

PROJECT BLACK

Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification





March 10, 2023

Ms. Lillian Butler Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) Region 13 14250 Judson Road San Antonio, Texas 78233-4480

Re: Project Black Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification

Dear Ms. Butler:

Please find included herein the Project Black Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification. This Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification has been prepared in accordance with the regulations of the Texas Administrative Code (30 TAC 213) and current policies for development over the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone.

This Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification applies to an approximate 22.77-acre site as identified by the project limits. Please review the plan information for the items it is intended to address. If acceptable, please provide a written approval of the plan in order that construction may begin at the earliest opportunity.

Appropriate review fees (\$6,500) and fee application are included. If you have questions or require additional information, please do not hesitate to contact me at your earliest convenience.

Sincerely, <u>Pape-Da</u>wson Engineers, Inc.

Thomas M. Carter, P.E. Senior Vice President

Attachments

P:\120\51\01\Word\Reports\WPAP-MOD II\221123a1.docx

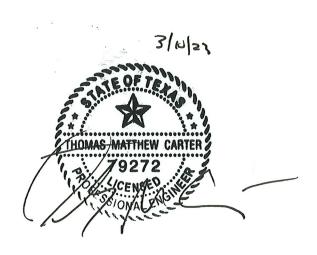
THOMAS MATTHEW CARTER 79272 CENSED

3/10/23

Transportation | Water Resources | Land Development | Surveying | Environmental

PROJECT BLACK

Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification



March 2023



Texas Engineering Firm #470 Texas Surveying Firm #10028800

EDWARDS AQUIFER APPLICATION COVER PAGE (TCEQ-20705)

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page

Our Review of Your Application

The Edwards Aquifer Program staff conducts an administrative and technical review of all applications. The turnaround time for administrative review can be up to 30 days as outlined in 30 TAC 213.4(e). Generally administrative completeness is determined during the intake meeting or within a few days of receipt. The turnaround time for technical review of an administratively complete Edwards Aquifer application is 90 days as outlined in 30 TAC 213.4(e). Please know that the review and approval time is directly impacted by the quality and completeness of the initial application that is received. In order to conduct a timely review, it is imperative that the information provided in an Edwards Aquifer application include final plans, be accurate, complete, and in compliance with <u>30 TAC 213</u>.

Administrative Review

1. <u>Edwards Aquifer applications</u> must be deemed administratively complete before a technical review can begin. To be considered administratively complete, the application must contain completed forms and attachments, provide the requested information, and meet all the site plan requirements. The submitted application and plan sheets should be final plans. Please submit one full-size set of plan sheets with the original application, and half-size sets with the additional copies.

To ensure that all applicable documents are included in the application, the program has developed tools to guide you and web pages to provide all forms, checklists, and guidance. Please visit the below website for assistance: <u>http://www.tceq.texas.gov/field/eapp</u>.

- 2. This Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page form (certified by the applicant or agent) must be included in the application and brought to the administrative review meeting.
- 3. Administrative reviews are scheduled with program staff who will conduct the review. Applicants or their authorized agent should call the appropriate regional office, according to the county in which the project is located, to schedule a review. The average meeting time is one hour.
- 4. In the meeting, the application is examined for administrative completeness. Deficiencies will be noted by staff and emailed or faxed to the applicant and authorized agent at the end of the meeting, or shortly after. Administrative deficiencies will cause the application to be deemed incomplete and returned.

An appointment should be made to resubmit the application. The application is re-examined to ensure all deficiencies are resolved. The application will only be deemed administratively complete when all administrative deficiencies are addressed.

- 5. If an application is received by mail, courier service, or otherwise submitted without a review meeting, the administrative review will be conducted within 30 days. The applicant and agent will be contacted with the results of the administrative review. If the application is found to be administratively incomplete, it can be retrieved from the regional office or returned by regular mail. If returned by mail, the regional office may require arrangements for return shipping.
- 6. If the geologic assessment was completed before October 1, 2004 and the site contains "possibly sensitive" features, the assessment must be updated in accordance with the *Instructions to Geologists* (TCEQ-0585 Instructions).

Technical Review

- 1. When an application is deemed administratively complete, the technical review period begins. The regional office will distribute copies of the application to the identified affected city, county, and groundwater conservation district whose jurisdiction includes the subject site. These entities and the public have 30 days to provide comments on the application to the regional office. All comments received are reviewed by TCEQ.
- 2. A site assessment is usually conducted as part of the technical review, to evaluate the geologic assessment and observe existing site conditions. The site must be accessible to our staff. The site boundaries should be

clearly marked, features identified in the geologic assessment should be flagged, roadways marked and the alignment of the Sewage Collection System and manholes should be staked at the time the application is submitted. If the site is not marked the application may be returned.

- 3. We evaluate the application for technical completeness and contact the applicant and agent via Notice of Deficiency (NOD) to request additional information and identify technical deficiencies. There are two deficiency response periods available to the applicant. There are 14 days to resolve deficiencies noted in the first NOD. If a second NOD is issued, there is an additional 14 days to resolve deficiencies. If the response to the second notice is not received, is incomplete or inadequate, or provides new information that is incomplete or inadequate, the application must be withdrawn or will be denied. Please note that because the technical review is underway, whether the application is withdrawn or denied **the application fee will be forfeited**.
- 4. The program has 90 calendar days to complete the technical review of the application. If the application is technically adequate, such that it complies with the Edwards Aquifer rules, and is protective of the Edwards Aquifer during and after construction, an approval letter will be issued. Construction or other regulated activity may not begin until an approval is issued.

Mid-Review Modifications

It is important to have final site plans prior to beginning the permitting process with TCEQ to avoid delays.

Occasionally, circumstances arise where you may have significant design and/or site plan changes after your Edwards Aquifer application has been deemed administratively complete by TCEQ. This is considered a "Mid-Review Modification". Mid-Review Modifications may require redistribution of an application that includes the proposed modifications for public comment.

If you are proposing a Mid-Review Modification, two options are available:

- If the technical review has begun your application can be denied/withdrawn, your fees will be forfeited, and the plan will have to be resubmitted.
- TCEQ can continue the technical review of the application as it was submitted, and a modification application can be submitted at a later time.

If the application is denied/withdrawn, the resubmitted application will be subject to the administrative and technical review processes and will be treated as a new application. The application will be redistributed to the affected jurisdictions.

Please contact the regional office if you have questions. If your project is located in Williamson, Travis, or Hays County, contact TCEQ's Austin Regional Office at 512-339-2929. If your project is in Comal, Bexar, Medina, Uvalde, or Kinney County, contact TCEQ's San Antonio Regional Office at 210-490-3096

Please fill out all required fields below and submit with your application.

1. Regulated Entity N	ame:					2. Re	egulat	ed Entity No.:	
3. Customer Name:						4. Cı	istom	er No.:	
5. Project Type: (Please circle/check one)	New	(Modif	ication	\triangleright	Exter	nsion	Exception	
6. Plan Type: (Please circle/check one)	WPAP	CZP	SCS	UST	AST	EXP	EXT	Technical Clarification	Optional Enhanced Measures
7. Land Use: (Please circle/check one)	Resider	ntial (Non-r	esiden	tial		8. Sit	e (acres):	
9. Application Fee:			10. P	ermai	nent I	BMP(s):		
11. SCS (Linear Ft.):			12. A	ST/US	ST (N	o. Tar	nks):		
13. County:			14. W	aters	hed:				

Application Distribution

Instructions: Use the table below to determine the number of applications required. One original and one copy of the application, plus additional copies (as needed) for each affected incorporated city, county, and groundwater conservation district are required. Linear projects or large projects, which cross into multiple jurisdictions, can require additional copies. Refer to the "Texas Groundwater Conservation Districts within the EAPP Boundaries" map found at:

http://www.tceq.texas.gov/assets/public/compliance/field_ops/eapp/EAPP%20GWCD%20map.pdf

For more detailed boundaries, please contact the conservation district directly.

	Austin	Region	
County:	Hays	Travis	Williamson
Original (1 req.)			
Region (1 req.)			
County(ies)			
Groundwater Conservation District(s)	Edwards Aquifer Authority Barton Springs/ Edwards Aquifer Hays Trinity Plum Creek	Barton Springs/ Edwards Aquifer	NA
City(ies) Jurisdiction	Austin Buda Dripping Springs Kyle Mountain City San Marcos Wimberley Woodcreek	Austin Bee Cave Pflugerville Rollingwood Round Rock Sunset Valley West Lake Hills	Austin Cedar Park Florence Georgetown Jerrell Leander Liberty Hill Pflugerville Round Rock

	Sa	an Antonio Region			
County:	Bexar	Comal	Kinney	Medina	Uvalde
Original (1 req.)					
Region (1 req.)					
County(ies)					
Groundwater Conservation District(s)	Edwards Aquifer Authority Trinity-Glen Rose	Edwards Aquifer Authority	Kinney	EAA Medina	EAA Uvalde
City(ies) Jurisdiction	Castle Hills Fair Oaks Ranch Helotes Hill Country Village Hollywood Park San Antonio (SAWS) Shavano Park	Bulverde Fair Oaks Ranch Garden Ridge New Braunfels Schertz	NA	San Antonio ETJ (SAWS)	NA

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I certify that to the best of my knowledge, that the application is complete and accurate. This application is hereby submitted to TCEQ for administrative review and technical review.

Thomas M. Carter, P.E.

Print Name of Customer/Authorized Agent

Signature of Customer/Authorized Agent

3/10/23 Date

**FOR TCEQ INTERNAL USE ONLY	÷	
Date(s)Reviewed:	Date Adı	ministratively Complete:
Received From:	Correct I	Number of Copies:
Received By:	Distribu	tion Date:
EAPP File Number:	Complex	
Admin. Review(s) (No.):	No. AR I	Rounds:
Delinquent Fees (Y/N):	Review 7	Time Spent:
Lat./Long. Verified:	SOS Cus	tomer Verification:
Agent Authorization Complete/Notarized (Y/N):	Fee	Payable to TCEQ (Y/N):
Core Data Form Complete (Y/N):	Check:	Signed (Y/N):
Core Data Form Incomplete Nos.:		Less than 90 days old (Y/N):

GENERAL INFORMATION FORM (TCEQ-0587)

General Information Form

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

For Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge and Transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.4(b) & §213.5(b)(2)(A), (B) Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **General Information Form** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review. The application was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Thomas M. Carter, P.E.

Date: 3/10/23 Signature of Customer/Agent:

Project Information

- 1. Regulated Entity Name: Project Black
- 2. County: Bexar
- 3. Stream Basin: Upper Leon Creek
- 4. Groundwater Conservation District (If applicable): Edwards Aquifer; Trinity-Glen Rose
- 5. Edwards Aquifer Zone:

Recharge Zone

6. Plan Type:

ig	WPAP
	SCS
\mathbf{X}	Modification

AST
UST
Exception Request

TCEQ-0587	(Rev.	02-1	1-15)
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1 of 4

7. Customer (Applicant):

Contact Person: <u>Bobby Perez</u> Entity: <u>SASP Management, LLC</u> Mailing Address: <u>1 AT&T Center Pkwy</u> City, State: <u>San Antonio, Texas</u> Telephone: <u>(210) 444-5575</u> Email Address: <u>bperez@spurs.com</u>

Zip: <u>78219</u> FAX: _____

8. Agent/Representative (If any):

Contact Person: <u>Andrew Belton, P.E.</u> Entity: <u>Pape-Dawson Engineers, Inc.</u> Mailing Address: <u>2000 NW Loop 410</u> City, State: <u>San Antonio, Texas</u> Telephone: <u>(210) 375-9000</u> Email Address: <u>abelton@pape-dawson.com</u>

Zip: <u>78213</u> FAX: <u>(210) 375-9010</u>

- 9. Project Location:
 - \boxtimes The project site is located inside the city limits of <u>San Antonio</u>.
 - The project site is located outside the city limits but inside the ETJ (extra-territorial jurisdiction) of ______.
 - The project site is not located within any city's limits or ETJ.
- 10. The location of the project site is described below. The description provides sufficient detail and clarity so that the TCEQ's Regional staff can easily locate the project and site boundaries for a field investigation.

<u>From TCEQ's Regional Office, travel 2.5 miles north on Judson Rd to Loop 1604. Proceed</u> west on Loop 1604 approximately 13.2 miles. The site is located west of the Via <u>Mercado and Via La Cantera intersection.</u>

- 11. Attachment A Road Map. A road map showing directions to and the location of the project site is attached. The project location and site boundaries are clearly shown on the map.
- 12. Attachment B USGS / Edwards Recharge Zone Map. A copy of the official 7 ½ minute USGS Quadrangle Map (Scale: 1" = 2000') of the Edwards Recharge Zone is attached. The map(s) clearly show:

Project site boundaries.

USGS Quadrangle Name(s).

Boundaries of the Recharge Zone (and Transition Zone, if applicable).

Drainage path from the project site to the boundary of the Recharge Zone.

13. The TCEQ must be able to inspect the project site or the application will be returned. Sufficient survey staking is provided on the project to allow TCEQ regional staff to locate the boundaries and alignment of the regulated activities and the geologic or manmade features noted in the Geologic Assessment.

TCEQ-0587 (Rev. 02-11-15)

- Survey staking will be completed by this date: when advised by TCEQ
- 14. Attachment C Project Description. Attached at the end of this form is a detailed narrative description of the proposed project. The project description is consistent throughout the application and contains, at a minimum, the following details:
 - Area of the site
 Offsite areas
 Impervious cover
 Permanent BMP(s)
 Proposed site use
 Site history
 Previous development
 - Area(s) to be demolished
- 15. Existing project site conditions are noted below:

	Existing commercial site
	Existing industrial site
	Existing residential site
	Existing paved and/or unpaved roads
\boxtimes	Undeveloped (Cleared)
\square	Undeveloped (Undisturbed/Uncleared)
	Other:

Prohibited Activities

- 16. I am aware that the following activities are prohibited on the Recharge Zone and are not proposed for this project:
 - (1) Waste disposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 of this title (relating to Underground Injection Control);
 - (2) New feedlot/concentrated animal feeding operations, as defined in 30 TAC §213.3;
 - (3) Land disposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC §335.1;
 - (4) The use of sewage holding tanks as parts of organized collection systems; and
 - (5) New municipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I standards which are defined in §330.41(b), (c), and (d) of this title (relating to Types of Municipal Solid Waste Facilities).
 - (6) New municipal and industrial wastewater discharges into or adjacent to water in the state that would create additional pollutant loading.
- 17. I am aware that the following activities are prohibited on the Transition Zone and are not proposed for this project:
 - (1) Waste disposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 (relating to Underground Injection Control);

- (2) Land disposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC §335.1; and
- (3) New municipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I standards which are defined in §330.41 (b), (c), and (d) of this title.

Administrative Information

18. The fee for the plan(s) is based on:

- For a Water Pollution Abatement Plan or Modification, the total acreage of the site where regulated activities will occur.
- For an Organized Sewage Collection System Plan or Modification, the total linear footage of all collection system lines.

For a UST Facility Plan or Modification or an AST Facility Plan or Modification, the total number of tanks or piping systems.

A request for an exception to any substantive portion of the regulations related to the protection of water quality.

- A request for an extension to a previously approved plan.
- 19. Application fees are due and payable at the time the application is filed. If the correct fee is not submitted, the TCEQ is not required to consider the application until the correct fee is submitted. Both the fee and the Edwards Aquifer Fee Form have been sent to the Commission's:

TCEQ cashier

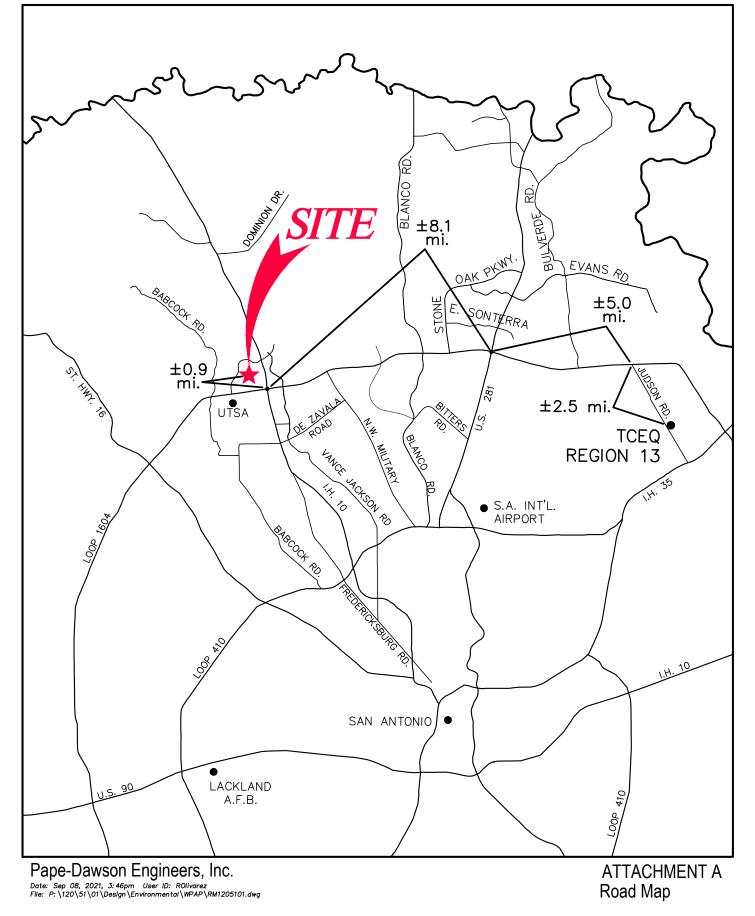
 Austin Regional Office (for projects in Hays, Travis, and Williamson Counties)
 San Antonio Regional Office (for projects in Bexar, Comal, Kinney, Medina, and Uvalde Counties)

- 20. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
- 21. No person shall commence any regulated activity until the Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan(s) for the activity has been filed with and approved by the Executive Director.

ATTACHMENT A

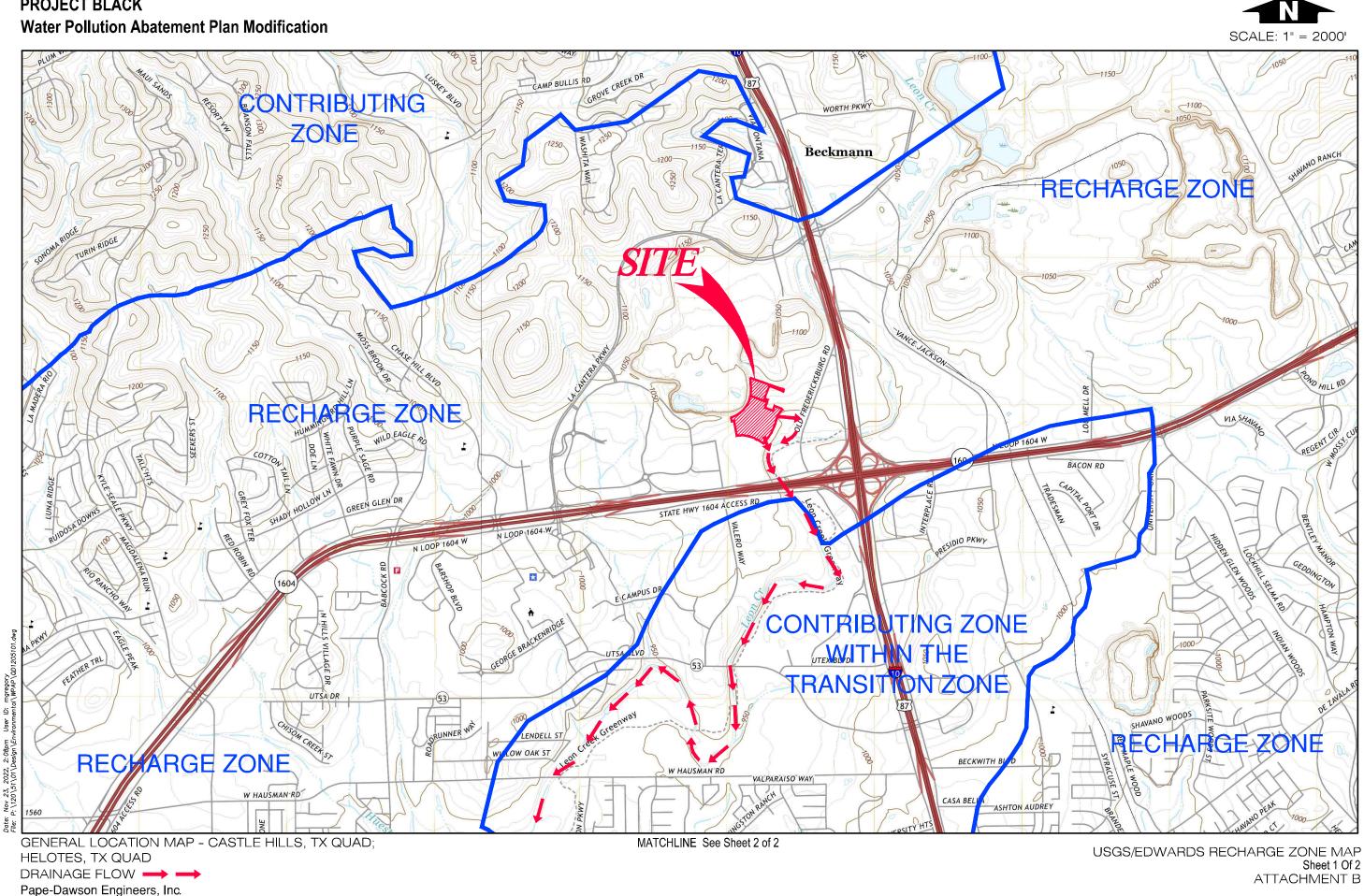
PROJECT BLACK Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification





ATTACHMENT B

PROJECT BLACK



ATTACHMENT C

PROJECT BLACK Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification

Attachment C – Project Description

The Project Black Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification (WPAP MOD) is an update to the previously approved Project Black WPAP MOD (EAPP ID 13001396). This WPAP MOD proposes expanding the existing batch detention basin (EAPP ID 13001396) to account for the proposed parking area and associated project limit increase. This 22.77-acre project limit is entirely part of the La Cantera Preliminary Overall Development Plan (P.O.A.D.P. No. 237-B). The project site is located west of the Via Mercado and Via La Cantera intersection, within the city limits of San Antonio in Bexar County, Texas. The proposed development is located entirely over the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and does not contain a 100-year floodplain. Two (2) naturally occurring sensitive features have been identified within the project limits. Features S-15 and S-19 shown on the Geologic Map provided are rated as sensitive and have fifty-foot (50') buffers around them. No construction or improvements are proposed within the buffer areas.

This site was previously approved as a 15.23-acre commercial development with a commercial office, sports training facility, and retail development. Approximately 12.75 acres (83.7%) of impervious cover was approved to be treated by one (1) batch detention basin and one (1) previously approved sand filter basin (EAPP ID 13301067).

This Project Black WPAP MOD proposes additional clearing, grading, excavation, installation of utilities and drainage improvements, expansion of the approved batch detention basin, additional parking areas and buildings with associated drives.

The Best Management Practices (PBMPs) for stormwater treatment are expansion of one (1) approved batch detention basin (EAPP ID 13001396) and one (1) existing sand filter basin (EAPP ID 13001067), which are designed in accordance with the TCEQ's Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) RG-348 (2005) to remove 80% of the increase in Total Suspended Solids (TSS) from the site.

Approximately 15.99 acres of impervious cover, or 70.2% of the 22.77-acre project limits, are proposed for construction in this WPAP MOD. In Watershed "B", approximately 13.82 acres of impervious cover from the buildings, parking, and drives and an additional 0.04 acres of uncaptured impervious cover from the driveway will be treated by the approved batch detention basin. Watershed "A" remains unchanged, with 2.13 acres of previously approved impervious cover to be treated by the existing Town Center sand filter basin. Please see the Treatment Summary Table attached with this application.

Potable water service is to be provided by San Antonio Water System (SAWS). The proposed development will generate approximately 11,200 gallons per day (average flow) of domestic wastewater based on the assumption of 14 EDUs per building (200 gpd/EDU x 14 EDU/building x 4 buildings = 11,200 gpd). Wastewater will be disposed of by conveyance to the existing Leon Creek Water Recycling Center operated by SAWS.

GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT FORM (TCEQ-0585)

Geologic Assessment

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

For Regulated Activities on The Edwards Aquifer Recharge/transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(3), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. My signature certifies that I am qualified as a geologist as defined by 30 TAC Chapter 213.

Print Name of Geologist: Henry Stultz III

Telephone: 210-375-9000 Fax: 210-375-9090

Date: Norman 12, 2019

Representing: Pape-Dawson Engineers, Inc., Texas Board of Professional Geoscientists No. 50351 (Name of Company and TBPG or TBPE registration number)

Signature of Geologist:

Regulated Entity Name: PROJECT BLACK TEMPORARY ACCESS ROAD

Section 1.01 Project Information

- 1. Date(s) Geologic Assessment was performed: November 1, 2019
- 2. Type of Project:

\times	WPAP
	SCS

AST
UST

- 3. Location of Project:
 - Recharge Zone

Transition Zone

Contributing Zone within the Transition Zone





PROJECT BLACK TEMPORARY ACCESS ROAD Geologic Assessment

- 4. Attachment A Geologic Assessment Table. Completed Geologic Assessment Table (Form TCEQ-0585-Table) is attached.
- Soil cover on the project site is summarized in the table below and uses the SCS Hydrologic Soil Groups* (Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds, Technical Release No. 55, Appendix A, Soil Conservation Service, 1986). If there is more than one soil type on the project site, show each soil type on the site Geologic Map or a separate soils map.

Table 1 - Soil Units, Infiltration Characteristics and Thickness

Soil Name	Group*	Thickness(feet)
Eckrant cobbly clay, 5 to 15 percent slopes (TaC)	D	1-2
Crawford and Bexar stoney soils (Cb)	D	2-3

* Soil Group Definitions (Abbreviated)

- A. Soils having a high infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
- B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
- C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
- D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
- 6. Attachment B Stratigraphic Column. A stratigraphic column showing formations, members, and thicknesses is attached. The outcropping unit, if present, should be at the top of the stratigraphic column. Otherwise, the uppermost unit should be at the top of the stratigraphic column.
- 7. X Attachment C Site Geology. A narrative description of the site specific geology including any features identified in the Geologic Assessment Table, a discussion of the potential for fluid movement to the Edwards Aquifer, stratigraphy, structure(s), and karst characteristics is attached.
- 8. Attachment D Site Geologic Map(s). The Site Geologic Map must be the same scale as the applicant's Site Plan. The minimum scale is 1": 400'

Applicant's Site Plan Scale: 1" = 100' Site Geologic Map Scale: 1" = 100' Site Soils Map Scale (if more than 1 soil type): 1" = 300'

9. Method of collecting positional data:

Global Positioning System (GPS) technology.

Other method(s). Please describe method of data collection:

- 10. The project site and boundaries are clearly shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map.
- 11. X Surface geologic units are shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map.



PROJECT BLACK TEMPORARY ACCESS ROAD Geologic Assessment

12. Geologic or manmade features were discovered on the project site during the field investigation. They are shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map and are described in the attached Geologic Assessment Table.

Geologic or manmade features were not discovered on the project site during the field investigation.

- 13. The Recharge Zone boundary is shown and labeled, if appropriate.
- 14. All known wells (test holes, water, oil, unplugged, capped and/or abandoned, etc.): If applicable, the information must agree with Item No. 20 of the WPAP Application Section.
 - There is (1) well present on the project site and the locations are shown and labeled. (Check all of the following that apply.)

The well is not in use and have been properly abandoned.

 \boxtimes The well is not in use and will be properly abandoned.

The well is in use and comply with 16 TAC Chapter 76.

There are no wells or test holes of any kind known to exist on the project site.

Administrative Information

15. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.



