TCEQ WPAP & SCS APPLICATION

for

SANTA RITA RANCH PHASE 2B SECTION 3 WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS

Prepared For:

SRFV Development, LLC Attn: James Edward Horne 1700 Cross Creek Lane, Suite 100 Liberty Hill, TX 78642 (512) 502-2050

Prepared By:

Steven P. Cates, P.E. CARLSON, BRIGANCE & DOERING, INC.

5501 West William Cannon Drive Austin, Texas 78749 (512) 280-5160 Firm #F3791



CBD No. 5558 September 2025



9-29-2025

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Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page

Our Review of Your Application

The Edwards Aquifer Program staff conducts an administrative and technical review of all applications. The turnaround time for administrative review can be up to 30 days as outlined in 30 TAC 213.4(e). Generally administrative completeness is determined during the intake meeting or within a few days of receipt. The turnaround time for technical review of an administratively complete Edwards Aquifer application is 90 days as outlined in 30 TAC 213.4(e). Please know that the review and approval time is directly impacted by the quality and completeness of the initial application that is received. In order to conduct a timely review, it is imperative that the information provided in an Edwards Aquifer application include final plans, be accurate, complete, and in compliance with 30 TAC 213.

Administrative Review

- Edwards Aquifer applications must be deemed administratively complete before a technical review can begin. To be considered administratively complete, the application must contain completed forms and attachments, provide the requested information, and meet all the site plan requirements. The submitted application and plan sheets should be final plans. Please submit one full-size set of plan sheets with the original application, and half-size sets with the additional copies.
 - To ensure that all applicable documents are included in the application, the program has developed tools to guide you and web pages to provide all forms, checklists, and guidance. Please visit the below website for assistance: http://www.tceq.texas.gov/field/eapp.
- 2. This Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page form (certified by the applicant or agent) must be included in the application and brought to the administrative review meeting.
- 3. Administrative reviews are scheduled with program staff who will conduct the review. Applicants or their authorized agent should call the appropriate regional office, according to the county in which the project is located, to schedule a review. The average meeting time is one hour.
- 4. In the meeting, the application is examined for administrative completeness. Deficiencies will be noted by staff and emailed or faxed to the applicant and authorized agent at the end of the meeting, or shortly after. Administrative deficiencies will cause the application to be deemed incomplete and returned.
 - An appointment should be made to resubmit the application. The application is re-examined to ensure all deficiencies are resolved. The application will only be deemed administratively complete when all administrative deficiencies are addressed.
- 5. If an application is received by mail, courier service, or otherwise submitted without a review meeting, the administrative review will be conducted within 30 days. The applicant and agent will be contacted with the results of the administrative review. If the application is found to be administratively incomplete, it can be retrieved from the regional office or returned by regular mail. If returned by mail, the regional office may require arrangements for return shipping.
- 6. If the geologic assessment was completed before October 1, 2004 and the site contains "possibly sensitive" features, the assessment must be updated in accordance with the *Instructions to Geologists* (TCEQ-0585 Instructions).

Technical Review

- 1. When an application is deemed administratively complete, the technical review period begins. The regional office will distribute copies of the application to the identified affected city, county, and groundwater conservation district whose jurisdiction includes the subject site. These entities and the public have 30 days to provide comments on the application to the regional office. All comments received are reviewed by TCEQ.
- 2. A site assessment is usually conducted as part of the technical review, to evaluate the geologic assessment and observe existing site conditions. The site must be accessible to our staff. The site boundaries should be

- clearly marked, features identified in the geologic assessment should be flagged, roadways marked and the alignment of the Sewage Collection System and manholes should be staked at the time the application is submitted. If the site is not marked the application may be returned.
- 3. We evaluate the application for technical completeness and contact the applicant and agent via Notice of Deficiency (NOD) to request additional information and identify technical deficiencies. There are two deficiency response periods available to the applicant. There are 14 days to resolve deficiencies noted in the first NOD. If a second NOD is issued, there is an additional 14 days to resolve deficiencies. If the response to the second notice is not received, is incomplete or inadequate, or provides new information that is incomplete or inadequate, the application must be withdrawn or will be denied. Please note that because the technical review is underway, whether the application is withdrawn or denied **the application fee will be forfeited**.
- 4. The program has 90 calendar days to complete the technical review of the application. If the application is technically adequate, such that it complies with the Edwards Aquifer rules, and is protective of the Edwards Aquifer during and after construction, an approval letter will be issued. Construction or other regulated activity may not begin until an approval is issued.

Mid-Review Modifications

It is important to have final site plans prior to beginning the permitting process with TCEQ to avoid delays.

Occasionally, circumstances arise where you may have significant design and/or site plan changes after your Edwards Aquifer application has been deemed administratively complete by TCEQ. This is considered a "Mid-Review Modification". Mid-Review Modifications may require redistribution of an application that includes the proposed modifications for public comment.

If you are proposing a Mid-Review Modification, two options are available:

- If the technical review has begun your application can be denied/withdrawn, your fees will be forfeited, and the plan will have to be resubmitted.
- TCEQ can continue the technical review of the application as it was submitted, and a modification application can be submitted at a later time.

If the application is denied/withdrawn, the resubmitted application will be subject to the administrative and technical review processes and will be treated as a new application. The application will be redistributed to the affected jurisdictions.

Please contact the regional office if you have questions. If your project is located in Williamson, Travis, or Hays County, contact TCEQ's Austin Regional Office at 512-339-2929. If your project is in Comal, Bexar, Medina, Uvalde, or Kinney County, contact TCEQ's San Antonio Regional Office at 210-490-3096

Please fill out all required fields below and submit with your application.

1. Regulated Entity Name: Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B SECTION 3			2. R	2. Regulated Entity No.:		
3. Customer Name: SRFV Development, LLC		4. C	4. Customer No.: 605894914			
5. Project Type: (Please circle/check one)	New	Modification	odification Extension		Exception	
6. Plan Type: (Please circle/check one)			EXT	Technical Clarification	Optional Enhanced Measures	
7. Land Use: (Please circle/check one)				8. Site (acres): 16.8		16.87
9. Application Fee:	\$5,178.50	10. Permaner	nt BMP((s):	Batch Detention	
11. SCS (Linear Ft.):	2,357	12. AST/UST	(No. Tanks):		N/A	
13. County:	Williamson	14. Watershe	d:	North Fork San Gabriel River		n Gabriel River

Application Distribution

Instructions: Use the table below to determine the number of applications required. One original and one copy of the application, plus additional copies (as needed) for each affected incorporated city, county, and groundwater conservation district are required. Linear projects or large projects, which cross into multiple jurisdictions, can require additional copies. Refer to the "Texas Groundwater Conservation Districts within the EAPP Boundaries" map found at:

http://www.tceq.texas.gov/assets/public/compliance/field_ops/eapp/EAPP%20GWCD%20map.pdf

For more detailed boundaries, please contact the conservation district directly.

Austin Region			
County:	Hays	Travis	Williamson
Original (1 req.)	_	_	_X_
Region (1 req.)	_	_	_X_
County(ies)		_	_X_
Groundwater Conservation District(s)	Edwards Aquifer AuthorityBarton Springs/ Edwards AquiferHays TrinityPlum Creek	Barton Springs/ Edwards Aquifer	NA
City(ies) Jurisdiction	AustinBudaDripping SpringsKyleMountain CitySan MarcosWimberleyWoodcreek	AustinBee CavePflugervilleRollingwoodRound RockSunset ValleyWest Lake Hills	AustinCedar ParkFlorence _x_GeorgetownJerrellLeander _x_Liberty HillPflugervilleRound Rock

San Antonio Region					
County:	Bexar	Comal	Kinney	Medina	Uvalde
Original (1 req.)	_	_		_	_
Region (1 req.)	_	_		_	
County(ies)					
Groundwater Conservation District(s)	Edwards Aquifer Authority Trinity-Glen Rose	Edwards Aquifer Authority	Kinney	EAA Medina	EAA Uvalde
City(ies) Jurisdiction	Castle HillsFair Oaks Ranch _Helotes _Hill Country Village _Hollywood Park _San Antonio (SAWS) _Shavano Park	BulverdeFair Oaks RanchGarden RidgeNew BraunfelsSchertz	NA	San Antonio ETJ (SAWS)	NA

I certify that to the best of my knowledge, that the application is complete and accurate. This application is hereby submitted to TCEQ for administrative review and technical review.		
Santa Rita KC, LLC / Carlson, Brigance, & Doering, Inc.		
Print Name of Customer/Authorized Agent		
Store Cales	9-29-2025	
Signature of Customer/Authorized Agent	Date	

FOR TCEQ INTERNAL USE ONLY			
Date(s)Reviewed:	Date Administratively Complete:		
Received From:	Correct Number of Copies:		
Received By:	Distribution Date:		
EAPP File Number:	Complex:		
Admin. Review(s) (No.):	No. AR Rounds:		
Delinquent Fees (Y/N):	Review Time Spent:		
Lat./Long. Verified:	SOS Customer Verification:		
Agent Authorization Complete/Notarized (Y/N):	Payable to TCEQ (Y/N):		
Core Data Form Complete (Y/N):	Check: Signed (Y/N):		
Core Data Form Incomplete Nos.:	Less than 90 days old (Y/N):		

General Information Form

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Steven P. Cates, P.E.

For Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge and Transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.4(b) & §213.5(b)(2)(A), (B) Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

Date: 9/29/2025

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **General Information Form** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review. The application was prepared by:

Sig	nature of Customer/Agent:
	Stown. Cales
Pi	roject Information
1.	Regulated Entity Name: Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3
2.	County: Williamson
3.	Stream Basin: North Fork San Gabriel River
4.	Groundwater Conservation District (If applicable): N/A
5.	Edwards Aquifer Zone:
	Recharge Zone Transition Zone
6.	Plan Type:

Exception Request

Modification

7.	Cus	stomer (Applicant):	
	Ent Ma City Tel	ntact Person: <u>James Edward Horne</u> :ity: <u>SRFV Development, LLC</u> :iling Address: <u>1700 Cross Creek Lane, Suite 100</u> y, State: <u>Liberty Hill, TX</u> ephone: <u>512-502-2050</u> ail Address: <u>ed@srraustin.com</u>	Zip: <u>78642</u> FAX:
8.	Age	ent/Representative (If any):	
	Ent Ma City Tel	ntact Person: Steven P. Cates, P.E. city: Carlson, Brigance & Doering, Inc. ciling Address: 501 W. William Cannon Blvd. cy, State: Austin, Texas ephone: 512-280-5160 ail Address: steve@cbdeng.com	Zip: <u>78749</u> FAX: <u>512-280-5165</u>
9.	Pro	ject Location:	
		The project site is located inside the city limits of the project site is located outside the city limits jurisdiction) of the City of Liberty Hill. The project site is not located within any city's limits.	but inside the ETJ (extra-territorial
10.		The location of the project site is described belo detail and clarity so that the TCEQ's Regional st boundaries for a field investigation.	
		South of Ex. Tower Rd, East of Flower Valley Pk	<u>xwy</u>
11.		Attachment A – Road Map . A road map showing project site is attached. The project location and the map.	
12.		Attachment B - USGS / Edwards Recharge Zone USGS Quadrangle Map (Scale: 1" = 2000') of the The map(s) clearly show:	
		 ☑ Project site boundaries. ☑ USGS Quadrangle Name(s). ☑ Boundaries of the Recharge Zone (and Transport Drainage path from the project site to the boundaries. 	
13.		The TCEQ must be able to inspect the project so Sufficient survey staking is provided on the project the boundaries and alignment of the regulated features noted in the Geologic Assessment.	ject to allow TCEQ regional staff to locate
	\boxtimes	Survey staking will be completed by this date: 1	0/04/2025

n n	ttachment C – Project Description . Attached at the end of this form is a detailed arrative description of the proposed project. The project description is consistent aroughout the application and contains, at a minimum, the following details:
=	Area of the site Offsite areas Impervious cover Permanent BMP(s) Proposed site use Site history Previous development Area(s) to be demolished
15. Existi	ng project site conditions are noted below:
	Existing commercial site Existing industrial site Existing residential site Existing paved and/or unpaved roads Undeveloped (Cleared) Undeveloped (Undisturbed/Uncleared)
	Other:
Prohi	bited Activities
	am aware that the following activities are prohibited on the Recharge Zone and are not roposed for this project:
(1	 Waste disposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 of this title (relating to Underground Injection Control);
(2	2) New feedlot/concentrated animal feeding operations, as defined in 30 TAC §213.3;
(3	3) Land disposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC §335.1;
(4) The use of sewage holding tanks as parts of organized collection systems; and
(5	S) New municipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I standards which are defined in §330.41(b), (c), and (d) of this title (relating to Types of Municipal Solid Waste Facilities).
(6	S) New municipal and industrial wastewater discharges into or adjacent to water in the state that would create additional pollutant loading.
<u></u>	am aware that the following activities are prohibited on the Transition Zone and are ot proposed for this project:
(1	.) Waste disposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 (relating to Underground Injection Control);

(2) Land disposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC $\S335.1$; and

(3) New municipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I standards which are defined in §330.41 (b), (c), and (d) of this title.

Administrative Information

18.	The	e fee for the plan(s) is based on:
		For a Water Pollution Abatement Plan or Modification, the total acreage of the site where regulated activities will occur. For an Organized Sewage Collection System Plan or Modification, the total linear footage of all collection system lines. For a UST Facility Plan or Modification or an AST Facility Plan or Modification, the total number of tanks or piping systems. A request for an exception to any substantive portion of the regulations related to the protection of water quality. A request for an extension to a previously approved plan.
19.		Application fees are due and payable at the time the application is filed. If the correct fee is not submitted, the TCEQ is not required to consider the application until the correct fee is submitted. Both the fee and the Edwards Aquifer Fee Form have been sent to the Commission's:
		 ☐ TCEQ cashier ☐ Austin Regional Office (for projects in Hays, Travis, and Williamson Counties) ☐ San Antonio Regional Office (for projects in Bexar, Comal, Kinney, Medina, and Uvalde Counties)
20.		Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regiona office.
21.		No person shall commence any regulated activity until the Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan(s) for the activity has been filed with and approved by the Executive Director.

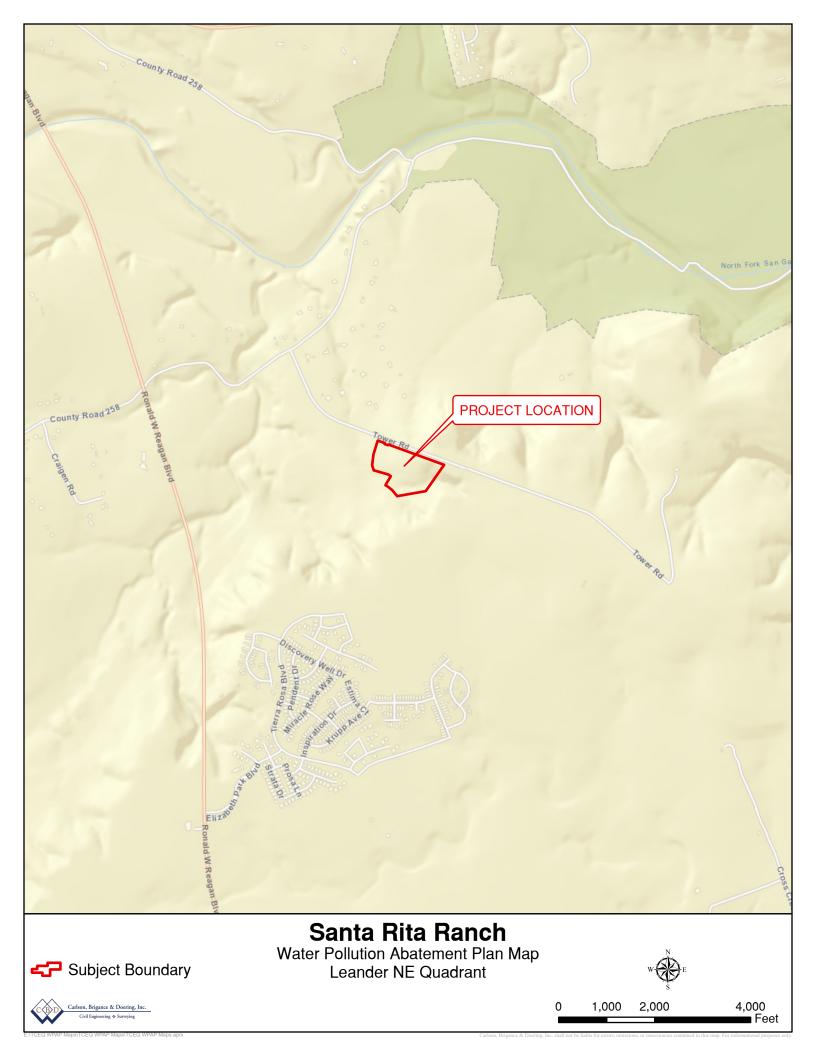
General Information Form ATTACHMENT A

TCEQ WPAP & SCS APPLICATION

Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3

Williamson County, Texas

ROAD MAP



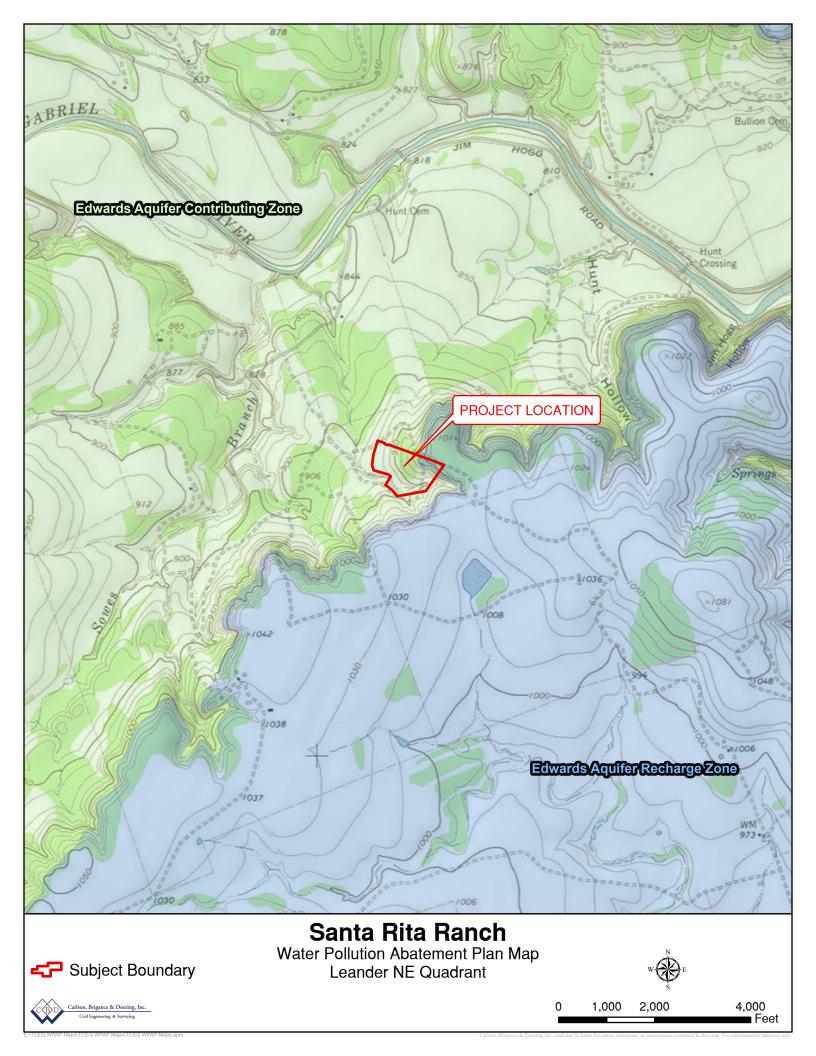
General Information Form ATTACHMENT B

TCEQ WPAP & SCS APPLICATION

Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3

Williamson County, Texas

USGS / EDWARDS AUQUIFER RECHARGE ZONE MAP



General Information Form ATTACHMENT C

TCEQ WPAP & SCS APPLICATION

Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3

Williamson County, Texas

Project Description:

Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3 is a 16.87-acre residential development that is composed of 35 single-family lots. The project is located on the east side of Flower Valley Parkway and just south of existing Tower Rd and north of Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 1 and 2. The project is located within the City of Liberty Hill ETJ, in Williamson County, Texas. This project includes 1,695 linear feet of roadway, 1,924 linear feet of water main line, 1,300 linear feet of 8" SDR 26 PVC ASTM D3034 wastewater main line, 195 linear feet of 3" C900 (150 psi) PVC AWWA C900 wastewater main line, 40 linear feet of 8" C900 (150 psi) PVC AWWA C900 wastewater main line at water crossings, and 822 linear feet of 6" SDR 26 PVC ASTM D3034 of wastewater service line.

The proposed wastewater line will flow into an existing SCS gravity system to the approved Lift Station 2A and then the Liberty Hill Wastewater Treatment Plant.

The site may have soil imported. The fill material shall consist of crushed limestone, select fill, and topsoil. The fill material will be used to facilitate drainage, roadway construction, revegetation of the property, and to elevate the building foundations.

This project is located within the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone. Flows were calculated using the National Resource Conservation hydrologic method. Water Quality will be provided by existing batch detention ponds constructed in previous sections.

Within the 16.87-acre improvement area, approximately 4.86 acres of impervious cover will be installed (28.81% of total project site). Batch detention pond 14 have been designed in accordance with the January 20, 2017 Addendum Sheet to RG-348 which establishes Batch Detention Basins as Section 3.2.17 of RG-348. They have been sized to treat and detain for Phase 2B Section 1 & 2, and 3 and future sections.



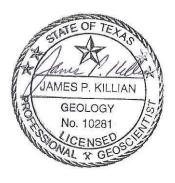
GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT APPROXIMATELY 93-ACRE SANTA RITA RANCH TRACT PHASE 2B (SECTIONS 2 & 3) AND PHASE 2C TOWER ROAD GEORGETOWN, WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS HJN 200130 GA

PREPARED FOR:

SANTA RITA KC LLC AUSTIN, TEXAS

PREPARED BY:

HORIZON ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES
A BRANCH OF LJA ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, LLC
TBPG FIRM REGISTRATION NO. 50679



APRIL 2025



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 - D SITE GEOLOGIC MAP
 - E SUPPORTING INFORMATION
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Geologic Assessment

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

For Regulated Activities on The Edwards Aquifer Recharge/transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(3), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. My signature certifies that I am qualified as a geologist as defined by 30 TAC Chapter 213.

Aquifer. My signature certifies that I am qualified 213.	d as a geologist as defined by 30 TAC Chapter
Print Name of Geologist: James Killian	Telephone: <u>512-328-2430</u>
Date: <u>4 April 2025</u>	Fax: <u>512-328-1804</u>
Representing: Horizon Environmental Services are Company and TBPG or TBPE registration number Signature of Geologist: Amus	Santa Rita Ranch Tract; Phase 2B (Sections 2

Project Information

PI	roject information	
1.	. Date(s) Geologic Assessment was performed: 27 March 2025	
2.	Type of Project:	
3.		☐ AST ☐ UST
	Recharge Zone Transition Zone Contributing Zone within the Transition Zone	

- 4. Attachment A Geologic Assessment Table. Completed Geologic Assessment Table (Form TCEQ-0585-Table) is attached.
- 5. Soil cover on the project site is summarized in the table below and uses the SCS Hydrologic Soil Groups* (Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds, Technical Release No. 55, Appendix A, Soil Conservation Service, 1986). If there is more than one soil type on the project site, show each soil type on the site Geologic Map or a separate soils map.

Table 1 - Soil Units, Infiltration Characteristics and Thickness

Soil Name	Group*	Thickness(feet)
BkE - Brackett gravelly clay loam, 3-12% slopes	С	1 - 4
BkrG - Brackett-Rock outcrop-Real complex, 8- 30% slopes	C	1 - 2
DnC - Denton silty clay, 3-5% slopes	D	1 - 3
EeB - Eckrant extremely stony clay, 0- 3% slopes	D	1 - 1.5

Group*	Thickness(feet)
D	1 - 3
	Group*

- * Soil Group Definitions (Abbreviated)
 - A. Soils having a high infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
 - B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
 - C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
 - D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
- 6. Attachment B Stratigraphic Column. A stratigraphic column showing formations, members, and thicknesses is attached. The outcropping unit, if present, should be at the top of the stratigraphic column. Otherwise, the uppermost unit should be at the top of the stratigraphic column.
- 7. Attachment C Site Geology. A narrative description of the site specific geology including any features identified in the Geologic Assessment Table, a discussion of the potential for fluid movement to the Edwards Aquifer, stratigraphy, structure(s), and karst characteristics is attached.
- 8. Attachment D Site Geologic Map(s). The Site Geologic Map must be the same scale as the applicant's Site Plan. The minimum scale is 1": 400'

Applicant's Site Plan Scale: 1" = 400' Site Geologic Map Scale: 1" = 400' Site Soils Map Scale (if more than 1 soil type): 1" = 500' 9. Method of collecting positional data: Global Positioning System (GPS) technology. Other method(s). Please describe method of data collection: ___ 10. The project site and boundaries are clearly shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map. 11. Surface geologic units are shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map. 12. Geologic or manmade features were discovered on the project site during the field investigation. They are shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map and are described in the attached Geologic Assessment Table. Geologic or manmade features were not discovered on the project site during the field investigation. 13. The Recharge Zone boundary is shown and labeled, if appropriate. 14. All known wells (test holes, water, oil, unplugged, capped and/or abandoned, etc.): If applicable, the information must agree with Item No. 20 of the WPAP Application Section. There are _____ (#) wells present on the project site and the locations are shown and labeled. (Check all of the following that apply.) The wells are not in use and have been properly abandoned. The wells are not in use and will be properly abandoned. The wells are in use and comply with 16 TAC Chapter 76. There are no wells or test holes of any kind known to exist on the project site. Administrative Information 15. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional

office.



ATTACHMENT A GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT TABLE

GEOL	OGIC ASSI	ESSMENT	TABL	E			PR	OJE	CT NA	ME	: San	ta Rita	Ranch;	Phase 2B	and P	hase	2C;	Towe	r Rd,	Georgetown, Williamson Co., Tx
LOCATION			FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS								EVALUATION		ION							
1A	1B *	1C*	2A	2B	3		4		5	5A	6	7	8A	8B	9	1	0	1	1	12
FEATURE ID	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	FEATURE TYPE	POINTS	FORMATION	DIME	NSIONS (FEET)	TREND (DEGREES)	DOM	DENSITY (NO/FT)	APERTURE (FEET)	INFILL	RELATIVE INFILTRATION RATE	TOTAL	SENS	TIVITY	CATCHME (ACI	NT AREA RES)	TOPOGRAPHY
						Х	Υ	Z		10						<40	<u>>40</u>	<1.6	<u>>1.6</u>	
SF-15	30.679111	-97.823843	SH/C	30	Ked	50	25	7		0			C,F,O	35	65		Χ	Χ		Hilltop
SF-16	30.675387	-97.823553	SH/C	30	Ked	300	200	6		0			C,F,O	65	95		Χ		Χ	Hilltop
SR-14	30.678613	-97.824318	SH	20	Ked	6	4	2.5		0			C,F,O	15	35	Х		Χ		Hilltop
SR-15	30.677735	-97.825099	SC	20	Ked	2.5	0.5	1.5		0			C,F,O	18	38	Х		Χ		Hilltop
SR-18	30.679626	-97.8248	SC	20	Ked	1	0.5	1		0			C,F,O	25	45		Х	Χ		Hilltop
SR-19	30.679644	-97.823785	SC	20	Ked	3	1.5	1.5		0			C,F,O	15	35	Х		Χ		Hilltop

* DATUM:

2A TYPE	TYPE	2B POINTS
С	Cave	30
SC	Solution cavity	20
SF	Solution-enlarged fracture(s)	20
F	Fault	20
0	Other natural bedrock features	5
MB	Man-made feature in bedrock	30
SW	Swallow hole	30
SH	Sinkhole	20
CD	Non-karst closed depression	5
Z	Zone, clustered or aligned features	30

	8A INFILLING
N	None, exposed bedrock
С	Coarse - cobbles, breakdown, sand, gravel
0	Loose or soft mud or soil, organics, leaves, sticks, dark colors
F	Fines, compacted clay-rich sediment, soil profile, gray or red colors
V	Vegetation. Give details in narrative description
FS	Flowstone, cements, cave deposits
Χ	Other materials:

12 TOPOGRAPHY Cliff, Hilltop, Hillside, Drainage, Floodplain, Streambed

I have read, I understood, and I have followed the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality's Instructions to Geologists. The information presented here complies with that document and is a true representation of the conditions observed in the field.

My signature certifies that I am qualified as a geologist as defined by 30 TAC Chapter 213.

James P. Killan James P. Killa

Date: 4/3/2025

Sheet ___1__ of ___1__

TCEQ-0585-Table (Rev. 10-01-04)



ATTACHMENT B STRATIGRAPHIC COLUMN

Geologic Unit	Hydrologic Unit	Approx. Thickness at Project Site (ft)	Elevation (ft msl)	Depth (ft)
Edwards Limestone (Ked)		50	1028	0
Comanche Peak Limestone (Kc)	Edwards Aquifer	50	—— 978 ——	100
Keys Valley Marl (Kkv)		50	878	150

Note: Unit elevation and thickness given with respect to a ground surface elevation of 1028 ft along the eastern boundary of the subject site.



Date:	04/02/2025
Drawn:	KRW
HJN NO:	200130.001 GA

Attachment B

Stratigraphic Column Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B (Sections 2 & 3) and Phase 2C Tower Road Georgetown, Williamson County, Texas





ATTACHMENT C DESCRIPTION OF SITE GEOLOGY



Geologic information for the subject site obtained via literature review is provided in Attachment E, Supporting Information.

A geologic assessment of approximately 93 acres (Santa Rita Ranch [SRR] Phase 2B [Sections 2 & 3] and 2C) located along the south side of Tower Road in Georgetown, Williamson County, Texas, was conducted pursuant to Texas rules for regulated activities in the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone (EARZ) (30 TAC 213). The subject site consists of undeveloped vacant rangeland with no habitable structures. Assessment findings were used to develop recommendations for site construction measures intended to be protective of water resources at the subject site and adjacent areas.

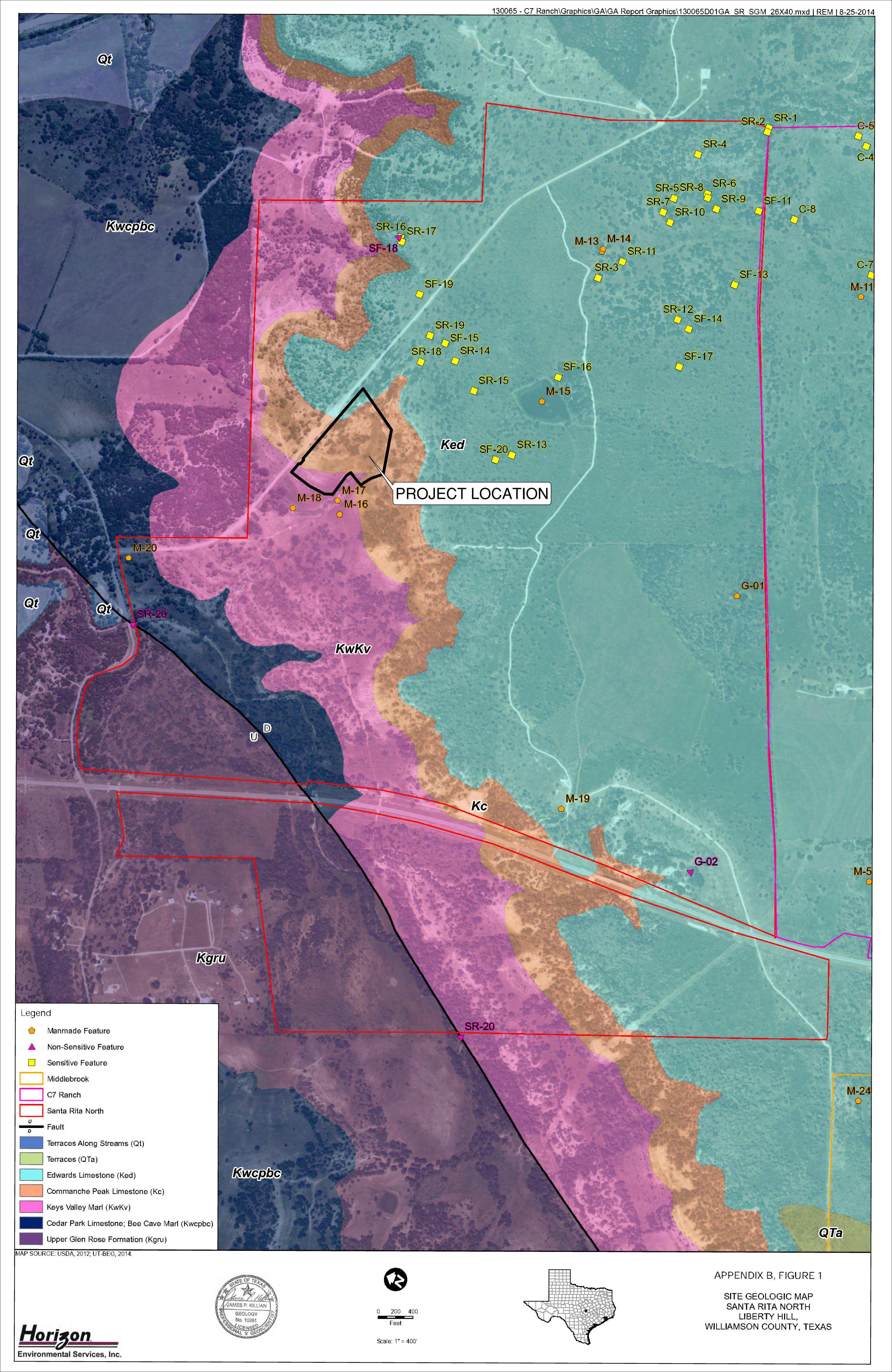
Approximately 72 acres of the subject site are located within the EARZ and 21 acres are in the Edwards Aquifer Contributing Zone (EACZ) as defined by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The EARZ occurs where surface water enters the subsurface through exposed limestone bedrock containing faults, fractures, sinkholes, and caves. The EACZ is the area or watershed where runoff from precipitation flows downgradient to the Recharge Zone of the Edwards Aquifer. The Contributing Zone is located upstream (upgradient) and generally north and northwest of the Recharge Zone.

The subject site is underlain by Edwards Limestone (Ked), Comanche Peak Limestone (Kc), and Keys Valley Marl (Kkv) (UT-BEG, 1995), which have estimated maximum thicknesses of about 50 feet each.

A total of 6 naturally occurring geologic features (SF-15, SF-16, SR-14, SR-15, SR-18, and SR-19) were identified at this site. No man-made features were identified. Further information pertaining to the geologic features is presented in the following Attachments D, E, and F.



ATTACHMENT D SITE GEOLOGIC MAP





ATTACHMENT E SUPPORTING INFORMATION



1.0 INTRODUCTION AND METHODOLOGY

This report and any proposed abatement measures are intended to fulfill Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) reporting requirements (TCEQ, 2005). This geologic assessment includes a review of the subject site for potential aquifer recharge and documentation of general geologic characteristics for the subject site. Horizon Environmental Services (Horizon) conducted the necessary field and literature studies according to TCEQ Instructions to Geologists for Geologic Assessments on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge/Transition Zones (TCEQ, 2004).

Horizon walked transects spaced 50 feet apart, mapped the locations of features using a sub-foot accurate Trimble Geo HX handheld GPS, and posted processed data utilizing GPS Pathfinder Office software, topographic maps, and aerial photographs. Horizon also searched the area around any potential recharge features encountered to look for additional features. When necessary, Horizon removed loose rocks and soil (by hand) to preliminarily assess each feature's subsurface extent while walking transects. However, labor-intensive excavation was not conducted during this assessment. Features that did not meet the TCEQ definition of a potential recharge feature (per TCEQ, 2004), such as surface weathering, karren, or animal burrows, were evaluated in the field and omitted from this report.

The results of this survey do not preclude the possibility of encountering subsurface voids or abandoned test or water wells during the clearing or construction phases of the proposed project. If a subsurface void is encountered during any phase of the project, work should be halted until the TCEQ (or appropriate agency) is contacted and a geologist can investigate the feature.

2.0 ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

2.1 LOCATION AND GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The subject site consists of approximately 93 acres of vacant rangeland located along the south side of Tower Road in Georgetown, Williamson County, Texas (Appendix F, Figure 1).

2.2 LAND USE

The subject site is reportedly vacant with no apparent use. No habitable structures were observed on the site. Tower Road borders the north side and Fortuna Road (unpaved) bisects the southern portion of the subject site. Surrounding lands are generally used for residential and agricultural purposes.

2.3 TOPOGRAPHY AND SURFACE WATER

The subject site is situated on gently sloping terrain within the North and Middle Forks of the San Gabriel River watershed (Appendix F, Figures 2 and 3). Surface elevations on the subject site vary from a minimum of approximately 932 feet above mean sea level (amsl) near the northwestern property boundary within an unnamed tributary of Sowes Branch to a maximum



of approximately 1028 feet amsl near the eastern property boundary (USGS, 1976). Drainage on the site occurs primarily by overland surface flow in multiple directions depending on proximity to unnamed tributaries of Sowes Branch.

2.4 EDWARDS AQUIFER ZONE

The subject site is found within the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Edwards Aquifer Contributing Zone (TCEQ, 2025) (Attachment F, Figure 2).

2.5 SURFACE SOILS

Five soil units are mapped within the subject site (NRCS, 2025) (Appendix F, Figure 4). Generally, the soil series are similar in their physical, chemical, and engineering properties, with the principal exception being rock fragment content and thickness. The soil units are described in further detail below.

Brackett gravelly clay loam, 3 to 12% slopes (BkE) has a moderately alkaline, pale brown, clay loam surface layer about 5 inches thick with about 15% cover of limestone fragments that range from 4 to 12 inches in diameter. The subsoil, to 16 inches, is moderately alkaline, pale yellow clay loam with about 5% weakly cemented fine limestone fragments. The underlying layer is very pale brown, interbedded, calcareous loam and limestone. This soil is well-drained, permeability is moderately slow, and available water capacity is very low. Runoff is rapid (Werchan and Coker, 1983).

Brackett-Rock outcrop-Real complex, 8 to 30% slopes (BkG) consists of hilly to steep Brackett soils and Rock outcrop on uplands. This complex is made up of about 50% Brackett soils, about 25% Rock outcrop, and 25% other soils. Typically, the Brackett soils have a moderately alkaline, grayish-brown, gravelly, silty clay loam surface layer about 4 inches thick. About 60 to 80% of the surface is covered with limestone pebbles, cobbles, stones, and a few boulders. The subsoil, which extends to a depth of about 12 inches, is moderately alkaline, light brownish-gray, gravelly, silty clay loam. The underlying material is interbedded limestone and marl. The Brackett soils are well-drained. Runoff is rapid, and available water capacity is very low. Erosion is a moderate to severe hazard. Rock outcrop consists of narrow horizontal bands and random areas of marl outcrop. Loose cobbles, stones, and boulders are common on the surface (Werchan and Coker, 1983).

Denton silty clay, 3 to 5% slopes (DnC) typically has an upper layer of dark brown, silty clay about 18 inches thick. The subsoil, to a depth of about 25 inches, is light brown, silty clay. The layer below that, to 32 inches, is pale brown, silty clay loam. The underlying material is limestone interbedded with weathered limestone and limy material. The soil is calcareous and moderately alkaline. This soil is well-drained, and runoff is medium. Permeability is slow. When dry, the soil cracks and water enters the soil rapidly; but when the soil is wet, water enters it slowly. The available water capacity is medium, and erosion is a moderate hazard (Werchan and Coker, 1983).



Eckrant extremely stony clay, 0 to 3% slopes (EeB) is gently sloping and located on broad ridges and in shallow valleys on uplands. Typically, this soil has an extremely stony, very dark gray, clay surface layer about 11 inches thick. The underlying material is indurated limestone. About 25% of the surface is covered with fragments of limestone; most are about 6 inches across, but range from 3 inches to 3 feet across and are as much as 10 inches thick. The soil is calcareous, moderately alkaline, and well-drained. Permeability is moderately slow, and surface runoff is rapid. The fragments of limestone on the surface help to prevent erosion. The available water capacity is very low because of the shallowness of the soil and stones in the soil (Werchan and Coker, 1983).

Georgetown stony clay loam, 1 to 3% slopes (GsB) is typically found on higher parts of uplands. Typically, this soil has a slightly acidic, brown, stony clay loam surface layer about 7 inches thick and few stones on or near the surface. The subsoil, which extends down to a depth of about 35 inches, is neutral, reddish-brown clay in the upper part and slightly acidic, reddish-brown, cobbly clay in the lower part. The underlying material is indurated, fractured limestone that has clay loam in crevices and fractures. This soil is well-drained. Permeability is slow, and surface runoff is medium. The available water capacity is low. Reaction is neutral to slightly acidic. The erosion hazard ranges to slight. The soil is suitable for urban uses, but corrosion to buried pipelines is a hazard due to the clayey subsoil. Septic systems do not function well in the clayey subsoil (Werchan and Coker, 1983).

2.6 WATER WELLS

A review of TCEQ and Texas Water Development Board (TWDB) records revealed no water wells on the subject site and 12 wells within 0.5 miles of the subject site (TCEQ, 2005; TWDB, 2024). According to the TWDB records, all the off-site wells are reportedly completed within the Trinity Aquifer at total depths ranging from 535 to 850 feet below surface. Horizon observed no on-site water wells on the subject site.

The results of this assessment do not preclude the existence of additional undocumented/abandoned wells on the site. If a water well or casing is encountered during construction, work should be halted near the feature until the TCEQ is contacted.

2.7 GEOLOGY

Literature Review

The subject site is underlain by Edwards Limestone (Ked) (UT-BEG, 1995). Edwards Limestone comprises limestone, dolomite, and chert. Limestone is aphanitic to fine grained, massive to thin bedded, hard, brittle, and in part rudistid biostromes, with much miliolid biosparite. Dolomite is fine to very fine grained, porous, medium gray to grayish brown. Nodules and plates are common in chert, varying in amount from bed to bed, with some intervals free of chert, mostly white to light gray. In zone of weathering, the formation is considerably recrystallized, "honeycombed," and cavernous, forming an aquifer; it forms flat areas and plateaus bordered by scarps. Thickness ranges from 60 to 350 feet, thinning northward.



Comanche Peak Limestone (Kc) underlies the Edwards and crops out on the steep, north-facing slopes located along the northern portion of the site. It is approximately 50 feet thick and consists of white, soft, nodular limestone interbedded with marl and calcareous clay.

Underlying the Comanche Peak Limestone is the Keys Valley Marl (Kkv) member of the Walnut Formation (Kw), which crops out along the moderate to gently sloping areas located in the northwestern portion of the site. The uppermost 50 feet of the Walnut Formation is named the Keys Valley Marl member and consists of cream-colored, fossiliferous marl with some thin interbeds of soft limestone. The Keys Valley Marl is underlain by the Cedar Park Limestone (Kwcp) and Bee Creek Marl (Kwbc) members of the Walnut Formation.

The site Stratigraphic Column is provided as Attachment B, and the Site Geologic Map is Attachment D.

The subject site is located within the Balcones Fault Zone. Available geologic reports indicate the nearest mapped fault is located approximately 0.5 miles to the northwest, trending from southwest to northeast (TWSC, 2025).

Field Assessment

A field survey was conducted by Horizon support staff under the supervision of a licensed Horizon geologist on 27 March 2025. Horizon observed no man-made features and 6 naturally occurring geologic features (SF-15, SF-16, SR-14, SR-15, SR-18, and SR-19) on the subject site that meet the TCEQ definition of a potential recharge feature. No springs were observed at the site. Previous geologic assessments were conducted on the subject site by SWCA Environmental Consultants (SWCA, 2006) and Horizon (Horizon, 2014). SWCA originally identified all (6) of the geologic features previously listed.

Geologic features on the subject site are described as follows:

Geologic Feature SF-15: This feature had been previously assessed by SWCA as 2 small sinkholes that were partially filled with discarded trash (barbed wire and scrap metal) (SWCA, 2006). However, the feature is 1 large sinkhole (~50 feet long by 25 feet wide by 3 feet deep) and 1 open solution cavity (~3 feet long by 1.5 feet wide by 6 feet deep) that is located within the sinkhole's catchment area. Near the center of the sinkhole is a partially filled trash area with an open drainage portal about 5 feet long by 3 feet wide by 4 feet deep. Slight to moderate air flow conductivity was noted amongst the trashed portal opening. The solution cavity is located about 20 feet due southeast from the lowest part of the sinkhole with some discarded trash (barbed wire and bottles). It had slight air flow conductivity, and the floor of the cavity appears to slope back towards the sinkhole drainage portal. Based on the presence of air flow conductivity and a very well-defined sinkhole perimeter, the potential for additional subgrade passage is very probable. This feature meets the requirements to be classified as a potential cave, based on it being a natural, underground, open space formed by dissolution of limestone that is large enough for an average-sized person to enter.



Horizon staff excavated the feature (20 feet long by 6 to 8 feet wide by 3 to 7 feet deep) from 3 and 6 May 2024 using a backhoe with hoe ram attachment. At approximately 7 feet below the surface, a void opening was found along the south wall about 2 feet wide by 3 feet high that appeared to extend over 30 feet toward the southeast into a slanted room about 12 to 17 feet wide by less than 1 to 5 feet high, with a few speleothems (ceiling soda straws) above large rock breakdown and soil covered floors. A smaller passage about 4 feet wide by 2 feet high was found behind the room that extended about 20 feet toward the southwest but became too low and narrow to continue. This feature is classified as a cave based on it being a natural underground open space formed by the dissolution of limestone that is large enough for an average-sized person to enter. Horizon staff performed hand excavation and exploration of the cave on 7 May 2024. The floor of the feature was covered with dark gray clayey soil, ceiling breakdown, a few speleothems, and cave coral. Horizon staff surveyed and mapped the cave, which has been officially named Jimbo's Fissure Cave for identification purposes, on 6 June 2024. Plan and profile cave maps are included in this report. The cave is approximately 70 feet long (south to north) and 17 feet at its widest. Interior ceiling heights within the cave range from less than 1 foot to 5 feet. This feature has a high infiltration rate and a surface runoff catchment less than 1 acre. This feature has been deemed sensitive for groundwater recharge and therefore has a TCEQ buffer of 200 feet upslope and 50 feet downslope surrounding the sinkhole/footprint of the cave.



Geologic feature SF-15 (sinkhole/potential cave) before excavation, facing south





Geologic feature SF-15 after excavation, facing southeast



Geologic feature SF-15 (Jimbo's Fissure Cave) interior view with large breakdown rock on floor, facing southeast





Geologic feature SF-15 (Jimbo's Fissure Cave) opposite view, facing northwest

Geologic Feature SF-16: This feature had been previously assessed by SWCA as an unnamed cave within a very large sinkhole that is rimmed with boulders and cobble debris (SWCA, 2006). The sinkhole measures approximately 300 feet long by 200 feet wide by 3 to 6 feet deep and funnels into a large, open vertical shaft about 10 feet in diameter by 5 feet deep that was recently (<1 year) covered with a large boulder to prevent potential entry by visitors. Along the west side of the shaft floor is an opening measuring 5 feet long by 4 to 6 feet deep that connects to an apparent low bedding plane void extending about 20 feet (north to south) by 10 feet wide by 3 to 4 feet high. Several internal open drains were observed along the floor at the lowest points of the void. Moderate to high air flow conductivity was noted along the edges of the boulder that covers the main shaft opening. This feature meets the requirements to be classified as a **cave**, based on it being a natural underground open space formed by dissolution of limestone that is large enough for an average-sized person to enter. This sinkhole/cave is located within a broader drainage area that appears to drain over several acres.

Horizon staff removed the large boulder and excavated the feature (11 feet long by 8 feet wide by 11 feet deep) from 9, 10, and 13 May 2024 using a backhoe with hoe ram attachment. At approximately 9 feet below the surface, a low horizontal bedding plane void filled with soil, rocks, and/or wooden sticks/branches was found along the north and northwest walls about 20 to 25 feet wide by 1 to 3 feet high. About 10 feet west of the excavation, a small (1.5 feet in diameter by 3 to 6 feet deep) but open drainage portal was found in the floor of the bedding plane room with very high air flow conductivity. On 14 and 15 May 2024, Horizon staff hand-excavated/enlarged the interior drainage portal down to about 7 feet and found a low horizontal open tunnel passage (~3 to 4 feet wide by less than 1 to 1 foot high) that extended over 20 feet toward the north. On 17, 21, and 22 May 2024, Horizon staff hand-excavated the floor of the tunnel passage and found a shallow pit about 4 feet long by 2 feet wide by 2.5 feet deep near the apparent end of the tunnel passage that had an additional open void passage near the floor of



the pit (~4 feet wide by less than 1 to 1 foot high) that extended to the north another 15 feet with high air flow conductivity. This additional tunnel passage had a clean-washed rock floor with some infilled soil, sticks, and rocks further ahead. Cave exploration was terminated at this point due to the constrictive size of the additional passage. Of note, large amounts of surface water inflow appear to have scoured this explored area of the cave and additional cave passage is most likely. Horizon staff surveyed and mapped the cave, which has been officially named **Santa Rita Sink Cave** for identification purposes on 15 May 2024 and 10 June 2024. A plan and profile cave map is included in this report. The cave is approximately 60 feet long (south to north) and 35 feet at its widest. Interior ceiling heights within the cave range from less than 1 foot to 6 feet. This feature has a very high infiltration rate and a surface runoff catchment greater than 8 acres. This feature has been deemed highly sensitive for groundwater recharge and therefore has a TCEQ (upslope) setback buffer of 200 feet that surrounds the entire perimeter of the sinkhole, which includes the footprint of the cave.



Geologic feature SF-16 (very large sinkhole/cave) before excavation, facing east





Geologic feature SF-16 after excavation, facing east



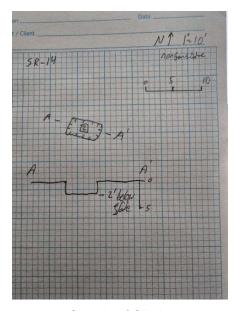
Geologic feature SF-16 (Santa Rita Sink Cave) interior view (station no. 1) of low, highly scoured room along northwestern wall of excavation, facing west





Geologic feature SF-16 (Santa Rita Sink Cave) interior view of lower tunnel passage (station no. 3, facing north

Geologic Feature SR-14: Small, upland sinkhole measuring approximately 6 feet long by 4 feet wide by 2.5 feet deep, with a semi-open drainage portal near the center about 0.5 feet in diameter by 1 foot deep. No significant air flow conductivity was noted. Probing with a steel rod encountered firm soil and cobbles about 3 feet below the feature's floor. Horizon staff excavated the feature on 5 September 2024 using a backhoe with hoe ram attachment. Excavation dimensions measured approximately 8 feet long by 6 feet wide by 7 feet deep. After mechanical excavation, Horizon probed the floor of the feature with a steel rod; however, no portals and/or voids were discovered in the floor or walls of the feature. Based on a lack of pursuable void leads, the excavation was terminated and left open for review/concurrence by the TCEQ. This feature has been deemed non-sensitive for groundwater recharge capability. This feature has a low infiltration rate and a surface runoff catchment of less than 0.1 acre.



Sketch of SR-14





Geologic feature SR-14 (sinkhole) before excavation, facing south

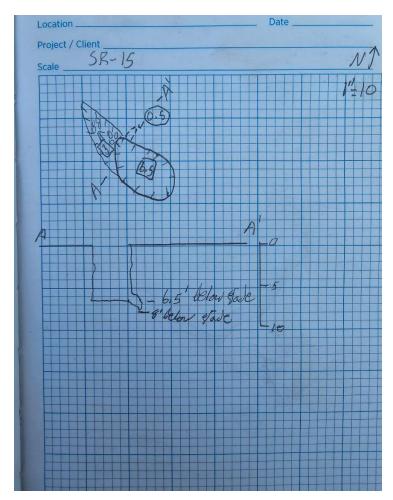


Geologic feature SR-14 after excavation, facing south

Geologic Feature SR-15: Solution cavity measuring approximately 2.5 feet long by 0.5 feet wide by 1.5 feet deep, with semi-open drainage portals amongst vuggy rock and loose soil. No significant air flow conductivity was noted. Probing with a steel rod encountered loose to firm soil and rocks about 2.5 feet below the feature's floor. Horizon staff excavated the feature on 6 September 2024 using a backhoe with hoe ram attachment. Excavation dimensions measured approximately 14 feet long by 3 to 5 feet wide by 6.5 feet deep. After mechanical excavation, Horizon probed the floor of the feature with a steel rod; however, no portals and/or voids were discovered in the floor of the feature. A small void pocket (~1 foot long by 0.5 feet wide by 0.5 feet high) was found along the northeast wall of the excavation about 6 feet below the surface but pinched off with no additional extent. Based on a lack of pursuable void leads, the excavation was



terminated and left open for review/concurrence by the TCEQ. This feature has been deemed non-sensitive for groundwater recharge capability. This feature has a low infiltration rate and a surface runoff catchment of less than 0.1 acre.



Sketch of SR-15





Geologic feature SR-15 (solution cavity) before excavation, facing west

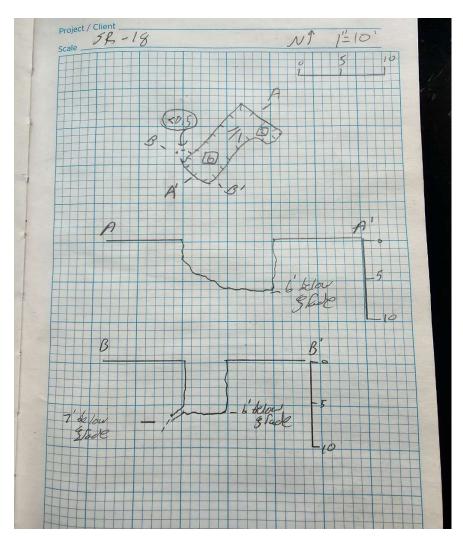


Geologic feature SR-15 after excavation, facing northwest

Geologic Feature SR-18: Solution cavity measuring approximately 1 foot long by 0.5 feet wide by 1 foot deep, with semi-open drainage portals amongst loose rocks and soil. No significant air flow conductivity was noted. Probing with a steel rod encountered loose soil and rocks about 2 feet below the feature's floor. Horizon staff excavated the feature on 16 to 17 October 2024 using a backhoe with hoe ram attachment. Excavation dimensions measured approximately 10 feet long by 3.5 feet wide by 2 to 6 feet deep. After mechanical excavation, Horizon probed the floor of the feature with a steel rod and no portals and/or voids were discovered in the floor of the feature. However, at the southwest corner about 6 feet below the surface was a small drainage portal void about 1 foot in diameter by less than 0.5 feet high that extended down into a void that was too narrow to follow. Based on a lack of pursuable void leads,



the excavation was terminated and left open for review/concurrence by the TCEQ. This feature has been deemed sensitive for groundwater recharge capability. This feature has a low to intermediate infiltration rate and a surface runoff catchment of less than 0.4 acres.



Sketch of SR-18





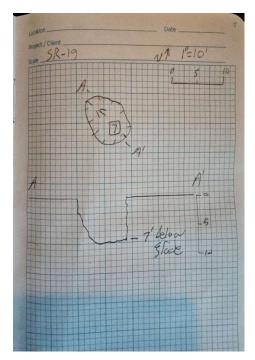
Geologic feature SR-18 (solution cavity) before excavation, facing down



Geologic feature SR-18 after excavation, facing southwest



Geologic Feature SR-19: Solution cavity measuring approximately 3 feet long by 1.5 feet wide by 1.5 feet deep, with semi-open drainage portals amongst loose clay soil and rocks. No significant air flow conductivity was noted. Probing with a steel rod encountered loose soil and rocks about 2 feet below the feature's floor. Horizon staff excavated the feature on 8 and 9 October 2024 using a backhoe with hoe ram attachment. Excavation dimensions measured approximately 8 feet long by 6 feet wide by 7 feet deep. After mechanical excavation, Horizon probed the floor of the feature with a steel rod; however, no portals and/or voids were discovered in the floor or walls of the feature. Based on a lack of pursuable void leads, the excavation was terminated and left open for review/concurrence by the TCEQ. This feature has been deemed non-sensitive for groundwater recharge capability. This feature has a low infiltration rate and a surface runoff catchment of less than 0.1 acre.



Sketch of SR-19





Geologic feature SR-19 (solution cavity) before excavation, facing south



Geologic feature SR-19 after excavation, facing south

The Geologic Assessment Table (Attachment A) describes those features observed on the subject site that meet the TCEQ definition of a potential recharge feature.



3.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Three geologic features (SF-15, SF-16, and SR-18) have been deemed sensitive based on the Geologic Assessment Table (Attachment A). A sensitive feature would require a TCEQ protective setback buffer. In general, a protective buffer encompassing a sensitive feature is recommended to meet the TCEQ guidance for a setback of at least 50 feet in all directions from the feature's areal extent (perimeter), plus its watershed catchment up to 200 feet from the perimeter of the feature. However, a larger protective buffer for features SF-15 (Jimbo's Fissure Cave) and SF-16 (Santa Rita Sink Cave) is recommended to meet the TCEQ guidance for setbacks of caves with mapped subsurface footprints. Caves with a known subsurface footprint (i.e., surveyed/mapped) include a protective buffer zone extending an additional 50 feet in all directions from the footprint, plus the cave's watershed catchment up to 200 feet from the footprint.

Three geologic features (SR-14, SR-15, and SR-19) have been evaluated as non-sensitive for groundwater recharge capability and would therefore not require TCEQ protective setback buffers. No further action is recommended for these non-sensitive features.

Most of the subject site appears well-suited to development prospectuses. It should be noted that soil and drainage erosion would increase with ground disturbance. Native grasses and the cobbly content of the soil aid to prevent erosion. Soil and sedimentation fencing should be placed in all appropriate areas prior to any subject site disturbing activities.

Because most of the subject site is located over the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone, it is possible that subsurface voids underlie the site. If any subsurface voids are encountered during site development, work should halt immediately so that a geologist may assess the potential for the void(s) to provide meaningful contribution to the Edwards Aquifer.



4.0 REFERENCES

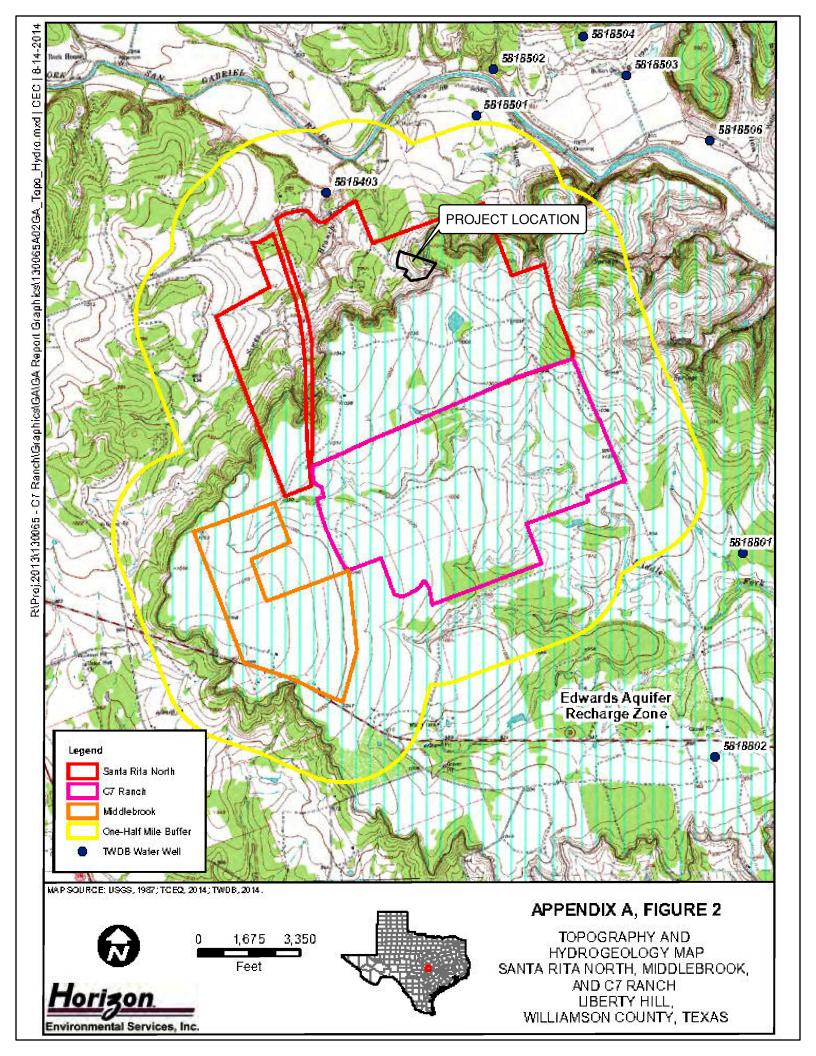
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 ______. Optional Enhanced Measures for the Protection of Water Quality in the Edwards Aquifer (Revised). Appendix A to RG-348, Complying with the Edwards Aquifer Rules: Technical Guidance on Best Management Practices. September 2007.
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- (TWSC) United States Geological Survey, Texas Water Science Center. Geologic Database of Texas, https://txpub.usgs.gov/txgeology/. Updated 1 February 2014; Accessed 1 April 2025.
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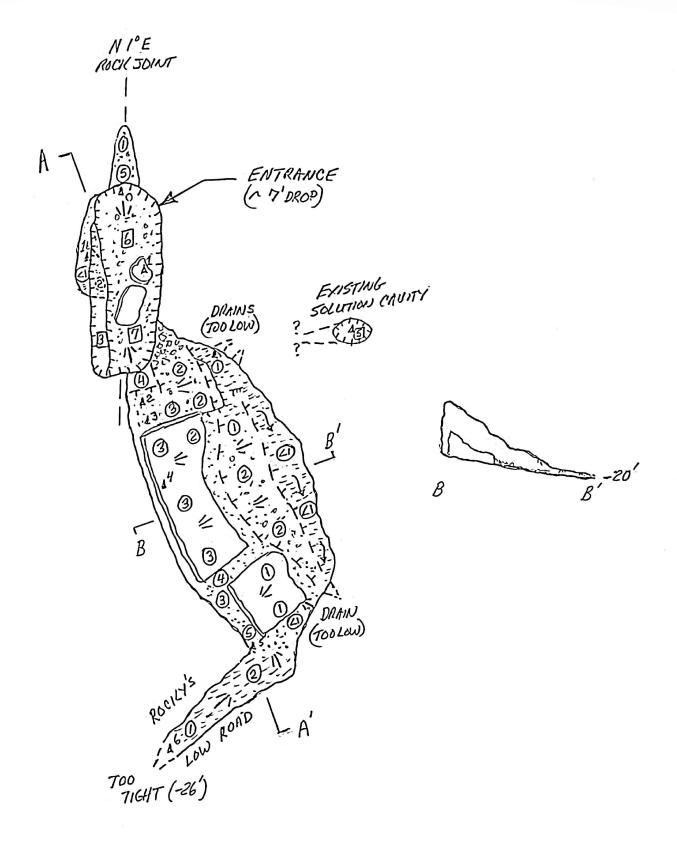


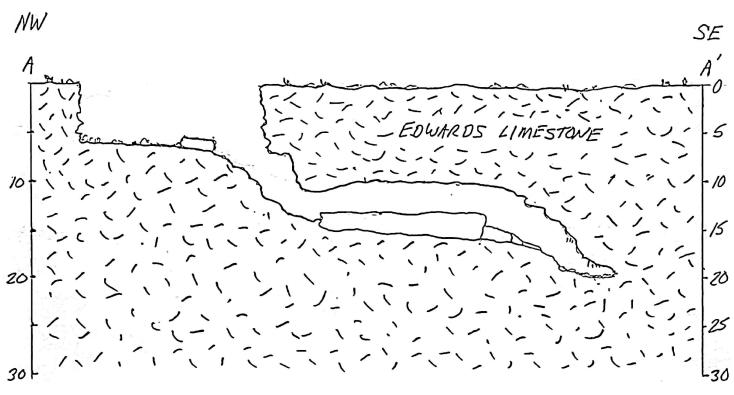
(USGS) US Geological Survey. 7.5-minute series topographic maps, Leander NE, Texas, quadrangle. 1976.

Werchan, Leroy E., and John L. Coker. *Soil Survey of Williamson County, Texas*. US Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service (formerly Soil Conservation Service), in cooperation with the Texas Agricultural Experiment Station. 1983.

