrete Washout Area (Section 1.4.18)

When temporary concrete washout facilities are no longer required for the work, the hardened concrete should be removed and disposed of. Materials used to construct temporary concrete washout facilities should be removed from the site of the work and disposed of. Holes, depressions or other ground disturbance caused by the removal of the temporary concrete washout facilities should be backfilled and repaired.



Attachment J – Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices

Seeding of the disturbed areas will be on-going after completion of the rough grading process. Temporary seeding will be utilized until permanent landscaping is installed. Seeding will occur on any areas that are undisturbed for a period of 14 days. If construction progress is stopped for a period of 14 days, soil stabilization practices must be initiated by the contractor. Permanent landscaping will be provided as soon as final grades are achieved and the final paving and building operations are completed.



Agent Authorization Form

For Required Signature Edwards Aquifer Protection Program Relating to 30 TAC Chapter 213 Effective June 1, 1999

	John Stone	
	Print Name	
	Vice President	
	Title - Owner/President/Other	
of	JSACQ Georgetown, LP Corporation/Partnership/Entity Name	
have authorized	Hollis Scheffler, P.E. Print Name of Agent/Engineer	
	Print Name of Agent/Engineer	
of	Westwood Professional Services	
	Print Name of Firm	

to represent and act on the behalf of the above named Corporation, Partnership, or Entity for the purpose of preparing and submitting this plan application to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the review and approval consideration of regulated activities.

I also understand that:

- 1. The applicant is responsible for compliance with 30 Texas Administrative Code Chapter 213 and any condition of the TCEQ's approval letter. The TCEQ is authorized to assess administrative penalties of up to \$10,000 per day per violation.
- 2. For those submitting an application who are not the property owner, but who have the right to control and possess the property, additional authorization is required from the owner.
- 3. Application fees are due and payable at the time the application is submitted. The application fee must be sent to the TCEQ cashier or to the appropriate regional office. The application will not be considered until the correct fee is received by the commission.
- 4. A notarized copy of the Agent Authorization Form must be provided for the person preparing the application, and this form must accompany the completed application.
- 5. No person shall commence any regulated activity on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone, Contributing Zone or Transition Zone until the appropriate application for the activity has been filed with and approved by the Executive Director.

SIGNATURE PAGE:

Applicant's Signature

08/12/2025 Date

THE STATE OF TEXAS §

County of Dallas §

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared _____known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged to me that (s)he executed same for the purpose and consideration therein expressed.

GIVEN under my hand and seal of office on this 12 day of Mans

HOLLI GRIER

My Notary ID # 2582155 Expires April 1, 2029 day of 1

Hum "

IOTARY PUBLIC

Typed or Printed Name of Notary

MY COMMISSION EXPIRES:

Application Fee Form

exas Commission on Environmental Quality								
Name of Proposed Regulated Entit	ty: <u>CrossPoint - Frontag</u>	<u>e</u>						
Regulated Entity Location: Georgetown, Williamson County, Texas								
Name of Customer: <u>JSACQ GEORG</u>	ETOWN LP							
Contact Person: Miles Terry	e: <u>(405) 570-8713</u>							
Customer Reference Number (if is	sued):CN <u>CN606274660</u>	<u>)</u>						
Regulated Entity Reference Numbe	er (if issued):RN							
Austin Regional Office (3373)								
Hays	Travis	√ Wil	liamson					
San Antonio Regional Office (3362								
	_	Uva	oldo					
☐ Bexar	∭ Medina	UVa	nue					
Comal	Kinney							
Application fees must be paid by c								
Commission on Environmental Qu								
form must be submitted with you	ir fee payment. This pa	syment is being submit	ted to:					
🔀 Austin Regional Office	Sa	an Antonio Regional Of	fice					
Mailed to: TCEQ - Cashier	⊠ o _'	vernight Delivery to: TO	CEQ - Cashier					
Revenues Section	12	2100 Park 35 Circle						
Mail Code 214	Ві	uilding A, 3rd Floor						
P.O. Box 13088	Aı	ustin, TX 78753						
Austin, TX 78711-3088	(5	12)239-0357						
Site Location (Check All That Appl	y):							
Recharge Zone	Contributing Zone	Transiti	ion Zone					
Type of Pla	ın	Size	Fee Due					
Water Pollution Abatement Plan,	Contributing Zone							
Plan: One Single Family Residenti	al Dwelling	Acres	\$					
Water Pollution Abatement Plan,	Contributing Zone							
Plan: Multiple Single Family Resid	lential and Parks	Acres	\$					
Water Pollution Abatement Plan,	Contributing Zone							
Plan: Non-residential		Acres	\$					
Sewage Collection System		3747 L.F.	\$ 1,873.50					
Lift Stations without sewer lines		Acres	\$					
Underground or Aboveground St	orage Tank Facility	Tanks	\$					
Piping System(s)(only)		Each	\$					
Exception		Each	\$					
Extension of Time	Each	Ċ						

Signature:

1 of 2

Date: <u>7/14/25</u>

Application Fee Schedule

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Edwards Aquifer Protection Program 30 TAC Chapter 213 (effective 05/01/2008)

Water Pollution Abatement Plans and Modifications

Contributing Zone Plans and Modifications

	Project Area in	
Project	Acres	Fee
One Single Family Residential Dwelling	< 5	\$650
Multiple Single Family Residential and Parks	< 5	\$1,500
	5 < 10	\$3,000
	10 < 40	\$4,000
	40 < 100	\$6,500
	100 < 500	\$8,000
	≥ 500	\$10,000
Non-residential (Commercial, industrial,	< 1	\$3,000
institutional, multi-family residential, schools, and	1 < 5	\$4,000
other sites where regulated activities will occur)	5 < 10	\$5,000
	10 < 40	\$6,500
	40 < 100	\$8,000
	≥ 100	\$10,000

Organized Sewage Collection Systems and Modifications

Project	Cost per Linear Foot	Minimum Fee- Maximum Fee
Sewage Collection Systems	\$0.50	\$650 - \$6,500

Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank System Facility Plans and Modifications

Project	Cost per Tank or Piping System	Minimum Fee- Maximum Fee
Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank Facility	\$650	\$650 - \$6,500

Exception Requests

Project	Fee
Exception Request	\$500

Extension of Time Requests

Project	Fee
Extension of Time Request	\$150



TCEQ Core Data Form

TCEQ Use Only

For detailed instructions regarding completion of this form, please read the Core Data Form Instructions or call 512-239-5175.