ATTACHMENT A

GEOLC	GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT TABLE	MENT TABLE	,,,,					ROJECT	NAME	PRO	JECT BL/	ACK TEMPO	RARY #	PROJECT NAME: PROJECT BLACK TEMPORARY ACCESS ROAD						
	LOCATION	N	25			-	FE	FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS	HARAC	CTERIS	STICS		2		EV	EVALUATION	NOL	Ē	HVSICA	PHYSICAL SETTING
1A 1	18*	10*	2A	2B	e		4	2		5A	9	7	8A	88	6		10	-	-	12
FEATURE ID	D LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	FEATURE TYPE	POINTS	FORMATION	DIMENSIC	DIMENSIONS (FEET)	TREND (DEGREES)		d Mod	DENSITY (NO/FT)	APERTURE (FEET)	INFILLING	RELATIVE INFILTRATION RATE	TOTAL	SEN	SENSITIVITY	CATCHMENT AREA (ACRES)	ENT AREA RES)	TOPOGRAPHY
						×	Z Z			10						<40	>40	<1.6	<u>>1.6</u>	
S-22	29°35'44.9"	98°30'08.0"	MB	30	Kek	10 1	10 ~4	+		-			0.0	5	35	35		×		Hillside
S-23	29°35'45.0"	98°36'08.5"	MB	30	Kek			1					×	35	65		65	×	a a	Hillside
S-26	29°35'40.6"	98°36'22.8"	Е	20	Kek	<2000		N60°E	щ	10			ш	5	35	35		×		Hillside
S-27	29°35'40.9"	98°36'17.6"	F	20	Kep	<2000		N64°E		10			ш	ъ	35	35		×		Hillside
S-28	29°35'42.3"	98°36'11.1"	Ш	20	Kep/Kek <2000	<2000		N77°E		10	2		ш	S	35	35		×		Hillside
	2			8			6				-									
																				8
** DATU	** DATUM: NAD 83							-												
					2A TYPF			TVPF				2R POINTS				1 4 4				
								1			4					10	ארובבוועם			



Loose or soft mud or soil, organics, leaves, sticks, dark colors Fines, compacted clay-rich sediment, soil profille, gray or red colors

None, exposed bedrock Coarse - cobbles, breakdown, sand, gravel

ZUOL

Vegetation. Give details in narrative description

> R

Flowstone, cements, cave deposits Other materials

I have read, I understood, and I have followed the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality's Instructions to Geologists. The information presented here complies with that document and is a true representation of the conditions observed in the field. My signature certifies that I am qualified as a geologist as defined by 30 TAC Chapter 213.

Cliff, Hilltop, Hillside, Drainage, Floodplain, Streambed

12 TOPOGRAPHY

Date Narmber 12, 2019

Sheet 1 of 1 ATTACHMENT A

ATTACHMENT B

PROJECT BLACK Stratigraphic Column

Period	Epoch	Group	Formation	Member	Thickness	Lithology	Hydro- logic Unit	Hydrostratigra phic Unit	Hydrologic Function	Porosity	Cavern Development
	Cretaceous	Washita	George- town		20–30	Reddish-brown, gray to light tan, shaley mudstone and wackestone; commonly contains black dendrites, iron nodules, and iron staining; often fossiliferous with <i>Plesioturrilites brazoensis</i> , <i>Waconella wacoensis</i> common		I	Confining	МО	None
		Edwards	Person	Cyclic and marine, undivided	80–90	Pelletal limestone; ranges from chalk to mudstone and miliolid grainstone; thin to massive beds; some crossbedding evident; a packstone containing large caprinids is present near contact with the overlying Georgetown Formations; chert is common as beds and large nodules	Edwards Aquifer	п	Aquifer	MO, BU, VUG, BP, FR, CV	Many subsurface; might be associated with earlier karst development
	Early Cretaceous			Leached and collapsed, undivided	70–90	Hard, dense, recrystallized limestone;mudstone, wackestone, packstone, and grainstone; contains chert as beds and large nodules; heavily bioturbated with iron- stained beds; often stromatolitic; <i>Toucasia</i> sp. Often found above contact with the underlying regional dense member; <i>Montastrea roemeriana</i> and oysters rare		ш	Aquifer	BU, VUG, FR, BP, BR, CV	Extensive lateral development; large rooms
				Regional dense	20–24	Dense, shaly limestone; oyster shell mudstone and iron wackestone; wispy iron staining; chert nodules rarer than ir the rest of the chert-bearing Edwards Group		IV	Confining	FR, CV	Very few; only vertical fracture enlargement
•			Kainer	Grainstone	40–50	Hard, dense limestone that consists mostly of a tightly cemented miliolid skeletal fragment grainstone; contains interspersed chalky mudstone and wackestone; chert as beds and nodules; crossbedding and ripple marks are common primarily at the contact with the overlying regional dense bed		v	Aquifer	IP, IG, BU, FR, BP, CV	Few
Cretaceous				Kirsch- berg Evaporite	40–50	Highly altered crystalline limestone and chalky mudstone with occasional grainstone associated with tidal channels; chert as beds and nodules, boxwork molds are common, matrix recrystallized to a coarse grain spar; intervals of collapse breccia and travertine deposits		VI	Aquifer	IG, MO, VUG, FR, BR, CV	Probably extensive cave development
				Dolomitic	90–120	Hard, dense to granular, dolomitic limestone; chert as beds and nodules (absent in lower 20 ft); Toucasia sp. abundant; lower three-fourths composed of sucrosic dolomites and grainstones with hard, dense limestones interspersed; upper one-fourth composed mostly of hard, dense mudstone, wackestone, packstone, grainstone, and recrystallized dolomites with bioturbated beds		VII	Aquifer	IP, IC, IG, MO, BU, VUG, FR, BP, CV	Caves related to structure or bedding planes
				Basal nodular	40–50	Moderately hard, shaly, nodular, burrowed mudstone to miliolid grainstone that also contains dolomite; contains dark, spherical textural features known as black rotund bodies; <i>Ceratostreon texana</i> , <i>Caprina</i> sp., miliolids, and gastropods		VШ	Aquifer, confining unit in areas without caves	IP, MO, BU, BP, FR, CV	Large lateral caves at surface
			Glen Rose Limestone	(absent i norther Comal C 120–23 (thicker norther Comal C Upper Glen Rose 0–10	0–120 (absent in northern Comal Co.)	Alternating resistant and nonresistant beds of blue shale, nodular marl, and impure, fossiliferous limestone; gray to yellowish gray; stair-step topography; contains two distinct evaporite zones; distinct <i>Corbula</i> sp. bed marks the contact with the underlying lower member of the Glen Rose Limestone; <i>Orbitulina texana</i>	Upper Trinity Lower confining unit to the Edwards aquifer	Cavernous	Aquifer	MO, BR, BP, FR, CV	
					120–230 (thicker in northern Comal Co.)			Camp Bullis	Confining	BU, BP, FR, occasional CV	
					0–10			Upper evaporite	Aquifer	IP, MO, BU, BR	Some surface cave development
					040			Fossil- iferous	Aquifer	MO, BU, FR, CV	1
					80–150			Lower	Confining	MO, BU, FR	
					8–10			Lower evaporite	Aquifer	IP, MO, BU, BR	

Source: Clark, Golab, and Morris (2016); Cavern development modified from Stein and Ozuna (1995). Porosity types - Fabric selective: IP, interparticle porosity; IG, intergranular porosity; IC, intercrystalline porosity; SH, shelter prodice porosity; BU, burrowed porosity; FE, fenestral; BP, bedding plane porosity. Not fabric selective: FR, fracture porosity; CH, channel porosity; BR, breccia; VUG, vug porosity; CV, cave porosity.

ATTACHMENT B

ATTACHMENT C

PROJECT BLACK TEMPORARY ACCESS ROAD Geologic Assessment

SUMMARY

The Project Black Temporary Access Road site is located in Bexar County inside the city limits of San Antonio, Texas on the north side of Leon Creek approximately ¹/₄ miles north of Loop 1604. Historical aerial photographs indicate the site was predominantly livestock rangeland and may have undergone brush and tree clearing for agricultural land use in the 1960s and 1970s.

Based on the results of the field survey conducted in accordance with *Instructions for Geologists* for Geologic Assessments in the Edwards Aquifer Recharge/Transition Zones (TCEQ-0585 Instructions), no naturally-occurring sensitive features were identified on site. The overall potential for fluid migration to the Edwards Aquifer for the site is low.

SITE GEOLOGY

As observed through field evidence, the subject site is located within the leached and collapsed (Keplc) member of the Person formation and the dolomitic (Kekd) member of the Kainer formation.

- The Keplc is characterized by interbedded, iron-stained, massive and bioturbated limestone with abundant chert. Karst development within the Keplc is generally characterized by large sinkholes. Caves often develop as large horizontal rooms.
- The Kekd is a massively bedded, mudstone to grainstone, crystalline limestone. Karst development within the Kekd is characterized by small sinkholes and often caves develop as vertical shafts. (Clark, 2016).

The predominant trend of faults in the vicinity of the site is approximately N75°E, based on faults identified during the previous mapping of the area.

FEATURE DESCRIPTIONS:

A description of the features observed onsite is provided below:

• Feature S-22

Feature S-22 is a manmade excavation that appears to have been a cesspool or septic tank. Due to the non-karst origin and limitation to the soil profile, the probability of rapid infiltration is low.

• Feature S-23

Feature S-23 is a water well that was reported on site in a previous Geologic Assessment, however the well was not located during this geologic assessment. Because of the unknown age, and integrity of the cap and casing, the probability for rapid infiltration is high.



PROJECT BLACK TEMPORARY ACCESS ROAD Geologic Assessment

Feature S-26, S-27, and S-28 Features S-26, S-27, and S-28 are faults identified in a previous assessment. Due to the presence of fine infilling and lack of field evidence of enhanced permeability, the probability of rapid infiltration is low.

REFERENCES

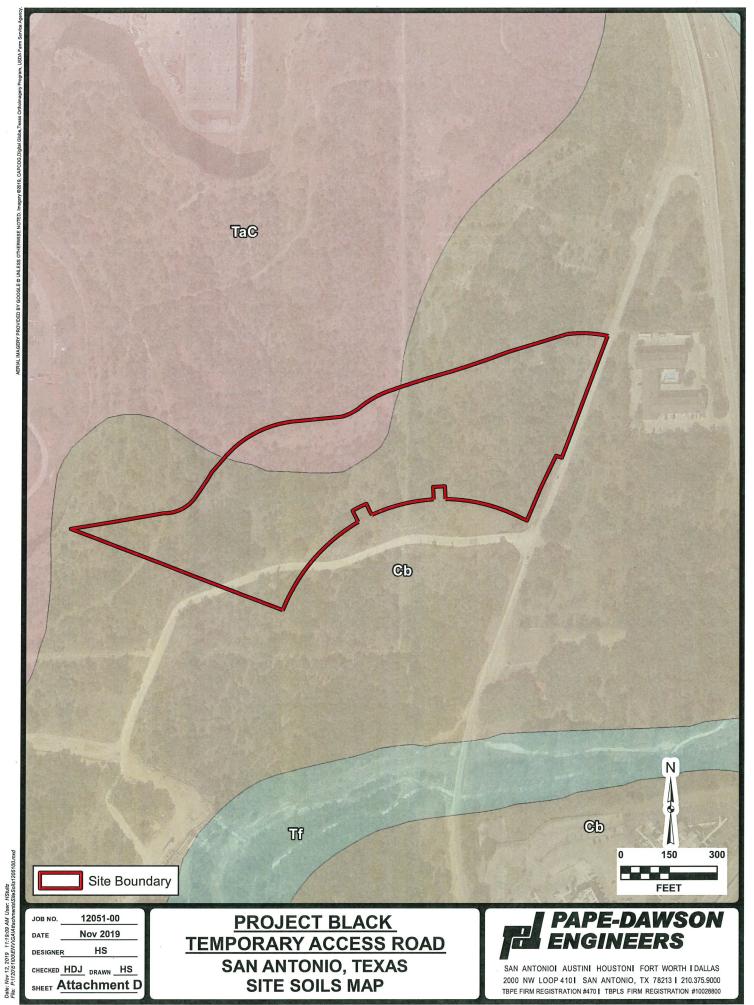
Clark, A.K., Golab, J.A., and Morris, R.R., 2016, Geologic Framework and Hydrostratigraphy of the Edwards and Trinity Aquifers Within Northern Bexar and Comal Counties, Texas: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Map 3366, scale 1:24,000, 20 p. pamphlet.

Nationwide Environmental Title Research, LLC. Historical Aerials. historicalaerials.com. Web. November 1, 2019.

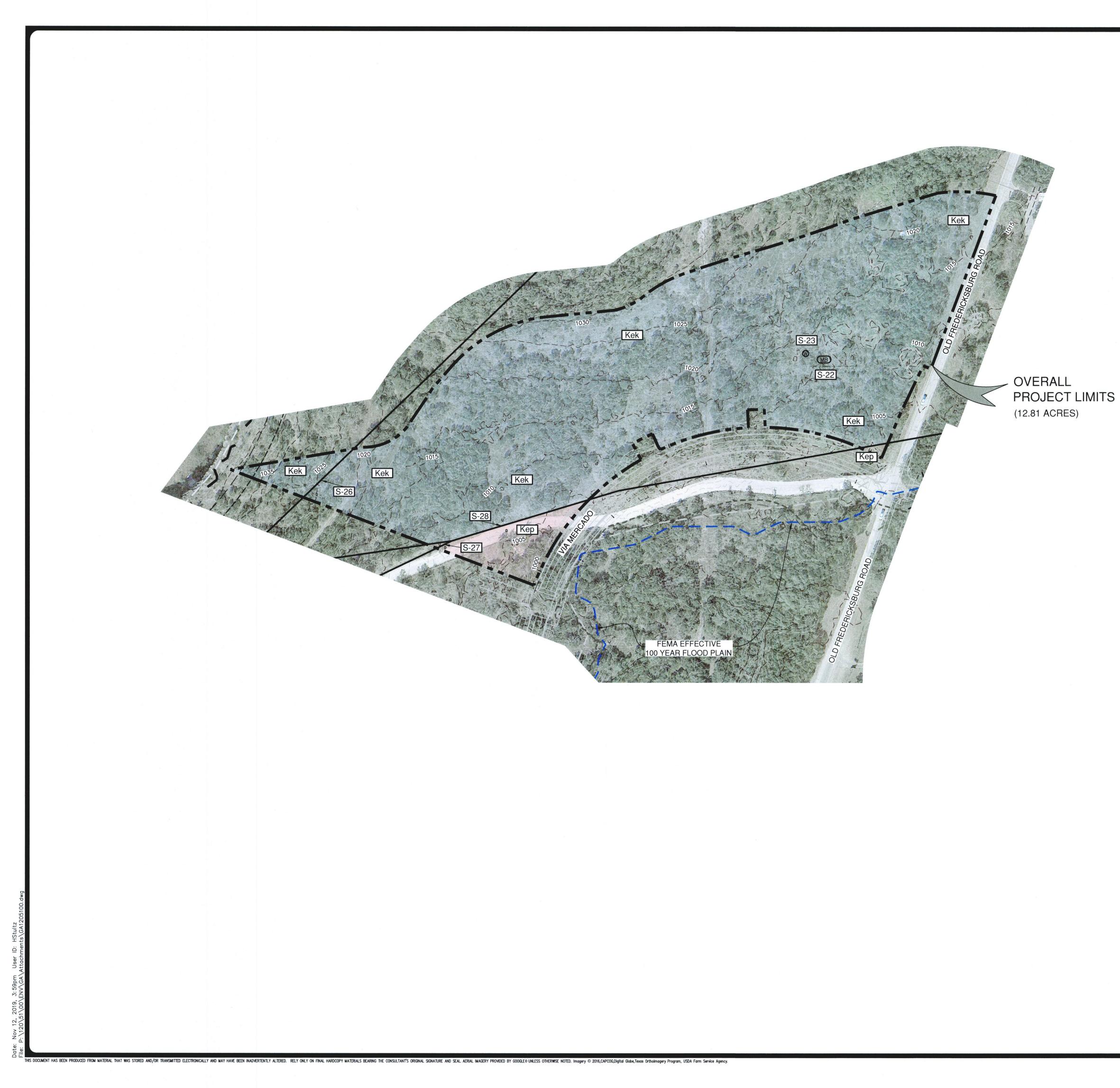
Texas Water Development Board, Wells in TWDB Groundwater Database Viewer, http://www2.twdb.texas.gov/apps/waterdatainteractive/groundwaterdataviewer, November 1, 2019.

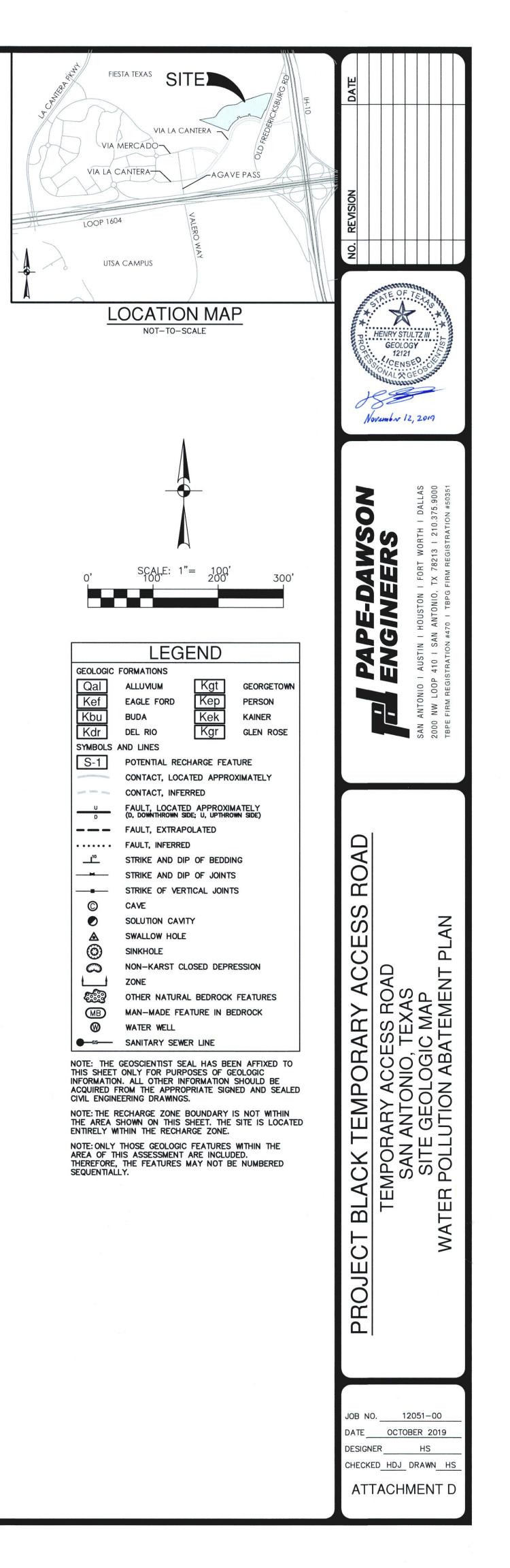


ATTACHMENT D



I DOCUMENT HAS BEEN PRODUCED FROM MATERIAL THAT WAS STORED AND/OR TRANSMITTED ELECTRONICALLY AND MAY HAVE BEEN NADVERTENTLY ALTERED. RELY ONLY ON FINAL HARDCOPY MATERIALS BEARING THE CONSULTANTS ORIGINAL SIGNATURE AND SEAL





Geologic Assessment

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

For Regulated Activities on The Edwards Aquifer Recharge/transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(3), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. My signature certifies that I am qualified as a geologist as defined by 30 TAC Chapter 213.

Print Name of Geologist: Henry Stultz III

Telephone: 210-375-9000

Date: Norember 14, 2018

Fax: 210-375-9090

AST UST

Representing: Pape-Dawson Engineers, Inc.

<u>Texas Board of Professional Geoscientists No. 50351</u> (Name of Company and TBPG or TBPE registration number)

Signature of Geologist:

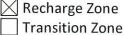
Regulated Entity Name: TOWN CENTER, VIA LA CANTERA EXTENSIO

Project Information

- 1. Date(s) Geologic Assessment was performed: November 7, 2018
- 2. Type of Project:

\boxtimes	WPAP
	SCS

3. Location of Project:



] Contributing Zone within the Transition Zone



- 4. Attachment A Geologic Assessment Table. Completed Geologic Assessment Table (Form TCEQ-0585-Table) is attached.
- 5. Soil cover on the project site is summarized in the table below and uses the SCS Hydrologic Soil Groups* (Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds, Technical Release No. 55, Appendix A, Soil Conservation Service, 1986). If there is more than one soil type on the project site, show each soil type on the site Geologic Map or a separate soils map.

Soil Name	Group*	Thickness(feet)
Crawford and Bexar stoney soils (Cb)	D	2-4
Trinity and Frio soils, frequently flooded (Tf)	С	4-12
Eckrant cobbly clay, 5-15 percent slopes (TaC)	D	1-2

Table 1 - Soil Units, InfiltrationCharacteristics and Thickness

Soil Name	Group*	Thickness(feet)
Lewisville silty		······································
clay, 1-3% slopes		
(LvB)	В	3-5

- * Soil Group Definitions (Abbreviated)
 - A. Soils having a high infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
 - B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
 - C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
 - D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
- 6. Attachment B Stratigraphic Column. A stratigraphic column showing formations, members, and thicknesses is attached. The outcropping unit, if present, should be at the top of the stratigraphic column. Otherwise, the uppermost unit should be at the top of the stratigraphic column.
- 7. Attachment C Site Geology. A narrative description of the site specific geology including any features identified in the Geologic Assessment Table, a discussion of the potential for fluid movement to the Edwards Aquifer, stratigraphy, structure(s), and karst characteristics is attached.
- 8. Attachment D Site Geologic Map(s). The Site Geologic Map must be the same scale as the applicant's Site Plan. The minimum scale is 1": 400'

Applicant's Site Plan Scale: $1'' = \underline{100}'$ Site Geologic Map Scale: $1'' = \underline{100}'$ Site Soils Map Scale (if more than 1 soil type): $1'' = \underline{400}'$

9. Method of collecting positional data:

TCEQ-0585 (Rev.02-11-15)

Global Positioning System (GPS) technology.

Other method(s). Please describe method of data collection: _____

- 10. The project site and boundaries are clearly shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map.
- 11. X Surface geologic units are shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map.
- 12. Geologic or manmade features were discovered on the project site during the field investigation. They are shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map and are described in the attached Geologic Assessment Table.

Geologic or manmade features were not discovered on the project site during the field investigation.

- 13. 🛛 The Recharge Zone boundary is shown and labeled, if appropriate.
- 14. All known wells (test holes, water, oil, unplugged, capped and/or abandoned, etc.): If applicable, the information must agree with Item No. 20 of the WPAP Application Section.
 - There are _____ (#) wells present on the project site and the locations are shown and labeled. (Check all of the following that apply.)

] The wells are not in use and have been properly abandoned.

The wells are not in use and will be properly abandoned.

The wells are in use and comply with 16 TAC Chapter 76.

There are no wells or test holes of any kind known to exist on the project site.

Administrative Information

15. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.

ATTACHMENT A

	SICAL SETTING	12	EA TOPOGRAPHY	ğ	Hillside	Hillside	Drainage	Hillside			1												
	PHYSICAL	÷	CATCHMENT AREA (ACRES)	.6 <u>>1.6</u>		~	×	×	~	>	~	~	×	×								2018	
			\vdash	c1.6		×			X	×	×	×		^								14	
	IATION	10	SENSITIVITY	>40	50	50		10	55	10	10		10	10					×			conter	
	EVALUATION	6	TOTAL	<40	50	50	10	25 25	55	65	35 35	35 35	35 35	35 35							lists. the field.	Date Normbu	
					2	2	1	2	2		e	en	en L	en E		ally.					Geolog rved in t	Dai	
CAN I EKA EX I ENSION		88	RELATIVE INFILTRATION RATE		20	20	5	5	25	35	5	5	5	ъ		ered sequenti	8A INFILLING				Instructions to onditions obse		
CANTE		8A	INFILLING					ш	C,0	C,O	C,0	ш	ш	ш		e numbe	8A INI	colors			Quality's of the c 3.	. 1	
IOWN CENIER, VIA LA		7	APERTURE (FEET)				3							4		res may not b		exposed bedrock e - cobbles, breakdown, sand, gravel or soft mud or soil, organics, leaves, sticks, dark colors compacted clay-rich sediment, soil profile, gray or red colors ation. Give details in narrative description tone, cements, cave deposits materials		ed	I have read, I understood, and I have followed the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality's Instructions to Geologists. The information presented here complies with that document and is a true representation of the conditions observed in the field. My signature certifies that I am qualified as a geologist as defined by 30 TAC Chapter 213.		
	RISTICS	9	DENSITY (NO/FT)													fore, the featu		None, exposed bedrock Coarse - cobbles, breakdown, sand, gravel Loose or soft mud or soil, organics, leaves, stick Fines, compacted clay-rich sediment, soil profile Vegetation. Give details in narrative description Flowstone, cements, cave deposits Other materials		Cliff, Hilltop, Hillside, Drainage, Floodplain, Streambed	commission on l ant and is a true defined by 30 T		
	ACTE	5A	MOD	10				0	10		0	10	10	10		There		kdown, kdown, iii, orgau rich sec s in narr tve dep	VHU V DOOCD V DHV	e, Flood	Texas C docume gist as (
	EATURE CHARACTERISTICS	5	TREND (DEGREES)					N5°W	N65°E		ł	N64°E	N77°E	Varies		re included.		None, exposed bedrock Coarse - cobbles, breakdown, sand, gravel Loose or soft mud or soil, organics, leaves, Fines, compacted clay-rich sediment, soil p Vegetation. Give details in narrative descrip Flowstone, cements, cave deposits Other materials	CH CT	ا کا Iside, Drainag	followed the T blies with that ed as a geolo		
-	FEAT		EET)	z			2	0.7	0.8	3.5	1.5					ment a		None, exp Coarse - o Loose or Fines, col Vegetatio Flowstone Other ma		lltop, Hil	d I have rre comp m qualifi		
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		ო	FORMATION		Kep/Kdr	Kep/Kdr	Kep	Kep	Kep	Kek	Kep	Kep	Kep/Kek	Kdr/Kep/ Kgt		that ar	2B POINTS		C.		re read, informat signature	P	
		2B	POINTS		30	30	5	20	20	30	30	20	20	20		s withir	5				I hav The My s		
		2A	FEATURE TYPE		MB	MB	CD	SC	sc	U	MB	ш	ш	ш		e feature				S			
		1C*	LONGITUDE		98°36'18.6"	98°36'18.0"	98°36'19.0"	98°36'18.6"	98°36'19.9"	98°36'24.9"	98°36'8.2"	98°36'17.6"	98°36'11.1"	98°36'22.8"		and man-made	ТҮРЕ	1 fracture(s) frock features i in bedrock		uepression ir aligned feature.	Etan Etan	× *	
	LOCATION	18*	LATITUDE		29°35'33.1" (29°35'33.8" (29°35'37.8"	29°35'35.1"	29°35'34.3"	29°35'40.2"	29°35'42.3"	29°35'40.9"	29°35'42.3"	29°35'36.3"		Note: Only those geologic and man-made features within that area of the assessment are included. Therefore, the features may not be numbered sequentially.	Ϋ́Τ	Cave Solution cavity Solution-enlarged fracture(s) Fault Other natural bedrock features Manmade feature in bedrock Swallow hole	Sinkhole	NON-Karst closed depression Zone, clustered or aligned features	COLUCION COLUCION	X	12121 12121 12121
		1A	FEATURE ID		S-1	S-2	S-3	S-12	S-15	S-19	S-21	S-27	S-28	S-29		Note: Only those g	2A TYPE		HS	лс		in *	PROTOS

P:/Y8/01/2/TENV/GA/Report/AttA_Table_780127.docx TCEQ-0585-Table (Rev. 10-01-10)

Sheet 1 of 1 ATTACHMENT A

ATTACHMENT B

TOWN CENTER, VIA LA CANTERA EXTENSION Stratigraphic Column

Period	Epoch	Group	Formation	Member	Thickness	Lithology	Hydro- logic Unit	Hydrostratigra phic Unit	Hydrologic Function	Porosity	Cavern Development
	aceous	ita	Buda Limestone		40–50	Buff to light gray, dense nodular mudstone and wackestone containing calcite-filled veins and bluish dendrites; porcelancous limestone that weathers from a smooth gray to grayish white; nodular surface has a conchoidal fracture; commonly contains iron nodules, iron staining, and shell frags	Upper confining unit to the Edwards aquifer		Confining	FR	Minor surface karst
	Late Crctaceous	Washita	Del Rio Clay		40-50	Fossiliferous blue-green to yellow-brown clay with thin beds of packstone; contains iron nodules; <i>Ilymatogyra</i> arietina	Upper o Ec		Confining	None	None
			George-town		2030	Reddish-brown, gray to light tan, shaley mudstone and wackestone; commonly contains black dendrites, iron nodules, and iron staining; often fossiliferous with Plesionurrilites brazoensis, Waconella wacoensis common		I	Confining	мо	Nonc
				Cyclic and marine, undivided	80 -90	Pelletal limestone; ranges from chalk to mudstone and miliolid grainstone; thin to massive beds; some crossbedding evident; a packstone containing large caprinids is present near contact with the overlying Georgetown Formations; chert is common as beds and large nodules		II	Aquifer	MO, BU, VUG, BP, FR, CV	Many subsurface; might be associated with earlier karst development
sno		Edwards	Person	Leached and collapsed,u ndivided	70–90	Hard, dense, recrystallized limestone;mudstone, wackestone, packstone, and grainstone; contains chert as beds and large nodules; heavily bioturbated with iron- stained beds; often stromatolitic; <i>Toucasia</i> sp. Often found above contact with the underlying regional dense member; <i>Montastrea roemeriana</i> and oysters rare		III	Aquifer	BU, VUG, FR, BP, BR, CV	Extensive lateral development; large rooms
Cretaceous	Early Cretaceous			Regional dense	20–24	Dense, shaly limestone; oyster shell mudstone and iron wackestone; wispy iron staining; chert nodules rarer than in the rest of the chert-bearing Edwards Group	er	IV	Confining	FR, CV	Very few; only vertical fracture enlargement
				Grainstone	40–50	Hard, dense lmestone that consists mostly of a tightly cememnted miliolid ir skeletal fragment grainstone; contains interspersed chalky mudstone and wackestone; chert as beds and nodules; crossbedding and ripple marks are common primarily at the contact with the overlying regional dense bed	Edwards Aquifer	v	Aquifer	IP, IG, BU, FR, BP, CV	Few
				Kirsch- berg Evaporite	40–50	Highly altered crystalline limestone and chalky mudstone with occasional grainstone associated with tidal channels; chert as beds and nodules, boxwork molds are common, matrix recrystallized to a coarse graine spar; intervals of collapse breecia and travertine deposits		VI	Aquifer	IG, MO, VUG, FR, BR, CV	Probably extensive cave development
			Kainer	Dolomitic	90–120	Hard, dense to granular, dolomitic limestone; chert as beds and nodules (absent in lower 20 ft); <i>Toucasia</i> sp. abundant; lower three-fourths composed of sucrosic dolomites and grainstones with hard, dense limestones interspersed; upper one-fourth composed mostly of hard, dense mudstone, wackestone, packstone, grainstone, and recrystallized dolomites with bioturbated beds		VII	Aquifer	IP, IC, IG, MO, BU, VUG, FR, BP, CV	Caves related to structure or bedding planes
				Basai nodular	40–50	Moderately hard, shaly, nodular, burrowed mudstone to miliolid grainstone that also contains dolomite; contains dark, spherical textural features known as black rotund bodies; <i>Ceratostreon texana</i> , <i>Caprina</i> sp., miliolids, and gastropods		VIII	Aquifer, confining unit in areas without caves	IP, MO, BU, BP, FR, CV	Large lateral caves at surface

Source: Clark, Golab, and Morris (2016); Cavern development modified from Stein and Ozuna (1995). Porosity types - Fabric selective: IP, interparticle porosity; IG, intergranular porosity; IC, interrystalline porosity; SH, shelter porosity; MO, moldie porosity; BU, barrowed porosity; FE, Genestral; BP, bedding plane porosity. Not fabric selective: FR, fracture porosity; CH, channel porosity; BR, breecia; VUG, vug porosity; CC, eave porosity.