ATTACHMENT F ADDITIONAL SITE MAPS







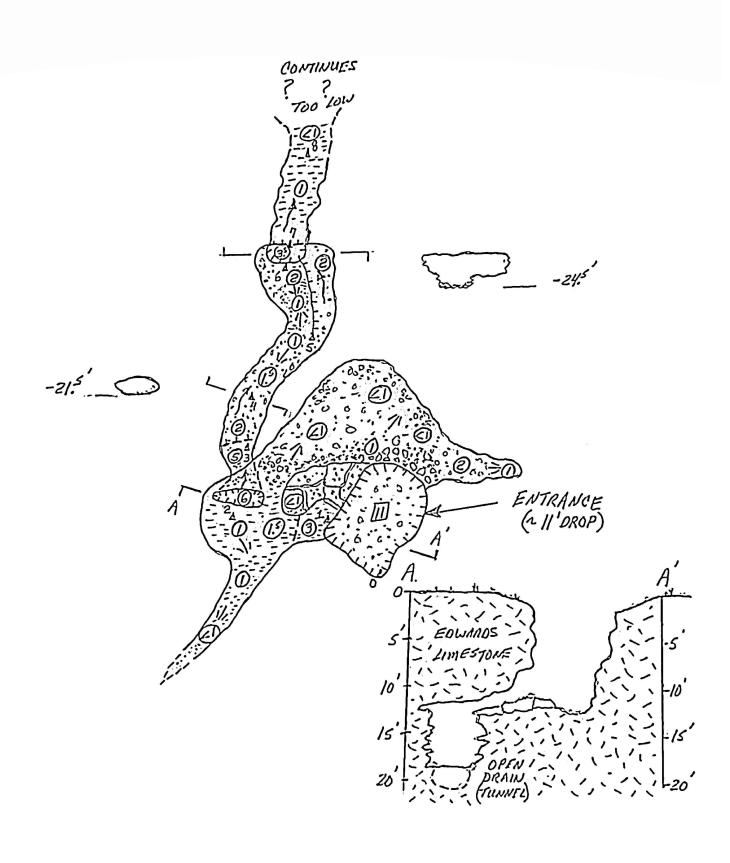


Date:	11/11/2024
Drawn:	KRW
HJN NO:	200130KS
Drafted By:	J. Killian

Jimbo's Fissure Cave (SF-15)
Santa Rita Ranch
Georgetown, Williamson County, Texas
Suuntos & Laser Survey, 06 June 2024
Personnel: J. Killian, R. Eyler, C. Hall
& T. Bradley
Length: 70 Depth: 26'









Date:	04/03/2025
Drawn:	KRW
HJN NO:	200130GA
Drafted By:	J. Killian

Santa Rita Sink Cave (SF-16)
Santa Rita Ranch
Georgetown, Williamson County, Texas
Suuntos & Laser Survey, 15 May & 10 June 2024
Personnel: J. Killian, R. Eyler, C. Hall
E. Bryant & T. Bradley
Length: 115' Depth: 26'







Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application Form** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and Executive Director approval. The form was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: <u>Steven P. Cates, P.E.</u>

Date: 9/29/2025

Signature of Customer/Agent:

Regulated Entity Name: Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3

Regulated Entity Information

- The type of project is:
 Residential: Number of Lots:35
 Residential: Number of Living Unit Equivalents:_____
 Commercial
 Industrial
 Other:_____
- 2. Total site acreage (size of property):16.87
- 3. Estimated projected population:105
- 4. The amount and type of impervious cover expected after construction are shown below:

Table 1 - Impervious Cover Table

Impervious Cover of Proposed Project	Sq. Ft.	Sq. Ft./Acre	Acres
Structures/Rooftops	140,699	÷ 43,560 =	3.23
Parking	0	÷ 43,560 =	0
Other paved surfaces	71,003	÷ 43,560 =	1.63
Total Impervious Cover	211,702	÷ 43,560 =	4.86

	Total Impervious				
	Cover	211,702	÷ 43,560 =	4.86	
	Total Impervious Cove	er <u>4.86</u> ÷ Total Acreage	<u>16.87</u> X 100 = <u>28.81</u> % In	pervious Cover	
5.	Attachment A - Factors Affecting Surface Water Quality. A detailed description of all factors that could affect surface water and groundwater quality that addresses ultimate land use is attached.				
6.	Only inert material	s as defined by 30 TAC	§330.2 will be used as fil	l material.	
Fo	r Road Project	ts Only			
Con	nplete questions 7 - 12	if this application is e	xclusively for a road pro	ject.	
7.	Type of project:				
	 TXDOT road project. County road or roads built to county specifications. City thoroughfare or roads to be dedicated to a municipality. Street or road providing access to private driveways. 				
8.	. Type of pavement or road surface to be used:				
	Concrete Asphaltic concrete p Other:	pavement			
9.	Length of Right of Way	(R.O.W.): feet.			
	Width of R.O.W.: L x W = Ft ² ÷ 43		acres.		
10.	Length of pavement ar	ea: feet.			
	Width of pavement are $L \times W = \underline{\qquad}$ Ft ² ÷ 43, Pavement area	560 Ft ² /Acre = a	ncres. acres x 100 =9	% impervious cover.	
11.	A rest stop will be i	ncluded in this project.			

A rest stop will not be included in this project.

12.	TCEQ Executive Director. Modification	roadways that do not require approval from the ons to existing roadways such as widening re than one-half (1/2) the width of one (1) existing a TCEQ.
Sto	rmwater to be generate	d by the Proposed Project
13.	volume (quantity) and character (quoccur from the proposed project is a quality and quantity are based on the	ter of Stormwater. A detailed description of the ality) of the stormwater runoff which is expected to attached. The estimates of stormwater runoff area and type of impervious cover. Include the pre-construction and post-construction conditions.
Was	stewater to be generate	ed by the Proposed Project
14. Th	ne character and volume of wastewate	er is shown below:
	00% Domestic % Industrial % Commingled TOTAL gallons/day <u>7,350</u>	7,350 Gallons/dayGallons/dayGallons/day
15. W	astewater will be disposed of by:	
	On-Site Sewage Facility (OSSF/Seption	: Tank):
	will be used to treat and dispose licensing authority's (authorized the land is suitable for the use o the requirements for on-site sev relating to On-site Sewage Facili Each lot in this project/developments ize. The system will be designed	r from Authorized Agent. An on-site sewage facility of the wastewater from this site. The appropriate agent) written approval is attached. It states that f private sewage facilities and will meet or exceed vage facilities as specified under 30 TAC Chapter 285 ties. The provided in the sewage facilities and will meet or exceed vage facilities as specified under 30 TAC Chapter 285 ties. The provided in the sewage facilities and will meet or exceed vage facilities as specified under 30 TAC Chapter 285 ties. The provided in the sewage facility and will meet or exceed vage facilities and will meet or
\geq	Sewage Collection System (Sewer Li	nes):
	to an existing SCS.	wastewater generating facilities will be connected wastewater generating facilities will be connected
	☐ The SCS was previously submitted ☐ The SCS was submitted with this ☐ The SCS will be submitted at a la be installed prior to Executive Di	application. ter date. The owner is aware that the SCS may not

	The sewage collection system will convey the wastewater to the <u>Liberty Hill Wastewater</u> <u>Treatment Plant</u> (name) Treatment Plant. The treatment facility is:
	☑ Existing.☑ Proposed.
16.	All private service laterals will be inspected as required in 30 TAC §213.5.
Site	e Plan Requirements
Items	s 17 – 28 must be included on the Site Plan.
17.	The Site Plan must have a minimum scale of 1" = 400'.
Si	ite Plan Scale: 1" = <u>50</u> '.
18. 1	00-year floodplain boundaries:
	Some part(s) of the project site is located within the 100-year floodplain. The floodplain is shown and labeled.
T m	No part of the project site is located within the 100-year floodplain. he 100-year floodplain boundaries are based on the following specific (including date of naterial) sources(s): FEMA-FIRM Panel #48491C0275E Williamson County, Texas and necorporated areas: Effective Date: September 26, 2008
19.	The layout of the development is shown with existing and finished contours at appropriate, but not greater than ten-foot contour intervals. Lots, recreation centers, buildings, roads, open space, etc. are shown on the plan.
	The layout of the development is shown with existing contours at appropriate, but not greater than ten-foot intervals. Finished topographic contours will not differ from the existing topographic configuration and are not shown. Lots, recreation centers, buildings, roads, open space, etc. are shown on the site plan.
20. A	Il known wells (oil, water, unplugged, capped and/or abandoned, test holes, etc.):
	There are (#) wells present on the project site and the locations are shown and labeled. (Check all of the following that apply)
	 The wells are not in use and have been properly abandoned. The wells are not in use and will be properly abandoned. The wells are in use and comply with 16 TAC §76.
	extstyle ext
21. G	eologic or manmade features which are on the site:
	 All sensitive geologic or manmade features identified in the Geologic Assessment are shown and labeled. No sensitive geologic or manmade features were identified in the Geologic Assessment.

	Attachment D - Exception to the Required Geologic Assessment. A request and justification for an exception to a portion of the Geologic Assessment is attached.
22. 🔀	The drainage patterns and approximate slopes anticipated after major grading activities
23. 🔀 /	Areas of soil disturbance and areas which will not be disturbed.
	Locations of major structural and nonstructural controls. These are the temporary and permanent best management practices.
25. 🔀 🛭	Locations where soil stabilization practices are expected to occur.
26. 🖂 :	Surface waters (including wetlands).
	N/A
	Locations where stormwater discharges to surface water or sensitive features are to occur.
	There will be no discharges to surface water or sensitive features.
28. 🔀 🛭	Legal boundaries of the site are shown.
Adm	inistrative Information
	Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
	Any modification of this WPAP will require Executive Director approval, prior to construction, and may require submission of a revised application, with appropriate fees.

Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application

ATTACHMENT A

TCEQ WPAP & SCS APPLICATION

Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3

Williamson County, Texas

Factors Affecting Water Quality:

During Construction

Non-Stormwater Discharges: The Following non-stormwater discharges may occur from the site during the construction period:

- Utility water line flushing during the initial line testing must use uncontaminated water that is not hyperchlorinated.
- Pavement wash waters (where no spills or leaks of toxic or hazardous materials have occurred)
- Groundwater (from dewatering of excavation) must be uncontaminated.
- Water used to wash vehicles or control dust must be accomplished using potable water without detergents.

All non-stormwater discharge will be directed to the temporary Erosion and Sedimentation Controls (Best Management Practices) to remove any suspended solids contained therein.

Stormwater during construction will remove loose material and transport it downstream.

Post Construction

Non-stormwater discharges after construction has been completed which can affect water quality include:

- Fertilizers and pesticides
- Household chemicals
- Pet Waste
- Used oil
- Car washing
- Mulching
- Sediment

Post Construction stormwater discharges typically transport sediment in the form of dirt and dust accumulated on the streets and other impervious flatwork, rooftops, and sediment from erosion of grassy areas. That material will be transported through the storm sewer system to the wet basins, where most of the pollutants will be removed.

Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application

ATTACHMENT B

TCEQ WPAP & SCS APPLICATION

Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3

Williamson County, Texas

Volume and Character of Stormwater:

Existing and developed hydrology models were created in HEC-HMS, v.4.8. A 24-hour frequency storm was applied to the meteorological models for the 2, 10, 25, and 100-year storm events. The model was run over a 24-hour period with a computational time interval of 1 minute. Subbasins utilized an SCS Curve Number Loss Method and SCS Unit Hydrograph Transform Method. Reaches utilized either a Muskingum-Cunge or Lag Routing Method. See below for specific model input data.

Meteorological Model

Frequency storms with the following parameters were used to model storm events:

HEC-HMS Meteorological Model Parameters

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Probability	2-yr = 50%, 10-yr = 10%, 25-100-yr = Other	
Input Type	Partial Duration	
Output Type	Annual Duration (only applicable for 2-10-yr)	
Intensity Duration	5 Minutes	
Storm Duration	1 Day	
Intensity Position	50%	
Storm Area	(Blank if less than 10 mi ²)	
Curve	Uniform for all subbasins	

Partial-duration precipitation depths are per the Depth-Duration-Frequency Estimates for the San Gabriel River Zone in Williamson County, Texas, according to NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 11, Version 2. See the table below:

Precipitation Depths (in) per Recurrence Interval

· - · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,, pooouo			
Duration	2-YR	10-YR	25-YR	100-YR
5-min	0.51	0.757	0.921	1.19
15-min	1.02	1.51	1.84	2.37
60-min	1.88	2.79	3.4	4.39
2-hr	2.3	3.55	4.43	5.98
3-hr	2.55	4.02	5.09	7.06
6-hr	2.98	4.81	6.18	8.75
12-hr	3.44	5.54	7.12	10.1
24-hr	3.94	6.3	8.04	11.2

Land Use & Curve Numbers

In existing conditions, the soils are primarily hydrologic soil group D, as per the USDA Web Soil Survey. The soils map and data have been included in Appendix B. The curve numbers were selected from Urban

Hydrology for Small Watersheds¹ based on hydrologic soil groups and aerial maps. See table below. Curve numbers were assessed independently from impervious cover.

Runoff Curve Numbers

Cover Type	Hydrologic Condition	Hydrologic Soil Group	Curve Number
Pasture	Good	D	80
Woods-grass combination	Good	D	79
Meadow	Good	D	78

Existing impervious cover was determined from aerial imagery. Proposed impervious cover was estimated from the proposed and anticipated future layout using TCEQ assumptions for residential tracts. Impervious cover was calculated as a percent of the total drainage basin. Curve number and impervious cover percents were loss inputs for subbasins in the model.

Time of Concentration

All time of concentration calculations were generated using SCS methodology provided in Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds² for sheet, shallow concentrated, and channel flow. A maximum of 100 feet was used for sheet flow calculations. Lag times were calculated as 60 percent of the time of concentration. Lag times were transform inputs for subbasins and reaches in the model. Times of concentration for future developed drainage areas were approximated based on assumed basin size.

Reaches

Reaches representing the Middle Fork San Gabriel River were modeled using the Muskingum-Cunge routing method with 8-point cross-sections. In developed conditions, reaches contributing to the Middle Fork were modeled with the Lag method.

Reservoirs

All reservoirs were modeled using outflow structures with an elevation-storage method. Initial conditions were elevations set to the bottom of pond elevation for batch detention facilities. The model assumed no tailwater condition. Future batch detention ponds were modeled with a generic stage-storage and outflow spillways assigned to the assumed water quality volume elevation.

¹ Natural Resources Conservation Service, Conservation Engineering Division. 1986. Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds. Technical Release 55. U.S. Department of Agriculture. https://www.nrcs.usda.gov/Internet/FSE_DOCUMENTS/stelprdb1044171.pdf
2 Ibid.

Temporary Stormwater Section

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(4)(A), (B), (D)(I) and (G); Effective June 1, 1999

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Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Temporary Stormwater Section** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The application was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: <u>Steven P. Cates, P.E.</u>

Date: <u>9/29/2025</u>

Signature of Customer/Agent:

Regulated Entity Name: Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3

Project Information

Potential Sources of Contamination

Examples: Fuel storage and use, chemical storage and use, use of asphaltic products, construction vehicles tracking onto public roads, and existing solid waste.

1.	Fuels for construction equipment and hazardous substances which will be used during construction:
	The following fuels and/or hazardous substances will be stored on the site:
	These fuels and/or hazardous substances will be stored in:
	Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of less than 250 gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year.

	 Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity between 250 gallons and 499 gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year. Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of 500 gallons or more will be stored on the site. An Aboveground Storage Tank Facility Plan application must be submitted to the appropriate regional office of the TCEQ prior to moving the tanks onto the project.
	igotimes Fuels and hazardous substances will not be stored on the site.
2.	Attachment A - Spill Response Actions. A site specific description of the measures to be taken to contain any spill of hydrocarbons or hazardous substances is attached.
3.	Temporary aboveground storage tank systems of 250 gallons or more cumulative storage capacity must be located a minimum horizontal distance of 150 feet from any domestic, industrial, irrigation, or public water supply well, or other sensitive feature.
4.	Attachment B - Potential Sources of Contamination. A description of any activities or processes which may be a potential source of contamination affecting surface water quality is attached.
S	equence of Construction
5.	Attachment C - Sequence of Major Activities. A description of the sequence of major activities which will disturb soils for major portions of the site (grubbing, excavation, grading, utilities, and infrastructure installation) is attached.
	 For each activity described, an estimate (in acres) of the total area of the site to be disturbed by each activity is given. For each activity described, include a description of appropriate temporary control measures and the general timing (or sequence) during the construction process that the measures will be implemented.
6.	Name the receiving water(s) at or near the site which will be disturbed or which will

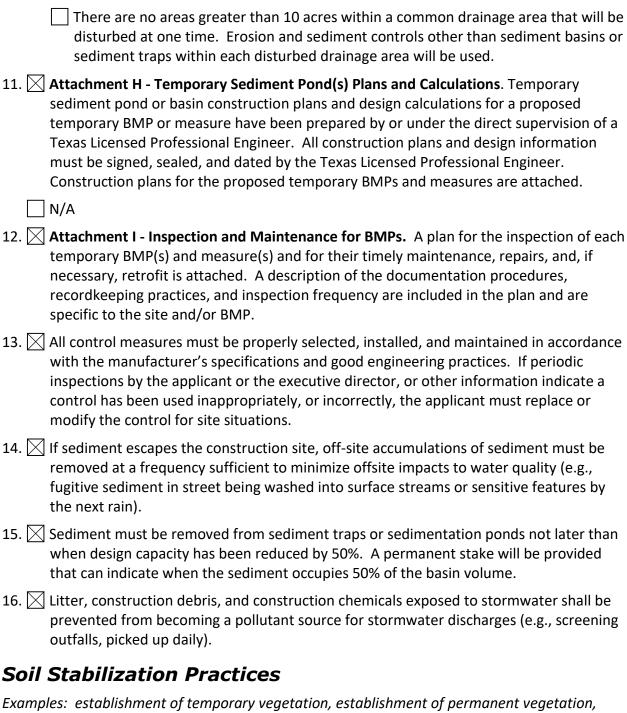
Temporary Best Management Practices (TBMPs)

Erosion control examples: tree protection, interceptor swales, level spreaders, outlet stabilization, blankets or matting, mulch, and sod. Sediment control examples: stabilized construction exit, silt fence, filter dikes, rock berms, buffer strips, sediment traps, and sediment basins. Please refer to the Technical Guidance Manual for guidelines and specifications. All structural BMPs must be shown on the site plan.

7. Attachment D – Temporary Best Management Practices and Measures. TBMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, and stormwater. The construction-phase BMPs for erosion and sediment controls have been designed to retain sediment on site to the extent practicable. The following information is attached:

River

	A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site.
	A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff from the site.
	A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollutants from entering surface streams, sensitive features, or the aquifer.
	A description of how, to the maximum extent practicable, BMPs and measures will maintain flow to naturally-occurring sensitive features identified in either the geologic assessment, TCEQ inspections, or during excavation, blasting, or construction.
8.	The temporary sealing of a naturally-occurring sensitive feature which accepts recharge to the Edwards Aquifer as a temporary pollution abatement measure during active construction should be avoided.
	Attachment E - Request to Temporarily Seal a Feature. A request to temporarily seal a feature is attached. The request includes justification as to why no reasonable and practicable alternative exists for each feature.
	There will be no temporary sealing of naturally-occurring sensitive features on the site.
9.	Attachment F - Structural Practices . A description of the structural practices that will be used to divert flows away from exposed soils, to store flows, or to otherwise limit runoff discharge of pollutants from exposed areas of the site is attached. Placement of structural practices in floodplains has been avoided.
10.	Attachment G - Drainage Area Map . A drainage area map supporting the following requirements is attached:
	For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a sediment basin will be provided.
	For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a smaller sediment basin and/or sediment trap(s) will be used.
	For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a sediment basin or other equivalent controls are not attainable, but other TBMPs and measures will be used in combination to protect down slope and side slope boundaries of the construction area.
	There are no areas greater than 10 acres within a common drainage area that will be disturbed at one time. A smaller sediment basin and/or sediment trap(s) will be used in combination with other erosion and sediment controls within each disturbed drainage area.



mulching, geotextiles, sod stabilization, vegetative buffer strips, protection of trees, or preservation of mature vegetation.

17. Attachment J - Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices. A schedule of the interim and permanent soil stabilization practices for the site is attached.

- 18. Records must be kept at the site of the dates when major grading activities occur, the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site, and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 19. Stabilization practices must be initiated as soon as practicable where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased.

Administrative Information

- 20. All structural controls will be inspected and maintained according to the submitted and approved operation and maintenance plan for the project.
- 21. If any geologic or manmade features, such as caves, faults, sinkholes, etc., are discovered, all regulated activities near the feature will be immediately suspended. The appropriate TCEQ Regional Office shall be immediately notified. Regulated activities must cease and not continue until the TCEQ has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the aquifer from any adverse impacts.
- 22. Silt fences, diversion berms, and other temporary erosion and sediment controls will be constructed and maintained as appropriate to prevent pollutants from entering sensitive features discovered during construction.

Temporary Stormwater Section ATTACHMENT A

TCEQ WPAP & SCS APPLICATION

Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3

Williamson County, Texas

Spill Response Actions:

- 1. Contain the spill.
- 2. Immediately stake off area.
- 3. Notify Hazardous Material team (if necessary); notify TCEQ: (512) 339-2929 or Emergency # 1-800-832-8224
- 4. Take necessary steps to clean up, i.e. notify remediation contractor if large spill, or small spills will be cleaned by the construction contractor.

All site personnel will be made aware of the manufactures' recommended methods for spill cleanup, and the location of the information and cleanup supplies.

Spills will be reported according to the Reportable Quantity, attached on the following page.

Materials and equipment necessary for spill cleanup will be kept onsite in an accessible location known to site personnel.

All Spills will be cleaned up immediately upon discovery. Any spill of hydrocarbons or hazardous substances greater than 25 gallons will require notification to the fire Department Hazardous Materials Team and TCEQ. As with all spills, an effort shall be made to prevent material from entering surface streams and storm drains by using rock or earth berms to contain the material.

Kind of spill	Where discharged	Reportable quantity	Rule, statute, or
			responsible agency
Hazardous substance	onto land	"Final RQ" in Table	30 TAC 327 [☑]
		302.4 in <u>40 CFR</u>	
		302.4 (PDF) 🗳	
	into water	"Final RQ" or 100 lbs,	
		whichever is less	
Any oil	coastal waters	as required by the Texas	Texas General Land
		General Land Office	Office 🗳
Crude oil, oil that is neither a	onto land	210 gallons (five barrels)	30 TAC 327
petroleum product nor used oil	directly into water	enough to create a	
		sheen	
Petroleum product, used oil	onto land, from an exempt	210 gallons (five barrels)	30 TAC 327 🗳
	PST facility		
	onto land, or onto land from	25 gallons	
	a non-exempt PST facility		
	directly into water	enough to create a	
	-	sheen	
Associated with the exploration,	under the jurisdiction of the	as required by the	Railroad Commission
development and production of oil,	Railroad Commission of	Railroad Commission of	of Texas
gas, or geothermal resources	Texas	Texas	
Industrial solid waste or other	into water	100 lbs	30 TAC 327
substances			
From petroleum storage tanks,	into water	enough to create a	30 TAC 334.75-81 ☑
underground or aboveground		sheen on water	
From petroleum storage tanks,	onto land	25 gallons or equal to	30 TAC 327 🗳
underground or aboveground		the RQ under 40 CFR	
		<u>302</u> ≰	
Other substances that may be useful	into water	100 lbs	30 TAC 327 ☑
or valuable and are not ordinarily			
considered to be waste, but will			
cause pollution if discharged into			
water in the state			

1.4.16 Spill Prevention and Control

The objective of this section is to describe measures to prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants to drainage systems or watercourses from leaks and spills by reducing the chance for spills, stopping the source of spills, containing and cleaning up spills, properly disposing of spill materials, and training employees.

The following steps will help reduce the stormwater impacts of leaks and spills:

Education

- (1) Be aware that different materials pollute in different amounts. Make sure that each employee knows what a "significant spill" is for each material they use, and what is the appropriate response for "significant" and "insignificant" spills. Employees should also be aware of when spill must be reported to the TCEQ. Information available in 30 TAC 327.4 and 40 CFR 302.4.
- (2) Educate employees and subcontractors on potential dangers to humans and the environment from spills and leaks.
- (3) Hold regular meetings to discuss and reinforce appropriate disposal procedures (incorporate into regular safety meetings).
- (4) Establish a continuing education program to indoctrinate new employees.
- (5) Have contractor's superintendent or representative oversee and enforce proper spill prevention and control measures.

General Measures

- (1) To the extent that the work can be accomplished safely, spills of oil, petroleum products, substances listed under 40 CFR parts 110,117, and 302, and sanitary and septic wastes should be contained and cleaned up immediately.
- (2) Store hazardous materials and wastes in covered containers and protect from vandalism.
- (3) Place a stockpile of spill cleanup materials where it will be readily accessible.
- (4) Train employees in spill prevention and cleanup.
- (5) Designate responsible individuals to oversee and enforce control measures.
- (6) Spills should be covered and protected from stormwater runon during rainfall to the extent that it doesn't compromise clean up activities.
- (7) Do not bury or wash spills with water.
- (8) Store and dispose of used clean up materials, contaminated materials, and recovered spill material that is no longer suitable for the intended purpose in conformance with the provisions in applicable BMPs.
- (9) Do not allow water used for cleaning and decontamination to enter storm drains or watercourses. Collect and dispose of contaminated water in accordance with applicable regulations.
- (10)Contain water overflow or minor water spillage and do not allow it to discharge into drainage facilities or watercourses.
- (11)Place Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS), as well as proper storage, cleanup, and spill reporting instructions for hazardous materials stored or used on the project site in an open, conspicuous, and accessible location.
- (12)Keep waste storage areas clean, well organized, and equipped with ample cleanup supplies as appropriate for the materials being stored. Perimeter controls, containment structures, covers, and liners should be repaired or replaced as needed to maintain proper function.

Cleanup

- (1) Clean up leaks and spills immediately.
- (2) Use a rag for small spills on paved surfaces, a damp mop for general cleanup, and absorbent material for larger spills. If the spilled material is hazardous, then the used cleanup materials are also hazardous and must be disposed of as hazardous waste.
- (3) Never hose down or bury dry material spills. Clean up as much of the material as possible and dispose of properly. See the waste management BMPs in this section for specific information.

Minor Spills

- (1) Minor spills typically involve small quantities of oil, gasoline, paint, etc. which can be controlled by the first responder at the discovery of the spill.
- (2) Use absorbent materials on small spills rather than hosing down or burying the spill.
- (3) Absorbent materials should be promptly removed and disposed of properly.
- (4) Follow the practice below for a minor spill:
- (5) Contain the spread of the spill.
- (6) Recover spilled materials.
- (7) Clean the contaminated area and properly dispose of contaminated materials.

Semi-Significant Spills

Semi-significant spills still can be controlled by the first responder along with the aid of other personnel such as laborers and the foreman, etc. This response may require the cessation of all other activities.

Spills should be cleaned up immediately:

- (1) Contain spread of the spill.
- (2) Notify the project foreman immediately
- (3) If the spill occurs on paved or impermeable surfaces, clean up using "dry" methods (absorbent materials, cat litter and/or rags). Contain the spill by encircling with absorbent materials and do not let the spill spread widely.
- (4) If the spill occurs in dirt areas, immediately contain the spill by constructing an earthen dike. Dig up and properly dispose of contaminated soil.
- (5) If the spill occurs during rain, cover spill with tarps or other material to prevent contaminating runoff.

Significant/Hazardous Spills

For significant or hazardous spills that are in reportable quantities:

- (1) Notify the TCEQ by telephone as soon as possible and within 24 hours at 512- 339-2929 (Austin) or 210-490-3096 (San Antonio) between 8 AM and 5 PM. After hours, contact the Environmental Release Hotline at 1-800-832-8224. It is the contractor's responsibility to have all emergency phone numbers at the construction site.
- (2) For spills of federal reportable quantities, in conformance with the requirements in 40 CFR parts 110,119, and 302, the contractor should notify the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.
- (3) Notification should first be made by telephone and followed up with a written report.
- (4) The services of a spills contractor or a Haz-Mat team should be obtained immediately. Construction personnel should not attempt to clean up until the appropriate and qualified staffs have arrived at the job site.
- (5) Other agencies which may need to be consulted include, but are not limited to, the City Police Department, County Sheriff Office, Fire Departments, etc.

More information on spill rules and appropriate responses is available on the TCEQ website at: https://www.tceq.texas.gov/response/spills

Vehicle and Equipment Maintenance

- (1) If maintenance must occur onsite, use a designated area and a secondary containment, located away from drainage courses, to prevent the run on of stormwater and the runoff of spills.
- (2) Regularly inspect onsite vehicles and equipment for leaks and repair immediately
- (3) Check incoming vehicles and equipment (including delivery trucks, and employee and subcontractor vehicles) for leaking oil and fluids. Do not allow leaking vehicles or equipment onsite.
- (4) Always use secondary containment, such as a drain pan or drop cloth, to catch spills or leaks when removing or changing fluids.
- (5) Place drip pans or absorbent materials under paving equipment when not in use.
- (6) Use absorbent materials on small spills rather than hosing down or burying the spill. Remove the absorbent materials promptly and dispose of properly.
- (7) Promptly transfer used fluids to the proper waste or recycling drums. Don't leave full drip pans or other open containers lying around.
- (8) Oil filters disposed of in trashcans or dumpsters can leak oil and pollute stormwater. Place the oil filter in a funnel over a waste oil-recycling drum to drain excess oil before disposal. Oil filters can also be recycled. Ask the oil supplier or recycler about recycling oil filters.
- (9) Store cracked batteries in a non-leaking secondary container. Do this with all cracked batteries even if you think all the acid has drained out. If you drop a battery, treat it as if it is cracked. Put it into the containment area until you are sure it is not leaking.

Vehicle and Equipment Fueling

- (1) If fueling must occur on site, use designated areas, located away from drainage courses, to prevent the runon of stormwater and the runoff of spills.
- (2) Discourage "topping off" of fuel tanks.
- (3) Always use secondary containment, such as a drain pan, when fueling to catch spills/ leaks.

Temporary Stormwater Section ATTACHMENT B

TCEQ WPAP & SCS APPLICATION

Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3

Williamson County, Texas

Potential Sources of Contamination:

Gasoline, Diesel, and Hydraulic Fluid from construction equipment, Asphalt products,
Construction Materials,
Trash and Debris,
Paint,
Concrete,
Gypsum from sheet rock,
Sediment.

All materials shall be hauled in a manner consistent with the manufacturer's recommendations. Disposal of waste material shall be in conformance with all state and local laws

Temporary Stormwater Section ATTACHMENT C

TCEQ WPAP & SCS APPLICATION

Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3

Williamson County, Texas

Sequence of Major Activities:

- 1. Install and maintain Erosion Control and Tree Protection per the Approved Plans and specifications prior to any clearing and grubbing, grading, excavating, etc... Notify Construction Inspection Division when installed.
- 2. Prior to beginning construction, the owner or his representative shall hold a Pre-Construction Conference between TCEQ, Williamson County, Contractor, and any other affected parties. Notify TCEQ at least 48 hours prior to the time of the conference and 48 hours prior to beginning construction. Prior to Pre-Construction Conference.
- 3. Hold Pre-Construction Conference with contractor, TCEQ, EV Inspector, Engineer, and owner or his representative.
- 4. Construct Temporary Sediment Basin and diversion channel at the intersection of Cow Camp Lane and La Colina Bend.
- Rough grade roadway.
 (Estimate of disturbed area = 1.63 ac)
- 6. Begin installation of storm sewer. Upon completion, restore as much disturbed areas as possible, particularly channels and large open areas. (Estimate of disturbed area = 0.0 ac)
- 7. Regrade streets to subgrade ensuring that diversion channel still diverts upstream flow to the temporary sediment basin. (Estimate of disturbed area = 1.63 ac)
- 8. Ensure that all underground utility crossings are completed. Lay first course base material on all streets. (1.63 ac)
- 9. Regrade temporary diversion channel prior to Installation of curb and gutter. (Estimate of disturbed area = 0.16 ac)
- 10. Place concrete for common area 4' sidewalk. (Estimate of disturbed area = 0.31 ac)
- 11. Lay final base course on all streets. (1.63 ac)
- 12. Lot grading. (Estimate of disturbed area = 3.23ac)
- 13. Install channel liner

- 14. Lay asphalt. (1.17 ac)
- 15. Remove temporary sediment basin, regrade area and install liner up to headwall apron.
- 16. Clean site and revegetate all disturbed area according to the plans and specifications. Stabilization measures should include seeding and/or mulching.
- 17. Complete permanent erosion control and restoration of site vegetation.
- 18. Project Engineer to provide a written concurrence letter, and scheduling final inspection with EV Inspector, prior to the removal of erosion controls.
- 19. Remove and dispose of temporary erosion/sedimentation control measures.
- 20. Complete any necessary final dress up of areas disturbed by Item 16.
- 21. Conduct a final inspection and complete all punch list items.

Clearing and grubbing under a development permit, solely for the purpose of surveying and soil exploration, shall be a hand-cutting or blade-up operation.

Temporary Stormwater Section ATTACHMENT D

TCEQ WPAP & SCS APPLICATION

Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3

Williamson County, Texas

Temporary Best Management Practices and Measures:

Install temporary erosion control measures, stabilized construction entrance, concrete washout area, inlet protection, and tree protection according to the plans and specifications prior to any clearing and grubbing, grading, excavating, etc. Upgradient stormwaters during construction crossing disturbed areas will be filtered utilizing standard Best Management Practices, such as erosion logs and silt fences, prior to leaving the site. The silt fences will be placed along upgradient areas of the site to prevent any sediment from entering storm sewers or surface streams.

Geological features on this site are located within the limits of Construction in the downstream area. Silt fences will be placed along the upgradient areas of sensitive features to prevent stormwater, from the disturbed areas, draining to the geological features.

Temporary Stormwater Section ATTACHMENT F

TCEQ WPAP & SCS APPLICATION

Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3

Williamson County, Texas

Structural Practices:

For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a combination of temporary BMPs and measures will be used to protect down slope and side slope boundaries of the construction area. For areas that will have less than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a combination of a sediment basin and other erosion control measures, such as silt fences and rock berms, will be provided. For any areas not draining to sediment ponds, silt fences shall be provided.

Structural erosion control and pollution prevention practices shall be implemented to limit runoff discharge of pollutants from exposed soils. The structural practices utilized include:

Silt Fence

- Barrier consisting of geotextile fabric supported by metal posts to prevent soil and sediment loss from a site.
 - 1) Silt fence material should be polypropylene, polyethylene or polyamide woven or nonwoven fabric. The fabric width should be 36 inches, with a minimum unit weight of 4.5 oz/yd, mullen burst strength exceeding 190 lb/in2, ultraviolet stability exceeding 70%, and minimum apparent opening size of U.S. Sieve No. 30.
 - 2) Fence posts should be made of hot rolled steel, at least 4 feet long with Tee or Ybar cross section, surface painted or galvanized, minimum nominal weight 1.25 lb/ft2, and Brindell hardness exceeding 140.
 - 3) Woven wire backing to support the fabric should be galvanized 2" x 4" welded wire, 12 gauge minimum.

Fiber Rolls

- Placed at the toe and on the face of slopes to intercept runoff, reduce its flow velocity, release the runoff as sheet flow, and provide removal of sediment from the runoff.
 - Core material: Core material should be biodegradable or recyclable. Material may be compost, mulch, aspen wood fibers, chipped site vegetation, agricultural rice or wheat straw, coconut fiber, 100% recyclable fibers, or similar materials.
 - 2) Containment Mesh: Containment mesh should be 100% biodegradable, photodegradable or recyclable such as burlap, twine, UV photodegradable plastic, polyester, or similar material. When the fiber role will remain in place as part of a vegetative system use biodegradable or photodegradable mesh. For temporary installation recyclable mesh is recommended.

Stabilized Construction Entrance

 Stabilized pad of crushed stone located at any point traffic will be entering or leaving the construction site from a public right-of-way, street, alley, sidewalk or parking area.

- 1) The aggregate should consist of 4 to 8 inch washed stone over a stable foundation as specified in the plan.
- 2) The aggregate should be placed with a minimum thickness of 8 inches.
- 3) The geotextile fabric should be designed specifically for use as a soil filtration media with an approximate weight of 6 oz/yd2, a mullen burst rating of 140 lb/in2, and an equivalent opening size greater than a number 50 sieve.
- 4) If a washing facility is required, a level area with a minimum of 4 inch diameter washed stone or commercial rack should be included in the plans. Divert wastewater to a sediment trap or basin.

Inlet Protection

- Filter barrier protection installed around stormwater inlets that provide protection against silt transport or accumulation in storm sewer systems.
 - 1) Filter fabric should be a nylon reinforced polypropylene fabric which meets the following minimum criteria: Tensile Strength, 90 lbs.; Puncture Rating, 60 lbs.; Mullen Burst Rating, 280 psi; Apparent Opening Size, U.S. Sieve No. 70.
 - 2) Posts for fabric should be 2" x 4" pressure treated wood stakes or galvanized steel, tubular in cross-section or they may be standard fence "T" posts.
 - 3) Concrete blocks should be standard 8" x 8" x 16" concrete masonry units.
 - 4) Wire mesh should be standard hardware cloth or comparable wire mesh with an opening size not to exceed 1/2 inch.

Concrete Washout

- Prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants to stormwater from concrete waste by conducting washout offsite, performing washout in a designated area, and training employees and subcontractors.
 - 1) Plastic lining material should be a minimum of 10 mil in polyethylene sheeting and should be free of holes, tears, or other defects that compromise the impermeability of the material.

Temporary Sediment Basin

- Intercepts sediment-laden runoff and trap the sediment in order to protect drainage ways, properties and rights of way downstream.
 - Riser should be corrugated metal or reinforced concrete pipe or box and should have watertight fittings or end to end connections of sections.
 - 2) An outlet pipe of corrugated metal or reinforced concrete should be attached to the riser and should have positive flow to a stabilized outlet on the downstream side of the embankment.
 - 3) An anti-vortex device and rubbish screen should be attached to the top of the riser and should be made of polyvinyl chloride or corrugated metal.

Rock Berm

- Serve as a check dam in areas of concentrated flow, to intercept sediment-laden runoff, detain the sediment and release the water in sheet flow.
 - 1) The berm structure should be secured with a woven wire sheathing having maximum opening of 1 inch and a minimum wire diameter of 20 gauge galvanized and should be secured with shoat rings.
 - 2) Clean, open graded 3- to 5-inch diameter rock should be used, except in areas where high velocities or large volumes of flow are expected, where 5- to 8-inch diameter rocks may be used.

Temporary Stormwater Section ATTACHMENT G

TCEQ WPAP & SCS APPLICATION

Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3

Williamson County, Texas

Drainage Area Map:

An overall drainage area map is included within the plan set submitted with this application.

Temporary Stormwater Section

ATTACHMENT H

TCEQ WPAP & SCS APPLICATION

Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3

Williamson County, Texas

Temporary Sediment Pond(s) Plans and Calculations:

Batch Detention Pond 14 will act as a temporary sediment pond during construction of the site. The construction plans for the batch detention ponds have been submitted with this application.

Per 30 TAC 213.5(b)(4)(D)(i), temporary sediment ponds shall provide: 1) storage for a calculated volume of runoff from a two-year, 24-hour storm from each disturbed acre drained; 2) storage equivalent to 3,600 cubic feet of storage per acre drained; or 3) equivalent control measures until final stabilization of the site.

The table below provides the required storage equivalent to 3,600 cubic feet per disturbed acre from the proposed site draining to each pond. The proposed batch detention ponds have sufficient storage within the provided water quality storage to collect sediment runoff during construction activities until final stabilization of the site.

The temporary storage pond will be removed following installation of curb and gutter and downstream lined channel.

Proposed	On-site	Required	Provided
Ponds	Disturbed Area (ac)	Storage (cf)	WQV (cf)
POND 14	18.34	66,024	261,115

Temporary Stormwater Section ATTACHMENT I

TCEQ WPAP & SCS APPLICATION

Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3

Williamson County, Texas

Inspection and Maintenance for Best Management Practices:

The Best Management Practices installed during construction will be maintained in accordance with the requirements of the EPA's NPDES/TPDES storm water pollution prevention program (SWPPP). The following maintenance procedures shall be followed until permanent stabilization is complete.

Silt Fence

- Inspect weekly or after each rainfall event and repair or replacement shall be made promptly as needed.
- b. Silt Fence shall be removed when the site is completely stabilized so as to not block or impede storm flow or drainage.
- c. Accumulated silt shall be removed when it reaches a depth of 6 inches. The Silt shall be disposed of on an approved site and in such a manner that will not contribute to additional siltation.

Fiber Rolls

- a. Inspect prior to forecast rain, daily during extended rain events, after rain events, and weekly.
- b. Repair of replace split, torn, unraveling, or slumping fiber rolls.
- c. If the fiber roll is used as a sediment capture device, or as an erosion control device to maintain sheet flows, sediment that accumulates behind the role shall be periodically removed tin order to maintain its effectiveness. Sediment shall be removed when the accumulation reaches one-half the designated sediment storage depth, usually one-half the distance between the top of the fiber roll and the adjacent ground surface. Sediment removed during maintenance may be incorporated into earthwork on the site or disposed of at an appropriate location.

Stabilized Construction Entrance

- a. The entrance shall be maintained in a condition that will prevent tracking or flowing of sediment onto a public roadway. This may require periodic top dressing with additional stone as conditions demand, as well as repair and clean out of any devices used to trap sediment.
- b. Entrance must be properly graded to incorporate a drain swale or similar measure to prevent runoff from leaving the construction site.

Inlet Protection

- a. Inspection shall be made weekly or after each rainfall event and replacement or repair shall be made promptly as needed.
- b. Accumulated silt shall be removed when it reaches a depth of 6 inches. The Silt shall be disposed of on an approved site and in such a manner that will not contribute to additional siltation
- c. The dyke shall be removed when the site is completely stabilized so as to not block or impede storm flow or drainage.

Temporary Sediment Basins

- a. Inspection shall be made weekly or after each rainfall event. Check the embankment spillways, and outlet for erosion damage, and inspect the embankment for piping and settlement. Repair should be made promptly as needed.
- Trash and other debris should be removed after each rainfall event to prevent clogging of the outlet structure.
- c. Accumulated silt should be removed and the basin should be regraded to its original dimensions at such point that the capacity of the impoundment has been reduced to 75% of its storage capacity.
- The removed sediment should be stockpiled or redistributed in areas that are protected from erosion.

Concrete Washout

- a. Inspection shall be made daily or after each rainfall event to check for leaks, identify any plastic linings and sidewalls which have been damaged by construction activities.
- b. When the washout container is filled over 75 % of its capacity, the washwater should be vacuumed off or allowed to evaporate to avoid overflows. When the remaining cementitious solids have hardened, they should be removed and recycled.
- c. Damages to the container should be repaired promptly and as needed.
- d. Before heavy rains, the washout containers liquid level should be lowered or the container should be covered to avoid an overflow during the rain event.

The owner shall hire an E&S compliance company to inspect E&S measures and keep reports of onsite inspections with deficiencies and solutions.

Temporary Stormwater Section ATTACHMENT J

TCEQ WPAP & SCS APPLICATION

Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3

Williamson County, Texas

Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices:

Soil Stabilization for all disturbed areas shall be accomplished by hydraulic planting. Following is an outline to accomplish the required stabilization.

- 1. Preparing Seed Bed. After the designated areas have been rough graded to the lines, grades and typical sections indicated in the Drawings or as provided for in other items of this contract and for any other soil area disturbed by the construction, a suitable seedbed shall be prepared. The seedbed shall consist of a minimum of either 4 inches (100 millimeters) of approved topsoil or 4 inches (100 millimeters) of approved salvaged topsoil, cultivated and rolled sufficiently to enhance the soil to a state of good health, when the soil particles on the surface are small enough and lie closely enough together to prevent the seed from being covered too deeply for optimum germination. The optimum depth for seeding shall be 114 inch (6 millimeters). Water shall be gently applied as required to prepare the seedbed prior to the planting operation either by broadcast seeding or hydraulic planting. Bare soils should be seeded or otherwise stabilized within 14 calendar days after final grading or where construction activity has temporarily ceased for more than 21 days. Seeding shall be performed in accordance with the requirements hereinafter described.
- 2. Watering. All watering shall comply with Santa Rita Ranch Rules and Regulations. Broadcast seeded areas shall immediately be watered with a minimum of 5 gallons of water per square yard (22.5 liters of water per square meter) or as needed and in the marmer and quantity as directed by the Engineer or designated representative. Hydraulic seeded areas and native grass seeded areas shall be watered commencing after the tackifier has dried with a minimum of 5 gallons of water per square yard (22.5 liters of water per square meter) or as needed to keep the seedbed in a wet condition favorable for the growth of grass. Watering applications shall constantly maintain the seedbed in a wet condition favorable for the growth of grass. Watering shall continue until the grass is uniformly 1 1/2 inches (40 mm) in height and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Watering can be postponed immediately after a 1/2 inch (12.5 mm) or greater rainfall on the site but shall be resumed before the soil dries out.
- 3. Hydraulic Planting. The seedbed shall be prepared as specified above and hydraulic planting equipment, which is capable of placing all materials in a single operation, shall be used.

March 1 to September 15

Hydraulic planting mixture and minimum rate of application pounds per 1000 square feet (kilograms per 100 square meters):

Planting Mixture			
Hulled Bermuda Seed	Fiber Mulch		Soil
(PLS=0.83)	Cellulose	Wood	Tackifier
	45.9 Lbs/1000 ft2		1.4 lbs/1000 ft2
1 lbs/1000 ft2	(22.5 kgs/100m2)		(0.7 kgs/100 m2)
(0.5 kgs/100 m2)		57.4 lbs/1000 ft2	1.5 lbs/1000 ft2
,		(28.01 kgs/100 m2)	(0.75 kgs/100 m2)

September 15 to March 1

Add 1.5 pounds per 1000 square feet (0.75 kgs/ 100 m@) of cool season cover crop (see table 1) to above mixture. The fertilizer shall conform to City of Austin Standard Specification Item No. 606S, "Fertilizer".

Table 1 : Cool Season Cover Crop			
Communication Names	Botanical Name	Application rates	
Common Name	Dotanical Name	Lbs/1000 feet ²	Kg/ 100 meter ²
Wheat	Triticum aestivum	0.5	0.25
Oats	Avena sativa	0.5	0.25
Cereal Rye Grain	Secale cereal	0.5	0.25
Total Cool Season Cover		1.5	0.75
Crop Seeding Rate		1.5	0.75
Total Cool Season Seeding			2.25
Rate (Grass Wildflowers, &		4.5	2.23
Cover Crop)			

Permanent Stormwater Section

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(4)(C), (D)(Ii), (E), and (5), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Permanent Stormwater Section** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The application was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: <u>Steven P. Cates, P.E.</u>

Date: <u>9/29/2025</u>

Signature of Customer/Agent

twee Cales

Regulated Entity Name: Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3

Permanent Best Management Practices (BMPs)

Permanent best management practices and measures that will be used during and after construction is completed.

1.	Permanent BMPs and measures must be implemented to control the discharge of pollution from regulated activities after the completion of construction.
	□ N/A
2.	These practices and measures have been designed, and will be constructed, operated, and maintained to insure that 80% of the incremental increase in the annual mass loading of total suspended solids (TSS) from the site caused by the regulated activity is removed. These quantities have been calculated in accordance with technical guidance prepared or accepted by the executive director.
	The TCEQ Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) was used to design permanent BMPs and measures for this site.

	A technical guidance other than the TCEQ TGM was used to design permanent BMPs and measures for this site. The complete citation for the technical guidance that was used is:
	□ N/A
3.	Owners must insure that permanent BMPs and measures are constructed and function as designed. A Texas Licensed Professional Engineer must certify in writing that the permanent BMPs or measures were constructed as designed. The certification letter must be submitted to the appropriate regional office within 30 days of site completion.
	□ N/A
4.	Where a site is used for low density single-family residential development and has 20 % or less impervious cover, other permanent BMPs are not required. This exemption from permanent BMPs must be recorded in the county deed records, with a notice that if the percent impervious cover increases above 20% or land use changes, the exemption for the whole site as described in the property boundaries required by 30 TAC §213.4(g) (relating to Application Processing and Approval), may no longer apply and the property owner must notify the appropriate regional office of these changes.
	 The site will be used for low density single-family residential development and has 20% or less impervious cover. The site will be used for low density single-family residential development but has
	more than 20% impervious cover. \square The site will not be used for low density single-family residential development.
5.	The executive director may waive the requirement for other permanent BMPs for multifamily residential developments, schools, or small business sites where 20% or less impervious cover is used at the site. This exemption from permanent BMPs must be recorded in the county deed records, with a notice that if the percent impervious cover increases above 20% or land use changes, the exemption for the whole site as described in the property boundaries required by 30 TAC §213.4(g) (relating to Application Processing and Approval), may no longer apply and the property owner must notify the appropriate regional office of these changes.
	 □ Attachment A - 20% or Less Impervious Cover Waiver. The site will be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites and has 20% or less impervious cover. A request to waive the requirements for other permanent BMPs and measures is attached. □ The site will be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites but has more than 20% impervious cover. □ The site will not be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites.
6.	

	A description of the BMPs and measures that will be used to prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site is attached.
	 No surface water, groundwater or stormwater originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site, and an explanation is attached. Permanent BMPs or measures are not required to prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site, and an explanation is attached.
7.	Attachment C - BMPs for On-site Stormwater.
	A description of the BMPs and measures that will be used to prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off the site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff from the site is attached. Permanent BMPs or measures are not required to prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off the site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff, and an explanation is attached.
8.	Attachment D - BMPs for Surface Streams . A description of the BMPs and measures that prevent pollutants from entering surface streams, sensitive features, or the aquifer is attached. Each feature identified in the Geologic Assessment as sensitive has been addressed.
	N/A
9.	The applicant understands that to the extent practicable, BMPs and measures must maintain flow to naturally occurring sensitive features identified in either the geologic assessment, executive director review, or during excavation, blasting, or construction.
	 The permanent sealing of or diversion of flow from a naturally-occurring sensitive feature that accepts recharge to the Edwards Aquifer as a permanent pollution abatement measure has not been proposed. Attachment E - Request to Seal Features. A request to seal a naturally-occurring sensitive feature, that includes, for each feature, a justification as to why no reasonable and practicable alternative exists, is attached.
10.	Attachment F - Construction Plans . All construction plans and design calculations for the proposed permanent BMP(s) and measures have been prepared by or under the direct supervision of a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer, and are signed, sealed, and dated. The plans are attached and, if applicable include:
	 ✓ Design calculations (TSS removal calculations) ✓ TCEQ construction notes ✓ All geologic features ✓ All proposed structural BMP(s) plans and specifications
	N/A

11. Attachment G - Inspection, Maintenance, Repair and Retrofit Plan. A plan for the inspection, maintenance, repairs, and, if necessary, retrofit of the permanent BMPs and measures is attached. The plan includes all of the following:
Prepared and certified by the engineer designing the permanent BMPs and measures
 ⊠ Signed by the owner or responsible party ∑ Procedures for documenting inspections, maintenance, repairs, and, if necessary retrofit
A discussion of record keeping procedures
□ N/A
12. Attachment H - Pilot-Scale Field Testing Plan. Pilot studies for BMPs that are not recognized by the Executive Director require prior approval from the TCEQ. A plan for pilot-scale field testing is attached.
⊠ N/A
13. Attachment I -Measures for Minimizing Surface Stream Contamination. A description of the measures that will be used to avoid or minimize surface stream contamination and changes in the way in which water enters a stream as a result of the construction and development is attached. The measures address increased stream flashing, the creation of stronger flows and in-stream velocities, and other in-stream effects caused by the regulated activity, which increase erosion that results in water quality degradation.
□ N/A
Responsibility for Maintenance of Permanent BMP(s)
Responsibility for maintenance of best management practices and measures after construction is complete.
14. The applicant is responsible for maintaining the permanent BMPs after construction until such time as the maintenance obligation is either assumed in writing by another entity having ownership or control of the property (such as without limitation, an owner's association, a new property owner or lessee, a district, or municipality) or the ownership of the property is transferred to the entity. Such entity shall then be responsible for maintenance until another entity assumes such obligations in writing or ownership is transferred.
□ N/A
15. A copy of the transfer of responsibility must be filed with the executive director at the appropriate regional office within 30 days of the transfer if the site is for use as a multiple single-family residential development, a multi-family residential development, or a non-residential development such as commercial, industrial, institutional, schools, and other sites where regulated activities occur.
□ N/A

Permanent Stormwater Section ATTACHMENT B

TCEQ WPAP & SCS APPLICATION

Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3

Williamson County, Texas

Best Management Practices for Upgradient Stormwater:

Upgradient stormwater will travel overland to the curb and gutter, be captured by the curb inlets, and conveyed via a channel lined with an impermeable liner to proposed Batch Detention Pond 14 EAPP ID No. 11002420 (Approved 6/2/2021). The Batch Detention Pond 14 will treat future development as well.

Permanent Stormwater Section ATTACHMENT C

TCEQ WPAP & SCS APPLICATION

Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3

Williamson County, Texas

Best Management Practices for On-site Stormwater:

Stormwater runoff from Phase 2B Section 3 will sheet flow across lawns, be captured in gutters and curb inlets, and piped into a channel lined with an impermeable liner that connects to proposed Batch Detention Pond 14 EAPP ID No. 11002420 (Approved 6/2/2021) Proposed Batch Detention Pond 14 will treat future development. These water quality ponds provide TSS removal for the upstream sections. The water quality volume provided in these ponds will be sufficient to accommodate TSS removal for Phase 2B Section 3.

TCEQ project and drainage area maps are provided in the included construction plans. TCEQ TSS removal calculations are provided in Appendix A of this application. TCEQ WPAP & SCS approval letters are provided in Appendix B.

Permanent Stormwater Section ATTACHMENT D

TCEQ WPAP & SCS APPLICATION

Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3

Williamson County, Texas

Best Management Practices for Surface Stream Stormwater:

Stormwater runoff from drainage areas A to C will sheet flow across lawns, be captured in gutters and curb inlets, and piped into a channel lined with an impermeable liner that connects to proposed Batch Detention Pond 14 as shown on the Drainage Area Plan.

The batch ponds discharge through rock rip-rap and rock berms which will deter heavy floods from entering streams and aid in collection sediment. Silt fences will be installed surrounding the buffer zone to collect sediment from sheet flow off the project limits. The remaining site stormwater runoff will sheet flow across the lots and discharge directly into the North Fork of the San Gabriel River.

Permanent Stormwater Section ATTACHMENT F

TCEQ WPAP & SCS APPLICATION

Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3

Williamson County, Texas

Construction Plans:

Construction Plans for the erosion and sedimentation control measures proposed with this development are included at the end of this report.

Permanent Stormwater Section ATTACHMENT G

TCEQ WPAP & SCS APPLICATION

Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3

Williamson County, Texas

Inspection, Maintenance, Repair and Retrofit Plan:

Maintenance Guidelines for Batch Detention Basins

Batch detention basins may have somewhat higher maintenance requirements than an extended detention basin since they are active stormwater controls. The maintenance activities are identical to those of extended detention basins with the addition of maintenance and inspections of the automatic controller and the valve at the outlet.

- Inspections. Inspections should take place a minimum of twice a year. One inspection should take place during wet weather to determine if the basin is meeting the target detention time of 12 hours and a drawdown time of no more than 48 hours. The remaining inspections should occur between storm events so that manual operation of the valve and controller can be verified. The level sensor in the basin should be inspected and any debris or sediment in the area should be removed. The outlet structure and the trash screen should be inspected for signs of clogging. Debris and sediment should be removed from the orifice and outlet(s) as described in previous sections. Debris obstructing the valve should be removed. During each inspection, erosion areas inside and downstream of this BMP should be identified and repaired/revegetated immediately.
- **Mowing.** The basin, basin side-slopes, and embankment of the basin must be mowed to prevent woody growth and control weeds. A mulching mower should be used, or the grass clippings should be caught and removed. Mowing should take place at least twice a year, or more frequently if vegetation exceeds 18 inches in height. More frequent mowing to maintain aesthetic appeal may be necessary in landscaped areas.
- Litter and Debris Removal. Litter and debris removal should take place at least twice a year, as
 part of the periodic mowing operations and inspections. Debris and litter should be removed from
 the surface of the basin. Particular attention should be paid to floatable debris around the outlet
 structure. The outlet should be checked for possible clogging or obstructions and any debris
 removed.
- **Erosion control.** The basin side slopes and embankment all may periodically suffer from slumping and erosion. To correct these problems, corrective action, such as regrading and revegetation, may be necessary. Correction of erosion control should take place whenever required based on periodic inspections.
- **Nuisance Control.** Standing water or soggy conditions may occur in the basin. Some standing water may occur after a storm event since the valve may close with 2 to 3 inches of water in the basin. Some flow into the basin may also occur between storms due to spring flow and residential water use that enters the storm sewer system. Twice a year, the facility should be evaluated in terms of nuisance control (insects, weeds, odors, algae, etc.).

- Structural Repairs and Replacement. With each inspection, any damage to structural elements
 of the basin (pipes, concrete drainage structures, retaining walls, etc.) should be identified and
 repaired immediately. An example of this type of repair can include patching of cracked concrete,
 sealing of voids, removal of vegetation from cracks and joints. The various inlet/outlet structures
 in a basin will eventually deteriorate and must be replaced.
- Sediment Removal. A properly designed batch detention basin will accumulate quantities of sediment over time. The accumulated sediment can detract from the appearance of the facility and reduce the pollutant removal performance of the facility. The sediment also tends to accumulate near the outlet structure and can interfere with the level sensor operation. Sediment shall be removed from the basin at least every 5 years, when sediment depth exceeds 6 inches, when the sediment interferes with the level sensor or when the basin does not drain within 48 hours. Care should be taken not to compromise the basin lining during maintenance.
- Logic Controller. The Logic Controller should be inspected as part of the twice yearly investigations. Verify that the external indicators (active, cycle in progress) are operating properly by turning the controller off and on, and by initiating a cycle by triggering the level sensor in the basin. The valve should be manually opened and closed using the open/close switch to verify valve operation and to assist in inspecting the valve for debris. The solar panel should be inspected and any dust or debris on the panel should be carefully removed. The controller and all other circuitry and wiring should be inspected for signs of corrosion, damage from insects, water leaks, or other damage. At the end of the inspection, the controller should be reset.

Ultimately, these facilities will be owned, operated and maintained by the proposed Williamson County MUD No. 19F. Until the ownership of facilities is transferred to the MUD, Santa Rita KC, LLC. will be responsible for maintenance of these facilities in accordance with the above stated requirements.

Acknowledged by:

James Edward Horne SRFV Development, LLC.

BMP DESIGN FIRM INFORMATION

Carlson, Brigance & Doering, Inc. Mr. Steven P. Cates, P.E. Phone: (512) 280-5160 5501 West William Cannon Austin, TX 78749

The above Inspection, Maintenance, Repair, and Retrofit Plan has been prepared by the undersigned Engineer, and I hereby certify that the above Plan conforms with the minimum requirements of the TCEQ Technical Guidance on Best Management Practices, RG-348.

Steven P. Cates, P.E.

9-29-2025

Date



CARLSON, BRIGANCE & DOERING, INC. ID# F3791

Permanent Stormwater Section

ATTACHMENT I

TCEQ WPAP & SCS APPLICATION

Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3

Williamson County, Texas

Measures for Minimizing Surface Stream Contamination:

The development minimizes surface stream contamination by maintaining the naturally occurring sheet flow across the lots. Drainage from this development will be directed towards batch detention ponds which will reduce the developed flow rate to predeveloped flow rates. There are no surface streams within this site.

Organized Sewage Collection System Application

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

For Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(c), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Regulated Entity Name: Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3

1. Attachment A – SCS Engineering Design Report. This Engineering Design Report is provided to fulfill the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 217, including 217.10 of Subchapter A, §§217.51 – 217.70 of Subchapter C, and Subchapter D as applicable, and is required to be submitted with this SCS Application Form.

Customer Information

2. The entity and contact person responsible for providing the required engineering certification of testing for this sewage collection system upon completion (including private service connections) and every five years thereafter to the appropriate TCEQ region office pursuant to 30 TAC §213.5(c) is:

Contact Person: <u>James Edward Horne</u>

Entity: SRFV Development, LLC.

Mailing Address: 1700 Cross Creek Lane, Suite 100

City, State: Liberty Hill, Texas Zip: 78642
Telephone: 512-502-2050 Fax:

Email Address: ed@srraustin.com

The appropriate regional office must be informed of any changes in this information within 30 days of the change.

3. The engineer responsible for the design of this sewage collection system is:

Contact Person: Steven P. Cates, P.E.

Texas Licensed Professional Engineer's Number: 93648

Entity: <u>Carlson, Brigance, and Doering, Inc.</u>
Mailing Address: 5501 W. William Cannon Dr.

City, State: Austin, Texas Zip: 78749

Telephone:512-280-5160 Fax:512-280-5165

Email Address:steve@cbdeng.com

Project Information

4.	Anticipated type of development to be served (estingly plus adequate allowance for institutional and comm	• •
	Residential: Number of single-family lots: 35 Multi-family: Number of residential units: Commercial Industrial Off-site system (not associated with any development) Other:	
5.	The character and volume of wastewater is shown b	pelow:
	100% Domestic	<u>7,350</u> gallons/day
	% Industrial	gallons/day
	% Commingled	gallons/day
	Total gallons/day: <u>7,350</u>	
5.	Existing and anticipated infiltration/inflow is <u>12,010</u> SDR 26 PVC with gasketed joints.	gallons/day. This will be addressed by:
7.	A Water Pollution Abatement Plan (WPAP) is require commercial, industrial or residential project located	•
	 ☐ The WPAP application for this development was copy of the approval letter is attached. ☐ The WPAP application for this development was application, but has not been approved. ☐ A WPAP application is required for an associated There is no associated project requiring a WPAP 	submitted to the TCEQ on this I project, but it has not been submitted.

8. Pipe description:

Table 1 - Pipe Description

Pipe Diameter(Inches)	Linear Feet (1)	Pipe Material (2)	Specifications (3)
6"	822	SDR 26 PVC	ASTM D3034
3"	195	C900 DR-18 PVC	AWWA C900
8"	1,300	SDR 26 PVC	ASTM D3034
8"	40	C900 (150 psi) PVC	AWWA C900
6"	0	C900 (150 psi) PVC	AWWA C900

Total Linear Feet: 2,357

- (1) Linear feet Include stub-outs and double service connections. Do not include private service laterals.
- (2) Pipe Material If PVC, state SDR value.
- (3) Specifications ASTM / ANSI / AWWA specification and class numbers should be included.

9.	(name) Treatment Plant. The treatment facility is:			
	Existing Proposed			
10.	All components of the	nis sewage collection sys	tem will comply with:	
		<u>berty Hill</u> standard speci fications are attached.	fications.	
11.	No force main(s)	and/or lift station(s) are	e associated with this se	wage collection system.
		ind/or lift station(s) is as Force Main System Appl		
Al	ignment			
12.		viations from uniform gra ith open cut construction	-	ction system without
13.	.3. There are no deviations from straight alignment in this sewage collection system without manholes.			ollection system
	without Manhol collection system allowing pipe cu For curved sewe	lustification and Calculation (es. A justification for design without manholes with reacture is attached. If lines, all curved sewer lines for the wastewater constants.	viations from straight al n documentation from p line notes (TCEQ-0596) a	ignment in this sewage ipe manufacturer
M	anholes and	Cleanouts		
		an-outs exist at the end of track additional sheet if		nese locations are listed
ıa	bie 2 - Maiiiloles a	ild Cleanouts		Manhole or Clean-
	Line	Shown on Sheet	Station	out?
	Α	29 Of 37	6+18.73	СО
	В	30 Of 37	7+70.27	MH
	С	31 Of 37	1+45.59	МН
		Of		
		Of		

Of Of

	Line	Shown on Sheet	Station	Manhole or Clean- out?	
	Line	Of	Station	out:	
		Of			
		Of			
	7				
15. 🔀	Manholes are instance line.	stalled at all Points of Cu	rvature and Points of Te	rmination of a sewer	
16.	The maximum sp greater than:	pacing between manhole	es on this project for eac	h pipe diameter is no	
	Pipe Dian	neter (inches)	Max. Ma	nhole Spacing (feet)	
	6	5 - 15		500	
		6 - 30		800	
		6 - 48		1000	
	_	≥54		2000	
	maximum spacir operate and mai	ed in the table above. Ang is attached, and must intain the system stating greater than the allower	include a letter from the that it has the capability	e entity which will	
17.	All manholes wil	l be monolithic, cast-in-p	olace concrete.		
	The use of pre-cast manholes is requested for this project. The manufacturer's specifications and construction drawings, showing the method of sealing the joints, are attached.				
Site	Plan Requ	irements			
Items	18 - 25 must be ir	ncluded on the Site Plan.			
18. 🗵	The Site Plan mu	st have a minimum scale	e of 1" = 400'.		
	Site Plan Scale: 1	<u> " = 40</u> ".			
19.	19. The Site Plan must include the sewage collection system general layout, including manholes with station numbers, and sewer pipe stub outs (if any). Site plan must be overlain by topographic contour lines, using a contour interval of not greater than ten feet and showing the area within both the five-year floodplain and the 100-year floodplain of any drainage way.				
20. La	20. Lateral stub-outs:				
	=	II lateral stub-outs are shouts will be installed duri		nis sewer collection	

21. Location of existing and prop	osed water lines:			
 The entire water distribution system for this project is shown and labeled. If not shown on the Site Plan, a Utility Plan is provided showing the entire water and sewer systems. There will be no water lines associated with this project. 				
22. 100-year floodplain:				
floodplain, either natural lined channels constructed. After construction is come have water-tight manhol and labeled on the Site P constructed above sewer	plete, all sections located within es. These locations are listed in lan. (Do not include streets or c lines.)	not include streets or concrete- n the 100-year floodplain will the table below and are shown		
Table 3 - 100-Year Floodpla	Sheet	Station		
	of	to		
of to				
of to				
	of	to		
floodplain, either natural lined channels constructed. After construction is comencased in concrete or cased below and are shown and lined channels constructed.	plete, all sections located within apped with concrete. These loca d labeled on the Site Plan. (Do r	not include streets or concrete- n the 5-year floodplain will be ations are listed in the table		
Table 4 - 5-Year Floodplain Line	Sheet	Station		
Line	of	to		
	of	to		
	of	to		
	of	to		
 24. \(\sum \) Legal boundaries of the s 25. \(\sum \) The <i>final plans and techn</i> 	ite are shown.			