SECTION I: General Information

		·	hecked please d									
New Pe Ne	rmit, Regis	tration or Authori	zation (Core Dat	a Form sho	ould be	submit			rogram application	n.)		
Renewal (Core Data Form should be submitted with the renewal form) Customer Reference Number (if issued)												
				Follow this link to search for CN or RN numbers in			3. Regulated Entity Reference Number (if issued)					
CN 603356718				Central R								
SECTION	II: Cu	stomer Info	ormation_									
4. General C	ustomer lı	5. Effective Da	e Date for Customer Information Updates (mm/dd/yyyy)									
□ New Customer □ Update to Customer Information □ Change in Regulated Entity Ownership □ Change in Legal Name (Verifiable with the Texas Secretary of State or Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts)								Entity Ownership				
		•								rrent and	active with the	
The Customer Name submitted here may be updated automatically based on what is current and active with the Texas Secretary of State (SOS) or Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts (CPA).												
6. Customer	Legal Nar	ne (If an individua	l, print last name fi	rst: eg: Doe,	, John)		<u> </u>	f new Cus	stomer, enter previ	ous Custome	er below:	
JSACQ /	Georgeto	own, LP										
7. TX SOS/C		Number	8. TX State Ta		its)		9	. Federa	al Tax ID (9 digits)	10. DUN	S Number (if applicable)	
08043365	47		320821634	55				ı				
11. Type of (Customer:		on		Individ	ual		Par	artnership: ⊠ General □ Limited			
Government:	☐ City ☐ 0	County 🔲 Federal 🗆] State ☐ Other		Sole P	roprieto	orship		Other:			
12. Number 0-20	of Employ 21-100	ees 101-250	251-500	□ 501 a	ad high	or	1	3. Indep	endently Owned	and Opera	ted?	
	_				nd high		this fo		se check one of the	following		
⊠Owner	i ivoic (i iv	Operation Actual) -			wner &			IIII. I I c as	SE CHECK ONE OF THE	luliuwing		
Occupatio	nal License		nsible Party					pplicant	Other:			
	4890 A	Alpha Road,	Ste. 100									
15. Mailing		1										
Address:	City	Dallas		State	TX		ZIP	7524	14	ZIP + 4		
16. Country		formation (if outsi	de USA)				. E-Mail Address (if applicable)					
		- In the second	uo e e. ,						onshaw.com			
18. Telephor	ne Number	•	1	19. Extension or Code			20. Fax Number (if applicable)					
(972) 62	28-7400								() -			
SECTION	III: Re	egulated En	ntity Inforn	nat <u>ion</u>								
21. General l	Regulated	Entity Informati	i on (If 'New Reg	ulated Entit	ty" is se	elected	belov	v this for	m should be acco	mpanied by	a permit application)	
New Reg	ulated Enti	ty 🔲 Update	to Regulated En	tity Name		Update	to Re	egulated	Entity Information			
_		•	_	•	ed in d	order	to m	eet TC	EQ Agency D	ata Stano	lards (removal	
		•	as Inc, LP, or									
			of the site where to	he regulated	d action i	is taking	place	e.)				
CrossPoin	ıt - Front	tage										

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23. Street Addres	s of											
the Regulated Ent	tity:		1									
		City	Georgetow	n State	TX	ZIP	78633		ZIP + 4			
24. County	V	William										
		Er	nter Physical Lo	ocation Descri	ption if no str	eet addres	s is provid	led.				
25. Description to Physical Location		The property is located just north of the intersection of IH-35 and SH-195 in Georgetown, TX.										
26. Nearest City	•						State		Nea	rest ZIP Code		
27. Latitude (N) In Decima		al: 30.717844°					W) In Deci		97.64844			
Degrees	M	linutes		Seconds	Degre		Mil	Minutes		Seconds		
30			13	4.24		97			38	54.51		
29. Primary SIC C	ode (4 digi	its) 30.	Secondary SIC	Code (4 digits)	31. Prima (5 or 6 digits	ry NAICS (s)	Code	32. Se (5 or 6	econdary NA digits)	ICS Code		
1623					221320							
33. What is the Pr			•	Do not repeat the S	SIC or NAICS des	cription.)						
Sanitary sewer	r line ex	xtensior	1									
34. Mailing	_				4811	nterstate 3	35					
Address:			1			_	_					
Addicos.		City	Georgetowr	State	TX	ZIP	78	633	ZIP + 4			
35. E-Mail Ad	dress:			mterry@jacksonshaw.com								
		e Number	,	37. Exten		gjuonooo		Fax Nur	mber <i>(if appl</i>	icable)		
36. T			,	37. Exten				Fax Nur (mber <i>(if appl</i>	icable)		
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Name (In Print): Hollis Scheffler Phone: (512) 485- 831

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Signature: Date: 8/15/2025

TCEQ-10400 (04/20) Page 3 of 3