ATTACHMENT C

TOWN CENTER, VIA LA CANTERA EXTENSION Site Geology

SITE DESCRIPTION:

The Town Center, Via La Cantera Extension site is located in Bexar County inside the city limits of San Antonio, Texas on the north side of Leon Creek approximately ¼ miles north of Loop 1604. Historical aerial photographs indicate the site was predominantly livestock rangeland and may have undergone brush and tree clearing for agricultural land use in the 1960s and 1970s.

NARRATIVE SUMMARY:

Based on the results of the field survey conducted in accordance with *Instructions for Geologists for Geologic Assessments in the Edwards Aquifer Recharge/Transition Zones (TCEQ-0585 Instructions)*, two naturally sensitive geologic features were identified on site in a previous assessment conducted by Pape-Dawson. The overall potential for fluid migration to the Edwards Aquifer for the site is moderate. The predominant trend of faults in the vicinity of the site is approximately N75°E, based on faults identified during the previous mapping of the area.

The site is located within the outcrop areas of the Del Rio Clay (Kdr), the cyclic and marine (Kekcm), and leached and collapsed (Keplc) members of the Person Formation, and the dolomitic (Kekd) member of the Kainer Formation.

The Del Rio clay (Kdr) is a blue-green to yellow-brown, waxy clay. The cyclic and marine (Kepcm) member is characterized by a mudstone to packstone, milliolid grainstone, and chert. The leached and collapsed (Keplc) member is characterized by interbedded, iron-stained massive and bioturbated limestone with abundant chert. The dolomitic (Kekd) member is characterized as massively bedded, mudstone to grainstone, crystalline limestone.

Karst development in the Kepcm is characterized by small sinkholes, and caves developed as vertical shafts as well as lateral rooms. Karst development within the Keplc is generally characterized by large sinkholes and caves often develop as large horizontal rooms. Karst development within the Kek is characterized by few small sinkholes, and caves developed as vertical shafts. There is generally only minor to no karst development in the Kdr.

FEATURE DESCRIPTIONS:

Feature S-1

Feature S-1 is an existing storm sewer line. The feature has been trenched through bedrock and backfilled with a mixture of coarse and fine fill material. Because the backfill material may be more permeable than surrounding undisturbed areas, the probability of rapid infiltration is intermediate.

Feature S-2

Feature S-2 is an existing sanitary sewer line. The feature has been trenched through bedrock and backfilled with a mixture of coarse and fine fill material. Because the backfill material may be more permeable than surrounding undisturbed areas, the probability of rapid infiltration is intermediate.

Feature S-3

1

TOWN CENTER, VIA LA CANTERA EXTENSION Site Geology

Feature S-3 is a non-karst closed depression. The depression was created by fill material added to the site within the drainage. The depression had standing water in it at the time of the site visit. Therefore, the probability of rapid infiltration is low.

Feature S-12

Feature S-12 is a solution cavity or large vug located in solid bedrock identified in a previous assessment. Probing revealed fine infilling, therefore, the probability of rapid infiltration is low.

Feature S-15

Feature S-15 is a solution cavity identified in a previous assessment. The cavity extends at an approximate angle of 45° between two slabs of rock. The slabs appear to converge with depth; however, no fine infilling was encountered. A water infiltration study was conducted to determine if the solution cavity is a sensitive geologic feature. The solution cavity appeared to be capable of recharging water at a rate greater than background. The feature has a very limited drainage area of approximately 30 square feet; therefore the probability of rapid infiltration is intermediate. The natural catchment area extends approximately 6 feet upgrade of the feature.

Feature S-19

Feature S-19 is a cave identified in a previous assessment. The cave is developed as a vertical shaft, whose footprint lies approximately within the cave opening's dimensions given in Attachment A. The karst origin and open nature of the feature indicate that the probability of rapid infiltration is high. The natural surface water catchment area extends northwest of the feature away from the proposed roadway project.

Feature S-21

Feature S-21 is a possible septic system identified in a previous assessment. However, it was not identified during this assessment as it may have been removed and backfilled. Due to the non-karst origin and limitation to the soil profile, the probability of rapid infiltration is low.

Features S-26, S-27, S-28, and S-29

Features S-26, S-27, S-28, and S-29 are faults identified in a previous assessment. Due to the presence of fine infilling and lack of field evidence of enhanced permeability, the probability of rapid infiltration is low.

REFERENCES

Clark, A.K., Golab, J.A., and Morris, R.R., 2016, Geologic Framework and Hydrostratigraphy of the Edwards and Trinity Aquifers Within Northern Bexar and Comal Counties, Texas: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Map 3366, scale 1:24,000, 20 p. pamphlet.

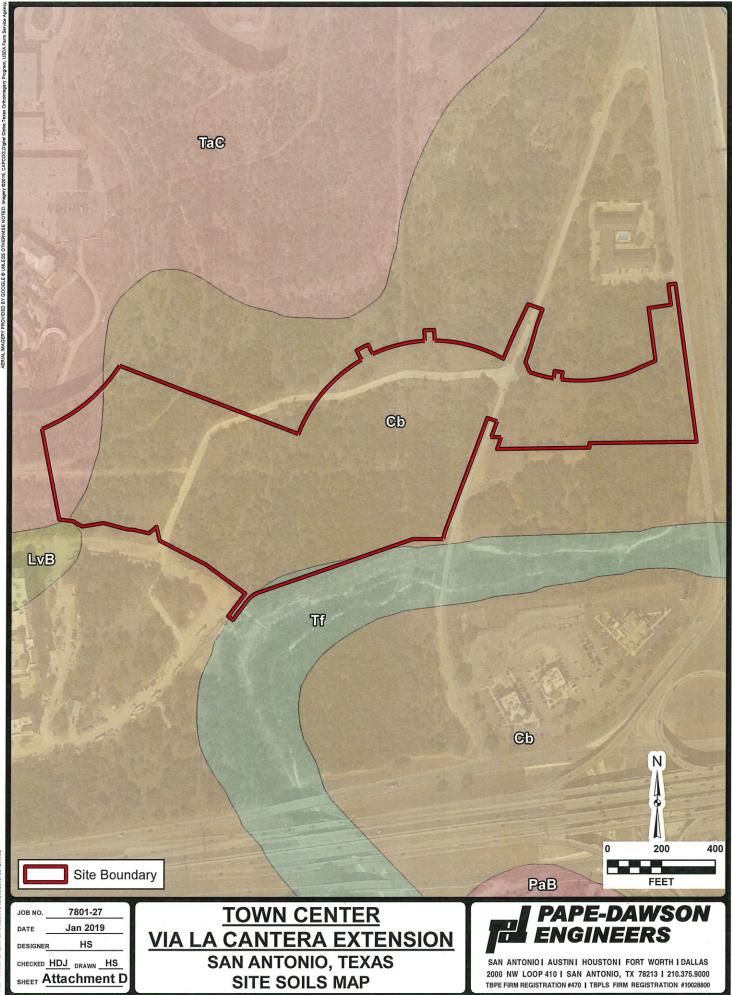
Nationwide Environmental Title Research, LLC. Historical Aerials. historicalaerials.com. Web. March 1, 2017.

Texas Water Development Board, Wells in TWDB Groundwater Database Viewer, http://www2.twdb.texas.gov/apps/waterdatainteractive/groundwaterdataviewer, 10/24/2018.

ATTACHMENT C

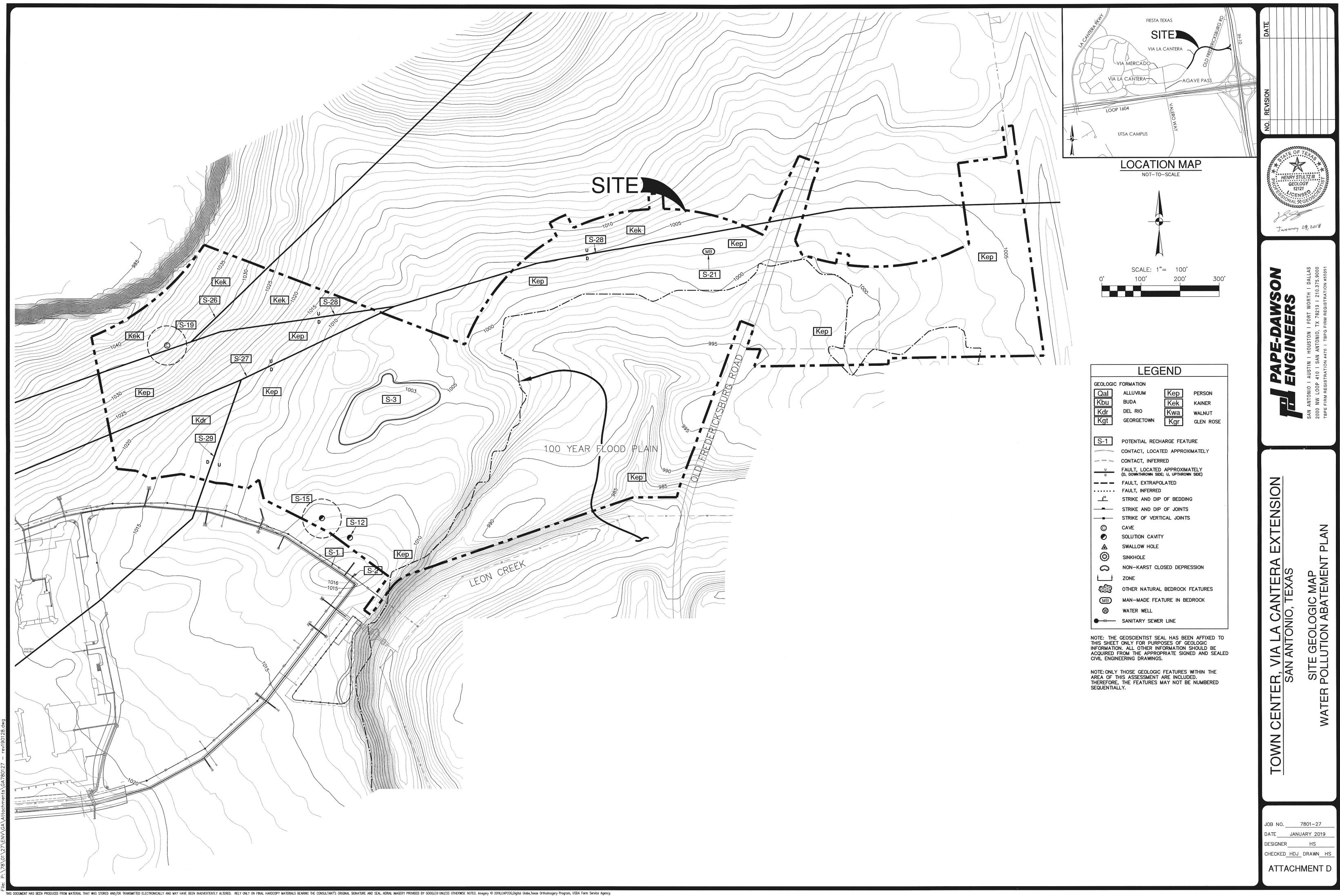
2

ATTACHMENT D



Date: Jan 25, 2019 3:25:44 PM User. HStultz File: P:\78\01\27\ENV\GA\Attachmenis\SiteSoils780127.mxd

UMENT HAS BEEN PRODUCED FROM MATERIAL THAT WAS STORED AND/OR TRANSMITTED ELECTRONICALLY AND MAY HAVE BEEN INADVERTENTLY ALTERED. RELY ONLY ON FINAL HARDCOPY MATERIALS BEARING THE CONSULTANT'S ORIGINAL SIGNATURE AND SEAL



MODIFICATION OF A PREVIOUSLY APPROVED WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN (TCEQ-0590)

Modification of a Previously Approved Plan

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Transition Zone and Relating to 30 TAC 213.4(j), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This request for a **Modification of a Previously Approved Plan** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The request was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Thomas M. Carter P.E.

Date: <u>3/10/23</u>

Signature of Customer/Agent:

Project Information

 Current Regulated Entity Name: <u>Project Black</u> Original Regulated Entity Name: <u>Project Black</u>

Regulated Entity Number(s) (RN): <u>105676621</u>

Edwards Aquifer Protection Program ID Number(s): <u>13001396</u>

igsqcelow The applicant has not changed and the Customer Number (CN) is: $_$

The applicant or Regulated Entity has changed. A new Core Data Form has been provided.

2. X Attachment A: Original Approval Letter and Approved Modification Letters. A copy of the original approval letter and copies of any modification approval letters are attached.

- 3. A modification of a previously approved plan is requested for (check all that apply):
 - Physical or operational modification of any water pollution abatement structure(s) including but not limited to ponds, dams, berms, sewage treatment plants, and diversionary structures;
 - Change in the nature or character of the regulated activity from that which was originally approved or a change which would significantly impact the ability of the plan to prevent pollution of the Edwards Aquifer;
 - Development of land previously identified as undeveloped in the original water pollution abatement plan;

Physical modification of the approved organized sewage collection system;

Physical modification of the approved underground storage tank system;

Physical modification of the approved aboveground storage tank system.

4. Summary of Proposed Modifications (select plan type being modified). If the approved plan has been modified more than once, copy the appropriate table below, as necessary, and complete the information for each additional modification.

WPAP Modification	Approved Project	Proposed Modification
Summary		
Acres	<u>15.23</u>	<u>22.77</u>
Type of Development	Commercial	<u>Commercial</u>
Number of Residential	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>
Lots		
Impervious Cover (acres)	<u>12.75</u>	<u>15.99</u>
Impervious Cover (%	<u>83.7</u>	<u>70.2</u>
Permanent BMPs	One batch detention basin	One exist. batch detention
Other	One exist. sand filter basin	<u>basin</u>
		One exist. sand filter basin
SCS Modification	Approved Project	Proposed Modification
Summary		
Linear Feet		
Pipe Diameter		
Other		

AST Modification	Approved Project	Proposed Modification
Summary		
Number of ASTs		
Volume of ASTs		
Other		
UST Modification	Approved Project	Proposed Modification
UST Modification Summary	Approved Project	Proposed Modification
•	Approved Project	Proposed Modification
Summary	Approved Project	Proposed Modification

- 5. Attachment B: Narrative of Proposed Modification. A detailed narrative description of the nature of the proposed modification is attached. It discusses what was approved, including any previous modifications, and how this proposed modification will change the approved plan.
- 6. Attachment C: Current Site Plan of the Approved Project. A current site plan showing the existing site development (i.e., current site layout) at the time this application for modification is attached. A site plan detailing the changes proposed in the submitted modification is required elsewhere.
 - The approved construction has not commenced. The original approval letter and any subsequent modification approval letters are included as Attachment A to document that the approval has not expired.
 - The approved construction has commenced and has been completed. Attachment C illustrates that the site was constructed as approved.

The approved construction has commenced and has been completed. Attachment C illustrates that the site was **not** constructed as approved.

The approved construction has commenced and has **not** been completed. Attachment C illustrates that, thus far, the site was constructed as approved.

- The approved construction has commenced and has **not** been completed.
 - Attachment C illustrates that, thus far, the site was **not** constructed as approved.
- 7. The acreage of the approved plan has increased. A Geologic Assessment has been provided for the new acreage.

Acreage has not been added to or removed from the approved plan.

8. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and

county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.

ATTACHMENT A

Jon Niermann, *Chairman* Emily Lindley, *Commissioner* Bobby Janecka, *Commissioner* Toby Baker, *Executive Director*



TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Protecting Texas by Reducing and Preventing Pollution

December 3, 2021

Mr. Bruce C. Petersen US Real Estate Limited Partnership 9830 Colonnade Blvd., Suite 600 San Antonio, Texas, 78230-2209

Re: Edwards Aquifer, Bexar County

NAME OF PROJECT: Project Black; Located Northeast of via Mercado and via La Cantera intersection; San Antonio, Texas

TYPE OF PLAN: Request for a Modification Water Pollution Abatement Plan (WPAP); 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 213 Edwards Aquifer

Regulated Entity No. RN105676621; Additional ID No. 13001396

Dear Mr. Peterson:

The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) has completed its review of the WPAP application for the above-referenced project submitted to the San Antonio Regional Office by Pape-Dawson Engineers, Inc on behalf of US Real Estate Limited Partnership on September 13, 2021. Final review of the WPAP was completed after additional material was received on November 11, 2021, November 29, 2021, and December 1, 2021. As presented to the TCEQ, the Temporary and Permanent Best Management Practices (BMPs) were selected, and construction plans were prepared by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer to be in general compliance with the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 213. These planning materials were sealed, signed, and dated by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. Therefore, based on the engineer's concurrence of compliance, the planning materials for construction of the proposed project and pollution abatement measures are hereby approved subject to applicable state rules and the conditions in this letter. The applicant or a person affected may file with the chief clerk a motion for reconsideration of the executive director's final action on this Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan. A motion for reconsideration must be filed no later than 23 days after the date of this approval letter. This approval expires two (2) years from the date of this letter unless, prior to the expiration date, more than 10 percent of the construction has commenced on the project or an extension of time has been requested.

BACKGROUND

Town Center at La Cantera WPAP (13-09011401) was approved by letter dated April 22, 2009 for the construction of right of way improvements on construction limits of 31.37 acres within a 307.24 acres site. The impervious cover was 8.30 acres (30.4 percent). Six Stormceptors were proposed as permanent BMPs.

TCEQ Region 13 • 14250 Judson Rd. • San Antonio, Texas 78233-4480 • 210-490-3096 • Fax 210-545-4329

Mr. Bruce C. Petersen Page 2 December 3, 2021.

Town Center at La Cantera WPAP Modification (13-09011401D) was approved by letter dated June 1, 2012 for the construction of four buildings, roadways, access drives, parking, and associated utilities on a 28.02 acres site. The total impervious cover for the project was 22.03 acres (78.62 percent). A single chamber sedimentation filtration basin replaced the previously proposed six Stormceptors as the permanent BMP.

Town Center via La Cantera Extension WPAP Modification (EAPP ID No. 13000869) was approved by letter dated April 16, 2019 for the construction of parking, sidewalks, a turn lane on IH-10 frontage road, the widening of Old Fredericksburg Road, and clearing and grading for future development.

Project Black Temporary Access Road Exception WPAP (EAPP ID 13001034) was approved by letter dated January 2, 2020 for the clearing and grading for a temporary access road for the proposed commercial project with an area of approximately 12.81 acres. The impervious cover was 1.05 acres (8.2 percent).

The Town Center La Cantera Expansion WPAP Modification (EAPP ID 13001067) was approved by letter dated March 13, 2020 for the construction of commercial buildings and the expansion of the previously approved single chamber sedimentation filtration basin (13-09011401D) within the 54.13-acre project limits. New impervious cover totals 22.62 acres (41.78 percent).

The La Cantera Town Center Old Fredericksburg Widening Exception WPAP (EAPP ID 13001355) was approved by letter dated August 13, 2021 for the construction of turn lanes, sidewalks and street widening within a 1.85-acre project limit. The proposed new impervious cover totals 0.20 acres.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The Project Black WPAP MOD is an update to the previously approved Town Center at La Cantera WPAP MOD and Town Center via La Cantera Extension WPAP MOD (EAPP ID No. 13001067 & 13000869). The proposed commercial project will have an area of approximately 15.23 acres and will include the construction of a commercial office, sports training, and retail development. The impervious cover will be approximately 12.75 acres (83.7 percent) of the 15.23 acres project limits. Wastewater will be disposed of by conveyance to the existing Leon Creek Water Recycling Center operated by the San Antonio Water System (SAWS).

PERMANENT POLLUTION ABATEMENT MEASURES

To prevent the pollution of stormwater runoff originating on-site or upgradient of the site and potentially flowing across and off the site after construction, one (1) Batch Detention Basin and one (1) approved Sand Filter Basin (EAPP ID 13001067), designed using the TCEQ technical guidance document, <u>Complying with the Edwards Aquifer Rules: Technical Guidance on Best Management Practices (2005)</u>, will be constructed to treat stormwater runoff. The required total suspended solids (TSS) treatment for this project is 10,404 pounds of TSS generated from the 12.75 acres of impervious cover. The approved measures meet the required 80 percent removal of the increased load in TSS caused by the project. See Table 1 below for BMP treatment summary.

Table 1 BMP Summary								
Watershed	Total Watershed Area (ac.)	Existing IC (ac.)	Previously Approved IC (ac.)	Proposed IC in this plan (ac.)	Total IC (ac.)	РВМР	Required TSS Removal Annually (lbs)	TSS Removed Annually (lbs)
А	51.00	0.67	41.84	2.13*	42.51	Water Quality Basin "A" (EAPP ID No. 13001067)	34,141	34,966
Uncaptured	0.26		0.26		0.26	Overtreated in Basin "A" (EAPP ID No. 13001067)	212	
В	12.56			10.62	10.62	Proposed Batch Detention Basin	8,666	8,666
Total	63.82		41.84	12.75	53.39		43,020	43,632

*2.13 ac of impervious cover will be removed from EAPP ID No. 13001067 and constructed in this proposed application.

GEOLOGY

According to the geologic assessment included with the application, the subject site is located within the leached and collapsed member of the Person Formation and the dolomitic member of the Kainer Formation. A total of 5 features were mapped by the project geologist including the following: three (3) non-sensitive faults, one (1) non-sensitive manmade feature, and one (1) sensitive manmade feature (water well). The sensitive manmade feature (water well) was reported on-site in a previous geologic assessment; however, the well was not located during this geologic assessment.

Two (2) sensitive geologic features were identified from a previous plan (EAPP ID No. 13000869) and are as generally described. Sensitive karst features S-15 (solution cavity) and S-19 (cave) each have a natural buffer that is based on the drainage area of the feature. Buffers are shown on the site plan and a zone of non-construction. The site assessment conducted on November 3, 2021 revealed that the site was generally described in the application.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

- I. This modification is subject to all Special and Standard Conditions listed in the WPAP approval letter dated April 22, 2009 and subsequent modification dated June 1, 2012, April 16, 2019, January 2, 2020, March 13, 2020, and August 13, 2021.
- II. All permanent pollution abatement measures shall be operational prior to occupancy of the facility.
- III. All sediment and/or media removed from the water quality basin during maintenance activities shall be properly disposed of according to 30 TAC 330 or 30 TAC 335, as applicable.

STANDARD CONDITIONS

1. Pursuant to Chapter 7 Subchapter C of the Texas Water Code, any violations of the requirements in 30 TAC Chapter 213 may result in administrative penalties.

Mr. Bruce C. Petersen Page 4 December 3, 2021.

- 2. The holder of the approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan must comply with all provisions of 30 TAC Chapter 213 and all best management practices and measures contained in the approved plan. Additional and separate approvals, permits, registrations and/or authorizations from other TCEQ Programs (i.e., Stormwater, Water Rights, UIC) can be required depending on the specifics of the plan.
- 3. In addition to the rules of the Commission, the applicant may also be required to comply with state and local ordinances and regulations providing for the protection of water quality.

Prior to Commencement of Construction:

- 4. Within 60 days of receiving written approval of an Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan, the applicant must submit to the San Antonio Regional Office, proof of recordation of notice in the county deed records, with the volume and page number(s) of the county deed records of the county in which the property is located. A description of the property boundaries shall be included in the deed recordation in the county deed records. A suggested form (Deed Recordation Affidavit, TCEQ-0625) that you may use to deed record the approved WPAP is enclosed.
- 5. All contractors conducting regulated activities at the referenced project location shall be provided a copy of this notice of approval. At least one complete copy of the approved WPAP and this notice of approval shall be maintained at the project location until all regulated activities are completed.
- 6. Modification to the activities described in the referenced WPAP application following the date of approval may require the submittal of a plan to modify this approval, including the payment of appropriate fees and all information necessary for its review and approval prior to initiating construction of the modifications.
- 7. The applicant must provide written notification of intent to commence construction, replacement, or rehabilitation of the referenced project. Notification must be submitted to the San Antonio Regional Office no later than 48 hours prior to commencement of the regulated activity. Written notification must include the date on which the regulated activity will commence, the name of the approved plan and program ID number for the regulated activity, and the name of the prime contractor with the name and telephone number of the contact person. The executive director will use the notification to determine if the approved plan is eligible for an extension.
- 8. Temporary erosion and sedimentation (E&S) controls, i.e., silt fences, rock berms, stabilized construction entrances, or other controls described in the approved WPAP, must be installed prior to construction, and maintained during construction. Temporary E&S controls may be removed when vegetation is established, and the construction area is stabilized. If a water quality pond is proposed, it shall be used as a sedimentation basin during construction. The TCEQ may monitor stormwater discharges from the site to evaluate the adequacy of temporary E&S control measures. Additional controls may be necessary if excessive solids are being discharged from the site.
- 9. All borings with depths greater than or equal to 20 feet must be plugged with non-shrink grout from the bottom of the hole to within three (3) feet of the surface. The remainder of the hole must be backfilled with cuttings from the boring. All borings less than 20 feet must be backfilled with cuttings from the boring. All borings must be backfilled or plugged within four (4) days of completion of the drilling operation. Voids may be filled with gravel.

During Construction:

10. During the course of regulated activities related to this project, the applicant or agent shall comply with all applicable provisions of 30 TAC Chapter 213, Edwards Aquifer. The applicant shall remain responsible for the provisions and conditions of this approval until such responsibility is legally transferred to another person or entity.