Texas Licensed Professional Engineer responsible for the design on each sheet.

Items 26 - 33 must	be included on the	Plan and Profile sh	neets.	
sewer lines rated pipe t variance fro	or proposed water lare listed in the tab are listed in the tab to be installed show om the required pre om 30 TAC Chapter	ole below. These ling on the plan and plansure rated piping a	nes must have the to orofile sheets. Any	type of pressure request for a
=	e no water line cros e no water lines wit	_	sed sewer lines.	
Table 5 - Water	Line Crossings			
Line	Station or Closest Point	Crossing or Parallel	Horizontal Separation Distance	Vertical Separation Distance
WWLN A	1+70.62	CROSSING		44
WWLN B	2+65.08	CROSSING		31
required by A portion of the table be provided the table be provided the table be provided a portion of the table be provided the table be provided a portion of the table be provided a portion of the provided provided by the provided pr	this sewer line is with 30 TAC Chapter 21 of this sewer line is well at less than 1500 felow and labeled on this sewer line is well be provided at less means is described of this sewer line is well be ger than 1500 feet less than 1500 feet less than 1500 feet less well and the sewer line is well at less than 1500 feet less than 1500 feet less well and the sewer line is well and the sewer line is well at less than 1500 feet less well and the sewer line is well at less than 1500 feet less well and the sewer line is well at less than 1500 feet less less th	7. vithin the 100-year foot intervals. These the appropriate privithin the 100-year is than 1500 feet in on the following payithin the 100-year	floodplain and ven e water-tight manl ofile sheets. floodplain and an a tervals. A descript age. floodplain; howeve	ited manholes will noles are listed in alternative means o ion of the er, there is no
Table 6 - Vented	Manholes	nle G	Station	Sheet
Line	ividillic	,,,,		J./CCC

Line	Manhole	Station	Sheet	
28. Drop manholes: There are no drop manholes associated with this project. Sewer lines which enter new or existing manholes or "manhole structures" higher than 24 inches above the manhole invert are listed in the table below and labeled on the appropriate profile sheets. These lines meet the requirements of 30 TAC §217.55(I)(2)(H).				
Table 7 - Drop Manho	oles			
Line	Manhole	Station	Sheet	
29. Sewer line stub-outs	(For proposed extensio	ns):		
 The placement and markings of all sewer line stub-outs are shown and labeled. No sewer line stub-outs are to be installed during the construction of this sewage collection system. 				
30. Lateral stub-outs (For proposed private service connections):				
 ∑ The placement and markings of all lateral stub-outs are shown and labeled. ∑ No lateral stub-outs are to be installed during the construction of this sewage collection system. 				
31. Minimum flow velocity (From Appendix A)				
Assuming pipes are flowing full; all slopes are designed to produce flows equal to or greater than 2.0 feet per second for this system/line.				
32. Maximum flow velocity/slopes (From Appendix A)				
 Assuming pipes are flowing full, all slopes are designed to produce maximum flows of less than or equal to 10 feet per second for this system/line. Attachment D – Calculations for Slopes for Flows Greater Than 10.0 Feet per Second. Assuming pipes are flowing full, some slopes produce flows which are greater than 10 feet per second. These locations are listed in the table below. Calculations are attached. 				

Table 8 - Flows Greater Than 10 Feet per Second

Line	Profile Sheet	Station to Station	FPS	% Slope	Erosion/Shock Protection

33.	Assuming pipes are flowing full, where flows are \geq 10 feet per second, the provisions noted below have been made to protect against pipe displacement by erosion and/or shock under 30 TAC §217.53(I)(2)(B).
	Concrete encasement shown on appropriate Plan and Profile sheets for the locations listed in the table above.
	Steel-reinforced, anchored concrete baffles/retards placed every 50 feet shown on appropriate Plan and Profile sheets for the locations listed in the table above.N/A

Administrative Information

- 34. The final plans and technical specifications are submitted for TCEQ review. Each sheet of the construction plans and specifications are dated, signed, and sealed by the Texas Licensed Professional Engineer responsible for the design on each sheet.
- 35. Standard details are shown on the detail sheets, which are dated, signed, and sealed by the Texas Licensed Professional Engineer, as listed in the table below:

Table 9 - Standard Details

Standard Details	Shown on Sheet
Lateral stub-out marking [Required]	37 of 37
Manhole, showing inverts comply with 30 TAC §217.55(I)(2) [Required]	37 of 37
Alternate method of joining lateral to existing SCS line for potential future connections [Required]	37 of 37
Typical trench cross-sections [Required]	37 of 37
Bolted manholes [Required]	37 of 37
Sewer Service lateral standard details [Required]	37 of 37
Clean-out at end of line [Required, if used]	37 of 37
Baffles or concrete encasement for shock/erosion protection [Required, if flow velocity of any section of pipe >10 fps]	N/A of N/A
Detail showing Wastewater Line/Water Line Crossing [Required, if crossings are proposed]	37 of 37
Mandrel detail or specifications showing compliance with 30 TAC §217.57(b) and (c) [Required, if Flexible Pipe is used]	N/A of N/A

Standard Details	Shown on Sheet
Drop manholes [Required, if a pipe entering a manhole is more than 24 inches above manhole invert]	N/A of N/A

- 36. All organized sewage collection system general construction notes (TCEQ-0596) are included on the construction plans for this sewage collection system.
- 37. All proposed sewer lines will be sufficiently surveyed/staked to allow an assessment prior to TCEQ executive director approval. If the alignments of the proposed sewer lines are not walkable on that date, the application will be deemed incomplete and returned.
 - Survey staking was completed on this date: 10/04/2025
- 38. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
- 39. Any modification of this SCS application will require TCEQ approval, prior to construction, and may require submission of a revised application, with appropriate fees.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Organized Sewage Collection System Application** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The system was designed in accordance with the requirements of 30 TAC §213.5(c) and 30 TAC §217 and prepared by:

Print Name of Licensed Professional Engineer: Steven P. Cates, P.E.

Date: 9/29/2025

Place engineer's seal here:

Signature of Licensed Professional Engineer:



CARLSON, BRIGANCE & DOERING, INC.

Appendix A-Flow Velocity Table

Flow Velocity (Flowing Full) All gravity sewer lines on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone shall be designed and constructed with hydraulic slopes sufficient to give a velocity when flowing full of not less than 2.0 feet per second, and not greater than 10 feet per second. The grades shown in the following table are based on Manning's formula and an n factor of 0.013 and shall be the minimum and maximum acceptable slopes unless provisions are made otherwise.

Table 10 - Slope Velocity

Pipe Diameter(Inches)	% Slope required for minimum flow velocity of 2.0 fps	% Slope which produces flow velocity of 10.0 fps
6	0.50	12.35
8	0.33	8.40
10	0.25	6.23
12	0.20	4.88
15	0.15	3.62
18	0.11	2.83
21	0.09	2.30
24	0.08	1.93
27	0.06	1.65
30	0.055	1.43
33	0.05	1.26
36	0.045	1.12
39	0.04	1.01
>39	*	*

^{*}For lines larger than 39 inches in diameter, the slope may be determined by Manning's formula (as shown below) to maintain a minimum velocity greater than 2.0 feet per second when flowing full and a maximum velocity less than 10 feet per second when flowing full.

$$v = \frac{1.49}{n} \times R_h^{0.67} \times \sqrt{S}$$

Figure 1 - Manning's Formula

v = velocity (ft/sec)
n = Manning's roughness coefficient
(0.013)
Rh = hydraulic radius (ft)
S = slope (ft/ft)

SCS Engineering Design Report

Prepared by:

Steven P. Cates, P.E. Carlson, Brigance & Doering, Inc. 5501 W. William Cannon Austin, Texas 78749 (512)-280-5160 Firm # F3791

Prepared for:

SRFV Development, LLC. **Atten: James Edward Horne** 1700 Cross Creek Lane, Suite 100 Liberty Hill, Texas 78642 (512)-502-2050

> September 2025 **CBD No. 5558**



9-29-2025

SCS Engineering Design Report

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- I. General
- **II.** Description of Proposed System
- III. Pipe Deflection Calculations
- IV. System Design

SCS Engineering Design Report

I. GENERAL

Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3 is a 16.87-acre residential development that is composed of 35 single-family lots. The project is located on the east side of Flower Valley Parkway and just south of existing Tower Rd and north of Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 1 and 2. The project is located within the City of Liberty Hill ETJ, in Williamson County, Texas. This project includes 1,695 linear feet of roadway, 1,924 linear feet of water main line, 1,300 linear feet of 8" SDR 26 PVC ASTM D3034 wastewater main line, 195 linear feet of 3" C900 (150 psi) PVC AWWA C900 wastewater main line, 40 linear feet of 8" C900 (150 psi) PVC AWWA C900 wastewater main line at water crossings, and 822 linear feet of 6" SDR 26 PVC ASTM D3034 of wastewater service line. The proposed wastewater line will flow into an existing SCS gravity system to the approved Lift Station 2A and then the Liberty Hill Wastewater Treatment Plant.

Flow was calculated using LCRA design criteria (210 gallons per LUE, 1,000 gal/acre/day) assuming 3 people per LUE at 70 gpd/person for residential use.

II. DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED SYSTEM

The gravity mains and manholes meet the TCEQ requirements of Chapter 217. All the gravity mains with this project are PVC SDR-26 ATSM D3034. The construction plans consist of the following:

Linear Feet	Pipe Material	National Standard
	_	Specification for Pipe
1,300	PVC SDR-26	ASTM D3034
40	PVC C900 (150 psi)	AWWA C900

The pipes are designed with a slope that will provide a velocity of at least 2 feet per second, as calculated using Manning's equation with an "n" value of 0.013. Additionally, the collection system is designed to ensure that, with pipes flowing full, the velocities will be less than 10 feet per second.

Pipe Diameter: 8" Min. Slope: 0.81% Max. Slope: 6.03%

The plans and specifications, which describe the project identified in the report, are in compliance with all the requirements of Chapter 217. Refer to the calculations at the end of the report for all the analysis for flows & deflection.

SCS Engineering Design Report

III. Pipe Deflection Calculations

6", 8", & 12" SDR 26 ATSM D3034 – 6ft-16ft Depth of Bury

Given: 6" & 8" SDR 26 PVC ATSM D3034 Pipe

H= 6 ft (Depth of Bury)

 $\gamma = 120 \text{ lbs/cf}$ (Backfill Soil Unit Weight)

D_L = 1.0 (Deflection Lag Factor) K = 0.085 (Bedding Constant)

W' = 16,000 moving wheel load (live load) PS = 144 psi (Pipe Stiffness for PVC SDR 26)

 $E^{1} = 3,000 \text{ psi (Soil Modulus for Limestone)}$

PIPE DEFLECTION, % (2 Trucks Passing Live Load)						Including a 16000 Lb MOVING Wheel Load Effective Length of Wheel Load: 3.00 Ft					
DLF	DLF = 1.00 K = 0.085						PS = 144 psi E' = 3000 psi				
Prism Load, Wp, Condition						Backfill Weight = 120 Lb / Ft ^ 3					
	Ĩ	Outside I	Diame	eters, ins.							
Depth, Ft	Ţ	6.275	1	8.400	53.5	12.500	L	15.300	Į,		
6.00	Ĩ	0.32 %	ä	0.32 %	ğ	0.32 %	Î	0.32 %			
8.00	Î	0.35 %	ĺ	0.35 %	Ĺ	0.35 %	Ĺ	0.35 %	Ĺ		
10.00	Ť	0.40 %	- 1	0.40 %	i i	0.40 %	i i	0.40 %	ĺ		
12.00	i	0.46 %	i	0.46 %	i	0.46 %	i	0.46 %	i		
14.00	Í	0.52 %	i	0.52 %	i	0.52 %	i	0.52 %	İ		
16.00	Ĺ	0.58 %	i	0.58 %	j	0.58 %	i	0.58 %	i		
18.00	i	0.65 %	i	0.65 %	3	0.65 %	i	0.65 %	i		

Deflection = 0.58% < 2.0% ok

SCS Engineering Design Report

6" & 8" SDR 18 PVC AWWA C900 Pipe

Given 6" & 8" SDR 18 PVC AWWA C900 Pipe

H= 3 ft (Mi. Depth of Bury)

 $\gamma = 120$ lbs/cf (Backfill Soil Unit Weight)

 $D_L = 1.0$ (Deflection Lag Factor)

K = 0.085 (Bedding Constant)

W' = 16,000 moving wheel load (live load)

PS = 455 psi (Pipe Stiffness for PVC SDR 18)

E¹ = 3,000 psi (Soil Modulus for Limestone)

PIPE DEFLECTION, % (2 Trucks Passing Live Load)					Including a 16000 Lb MOVING Wheel Load Effective Length of Wheel Load: 3.00 Ft	
DLF	= 1.0	00	K =	0.085		PS = 455 psi E' = 3000 psi
Prism Load, Wp, Condition						Backfill Weight = 120 Lb / Ft ^ 3
	Ι	Outside I	Diame	ters, ins.		
Depth, Ft	ı	6.900	ı	9.050	- 1	
3.00	ī	0.35 %	П	0.35 %	ı	
5.00	- 1	0.26 %	- 1	0.26 %		
7.00		0.27 %	- 1	0.27 %		
9.00	ĺ	0.31 %	Ĺ	0.31 %	Ĺ	
11.00	ĺ	0.35 %	i	0.35 %	i	
13.00	ĺ	0.40 %	i	0.40 %	i	
15.00	í	0.45 %	i	0.45 %	i	

Deflection = 0.55% < 2.0% ok

SCS Engineering Design Report

IV. System Design

Flow Calculations:

EV. TYPE ingle Family Lots	<u>LUE's</u> 35	Population (PPL) 105	gpd/LUE 210	Flow (gpm) 5.10	<u>I&I Area (ac)</u> 12.01
Peaking Fac PF = (18+(P	, ,	0.5)/((4+(PPL/1000)^	= 4.24		
Minimum F MF= 0.2(PP		` ,		= 0.13	
Inflow & In I&I = 1000g		(I&I) I Area) ac./1440		=8.34 gpm	
		er Flow (Min.DWF) *(MF)/1440gpd/gpm		= 0.65 gpm	
Average Dr ADWF = (P	·	r Flow (ADWF) 40gpd/gpm		= 5.10 gpm	
	•	ner Flow (Max.DWF)*(PF)/1440gpd/gpm	= 21.63 gpm		
Maximum V MWWF = N		her Flow (MWWF) + I&I		= 29.97 gpm	

Pipe Capacity:

29.97 gpm / (448.8 gpm/cfs) = 0.07 cfs

Full Flow of 8" pipe at 0.34% (assuming n = 0.013) = 0.65 cfs

0.07 cfs / 0.65 cfs = 10% pipe capacity

Lift Station Capacity:

Per the Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2A Lift Station Engineering Report, the receiving systems have sufficient capacity to treat flows from proposed Phase 2B Section 3.

Appendix A

TCEQ WPAP & SCS APPLICATION

Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3

Williamson County, Texas

BMP TSS Removal Worksheet

Phase 2B Section 3

SITES

Project Name: SANTA RITA PHASE 2B SECTION 3 Date Prepared:

Additional information is provided for cells with a red triangle in the upper right corner. Place the cursor over the cell. Text shown in blue indicate location of instructions in the Technical Guidance Manual - RG-348.

Characters shown in red are data entry fields.

Characters shown in black (Bold) are calculated fields. Changes to these fields will remove the equations used in the spreadsheet.

Calculations from RG-348

Pages 3-27 to 3-30

where:

 $L_{ ext{M TOTAL PROJECT}}$ = Required TSS removal resulting from the proposed development = 80% of increased load

 A_N = Net increase in impervious area for the project

P = Average annual precipitation, inches

Site Data: Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Project

County = Williamson

* The values entered in these fields should be for the total project area.

SANTA RITA RANCH PHASE 2B SECTION 3

Total project area included in plan *=	16.87	acres
Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plan * =	0.00	acres
Total post-development impervious area within the limits of the plan* =	4.86	acres
Total post-development impervious cover fraction * =	0.29	
P =	32	inches
L _{M TOTAL PROJECT} =	4230	lbs.

EXISTING BATCH DETENTION POND 14

EXISITNG SANTA RITA RANCH PHASE 2B, SECTION 1

acres	16.49	Total project area included in plan * =
acres	0.00	Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plan * =
acres	3.26	Total post-development impervious area within the limits of the plan* =
	0.20	Total post-development impervious cover fraction * =
inches	32	P =
lbs.	2838	L _{M TOTAL PROJECT} =

EXISTING SANTA RITA RANCH PHASE 2B. SECTION 2

54.03 acres	Total project area included in plan * =
1.42 acres	Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plan * =
13.50 acres	Total post-development impervious area within the limits of the plan* =
0.25	Total post-development impervious cover fraction * =
32 inches	P =
10515 lbs.	L _{M TOTAL PROJECT} =

FUTURE SANTA RITA RANCH PHASE 2B

		TOTORE DANTA RETAINMENT THACE ED
acres	16.87	Total project area included in plan *=
acres	0.00	Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plan * =
acres	4.86	Total post-development impervious area within the limits of the plan* =
1	0.29	Total post-development impervious cover fraction * =
inches	32	P =
lbs.	4230	L _{M TOTAL PROJECT} =

FUTURE SANTA RITA RANCH PHASE 2C

Total project area included in plan * =	26.00	acres
Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plan * =	0.00	acres
Total post-development impervious area within the limits of the plan* =	0.00	acres
Total post-development impervious cover fraction * =	0.00	
P =	32	inches
L _{M TOTAL PROJECT} =	0	lbs.

L_{M TOTAL} = 17583 lbs.



ID# F3791

9-29-2025

Appendix A

TCEQ WPAP & SCS APPLICATION

Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3

Williamson County, Texas

BMP TSS Removal Worksheet

Phase 2B Section 3

TSS Removal Calculations 04-20-2009

Project Name: Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3

Date Prepared: 9-26-2025

Additional information is provided for cells with a red triangle in the upper right corner. Place the cursor over the cell.

Text shown in blue indicate location of instructions in the Technical Guidance Manual - RG-348.

Characters shown in red are data entry fields.

Characters shown in black (Bold) are calculated fields. Changes to these fields will remove the equations used in the spreadsheet.

1. The Required Load Reduction for the total project:

where:

Calculations from RG-348

Pages 3-27 to 3-30

Page 3-29 Equation 3.3: $L_M = 27.2(A_N \times P)$

 $L_{\text{M TOTAL PROJECT}}$ = Required TSS removal resulting from the proposed development = 80% of increased load

A_N = Net increase in impervious area for the project

P = Average annual precipitation, inches

Site Data: Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Project

Williamson Total project area included in plan Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plan * = Total post-development impervious area within the limits of the plan * = Total post-development impervious cover fraction * = 0.00 acres 0.29 32 inches

> L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} = 4230 lbs.

2. Drainage Basin Parameters (This information should be provided for each basin):

Drainage Basin/Outfall Area No. =

Total drainage basin/outfall area = 16.87 acres 0.00 4.86 Predevelopment impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area = Post-development impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area = acres 0.29 Post-development impervious fraction within drainage basin/outfall area = L_{M THIS BASIN} =

3. Indicate the proposed BMP Code for this basin.

Proposed BMP = Batch De

Removal efficiency = percent

Aqualogic Cartridge Filter Bioretention Contech StormFilter Constructed Wetland Extended Detention Grassy Swale Retention / Irrigation Sand Filter Stormceptor Vegetated Filter Strips Vortechs Wet Basin

4. Calculate Maximum TSS Load Removed (LR) for this Drainage Basin by the selected BMP Type.

RG-348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7: L_R = (BMP efficiency) x P x (A_I x 34.6 + A_P x 0.54)

A_C = Total On-Site drainage area in the BMP catchment area A_{l} = Impervious area proposed in the BMP catchment area

 $A_{\mbox{\scriptsize P}}$ = Pervious area remaining in the BMP catchment area L_R = TSS Load removed from this catchment area by the proposed BMP

16.87 $A_1 =$ 4 86 acres A_P = 12 01 acres L_R = 5086 lbs

5. Calculate Fraction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall area

Desired L_{M THIS BASIN} = 4230 lbs.

> F = 0.83

6. Calculate Capture Volume required by the BMP Type for this drainage basin / outfall area.

Calculations from RG-348 Pages 3-34 to 3-36

Rainfall Depth = 1.20 inches Post Development Runoff Coefficient = 0.25 On-site Water Quality Volume = cubic feet 18516

Calculations from RG-348 Pages 3-36 to 3-37

Off-site area draining to BMP = Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP =
Impervious fraction of off-site area =
Off-site Runoff Coefficient = 0.00 acres

0.00 Off-site Water Quality Volume = 0 cubic feet

Storage for Sediment = 3703

Total Capture Volume (required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = 22220 cubic feet

ID# F3791

9-29-2025

Appendix A

TCEQ WPAP & SCS APPLICATION

Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3

Williamson County, Texas

BMP TSS Removal Worksheet

Drainage Basin Pond 14

(Overall)

TSS Removal Calculations 04-20-2009

Project Name: Batch detention Pond 14

Date Prepared: 9-26-2025

Additional information is provided for cells with a red triangle in the upper right corner. Place the cursor over the cell.

Text shown in blue indicate location of instructions in the Technical Guidance Manual - RG-348.

Characters shown in red are data entry fields.

Characters shown in black (Bold) are calculated fields. Changes to these fields will remove the equations used in the spreadsheet.

1. The Required Load Reduction for the total project:

Calculations from RG-348

Pages 3-27 to 3-30

```
Page 3-29 Equation 3.3: L_M = 27.2(A_N \times P)
```

 $L_{\text{M TOTAL PROJECT}}$ = Required TSS removal resulting from the proposed development = 80% of increased load

A_N = Net increase in impervious area for the project P = Average annual precipitation, inches

Site Data: Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Project

Williamson Total project area included in plan 113.39 Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plan * = Total post-development impervious area within the limits of the plan * = Total post-development impervious cover fraction * = 1.42 acres 0.19 32 inches

> L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} = 17583 lbs.

2. Drainage Basin Parameters (This information should be provided for each basin):

Drainage Basin/Outfall Area No. =

Total drainage basin/outfall area = 99.76 acres 0.00 22.27 Predevelopment impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area = Post-development impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area = acres Post-development impervious fraction within drainage basin/outfall area = 0.22 L_{M THIS BASIN} =

3. Indicate the proposed BMP Code for this basin.

Proposed BMP = Batch De Removal efficiency = percent

Aqualogic Cartridge Filter Bioretention Contech StormFilter Constructed Wetland Extended Detention Grassy Swale Retention / Irrigation Sand Filter Stormceptor Vegetated Filter Strips

Vortechs Wet Basin

4. Calculate Maximum TSS Load Removed (LR) for this Drainage Basin by the selected BMP Type.

RG-348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7: L_R = (BMP efficiency) x P x (A_I x 34.6 + A_P x 0.54)

A_C = Total On-Site drainage area in the BMP catchment area A_I = Impervious area proposed in the BMP catchment area

 $A_{\mbox{\scriptsize P}}$ = Pervious area remaining in the BMP catchment area L_R = TSS Load removed from this catchment area by the proposed BMP

92.54 $A_1 =$ 19.94 acres A_P = 72 60 acres 21232 lbs

5. Calculate Fraction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall area

17583 Desired L_{M THIS BASIN} = lbs.

> F = 0.83

6. Calculate Capture Volume required by the BMP Type for this drainage basin / outfall area.

Calculations from RG-348 Pages 3-34 to 3-36

Rainfall Depth = 1.20 inches Post Development Runoff Coefficient = 0.21 On-site Water Quality Volume = cubic feet 84964

Calculations from RG-348 Pages 3-36 to 3-37

Off-site area draining to BMP = Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP =
Impervious fraction of off-site area =
Off-site Runoff Coefficient = 2.33 acres 0.32 0.27

Off-site Water Quality Volume = 8478 cubic feet

Storage for Sediment = 18689 Total Capture Volume (required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = 112131 cubic feet

9-29-2025

Appendix B

TCEQ WPAP & SCS APPLICATION

Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3

Williamson County, Texas

WPAP and SCS Approval Letters

Jon Niermann, Chairman Emily Lindley, Commissioner Bobby Janecka, Commissioner Toby Baker, Executive Director



TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Protecting Texas by Reducing and Preventing Pollution

June 2, 2021

Mr. James Edward Horne Santa Rita KC, LLC 1700 Cross Creek Lane, Suite 100 Liberty Hill, Texas 78642

Re: Edwards Aquifer, Williamson County

NAME OF PROJECT: Santa Rita Ranch Phase 1 Section 14; Located North of Rosetta Loop and Tierra Rosa Blvd.; Liberty Hill (ETJ), Texas

TYPE OF PLAN: Request for Approval of a Water Pollution Abatement Plan (WPAP) and an Organized Sewage Collection System (SCS); 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 213 Edwards Aquifer

Edwards Aquifer Protection Program (EAPP) ID Nos. 11002420 (WPAP) and 11002421 (SCS); Regulated Entity No. RN107097248

Dear Mr. Horne:

The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) has completed its review of the WPAP and SCS applications for the above-referenced project submitted to the Austin Regional Office by Carlson, Brigance & Doering, Inc. on behalf of Santa Rita KC, LLC on March 10, 2021. Final review was completed after additional material was received on May 10, 2021 and May 26, 2021. As presented to the TCEQ, the Temporary and Permanent Best Management Practices (BMPs) were selected and construction plans were prepared by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer to be in general compliance with the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 213 and Chapter 217. These planning materials were sealed, signed and dated by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. Therefore, based on the engineer's concurrence of compliance, the planning materials for construction of the proposed project and pollution abatement measures are hereby approved subject to applicable state rules and the conditions in this letter. The applicant or a person affected may file with the chief clerk a motion for reconsideration of the executive director's final action on this Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan. A motion for reconsideration must be filed no later than 23 days after the date of this approval letter. This approval expires two (2) years from the date of this letter unless, prior to the expiration date. more than 10 percent of the construction has commenced on the project or an extension of time has been requested.

BACKGROUND

The Santa Rita Ranch Phase 1 Sections 20A, 20B, and 20C WPAP approved by letter dated July 16, 2018 (EAPP ID No. 11001069) included the construction of 112 single-family residential lots,

Mr. James Edward Horne Page 2 June 2, 2021

roads and drives, utilities, a water quality basin (Pond 20), and associated appurtenances. Pond 20 was designed to treat 75.32 acres of impervious cover from a drainage area of 160.98 acres, and constructed to have a permanent pool volume of 532,431 cf, and a water quality volume of 804,065 cf, as certified by Mr. Steve Cates, P.E. with Carlson, Brigance & Doering, Inc. on March 24, 2020.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The proposed single-family residential project will have an area of approximately 34.23 acres. It will include the development of 42 single-family residential lots, roads and drives, utilities, a proposed batch detention (Pond 1-14), and vegetative filter strips. The impervious cover will be 7.10 acres (20.74 percent). Batch detention 1-14 is constructed to treat stormwater runoff from future developments and is designed to have a water quality volume of 252,080 cf. It will not treat any stormwater runoff from Phase 1 Section 14, but it will be used only for detention purposes in this phase of the development.

Additionally, the proposed SCS will consist of approximately 485 linear feet of 6-inch diameter SDR 26 PVC ASTM D3034, 2,399 linear feet of 8-inch diameter SDR 26 PVC ASTM D3034, and 40 linear feet of 8-inch diameter PVC AWWA C900, with associated manholes and stub-outs.

Project wastewater will be disposed of by conveyance to the existing Liberty Hill Wastewater Treatment Plant and will comply with the City of Liberty Hill specifications.

PERMANENT POLLUTION ABATEMENT MEASURES

To prevent the pollution of stormwater runoff originating on-site or upgradient of the site and potentially flowing across and off the site after construction, an existing water quality basin (modified wet basin Pond 20) and engineered vegetative filtered strips, designed using the TCEQ technical guidance document, Complying with the Edwards Aquifer Rules: Technical Guidance on Best Management Practices (2005), will be constructed to treat stormwater runoff. The required total suspended solids (TSS) treatment for this project is 6,180 pounds of TSS generated from the 7.10 acres of impervious cover. The approved measures meet the required 80 percent removal of the increased load in TSS caused by the project.

GEOLOGY

According to the Geologic Assessment (GA) included with the application, two sensitive geologic features, sinkholes SF-20 and SR-13, are located within the boundary of the site. The site is underlain by the Edwards Group Limestone (Ked) in the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone. The natural buffer zone proposed for sinkholes SF-20 and SR-13 are illustrated on the Drainage Area Plan (Sheet 11 of 43) of the construction plans. No regulated activities (such as construction or soil disturbing activities) will take place within the natural buffers.

The buffer areas described above will encompass and protect sinkholes SF-20 and SR-13. Physical barriers and sediment controls such as fencing, rock berms and/or silt fences are required at the edges of these buffers prior to the commencement of construction.

The TCEQ site assessment conducted on May 7, 2021 revealed the site to be generally as described by the GA.

STANDARD CONDITIONS

- 1. Pursuant to Chapter 7 Subchapter C of the Texas Water Code, any violations of the requirements in 30 TAC Chapter 213 may result in administrative penalties.
- 2. The holder of the approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan must comply with all provisions of 30 TAC Chapter 213 and all best management practices and measures contained in the approved plan. Additional and separate approvals, permits, registrations and/or authorizations from other TCEQ Programs (i.e., Stormwater, Water Rights, UIC) can be required depending on the specifics of the plan.
- 3. In addition to the rules of the Commission, the applicant may also be required to comply with state and local ordinances and regulations providing for the protection of water quality.

Prior to Commencement of Construction:

- 4. Within 60 days of receiving written approval of an Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan, the applicant must submit to the Austin Regional Office, proof of recordation of notice in the county deed records, with the volume and page number(s) of the county deed records of the county in which the property is located. A description of the property boundaries shall be included in the deed recordation in the county deed records. A suggested form (Deed Recordation Affidavit, TCEQ-0625) that you may use to deed record the approved WPAP is enclosed.
- 5. All contractors conducting regulated activities at the referenced project location shall be provided a copy of this notice of approval. At least one complete copy of the approved WPAP and this notice of approval shall be maintained at the project location until all regulated activities are completed.
- 6. Modification to the activities described in the referenced WPAP application following the date of approval may require the submittal of a plan to modify this approval, including the payment of appropriate fees and all information necessary for its review and approval prior to initiating construction of the modifications.
- 7. The applicant must provide written notification of intent to commence construction, replacement, or rehabilitation of the referenced project. Notification must be submitted to the Austin Regional Office no later than 48 hours prior to commencement of the regulated activity. Written notification must include the date on which the regulated activity will commence, the name of the approved plan and program ID number for the regulated activity, and the name of the prime contractor with the name and telephone number of the contact person. The executive director will use the notification to determine if the approved plan is eligible for an extension.
- 8. Temporary erosion and sedimentation (E&S) controls, i.e., silt fences, rock berms, stabilized construction entrances, or other controls described in the approved WPAP, must be installed prior to construction and maintained during construction. Temporary E&S controls may be removed when vegetation is established and the construction area is stabilized. If a water quality pond is proposed, it shall be used as a sedimentation basin during construction. The TCEQ may monitor stormwater discharges from the site to evaluate the adequacy of temporary E&S control measures. Additional controls may be necessary if excessive solids are being discharged from the site.
- 9. All borings with depths greater than or equal to 20 feet must be plugged with non-shrink grout from the bottom of the hole to within three (3) feet of the surface. The remainder of the hole must be backfilled with cuttings from the boring. All borings less than 20 feet must be backfilled with cuttings from the boring. All borings must be backfilled or plugged within four (4) days of completion of the drilling operation. Voids may be filled with gravel.

During Construction:

- 10. During the course of regulated activities related to this project, the applicant or agent shall comply with all applicable provisions of 30 TAC Chapter 213, Edwards Aquifer. The applicant shall remain responsible for the provisions and conditions of this approval until such responsibility is legally transferred to another person or entity.
- 11. This approval does not authorize the installation of temporary aboveground storage tanks on this project. If the contractor desires to install a temporary aboveground storage tank for use during construction, an application to modify this approval must be submitted and approved prior to installation. The application must include information related to tank location and spill containment. Refer to Standard Condition No. 6, above.
- 12. If any sensitive feature (caves, solution cavities, sink holes, etc.) is discovered during construction, all regulated activities near the feature must be suspended immediately. The applicant or his agent must immediately notify the Austin Regional Office of the discovery of the feature. Regulated activities near the feature may not proceed until the executive director has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the feature and the aquifer from potentially adverse impacts to water quality. The plan must be sealed, signed, and dated by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer.
- 13. All water wells, including injection, dewatering, and monitoring wells must be in compliance with the requirements of the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation under Title 16 TAC Chapter 76 (relating to Water Well Drillers and Pump Installers) and all other locally applicable rules, as appropriate.
- 14. If sediment escapes the construction site, the sediment must be removed at a frequency sufficient to minimize offsite impacts to water quality (e.g., fugitive sediment in street being washed into surface streams or sensitive features by the next rain). Sediment must be removed from sediment traps or sedimentation ponds not later than when design capacity has been reduced by 50 percent. Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals shall be prevented from becoming stormwater discharge pollutants.
- 15. Intentional discharges of sediment laden water are not allowed. If dewatering becomes necessary, the discharge will be filtered through appropriately selected best management practices. These may include vegetated filter strips, sediment traps, rock berms, silt fence rings, etc.
- 16. The following records shall be maintained and made available to the executive director upon request: the dates when major grading activities occur, the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site, and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 17. Stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, and construction activities will not resume within 21 days. When the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day is precluded by weather conditions, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable.
- 18. No part of the system shall be used as a holding tank for a pump-and-haul operation.

After Completion of Construction:

19. A Texas Licensed Professional Engineer must certify in writing that the permanent BMPs or measures were constructed as designed. The certification letter must be submitted to the Austin Regional Office within 30 days of site completion.

Mr. James Edward Horne Page 5 June 2, 2021

- 20. The applicant shall be responsible for maintaining the permanent BMPs after construction until such time as the maintenance obligation is either assumed in writing by another entity having ownership or control of the property (such as without limitation, an owner's association, a new property owner or lessee, a district, or municipality) or the ownership of the property is transferred to the entity. Such entity shall then be responsible for maintenance until another entity assumes such obligations in writing or ownership is transferred. A copy of the transfer of responsibility must be filed with the executive director through Austin Regional Office within 30 days of the transfer. A copy of the transfer form (TCEQ-10263) is enclosed.
- 21. Upon legal transfer of this property, the new owner(s) is required to comply with all terms of the approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan. If the new owner intends to commence any new regulated activity on the site, a new Edwards Aquifer protection plan that specifically addresses the new activity must be submitted to the executive director. Approval of the plan for the new regulated activity by the executive director is required prior to commencement of the new regulated activity.
- 22. Certification by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer of the testing of sewage collection systems required by 30 TAC Chapter 213 and Chapter 217 shall be submitted to the Austin Regional Office within 30 days of test completion and prior to the new sewage collection system being put into service. The certification should include the project name as it appeared on the approved application, the program ID number, and two copies of a site plan sheet(s) indicating the wastewater lines and manholes that were tested and are being certified as complying with the appropriate regulations. The engineer must certify in writing that all wastewater lines have passed all required testing to the appropriate regional office within 30 days of test completion and prior to use of the new collection system. Should any test result fail to meet passing test criteria and then subsequently pass testing, the result(s) and an explanation of what repair, adjustment, or other means were taken to facilitate a subsequent passing result shall be provided.

Every five years after the initial certification, the sewage collection system shall be retested. Any lines that fail the test must be repaired and retested. Certification that the system continues to meet the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 213 and Chapter 217 shall be submitted to the Austin Regional Office. The certification should include the project name as it appeared on the approved application, the program ID number and two copies of a site plan sheet(s) indicating the wastewater lines and manholes that were tested and are being certified as complying with the appropriate regulations. Should any test result fail to meet passing test criteria, and then subsequently pass testing, the result(s) and an explanation of what repair, adjustment, or other means were taken to facilitate a subsequent passing result shall be provided.

- 23. If ownership of this organized sewage collection system is legally transferred (e.g., developer to city or Municipal Utility District), the new owner(s) is required to comply with all terms of the approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan. If the new owner intends to commence any new regulated activity on the site, a new Edwards Aquifer protection plan that specifically addresses the new activity must be submitted to the executive director. Approval of the plan for the new regulated activity by the executive director is required prior to commencement of the new regulated activity.
- 24. An Edwards Aquifer protection plan approval or extension will expire, and no extension will be granted if more than 50 percent of the total construction has not been completed within ten years from the initial approval of a plan. A new Edwards Aquifer protection plan must be submitted to the Austin Regional Office with the appropriate fees for review and approval by the executive director prior to commencing any additional regulated activities.

Mr. James Edward Horne Page 6 June 2, 2021

25. At project locations where construction is initiated and abandoned, or not completed, the site shall be returned to a condition such that the aquifer is protected from potential contamination.

This action is taken under authority delegated by the Executive Director of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality. If you have any questions or require additional information, please contact Ms. Mihaela (Miki) Chilarescu, P.E. of the Edwards Aquifer Protection Program of the Austin Regional Office at (512) 339-2929.

Sincerely,

David Van Soest Regional Director

Austin and Waco Regions

Loui Wilson for

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

DVS/mec

Enclosure: Deed Recordation Affidavit, Form TCEQ-0625

Change in Responsibility for Maintenance of Permanent BMPs, Form TCEQ-10263



Carlson, Brigance & Doering, Inc.

Civil Engineering Surveying

CBD Project Number: 5045

Date: 2/7/2024

Mr. Robert Sadlier Water Section Team Leader Austin Region Office Texas Commission on Environmental Quality 12100 Park 35 Circle Austin, TX. 78753

RE: Santa Rita Ranch Phase 1 Section 14

Edwards Aquifer Protection Program ID No. 11002420

Regulated Entity No. RN107097248

Engineer's Certification for permanent BMP's

To whom it may concern:

Based on a site inspection of the batch detention pond constructed as part of Santa Rita Ranch Phase 1 Section 14, I certify that the permanent BMP was constructed as designed per the updated sheet 21 of 43 of the approved plans dated May 25, 2021. The approved water quality volume per plan is 252,080 cubic feet.

Sincerely,

Carlson, Brigance & Doering, Inc.

Steven P. Cates, P.E. Project Engineer

STEVEN P. CATES

P. 93648

P. 93648

P. ONAL ENGLY

CARLSON, BRIGANCE & DOERING, INC. ID# F3791

Appendix C

TCEQ WPAP & SCS APPLICATION

Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3

Williamson County, Texas

Water Quality Calculation

Spreadsheet

SANTA RITA RANCH PHASE 2B SECTION 3

Table 1 - Impervious Cover per Section

·	TCEQ Project Area Per Section							Onsite Drainage Basin to BMP Per Section					TSS Removal
Contributing Sections Project Ar	Project Area	Project Area		Impervious Areas (ac)						Impervious	Areas (ac)		Required
	(ac)	# Lots	Lots	ROW	Misc.	Total	Basin (ac)	# Lots	Lots	ROW	Misc.	Total	(lbs)
PROPOSED BATCH DETENTION	ON POND 14												
2B-1	16.49	24	2.07	1.19	0.00	3.26	13.77	24	2.07	1.19	0.00	3.26	2,838
2B-2	54.03	77	6.61	6.89	0.00	13.50	37.04	77	6.61	5.47	0.00	12.08	10,515
2B-3	16.87	35	3.23	1.63	0.00	4.86	15.73	33	3.05	1.55	0.00	4.60	4,230
FUTURE	26.00	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	26.00	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0
SANTA RITA RANCH PHASE 2	SANTA RITA RANCH PHASE 2B SECTION 3												
2B-2	16.87	35.00	3.23	1.63	0.00	4.86							4,230

Table 2 - BMP Treatment Requirements

				Drainage Basin							
Project Area			Ons	ite	Offsite		Total		capacity at WQV (
Total (ac)	Impv Area (ac)	Required TSS Removal (lbs)	Total (ac)	Impv Area (ac)	Total (ac)	Impv Area (ac)	Total (ac)	Impv Area (ac)	Required	Provided	
PROPOSED BATCH DETENTION POND 14											
113.39	21.62	17,583	92.54	19.94	7.22	2.33	99.76	22.27	112,131	261,115	

Proposed Pond 14 Stage-Storage

Proposed Pond 14 St	age-Storag	e				_
Stage	Area (sf)	Area (ac)	Incremental	Cumulative	Cumulative	
Stage	Ai ea (31)	Alea (ac)	Storage (cf)	Storage (cf)	Storage (ac-ft)	
908.00	25	0.00	0	0	0.00	Pond Bottom
909.00	19,760	0.45	9,893	9,893	0.23	
910.00	56,080	1.29	37,920	47,813	1.10	
911.00	109,909	2.52	82,995	130,807	3.00	
912.00	150,706	3.46	130,308	261,115	5.99	WQV Provided
913.00	168,122	3.86	159,414	420,529	9.65	
914.00	175,224	4.02	171,673	592,202	13.60	
915.00	181,246	4.16	178,235	770,437	17.69	
916.00	187,235	4.30	184,241	954,677	21.92	
917.00	193,298	4.44	190,267	1,144,944	26.28	
918.00	199,391	4.58	196,345	1,341,288	30.79	Top of Berm

STEVEN P. CATES

93648

CONSENSE

ON AL ENGLISH

STEVEN P. CATES

CARLSON, BRIGANCE & DOERING, INC. ID# F3791

9-29-2025

Agent Authorization Form

For Required Signature Edwards Aquifer Protection Program Relating to 30 TAC Chapter 213 Effective June 1, 1999

I James Edward Horne
Print Name
Vice President
Title - Owner/President/Other
of SRFV Development, LLC ,
Corporation/Partnership/Entity Name
have authorized Steven P. Cates, P.E.
Print Name of Agent/Engineer
of <u>Carlson, Brigance & Doering, Inc.</u>
Print Name of Firm

to represent and act on the behalf of the above named Corporation, Partnership, or Entity for the purpose of preparing and submitting this plan application to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the review and approval consideration of regulated activities.

I also understand that:

- 1. The applicant is responsible for compliance with 30 Texas Administrative Code Chapter 213 and any condition of the TCEQ's approval letter. The TCEQ is authorized to assess administrative penalties of up to \$10,000 per day per violation.
- 2. For those submitting an application who are not the property owner, but who have the right to control and possess the property, additional authorization is required from the owner.
- 3. Application fees are due and payable at the time the application is submitted. The application fee must be sent to the TCEQ cashier or to the appropriate regional office. The application will not be considered until the correct fee is received by the commission.
- 4. A notarized copy of the Agent Authorization Form must be provided for the person preparing the application, and this form must accompany the completed application.
- 5. No person shall commence any regulated activity on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone, Contributing Zone or Transition Zone until the appropriate application for the activity has been filed with and approved by the Executive Director.

SIGNATURE PAGE:

Applicant's Signature

9 - 23 - 20**2**5 Date

THE STATE OF LEXAS

County of PAIS §

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared to the person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged to me that (s)he executed same for the purpose and consideration therein expressed.

GIVEN under my hand and seal of office on this day of

NOTA DV DUBLIC

Typed or Printed Name of Notary

MY COMMISSION EXPIRES:

Application Fee Form

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Name of Proposed Regulated Entity: Santa Rita Ranch Phase 2B Section 3 Regulated Entity Location: South of Ex. Tower Rd, East of Flower Valley Pkwy Name of Customer: SRFV Development, LLC. Contact Person: James Edward Horne Phone: <u>512-280-5160</u> Customer Reference Number (if issued):CN 605894914 Regulated Entity Reference Number (if issued):RN ______ **Austin Regional Office (3373)** Hays Travis X Williamson San Antonio Regional Office (3362) Medina Uvalde Bexar Comal Kinney Application fees must be paid by check, certified check, or money order, payable to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality. Your canceled check will serve as your receipt. This form must be submitted with your fee payment. This payment is being submitted to: Austin Regional Office San Antonio Regional Office Mailed to: TCEQ - Cashier Overnight Delivery to: TCEQ - Cashier **Revenues Section** 12100 Park 35 Circle Mail Code 214 Building A, 3rd Floor P.O. Box 13088 Austin, TX 78753 (512)239-0357 Austin, TX 78711-3088 Site Location (Check All That Apply): Recharge Zone Contributing Zone Transition Zone

Miceria Be Zone			.0206
Туре с	of Plan	Size	Fee Due
Water Pollution Abatement	Plan, Contributing Zone		
Plan: One Single Family Resi	idential Dwelling	Acres	\$
Water Pollution Abatement			
Plan: Multiple Single Family	Residential and Parks	16.87 Acres	\$ 4,000
Water Pollution Abatement			
Plan: Non-residential	Acres	\$	
Sewage Collection System	2,357 L.F.	\$ 1,178.50	
Lift Stations without sewer lines		Acres	\$
Underground or Abovegrou	Tanks	\$	
Piping System(s)(only)		Each	\$
Exception		Each	\$
Extension of Time		Each	\$

Signature:

Date: 9/29/2025

Application Fee Schedule

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Edwards Aquifer Protection Program 30 TAC Chapter 213 (effective 05/01/2008)

Water Pollution Abatement Plans and Modifications

Contributing Zone Plans and Modifications

Project	Project Area in Acres	Fee
One Single Family Residential Dwelling	< 5	\$650
Multiple Single Family Residential and Parks	< 5	\$1,500
	5 < 10	\$3,000
	10 < 40	\$4,000
	40 < 100	\$6,500
	100 < 500	\$8,000
	≥ 500	\$10,000
Non-residential (Commercial, industrial,	< 1	\$3,000
institutional, multi-family residential, schools, and	1 < 5	\$4,000
other sites where regulated activities will occur)	5 < 10	\$5,000
	10 < 40	\$6,500
	40 < 100	\$8,000
	≥ 100	\$10,000

Organized Sewage Collection Systems and Modifications

Project	Cost per Linear Foot	Minimum Fee- Maximum Fee
Sewage Collection Systems	\$0.50	\$650 - \$6,500

Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank System Facility Plans and Modifications

Project	Cost per Tank or Piping System	Minimum Fee- Maximum Fee
Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank Facility	\$650	\$650 - \$6,500

Exception Requests

Project	Fee
Exception Request	\$500

Extension of Time Requests

Project	Fee
Extension of Time Request	\$150



TCEQ Core Data Form

TCEQ Use Only

For detailed instructions regarding completion of this form, please read the Core Data Form Instructions or call 512-239-5175.

2011011			20001011								
		sion (If other is	•		•	•	,				
		stration or Authoriz	•						ogram application	n.)	
	•	Data Form should		h the rene	wal forn		Oth				
2. Customer Reference Number (if issued) Follow this link to search for CN or RN numbers in Central Registry** CN 605894914 3. Regulated Entity Reference Number (if issued) RN						(if issued)					
ECTION	II: Cu	stomer Info	rmation			<u>L</u>					
4. General C				ate for Cu	ıstomer	Informa	ation L	Jpdate	s (mm/dd/yyyy)		
☐ New Cus☐ Change in		me (Verifiable wit		date to Cu				oller of		•	Entity Ownership
			-	•			•			rrent and	active with the
		of State (SOS)		-		ublic A					
6. Customer	Legal Na	me (If an individua	l, print last name fi	rst: eg: Do	e, John)		<u>If ne</u>	ew Cusi	tomer, enter previ	ous Custome	er below:
SRFV De	velopm	ent, LLC									
7. TX SOS/C 80090190	_	Number	8. TX State Ta 320342012		gits)		9. Federal Tax ID (9 digits) 10. DUNS Number (if a 203420128 N/A			S Number (if applicable)	
11. Type of 0	Customer	: 🛛 Corporati	on] Individ	ual		Part	nership: 🗌 Gener	al Limited	
Government:	☐ City ☐	County Federal	☐ State ☐ Other] Sole P	roprietor	ship		Other:		
12. Number ⊠ 0-20 □	of Emplo	yees 101-250	<u>251-500</u>	501 a	and high	ier		Indepe Yes	endently Owned	and Opera	ted?
14. Custome	er Role (P	roposed or Actual) -	- as it relates to the	e Regulate	d Entity li	isted on t	his form	n. Pleas	e check one of the	following:	
Owner Occupation	onal Licens	☐ Opera	tor ensible Party			Operato y Cleano		licant	☐Other:		
	1700	Cross Creek I	Lane								
15. Mailing Address:	Suite	100									
Addiess.	City	Liberty Hill		State	TX	Z	ZIP	7864	2	ZIP + 4	
16. Country	Mailing Ir	nformation (if outsi	ide USA)	1		17. E-N	lail Ac	dress	(if applicable)		
						ed@s	rraus	stin.co	om		
18. Telephor	ne Numbe	er	1	9. Extens	ion or C	Code			20. Fax Numbe	r (if applicat	ole)
(512) 50)2-2050								() -		
ECTION	III: R	egulated En	tity Inforn	ation							
21. General F	•	-	on (If 'New Regulated En		-				n should be accor		a permit application)
The Regula	ated En		mitted may b	e updat		•			<u> </u>		dards (removal
22. Regulate	d Entity N	lame (Enter name o	of the site where th	ne regulate	d action i	is taking _l	olace.)				
Santa Rita	Ranch	Phase 2B Sec	ction 3								

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23. Street Address of									
the Regulated Entity:									
(No PO Boxes)	City		State		ZIP			ZIP + 4	
24. County		·	•	•	•	•		•	
	E	nter Physical Lo	ocation Descriptio	n if no s	treet addres	s is prov	rided.		
25. Description to Physical Location:	South o	of Ex. Tower	·Rd, East of F	lower	Valley Pa	rkway			
26. Nearest City						State	9	Nea	est ZIP Code
27. Latitude (N) In Deci	mal:	30.681111		2	28. Longitude	e (W) I	n Decimal:	-97.82861	1
Degrees	Minutes	•	Seconds		Degrees		Minutes		Seconds
30		40	51.99		97			49	47.99
29. Primary SIC Code (4 d	igits) 30). Secondary SI	C Code (4 digits)	31. Pr (5 or 6 d	imary NAICS	Code	32. S (5 or 6	econdary NAI	CS Code
1521				2361			(0 0.0	<u> </u>	
33. What is the Primary E	Business of	f this entity?	Do not repeat the SIC of						
Single Family Resid									
				San	ta Rita KC, L	LC			
34. Mailing			ss Creek Lane, Suite 100						
Address:	City	Liberty H	ill State	T)	(ZIP	ZIP 78642		ZIP + 4	
35. E-Mail Address:	:		<u> </u>	ed@srraustin.com					
36. Telepho	one Numbe	r	37. Extensi	on or Co	ode	:	38. Fax Num	nber <i>(if applica</i>	ble)
(512) 5	502-2050						() -	
39. TCEQ Programs and ID form. See the Core Data Form in				nits/regist	ration numbers	that will b	e affected by	the updates sub	mitted on this
☐ Dam Safety	☐ District	S	☐ Edwards Aquife	er	☐ Emission	ons Invent	ory Air	☐ Industrial Ha	zardous Waste
Municipal Solid Waste	☐ New So	ource Review Air	OSSF		☐ Petrole	um Storag	je Tank	☐ PWS	
Cludes		Matar	Title MAin					□ Head Oil	
Sludge	Storm \	vvater	Title V Air		Tires			Used Oil	
☐ Voluntary Cleanup	☐ Waste	Water	☐ Wastewater Ag	riculture	☐ Water F	Rights		Other:	
SECTION IV: Pre	oarer In	<u>iformation</u>	1						
40. Name: Steven P.	Cates, P				41. Title:	Senio	r Project	Engineer	
42. Telephone Number			4. Fax Number		45. E-Mail <i>A</i>		<u> </u>		
(512) 280-5160 (512) 280-5165 steve@cbdeng.com									
SECTION V: Autl	norized	Signature	·						
46. By my signature below, signature authority to submit dentified in field 39.	I certify, to	the best of my ki							

Company:	Carlson, Brigance & Doering, Inc.	Job Title: Senior Project Engineer			r
Name(In Print):	Steven P. Cates				(512)280-5160
Signature:	Stown. Cales			Date:	9/29/2025

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ALL RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE ADEQUACY OF THESE PLANS REMAINS WITH THE ENGINEER WHO PREPARED THEM. IN ACCEPTING THESE PLANS, WILLIAMSON COUNTY MUST RELY UPON THE ADEQUACY OF THE WORK OF THE DESIGN ENGINEER.

THESE PLANS WERE PREPARED, SEALED, SIGNED AND DATED BY A TEXAS CONCURRENCE OF COMPLIANCE, THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS FOR THE PROPOSED PROJECT ARE HEREBY APPROVED SUBJECT TO THE STANDARD CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS AND DETAILS MANUAL AND ALL OTHER APPLICABLE CITY, STATE AND FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS AND CODES.

CIID	MITTED	DV.
อบห	MIIIKI	BY:

10-3-2025

STEVEN P. CATES, P.E. REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER No. 93648 DATE

ACCEPTED FOR CONSTRUCTION: (PROJECT #2025-??-WD)

CITY OF GEORGETOWN (WATER SYSTEM ONLY) DATE

ACCEPTED FOR CONSTRUCTION (PROJECT #2025-??-CON)

JENNIFER GLAESS, CITY ENGINEER (WASTEWATER SYSTEM PLAN)

DATE

McKENZI HICKS, INTERIM DIRECTOR OF PLANNING (WASTEWATER SYSTEM PLAN)

DATE

Based on the design engineer's certification of compliance with all applicable City, State and Federal regulations the plans and specifications contained herein have been reviewed and are found to be in compliance with the requirements of the City of Liberty Hill.

REVIEWED FOR COMPLIANCE WITH COUNTY REQUIREMENTS (WCSR 2021B):

FOR WILLIAMSON COUNTY

DATE

WILLIAMSON COUNTY M.U.D. #19C

DATE

SANTA RITA RANCH PHASE 2B SECTION 3

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS CONSTRUCTION PLANS



LOCATION MAP SCALF: 1" = 500'

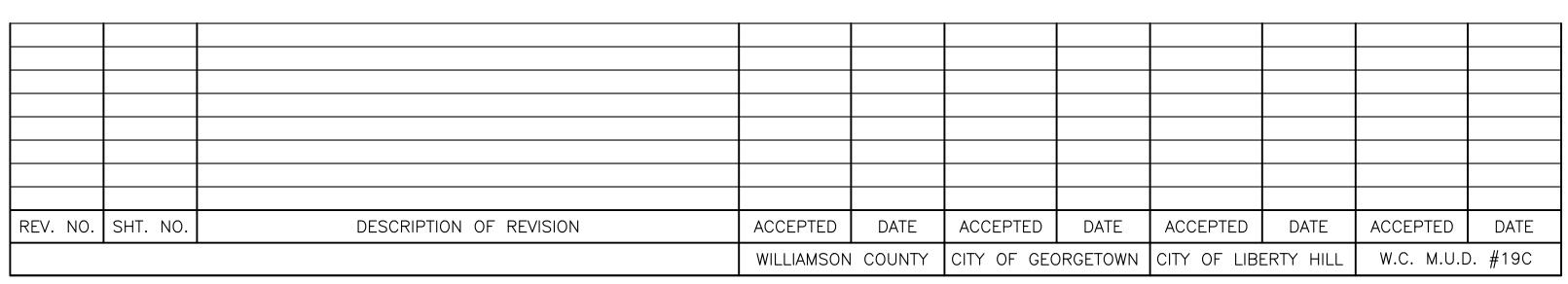
WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN AND ORGANIZED SEWAGE COLLECTION SYSTEM PLAN APPROVED BY TCEQ ON DECEMBER 18, 2020

30 TEXAS ADMINISTRATIVE CODE (TAC) CHAPTER 213 AND CHAPTER 217 EDWARDS AQUIFER EDWARDS AQUIFER PROTECTION PROGRAM ID NO. _____(WPAP) AND _____SCS)

OWNER:

SANTA RITA KC, LLC 1700 CROSS CREEK LANE, STE. 100 LIBERTY HILL, TX. 78642

ENGINEER & SURVEYOR: CARLSON, BRIGANCE & DOERING, INC. 5501 WEST WILLIAM CANNON DRIVE AUSTIN, TEXAS 78749 (512) 280-5160 phone (512) 280-5165 fax



TOTAL ACREAGE: 17.068 AC SURVEY: GEORGE W. GLASSCOCK SURVEY, ABSTRACT NO. 266 AND WILLIAM W. SMITH SURVEY, ABSTRACT NO. 591

F.E.M.A. MAP NO. 48491C 0275E WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS AND INCORPORATED AREAS. DATED: SEPTEMBER 26, 2008

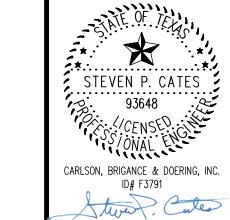


Call before you dig.

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- GENERAL NOTES (2 OF 2)
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- FINAL PLAT (2 OF 2)
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- EROSION NOTES & DETAILS
- EXISTING HYDROLOGY MAP
- DEVELOPED HYDROLOGY MAP
- TCEQ PROJECT AREA AND DRAINAGE MAP
- DRAINAGE CONTROL PLAN
- DRAINAGE CALCS
- GRADING PLAN
- TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
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- CORBINA COURT (0+00 TO END)
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- 2. HOLD PRE-CONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE. PROVIDE 72 HOUR NOTIFICATION TO THE OWNER, THE DESIGN ENGINEER, THE CONTRACTOR AND SUBCONTRACTORS, THE M.U.D. ENGINEER (512) 836-4817, THE CITY OF LIBERTY HILL (512) 778-5449, (WAYNE BONNET, DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC WORKS), WILLIAMSON COUNTY INSPECTIONS SUPERVISOR, GEORGE MAYFIELD
- (512) 943-3324, AND THE CITY OF GEORGETOWN UTILITY SYSTEM (512)930-3640. SEE WILLIAMSON COUNTY SUBDIVISION REGULATIONS CONSTRUCTION-GENERAL NOTE #1 ON THIS 3. ROUGH CUT ALL REQUIRED OR NECESSARY PONDS. EITHER THE PERMANENT OUTLET STRUCTURE OR A TEMPORARY OUTLET MUST BE CONSTRUCTED PRIOR TO DEVELOPMENT OF
- ANY EMBANKMENT OR EXCAVATION THAT LEADS TO PONDING CONDITIONS. THE OUTLET SYSTEM MUST CONSIST OF A LOW-LEVEL OUTLET AND AN EMERGENCY OVERFLOW. THE OUTLET SYSTEM SHALL BE PROTECTED FROM EROSION AND SHALL BE MAINTAINED THROUGHOUT THE COURSE OF CONSTRUCTION UNTIL FINAL RESTORATION IS ACHIEVED. 4. ROUGH GRADE STREETS. NO DEVELOPMENT OF EMBANKMENT WILL BE PERMITTED AT THIS TIME. ONCE STREETS ARE ROUGH CUT, THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER IS TO FIELD VERIFY
- PAVEMENT DESIGN IS APPROPRIATE, AND MODIFY RECOMMENDATIONS ACCORDINGLY. 5. INSTALL ALL UTILITIES TO BE LOCATED UNDER THE PROPOSED PAVEMENT.
- 6. BEGIN INSTALLATION OF STORM SEWER LINES. UPON COMPLETION, RESTORE AS MUCH DISTURBED AREA AS MUCH AS POSSIBLE, PARTICULARLY CHANNELS AND LARGE OPEN AREAS.
- 8. INSURE THAT ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITY CROSSINGS ARE COMPLETED. LAY FIRST COURSE BASE MATERIAL ON ALL STREETS.
- 9. INSTALL CURB AND GUTTER. 10. LAY FINAL BASE COURSE ON ALL STREETS.
- 11. LAY ASPHALT.
- 12. COMPLETE ALL UNDERGROUND INSTALLATIONS WITHIN THE R.O.W.
- 13. COMPLETE PERMANENT EROSION CONTROL AND RESTORATION OF SITE VEGETATION. 14. THE PROJECT ENGINEER INSPECTS JOB AND WRITES CONCURRENCE LETTER TO THE CITY. FINAL INSPECTION IS SCHEDULED UPON RECEIPT OF LETTER. FINAL INSPECTION WITH THE
- M.U.D. ENGINEER, EV INSPECTOR, THE CITY OF LIBERTY HILL, WILLIAMSON COUNTY, AND THE CITY OF GEORGETOWN PRIOR TO THE REMOVAL OF EROSION CONTROLS. 15. REMOVE AND DISPOSE OF TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROLS. TREE PROTECTION SHALL BE REQUIRED TO BE MAINTAINED AND REMAIN IN PLACE FOR EACH RESIDENTIAL LOT THROUGH RECEIPT OF THE CONCURRENCE LETTER TO THE RESIDENTIAL CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY. 16. COMPLETE ANY NECESSARY FINAL DRESS UP OF AREAS DISTURBED BY ITEM 15.

GEORGETOWN UTILITY SYSTEMS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. THESE CONSTRUCTION PLANS WERE PREPARED, SEALED AND DATED BY A TEXAS LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER. THEREFORE BASED ON THE ENGINEER'S CONCURRENCE OF COMPLIANCE, THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROPOSED PROJECT ARE HEREBY APPROVED SUBJECT TO THE STANDARD CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS AND DETAILS MANUAL AND ALL OTHER APPLICABLE CITY, STATE AND FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS AND CODES.
- THIS PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO ALL CITY STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS AND DETAILS IN EFFECT AT THE TIME OF SUBMITTAL OF THE PROJECT OF THE CITY.
- THE SITE CONSTRUCTION PLANS SHALL MEET ALL REQUIREMENTS OF THE APPROVED SITE PLAN.
- PRIVATE WATER SYSTEM FIRE LINES SHALL BE TESTED BY THE CONTRACTOR TO 200 PSI FOR 2 HOURS. PRIVATE WATER SYSTEM FIRE LINES SHALL BE DUCTILE IRON PIPING FROM THE WATER MAIN TO THE BUILDING SPRINKLER SYSTEM, AND 200 PSI C900 PVC FOR ALL OTHERS.
- PUBLIC WATER SYSTEM MAINS SHALL BE 150 PSI C900 PVC AND TESTED BY THE CONTRACTOR AT 150 PSI FOR 4 HOURS. ALL BENDS AND CHANGES IN DIRECTION ON WATER MAINS SHALL BE RESTRINED AND THRUST BLOCKED.
- LONG FIRE HYDRANT LEADS SHALL BE RESTRAINED.
- ALL WATER LINES ARE TO BE BACTERIA TESTED BY THE CONTRACTOR ACCORDING TO THE CITY STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS. 10. WATER AND SEWER MAIN CROSSINGS SHALL MEET ALL REQUIREMENTS OF THE TCEQ AND THE CITY.
- 11. A MAINTENANCE BOND IS REQUIRED TO BE SUBMITTED TO TEH CITY PRIOR TO APPROVAL OF THE PUBLIC IMPROVMENTS. THIS BOND SHALL BE ESTABLISHED FOR 2 YEARS IN THE AMOUNT OF 10% OF THE COST OF THE PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS AND SHALL FOLLOW THE CITY FORMAT.
- 12. RECORD DRAWINGS OF THE PUBLIC IMPROVMENTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE CITY BY THE DESIGN ENGINEER PRIOR TO ACCEPTACNE OF THE PROJECT. THESE DRAWINGS SHALL BE SUBMITTED AS A PDF (300P DPI) ON A FLASH DRIVE, OR BY A CLOUD SOURCE.