Mr. Bruce C. Petersen Page 5 December 3, 2021.

- 11. This approval does not authorize the installation of temporary aboveground storage tanks on this project. If the contractor desires to install a temporary aboveground storage tank for use during construction, an application to modify this approval must be submitted and approved prior to installation. The application must include information related to tank location and spill containment. Refer to Standard Condition No. 6, above.
- 12. If any sensitive feature (caves, solution cavities, sink holes, etc.) is discovered during construction, all regulated activities near the feature must be suspended immediately. The applicant or his agent must immediately notify the San Antonio Regional Office of the discovery of the feature. Regulated activities near the feature may not proceed until the executive director has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the feature and the aquifer from potentially adverse impacts to water quality. The plan must be sealed, signed, and dated by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer.
- 13. One well exists on site. All water wells, including injection, dewatering, and monitoring wells must be in compliance with the requirements of the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation under Title 16 TAC Chapter 76 (relating to Water Well Drillers and Pump Installers) and all other locally applicable rules, as appropriate.
- 14. If sediment escapes the construction site, the sediment must be removed at a frequency sufficient to minimize offsite impacts to water quality (e.g., fugitive sediment in street being washed into surface streams or sensitive features by the next rain). Sediment must be removed from sediment traps or sedimentation ponds not later than when design capacity has been reduced by 50 percent. Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals shall be prevented from becoming stormwater discharge pollutants.
- 15. Intentional discharges of sediment laden water are not allowed. If dewatering becomes necessary, the discharge will be filtered through appropriately selected best management practices. These may include vegetated filter strips, sediment traps, rock berms, silt fence rings, etc.
- 16. The following records shall be maintained and made available to the executive director upon request: the dates when major grading activities occur, the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site, and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 17. Stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, and construction activities will not resume within 21 days. When the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day is precluded by weather conditions, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable.

After Completion of Construction:

- 18. A Texas Licensed Professional Engineer must certify in writing that the permanent BMPs or measures were constructed as designed. The certification letter must be submitted to the San Antonio Regional Office within 30 days of site completion.
- 19. The applicant shall be responsible for maintaining the permanent BMPs after construction until such time as the maintenance obligation is either assumed in writing by another entity having ownership or control of the property (such as without limitation, an owner's association, a new property owner or lessee, a district, or municipality) or the ownership of the property is transferred to the entity. The regulated entity shall then be responsible for maintenance until another entity assumes such obligations in writing or ownership is transferred. A copy of the transfer of responsibility must be filed with the executive director through San Antonio Regional Office within 30 days of the transfer. A copy of the transfer form (TCEQ-10263) is enclosed.
- 20. Upon legal transfer of this property, the new owner(s) is required to comply with all terms of the approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan. If the new owner intends to commence any new regulated activity on the site, a new Edwards Aquifer protection plan that specifically addresses the new activity must be submitted to the executive director.

Mr. Bruce C. Petersen Page 6 December 3, 2021.

Approval of the plan for the new regulated activity by the executive director is required prior to commencement of the new regulated activity.

- 21. An Edwards Aquifer protection plan approval or extension will expire, and no extension will be granted if more than 50 percent of the total construction has not been completed within ten years from the initial approval of a plan. A new Edwards Aquifer protection plan must be submitted to the San Antonio Regional Office with the appropriate fees for review and approval by the executive director prior to commencing any additional regulated activities.
- 22. At project locations where construction is initiated and abandoned, or not completed, the site shall be returned to a condition such that the aquifer is protected from potential contamination.

This action is taken under authority delegated by the Executive Director of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality. If you have any questions or require additional information, please contact Mr. Hunter Patterson of the Edwards Aquifer Protection Program of the San Antonio Regional Office at 210-403-4026.

Sincerely,

Lillian Butler

Lillian Butler, Section Manager Edwards Aquifer Protection Program Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

LIB/hhp

Enclosures: Deed Recordation Affidavit, Form TCEQ-0625 Change in Responsibility for Maintenance of Permanent BMPs, Form TCEQ-10263

cc: Mr. Thomas M. Carter, P.E., Pape-Dawson Engineers, Inc.

ATTACHMENT B

PROJECT BLACK Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification

Attachment B – Narrative of Proposed Modification

The Project Black Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification (WPAP MOD) is an update to the previously approved Project Black WPAP MOD (EAPP ID 13001396). This WPAP MOD proposes expanding the existing batch detention basin (EAPP ID 13001396) to account for the proposed parking area and associated project limit increase. This 22.77-acre project limit is entirely part of the La Cantera Preliminary Overall Development Plan (P.O.A.D.P. No. 237-B). The project site is located west of the Via Mercado and Via La Cantera intersection, within the city limits of San Antonio in Bexar County, Texas. The proposed development is located entirely over the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and does not contain a 100-year floodplain. Two (2) naturally occurring sensitive features have been identified within the project limits. Features S-15 and S-19 shown on the Geologic Map provided are rated as sensitive and have fifty-foot (50') buffers around them. No construction or improvements are proposed within the buffer areas.

This site was previously approved as a 15.23-acre commercial development with a commercial office, sports training facility, and retail development. Approximately 12.75 acres (83.7%) of impervious cover was approved to be treated by one (1) batch detention basin and one (1) previously approved sand filter basin (EAPP ID 13301067).

This Project Black WPAP MOD proposes additional clearing, grading, excavation, installation of utilities and drainage improvements, expansion of the approved batch detention basin, additional parking areas and buildings with associated drives.

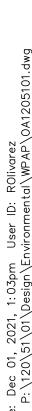
The Best Management Practices (PBMPs) for stormwater treatment are expansion of one (1) approved batch detention basin (EAPP ID 13001396) and one (1) existing sand filter basin (EAPP ID 13001067), which are designed in accordance with the TCEQ's Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) RG-348 (2005) to remove 80% of the increase in Total Suspended Solids (TSS) from the site.

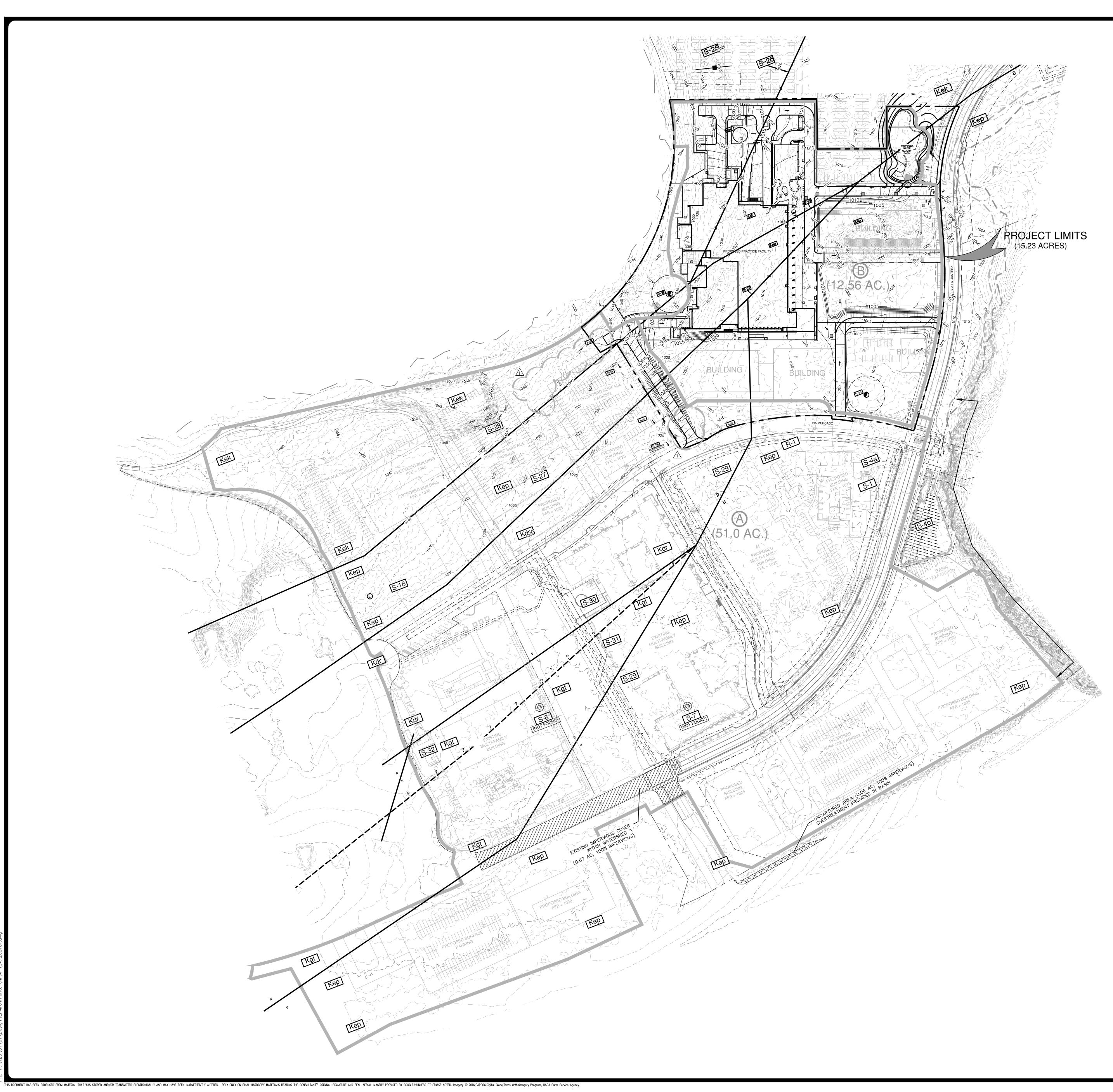
Approximately 15.99 acres of impervious cover, or 70.2% of the 22.77-acre project limits, are proposed for construction in this WPAP MOD. In Watershed "B", approximately 13.82 acres of impervious cover from the buildings, parking, and drives and an additional 0.04 acres of uncaptured impervious cover from the driveway will be treated by the approved batch detention basin. Watershed "A" remains unchanged, with 2.13 acres of previously approved impervious cover to be treated by the existing Town Center sand filter basin. Please see the Treatment Summary Table attached with this application.

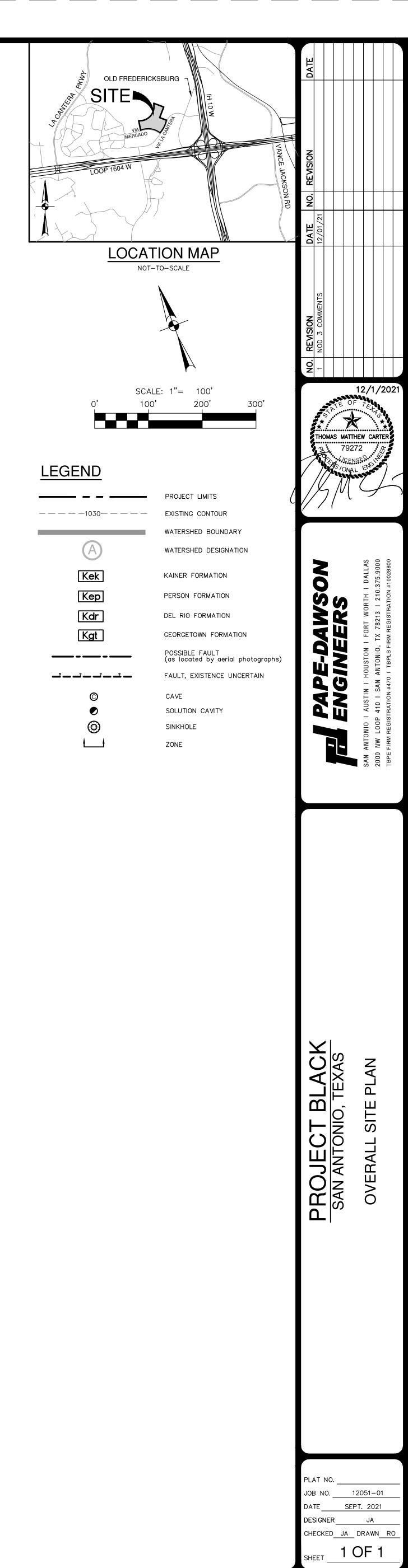
Potable water service is to be provided by San Antonio Water System (SAWS). The proposed development will generate approximately 11,200 gallons per day (average flow) of domestic wastewater based on the assumption of 14 EDUs per building (200 gpd/EDU x 14 EDU/building x 4 buildings = 11,200 gpd). Wastewater will be disposed of by conveyance to the existing Leon Creek Water Recycling Center operated by SAWS.



ATTACHMENT C







WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN APPLICATION FORM (TCEQ-0584)

Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application Form** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and Executive Director approval. The form was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Thomas M. Carter, P.E.

Date: 3/10/23

Signature of Customer/Agent:

Regulated Entity Name: Project Black

Regulated Entity Information

- 1. The type of project is:
 - Residential: Number of Lots:
 Residential: Number of Living Unit Equivalents:
 Commercial
 Industrial
 Other:
- 2. Total site acreage (size of property):22.77
- 3. Estimated projected population: N/A
- 4. The amount and type of impervious cover expected after construction are shown below:

Impervious Cover of Proposed Project	Sq. Ft.	Sq. Ft./Acre	Acres
Structures/Rooftops	184,694	÷ 43,560 =	4.24
Parking	419,047	÷ 43,560 =	9.62
Other paved surfaces	92,783	÷ 43,560 =	2.13
Total Impervious Cover	696,524	÷ 43,560 =	15.99

Table 1 - Impervious Cover Table

Total Impervious Cover <u>15.99</u> ÷ Total Acreage <u>22.77</u> X 100 = <u>70.2</u>% Impervious Cover

- 5. Attachment A Factors Affecting Surface Water Quality. A detailed description of all factors that could affect surface water and groundwater quality that addresses ultimate land use is attached.
- 6. Only inert materials as defined by 30 TAC §330.2 will be used as fill material.

For Road Projects Only

Complete questions 7 - 12 if this application is exclusively for a road project.

7. Type of project:

TXDOT road project.

County road or roads built to county specifications.

City thoroughfare or roads to be dedicated to a municipality.

Street or road providing access to private driveways.

8. Type of pavement or road surface to be used:

Concrete
Asphaltic concrete pavement
Other:

9. Length of Right of Way (R.O.W.): _____ feet.

Width of R.O.W.: _____ feet. L x W = _____ $Ft^2 \div 43,560 Ft^2/Acre = _____ acres.$

10. Length of pavement area: _____ feet.

Width of pavement area: _____ feet.L x W = ____ $Ft^2 \div 43,560 Ft^2/Acre = ____ acres.Pavement area _____ acres \div R.O.W. area _____ acres x 100 = ____% impervious cover.$

11. A rest stop will be included in this project.

A rest stop will not be included in this project.

12. Maintenance and repair of existing roadways that do not require approval from the TCEQ Executive Director. Modifications to existing roadways such as widening roads/adding shoulders totaling more than one-half (1/2) the width of one (1) existing lane require prior approval from the TCEQ.

Stormwater to be generated by the Proposed Project

13. Attachment B - Volume and Character of Stormwater. A detailed description of the volume (quantity) and character (quality) of the stormwater runoff which is expected to occur from the proposed project is attached. The estimates of stormwater runoff quality and quantity are based on the area and type of impervious cover. Include the runoff coefficient of the site for both pre-construction and post-construction conditions.

Wastewater to be generated by the Proposed Project

14. The character and volume of wastewater is shown below:

<u>100</u> % Domestic	<u>11,200</u> Gallons/day
% Industrial	Gallons/day
% Commingled	Gallons/day
TOTAL gallons/day <u>11,200 (based on 56 EDU </u>	x 200 gpd/EDU)

15. Wastewater will be disposed of by:

On-Site Sewage Facility (OSSF/Septic Tank):

Attachment C - Suitability Letter from Authorized Agent. An on-site sewage facility will be used to treat and dispose of the wastewater from this site. The appropriate licensing authority's (authorized agent) written approval is attached. It states that the land is suitable for the use of private sewage facilities and will meet or exceed the requirements for on-site sewage facilities as specified under 30 TAC Chapter 285 relating to On-site Sewage Facilities.

Each lot in this project/development is at least one (1) acre (43,560 square feet) in size. The system will be designed by a licensed professional engineer or registered sanitarian and installed by a licensed installer in compliance with 30 TAC Chapter 285.

Sewage Collection System (Sewer Lines):

- Private service laterals from the wastewater generating facilities will be connected to an existing SCS.
- Private service laterals from the wastewater generating facilities will be connected to a proposed SCS.

The SCS was previously submitted on_____.

- The SCS was submitted with this application.
- The SCS will be submitted at a later date. The owner is aware that the SCS may not be installed prior to Executive Director approval.

The sewage collection system will convey the wastewater to the <u>Leon Creek Water</u> <u>Recycling Center</u> (name) Treatment Plant. The treatment facility is:

Existing.
Proposed

16. \square All private service laterals will be inspected as required in 30 TAC §213.5.

Site Plan Requirements

Items 17 – 28 must be included on the Site Plan.

17. \square The Site Plan must have a minimum scale of 1" = 400'.

Site Plan Scale: 1" = <u>100</u>'.

18. 100-year floodplain boundaries:

	Some part(s) of the project site is located within the 100-year floodplain.	The floodplain
	is shown and labeled.	

No part of the project site is located within the 100-year floodplain.

The 100-year floodplain boundaries are based on the following specific (including date of material) sources(s): <u>DFIRM (Digital Flood Insurance Rate Map for Bexar County, Texas and Incorporated Areas)</u> Panel No. 48029C0230G, Dated 09/29/2010

19. The layout of the development is shown with existing and finished contours at appropriate, but not greater than ten-foot contour intervals. Lots, recreation centers, buildings, roads, open space, etc. are shown on the plan.

The layout of the development is shown with existing contours at appropriate, but not greater than ten-foot intervals. Finished topographic contours will not differ from the existing topographic configuration and are not shown. Lots, recreation centers, buildings, roads, open space, etc. are shown on the site plan.

20. All known wells (oil, water, unplugged, capped and/or abandoned, test holes, etc.):

There are	(#) wells present on the project site and the locations are shown and
labeled. (Ch	eck all of the following that apply)

The wells are not in use and have been properly abandoned.

The wells are not in use and will be properly abandoned.

The wells are in use and comply with 16 TAC §76.

There are no wells or test holes of any kind known to exist on the project site.

21. Geologic or manmade features which are on the site:

All sensitive geologic or manmade features identified in the Geologic Assessment are shown and labeled.

No sensitive geologic or manmade features were identified in the Geologic Assessment.

Attachment D - Exception to the Required Geologic Assessment. A request and justification for an exception to a portion of the Geologic Assessment is attached.

- 22. The drainage patterns and approximate slopes anticipated after major grading activities.
- 23. Areas of soil disturbance and areas which will not be disturbed.
- 24. 🖂 Locations of major structural and nonstructural controls. These are the temporary and permanent best management practices.
- 25. \boxtimes Locations where soil stabilization practices are expected to occur.
- 26. Surface waters (including wetlands).

🖂 N/A

- 27. Locations where stormwater discharges to surface water or sensitive features are to occur.
 - There will be no discharges to surface water or sensitive features.
- 28. \boxtimes Legal boundaries of the site are shown.

Administrative Information

- 29. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
- 30. Any modification of this WPAP will require Executive Director approval, prior to construction, and may require submission of a revised application, with appropriate fees.

ATTACHMENT A

PROJECT BLACK Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification

Attachment A – Factors Affecting Water Quality

Potential sources of pollution that may reasonably be expected to affect the quality of storm water discharges from the site during construction include:

- Soil erosion due to the clearing of the site;
- Oil, grease, fuel and hydraulic fluid contamination from construction equipment and vehicle drippings;
- Hydrocarbons from asphalt paving operations;
- Miscellaneous trash and litter from construction workers and material wrappings;
- Concrete truck washout.
- Potential overflow/spills from portable toilets

Potential sources of pollution that may reasonably be expected to affect the quality of storm water discharges from the site after development include:

- Oil, grease, fuel and hydraulic fluid contamination from vehicle drippings;
- Dirt and dust which may fall off vehicles; and
- Miscellaneous trash and litter.



ATTACHMENT B

PROJECT BLACK Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification

Attachment B – Volume and Character of Stormwater

Stormwater runoff will increase as a result of this development. For a 25-year storm event, the overall project will generate approximately 150.82 cfs. The runoff coefficient for the site changes from approximately 0.55 before development to 0.97 after development. Values are based on the Rational Method using runoff coefficients per the City of San Antonio Unified Development Code.



TEMPORARY STORMWATER SECTION (TCEQ-0602)

Temporary Stormwater Section

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(4)(A), (B), (D)(I) and (G); Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Temporary Stormwater Section** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The application was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Thomas M. Carter, P.E.

Date: 3/1423

Signature of Customer/Agent:

Regulated Entity Name: Project Black

Project Information

Potential Sources of Contamination

Examples: Fuel storage and use, chemical storage and use, use of asphaltic products, construction vehicles tracking onto public roads, and existing solid waste.

1. Fuels for construction equipment and hazardous substances which will be used during construction:

The following fuels and/or hazardous substances will be stored on the site: <u>construction</u> <u>staging area</u>

These fuels and/or hazardous substances will be stored in:

Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of less than 250 gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year.

Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity between 250 gallons and 499 gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year.

- Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of 500 gallons or more will be stored on the site. An Aboveground Storage Tank Facility Plan application must be submitted to the appropriate regional office of the TCEQ prior to moving the tanks onto the project.
- Fuels and hazardous substances will not be stored on the site.
- 2. Attachment A Spill Response Actions. A site specific description of the measures to be taken to contain any spill of hydrocarbons or hazardous substances is attached.
- 3. Temporary aboveground storage tank systems of 250 gallons or more cumulative storage capacity must be located a minimum horizontal distance of 150 feet from any domestic, industrial, irrigation, or public water supply well, or other sensitive feature.
- 4. Attachment B Potential Sources of Contamination. A description of any activities or processes which may be a potential source of contamination affecting surface water quality is attached.

Sequence of Construction

5. Attachment C - Sequence of Major Activities. A description of the sequence of major activities which will disturb soils for major portions of the site (grubbing, excavation, grading, utilities, and infrastructure installation) is attached.

For each activity described, an estimate (in acres) of the total area of the site to be disturbed by each activity is given.

- For each activity described, include a description of appropriate temporary control measures and the general timing (or sequence) during the construction process that the measures will be implemented.
- 6. Name the receiving water(s) at or near the site which will be disturbed or which will receive discharges from disturbed areas of the project: <u>Leon Creek</u>

Temporary Best Management Practices (TBMPs)

Erosion control examples: tree protection, interceptor swales, level spreaders, outlet stabilization, blankets or matting, mulch, and sod. Sediment control examples: stabilized construction exit, silt fence, filter dikes, rock berms, buffer strips, sediment traps, and sediment basins. Please refer to the Technical Guidance Manual for guidelines and specifications. All structural BMPs must be shown on the site plan.

7. Attachment D – Temporary Best Management Practices and Measures. TBMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, and stormwater. The construction-phase BMPs for erosion and sediment controls have been designed to retain sediment on site to the extent practicable. The following information is attached:

		 A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site. A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff from the site. A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollutants from entering surface streams, sensitive features, or the aquifer. A description of how, to the maximum extent practicable, BMPs and measures will maintain flow to naturally-occurring sensitive features identified in either the geologic assessment, TCEQ inspections, or during excavation, blasting, or construction.
8.	\boxtimes	The temporary sealing of a naturally-occurring sensitive feature which accepts recharge to the Edwards Aquifer as a temporary pollution abatement measure during active construction should be avoided.
		 Attachment E - Request to Temporarily Seal a Feature. A request to temporarily seal a feature is attached. The request includes justification as to why no reasonable and practicable alternative exists for each feature. There will be no temporary sealing of naturally-occurring sensitive features on the site.
9.	\boxtimes	Attachment F - Structural Practices. A description of the structural practices that will be used to divert flows away from exposed soils, to store flows, or to otherwise limit runoff discharge of pollutants from exposed areas of the site is attached. Placement of structural practices in floodplains has been avoided.
10.	\boxtimes	Attachment G - Drainage Area Map. A drainage area map supporting the following requirements is attached:
		 For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a sediment basin will be provided. For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a smaller sediment basin and/or sediment trap(s) will be used. For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a sediment basin or other equivalent controls are not attainable, but other TBMPs and measures will be used in combination to protect down slope and side slope boundaries of the construction area. There are no areas greater than 10 acres within a common drainage area that will be used in combination with other erosion and sediment controls within each disturbed at one time. A smaller sediment basin and/or sediment trap(s) will be used in combination with other erosion and sediment controls within each disturbed at one time.

There are no areas greater than 10 acres within a common drainage area that will be disturbed at one time. Erosion and sediment controls other than sediment basins or sediment traps within each disturbed drainage area will be used.

- 11. Attachment H Temporary Sediment Pond(s) Plans and Calculations. Temporary sediment pond or basin construction plans and design calculations for a proposed temporary BMP or measure have been prepared by or under the direct supervision of a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. All construction plans and design information must be signed, sealed, and dated by the Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. Construction plans for the proposed temporary BMPs and measures are attached.
 - 🛛 N/A
- 12. Attachment I Inspection and Maintenance for BMPs. A plan for the inspection of each temporary BMP(s) and measure(s) and for their timely maintenance, repairs, and, if necessary, retrofit is attached. A description of the documentation procedures, recordkeeping practices, and inspection frequency are included in the plan and are specific to the site and/or BMP.
- 13. All control measures must be properly selected, installed, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and good engineering practices. If periodic inspections by the applicant or the executive director, or other information indicate a control has been used inappropriately, or incorrectly, the applicant must replace or modify the control for site situations.
- 14. If sediment escapes the construction site, off-site accumulations of sediment must be removed at a frequency sufficient to minimize offsite impacts to water quality (e.g., fugitive sediment in street being washed into surface streams or sensitive features by the next rain).
- 15. Sediment must be removed from sediment traps or sedimentation ponds not later than when design capacity has been reduced by 50%. A permanent stake will be provided that can indicate when the sediment occupies 50% of the basin volume.
- 16. Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals exposed to stormwater shall be prevented from becoming a pollutant source for stormwater discharges (e.g., screening outfalls, picked up daily).

Soil Stabilization Practices

Examples: establishment of temporary vegetation, establishment of permanent vegetation, mulching, geotextiles, sod stabilization, vegetative buffer strips, protection of trees, or preservation of mature vegetation.

17. Attachment J - Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices. A schedule of the interim and permanent soil stabilization practices for the site is attached.

- 18. Records must be kept at the site of the dates when major grading activities occur, the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site, and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 19. Stabilization practices must be initiated as soon as practicable where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased.

Administrative Information

- 20. \square All structural controls will be inspected and maintained according to the submitted and approved operation and maintenance plan for the project.
- 21. If any geologic or manmade features, such as caves, faults, sinkholes, etc., are discovered, all regulated activities near the feature will be immediately suspended. The appropriate TCEQ Regional Office shall be immediately notified. Regulated activities must cease and not continue until the TCEQ has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the aquifer from any adverse impacts.
- 22. Silt fences, diversion berms, and other temporary erosion and sediment controls will be constructed and maintained as appropriate to prevent pollutants from entering sensitive features discovered during construction.

ATTACHMENT A

Attachment A – Spill Response Actions

In the event of an accidental leak or spill:

- Spill must be contained and cleaned up immediately.
- Spills will not be merely buried or washed with water.
- Contractor shall take action to contain spill. Contractor may use sand or other absorbent material stockpiled on site to absorb spill. Absorbent material should be spread over the spill area to absorb the spilled product.
- In the event of an uncontained discharge the contractor shall utilize onsite equipment to construct berms downgradient of the spill with sand or other absorbent material to contain and absorb the spilled product.
- Spill containment/absorbent materials along with impacted media must be collected and stored in such a way so as not to continue to affect additional media (soil/water). Once the spill has been contained, collected material should be placed on poly or plastic sheeting until removed from the site. The impacted media and cleanup materials should be covered with plastic sheeting and the edges weighed down with paving bricks or other similarly dense objects as the material is being accumulated. This will prevent the impacted media and cleanup materials from becoming airborne in windy conditions or impacting runoff during a rain event. The stockpiled materials should not be located within an area of concentrated runoff such as along a curb line or within a swale.
- Contaminated soils and cleanup materials will be sampled for waste characterization. When the analysis results are known the contaminated soils and cleanup materials will be removed from the site and disposed in a permitted landfill in accordance with applicable regulations.
- The contractor will be required to notify the owner, who will in turn contact TCEQ to notify them in the event of a significant hazardous/reportable quantity spill. Additional notifications as required by the type and amount of spill will be conducted by owner or owner's representative.

In the event of an accidental significant or hazardous spill:

The contractor will be required to report significant or hazardous spills in reportable quantities to:

- Notify the TCEQ by telephone as soon as possible and within 24 hours at 512-339-2929 (Austin) or 210-490-3096 (San Antonio) between 8 AM and 5 PM. After hours, contact the Environmental Release Hotline at 1-800-832-8224. It is the contractor's responsibility to have all emergency phone numbers at the construction site.
- For spills of federal reportable quantities, in conformance with the requirements in 40 CFR parts 110,119, and 302, the contractor should notify the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.
- Notification should first be made by telephone and followed up with a written report.



- The services of a spills contractor or a Haz-Mat team should be obtained immediately. Construction personnel should not attempt to clean up until the appropriate and qualified staffs have arrived at the job site.
- Other agencies which may need to be consulted include, but are not limited to, the City Police Department, County Sheriff Office, Fire Departments, etc.
- Contaminated soils will be sampled for waste characterization. When the analysis results are known the contaminated soils will be removed from the site and disposed in a permitted landfill in accordance with applicable regulations.

Additional guidance can be obtained from TCEQ's Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) RG-348 (2005) Section 1.4.16. Contractor shall review this section.



ATTACHMENT B

PROJECT BLACK Water Pollution Abatement Plan

Attachment B – Potential Sources of Contamination

Potential Source Preventative Measure	 Asphalt products used on this project. After placement of asphalt, emulsion or coatings, the contractor will be responsible for immediate cleanup should an unexpected rain occur. For the duration of the asphalt product curing time, the contractor will maintain standby personnel and equipment to contain any asphalt wash-off should an unexpected rain occur. The contractor will be instructed not to place asphalt products on the ground within 48 hours of a forecasted rain.
Potential Source •	Oil, grease, fuel and hydraulic fluid contamination from construction equipment and vehicle dripping.
Preventative Measure	 Vehicle maintenance when possible will be performed within the construction staging area. Construction vehicles and equipment shall be checked regularly for leaks and repaired immediately.
Potential Source •	Accidental leaks or spills of oil, petroleum products and substances listed under 40 CFR parts 110, 117, and 302 used or stored temporarily on site.
Preventative Measure	 Contractor to incorporate into regular safety meetings, a discussion of spill prevention and appropriate disposal procedures. Contractor's superintendent or representative overseer shall enforce proper spill prevention and control measures. Hazardous materials and wastes shall be stored in covered containers and protected from vandalism. A stockpile of spill cleanup materials shall be stored on site where it will be readily accessible.
Potential Source •	Miscellaneous trash and litter from construction workers and material wrappings.
Preventive Measure Image:	Trash containers will be placed throughout the site to encourage proper trash disposal.
Potential Source • Preventive Measure	 Construction debris. Construction debris will be monitored daily by contractor. Debris will be collected weekly and placed in disposal bins. Situations requiring immediate attention will be addressed on a case by case basis.

PROJECT BLACK Water Pollution Abatement Plan

Potential Source • Spills/Overflow of waste from portable toilets

Preventative Measure

- Portable toilets will be placed away from high traffic vehicular areas and storm drain inlets.
- Portable toilets will be placed on a level ground surface.
- Portable toilets will be inspected regularly for leaks and will be serviced and sanitized at time intervals that will maintain sanitary conditions.

ATTACHMENT C

Attachment C – Sequence of Major Activities

The sequence of major activities which disturb soil during construction on this site will be divided into two stages. The first is site preparation that will include installation of TBMPs, clearing and grubbing of vegetation where applicable. This will disturb approximately 22.77_acres. The second is construction that will include construction of buildings, expansion of the batch detention basin, construction of new pavement area, landscaping and site cleanup. This will disturb approximately 22.77 acres.



ATTACHMENT D

Attachment D – Temporary Best Management Practices and Measures

A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site.

No upgradient water will cross the site. All TBMPs are adequate for the drainage areas they serve.

b. A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff from the site.

Site preparation, which is the initiation of all activity on the project, will disturb the largest amount of soil. Therefore, before any of this work can begin, the clearing and grading contractor will be responsible for the installation of all on-site control measures. The methodology for pollution prevention of on-site stormwater will include: (1) erection of silt fences along the downgradient boundary of construction activities for temporary erosion and sedimentation controls, (2) installation of rock berms with silt fencing downgradient from areas of concentrated stormwater flow for temporary erosion control, (3) Installation of gravel bags and drain inlet protection at inlets and downgradient areas of construction activities for sediment control (4) installation of stabilized construction entrance/exit(s) to reduce the dispersion of sediment from the site, and (5) installation of construction staging area(s).

Prior to the initiation of construction, all previously installed control measures will be repaired or reestablished for their designed or intended purpose. This work, which is the remainder of all activity on the project, may also disturb additional soil. The construction contractor will be responsible for the installation of all remaining on-site control measures that includes installation of the concrete truck washout pit(s), as construction phasing warrants.

Temporary measures are intended to provide a method of slowing the flow of runoff from the construction site in order to allow sediment and suspended solids to settle out of the runoff. By containing the sediment and solids within the site, they will not enter surface streams and/or sensitive features.

c. A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollutants from entering surface streams, sensitive features, or the aquifer.

Two (2) naturally occurring sensitive features have been identified in the Geologic Assessment within the project limits. Construction fencing will be installed around the fifty (50) foot radius natural buffer for sensitive features S-15 & S-19 to identify them as a no construction zone

Temporary measures are intended to provide a method of slowing the flow of runoff from the construction site in order to allow sediment and suspended solids to settle out of the runoff. By containing the sediment and solids within the site, they will not enter surface streams and/or sensitive features.



d. A description of how, to the maximum extent practicable, BMPs and measures will maintain flow to naturally-occurring sensitive features identified in either the geologic assessment, TCEQ inspections, or during excavation, blasting, or construction.

Two (2) naturally occurring sensitive features have been identified in the Geologic Assessment within the project limits. Construction fencing will be installed around the fifty (50) foot radius natural buffer for sensitive features S-15 & S-19 to identify them as a no construction zone.

BMP measures utilized in this plan are intended to allow stormwater to continue downstream after passing through the BMPs. This will allow stormwater runoff to continue downgradient to streams or features that may exist downstream of the site.



ATTACHMENT F

Attachment F – Structural Practices

The following structural measures will be installed prior to the initiation of site preparation activities:

- Erection of silt fences along the downgradient boundary of construction activities and rock berms with silt fence for secondary protection, as located on Exhibit 1 and illustrated in Exhibit 2.
- Installation of gravel bags and drain inlet protection at inlets and downgradient areas of construction activities, as located on Exhibit 1 and illustrated in Exhibit 2.
- Installation of stabilized construction entrance/exit(s) and construction staging area(s), as located on Exhibit 1, and illustrated on Exhibit 2.

The following structural measures will be installed at the initiation of construction activities or as appropriate based on the construction sequencing:

• Installation of concrete truck washout pit(s), as required and located on Exhibit 1 and illustrated on Exhibit 2.



ATTACHMENT G

PROJECT BLACK Water Pollution Abatement Plan

<u>Attachment G – Drainage Area Map</u>

No more than ten (10) acres will be disturbed within a common drainage area at one time as construction of civil infrastructure (utilities, roads, drainage, etc.) will precede building construction. All TBMPs utilized are adequate for the drainage areas served.



ATTACHMENT I

INSPECTIONS

Designated and qualified person(s) shall inspect Pollution Control Measures weekly and within 24 hours after a storm event. An inspection report that summarizes the scope of the inspection, names and qualifications of personnel conducting the inspection, date of the inspection, major observations, and actions taken as a result of the inspection shall be recorded and maintained as part of Storm Water TPDES data for a period of three years after the Notice of Termination (NOT) has been filed. A copy of the Inspection Report Form is provided in this Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan.

As a minimum, the inspector shall observe: (1) significant disturbed areas for evidence of erosion, (2) storage areas for evidence of leakage from the exposed stored materials, (3) structural controls (rock berm outlets, silt fences, drainage swales, etc.) for evidence of failure or excess siltation (over 6 inches deep), (4) vehicle exit point for evidence of off-site sediment tracking, (5) vehicle storage areas for signs of leaking equipment or spills, (6) concrete truck rinse-out pit for signs of potential failure, (7) embankment, spillways, and outlet of sediment basin (where applicable) for erosion damage, and (8) sediment basins (where applicable) for evidence that basin has accumulated 50% of its volume in silt. Deficiencies noted during the inspection will be corrected and documented within seven calendar days following the inspection or before the next anticipated storm event if practicable.

Contractor shall review Sections 1.3 and 1.4 of TCEQ's Technical Guidance Manual for additional BMP inspection and maintenance requirements.



Pollution Prevention Measure		Corrective Action Required			
		Description (use additional sheet if necessary)	Date Completed		
Best Management Practices					
Natural vegetation buffer strips					
Temporary vegetation					
Permanent vegetation					
Sediment control basin					
Silt fences					
Rock berms					
Gravel filter bags					
Drain inlet protection					
Other structural controls					
Vehicle exits (off-site tracking)					
Material storage areas (leakage)					
Equipment areas (leaks, spills)					
Concrete washout pit (leaks, failure)					
General site cleanliness					
Trash receptacles					
Evidence of Erosion					
Site preparation					
Roadway or parking lot construction					
Utility construction					
Drainage construction					
Building construction					
Major Observations					
Sediment discharges from site					
BMPs requiring maintenance					
BMPs requiring modification					
Additional BMPs required					

_ A brief statement describing the qualifications of the inspector is included in this SWP3.

"I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations."

"I further certify I am an authorized signatory in accordance with the provisions of 30 TAC §305.128."

Inspector's Name

Inspector's Signature

Date

PROJECT MILESTONE DATES

Date when major site grading activities begin:	
--	--

Construction Activity		Date
Installation of BMPs		
Dates when construction activities temporarily or perma <u>Construction Activity</u>	nently	cease on all or a portion of the project <u>Date</u>
Dates when stabilization measures are initiated:		
Stabilization Activity		Date
Removal of BMPs		

ATTACHMENT J

PROJECT BLACK Water Pollution Abatement Plan

Attachment J - Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices

Interim on-site stabilization measures, which are continuous, will include minimizing soil disturbances by exposing the smallest practical area of land required for the shortest period of time and maximizing use of natural vegetation. As soon as practical, all disturbed soil will be stabilized as per project specifications in accordance with pages 1-35 to 1-60 of TCEQ's Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) RG-348 (2005). Mulching, netting, erosion blankets and seeding are acceptable.

Stabilization measures will be initiated as soon as practicable in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, and except as provided below, will be initiated no more than fourteen (14) days after the construction activity in that portion of the site has temporarily or permanently ceased. Where construction activity on a portion of the site is temporarily ceased, and earth disturbing activities will be resumed within twenty-one (21) days, temporary stabilization measures do not have to be initiated on that portion of site. In areas experiencing droughts where the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day after construction activity has temporarily or permanently ceased is precluded by seasonably arid conditions, stabilization measures must be initiated as soon as practicable.



PERMANENT STORMWATER SECTION (TCEQ-0600)

Permanent Stormwater Section

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(4)(C), (D)(Ii), (E), and (5), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Permanent Stormwater Section** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The application was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Thomas M. Carter, P.E.

Date: 3/10/23

Signature of Customer/Agent

Regulated Entity Name: Project Black

Permanent Best Management Practices (BMPs)

Permanent best management practices and measures that will be used during and after construction is completed.

1. Permanent BMPs and measures must be implemented to control the discharge of pollution from regulated activities after the completion of construction.



- 2. These practices and measures have been designed, and will be constructed, operated, and maintained to insure that 80% of the incremental increase in the annual mass loading of total suspended solids (TSS) from the site caused by the regulated activity is removed. These quantities have been calculated in accordance with technical guidance prepared or accepted by the executive director.
 - The TCEQ Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) was used to design permanent BMPs and measures for this site.

A technical guidance other than the TCEQ TGM was used to design permanent BMPs and measures for this site. The complete citation for the technical guidance that was used is: _____

🗌 N/A

3. Owners must insure that permanent BMPs and measures are constructed and function as designed. A Texas Licensed Professional Engineer must certify in writing that the permanent BMPs or measures were constructed as designed. The certification letter must be submitted to the appropriate regional office within 30 days of site completion.

🗌 N/A

- 4. Where a site is used for low density single-family residential development and has 20 % or less impervious cover, other permanent BMPs are not required. This exemption from permanent BMPs must be recorded in the county deed records, with a notice that if the percent impervious cover increases above 20% or land use changes, the exemption for the whole site as described in the property boundaries required by 30 TAC §213.4(g) (relating to Application Processing and Approval), may no longer apply and the property owner must notify the appropriate regional office of these changes.
 - The site will be used for low density single-family residential development and has 20% or less impervious cover.
 - The site will be used for low density single-family residential development but has more than 20% impervious cover.
 - The site will not be used for low density single-family residential development.
- 5. The executive director may waive the requirement for other permanent BMPs for multifamily residential developments, schools, or small business sites where 20% or less impervious cover is used at the site. This exemption from permanent BMPs must be recorded in the county deed records, with a notice that if the percent impervious cover increases above 20% or land use changes, the exemption for the whole site as described in the property boundaries required by 30 TAC §213.4(g) (relating to Application Processing and Approval), may no longer apply and the property owner must notify the appropriate regional office of these changes.
 - Attachment A 20% or Less Impervious Cover Waiver. The site will be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites and has 20% or less impervious cover. A request to waive the requirements for other permanent BMPs and measures is attached.
 - The site will be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites but has more than 20% impervious cover.
 - The site will not be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites.
- 6. Attachment B BMPs for Upgradient Stormwater.

	 A description of the BMPs and measures that will be used to prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site is attached. No surface water, groundwater or stormwater originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site, and an explanation is attached. Permanent BMPs or measures are not required to prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site, and an explanation is attached.
7.	Attachment C - BMPs for On-site Stormwater.
	 A description of the BMPs and measures that will be used to prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off the site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff from the site is attached. Permanent BMPs or measures are not required to prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off the site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff, and an explanation is attached.
8.	Attachment D - BMPs for Surface Streams. A description of the BMPs and measures that prevent pollutants from entering surface streams, sensitive features, or the aquifer is attached. Each feature identified in the Geologic Assessment as sensitive has been addressed.
	□ N/A
9.	The applicant understands that to the extent practicable, BMPs and measures must maintain flow to naturally occurring sensitive features identified in either the geologic assessment, executive director review, or during excavation, blasting, or construction.
	 The permanent sealing of or diversion of flow from a naturally-occurring sensitive feature that accepts recharge to the Edwards Aquifer as a permanent pollution abatement measure has not been proposed. Attachment E - Request to Seal Features. A request to seal a naturally-occurring sensitive feature, that includes, for each feature, a justification as to why no reasonable and practicable alternative exists, is attached.
10.	Attachment F - Construction Plans. All construction plans and design calculations for the proposed permanent BMP(s) and measures have been prepared by or under the direct supervision of a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer, and are signed, sealed, and dated. The plans are attached and, if applicable include:
	 Design calculations (TSS removal calculations) TCEQ construction notes All geologic features All proposed structural BMP(s) plans and specifications

🗌 N/A

inspe	chment G - Inspection, Maintenance, Repair and Retrofit Plan . A plan for the ection, maintenance, repairs, and, if necessary, retrofit of the permanent BMPs and sures is attached. The plan includes all of the following:
	Prepared and certified by the engineer designing the permanent BMPs and neasures
P	igned by the owner or responsible party Procedures for documenting inspections, maintenance, repairs, and, if necessary etrofit
\bowtie A	A discussion of record keeping procedures
N/A	
reco	chment H - Pilot-Scale Field Testing Plan . Pilot studies for BMPs that are not gnized by the Executive Director require prior approval from the TCEQ. A plan for -scale field testing is attached.
🖂 N/A	
of th and and	chment I -Measures for Minimizing Surface Stream Contamination. A description be measures that will be used to avoid or minimize surface stream contamination changes in the way in which water enters a stream as a result of the construction development is attached. The measures address increased stream flashing, the tion of stronger flows and in-stream velocities, and other in-stream effects caused

N/A

degradation.

Responsibility for Maintenance of Permanent BMP(s)

by the regulated activity, which increase erosion that results in water quality

Responsibility for maintenance of best management practices and measures after construction is complete.

14. 🖂 The applicant is responsible for maintaining the permanent BMPs after construction until such time as the maintenance obligation is either assumed in writing by another entity having ownership or control of the property (such as without limitation, an owner's association, a new property owner or lessee, a district, or municipality) or the ownership of the property is transferred to the entity. Such entity shall then be responsible for maintenance until another entity assumes such obligations in writing or ownership is transferred.

N/A

15. 🛛 A copy of the transfer of responsibility must be filed with the executive director at the appropriate regional office within 30 days of the transfer if the site is for use as a multiple single-family residential development, a multi-family residential development, or a non-residential development such as commercial, industrial, institutional, schools, and other sites where regulated activities occur.

N/A

ATTACHMENT B

Attachment B – BMPs for Upgradient Stormwater

No upgradient stormwater will flow across the project limits.

The proposed Permanent Best Management Practices (PBMPs) for stormwater treatment is the expansion of one (1) existing batch detention basin (EAPP ID 13001396) and one (1) existing sand filter basin (EAPP ID 13001067), which are designed in accordance with the TCEQ's Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) RG-348 (2005) to remove 80% of the increase in Total Suspended Solids (TSS) from the site.



ATTACHMENT C

Attachment C – BMPs for On-Site Stormwater

The proposed Permanent Best Management Practices (PBMPs) for stormwater treatment is the expansion of one (1) existing batch detention basin (EAPP ID 13001396) and one (1) existing sand filter basin (EAPP ID 13001067), which are designed in accordance with the TCEQ's Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) RG-348 (2005) to remove 80% of the increase in Total Suspended Solids (TSS) from the site.



ATTACHMENT D

PROJECT BLACK Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification

Attachment D – BMPs for Surface Streams

The proposed Permanent Best Management Practices (PBMPs) for stormwater treatment is the expansion of one (1) existing batch detention basin (EAPP ID 13001396) and one (1) existing sand filter basin (EAPP ID 13001067), which are designed in accordance with the TCEQ's Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) RG-348 (2005) to remove 80% of the increase in Total Suspended Solids (TSS) from the site.



ATTACHMENT F

PROJECT BLACK Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification

Attachment F – Construction Plans

Please refer to the Exhibits Section of this application for the Water Pollution Abatement Site Plans.



ATTACHMENT G

PERMANENT POLLUTION ABATEMENT MEASURES MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE AND MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

This document has been prepared to provide a description and schedule for the performance of maintenance on permanent pollution abatement measures. Maintenance measures to be performed will be dependent on what permanent pollution abatement measures are incorporated into the project. The project specific water pollution abatement plan should be reviewed to determine what permanent pollution abatement measures are incorporated into a project.

It should also be noted that the timing and procedures presented herein are general guidelines, adjustment to the timing and procedures may have to be made depending on project specific characteristics as well as weather related conditions but may not be altered without TCEQ approval.

Where a project is occupied by the owner, the owner may provide for maintenance with his own skilled forces or contract for recommended maintenance of Permanent Best Management Practices. Where a project is occupied or leased by a tenant, the owner shall require tenants to contract for such maintenance services either through a lease agreement, property owners association covenants, or other binding document.

I understand that I am responsible for maintenance of the Permanent Pollution Abatement Measures included in this project until such time as the maintenance obligation is either assumed in writing by another entity having ownership or control of the property or ownership is transferred.

I, the owner, have read and understand the requirements of the attached Maintenance Plan and Schedule.___

Bobby Perez, Chief Legal Officer and General Counsel SASP Management, LLC

12/14/22

Date



INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE FOR PERMANENT POLLUTION ABATEMENT MEASURES

Recommended Frequency					Та	ask to	be Per	forme	ed				
in equeine,	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
After Rainfall	V							\checkmark			\checkmark		V
Biannually*	V	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark								

*At least one biannual inspection must occur during or immediately after a rainfall event. $\sqrt{Indicates}$ maintenance procedure that applies to this specific site.

See description of maintenance task to be performed on the following pages. Frequency of maintenance tasks may vary depending on amount of rainfall and other weather-related conditions but may not be altered without TCEQ approval.

A written record should be kept of inspection results and maintenance performed.

Task No. & Description		Included in this	<u>project</u>
1.	Mowing	Yes	No
2.	Litter and Debris Removal	Yes	No
3.	Erosion Control	Yes	No
4.	Level Sensor	Yes	No
5.	Nuisance Control	Yes	No
6.	Structural Repairs and Replacement	Yes	No
7.	Discharge Pipe	Yes	No
8.	Detention and Drawdown Time	Yes	No
9.	Sediment Removal	Yes	No
10	. Logic Controller	Yes	No
11	. Vegetated Filter Strips	Yes	No
12	. Visually Inspect Security Fencing for Damage or Breach	Yes	No
13	. Recordkeeping for Inspections, Maintenance, and Repairs	Yes	No

MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES FOR PERMANENT POLLUTION ABATEMENT MEASURES

Note: Additional guidance can be obtained from TCEQ's Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) RG-348 (2005) Section 3.5.

Inspections. Inspections should take place a minimum of twice a year. One inspection should take place during wet weather to determine if the basin is meeting the target detention time of 12 hours and a drawdown time of no more than 48 hours. The remaining inspections should occur between storm events so that manual operation of the valve and controller can be verified. The level sensor in the basin should be inspected and any debris or sediment in the area should be removed. The outlet structure and the trash screen should be inspected for signs of clogging. Debris and sediment should be removed from the orifice and outlet(s) as described in previous sections. Debris obstructing the valve should be removed. During each inspection, erosion areas inside and downstream of this BMP should be identified and repaired/revegetated immediately. *A written record should be kept of inspection results and corrective measures taken*

- 1. <u>Mowing</u>. The basin, basin side-slopes, and embankment of the basin must be mowed to prevent woody growth and control weeds. A mulching mower should be used, or the grass clippings should be caught and removed. Mowing should take place at least twice a year, or more frequently if vegetation exceeds 18 inches in height. More frequent mowing to maintain aesthetic appeal may be necessary in landscaped areas.
- Litter and Debris Removal. Litter and debris removal should take place at least twice a year, as part of the periodic mowing operations and inspections. Debris and litter should be removed from the surface of the basin. Particular attention should be paid to floatable debris around the outlet structure. The outlet should be checked for possible clogging or obstructions and any debris removed.
- 3. <u>Erosion control</u>. The basin side slopes and embankment all may periodically suffer from slumping and erosion. To correct these problems, corrective action, such as regrading and revegetation, may be necessary. Correction of erosion control should take place whenever required based on the periodic inspections.
- 4. <u>Level Sensor</u>. The level sensor in the basin should be inspected and any debris or sediment in the area should be removed. Litter and debris removal should take place at least twice a year, as part of the periodic mowing operations and inspections. Debris and litter should be removed from the surface of the basin.
- 5. <u>Nuisance Control</u>. Standing water or soggy conditions may occur in the basin. Some standing water may occur after a storm event since the valve may close with 2 to 3 inches of water in the basin. Some flow into the basin may also occur between storms due to spring flow and residential water use that enters the storm sewer system. Twice a year, the facility should be evaluated in terms of nuisance control (insects, weeds, odors, algae, etc.).
- 6. <u>Structural Repairs and Replacement</u>. With each inspection, any damage to structural elements of the basin (pipes, concrete drainage structures, retaining walls, etc.) should be identified and



repaired immediately. An example of this type of repair can include patching of cracked concrete, sealing of voids, removal of vegetation from cracks and joints. The various inlet/outlet structures in a basin will eventually deteriorate and must be replaced. A written record should be kept of inspection results and corrective measures taken

- 7. <u>Discharge Pipe</u>. The basin discharge pipe shall be checked for accumulation of silt, debris or other obstructions which could block flow. Soil accumulations, vegetative overgrowth and other blockages should be cleared from the pipe discharge point. Erosion at the point of discharge shall be monitored. If erosion occurs, the addition of rock rubble to disperse the flow should be accomplished. A written record should be kept of inspection results and corrective measures taken
- 8. Detention and Drawdown Time. One inspection should take place during wet weather to determine if the basin is meeting the target detention time of 12 hours and a drawdown time of no more than 48 hours. This characteristic can be a sign of the need for maintenance. The minimum drawdown time is 24 hours. If drawdown time is less than 24 hours, the actuator valve shall be checked and partially closed to limit the drawdown time. Extensive drawdown time greater than 48 hours may indicated blockage of the discharge pipe. Corrective actions should be performed and completed within 15 working days. A written record of the inspection findings and corrective actions performed should be made.
- 9. Sediment Removal. A properly designed batch detention basin will accumulate quantities of sediment over time. The accumulated sediment can detract from the appearance of the facility and reduce the pollutant removal performance of the facility. The sediment also tends to accumulate near the outlet structure and can interfere with the level sensor operation. Sediment shall be removed from the basin at least every 5 years, when sediment depth exceeds 6 inches, when the sediment interferes with the level sensor or when the basin does not drain within 48 hours. Care should be taken not to compromise the basin lining during maintenance.
- 10. Logic Controller. The Logic Controller should be inspected as part of the twice-yearly investigations. Verify that the external indicators (active, cycle in progress) are operating properly by turning the controller off and on, and by initiating a cycle by triggering the level sensor in the basin. The valve should be manually opened and closed using the open/close switch to verify valve operation and to assist in inspecting the valve for debris. The solar panel should be inspected and any dust or debris on the panel should be carefully removed. The controller and all other circuitry and wiring should be inspected for signs of corrosion, damage from insects, water leaks, or other damage. At the end of the inspection, the controller should be reset.
- 11. <u>Vegetated Filter Strips</u>. Vegetation height for native grasses shall be limited to no more than 18inches. When vegetation exceeds that height, the filter strip shall be cut to a height of approximately 4 inches. Turf grass shall be limited to a height of 4-inches with regular maintenance that utilizes a mulching mower. Trash and debris shall be removed from filter strip prior to cutting. Check filter strip for signs of concentrated flow and erosion. Areas of filter strip showing signs of erosion shall be repaired by scarifying the eroded area, reshaping, regrading,

and placement of solid block sod over the affected area. A written record of the inspection findings and corrective actions performed should be made

- 12. <u>Visually Inspect Security Fencing for Damage or Breach</u>. Check maintenance access gates for proper operation. Damage to fencing or gates shall be repaired within 5 working days. A written record should be kept of inspection results and maintenance performed.
- 13. Recordkeeping Procedures for Inspections, Maintenance, Repairs, and Retrofits.
 - Written records shall be kept by the party responsible for maintenance or a designated representative.
 - Written records shall be retained for a minimum of five years.

ATTACHMENT I

PROJECT BLACK Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification

Attachment I – Measures for Minimizing Surface Stream Contamination

Any points where discharge from the site is concentrated and erosive velocities exist will include appropriately sized energy dissipators to reduce velocities to non-erosive levels.



AGENT AUTHORIZATION FORM (TCEQ-0599)

Agent Authorization Form For Required Signature Edwards Aquifer Protection Program Relating to 30 TAC Chapter 213 Effective June 1, 1999

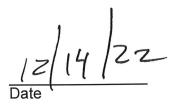
l	Bobby Perez, Print Name
	<u>Chief Legal Officer and General Counsel</u> , Title - Owner/President/Other
of	SASP Management, LLC Corporation/Partnership/Entity Name
have authorized	Pape-Dawson Engineers, Inc. Print Name of Agent/Engineer
of	Pape-Dawson Engineers, Inc. Print Name of Firm

to represent and act on the behalf of the above named Corporation, Partnership, or Entity for the purpose of preparing and submitting this plan application to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the review and approval consideration of regulated activities.

I also understand that:

- 1. The applicant is responsible for compliance with 30 Texas Administrative Code Chapter 213 and any condition of the TCEQ's approval letter. The TCEQ is authorized to assess administrative penalties of up to \$10,000 per day per violation.
- 2. For those submitting an application who are not the property owner, but who have the right to control and possess the property, additional authorization is required from the owner.
- 3. Application fees are due and payable at the time the application is submitted. The application fee must be sent to the TCEQ cashier or to the appropriate regional office. The application will not be considered until the correct fee is received by the commission.
- 4. A notarized copy of the Agent Authorization Form must be provided for the person preparing the application, and this form must accompany the completed application.
- 5. No person shall commence any regulated activity on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone, Contributing Zone or Transition Zone until the appropriate application for the activity has been filed with and approved by the Executive Director.