STREET AND DRAINAGE NOTES:

- 1. ROADWAY CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CURRENT "WILLIAMSON COUNTY SUBDIVISION REGULATIONS," AS APPLICABLE.
- 2. ALL MATERIALS SHALL BE SAMPLED AND TESTED BY AN INDEPENDENT TESTING LABORATORY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS APPROVED BY THE COUNTY ENGINEER. THE OWNER SHALL PAY FOR ALL TESTING SERVICES AND SHALL FURNISH THE COUNTY ENGINEER WITH CERTIFIED COPIES OF THESE TEST RESULTS. ANY RETESTING SHALL BE PAID FOR BY THE CONTRACTOR. THE COUNTY ENGINEER MUST APPROVE THE TEST RESULTS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTING THE NEXT COURSE OF THE ROADWAY STRUCTURE. ANY MATERIAL WHICH DOES NOT MEET THE MINIMUM REQUIRED TEST SPECIFICATIONS SHALL BE REMOVED AND RECOMPACTED OR REPLACED UNLESS ALTERNATIVE
- REMEDIAL ACTION IS APPROVED IN WRITING FROM THE COUNTY ENGINEER. 3. BACKFILL BEHIND THE CURB SHALL BE COMPACTED TO OBTAIN A MINIMUM OF 95% MAXIMUM DENSITY TO WITHIN 3" OF TOP OF CURB. MATERIAL USED SHALL BE PRIMARILY GRANULAR WITH NO ROCKS LARGER THAN 6" IN THE GREATEST DIMENSION. THE REMAINING 3" SHALL BE CLEAN TOPSOIL FREE FROM ALL CLODS AND SUITABLE FOR SUSTAINING
- 4. DEPTH OF COVER FOR ALL CROSSINGS UNDER PAVEMENT INCLUDING GAS, ELECTRIC, TELEPHONE, CABLE TV, WATER SERVICES, ETC., SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 30" BELOW
- 5. STREET RIGHTS-OF-WAY SHALL BE GRADED AT A SLOPE OF 1/4" PER FOOT TOWARD THE CURB UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED. HOWEVER, IN NO CASE SHALL THE WIDTH OF RIGHT-OF-WAY AT 1/4" PER FOOT SLOPE BE LESS THAN 10 FEET UNLESS A SPECIFIC REQUEST FOR AN ALTERNATE GRADING SCHEME IS MADE TO AND ACCEPTED BY THE COUNTY ENGINEER. BARRICADES BUILT TO WILLIAMSON COUNTY STANDARDS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED ON ALL DEAD-END STREETS AND AS NECESSARY DURING CONSTRUCTION TO MAINTAIN JOB AND PUBLIC SAFETY.
- 6. ALL R.C.P. SHALL BE MINIMUM CLASS III, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 7. THE PREPARATION OF SUBGRADE SHALL FOLLOW GOOD ENGINEERING PRACTICES AS DIRECTED BY THE COUNTY ENGINEER AND IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE OUTLINED IN THE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT BY MLA LABS, INC., DATED JULY 28, 2023. THE PAVING SECTIONS ARE TO BE CONSTRUCTED AS FOLLOWS:

RECOMMEN	IDATIONS PAVEMENT THI	CKNESS	SECTIONS	<u>S</u>
Street Classification	Subgrade Material	Hot Mix Asphaltic Concrete, in	Crushed Limestone Base, in	Lime Stabilized Subgrade, in
	Subgrade PI < 20	2.0	12	_
Local Streets	Subgrade 20 < PI < 35	2.0	12	8
	Subgrade 35 < PI < 55	2.0	14	8
	Subgrade PI < 20	2.0	14	
Collectors	Subgrade 20 < PI < 35	2.0	17	8
	Subgrade 35 < PI < 55	2.0	17	8

- 1. Where the subgrade is comprised of limestone or low PI clay (PI < 20), lime stabilization
- may be omitted. 2. The surface clay must first be tested for sulfate reaction and a mix design should be completed to determine the proper lime content, lime bype, mixing procedure and curing
- 3. The subgrade improvement should be extended a min. 18" beyound the back of curb line, unless lime treatments being used, base should extended 3 feet beyond the back of the curb
- 4. These pavement thickness designs are intended to transfer the load from the anticipated traffic conditions.
- 5. The responsibility of assigning street classification to the streets in this project is left to the civil engineer.
- 6. If pavement designs other than those listed above are desired, please contact MLA labs, inc.
- THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER SHALL INSPECT THE SUBGRADE FOR COMPLIANCE WITH THE DESIGN ASSUMPTIONS MADE DURING PREPARATION OF THE SOILS REPORT. ANY ADJUSTMENTS THAT ARE REQUIRED SHALL BE MADE THROUGH REVISION OF THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS.
- 8. WHERE PI'S ARE OVER 20, SUBGRADES MUST BE STABILIZED UTILIZING A METHOD ACCEPTABLE TO THE COUNTY ENGINEER. THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER SHALL RECOMMEND AN APPROPRIATE SUBGRADE STABILIZATION IF SULFATES ARE DETERMINED TO BE PRESENT. SEE THE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT FOR DESIGN GUIDES FOR DIFFERENT PI VALUES.
- 9. CONTRACTOR IS TO AVOID INSTALLATION OF IRRIGATION, PLANTINGS, SILT FENCE, ETC. IN THE SUBGRADE IMPROVEMENT EXTENDED BEHIND THE CURB.

PER THE WILLIAMSON COUNTY ENGINEER, THERE MUST BE A TXDOT HMAC WEARING SURFACE 340 TYPE D, WITHOUT "RAS". WILLIAMSON COUNTY REQUIRES THE 2 INCH WEARING SURFACE TO BE "VIRGIN MIX"

CITY OF LIBERTY HILL GENERAL NOTES (REVISED JUNE 10, 2024):

- 1. ALL CONSTRUCTION OF THE WASTEWATER SYSTEM SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CITY OF ROUND ROCK STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS MANUAL.
- 2. ANY EXISTING UTILITIES, PAVEMENT, CURBS, SIDEWALKS, STRUCTURES, TREES, ETC., (NOT PLANNED FOR DESTRUCTION OR REMOVAL) THAT ARE DAMAGED OR REMOVED, SHALL BE REPAIRED, OR REPLACED, AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ALL DEPTHS AND LOCATIONS OF EXISTING UTILITIES PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES. ANY DISCREPANCIES WITH THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS FOUND IN THE FIELD SHALL IMMEDIATELY BE BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF THE ENGINEER WHO SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR REVISING THE PLANS AS APPROPRIATE. FAILURE TO COMPLETE THIS STEP PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION MAY RESULT IN SIGNIFICANT DELAYS AND/OR EXPENDITURES FOR WHICH THE CITY SHALL NOT BE HELD LIABLE.
- 4. MANHOLE FRAMES, COVERS, VALVES, CLEANOUTS, ETC. SHALL BE RAISED TO FINISHED GRADE PRIOR TO FINAL PAVING CONSTRUCTION. 5. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL GIVE THE CITY OF LIBERTY HILL PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT 48 HOURS' NOTICE BEFORE BEGINNING EACH PHASE OF CONSTRUCTION BY BOTH CALLING (512) 548-5519 AND EMAILING planning@libertyhilltx.gov
- 6. ALL AREAS DISTURBED OR EXPOSED DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE REVEGETATED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS. THIS INCLUDES ANY AREAS LOCATED OUTSIDE OF THE DEFINED LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION (LOC), IN RIGHTS-OF-WAY (ROW), OR LOCATED ON ADJACENT PROPERTIES. REVEGETATION OF ALL DISTURBED OR EXPOSED AREAS SHALL CONSIST OF SODDING OR SEEDING, AT THE CONTRACTOR'S OPTION. HOWEVER, THE TYPE OF REVEGETATION MUST EQUAL OR EXCEED THE TYPE OF VEGETATION PRESENT
- 7. PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION, THE ENGINEER SHALL CONVENE A PRECONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE BETWEEN THE CITY OF LIBERTY HILL, HIMSELF, THE CONTRACTOR, OTHER UTILITY COMPANIES, ANY AFFECTED PARTIES, AND ANY OTHER ENTITY THE CITY OR ENGINEER MAY REQUIRE.
- THE ENGINEER SHALL FURNISH THE CITY OF LIBERTY HILL WITH ACCURATE "AS-BUILT" DRAWINGS FOLLOWING THE COMPLETION OF ALL CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR AND THE ENGINEER SHALL KEEP ACCURATE RECORDS OF ALL CONSTRUCTION THAT DEVIATES FROM THE PLANS. THESE "AS-BUILT" DRAWINGS SHALL MEET ALL APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE CITY ENGINEER PRIOR TO FINAL SITE INSPECTION APPROVAL. CHANGES TO APPROVED, CONSTRUCTION-STAMPED PLANS SHALL REQUIRE AN APPROVED SITE
- PLAN OR STORMWATER PERMIT AMENDMENT THAT IS APPROVED BY THE CITY PRIOR TO FIELD USE. 9. THE CITY OF LIBERTY HILL SHALL NOT BE PETITIONED FOR ACCEPTANCE UNTIL ALL NECESSARY EASEMENT DOCUMENTS HAVE BEEN SIGNED AND RECORDED.
- 10. WHEN CONSTRUCTION IS BEING CARRIED OUT WITHIN EASEMENTS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONFINE CONTRACTOR'S WORK TO WITHIN THE PERMANENT AND ANY TEMPORARY EASEMENTS. PRIOR TO FINAL ACCEPTANCE, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR REMOVING ALL TRASH AND DEBRIS WITHIN THE PERMANENT AND TEMPORARY EASEMENTS.
- CLEANUP SHALL BE TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE CITY ENGINEER AND/OR DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC WORKS. 11. PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL APPLY FOR AND SECURE ALL PROPER PERMITS FROM THE APPROPRIATE AUTHORITIES.

13. AVAILABLE PERMANENT BENCHMARKS WITH VERTICAL DATUM INFORMATION THAT MAY BE UTILIZED FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF THIS PROJECT ARE DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

BENCHMARKS

DESCRIPTION	ELEVATION	NORTHING	EASTING
SQUARE CUT ON TOP OF CURB AT THE			
NORTH EAST INTERSECTION OF TOWER			
RD AND FLOWER VALLEY PKWY	870.27	10,220,702.2000	3,080,816.0660
SQUARE CUT ON CURB INLET ON THE			
EASTERN SIDE OF FLOWER VALLEY			
PKWY APROXIMATELY 500' SOUTH OF			
THE INTERSECTION OF TOWER RD	875.57	10,220,192.6330	3,081,116.0190
CONTTON SPINDLE SET IN SEAM OF			
SIDEWALK CROSSING THE MEDIAN ON			
SWEETGRASS COURT	901.66	10,219,394.8590	3,081,319.8000

- 15. ALL RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE ADEQUACY OF THESE PLANS REMAINS WITH THE ENGINEER WHO PREPARED THEM. IN REVIEWING THESE PLANS, THE CITY OF LIBERTY HILL MUST RELY ON THE ADEQUACY OF THE WORK OF THE DESIGN ENGINEER.
- 16. CONTRACTORS ON SITE SHALL HAVE AN APPROVED SET OF PLANS AT ALL TIMES. FAILURE TO HAVE AN APPROVED SET MAY RESULT IN A STOP WORK ORDER.

- 1. IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF TEXAS AND THE U. S. OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION REGULATIONS, ALL TRENCHES OVER 5 FEET IN DEPTH, IN EITHER HARD AND COMPACT OR SOFT AND UNSTABLE SOIL SHALL BE SLOPED, SHORED, SHEETED, BRACED OR OTHERWISE SUPPORTED. FURTHERMORE, ALL TRENCHES LESS THAN 5 FEET IN DEPTH SHALL ALSO BE EFFECTIVELY PROTECTED WHEN HAZARDOUS GROUND MOVEMENT MAY BE EXPECTED. TRENCH SAFETY SYSTEMS TO BE UTILIZED FOR THIS PROJECT
- SHALL BE PROVIDED AS PART OF A PACKAGE REQUIRED PRIOR TO THE PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING AND ANY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES. 2. IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE U. S. OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION REGULATIONS, WHEN PERSONS ARE IN TRENCHES 4-FEET DEEP OR MORE, ADEQUATE MEANS OF EXIT, SUCH AS A LADDER OR STEPS, MUST BE PROVIDED AND LOCATED SO AS TO REQUIRE NO MORE THAN 25 FEET OF LATERAL TRAVEL.
- 3. IF TRENCH SAFETY SYSTEM DETAILS WERE NOT PROVIDED IN THE PLANS BECAUSE TRENCHES WERE ANTICIPATED TO BE LESS THAN 5 FEET IN DEPTH AND DURING CONSTRUCTION IT IS FOUND THAT TRENCHES ARE IN FACT 5 FEET OR MORE IN DEPTH OR TRENCHES LESS THAN 5 FEET IN DEPTH ARE IN AN AREA WHERE HAZARDOUS GROUND MOVEMENT IS EXPECTED, ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL CEASE, THE TRENCHED AREA SHALL BE BARRICADED AND THE ENGINEER NOTIFIED IMMEDIATELY. CONSTRUCTION SHALL NOT RESUME UNTIL APPROPRIATE TRENCH SAFETY SYSTEM DETAILS, AS DESIGNED BY A PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER IN THE STATE OF TEXAS, ARE SUBMITTED TO THE CITY OF LIBERTY HILL FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL

TRAFFIC MARKING NOTES:

- 1. ANY METHODS, STREET MARKINGS AND SIGNAGE NECESSARY FOR WARNING MOTORISTS, WARNING PEDESTRIANS OR DIVERTING TRAFFIC DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL CONFORM TO THE TEXAS MANUAL OF UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES FOR STREETS AND HIGHWAYS, LATEST EDITIONS.
- 2. ALL PAVEMENT MARKINGS, MARKERS, PAINT, TRAFFIC BUTTONS, TRAFFIC CONTROLS AND SIGNS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF HIGHWAYS, STREETS AND BRIDGES AND, THE TEXAS MANUAL OF UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES FOR STREETS AND HIGHWAYS, LATEST EDITIONS.

EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL NOTES:

- 1. FROSION CONTROL MEASURES. SITE WORK AND RESTORATION WORK SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CITY OF LIBERTY HILL UNIFIED DEVELOPMENT CODE
- 2. ALL SLOPES SHALL BE SODDED OR SEEDED WITH APPROVED GRASS, GRASS MIXTURES OR GROUND COVER SUITABLE TO THE AREA AND SEASON IN WHICH THEY ARE APPLIED. 3. SILT FENCES, ROCK BERMS, SEDIMENTATION BASINS AND SIMILARLY RECOGNIZED TECHNIQUES AND MATERIALS SHALL BE EMPLOYED DURING CONSTRUCTION TO PREVENT POINT SOURCE SEDIMENTATION LOADING OF DOWNSTREAM FACILITIES. INSTALLATION AND CONDITION SHALL BE REGULARLY INSPECTED BY THE CITY OF LIBERTY HILL FOR EFFECTIVENESS. ADDITIONAL MEASURES MAY BE REQUIRED IF, IN THE OPINION OF THE CITY ENGINEER, THEY ARE WARRANTED.
- 4. ALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL NOT BE REMOVED UNTIL REVEGETATION HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED AND APPROVAL RECEIVED FROM THE CITY OF LIBERTY HILL. IT SHALL BE
- THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO MAINTAIN ALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL STRUCTURES AND TO REMOVE EACH STRUCTURE AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER. 5. ALL MUD, DIRT, ROCKS, DEBRIS, ETC., SPILLED, TRACKED OR OTHERWISE DEPOSITED ON EXISTING PAVED STREETS, DRIVES AND AREAS USED BY THE PUBLIC SHALL BE CLEANED UP IMMEDIATELY.

WILLIAMSON COUNTY SUBDIVISION REGULATIONS

APPENDIX B ADOPTED AND EFFECTIVE AS OF JUNE 22, 2021

- <u>B4 CONSTRUCTION GENERAL</u> B4.1 A PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING SHALL BE SCHEDULED PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION. THE DESIGN ENGINEER, OWNER, CONTRACTOR, SUBCONTRACTORS, AND COUNTY ENGINEER SHALL ATTEND THIS MEETING. ALL ROADS ARE TO BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS AS APPROVED BY THE COUNTY ENGINEER AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SPECIFICATIONS FOUND IN THE CURRENT VERSION OF THE "TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION MANUAL STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF HIGHWAYS, STREETS, AND BRIDGES" UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED ON THE CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS APPROVED BY THE COUNTY ENGINEER.
- B4.2 ALL MATERIALS SHALL BE SAMPLED AND TESTED BY AN INDEPENDENT TESTING LABORATORY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS APPROVED BY THE COUNTY ENGINEER. THE OWNER SHALL PAY FOR ALL TESTING SERVICES AND SHALL FURNISH THE COUNTY ENGINEER WITH CERTIFIED COPIES OF THESE TEST RESULTS. THE COUNTY ENGINEER MUST APPROVE THE TEST RESULTS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTING THE NEXT COURSE OF THE ROADWAY STRUCTURE. ANY MATERIAL WHICH DOES NOT MEET THE MINIMUM REQUIRED TEST SPECIFICATIONS SHALL BE REMOVED AND RECOMPACTED OR REPLACED UNLESS ALTERNATIVE REMEDIAL ACTION IS APPROVED IN WRITING FROM THE COUNTY ENGINEER.
- B4.3 EXCEPT FOR ELECTRICAL LINES, ALL UNDERGROUND NONFERROUS UTILITIES WITHIN A RIGHT-OF-WAY OR EASEMENT MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY FERROUS METAL LINES TO AID IN TRACING THE LOCATION OF SAID UTILITIES THROUGH THE USE OF A METAL DETECTOR.
- B4.4 ALL PAVEMENTS ARE TO BE DESIGNED BY A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER. THE DESIGN SHALL BE BASED ON A 20-YEAR DESIGN LIFE AND IN CONJUNCTION WITH RECOMMENDATIONS BASED UPON A SOILS REPORT OF SAMPLES TAKEN ALONG THE PROPOSED ROADWAYS. TEST BORINGS SHALL BE PLACED AT A MAXIMUM SPACING OF 500 FEET OR OTHER SAMPLING FREQUENCY APPROVED BY THE COUNTY ENGINEER BASED ON RECOMMENDATIONS PROVIDED BY THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER. BORINGS SHALL BE TO A DEPTH OF TEN FT OR, IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED, ONE FT BELOW NON-FRACTURED ROCK. THE SOILS REPORT AND PAVEMENT DESIGN SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE COUNTY ENGINEER FOR REVIEW. THE PAVEMENT DESIGN MUST BE APPROVED BY THE COUNTY ENGINEER PRIOR TO OR CONCURRENTLY WITH THE REVIEW AND APPROVAL OF THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS. IN ADDITION TO THE BASIS OF THE PAVEMENT DESIGN, THE SOILS REPORT SHALL CONTAIN THE RESULTS OF SAMPLED AND TESTED SUBGRADE FOR PLASTICITY INDEX.

<u>B5 – SUBGRADE</u>

- B5.1 THE PREPARATION OF THE SUBGRADE SHALL FOLLOW GOOD ENGINEERING PRACTICES AS DIRECTED BY THE COUNTY ENGINEER IN CONJUNCTION WITH RECOMMENDATIONS OUTLINED IN THE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT. WHEN THE PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) IS GREATER THAN 20, A SUFFICIENT AMOUNT OF LIME SHALL BE ADDED AS DESCRIBED IN ITEM 260 OF THE CURRENT EDITION OF THE TXDOT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION UNTIL THE PI IS LESS THAN 20. IF THE ADDITION OF LIME AS DESCRIBED IN ITEM 260 IS NOT FEASIBLE, AN ALTERNATE STABILIZING DESIGN SHALL BE PROPOSED AND SUBMITTED TO THE COUNTY ENGINEER FOR APPROVAL. THE SUBGRADE SHALL BE PREPARED AND COMPACTED TO ACHIEVE A DRY DENSITY PER TXDOT ITEM 132. IN ADDITION, PROOF ROLLING MAY BE REQUIRED BY THE COUNTY ENGINEER.
- B5.2 IF LIME IS NECESSARY, THEN A SUFFICIENT AMOUNT OF LIME SHALL BE ADDED, AS DESCRIBED IN ITEM 260 OF THE CURRENT EDITION OF THE TXDOT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION TO PROPERLY STABILIZE SUBGRADE. THE USE OF HYDRATED LIME OR LIME SLURRY IS APPROVED; HOWEVER, THE USE OF PELLETIZED LIME IS NOT APPROVED.
- B5.3 PRIOR TO LIME STABILIZATION, A SULFATE TEST OF IN SITU SOILS SHALL BE PERFORMED BY DEVELOPER TO CONFIRM THE APPROPRIATE MEANS AND METHODS OF STABILIZATION. PROVIDE SULFATE TEST TO COUNTY ENGINEER PRIOR TO STABILIZATION.
- B5.4 ANY VARIATION TO THE COUNTY'S STABILIZATION REQUIREMENTS MUST BE APPROVED BY THE COUNTY ENGINEER.
- B5.5 THE SUBGRADE SHALL BE PREPARED AND COMPACTED TO ACHIEVE A DRY DENSITY PER TXDOT ITEM 132. IN ADDITION, PROOF ROLLING MAY BE REQUIRED BY THE COUNTY ENGINEER. B5.6 THE SUBGRADE SHALL BE INSPECTED AND APPROVED BY AN INDEPENDENT TESTING LABORATORY AND A CERTIFIED COPY OF ALL INSPECTION REPORTS FURNISHED TO THE COUNTY ENGINEER. THE COUNTY ENGINEER MUST APPROVE THE REPORT PRIOR TO APPLICATION OF THE BASE MATERIAL. ALL DENSITY TEST REPORTS SHALL INCLUDE A COPY OF THE WORK SHEET SHOWING THE PERCENTAGE OF THE MAXIMUM DRY (PROCTOR) DENSITY. THE NUMBER AND LOCATION OF ALL SUBGRADE TESTS SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE COUNTY ENGINEER.
- <u>B6 BASE MATERIAL</u> B6.1 BASE MATERIAL SHALL CONFORM TO ITEM 247 OF THE CURRENT EDITION OF THE TXDOT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION, "FLEXIBLE BASE". THE BASE MATERIAL SHALL BE TYPE A GRADE 4, OR AS APPROVED BY THE COUNTY ENGINEER. GRADE 4 MATERIAL SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF TABLE B6.1

IE 4, UR AS APPROVED BY THE	COUNTY ENGINEER. GRADE
IASTER GRADATION SIEVE SIZE	CUMULATIVE % RETAINE
2 1/2"	-
1 3/4"	0
7/8"	10% - 35%
3/8"	30% - 65%
#4	45% - 75%
#40	70% - 90%
"	

87% - 95% B6.2 EACH LAYER OF BASE COURSE SHALL BE TESTED FOR IN-PLACE DRY DENSITY AND MEASURED FOR COMPACTED THICKNESS. THE NUMBER AND LOCATION OF ALL BASE TEST SAMPLES SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE COUNTY ENGINEER.

B6.3 THE BASE SHALL BE PREPARED AND COMPACTED TO ACHIEVE A MINIMUM OF 100% OF THE MAXIMUM (PROCTOR) DRY DENSITY OR AS APPROVED BY THE COUNTY ENGINEER UPON RECOMMENDATION BY THE TESTING LABORATORY. THE MAXIMUM LIFT SHALL NOT EXCEED SIX INCHES. THE BASE MUST BE INSPECTED AND APPROVED BY AN INDEPENDENT TESTING LABORATORY AND A CERTIFIED COPY OF THE TEST RESULTS FURNISHED TO THE COUNTY ENGINEER FOR APPROVAL. PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF THE FIRST LIFT OF BASE, THE STOCKPILE SHALL BE TESTED FOR THE SPECIFICATIONS FOUND IN ITEM 247 TABLE 1 AND THE RESULT FURNISHED TO THE COUNTY ENGINEER FOR APPROVAL.

B7.1 URBAN ROADS REQUIRE A MINIMUM 2 INCH WEARING SURFACE OF HMAC TYPE D. THE MIX SHALL BE FROM A TXDOT CERTIFIED PLANT AND THE MIX DESIGN SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE COUNTY ENGINEER FOR APPROVAL PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF THE MATERIAL.

- B7.2 IF PROVIDING MIXTURE TYPE C OR D, USE PERFORMANCE GRADE (PG) BINDER 70-22. PROVIDE PG BINDER THAT DOES NOT CONTAIN RECYCLED ENGINE OIL BOTTOMS (REOBS) OR POLY PHOSPHORIC ACID (PPA). RECYCLED ASPHALT PAVEMENT (RAP) IS NOT PERMITTED FOR USE AS A COMPONENT OF THE HMACP. THE CONTRACTOR IS ALSO NOT PERMITTED THE USE RECYCLED ASPHALT SHINGLES (RAS) AS A COMPONENT OF THE HMACP.
- B7.3 IF PROVIDING MIXTURE TYPE B, USE PG BINDER 64-22. PROVIDE PG BINDERS THAT DO NOT CONTAIN REOBS OR PPA. FOR SUBSURFACE COURSE TYPE B, THE USE OF TWENTY PERCENT (20%) RAP IS PERMITTED IN THE MIX DESIGN. THE CONTRACTOR IS NOT PERMITTED TO USE RAS AS A COMPONENT OF THE HMACP.
- B7.4 TARGET LABORATORY MOLDED DENSITY IS 96.5% FOR ALL MIXTURES WITHOUT RAP AND WHEN USING A TEXAS GYRATORY COMPACTOR (TGC) FOR DESIGNING THE MIXTURE. WHEN USING SUPERPAVE GYRATORY COMPACTOR (SGC) TO DESIGN MIXTURES, SUBMIT THE SGC MIX DESIGN TO THE ENGINEER FOR APPROVAL.
- B7.5 ALL MIXTURES MUST MEET THE HAMBURG REQUIREMENT AS STATED IN THE TABLE BELOW. HIGH-TEMPERATURE BINDER GRADE MINIMUM # OF PASSES @ 0.5" RUT DEPTH (TESTED @ 122°F)
- PG 64 OR LOWER TEX-242-F 15,000 PG 70 TEX-242-F PG-76 OR HIGHER TEX-242-F 20,000
- * THE COUNTY ENGINEER MAY ACCEPT HAMBURG WHEEL TEST RESULTS FOR PRODUCTION AND PLACEMENT IF NO MORE THAN 10F THE 5 MOST RECENT TESTS IS BELOW THE SPECIFIED NUMBER OF PASSES AND THE FAILING TEST IS NO MORE THAN 2,000 PASSES BELOW THE SPECIFIED NUMBER OF PASSES. B7.6 SUBMIT ANY PROPOSED ADJUSTMENTS OR CHANGES TO A JOB MIX FORMULA TO THE COUNTY ENGINEER BEFORE PRODUCTION OF THE NEW JOB MIX FORMULA.
- B7.7 UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED, PROVIDE TYPE B MIXTURES THAT HAVE NO LESS THAN 4.5% ASPHALT BINDER, AND TY C AND D MIXTURES WITH NO LESS THAN 4.7% BINDER. B7.8 FOR MIXTURE DESIGN VERIFICATION, PROVIDE THE ENGINEER WITH TWO 5-GALLON BUCKETS OF EACH AGGREGATE STOCKPILE TO BE USED ON THE PROJECT AND THREE GALLONS OF EACH PG BINDER TO BE USED ON THE PROJECT. ALSO PROVIDE SUFFICIENT QUANTITIES OF ANY OTHER ADDITIVES THAT WILL BE USED IN THE HMA MIXTURE. THIS MUST BE DONE PRIOR TO APPROVAL OF THE MIX DESIGN, UNLESS
- ALREADY PERFORMED WITHIN A ONE-YEAR TIME PERIOD. B7.9 PRIOR TO ALLOWING PRODUCTION OF THE TRIAL BATCH, THE ENGINEER WILL USE THE MATERIALS PROVIDED BY THE CONTRACTOR TO PERFORM THE FOLLOWING TESTS TO VERIFY THE HMA MIXTURE DESIGN.
- . INDIRECT TENSILE TEST IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEX-226-F
- 2. HAMBURG WHEEL TEST IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEX-242-F
- 3. OVERLAY TEST IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEX-248-F 4. CANTABRO TEST IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEX-245-F
- FOR MIXTURES DESIGNED WITH A TEXAS GYRATORY COMPACTOR (TGC), THE ENGINEER MAY REQUIRE THAT THE TARGET LABORATORY MOLDED DENSITY BE RAISED TO NO MORE THAN 97.5% OR MAY LOWER THE DESIGN NUMBER OF GYRATIONS TO NO LESS THAN 35 FOR MIXTURES DESIGNED WITH AN SGC IF ANY OF THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS EXIST.
- 1. THE INDIRECT TENSILE TEST RESULTS IN A VALUE GREATER THAN 200 PSI
- 2. THE HAMBURG WHEEL TEST RESULTS IN A VALUE LESS THAN 3.0 MM
- 3. THE OVERLAY TEST RESULTS IN A VALUE LESS THAN 100 CYCLES 4. THE CANTABRO TEST RESULTS IN A VALUE OF MORE THAN 20% LOSS
- IN LIEU OF, OR IN ADDITION TO EVALUATING THE MIXTURE DESIGN PRIOR TO ALLOWING A TRIAL BATCH TO BE PRODUCED, THE ENGINEER MAY ALSO EVALUATE THE MIXTURE PRODUCED DURING THE TRIAL
- B7.10 CONTRACTOR'S QUALITY CONTROL (CQC) TEST REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE COUNTY ENGINEER ON A DAILY BASIS. AS A MINIMUM, DAILY CQC TESTING ON THE PRODUCED MIX SHALL INCLUDE: SIEVE ANALYSIS TEX-200-F, ASPHALT CONTENT TEX-236-F, HVEEM STABILITY TEX-208-F, LABORATORY COMPACTED DENSITY TEX-207-F, AND MAXIMUM SPECIFIC GRAVITY TEX-227-F. THE NUMBER AND LOCATION OF ALL HMAC TESTS SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE COUNTY ENGINEER WITH A MINIMUM OF THREE, 6-INCH DIAMETER FIELD CORES SECURED AND TESTED BY THE CONTRACTOR FROM EACH DAY'S PAVING. EACH HMAC COURSE SHALL BE TESTED FOR IN-PLACE DENSITY, BITUMINOUS CONTENT AND AGGREGATE GRADATION, AND SHALL BE MEASURED FOR COMPACTED THICKNESS. THE NUMBER AND LOCATION OF ALL
- HMAC TEST SAMPLES SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE COUNTY ENGINEER. B7.11 RURAL ROADS MAY USE EITHER THE SPECIFICATIONS FOUND IN SECTION B7.1 OR A TWO-COURSE SURFACE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 316, TREATMENT WEARING SURFACE, OF THE CURRENT EDITION OF THE TXDOT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION. THE TYPE AND RATE OF ASPHALT AND AGGREGATE SHALL BE INDICATED ON THE PLANS AS A BASIS OF ESTIMATE AND SHALL BE DETERMINED AT THE PRECONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE. AGGREGATE USED IN THE MIX SHALL BE ON THE TXDOT QUALITY MONITORING SCHEDULE. AGGREGATE SHALL BE TYPE B GRADE 4. GRADATION TESTS SHALL BE REQUIRED FOR EACH 300 CUBIC YARDS OF MATERIAL PLACED WITH A MINIMUM OF TWO TESTS PER EACH GRADE PER EACH PROJECT. TEST RESULTS SHALL BE REVIEWED BY THE COUNTY ENGINEER PRIOR TO APPLICATION OF THE MATERIAL.

<u>B8 – CONCRETE PAVEMENT</u>

B8.1 IN LIEU OF BITUMINOUS PAVEMENT, PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE PAVEMENT MAY BE USED. IN SUCH CASES, THE PAVEMENT THICKNESS SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 9 INCHES OF CONCRETE, AND SHALL BE JOINTED AND REINFORCED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DETAIL INCLUDED IN APPENDIX J. THE MIX SHALL BE FROM A TXDOT CERTIFIED PLANT. THE MIX DESIGN SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE COUNTY ENGINEER FOR APPROVAL PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF THE MATERIAL.

<u>B9 – CONCRETE – GENERAL</u> B9.1 UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, CONCRETE SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 421 OF THE CURRENT EDITION OF THE TXDOT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION AND BE PLACED IN ACCORDANCE

B9.2 ALL CONCRETE SHALL BE TESTED FOR COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH. ONE SET OF THREE CONCRETE TEST CYLINDERS SHALL BE MOLDED FOR EVERY 50 CUBIC YARDS OF CONCRETE PLACED FOR EACH CLASS OF CONCRETE PER DAY, OR AT ANY OTHER INTERVAL AS DETERMINED BY THE COUNTY ENGINEER. A SLUMP TEST SHALL BE REQUIRED WITH EACH SET OF TEST CYLINDERS. ONE CYLINDER SHALL BE TESTED FOR COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH AT AN AGE OF SEVEN DAYS AND THE REMAINING TWO CYLINDERS SHALL BE TESTED AT 28 DAYS OF AGE.

B10 - ROAD NAMES, SIGNS AND MARKERS

- B10.1 ALL ROADS SHALL BE NAMED, WITH PRIOR APPROVAL FOR SAID NAME FROM THE WILLIAMSON COUNTY 911 ADDRESSING COORDINATOR. ROADS MUST BE NAMED IN A MANNER TO AVOID CONFUSION IN IDENTIFICATION. ROADS THAT ARE EXTENSIONS OF EXISTING ROADS MUST CARRY THE NAMES OF THOSE IN EXISTENCE. ROADS THAT ARE NOT CONTINUOUS, OR WHICH HAVE 90 DEGREE TURNS, SHALL HAVE DIFFERENT NAMES. THE OWNER SHALL PROVIDE THE COORDINATOR WITH TWO DIGITAL FILES OF THE PLAT. ONE FILE SHALL BE IN AN ADOBE .PDF FORMAT, AND THE OTHER FILE SHALL BE IN AN AUTOCAD .DWG FORMAT GEOREFERENCED TO NAD 1983 STATE PLANE GRID COORDINATE SYSTEM, TEXAS CENTRAL ZONE (4203), WITH DRAWING UNITS OF US FEET, THE ROAD NAMES SHALL BE DISPLAYED ON STANDARD INTERSECTION ROAD MARKER SIGNS ERECTED BY THE OWNER IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE TXMUTCD "STREET NAME SIGNS" AND AT THE LOCATIONS AS INDICATED ON THE CONSTRUCTION
- B10.2 TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNS (SUCH AS STOP, YIELD, AND SPEED LIMIT SIGNS) SHALL BE INSTALLED BY THE OWNER OF SAID SUBDIVISION IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE LATEST VERSION OF THE TXMUTCD AND AT THE LOCATIONS AS INDICATED ON THE APPROVED CONSTRUCTION PLANS. OTHER TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNS, AS SHOWN ON THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS, SHALL BE INSTALLED TO INDICATE ANY UNUSUAL TRAFFIC OR ROAD HAZARD OR CONDITIONS THAT MAY EXIST. ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE PLACED IN COMPLIANCE WITH LATEST VERSION OF THE TXMUTCD AND THE CONSTRUCTION COST SHALL BE BORNE BY THE OWNER.

<u>B11 – DRAINAGE AND FLOOD CONTROL</u>

B11.7 IMPERVIOUS COVER ASSUMPTIONS MUST BE CLEARLY STATED WITHIN THE DRAINAGE REPORT.

STRUCTURES. EACH PROFILE SHALL SHOW THE DESIGN FLOW, VELOCITY, INVERT ELEVATIONS, AND THE HYDRAULIC GRADE LINE.

- B11.1 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT CONTROLS SHALL BE DESIGNED, CONSTRUCTED, AND MAINTAINED TO RESTRICT THE RATE OF DRAINAGE FROM THE PLATTED AREA TO THE RATE OF DRAINAGE OF THE LAND IN ITS EXISTING CONDITION. WHEN A DEVELOPMENT SHALL HAVE SEVERAL SECTIONS, STORMWATER MANAGEMENT CONTROLS FOR THE ULTIMATE DEVELOPED AREA SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IF NOT LOCATED IN THE FIRST PLATTED SECTION. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT CONTROLS ARE TO BE DESIGNED BY A PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER USING A BASIS OF A 2, 10, 25, AND 100-YEAR STORM. IF PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT IS DETENTION EXEMPT. A DETENTION EXEMPTION LETTER, REQUESTING THE DETENTION EXEMPTION TO BE UTILIZED, SHALL BE PROVIDED IN PLACE OF A DRAINAGE REPORT AND THE PLAT
- SHALL CONTAIN A CORRESPONDING PLAT NOTE FROM APPENDIX C12. B11.2 THE PROPOSED TIME OF CONCENTRATIONS AND LAND COVER ROUGHNESS N-VALUES, USED TO CALCULATE TIME OF CONCENTRATION, SHOULD BE CONSISTENT FROM EXISTING TO PROPOSED CONDITIONS. B11.3 WHEN CALCULATING PEAK FLOWS, THE RUNOFF CURVE NUMBER SHALL REMAIN THE SAME BETWEEN EXISTING AND PROPOSED CONDITIONS, USING THE ASSUMPTION OF RAW (UNDEVELOPED) LAND WITH
- NO IMPERVIOUS COVER. THE EXISTING AND PROPOSED PERCENTAGE OF IMPERVIOUS COVER SHALL BE INPUT INDIVIDUALLY FOR EACH CONDITION. FOR THE PROPOSED CONDITIONS, THE MAXIMUM POTENTIAL PERCENTAGE OF IMPERVIOUS COVER SHALL BE USED. B11.4 DETENTION VOLUME SHALL BE SIZED BY COMPARING THE EXISTING PEAK RUNOFF PRODUCED BY THE SITE VERSUS THE PROPOSED PEAK RUNOFF PRODUCED BY THE SITE, FOR THE 2, 10, 25 AND 100-YEAR FREQUENCY RAINFALL EVENT. METHODS USED TO ANALYZE THE PRE AND POST DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS SHOULD FOCUS ON THE PROPOSED CHANGES IN IMPERVIOUS COVER AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION ASSOCIATED WITH DEVELOPMENT OF THE SITE. THE POINTS OF ANALYSIS MUST BE CONSISTENT BETWEEN EXISTING AND PROPOSED SCENARIOS FOR A DIRECT AND ACCURATE ASSESSMENT
- OF IMPACTS. THE TIMING OF HYDROGRAPHS MAY NOT BE USED TO DEMONSTRATE A DECREASE OF PROPOSED PEAK FLOWS FROM THE DEVELOPED SITE. B11.5 FOR DETENTION DESIGN, NOAA ATLAS 14 PRECIPITATION VALUES SHALL BE TAKEN FROM THE WILLIAMSON COUNTY RAINFALL ZONES FOR A 24-HOUR DURATION STORM. THESE ZONES AND RAINFALL DATA CAN BE FOUND IN EXHIBIT 2 AND THE ASSOCIATED TABLES.
- B11.6 FOR DETENTION DESIGN, MAJOR CHANNEL DESIGN AND ANALYSIS, DETERMINATION OF PEAK FLOW RATES FOR FLOODPLAIN MODELING, AND HYDROLOGIC CHANNEL ROUTING, THE U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS HEC-HMS SOFTWARE IS RECOMMENDED. NOAA ATLAS 14 RAINFALL, PER EXHIBIT 2 - RAINFALL DATA, SHALL BE UTILIZED FOR ALL HYDROLOGIC ANALYSES. IF HEC-HMS IS NOT UTILIZED, THE FULL MODEL INPUT AND OUTPUT SHALL BE PROVIDED INCLUDING STRUCTURE AND OUTLET DETAILS AS MODELED.

B11.8 FOR FLOODPLAIN STUDIES, MAJOR CHANNEL DESIGN AND ANALYSIS, AND DETERMINATION OF FINISHED FLOOR ELEVATIONS, THE U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS HEC-RAS SOFTWARE MUST BE UTILIZED.

B11.10 ALL DRAINAGE STRUCTURES AND APPURTENANCES SHALL BE DESIGNED BY A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER. A PROFILE SHALL BE SHOWN IN THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS FOR ALL DRAINAGE

- B11.9 DRAINAGE CALCULATIONS AND DESIGN SHALL BE MADE USING THE LATEST EDITION OF THE CITY OF AUSTIN'S DRAINAGE CRITERIA MANUAL EXCEPT WHERE OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE REGULATIONS HEREIN, OR OTHER METHODS SATISFACTORY TO THE COUNTY ENGINEER. ALL DATA AND CALCULATIONS MUST BE PRESENTED TO THE COUNTY ENGINEER AS PART OF THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS OR
- DRAINAGE REPORT. THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS SHALL BE INCORPORATED INTO THE DESIGN: B11.9.1 BRIDGES AND CROSS DRAINAGE STRUCTURES FOR ARTERIAL, COLLECTOR, AND LOCAL ROADS SHALL BE DESIGNED TO CONVEY THE 25-YEAR STORM WITHOUT OVERTOPPING THE FACILITY. B11.9.2 ALL LONGITUDINAL DRAINAGE STRUCTURES SHALL BE DESIGNED TO CONVEY THE 10-YEAR STORM.
- B11.11 THE USE OF THERMOPLASTIC PIPES (INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO POLY VINYL CHLORIDE (PVC) PIPE, HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE PIPE (HDPE), POLYPROPYLENE PIPE, ETC.) IS SPECIFICALLY PROHIBITED FROM USE FOR CROSS DRAINAGE, PARALLEL DRAINAGE, STORM DRAINS AND ALL OTHER STORMWATER CONVEYANCE WITHIN THE RIGHT OF WAY AND/OR EASEMENTS IN CONNECTION WITH DRAINING OR PROTECTING THE ROAD SYSTEM.
- B11.12 ALL PIPE USED FOR CROSS DRAINAGE, PARALLEL DRAINAGE, STORM DRAINS, AND ALL OTHER STORM WATER CONVEYANCES WITHIN THE RIGHT OF WAY AND/OR EASEMENTS IN CONNECTION WITH DRAINING OR PROTECTING THE ROAD SYSTEM SHALL BE DESIGNED AND CONSTRUCTED WITH THE CRITERIA IN TABLE B11.12 (PIPE CRITERIA). CAST—IN—PLACE IS PROHIBITED WITHOUT PRIOR APPROVAL FROM COUNTY ENGINEER. PIPES MUST HAVE A MINIMUM INTERIOR DIAMETER OF 18" OR EQUIVALENT.
- B11.15 DRIVEWAY CULVERTS SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM INTERIOR DIAMETER OF 18" OR EQUAL AND A MINIMUM LENGTH OF 22 FEET AND SHALL INCLUDE A CONCRETE APRON SAFETY END TREATMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH CURRENT TXDOT SAFETY END TREATMENT STANDARDS. LARGER OR LONGER CULVERTS SHALL BE INSTALLED IF NECESSARY, TO ACCOMMODATE DRAINAGE BASED UPON A 10-YEAR
- B11.16 AT SOME POINT WITHIN THE FIRST TEN FEET FROM THE EDGE OF THE ROADWAY GUTTER, THE ENTIRE WIDTH OF A DRIVEWAY SHALL HAVE THE SAME OR GREATER ELEVATION AS THE TOP OF THE CURB AT THE EDGE OF THE ROADWAY. B11.17 MAINTENANCE RESPONSIBILITY FOR DRAINAGE WILL NOT TO BE ACCEPTED BY THE COUNTY OTHER THAN THAT ACCEPTED IN CONNECTION WITH DRAINING OR PROTECTING THE ROAD SYSTEM. MAINTENANCE RESPONSIBILITY FOR STORM WATER MANAGEMENT CONTROLS WILL REMAIN WITH THE OWNER.
- SHOWN ON THE PLAT AND MARKED "DRAINAGE EASEMENT" OR "DRAINAGE AND UNDERGROUND UTILITIES EASEMENT". IN GENERAL, A "DRAINAGE EASEMENT" SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 20 FEET IN WIDTH AND A "DRAINAGE AND UNDERGROUND UTILITIES EASEMENT" SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 30 FEET IN WIDTH. B11.19 ALL ROADSIDE DITCHES SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM DEPTH, AS MEASURED FROM THE EDGE OF THE ROAD PAVEMENT, EQUAL TO THE DIAMETER OF THE DRIVEWAY CULVERT PIPE(S) PLUS NINE INCHES,

B11.18 EASEMENTS SHALL BE PROVIDED. WHERE NECESSARY, FOR ALL DRAINAGE COURSES AND IDENTIFIED FLOODPLAINS IN AND ACROSS PROPERTY TO BE PLATTED. THE LOCATION AND WIDTH SHALL BE

AND A BOTTOM WIDTH EQUAL TO THE DIAMETER OF THE DRIVEWAY CULVERT PIPE(S). THE SIDE SLOPES OF THE DITCHES ARE TO BE 3:1 OR FLATTER, EXCEPT AT PARALLEL CULVERTS WHICH SHALL BE 4:1 OR FLATTER TO ACCOMMODATE A STANDARD SAFETY END TREATMENT. B11.20 WHERE ALL LOTS ARE 2 ACRES OR MORE AND EXEMPT FROM DETENTION, ROADSIDE DITCHES MAY BE ELIMINATED WITHIN A RURAL SUBDIVISION PROVIDED THAT THE ROAD HAS 18-INCH RIBBON CURBS, THE ROADWAY SURFACE HAS AN ADEQUATE CROSS SLOPE, AND THE OVERALL DRAINAGE PATTERNS THROUGHOUT THE SUBDIVISION REMAIN AS IN AN UNDEVELOPED STATE. IF INTERNAL SUBDIVISION ROADWAYS ARE PROPOSED WITHIN A NATURAL DRAINAGE PATTERN OR SHEET FLOW SUBDIVISION, A TYPICAL SECTION IS REQUIRED WITHIN CONSTRUCTION PLANS REQUIRING THE CONTRACTOR TO INSURE A MINIMUM 1.5" DROP ON FINISHED GRADE, WITH GRASS OR OTHER LAND COVER, FROM THE BACK OF CURB TO THE SHOULDER ON THE DOWNSLOPE SIDE OF ALL SHEET

FLOW STREET SECTIONS, TO INSURE POSITIVE DRAINAGE FROM THE ROADWAY. IT IS THE PROPERTY OWNER'S RESPONSIBILITY TO ENSURE TOP OF GRASS AND OTHER LANDSCAPING ALONG RIBBON CURB,

ON THE DOWNSLOPE SIDE OF THE ROADWAY, DOES NOT OBSTRUCT OR REDIRECT FLOW WITHIN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY. B11.21 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT CONTROLS AND INFRASTRUCTURE, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO DETENTION AND WATER QUALITY PONDS, SHALL NOT BE LOCATED WITHIN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY NOR ANY ROADWAY EASEMENTS. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT CONTROLS SHALL BE CONTAINED WITHIN A SEPARATE LOT OR EASEMENT FOR DRAINAGE, DETENTION OR WATER QUALITY PURPOSES AND DEDICATED TO THE ENTITY THAT WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THEIR MAINTENANCE. NO PORTION OF ANY STORMWATER MANAGEMENT CONTROLS INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO WALLS, IMPOUNDMENT STRUCTURES, INLET/OUTLET STRUCTURES, UNDERGROUND VAULTS OR LEVEL SPREADERS SHALL BE PHYSICALLY CONNECTED TO THE ROADWAY, ROADWAY EMBANKMENT OR THE CROSS-DRAINAGE SYSTEM THAT DRAINS THE ROADWAY. THE ROADWAY EMBANKMENT SHALL NOT BE USED FOR THE DUAL PURPOSE OF TEMPORARILY OR PERMANENTLY IMPOUNDING WATER FOR STORMWATER MANAGEMENT OR DETENTION

B NUMBER 5558 2 OF 38

PROJECT NO. 2025-#-CON

TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES

NARDS AQUIFER PROTECTION PROGRAM CONSTRUCTION NOTES - LEGAL DISCLAIMED

THE FOLLOWING/LISTED "CONSTRUCTION NOTES" ARE INTENDED TO BE ADVISORY IN NATURE ONLY AND DO NOT CONSTITUTE AN APPROVAL OR CONDITIONAL APPROVAL BY TH EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR (ED), NOR DO THEY CONSTITUTE A COMPREHENSIVE LISTING OF RULES OR CONDITIONS TO BE FOLLOWED DURING CONSTRUCTION. FURTHER ACTIONS MAY BE REQUIRED TO ACHIEVE COMPLIANCE WITH TCEO REGULATIONS FOUND IN TITLE 30. TEXAS ADMINISTRATIVE CODE (TAC), CHAPTERS 213 AND 217. AS WELL AS LOCAL ORDINANCES AND REGULATIONS PROVIDING FOR THE PROTECTION OF WATER QUALITY. ADDITIONALLY, NOTHING CONTAINED IN THE FOLLOWING/LISTED "CONSTRUCTION NOTES" RESTRICTS THE POWERS OF THE ED. THE COMMISSION OR ANY OTHER GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY TO PREVENT. CORRECT. OR CURTAIL ACTIVITIES THAT RESULT OR MAY RESULT IN POLLUTION OF THE EDWARDS AQUIFER OR HYDROLOGICALLY CONNECTED SURFACE WATERS. THE HOLDER OF ANY EDWARDS AQUIFER PROTECTION PLAN CONTAINING "CONSTRUCTION NOTES" IS STILL RESPONSIBLE FOR COMPLIANCE WITH TITLE 30, TAC, CHAPTERS 213 OR ANY OTHER APPLICABLE TCEQ REGULATION, AS WELL AS ALL CONDITIONS OF AN EDWARDS AQUIFER PROTECTION PLAN THROUGH ALL PHASES OF PLAN IMPLEMENTATION. FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH ANY CONDITION OF THE ED'S APPROVAL, WHETHER OR NOT IN CONTRADICTION OF ANY "CONSTRUCTION NOTES," IS A VIOLATION OF TCEQ REGULATIONS AND ANY VIOLATION IS SUBJECT TO ADMINISTRATIVE RULES, ORDERS, AND PENALTIES AS PROVIDED UNDER TITLE 30, TAC § 213.10 (RELATING TO ENFORCEMENT). SUCH VIOLATIONS MAY ALSO BE SUBJECT TO CIVIL PENALTIES AND INJUNCTION. THE FOLLOWING/LISTED "CONSTRUCTION NOTES" IN NO WAY REPRESENT AN APPROVED EXCEPTION BY THE ED TO ANY PART OF TITLE 30 TAC. CHAPTERS 213 AND 217. OR ANY OTHER TCEO APPLICABLE REGULATION

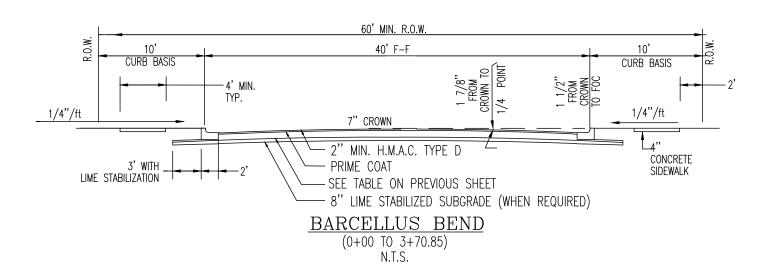
- 1. A WRITTEN NOTICE OF CONSTRUCTION MUST BE SUBMITTED TO THE TCEQ REGIONAL OFFICE AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY REGULATED ACTIVITIES. THIS NOTICE MUST INCLUDE:
 - THE NAME OF THE APPROVED PROJECT;
 - THE ACTIVITY START DATE: AND THE CONTACT INFORMATION OF THE PRIME CONTRACTOR.
- ALL CONTRACTORS CONDUCTING REGULATED ACTIVITIES ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PROJECT MUST BE PROVIDED WITH COMPLETE COPIES OF THE APPROVED WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN (WPAP) AND THE TCEQ LETTER INDICATING THE SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF ITS APPROVAL. DURING THE COURSE OF THESE REGULATED ACTIVITIES, THE CONTRACTORS ARE REQUIRED TO KEEP ON-SITE COPIES OF THE APPROVED PLAN AND APPROVAL LETTER.
- IF ANY SENSITIVE FEATURE(S) (CAVES, SOLUTION CAVITY, SINK HOLE, ETC.) IS DISCOVERED DURING CONSTRUCTION, ALL REGULATED ACTIVITIES NEAR THE SENSITIVE FEATURE MUST BE SUSPENDED IMMEDIATELY. THE APPROPRIATE TCEQ REGIONAL OFFICE MUST BE IMMEDIATELY NOTIFIED OF ANY SENSITIVE FEATURES ENCOUNTERED DURING CONSTRUCTION, CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES MAY NOT BE RESUMED UNTIL THE TCEQ HAS REVIEWED AND APPROVED THE APPROPRIATE PROTECTIVE MEASURES IN ORDER TO PROTECT ANY SENSITIVE FEATURE AND THE EDWARDS AQUIFER FROM POTENTIALLY ADVERSE IMPACTS TO WATER
- 4. NO TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE STORAGE TANK SHALL BE INSTALLED WITHIN 150 FEET OF A WATER SUPPLY SOURCE, DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM, WELL, OR SENSITIVE FEATURE.
- PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY. ALL TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION (E&S) CONTROL MEASURES MUST BE PROPERLY INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED PLANS AND MANUFACTURERS SPECIFICATIONS. IF INSPECTIONS INDICATE A CONTROL HAS BEEN USED INAPPROPRIATELY, OR INCORRECTLY, THE APPLICANT MUST REPLACE OR MODIFY THE CONTROL FOR SITE SITUATIONS. THESE CONTROLS MUST REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE DISTURBED AREAS HAVE BEEN PERMANENTLY STABILIZED
- ANY SEDIMENT THAT ESCAPES THE CONSTRUCTION SITE MUST BE COLLECTED AND PROPERLY DISPOSED OF BEFORE THE NEXT RAIN EVENT TO ENSURE IT IS NOT WASHED INTO SURFACE STREAMS, SENSITIVE FEATURES, ETC.
- SEDIMENT MUST BE REMOVED FROM THE SEDIMENT TRAPS OR SEDIMENTATION BASINS NOT LATER THAN WHEN IT OCCUPIES 50% OF THE BASIN'S DESIGN CAPACITY.
- 8. LITTER, CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS, AND CONSTRUCTION CHEMICALS EXPOSED TO STORMWATER SHALL BE PREVENTED FROM BEING
- ALL SPOILS (EXCAVATED MATERIAL) GENERATED FROM THE PROJECT SITE MUST BE STORED ON-SITE WITH PROPER E&S CONTROLS. FOR STORAGE OR DISPOSAL OF SPOILS AT ANOTHER SITE ON THE EDWARDS AQUIFER RECHARGE ZONE, THE OWNER OF THE SITE MUST RECEIVE APPROVAL OF A WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN FOR THE PLACEMENT OF FILL MATERIAL OR MASS GRADING PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF SPOILS AT THE OTHER SITE.
- 10. IF PORTIONS OF THE SITE WILL HAVE A TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT CEASE IN CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY LASTING LONGER THAN 14 DAYS, SOIL STABILIZATION IN THOSE AREAS SHALL BE INITIATED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE PRIOR TO THE 14TH DAY OF INACTIVITY. IF ACTIVITY WILL RESUME PRIOR TO THE 21ST DAY, STABILIZATION MEASURES ARE NOT REQUIRED, IF DROUGHT CONDITIONS OR INCLEMENT WEATHER PREVENT ACTION BY THE 14TH DAY, STABILIZATION MEASURES SHALL BE INITIATED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.
- 11. THE FOLLOWING RECORDS SHALL BE MAINTAINED AND MADE AVAILABLE TO THE TCEQ UPON REQUEST:
 - THE DATES WHEN MAJOR GRADING ACTIVITIES OCCUR
 - THE DATES WHEN CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES TEMPORARILY OR PERMANENTLY CEASE ON A PORTION OF THE SITE; AND THE DATES WHEN STABILIZATION MEASURES ARE INITIATED.
- 12. THE HOLDER OF ANY APPROVED EDWARD AQUIFER PROTECTION PLAN MUST NOTIFY THE APPROPRIATE REGIONAL OFFICE IN WRITING AND OBTAIN APPROVAL FROM THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR PRIOR TO INITIATING ANY OF THE FOLLOWING:
- A. ANY PHYSICAL OR OPERATIONAL MODIFICATION OF ANY WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT STRUCTURE(S), INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO PONDS, DAMS, BERMS, SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANTS, AND DIVERSIONARY STRUCTURES:
- B. ANY CHANGE IN THE NATURE OR CHARACTER OF THE REGULATED ACTIVITY FROM THAT WHICH WAS ORIGINALLY APPROVED
- ANY DEVELOPMENT OF LAND PREVIOUSLY IDENTIFIED AS UNDEVELOPED IN THE ORIGINAL WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT

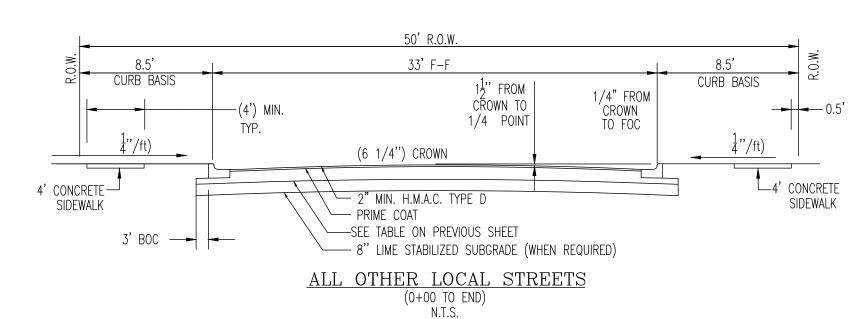
AUSTIN REGIONAL OFFICE 12100 PARK 35 CIRCLE, BUILDING A AUSTIN, TEXAS 78753-1808 PHONE (512) 339-2929 FAX (512) 339-3795

SAN ANTONIO REGIONAL OFFICE 14250 JUDSON ROAD SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS 78233-4480 PHONE (210) 490-3096

FAX (210) 545-4329

THESE GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES MUST BE INCLUDED ON THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS PROVIDED TO THE CONTRACTOR AND ALL TCEQ-0592 (REV. JULY 15, 2015)





TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ORGANIZED SEWAGE COLLECTION SYSTEM GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES

WARDS AQUIFER PROTECTION PROGRAM CONSTRUCTION NOTES - LEGAL DISCLAIMER

THE FOLLOWING/LISTED "CONSTRUCTION NOTES" ARE INTENDED TO BE ADVISORY IN NATURE ONLY AND DO NOT CONSTITUTE AN APPROVAL OR CONDITIONAL APPROVAL BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, NOR DO THE CONSTITUTE A COMPREHENSIVE LISTING OF RULES OR CONDITIONS TO BE FOLLOWED DURING CONSTRUCTION. FURTHER ACTIONS MAY BE REQUIRED TO ACHIEVE COMPLIANCE WITH TCEO REGULATIONS FOUND IN TITLE 30. TEXAS ADMINISTRATIVE CODE. CHAPTERS 213 AND 217. AS WELL AS LOCAL ORDINANCES AND REGULATIONS PROVIDING FOR THE PROTECTION OF WATER QUALITY, ADDITIONALLY, NOTHING CONTAINED IN THE FOLLOWING/LISTED "CONSTRUCTION NOTES" RESTRICTS THE POWERS OF THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, THE COMMISSION OR ANY OTHER GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY TO PREVENT. CORRECT. OR CURTAIL ACTIVITIES THAT RESULT OR MAY RESULT IN POLLUTION OF THE EDWARDS AQUIFER OR HYDROLOGICALLY CONNECTED SURFACE WATERS. THE HOLDER OF ANY EDWARDS AQUIFER PROTECTION PLAN CONTAINING "CONSTRUCTION" PROTECTION PLAN THROUGH ALL PHASES OF PLAN IMPLEMENTATION. FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH ANY CONDITION OF THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S APPROVAL, WHETHER OR NOT IN CONTRADICTION OF ANY "CONSTRUCTION NOTES." IS A VIOLATION OF TCEQ REGULATIONS AND ANY VIOLATION IS SUBJECT TO ADMINISTRATIVE RULES. ORDERS. AND PENALTIES AS PROVIDED UNDER TITLE 30. TEXAS ADMINISTRATIVE CODE § 213.10 (RELATING TO ENFORCEMENT). SUCH VIOLATIONS MAY ALSO BE SUBJECT TO CIVIL PENALTIES AND INJUNCTION. THE FOLLOWING/LISTED "CONSTRUCTION NOTES" IN NO WAY REPRESENT AN APPROVED EXCEPTION BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR TO ANY PART OF TITLE 30 TEXAS ADMINISTRATIVE CODE. CHAPTERS 213 AND 217. OR ANY OTHER TCEQ APPLICABLE REGULATION.

- THIS ORGANIZED SEWAGE COLLECTION SYSTEM (SCS) MUST BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH 30 TEXAS ADMINISTRATIVE CODE (TAC) §213.5(C), THE TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY'S (TCEQ) EDWARDS AQUIFER RULES AND ANY LOCAL GOVERNMENT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS
- 2. ALL CONTRACTORS CONDUCTING REGULATED ACTIVITIES ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PROPOSED REGULATED PROJECT MUST BE PROVIDED WITH COPIES OF THE SCS PLAN AND THE TCEQ LETTER INDICATING THE SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF ITS APPROVAL. DURING THE COURSE OF THESE REGULATED ACTIVITIES, THE CONTRACTORS MUST BE REQUIRED TO KEEP ON-SITE COPIES OF THE PLAN AND THE APPROVAL LETTER.
- A WRITTEN NOTICE OF CONSTRUCTION MUST BE SUBMITTED TO THE PRESIDING TCEQ REGIONAL OFFICE AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY REGULATED ACTIVITIES. THIS NOTICE MUST INCLUDE: THE NAME OF THE APPROVED PROJECT;
- THE CONTACT INFORMATION OF THE PRIME CONTRACTOR.

THE ACTIVITY START DATE: AND

- 4. ANY MODIFICATION TO THE ACTIVITIES DESCRIBED IN THE REFERENCED SCS APPLICATION FOLLOWING THE DATE OF APPROVAL MAY REQUIRE THE SUBMITTAL OF AN SCS APPLICATION TO MODIFY THIS APPROVAL, INCLUDING THE PAYMENT OF APPROPRIATE FEES AND ALL INFORMATION NECESSARY FOR ITS REVIEW AND APPROVAL
- PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY, ALL TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION (E&S) CONTROL MEASURES MUST BE PROPERLY INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUFACTURERS SPECIFICATIONS. THESE CONTROLS MUST REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE DISTURBED AREAS HAVE BEEN PERMANENTLY STABILIZED.
- IF ANY SENSITIVE FEATURES ARE DISCOVERED DURING THE WASTEWATER LINE TRENCHING ACTIVITIES, ALL REGULATED ACTIVITIES NEAR THE SENSITIVE FEATURE MUST BE SUSPENDED IMMEDIATELY. THE APPLICANT MUST IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY THE APPROPRIATE REGIONAL OFFICE OF THE TCEQ OF THE FEATURE DISCOVERED. A GEOLOGIST'S ASSESSMENT OF THE LOCATION AND EXTENT OF THE FEATURE DISCOVERED MUST BE REPORTED TO THAT REGIONAL OFFICE IN WRITING AND THE APPLICANT MUST SUBMIT A PLAN FOR ENSURING THE STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY OF THE SEWER LINE OR FOR MODIFYING THE PROPOSED COLLECTION SYSTEM ALIGNMENT AROUND THE FEATURE. THE REGULATED ACTIVITIES NEAR THE SENSITIVE FEATURE MAY NOT PROCEED UNTIL THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR HAS REVIEWED AND APPROVED THE METHODS PROPOSED TO PROTECT THE SENSITIVE FEATURE AND THE EDWARDS AQUIFER FROM ANY POTENTIALLY ADVERSE IMPACTS TO WATER QUALITY WHILE MAINTAINING THE STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY OF THE
- SEWER LINES LOCATED WITHIN OR CROSSING THE 5-YEAR FLOODPLAIN OF A DRAINAGE WAY WILL BE PROTECTED FROM INUNDATION AND STREAM /ELOCITIES WHICH COULD CAUSE EROSION AND SCOURING OF BACKFILL. THE TRENCH MUST BE CAPPED WITH CONCRETE TO PREVENT SCOURING OF BACKFILL, OR THE SEWER LINES MUST BE ENCASED IN CONCRETE. ALL CONCRETE SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 6 INCHES.
- 8. BLASTING PROCEDURES FOR PROTECTION OF EXISTING SEWER LINES AND OTHER UTILITIES WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION CRITERIA. SAND IS NOT ALLOWED AS BEDDING OR BACKFILL IN TRENCHES THAT HAVE BEEN BLASTED. IF ANY EXISTING SEWER LINES ARE DAMAGED, THE LINES MUST BE REPAIRED AND RETESTED.
- ALL MANHOLES CONSTRUCTED OR REHABILITATED ON THIS PROJECT MUST HAVE WATERTIGHT SIZE ON SIZE RESILIENT CONNECTORS ALLOWING FOR DIFFERENTIAL SETTLEMENT. IF MANHOLES ARE CONSTRUCTED WITHIN THE 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN, THE COVER MUST HAVE A GASKET AND BE BOLTED TO THE RING. WHERE GASKETED MANHOLE COVERS ARE REQUIRED FOR MORE THAN THREE MANHOLES IN SEQUENCE OR FOR MORE THAN 1500 FEET ALTERNATE MEANS OF VENTING WILL BE PROVIDED. BRICKS ARE NOT AN ACCEPTABLE CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL FOR ANY PORTION OF THE MANHOLE

THE DIAMETER OF THE MANHOLES MUST BE A MINIMUM OF FOUR FEET AND THE MANHOLE FOR ENTRY MUST HAVE A MINIMUM CLEAR OPENING DIAMETER OF 30 INCHES. THESE DIMENSIONS AND OTHER DETAILS SHOWING COMPLIANCE WITH THE COMMISSION'S RULES CONCERNING MANHOLES AND SEWER LINE/MANHOLE INVERTS DESCRIBED IN 30 TAC §217.55 ARE INCLUDED ON PLAN SHEET 57 - 67 OF 72.

IT IS SUGGESTED THAT ENTRANCE INTO MANHOLES IN EXCESS OF FOUR FEET DEEP BE ACCOMPLISHED BY MEANS OF A PORTABLE LADDER. THE INCLUSION OF STEPS IN A MANHOLE IS PROHIBITED.

- 10. WHERE WATER LINES AND NEW SEWER LINE ARE INSTALLED WITH A SEPARATION DISTANCE CLOSER THAN NINE FEET (I.E., WATER LINES CROSSING WASTEWATER LINES, WATER LINES PARALLELING WASTEWATER LINES, OR WATER LINES NEXT TO MANHOLES) THE INSTALLATION MUST MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF 30 TAC §217.53(D) (PIPE DESIGN) AND 30 TAC §290.44(E) (WATER DISTRIBUTION).
- 11. WHERE SEWERS LINES DEVIATE FROM STRAIGHT ALIGNMENT AND UNIFORM GRADE ALL CURVATURE OF SEWER PIPE MUST BE ACHIEVED BY THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURE WHICH IS RECOMMENDED BY THE PIPE MANUFACTURER: THERE SHALL BE NO CURVATURE OF SANITARY SEWER LINE PIPES. IF PIPE FLEXURE IS PROPOSED, THE FOLLOWING METHOD OF PREVENTING DEFLECTION OF THE JOINT MUST BE USED: THERE SHALL BE NO FLEXURE OF

SPECIFIC CARE MUST BE TAKEN TO ENSURE THAT THE JOINT IS PLACED IN THE CENTER OF THE TRENCH AND PROPERLY BEDDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH 30 TAC §217.54.