SIGNATURE PAGE:
\square
Ath -
Applicant's Signature



THE STATE OF _____ §
County of _____ §

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared _____known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged to me that (s)he executed same for the purpose and consideration therein expressed.

GIVEN under my hand and seal of office on this $\underline{H^{\dagger}}$ day of <u>DCOMBAR</u>, <u>WD</u>.

BIANCA LOPEZ 11/1/1 Notary Public, State of Texas Comm. Expires 01-13-2025 Notary ID 132866219

NOTARY PUBLIC

BIANCA LAPEL Typed or Printed Name of Notary

MY COMMISSION EXPIRES: 1 - 13 - 2015

Owner Authorization Form

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality for Required Signature **Edwards Aquifer Protection Program** Relating to 30 TAC Chapter 213 Effective June 1, 1999

Land Owner Authorization

I, Bruce C. Petersen of Land Owner Signatory Name

US Real Estate, LP

am the owner of the property located at NCB 14859 P-232 (NON ADJ REMS) Land Owner Name (Legal Entity or Individual)

Legal description of the property referenced in the application

and am duly authorized in accordance with §213.4(c)(2) and §213.4(d)(1) or §213.23(c)(2) and §213.23(d) relating to the right to submit an application, signatory authority, and proof of authorized signatory.

I do hereby authorize _____SASP Management, LLC

Applicant Name (Legal Entity or Individual)

to conduct construction of commercial facility

Description of the proposed regulated activities

at 29.593374 N, -98.605147 W

Precise location of the authorized regulated activities

Land Owner Acknowledgement

I understand that US Real Estate, LP

Land Owner Name (Legal Entity or Individual)

Is ultimately responsible for compliance with the approved or conditionally approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan and any special conditions of the approved plan through all phases of plan implementation even if the responsibility for compliance and the right to possess and control the property referenced in the application has been contractually assumed by another legal entity. I further understand that any failure to comply with any condition of the executive director's approval is a violation is subject to administrative rule or orders and penalties as provided under §213.10 (relating to Enforcement). Such violation may also be subject to civil penalties and injunction.

Land Owner Signature

Land Owner Signature

THE STATE OF § Texas

County of Bexer

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared Bruce C. Perfusion known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged to me that (s)he executed same for the purpose and consideration therein expressed.

6-16.22

GIVEN under my hand and seal of office on this 16 day of December,

2022 NOTARY PUBLIC

LORI D. TEMPEL Notary Public, State of Texas Vy Comm. Exp. 03-17-2025 ID No. 13297813-4

Typed or Printed Name of Notary MY COMMISSION EXPIRES: March 17,2025

Attached: (Mark all that apply)

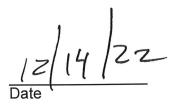
Lease Agreement

Signed Contract

Deed Recorded Easement

Other legally binding document

SIGNATURE PAGE:
\square
Ath -
Applicant's Signature



THE STATE OF _____ §
County of _____ §

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared _____known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged to me that (s)he executed same for the purpose and consideration therein expressed.

GIVEN under my hand and seal of office on this $\underline{H^{\dagger}}$ day of <u>DCOMBAR</u>, <u>WD</u>.

BIANCA LOPEZ 11/1/1 Notary Public, State of Texas Comm. Expires 01-13-2025 Notary ID 132866219

NOTARY PUBLIC

BIANCA LAPEL Typed or Printed Name of Notary

MY COMMISSION EXPIRES: 1 - 13 - 2015

Applicant Acknowledgement

I, Bobby Perez of	SASP Management, LLC		
Applicant Signatory Name	Applicant Name (Legal Entity or Individual)		
acknowledge that US Real Estate, LP			
Land Owner Na	nme (Legal Entity or Individual)		
has provided SASP Management, LLC			
Applicant Nar	ne (Legal Entity or Individual)		
with the right to possess and control the property referenced in the Edwards Aquifer protection plan			
I understand that SASP Management, LLC	2		
Applicant Name (Legal Entity or Individual)			

is contractually responsible for compliance with the approved or conditionally approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan and any special conditions of the approved plan through all phases of plan implementation. I further understand that failure to comply with any condition of the executive director's approval is a violation is subject to administrative rule or orders and penalties as provided under §213.10 (relating to Enforcement). Such violation may also be subject to civil penalties and injunction.

Applicant Signature

14/22

Applicant Signature
THE STATE OF § _____

County of § _____

GIVEN under my hand and seal of office on this <u>H</u> day of <u>December</u> w?

BIANCA LOPEZ Notary Public, State of Texas Comm. Expires 01-13-2025 Notary ID 132866219

Typed or Printed Name of Notary MY COMMISSION EXPIRES: <u>N - 13 - 25</u>

NOTARY PUBLIC

APPLICATION FEE FORM (TCEQ-0574)

Application Fee Form

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Name of Proposed Regulated Entity: <u>Project Black</u> Regulated Entity Location: <u>West of Via Mercado and Via La Cantera intersection</u>					
Name of Customer: <u>SASP Management, LLC</u>					
Contact Person: Bobby Perez		ne: (210) 444-5575			
Customer Reference Number (if issu	ied):CN				
Regulated Entity Reference Number	(if issued):RN <u>10567</u>	<u>'6621</u>			
Austin Regional Office (3373)					
Hays	Travis	Πw	illiamson		
San Antonio Regional Office (3362)					
🔀 Bexar	Medina		valde		
Comal	Kinney				
Application fees must be paid by che		or money order navah	le to the Texas		
Commission on Environmental Qua					
form must be submitted with your	•	· · · · ·	-		
Austin Regional Office					
Mailed to: TCEQ - Cashier		Overnight Delivery to: TCEQ - Cashier			
Revenues Section		12100 Park 35 Circle			
Mail Code 214	Building A, 3rd Floor				
P.O. Box 13088		Austin, TX 78753			
Austin, TX 78711-3088	512)239-0357				
Site Location (Check All That Apply)		,			
Recharge Zone Contributing Zone Transition Zone					
Type of Plan		Size	Fee Due		
Water Pollution Abatement Plan, Co	-	A	×		
Plan: One Single Family Residential I		Acres	\$		
Water Pollution Abatement Plan, Co	٨٥٢٥٢	ę			
Plan: Multiple Single Family Residential and Parks Water Pollution Abatement Plan, Contributing Zone		Acres	\$		
Plan: Non-residential	mundung zone	22.77 Acres	\$ 6,500		
Sewage Collection System		L.F.	\$ 0,000		
Lift Stations without sewer lines		Acres	\$		
Underground or Aboveground Stora	ge Tank Facility	Tanks	\$		
Piping System(s)(only)	Each	\$			
Exception	Each	\$			
Extension of Time	Each	\$			
	<u> </u>				

Signature: _____ Date: _____ Date: _____ Date: _____ Date: ______ Date: _______ Date: ______ Date: ______ Date: ______ Date: _______ Date: ______ Date: _______ Date: _______ Date: _______ Date: ______ Date: ______ Date: ______ Date: _______ Date: ______ Date: _____

Application Fee Schedule

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Edwards Aquifer Protection Program 30 TAC Chapter 213 (effective 05/01/2008)

Water Pollution Abatement Plans and Modifications

Contributing Zone Plans and Modifications

	Project Area in	
Project	Acres	Fee
One Single Family Residential Dwelling	< 5	\$650
Multiple Single Family Residential and Parks	< 5	\$1,500
	5 < 10	\$3,000
	10 < 40	\$4,000
	40 < 100	\$6,500
	100 < 500	\$8,000
	≥ 500	\$10,000
Non-residential (Commercial, industrial, institutional,	< 1	\$3,000
multi-family residential, schools, and other sites	1 < 5	\$4,000
where regulated activities will occur)	5 < 10	\$5,000
	10 < 40	\$6,500
	40 < 100	\$8,000
	≥ 100	\$10,000

Organized Sewage Collection Systems and Modifications

Project	Cost per Linear Foot	Minimum Fee- Maximum Fee
Sewage Collection Systems	\$0.50	\$650 - \$6,500

Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank System Facility Plans and Modifications

Project	Cost per Tank or Piping System	Minimum Fee- Maximum Fee	
Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank Facility	\$650	\$650 - \$6,500	

Exception Requests

Project	Fee
Exception Request	\$500

Extension of Time Requests

Project	Fee
Extension of Time Request	\$150

CORE DATA FORM (TCEQ-10400)



TCEQ Core Data Form

For detailed instructions regarding completion of this form, please read the Core Data Form Instructions or call 512-239-5175.

SECTION I: General Information

1. Reason fo	or Submis	sion (If other is a	checked pleas	e descr	ribe in s	space	orovide	əd.)				
🛛 New Per	rmit, Regis	stration or Authori	ization (Core	Data Fo	orm sho	ould be	subm	itted w	ith the	program applicatio	n.)	
🗌 Renewa	l (Core Da	ta Form should b	be submitted v	vith the	renew	al form)		Other			
2. Customer	Reference	e Number <i>(if iss</i>	sued)	Follow this link to search				3. Re	gulate	d Entity Referenc	e Number (i	if issued)
CN					<u>N or RN</u> entral R			RN 105676621				
SECTION	II: Cu	stomer Info	ormation									
4. General C	ustomer l	nformation	5. Effective	e Date f	for Cus	stome	r Infori	matior	n Upda	tes (mm/dd/yyyy)		
New Cust		me (Verifiable wit		Update Secretar					troller c	Change in of Public Accounts)	•	Entity Ownership
		•								,		active with the
Texas Sec	retary o	f State (SOS)	or Texas C	Compt	roller	of Pu	ublic	Acco	unts	(CPA).		
6. Customer	6. Customer Legal Name (If an individual, print last name first: eg: Doe, John) <u>If new Customer, enter previous Customer below:</u>											
SASP Mar	SASP Management, LLC											
7. TX SOS/CPA Filing Number 8. TX Stat			8. TX State	e Tax ID (11 digits)			9	9. Federal Tax ID (9 digits)			S Number (if applicable)	
08033526	53		3207116	4720	4720							
11. Type of C	Customer:	Corporat	ion	Individual			Pa	Partnership: General Limited				
Government:	City 🗌	County 🗌 Federal [] State 🗌 Othe	r		Sole F	ropriet	torship] Other:		
12. Number of				· · · · · ·					13. Independently Owned and Operated?			
0-20	21-100	101-250	251-500		501 ar	nd high	her		⊴ Yes	🗌 No		
14. Custome	r Role (Pr	oposed or Actual) -	- as it relates to	o the Reg	gulated	Entity I	isted or	n this fo	rm. Plea	ase check one of the	following	
Owner		🖂 Opera				wner 8	•					
Occupatio	nal Licens	ee 🗌 Respo	onsible Party			oluntar	y Clea	nup Ap	oplicant	t Other:		
	1 AT&T Center Pkwy											
15. Mailing Address:												
Address.	City	San Antoni	0	S	itate	TX		ZIP	782	219	ZIP + 4	3604
16. Country I	Mailing In	formation (if outs	ide USA)	I			17. E	-Mail	Addres	SS (if applicable)		
			,				bpe	rez@	spurs	s.com		
18. Telephon	e Numbe	r		19. E	19. Extension or Code				*	20. Fax Number (if applicable)		
(210)44	4-5575									()	-	

SECTION III: Regulated Entity Information

21. General Regulated En	tity Information (If 'New Regulated Entity	" is selected below this form should be accompanied by a permit application)
New Regulated Entity	Update to Regulated Entity Name	Update to Regulated Entity Information

The Regulated Entity Name submitted may be updated in order to meet TCEQ Agency Data Standards (removal of organizational endings such as Inc, LP, or LLC).

22. Regulated Entity Name (Enter name of the site where the regulated action is taking place.)

Project Black

23. Street Address of the Regulated Entity:					
(No PO Boxes)	City		State	ZIP	ZIP + 4
24. County		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	-	-	<u></u>

		Enter Physical	Location Descrip	tion if no s	reet addres	ss is provid	led.			
25. Description to Physical Location:	West of	f Via Merca	do and Via La	. Cantera	intersect	ion				
26. Nearest City						State		N	earest ZIP Code	
San Antonio	an Antonio					ТХ			78256	
27. Latitude (N) In Decimal: 29.593374 N			28.	28. Longitude (W) In Decimal: -98.605147 W				5147 W		
Degrees	Minutes		Seconds Degre			Mi	nutes	1	Seconds	
29		35	36.2 -98 36				36	18.5		
					I. Primary NAICS Code 32. Sec 5 or 6 digits) (5 or 6 dig				AICS Code	
1542	16	523		236220 237110						
33. What is the Primary	Business	of this entity?	(Do not repeat the SI	C or NAICS de	scription.)		1			
Commercial Devel	opment									
				1 AT&	T Center Pl	wy				
34. Mailing Address:		****								
Address:	City	San Anton	io State	ТХ	ZIP	78	219	ZIP +	4 3604	
35. E-Mail Address	:			bp	erez@spurs	s.com				
36. Teleph	one Numbe	er	37. Extensi	37. Extension or Code			38. Fax Number (<i>if applicable</i>)			
(210)	444-5575						() .		

39. TCEQ Programs and ID Numbers Check all Programs and write in the permits/registration numbers that will be affected by the updates submitted on this form. See the Core Data Form instructions for additional guidance.

Dam Safety	Districts	Edwards Aquifer	Emissions Inventory Air	Industrial Hazardous Waste
Municipal Solid Waste	New Source Review Air	OSSF OSSF	Petroleum Storage Tank	D PWS
Sludge	Storm Water	Title V Air	Tires	Used Oil
Voluntary Cleanup	Waste Water	Wastewater Agriculture	U Water Rights	Other:

SECTION IV: Preparer Information

40. Name:	Jean Autrey	, P.E., CESSW	[41. Title:	Senior Project Engineer
42. Tele	phone Number	43. Ext./Code	44. Fax Number	45. E-Mail	Address
(210)	375-9000		(210)375-9000	jautrey@)pape-dawson.com

SECTION V: Authorized Signature

46. By my signature below, I certify, to the best of my knowledge, that the information provided in this form is true and complete, and that I have signature authority to submit this form on behalf of the entity specified in Section II, Field 6 and/or as required for the updates to the ID numbers identified in field 39.

Company:	Pape-Dawson Engineers, Inc.	Job Title:	Senior Vice	e President	
Name (In Print):	Thomas M garter, P.E.			Phone:	(210) 375- 9000
Signature:	1 MST			Date:	3/10/23
(1 /

POLLUTANT LOAD AND REMOVAL CALCULATIONS

PROJECT BLACK

Treatment Summary by Watershed

Watershed	Total Watershed Area (ac.)	*Existing Impervious Cover (ac.)	Imporvious (Covor	Approved Impervious cover in Project Black MOD (ID 13001396)	Proposed Impervious Cover in this plan (ac.)	Total Impervious Cover in watershed (ac.)	РВМР	Required TSS Removal Annually (Ibs)	TSS Removed Annually (lbs)
А	51.00	0.67	41.84	2.13	2.13	42.51	Water Quality Basin "A" (EAPP ID No. 13001067)	34,141	34,966
Uncaptured	0.26		0.26			0.26	overtreated in Basin "A"	212	
В	19.31			10.62	13.86	13.86	Expanded Batch Detention Basin (ID 13001396)	11,310	11,310
TOTAL	70.57		41.84		15.99	56.63		45,663	46,276

*pre-existing grandfathered impervious cover

The 2.13 ac of IC in Watershed A is part of the previously approved 41.84 ac

The 10.62 ac of IC in watershed "B" were approved in the 2021 WPAP MOD but still part of this plan

Water Quality Basin Summary

Basin	Designed Capture Volume (cf)	Required Volume (cf)	Excess Volume Capacity (cf)	Designed Sand Area (sf)	Required Sand Area (sf)	Excess Sand Area (sf)	overtreatment accounted in basin (ac)
A	191,880	190,391	1,489	19,045	19,039	6	0.26
Batch Detention Basin	65,620	60,566	5,054				

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality TSS Removal Calculations 04-20-2009 Project Name: Project Black Date Prepared: 3/9/2023 Additional information is provided for cells with a red triangle in the upper right corner. Place the cursor over the cell. Text shown in blue indicate location of instructions in the Technical Guidance Manual - RG-348. Characters shown in red are data entry fields. Characters shown in black (Bold) are calculated fields. Changes to these fields will remove the equations used in the spreads 1. The Required Load Reduction for the total project: Calculations from RG-348 Pages 3-27 to 3-30 incre

30 13048

lbs.

Pa	age 3-29 Equation 3.3: L _M = 2	27.2(A _N x P)			
where:					development = 80% of in
			impervious area		
	P = A	Average annua	I precipitation, in	ches	
Site Data: Determine Required Load Removal E	Based on the Entire Project				
	County =	Bexar			
Total proje	ct area included in plan * =	22.72	acres		
Predevelopment impervious area wit	thin the limits of the plan * =	0.00	acres		
Total post-development impervious area wi	thin the limits of the plan * =	15.99	acres		
Total post-development in	mpervious cover fraction * =	0.70	1		
	P =	30	inches		

* The values entered in these fields should be for the total project area.

Number of drainage basins / outfalls areas leaving the plan area =

2. Drainage Basin Parameters (This information should be provided for each basin):

Drainage Basin/Outfall Area No. = Batch Basin

L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} =

= Total drainage basin/outfall area = Predevelopment impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area	19.31	acres	
Post-development impervious area within drainage basin/outiali area =	0.00 13.86	acres acres	
Post-development impervious fraction within drainage basin/outfall area =	0.72		
LM THIS BASIN =	11310	lbs.	

3. Indicate the proposed BMP Code for this basin.

Proposed BMP = Extended Detention Removal efficiency = 91 percent <u>4. Calculate Maximum TSS Load Removed (L_P) for this Drainage Basin by the selected BMP Type.</u>

RG-348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7: L_R = (BMP efficiency) x P x (A₁ x 34.6 + A_P x 0.54)

where:

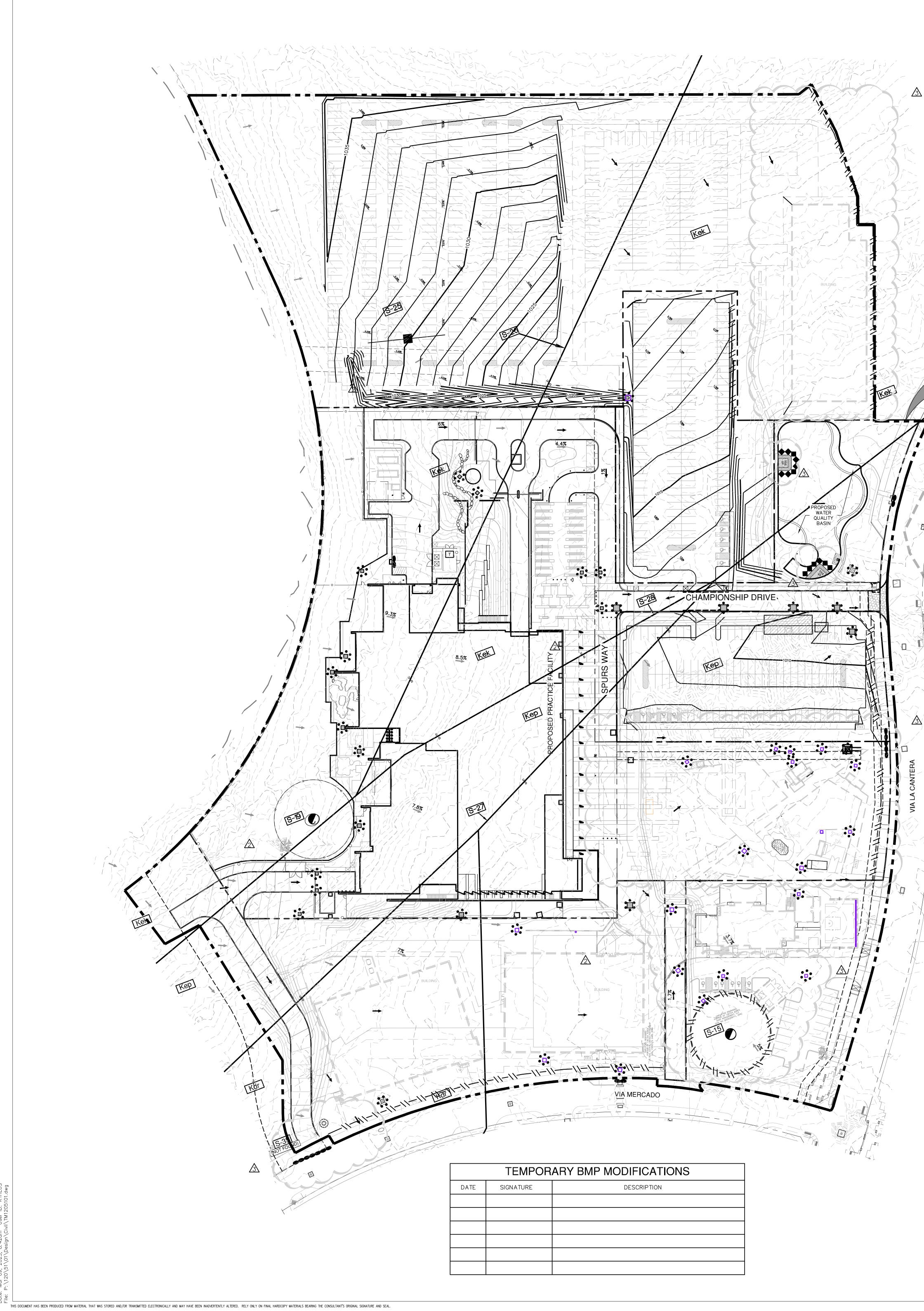
A _c = Total On-Site drainage area in the BMP catchment area
A _I = Impervious area proposed in the BMP catchment area
A _P = Pervious area remaining in the BMP catchment area
$\rm L_{R}$ = TSS Load removed from this catchment area by the proposed BMP

A _c =	19.31	acres	
$A_I =$	13.86	acres	
A _P =	5.45	acres	
L _R =	13172	lbs	

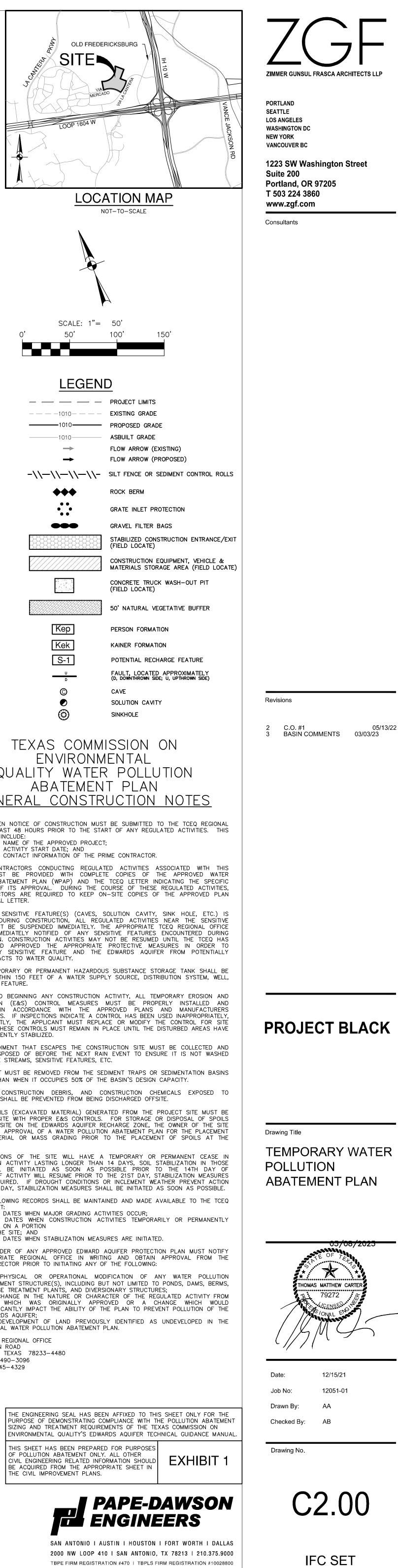
5. Calculate Fraction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall area

Desired L _{M THIS BASIN} =	11310	lbs.		
F =	0.86			
6. Calculate Capture Volume required by the BMP Type for this drainage basin	<u>n / outfall ar</u>	ea.	Calculations from RG-348	Pages 3-3
Rainfall Depth = Post Development Runoff Coefficient = On-site Water Quality Volume =	1.38 0.52 50683	inches cubic feet		3/1.4/23
	Calculations	from RG-348	Pages 3-36 to 3-37	
Off-site area draining to BMP = Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP = Impervious fraction of off-site area = Off-site Runoff Coefficient =	0.00 0.00 0 0.00	acres acres		THOMAS MATTHEW CARTER
Off-site Water Quality Volume =	0	cubic feet		THUMAS MAITHEW UNITED
Storage for Sediment = Total Capture Volume (required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) =	10137 60820	cubic feet		PORTONAL ENGINE

EXHIBITS



TEMPORARY BMP MODIFICATIONS			
DATE	SIGNATURE	DESCRIPTION	
	1		



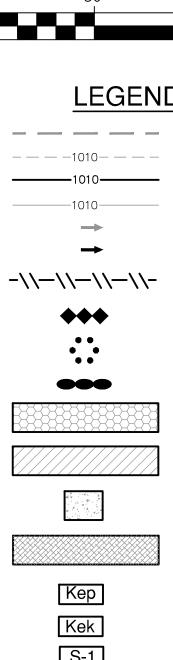
EDWARDS AQUIFER: SAN ANTONIO REGIONAL OFFICE 14250 JUDSON ROAD SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS 78233-4480 PHONE (210) 490-3096 FAX (210) 545-4329

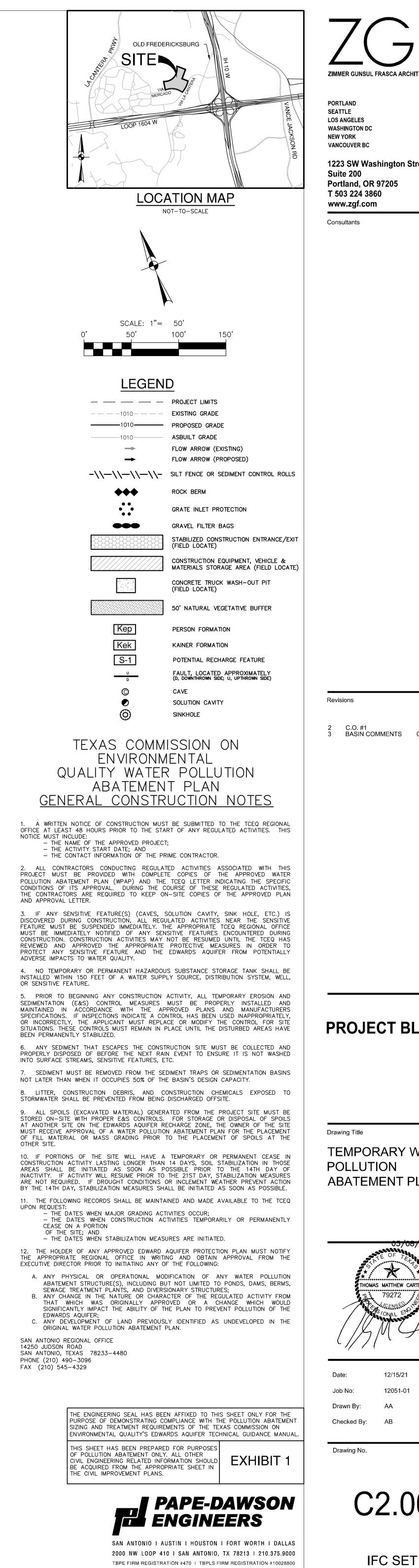
UPON REQUEST: CEASE ON A PORTION

INTO SURFACE STREAMS, SENSITIVE FEATURES, ETC. OTHER SITE.

ADVERSE IMPACTS TO WATER QUALITY. OR SENSITIVE FEATURE. BEEN PERMANENTLY STABILIZED.

NOTICE MUST INCLUDE: AND APPROVAL LETTER.





PROJECT LIMITS (22.77 ACRES)

GENERAL NOTES

TO BE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD.

DATED BY THE RESPONSIBLE PARTY.

1. DO NOT DISTURB VEGETATED AREAS (TREES, GRASS, WEEDS, BRUSH,

2. LOCATIONS OF CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXITS, CONCRETE WASHOUT PITS, AND CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT AND MATERIAL STORAGE YARDS

3. STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION CONTROLS MAY NEED TO BE MODIFIED IN THE FIELD TO ACCOMPLISH THE DESIRED EFFECT. ALL MODIFICATIONS ARE TO BE NOTED ON THIS EXHIBIT AND SIGNED AND

4. RESTRICT ENTRY/EXIT TO THE PROJECT SITE TO DESIGNATED

5. ALL STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION CONTROLS ARE TO BE

6. CONTRACTOR, TO THE EXTENT PRACTICAL, SHALL MINIMIZE THE

AMOUNT OF AREA DISTURBED. AS SOON AS PRACTICAL, ALL DISTURBED

SOIL THAT WILL NOT BE COVERED BY IMPERVIOUS COVER SUCH AS PARKWAY AREAS, EASEMENT AREAS, EMBANKMENT SLOPES, ETC. WILL

7. BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES MAY BE INSTALLED IN STAGES TO

8. BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES MAY BE REMOVED IN STAGES ONCE

THE WATERSHED FOR THAT PORTION CONTROLLED BY THE BEST

9. ALL TEMPORARY BMPs WILL BE REMOVED ONCE WATERSHED IS STABILIZED.

10. MUD OR DIRT INADVERTENTLY TRACKED OFF-SITE AND ONTO EXISTING STREETS SHALL BE REMOVED IMMEDIATELY BY HAND OR

11. PRIOR TO INITIATION OF SUBSEQUENT PHASES OF CONSTRUCTION, TEMPORARY BMPS INCLUDING SILT FENCING, CONSTRUCTION

ENTRANCE/EXIT, CONCRETE WASHOUT PIT, AND CONSTRUCTION STAGING AREA SHALL BE FIELD LOCATED AS APPROPRIATE FOR THE AREA OF

12. TEMPORARY POLLUTION ABATEMENT MEASURES SHOWN ON THE PLAN ARE FOR THE OVERALL DEVELOPMENT. TEMPORARY BMPs MAY

REQUIRE ADJUSTMENT BASED ON PHASING OF CONSTRUCTION OF THE DEVELOPMENT. RECORDS OF ADJUSTMENTS AND REVISIONS SHALL BE

1.3. TEMPORARY BMPs SHOWN ON THIS SHEET ARE FOR GRAPHICAL PURPOSES AND MAY NOT BE TO SCALE. BMPs SHALL BE LOCATED

14. UPON COMPLETION OF THE PROJECT AND BEFORE FINAL PAYMENT IS ISSUED, CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE ALL SEDIMENT AND EROSION

15. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR CONSTRUCTION

SEQUENCING AND REMOVAL OF TEMPORARY POLLUTION ABATEMENT MEASURES THAT CONFLICT WITH SITE IMPROVEMENTS SUCH AS LANDSCAPING AND FENCES SO AS TO PREVENT SEDIMENT FROM

ETC.) ANY MORE THAN NECESSARY FOR CONSTRUCTION.

LOCATIONS BY USE OF ADEQUATE FENCING, IF NECESSARY.

MAINTAINED AND IN WORKING CONDITIONS AT ALL TIMES.

BE STABILIZED PER APPLICABLE PROJECT SPECIFICATIONS.

COINCIDE WITH THE DISTURBANCE OF UPGRADIENT AREAS.

MANAGEMENT PRACTICES HAS BEEN STABILIZED.

MECHANICAL BROOM SWEEPING.

MAINTAINED AS APPROPRIATE.

WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS.

ESCAPING THE PROJECT SITE.

CONTROL MEASURES.

CONSTRUCTION.

SOON AS PRACTICAL. SOD INSTALLATION DETAIL NOT-TO-SCALE

DETERMINED BY A SOIL TESTING LABORATORY OR REGIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS CAN BE MADE BY COUNTY AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION AGENTS. FERTILIZER SHOULD BE WORKED INTO THE SOIL TO A DEPTH OF 3 INCHES WITH A DISC, SPRINGTOOTH HARROW OR OTHER SUITABLE EQUIPMENT. ON SLOPING LAND, THE FINAL HARROWING OR DISCING OPERATION SHOULD BE ON THE CONTOUR. **INSTALLATION IN CHANNELS** SOD STRIPS IN WATERWAYS SHOULD BE LAID PERPENDICULAR TO THE DIRECTION OF FLOW. CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN TO BUTT ENDS OF STRIPS

THIS DOCUMENT HAS BEEN PRODUCED FROM MATERIAL THAT WAS STORED AND/OR TRANSMITTED ELECTRONICALLY AND MAY HAVE BEEN INADVERTENTLY ALTERED. RELY ONLY ON FINAL HARDCOPY MATERIALS BEARING THE CONSULTANT'S ORIGINAL SIGNATURE AND SEAL.

INTERFERE WITH PLANTING, FERTILIZING OR MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS.

SITE PREPARATION . PRIOR TO SOIL PREPARATION, AREAS TO BE SODDED SHOULD BE BROUGHT TO FINAL GRADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED PLAN. ROOTS, BRUSH, WIRE, GRADE STAKES AND OTHER OBJECTS THAT WOULD ROLLED OR TAMPED TO PROVIDE FIRM CONTACT BETWEEN ROOTS AND SOIL. FERTILIZE ACCORDING TO SOIL TESTS. FERTILIZER NEEDS CAN BE THE UNDERSIDE OF THE SOD PAD AND THE SOIL 4 INCHES BELOW THE SOD IS

2. PIECES OF SOD SHOULD BE CUT TO THE SUPPLIER'S STANDARD WIDTH AND LENGTH, WITH A MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE DEVIATION IN ANY DIMENSION OF 5%. TORN OR UNEVEN PADS SHOULD NOT BE ACCEPTABLE. 3. STANDARD SIZE SECTIONS OF SOD SHOULD BE STRONG ENOUGH TO SUPPORT THEIR OWN WEIGHT AND RETAIN THEIR SIZE AND SHAPE WHEN SUSPENDED FROM A FIRM GRASP ON ONE END OF THE SECTION. 4. SOD SHOULD BE HARVESTED, DELIVERED, AND INSTALLED WITHIN A PERIOD OF 36 HOURS.

IN CRITICAL AREAS, SECURE SOD WITH NETTING. USE STAPLES. MATERIALS 1. SOD SHOULD BE MACHINE CUT AT A UNIFORM SOIL THICKNESS OF 3/4" INCH CONSERVATION, 1992) (± 1/4" INCH) AT THE TIME OF CUTTING. THIS THICKNESS SHOULD EXCLUDE SHOOT GROWTH AND THATCH.

2. WATER TO A DEPTH OF 4" AS NEEDED. WATER WELL AS SOON AS THE SOD IS LAID. 3. MOW WHEN THE SOD IS ESTABLISHED - IN 2-3 WEEKS. SET THE MOWER HIGH $(2^{"}-3^{"})$.

LAY SOD IN A STAGGERED PATTERN. BUTT THE STRIPS TIGHTLY AGAINST EACH OTHER. ROOT ZONE - SOIL AND ROOTS. DO NOT LEAVE SPACES AND DO NOT SHOULD BE 1/2"-3/4" THICK, WITH OVERLAP. A SHARPENED MASON'S TROWEL DENSE ROOT MAT FOR STRENGTH. IS A HANDY TOOL FOR TUCKING DOWN THE APPEARANCE OF GOOD SOD <u>BUTTING</u> – ANGLED ENDS CAUSED BY THE AUTOMATIC SOD CUTTER MUST BE MATCHED 1. ROLL SOD IMMEDIATELY TO ACHIEVE FIRM CONTACT WITH THE

NOT-TO-SCALE

HOOTS OR GRASS BLADES. GRASS SHOULD BE GREEN AND HEALTHY; MOWED AT A $2^{"}-3"$ CUTTING HEIGHT. THATCH- GRASS CLIPPINGS AND DEAD LEAVES, UP TO 1/2" THICK.

3. WHEN NECESSARY, WHEELS SHOULD BE CLEANED TO REMOVE SEDIMENT PRIOR TO ENTRANCE ONTO PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY. 4. IF THE SLOPE TOWARD THE ROAD EXCEEDS 2%, CONSTRUCT A RIDGE, 4. WHEN WASHING IS REQUIRED, IT SHOULD BE DONE ON AN AREA STABILIZED 6-INCHES TO 8-INCHES HIGH WITH 3:1 (H:V) SIDE SLOPES, ACROSS THE WITH CRUSHED STONE THAT DRAINS INTO AN APPROVED SEDIMENT TRAP OR FOUNDATION APPROXIMATELY 15 FEET FROM THE ENTRANCE TO DIVERT SEDIMENT BASIN L SEDIMENT SHOULD BE PREVENTED FROM ENTERING ANY STORM DRAIN, 5. PLACE GEOTEXTILE FABRIC AND GRADE FOUNDATION TO IMPROVE STABILITY, DITCH OR WATER COURSE BY USING APPROVED METHODS. 6. PLACE STONE TO DIMENSIONS AND GRADE SHOWN ON PLANS. LEAVE 7. DIVERT ALL SURFACE RUNOFF AND DRAINAGE FROM THE STONE PAD TO A

USED TO TRAP SEDIMENT.

STABILIZE FOUNDATION 4" TO 8" COARSE AGGREGATE SCHEMATIC OF TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT MATERIALS 1. THE AGGREGATE SHOULD CONSIST OF 4-INCH TO 8-INCH WASHED STONE OVER A STABLE FOUNDATION AS SPECIFIED IN THE PLAN. 2. THE AGGREGATE SHOULD BE PLACED WITH A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF

DIVERSION RIDGE-

GEOTEXTILE FABRIC TO

3. THE GEOTEXTILE FABRIC SHOULD BE DESIGNED SPECIFICALLY FOR USE AS

A SOIL FILTRATION MEDIA WITH AN APPROXIMATE WEIGHT OF 6 OZ/YD², A

8-INCHES. MULLEN BURST RATING OF 140 LB/IN², AND AN EQUIVALENT OPENING SIZE GREATER THAN A NUMBER 50 SIEVE.

INSTALLATION

VEGETATION AND OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL FROM THE FOUNDATION

3. THE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE SHOULD BE AT LEAST 50 FEET LONG.

8. INSTALL PIPE UNDER PAD AS NEEDED TO MAINTAIN PROPER PUBLIC ROAD

SOIL

RUNOFF AWAY FROM THE PUBLIC ROAD.

SEDIMENT TRAP OR BASIN.

*างากหลางแกรงกลั*ยงก*างกลากหลากหยุ*งงกกรงกกรงกกรงกา

ENDS AND TRIMMING PIECES.

LAY SOD ACROSS THE

TIGHTLY (SEE FIGURE ABOVE).

DIRECTION OF FLOW

DRAINAGE

CORRECTLY.

ESPECIALLY WHERE WET CONDITIONS ARE ANTICIPATED.

SURFACE SMOOTH AND SLOPE FOR DRAINAGE.

4. IF A WASHING FACILITY IS REQUIRED, A LEVEL AREA WITH A MINIMUM OF 4-INCH DIAMETER WASHED STONE OR COMMERCIAL ROCK SHOULD BE INCLUDED IN THE PLANS. DIVERT WASTEWATER TO A SEDIMENT TRAP OR

AVOID CURVES ON PUBLIC ROADS AND STEEP SLOPES. REMOVE AREA. GRADE CROWN FOUNDATION FOR POSITIVE DRAINAGE.

2. THE MINIMUM WIDTH OF THE ENTRANCE/EXIT SHOULD BE 12 FEET OR THE FULL WIDTH OF EXIT ROADWAY, WHICHEVER IS GREATER.

CONDITION AS STONE IS PRESSED INTO SOIL. IMPROVE FOUNDATION DRAINAGE.

COMMON TROUBLE POINTS

SECTION "A-A" OF A CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT

IN THE CENTER, OR EVERY 3-4 FEET IF HE STRIPS ARE LONG. WHEN READY TO MOW, DRIVE PEGS OR STAPLES FLUSH WITH THE GROUND. GENERAL INSTALLATION (VA. DEPT. OF

SOD SHOULD NOT BE CUT OR LAID IN EXCESSIVELY WET OR DRY WEATHER.

SOD ALSO SHOULD NOT BE LAID ON SOIL SURFACES THAT ARE FROZEN. 2. DURING PERIODS OF HIGH TEMPERATURE, THE SOIL SHOULD BE LIGHTLY IRRIGATED IMMEDIATELY PRIOR TO LAYING THE SOD, TO COOL THE SOIL AND REDUCE ROOT BURNING AND DIEBACK. THE FIRST ROW OF SOD SHOULD BE LAID IN A STRAIGHT LINE WITH SUBSEQUENT ROWS PLACED PARALLEL TO AND BUTTING TIGHTLY AGAINST EACH OTHER. LATERAL JOINTS SHOULD BE STAGGERED TO PROMOTE MORE UNIFORM GROWTH AND STRENGTH. CARE SHOULD BE EXERCISED TO ENSURE THAT SOD IS NOT STRETCHED OR OVERLAPPED AND THAT ALL JOINTS ARE BUTTED TIGHT IN ORDER TO PREVENT VOIDS WHICH WOULD CAUSE DRYING OF THE ROOTS (SEE FIGURE ABOVE).

4. ON SLOPES 3:1 OR GREATER, OR WHEREVER EROSION MAY BE A PROBLEM, SOD SHOULD BE LAID WITH STAGGERED JOINTS AND SECURED BY STAPLING OR OTHER APPROVED METHODS. SOD SHOULD BE INSTALLED WITH THE LENGTH PERPENDICULAR TO THE SLOPE (ON CONTOUR). THE SURFACE SHOULD BE CLEARED OF ALL TRASH, DEBRIS AND OF ALL 5. AS SODDING OF CLEARLY DEFINED AREAS IS COMPLETED, SOD SHOULD BE

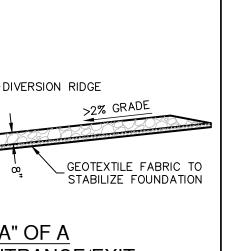
AFTER ROLLING, SOD SHOULD BE IRRIGATED TO A DEPTH SUFFICIENT THAT THOROUGHLY WET. 7. UNTIL SUCH TIME A GOOD ROOT SYSTEM BECOMES DEVELOPED, IN THE ABSENCE OF ADEQUATE RAINFALL, WATERING SHOULD BE PERFORMED AS

OFTEN AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN MOIST SOIL TO A DEPTH OF AT LEAST 4 INCHES

8. THE FIRST MOWING SHOULD NOT BE ATTEMPTED UNTIL THE SOD IS FIRMLY ROOTED, USUALLY 2–3 WEEKS. NOT MORE THAN ONE THIRD OF THE GRASS LEAF SHOULD BE REMOVED AT ANY ONE CUTTING. **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE GUIDELINES** SOD SHOULD BE INSPECTED WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RAIN EVENT 1 2. DAMAGE FROM STORMS OR NORMAL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES SUCH AS TIRE RUTS OR DISTURBANCE OF SWALE STABILIZATION SHOULD BE REPAIRED AS

LOCATE AND REPAIR ANY DAMAGE.

2. AFTER ROLLING OR TAMPING, SOD SHOULD BE PEGGED OR STAPLED TO RESIST WASHOUT DURING THE ESTABLISHMENT PERIOD. MESH OR OTHER NETTING MAY BE PEGGED OVER THE SOD FOR EXTRA PROTECTION IN CRITICAL

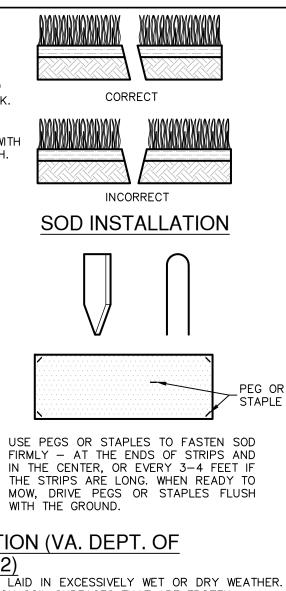


1. INADEQUATE RUNOFF CONTROL-SEDIMENT WASHES ONTO PUBLIC ROAD. STONE TOO SMALL OR GEOTEXTILE FABRIC ABSENT, RESULTS IN MUDDY 3. PAD TOO SHORT FOR HEAVY CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC-EXTEND PAD BEYOND THE MINIMUM 50-FOOT LENGTH AS NECESSARY 4. PAD NOT FLARED SUFFICIENTLY AT ROAD SURFACE, RESULTS IN MUD BEING TRACKED ON TO ROAD AND POSSIBLE DAMAGE TO ROAD. 5. UNSTABLE FOUNDATION - USE GEOTEXTILE FABRIC UNDER PAD AND/OR

INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE GUIDELINES THE ENTRANCE SHOULD BE MAINTAINED IN A CONDITION, WHICH WILL PREVENT TRACKING OR FLOWING OF SEDIMENT ONTO PUBLIC RIGHTS-OF-WAY. THIS MAY REQUIRE PERIODIC TOP DRESSING WITH ADDITIONAL STONE AS CONDITIONS DEMAND AND REPAIR AND/OR CLEANOUT OF ANY MEASURES

. ALL SEDIMENT SPILLED, DROPPED, WASHED OR TRACKED ONTO PUBLIC RIGHTS-OF-WAY SHOULD BE REMOVED IMMEDIATELY BY CONTRACTOR.

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT DETAIL



OTHER 100% BIODEGRADABLE FIBERS CONTAINMENT MESH: CONTAINMENT MESH SHALL BE 100% BIODEGRADABLE, PHOTODEGRADABLE OR RECYCLABLE SUCH AS BURLAP TWINE, UV PHOTODEGRADABLE PLASTIC OR POLYESTER. USE BIODEGRADABLE OR PHOTODEGRADABLE MESH WHEN WATTLE WILL REMAIN IN PLACE AS PART OF A VEGETATIVE SYSTEM. USE RECYCLABLE MESH FOR TEMPORARY INSTALLATIONS. WATTLES SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM DIAMETER OF 8 INCHES AND A MAXIMUM DIAMETER OF 20 INCHES. NO MORE THAN 5% OF THE FILL MATERIAL SHALL BE PERMITTED TO ESCAPE FROM THE CONTAINING MESH. MESH SHALL BE 0.5" X 0.5" HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE AND ETHYLY VINYL ACETATE AND CONTAIN ULTRA-VIOLET INHIBITORS. WATTLE ENDS SHALL BE TIED CLOSED. SEDIMENT CONTROL ROLLS IN A TEMPORARY EROSION CONTRO

WHEN NO LONGER REQUIRED FOR THE INTENDED PURPOSE.

OPTION, THE STRAW ROLLS MAY BE SLIT DOWN THE LENGTH OF

TRENCHES, DEPRESSIONS OR ANY OTHER GROUND DISTURBANCES

CAUSED BY THE REMOVAL OF THE TEMPORARY STRAW ROLLS

SHALL BE BACKFILLED AND REPAIRED WITH THE EXCESS

SEDIMENT CAPTURED BY THE ROLLS, PRIOR TO SPREADING THE

SEDIMENT CONTROL ROLLS IN A PERMANENT

EAVE ROLLS AS INSTALLED TO PHOTODEGRADE OR BIODEGRADE

OVER TIME AS NATIVE AND APPLIED VEGETATION ULTIMATELY

SEDIMENT CONTROL ROLLS

NOT-TO-SCALE

STEEL FENCE POST

MIN. EMBEDMENT = 1'

WIRE MESH BACKING

4X4~W1.4xW1.4 MIN.

TYPICAL CHAIN LINK

FABRIC TOE-IN

FENCE FABRIC IS

SUPPORT

- ALLOWABLE

ACCEPTABLE

-MAX. 8' SPACING.

STRAW OR OTHER FINAL EROSION CONTROL PROTECTION.

ISOMETRIC PLAN VIEW

A SILT FENCE IS A BARRIER CONSISTING OF GEOTEXTILE FABRIC SUPPORTED

BY METAL POSTS TO PREVENT SOIL AND SEDIMENT LOSS FROM A SITE.

WHEN PROPERLY USED, SILT FENCES CAN BE HIGHLY EFFECTIVE AT

POND. ALLOWING HEAVIER SOLIDS TO SETTLE OUT. IF NOT PROPERLY

THE PURPOSE OF A SILT FENCE IS TO INTERCEPT AND DETAIN WATER-BORN

SEDIMENT FROM UNPROTECTED AREAS OF A LIMITED EXTENT. SILT FENCE I USED DURING THE PERIOD OF CONSTRUCTION NEAR THE PERIMETER OF .

DISTURBED AREA TO INTERCEPT SEDIMENT WHILE ALLOWING WATER TO

PERCOLATE THROUGH. THIS FENCE SHOULD REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE

DISTURBED AREA IS PERMANENTLY STABILIZED. SILT FENCE SHOULD NOT BE

USED WHERE THERE IS A CONCENTRATION OF WATER IN A CHANNEL OF

DRAINAGE WAY. IF CONCENTRATED FLOW OCCURS AFTER INSTALLATION,

CORRECTIVE ACTION MUST BE TAKEN SUCH AS PLACING A ROCK BERM IN THE

SILT FENCING WITHIN THE SITE MAY BE TEMPORARILY MOVED DURING THE DAY

TO ALLOW CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY PROVIDED IT IS REPLACED AND PROPERLY

ANCHORED TO THE GROUND AT THE END OF THE DAY. SILT FENCES ON THE

PERIMETER OF THE SITE OR AROUND DRAINAGE WAYS SHOULD NOT BE MOVED

POLYAMIDE WOVEN OR NONWOVEN FABRIC. THE FABRIC SHOULD BE 36

INCHES, WITH A MINIMUM UNIT WEIGHT OF 4.5 OZ/YD, MULLEN BURST

AND MINIMUM APPARENT OPENING SIZE OF U.S. SIEVE NUMBER 30.

STRENGTH EXCEEDING 190 LB/IN2, ULTRAVIOLET STABILITY EXCEEDING 70%,

. FENCE POSTS SHOULD BE MADE OF HOT ROLLED STEEL, AT LEAST 4 FEET

LONG WITH TEE OR Y-BAR CROSS SECTION, SURFACE PAINTED OR

. WOVEN WIRE BACKING TO SUPPORT THE FABRIC SHOULD BE GALVANIZED

. STEEL POSTS, WHICH SUPPORT THE SILT FENCE, SHOULD BE INSTALLED ON

A SLIGHT ANGLE TOWARD THE ANTICIPATED RUNOFF SOURCE. POSTS MUST

BE EMBEDDED A MINIMUM OF 1-FOOT DEEP AND SPACED NOT MORE THAN 8

. LAY OUT FENCING DOWN-SLOPE OF DISTURBED AREA, FOLLOWING THE

CONTOUR AS CLOSELY AS POSSIBLE. THE FENCE SHOULD BE SITED SO THAT

THE MAXIMUM DRAINAGE AREA IS 1/4 ACRE/100 FEET OF FENCE.

FEET ON CENTER. WHERE WATER CONCENTRATES, THE MAXIMUM SPACING

GALVANIZED, MINIMUM WEIGHT 1.25 LB/FT, AND BRINDELL HARDNESS

CONTROLLING SEDIMENT FROM DISTURBED AREAS. THEY CAUSE RUNOFF T

INSTALLED, SILT FENCES ARE NOT LIKELY TO BE EFFECTIVE.

ROSION CONTROL APPLICATION

STABILIZE THE REPAIRED SITE.

TEMPORARY ROLLS SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE SITE. AS AN

THE NETTING AND THE STRAW MAY BE USED ON SLOPES OR

APPLICATION

OTHER AREAS.

SILT FENCE

GROUND)

(MIN. HEIGHT 24"

COMPACTED EARTH

SILT FENCE

AT ANY TIME

MATERIALS

EXCEEDING 140.

INSTALLATION

SHOULD BE 6 FEET.

AREAS OF CONCENTRATED FLOW.

2" X 4" WELDED WIRE, 12 GAUGE MINIMUM.

OR ROCK BACKFILL

ABOVE EXISTING

ASPEN EXCELSIOR WOOD FIBERS, CHIPPED SITE VEGETATION, AGRICULTURAL RICE OR WHEAT STRAW, COCONUT FIBER, OR

ALONG CONTOURS OR AT THE BASE OF SLOPES TO HELF REDUCE SOIL EROSION AND RETAIN SEDIMENT. THEY FUNCTION MATERIALS CORE MATERIAL: CORE MATERIALS SHALL BE BIODEGRADABLE NAD NOXIOUS WEED FREE. MATERIAL MAY BE COMPOST, MULCH.

EDIMENT CONTROL ROLLS EDIMENT CONTROL ROLLS ARE ELONGATED TUBES OF COMPACTED STRAW AND/OR OTHER FIBERS THAT ARE INSTALLED BY SHORTENING SLOPE LENGTH, REDUCING RUNOFF WATER VELOCITY. TRAPPING DISLODGED SOIL PARTICLES AND REDUCING THE EFFECTS OF SLOPE STEEPNESS.

REMOVE ALL ROCKS, CLODS, VEGETATION OR OTHER OBSTRUCTIONS SO THAT THE INSTALLED ROLLS WILL HAVE DIRECT CONTACT WITH THE SOIL. 2. A SMALL TRENCH, 2-4 INCHES IN DEPTH SHOULD BE EXCAVATED ON THE SLOPE CONTOUR AND PERPENDICULAR TO WATER FLOW. SOIL FROM THE EXCAVATION SHOULD BE PLACED UPSLOPE NEXT TO THE TRENCH. INSTALL THE ROLLS IN THE TRENCH, INSURING THAT NO GAPS EXIST BETWEEN THE SOIL AND THE BOTTOM OF THE ROLL. ROLL SHOULD BE LAPPED 6" MINIMUM TO PREVENT WOODEN STAKES SHOULD BE PLACED 6" FROM THE ROLL

NSTALLATION

SEGMENT

SEDIMENT PASSING THROUGH THE FIELD JOINT.

4. WOODEN STAKES SHOULD BE USED TO FASTEN THE ROLLS TO THE SOIL. WHEN CONDITIONS WARRANT, A STRAIGHT METAL BAR CAN BE USED TO DRIVE A "PILOT HOLE" THROUGH THE ROLL AND INTO THE SOIL.

END ANGLED TOWARDS THE ADJACENT ROLL AND SPACED AT 4

FEET CENTERS LEAVING LESS THAN 1-2 INCHES OF STAKE

EXPOSED ABOVE THE ROLL. ALTERNATELY, STAKES MAY BI

PLACED ON EACH SIDE OF THE ROLL TYING ACROSS WITH WITH

A NATURAL FIBER TWINE OR STAKING IN A CROSSING MANNER ENSURING DIRECT SOIL CONTACT AT ALL TIMES.

8. CARE SHALL BE TAKEN DURING INSTALLATION SO AS TO

INSTALLATION PROCESS. SHOULD THE ROLL BE DAMAGED

DURING INSTALLATION, A WOODEN STAKE SHALL BE PLACED

THE SEDIMENT CONTROL ROLLS SHALL BE INSPECTED

ROLLS SHALL BE INSPECTED AFTER SIGNIFICANT RAINFALL

SEDIMENT CONTROL

2" X 2" X 36"

- WOODEN STAKES

PLACED 10" O.C.

FILTER TUBE NETTING

8" DIA. (MIN.)

— 2"—4"

AFTER INSTALLATION TO INSURE THAT THEY ARE TRENCHED-IN

AND THAT NO GAPS EXIST UNDER THE ROLLS OR BETWEEN

EVENTS. RILLS OR GULLIES UPSLOPE OF THE ROLL AND ANY

EITHER SIDE OF THE DAMAGED AREA TERMINATING THE LOG

INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

WATER FLOW

1-1/2" X 3/4"

COMPACTED

SLOPE VARIES

SEEPING UNDER FENCE.

ENDS OF FABRIC MEET.

FENCE)

AROUND SIDES).

TO THE TORN SECTION.

VEHICLE ACCESS POINTS.

SILT FENCE DETAIL

NOT-TO-SCALE

BACKFILLED WITH COMPACTED MATERIAL.

COMMON TROUBLE POINTS

CONCENTRATE AND FLOW OVER THE FENCE.

(RUNOFF OVERTOPS OR COLLAPSES FENCE).

INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE GUIDELINES

. INSPECT ALL FENCING WEEKLY, AND AFTER RAINFALL

2. REMOVE SEDIMENT WHEN BUILDUP REACHES 6 INCHES.

ITSELF SHOULD BE DISPOSED OF IN AN APPROVED LANDFILL.

WOÓDEN STÁKES-

MAX. 4 FT. SPACING

STRAW OR FIBER

WORK AREA

PLAN VIEW

NOT-TO-SCALE

CROSS-SECTION

NOT-TO-SCALE

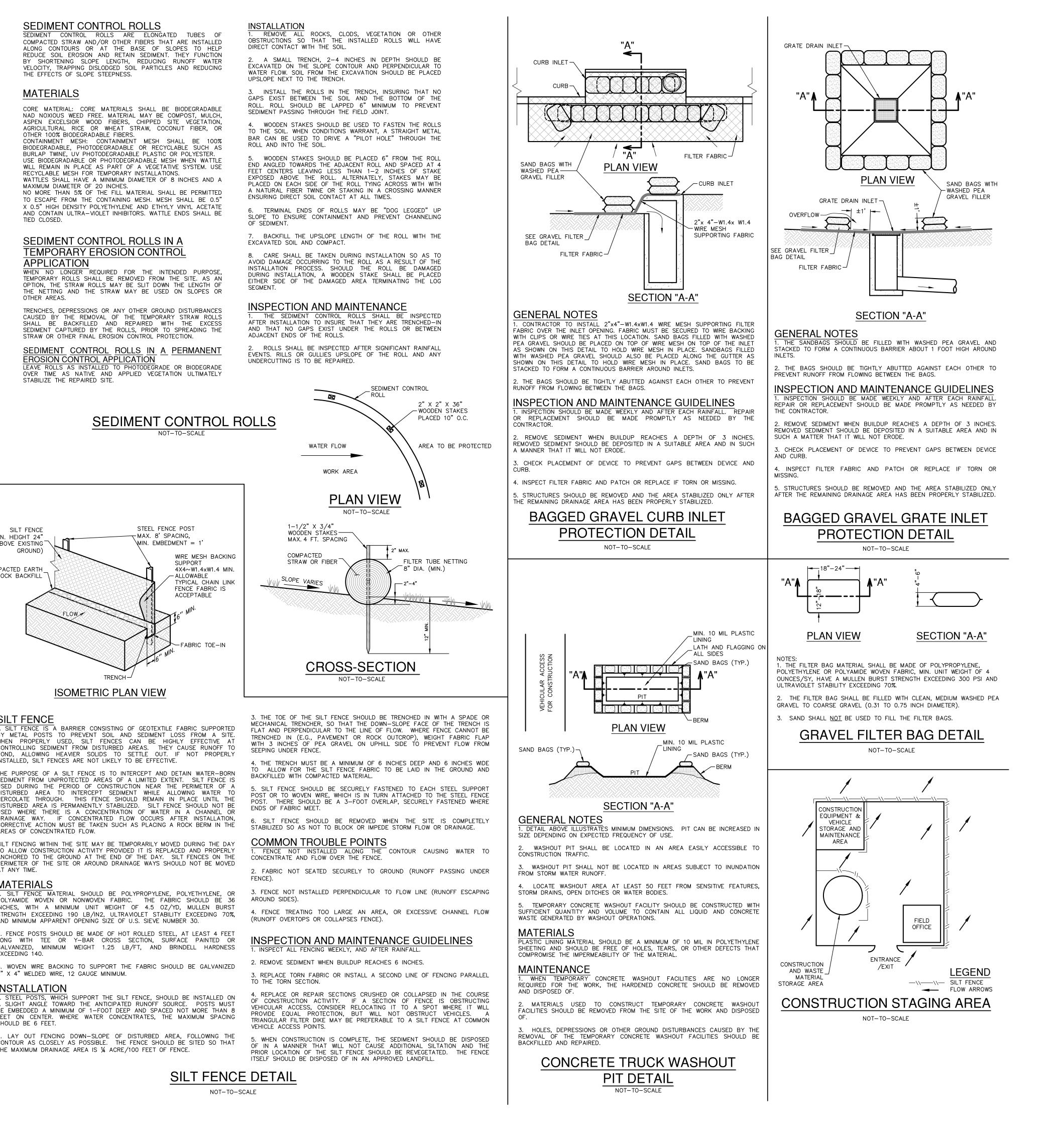
2" MAX.

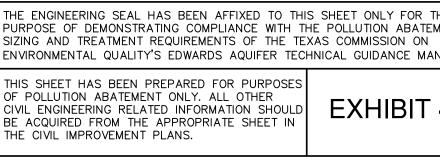
ADJACENT ENDS OF THE ROLLS.

UNDERCUTTING IS TO BE REPAIRED.

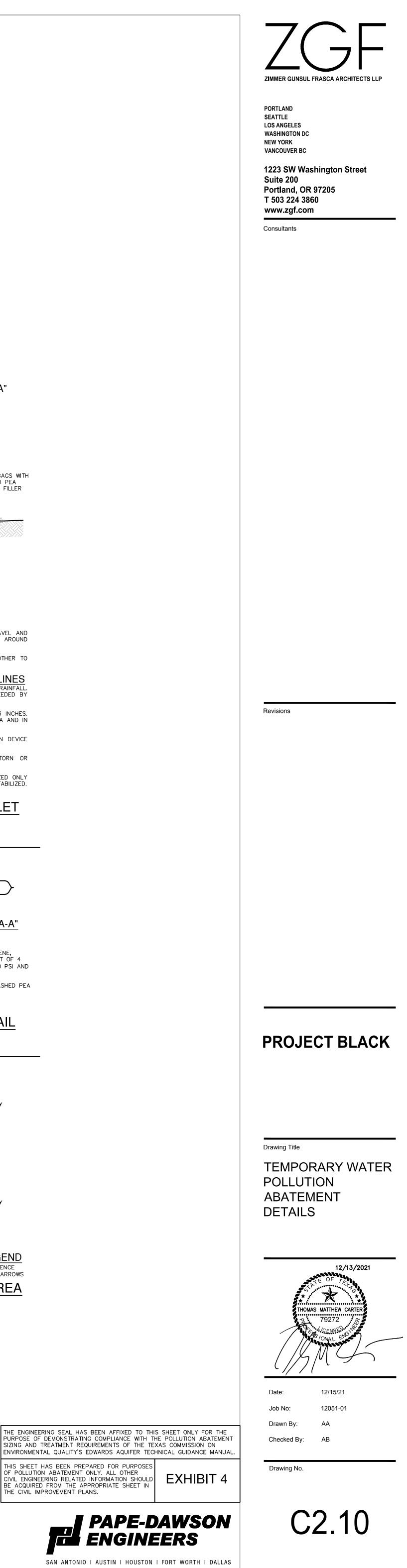
AVOID DAMAGE OCCURRING TO THE ROLL AS A RESULT OF THE

TERMINAL ENDS OF ROLLS MAY BE "DOG LEGGED" UP SLOPE TO ENSURE CONTAINMENT AND PREVENT CHANNELING OF SEDIMENT BACKFILL THE UPSLOPE LENGTH OF THE ROLL WITH THE EXCAVATED SOIL AND COMPACT.



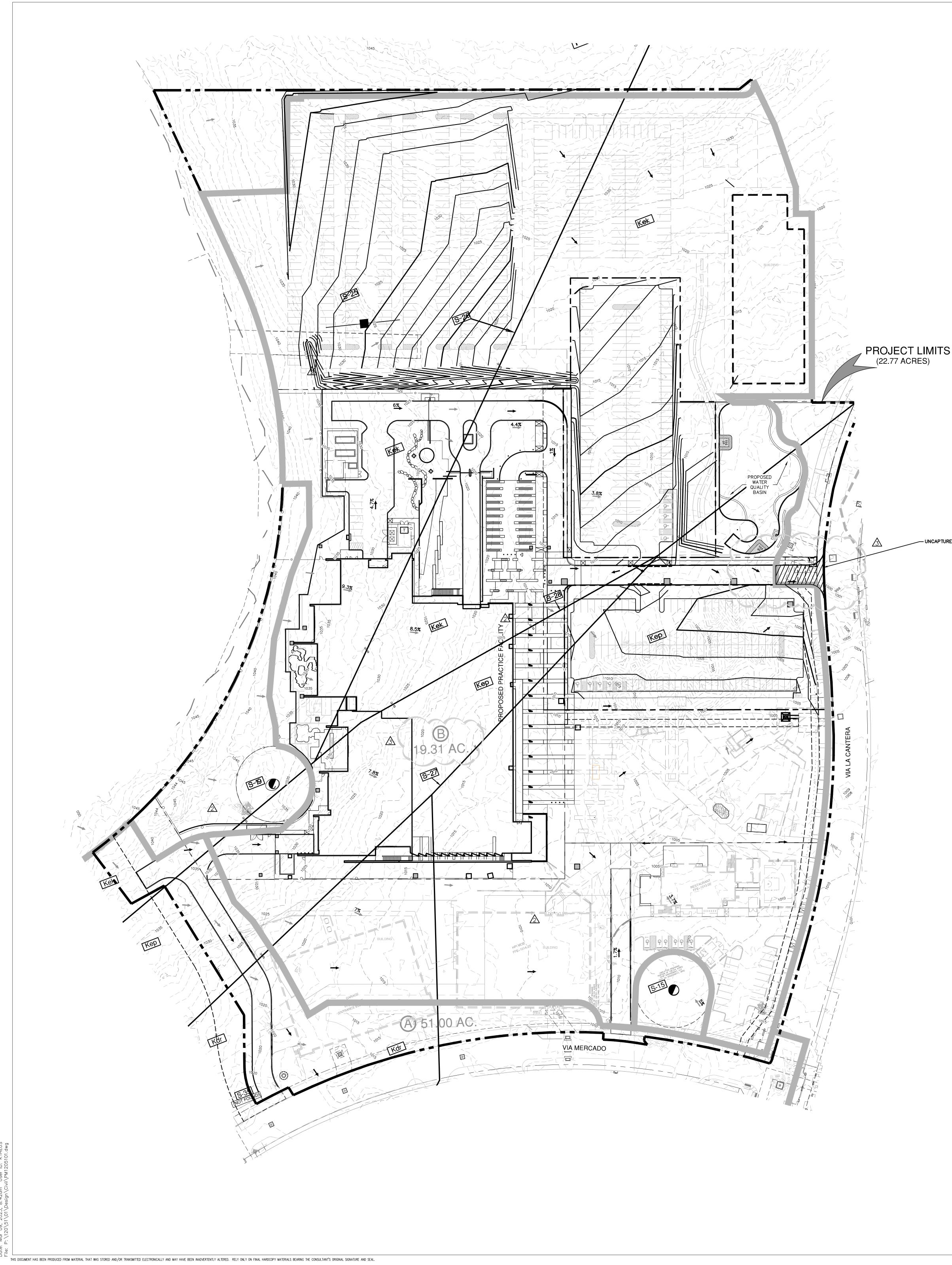


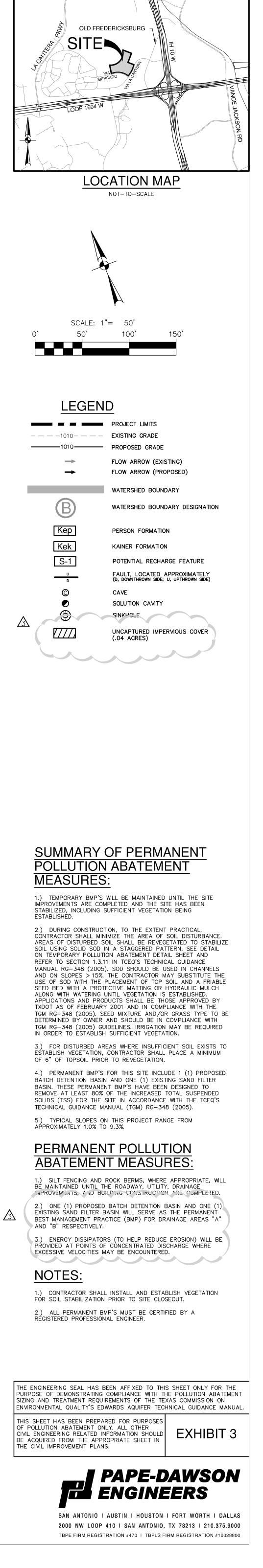


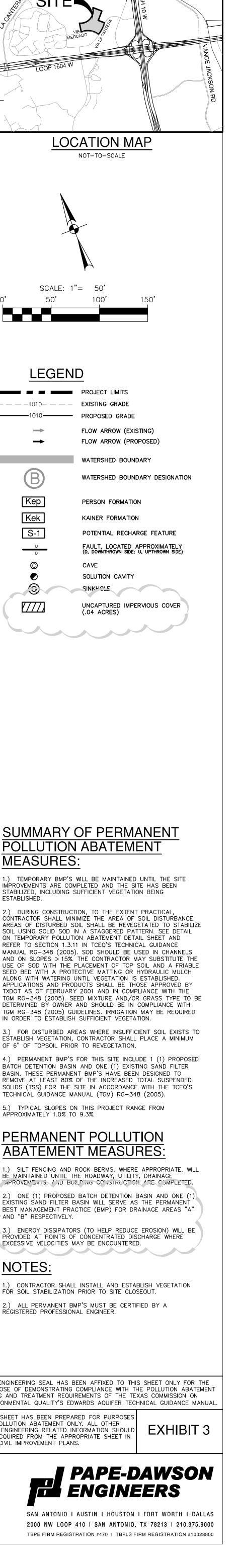


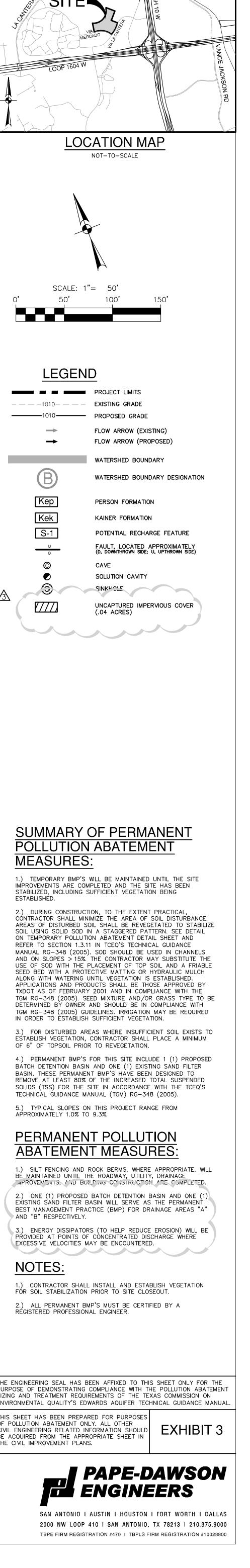
2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000 TBPE FIRM REGISTRATION #470 I TBPLS FIRM REGISTRATION #10028800

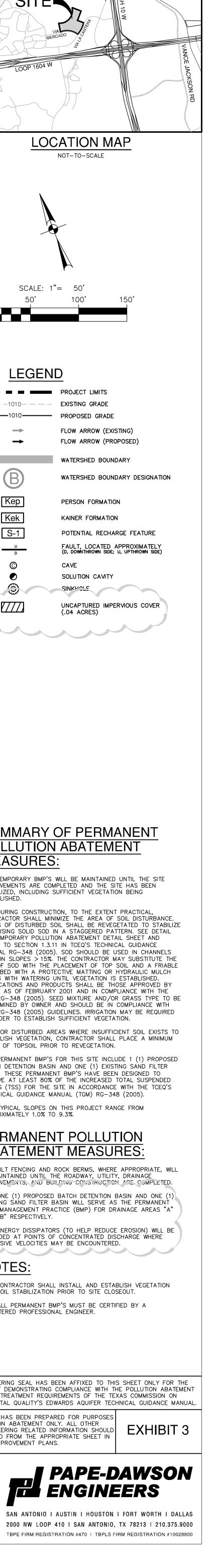
IFC SET



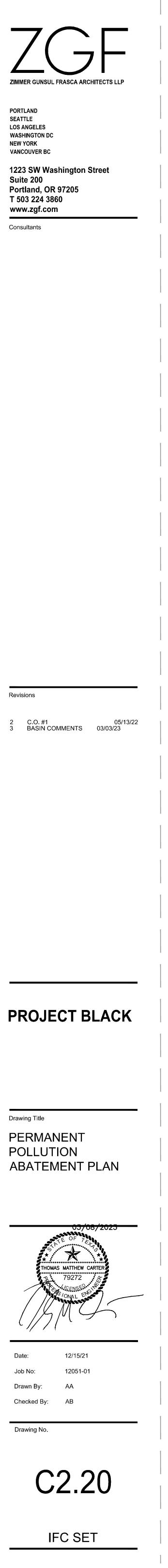


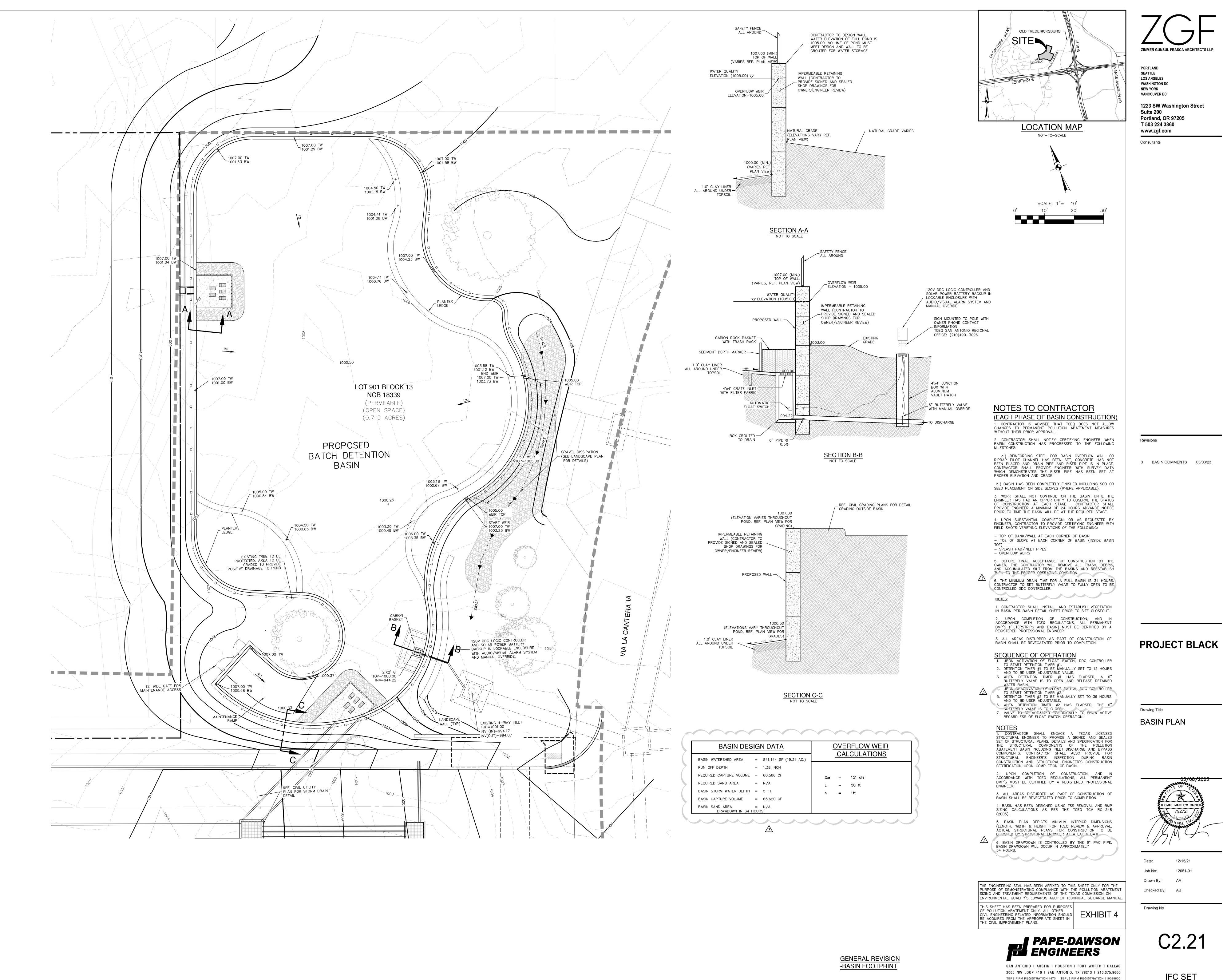






<u>GENERAL REVISION</u> $\cancel{3}$ contours, flow arrows and watershed updates ------

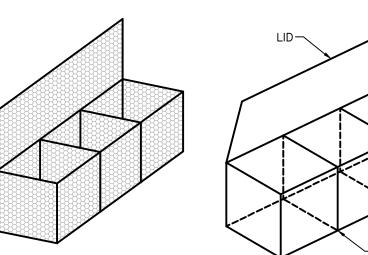


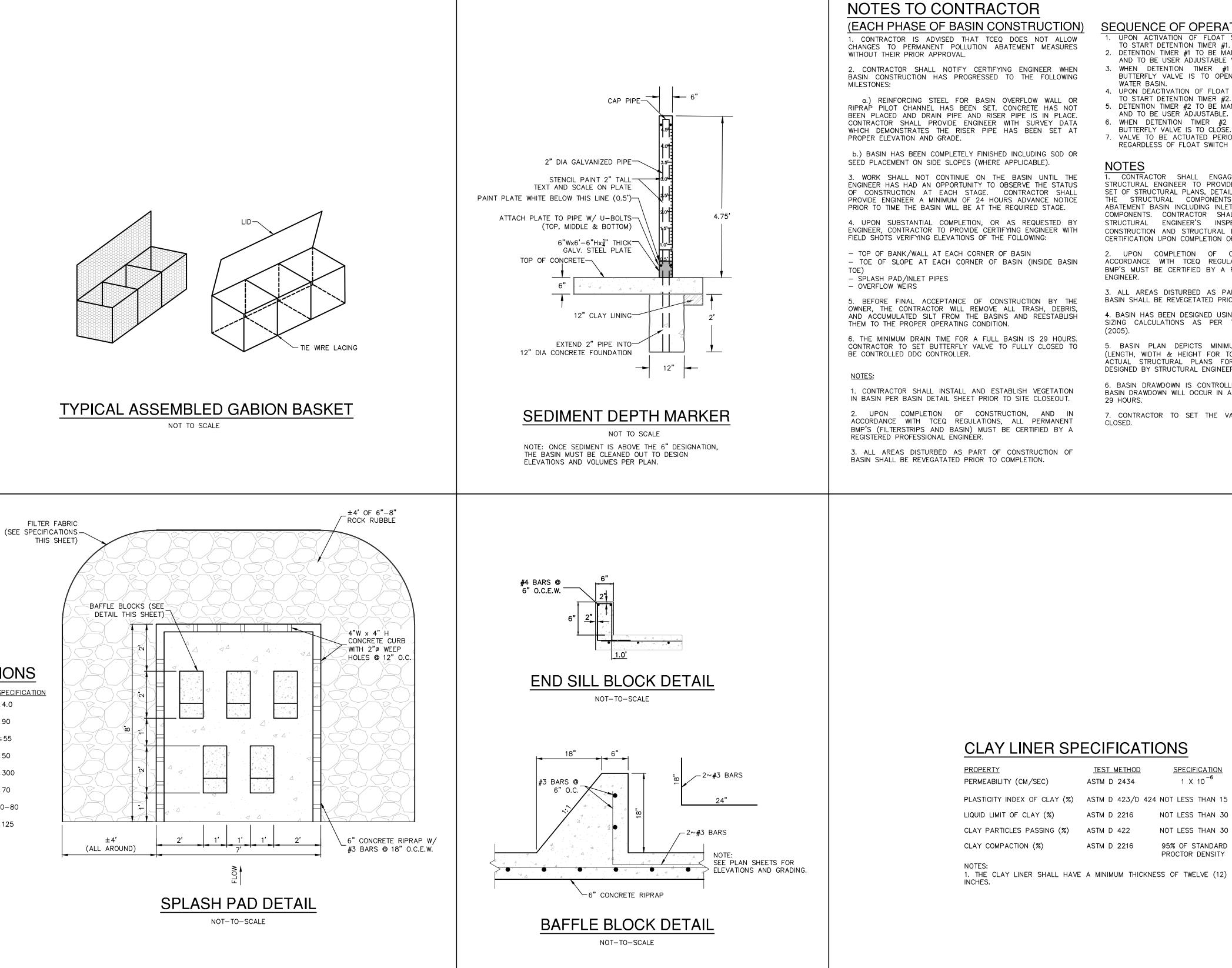


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IFC SET





FILTER FABRIC S	SPECIFICA	TIONS
<u>PROPERTY</u> WEIGHT (OZ/SY)	<u>TEST METHOD</u> ASTM D 5261	<u>SPECIFICATION</u> ≥ 4.0
GRAB STRENGTH (LBS.)	ASTM D 4632	≥90
ELONGATIONS (%)	ASTM D 4632	≤ 55

RAPEZOID TEAR (LBS)	ASTM D 4533	≥ 50
BR PUNCTURE STRENGTH (LBS)	ASTM D 6241	≥ 300
V RESISTANCE AFTER 500 HRS. (%)	ASTM D 4355	≥70
OS (SIEVE #)	ASTM D 4751	70-80
LOW RATE (GPM/SF)	ASTM D 4491	≥125

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SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

UPON ACTIVATION OF FLOAT SWITCH, DDC CONTROLLER TO START DETENTION TIMER #1. 2. DETENTION TIMER #1 TO BE MANUALLY SET TO 12 HOURS AND TO BE USER ADJUSTABLE VALUE. . WHEN DETENTION TIMER #1 HAS ELAPSED, A 6" - 3 BUTTERFLY VALVE IS TO OPEN AND RELEASE DETAINED WATER BASIN. 4. UPON DEACTIVATION OF FLOAT SWITCH, DDC CONTROLLER

TO START DETENTION TIMER #2. 5. DETENTION TIMER #2 TO BE MANUALLY SET TO 32 HOURS AND TO BE USER ADJUSTABLE. 6. WHEN DETENTION TIMER #2 HAS ELAPSED, THE 6" BUTTERFLY VALVE IS TO CLÖSE. 7. VALVE TO BE ACTUATED PERIODICALLY TO SHOW ACTIVE REGARDLESS OF FLOAT SWITCH OPERATION.

NOTES

1. CONTRACTOR SHALL ENGAGE A TEXAS LICENSED STRUCTURAL ENGINEER TO PROVIDE A SIGNED AND SEALED STRUCTURAL PLANS, DETAILS AND SPECIFICATION FOR THE STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS OF THE POLLUTION ABATEMENT BASIN INCLUDING INLET DISCHARGE AND BYPASS COMPONENTS. CONTRACTOR SHALL ALSO PROVIDE FOR STRUCTURAL ENGINEER'S INSPECTION DURING BASIN CONSTRUCTION AND STRUCTURAL ENGINEER'S CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATION UPON COMPLETION OF BASIN. 2. UPON COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION, AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH TCEQ REGULATIONS, ALL PERMANENT BMP'S MUST BE CERTIFIED BY A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER.

3. ALL AREAS DISTURBED AS PART OF CONSTRUCTION OF BASIN SHALL BE REVEGETATED PRIOR TO COMPLETION. 4. BASIN HAS BEEN DESIGNED USING TSS REMOVAL AND BMP SIZING CALCULATIONS AS PER THE TCEQ TGM RG-348 (2005).

5. BASIN PLAN DEPICTS MINIMUM INTERIOR DIMENSIONS (LENGTH, WIDTH & HEIGHT FOR TCEQ REVIEW & APPROVAL. ACTUAL STRUCTURAL PLANS FOR CONSTRUCTION TO BE DESIGNED BY STRUCTURAL ENGINEER AT A LATER DATE. 6. BASIN DRAWDOWN IS CONTROLLED BY THE 6" PVC PIPE. BASIN DRAWDOWN WILL OCCUR IN APPROXIMATELY 29 HOURS.

7. CONTRACTOR TO SET THE VALVE POSITION TO FULLY CLOSED.

CLAY LINER SPECIFICATIONS

	TEST METHOD ASTM D 2434	SPECIFICATION 1 X 10 ⁻⁶
AY (%)	ASTM D 423/D 4	24 NOT LESS THAN 15
)	ASTM D 2216	NOT LESS THAN 30
G (%)	ASTM D 422	NOT LESS THAN 30
	ASTM D 2216	95% OF STANDARD PROCTOR DENSITY