NEW SEWAGE COLLECTION SYSTEM LINES MUST BE CONSTRUCTED WITH STUB OUTS FOR THE CONNECTION OF ANTICIPATED EXTENSIONS. THE LOCATION OF SUCH STUB OUTS MUST BE MARKED ON THE GROUND SUCH THAT THEIR LOCATION CAN BE EASILY DETERMINED AT THE TIME OF CONNECTION OF THE EXTENSIONS. SUCH STUB OUTS MUST BE MANUFACTURED WYES OR TEES THAT ARE COMPATIBLE IN SIZE AND MATERIAL WITH BOTH THE SEWER LINE AND THE EXTENSION. AT THE TIME OF ORIGINAL CONSTRUCTION, NEW STUB-OUTS MUST BE CONSTRUCTED SUFFICIENTLY TO EXTEND BEYOND THE END OF THE STREET PAVEMENT. ALL STUB-OUTS MUST BE SEALED WITH A MANUFACTURED CAP TO PREVENT LEAKAGE. EXTENSIONS THAT WERE NOT ANTICIPATED AT THE TIME OF ORIGINAL CONSTRUCTION OR THAT ARE TO BE CONNECTED TO AN EXISTING SEWER LINE NOT FURNISHED WITH STUB OUTS MUST BE CONNECTED USING A MANUFACTURED SADDLE AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH ACCEPTED PLUMBING TECHNIQUES, IF NO STUB-OUT IS PRESENT AN ALTERNATE METHOD OF JOINING LATERALS IS SHOWN IN THE DETAIL ON PLAN SHEET --- OF --- . (FOR POTENTIAL FUTURE LATERALS). (NOT APPLICABLE)

THE PRIVATE SERVICE LATERAL STUB-OUTS MUST BE INSTALLED AS SHOWN ON THE PLAN AND PROFILE SHEETS ON PLAN SHEET 72 OF 72 AND MARKED AFTER BACKFILLING AS SHOWN IN THE DETAIL ON PLAN SHEET _72_ OF 72.

- 13. TRENCHING, BEDDING AND BACKFILL MUST CONFORM WITH 30 TAC §217.54. THE BEDDING AND BACKFILL FOR FLEXIBLE PIPE MUST COMPLY WITH THE STANDARDS OF ASTM D-2321, CLASSES IA, IB, II OR III. RIGID PIPE BEDDING MUST COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM C 12 (ANSI A 106.2)
- 14. SEWER LINES MUST BE TESTED FROM MANHOLE TO MANHOLE. WHEN A NEW SEWER LINE IS CONNECTED TO AN EXISTING STUB OR CLEAN-OUT, IT MUST BE TESTED FROM EXISTING MANHOLE TO NEW MANHOLE. IF A STUB OR CLEAN-OUT IS USED AT THE END OF THE PROPOSED SEWER LINE, NO PRIVATE SERVICE ATTACHMENTS MAY BE CONNECTED BETWEEN THE LAST MANHOLE AND THE CLEANOUT UNLESS IT CAN BE CERTIFIED AS CONFORMING WITH THE PROVISIONS OF 30 TAC §213.5(C)(3)(E)
- 15. ALL SEWER LINES MUST BE TESTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH 30 TAC §217.57. THE ENGINEER MUST RETAIN COPIES OF ALL TEST RESULTS WHICH MUST BE MADE AVAILABLE TO THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR UPON REQUEST. THE ENGINEER MUST CERTIFY IN WRITING THAT ALL WASTEWATER LINES HAVE PASSED ALL REQUIRED TESTING TO THE APPROPRIATE REGIONAL OFFICE WITHIN 30 DAYS OF TEST COMPLETION AND PRIOR TO USE OF THE NEW COLLECTION SYSTEM. TESTING METHOD WILL BE: (a. FOR A COLLECTION SYSTEM PIPE THAT WILL TRANSPORT WASTEWATER BY GRAVITY FLOW, THE DESIGN MUST SPECIFY AN INFILTRATION AND
- EXFILTRATION TEST OR A LOW-PRESSURE AIR TEST. A TEST MUST CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS:
- (A) A LOW PRESSURE AIR TEST MUST FOLLOW THE PROCEDURES DESCRIBED IN AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR TESTING AND MATERIALS (ASTM) C-828, ASTM C-924, OR ASTM F-1417 OR OTHER PROCEDURE APPROVED BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, EXCEPT AS TO TESTING TIMES AS REQUIRED IN TABLE C.3 IN SUBPARAGRAPH (C) OF THIS PARAGRAPH OR EQUATION C.3 IN SUBPARAGRAPH (B)(II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH. (B) FOR SECTIONS OF COLLECTION SYSTEM PIPE LESS THAN 36 INCH AVERAGE INSIDE DIAMETER, THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURE MUST
- APPLY, UNLESS A PIPE IS TO BE TESTED AS REQUIRED BY PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION. (i) A PIPE MUST BE PRESSURIZED TO 3.5 POUNDS PER SQUARE INCH (PSI) GREATER THAN THE PRESSURE EXERTED BY GROUNDWATER ABOVE THE
- (ii) ONCE THE PRESSURE IS STABILIZED, THE MINIMUM TIME ALLOWABLE FOR THE PRESSURE TO DROP FROM 3.5 PSI GAUGE TO 2.5 PSI GAUGE IS COMPUTED FROM THE FOLLOWING EQUATION:

EQUATION C.3

WHERE:

- T = TIME FOR PRESSURE TO DROP 1.0 POUND PER SQUARE INCH GAUGE IN SECONDS
- K = 0.000419 X D X L, BUT NOT LESS THAN 1.0
- D = AVERAGE INSIDE PIPE DIAMETER IN INCHES L = LENGTH OF LINE OF SAME SIZE BEING TESTED. IN FEET
- Q = RATE OF LOSS, 0.0015 CUBIC FEET PER MINUTE PER SQUARE FOOT INTERNAL SURFACE

(C) SINCE A K VALUE OF LESS THAN 1.0 MAY NOT BE USED, THE MINIMUM TESTING TIME FOR EACH PIPE DIAMETER IS SHOWN IN THE

	PIPE DIAMETER (INCHES)	Minimum Time (seconds)	Maximum Length for Minimum Time (feet)	Time for Longer Length (seconds/foot)
İ	6	340	398	0.8550
İ	8	454	298	1.5200
	10	567	239	2.3740
	12	680	199	3.4190
	15	850	159	5.3420
	18	1020	133	7.6930
Ī	21	1190	114	10.4710
Ī	24	1360	100	13.6760
Ī	27	1530	88	17.3090
	30	1700	80	21.3690
Ī	33	1870	72	25.8560

- (D) AN OWNER MAY STOP A TEST IF NO PRESSURE LOSS HAS OCCURRED DURING THE FIRST 25% OF THE CALCULATED TESTING TIME. IF ANY PRESSURE LOSS OR LEAKAGE HAS OCCURRED DURING THE FIRST 25% OF A TESTING PERIOD, THEN THE TEST MUST CONTINUE FOR THE ENTIRE TEST DURATION AS OUTLINED ABOVE OR UNTIL FAILURE.
- (E) WASTEWATER COLLECTION SYSTEM PIPES WITH A 27 INCH OR LARGER AVERAGE INSIDE DIAMETER MAY BE AIR TESTED AT EACH JOINT INSTEAD OF FOLLOWING THE PROCEDURE OUTLINED IN THIS SECTION.
- (F) A TESTING PROCEDURE FOR PIPE WITH AN INSIDE DIAMETER GREATER THAN 33 INCHES MUST BE APPROVED BY THE EXECUTIVE
- (2) INFILTRATION/FXFILTRATION TEST. (A) THE TOTAL EXFILTRATION, AS DETERMINED BY A HYDROSTATIC HEAD TEST, MUST NOT EXCEED 50 GALLONS PER INCH OF DIAMETER PER
- MILE OF PIPE PER 24 HOURS AT A MINIMUM TEST HEAD OF 2.0 FEET ABOVE THE CROWN OF A PIPE AT AN UPSTREAM MANHOLE. (B) AN OWNER SHALL USE AN INFILTRATION TEST IN LIEU OF AN EXFILTRATION TEST WHEN PIPES ARE INSTALLED BELOW THE (C) THE TOTAL EXFILTRATION, AS DETERMINED BY A HYDROSTATIC HEAD TEST, MUST NOT EXCEED 50 GALLONS PER INCH DIAMETER PER
- MILE OF PIPE PER 24 HOURS AT A MINIMUM TEST HEAD OF TWO FEET ABOVE THE CROWN OF A PIPE AT AN UPSTREAM MANHOLE, OR AT LEAST TWO FEET ABOVE EXISTING GROUNDWATER LEVEL. WHICHEVER IS GREATER. (D) FOR CONSTRUCTION WITHIN A 25-YEAR FLOOD PLAIN, THE INFILTRATION OR EXFILTRATION MUST NOT EXCEED 10 GALLONS PER INCH
- DIAMETER PER MILE OF PIPE PER 24 HOURS AT THE SAME MINIMUM TEST HEAD AS IN SUBPARAGRAPH (C) OF THIS PARAGRAPH. (E) IF THE QUANTITY OF INFILTRATION OR EXFILTRATION EXCEEDS THE MAXIMUM QUANTITY SPECIFIED. AN OWNER SHALL LINDERTAKE REMEDIAL ACTION IN ORDER TO REDUCE THE INFILTRATION OR EXFILTRATION TO AN AMOUNT WITHIN THE LIMITS SPECIFIED. AN OWNER SHALL RETEST A PIPE FOLLOWING A REMEDIATION ACTION.
- (b) IF A GRAVITY COLLECTION PIPE IS COMPOSED OF FLEXIBLE PIPE, DEFLECTION TESTING IS ALSO REQUIRED. THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURES MUST
- (1) FOR A COLLECTION PIPE WITH INSIDE DIAMETER LESS THAN 27 INCHES, DEFLECTION MEASUREMENT REQUIRES A RIGID MANDREL. (A) MANDREL SIZING. (i) A RIGID MANDREL MUST HAVE AN OUTSIDE DIAMETER (OD) NOT LESS THAN 95% OF THE BASE INSIDE DIAMETER (ID) OR
 - AVERAGE ID OF A PIPE, AS SPECIFIED IN THE APPROPRIATE STANDARD BY THE ASTMS, AMERICAN WATER WORKS ASSOCIATION, UNI-BELL, OR AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARDS INSTITUTE, OR ANY RELATED APPENDIX, (ii) IF A MANDREL SIZING DIAMETER IS NOT SPECIFIED IN THE APPROPRIATE STANDARD. THE MANDREL MUST HAVE AN OD EQUAL TO 95% OF THE ID OF A PIPE. IN THIS CASE, THE ID OF THE PIPE, FOR THE PURPOSE OF DETERMINING THE OD OF
 - THE MANDREL, MUST EQUAL BE THE AVERAGE OUTSIDE DIAMETER MINUS TWO MINIMUM WALL THICKNESSES FOR OD CONTROLLED PIPE AND THE AVERAGE INSIDE DIAMETER FOR ID CONTROLLED PIPE. (iii) ALL DIMENSIONS MUST MEET THE APPROPRIATE STANDARD.
 - (I) A RIGID MANDREL MUST BE CONSTRUCTED OF A METAL OR A RIGID PLASTIC MATERIAL THAT CAN WITHSTAND 200 PSI WITHOUT BEING DEFORMED.
 - (ii) A MANDREL MUST HAVE NINE OR MORE ODD NUMBER OF RUNNERS OR LEGS. (iii) A BARREL SECTION LENGTH MUST EQUAL AT LEAST 75% OF THE INSIDE DIAMETER OF A PIPE.
 - (iv) EACH SIZE MANDREL MUST USE A SEPARATE PROVING RING.

 - (i) AN ADJUSTABLE OR FLEXIBLE MANDREL IS PROHIBITED.
 - (ii) A TEST MAY NOT USE TELEVISION INSPECTION AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR A DEFLECTION TEST. (iii) IF REQUESTED, THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR MAY APPROVE THE USE OF A DEFLECTOMETER OR A MANDREL WITH
 - REMOVABLE LEGS OR RUNNERS ON A CASE-BY-CASE BASIS. (2) FOR A GRAVITY COLLECTION SYSTEM PIPE WITH AN INSIDE DIAMETER 27 INCHES AND GREATER, OTHER TEST METHODS MAY BE
 - USED TO DETERMINE VERTICAL DEFLECTION. (3) A DEFLECTION TEST METHOD MUST BE ACCURATE TO WITHIN PLUS OR MINUS 0.2% DEFLECTION.
 - (4) AN OWNER SHALL NOT CONDUCT A DEFLECTION TEST UNTIL AT LEAST 30 DAYS AFTER THE FINAL BACKFILL.
 - (5) GRAVITY COLLECTION SYSTEM PIPE DEFLECTION MUST NOT EXCEED FIVE PERCENT (5%).
 - (6) IF A PIPE SECTION FAILS A DEFLECTION TEST, AN OWNER SHALL CORRECT THE PROBLEM AND CONDUCT A SECOND TEST AFTER THE FINAL BACKFILL HAS BEEN IN PLACE AT LEAST 30 DAYS.
- 1. ALL MANHOLES MUST BE TESTED TO MEET OR EXCEED THE REQUIREMENTS OF 30 TAC §217.58. (a) ALL MANHOLES MUST PASS A LEAKAGE TEST.
- (b) AN OWNER SHALL TEST EACH MANHOLE (AFTER ASSEMBLY AND BACKFILLING) FOR LEAKAGE, SEPARATE AND INDEPENDENT OF THE COLLECTION SYSTEM PIPES, BY HYDROSTATIC EXFILTRATION TESTING, VACUUM TESTING, OR OTHER METHOD APPROVED BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
- (A) THE MAXIMUM LEAKAGE FOR HYDROSTATIC TESTING OR ANY ALTERNATIVE TEST METHODS IS 0.025 GALLONS PER FOOT DIAMETER PER FOOT OF MANHOLE DEPTH PER HOUR.
- (B) TO PERFORM A HYDROSTATIC EXFILTRATION TEST, AN OWNER SHALL SEAL ALL WASTEWATER PIPES COMING INTO A MANHOLE WITH AN INTERNAL PIPE PLUG, FILL THE MANHOLE WITH WATER, AND MAINTAIN THE TEST FOR AT LEAST ONE HOUR. (C) A TEST FOR CONCRETE MANHOLES MAY USE A 24-HOUR WETTING PERIOD BEFORE TESTING TO ALLOW SATURATION OF THE CONCRETE.
- (2) VACUUM TESTING. (A) TO PERFORM A VACUUM TEST, AN OWNER SHALL PLUG ALL LIFT HOLES AND EXTERIOR JOINTS WITH A NON-SHRINK GROUT AND PLUG ALL
- PIPES ENTERING A MANHOLE. (B) NO GROUT MUST BE PLACED IN HORIZONTAL JOINTS BEFORE TESTING.
- (C) STUB-OUTS, MANHOLE BOOTS, AND PIPE PLUGS MUST BE SECURED TO PREVENT MOVEMENT WHILE A VACUUM IS DRAWN. (D) AN OWNER SHALL USE A MINIMUM 60 INCH/LB TORQUE WRENCH TO TIGHTEN THE EXTERNAL CLAMPS THAT SECURE A TEST COVER TO
- (E) A TEST HEAD MUST BE PLACED AT THE INSIDE OF THE TOP OF A CONE SECTION, AND THE SEAL INFLATED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.
- (F) THERE MUST BE A VACUUM OF 10 INCHES OF MERCURY INSIDE A MANHOLE TO PERFORM A VALID TEST.
- (G) A TEST DOES NOT BEGIN UNTIL AFTER THE VACUUM PUMP IS OFF. (H) A MANHOLE PASSES THE TEST IF AFTER 2.0 MINUTES AND WITH ALL VALVES CLOSED, THE VACUUM IS AT LEAST 9.0 INCHES OF MERCURY
- 2. ALL PRIVATE SERVICE LATERALS MUST BE INSPECTED AND CERTIFIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH 30 TAC §213.5(C)(3)(I). AFTER INSTALLATION OF AND, PRIOR TO COVERING AND CONNECTING A PRIVATE SERVICE LATERAL TO AN EXISTING ORGANIZED SEWAGE COLLECTION SYSTEM, A TEXAS LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER, TEXAS REGISTERED SANITARIAN, OR APPROPRIATE CITY INSPECTOR MUST VISUALLY INSPECT THE PRIVATE SERVICE LATERAL AND THE CONNECTION TO THE SEWAGE COLLECTION SYSTEM, AND CERTIFY THAT IT IS CONSTRUCTED IN CONFORMITY WITH THE APPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION. THE OWNER OF THE COLLECTION SYSTEM MUST MAINTAIN SUCH CERTIFICATIONS FOR FIVE YEARS AND FORWARD

12100 PARK 35 CIRCLE, BUILDING A

AUSTIN, TEXAS 78753-1808

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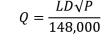
COPIES TO THE APPROPRIATE REGIONAL OFFICE UPON REQUEST. CONNECTIONS MAY ONLY BE MADE TO AN APPROVED SEWAGE COLLECTION SYSTEM. AUSTIN REGIONAL OFFICE

> SAN ANTONIO REGIONAL OFFICE 14250 JUDSON ROAD SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS 78233-4480 PHONE (210) 490-3096 FAX (210) 545-4329

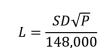
THESE GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES MUST BE INCLUDED ON THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS PROVIDED TO THE CONTRACTOR AND ALL SUBCONTRACTORS.

TCEQ WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES

- 1. This water distribution system must be constructed in accordance with the current Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) Rules and Regulations for Public Water Systems 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 290 Subchapter D. When conflicts are noted with local standards, the more stringent requirement shall be applied. At a minimum, construction for public water systems must always meet TCEQ's "Rules and Regulations for Public Water Systems.'
- 2. All newly installed pipes and related products must conform to American National Standards Institute (ANSI)/NSF International Standard 61 and must be certified by an organization accredited by ANSI [§290.44(a)(1)].
- 3. Plastic pipe for use in public water systems must bear the NSF International Seal of Approval (NSF-pw) and have an ASTM design pressure rating of at least 150 psi or a standard dimension ratio of 26 or less [§290.44(a)(2)].
- 4. No pipe which has been used for any purpose other than the conveyance of drinking water shall be accepted or relocated for use in any public drinking water supply [§290.44(a)(3)].
- 5. All water line crossings of wastewater mains shall be perpendicular [§290.44(e)(4)(B)].
- 6. Water transmission and distribution lines shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. However, the top of the water line must be located below the frost line and in no case shall the top of the water line be less than 24 inches below ground surface [§290.44(a)(4)].
- 7. The maximum allowable lead content of pipes, pipe fittings, plumbing fittings, and fixtures is 0.25 percent [§290.44(b)].
- 8. The contractor shall install appropriate air release devices with vent openings to the atmosphere covered with 16-mesh or finer, corrosion resistant screening material or an acceptable equivalent [§290.44(d)(1)].
- 9. The contractor shall not place the pipe in water or where it can be flooded with water or sewage during its storage or installation [§290.44(f)(1)].
- 10. When waterlines are laid under any flowing or intermittent stream or semi-permanent body of water the waterline shall be installed in a separate watertight pipe encasement. Valves must be provided on each side of the crossing with facilities to allow the underwater portion of the system to be isolated and tested [\S 290.44(f)(2)].
- 11. Pursuant to 30 TAC §290.44(a)(5), the hydrostatic leakage rate shall not exceed the amount allowed or recommended by the most current AWWA formulas for PVC pipe, cast iron and ductile iron pipe. Include the formulas in the notes on the plans.
- o The hydrostatic leakage rate for polyvinyl chloride (PVC) pipe and appurtenances shall not exceed the amount allowed or recommended by formulas in America Water Works Association (AWWA) C-605 as required in 30 TAC §290.44(a)(5). Please ensure that the formula for this calculation is correct and most current formula is in use;



- Q = the quantity of makeup water in gallons per hour,
- L = the length of the pipe section being tested, in feet,
- D = the nominal diameter of the pipe in inches, and • P = the average test pressure during the hydrostatic test in pounds per square inch
- o The hydrostatic leakage rate for ductile iron (DI) pipe and appurtenances shall not exceed the amount allowed or recommended by formulas in America Water Works Association (AWWA) C-600 as required in 30 TAC §290.44(a)(5). Please ensure that the formula for this calculation is correct and most current formula is in use;



Where:

- L = the quantity of makeup water in gallons per hour,
- S = the length of the pipe section being tested, in feet, • D = the nominal diameter of the pipe in inches, and
- P = the average test pressure during the hydrostatic test in pounds per square inch
- 12. The contractor shall maintain a minimum separation distance in all directions of nine feet between the proposed waterline and wastewater collection facilities including manholes. If this distance cannot be maintained, the contractor must immediately notify the project engineer for further direction. Separation distances, installation methods, and materials utilized must meet §290.44(e)(1)-(4).
- 13. The separation distance from a potable waterline to a wastewater main or lateral manhole or cleanout shall be a minimum of nine feet. Where the nine-foot separation distance cannot be achieved, the potable waterline shall be encased in a joint of at least 150 psi pressure class pipe at least 18 feet long and two nominal sizes larger than the new conveyance. The space around the carrier pipe shall be supported at five-foot intervals with spacers or be filled to the springline with washed sand. The encasement pipe shall be centered on the crossing and both ends sealed with cement grout or manufactured sealant [§290.44(e)(5)].
- 14. Fire hydrants shall not be installed within nine feet vertically or horizontally of any wastewater line, wastewater lateral, or wastewater service line regardless of construction [§290.44(e)(6)].
- 15. Suction mains to pumping equipment shall not cross wastewater mains, wastewater laterals, or wastewater service lines. Raw water supply lines shall not be installed within five feet of any tile or concrete wastewater main, wastewater lateral, or wastewater service line [§290.44(e)(7)].
- 16. Waterlines shall not be installed closer than ten feet to septic tank drainfields [§290.44(e)(8)].
- 17. The contractor shall disinfect the new waterlines in accordance with AWWA Standard C-651-14 or most recent, then flush and sample the lines before being placed into service. Samples shall be collected for microbiological analysis to check the effectiveness of the disinfection procedure which shall be repeated if contamination persists. A minimum of one sample for each 1,000 feet of completed waterline will be required or at the next available sampling point beyond 1,000 feet as designated by the design engineer [§290.44(f)(3)].
- 18. Dechlorination of disinfecting water shall be in strict accordance with current AWWA Standard C655-09 or most recent.

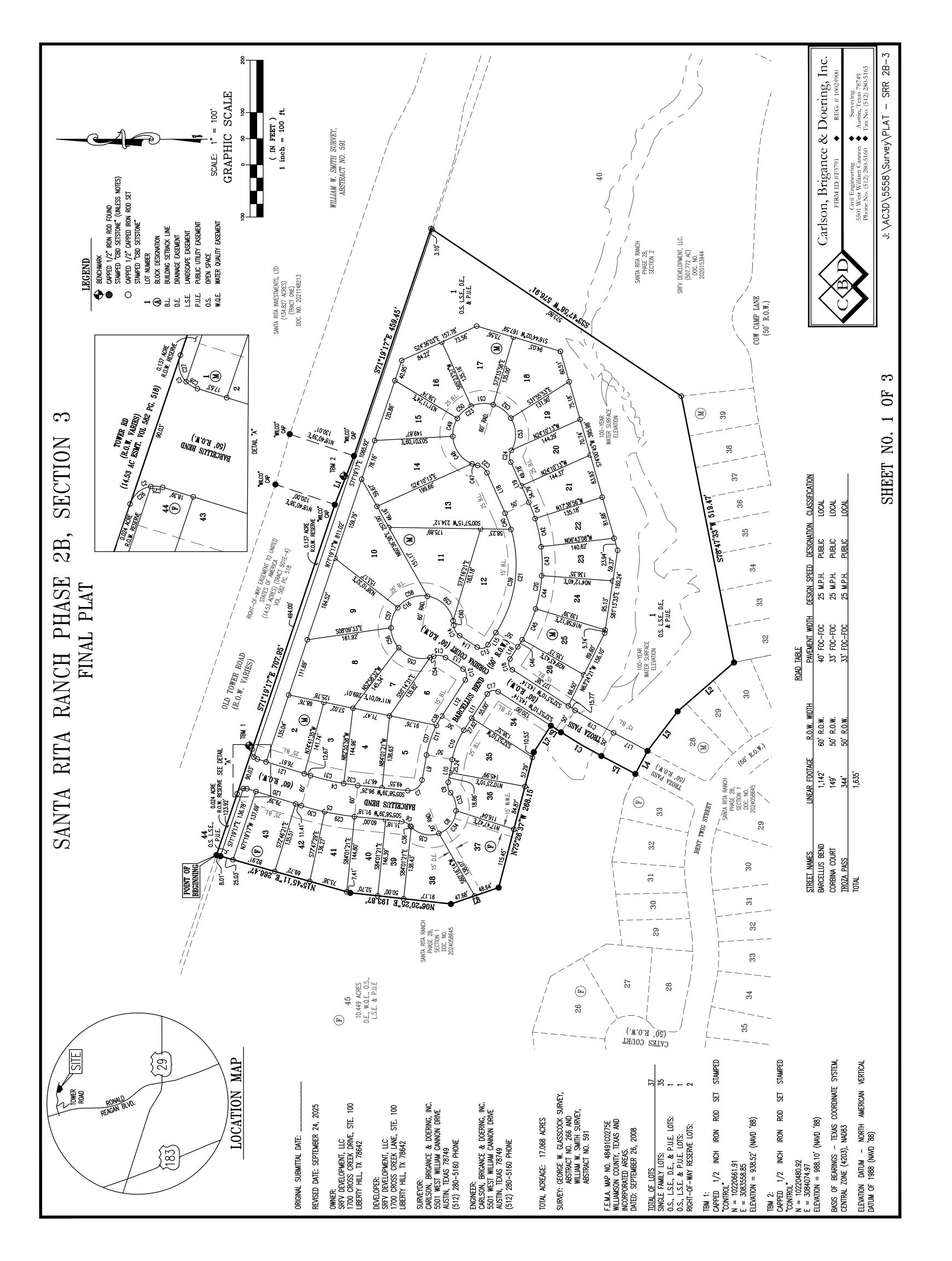
Revised October 2017

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* STEVEN P. CATES 93648 :05 SONAL ENGLAND 93648 CARLSON, BRIGANCE & DOERING, INC ID# F3791

> 10-3-2025 OCT 2025 B NUMBER 5558

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\mathcal{C} SECTION 2B, PHASE PI FINAL RANCH RITA SANTA

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	Radius	240.00	25.00	00:09	25.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	530.00	230.00	470.00	470.00	50.00	50.00	20.00	50.00	205.00	205.00	240.00	240.00
	Curve #	C21	C22	C23	C24	C25	C26	C27	C28	C29	C30	C31	C32	C33	C34	C35	C36	C37	C38	C39	C40
	DELTA	5.00'21"	88'32'56"	91.27'04"	11.15'00"	11.15,00*	42'50'00"	85'35'29"	176'36'52"	48'11'23"	22'30'00"	22'30'00"	90.00.00	90.00,00	53'58'05"	53*58*05*	287'56'10"	90.00.06	90.00,00	5.00'21"	57'03'23"
	Chord Length	89.53	20.94	21.48	92.14	103.90	18.26	33.97	96.66	20.41	60.48	79.99	21.21	21.21	22.69	22.69	70.59	21.21	21.21	85.16	277.00
Curve Table	Chord Direction	N30"22"59"E	N27'02'49"W	S62'57'11"W	S11°36'09"W	S11°36'09"W	N27'23'39"E	S36'49'06"E	S39*29'47"E	S76.17'28"W	N68*21*50*W	N68*21*50*W	N77.53'10"E	S12'06'50"E	S59°52°12"W	N05°54°07"E	W27.06'50"W	N12.06.50"W	S77.53°10"W	S30°22°59"W	S85'38'32"E
	Length	89.55	23.18	23.94	92.28	104.07	18.69	37.35	154.13	21.03	60.87	80.50	23.56	23.56	23.55	23.55	301.53	23.56	23.56	85.19	288.79
	Radius	1025.00	15.00	15.00	470.00	530.00	25.00	25.00	50.00	25.00	155.00	205.00	15.00	15.00	25.00	25.00	60.00	15.00	15.00	975.00	290.00
	Curve #	C1	73	ಣ	C4	CS	90	<i>C</i> 2	85	හ	C10	C11	C12	C13	C14	C15	C16	C17	C18	C19	C20

Radius	Length	Chord Direction	Chord Length	DELTA	Curve #	Radiu
1025.00	89.55	N30'22'59"E	89.53	5.00,21"	C21	240.0
15.00	23.18	N27°02'49"W	20.94	88,35,26	C22	25.00
15.00	23.94	W"11"73"38	21.48	91.27,04"	C23	0.09
470.00	92.28	S11'36'09"W	92.14	11.15'00"	C24	25.00
530.00	104.07	S11'36'09"W	103.90	11.15,00"	C25	15.0(
25.00	18.69	N27°23'39"E	18.26	42'50'00"	C26	15.00
25.00	37.35	S36'49'06"E	33.97	85,35,59	C27	15.00
50.00	154.13	S39°29°47″E	96:66	176'36'52"	C28	15.0(
25.00	21.03	S7617'28"W	20.41	4811"23"	C29	230.0
155.00	28'09	N68'21'50"W	60.48	22°30°00″	C30	230.0
205.00	80.50	N68'21'50"W	79.99	22'30'00"	C31	470.0
15.00	23.56	N77'53'10"E	21.21	.00,00.06	C32	470.0
15.00	23.56	S12'06'50"E	21.21	200,00.06	C33	20.00
25.00	23.55	S59*52*12*W	22.69	53.28,05"	C34	20.00
25.00	23.55	N05°54°07"E	22.69	23,28,02	C35	20.00
60.00	301.53	W27°06'50"W	70.59	287'56'10"	C36	90.06
15.00	23.56	N12.06'50"W	21.21	.00.00.06	C37	205.0
15.00	23.56	S77.53°10"W	21.21	.00,00.06	C38	205.0
975.00	85.19	S30'22'59"W	85.16	5.00,21"	C39	240.0
290.00	288.79	S85'38'32"E	277.00	5703,53	C40	240.0

Curve	C21	C22	C23	C2 4	C25	C26	C27	C28	C29	C30	C31	C32	C33	C34	C35	C36	C37	C38	C39	C40
DELTA	5.00,21"	.95,25.88	91,52,04"	11.15'00"	11*15*00*	42'50'00"	85'35'29"	176'36'52"	4811,23"	.00,0£.ZZ	.00,08.27	.00.00.06	200,00.06	23.28,05	.50,85.25	287'56'10"	.00.00.06	.00,00.06	5.00,21	5703'23"
Chord Length	89.53	20.94	21.48	92.14	103.90	18.26	33.97	96.96	20.41	60.48	79.99	21.21	21.21	22.69	22.69	70.59	21.21	21.21	85.16	277.00
Chord Direction	N30°22°59"E	N27'02'49"W	S62'57'11"W	S11°36'09"W	S11°36°09"W	N27'23'39"E	S36*49'06"E	S39*29'47"E	S76'17'28"W	N68'21'50"W	N68'21'50"W	N77.53'10"E	S12'06'50"E	S59'52'12"W	N05°54°07"E	N57'06'50"W	N12'06'50"W	S77'53'10"W	S30'22'59"W	S85°38°32″E
Length	89.55	23.18	23.94	92.28	104.07	18.69	37.35	154.13	21.03	60.87	80.50	23.56	23.56	23.55	23.55	301.53	23.56	23.56	85.19	288.79
Radius	1025.00	15.00	15.00	470.00	530.00	25.00	25.00	20.00	25.00	155.00	205.00	15.00	15.00	25.00	25.00	00:09	15.00	15.00	975.00	290.00

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I	48'11'23"	22'30'00"	22'30'00"	90.00,00	90,00,00	53'58'05"	53'58'05"	287'56'10"	90.00.00	90,00,00	500,21"	57'03'23"			Length	82.62	40.13	40.13	27.65	27.65	73.77	84.57	84.57	
	481	22.3	22.3	90.0	90.0	53.5	53.5	287	90.0	90.0	200	570		able	n	'50"E	10"W	10"W	'50"E	50°E	48″W	'47"E	'47"E	
	20.41	60.48	79.99	21.21	21.21	22.69	22.69	70.59	21.21	21.21	85.16	277.00		Line Table	Direction	S57'06'50"E	S32"53"10"W	S32°53°10"W	S57'06'50"E	S57'06'50"E	S27.52'48"W	N65*49'47"E	N65*49'47"E	
	2)9	7	2	2	2.	2.	7	2	2	8 6	27			Line #	L12	L13	L14	L15	L16	L17	L18	L19	
	S76"17"28"W	N68'21'50"W	N68"21"50"W	N77'53'10"E	S12'06'50"E	S59*52*12"W	N05°54°07"E	N57'06'50"W	N12'06'50"W	S77.53°10"W	S30*22*59"W	S85'38'32"E												
1															Length	100.13	142.95	95.00	50.00	73.77	23.14	90.09	96.32	l
	21.03	60.87	80.50	23.56	23.56	23.55	23.55	301.53	23.56	23.56	85.19	288.79		ple	1					3*E		*		ŀ
	25.00	155.00	205.00	15.00	15.00	25.00	25.00	60.00	15.00	15.00	975.00	290.00		Line Table	Direction	S68°27'17"E	N40°57°56"W	N52"39"56"W	N62"07"12"W	N27°52'48"E	N32°53°10″E	N57°07'06"W	N18"57"02"W	
T																					$\overline{}$	\neg	$\overline{}$	ſ

	Length	82.62	40.13	40.13	27.65	27.65	73.77	84.57	84.57	109.19	106.91		
Line Table	Direction	3,06,20,E	N_01,257,25S	W.01,25,Z£S	S57'06'50"E	3,09,90,15S	S27.52°48°W	N65*49'47"E	N65*49'47"E	N17'13'39"E	N17'13'39"E		
	Line #	L12	L13	L14	L15	L16	117	L18	L19	L20	121		
												•	
	Length	100.13	142.95	95.00	50.00	73.77	23.14	00.09	96.32	48.69	44.10	82.62	
Line Table	Direction	S68'27'17"E	W.95,25.04N	M_95,62,75N	N62'07'12"W	N27'52'48"E	N32'53'10"E	M.,90,20.29N	W"20"781N	M_05,9£.6/N	M_05,9£.6/N	3,09,90,2S	
	line #	П	71	ยา	F4	51	91	77	81	៩ា	L10	L11	

OUITE I	C41	C42	C43	C44	C45	C46	C47	C48	C49	C50	C51	C52	C53	C54	C22	C56	C57	C58	C59	C60
מרוע	57'03'23"	53°58°05"	287'56'10"	53°58°05"	26'21'04"	62'11'51"	62'11'51"	29'15'13"	6'13'52"	5'01'08"	7.56'11"	3'18'49"	42'21'55"	65*45'31"	65.42'02"	2.47'24"	16.39'07"	5.50'53"	49'08'12"	7.55'11"
ciora cangar	229.24	22.69	70.59	22.69	6.84	15.50	15.50	7.58	57.61	46.41	65.05	27.18	36.13	54.29	54.24	2.43	59.37	20.91	199.57	33.15
כווסום חוופכנוסוו	S85'38'32"E	N38'50'44"E	N24*10'13"W	N8711'11"W	N04'03'07"E	N40°13'21"W	S77°34°47"W	S31*51*15*W	N09'05'35"E	N14"43"05"E	S13"15"33"W	S07.38°03"W	S73'22'44"W	N52°33'33"W	N13'10'14"E	N47'24'57"E	S71.17'17"E	S60'02'17"E	S81*40'56"E	N69'47'22"E
l light	239.00	23.55	301.53	23.55	06:9	16.28	16.28	99''	57.64	46.43	65.10	27.18	36.97	57.39	57.33	2.43	59.58	20.92	205.82	33.17
3	.00	00:	8	8.	8	8	8	8	8.	8.	00.	8.	8.	8.	00:	8:	8	00.	00.	00.

Rac	29(29(73	73	73	73	99	8	9	09	9	8	8	99	9	8	9	90	9	99
Curve #	C41	C 4 5	C43	C44	C45	940	C47	C48	640	090	C51	C25	C53	t2)	9 90	953	C22	853	623	090
DELTA	57'03'23"	53'58'05"	287"56"10"	53'58'05"	26'21'04"	62'11'51"	62'11'51"	29'15'13"	6'13'52"	5.01'08"	7.56'11"	3.18'49"	42"21"55"	65'45'31"	65.42'02"	2.47'24"	16°39°07"	5.50'53"	49'08'12"	7.55'11"
Chord Length	229.24	22.69	70.59	22.69	6.84	15.50	15.50	7.58	57.61	46.41	65.05	27.18	36.13	54.29	54.24	2.43	59.37	20.91	199.57	33.15
Chord Direction	S85'38'32"E	N38'50'44"E	N24*10'13"W	N8711'11"W	N04'03'07"E	N40°13'21"W	S77'34'47"W	S31*51*15*W	N09'05'35"E	N14'43'05"E	S13'15'33"W	S07.38'03"W	S73'22'44"W	N52°33'33"W	N13'10'14"E	N47'24'57"E	S71'17'17"E	S60'02'17"E	S81'40'56"E	N69'47'22"E
Length	239.00	23.55	301.53	23.55	6.90	16.28	16.28	7.66	57.64	46.43	65.10	27.18	36.97	57.39	57.33	2.43	59.58	20.92	205.82	33.17
Radius	240.00	25.00	90.09	25.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	530.00	530.00	470.00	470.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	205.00	205.00	240.00	240.00

					I
229.24	57'03'23"	C41	290.00	33.01	S69
22.69	53.58'05"	C42	290.00	22:35	<i>S77</i>
70.59	287'56'10"	C43	290.00	55.32	S88'
22.69	53.58'05"	C44	290.00	64.58	N79
6.84	26.21.04"	C45	290.00	64.58	99N
15.50	62'11'51"	C46	290.00	15.98	N58
15.50	62'11'51"	C47	60.00	11.37	N17
7.58	29*15*13*	C48	90.09	67.29	N54
57.61	6'13'52"	C49	60.00	35.82	S75
46.41	5.01'08"	020	00'09	35.82	S41
65.05	7.56'11"	C51	00:09	43.29	S03
27.18	3.18'49"	C25	00:09	43.29	S37
36.13	42'21'55"	C53	60.00	64.64	S88'
54.29	65*45'31"	C54	60.00	7.36	V17
54.24	65*42'02"	C22	60.00	66.12	N17
2.43	247'24"	C56	60.00	41.73	69N
59.37	16°39°07"	C27	60.00	41.09	S71
20.91	5.50'53"	C58	60.00	64.03	S21
199.57	49°08'12"	C29	60.00	71.83	S 4 3
33.15	7.55'11"	090	60.00	9.36	S82'

N COUN	METES AND BOUNDS ACT OF LAND IN THE WILLIAM W. SMITH SURVEY, ABSTRACT NUMBER 591, WILLIAMSON COUN	JMBER (RACT NI	<u>ounds</u> EY, ABST	METES AND BOUNDS '. SMITH SURVEY, AB	METE LIAM W. SIV.	METES AND BOUNDS ACT OF LAND IN THE WILLIAM W. SMITH SURVEY, ABSTRACT 507 772 ACRE TRACT CONVEYED TO SREV DEVELOPMENT	CT OF LAN
9.35	S82°23'04"W	9.36	60.00	090		7.55'11"	33.15	N69*47*22"E
67.62	S43'37'05"W	71.83	00.09	C59		49°08'12"	199.57	S81*40'56"E
61.04	S21*15'05"E	64.03	60.00	C58		5'50'53"	20.91	S60'02'17"E
40.30	S71'26'44"E	41.09	60.00	C57		16'39'07"	59.37	S71"17"TE
40.89	N69°00'34"E	41.73	60.00	C56		2'47'24"	2.43	N47°24°57"E
62.82	N17'30'59"E	66.12	60.00	C55		65*42'02"	54.24	N13'10'14"E
7.36	N17.34'02"W	7.36	60.00	C54		65*45'31"	54.29	N52°33'33"W
61.56	S88°55°59"W	64.64	00:09	C53		42"21"55"	36.13	S73°22°44″W
42.35	S37.24'04"W	43.29	00:09	C52		3'18'49"	27.18	S07.38'03"W
42.35	S03.56'00"E	43.29	00:09	C51		7.56'11"	65.05	S13*15*33*W
35.29	S41*42'19"E	35.82	00:09	C50		5.01'08"	46.41	N14"43"05"E
35.29	S75°54'53"E	35.82	00:09	C49		613'52"	57.61	N09*05*35"E
63.82	N54°51°01″E	67.29	00:09	C48		29*15*13*	7.58	S31°51°15"W
11.35	N17'17'27"E	11.37	00:09	C47		62'11'51"	15.50	S77°34°47″W
15.98	N58'41'34"W	15.98	290.00	C46		62'11'51"	15.50	N40°13'21"W
64.44	N66°39°02"W	64.58	290.00	C45		26.21'04"	6.84	N04*03*07"E
64.44	N79'24'34"W	64.58	290.00	C44		53'58'05"	22.69	N87'11'11"W

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	CT OF	507.77	BLC F	BOUN	
	17.068 ACRE TRACT OF LAND IN THE WILLIAM W. SMITH SURVEY, ABSTRACT NUMBER 591, WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS, BEIN	N OF A CALLED 507.772 ACRE TRACT CONVEYED TO SRFV DEVELOPMENT, LLC BY DEED RECORDED IN DOCUMENT NUMBE	44, OFFICIAL PUBLIC RECORDS OF WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS, SAID 17.068 ACRE TRACT OF LAND BEING MORE FULL) BY METES AND BOUNDS AS FOLLOWS:	
	38 ACF	A C	OFFICE	METES	
	17.06	らっ	44,	ĕ	

THENCE, OVER AND ACROSS SAID 507.772 ACRE TRACT OF LAND AND WITH THE SOUTH LINE OF SAID TOWER THREE (3) COURSES AND DISTANCES, NUMBERED 1 THROUGH 3,

S71'19'17"E, A DISTANCE OF 707.95 FEET TO A CAPPED 1/2 INCH IRON ROD FOUND STAMPED "WILCO", S68'27'17"E, A DISTANCE OF 100.13 FEET TO A CAPPED 1/2 INCH IRON ROD FOUND STAMPED "WILCO", S71'19'17"E, A DISTANCE OF 459.45 FEET TO A CAPPED 1/2 INCH IRON ROD SET STAMPED "CBD NORTHEAST CORNER OF THE HEREIN DESCRIBED TRACT OF LAND,

576.91 FEET TO A CAPPED 1/2 INCH IRON ROD SET STAMPED F 519.47 FEET TO A CAPPED 1/2 INCH IRON ROD FOUND 30, BLOCK M, SAID SANTA RITA RANCH PHASE 2B, SECTION 1 T OF LAND, 7

	GENERAL:
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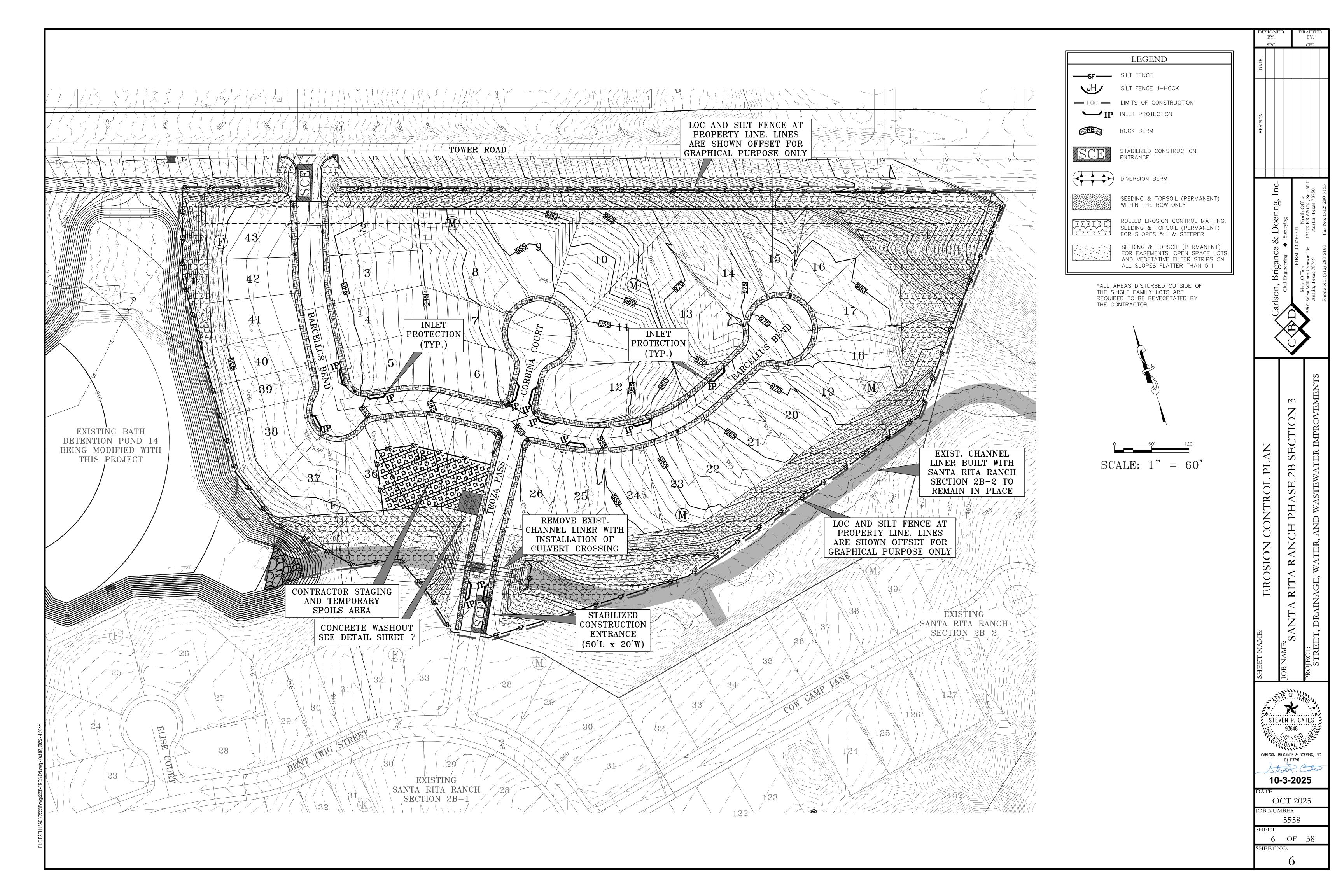
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	I, STEVEN P. CATES, P.E., AM AUTHORIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF TEXAS, TO PRACTICE THE PROFESSION OF ENGINEERING, AND HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS SUBDIVISION PLAT COMPLIES WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF WILLIAMSON COUNTY.		IEMENT, AS DETERMI S, GREAIER FLOODS SHALL NOT CREATE	SIAIE OF IEXAS COUNTY OF TRAVIS \$ LARON V. THOMASON, R.P.L.S., AM AUTHORIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF TEXAS, TO PRACTICE THE PROFESSION OF SURVEYING, AND HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS SUBDIVISION PLAT COMPLIES WITH THE WILLIAMSON COUNTY SUBDIVISION ORDINANCE. ALL EASEMENTS OF RECORD ARE SHOWN OR NOTED ON THE PLAT AS FOUND ON THE TITLE POLICY ISSUED BY TITLE RESOURCES GUARANTY COMPANY, GF NO. 2010289—COM, EFFECTIVE DATE JUNE 10, 2020, ISSUED DATE JUNE 19, 2020.	PRELIMINARY, THIS DOCUMENT SHALL NOT BE RECORDED FOR ANY PURPOSE AND SHALL NOT BE USED OR VIEWED OR RELIED UPON AS A FINAL SURVEY DOCUMENT. FOR SURVEYED BY: AARON V. THOMASON, R.P.L.S. NO. 6214 DATE CARLSON, BRIGANCE & DOERING, INC. 5501 WEST WILLIAM CANNON DRIVE, AARON@CBBENG.COM	BY: DATE DIRECTOR OF PLANNING CITY OF LIBERTY HILL, TEXAS ROAD NAME AND ADDRESS ASSIGNMENTS VERIFIED THIS THE DAY OF, 20 A.D.	n all men by these presents;	I, STEVEN SNELL, COUNTY JUDGE OF WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS, DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS MAP OR PLAT, WITH FIELD NOTES HEREON, FOR A SUBDIVISION HAVING BEEN FULLY PRESENTED TO THE COMMISSIONERS COURT OF WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS. BE REGISTERED AND RECORDED IN THE PROPER RECORDS OF THE COUNTY CLERK OF WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS. STEVEN SNELL, COUNTY JUDGE WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS \$ KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS; COUNTY OF WILLIAMSON \$	I, NANCY RISTER, CLERK OF THE COUNTY COURT OF SAID COUNTY, DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE FOREGOING INSTRUMENT IN WRITING, WITH ITS CERTIFICATE OF AUTHENTICATION WAS FILED FOR RECORD IN MY OFFICE ON THE DAY OF, 20	NANCY RISTER, CLERK COUNTY COURT OF WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS OF WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS BY: Carlson, Brigance & Doering, Inc. FIRM ID #F3791
STATE OF TEXAS \$ KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS; \$ KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS; \$ COUNTY OF WILLIAMSON \$ \$ L. JAMES EDWARD HORNE, VICE PRESIDENT, SRPV DEVELOPMENT, ILC, OWNER OF A CALLED 507.772 ACRE TRACT OF LAND CONVEYED IN DOCUMENT NUMBER 2020153944, OFFICIAL PUBLIC RECORDS, WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS, STRUATED IN THE GEORGE W. GLASSCOCK SURVEY, ABSTRACT NUMBER 266, AND THE WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS, STRUATED IN THE GEORGE W. GLASSCOCK SURVEY, ABSTRACT NUMBER 266, AND THE WILLIAM W. SMITH SURVEY, ABSTRACT THE PUBLIC THE ROADS, ALLERS SHOWN HEREON, AND DO HEREBY CONSENT TO ALL PLAT NOTE REQUIREMENTS SHOWN HEREON, AND DO HEREBY FOREVER DEDICATE TO THE PUBLIC THE ROADS, ALLEYS, RICHARD ASSAMPLIS, AND PUBLIC PRESON FOR SICH PUBLIC FARS SHOWN HEREON, AND DO HEREBY FOREVER DEDICATE TO THE PUBLIC THE ROADS, ALLEYS, RICHARD ASSAMPLIS, AND PUBLIC PRESON FOR SICH PUBLIC FAST SICH PUBLIC FOR SICH PUBLIC FAST SICH PUBLIC FAST SHOWN HEREON, AND DO HEREBY FOREVER DEDICATE TO THE PUBLIC THE ROADS, ALLEYS RICHARD ASSAMPLIS AND PUBLIC PLACES SHOWN HEREON FOR SICH PUBLIC FAST SHOWN HEREON, AND DO HEREBY FOREVER DEDICATE TO THE PUBLIC THE ROADS.	"SANTA RITA RANCH PHASE 2B, SECTION 3 FINAL PLAT" TO CERTIFY WHICH, WITNESS BY MY HAND THIS DAY OF	SRFV DEVELOPMENT, LLC A TEXAS LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY BY: JAMES EDWARD HORNE, VICE PRESIDENT 1700 CROSS CREEK LANE, STE. 100	LIBERTY HILL, IX 78642 STATE OF TEXAS \$ COUNTY OF WILLIAMSON \$	BEFORE ME THE UNDERSIGNED AUTHORITY, ON THIS DAY PERSONALLY APPEARED JAMES EDWARD HORNE, KNOWN TO ME TO BE THE PERSON WHOSE NAME IS SUBSCRIBED TO THE FOREGOING INSTRUMENT OF WRITING, AND HE ACKNOWLEDGED TO ME THAT HE EXECUTED THE SAME FOR THE PURPOSES AND CONSIDERATION THEREIN EXPRESSED AND IN THE CAPACITY THEREIN STATED. WITNESS MY HAND AND SEAL OF OFFICE, THIS THE DAY OF, 20 A.D.	NOTARY PUBLIC IN AND FOR WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS CONSENT OF MORTGAGEE THE UNDERSIGNED, BEING THE HOLDER OF TWO DEEDS OF TRUST LIENS SECURED BY THE PROPERTY, THE FIRST DATED INCLUDER 31, 2013 RECORDED AS DOCUMENT NO. 2013103003 IN THE OFFICIAL PUBLIC DEPOSITS OF TWO DEEDS OF TRUST LIENS SECURED BY THE PROPERTY, THE FIRST DATED INCLUDER 31, 2013 RECORDED AS DOCUMENT NO. 2013103003 IN THE OFFICIAL PUBLIC DEPOSITS OF TWO DEEDS OF TRUST LIENS SECURED BY THE PROPERTY, THE FIRST DATED INCLUDER 31, 2013 RECORDED AS DOCUMENT NO. 2013103003 IN THE OFFICIAL PUBLIC DEPOSITS OF THE PROPERTY OF	OF EVEN DATE THEREWITH, EXECUTES THIS DECLARATION SOLELY FOR THE PURPOSES OF EVIDENCING ITS CONSENT TO THE TERMS AND PROVISIONS HEREOF. INTERNATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE, A TEXAS BANKING ASSOCIATION BY: PRINTED NAME:	STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF	PRINTED NAME:		

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Specifications

Western Excelsior manufactures a full line of Rolled Erosion Control Products (RECPs). Excel SS-2 temporary Erosion Control Blanket is composed of a 100% certified weed free agricultural straw matrix mechanically (stitch) bound on two Inch centers between two photodegradable, synthetic nets. Excel SS-2 is intended for use in channels or on slopes requiring erosion protection for a period up to twelve months. Actual field longevity is dependent on soil and climatic conditions. Each roll of EXCEL SS-2 is made in the USA and manufactured under Western Excelsior's Quality Assurance Program to ensure a continuous distribution of fibers and consistent thickness. Typical manufactured properites are provided in Table 1 and product characteristics are provided

Table 1- Specified Expected Values

Tested Property	Test Method	Value
Tensile Strength (MD) x (TD)	ASTM D6818	10.0 lb/ln (1.8 kN/m) x 5.2 lb/ln (1.1 kN/m)
Elongation (MD) x (TD)	ASTM D6818	20 % x 26 %
Mass Per Unit Area	ASTM D6475	8.0 oz/yd^2 (271 g/m^2)
Thickness	ASTM D6525	0.28 in (7 mm)
Light Penetration	ASTM D6567	22 % open
Water Absorption	ASTM D1117	450 %

Synthetic, Photodegradable
Synthetic, Photodegradable
0.5 in (13 mm) x 0.5 in (13 mm)
0.5 in (13 mm) × 0.5 in (13 mm)

Excel SS-2 is available in multiple roll sizes ranging in width from 8.0 ft to 16.0 ft. and 112.5 ft to 600 ft in length. Standard roll sizes are 100 square yards, measuring 8.0 ft wide by 112.5 ft long. Custom roll sizes

Document # WE_EXCEL_SS2_SPEC. This document has been developed to provide the characteristic properties of the product described. For questions, to request performance data or installation recommendations, contact Western Excelsion at 856-540-9810 or wexcotech@westernexcelsion.com. Updated 4/14/2014.

I. PERMANENT EROSION CONTROL:

- 1. All disturbed areas outside of the single family lots shall be revegetated as noted below.
- 2. All revegetated areas require a minimum of four (4) inches of topsoil be placed prior to revegetation. Do not add topsoil within the critical root zone of existing trees.
- 3. All revegetated areas are required to be watered immediately after installation to achieve germination and a healthy stand of plants that can ultimately survive without supplemental water. Apply the water uniformly to the planted areas without causing displacement or erosion of the materials or soil. Maintain the seedbed in a moist condition favorable for grass growth. A temporary sprinkler system must be installed in areas not accessible to a water truck. The sprinkler system must remain in place until acceptable grass growth per #4 below is established.
- 4. Permanent erosion control shall be acceptable when the grass has grown at least 1½ inches high with a minimum of 95 percent with no bare spots larger than 10 square feet.

II. <u>VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION:</u>

Seed Mix:

- a) Seed mix shall be ordered from Native American Seed 10101 FM 1102 New Braunfels, TX 78130 -
- b) Dam Slope Mix Item #2808MIX 31222 (see mix below). You must submit to the engineer (via email at steve@cbdeng.com), a receipt showing total pounds purchased is equal to the seed rate multiplied by the total square footage of area to be revegetated. The dam slope mix seed rate is 2 lbs. per 1000 sq.ft. for Hydromulch.

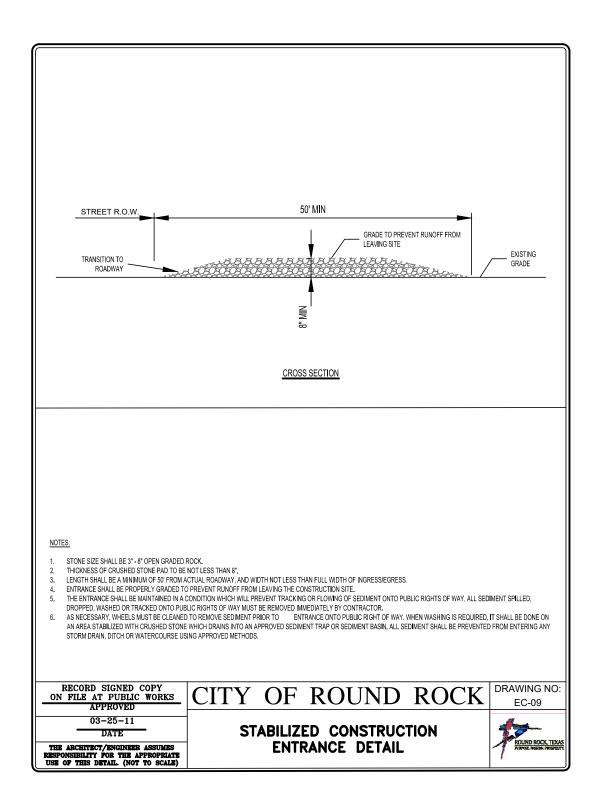
<u>Name</u>	<u>% by wt</u>	Test Date	<u>Germination</u>	<u>Dormant</u>	Total Germ
Prairie Wildrye	16.70%	8/2022	15%	70%	85%
Virginia Wildrye	14.32%	8/2022	7%	85%	92%
Sideoats Grama	11.93%	8/2022	54%	14%	68%
Big Bluestem	11.93%	7/2022	97%	2%	99%
Tall Dropseed	8.95%	11/2022	31%	51%	82%
Indiangrass	5.97%	7/2022	51%	47%	98%
Purity: 85.18%	Inert: 14.81%	Other: 0.01%	Weed: 0%	Noxious None	Origin: USA
Germ: 39.47%	Dormant: 45.22%	Ttl Germ: 84.69%	PLS: 72.14%	Seeds/lb: 264,245	Net Weight: 50 Lbs

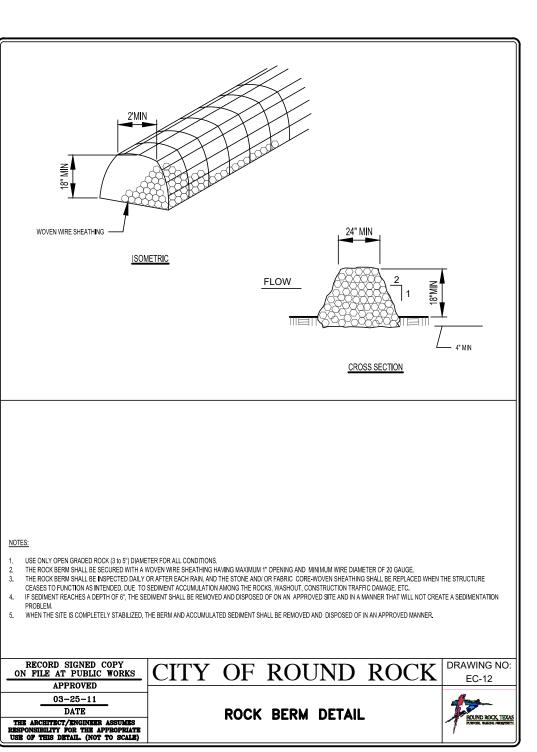
Little Bluestem 4.89%, Blue Grama 4.89%, Little Bluestem - Pineywoods 4.89%, Buffalograss 2.98%, Western Wheatgrass 2.98%, Switchgrass 1.79%, Eastern Gamagrass 1.12%, Sand Lovegrass 1.01%, Cane Bluestern 0.89%, Sand Dropseed 0.89%, Curly Mesquite 0.36%, Texas Cupgrass 0.18%, Slender Grama 0.030%

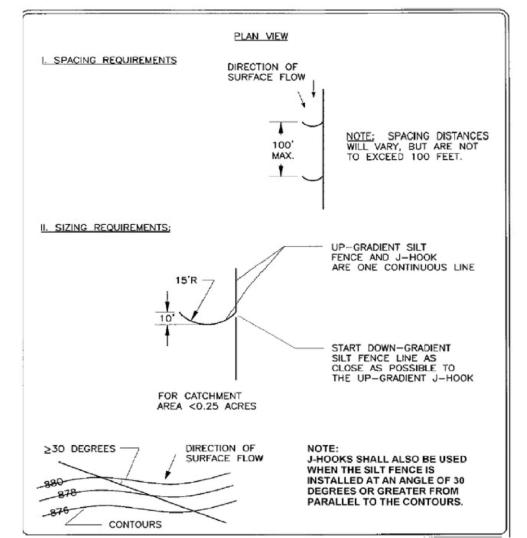
2. Revegetation between September 15th to March 1st:

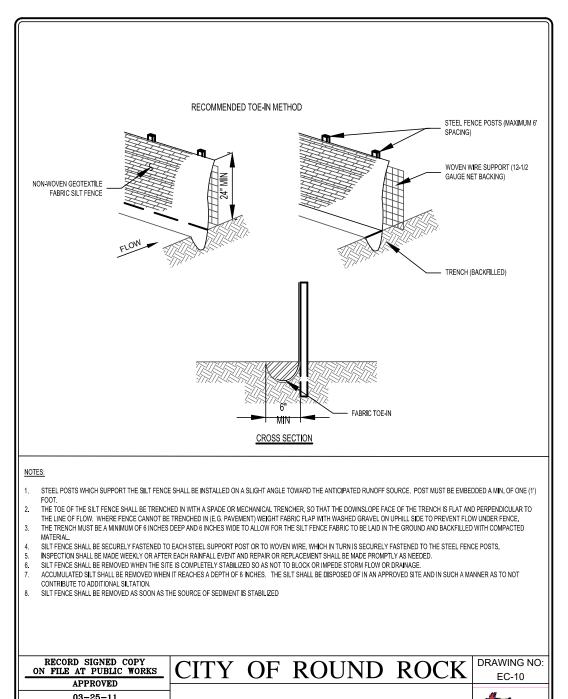
Material	Description	Longevity	Typical Applications	Application Rates
Bonded Fiber Matrix (BFM)	80% Organic defibrated fibers			
10% Tackifier		6 months	On slopes up to 2:1 and erosive soil conditions	2,500 to 4,000 lbs per acre (see manufacturers recommendations)
Fiber Reinforced Matrix (FRM)	65% Organic defibrated fibers 25% Reinforcing Fibers or less 10% Tackifier	Up to 12 months	On slopes up to 1:1 and erosive soil conditions	3,000 to 4,500 lbs per acre (see manufacturers recommendations)

Erosion Control Matting:



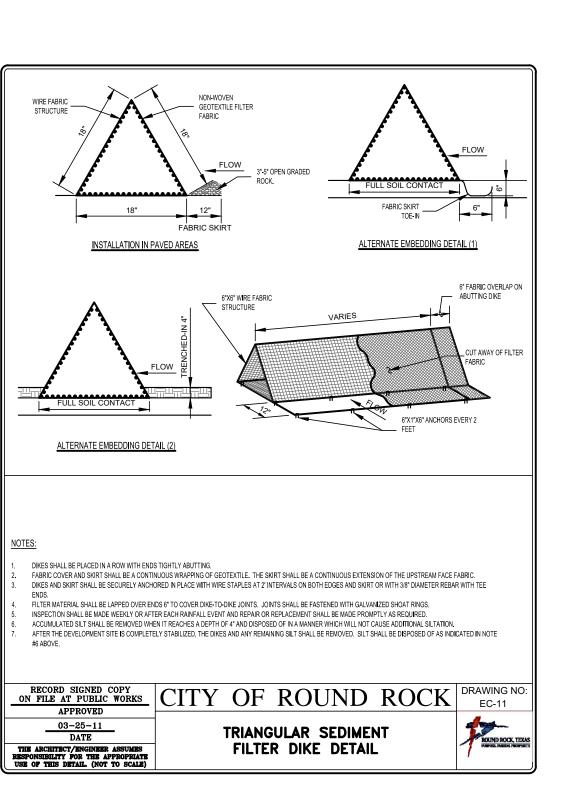


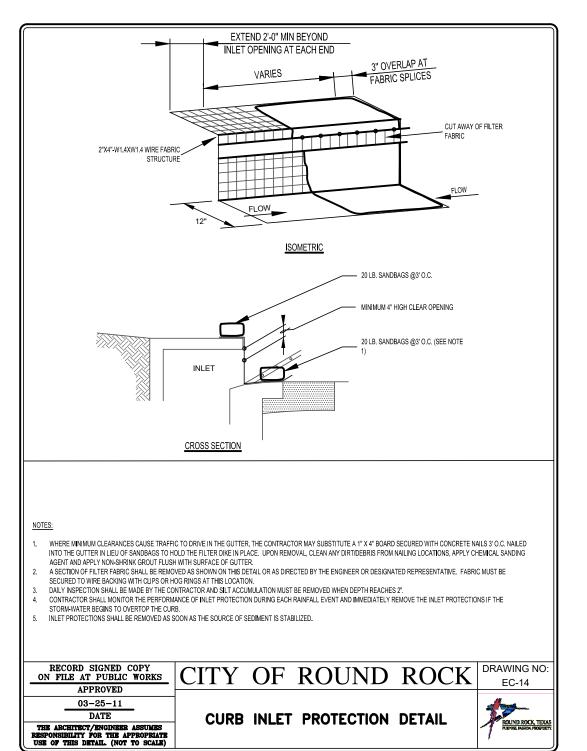


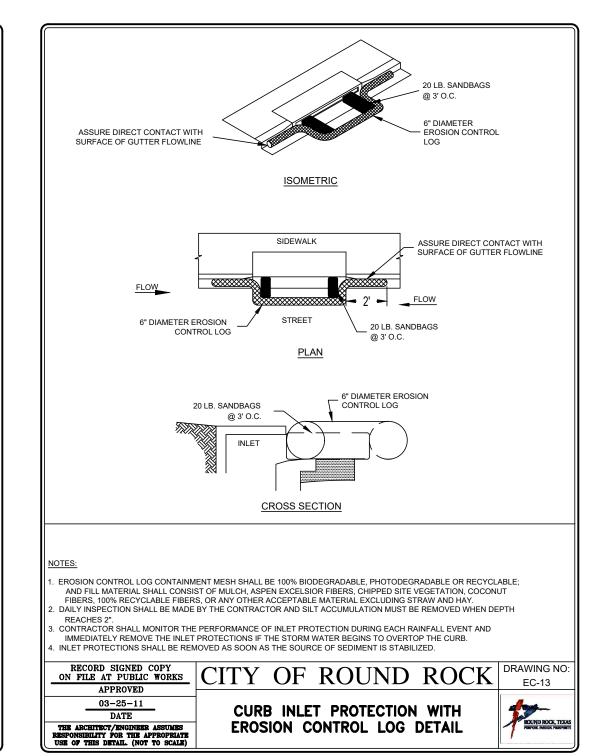


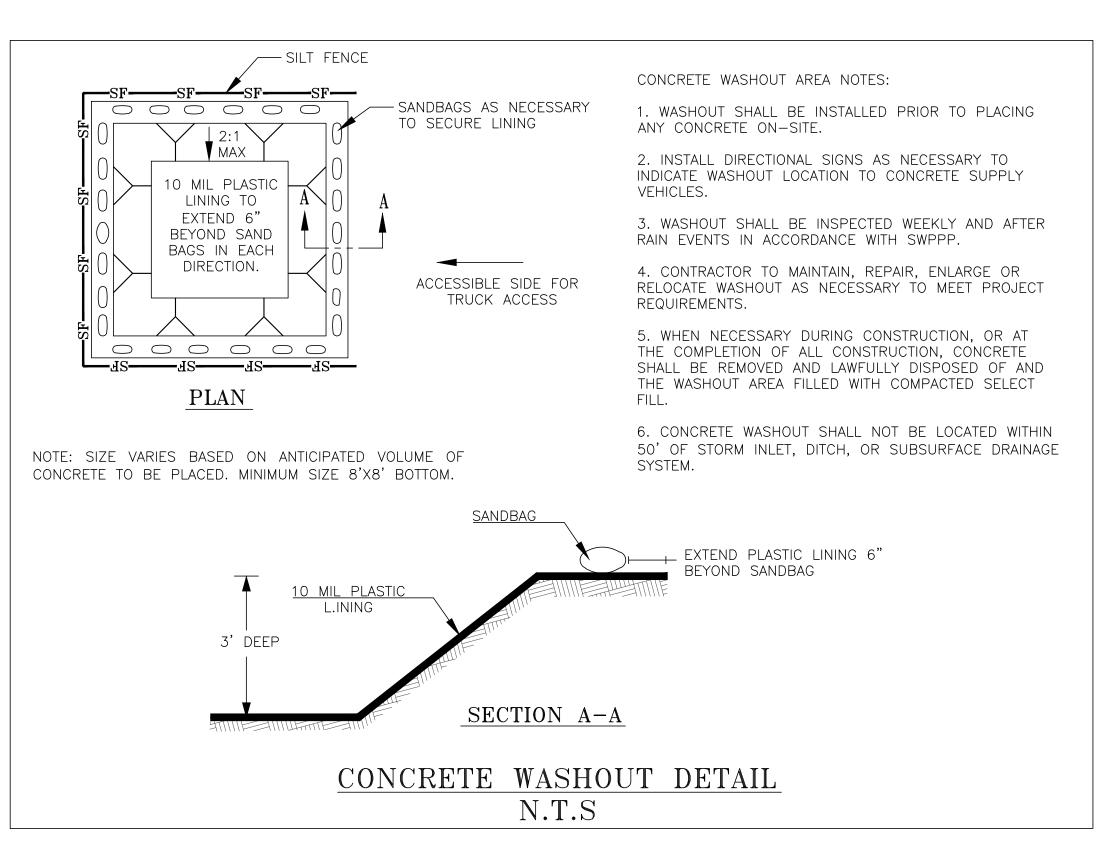
SILT FENCE DETAIL

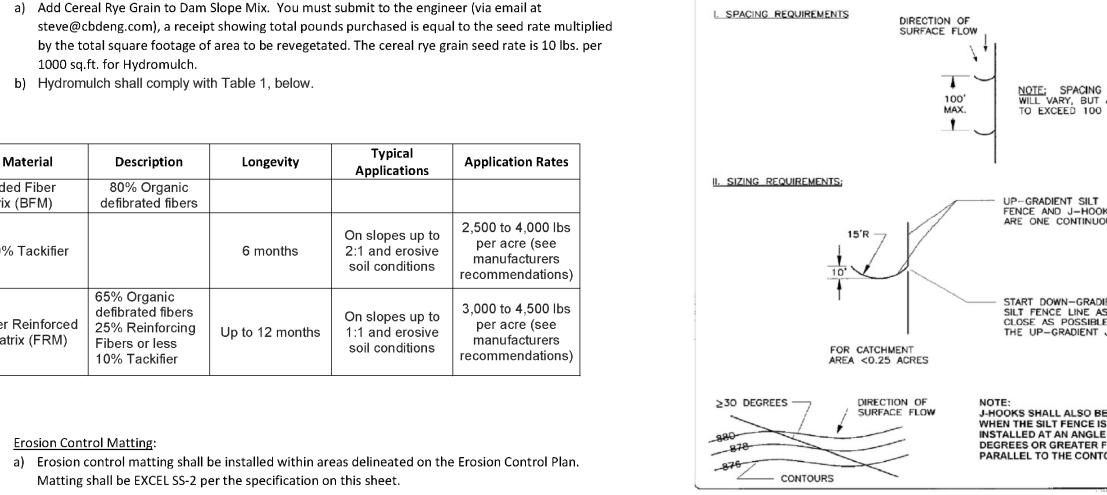
ROUND ROCK, TEXAS PURPOSE RUSTON PROSPERTY











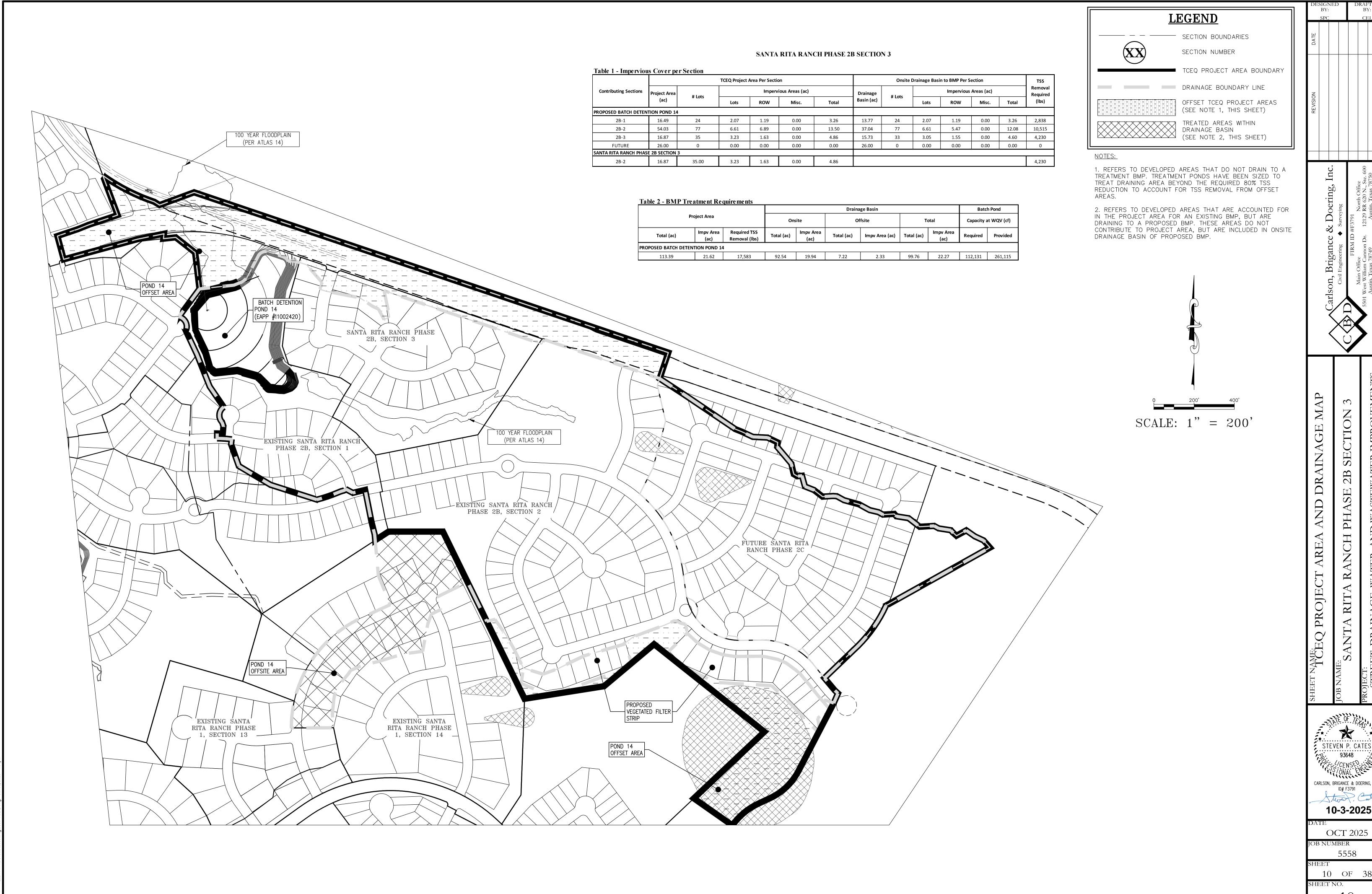
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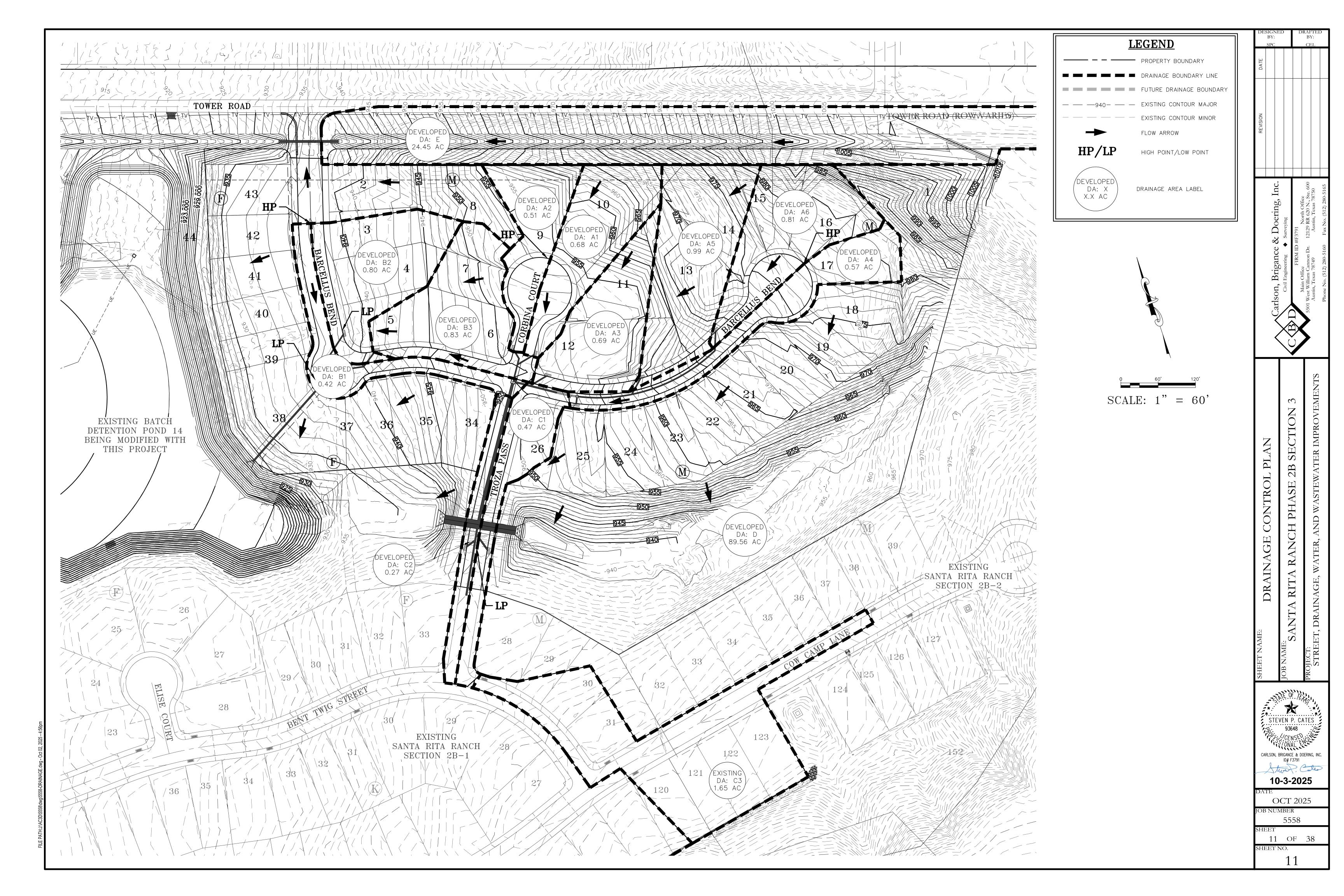
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STEVEN P. CATES

CARLSON, BRIGANCE & DOERING, INC. ID# F3791

OCT 2025

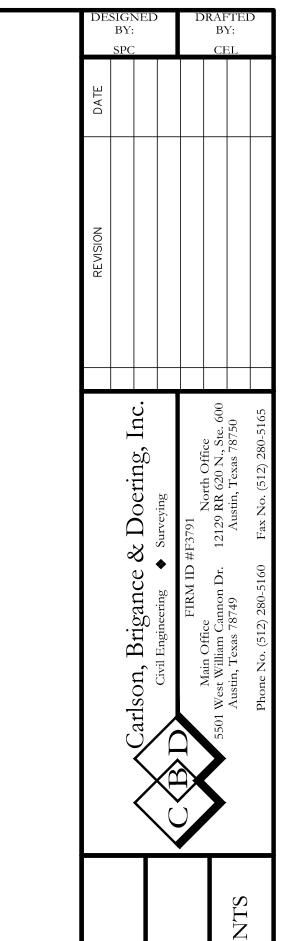


Area	Area	T _c	Perv.	lm perv.	С	С	С	I 10	I ₂₅	I ₁₀₀	Q 10	Q ₂₅	Q ₁₀₀
No.	(Acre)	(Min.)	(%)	(%)	10	25	100	In/Hr	In/Hr	In/Hr	CFS	CFS	CFS
A1	0.68	10	50	50	0.61	0.65	0.73	7.26	8.78	11.23	3.0	3.9	5.6
A2	0.51	10	48	52	0.59	0.63	0.71	7.26	8.78	11.23	2.2	2.8	4.1
A3	0.69	10	50	50	0.58	0.63	0.71	7.26	8.78	11.23	2.9	3.8	5.5
A4	0.57	11	39	61	0.63	0.68	0.76	7.10	8.60	11.02	2.6	3.3	4.8
A5	0.99	10	52	48	0.57	0.62	0.70	7.26	8.78	11.23	4.1	5.3	7.7
A6	0.81	10	50	50	0.58	0.62	0.70	7.26	8.78	11.23	3.4	4.4	6.4
B1	0.42	10	25	75	0.67	0.72	0.80	7.26	8.78	11.23	2.0	2.6	3.8
B2	0.80	10	45	55	0.60	0.65	0.73	7.26	8.78	11.23	3.5	4.5	6.5
B3	0.83	11	47	53	0.59	0.64	0.72	7.07	8.57	10.98	3.5	4.5	6.5
C1	0.35	10	20	80	0.72	0.77	0.85	7.26	8.78	11.23	1.8	2.4	3.3
C2	0.29	10	20	80	0.70	0.75	0.83	7.26	8.78	11.23	1.5	1.9	2.7
C3	1.72	10	42	58	0.58	0.62	0.70	7.26	8.78	11.23	7.2	9.4	13.6
D	89.56	43	50	50	0.53	0.57	0.65	3.56	4.40	5.85	168.4	225.9	342.2
Е	24.45	58	53	47	0.52	0.56	0.64	2.93	3.63	4.86	36.9	49.7	76.0

							25 - YEA	AR INLET	FLOW CALCU	JLATION TABLE								
INLET	DRAINAGE	Q	Q PASS	Q SPILL	Q ADD	Q TOTAL	SLOPE	а	Yo	PAVEMENT	PONDED	Qa/La	La	LENGTH	L/La	a/Yo	Q/Qa	REMARK
NUM BER	AREA NO.	(CFS)	(CFS)	(CFS)	(CFS)	(QA) (CFS)	(%)	(FT)	(FT)	WIDTH	WIDTH (FT)		(FT)	(FT)				KUVIAKK
A1	A1	3.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.9	2.06	0.42	0.15	33	2.77	0.62	6.31	10	1.58	2.72	1.00	
A2	A2	2.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.8	1.99	0.42	0.14	33	2.50	0.60	4.72	10	2.12	3.00	1.00	
A3	A3	3.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.8	5.06	0.42	0.13	33	2.35	0.59	6.38	10	1.57	3.19	1.00	
A4	A4	3.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.3	5.36	0.42	0.12	33	2.23	0.59	5.66	10	1.77	3.36	1.00	
A5	A5	5.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.3	6.38	0.42	0.14	33	2.55	0.60	8.86	10	1.13	2.95	1.00	
A6	A6	4.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.4	4.94	0.42	0.14	33	2.50	0.60	7.39	10	1.35	3.01	1.00	
B1	B1	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.6	LP	0.42	0.15	33	2.71	-	-	15	-	2.78	1.00	
B2	B2	4.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.5	LP	0.42	0.22	33	4.00	-	-	15	-	1.94	1.00	
B3	B3	4.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.5	5.32	0.42	0.14	33	2.48	0.60	7.54	10	1.33	3.03	1.00	
C1	C1	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.4	LP	0.42	0.14	33	2.50	-	-	15	-	3.01	1.00	
C2	C2	1.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.9	LP	0.42	0.12	33	2.17	-	=	15	-	3.46	1.00	

AREAS	T _c	C ₁₀ *A	C ₂₅ *A	C ₁₀₀ *A	I ₁₀	I ₂₅	I ₁₀₀	Q 10	Q ₂₅	Q ₁₀₀
COMBINED	(Min.)				In/Hr	In/Hr	In/Hr	CFS	CFS	CFS
A5-A6	10	1.03	1.12	1.26	7.26	8.78	11.23	7.5	9.8	14.1
A4-A6	11	1.39	1.50	1.69	7.10	8.60	11.02	9.9	12.9	18.7
A3-A6	11	1.80	1.93	2.18	7.10	8.60	11.02	12.8	16.6	24.0
A1-A2	10	0.71	0.77	0.86	7.26	8.78	11.23	5.2	6.7	9.7
JC: A1-A6	11	2.51	2.70	3.04	7.10	8.60	11.02	17.8	23.2	33.5
C2-C3	10	1.19	1.28	1.45	7.26	8.78	11.23	8.6	11.3	16.3
C1-C3	10	1.44	1.55	1.75	7.26	8.78	11.23	10.5	13.6	19.6
D, C1-C3	43	48.78	52.92	60.28	3.56	4.40	5.85	173.5	232.7	352.4
JC: A, C, D	43	51.29	55.62	63.32	3.56	4.40	5.85	182.5	244.6	370.2
B2-B3	11	0.97	1.05	1.18	7.07	8.57	10.98	6.9	9.0	12.9
B1-B3	11	1.25	1.35	1.51	7.07	8.57	10.98	8.9	11.5	16.6

							100 - YE	AR INLE	T FLOW CALC	ULATION TABLE								
INLET	DRAINAGE	Q	Q PASS	Q SPILL	Q ADD	Q TOTAL	SLOPE	а	Yo	PAVEMENT	PONDED	Qa/La	La	LENGTH	L/La	a/Yo	Q/Qa	REMARK
NUM BER	AREA NO.	(CFS)	(CFS)	(CFS)	(CFS)	(QA) (CFS)	(%)	(FT)	(FT)	WIDTH	WIDTH (FT)		(FT)	(FT)				NUMARK
A1	A1	5.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.6	2.06	0.42	0.17	33	3.15	0.63	8.80	10	1.14	2.41	1.00	
A2	A2	4.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.1	1.99	0.42	0.16	33	2.84	0.62	6.62	10	1.51	2.66	1.00	
A3	A3	5.5	1.2	0.0	1.9	6.2	5.06	0.42	0.16	33	2.79	0.62	10.01	10	1.00	2.71	1.00	PASS 1.2 CFS TO INLET B3
A4	A4	4.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.8	5.36	0.42	0.14	33	2.52	0.60	7.93	10	1.26	2.98	1.00	
A5	A5	7.7	1.9	0.0	0.3	6.1	6.38	0.42	0.15	33	2.67	0.61	10.05	10	1.00	2.82	1.00	PASS 1.9 CFS TO INLET A3
A6	A6	6.4	0.3	0.0	0.0	6.1	4.94	0.42	0.16	33	2.79	0.62	9.92	10	1.01	2.71	1.00	PASS 0.3 CFS TO INLET A5
B1	B1	3.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.8	LP	0.42	0.19	33	3.49	-	-	15	-	2.19	1.00	
B2	B2	6.5	0.0	0.0	1.6	8.1	LP	0.42	0.32	33	6.34	-	-	15	-	1.31	1.00	
B3	B3	6.5	1.6	0.0	1.2	6.1	5.32	0.42	0.15	33	2.76	0.61	9.99	10	1.00	2.74	1.00	PASS 1.6 CFS TO INLET B2
C1	C1	3.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.3	LP	0.42	0.18	33	3.20	-	-	15	-	2.38	1.00	
C2	C2	2.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.7	LP	0.42	0.15	33	2.76	-	-	15	-	2.73	1.00	



OJECT: STREET, DRAINAGE, WATER, AND WASTEWATER IMPROVEMENTS SANTA RITA RANCH PHASE 2B SECTION 3 STEVEN P. CATES

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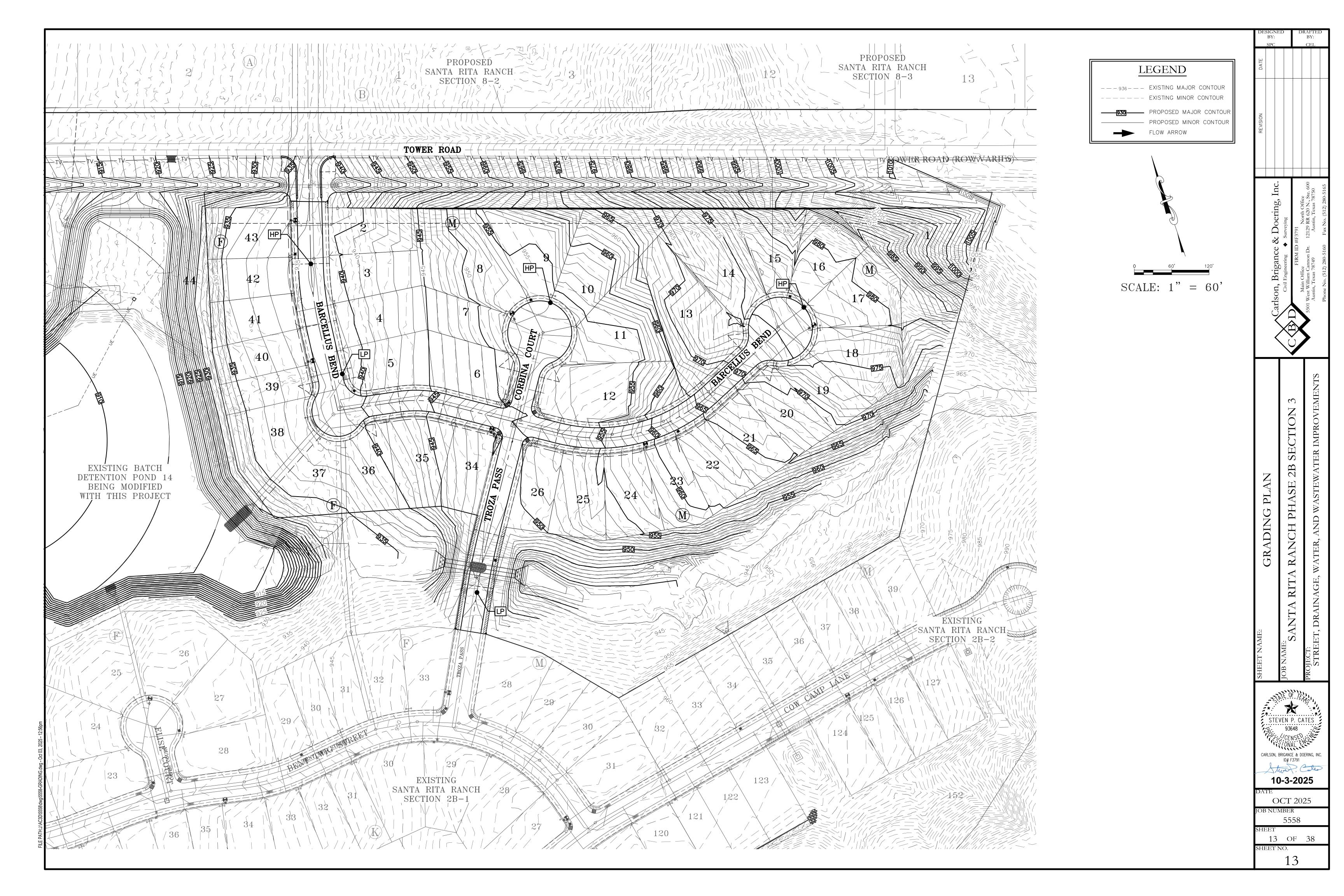
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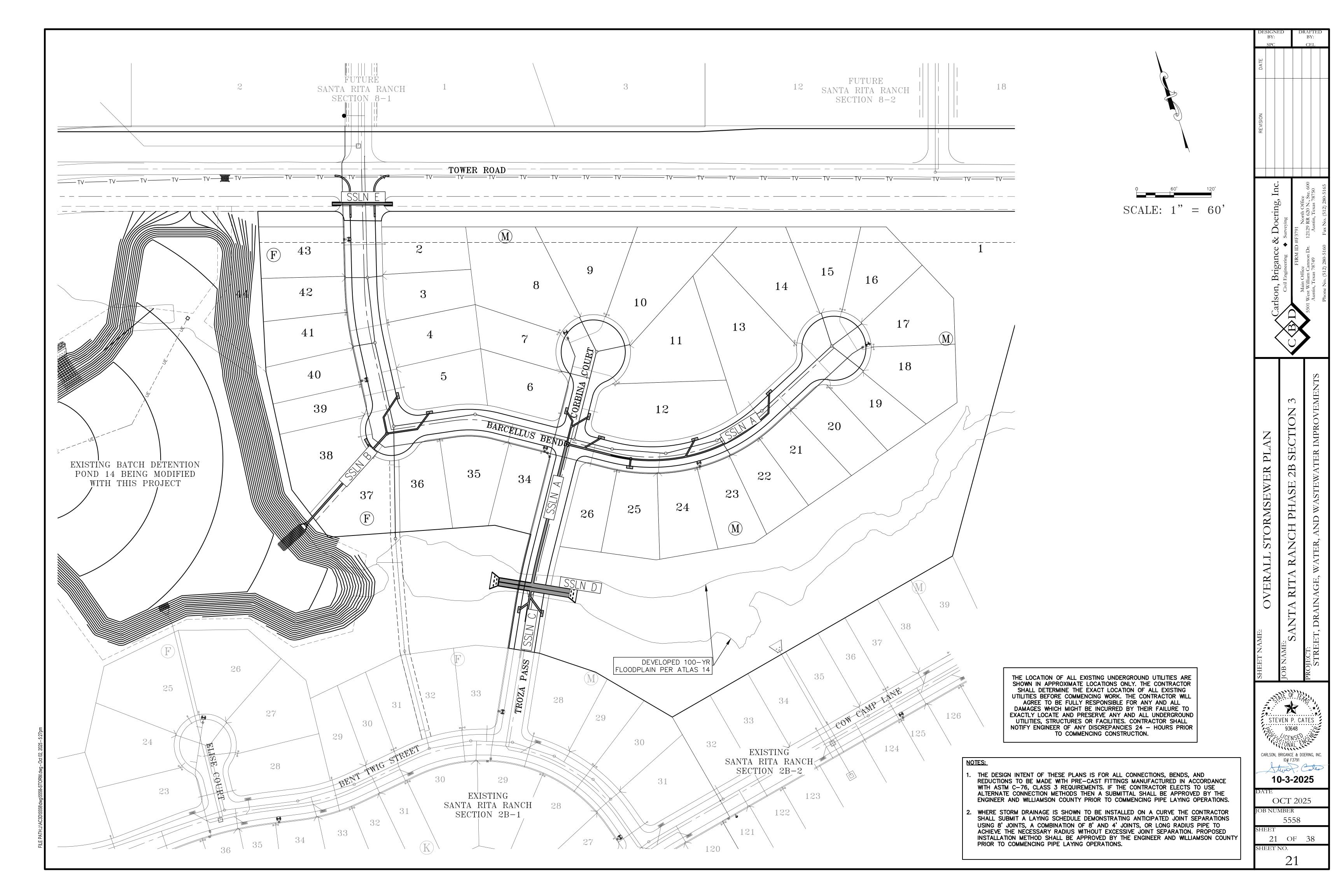
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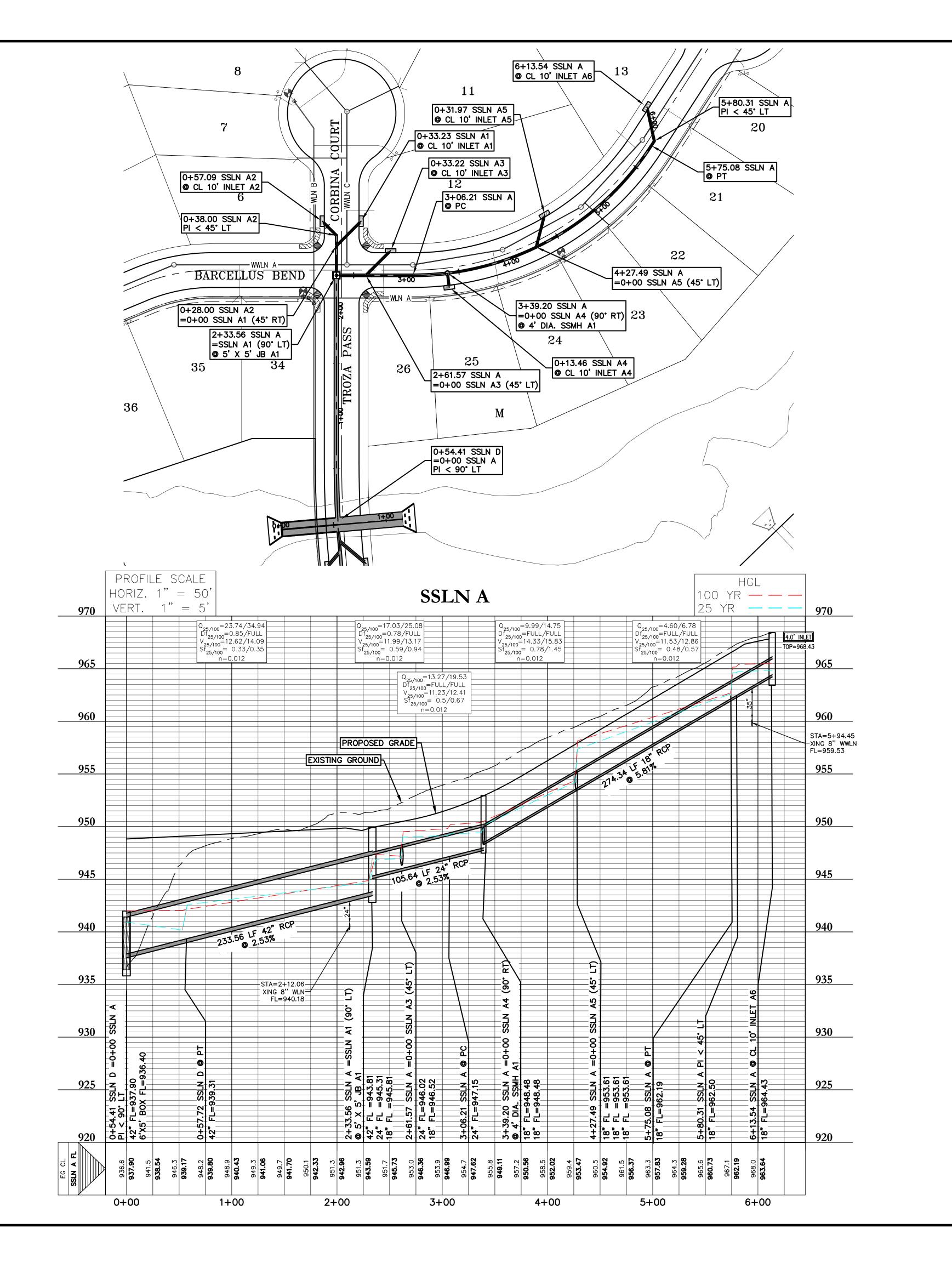
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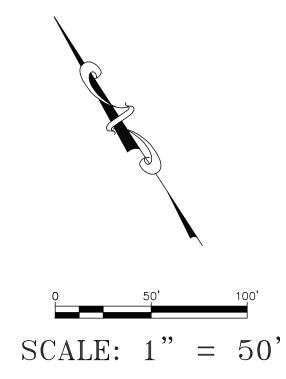
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THE LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES ARE SHOWN IN APPROXIMATE LOCATIONS ONLY. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES BEFORE COMMENCING WORK. THE CONTRACTOR WILL AGREE TO BE FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY AND ALL DAMAGES WHICH MIGHT BE INCURRED BY THEIR FAILURE TO EXACTLY LOCATE AND PRESERVE ANY AND ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES, STRUCTURES OR FACILITIES. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY ENGINEER OF ANY DISCREPANCIES 24 — HOURS PRIOR TO COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION.

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- 1. THE DESIGN INTENT OF THESE PLANS IS FOR ALL CONNECTIONS, BENDS, AND REDUCTIONS TO BE MADE WITH PRE—CAST FITTINGS MANUFACTURED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM C—76, CLASS 3 REQUIREMENTS. IF THE CONTRACTOR ELECTS TO USE ALTERNATE CONNECTION METHODS THEN A SUBMITTAL SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER AND WILLIAMSON COUNTY PRIOR TO COMMENCING PIPE LAYING OPERATIONS.
- 2. WHERE STORM DRAINAGE IS SHOWN TO BE INSTALLED ON A CURVE THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SUBMIT A LAYING SCHEDULE DEMONSTRATING ANTICIPATED JOINT SEPARATIONS USING 8' JOINTS, A COMBINATION OF 8' AND 4' JOINTS, OR LONG RADIUS PIPE TO ACHIEVE THE NECESSARY RADIUS WITHOUT EXCESSIVE JOINT SEPARATION. PROPOSED INSTALLATION METHOD SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER AND WILLIAMSON COUNTY PRIOR TO COMMENCING PIPE LAYING OPERATIONS.

	Curve Table								
Curve #	Radius	Tangent	Delta	Chord	Arc Length				
C1	270.00	146.77	057°03'23"	257.90'	268.87				

REVISION DATE	ng, Inc.		- 370	North Office RR 620 N., Ste. 600	Austin, Texas 78750	Fax No. (512) 280-5165
	Carlson, Brigance & Doering, Inc.	Civil Engineering Surveying	FIRM ID #F3791	Dr. 12129	Austin, Texas 78749 Austin, T	Phone No. (512) 280-5160 Fax No. (51
(0+00 TO END)		SH OR SHCTION 3			STEWATER IMPROVEMENTS	

STEVEN P. CATES
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CARLSON, BRIGANCE & DOERING, INC.
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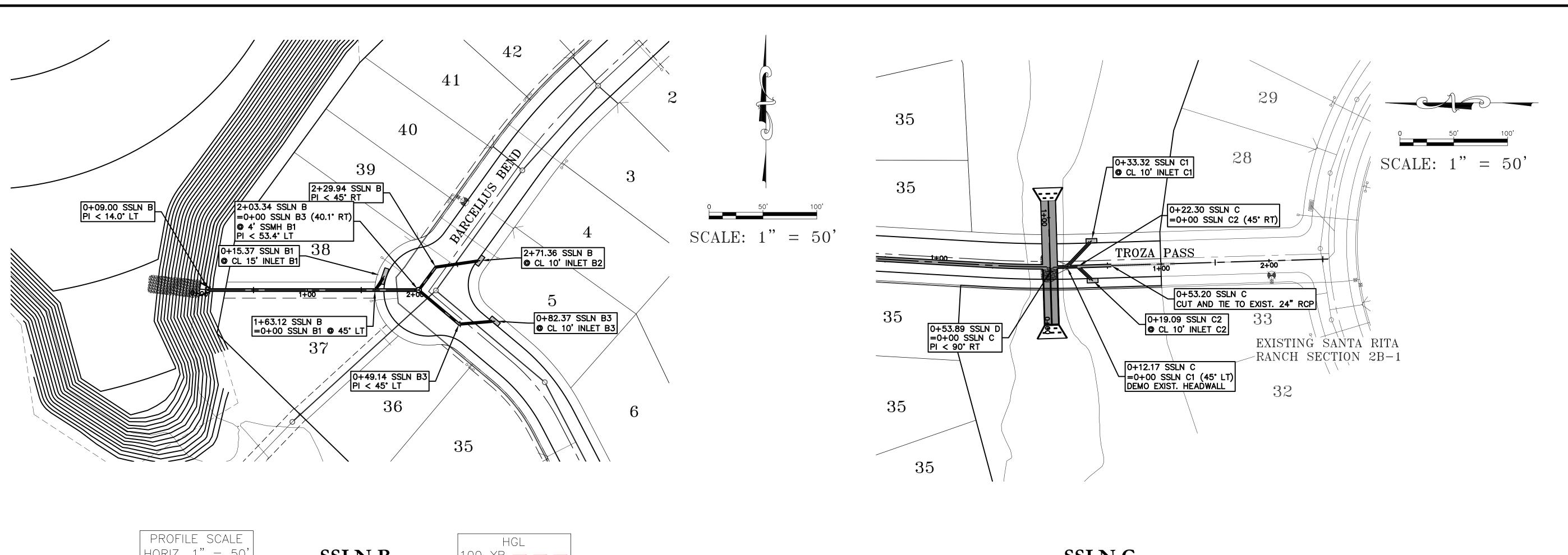
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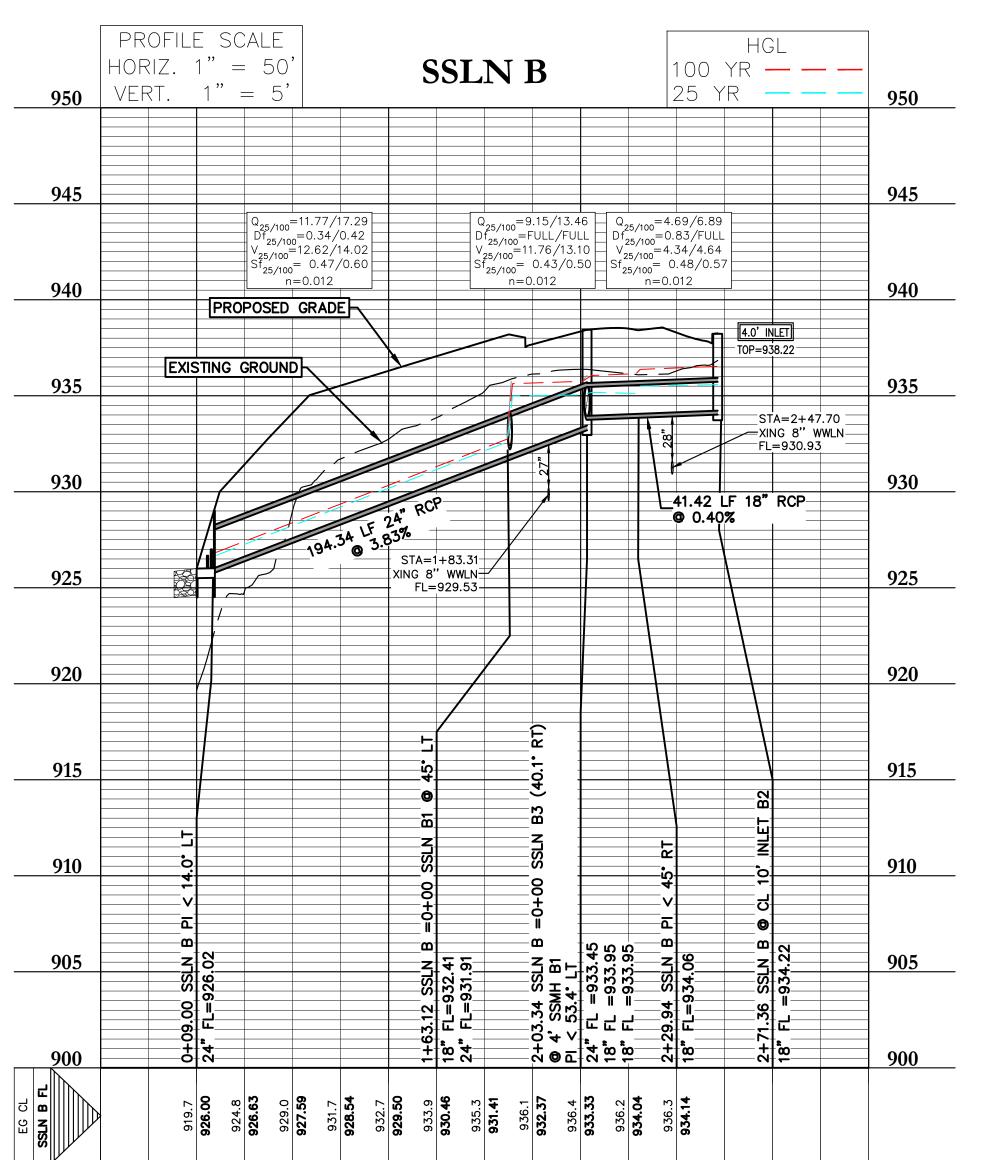
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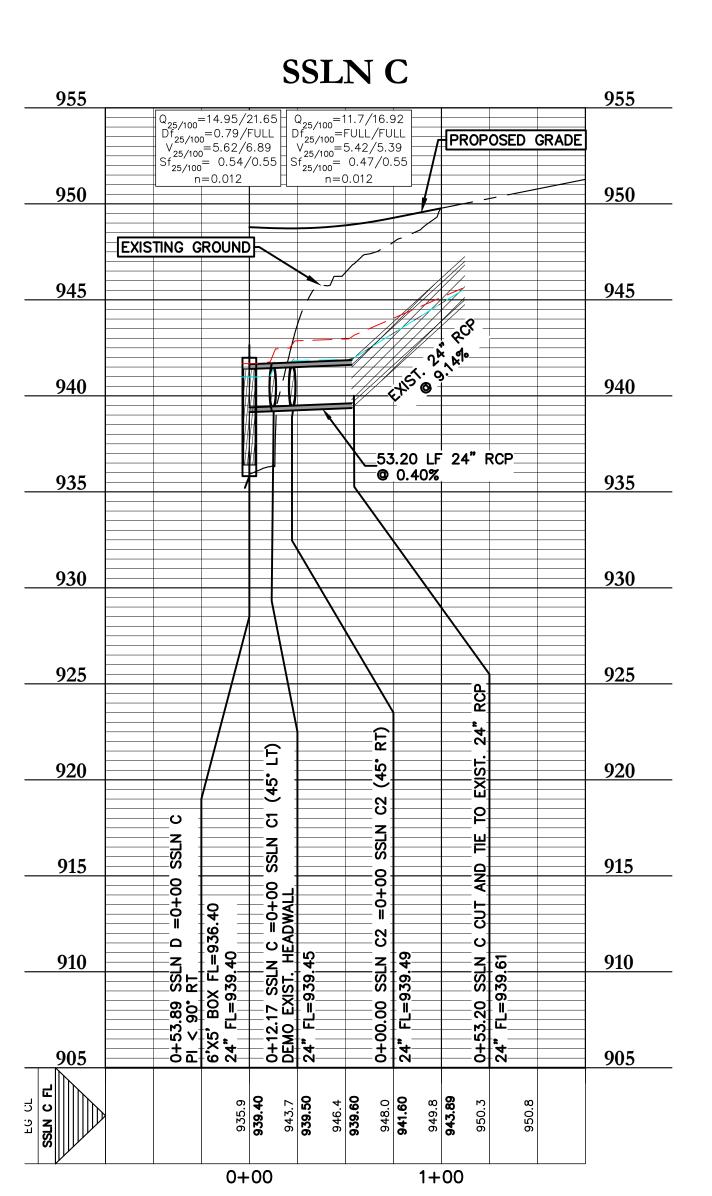


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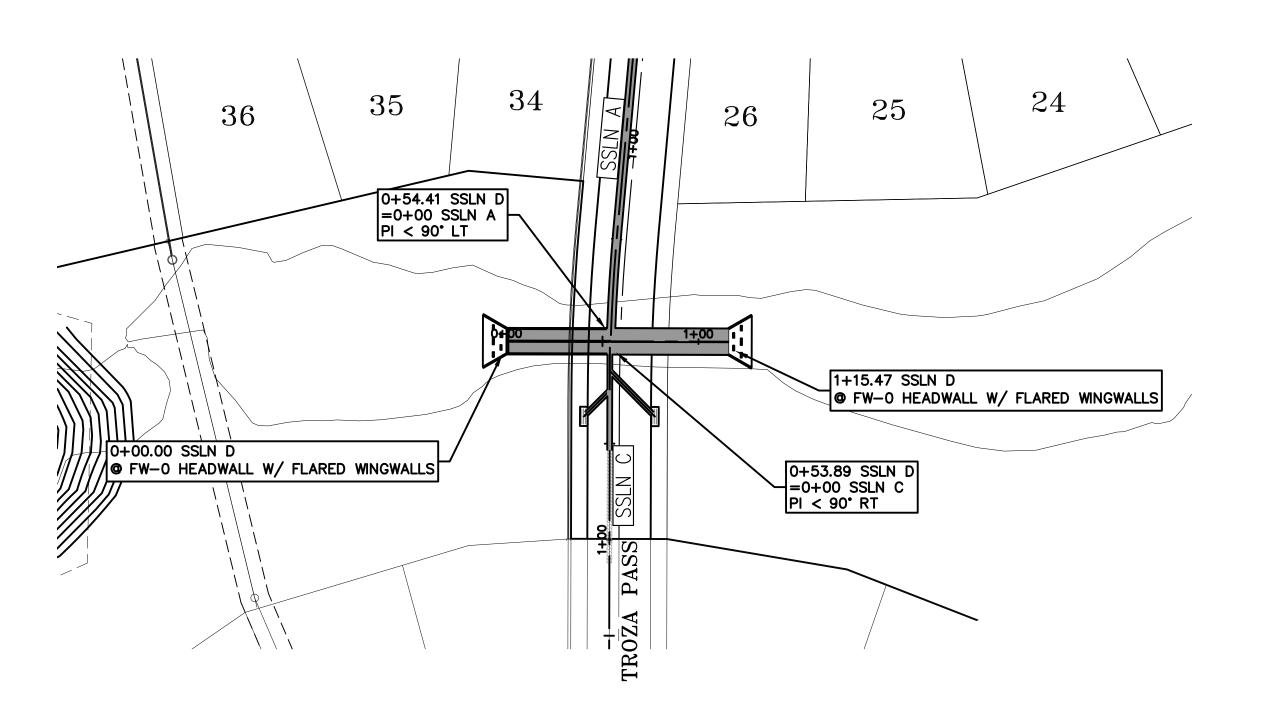
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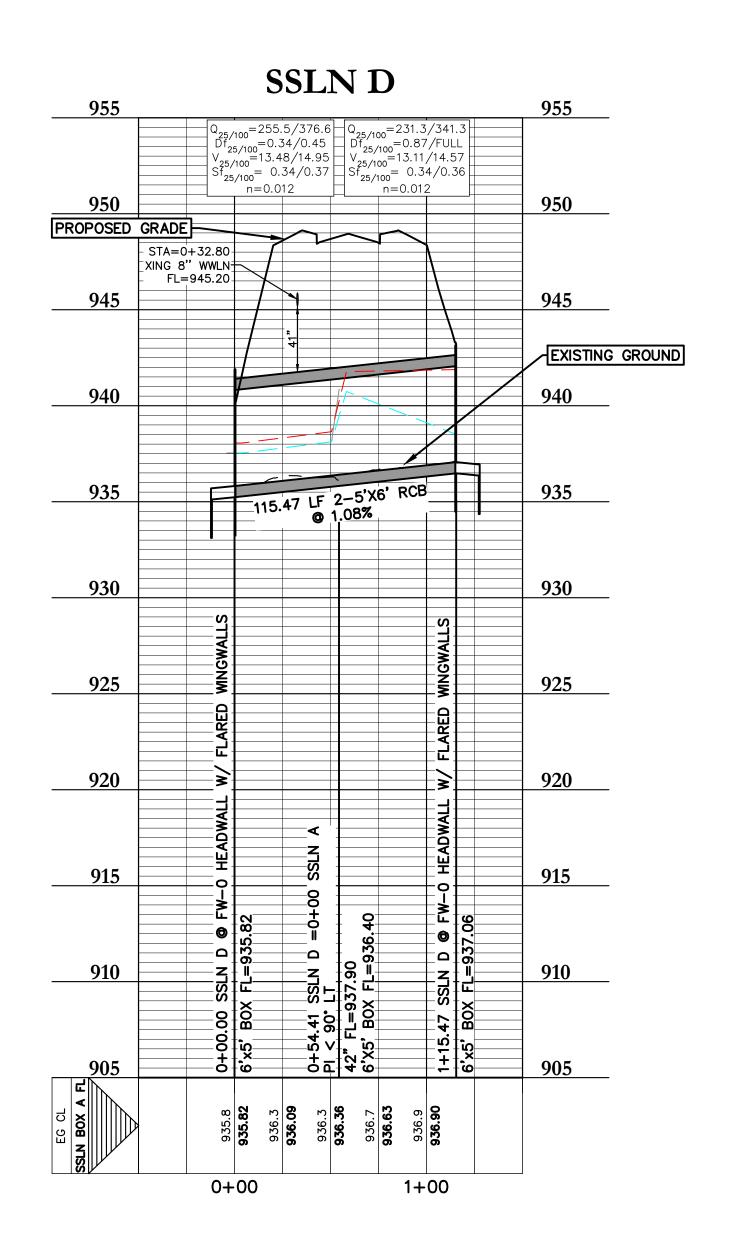
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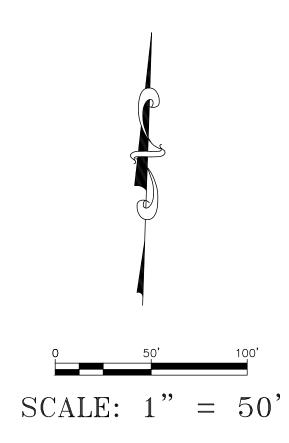
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PROFIL	LE S	SCA	LE
HORIZ.	1 "	=	50'
VERT.	1 "	=	5'





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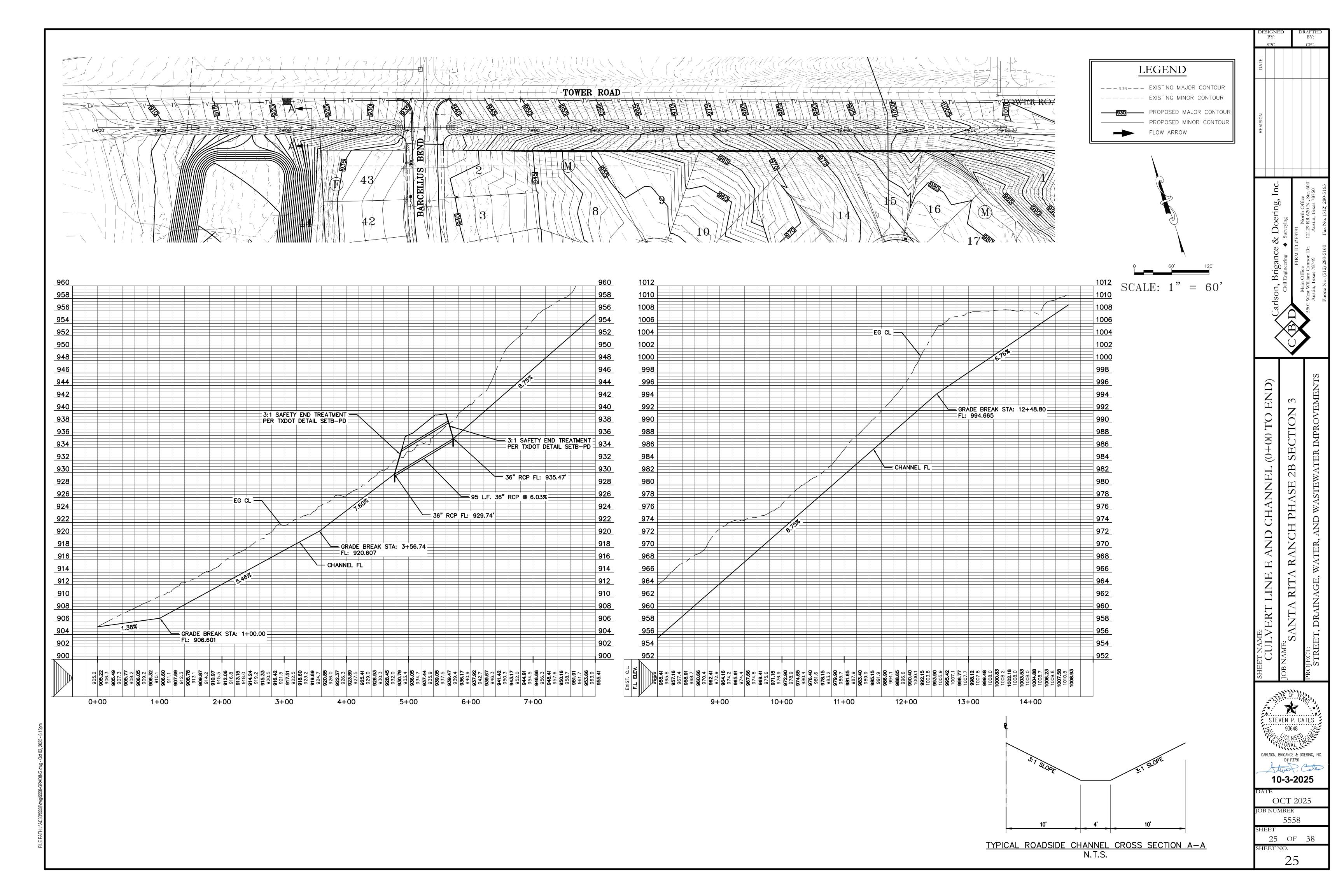
Carlson, Brigance & Doering, Inc. Civil Engineering Surveying FIRM ID #F3791 Main Office 5501 West William Cannon Dr. 12129 RR 620 N., Ste. 600 Austin, Texas 78749 Austin, Texas 78749

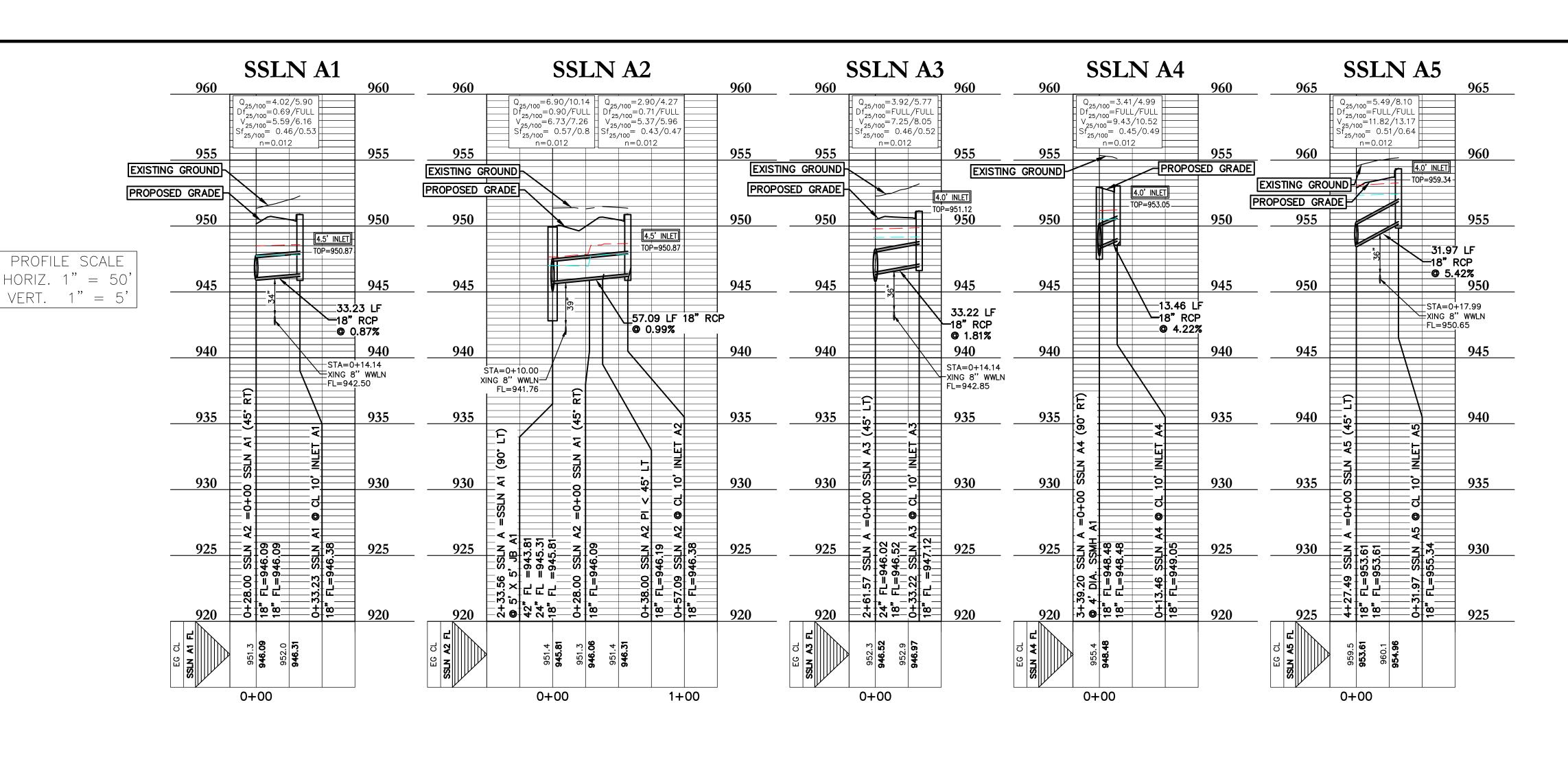


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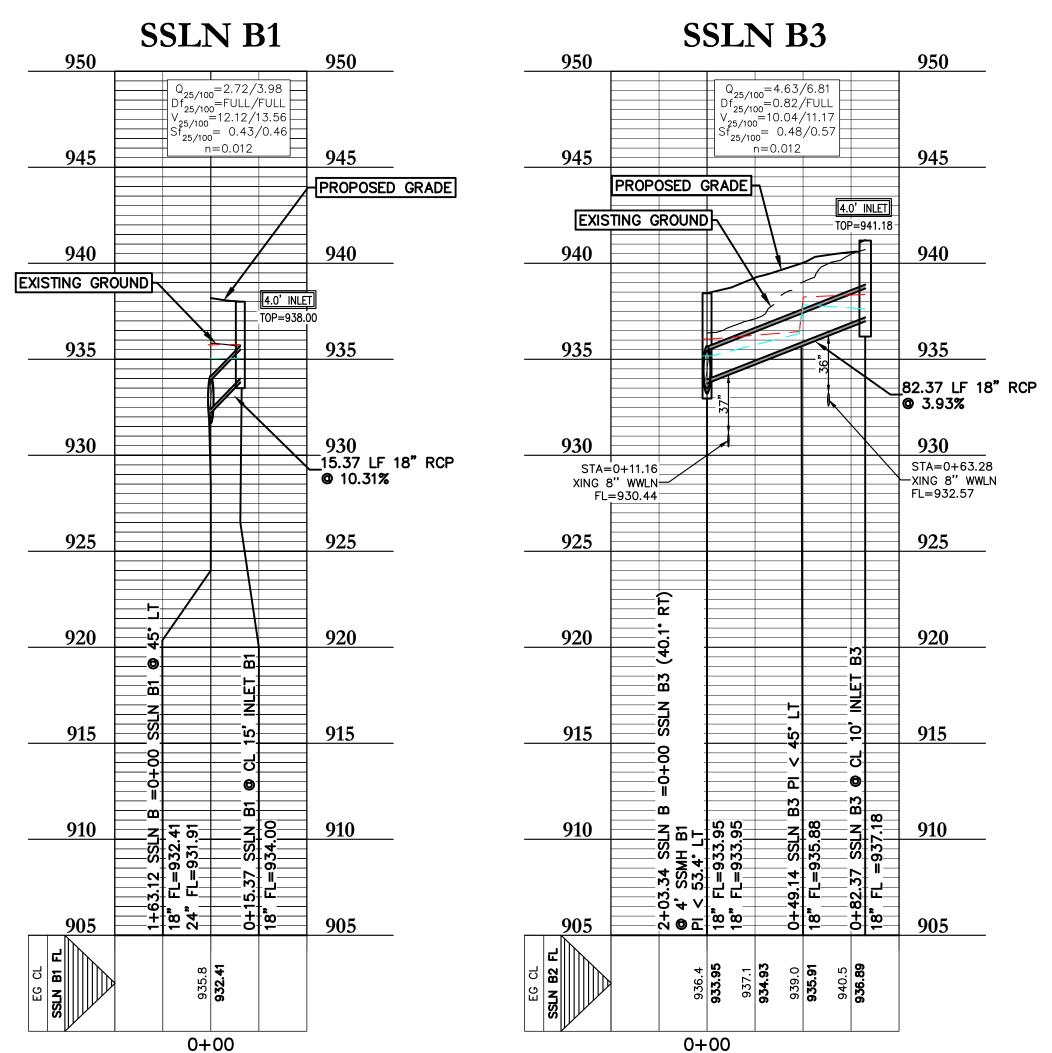


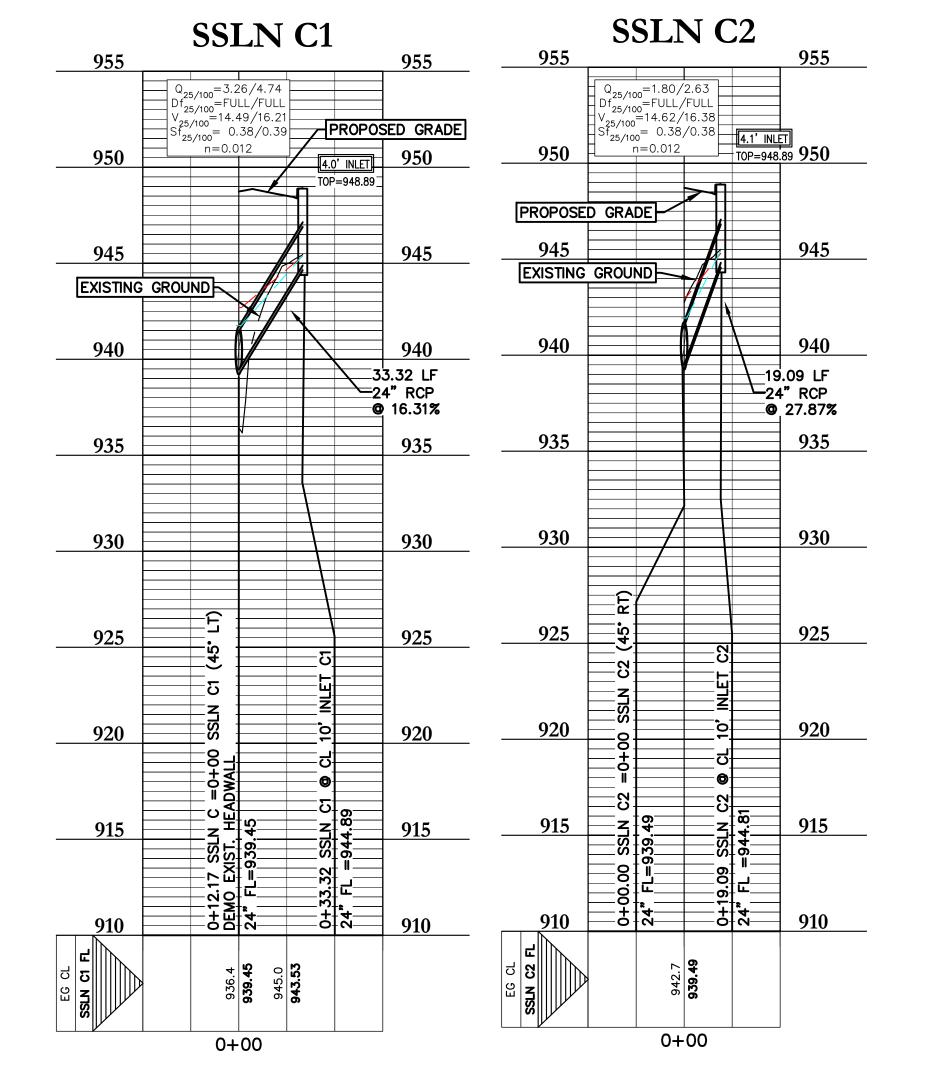
SCALE: 1" = 50

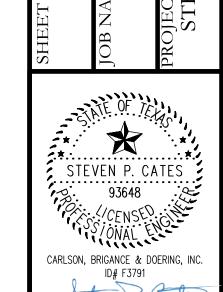
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INSPECTION, MAINTENANCE, REPAIR AND RETROFIT PLAN:

TEMPORARY BMP'S:

BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMP'S) INSTALLED DURING CONSTRUCTION WILL BE MAINTAINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE EPA'S NPDES STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PROGRAM. THE CONSTRUCTION SUPERINTENDENT WILL INSPECT TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROLS ON A REGULAR BASIS AND ADJUST THE CONTROLS AND/OR REMOVE ANY SEDIMENT BUILDUP IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE EROSION/SEDIMENTATION CONTROL NOTES AND AS OTHERWISE DIRECTED BY THE OWNER OR HIS DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE. TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROLS SHOULD BE INSPECTED, MAINTAINED, AND REPAIRED, AT A MINIMUM, EVERY SEVEN (7) DAYS AND WITHIN 24 HOURS OF A STORM OF 0.5 INCHES OR MORE RAINFALL DEPTH. SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED FROM CONTROLS WHEN 50% OF THE DESIGN HEIGHT IS EXCEEDED. FOLLOWING INSPECTION OF THE BMP'S, DEFICIENCIES SHALL BE NOTED AND CORRECTED BY THE CONTRACTOR.

PERMANENT BMP:

BATCH DETENTION BASINS

- INSPECTIONS. BASINS SHOULD BE INSPECTED AT LEAST TWICE A YEAR (ONCE DURING OR IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING WET WEATHER) TO EVALUATE FACILITY OPERATION. WHEN POSSIBLE, INSPECTIONS SHOULD BE CONDUCTED DURING WET WEATHER TO DETERMINE IF THE POND IS MEETING THE TARGET DETENTION TIME OF 12 HOURS AND A DRAWDOWN OF NO MORE THAN 48 HOURS. IN PARTICULAR, THE DETENTION CONTROL DEVICE SHOULD BE REGULARLY INSPECTED FOR EVIDENCE OF CLOGGING, OR CONVERSELY, FOR TOO RAPID A RELEASE. IF THE DETENTION TIME IS LESS THAN 12 HOURS OR THE DRAWDOWN TIME IS EXCEEDED BY MORE THAN 24 HOURS, THEN REPAIRS SHOULD BE SCHEDULED IMMEDIATELY. DURING EACH INSPECTION, EROSION AREAS INSIDE AND DOWNSTREAM OF THE BMP SHOULD BE IDENTIFIED AND REPAIRED OR REVEGETATED IMMEDIATELY.
- MOWING. THE BASIN, SIDE SLOPES, EMBANKMENT, AND EMERGENCY SPILLWAY OF A BATCH DETENTION BASIN MUST BE MOWED REGULARLY TO DISCOURAGE WOODY GROWTH AND CONTROL WEEDS. GRASS AREAS IN AND AROUND BASINS SHOULD BE MOWED AT LEAST TWICE ANNUALLY TO LIMIT VEGETATION HEIGHT TO 18 INCHES. MORE FREQUENT MOWING TO MAINTAIN AESTHETIC APPEAL MAY BE NECESSARY IN LANDSCAPED AREAS. WHEN MOWING OF GRASS IS PERFORMED, A MULCHING MOWER SHOULD BE USED, OR GRASS CLIPPINGS SHOULD BE CAUGHT AND REMOVED.
- DEBRIS AND LITTER REMOVAL. DEBRIS AND LITTER WILL ACCUMULATE NEAR THE DETENTION CONTROL DEVICE AND SHOULD BE REMOVED DURING REGULAR MOWING OPERATIONS AND INSPECTIONS. PARTICULAR ATTENTION SHOULD BE PAID TO FLOATING DEBRIS THAT CAN EVENTUALLY CLOG THE CONTROL DEVICE OR RISER.
- EROSION CONTROL. THE BASIN SIDE SLOPES, EMERGENCY SPILLWAY, AND EMBANKMENT ALL MAY PERIODICALLY SUFFER FROM SLUMPING AND EROSION, ALTHOUGH THIS SHOULD NOT OCCUR OFTEN IF THE SOILS ARE PROPERLY COMPACTED DURING CONSTRUCTION. REGRADING AND REVEGETATION MAY BE REQUIRED TO CORRECT THE PROBLEMS.
- STRUCTURAL REPAIRS AND REPLACEMENT. WITH EACH INSPECTION, ANY DAMAGE TO THE STRUCTURAL ELEMENTS OF THE SYSTEM (PIPES, CONCRETE DRAINAGE STRUCTURES, RETAINING WALLS, ETC.) SHOULD BE IDENTIFIED AND REPAIRED IMMEDIATELY. THESE REPAIRS SHOULD INCLUDE PATCHING OF CRACKED CONCRETE, SEALING OF VOIDS, AND REMOVAL OF VEGETATION FROM CRACKS AND JOINTS. THE VARIOUS INLET/OUTLET AND RISER WORKS IN A BASIN WILL EVENTUALLY DETERIORATE AND MUST BE REPLACED. PUBLIC WORKS EXPERTS HAVE ESTIMATED THAT CORRUGATED METAL PIPE (CMP) HAS A USEFUL LIFE OF ABOUT 25 YR, WHEREAS REINFORCED CONCRETE BARRELS AND RISERS MAY LAST FROM 50 TO 75 YR.
- NUISANCE CONTROL. STANDING WATER MAY OCCUR AFTER A STORM EVENT SINCE THE VALVE MAY CLOSE WITH 2 TO 3 INCHES OF WATER IN THE BASIN. FLOW SUCH AS SPRING FLOW AND RESIDENTIAL WATER USE MAY DISCHARGE INTO THE BASIN BETWEEN STORM EVENTS THAT DO NOT ENGAGE THE LEVEL SENSOR. STANDING WATER CAN CREATE NUISANCE CONDITIONS FOR NEARBY RESIDENTS. ODORS, MOSQUITOES, WEEDS, AND LITTER ARE ALL OCCASIONALLY PERCEIVED TO BE PROBLEMS. MOST OF THESE PROBLEMS ARE GENERALLY A SIGN THAT REGULAR INSPECTIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NOT BEING PERFORMED (E.G., MOWING, DEBRIS REMOVAL, CLEARING THE OUTLET CONTROL DEVICE). TWICE A YEAR, THE FACILITY SHOULD BE EVALUATED FOR NUISANCE CONTROL.
- SEDIMENT REMOVAL. WHEN PROPERLY DESIGNED, BATCH DETENTION BASINS WILL ACCUMULATE QUANTITIES OF SEDIMENT OVER TIME. SEDIMENT ACCUMULATION IS A SERIOUS MAINTENANCE CONCERN IN BATCH DETENTION PONDS FOR SEVERAL REASONS. FIRST, SEDIMENT ACCUMULATION CAN MAKE BATCH DETENTION BASINS VERY UNSIGHTLY. SECOND, THE SEDIMENT DEPOSITION GRADUALLY REDUCES AVAILABLE STORAGE CAPACITY RESERVED FOR POLLUTANT REMOVAL AND DETENTION WITHIN THE BASIN. THIRD, SEDIMENT TENDS TO ACCUMULATE AROUND THE OUTLET CONTROL DEVICE. THIS INCREASES THE RISK OF CLOGGING THE ORIFICE OR INTERFERING WITH THE LEVEL SENSOR, WHICH CAN IN TURN REDUCE THE TREATMENT EFFICACY OF THE FACILITY. SEDIMENT CAN BE RESUSPENDED IF ALLOWED TO ACCUMULATE OVER TIME AND ESCAPE THROUGH THE HYDRAULIC CONTROL TO DOWNSTREAM CHANNELS AND STREAMS. FOR THESE REASONS, ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT NEEDS TO BE REMOVED FROM THE BASIN WHEN SEDIMENT DEPTH EXCEEDS 6 INCHES, WHEN SEDIMENT INTERFERES WITH THE LEVEL SENSOR, WHEN THE BASIN DOES NOT DRAIN WITHIN 48 HOURS, OR AT LEAST EVERY 5 YEARS.
- LOGIC CONTROLLER. THE LOGIC CONTROLLER SHOULD BE INSPECTED AS PART OF THE TWICE YEARLY INSPECTIONS. VERIFY THAT THE EXTERNAL INDICATORS (ACTIVE, CYCLE IN PROGRESS) ARE OPERATING PROPERLY BY TURNING THE CONTROLLER OFF AND ON, AND BY INITIATING A CYCLE BY TRIGGERING THE LEVEL SENSOR IN THE BASIN. THE VALVE SHOULD BE MANUALLY OPENED AND CLOSED USING THE OPEN/CLOSE SWITCH TO VERIFY VALVE OPERATION AND TO ASSIST IN INSPECTING THE VALVE FOR DEBRIS. THE SOLAR PANEL SHOULD BE INSPECTED AND ANY DUST OR DEBRIS ON THE PANEL SHOULD BE CAREFULLY REMOVED. THE CONTROLLER AND ALL OTHER CIRCUITRY AND WIRING SHOULD BE INSPECTED FOR SIGNS OF CORROSION, DAMAGE FROM INSECTS, WATER LEAKS, OR OTHER DAMAGE. AT THE END OF THE INSPECTION, THE CONTROLLER SHOULD BE

ULTIMATELY, THESE FACILITIES WILL BE OWNED, OPERATED AND MAINTAINED BY THE PROPOSED WILLIAMSON COUNTY MUD NO. 19C UNTIL THE OWNERSHIP OF FACILITIES IS TRANSFERRED TO THE MUD, SANTA RITA C7 INVESTMENTS LLC WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTENANCE OF THESE FACILITIES IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE STATED REQUIREMENTS.

IMPERMEABLE LINER NOTES

IMPERMEABLE LINERS SHOULD BE USED FOR WATER QUALITY BASINS (RETENTION, EXTENDED DETENTION, SAND FILTERS, WET PONDS, CONSTRUCTED WETLANDS, AND BATCH DETENTION PONDS) LOCATED OVER THE RECHARGE ZONE AND IN AREAS WITH THE POTENTIAL FOR GROUNDWATER CONTAMINATION. IMPERMEABLE LINERS MAY BE CLAY, CONCRETE OR GEOMEMBRANE. IF GEOMEMBRANE IS USED, SUITABLE GEOTEXTILE FABRIC SHOULD BE PLACED ON THE TOP AND BOTTOM OF THE MEMBRANE FOR PUNCTURE PROTECTION AND THE LINERS COVERED WITH A MINIMUM OF 6 INCHES OF COMPACTED TOPSOIL. THE TOPSOIL SHOULD BE STABILIZED WITH APPROPRIATE VEGETATION. CLAY LINERS SHOULD MEET THE SPECIFICATIONS IN TABLE 3-6 AND HAVE A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 12 INCHES.

TABLE 3-0	6 CLAY LINER SPECIFICA	ATIONS (C	COA, 2004)
PROPERTY	TEST METHOD	UNIT	SPECIFICATION (MIN.)
PERMEABILITY	ASTM D-2434	%	1 x 10 ⁻⁶
PLASTICITY INDEX OF CLAY	ASTM D-423 & D-424	%	NOT LESS THAN 15
LIQUID LIMIT OF CLAY	ASTM D-2216	%	NOT LESS THAN 30
CLAY PARTICLES PASSING	ASTM D-422	%	NOT LESS THAN 30
CLAY COMPACTION	ASTM D-2216	%	95% OF STANDARD PROCTOR DENSITY

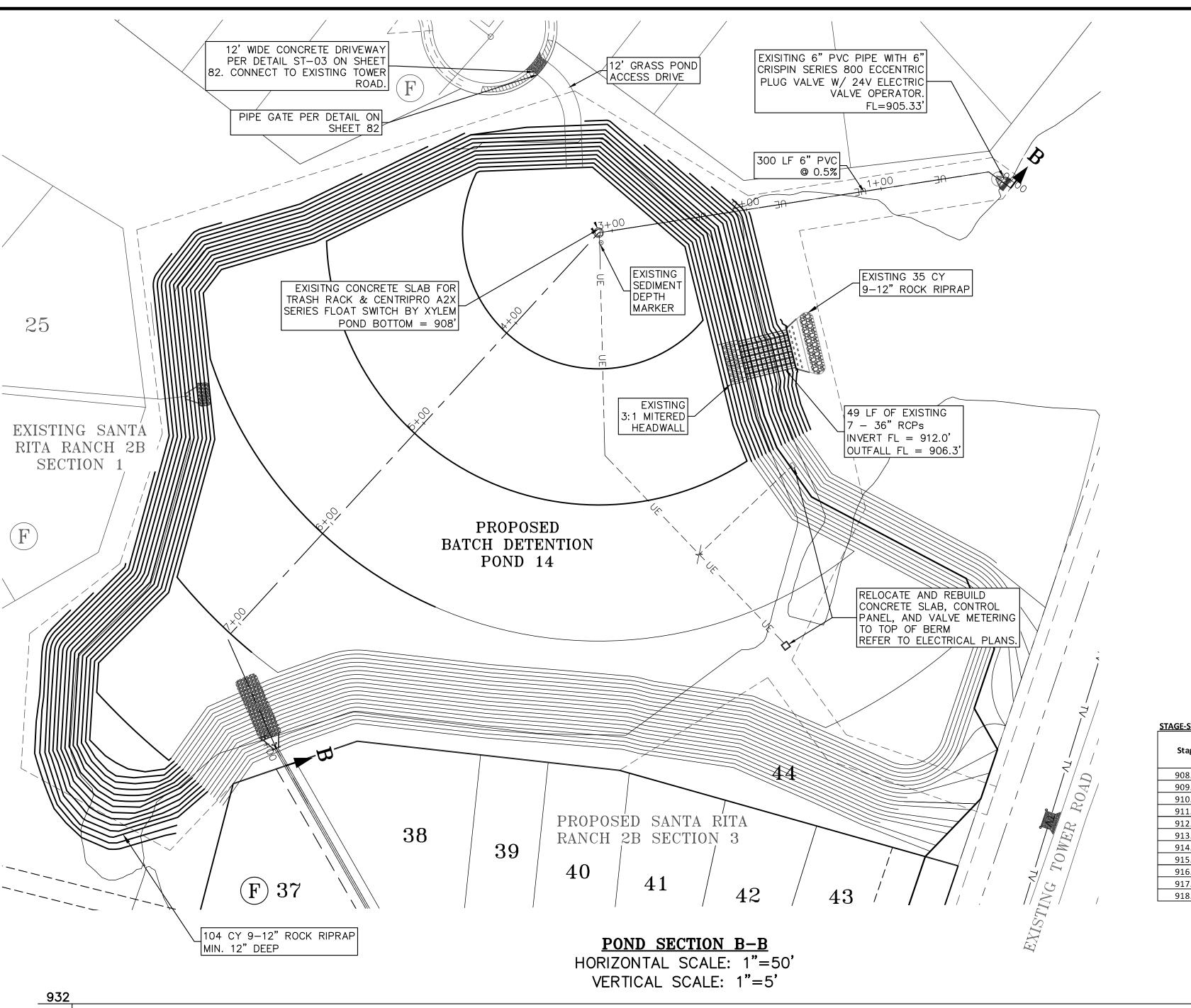
IF A GEOMEMBRANE LINER IS USED IT SHOULD HAVE A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 30 MILS AND BE ULTRAVIOLET RESISTANT. THE GEOTEXTILE FABRIC (FOR PROTECTION OF GEOMEMBRANE) SHOULD BE NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE FABRIC AND MEET THE SPECIFICATIONS IN TABLE 3-7.

TABLE 3-7 GEOTI	EXTILE FABRIC SPEC	CIFICATIONS (COA	1 <i>, 2004)</i>
PROPERTY	TEST METHOD	UNIT	SPECIFICATION (MIN.)
UNIT WEIGHT		OZ/YD²	8
FILTRATION RATE		IN/SEC	0.0800
PUNCTURE STRENGTH	ASTM D-751*	lb	125
MULLEN BURST STRENGTH	ASTM-D751	psi	400
TENSILE STRENGTH	ASTM D-1682	lb	200
EQUIV. OPENING SIZE	US STANDARD SIEVE	No.	80
	*MODIFIED		

PROTECTIVE SOIL LAYER NOTES

THE WET AND BATCH DETENTION PONDS WILL BE CONSTRUCTED WITH A MINIMUM OF 12" OF A PROTECTION SOIL LAYER ABOVE THE SELECTED IMPERMEABLE LINER SO THAT PLANTINGS CAN BE PROPERLY INSTALLED ABOVE THE LINER AND LINER INTEGRITY CAN BE MAINTAINED.

MATERIAL PLACED OVER LINER TO CONSIST OF SOIL THAT CLASSIFIES PER USDA STANDARDS AS A SANDY CLAY LOAM, SANDY CLAY, OR CLAY LOAM. THE SOIL SHALL BE FREE OF ORGANICS AND ANGULAR/SHARP MATERIALS, AND SHALL CONTAIN NO MATERIALS GREATER THAN 1" IN DIAMETER. MATERIAL TO BE PLACED AND COMPACTED IN TWO UNIFORM



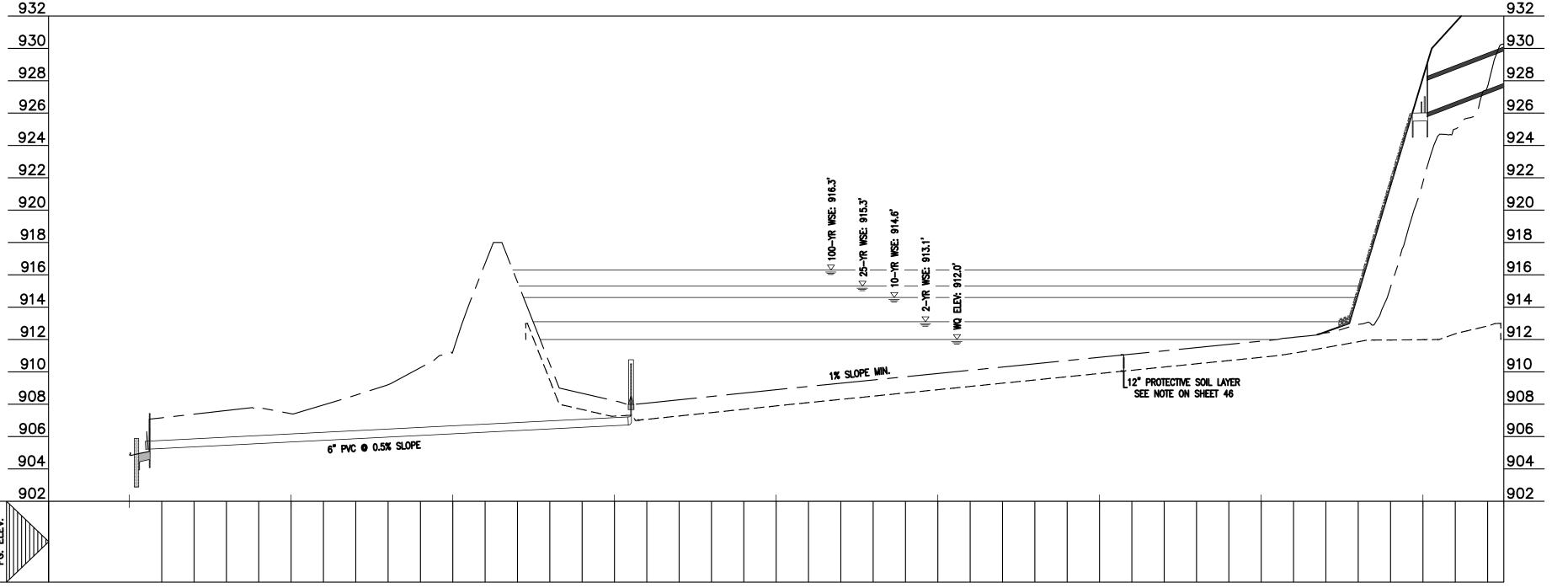
	LE	GEND		
	— – 936 – — –	XISTING MAJC		
_	P	ROPOSED MA ROPOSED MIN LOW ARROW		
	° — SCALI	50° E: 1°°	= 50'	
	BATCH POND LOW-FL	OW ORIFICE CALC	ULATION	
	Orifice Equation:	$Q = C_0 * A^*$	(2*g*h) ^{0.5}	
	WQ Volu WQ Elevat Max. Drawdown Tii Orifice Coel Orifice Diame Center Elev. At Discha Head at 1/2 Volu	ion (ft) = 91: me (hr) = 2 fficient = 0. iter (in) = 5. irge (ft) = 90:	,080 2.00 88 60 00 5.54	

24-HR STORM EVENT PEAK Qin (cfs) PEAK Qout (cfs) PEAK STORAGE (ac-ft) PEAK ELEVAT (ft) 2-YR 171.6 34.7 10.0 913	
2-YR 171.6 34.7 10.0 913	1
	.1
10-YR 346.0 164.8 15.9 914.	.6
25-YR 950.5 248.7 18.9 915.	.3
100-YR 616.8 364.4 23.1 916.	.3

Qavg(cfs) =

Drain Time (hr) =

TAGE-STORAGE							
Stage	Area (sf)	Area (ac)	Incremental Storage (cf)	Cumulative Storage (cf)	Cumulative Storage (ac-ft)		
908.00	15	0.00	0	0	0.00		
909.00	19,760	0.45	9,888	9,888	0.23		
910.00	56,080	1.29	37,920	47,808	1.10		
911.00	109,909	2.52	82,995	130,802	3.00		
912.00	150,706	3.46	130,308	261,110	5.99		
913.00	168,122	3.86	159,414	420,524	9.65		
914.00	175,224	4.02	171,673	592,197	13.59		
915.00	181,246	4.16	178,235	770,432	17.69		
916.00	187,235	4.30	184,241	954,672	21.92		
917.00	193,298	4.44	190,267	1,144,939	26.28		
918.00	199,391	4.58	196,345	1,341,283	30.79		





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STEVEN P. CATES

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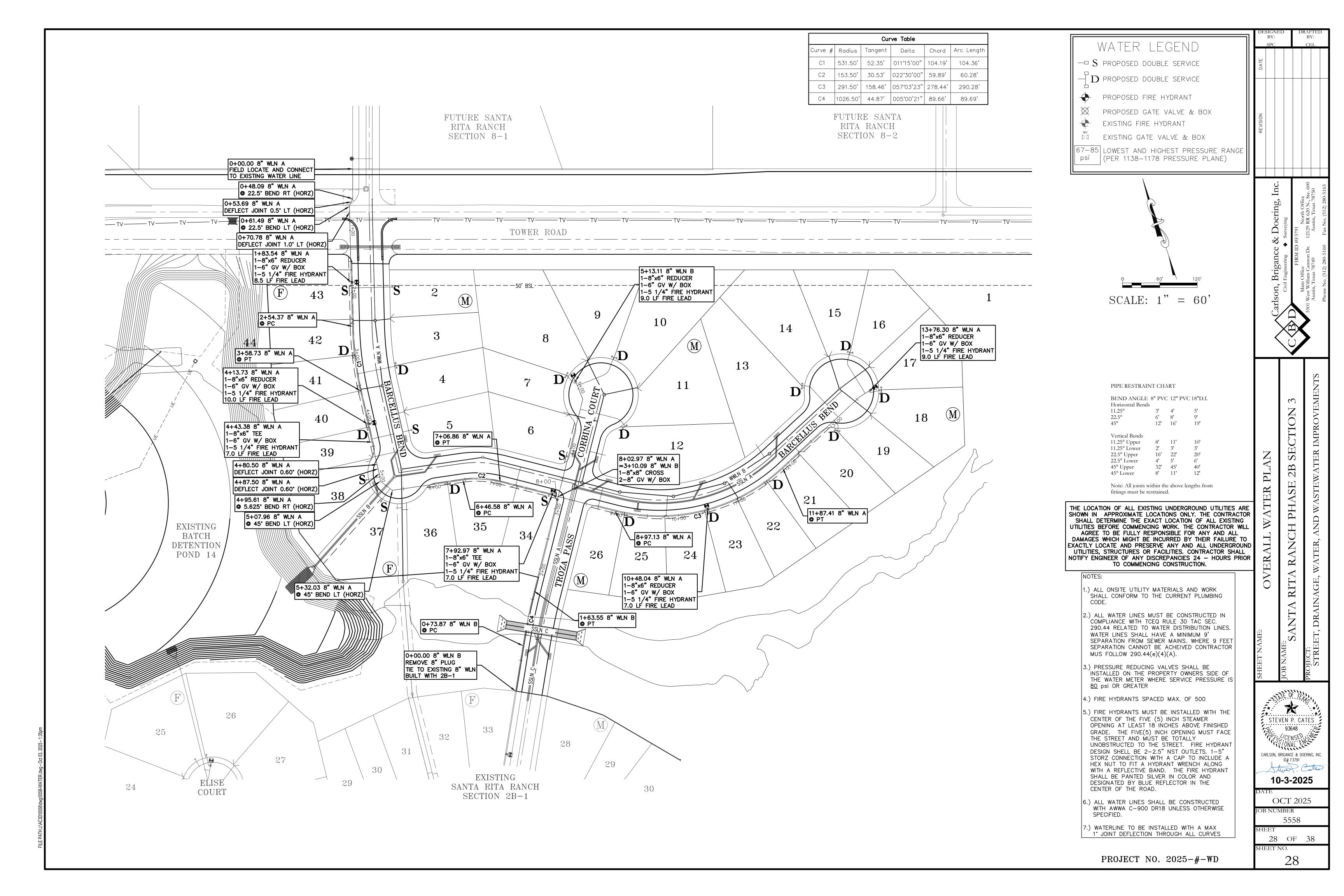
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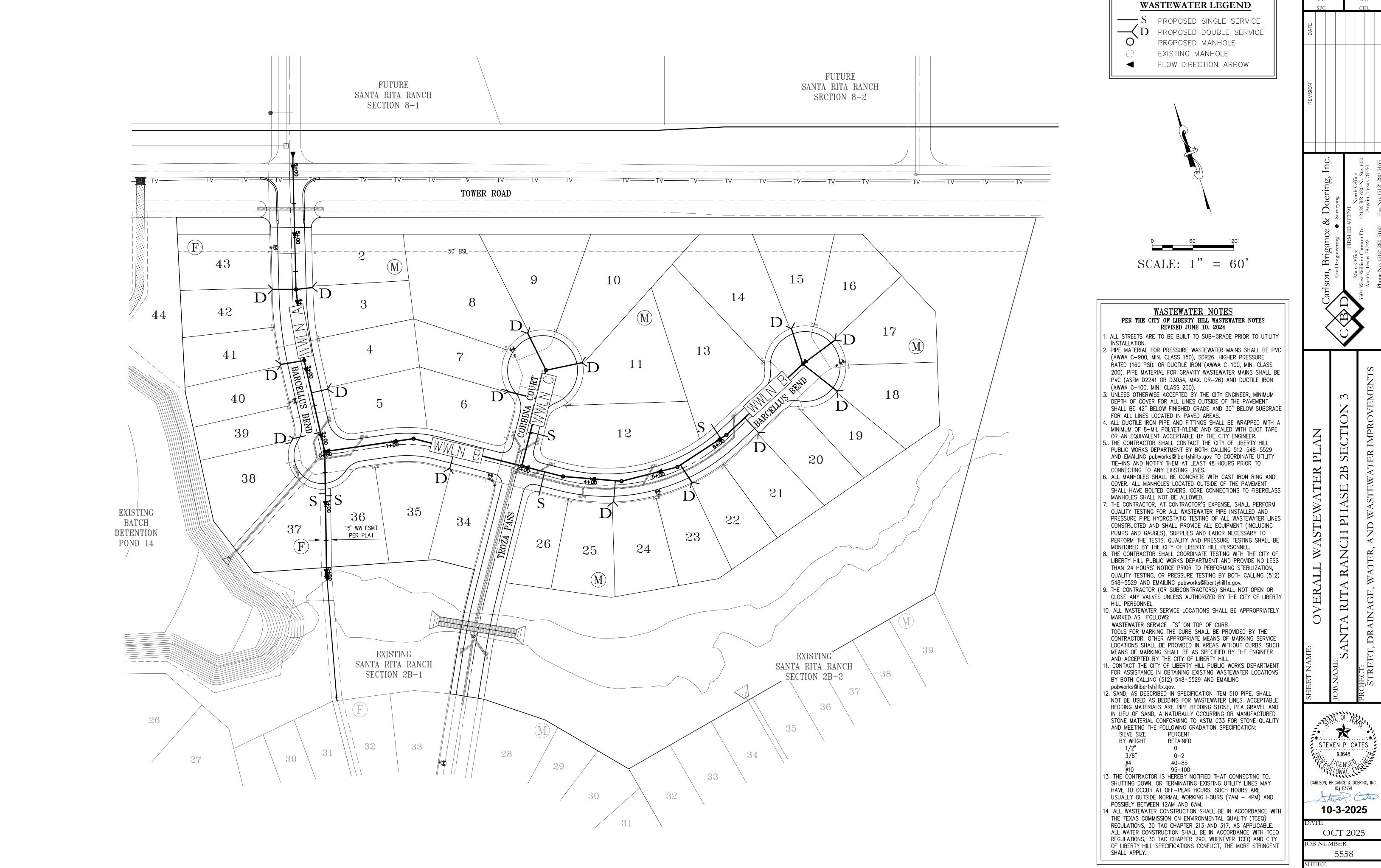
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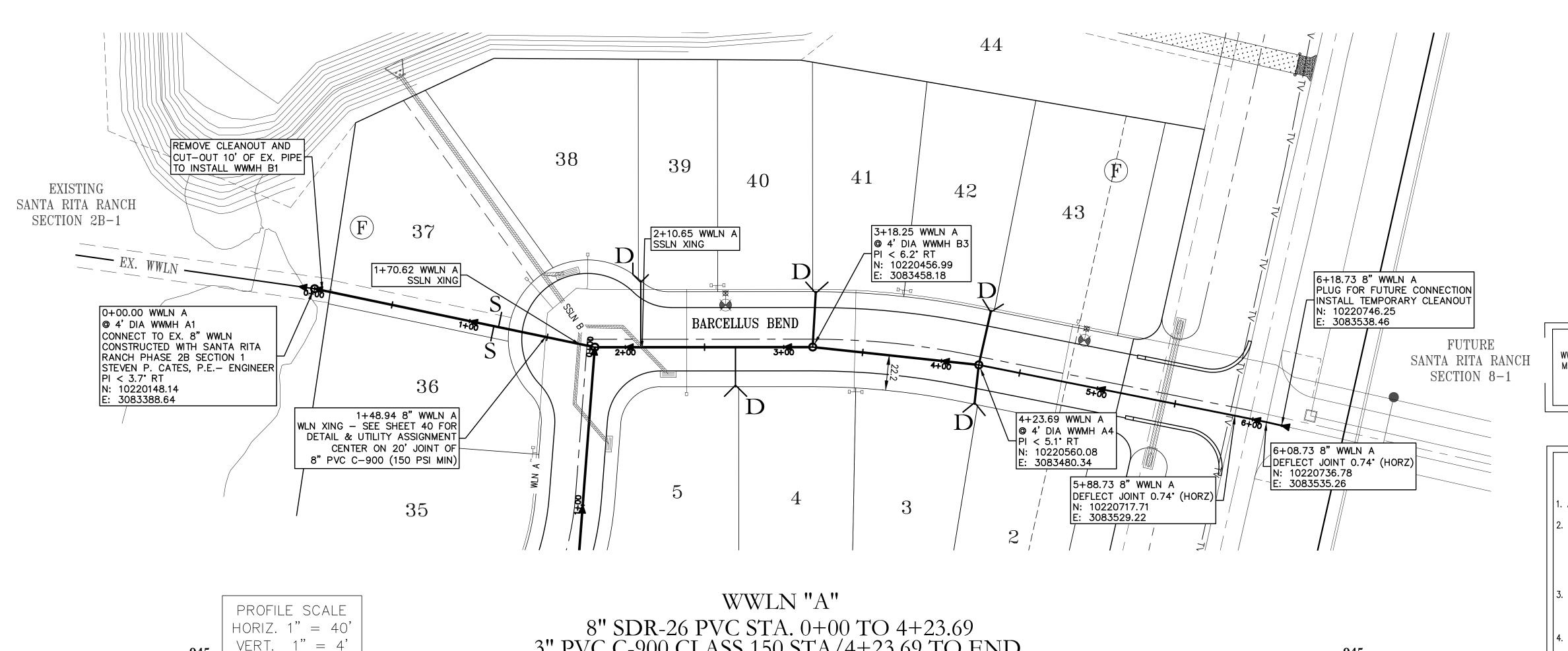
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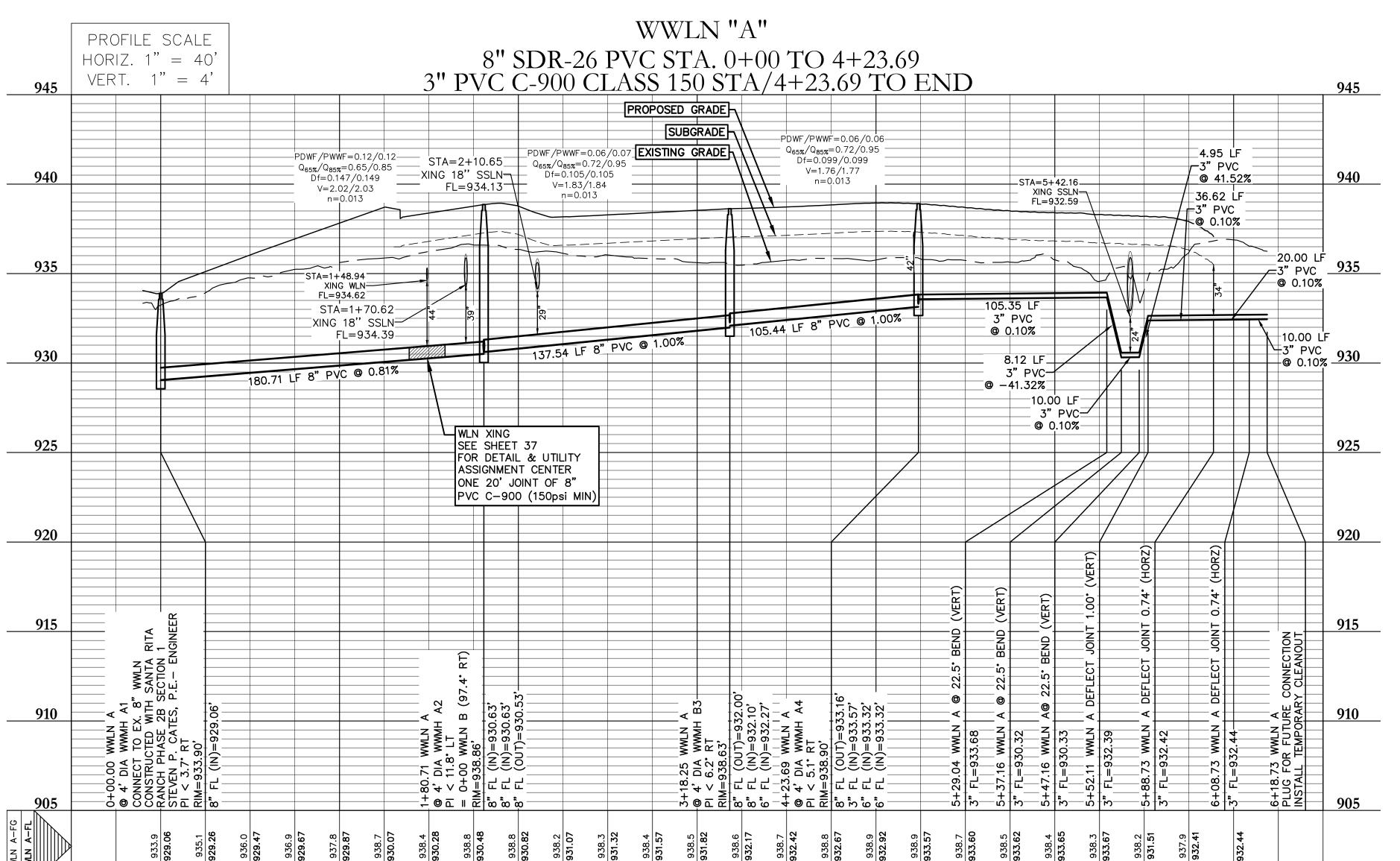
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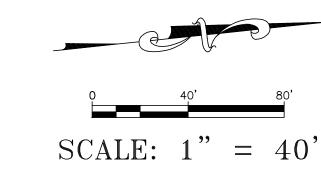
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VARIANCE NOTE

WWLN B STA. 1+80.71 TO 4+23.69 DO NOT MEET 2 FPS IN PDWF. A MINIMUM 1% SLOPE IS BEING UTILIZED FOR ALL PIPES THAT CANNOT ACHIEVE 2 FPS IN PDWF, AND A VARIANCE FOR THE DESIGN VELOCITY REQUIREMENTS IS BEING APPROVED BY LIBERTY HILL.

WASTEWATER NOTES PER THE CITY OF LIBERTY HILL WASTEWATER NOTES REVISED JUNE 10, 2024

- ALL STREETS ARE TO BE BUILT TO SUB-GRADE PRIOR TO UTILITY INSTALLATION.
 PIPE MATERIAL FOR PRESSURE WASTEWATER MAINS SHALL BE PVC
- . PIPE MATERIAL FOR PRESSURE WASTEWATER MAINS SHALL BE PVC (AWWA C-900, MIN. CLASS 150), SDR26. HIGHER PRESSURE RATED (160 PSI). OR DUCTILE IRON (AWWA C-100, MIN. CLASS 200). PIPE MATERIAL FOR GRAVITY WASTEWATER MAINS SHALL BE PVC (ASTM D2241 OR D3034, MAX. DR-26) AND DUCTILE IRON (AWWA C-100, MIN. CLASS 200).

 . UNLESS OTHERWISE ACCEPTED BY THE CITY ENGINEER, MINIMUM
- DEPTH OF COVER FOR ALL LINES OUTSIDE OF THE PAVEMENT
 SHALL BE 42" BELOW FINISHED GRADE AND 30" BELOW SUBGRADE
 FOR ALL LINES LOCATED IN PAVED AREAS.
- 4. ALL DUCTILE IRON PIPE AND FITTINGS SHALL BE WRAPPED WITH A MINIMUM OF 8-MIL POLYETHYLENE AND SEALED WITH DUCT TAPE OR AN EQUIVALENT ACCEPTABLE BY THE CITY ENGINEER.
- .. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT THE CITY OF LIBERTY HILL PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT BY BOTH CALLING 512-548-5529 AND EMAILING pubworks@libertyhilltx.gov TO COORDINATE UTILITY TIE-INS AND NOTIFY THEM AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO CONNECTING TO ANY EXISTING LINES.
- 6. ALL MANHOLES SHALL BE CONCRETE WITH CAST IRON RING AND COVER. ALL MANHOLES LOCATED OUTSIDE OF THE PAVEMENT SHALL HAVE BOLTED COVERS. CORE CONNECTIONS TO FIBERGLASS MANHOLES SHALL NOT BE ALLOWED.
- 7. THE CONTRACTOR, AT CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE, SHALL PERFORM QUALITY TESTING FOR ALL WASTEWATER PIPE INSTALLED AND PRESSURE PIPE HYDROSTATIC TESTING OF ALL WASTEWATER LINES CONSTRUCTED AND SHALL PROVIDE ALL EQUIPMENT (INCLUDING PUMPS AND GAUGES), SUPPLIES AND LABOR NECESSARY TO PERFORM THE TESTS. QUALITY AND PRESSURE TESTING SHALL BE MONITORED BY THE CITY OF LIBERTY HILL PERSONNEL.
- 8. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE TESTING WITH THE CITY OF LIBERTY HILL PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT AND PROVIDE NO LESS THAN 24 HOURS' NOTICE PRIOR TO PERFORMING STERILIZATION, QUALITY TESTING, OR PRESSURE TESTING BY BOTH CALLING (512) 548-5529 AND EMAILING pubworks@libertyhilltx.gov.
- THE CONTRACTOR (OR SUBCONTRACTORS) SHALL NOT OPEN OR CLOSE ANY VALVES UNLESS AUTHORIZED BY THE CITY OF LIBERTY HILL PERSONNEL.
- 10. ALL WASTEWATER SERVICE LOCATIONS SHALL BE APPROPRIATELY MARKED AS FOLLOWS:

 WASTEWATER SERVICE "S" ON TOP OF CURB
- TOOLS FOR MARKING THE CURB SHALL BE PROVIDED BY THE CONTRACTOR. OTHER APPROPRIATE MEANS OF MARKING SERVICE LOCATIONS SHALL BE PROVIDED IN AREAS WITHOUT CURBS. SUCH MEANS OF MARKING SHALL BE AS SPECIFIED BY THE ENGINEER AND ACCEPTED BY THE CITY OF LIBERTY HILL.

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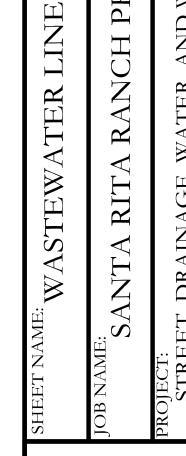
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 BEDDING MATERIALS ARE PIPE BEDDING STONE, PEA GRAVEL AND
 IN LIEU OF SAND, A NATURALLY OCCURRING OR MANUFACTURED
 STONE MATERIAL CONFORMING TO ASTM C33 FOR STONE QUALITY
 AND MEETING THE FOLLOWING GRADATION SPECIFICATION:

BY BOTH CALLING (512) 548-5529 AND EMAILING

SIEVE SIZE PERCENT
BY WEIGHT RETAINED
1/2" 0
3/8" 0-2
#4 40-85

- #10 95-100

 13. THE CONTRACTOR IS HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT CONNECTING TO, SHUTTING DOWN, OR TERMINATING EXISTING UTILITY LINES MAY HAVE TO OCCUR AT OFF-PEAK HOURS. SUCH HOURS ARE USUALLY OUTSIDE NORMAL WORKING HOURS (7AM 4PM) AND POSSIBLY BETWEEN 12AM AND 6AM.
- 14. ALL WASTEWATER CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY (TCEQ) REGULATIONS, 30 TAC CHAPTER 213 AND 317, AS APPLICABLE. ALL WATER CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TCEQ REGULATIONS, 30 TAC CHAPTER 290. WHENEVER TCEQ AND CITY OF LIBERTY HILL SPECIFICATIONS CONFLICT, THE MORE STRINGENT SHALL APPLY.



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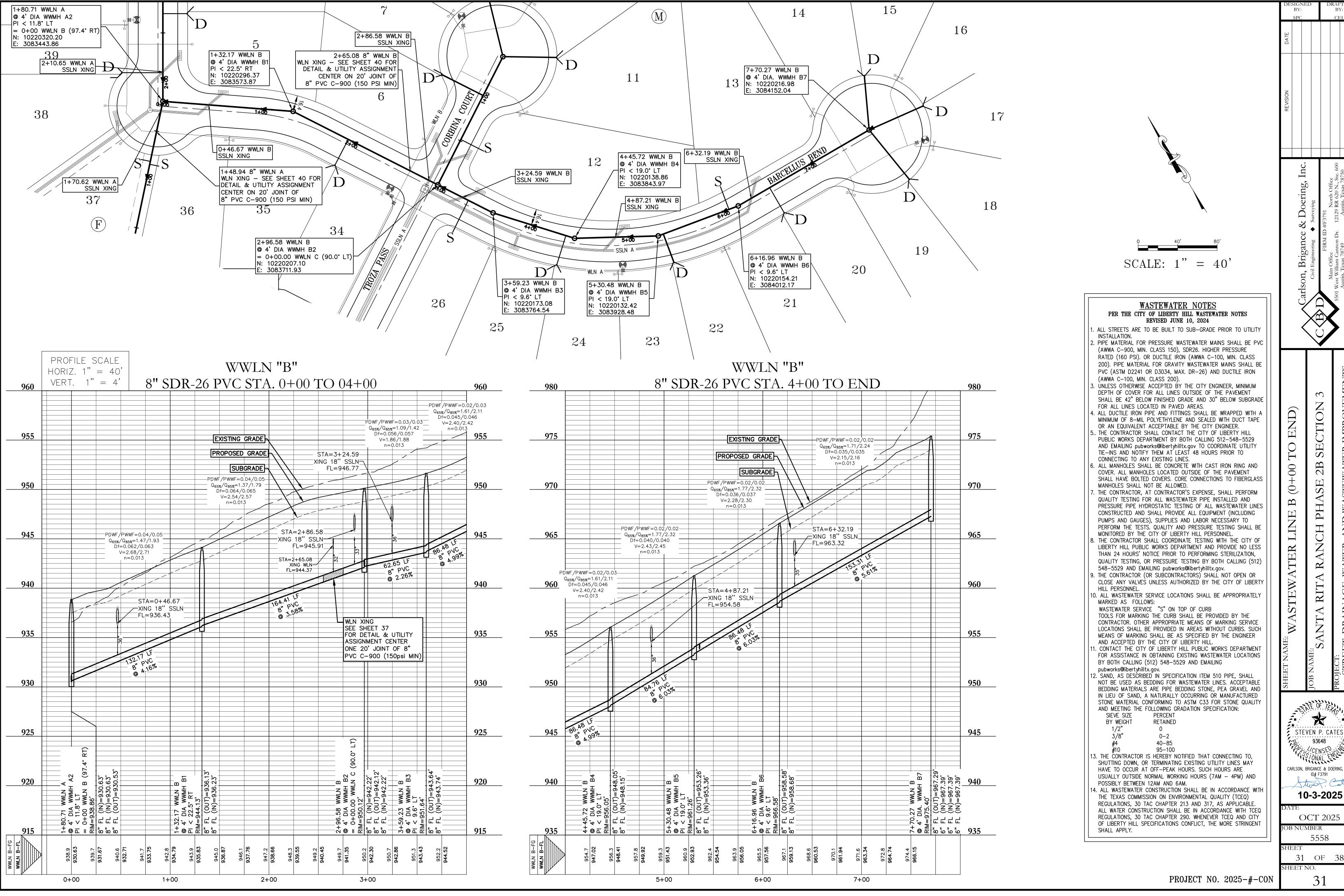
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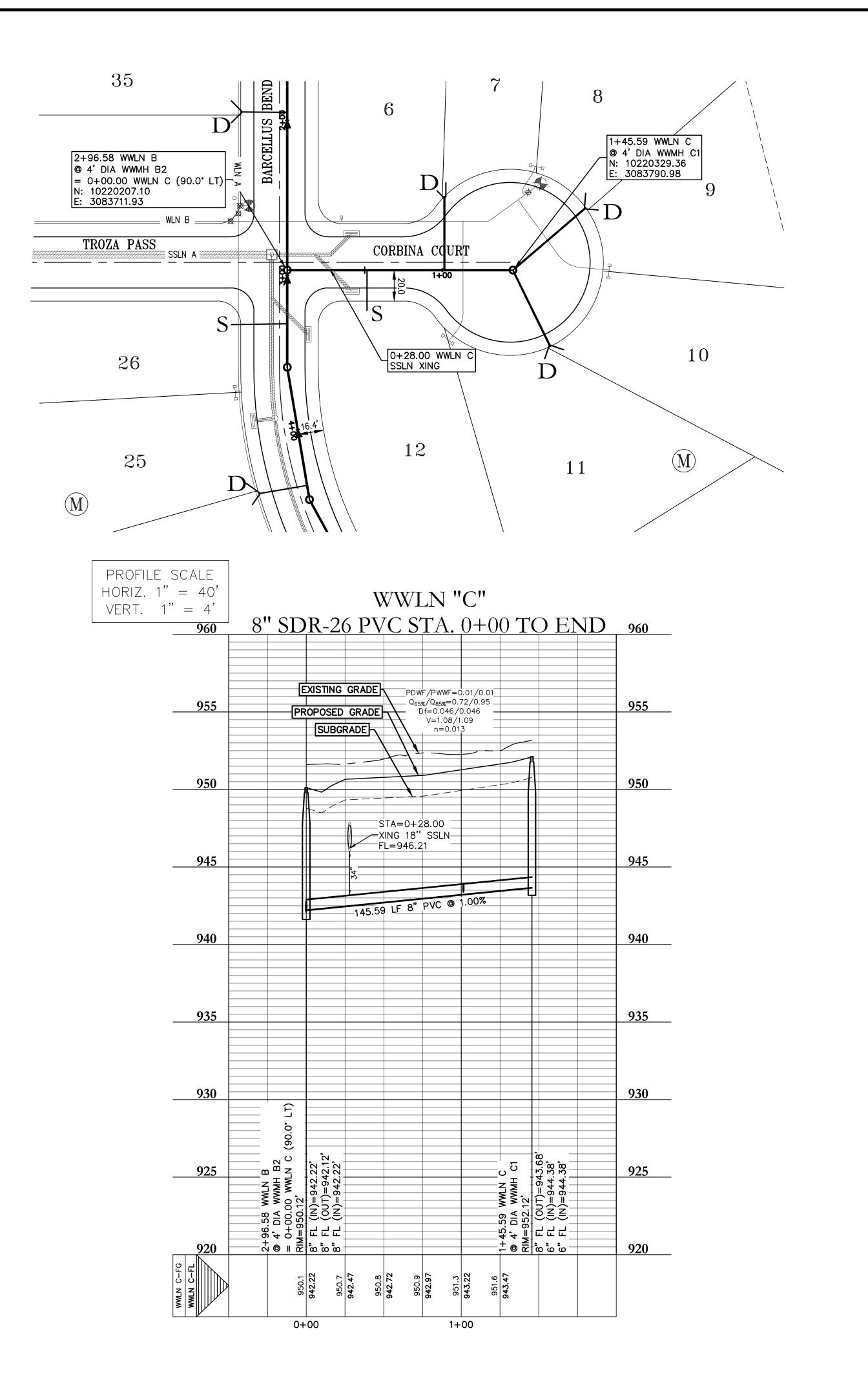
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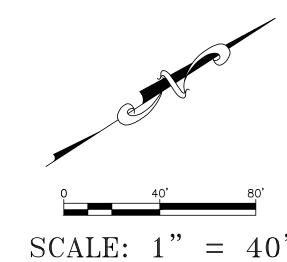
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CARLSON, BRIGANCE & DOERING, INC. Stown. Cale

OCT 2025





VARIANCE NOTE

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BY WEIGHT RETAINED 0-2 40-85

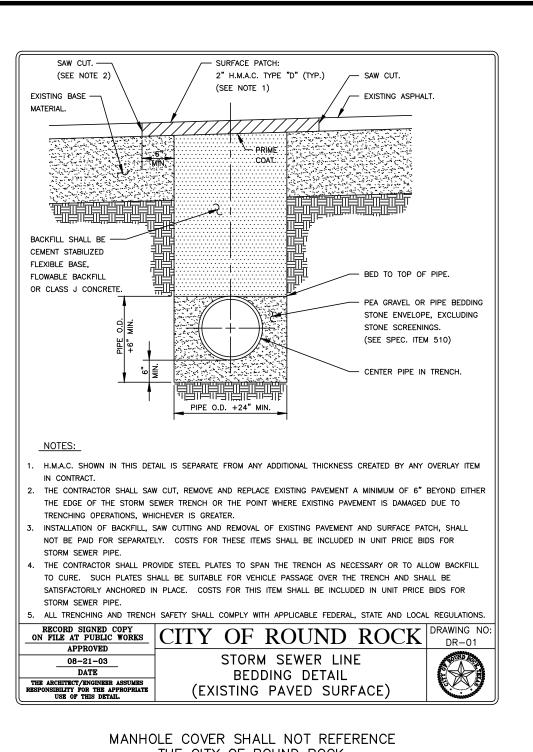
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* STEVEN P. CATES 93648 OCENSED ONAL ENGLIS 93648 CARLSON, BRIGANCE & DOERING, INC. ID# F3791

10-3-2025 OCT 2025 JOB NUMBER



IN AREAS NOT TO BE —

PAVED, PROVIDE 4" TOPSOIL AND REVEGETATE.

PIPE O.D. +24" MIN.

NECORD SIGNED COPY ON FILE AT PUBLIC WORKS CITY OF ROUND ROCK DR-02

STORM SEWER LINE

BEDDING DETAIL

(NON-PAVED SURFACE)

MANHOLE COVER SHALL NOT REFERENCE

THE CITY OF ROUND ROCK.

(RECESSED FLUSH)

1" LETTERS

(RECESSED FLUSH

(SEE NOTE #12)

AROUND ALL STARS

. COVER AND FRAME SHALL COMPLY WITH STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR DRAINAGE, SEWER, UTILITY AND RELATED CASTINGS: AASHTO DESIGNATION M306-04.

INCORPORATED, OR APPROVED EQUAL.

MANHOLE COVER AND FRAME ASSEMBLY, IF ORDERED AS A SET, SHALL BE MODEL NUMBER: V-1432 (PRODUCT NUMBER: 41432080), AS MANUFACTURED

MANHOLE COVER SHALL BE MODEL NUMBER: V-1432-3 (PRODUCT NUMBER: 41432058), AS MANUFACTURED BY EAST JORDAN IRON WORKS,

MANHOLE FRAME SHALL BE MODEL NUMBER: V-1432 (PRODUCT NUMBER: 41432010), AS MANUFACTURED BY EAST JORDAN IRON WORKS,

MANHOLE COVER WEIGHT SHALL BE 175 LBS. FOR DUCTILE IRON. WEIGHT SHALL BE CAST ON BOTH TOP AND BOTTOM OF COVER.

— PROVIDE ETCHING <u>MANHOLE</u> FRAME PLAN VIEW

MANHOLE FRAME SECTION VIEW

(BOOKMAN OLD

STYLE)

MANHOLE COVER PLAN VIEW

A CALLETTINE OF

MANHOLE COVER SECTION VIEW

PICKBAR DETAIL

1 3/4"R → 1" DIAMETER X 4"

BY EAST JORDAN IRON WORKS, INCORPORATED, OR APPROVED EQUAL.

5. ALL CORNERS AND EDGES SHALL HAVE A 1/16* MINIMUM AND 1/8" MAXIMUM RADIUS.

B. MANHOLE COVERS SHALL BE CAST WITH TWO 1" DIAMETER STEEL PICKBARS.

1 1/2" —

LONG H.R.S. ROD.

2 7/8"—

NOTES:

(BOOKMAN OLD STYLE)

FINISHED GROUND OR SUBGRADE.

COMPACTED BACKFILL

GREATER THAN 6".

(SEE SPEC. ITEM 510)

UNDISTURBED EARTH.

BED TO TOP OF PIPE

STONE SCREENINGS.

(SEE SPEC. ITEM 510)

- CENTER PIPE IN TRENCH.

- PEA GRAVEL OR PIPE BEDDING

STONE ENVELOPE, EXCLUDING

(SEE NOTE #12)

(SEE NOTE #7)

EXISTING BASE -

BACKFILL SHALL BE FLOWABLE FILL -

SURFACE SHALL BE CUT PRIOR TO EXCAVATION.

THE ARCHITECT/ENGINEER ASSUMES ESPONSIBILITY FOR THE APPROPRIATE USE OF THIS DETAIL.

CURB SECTIONS.

EXP. JOINT

@ 16.5" C.C.

H.M.A.C.

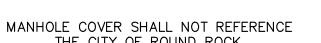
MINIMUM NUMBER OF ANGLE POINTS.
TACKING MATERIAL SHALL BE AC15PW OR A CORR APPROVED EQUAL.

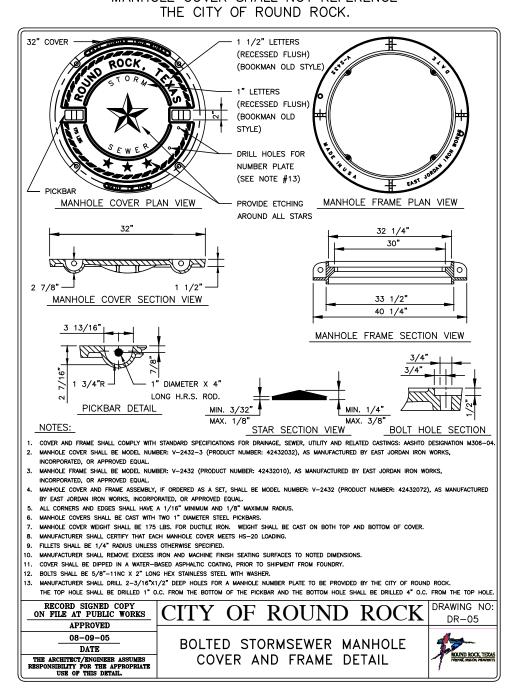
FOR FULL DEPTH OF TRENCH.

EXISTING ASPHALT.

IN SITU TRENCH MATERIAL

FREE OF ROCK AND CLODS





UTILITY PLACEMENT WITHIN CORR CONTROLLED AREA

GENERAL NOTES SHEET

. ENCASEMENT IS ANY NUMBER OF CONDUITS, CASING PIPES (CONCRETE, PVC, CONDUIT BANK, WELDED STEEL, ETC.), AND/OR PROTECTIVE ARMOR BEDDING

A COPY OF THE PERMIT IS REQUIRED ON THE UTILITY WORK SITE IN/ON CORR OWNED/LEASED PROPERTY, ROW, CORR EASEMENT OR PUE IMPACTING VEHICLE/PEDESTRIAN TRAFFIC, SAFETY OR CAUSES LIABILITY (TEMPORARY/LONG TERM). THIS EXCLUDES UNACCEPTED SUBDIVISIONS, CIP, STATE OR

7. VARIANCE FROM THESE STANDARDS IS ONLY ALLOWED, IF DETAILED PLANS HAVE WRITTEN APPROVAL BY THE CORR BEFORE CONSTRUCTION STARTS.

B. PUBLIC AREA EXCAVATION MUST BE BARRICADED WITH APPROVED VEHICLE AND PEDESTRIAN TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES BEFORE CONSTRUCTION STARTS.

D. INACTIVE (NO PERSONNEL PRESENT) EXCAVATION OUTSIDE OF AN EXISTING PAVEMENT, LEFT OPEN OVERNIGHT, MUST HAVE PEDESTRIAN FENCING & PLATING.

INACTIVE EXCAVATION MAY NOT REMAIN OPEN OVER A WEEKEND OR HOLIDAY WITHOUT PRIOR WRITTEN APPROVAL FROM THE CORR AND SAFE GUARDS.

TOTAL TRENCH WIDTH SHALL BE THE SUM OF THE OUTSIDE DIMENSION (OD) OF THE UTILITY CLUSTER OR ENCASEMENT PLUS A MINIMUM OF 2" IF THE

REQUIRED ENCASEMENT MAY BE SCHEDULE 40 PVC, EXCEPT GAS, WHICH MUST BE SCHEDULE 40 WELDED JOINT STEEL OR SCHEDULE 80 PVC. OTHER

OD IS LESS THAN 6 1/2", PLUS 6" IF THE OD IS BETWEEN 6 1/2" & 18", PLUS 12" IF THE OD IS MORE THAN 18" WITH A MAXIMUM OF 24". 2. FOR A UTILITY WORK SITE IN AN AREA THAT IS SCHEDULED FOR FUTURE PAVEMENT, SEE: ASPHALT PAVED AREA TRENCH (APAT) (DU-O3) DETAIL.

3. FOR A UTILITY WORK SITE IN AN AREA THAT HAS EXISTING PAVEMENT, SEE: PROPOSED PAVEMENT AREA TRENCH (PPAT) (DU-O4) DETAIL.

7. ALL UTILITY LINES MUST BE ENCASED UNDER EXISTING AND PROPOSED PAVEMENT, CROSSING ABOVE CORR LINES AND UNDER PROTECTED TREES.

8. WASHED SAND BEDDING MUST BE USED IN THE INSTALLATION WHEN WITHIN 10' OF A CORR OWNED UTILITY LINE, EXCEPT IN EXISTING PAVEMENT.

SIDE WALL CLEARANCE MORE THAN 3" IS LARGE GRAIN (MAXIMUM 3/16"). BEDDING MUST BE CONSOLIDATED TO MINIMIZE AIR VOIDS.

20. ALL OF THE AREA(S) DISTURBED DIRECTLY BY, INDIRECTLY BY OR BECAUSE OF THE UTILITY WORK, WILL BE INCLUDED IN THE CLEAN UP.

D. REQUIRED WASHED SAND BEDDING IN A TRENCH WITH SIDE WALL CLEARANCE LESS THAN 3" IS SMALL GRAIN (MAXIMUM 1/16") AND IN A TRENCH WITH

. CLEAN UP INCLUDES DRESS-OUT, EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE/REMOVAL, RESTORATION, DEBRIS REMOVAL/DISPOSAL & PAVEMENT SWEEPING/WASHIN

LEGEND FOR DU SHEETS

. UTILITY LINE IS A PUBLIC OR PRIVATE POWER, COMMUNICATION, TELEVISION, GAS, FIBER OPTIC AND IRRIGATION (DRY OR PRESSURE) LINE, CABLE,

CONDUIT, PIPE OR TUBING.
2. UTILITY CLUSTER IS ANY NUMBER AND MIX OF DIRECT BURIED "DRY" UTILITY LINES IN A VERTICAL, HORIZONTAL OR BUNDLE CONFIGURATION.

. ALL TRENCH SAFETY SHALL COMPLY WITH APPLICABLE FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS.

. UTILITY WORK SITE IS THE LOCATION WHERE A UTILITY IS MAINTAINED, REPAIRED AND/OR INSTALLED.

FEDERAL CONTROLLED PROPERTY, PRIVATELY CONTROLLED EASEMENTS & PRIVATELY OWNED PROPERTY.

. FOR A CROSSING OF A CORR OWNED UTILITY, SEE: UTILITY CROSSING INSTALLATION (UC) (DU-O5) DETAIL.

RESTORATION AS A MINIMUM, SHALL INCLUDE, FERTILIZER:

A) ANY LAWN LIKE AREAS — SOLID SODDING WITH GRASS LIKE EXISTING OR APPROVED BETTER.

D) GRADES ABOVE 10% UP TO 25% - SOLID SODDING WITH GRASS LIKE EXISTING OR APPROVED BETTER.

POLYVINYL CHLORIDE PIPE OR CONDUIT

GALS UNITED STATES GALLONS - UNIT OF VOLUME

LBS UNITED STATES POUNDS - UNIT OF WEIGHT

Y UNITED STATES SQUARE YARDS — UNIT OF AREA

UNITED STATES DEGREE - UNIT OF ANGLE

UNITED STATES INCH OR INCHES - UNIT OF LENGTH

RECORD SIGNED COPY OF ROUND ROCK DU-O1

ABBREVIATION FOR ET CETERA, IN HENCE TO BE "AND SO FORTH"

DRY UTILITY DETAILS

GENERAL NOTES SHEET

UNITED STATES FOOT OR FEET — UNIT OF LENGTH

C) GRADES ABOVE 5% UP TO 10% - MATTED AND HYDRO-MULCHED.

E) GRADES ABOVE 25% - DETAIL PLANS AND CORR WRITTEN APPROVAL REQUIRED.

OD OUTSIDE DIAMETER

ORR CITY OF ROUND ROCK

PUE PUBLIC UTILITY EASEMENT

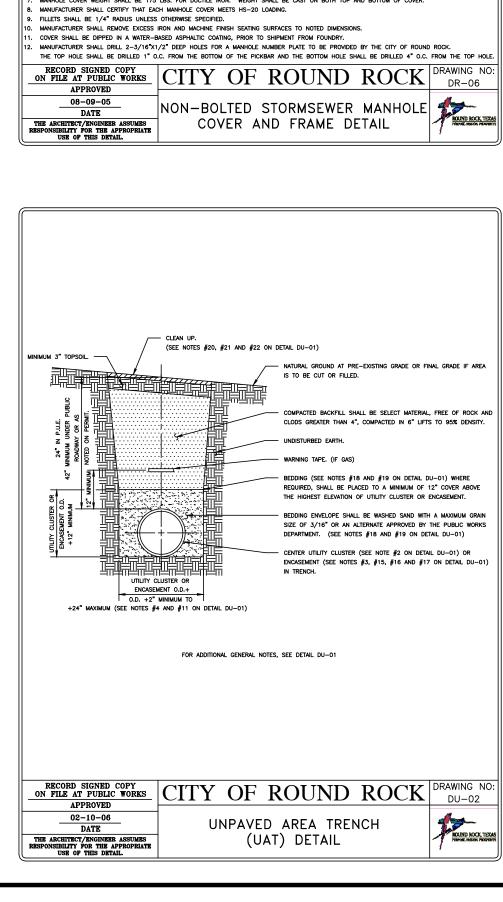
ROW RIGHT OF WAY OR RIGHTS OF WAY

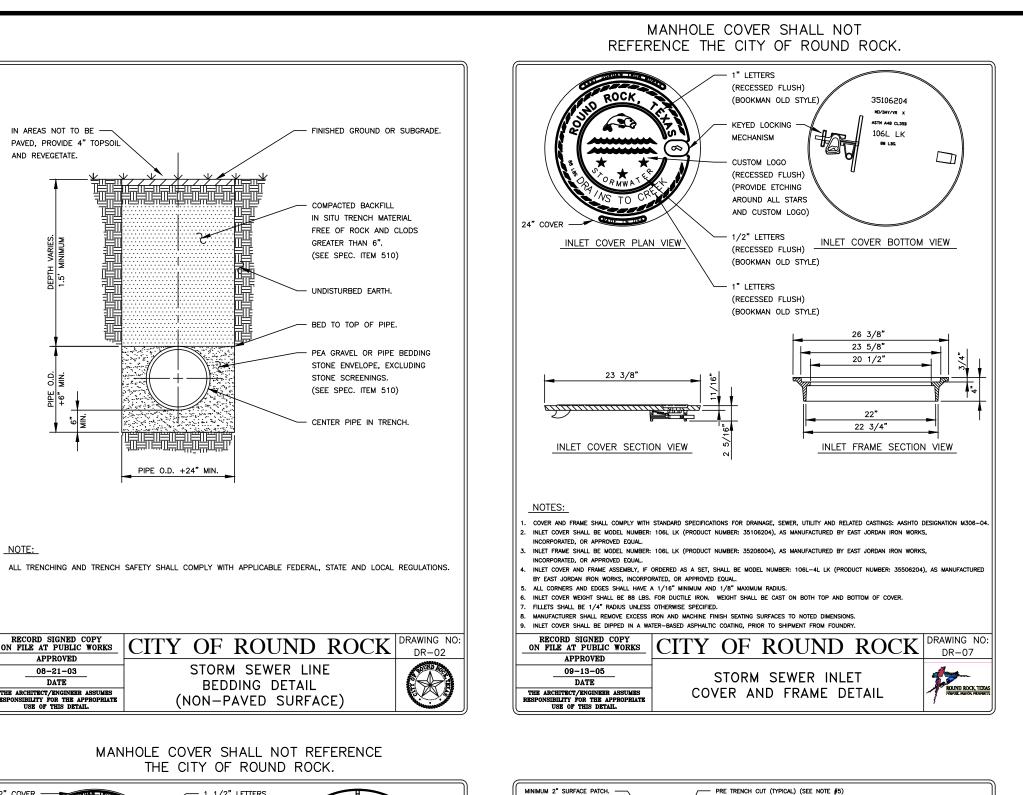
LAB ABBREVIATION FOR LABORATORY

TYPES OF ENCASEMENT REQUIRE CORR WRITTEN APPROVAL.

B) GRADES 5% OR LESS - HYDRO-MULCHED.

6. ALL ELECTRICAL CONDUCTIVE LINES (OVER 60 VOLTS) MUST BE ENCASED.





- SEAL COAT (SEE NOTES #8 AND #11)

+24" MAXIMUM (SEE NOTES #4 AND #11 ON DETAIL DU-01)

FOR ADDITIONAL GENERAL NOTES, SEE DETAIL DU-01

. ALL TRENCH SAFETY SHALL COMPLY WITH APPLICABLE FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS.
. STEEL PLATES OF SUITABLE WEIGHT TO SPAN THE TRENCH FOR VEHICLE TRAFFIC, MUST BE AVAILABLE ON SITE BEFORE ANY PAVEMENT IS CUT.

STEEL PLATES SHALL BE ANCHORED IN PLACE WHEN INSTALLED TO ASSURE NO DISPLACEMENT UNDER TRAFFIC.

. STEEL PLATES SHALL BE CONTRACTOR PROVED AND PLACED AS NECESSARY FOR TRENCH SAFETY AND TO ALLOW FOR FLOWABLE FILL CURING TIME.

FLOWABLE FILL SHALL BE PLACED AROUND THE ENCASEMENT IN A PROCESS TO ASSURE NO DISPLACEMENT FROM BEING CENTERED IN THE TRENCH

PLOYMOBEL FILL SHALL BE FOUNDED ANOUND THE ENCASEMENT IN A PROCESS TO ASSURE OF 2" BESTDECEMENT FROM BEING CENTRED IN THE IRENOT BOTTOM. FLOWABLE FILL SHALL BE STRUCK OFF AT THE TOP OF THE EXISTING FINANCE VISTING FINANCE SURTINGFORE OF SURTING FINANCE WHICHEVER IS GREATER.

UPON COMPLETION OF THE BACKFILL, MAKE ADDITIONAL SAW CUTS, AS NECESSARY TO REMOVE EXISTING PAVEMENT AT A MINIMUM DEPTH OF 2" TO

CREATE A 6" MINIMUM SHOULDER OR TO THE POINT WHERE EXISTING PAVEMENT IS NOT DAMAGED, WHICHEVER IS GREATER. SAW CUTS SHOULD HAVE

. TACK COAT A MINIMUM 12" WIDTH OF NON-WOVEN GEO-TEXTILE FABRIC OVER THE EXISTING BASE AND FLOWABLE FILL JOINT LINE WITH 0.3 GALS/SY.

. IF SIDEWALK, CURB, CURB AND GUTTER, OR DRIVEWAY REQUIRES REMOVAL, THIS MUST BE REPLACED IN UNITS THAT ARE FROM SCORE JOINT TO SCORE

RECORD SIGNED COPY ON FILE AT PUBLIC WORKS CITY OF ROUND ROCK DU-03

ASPHALT PAVED AREA TRENCH

(APAT) DETAIL

JOINT, FULL DEPTH SAW CUT ALL JOINTS. DRILL AND EPOXY SET #4 DOWELS INTO THE STRUCTURE TO REMAIN AT MAXIMUM OF 18" ON CENTER.

ENCASEMENT MUST EXTEND 10" PAST THE BACK OF CURB, UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED IN THE PERMIT. BEDDING AND BACKFILL FROM THE POINT WHERE

PLACING FABRIC SHALL WITHSTAND 300' FAHRENHEIT (TREVIRA SPUDBOND 011/120, CONTECH C-38NW, OR C.O.R.R. APPROVED EQUAL)

. VACUUM UP LOOSE GRAVEL BEFORE PLACING SURFACE PATCH WITH HIMAC HOT LAD; AT A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 2".

TRENCH PAST THE BACK OF CURB TO MATCH THE AREA (SIDEWALK, TOP SOIL, SOD, ETC.), WITH JOINTS NOT TO ALIGN WITH TRENCH WALL.

THE BASE ENDS TO THE END OF THE ENCASEMENT, SHALL ADHERE TO: PROPOSED PAVEMENT AREA TRENCH (PPAT) (DU-04) DETAIL.

SINGLE COURSE SEAL COAT THE AREA TO BE HMAC PATCHED, WITH 0.33 GALS/SY TACK AND 3/8" CRUSHED LIMESTONE COVER AT 21 LBS/SY.

(SEE NOTES #8, #9 AND #10)

ROUND ROCK, TEXAS PURPOSE INSION PROSPERTY

42" MINIMUM UNDER PUBLIC ROADWAY OR AS

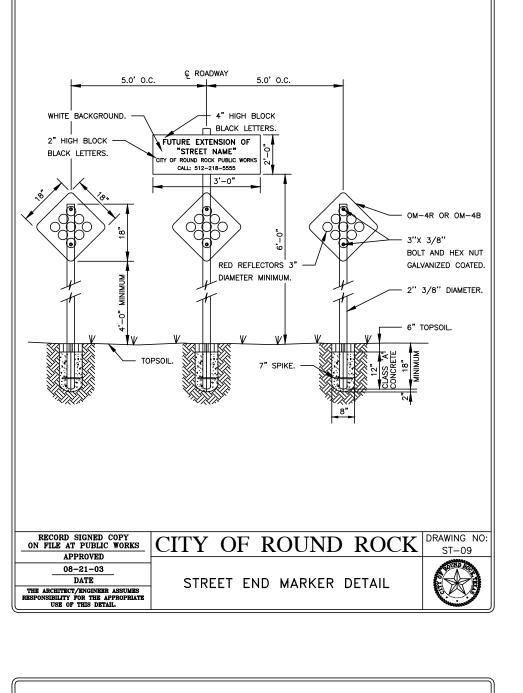
PLACEMENT OF FILL AROUND ENCASEMENT

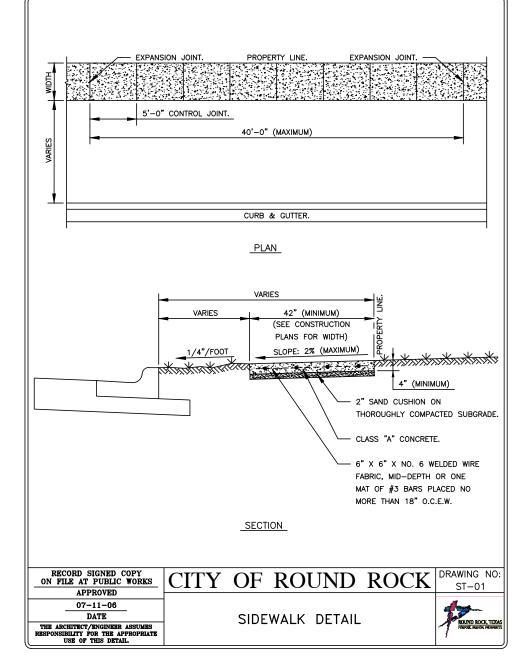
(SEE NOTES #3, #15, #16 AND #17

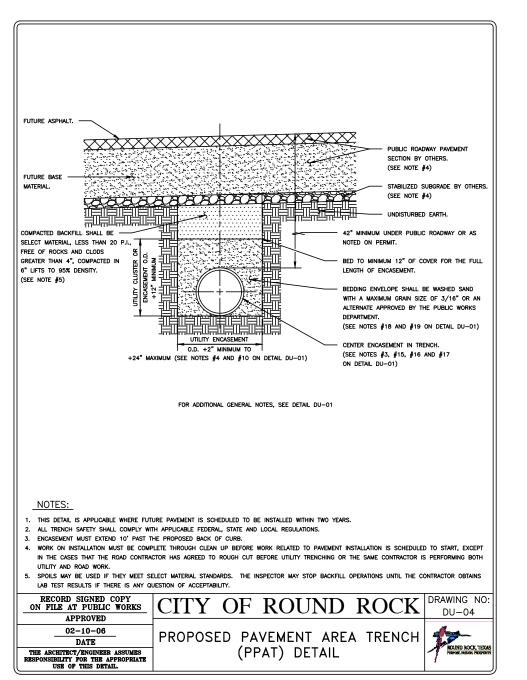
CENTER ENCASEMENT IN TRENCH

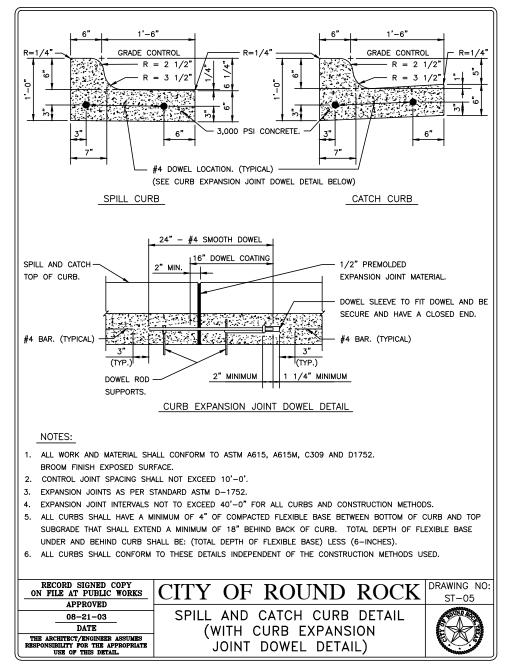
NOTED ON PERMIT.

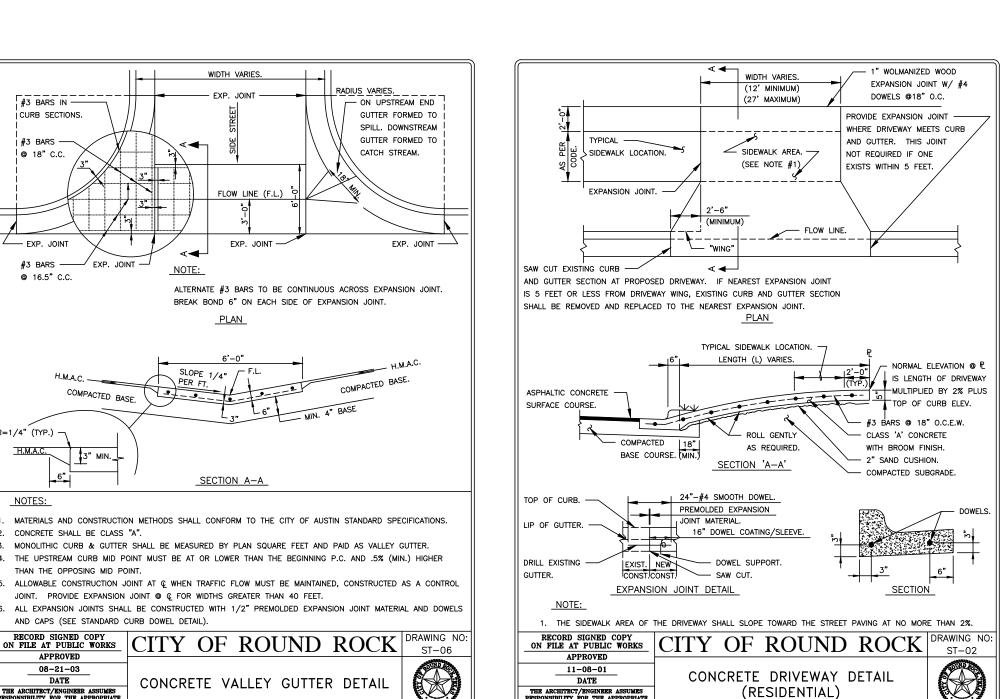
ON DETAIL DU-01)

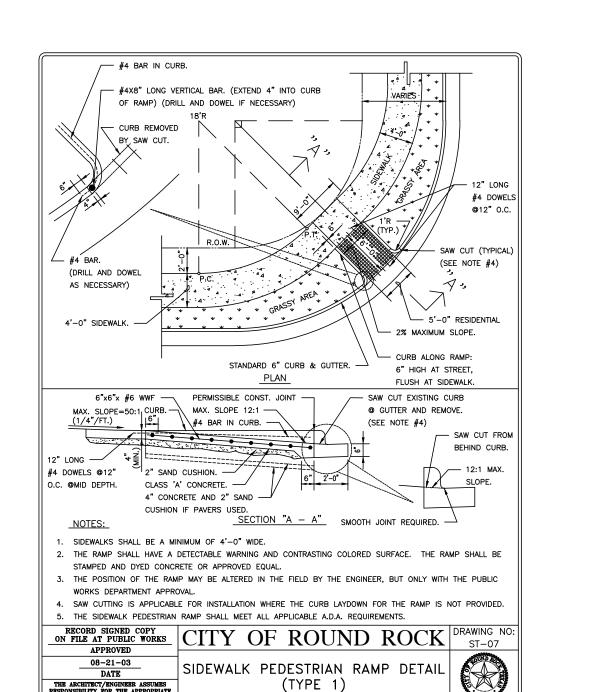


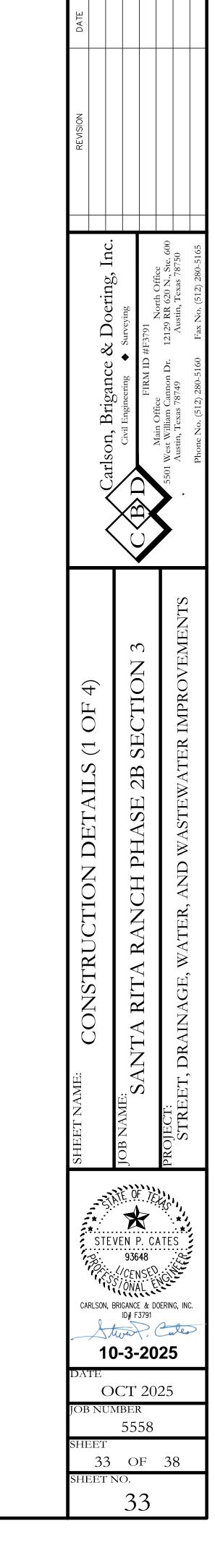


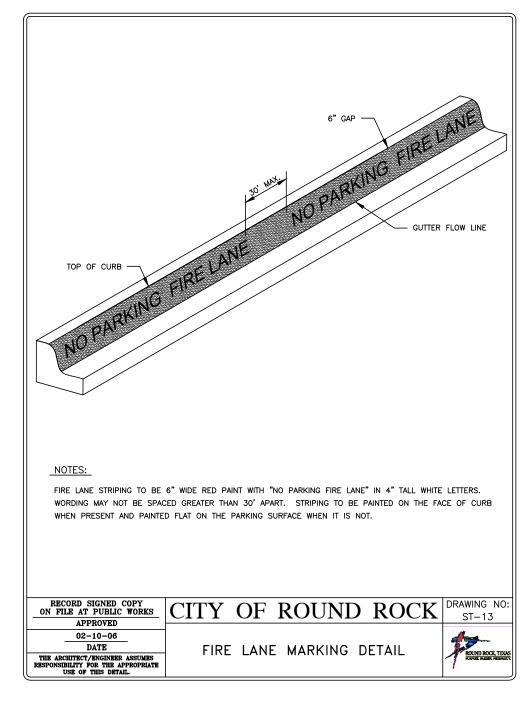


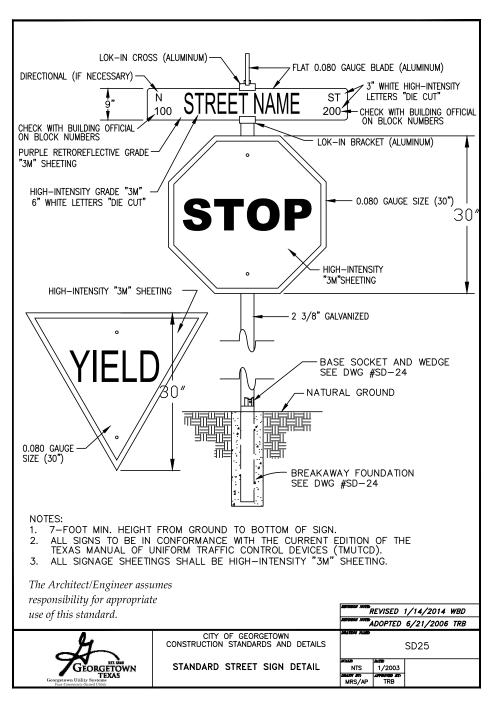


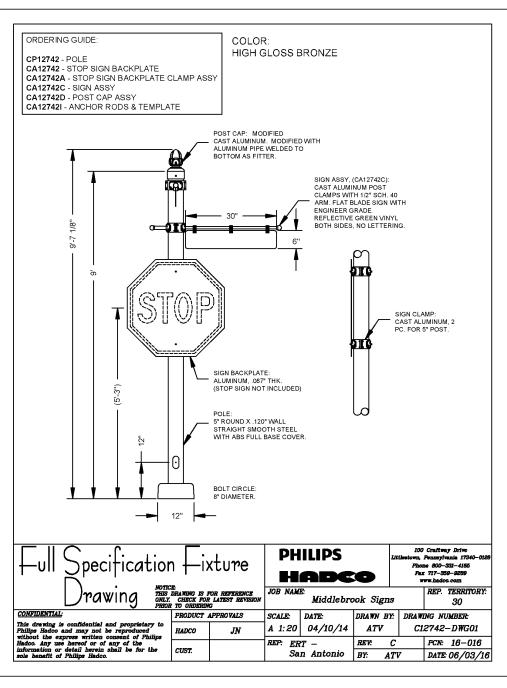


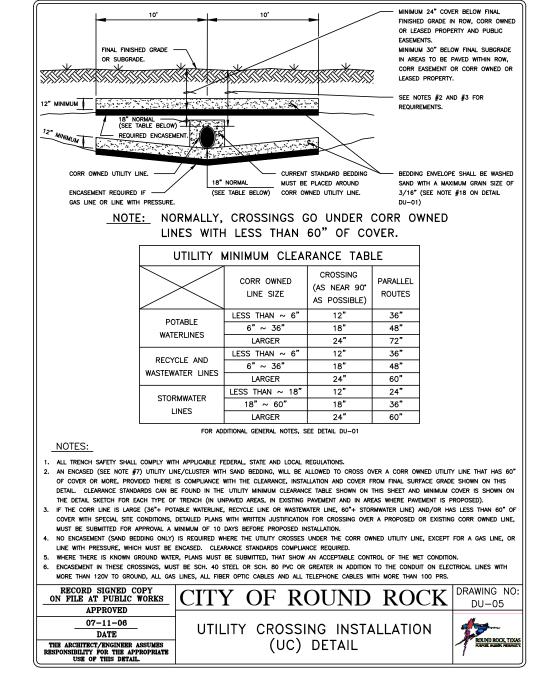


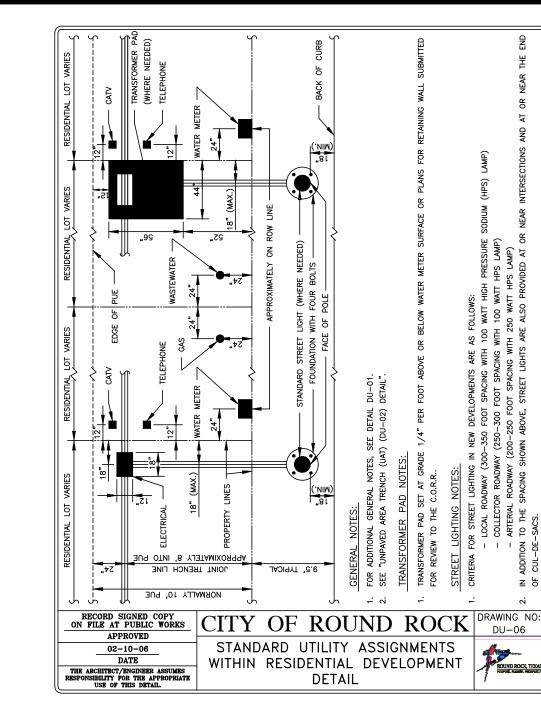


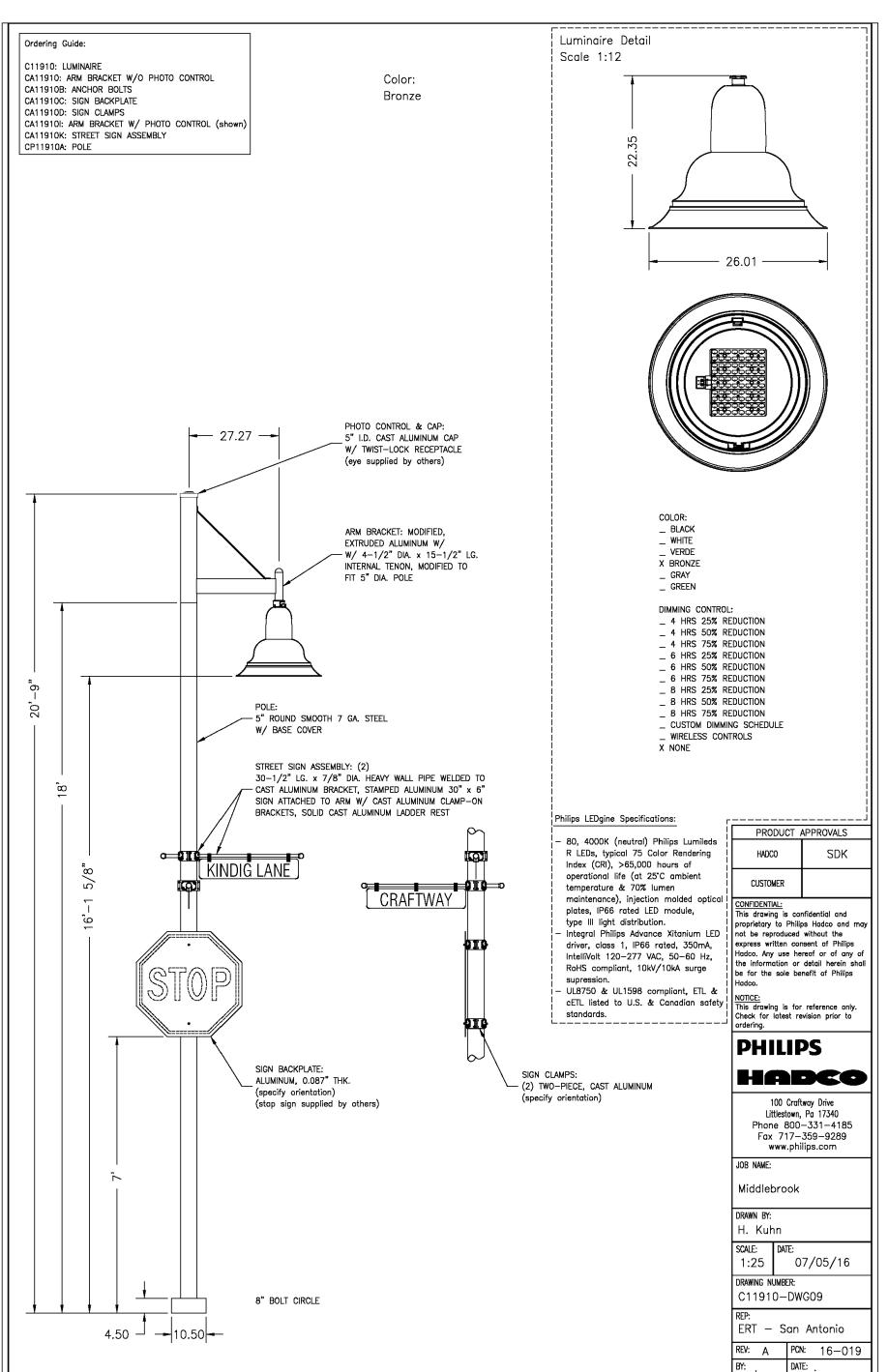


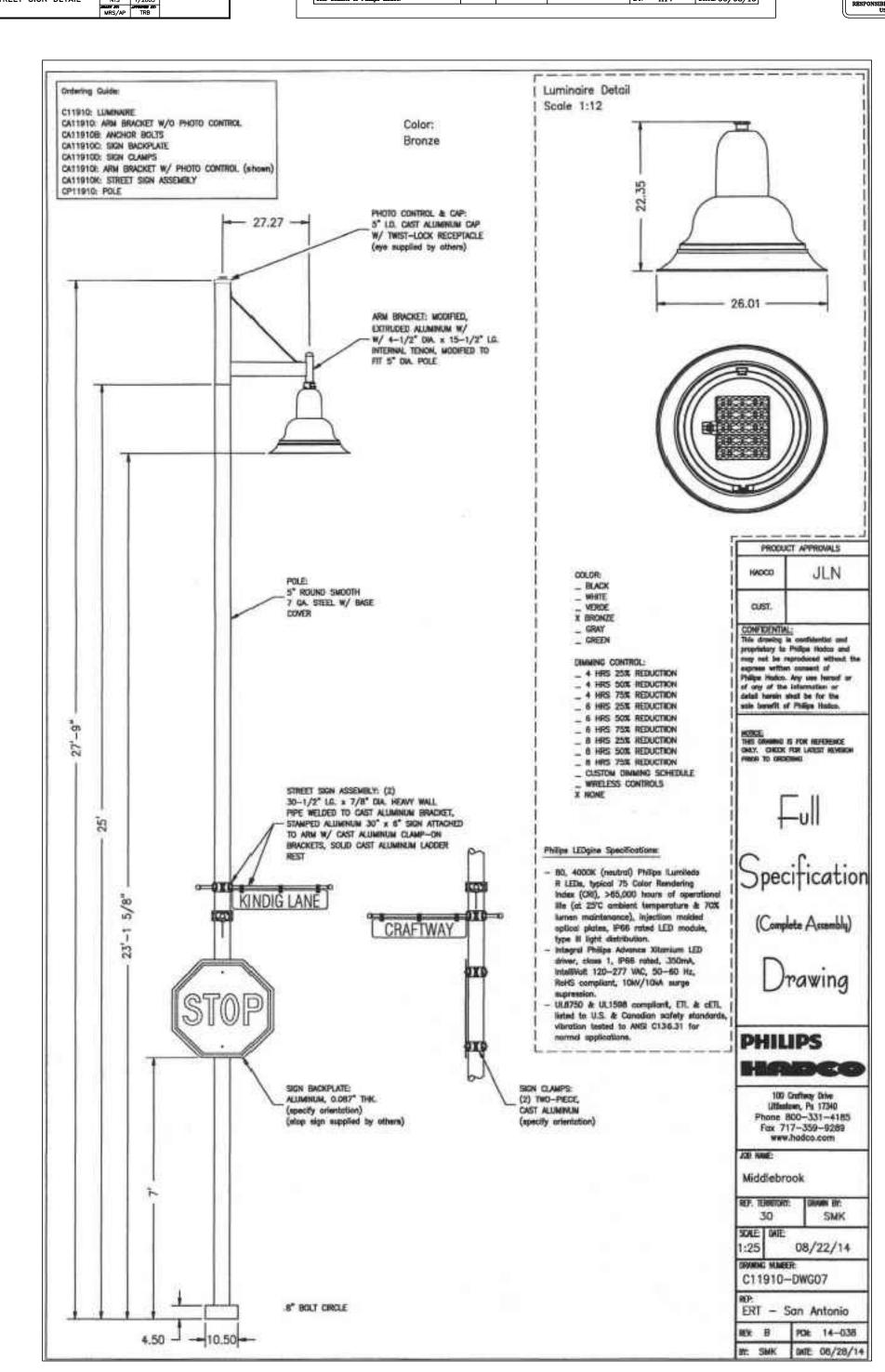


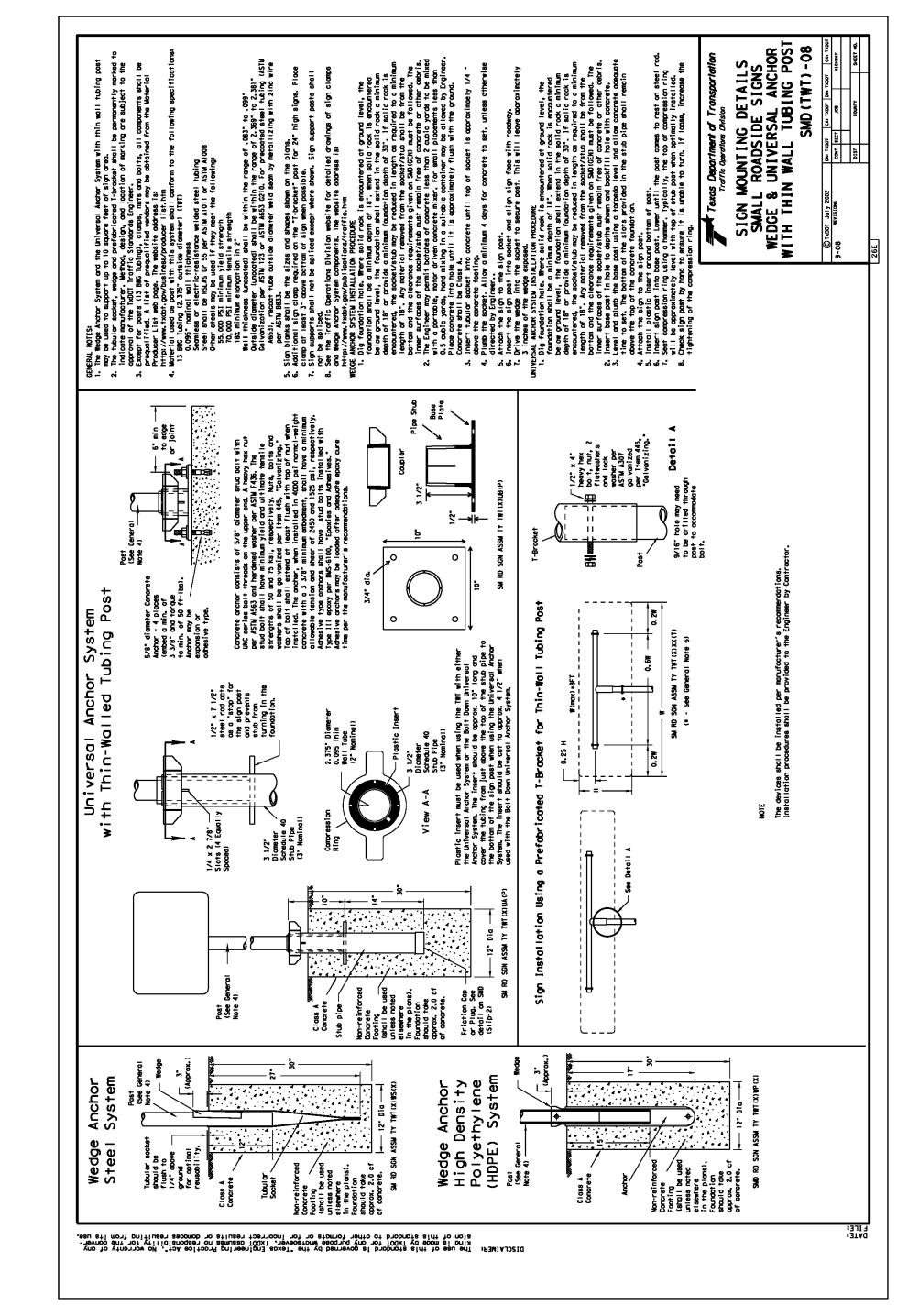


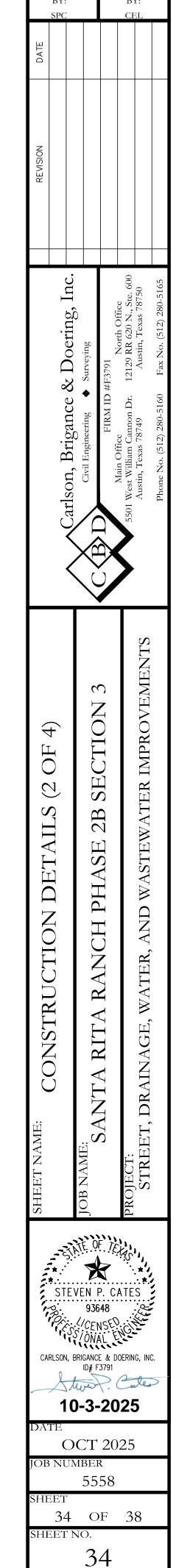


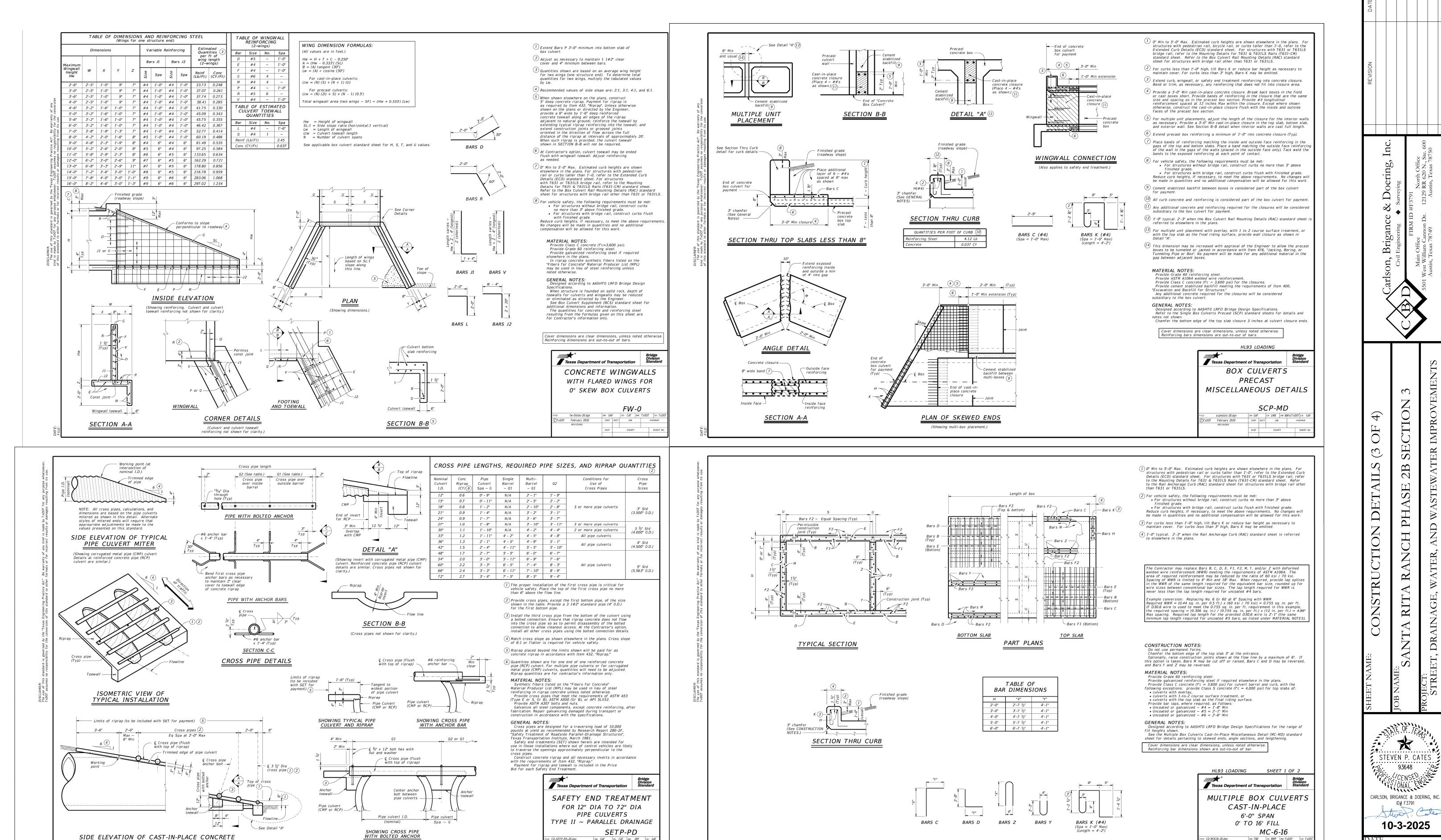












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SECTION A-A

(Showing reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) culvert. Details at corrugated metal pipe (CMP) culvert are similar.

TxDOT February 2020
REVISIONS

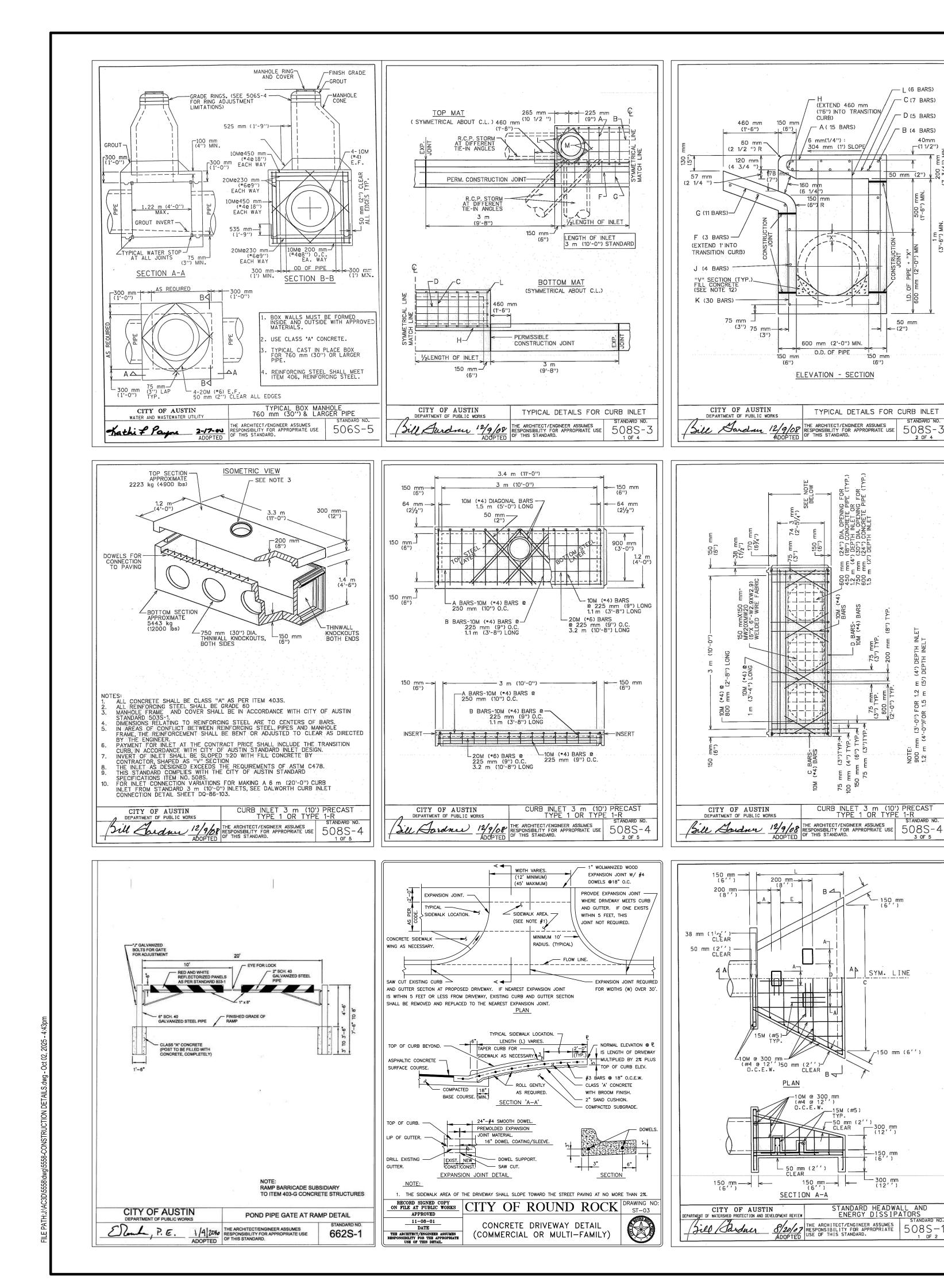
STEVEN P. CATES 93648 :05 SONAL ENGLAND CARLSON, BRIGANCE & DOERING, INC

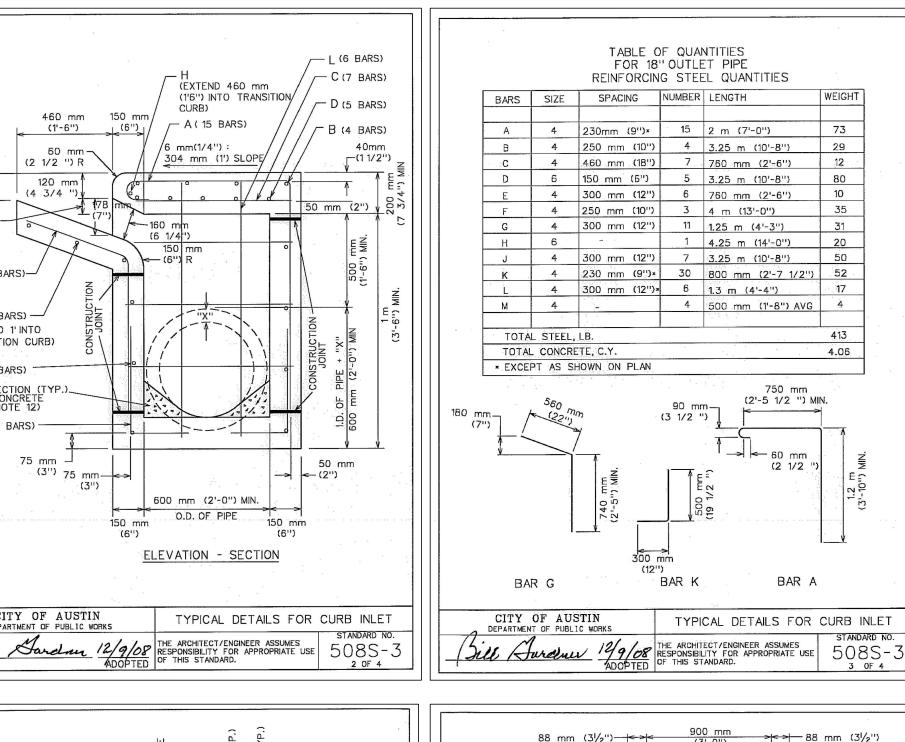
OCT 2025 OB NUMBER 5558

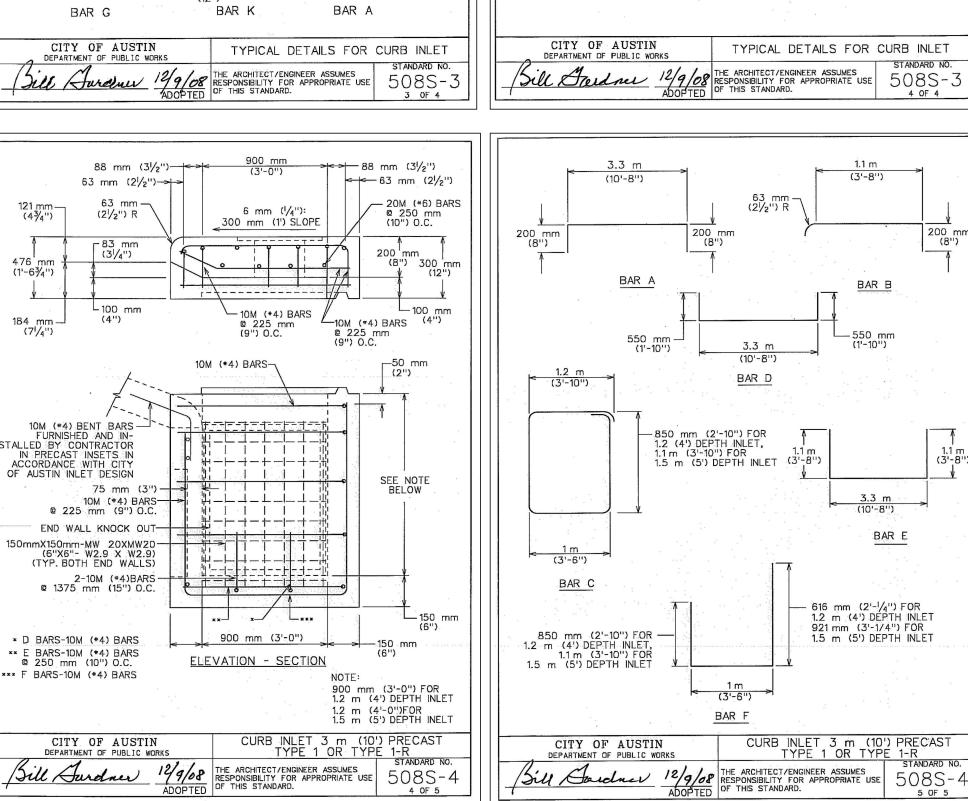
CD-MC616-20.dgn

35 OF 38

35







ALL CONCRETE SHALL BE CLASS "A"
ALL REINFORCING STEEL SHALL BE GRADE 60

IN PLACE INCLUDING MANHOLE FRAME AND OVER.

CHAMEER ALL EXPOSED EDGES 20 mm (3/4 ")

THE WALL THICKNESS SHALL NOT EXCEED 10 INCHES.

APPROVAL BEFORE CONSTRUCTION

DIMENSIONS RELATING TO REINFORCING STEEL ARE TO CENTERS OF BARS.

LOWER ONE-HALF OF ALL INLET WALLS.5. IN AREAS OF CONFLICT BETWEEN

REINFORCING STEEL, PIPES AND MANHOLE FRAME, THE REINFORCEMENT SHALL BE BENT OR ADJUSTED TO CLEAR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

QUANTITIES SHOWN HEREON ARE FOR THE CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY. PAYMENT WILL BE MADE FOR EACH INLET OF THE TYPE SPECIFIED, COMPLETE

MANHOLE FRAME AND COVER SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF AUSTIN

PROPOSED ALTERNATES SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE ENGINEER FOR REVIEW AND

ALL INLET WALLS SHALL BE FORMED EXCEPT WHERE THE NATURE OF THE

VERTICAL FACE. WHEN INLET WALLS ARE PLACED TO NEAT EXCAVATION LINES

OTHERWISE NOTED ON THE PLANS OR PERMITTED IN WRITING BY THE ENGINEER.

FOR EXPANSION JOINT DOWEL AND DOWEL LOCATION DETAILS

FOR 18" MANHOLE FRAME AND COVER DETAILS

SEE STD. 503S-1, "18" COVER AND FRAME".

SEE STD. 430S-3, "CURB EXPANSION JOINT DOWEL DETAIL"

STANDARD NO.

BAR B

BAR E

STANDARD NO.

SURROUNDING MATERIAL IS SUCH THAT IT CAN BE TRIMMED TO A SMOOTH

THE CONTRACTOR MAY PROPOSE ALTERNATE PROCEDURES FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF INLETS, INCLUDING PRECAST UNITS. PLANS FOR SUCH

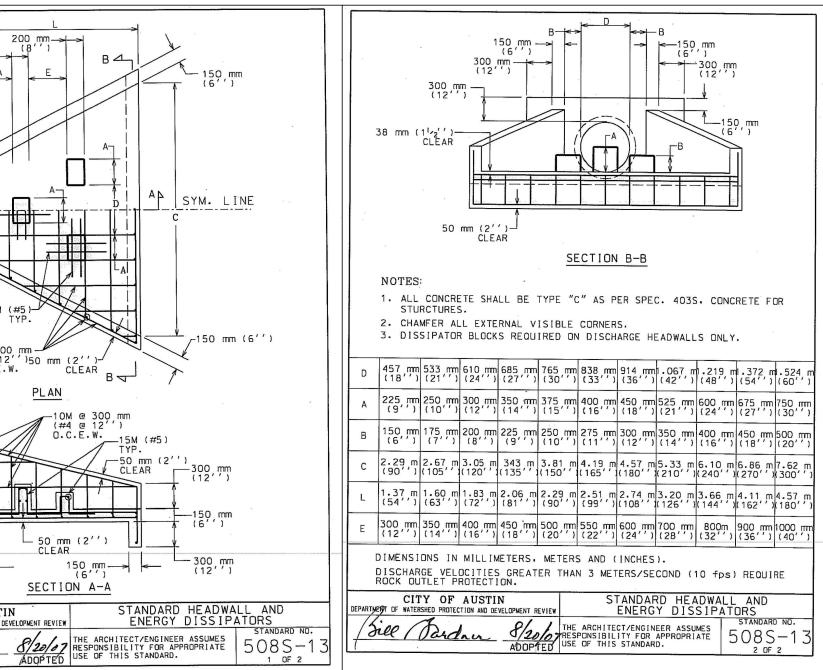
PAYMENT FOR INLET AT THE CONTRACT PRICE SHALL INCLUDE THE

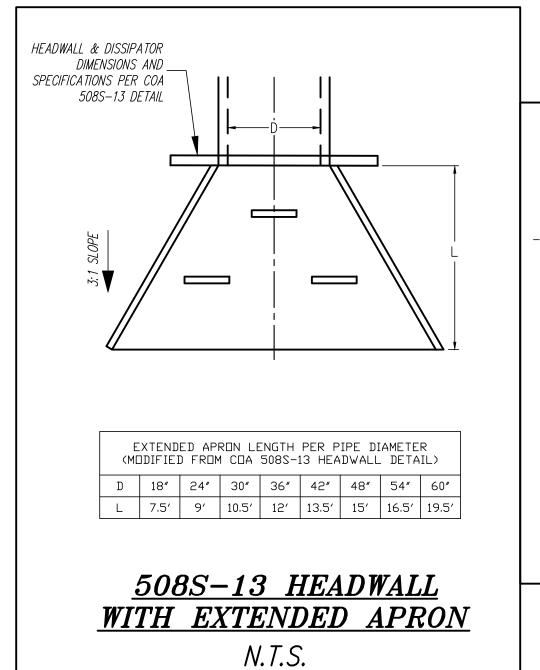
TRANSITION CURB.

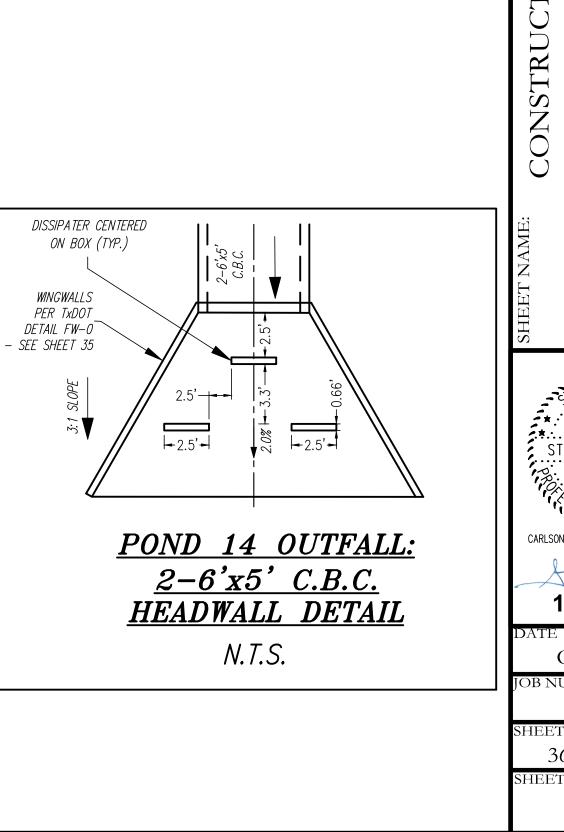
12. INVERT OF INLET SHALL BE SLOPED 1:20 WITH FILL CONCRETE, SHAPED

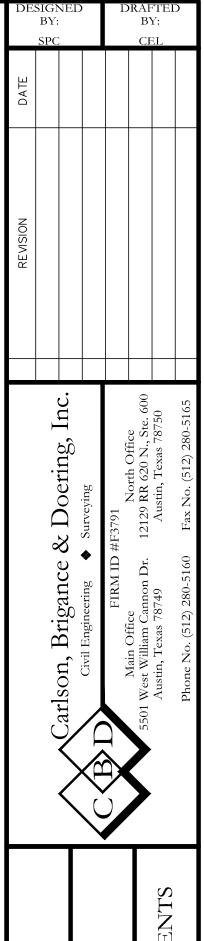
NO SPLICING OF REINFORCING STEEL SHALL BE PERMITTED UNLESS

VERTICAL STEEL MAY BE SPLICED (380 mm or 15" MIN. LAP) IN THE







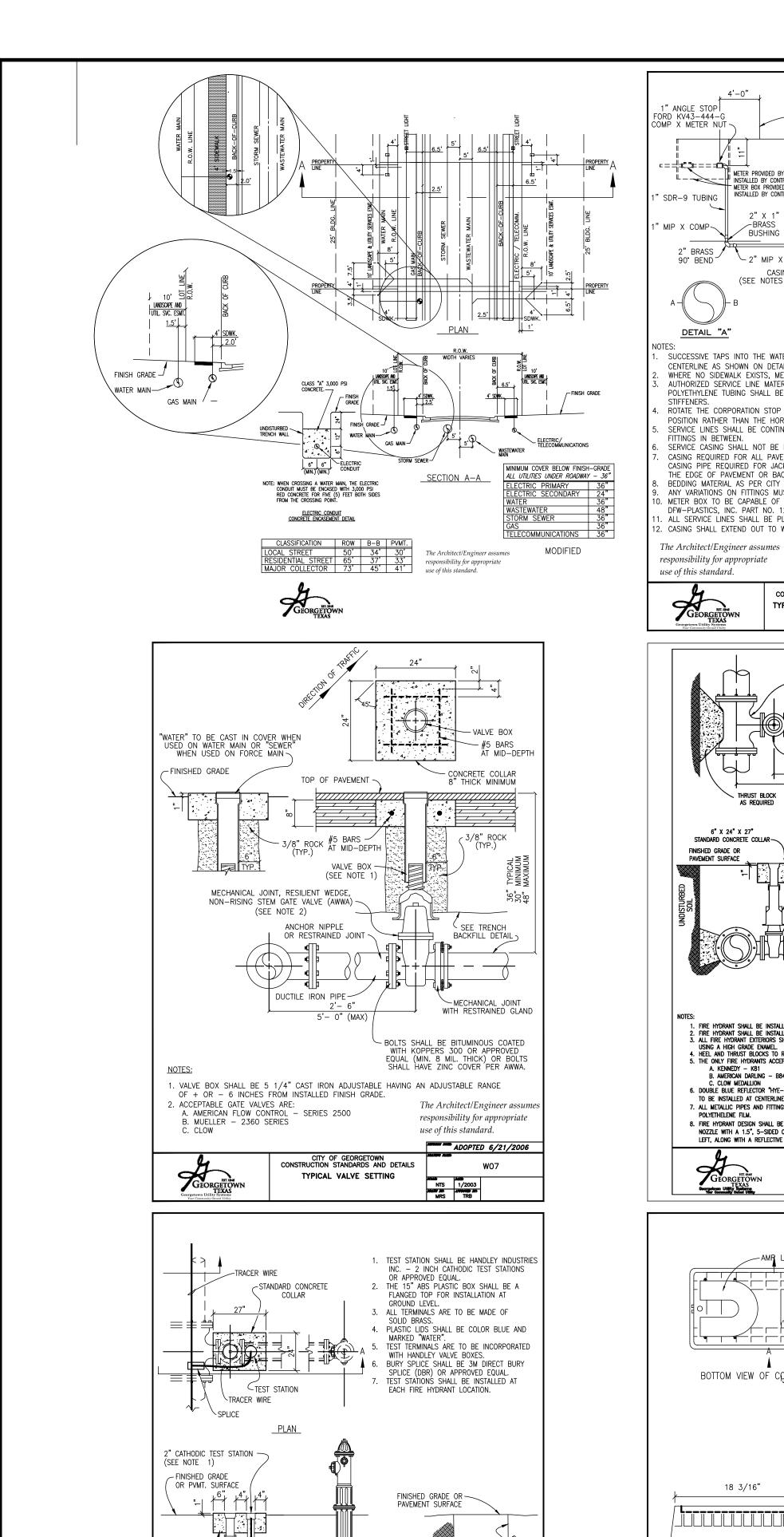


2B

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* STEVEN P. CATES 93648 ... CENSED. CARLSON, BRIGANCE & DOERING, INC. ID# F3791 Stown. Cales

10-3-2025 OCT 2025 5558



"x24"x27"

TRACER WIRE

DIRECT BURY SPLICE

(SEE NOTE 6) SECTION A-A

The Architect/Engineer assumes

responsibility for appropriate

use of this standard.

TRENCH WALL

16 GA. SOLID COPPER WIRE,

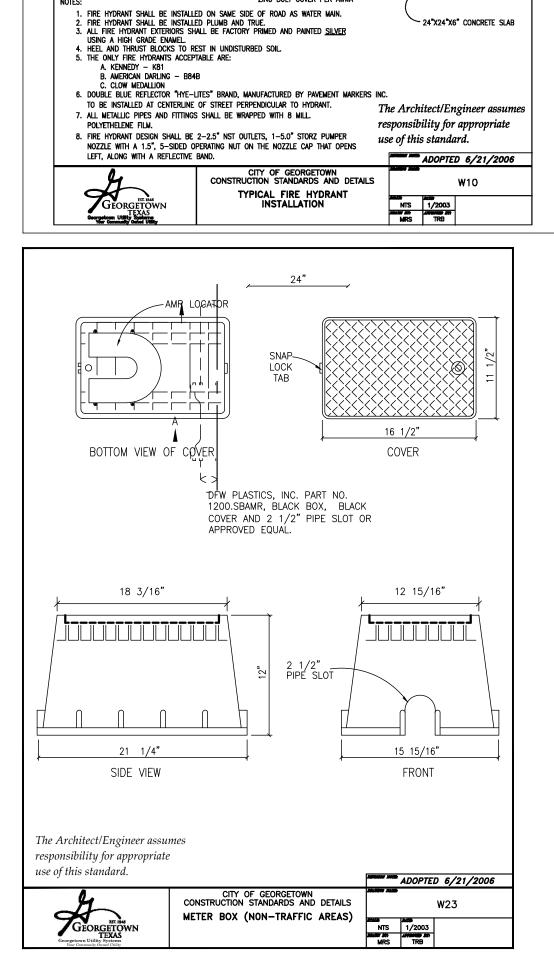
SECTION B-B

ADOPTED 6/21/2006

PLASTIC WRAP, 600 VOLT

CITY OF GEORGETOWN
CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS AND DETAILS

TRACER WIRE INSTALLATION AND TEST STATION LOCATION



PROPERTY LINE/ SEE NOTE 4 NEW MAIN TYPICAL

R.O.W. LINE

BACK-OF-CURB

SUCCESSIVE TAPS INTO THE WATER MAIN SHALL BE SPACED A MINIMUM OF 18" OFFSET AND AT THE

WHERE NO SIDEWALK EXISTS, METER BOXES SHALL BE SET TO CONFORM TO FINISHED GRADE.

POLYETHYLENE TUBING SHALL BE SDR-9. CLASS 200, SDR TUBING SHALL HAVE STAINLESS STEEL

ROTATE THE CORPORATION STOP SO THAT THE OPERATING NUT IS ACTUATED FROM THE VERTICAL

POSITION RATHER THAN THE HORIZONTAL. SEE STD. RISER FOR CORP. STOP DETAIL, (DWG # WO8). SERVICE LINES SHALL BE CONTINUOUS FROM CORPORATION STOP TO CORPORATION STOP WITH NO

CASING REQUIRED FOR ALL PAVEMENT CROSSINGS. 4" SDR-26 REQUIRED FOR OPEN-CUT. STEEL

DFW-PLASTICS, INC. PART NO. 1200.SBAMR OR APPROVED EQUAL.

ALL SERVICE LINES SHALL BE PLACED 90° PERPENDICULAR TO THE ROADWAY. SEE DETAIL W23.

CITY OF GEORGETOWN CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS AND DETAILS

TYPICAL WATER SERVICE-ELEVATION

5" STORZ PUMPER NOZZLE FACING ACCESS STREET AND— TWO 2 1/2" HOSE NOZZLES SEE NOTE 8 BELOW

CASING PIPE REQUIRED FOR JACK AND BORE. LIMITS OF CASING SHOULD EXTEND SIX FEET BEYOND

SERVICE CASING SHALL NOT BE INSTALLED BY WATER JETTING UNDER ROADWAY.

BEDDING MATERIAL AS PER CITY OF GEORGETOWN CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

METER BOX TO BE CAPABLE OF HOUSING ITRON AUTOMATIC METER READING DEVICE. USE

2. CASING SHALL EXTEND OUT TO WITHIN 4' INSIDE OF THE R.O.W. LINE, ON BOTH SIDES.

FLG X MJ NON-RISING STEM

NON-RISING STEM

(SEE DWG. # W-18)

24" DIAMETER
CLASS "A"
3,000 PSI CONCRETE PAD

ANY VARIATIONS ON FITTINGS MUST BE APPROVED BY THE CITY ENGINEER.

CORPORATION STOP -

SERVICE SADDLE OR
SMITH BLAIR DOUBLE STRAP WATER MAIN
SERVICE SADDLE WITH
CORPORATION OR

ADOPTED 01/23/2013

W03

APPROVED EQUIVALENT

INSTALLED BY CONTRACTOR.

METER BOX PROVIDED BY AND
INSTALLED BY CONTRACTOR.

~2" MIP X COMP

(SEE NOTES 7 & 12)

SDR-9 TUBING

90° BEND

DETAIL "A"

FITTINGS IN BETWEEN.

CENTERLINE AS SHOWN ON DETAIL "A".

THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT OR BACK-OF-CURB.

THRUST BLOCK AS REQUIRED

6" X 24" X 27"

FINISHED GRADE OR PAVEMENT SURFACE

STANDARD CONCRETE COLLAR-

AUTHORIZED SERVICE LINE MATERIAL:

