VERAMENDI PRECINCT 27 UNIT 1

Sewage Collection System Modification Application



Transportation | Water Resources | Land Development | Surveying | Environmental



June 1, 2023

Ms. Lillian Butler Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Region 13 14250 Judson Road San Antonio, Texas 78233-4480

Re: Veramendi Precinct 27 Unit 1 Sewage Collection System Modification Application

Dear Ms. Butler:

Please find included herein the Veramendi Precinct 27 Unit 1 Sewage Collection System Modification Application. This Sewage Collection System Modification Application has been prepared to be consistent with the regulations of the Texas Administrative Code (30 TAC 213, 217 and 290) and current policies for development over the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone.

This Sewage Collection System Modification Application applies to the 539.72 linear feet of sewer main proposed as part of this project. Please review the plan information for the items it is intended to address. If acceptable, provide a written approval of the plan in order that construction may begin at the earliest opportunity.

Appropriate review fees (\$650) and fee application form are included. If you have questions or require additional information, please do not hesitate to contact me at your earliest convenience.

Sincerely, Pape-Dawson Engineers,

cilon Peniz

Jocelyn Perez, P.E. Vice President

Attachments

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Transportation | Water Resources | Land Development | Surveying | Environmental

VERAMENDI PRECINCT 27 UNIT 1

Sewage Collection System Modification Application





EDWARDS AQUIFER APPLICATION COVER PAGE (TCEQ-20705)

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page

Our Review of Your Application

The Edwards Aquifer Program staff conducts an administrative and technical review of all applications. The turnaround time for administrative review can be up to 30 days as outlined in 30 TAC 213.4(e). Generally administrative completeness is determined during the intake meeting or within a few days of receipt. The turnaround time for technical review of an administratively complete Edwards Aquifer application is 90 days as outlined in 30 TAC 213.4(e). Please know that the review and approval time is directly impacted by the quality and completeness of the initial application that is received. In order to conduct a timely review, it is imperative that the information provided in an Edwards Aquifer application include final plans, be accurate, complete, and in compliance with <u>30 TAC 213</u>.

Administrative Review

1. <u>Edwards Aquifer applications</u> must be deemed administratively complete before a technical review can begin. To be considered administratively complete, the application must contain completed forms and attachments, provide the requested information, and meet all the site plan requirements. The submitted application and plan sheets should be final plans. Please submit one full-size set of plan sheets with the original application, and half-size sets with the additional copies.

To ensure that all applicable documents are included in the application, the program has developed tools to guide you and web pages to provide all forms, checklists, and guidance. Please visit the below website for assistance: <u>http://www.tceq.texas.gov/field/eapp</u>.

- 2. This Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page form (certified by the applicant or agent) must be included in the application and brought to the administrative review meeting.
- 3. Administrative reviews are scheduled with program staff who will conduct the review. Applicants or their authorized agent should call the appropriate regional office, according to the county in which the project is located, to schedule a review. The average meeting time is one hour.
- 4. In the meeting, the application is examined for administrative completeness. Deficiencies will be noted by staff and emailed or faxed to the applicant and authorized agent at the end of the meeting, or shortly after. Administrative deficiencies will cause the application to be deemed incomplete and returned.

An appointment should be made to resubmit the application. The application is re-examined to ensure all deficiencies are resolved. The application will only be deemed administratively complete when all administrative deficiencies are addressed.

- 5. If an application is received by mail, courier service, or otherwise submitted without a review meeting, the administrative review will be conducted within 30 days. The applicant and agent will be contacted with the results of the administrative review. If the application is found to be administratively incomplete, it can be retrieved from the regional office or returned by regular mail. If returned by mail, the regional office may require arrangements for return shipping.
- 6. If the geologic assessment was completed before October 1, 2004 and the site contains "possibly sensitive" features, the assessment must be updated in accordance with the *Instructions to Geologists* (TCEQ-0585 Instructions).

Technical Review

- 1. When an application is deemed administratively complete, the technical review period begins. The regional office will distribute copies of the application to the identified affected city, county, and groundwater conservation district whose jurisdiction includes the subject site. These entities and the public have 30 days to provide comments on the application to the regional office. All comments received are reviewed by TCEQ.
- 2. A site assessment is usually conducted as part of the technical review, to evaluate the geologic assessment and observe existing site conditions. The site must be accessible to our staff. The site boundaries should be

clearly marked, features identified in the geologic assessment should be flagged, roadways marked and the alignment of the Sewage Collection System and manholes should be staked at the time the application is submitted. If the site is not marked the application may be returned.

- 3. We evaluate the application for technical completeness and contact the applicant and agent via Notice of Deficiency (NOD) to request additional information and identify technical deficiencies. There are two deficiency response periods available to the applicant. There are 14 days to resolve deficiencies noted in the first NOD. If a second NOD is issued, there is an additional 14 days to resolve deficiencies. If the response to the second notice is not received, is incomplete or inadequate, or provides new information that is incomplete or inadequate, the application must be withdrawn or will be denied. Please note that because the technical review is underway, whether the application is withdrawn or denied **the application fee will be forfeited**.
- 4. The program has 90 calendar days to complete the technical review of the application. If the application is technically adequate, such that it complies with the Edwards Aquifer rules, and is protective of the Edwards Aquifer during and after construction, an approval letter will be issued. Construction or other regulated activity may not begin until an approval is issued.

Mid-Review Modifications

It is important to have final site plans prior to beginning the permitting process with TCEQ to avoid delays.

Occasionally, circumstances arise where you may have significant design and/or site plan changes after your Edwards Aquifer application has been deemed administratively complete by TCEQ. This is considered a "Mid-Review Modification". Mid-Review Modifications may require redistribution of an application that includes the proposed modifications for public comment.

If you are proposing a Mid-Review Modification, two options are available:

- If the technical review has begun your application can be denied/withdrawn, your fees will be forfeited, and the plan will have to be resubmitted.
- TCEQ can continue the technical review of the application as it was submitted, and a modification application can be submitted at a later time.

If the application is denied/withdrawn, the resubmitted application will be subject to the administrative and technical review processes and will be treated as a new application. The application will be redistributed to the affected jurisdictions.

Please contact the regional office if you have questions. If your project is located in Williamson, Travis, or Hays County, contact TCEQ's Austin Regional Office at 512-339-2929. If your project is in Comal, Bexar, Medina, Uvalde, or Kinney County, contact TCEQ's San Antonio Regional Office at 210-490-3096

Please fill out all required fields below and submit with your application.

1. Regulated Entity Name:							2. Regulated Entity No.:			
3. Customer Name:				4. Customer No.:						
5. Project Type: (Please circle/check one)	New	(Modification		D	Extension		Exception		
6. Plan Type: (Please circle/check one)	WPAP	CZP	SCS	UST	AST	EXP	EXT	Technical Clarification	Optional Enhanced Measures	
7. Land Use: (Please circle/check one)	Resider	ntia	Non-residential			8. Site		e (acres):		
9. Application Fee:			10. Po	ermai	ient H	BMP(s):			
11. SCS (Linear Ft.):			12. AST/UST (No. Tanks):			nks):				
13. County:			14. W	aters	hed:					

Application Distribution

Instructions: Use the table below to determine the number of applications required. One original and one copy of the application, plus additional copies (as needed) for each affected incorporated city, county, and groundwater conservation district are required. Linear projects or large projects, which cross into multiple jurisdictions, can require additional copies. Refer to the "Texas Groundwater Conservation Districts within the EAPP Boundaries" map found at:

http://www.tceq.texas.gov/assets/public/compliance/field_ops/eapp/EAPP%20GWCD%20map.pdf

For more detailed boundaries, please contact the conservation district directly.

Austin Region									
County:	Hays	Travis	Williamson						
Original (1 req.)									
Region (1 req.)									
County(ies)									
Groundwater Conservation District(s)	Edwards Aquifer Authority Barton Springs/ Edwards Aquifer Hays Trinity Plum Creek	Barton Springs/ Edwards Aquifer	NA						
City(ies) Jurisdiction	Austin Buda Dripping Springs Kyle Mountain City San Marcos Wimberley Woodcreek	Austin Bee Cave Pflugerville Rollingwood Round Rock Sunset Valley West Lake Hills	Austin Cedar Park Florence Georgetown Jerrell Leander Liberty Hill Pflugerville Round Rock						

San Antonio Region								
County:	Bexar	Comal	Kinney	Medina	Uvalde			
Original (1 req.)								
Region (1 req.)								
County(ies)								
Groundwater Conservation District(s)	Edwards Aquifer Authority Trinity-Glen Rose	Edwards Aquifer Authority	Kinney	EAA Medina	EAA Uvalde			
City(ies) Jurisdiction	Castle Hills Fair Oaks Ranch Helotes Hill Country Village Hollywood Park San Antonio (SAWS) Shavano Park	Bulverde Fair Oaks Ranch Garden Ridge New Braunfels Schertz	NA	San Antonio ETJ (SAWS)	NA			

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I certify that to the best of my knowledge, that the application is complete and accurate. This application is hereby submitted to TCEQ for administrative review and technical review.

Print Name of Customer/Authorized Agent

Date

FOR TCEQ INTERNAL USE ONLY								
Date(s)Reviewed: Date Administratively Complete:								
Received From:		Correct Number of Copies:						
Received By:		Distribution Date:						
EAPP File Number:		Complex:						
Admin. Review(s) (No.):		No. AR Rounds:						
Delinquent Fees (Y/N):		Review Time Spent:						
Lat./Long. Verified:		SOS Customer Verification:						
Agent Authorization Complete/Notarized (Y/N):		Fee	Payable to TCEQ (Y/N):					
Core Data Form Complete (Y/N):		Check:	Signed (Y/N):					
Core Data Form Incomplete Nos.:		Less than 90 days old (Y/N):						

GENERAL INFORMATION FORM (TCEQ-0585)

General Information Form

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

For Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge and Transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.4(b) & §213.5(b)(2)(A), (B) Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **General Information Form** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review. The application was prepared by:

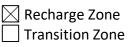
Print Name of Customer/Agent: <u>Jocelyn Perez, P.E.</u> Date: _____

Signature of Customer/Agent:

alzukenz

Project Information

- 1. Regulated Entity Name: Veramendi Precinct 27 Unit 1
- 2. County: Comal
- 3. Stream Basin: Blieders Creek
- 4. Groundwater Conservation District (If applicable): Edwards Aquifer
- 5. Edwards Aquifer Zone:



6. Plan Type:

WPAP	AST
\leq scs	🗌 UST
imes Modification	Exception Request

7. Customer (Applicant):

Contact Person: <u>Peter James</u> Entity: <u>Veramendi PE - Freemantle, LLC</u> Mailing Address: <u>PO Box 310699</u> City, State: <u>New Bruanfels, TX</u> Telephone: <u>(830) 660-4755</u> Email Address: <u>peter@asaproperties.us.com</u>

Zip: <u>78131</u> FAX: _____

8. Agent/Representative (If any):

Contact Person: Jocelyn Perez, P.E.Entity: Pape-Dawson EngineersMailing Address: 1672 Independence Dr, Ste 102City, State: New Braunfels, TXZip: 78132Telephone: (830) 632-5633FAX: ______Email Address: jperez@pape-dawson.com

9. Project Location:

The project site is located inside the city limits of _____.

The project site is located outside the city limits but inside the ETJ (extra-territorial jurisdiction) of <u>New Bruanfels</u>.

- The project site is not located within any city's limits or ETJ.
- 10. The location of the project site is described below. The description provides sufficient detail and clarity so that the TCEQ's Regional staff can easily locate the project and site boundaries for a field investigation.

<u>From TCEQ's regional office, turn left and proceed approximately 1.5 miles to IH-35</u> <u>north and turn left. Travel approximately 14.5 miles to exit 184 toward TX-337 and</u> <u>turn left. Proceed approximately 5.8 miles to River Rd on the left. Travel</u> <u>approximately 2 miles on River Rd to the project site. The project site is located</u> <u>approximately 0.5 miles SE of River Rd & Hueco Springs intersection.</u>

- 11. Attachment A Road Map. A road map showing directions to and the location of the project site is attached. The project location and site boundaries are clearly shown on the map.
- 12. Attachment B USGS / Edwards Recharge Zone Map. A copy of the official 7 ½ minute USGS Quadrangle Map (Scale: 1" = 2000') of the Edwards Recharge Zone is attached. The map(s) clearly show:

Project site boundaries.

USGS Quadrangle Name(s).

Boundaries of the Recharge Zone (and Transition Zone, if applicable).

Drainage path from the project site to the boundary of the Recharge Zone.

13. The TCEQ must be able to inspect the project site or the application will be returned. Sufficient survey staking is provided on the project to allow TCEQ regional staff to locate

TCEQ-0587 (Rev. 02-11-15)

2 of 4

the boundaries and alignment of the regulated activities and the geologic or manmade features noted in the Geologic Assessment.

Survey staking will be completed by this date: <u>once advised by TCEQ of site inspection</u>

14. Attachment C – Project Description. Attached at the end of this form is a detailed narrative description of the proposed project. The project description is consistent throughout the application and contains, at a minimum, the following details:

\boxtimes	Area of the site
\boxtimes	Offsite areas
	Impervious cover
	Permanent BMP(s)
\boxtimes	Proposed site use
	Site history
	Previous development
	Area(s) to be demolished

15. Existing project site conditions are noted below:

	Existing commercial site
	Existing industrial site
	Existing residential site
	Existing paved and/or unpaved roads
	Undeveloped (Cleared)
\boxtimes	Undeveloped (Undisturbed/Uncleared)
	Other:

Prohibited Activities

- 16. I am aware that the following activities are prohibited on the Recharge Zone and are not proposed for this project:
 - (1) Waste disposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 of this title (relating to Underground Injection Control);
 - (2) New feedlot/concentrated animal feeding operations, as defined in 30 TAC §213.3;
 - (3) Land disposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC §335.1;
 - (4) The use of sewage holding tanks as parts of organized collection systems; and
 - (5) New municipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I standards which are defined in §330.41(b), (c), and (d) of this title (relating to Types of Municipal Solid Waste Facilities).
 - (6) New municipal and industrial wastewater discharges into or adjacent to water in the state that would create additional pollutant loading.
- 17. I am aware that the following activities are prohibited on the Transition Zone and are not proposed for this project:

- (1) Waste disposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 (relating to Underground Injection Control);
- (2) Land disposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC §335.1; and
- (3) New municipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I standards which are defined in §330.41 (b), (c), and (d) of this title.

Administrative Information

18. The fee for the plan(s) is based on:

- For a Water Pollution Abatement Plan or Modification, the total acreage of the site where regulated activities will occur.
- For an Organized Sewage Collection System Plan or Modification, the total linear footage of all collection system lines.
- For a UST Facility Plan or Modification or an AST Facility Plan or Modification, the total number of tanks or piping systems.
- A request for an exception to any substantive portion of the regulations related to the protection of water quality.
- A request for an extension to a previously approved plan.
- 19. Application fees are due and payable at the time the application is filed. If the correct fee is not submitted, the TCEQ is not required to consider the application until the correct fee is submitted. Both the fee and the Edwards Aquifer Fee Form have been sent to the Commission's:

🔀 TCEQ cashier

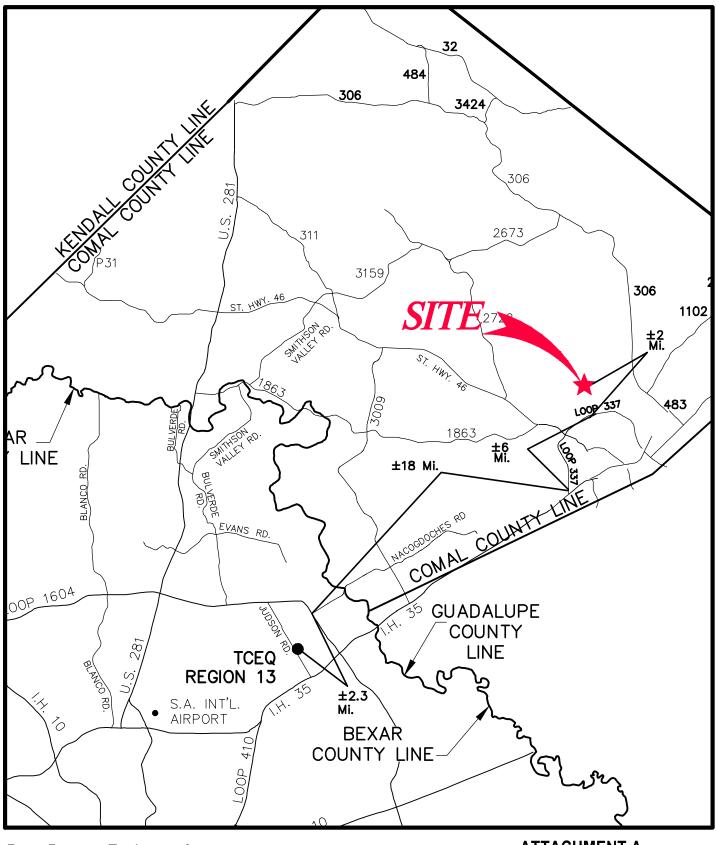
Austin Regional Office (for projects in Hays, Travis, and Williamson Counties) San Antonio Regional Office (for projects in Bexar, Comal, Kinney, Medina, and Uvalde Counties)

- 20. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
- 21. No person shall commence any regulated activity until the Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan(s) for the activity has been filed with and approved by the Executive Director.

ATTACHMENT A

VERAMENDI PRECINCT 27 UNIT 1 Sewage Collection System Modification Application

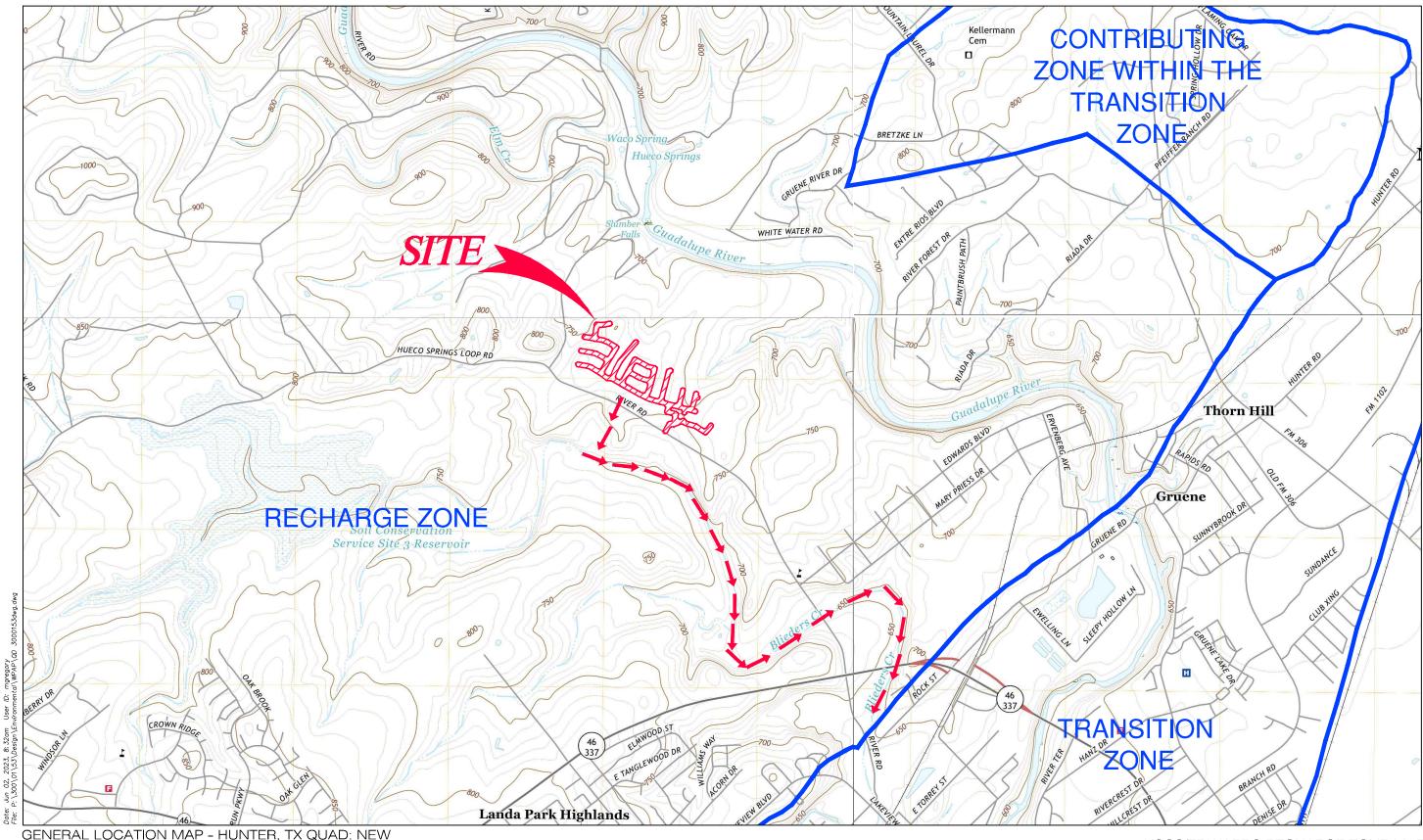




Pape-Dawson Engineers, Inc. Date: Jan 26, 2023, 3:40pm User ID: mgregory File: P: \300\01\53\Design\Environmental\WPAP\RM 3000153.dwg ATTACHMENT A Road Map

ATTACHMENT B

VERAMENDI PRECINCT 27 UNIT 1 Sewage Collection System Modification Application





USGS/EDWARDS RECHARGE ZONE MAP ATTACHMENT B

ATTACHMENT C

VERAMENDI PRECINCT 27 UNIT 1 Sewage Collection System Modification Application

Attachment C – Project Description

The Veramendi Precinct 27 Unit 1 Sewage Collection System (SCS) Modification is a modification of the previously approved Veramendi Precinct 27 Unit 1 & Precinct 30 Unit 1 Water Pollution Abatement Plan (WPAP) and Sewage Collection System (SCS) application, approved on April 6, 2023, for the construction of a single-family residential development with an associated 8,540.05 linear feet (LF) of sewer pipe for the sewage collection system. This approved 99.92-acre project is located approximately 0.5 miles southeast of River Rd and Hueco Springs intersection within the Extra-Territorial Jurisdiction of the City of New Braunfels in Comal County, Texas, and is located entirely over the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone. The site lies within the Blieders Creek watershed and does not contain 100-year floodplain. There were no naturally occurring sensitive geological features identified within the project limits of the Geologic Assessment.

The Veramendi Precinct 27 Unit 1 SCS was previously approved for 8,540.05 linear feet (LF) of sewer main to serve the approved development and included 539.72 LF of 4" pressure rated C900 force main pipe. The force main was approved to be installed as part of the residential street construction but proposed to be plugged with no flows. This Veramendi Precinct 27 Unit 1 SCS Modification proposes to upsize the 4" force main to 6" pressure rated C900 force main pipe due to flow requirements for the future lift station. This 6" force main is proposed to be installed concurrently with the previously approved plans, and still proposes no flows through the pipe. Regulated activities proposed include excavation, construction of sewer mains, backfill, and compaction. Approximately 19.6 acres may be disturbed for the SCS installation, which includes this modified section, as identified by the limits of the fifty-foot (50') SCS/GA envelope shown on the plans.



GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT FORM (TCEQ-0585)

Geologic Site Assessment (WPAP) for Regulated Activities / Development on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge / Transition Zone

<u>The Veramendi Subdivision</u> +/- 2,400 Acres New Braunfels, Texas

FROST GEOSCIENCES CONTROL # FGS-E10139

May 9, 2017

Prepared exclusively for

ASA Properties, LLC 2021 SH 46, Suite 101 New Braunfels, Texas 78132



Geotechnical = Construction Materials Forensics = Environmental

13402 Western Oak • Helotes, Texas 78023 • Phone: (210) 372-1315 • Fax: (210) 372-1318



13402 Western Oak Helotes, Texas 78023 Phone (210) 372-1315 Fax (210) 372-1318 www.frostgeosciences.com TBPE Firm Registration # F-9227 TBPG Firm Registration # 50040

May 9, 2017

ASA Properties, LLC 2021 SH 46, Suite 101 New Braunfels, Texas 78132

Attn: Mr. Max Hartford

Re: Geologic Site Assessment (WPAP) for Regulated Activities / Development on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge / Transition Zone The Veramendi Subdivision +/- 2,400 Acres New Braunfels, Texas

Frost GeoSciences, Inc. Control # FGS-E10139

Dear Sir:

Attached is a copy of the Geologic Assessment Report completed for the above referenced project site as it relates to 30 TAC §2I3.5(b)(3), effective June I, 1999. Our investigation was conducted and this report was prepared in general accordance with the "Instructions to Geologists", TCEQ-0585-Instructions (Rev. 10-1-04). The results of our investigation, along with any recommendations for Best Management Practices (BMP's), are provided in the following report.

If you have any questions regarding this report, or if Frost GeoSciences, Inc. may be of additional assistance to you on this project, please feel free to call our office. It has been a pleasure to work with you and we wish to thank you for the opportunity to be of service to you on this project. We look forward to being of continued service.



Distribution: (I) ASA Properties, LLC (5) Pape Dawson Engineers Sincerely, Frost GeoSciences, Inc.

Steve Frost, C.P.G., P.G. President, Senior Geologist

Table of Contents

GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT FORM 1
STRATIGRAPHIC COLUMN
GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT TABLE
LOCATION
METHODOLOGY
RESEARCH & OBSERVATIONS 13
7.5 Minute Quadrangle Map Review 13
Recharge/Transition Zone
100-Year Floodplain
Soils
Narrative Description of the Site Geology
BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES
DISCLAIMER
REFERENCES

APPENDIX

A:

Plate I:	Site Plan
Plate 2:	Street Map
Plate 3:	USGS Topographic Map
Plate 4:	Official Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone Map
Plate 5:	FEMA Flood Map
Plate 6:	1973 Aerial Photograph, 1"=2000'
Plate 7:	Geologic Map
Plate 8:	2010 Aerial Photograph, 1"=2000'
Plate 9:	2010 Aerial Photograph with PRF's, 1"=500M

B: Site Photographs

C: Site Geologic Map

May 9, 2017 The Veramendi Subdivision Table of Contents

Geotechnical = Construction Materials = Forensics = Environmental

Geologic Assessment

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

For Regulated Activities on The Edwards Aquifer Recharge/transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(3), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

Geot

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. My signature certifies that I am qualified as a geologist as defined by 30 TAC Chapter 213.

Print Name of Geologist: <u>Steve Frost. C.P.G.</u> Telephone: (210) 372-13	15
Date: May 9, 2017 Fax: (210) 372-1318	
Representing: Frost GeoSciences, Inc.	TE OF TEXA
Signature of Geologist:	Steve M. Frost Geology License No. 315
Project Information	ONAL * GEOS
1. Date(s) Geologic Assessment was performed: June 16 through Novemb	<u>per 23, 2</u> 010
2. Type of Project:	
WPAP AST SCS UST 3. Location of Project:	
 Recharge Zone Transition Zone Contributing Zone within the Transition Zone 	
$TOFO_0FRE(Dov_02, 11, 15)$	1 of 3
TCEQ-0585 (Rev.02-11-15) echnical = Construction Materials = Forensics = Environmental	May 9, 2017 The Veramendi Subdivision Page 1

- 4. Attachment A Geologic Assessment Table. Completed Geologic Assessment Table (Form TCEQ-0585-Table) is attached.
- 5. ✓ Soil cover on the project site is summarized in the table below and uses the SCS Hydrologic Soil Groups* (Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds, Technical Release No. 55, Appendix A, Soil Conservation Service, 1986). If there is more than one soil type on the project site, show each soil type on the site Geologic Map or a separate soils map.

Table 1 - Soil Units, InfiltrationCharacteristics and Thickness

Soil Name	Group*	Thickness(feet)
Rumple-Comfort Association Undulating (RUD)	C/D	1 to 2
Comfort Rock Outcrop Complex Undulating (CrD)	D/D	0 to 2
Brackett-Rock Outclop-Comfort Complex Unclulating (E	ID) C/D/D	0 to 2
Lewisville Silty Clay, 1 to 3 Percent Slopes (LeB)	В	2+
Medlin-Eckrant Assoc. (MED/MEC)	D	1.2
Orit Solls	A	2+

- * Soil Group Definitions (Abbreviated)
 - A. Soils having a high infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
 - B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
 - C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
 - D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
- 6. Attachment B Stratigraphic Column. A stratigraphic column showing formations, members, and thicknesses is attached. The outcropping unit, if present, should be at the top of the stratigraphic column. Otherwise, the uppermost unit should be at the top of the stratigraphic column.
- 7. Attachment C Site Geology. A narrative description of the site specific geology including any features identified in the Geologic Assessment Table, a discussion of the potential for fluid movement to the Edwards Aquifer, stratigraphy, structure(s), and karst characteristics is attached.
- 8. Attachment D Site Geologic Map(s). The Site Geologic Map must be the same scale as the applicant's Site Plan. The minimum scale is 1": 400'

Applicant's Site Plan Scale: 1" = 400'Site Geologic Map Scale: 1" = 400'Site Soils Map Scale (if more than 1 soil type): 1" = 2000'

9. Method of collecting positional data:

Global Positioning System (GPS) technology.

- ✓ Other method(s). Please describe method of data collection: 2010 Aerial Photograph
- 10. 🖌 The project site and boundaries are clearly shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map.
- 11. 🗹 Surface geologic units are shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map.

TCEQ-0585 (Rev.02-11-15)

2 of 3 May 9, 2017 The Veramendi Subdivision Page 2

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12. ✓ Geologic or manmade features were discovered on the project site during the field investigation. They are shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map and are described in the attached Geologic Assessment Table.

Geologic or manmade features were not discovered on the project site during the field investigation.

- 13. 🖌 The Recharge Zone boundary is shown and labeled, if appropriate.
- 14. All known wells (test holes, water, oil, unplugged, capped and/or abandoned, etc.): If applicable, the information must agree with Item No. 20 of the WPAP Application Section.

✓ There are <u>9</u> (#) wells present on the project site and the locations are shown and labeled. (Check all of the following that apply.)

The wells are not in use and have been properly abandoned.

Z The wells are not in use and will be properly abandoned.

2 The wells are in use and comply with 16 TAC Chapter 76.

There are no wells or test holes of any kind known to exist on the project site.

Administrative Information

15. ✓ Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.

TCEQ-0585 (Rev.02-11-15)

3 of 3 May 9, 2017 The Veramendi Subdivision Page 3

Geotechnical • Construction Materials • Forensics • Environmental

Stratigraphic Column

[Hydrogeologic subdivisions modified from Maclay and Small (1976); groups, formations, and members modified from Rose (1972); lithology modified from Dunham (1962); and porosity type modified from Choquette and Pray (1970). CU, confining unit; AQ, aquifer]

	Hydrogeologic subdivision				Group, ormation, r member	Hydro- logic function	Thickness (feet)	Lithology	Field Identification	Cavern development	Porosity/ permeability type	
Upper Cretaceous	Upper confining units		ing		Ford Group	CU	30 - 50	Brown, flaggy shale and argillaceous limestone	Thin flagstones; petroliferous	None	Primary porosity lost/ low permeability	
					imestone	CU	40 – 50	Buff, light gray, dense mudstone	Porcelancous limestone with calcite-filled veins	Minor surface karst	Low porosity/low permeability	
			De	Del Rio Clay		CU	40 - 50	Blue-green to yellow-brown clay	Fossiliferous; Ilymatogyra arietina	None	None/primary upper confining unit	
	1			-	town ation	Karst AQ; not karst CU	2 20	Reddish-brown, gray to light tan marly limestone	Marker fossil; <i>Waconella</i> wacoensis	None	Low porosity/low permeability	
	11			6	Cyclic and marine members, undivided	AQ	80 - 90	Mudstone to packstone; <i>miltolid</i> grainstone; chert	Thin graded cycles; massive beds to relatively thin beds; crossbeds	Many subsurface; might be associated with carlier karst development	Laterally extensive; both fabric and not fabric/water-yielding	
	111	Edwards aquifer Edwards Group Darror Franniss	Edwards Group		Leached and collapsed members, undivided	AQ	70 – 90	Crystalline limestone; mudstone to grainstone; chert; collapsed breecia	Bioturbated iron- stained beds separated by massive litnestone beds; stromatolitic limestone	Extensive lateral development: large rooms	Majority not fabric/one of the most permeable	
SUO	IV				Regional dense member	си	20 – 24	Dense, argillaccous mudstone	Wispy iron-oxide stains	Very few; only vertical fracture enlargement	Not fabric/low permeability; vertical barrier	
Lower Cretaceous	v				Grainstone member	ΛQ	50 - 60	Miliolid grainstone; mudstone to wackestone; chert	White crossbedded grainstone	Few	Not fabric/ recrystallization reduces permeability	
Low	VI				ation	ation	Kirschberg evaporite member	ΛQ	50 – 60	Highly altered crystalline limestone; chalky mudstone; chert	Boxwork voids, with neospar and travertine frame	Probably extensive cave development
	VII	VII		Kainer Formation	Dolomitic member	AQ	110 - 130	Mudstone to grainstone; crystalline limestone; chert	Massively bedded light gray, <i>Toucasia</i> abundant	Caves related to structure or bedding planes	Mostly not fabric; some bedding plane- fabric/water-yielding	
	VIII			K	Basal nodular member	Karst AQ; not karst CU	50 60	Shaly, nodular limestone; mudstone and miliolid grainstone	Massive, nodular and mottled, Exogyra texana	Large lateral caves at surface; a few caves near Cibolo Creek	Fabric; stratigraphically controlled/large conduit flow at surface; no permeability in subsurface	
	Low confin uni	ing	GI	er m en R nest		CU; evaporite beds AQ	350 – 500	Yellowish tan, thinly bedded limestone and marl	Stair-step topography; alternating limestone and marl	Some surface cave development	Some water production at evaporite beds/relatively impermeable	

Geotechnical « Construction Materials » Forensics » Environmental

May 9, 2017 The Veramendi Subdivision Page 4

	SETTING	12	TOPOGRAPHY		Hillside	Hillside	Hillside	Hillside	Drainage	Drainage	Drainage	Hillside	Hillside	Hillside	Hillside	Hillside	Hillside	Hillside	Hillside	Hillside	Hillside	Floodplain	Floodplain			7	May 9, 2017 The Veramendi Subdivision Page 5						
FGS-E10139	PHYSICAL	11	CATCHMENT AREA (ACRES)	<u>>1.6</u>					×	x	×		×			_			- 24									×	×			ן פּ	e Veram
FGS-F	4		CATCH	<1.6	×	×	×	×				×		×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×					Ч	L L
	EVALUATION	10	SENSITIVITY	< 40 > 40	15	15	32	37	37	37	37	37	15	15	37	32	30	15	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	15	32	37	37			Sheet _	
	EVALI	6	TOTAL	-	15	15	32	37	37	37	37	37	15	15	37	32	30	15	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	15	32	37	37				
sion		8B	RELATIVE INFILTRATION RATE	_	10	10	12	7		7	7	7	10	10	7	12	10	10	7	7	7	7	7	7	. 2	10	12	7	7				
ubdivi		8A			Ľ	Ľ	Ľ	×	×	×	×	×	Ľ	Ľ	×	0/F	O/F	X	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	C/F	O/F	×	×		ė.,	2017	
The Veramendi Subdivision		7	APERTURE 1 (FEET)			,			,		,		,	-		-		,		,		,			-		-		_			Mav 9,	
Veram	S	9	DENSITY API (NO/FTP) (-	_		_				_				_			_	_		_		-		_	_		_	_			2	TCEQ-0585-Table (Rev. 10-1-04)
The	RISTI	5A	DOM NOC	10		-			-		-		-		-			-							-	-			_			Date_	ev. 10
	ACTE	5 5		-																										4			ble (R
PROJECT NAME:	FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS	-	TTREND (DEGREES)	2	ß	_	2	_	2	_	_		6+	0		1.5	1.5	2	~	_	_	_	_		~	Ŋ	2		2			1	TCEQ-0585-Tat
N	TURE	4	DIMENSIONS (FEET)	>	60 1.	20	3	3	0	3	3	3	200 6	4	3	2.5 1.		4	0		3	33	3	3	m	50 1.	2	3	0	1			-0F
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Ц		2B	POINTS		ы	N	20	30	30	30	30	30	ß	S	30	20	20	N	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	N	20	30	30			Dati	
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ASSESSMEN		3*	LONGITUDE		98° 09.282'	98° 09.291	98° 09.362'	98° 09.412'	98° 08.837	98° 08.902'	98° 08.978	98° 09.153'	98° 08.917'	98° 08.893	98° 09.052	98° 09.381'	98° 09.168°	98° 09.079	98° 09.096'	98° 09.138'	98° 09.174	98° 09.245'	98° 09.270'	98° 09.324'	98° 09.381'	98° 09.881'	98° 09.884'	98° 09.510'	98° 09.560°			1927 North American Datum (NAD27)	Sciences
GEULUGIC A	LOCATION	2*	LATITUDE		29 ⁰ 43.144 [°]	29° 43.193'	29° 43.218'	29° 43.253'	20° 43.635'	29° 43.650'	29° 43.660'	29° 43.600'	29° 43.497'	29° 43.610'	20° 43.545'	29° 43.298'	29° 43.539'	29 ⁰ 43.500'	29° 43.497'	29 ⁰ 43.464'	29 ⁰ 43.449'	29 ⁰ 43.424	29° 43.371'	20° 43.339'	29 ⁰ 43.298'	29° 43.708'	29 ⁰ 43.750'	29° 44.199'	29° 44.247				
З С		-	FEATURE		S-1	S-2	S-3	S-4	S-5	S-G	S-7	S-8	S-9	S-10	S-11	S-12	S-13	S-14	S-15	S-16	S-17	S-18	S-19	S-20	S-21	S-22	S-23	S-24	S-25			* DATUM	Frost Geo

139	ICAL SETTING		rarea Topography	<u>>1.6</u>	X Floodplain	Hillside	X Floodplain		X Hillside	Hillside	Hillside	Hillside	Hillside	Hillside	X Floodplain	X Floodplain	X Floodplain	Hillside	Hilltop	Hillside	Hillside	Hillside	Hillside	Hillside	Hillside	Hillside	X Drainage	X Drainage	X Drainage		of 7	May 9, 2017 The Veramendi Subdivision
FGS-E10139	PHYSICAL	11	CATCHMENT AREA (ACRES)	<1.6		х		X		Х	X	×	×	×		ж - А		×	×	X	×	×	×	×	×	×	_		_	9	2	The Vi
R	N			> 40				65									50		65	65											et	
	EVALUATION	10	SENSITIVITY	< 40	37	32	37		15	32	37	37	37	37	37	37		34			15	37	32	37	37	37	37	35	37		Sheet	
	EVAL	6	TOTAL		37	32	37	65	15	32	37	37	37	37	37	37	50	34	65	65	15	37	32	37	37	37	37	35	37			
LIOISI		8B	RELATIVE INFILTRATION RATE	2	7	12	7	35	10	12	1	7	7	4	7	7	20	4	35	35	10	7	12	7	7	7	2	20	7			
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The	RISTI	5A	DOM DEV NO	10	-	-	-						-			-	,			,						-	-	10 1	-		Date_	ev 10
	FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS	5 5	TREND (DEGREES) ^{D(}	-			_																					400	_			hle (R
	CHAF									<u>د</u> ا														_				Z	_		T	85-Ta
	TURE	4	DIMENSIONS (FEET)	Y Z	; S	1 3	с. З	.75 2	55 4	3 3.5	3 2	3	3 2	3 7	3 7	3 2	800	225	.75 7	0.75 2	140 5	: 3	1	75	20	3 2	3 2	20	3 7			0-0-
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GEOLUGIC ASSESSMENT	N	3*			98° 09.382'	98° 09.970	98° 09.317	98° 09.493'	98° 09.483	98° 10.082'	98° 10.049'	98° 09.963'	98° 09.888	98° 09.825'	98° 09.671	98° 09.782'	98° 09.450'	98° 09.285'	98° 09.046'	98° 08.925'	98° 08.907	98° 08.735'	98° 08.736	98° 08.719'	98° 08.7138'	98° 08.737	98° 08.743	98° 08.678	98° 08.672'		1927 North American Datum (NAD27)	Sabna
EULUGIU A	LOCATION	2*	LATITUDE		29° 44.148'	29° 43.909'	29° 44.178	29° 44.163'	29° 44.160'	29° 43.939'	29° 44.000	29° 44.056	29° 44.107'	29 ⁰ 44.147	29 ⁰ 44.184	29° 44.118'	29° 44.222'	29° 44.121'	29° 43.882'	29° 43.857'	29° 43.845'	29° 43.657'	29° 43.656'	29 ⁰ 43.680'	29° 43.693'	29° 43.692'	29° 43.718'	29° 43.766'	29° 43.770			Frost GeoSciences
פֿ		-	FEATURE		S-26	S-27	S-28	S-29	S-30	S-31	S-32	S-33	S-34	S-35	S-36	S-37	S-38	S-39	S-40	S-41	S-42	S-43	S-44	S-45	S-46	S-47	S-48	S-49	S-50		* DATUM	150

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	LOCATION	N				FE	\TURE	FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS	CTER	ISTICS				EV	EVALUATION	<u> </u>	PHYSICAL	
-	2*	3 *	2A .	2B	S		4	5	5A	9	7	8A	88	6	10		11	
FEATURE	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	FEATURE POINTS	POINTS	FORMATION	DIMENS	DIMENSIONS (FEET)	TT (DEGREES)	NOD (S	DENSITY (NO/FT*)	APERTURE (FEET)	INFILL	RELATIVE INFILTRATION RATE	TOTAL	SENSITIVITY		CATCHMENT AREA (ACRES)	TOPOGRAPHY
						×	۲ ۲	z	10						< 40 > 40	<u>40</u> <1.6	6 <u>>1.6</u>	
S-51	29° 43.771	98° 08.654'	MB	30	Kep	3	20 3	3				C	25	55	55		×	Drainage
S-52	20° 43.773	98° 08.625	OFR	ß	Kep	10	15	- N 1150	•	1 / 1.5	0.08	C/F	25	30	30		×	Drainage
S-53	29° 43.775	98° 08.617'	MB	30	Kep	ŝ	3			•		x	7	37	37		×	Drainage
S-54	29° 43.818'	98° 08.588'	SCZ	30	Kep	10 1	100	•	•			O/F	1	37	37	×		Hillside
S-55	29° 43.883	98° 08.597	MB	30	Kep	З	3	- 2	•			x	7	37	37		×	Drainage
S-56	29° 43.937	98° 08.605	MB	30	Kep	с		- 2	•	•		х	7	37	37		×	Drainage
S-57	29° 43.925	98° 08.452'	CD	IJ	Kep	10	15 1.	1.5	•	,		Ŀ	10	15	15	×	-	Hillside
S-58	29° 43.939'	98° 08.372'	CD	ß	Kep	30 4	40 2	2 .	•	•		Ľ	10	15	15	X		Hillside
S-50	29° 43.975	98° 08.580'	MB	30	Kep	ю	e		•		,	х	7	37	37		×	Drainage
S-60	29° 44.029'	98° 08.493'	MB	30	Kep	б	3	- 2	•			х	7	37	37		×	Streambed
S-61	29° 44.044	98° 08.428	MB	30	Kep	e	3	2 -		•		х	7	37	37		×	Streambed
S-62	29° 44.005'	98° 08.297'	MB	30	Kep	ю	6	- 2				X	7	37	37		×	Streambed
S-63	29 ⁰ 44.012	98° 08.195'	MB	30	Kep	ю	e	- 2				x	7	37	37		×	Floodplain
S-64	29° 43.956'	98° 08.983'	υ	30	Kep	2	3 5	5+ -	•			N	30	60	60	X		Hillside
S-65	29° 43.958'	98° 08.095'	MB	30	Kep	б	5					x	7	37	37		×	Floodplain
S-66	29° 43.897'	98° 08.002'	MB	30	Kep	ю	m	, .	•	,	,	×	7	37	37		×	Floodplain
S-67	29° 43.882'	98° 07.978'	MB	30	Kep	, m	с. С		•	,		×	7	37	37		x	Streambed
S-68	29° 43.818'	98° 07.985'	MB	30	Kep	ы	с С		•	,		X	7	37	37		×	Streambed
S-69	29° 43.768'	98° 07.996'	sc	20	Кер	10+	20 0.	0.75 -	•	,		z	6	29	29		×	Floodplain
S-70	29 ⁰ 43.775	98° 07.961'	OVR	S	Kep	e	15	2	•	3/1	0.06	z	0	14	14		×	Floodplain
S-71	29 ⁰ 43.758	98° 07.937	MB	30	Kep	ω	0	- 2	•			×	7	37	37		×	Streambed
S-72	29 ⁰ 43.782	98° 07.870	MB	30	Kep	ю	e m	- 2	'			×	7	37	37.		×	Streambed
S-73	29° 43.755	98° 07.905'	sc	20	Kep	1	1.5 6	- +9	'		,	z	6	29	29	×		Cliff
S-74	29° 43.782	98° 07.855	SCZ	30	Kep	30 6	600		•			N/O/F	б	39	39		×	Floodplain
S-75	29° 43.830	98° 07.785	MB	30	Kep	ю	e S	2 -		'	,	×	7	37	37	_	×	Streambed
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* DATUM		1927 North American Datum (NAD27)	erican	n Dat	Ium (N/	VD27		· 1	D	Date	May 9,	9, 2017	7	I	Sheet	с	ď	7
OS L echnic	Frost GeoSciences Geotechnical - Construction	Frost GeoSciences Geotechnical - Construction Materials - Forensics	rlals •	For		TCI	EQ-0	TCEQ-0585-Table (Rev. 10-1-04) Environmental	e (Re	v. 10-1-()4)					I.	he Veran	May 9, 2017 The Veramendi Subdivision Page 7

10139	PHYSICAL SETTING		CATCHMENTAREA TOPOGRAPHY (ACRES)	21.6	X Streambed	Hilltop	Hillside	X Hillside	X Floodplain	X Floodplain	X Floodplain	X Floodplain	X Floodplain	X Streambed	X Floodplain	Hillside	Hillside	Hillside	I-lillside	X Floodplain	Hillside	Hillside	X Floodplain	X Floodplain	X Floodplain	X Streambed	X Streambed	X Streambed	X Streambed		of	May 9, 2017
FGS-E10139	PH		CATCHIV (AC	<1.6		×	×									×	×	×	×		×	×									4	
	ION	10	SENSITIVITY	> 40		8	ß																								Sheet	
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	EVA	б	TOTAL		37	65	65	15	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	15	32	30	15	30	39	15	15	37	37	37	37	37	37		r	
Subaivision		8B	RELATIVE INFILTRATION RATE		7	35	35	10	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	10	12	10	10	25	19	IO	IO	7	7	7	7	7	7		2	
Induc		8A	INFILL		x	O/F	Z	Ŀ	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	ц	Ľ	O/N	Ľ	C/F	Ľ	Ľ	NIF	×	×	×	×	×	×		, 201	
ienai .		7	APERTURE (FEET)																	0.08											<u>May 9, 2017</u>	
The Veramendi	SS	9	DENSITY AP (NO/FT3)										_		_		_		_	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_		2	
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	ACTE	5 5	TREND (DEGREES) D(-						-	_			-		_				N 140°									_			
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L R L		З	FORMATION		Kep	Kep 1	Kep 0	Kep 1	Kep	Kep	Kep	Kep	Kep	Kep	Kep	Kep	Kep	Kep	Kep	Kep	Kep	Kep	Kep	Kep	Kep	Kep	Kep	Kep	Kep		N) mu	
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IADLE		2A	FEATURE POINTS TYPE		MB	ZHS/Z	MB	8	MB	MB	MB	MB	MB	MB	MB	CD	SC	SCZ	Ð	OFR	SH	CD	G	MB	MB	MB	MB	MB	MB	8	rican	
	-					-											+														Ame	
NOCEOOM	N	3*	LONGITUDE		98° 07.978	98° 08.053'	98º 08.041	98° 08.030	98° 07.965'	98° 07.992'	98° 08.022'	98º 08.069'	98° 08.113'	98° 08.165'	98° 08.303'	98° 08.322'	98° 08.271	98° 08.235	98° 08.185	98° 08.301'	98º 08.378	98° 07.989'	98° 07.985	98º 08.434'	98° 08.563'	98° 08.649'	98° 08.710'	98° 08. 731'	98° 08.732'		1927 North American Datum	
GEULUGIU ASSESSMENI	LOCATION	2*	LATITUDE		29° 43.882'	29° 43.748	29 ⁰ 43.876	29° 43.868'	29° 44.001'	29° 44.079'	29 ⁰ 44.158'	29° 44.232'	29° 44.305'	29 ⁰ 44.385'	29° 44.434'	29° 43.614'	29° 43.943	29° 43.984	29 ⁰ 44.169	29° 44.009'	29° 44.060	29° 44.217	29° 44.051	29 ⁰ 44.456'	29° 44.476	29 ^o 44.538'	29° 44.540'	29° 44.506'	29 ⁰ 44.416'			Frost Geosciences
פנו		-	FEATURE	_	S-76	S-77	S-78	S-79	S-80	S-81	S-82	S-83	S-84	S-85	S-86	S-87	S-88	S-89	S-90	S-91	S-92	S-93	S-94	S-95	S-96	S-97	S-98	S-99	S-100		* DATUM	nsit I

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	LOCATION	N				Ξ	ATUR	E CHA	FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS	ERIST	rics				EVA	EVALUATION	NO	SYHA	PHYSICAL S	SETTING
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S-126 2	29° 44.557	98° 08.645'	SCZ	20	Kep	30	600	_			,		CN	15	35	35			X	Floodplain
S-127	29° 44.821	98° 08.588'	MB	30	Kep	0.75 0	0.75	2					N	35	65		65	x	×	Hilltop
S-128	29° 44.670'	98° 08.013'	CD	ß	Kep	60	65	4	,	,	,	,	Ľ	10	15	15			×	Hillside
S-129 2	29° 44.659'	98° 07.996'	MB	30	Kep	0.75	0.75	2					Z	35	65		65	×		Hilltop
S-130 2	29° 44.656	98° 07.991'	MB	30	Kep	0.75 0	0.75	2	-				z	35	65		65	×		Hilltop
S-131 2	29° 44.338'	98° 07.805	CD	ß	Kep	70	06	3		•		,	Ľ	10	15	15			×	Hillside
S-132 2	29° 44.382'	98° 07.502'	CD	S	Kep	20	20	ю		,			Ľ	10	15	15			×	Hillside
S-133	29° 45.186'	98° 08.255'	OFR	IJ	Kep	40	100	z ,	N 65°	-	1/2 0	0.08	z	20	25	25			X	Drainage
S-134	29° 44.881'	98° 07.761'	OFR	ß	Kep	30	100	Z ,	400	10 1	1/2 0	0.08	z	20	35	35			X	Drainage
S-135	29° 44.916	98° 07.704'	OFR	S	Kep	40	60	2	N 140°	-	1/2 0	0.08	z	20	25	25			×	Drainage
S-136	29° 44.580'	98° 07.125'	OFR	ß	Kep	15	20	2	0∠ N	-	1/2 0	0.08	Z	20	25	25			X	Drainage
S-137	29° 44.336'	98° 07.793'	MB	30	Kep	0.75 0.75		5		,			z	35	65		65	×		Hillside
2A TYPE	TYPE		2	2B POINTS	NTS								8A IN	8A INFILLING						
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SС	Solution Cavity	Solution Cavity Solution-enlarged fracture(s)	(e)	20		ს c		Coar	Se - CO	ft mu	s, break	Coarse - cobbles, breakdown, sand, gravel Loose or soft mud or soil ornanics leaves	sand, (nice le	Goarse - cobbles, breakdown, sand, gravel Loose or soft muid or soil organics leaves sticks dark colors	cke da	urk col	PLC 0			
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MB	Manmade	Manmade feature in bedrock	rock	30		х т З		Flow: Othei	Flowstone, cem Other materials	ceme	ents, ca	cements, cave deposits rials	osits							
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22	Zone, clus	Zone, clustered or aligned features	ed featu		0	Cliff,	Hillto	vp, Hil	lside, L	Drain	age, Flc	Cliff, Hilltop, Hillside, Drainage, Floodplain, Streambed	n, Strei	ambed						
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complies with t	with that doc	complies with that document and is a true representation of the	true rep	Dreser	tation of	the	Shoditic	Ns R	conditions observed	ST.	e field.	My siç	gnature	e certifies	that I	am qu	alified	as a ge	ologist	field. My signature certifies that I am qualified as a geologist as defined
Signature		ano 2	the	\mathcal{N}		PROP	1	eve M. F. Geology Pense No.	õ ä	TEIST	Date_	W	May 9,	2017			Sheet	set 6		of 7
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FEATURE	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	FEATURE TYPE	POINTS	FORMATION	DIMEN	DIMENSIONS (FEET)		(DEGREES) D	MOD	DENSITY (NO/FT ²)	APERTURE (FEET)	INFILL	RELATIVE INFILTRATION RATE	I TOTAL	SEN	SENSITIVITY	CATCHMENT AREA (ACRES)		TOPOGRAPHY
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S-138	29° 44.382'	98° 07.687'	SH	20	Kep	30	40	2		-,			Ľ	15	35	35		×	_	Hillside
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S-140	29° 45.001	98° 08.094	SC	20	Kep	2	4	2		,	,		O/F	12	32	32		×	-	Hillside
S-141	29° 45.176	98° 08.164'	sc	20	Kep	0.25	2.5	2		,	,		O/F	12	32	32		×	_	Hillside
S-142	29° 43.319'	98° 09.171	HS	20	Kep	100	150	4		,			Ľ	15	. 35	35		×		Hillside
S-143	29° 44.622'	98° 07.369'	SCZ	20	Kep	30	2,800						0/N	12	32	32		×	-	cliff
S-144	29° 45.163'	98° 08.014'	SCZ	20	Kep	30	3,600						N/O	12	32	32		×		Cliff
S-145	29° 44.287	98° 09.495	CDZ	30	Kep	600	1,000	-		,			O/F	30	60		60	X		Streambed
S-146	29° 44.969'	98° 08.534	Ľ	20	Kep			•	N 55°		,		,	15	35	35		x	_	Hillside
S-147	29° 45.017'	98° 08.031	Ľ	20	Kep			-	N 45°	,	7	,		15	35	35		×	-	Hillside
S-148	29° 43.175'	98° 09.430	MB	30	Kep	ω	ю	~		-			×	7	37	37		×	_	Hillside
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o 8	Other nat Manmade	Other natural bedrock features Manmade feature in bedrock	atures rock	(i)	30 30	, R v		Flo	Flowstone,	ceme	ents, ce	cements, cave deposits	osits		0					
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И	Zone, clu	Zone, clustered or aligned features	ed featu		30	Clif	f, Hill	top, F	Cliff, Hilltop, Hillside, Drainage, Floodplain, Streambed	Drain	lage, Fl	loodplai	n, Stre	ambed						
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LOCATION

The project site consists of approximately 2,400 acres of land located along and north of Loop 337 and east and west of River Road in New Braunfels, Texas. An overall view of the area is shown on copies of the site plan, a street map, the USGS Topographic Map, the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone Map, the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM), a 1973 aerial photograph from the USDA at a scale of 1"=2000', a geologic map, a 2010 aerial photograph at a scale of 1"=2000', and a 2010 aerial photograph at a scale of 1"=500M, Plates 1 through 9 in Appendix A.

METHODOLOGY

The Geologic Assessment was performed by Mr. Steve Frost, C.P.G., President and Senior Geologist with Frost GeoSciences, Inc and several employees of Frost GeoSciences, Inc. including Ms. TG Bey, Biologist, Mr. Reza Eshmaly, Geologist, James Akers, and Spencer Templen. Mr. Frost is a Licensed Professional Geoscientist in the State of Texas (License # 315) and is a Certified Professional Geologist with the American Institute of Professional Geologist (Certification # 10176).

Frost GeoSciences, Inc. researched the geology of the area in the immediate vicinity of the project site. The research included, but was not limited to, the Geologic Atlas of Texas, San Antonio Sheet, FIRM maps, Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone Maps, USGS 7.5 Minute Quadrangle Maps, the Geologic Map of the New Braunfels, Texas 30 X 60 Minute Quadrangle, the USGS Water-Resources Investigations Report 94-4117, and the USDA Soil Survey of Comal & Hays County, Texas.

After reviewing the available information, a field investigation was performed to identify any geologic or man-made potential recharge features. A transect spacing of approximately 50 feet or less, depending on vegetation thickness, was used to inspect the project site. A 2010 aerial photograph, in conjunction with a hand held Garmin eTrex Summit Global Positioning System with an Estimated Potential Error ranging from 7 to 12 feet, was used to navigate around the property and identify the locations of potential recharge features, as recommended in the "Instructions to Geologists", TCEQ-0585-Instructions (Rev. 10-1-04). The locations of any potential

> May 9, 2017 The Veramendi Subdivision Page 12

Geotechnical • Construction Materials • Forensics • Environmental

recharge features noted in the field were identified on the Site Geologic Map in Appendix C of this report. A copy of a 2010 aerial photograph at an approximate scale of 1"=500M, indicating the locations of the potential recharge features, is included on Plate 9 in Appendix A. The Geologic Assessment Form (Rev. 2-11-15), Stratigraphic Column, and the Geologic Assessment Table have been filled with the appropriate information for this project site and are included on pages 1-11 of this report.

RESEARCH & OBSERVATIONS

7.5 Minute Quadrangle Map Review

According to the USGS 7.5 Minute Quadrangle Maps, New Braunfels West, Texas Sheet (1988), New Braunfels East, Texas Sheet (1994), Sattler, Texas Sheet (1994), and Hunter, Texas Sheet (1994), the elevation of the project site ranges from 630 feet at the eastern corner of the project site within the River Pasture along the Guadalupe River to 845 feet along the western property lines of Pastures 1 and 3. These elevations are calculated above mean sea level (AMSL). A landing strip and a stock pond are noted within Pasture 1. A residential structure and several associated barns and sheds are visible near the northern limits of Pasture 1. Two stock ponds were noted within Pasture 2. One stock pond and a spillway for a flood control dam was noted within Pasture 3. The surface runoff from the project site flows into unnamed tributaries of Blieders Creek, Blieders Creek, unnamed tributaries of the Guadalupe River. State Highway 46 (Loop 337) is located immediately south of the project site. River Road separates Pastures 2 and 4 to the west from the River Pasture to the east. A copy of the above referenced USGS 7.5 Minute Quadrangle Map , indicating the location of the project site, is included in this report on Plate 3 in Appendix A.

Recharge / Transition Zone

According to Official Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone Map, New Braunfels West, Texas Sheet, New Braunfels East, Texas Sheet, Sattler, Texas Sheet, and Hunter, Texas Sheet, (1996),

the project site is located within the Recharge Zone of the Edwards Aquifer. A copy of the Official Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone Map, indicating the location of the project site, is included on Plate 4 in Appendix A.

100-Year Floodplain

The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Flood Insurance Rate Map for Comal County, Texas, Community Panel Numbers 48091C0270F, 48091C0290F, 48091C0435F, & 48029C0455F (Revised 9/02/09) were reviewed to determine if the project site is located in areas prone to flooding. A review of the above-mentioned panels indicate that portions of the project site is located within the 100 year floodplain. The project site is located within Zone AE, Zone A, Zone X Shaded, and Zone X.

According to the panel legend, Zone AE represents areas within the 100 year floodplain where base flood elevations have been determined. The areas of the property within Zone AE are generally located along Blieders Creek and the Guadalupe River.

Zone A represents areas within the 100 year flooplain where base flood elevations have not been determined. The areas of the property within Zone A are generally areas along tributaries immediately upgradient of areas determined to be within Zone AE.

Zone X shaded represents areas of 0.2% annual chance of flooding, areas of 1% annual chance of flooding with average depths of less than 1 foot or with drainage areas less than 1 square mile, and areas protected by levees from 1% annual chance of flooding. The areas of the property with Zone X Shaded are generally narrow bands located immediately adjacent to areas determined to be within Zone AE.

Zone X represents areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance floodplain. A copy of the Comal County, Texas, FIRM maps, indicating the location of the project site, is included in this report on Plate 5 in Appendix A.

May 9, 2017 The Veramendi Subdivision page 14

Geotechnical . Construction Materials . Forensics . Environmental

Soils

According to the United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service, Soil Survey of Comal & Hays County, Texas (1982), the project site is located on the Rumple-Comfort Association (RUD), the Comfort - Rock Outcrop Complex, Undulating (CrD), the Brackett - Rock Outcrop - Comfort Complex, Undulating (BtD), the Lewisville Silty Clay, 1 to 3 percent slopes (LeB), the Medlin-Eckrant Association (MEC/MED), and the Orif Soils, Frequently Flooded (Or). A copy of the 1973 aerial photograph (approximate scale: 1"=2000') from the USDA Soil Survey of Comal & Hays County, Texas (1982) indicating the location of the project site and the soil types is included on Plate 6 in Appendix A.

The Rumple-Comfort Association (RuD) consists of shallow and moderately deep soils on uplands in the Edwards Plateau Land Resource Area. The surface layer of the Rumple Soil is dark reddish brown very cherty clay loam about 10 inches thick. Rounded chert and limestone cobbles and gravel cover about 20 percent of the surface. The subsoil to a depth of 14 inches is dark reddish-brown very cherty clay, and to a depth of 28 inches it is dark reddish-brown extremely stony clay. The underlying material is indurated fractured limestone. The Comfort Soil is dark brown, neutral, extremely stony clay about 7 inches thick. The subsoil to a depth of 12 inches is dark reddish-brown, mildly alkaline, extremely stony clay. The underlying material is noncalcareous throughout. The soils in this association are well drained. Surface runoff is medium, but varies due to the occurrence of caves, fracture zones, and sinks. Permeability is moderately slow. Water erosion is a moderate hazard.

The Comfort-Rock Outcrop Complex consists of shallow, clayey soils and Rock Outcrop on side slopes and on hilltops and ridgetops on uplands in the Edwards Plateau Land Resource Area. The Comfort Extremely Stony Clay makes up 49 to more than 95 percent of the complex, but on the average it makes up 70 percent. Rock Outcrop and areas of soil less than 4 inches deep make up 5 to 36 percent, but the average is 15 percent. Typically, the surface layer of the Comfort soil is dark brown extremely stony clay about 6 inches thick. Cobbles and stones as much as 4 feet across cover about 45 percent of the surface. The subsoil extends to a depth of 13

> May 9, 2017 The Veramendi Subdivision page 15

inches. It is dark reddish brown extremely stony clay. The underlying material is indurated fractured limestone. The soil is mildly alkaline and noncalcareous throughout. The Comfort Soil is well drained. Surface runoff is slow to medium. Permeability is slow, and the available water capacity is very low. Water erosion is a slight hazard. This soil has a USDA Texture Classification of extremely stony clay, stony clay, very stony clay, and weathered bedrock. The Unified Classification is CH, GC, CL, or SC. The AASHO Classification is A-2-7, and A-7-6. This soil has an average permeability from 0.6 to 0.2 inches/hour.

The Brackett-Rock Outcrop-Comfort Complex consists of shallow, loamy and clayey soils and rock outcrops on uplands in the Edwards Plateau Land Resource Area. The Brackett Soil makes up 30 to 60 percent of the complex, but on the average it makes up 50 percent. Rock Outcrops make up 10 to 40 percent of the complex, but the average is 20 percent. The Comfort Soil makes up 10 to 20 percent, but the average is 15 percent. Typically, the surface layer of the Brackett Soil is grayish brown gravelly clay loam about 6 inches thick. The subsoil extends to a depth of 17 inches. It is very pale brown and pale yellow gravelly clay loam. The underlying material is weakly cemented limestone interbedded with thin layers of indurated limestone. The soil is moderately alkaline and calcareous throughout. Typically, the areas of Rock Outcrop consist of exposures of limestone bedrock. There is some soil material in the narrow fractures in the rock. In some areas, however, the rock is flat and is covered by soil material as much as 3 inches thick. Typically, the surface layer of the Comfort Soil is dark brown extremely stony clay about 4 inches thick. The subsoil extends to a depth of 11 inches. It is dark reddish brown extremely stony clay. The underlying material is indurated fractured limestone. The soil is moderately alkaline and noncalcareous throughout. The soils in this complex are well drained. Surface runoff is medium to rapid. Permeability is moderately slow in the Brackett Soil and slow in the Comfort Soil. The available water capacity is very low. Water erosion is a severe hazard.

The Lewisville Silty Clay consists of deep, gently sloping soil on stream terraces. Typically, the surface layer is dark grayish brown silty clay about 15 inches thick. The subsoil to a depth of 33 inches

is light brown silty clay, and to a depth of 63 inches is reddish yellow silty clay. The soil is moderately alkaline and calcareous throughout. This soil is well drained, surface runoff is medium, and permeability is moderate.

The Medlin-Eckrant Association consists of very shallow to shallow and deep soils on uplands in the Edwards Plateau Land Resource Area. There are narrow limestone ledges at the top of some slopes. The Medlin and Eckrant soils each make up 20 to 80 of a mapped area. Together, on the average, they make up about 95 percent of the mapped area. A typical area is 50 percent Medlin soil and 45 percent Eckrant soil. Typically, the Medlin soil has a grayish brown surface layer about 11 inches thick that is stony clay in the upper part and clay in the lower part. The subsoil, from 11 to 50 inches, is light yellowish brown clay that has yellowish brown and olive yellow mottles. The underlying material to a depth of 80 inches is light gray shaly clay that has yellow and olive yellow mottles. The soil is moderately alkaline and calcareous throughout. The Medlin soils is well drained. Surface runoff is rapid. Permeability is very slow. Water enters rapidly when the soil is dry and cracked and very slow when it is wet. Water erosion is a severe hazard. Typically, the surface layer of the Eckrant soil is very dark gray extremely stony clay about 16 inches thick. The underlying material is fractured limestone bedrock. The soil is moderately alkaline and noncalcareous throughout. The Eckrant soil is well drained. Surface runoff is rapid. Permeability is moderately slow. Water erosion is a severe hazard.

The Orif Soils, Frequently Flooded consist of deep nearly level soils on flood plains of large creeks and rivers. These soils are adjacent to the stream channels. Typically, the surface layer is grayish brown moderately alkaline gravelly loamy sand about 20 inches thick. The underlying layer to a depth of 60 inches is very gravelly loamy sand stratified with very gravelly sand, very gravelly sandy loam, and loam. These soils are well drained. Flooding occurs several times in most years and is of very brief duration. Floodwaters are swift and destructive. Surface runoff is slow, permeability is rapid.

> May 9, 2017 The Veramendi Subdivision page 17

Narrative Description of the Site Geology

The project site consists of approximately 2,400 acres of land located along and north of Loop 337 and east and west of River Road in New Braunfels, Texas. An overall view of the area is shown on Plates 1 through 9 in Appendix A. The project site exists as ranch land used to graze cattle and is the main ranching operation for the Word-Borchers Ranch. The project site has a very well developed soil layer on the property giving way to relatively few rock outcrops and dense stands of native grasses. Frost GeoSciences, Inc. after finding large piles of bulldozed rubble within 40 year old stands of trees, researched historic aerial photography and made note that the property appears to have undergone numerous episodes of land clearing dating back at least 40 to 50 years. These historic land clearing operations appear to have culled much of the rock rubble from the surface. The majority (80+%) of the 2,400 acre ranch appears to have been bulldozed at some point with many areas having been cleared repeatedly. This clearing process has produced many small non karst closed depressions resulting from pulling trees out and plucking boulders. There are so many of these across the property that it is not practical to itemize them within this report. The areas that have not been cleared historically appear to be along steep slopes and cliffs, and within major drainage areas. The majority of the site appears to support a thick soil cover and as a result very few potential recharge features were encountered when compared to the size of the property.

The variations in the vegetative cover across the project site are visible in the 2010 aerial photographs on Plates 8 and 9 in Appendix A and in the site visit photographs included in Appendix B. One hundred and forty eight Potential Recharge Features (PRF's) were identified during our site inspection. Nineteen of these are considered sensitive by Frost GeoSciences, Inc. The sensitive features are highlighted on the Geologic Assessment Tables on pages 4 through 10.

Non-Karst Closed Depressions (CD)

Potential Recharge Features S-1, S-2, S-10, S-14, S-22, S-57, S-58, S-87, S-90, S-93, and S-118, consist of notable non-karst closed depressions created by historic bulldozing on the property, These

features are typical of the thousands of similar features and appear to have been created by either the removal of trees or the plucking of boulders. Typically these feature are relatively small (less than 10 feet in any dimension and usually only a foot or two deep. Potential Recharge Features S-9, S-30, S-42, S-79, S-122, S-124, S-128, S-131, and S-132 are non-karst closed depressions consisting of excavated stock ponds used to water livestock. These features vary greatly in both size and shape, however, all of these features show evidence of ponding water for prolonged periods of time. PRF's S-9 and S-124 were holding water at the time of our site inspections. Potential Recharge Feature S-94 is a non-karst closed depression consisting of a stream scour adjacent to Blieders Creek. The bottoms of all of these features are lined with clay and show evidence of holding water. These 22 features are not considered sensitive by FGS. These features score a 15 on the Geologic Assessment Table.

Potential Recharge Feature S-145 consists of large non-karst closed depression created behind the Flood Control Dam within Pasture 3. This non-karst closed depression showed evidence of rapid infiltration into the subsurface after several heavy rainfall events during June and September. Due to the overall size of this feature and the rate that the feature drains into the subsurface, additional points were added for a ZONE rating. This feature is considered sensitive by FGS. This feature scores a 60 on the Geologic Assessment Table.

Manmade Features in Bedrock (MB)

Potential Recharge Features S-4 through S-8, S-11, S-15 through S-21, S-24 through S-26, S-28, S-32 through S-37, S-43, S47, S-48, S-50, S-53, S-55, S-56, S-59 through S-63, S-65 through S-68, S-71, S-72, S-75, S-76, S-80 through S-86, S-95 through S-108, and S-148 are manmade features in bedrock consisting of sanitary sewer manholes along two sewer outfall lines. The two sewer outfall lines combine within Blieders Creek at Potential Recharge Feature S-67. These 64 features are not considered sensitive by FGS. These features score a 37 on the Geologic Assessment Table.

Potential Recharge Features S-29, S-40, S-41, S-78, S-115, S-127, S-129, S-130, and S-137

Geotechnical • Construction Materials • Forensics • Environmental

consist of existing or recently drilled water wells. PRF's S-40 and S-127 are operational and in use at this time. PRF's S-29, S-78, and S-129 are wells associated with old windmills and do not appear to be operational at this time. The remaining PRF's are recently drilled wells consisting of open holes with no casing. These appear to be associated with either testing the groundwater availability or are planned as future water supply wells for livestock. These 9 features are considered sensitive by FGS. These features score a 65 on the Geologic Assessment Table.

Potential Recharge Feature S-39 consists of an area that had been excavated down to bedrock and used as quarry materials for roads on the ranch. This feature is not considered sensitive by FGS. This feature scores a 34 on the Geologic Assessment Table.

Potential Recharge Feature S-45 consists of an area of limestone cobbles and boulders. It is believed that the cobbles and boulders were the left over spoils from the excavation of a nearby sanitary sewer lift station. This feature is not considered sensitive by FGS. This feature scores a 37 on the Geologic Assessment Table.

Potential Recharge Feature S-46 consists of an old abandoned sanitary sewer lift station. The lift station was abandoned after the remaining sewer outfall line was constructed. This feature is not considered sensitive by FGS. This feature scores a 37 on the Geologic Assessment Table.

Potential Recharge Features S-51 and S-119 consist of areas along existing sewer lines that occur within stream channels where the scour of the stream has erocled compacted material out of the sewer trench. The scour at PRF S-51 also occurs in conjunction with an area of highly weathered and altered limestone increasing the probability of rapid infiltration into the subsurface. These 2 features are considered sensitive by FGS. These features score a 45 and 55 respectively on the Geologic Assessment Table.

Potential Recharge Feature S-117 consists of a large erosion scour located at the discharge pipe for the flood control dam along Blieders Creek. This feature was inspected after heavy rains in September and did not show evidence of standing water. This feature is considered sensitive by FGS. This feature scores a 45 on the Geologic Assessment Table.

Cave (C)

Potential Recharge Feature S-64 consists of a relatively small cave located near a hilltop in Pasture 2. The cave opening is approximately 2 feet wide and 3 feet long and has an initial drop of approximately 5 feet. An area of stressed vegetation around the cave opening indicated that the air inside the cave may not be suitable for long term or even short term occupation so no attempt was made to investigate the interior of the cave beyond what could be seen from the surface. A deflated area approximately 30 feet wide, 50 feet long and 3 feet deep was noted around the cave entrance. This is likely the result of soil erosion into the cave. This feature is considered sensitive by FGS. This feature scores a 60 on the Geologic Assessment Table.

Solution Cavity (SC)

Potential Recharge Features S-3, S-12, S-13, S-23, S-27, S-31, S-44, S-69, S-73, S-74, S-88, S-113, S-116, S-121, S-125, S-140, and S-141 consist of solution cavities of various dimensions. A machete was used to probe the depth of the features and determine the nature of the infilling. These cavities all contained a hard clay plug preventing rapid infiltration of water into the subsurface. This was somewhat expected given the extensive soil development across the property. These 17 features are not considered sensitive by FGS. These features score a 29 to 35 on the Geologic Assessment Table.

Potential Recharge Feature S-38 consists of an area of dissolved and scoured limestone outcrop associated with the spillway for the flood control dam. Some of the scours and dissolved limestone extended 3 to 4 feet down and none were noted holding water, even after periods of heavy rains, indicating rapid infiltration into the subsurface. This feature is considered sensitive by FGS. This feature scores a 50 on the Geologic Assessment Table.

Potential Recharge Features S-54, S-126, S-143, and S-144 consists of zones of solution cavities within cliff faces. These represent horizontal features that trend upgradient as they extend into the bedrock cliff. FGS is of the opinion that these features represent discharge features associated with the outlets of subsurface bedding plain features. These 4 features are not considered sensitive by FGS. These features score between a 32 and 37 on the Geologic Assessment Table.

May 9, 2017 The Veramendi Subdivision page 21

Geotechnical = Construction Materials = Forensics = Environmental

Sinkhole (SH)

Potential Recharge Features S-77 consists of three small closed depressions (sinkholes) likely resulting from soil deflation within a 100 X 100 foot area and two caves approximately 100 feet apart within the same area. The depressions were infilled with loose soil and leaves, rock rubble and some hard packed clay in areas. Evidence of rapid infiltration into the subsurface was noted in some areas. These features are considered sensitive by FGS. These features score a 65 on the Geologic Assessment Table.

Potential Recharge Features S-92, S-109, S-114, S-138, and S-142 consists of areas believed to be the result of soil deflation into the subsurface creating karst formed closed depressions or sinkholes. For these purposes, it is not believed by FGS that these are sinkholes in the classic sense that a collapse has occurred creating a depression. Rather, FGS believes these features are purely the result of erosion of surface soils into subsurface features. These features all contained small areas in the bottoms with no grasses indicating that water ponds for prolonged periods of time. As a result, it did not appear that these features provide rapid infiltration into the subsurface. These 5 features are not considered sensitive by FGS. These features score a 32 to 39 on the Geologic Assessment Table.

Fault (F)

Potential Recharge Features S-146 and S-147 consist of faults noted on the Bureau of Economic Geology, Geologic Map of the New Braunfels, Texas 30 X 60 Minute Quadrangle (2000). Evidence of PRF S-146 was somewhat confirmed in the field with fractures noted at PRF S-133, however, the bearings of the fractures were not the same as the strike of the proposed fault. No fractures or other field evidence associated with PRF S-147 were noted in the field at the time of the on-site inspection. These 2 features are not considered sensitive by FGS. These features score a 35 on the Geologic Assessment Table.

Other Natural Bedrock Feature (O)

Potential Recharge Features S-49, S-52, S-70, S-91, S-112, S-123, S-133, S-134, S-135, S-136, and S-139 consist of natural rock outcrops with either vuggy limestone (O^{VR}) or fractured bedrock (O^{FR}). The

> May 9, 2017 The Veramendi Subdivision page 22

sizes of these outcrops and the strike of the fractures varied greatly. These II features are not considered sensitive by FGS. These features score a 14 to 35 on the Geologic Assessment Table.

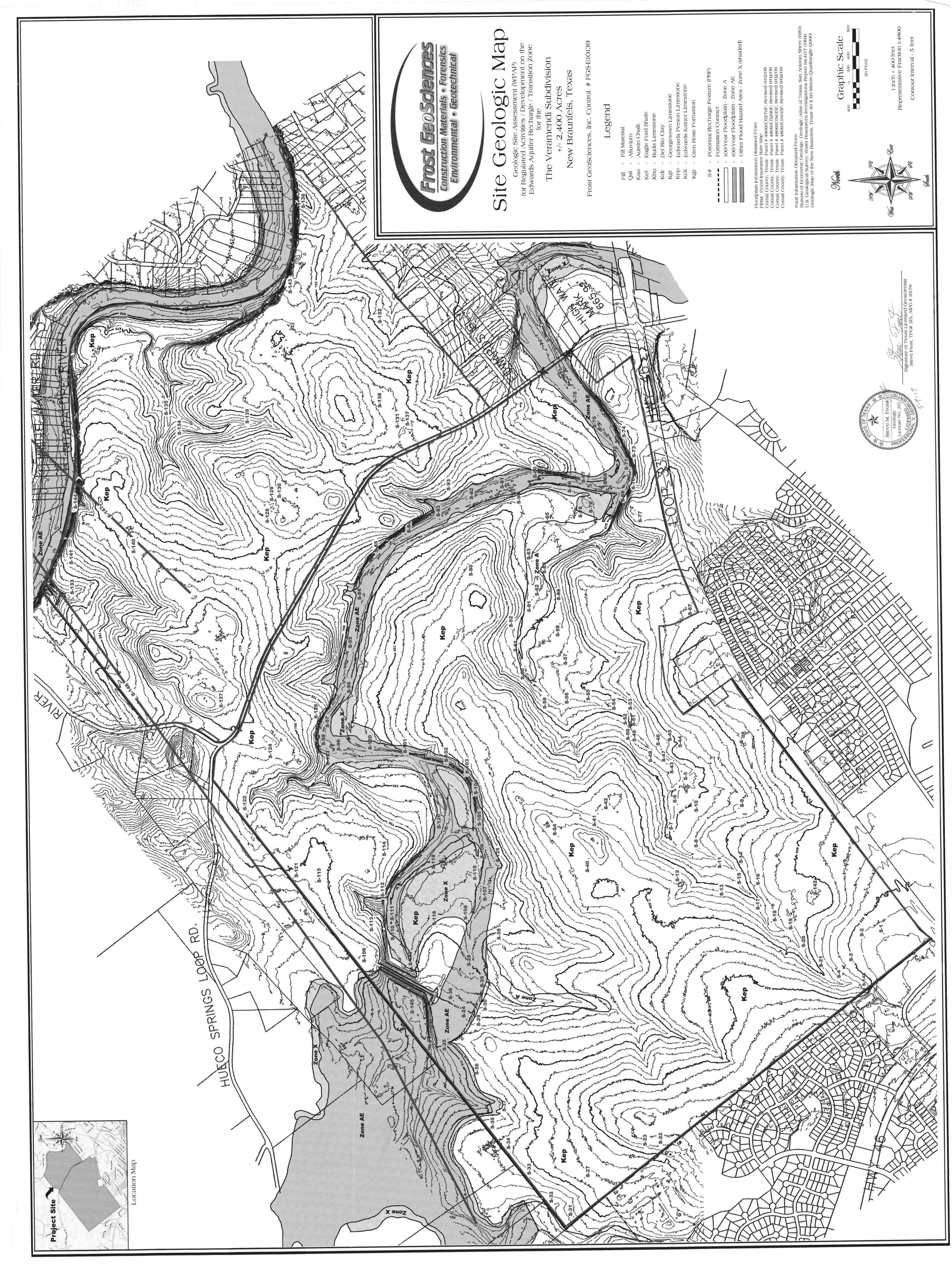
Potential Recharge Features S-110, S-111, and S-120 consist of natural rock outcrops with fractured bedrock (O^{FR}). The sizes of these outcrops and the strike of the fractures varied greatly. These 3 features are considered sensitive by FGS. These features score a 40 on the Geologic Assessment Table.

According to the USGS 7.5 Minute Quadrangle Maps, New Braunfels West, Texas Sheet (1988), New Braunfels East, Texas Sheet (1994), Sattler, Texas Sheet (1994), and Hunter, Texas Sheet (1994), the elevation of the project site ranges from 630 feet at the eastern corner of the project site within the River Pasture along the Guadalupe River to 845 feet along the western property lines of Pastures 1 and 3. These elevations are calculated above mean sea level (AMSL). According to topographic data obtained from Pape Dawson Engineers, the elevations on the project site range from 625 feet at the eastern corner of the project site to 845 feet along the western property lines of Pastures 1 and 3. A copy of the site plan, indicating the boundary of the project site and the elevations, is included on Plate 1 in Appendix A and on the Site Geologic Map in Appendix C of this report.

According to the Bureau of Economic Geology, Geologic Map of the New Braunfels, Texas 30 X 60 Minute Quadrangle (2000), the project site is covered by the Cretaceous Edwards Person Limestone.

The Cyclic and Marine Member of the Cretaceous Edwards Person Limestone consists of mudstone to packstone and miliolid grainstone with chert. The member is characterized by massive beds of limestone to relatively thin beds of limestone with some crossbedding. The Cyclic and Marine Member forms a few caves some that are laterally extensive. Overall thickness ranges from 80 to 90 feet thick.

The Leached and Collapsed Member of the Edwards Person Limestone consists of crystalline limestone, mudstone to grainstone with chert, and collapsed breccia. This member



MODIFICATION OF A PREVIOUSLY APPROVED SEWAGE COLLECTION SYSTEM APPLICATION (TCEQ-0590)

Modification of a Previously Approved Plan

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Transition Zone and Relating to 30 TAC 213.4(j), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This request for a **Modification of a Previously Approved Plan** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The request was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: <u>Jocelyn Perez, P.E.</u> Date: _____

Signature of Customer/Agent:

Project Information

 Current Regulated Entity Name: <u>Veramendi Precinct 27 Unit 1</u> Original Regulated Entity Name: <u>Veramendi Precinct 27 Unit 1</u> Regulated Entity Number(s) (RN): <u>111649265</u>

Edwards Aquifer Protection Program ID Number(s): 13001703

The applicant has not changed and the Customer Number (CN) is: 605801828

The applicant or Regulated Entity has changed. A new Core Data Form has been provided.

2. Attachment A: Original Approval Letter and Approved Modification Letters. A copy of the original approval letter and copies of any modification approval letters are attached.

3. A modification of a previously approved plan is requested for (check all that apply):

Physical or operational modification of any water pollution abatement structure(s)
including but not limited to ponds, dams, berms, sewage treatment plants, and
diversionary structures;

Change in the nature or character of the regulated activity from that which was originally approved or a change which would significantly impact the ability of the plan to prevent pollution of the Edwards Aquifer;

Development of land previously identified as undeveloped in the original water pollution abatement plan;

Physical modification of the approved organized sewage collection system;

Physical modification of the approved underground storage tank system;

Physical modification of the approved aboveground storage tank system.

4. Summary of Proposed Modifications (select plan type being modified). If the approved plan has been modified more than once, copy the appropriate table below, as necessary, and complete the information for each additional modification.

WPAP Modification	Approved Project	Proposed Modification
Summary		
Acres		
Type of Development		
Number of Residential		
Lots		
Impervious Cover (acres)		
Impervious Cover (%		
Permanent BMPs		
Other		
SCS Modification	Approved Project	Proposed Modification
Summary		
Linear Feet	<u>8,540.05</u>	<u>539.72</u>
Pipe Diameter	<u>8", 12" PVC SDR 26;</u>	<u>6"</u>
Other	<u>4" force main</u>	Upsize 4" force main to 6"

AST Modification	Approved Project	Proposed Modification
Summary		
Number of ASTs		
Volume of ASTs		
Other		
UST Modification	Approved Project	Proposed Modification
UST Modification Summary	Approved Project	Proposed Modification
•	Approved Project	Proposed Modification
Summary	Approved Project	Proposed Modification

- 5. Attachment B: Narrative of Proposed Modification. A detailed narrative description of the nature of the proposed modification is attached. It discusses what was approved, including any previous modifications, and how this proposed modification will change the approved plan.
- 6. Attachment C: Current Site Plan of the Approved Project. A current site plan showing the existing site development (i.e., current site layout) at the time this application for modification is attached. A site plan detailing the changes proposed in the submitted modification is required elsewhere.
 - The approved construction has not commenced. The original approval letter and any subsequent modification approval letters are included as Attachment A to document that the approval has not expired.
 - The approved construction has commenced and has been completed. Attachment C illustrates that the site was constructed as approved.
 - The approved construction has commenced and has been completed. Attachment C illustrates that the site was **not** constructed as approved.

The approved construction has commenced and has **not** been completed. Attachment C illustrates that, thus far, the site was constructed as approved.

- The approved construction has commenced and has **not** been completed. Attachment C illustrates that, thus far, the site was **not** constructed as approved.
- 7. The acreage of the approved plan has increased. A Geologic Assessment has been provided for the new acreage.
 - Acreage has not been added to or removed from the approved plan.
- 8. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.

ATTACHMENT A



TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Protecting Texas by Reducing and Preventing Pollution

April 6, 2023

Mr. Peter James Veramendi PE – Fremantle, LLC P.O. Box 310699 New Braunfels, Texas 78131

Re: Edwards Aquifer, Comal County

NAME OF PROJECT: Veramendi Precinct 27 Unit 1 and Precinct 30 Unit 1; Located approximately 0.5 miles southeast of River Rd. and Hueco Springs intersection; New Braunfels, Texas

TYPE OF PLAN: Request for Approval of a Water Pollution Abatement Plan (WPAP) and Organized Sewage Collection System (SCS); 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 213 Edwards Aquifer

Regulated Entity No. RN111649265; Additional ID No. 13001702-13001703

Dear Mr. James:

The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) has completed its review of the WPAP and SCS applications for the above-referenced project submitted to the San Antonio Regional Office by Pape-Dawson Engineers, Inc. on behalf of Veramendi PE – Fremantle, LLC on February 7, 2023. Final review of the WPAP and SCS was completed after additional material was received on April 3, 2023. As presented to the TCEO, the Temporary and Permanent Best Management Practices (BMPs) were selected and construction plans were prepared by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer to be in general compliance with the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 213 and Chapter 217. These planning materials were sealed, signed and dated by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. Therefore, based on the engineer's concurrence of compliance, the planning materials for construction of the proposed project and pollution abatement measures are hereby approved subject to applicable state rules and the conditions in this letter. The applicant or a person affected may file with the chief clerk a motion for reconsideration of the executive director's final action on this Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan. A motion for reconsideration must be filed no later than 23 days after the date of this approval letter. *This* approval expires two (2) years from the date of this letter unless, prior to the expiration date, more than 10 percent of the construction has commenced on the project or an extension of time has been requested.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The proposed residential project will have an area of approximately 99.92 acres. It will include clearing, mass grading with stockpiles, grading, excavation, installation of utilities and drainage improvements, 268 single-family residential homes with associated streets, hardscapes, landscape, and site clean-up. The impervious cover will be 35.07 acres (35.1 percent).

TCEQ Region 13 • 14250 Judson Rd. • San Antonio, Texas 78233-4480 • 210-490-3096 • Fax 210-545-4329

Mr. Peter James Page 2 April 6, 2023

The proposed sewage collection system will consist of 8,540.05 linear feet of sewer pipe, manholes, and appropriate appurtenances. The specific piping shall be 4,808.84 linear feet of 8-inch diameter PVC SDR 26 (ASTM D3034, ASTM D3212) pipe, 895 linear feet of 8-inch diameter PVC SDR 26 (ASTM D2241, Class 160, ASTM D3139) pressure rated pipe, 2,025.49 linear feet of 12-inch diameter PVC SDR 26 (ASTM D2241, Class 160, ASTM D3212) pipe, 275 linear feet of 12-inch diameter PVC SDR 26 (ASTM D2241, Class 160, ASTM D3139) pressure rated pipe, and 539.72 linear feet of 4-inch diameter PVC DR 25 (C900 AWWA D1784, Class 165, ASTM D3139) force main pipe. The system will be connected to an existing City of New Braunfels wastewater line for conveyance to the Gruene Wastewater Treatment Plant for treatment and disposal. The project is located within the City of New Braunfels and will conform to all applicable codes, ordinances, and requirements of the City of New Braunfels.

PERMANENT POLLUTION ABATEMENT MEASURES

To prevent the pollution of stormwater runoff originating on-site or upgradient of the site and potentially flowing across and off the site after construction, 2 batch detention basins and 2 interim vegetative filter strips with level spreaders, designed using the TCEQ technical guidance document, <u>Complying with the Edwards Aquifer Rules: Technical Guidance on Best</u> <u>Management Practices (2005)</u>, will be constructed to treat stormwater runoff. The required total suspended solids (TSS) treatment for this project is 31,479 pounds of TSS generated from the 35.07 acres of impervious cover. The approved measures meet the required 80 percent removal of the increased load in TSS caused by the project.

<u>GEOLOGY</u>

According to the geologic assessment included with the application, the site lies on the Person Formation. No naturally occurring sensitive geologic features were identified within the project limits. The site assessment conducted on March 13, 2023 revealed the site is generally as described in the geologic assessment.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

- I. All permanent pollution abatement measures shall be operational prior to first occupancy of the homes within their respective drainage areas
- II. All sediment and/or media removed from the water quality basin during maintenance activities shall be properly disposed of according to 30 TAC 330 or 30 TAC 335, as applicable.
- III. By the responsible engineer's dated signature and seal on the Engineering Design Report attached to the submitted application, all information therein accurately reflects the information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer in accordance with the requirements of 30 TAC 213.5 (c) and Chapter 217.
- IV. The proposed segment of force main shall be capped and plugged so no wastewater flows can be introduced into the force main pipe. The associated lift station and remainder of force main shall be included with a future SCS and lift station/force main application.

STANDARD CONDITIONS

1. Pursuant to Chapter 7 Subchapter C of the Texas Water Code, any violations of the requirements in 30 TAC Chapter 213 may result in administrative penalties.

Mr. Peter James Page 3 April 6, 2023

- 2. The holder of the approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan must comply with all provisions of 30 TAC Chapter 213 and all best management practices and measures contained in the approved plan. Additional and separate approvals, permits, registrations and/or authorizations from other TCEQ Programs (i.e., Stormwater, Water Rights, UIC) can be required depending on the specifics of the plan.
- 3. In addition to the rules of the Commission, the applicant may also be required to comply with state and local ordinances and regulations providing for the protection of water quality.

Prior to Commencement of Construction:

- 4. Within 60 days of receiving written approval of an Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan, the applicant must submit to the San Antonio Regional Office, proof of recordation of notice in the county deed records, with the volume and page number(s) of the county deed records of the county in which the property is located. A description of the property boundaries shall be included in the deed recordation in the county deed records. A suggested form (Deed Recordation Affidavit, TCEQ-0625) that you may use to deed record the approved WPAP is enclosed.
- 5. All contractors conducting regulated activities at the referenced project location shall be provided a copy of this notice of approval. At least one complete copy of the approved WPAP and SCS plans and this notice of approval shall be maintained at the project location until all regulated activities are completed.
- 6. Modification to the activities described in the referenced WPAP and SCS application following the date of approval may require the submittal of a plan to modify this approval, including the payment of appropriate fees and all information necessary for its review and approval prior to initiating construction of the modifications.
- 7. The applicant must provide written notification of intent to commence construction, replacement, or rehabilitation of the referenced project. Notification must be submitted to the San Antonio Regional Office no later than 48 hours prior to commencement of the regulated activity. Written notification must include the date on which the regulated activity will commence, the name of the approved plan and program ID number for the regulated activity, and the name of the prime contractor with the name and telephone number of the contact person. The executive director will use the notification to determine if the approved plan is eligible for an extension.
- 8. Temporary erosion and sedimentation (E&S) controls, i.e., silt fences, rock berms, stabilized construction entrances, or other controls described in the approved applications, must be installed prior to construction and maintained during construction. Temporary E&S controls may be removed when vegetation is established and the construction area is stabilized. If a water quality pond is proposed, it shall be used as a sedimentation basin during construction. The TCEQ may monitor stormwater discharges from the site to evaluate the adequacy of temporary E&S control measures. Additional controls may be necessary if excessive solids are being discharged from the site.
- 9. All borings with depths greater than or equal to 20 feet must be plugged with non-shrink grout from the bottom of the hole to within three (3) feet of the surface. The remainder of the hole must be backfilled with cuttings from the boring. All borings less than 20 feet must be backfilled with cuttings from the boring. All borings must be backfilled or plugged within four (4) days of completion of the drilling operation. Voids may be filled with gravel.

During Construction:

10. During the course of regulated activities related to this project, the applicant or agent shall comply with all applicable provisions of 30 TAC Chapter 213 and Chapter 217. The applicant shall remain responsible for the provisions and conditions of this approval until such responsibility is legally transferred to another person or entity, upon which that person or entity shall assume responsibility for all provisions and conditions of this approval.

Mr. Peter James Page 4 April 6, 2023

- 11. This approval does not authorize the installation of temporary aboveground storage tanks on this project. If the contractor desires to install a temporary aboveground storage tank for use during construction, an application to modify this approval must be submitted and approved prior to installation. The application must include information related to tank location and spill containment. Refer to Standard Condition No. 6, above.
- 12. If any sensitive feature (caves, solution cavities, sink holes, etc.) is discovered during construction, all regulated activities near the feature must be suspended immediately. The applicant or his agent must immediately notify the San Antonio Regional Office of the discovery of the feature. Regulated activities near the feature may not proceed until the executive director has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the feature and the aquifer from potentially adverse impacts to water quality. The plan must be sealed, signed, and dated by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer.
- 13. No wells exist on site. All water wells, including injection, dewatering, and monitoring wells must be in compliance with the requirements of the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation under Title 16 TAC Chapter 76 (relating to Water Well Drillers and Pump Installers) and all other locally applicable rules, as appropriate.
- 14. If sediment escapes the construction site, the sediment must be removed at a frequency sufficient to minimize offsite impacts to water quality (e.g., fugitive sediment in street being washed into surface streams or sensitive features by the next rain). Sediment must be removed from sediment traps or sedimentation ponds not later than when design capacity has been reduced by 50 percent. Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals shall be prevented from becoming stormwater discharge pollutants.
- 15. Intentional discharges of sediment laden water are not allowed. If dewatering becomes necessary, the discharge will be filtered through appropriately selected best management practices. These may include vegetated filter strips, sediment traps, rock berms, silt fence rings, etc.
- 16. The following records shall be maintained and made available to the executive director upon request: the dates when major grading activities occur, the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site, and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 17. Stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, and construction activities will not resume within 21 days. When the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day is precluded by weather conditions, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable.
- 18. No part of the system shall be used as a holding tank for a pump-and-haul operation.

After Completion of Construction:

- 19. A Texas Licensed Professional Engineer must certify in writing that the permanent BMPs or measures were constructed as designed. The certification letter must be submitted to the San Antonio Regional Office within 30 days of site completion.
- 20. The applicant shall be responsible for maintaining the permanent BMPs after construction until such time as the maintenance obligation is either assumed in writing by another entity having ownership or control of the property (such as without limitation, an owner's association, a new property owner or lessee, a district, or municipality) or the ownership of the property is transferred to the entity. The regulated entity shall then be responsible for maintenance until another entity assumes such obligations in writing or ownership is transferred. A copy of the transfer of responsibility must be filed with the executive director through San Antonio Regional Office within 30 days of the transfer. A copy of the transfer form (TCEQ-10263) is enclosed.

Mr. Peter James Page 5 April 6, 2023

- 21. Certification by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer of the testing of sewage collection systems required by 30 TAC Chapter 213 and Chapter 217 shall be submitted to the San Antonio Regional Office within 30 days of test completion and prior to the new sewage collection system being put into service. The certification should include the project name as it appeared on the approved application, the program ID number, and two copies of a site plan sheet(s) indicating the wastewater lines and manholes that were tested and are being certified as complying with the appropriate regulations. The engineer must certify in writing that all wastewater lines have passed all required testing to the appropriate regional office within 30 days of test completion and prior to use of the new collection system. Should any test result fail to meet passing test criteria and then subsequently pass testing, the result(s) and an explanation of what repair, adjustment, or other means were taken to facilitate a subsequent passing result shall be provided.
- 22. Every five years after the initial certification, the sewage collection system shall be retested. Any lines that fail the test must be repaired and retested. Certification that the system continues to meet the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 213 and Chapter 217 shall be submitted to the San Antonio Regional Office. The certification should include the project name as it appeared on the approved application, the program ID number and two copies of a site plan sheet(s) indicating the wastewater lines and manholes that were tested and are being certified as complying with the appropriate regulations. Should any test result fail to meet passing test criteria, and then subsequently pass testing, the result(s) and an explanation of what repair, adjustment, or other means were taken to facilitate a subsequent passing result shall be provided.
- 23. Upon legal transfer of this property, the new owner(s) is required to comply with all terms of the approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan. If the new owner intends to commence any new regulated activity on the site, a new Edwards Aquifer protection plan that specifically addresses the new activity must be submitted to the executive director. Approval of the plan for the new regulated activity by the executive director is required prior to commencement of the new regulated activity.
- 24. An Edwards Aquifer protection plan approval or extension will expire and no extension will be granted if more than 50 percent of the total construction has not been completed within ten years from the initial approval of a plan. A new Edwards Aquifer protection plan must be submitted to the San Antonio Regional Office with the appropriate fees for review and approval by the executive director prior to commencing any additional regulated activities.
- 25. At project locations where construction is initiated and abandoned, or not completed, the site shall be returned to a condition such that the aquifer is protected from potential contamination.

This action is taken under authority delegated by the Executive Director of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality. If you have any questions or require additional information, please contact Mr. Joshua Vacek of the Edwards Aquifer Protection Program of the San Antonio Regional Office at 210-403-4028.

Sincerely. illian Butter

Lillian Butler, Section Manager Edwards Aquifer Protection Program Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

LIB/jv

Enclosures: Deed Recordation Affidavit, Form TCEQ-0625 Change in Responsibility for Maintenance of Permanent BMPs, Form TCEQ-10263

cc: Mr. Dennis Rion, P.E., Pape-Dawson Engineers, Inc.

ATTACHMENT B

VERAMENDI PRECINCT 27 UNIT 1 Sewage Collection System Modification Application

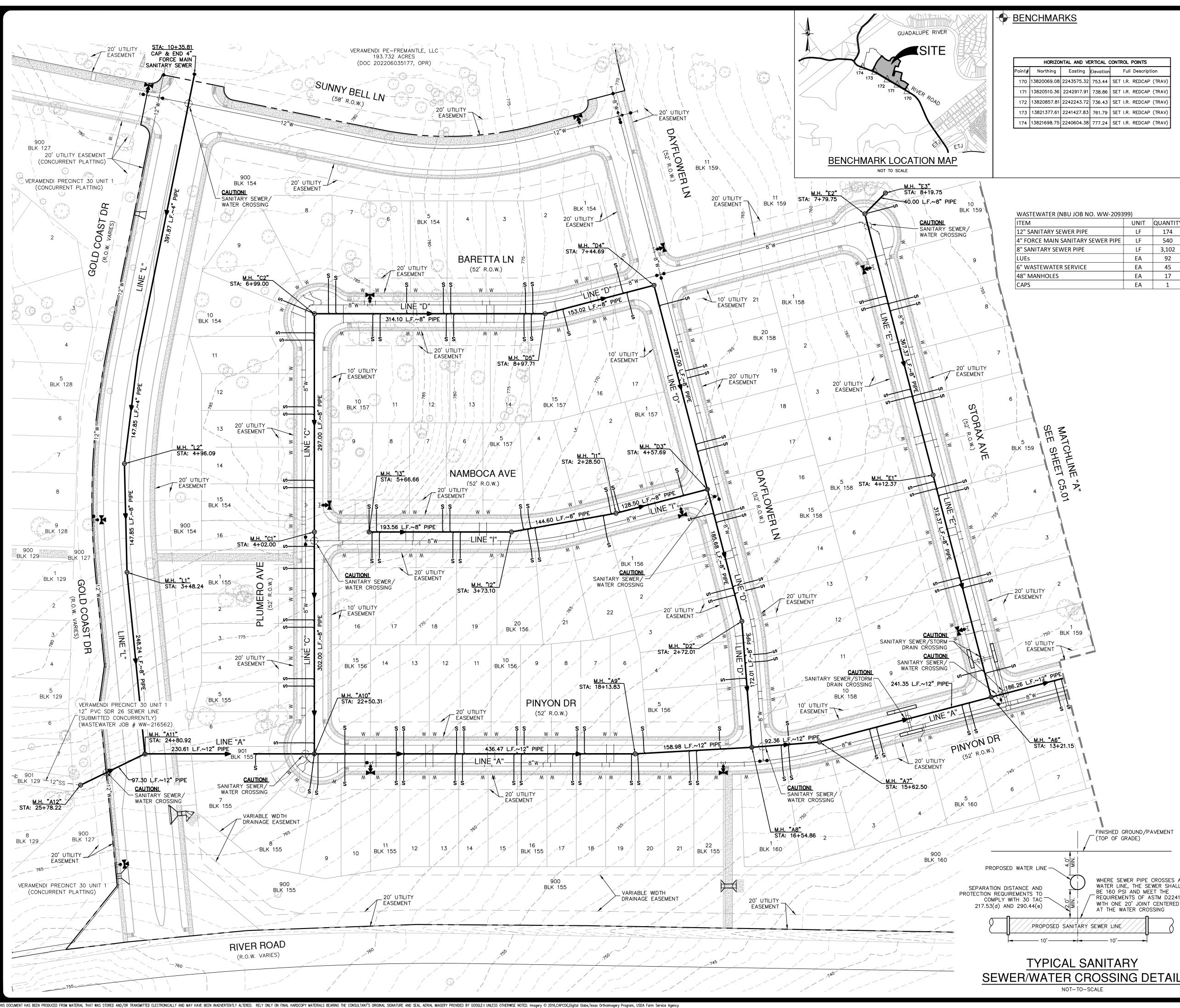
Attachment B – Narrative of Proposed Modification

The Veramendi Precinct 27 Unit 1 Sewage Collection System (SCS) Modification is a modification of the previously approved Veramendi Precinct 27 Unit 1 & Precinct 30 Unit 1 Water Pollution Abatement Plan (WPAP) and Sewage Collection System (SCS) application, approved on April 6, 2023, for the construction of a single-family residential development with an associated 8,540.05 linear feet (LF) of sewer pipe for the sewage collection system. This approved 99.92-acre project is located approximately 0.5 miles southeast of River Rd and Hueco Springs intersection within the Extra-Territorial Jurisdiction of the City of New Braunfels in Comal County, Texas, and is located entirely over the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone. The site lies within the Blieders Creek watershed and does not contain 100-year floodplain. There were no naturally occurring sensitive geological features identified within the project limits of the Geologic Assessment.

The Veramendi Precinct 27 Unit 1 SCS was previously approved for 8,540.05 linear feet (LF) of sewer main to serve the approved development and included 539.72 LF of 4" pressure rated C900 force main pipe. The force main was approved to be installed as part of the residential street construction but proposed to be plugged with no flows. This Veramendi Precinct 27 Unit 1 SCS Modification proposes to upsize the 4" force main to 6" pressure rated C900 force main pipe due to flow requirements for the future lift station. This 6" force main is proposed to be installed concurrently with the previously approved plans, and still proposes no flows through the pipe. Regulated activities proposed include excavation, construction of sewer mains, backfill, and compaction. Approximately 19.6 acres may be disturbed for the SCS installation, which includes this modified section, as identified by the limits of the fifty-foot (50') SCS/GA envelope shown on the plans.



ATTACHMENT C



IORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL POINTS					
Easting	Elevation		Full	Descript	ion
43575.32	753.44	SET	I.R.	REDCAP	(TRAV)
42917.91	738.86	SET	I.R.	REDCAP	(TRAV)
42243.72	736.43	SET	I.R.	REDCAP	(TRAV)
41427.83	761.79	SET	I.R.	REDCAP	(TRAV)
40604.38	777.24	SET	I.R.	REDCAP	(TRAV)
	Easting 43575.32 42917.91 42243.72 41427.83	Easting Elevation 43575.32 753.44	Easting Elevation 43575.32 753.44 SET 42917.91 738.86 SET 42243.72 736.43 SET 41427.83 761.79 SET	Easting Elevation Full 43575.32 753.44 SET I.R. 42917.91 738.86 SET I.R. 42243.72 736.43 SET I.R. 41427.83 761.79 SET I.R.	Easting Elevation Full Descript 43575.32 753.44 SET I.R. REDCAP 42917.91 738.86 SET I.R. REDCAP 42243.72 736.43 SET I.R. REDCAP 41427.83 761.79 SET I.R. REDCAP

UNIT QUANTITY

174

540

3,102

92

45

17

LF

LF

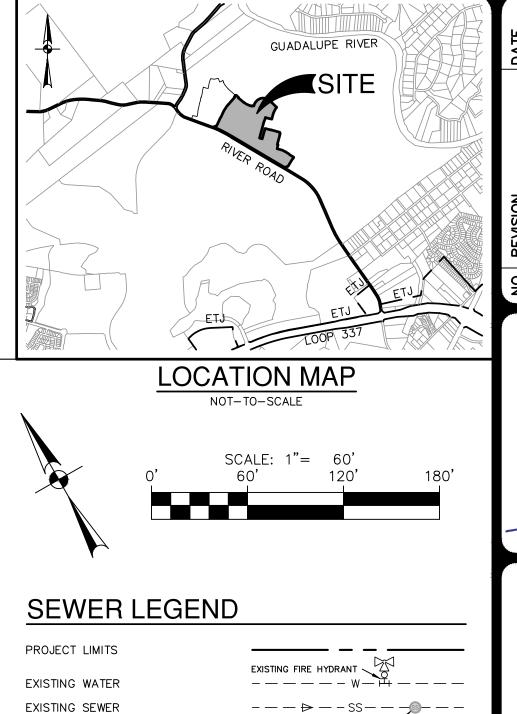
LF

EA

EA

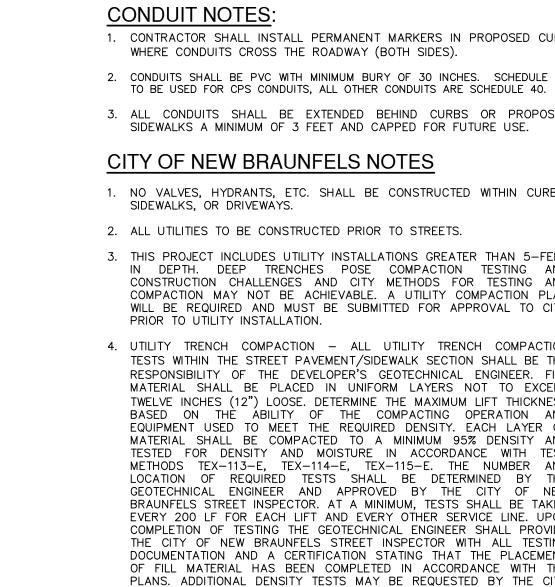
EA

EA 1



G Z .o 150 BLK 159 <u>M.H. "A6"</u> STA: 13+21.15 FINISHED GROUND/PAVEMENT (TOP OF GRADE) WHERE SEWER PIPE CROSSES A WATER LINE, THE SEWER SHALL BE 160 PSI AND MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM D2241 WITH ONE 20' JOINT CENTERED AT THE WATER CROSSING PROPOSED SANITARY SEWER LINE _____ 10'_____ 10'_____

NOT-TO-SCALE



CAUTION!!

TRENCH EXCAVATION SAFETY PROTECTION:

FOR PERMIT

GUADALUPE RIVER CSITE RIVER ROAD	NO. REVISION DATE
$\frac{\text{ETJ}}{\text{LOCATION MAP}}$ NOT-TO-SCALE $\frac{\text{SCALE: 1"} = 60'}{0' 60' 120' 180'}$	Z 2-1-2023 STATE OF TE 90 4 TODD W. BLACKMON 89208 SSTONAL ENGINE
PROJECT LIMITS EXISTING WATER EXISTING SEWER PROPOSED SEWER PROPOSED SEWER PROPOSED SEWER LATERAL FINISHED FLOOR ELEVATION FOR SEWER PROPOSED STORM DRAIN MOTEL ALL SEWER PIPES SHALL BE PVC (SDR 26), UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. FLOODPLAIN NOTE 1. NO PORTION OF ANY LOT ON THIS PROJECT IS WITHIN AN INDICATED	TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM #470 TEXAS SURVEYING FIRM #10028800
 NO. 48187C0095F EFFECTIVE DATE 9/2/2009. CONDUIT NOTES: 1. CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL PERMANENT MARKERS IN PROPOSED CURB WHERE CONDUITS CROSS THE ROADWAY (BOTH SIDES). 2. CONDUITS SHALL BE PVC WITH MINIMUM BURY OF JO INCHES. SCHEDULE 80 TO BE USED FOR CPS CONDUITS, ALL OTHER CONDUITS ARE SCHEDULE 40. 3. ALL CONDUITS SHALL BE EXTENDED BEHIND CURBS OR PROPOSED SIDEWALKS A MINIMUM OF 3 FEET AND CAPPED FOR FUTURE USE. CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS NOTES 1. NO VALVES, HYDRANTS, ETC. SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED WITHIN CURBS, SIDEWALKS, OR DRIVEWAYS. 2. ALL UTILITIES TO BE CONSTRUCTED PRIOR TO STREETS. 3. THIS PROJECT INCLUDES UTILITY INSTALLATIONS GREATER THAN 5-FEET IN DEPTH. DEEPT TRENCHES POSE COMPACTION TESTING AND CONSTRUCTION CHALLENCES AND CITY WETHODS FOR TESTING AND CONSTRUCTION CHALLENCES AND CITY WETHODS FOR TESTING AND COMPACTION MAY NOT BE ACHIEVABLE. A UTILITY COMPACTION PLAN WILL BE REQUIRED AND MUST BE SUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL TO CITY PRIOR TO UTILITY INSTALLATION. 4. UTILITY TRENCH COMPACTION – ALL UTILITY TRENCH COMPACTION PLAN WILL BE FREQUIRED AND MUST BE SUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL TO CITY PRIOR TO UTILITY INSTALLATION. 4. UTILITY TRENCH COMPACTION – ALL UTILITY TRENCH COMPACTION TESTS WITHIN THE STREET PAVEMENT/SIGNEMALK SECTION SHALL BE THE RESONSIBILITY OF THE DEVELOPER'S GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER. FILL MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED IN UNIFORM LAYERS NOT TO EXCEED TWELVE UNCHES (12') LOOSE DETERMINE HE MAXIMUM LIFT THICKNESS BASED ON THE ABILITY OF THE COMPACTED DENSITY. AND TESTED FOR DENSITY AND TESTED FOR EXCELLINE COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM UST THEORY COMPACTED FOR DESTITY AND TESTED FOR DETERMINE BE SUFFERMINED BY THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER SHALL PROVIDE THE SETVICE LINSPECTOR. COMPLEIS STREET INSPECTOR. AT A MINIMUM JEST BLAUED E TAKEN EVERY 200 LF FOR EACH LIFT AND EVERY OTHER SERVICE UNPONDE THE CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS INSPECTOR. COMPLEIS STREET INSPECTOR. AT A MINIMUM THE THEORY OF NEW BRAUNFELS INSPECTOR.<td>VERAMENDI PRECINCT 27 - UNIT 1 New BRAUNFELS, TEXAS OVERALL SANITARY SEWER PLAN</td>	VERAMENDI PRECINCT 27 - UNIT 1 New BRAUNFELS, TEXAS OVERALL SANITARY SEWER PLAN
CONTRACTOR AND/ OR CONTRACTOR'S INDEPENDENTLY RETAINED EMPLOYEE OR STRUCTURAL DESIGN/ GEOTECHNICAL/ SAFETY/EQUIPMENT CONSULTANT, IF ANY, SHALL REVIEW THESE PLANS AND ANY AVAILABLE GEOTECHNICAL INFORMATION AND THE ANTICIPATED INSTALLATION SITES WITHIN THE PROJECT WORK AREA IN ORDER TO IMPLEMENT CONTRACTOR'S TRENCH EXCAVATION SAFETY PROTECTION SYSTEMS, PROGRAMS AND /OR PROCEDURES FOR THE PROJECT DESCRIBED IN THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS. THE CONTRACTOR'S IMPLEMENTATION OF THESE SYSTEMS, PROGRAMS AND/OR PROCEDURES SHALL PROVIDE FOR ADEQUATE TRENCH EXCAVATION SAFETY PROTECTION THAT COMPLY WITH AS A MINIMUM, OSHA STANDARDS FOR TRENCH EXCAVATIONS. SPECIFICALLY, CONTRACTOR AND/OR CONTRACTOR'S INDEPENDENTLY RETAINED EMPLOYEE OR SAFETY CONSULTANT SHALL IMPLEMENT A TRENCH SAFETY PROGRAM IN ACCORDANCE WITH OSHA STANDARDS GOVERNING THE PRESENCE AND ACTIVITIES OF INDIVIDUALS WORKING IN AND AROUND TRENCH EXCAVATION.	PLAT NO JOB NO DATESEPTEMBER 2022 DESIGNER CHECKED DRAWNCA SHEET SHEET

ORGANIZED SEWAGE COLLECTION SYSTEM PLAN (TCEQ-0582)

Organized Sewage Collection System Application

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

For Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(c), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Regulated Entity Name: Veramendi Precinct 27 unit 1

 Attachment A – SCS Engineering Design Report. This Engineering Design Report is provided to fulfill the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 217, including 217.10 of Subchapter A, §§217.51 – 217.70 of Subchapter C, and Subchapter D as applicable, and is required to be submitted with this SCS Application Form.

Customer Information

 The entity and contact person responsible for providing the required engineering certification of testing for this sewage collection system upon completion (including private service connections) and every five years thereafter to the appropriate TCEQ region office pursuant to 30 TAC §213.5(c) is:

 Contact Person: Jason Theurer

 Entity: New Braunfels Utilities

 Mailing Address: 355 FM 306

 City, State: New Brunfels, TX
 Zip: 78130

 Telephone: (830) 608-8830
 Fax: _____

 Email Address: jtheurer@nbutexas.com

 The appropriate regional office must be informed of any changes in this information within 30 days of the change.

3. The engineer responsible for the design of this sewage collection system is:

Contact Person: Jocelyn Perez Texas Licensed Professional Engineer's Number: <u>98367</u> Entity: <u>Pape-Dawson Engineers</u> Mailing Address: <u>1672 Independence Dr, Ste 102</u> City, State:<u>New Braunfels, TX</u> Zip: <u>78123</u> Telephone:(<u>830) 632 5633</u> Fax:____ Email Address:jperez@pape-dawson.com

Project Information

4. Anticipated type of development to be served (estimated future population to be served, plus adequate allowance for institutional and commercial flows):

Residential: Number of single-family lots:
Multi-family: Number of residential units:
Commercial
Industrial
Off-site system (not associated with any development)
Other: <u>6" force main with no flows</u>

5. The character and volume of wastewater is shown below:

% Domestic	gallons/day
% Industrial	gallons/day
% Commingled	gallons/day
Total gallons/day: <u>N/A</u>	

- 6. Existing and anticipated infiltration/inflow is <u>750 gpd/acre</u> gallons/day. This will be addressed by: <u>adequate sizing of the sewer main</u>.
- 7. A Water Pollution Abatement Plan (WPAP) is required for construction of any associated commercial, industrial or residential project located on the Recharge Zone.

The WPAP application for this development was approved by letter dated <u>April 6, 2023</u>. A copy of the approval letter is attached.

The WPAP application for this development was submitted to the TCEQ on _____, but has not been approved.

A WPAP application is required for an associated project, but it has not been submitted.
 There is no associated project requiring a WPAP application.

8. Pipe description:

Table 1 - Pipe Description

Pipe			
Diameter(Inches)	Linear Feet (1)	Pipe Material (2)	Specifications (3)
			C900 AWWA D1784
			CLASS 165 ASTM
6" pressure rated	539.72	PVC DR 25	D3139

Total Linear Feet: 539.72

(1) Linear feet - Include stub-outs and double service connections. Do not include private service laterals.

- (2) Pipe Material If PVC, state SDR value.
- (3) Specifications ASTM / ANSI / AWWA specification and class numbers should be included.
- 9. The sewage collection system will convey the wastewater to the <u>Gruene Wastewater</u> (name) Treatment Plant. The treatment facility is:



10. All components of this sewage collection system will comply with:

The City of <u>New Braunfels</u> standard specifications. Other. Specifications are attached.

11. No force main(s) and/or lift station(s) are associated with this sewage collection system.

A force main(s) and/or lift station(s) is associated with this sewage collection system and the Lift Station/Force Main System Application form (TCEQ-0624) is included with this application. *Lift Station/Force Main System Application to be submitted with future unit. This section of force main will have no flows.

Alignment

- 12. There are no deviations from uniform grade in this sewage collection system without manholes and with open cut construction.
- 13. There are no deviations from straight alignment in this sewage collection system without manholes.
 - Attachment B Justification and Calculations for Deviation in Straight Alignment without Manholes. A justification for deviations from straight alignment in this sewage collection system without manholes with documentation from pipe manufacturer allowing pipe curvature is attached.
 - For curved sewer lines, all curved sewer line notes (TCEQ-0596) are included on the construction plans for the wastewater collection system.

Manholes and Cleanouts

14. Manholes or clean-outs exist at the end of each sewer line(s). These locations are listed below: (Please attach additional sheet if necessary)

Line	Shown on Sheet	Station	Manhole or Clean- out?
	Of		

Table 2 - Manholes and Cleanouts

Line	Shown on Sheet	Station	Manhole or Clean- out?
	Of		

- 15. Manholes are installed at all Points of Curvature and Points of Termination of a sewer line.
- 16. The maximum spacing between manholes on this project for each pipe diameter is no greater than:

Pipe Diameter (inches)	Max. Manhole Spacing (feet)
6 - 15	500
16 - 30	800
36 - 48	1000
≥54	2000

- Attachment C Justification for Variance from Maximum Manhole Spacing. The maximum spacing between manholes on this project (for each pipe diameter used) is greater than listed in the table above. A justification for any variance from the maximum spacing is attached, and must include a letter from the entity which will operate and maintain the system stating that it has the capability to maintain lines with manhole spacing greater than the allowed spacing.
- 17. All manholes will be monolithic, cast-in-place concrete.
 - The use of pre-cast manholes is requested for this project. The manufacturer's specifications and construction drawings, showing the method of sealing the joints, are attached.

Site Plan Requirements

Items 18 - 25 must be included on the Site Plan.

18. \square The Site Plan must have a minimum scale of 1" = 400'.

```
Site Plan Scale: 1" = <u>400</u>'.
```

19. The Site Plan must include the sewage collection system general layout, including manholes with station numbers, and sewer pipe stub outs (if any). Site plan must be overlain by topographic contour lines, using a contour interval of not greater than ten feet and showing the area within both the five-year floodplain and the 100-year floodplain of any drainage way.

20. Lateral stub-outs:

The location of all lateral stub-outs are shown and labeled.

No lateral stub-outs will be installed during the construction of this sewer collection system.

21. Location of existing and proposed water lines:

The entire water distribution system for this project is shown and labeled.

If not shown on the Site Plan, a Utility Plan is provided showing the entire water and sewer systems.

There will be no water lines associated with this project.

22. 100-year floodplain:

After construction is complete, no part of this project will be in or cross a 100-year floodplain, either naturally occurring or manmade. (Do not include streets or concrete-lined channels constructed above of sewer lines.)

After construction is complete, all sections located within the 100-year floodplain will have water-tight manholes. These locations are listed in the table below and are shown and labeled on the Site Plan. (Do not include streets or concrete-lined channels constructed above sewer lines.)

Table 3 - 100-Year Floodplain

Line	Sheet	Station
	of	to

23. 5-year floodplain:

After construction is complete, no part of this project will be in or cross a 5-year floodplain, either naturally occurring or man-made. (Do not include streets or concrete-lined channels constructed above sewer lines.)

After construction is complete, all sections located within the 5-year floodplain will be encased in concrete or capped with concrete. These locations are listed in the table below and are shown and labeled on the Site Plan. (Do not include streets or concrete-lined channels constructed above sewer lines.)

Table 4 - 5-Year Floodplain

Line	Sheet	Station
	of	to

24. \square Legal boundaries of the site are shown.

25. The *final plans and technical specifications* are submitted for the TCEQ's review. Each sheet of the construction plans and specifications are dated, signed, and sealed by the Texas Licensed Professional Engineer responsible for the design on each sheet.

Items 26 - 33 must be included on the Plan and Profile sheets.

26. All existing or proposed water line crossings and any parallel water lines within 9 feet of sewer lines are listed in the table below. These lines must have the type of pressure rated pipe to be installed shown on the plan and profile sheets. Any request for a variance from the required pressure rated piping at crossings must include a variance approval from 30 TAC Chapter 290.

There will be no water line crossings.

] There will be no water lines within 9 feet of proposed sewer lines.

Table 5 - Water Line Crossings

Line	Station or Closest Point	Crossing or Parallel	Horizontal Separation Distance	Vertical Separation Distance
"L"	9+94.31	Crossing	-	2.06

27. Vented Manholes:

No part of this sewer line is within the 100-year floodplain and vented manholes are not required by 30 TAC Chapter 217.

A portion of this sewer line is within the 100-year floodplain and vented manholes will be provided at less than 1500 foot intervals. These water-tight manholes are listed in the table below and labeled on the appropriate profile sheets.

A portion of this sewer line is within the 100-year floodplain and an alternative means of venting shall be provided at less than 1500 feet intervals. A description of the alternative means is described on the following page.

A portion of this sewer line is within the 100-year floodplain; however, there is no interval longer than 1500 feet located within. No vented manholes will be used.

Table 6 - Vented Manholes

Line	Manhole	Station	Sheet

Line	Manhole	Station	Sheet

28. Drop manholes:

There are no drop manholes associated with this project.

Sewer lines which enter new or existing manholes or "manhole structures" higher than 24 inches above the manhole invert are listed in the table below and labeled on the appropriate profile sheets. These lines meet the requirements of 30 TAC §217.55(I)(2)(H).

Table 7 - Drop Manholes

Line	Manhole	Station	Sheet

29. Sewer line stub-outs (For proposed extensions):

The placement and markings of all sewer line stub-outs are shown and labeled.

No sewer line stub-outs are to be installed during the construction of this sewage collection system.

30. Lateral stub-outs (For proposed private service connections):

The placement and markings of all lateral stub-outs are shown and labeled.

No lateral stub-outs are to be installed during the construction of this sewage collection system.

31. Minimum flow velocity (From Appendix A)

Assuming pipes are flowing full; all slopes are designed to produce flows equal to or greater than 2.0 feet per second for this system/line.

32. Maximum flow velocity/slopes (From Appendix A)

Assuming pipes are flowing full, all slopes are designed to produce maximum flows of less than or equal to 10 feet per second for this system/line.

Attachment D – Calculations for Slopes for Flows Greater Than 10.0 Feet per Second. Assuming pipes are flowing full, some slopes produce flows which are greater than 10 feet per second. These locations are listed in the table below. Calculations are attached.

Table 8 - Flow	ws Greater Tha	an 10 Feet per Secon	d		
Line	Profile Sheet	Station to Station	FPS	% Slope	Erosion/Shock Protection

33. Assuming pipes are flowing full, where flows are \geq 10 feet per second, the provisions noted below have been made to protect against pipe displacement by erosion and/or shock under 30 TAC §217.53(I)(2)(B).

Concrete encasement shown on appropriate Plan and Profile sheets for the locations listed in the table above.

Steel-reinforced, anchored concrete baffles/retards placed every 50 feet shown on appropriate Plan and Profile sheets for the locations listed in the table above. 🕅 N/A

Administrative Information

- 34. 🖂 The final plans and technical specifications are submitted for TCEQ review. Each sheet of the construction plans and specifications are dated, signed, and sealed by the Texas Licensed Professional Engineer responsible for the design on each sheet.
- 35. X Standard details are shown on the detail sheets, which are dated, signed, and sealed by the Texas Licensed Professional Engineer, as listed in the table below:

Standard Details	Shown on Sheet
Lateral stub-out marking [Required]	C5.20 of
Manhole, showing inverts comply with 30 TAC §217.55(I)(2) [Required]	C5.20 of
Alternate method of joining lateral to existing SCS line for potential future connections [Required]	C5.20 of
Typical trench cross-sections [Required]	C5.20 of
Bolted manholes [Required]	C5.20 of
Sewer Service lateral standard details [Required]	C5.20 of
Clean-out at end of line [Required, if used]	of
Baffles or concrete encasement for shock/erosion protection [Required, if flow velocity of any section of pipe >10 fps]	of
Detail showing Wastewater Line/Water Line Crossing [Required, if crossings are proposed]	C5.14 of
Mandrel detail or specifications showing compliance with 30 TAC §217.57(b) and (c) [Required, if Flexible Pipe is used]	C5.20 of

Table 9 - Standard Details

Standard Details	Shown on Sheet
Drop manholes [Required, if a pipe entering a manhole is more than 24 inches above manhole invert]	of

- 36. All organized sewage collection system general construction notes (TCEQ-0596) are included on the construction plans for this sewage collection system.
- 37. All proposed sewer lines will be sufficiently surveyed/staked to allow an assessment prior to TCEQ executive director approval. If the alignments of the proposed sewer lines are not walkable on that date, the application will be deemed incomplete and returned.

Survey staking was completed on this date: when advised by TCEQ of site visit

- 38. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
- 39. Any modification of this SCS application will require TCEQ approval, prior to construction, and may require submission of a revised application, with appropriate fees.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Organized Sewage Collection System Application** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The system was designed in accordance with the requirements of 30 TAC §213.5(c) and 30 TAC §217 and prepared by:

Print Name of Licensed Professional Engineer: Jocelyn Perez, P.E.

Date: 6/8/2023

Place engineer's seal here:



Signature of Licensed Professional Engineer:

Failsnkeniz

Appendix A-Flow Velocity Table

Flow Velocity (Flowing Full) All gravity sewer lines on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone shall be designed and constructed with hydraulic slopes sufficient to give a velocity when flowing full of not less than 2.0 feet per second, and not greater than 10 feet per second. The grades shown in the following table are based on Manning's formula and an n factor of 0.013 and shall be the minimum and maximum acceptable slopes unless provisions are made otherwise.

Pipe Diameter(Inches)	% Slope required for minimum flow velocity of 2.0 fps	% Slope which produces flow velocity of 10.0 fps
6	0.50	12.35
8	0.33	8.40
10	0.25	6.23
12	0.20	4.88
15	0.15	3.62
18	0.11	2.83
21	0.09	2.30
24	0.08	1.93
27	0.06	1.65
30	0.055	1.43
33	0.05	1.26
36	0.045	1.12
39	0.04	1.01
>39	*	*

Table 10 - Slope Velocity

*For lines larger than 39 inches in diameter, the slope may be determined by Manning's formula (as shown below) to maintain a minimum velocity greater than 2.0 feet per second when flowing full and a maximum velocity less than 10 feet per second when flowing full.

$$v = \frac{1.49}{n} \times R_h^{0.67} \times \sqrt{S}$$

Figure 1 - Manning's Formula

Where:

v = velocity (ft/sec)
n = Manning's roughness coefficient
(0.013)
Rh = hydraulic radius (ft)
S = slope (ft/ft)

TEMPORARY STORMWATER SECTION (TCEQ-0602)

Temporary Stormwater Section

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(4)(A), (B), (D)(I) and (G); Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Temporary Stormwater Section** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The application was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Jocelyn Perez, P.E.

Date: 6/8/2023

Signature of Customer/Agent:

Regulated Entity Name: Veramendi Precinct 27 Unit 1

Project Information

Potential Sources of Contamination

Examples: Fuel storage and use, chemical storage and use, use of asphaltic products, construction vehicles tracking onto public roads, and existing solid waste.

1. Fuels for construction equipment and hazardous substances which will be used during construction:

The following fuels and/or hazardous substances will be stored on the site: <u>construction</u> <u>staging area</u>

These fuels and/or hazardous substances will be stored in:

Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of less than 250 gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year.

TCEQ-0602 (Rev. 02-11-15)

Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity between 250 gallons and 499 gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year.

- Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of 500 gallons or more will be stored on the site. An Aboveground Storage Tank Facility Plan application must be submitted to the appropriate regional office of the TCEQ prior to moving the tanks onto the project.
- Fuels and hazardous substances will not be stored on the site.
- 2. Attachment A Spill Response Actions. A site specific description of the measures to be taken to contain any spill of hydrocarbons or hazardous substances is attached.
- 3. Temporary aboveground storage tank systems of 250 gallons or more cumulative storage capacity must be located a minimum horizontal distance of 150 feet from any domestic, industrial, irrigation, or public water supply well, or other sensitive feature.
- 4. Attachment B Potential Sources of Contamination. A description of any activities or processes which may be a potential source of contamination affecting surface water quality is attached.

Sequence of Construction

5. Attachment C - Sequence of Major Activities. A description of the sequence of major activities which will disturb soils for major portions of the site (grubbing, excavation, grading, utilities, and infrastructure installation) is attached.

For each activity described, an estimate (in acres) of the total area of the site to be disturbed by each activity is given.

- For each activity described, include a description of appropriate temporary control measures and the general timing (or sequence) during the construction process that the measures will be implemented.
- 6. Name the receiving water(s) at or near the site which will be disturbed or which will receive discharges from disturbed areas of the project: <u>Blieders Creek</u>

Temporary Best Management Practices (TBMPs)

Erosion control examples: tree protection, interceptor swales, level spreaders, outlet stabilization, blankets or matting, mulch, and sod. Sediment control examples: stabilized construction exit, silt fence, filter dikes, rock berms, buffer strips, sediment traps, and sediment basins. Please refer to the Technical Guidance Manual for guidelines and specifications. All structural BMPs must be shown on the site plan.

7. Attachment D – Temporary Best Management Practices and Measures. TBMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, and stormwater. The construction-phase BMPs for erosion and sediment controls have been designed to retain sediment on site to the extent practicable. The following information is attached:

		 A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site. A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff from the site. A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollutants from entering surface streams, sensitive features, or the aquifer. A description of how, to the maximum extent practicable, BMPs and measures will maintain flow to naturally-occurring sensitive features identified in either the geologic assessment, TCEQ inspections, or during excavation, blasting, or construction.
8.	\square	The temporary sealing of a naturally-occurring sensitive feature which accepts recharge to the Edwards Aquifer as a temporary pollution abatement measure during active construction should be avoided.
		 Attachment E - Request to Temporarily Seal a Feature. A request to temporarily seal a feature is attached. The request includes justification as to why no reasonable and practicable alternative exists for each feature. There will be no temporary sealing of naturally-occurring sensitive features on the site.
9.	\triangleleft	Attachment F - Structural Practices. A description of the structural practices that will be used to divert flows away from exposed soils, to store flows, or to otherwise limit runoff discharge of pollutants from exposed areas of the site is attached. Placement of structural practices in floodplains has been avoided.
10. [\leq	Attachment G - Drainage Area Map. A drainage area map supporting the following requirements is attached:
		 For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a sediment basin will be provided. For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a smaller sediment basin and/or sediment trap(s) will be used. For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a sediment basin or other equivalent controls are not attainable, but other TBMPs and measures will be used in combination to protect down slope and side slope boundaries of the construction area. There are no areas greater than 10 acres within a common drainage area that will be used in combination with other erosion and sediment controls within each disturbed at one time. A smaller sediment basin and/or sediment trap(s) will be used in combination with other erosion and sediment controls within each disturbed at one time.

There are no areas greater than 10 acres within a common drainage area that will be disturbed at one time. Erosion and sediment controls other than sediment basins or sediment traps within each disturbed drainage area will be used.

- 11. Attachment H Temporary Sediment Pond(s) Plans and Calculations. Temporary sediment pond or basin construction plans and design calculations for a proposed temporary BMP or measure have been prepared by or under the direct supervision of a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. All construction plans and design information must be signed, sealed, and dated by the Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. Construction plans for the proposed temporary BMPs and measures are attached.
 - 🖂 N/A
- 12. Attachment I Inspection and Maintenance for BMPs. A plan for the inspection of each temporary BMP(s) and measure(s) and for their timely maintenance, repairs, and, if necessary, retrofit is attached. A description of the documentation procedures, recordkeeping practices, and inspection frequency are included in the plan and are specific to the site and/or BMP.
- 13. All control measures must be properly selected, installed, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and good engineering practices. If periodic inspections by the applicant or the executive director, or other information indicate a control has been used inappropriately, or incorrectly, the applicant must replace or modify the control for site situations.
- 14. If sediment escapes the construction site, off-site accumulations of sediment must be removed at a frequency sufficient to minimize offsite impacts to water quality (e.g., fugitive sediment in street being washed into surface streams or sensitive features by the next rain).
- 15. Sediment must be removed from sediment traps or sedimentation ponds not later than when design capacity has been reduced by 50%. A permanent stake will be provided that can indicate when the sediment occupies 50% of the basin volume.
- 16. Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals exposed to stormwater shall be prevented from becoming a pollutant source for stormwater discharges (e.g., screening outfalls, picked up daily).

Soil Stabilization Practices

Examples: establishment of temporary vegetation, establishment of permanent vegetation, mulching, geotextiles, sod stabilization, vegetative buffer strips, protection of trees, or preservation of mature vegetation.

17. Attachment J - Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices. A schedule of the interim and permanent soil stabilization practices for the site is attached.

- 18. Records must be kept at the site of the dates when major grading activities occur, the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site, and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 19. Stabilization practices must be initiated as soon as practicable where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased.

Administrative Information

- 20. \square All structural controls will be inspected and maintained according to the submitted and approved operation and maintenance plan for the project.
- 21. If any geologic or manmade features, such as caves, faults, sinkholes, etc., are discovered, all regulated activities near the feature will be immediately suspended. The appropriate TCEQ Regional Office shall be immediately notified. Regulated activities must cease and not continue until the TCEQ has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the aquifer from any adverse impacts.
- 22. Silt fences, diversion berms, and other temporary erosion and sediment controls will be constructed and maintained as appropriate to prevent pollutants from entering sensitive features discovered during construction.

ATTACHMENT A

Attachment A – Spill Response Actions

In the event of an accidental leak or spill:

- Spill must be contained and cleaned up immediately.
- Spills will not be merely buried or washed with water.
- Contractor shall take action to contain spill. Contractor may use sand or other absorbent material stockpiled on site to absorb spill. Absorbent material should be spread over the spill area to absorb the spilled product.
- In the event of an uncontained discharge the contractor shall utilize onsite equipment to construct berms downgradient of the spill with sand or other absorbent material to contain and absorb the spilled product.
- Spill containment/absorbent materials along with impacted media must be collected and stored in such a way so as not to continue to affect additional media (soil/water). Once the spill has been contained, collected material should be placed on poly or plastic sheeting until removed from the site. The impacted media and cleanup materials should be covered with plastic sheeting and the edges weighed down with paving bricks or other similarly dense objects as the material is being accumulated. This will prevent the impacted media and cleanup materials from becoming airborne in windy conditions or impacting runoff during a rain event. The stockpiled materials should not be located within an area of concentrated runoff such as along a curb line or within a swale.
- Contaminated soils and cleanup materials will be sampled for waste characterization. When the analysis results are known the contaminated soils and cleanup materials will be removed from the site and disposed in a permitted landfill in accordance with applicable regulations.
- The contractor will be required to notify the owner, who will in turn contact TCEQ to notify them in the event of a significant hazardous/reportable quantity spill. Additional notifications as required by the type and amount of spill will be conducted by owner or owner's representative.

In the event of an accidental significant or hazardous spill:

The contractor will be required to report significant or hazardous spills in reportable quantities to:

- Notify the TCEQ by telephone as soon as possible and within 24 hours at 512-339-2929 (Austin) or 210-490-3096 (San Antonio) between 8 AM and 5 PM. After hours, contact the Environmental Release Hotline at 1-800-832-8224. It is the contractor's responsibility to have all emergency phone numbers at the construction site. https://www.tceq.texas.gov/response/spills/spill_rq.html
- For spills of federal reportable quantities, in conformance with the requirements in 40 CFR parts 110,119, and 302, the contractor should notify the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.



- Notification should first be made by telephone and followed up with a written report.
- The services of a spills contractor or a Haz-Mat team should be obtained immediately. Construction personnel should not attempt to clean up until the appropriate and qualified staffs have arrived at the job site.
- Other agencies which may need to be consulted include, but are not limited to, the City Police Department, County Sheriff Office, Fire Departments, etc.
- Contaminated soils will be sampled for waste characterization. When the analysis results are known the contaminated soils will be removed from the site and disposed in a permitted landfill in accordance with applicable regulations.

Additional guidance can be obtained from TCEQ's Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) RG-348 (2005) Section 1.4.16. Contractor shall review this section.

ATTACHMENT B

Preventative Measure

Potential Source

Potential Source

Preventive Measure

Preventive Measure

Attachment B – Potential Sources of Contamination

Other potential sources of contamination during construction include:

- Potential Source Asphalt products used on this project.
- Preventative Measure After placement of asphalt, emulsion or coatings, the contractor will be responsible for immediate cleanup should an unexpected rain occur. For the duration of the asphalt product curing time, the contractor will maintain standby personnel and equipment to contain any asphalt wash-off should an unexpected rain occur. The contractor will be instructed not to place asphalt products on the ground within 48 hours of a forecasted rain.
 - Potential Source Oil, grease, fuel and hydraulic fluid contamination from construction equipment and vehicle dripping.
 - Vehicle maintenance when possible will be performed within the construction staging area.
 - Construction vehicles and equipment shall be checked regularly for leaks and repaired immediately.
 - Potential Source Accidental leaks or spills of oil, petroleum products and substances listed under 40 CFR parts 110, 117, and 302 used or stored temporarily on site.
- Preventative Measure Contractor to incorporate into regular safety meetings, a discussion of spill prevention and appropriate disposal procedures.
 - Contractor's superintendent or representative overseer shall enforce proper spill prevention and control measures.
 - Hazardous materials and wastes shall be stored in covered containers and protected from vandalism.

A stockpile of spill cleanup materials shall be stored on site where it will be readily accessible.

- Miscellaneous trash and litter from construction workers and material wrappings.
- Trash containers will be placed throughout the site to encourage proper trash disposal.
- Construction debris.
- Construction debris will be monitored daily by contractor. Debris will be collected weekly and placed in disposal bins. Situations requiring



Potential Source

•

Preventative Measure

immediate attention will be addressed on a case by case basis.

- Spills/Overflow of waste from portable toilets
- Portable toilets will be placed away from high traffic vehicular areas and storm drain inlets.
- Portable toilets will be placed on a level ground surface.
- Portable toilets will be inspected regularly for leaks and will be serviced and sanitized at time intervals that will maintain sanitary conditions.

ATTACHMENT C

Attachment C – Sequence of Major Activities

While this modification application is only pertinent to the 539.72 LF of force main, it is proposed to be installed as planned with the previously approved gravity sewer main. The sequence of major activities which disturb soil during construction on this site will be divided into two stages. The first is site preparation that will include installation of TBMPs, clearing and grubbing of vegetation where applicable to include additional grading outside of the sewer alignment. This will disturb approximately 19.6 acres. The second is construction activities in previously cleared areas, which will include construction of sewer trenches, installation of sewer manholes, pipe, backfilling, and site cleanup, including removal of excess material. This will disturb approximately 19.6 acres as noted by the 50' sewer envelope.



ATTACHMENT D

Attachment D – Temporary Best Management Practices and Measures

a. A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site.

No upgradient water will cross the site. All TBMPs are adequate for the drainage areas they serve.

b. A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff from the site.

Site preparation, which is the initiation of all activity on the project, will disturb the largest amount of soil. Therefore, before any of this work can begin, the clearing and grading contractor will be responsible for the installation of all on-site control measures. The methodology for pollution prevention of on-site stormwater will include: (1) erection of silt fences along the downgradient boundary of construction activities for temporary erosion and sedimentation controls, (2) installation of rock berms with silt fencing downgradient from areas of concentrated stormwater flow for temporary erosion control, (3) installation of stabilized construction entrance/exit(s) to reduce the dispersion of sediment from the site, and (4) installation of construction staging area(s).

Prior to the initiation of construction, all previously installed control measures will be repaired or reestablished for their designed or intended purpose. This work, which is the remainder of all activity on the project, may also disturb additional soil. The construction contractor will be responsible for the installation of all remaining on-site control measures that includes installation of the concrete truck washout pit(s), as construction phasing warrants.

Temporary measures are intended to provide a method of slowing the flow of runoff from the construction site in order to allow sediment and suspended solids to settle out of the runoff. By containing the sediment and solids within the site, they will not enter surface streams and/or sensitive features.

c. A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollutants from entering surface streams, sensitive features, or the aquifer.

Temporary measures are intended to provide a method of slowing the flow of runoff from the construction site in order to allow sediment and suspended solids to settle out of the runoff. By containing the sediment and solids within the site, they will not enter surface streams and/or sensitive features.



d. A description of how, to the maximum extent practicable, BMPs and measures will maintain flow to naturally-occurring sensitive features identified in either the geologic assessment, TCEQ inspections, or during excavation, blasting, or construction.

BMP measures utilized in this plan are intended to allow stormwater to continue downstream after passing through the BMPs. This will allow stormwater runoff to continue downgradient to streams or features that may exist downstream of the site.



ATTACHMENT F

Attachment F – Structural Practices

The following structural measures will be installed prior to the initiation of site preparation activities:

- Erection of silt fences along the downgradient boundary of construction activities and rock berms with silt fence for secondary protection, as located on Exhibit 1 and illustrated in Exhibit 2.
- Installation of stabilized construction entrance/exit(s) and construction staging area(s), as located on Exhibit 1, and illustrated on Exhibit 2.

The following structural measures will be installed at the initiation of construction activities or as appropriate based on the construction sequencing:

• Installation of concrete truck washout pit(s), as required and located on Exhibit 1 and illustrated on Exhibit 2.

ATTACHMENT G

<u> Attachment G – Drainage Area Map</u>

No more than ten (10) acres will be disturbed within a common drainage area at one time as construction of civil infrastructure (utilities, roads, drainage, etc.) will precede home building construction. All TBMPs utilized are adequate for the drainage areas served.



ATTACHMENT I

INSPECTIONS

Designated and qualified person(s) shall inspect Pollution Control Measures weekly and within 24 hours after a storm event. An inspection report that summarizes the scope of the inspection, names and qualifications of personnel conducting the inspection, date of the inspection, major observations, and actions taken as a result of the inspection shall be recorded and maintained as part of Storm Water TPDES data for a period of three years after the Notice of Termination (NOT) has been filed. A copy of the Inspection Report Form is provided in this Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan.

As a minimum, the inspector shall observe: (1) significant disturbed areas for evidence of erosion, (2) storage areas for evidence of leakage from the exposed stored materials, (3) structural controls (rock berm outlets, silt fences, drainage swales, etc.) for evidence of failure or excess siltation (over 6 inches deep), (4) vehicle exit point for evidence of off-site sediment tracking, (5) vehicle storage areas for signs of leaking equipment or spills, (6) concrete truck rinse-out pit for signs of potential failure, (7) embankment, spillways, and outlet of sediment basin (where applicable) for erosion damage, and (8) sediment basins (where applicable) for evidence that basin has accumulated 50% of its volume in silt. Deficiencies noted during the inspection will be corrected and documented within seven calendar days following the inspection or before the next anticipated storm event if practicable.

Contractor shall review Sections 1.3 and 1.4 of TCEQ's Technical Guidance Manual for additional BMP inspection and maintenance requirements.



Pollution Prevention Measure		Corrective Action Required					
		Description (use additional sheet if necessary)	Date Completed				
Best Management Practices							
Natural vegetation buffer strips							
Temporary vegetation							
Permanent vegetation							
Sediment control basin							
Silt fences							
Rock berms							
Gravel filter bags							
Drain inlet protection							
Other structural controls							
Vehicle exits (off-site tracking)							
Material storage areas (leakage)							
Equipment areas (leaks, spills)							
Concrete washout pit (leaks, failure)							
General site cleanliness							
Trash receptacles							
Evidence of Erosion							
Site preparation							
Roadway or parking lot construction							
Utility construction							
Drainage construction							
Building construction							
Major Observations							
Sediment discharges from site							
BMPs requiring maintenance							
BMPs requiring modification							
Additional BMPs required							

_ A brief statement describing the qualifications of the inspector is included in this SWP3.

"I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations."

"I further certify I am an authorized signatory in accordance with the provisions of 30 TAC §305.128."

Inspector's Name

Inspector's Signature

Date

PROJECT MILESTONE DATES

Date when major site grading activities begin:

Construction Activity		Date	
Installation of BMPs			
	_		_
	_		_
	_		_
Dates when construction activities temporarily or perm	anonthu	coace on all or a portion of the n	roioct
<u>Construction Activity</u>		<u>Date</u>	TOJECI.
	_		_
	_		_
	_		_
Dates when stabilization measures are initiated:			
Stabilization Activity		Date	
			_
	_		_
	_		_
Removal of BMPs	_		_
	_		

ATTACHMENT J

Attachment J - Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices

Interim on-site stabilization measures, which are continuous, will include minimizing soil disturbances by exposing the smallest practical area of land required for the shortest period of time and maximizing use of natural vegetation. As soon as practical, all disturbed soil will be stabilized as per project specifications in accordance with pages 1-35 to 1-60 of TCEQ's Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) RG-348 (2005). Mulching, netting, erosion blankets and seeding are acceptable.

Stabilization measures will be initiated as soon as practicable in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, and except as provided below, will be initiated no more than fourteen (14) days after the construction activity in that portion of the site has temporarily or permanently ceased. Where construction activity on a portion of the site is temporarily ceased, and earth disturbing activities will be resumed within twenty-one (21) days, temporary stabilization measures do not have to be initiated on that portion of site. In areas experiencing droughts where the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day after construction activity has temporarily or permanently ceased is precluded by seasonably arid conditions, stabilization measures must be initiated as soon as practicable.



AGENT AUTHORIZATION FORM (TCEQ-0599)

Agent Authorization Form For Required Signature Edwards Aquifer Protection Program Relating to 30 TAC Chapter 213 Effective June 1, 1999

[Peter James	
	Print Name	
	Manager	
	Title - Owner/President/Other	
of	Veramendi PE – Fremantle, LLC Corporation/Partnership/Entity Name	
have authorized	<i>Pape-Dawson Engineers, Inc.</i> Print Name of Agent/Engineer	
of	Pape-Dawson Engineers, Inc. Print Name of Firm	

to represent and act on the behalf of the above-named Corporation, Partnership, or Entity for the purpose of preparing and submitting this plan application to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the review and approval consideration of regulated activities.

I also understand that:

- 1. The applicant is responsible for compliance with 30 Texas Administrative Code Chapter 213 and any condition of the TCEQ's approval letter. The TCEQ is authorized to assess administrative penalties of up to \$10,000 per day per violation.
- 2. For those submitting an application who are not the property owner, but who have the right to control and possess the property, additional authorization is required from the owner.
- 3. Application fees are due and payable at the time the application is submitted. The application fee must be sent to the TCEQ cashier or to the appropriate regional office. The application will not be considered until the correct fee is received by the commission.
- 4. A notarized copy of the Agent Authorization Form must be provided for the person preparing the application, and this form must accompany the completed application.
- 5. No person shall commence any regulated activity on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone, Contributing Zone or Transition Zone until the appropriate application for the activity has been filed with and approved by the Executive Director.

SIGNATURE PAGE:

Applicant's Signature

-24-2023

THE STATE OF § County of (

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared Peter James known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged to me that (s)he executed same for the purpose and consideration therein expressed.

GIVEN under my hand and seal of office on this 24th day of January , 2023

Barbara S. Kelley My Commission Expires 12/1/2026 Notary ID 134085531

- 6

Typed or Printed Name of Notary

MY COMMISSION EXPIRES: 2/1/2026

APPLICATION FEE FORM (TCEQ-0574)

Application Fee Form

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality									
Name of Proposed Regulated Entity: <u>Veramendi Precinct 27 Unit 1</u>									
Regulated Entity Location: <u>Approx. 0.5 mi SE of River Rd & Hueco Springs intersection</u>									
Name of Customer: <u>Veramendi PE - Fremantle, LLC</u>									
Contact Person: <u>Peter James</u> Phone: <u>(830) 643-4755</u>									
Customer Reference Number (if issued):CN <u>605801828</u>									
Regulated Entity Reference Numb	Regulated Entity Reference Number (if issued):RN <u>111649265</u>								
Austin Regional Office (3373)									
Hays	Travis	🗌 Wil	liamson						
San Antonio Regional Office (336	52)								
Bexar	Medina	Uva	alde						
🖂 Comal	 Kinney								
Application fees must be paid by	check, certified check, o	r money order, payabl	e to the Texas						
Commission on Environmental Q									
form must be submitted with yo	ur fee payment. This pa	yment is being submit	ted to:						
Austin Regional Office	Sa	n Antonio Regional Of	fice						
Mailed to: TCEQ - Cashier		vernight Delivery to: T	CEQ - Cashier						
Revenues Section	12	100 Park 35 Circle							
Mail Code 214	Bu	uilding A, 3rd Floor							
P.O. Box 13088		ustin, TX 78753							
Austin, TX 78711-3088	(5	12)239-0357							
Site Location (Check All That App	oly):								
🔀 Recharge Zone	Contributing Zone	🗌 Transit	ion Zone						
Type of Pl	an	Size	Fee Due						
Water Pollution Abatement Plan									
Plan: One Single Family Resident	· •	Acres	\$						
Water Pollution Abatement Plan	, Contributing Zone								
Plan: Multiple Single Family Resi	dential and Parks	Acres	\$						
Water Pollution Abatement Plan									
Plan: Non-residential	Acres \$								
Sewage Collection System	539.72 L.F. \$650								
Lift Stations without sewer lines	Acres	\$							
Underground or Aboveground St	Tanks	\$							
Piping System(s)(only)	Each	\$							
Exception		Each	\$						
Extension of Time		Each	\$						
		P	$\mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{O}}$						

Signature: July Marg

Date: _____

Application Fee Schedule

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Edwards Aquifer Protection Program 30 TAC Chapter 213 (effective 05/01/2008)

Water Pollution Abatement Plans and Modifications

Contributing Zone Plans and Modifications

	Project Area in	
Project	Acres	Fee
One Single Family Residential Dwelling	< 5	\$650
Multiple Single Family Residential and Parks	< 5	\$1,500
	5 < 10	\$3,000
	10 < 40	\$4,000
	40 < 100	\$6,500
	100 < 500	\$8,000
	≥ 500	\$10,000
Non-residential (Commercial, industrial,	< 1	\$3,000
institutional, multi-family residential, schools, and	1 < 5	\$4,000
other sites where regulated activities will occur)	5 < 10	\$5,000
	10 < 40	\$6,500
	40 < 100	\$8,000
	≥ 100	\$10,000

Organized Sewage Collection Systems and Modifications

Project	Cost per Linear Foot	Minimum Fee- Maximum Fee		
Sewage Collection Systems	\$0.50	\$650 - \$6,500		

Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank System Facility Plans and Modifications

Project	Cost per Tank or Piping System	Minimum Fee- Maximum Fee
Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank Facility	\$650	\$650 - \$6,500

Exception Requests

Project	Fee
Exception Request	\$500

Extension of Time Requests

Project	Fee				
Extension of Time Request	\$150				

CORE DATA FORM (TCEQ-10400)



TCEQ Core Data Form

For detailed instructions regarding completion of this form, please read the Core Data Form Instructions or call 512-239-5175.

SECTION I: General Information

1. Reason fo	1. Reason for Submission (If other is checked please describe in space provided.)											
New Per	New Permit, Registration or Authorization (Core Data Form should be submitted with the program application.)											
🗌 Renewa	Renewal (Core Data Form should be submitted with the renewal form) Other											
2. Customer	Referenc	e Number <i>(if iss</i>	ued)	Follow	Follow this link to search		3. Re	gulate	d Entity Re	eference	Number (i	f issued)
CN 6058	CN 605801828 Central Registry** RN 111649265											
SECTION	II: Cu	stomer Info	ormation									
4. General C	ustomer li	nformation	5. Effective	Date fo	or Custor	mer Info	rmatio	n Upda	ites (mm/do	d/yyyy)		
New Cust			_		to Custor					•	Regulated E	Intity Ownership
	-	ne (Verifiable wit								,		
			•	-			•			t is cur	rent and	active with the
Texas Sec	retary of	f State (SOS)	or Texas C	omptr	oller of	Public	Acco	ounts	(CPA).			
6. Customer	Legal Nar	ne (If an individua	l, print last nam	e first: eg	g: Doe, Jol	hn)	<u>I</u>	f new C	ustomer, en	ter previd	ous Custome	<u>r below:</u>
Veramend	li PE - F	reemantle, L	LC									
7. TX SOS/CI	PA Filing	Number	8. TX State	Tax ID	(11 digits)		g	. Fede	ral Tax ID (9 digits)	10. DUNS	S Number (if applicable)
11. Type of C	Customer:	Corporat	ion		🗌 Ind	ividual		Р	artnership:	Genera	al 🗌 Limited	
Government:	City 🗌 🤇	County 🗌 Federal 🗌	State 🗌 Other	r	🗌 Sol	e Propri	etorship) [Other:			
12. Number of							1				and Opera	ted?
] 21-100	101-250	251-500		501 and h	•		_ Yes		∐ No		
14. Custome	r Role (Pro	pposed or Actual) -	- as it relates to	the Reg	ulated Ent	ity listed o	on this fo	orm. Ple	ase check or	ne of the i	following	
Owner		Opera				er & Ope						
	nal Licens	ee 🗌 Respo	onsible Party			ntary Cle	anup A	pplican	t 🗌 Ot	her:		
15. Mailing Address:	15. Mailing											
Addiess.	City			St	ate		ZIP				ZIP + 4	
16. Country Mailing Information (if outside USA)						17.	E-Mail	Addre	SS (if applicat	ble)		
18. Telephon	18. Telephone Number 19. Extension or Code 20. Fax Number (if applicable)											
()	() - () -											
· · · ·												

SECTION III: Regulated Entity Information

 21. General Regulated Entity Information (If 'New Regulated Entity" is selected below this form should be accompanied by a permit application)

 □ New Regulated Entity
 □ Update to Regulated Entity Name
 ☑ Update to Regulated Entity Information

 The Regulated Entity
 □ update to Regulated Entity is and at the update to Regulated Entity Information

The Regulated Entity Name submitted may be updated in order to meet TCEQ Agency Data Standards (removal of organizational endings such as Inc, LP, or LLC).

22. Regulated Entity Name (Enter name of the site where the regulated action is taking place.)

Veramendi Precinct 27 Unit 1

23. Street Address of										
the Regulated Entity: (No PO Boxes)										
<u>INO PO BOXES/</u>	City		State		ZIP			ZIP +	4	
24. County	Coma	.1								
		Enter Physical	I Location Descrip	otion if n	o street add	ress is pi	rovided.			
25. Description to Physical Location:	Appro	ox. 0.5 mi SE	E of River Rd a	and Hu	eco Sprin	gs inter	section			
26. Nearest City						State	9		Neare	est ZIP Code
New Braunfels						ΤХ	TX		78130	
27. Latitude (N) In Decim	nal:	29.7455			28. Longitude (W) In Decimal: -98.		-98.13	.1368		
Degrees	Minutes		Seconds	[Degrees		Minutes		:	Seconds
29		44	43.8		98		08		12.5	
29. Primary SIC Code (4	digits)	30. Secondary S	IC Code (4 digits)		rimary NAIC	S Code	32. Secondary NAICS Code (5 or 6 digits)		CS Code	
1623				237	110					
33. What is the Primary	Busines	s of this entity?	(Do not repeat the S	IC or NAIC	S description.)					
sewage collection s	ystem									
				I	PO Box 310	699				
34. Mailing										
Address:	City	New Brau	nfels State	Т	K ZIP	1	78131	ZIP +	+4	
35. E-Mail Address:				nete	r@asaprope	erties us d	com			

	(830) 660-4755		()	-
3	9. TCEQ Programs and ID Numbers Check all Program	is and write in the permits/registration n	umbers that will be affected	l by the	updates submitted on this
fo	orm. See the Core Data Form instructions for additional guidar	nce.			

37. Extension or Code

	ier detterie ier detterier geraan			
Dam Safety	Districts	Edwards Aquifer	Emissions Inventory Air	Industrial Hazardous Waste
Municipal Solid Waste	New Source Review Air	□ OSSF	Petroleum Storage Tank	D PWS
Sludge	Storm Water	Title V Air	Tires	Used Oil
Voluntary Cleanup	Waste Water	Wastewater Agriculture	U Water Rights	Other:

SECTION IV: Preparer Information

36. Telephone Number

40. Name: Jean Autrey, P.E., CESSWI		41. Title:	Project Manager		
42. Tele	phone Number	43. Ext./Code	44. Fax Number	45. E-Mail	Address
(210)	375-9000		(210)375-9010	jautrey@	pape-dawson.com

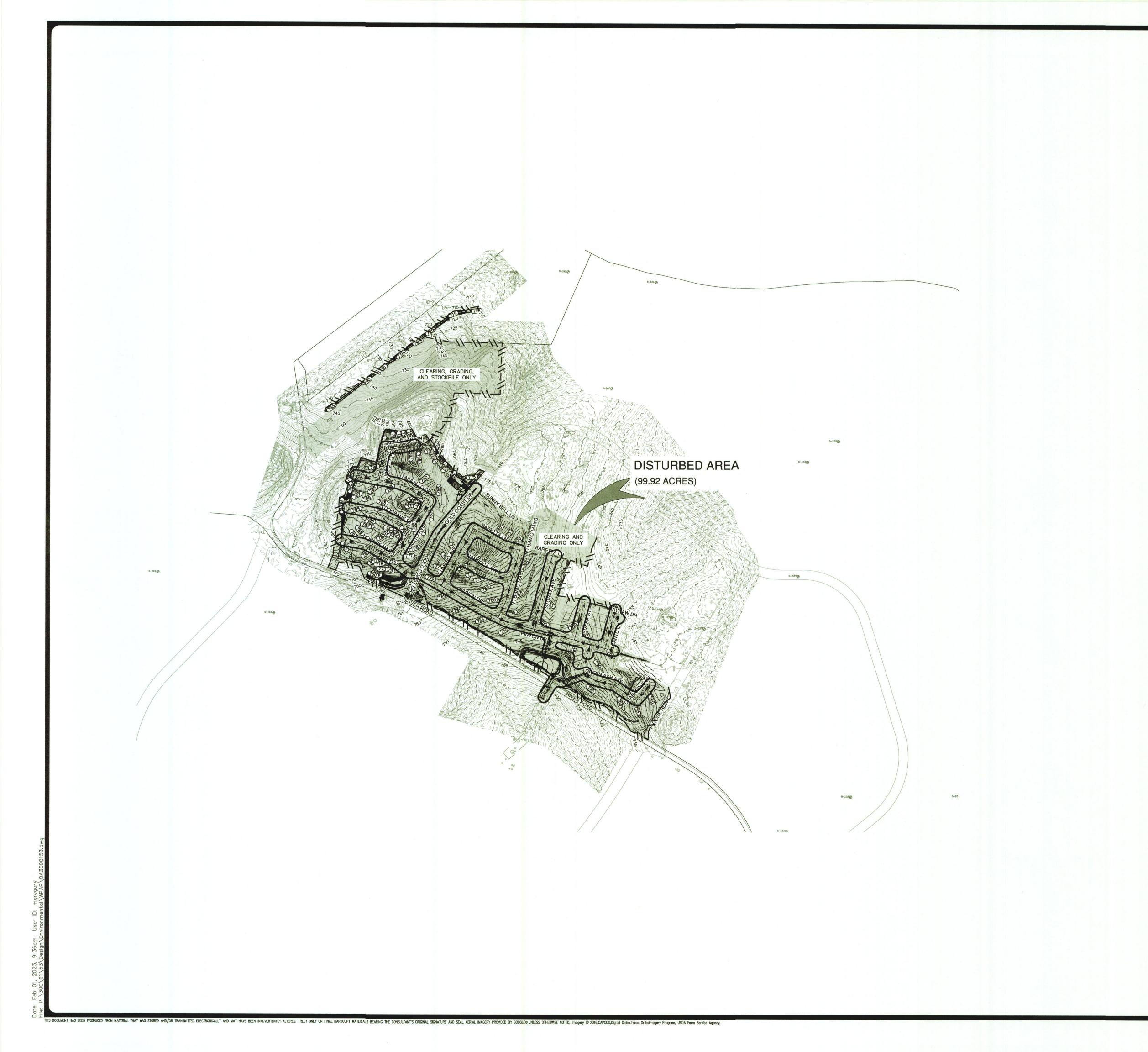
SECTION V: Authorized Signature

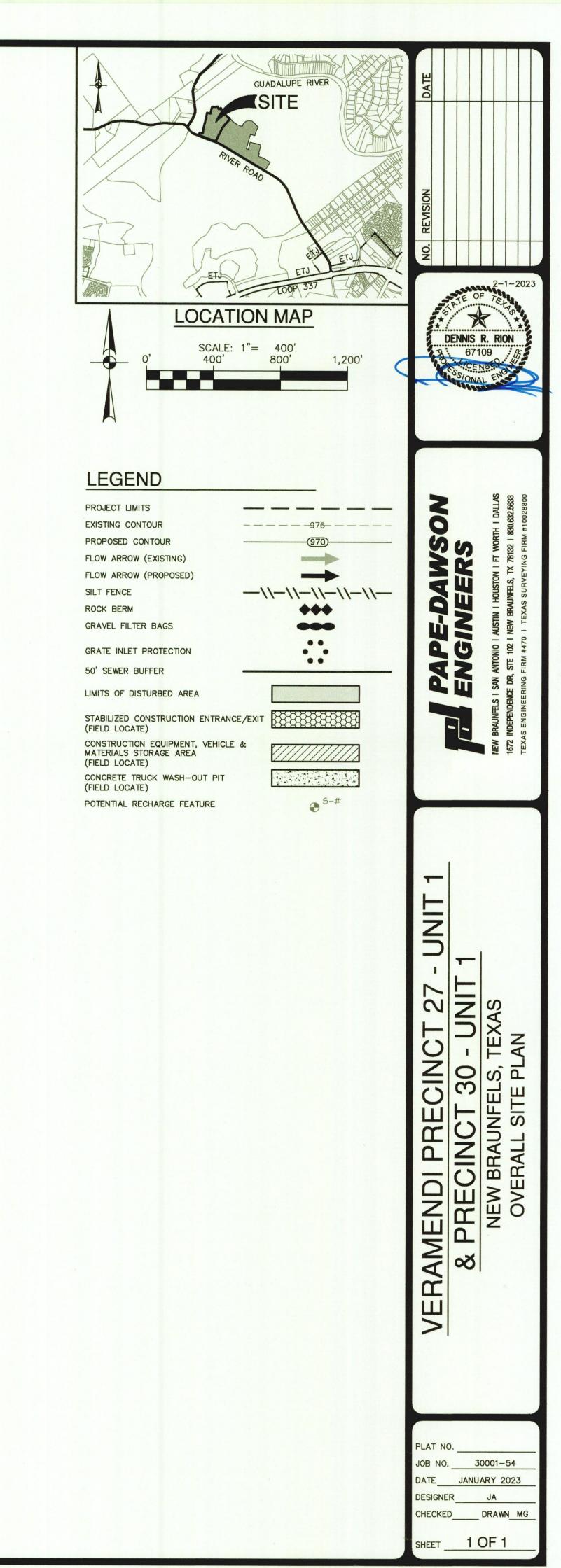
46. By my signature below, I certify, to the best of my knowledge, that the information provided in this form is true and complete, and that I have signature authority to submit this form on behalf of the entity specified in Section II, Field 6 and/or as required for the updates to the ID numbers identified in field 39.

Company:	Company: Pape-Dawson Engineers			sident			
Name (In Print):	Jocelyn Perez, P.E.			Phone:	(830) 632- 5633		
Signature:	Frilinkenz			Date:	6/8/2023		

38. Fax Number (if applicable)

EXHIBITS







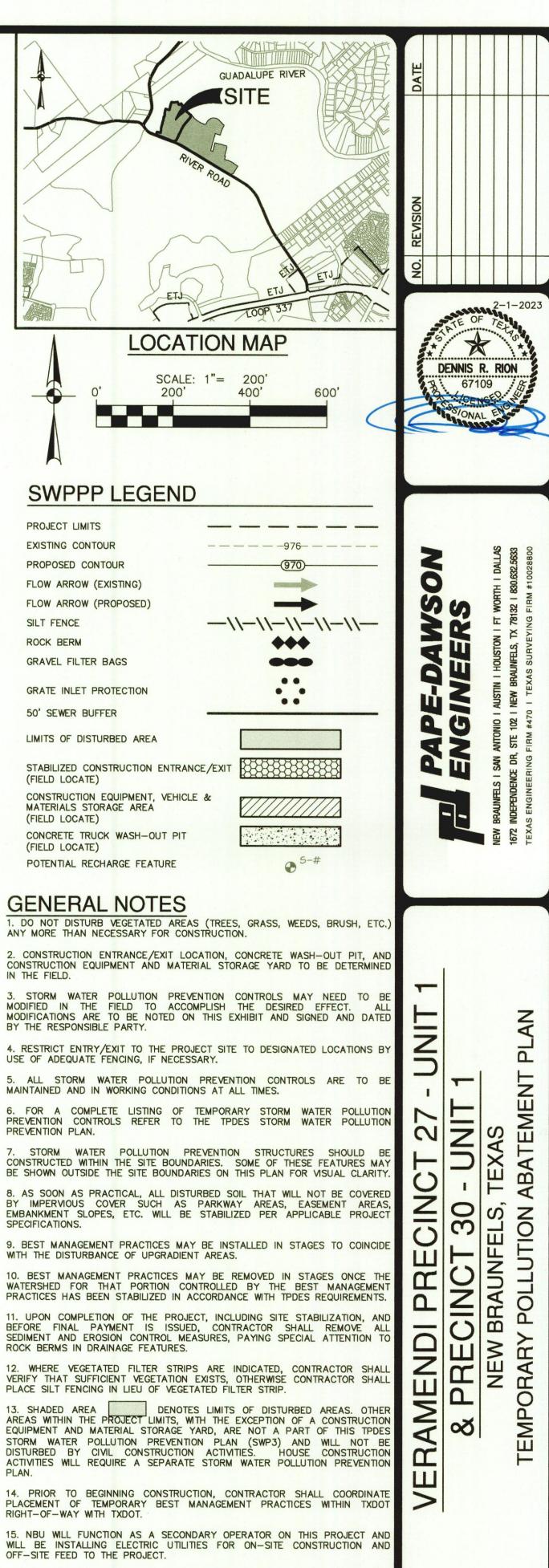
TCEQ WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES

- 1. A WRITTEN NOTICE OF CONSTRUCTION MUST BE SUBMITTED TO THE TCEQ REGIONAL OFFICE AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION OF ANY REGULATED ACTIVITIES. THIS NOTICE MUST INCLUDE:
- THE NAME OF THE APPROVED PROJECT; - THE ACTIVITY START DATE; AND
- THE CONTACT INFORMATION OF THE PRIME CONTRACTOR.
- PROVIDED WITH COMPLETE COPIES OF THE APPROVED WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN (WPAP) AND THE TCEQ LETTER INDICATING THE SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF ITS APPROVAL. DURING THE COURSE OF THESE REGULATED ACTIVITIES, THE CONTRACTORS ARE REQUIRED TO KEEP ON-SITE COPIES OF THE APPROVED PLAN AND APPROVAL LETTER.
- 3. IF ANY SENSITIVE FEATURE(S) (CAVES, SOLUTION CAVITY, SINK HOLE, ETC.) IS DISCOVERED DURING CONSTRUCTION, ALL REGULATED ACTIVITIES NEAR THE SENSITIVE FEATURE MUST BE SUSPENDED IMMEDIATELY. THE APPROPRIATE TCEQ REGIONAL OFFICE MUST BE IMMEDIATELY NOTIFIED OF ANY SENSITIVE FEATURES ENCOUNTERED DURING CONSTRUCTION. CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES MAY NOT BE RESUMED UNTIL THE TCEQ HAS REVIEWED AND APPROVED THE APPROPRIATE PROTECTIVE MEASURES IN ORDER TO PROTECT ANY SENSITIVE FEATURE AND THE EDWARDS AQUIFER FROM POTENTIALLY ADVERSE IMPACTS TO WATER QUALITY.
- 4. NO TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE STORAGE TANK SHALL BE INSTALLED WITHIN 150 FEET OF A WATER SUPPLY SOURCE, DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM, WELL, OR SENSITIVE FEATURE.
- 5. PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY, ALL TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION (E&S) CONTROL MEASURES MUST BE PROPERLY INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED PLANS AND MANUFACTURERS SPECIFICATIONS. IF INSPECTIONS INDICATE A CONTROL HAS BEEN USED INAPPROPRIATELY, OR INCORRECTLY, THE APPLICANT MUST REPLACE OR MODIFY THE CONTROL FOR THE SITE SITUATIONS. THESE CONTROLS MUST REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE DISTURBED AREAS HAVE BEEN PERMANENTLY STABILIZED.
- 6. ANY SEDIMENT THAT ESCAPES THE CONSTRUCTION SITE MUST BE COLLECTED AND PROPERLY DISPOSED OF BEFORE THE NEXT RAIN EVENT TO ENSURE IT IS NOT WASHED INTO SURFACE STREAMS, SENSITIVE FEATURES, ETC.
- 7. SEDIMENT MUST BE REMOVED FROM THE SEDIMENT TRAPS OR SEDIMENT BASINS NOT LATER THAN WHEN IT OCCUPIES 50% OF THE BASIN'S DESIGN CAPACITY.
- 8. LITTER, CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS, AND CONSTRUCTION CHEMICALS EXPOSED TO STORMWATER SHALL BE PREVENTED FROM BEING DISCHARGED OFFSITE. .CHROME
- 9. ALL SPOILS (EXCAVATED MATERIAL) GENERATED FORM THE PROJECT SITE MUST BE STORED ON-SITE WITH PROPER E&S CONTROLS. FOR STORAGE OR DISPOSAL OF SPOILS AT ANOTHER SITE ON THE EDWARDS AQUIFER RECHARGE ZONE, THE OWNER OF THE SITE MUST RECEIVE APPROVAL OF A WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN FOR THE PLACEMENT OF FILL MATERIAL OR MASS GRADING PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF SPOILS AT THE OTHER SITE.
- 10. IF PORTIONS OF THE SITE WILL HAVE A TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT CEASE IN CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY LASTING LONGER THAN 14 DAYS, SOIL STABILIZATION IN THOSE AREAS SHALL BE INITIATED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE PRIOR TO THE 14TH DAY OF INACTIVITY. IF ACTIVITY WILL RESUME PRIOR TO THE 21ST DAY, STABILIZATION MEASURES ARE NOT REQUIRED. IF DROUGHT CONDITIONS OR INCLEMENT WEATHER PREVENT ACTION BY THE 14TH DAY, STABILIZATION MEASURES SHALL BE INITIATED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.
- 11. THE FOLLOWING RECORDS SHALL BE MAINTAINED AND MADE AVAILABLE TO THE TCEQ UPON REQUEST:
- THE DATES WHEN MAJOR GRADING ACTIVITIES OCCUR;
- OF THE SITE; AND - THE DATES WHEN STABILIZATION MEASURES ARE INITIATED.
- 12. THE HOLDER OF ANY APPROVED EDWARD QUIFER PROTECTION PLAN MUST NOTIFY THE APPROPRIATE REGIONAL OFFICE IN WRITING AND OBTAIN APPROVAL FROM THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR PRIOR TO
- INITIATING ANY OF THE FOLLOWING: A. ANY PHYSICAL OR OPERATIONAL MODIFICATION OF ANY WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT STRUCTURE(S), INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO PONDS, DAMS, BERMS, SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANTS,
- AND DIVERSIONARY STRUCTURES; B. ANY CHANGE IN THE NATURE OR CHARACTER OF THE REGULATED ACTIVITY FROM THAT WHICH WAS ORIGINALLY APPROVED OR A CHANGE WHICH WOULD SIGNIFICANTLY IMPACT THE ABILITY OF THE
- PLAN TO PREVENT POLLUTION OF THE EDWARDS AQUIFER; C. ANY DEVELOPMENT OF LAND PREVIOUSLY IDENTIFIED AS UNDEVELOPED IN THE ORIGINAL WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN

SAN ANTONIO REGIONAL OFFICE 14250 JUDSON ROAD SAN ANTONIO TEXAS 78233-4480 PHONE (210) 490-3096 FAX (210) 545-4329

2. ALL CONTRACTORS CONDUCTING REGULATED ACTIVITIES ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PROJECT MUST BE

- THE DATES WHEN CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES TEMPORARILY OR PERMANENTLY CEASE ON A PORTION



16. PER TPDES REQUIREMENTS, DISTURBED AREAS ON WHICH CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES HAVE CEASED (TEMPORARILY OR PERMANENTLY) SHALL B STABILIZED WITHIN 14 DAYS UNLESS ACTIVITY RESUMES WITHIN 21 DAYS SEEDING DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AS STABILIZATION.

HE ENGINEERING SEAL HAS BEEN AFFIXED TO THIS SHEET ONLY FOR THE PURPOSE OF DEMONSTRATING COMPLIANCE WITH THE POLLUTION ABATEMENT SIZING AND TREATMENT REQUIREMENTS OF THE TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY'S EDWARDS AQUIFER TECHNICAL GUIDANCE MANUAL. THIS SHEET HAS BEEN PREPARED FOR PURPOSES OF THE WPAP ONLY. ALL OTHER EXHIBIT CIVIL ENGINEERING RELATED INFORMATION SHEET 1 OF 1 SHOULD BE ACQUIRED FROM THE APPROPRIATE SHEET IN THE CIVIL IMPROVEMENT PLANS.

30001-54

JANUARY 2023

JA

HECKED DRAWN MG

ESIGNER

PUBLIC DIVERSION RIDGE -EOTEXTILE FABRIC TO GEOTEXTILE FABRIC TO STABILIZE FOUNDATION 4" TO 8" COARSE AGGREGATE SCHEMATIC OF TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT COMMON TROUBLE POINTS MATERIALS THE AGGREGATE SHOULD CONSIST OF 4-INCH TO 8-INCH WASHED STONE OVER A STABLE FOUNDATION AS SPECIFIED IN THE PLAN. 2. THE AGGREGATE SHOULD BE PLACED WITH A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF CONDITION AS STONE IS PRESSED INTO SOIL. 8-INCHES. 3. PAD TOO SHORT FOR HEAVY CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC-EXTEND PAD BEYOND 3. THE GEOTEXTILE FABRIC SHOULD BE DESIGNED SPECIFICALLY FOR USE AS THE MINIMUM 50-FOOT LENGTH AS NECESSARY. A SOIL FILTRATION MEDIA WITH AN APPROXIMATE WEIGHT OF 6 OZ/YD2, A 4. PAD NOT FLARED SUFFICIENTLY AT ROAD SURFACE, RESULTS IN MUD BEING MULLEN BURST RATING OF 140 LB/IN2, AND AN EQUIVALENT OPENING SIZE GREATER THAN A NUMBER 50 SIEVE. 4. IF A WASHING FACILITY IS REQUIRED, A LEVEL AREA WITH A MINIMUM OF IMPROVE FOUNDATION DRAINAGE. 4-INCH DIAMETER WASHED STONE OR COMMERCIAL ROCK SHOULD BE INCLUDED IN THE PLANS. DIVERT WASTEWATER TO A SEDIMENT TRAP OR BASIN

INSTALLATION

DRAINAGE

AVOID CURVES ON PUBLIC ROADS AND STEEP SLOPES. REMOVE VEGETATION AND OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL FROM THE FOUNDATION AREA. GRADE CROWN FOUNDATION FOR POSITIVE DRAINAGE.

2. THE MINIMUM WIDTH OF THE ENTRANCE/EXIT SHOULD BE 12 FEET OR THE FULL WIDTH OF EXIT ROADWAY, WHICHEVER IS GREATER. 3. THE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE SHOULD BE AT LEAST 50 FEET LONG.

4. IF THE SLOPE TOWARD THE ROAD EXCEEDS 2%, CONSTRUCT A RIDGE 6-INCHES TO 8-INCHES HIGH WITH 3:1 (H: V) SIDE SLOPES, ACROSS THE FOUNDATION APPROXIMATELY 15 FEET FROM THE ENTRANCE TO DIVERT RUNOFF AWAY FROM THE PUBLIC ROAD.

5. PLACE GEOTEXTILE FABRIC AND GRADE FOUNDATION TO IMPROVE STABILITY. ESPECIALLY WHERE WET CONDITIONS ARE ANTICIPATED.

6. PLACE STONE TO DIMENSIONS AND GRADE SHOWN ON PLANS. LEAVE SURFACE SMOOTH AND SLOPE FOR DRAINAGE.

7. DIVERT ALL SURFACE RUNOFF AND DRAINAGE FROM THE STONE PAD TO A SEDIMENT TRAP OR BASIN.

SECTION "A-A" OF A CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT

>2% GRADE

STABILIZE FOUNDATION

INADEQUATE RUNOFF CONTROL-SEDIMENT WASHES ONTO PUBLIC ROAD.

STONE TOO SMALL OR GEOTEXTILE FABRIC ABSENT, RESULTS IN MUDDY

TRACKED ON TO ROAD AND POSSIBLE DAMAGE TO ROAD. 5. UNSTABLE FOUNDATION - USE GEOTEXTILE FABRIC UNDER PAD AND/OR

INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE GUIDELINES ENTRANCE SHOULD BE MAINTAINED IN A CONDITION, WHICH WILL PREVENT TRACKING OR FLOWING OF SEDIMENT ONTO PUBLIC RIGHTS-OF-WAY.

THIS MAY REQUIRE PERIODIC TOP DRESSING WITH ADDITIONAL STONE AS CONDITIONS DEMAND AND REPAIR AND/OR CLEANOUT OF ANY MEASURES JSED TO TRAP SEDIMENT. 2. ALL SEDIMENT SPILLED, DROPPED, WASHED OR TRACKED ONTO PUBLIC

RIGHTS-OF-WAY SHOULD BE REMOVED IMMEDIATELY BY CONTRACTOR. 3. WHEN NECESSARY, WHEELS SHOULD BE CLEANED TO REMOVE SEDIMENT PRIOR TO ENTRANCE ONTO PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY.

4. WHEN WASHING IS REQUIRED, IT SHOULD BE DONE ON AN AREA STABILIZED WITH CRUSHED STONE THAT DRAINS INTO AN APPROVED SEDIMENT TRAP OR SEDIMENT BASIN.

5. ALL SEDIMENT SHOULD BE PREVENTED FROM ENTERING ANY STORM DRAIN, DITCH OR WATER COURSE BY USING APPROVED METHODS.

(AYKANKAYKA)K

YKOKOKO

CORRECT

INCORRECT

IN NAMANA



HOOTS OR GRASS BLADES.

HEALTHY; MOWED AT A 2"-3"

- THATCH- GRASS CLIPPINGS AND

ROOT ZONE - SOIL AND ROOTS.

DENSE ROOT MAT FOR STRENGTH.

DEAD LEAVES, UP TO 1/2" THICK.

SHOULD BE 1/2"-3/4" THICK, WITH

REDUCE ROOT BURNING AND DIEBACK.

CUTTING HEIGHT.

GRASS SHOULD BE GREEN AND

LAY SOD IN A STAGGERED PATTERN. BUTT THE STRIPS TIGHTLY AGAINST EACH OTHER. DO NOT LEAVE SPACES AND DO NOT OVERLAP. A SHARPENED MASON'S TROWEL IS A HANDY TOOL FOR TUCKING DOWN THE ENDS AND TRIMMING PIECES.

BUTTING - ANGLED ENDS CAUSED BY THE



IN CRITICAL AREAS, SECURE SOD

WITH NETTING. USE STAPLES.

APPEARANCE OF GOOD SOD

MATERIALS

1. SOD SHOULD BE MACHINE CUT AT A UNIFORM SOIL THICKNESS OF 3/4" INCH CONSERVATION, 1992) (± 1/4" INCH) AT THE TIME OF CUTTING. THIS THICKNESS SHOULD EXCLUDE SHOOT GROWTH AND THATCH.

2. PIECES OF SOD SHOULD BE CUT TO THE SUPPLIER'S STANDARD WIDTH AND LENGTH, WITH A MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE DEVIATION IN ANY DIMENSION OF 5%. TORN OR UNEVEN PADS SHOULD NOT BE ACCEPTABLE.

5. STANDARD SIZE SECTIONS OF SOD SHOULD BE STRONG ENOUGH TO SUPPORT THEIR OWN WEIGHT AND RETAIN THEIR SIZE AND SHAPE WHEN SUSPENDED FROM A FIRM GRASP ON ONE END OF THE SECTION.

4. SOD SHOULD BE HARVESTED, DELIVERED, AND INSTALLED WITHIN A PERIOD OF 36 HOURS

SITE PREPARATION

PRIOR TO SOIL PREPARATION, AREAS TO BE SODDED SHOULD BE BROUGHT TO FINAL GRADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED PLAN.

THE SURFACE SHOULD BE CLEARED OF ALL TRASH, DEBRIS AND OF ALL ROOTS, BRUSH, WIRE, GRADE STAKES AND OTHER OBJECTS THAT WOULD ROLLED OR TAMPED TO PROVIDE FIRM CONTACT BETWEEN ROOTS AND SOIL. INTERFERE WITH PLANTING, FERTILIZING OR MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS.

FERTILIZE ACCORDING TO SOIL TESTS. FERTILIZER NEEDS CAN BE DETERMINED BY A SOIL TESTING LABORATORY OR REGIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS CAN BE MADE BY COUNTY AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION AGENTS. FERTILIZER SHOULD BE WORKED INTO THE SOIL TO A DEPTH OF 3 INCHES WITH A DISC, SPRINGTOOTH HARROW OR OTHER SUITABLE EQUIPMENT. ON SLOPING LAND, THE FINAL HARROWING OR DISCING OPERATION SHOULD BE ON THE CONTOUR.

INSTALLATION IN CHANNELS

SOD STRIPS IN WATERWAYS SHOULD BE LAID PERPENDICULAR TO THE DIRECTION OF FLOW. CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN TO BUTT ENDS OF STRIPS TIGHTLY (SEE FIGURE ABOVE).

2. AFTER ROLLING OR TAMPING, SOD SHOULD BE PEGGED OR STAPLED TO RESIST WASHOUT DURING THE ESTABLISHMENT PERIOD. MESH OR OTHER NETTING MAY BE PEGGED OVER THE SOD FOR EXTRA PROTECTION IN CRITICAL AREAS

GENERAL INSTALLATION (VA. DEPT. OF . SOD SHOULD NOT BE CUT OR LAID IN EXCESSIVELY WET OR DRY WEATHER.

SOD ALSO SHOULD NOT BE LAID ON SOIL SURFACES THAT ARE FROZEN. 2. DURING PERIODS OF HIGH TEMPERATURE, THE SOIL SHOULD BE LIGHTLY IRRIGATED IMMEDIATELY PRIOR TO LAYING THE SOD, TO COOL THE SOIL AND

WITH THE GROUND.

3. THE FIRST ROW OF SOD SHOULD BE LAID IN A STRAIGHT LINE WITH SUBSEQUENT ROWS PLACED PARALLEL TO AND BUTTING TIGHTLY AGAINST EACH OTHER. LATERAL JOINTS SHOULD BE STAGGERED TO PROMOTE MORE UNIFORM GROWTH AND STRENGTH. CARE SHOULD BE EXERCISED TO ENSURE THAT SOD IS NOT STRETCHED OR OVERLAPPED AND THAT ALL JOINTS ARE BUTTED TIGHT IN ORDER TO PREVENT VOIDS WHICH WOULD CAUSE DRYING OF THE ROOTS (SEE FIGURE ABOVE).

4. ON SLOPES 3:1 OR GREATER, OR WHEREVER EROSION MAY BE A PROBLEM, SOD SHOULD BE LAID WITH STAGGERED JOINTS AND SECURED BY STAPLING OR OTHER APPROVED METHODS. SOD SHOULD BE INSTALLED WITH THE LENGTH PERPENDICULAR TO THE SLOPE (ON CONTOUR).

5. AS SODDING OF CLEARLY DEFINED AREAS IS COMPLETED, SOD SHOULD BE AFTER ROLLING, SOD SHOULD BE IRRIGATED TO A DEPTH SUFFICIENT THAT THE UNDERSIDE OF THE SOD PAD AND THE SOIL 4 INCHES BELOW THE SOD IS

THOROUGHLY WET 7. UNTIL SUCH TIME A GOOD ROOT SYSTEM BECOMES DEVELOPED, IN THE ABSENCE OF ADEQUATE RAINFALL, WATERING SHOULD BE PERFORMED AS OFTEN AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN MOIST SOIL TO A DEPTH OF AT LEAST 4

8. THE FIRST MOWING SHOULD NOT BE ATTEMPTED UNTIL THE SOD IS FIRMLY ROOTED, USUALLY 2-3 WEEKS. NOT MORE THAN ONE THIRD OF THE GRASS LEAF SHOULD BE REMOVED AT ANY ONE CUTTING.

INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE GUIDELINES

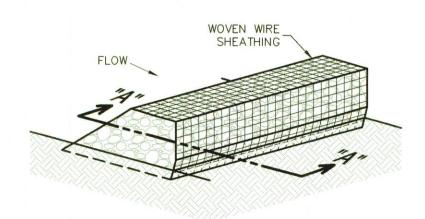
SCUMENT HAS BEEN PRODUCED FROM MATERIAL THAT WAS STORED AND/OR TRANSMITTED ELECTRONICALLY AND MAY HAVE BEEN INADVERTENTLY ALTERED. RELY ONLY ON FINAL HARDCOPY MATERIALS BEARING THE CONSULTANT'S ORIGINAL SIGNATURE AND SEAL AERIAL IMAGERY PROVIDED BY GOOGLE@ UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. Imagery @ 2016,CAPCOG,Digital Globe,Texas Orthormagery Program, USDA Farm Service Agenc

SHOULD BE INSPECTED WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RAIN EVENT TO LOCATE AND REPAIR ANY DAMAGE.

2. DAMAGE FROM STORMS OR NORMAL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES SUCH AS TIRE RUTS OR DISTURBANCE OF SWALE STABILIZATION SHOULD BE REPAIRED AS SOON AS PRACTICAL.

SOD INSTALLATION DETAIL

NOT-TO-SCALE



ISOMETRIC PLAN VIEW

ROCK BERMS

THE PURPOSE OF A ROCK BERM IS TO SERVE AS A CHECK DAM IN AREAS OF CONCENTRATED FLOW, TO INTERCEPT SEDIMENT-LADEN RUNOFF, DETAIN THE SEDIMENT AND RELEASE THE WATER IN SHEET FLOW. THE ROCK BERM SHOULD BE USED WHEN THE CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA IS LESS THAN 5 ACRES. ROCK BERMS ARE USED IN AREAS WHERE THE VOLUME OF RUNOFF IS TOO GREAT FOR A SILT FENCE TO CONTAIN. THEY ARE LESS EFFECTIVE FOR SEDIMENT REMOVAL THAN SILT FENCES, PARTICULARLY FOR FINE PARTICLES, BUT ARE ABLE TO WITHSTAND HIGHER FLOWS THAN A SILT FENCE. AS SUCH, ROCK BERMS ARE OFTEN USED IN AREAS OF CHANNEL FLOWS (DITCHES, GULLIES, ETC.). ROCK BERMS ARE MOST EFFECTIVE AT REDUCING BED LOAD IN CHANNELS AND SHOULD NOT BE SUBSTITUTED FOR OTHER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES FARTHER UP THE WATERSHED.

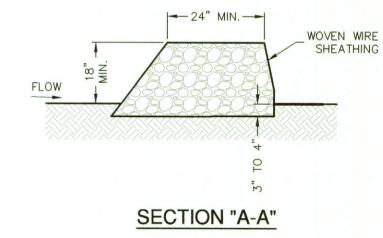
INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE GUIDELINES . INSPECTION SHOULD BE MADE WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RAINFALL BY THE RESPONSIBLE PARTY. FOR INSTALLATIONS IN STREAMBEDS, ADDITIONAL DAILY INSPECTIONS SHOULD BE MADE.

REMOVE SEDIMENT AND OTHER DEBRIS WHEN BUILDUP REACHES 6 INCHES AND DISPOSE OF THE ACCUMULATED SILT IN AN APPROVED MANNER THAT WILL NOT CAUSE ANY ADDITIONAL SILTATION.

3. REPAIR ANY LOOSE WIRE SHEATHING.

4. THE BERM SHOULD BE RESHAPED AS NEEDED DURING INSPECTION. 5. THE BERM SHOULD BE REPLACED WHEN THE STRUCTURE CEASES TO FUNCTION AS INTENDED DUE TO SILT ACCUMULATION AMONG THE ROCKS, WASHOUT, CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC DAMAGE, ETC.

6. THE ROCK BERM SHOULD BE LEFT IN PLACE UNTIL ALL UPSTREAM AREAS ARE STABILIZED AND ACCUMULATED SILT REMOVED.



MATERIALS

THE BERM STRUCTURE SHOULD BE SECURED WITH A WOVEN WIRE SHEATHING HAVING MAXIMUM OPENING OF 1 INCH AND A MINIMUM WIRE DIAMETER OF 20 GAUGE GALVANIZED AND SHOULD BE SECURED WITH SHOAT

2. CLEAN, OPEN GRADED 3-INCH TO 5-INCH DIAMETER ROCK SHOULD BE USED, EXCEPT IN AREAS WHERE HIGH VELOCITIES OR LARGE VOLUMES OF FLOW ARE EXPECTED, WHERE 5-INCH TO 8-INCH DIAMETER ROCKS MAY BE

INSTALLATION

. LAY OUT THE WOVEN WIRE SHEATHING PERPENDICULAR TO THE FLOW LINE. THE SHEATHING SHOULD BE 20 GAUGE WOVEN WIRE MESH WITH 1 INCH **OPENINGS** 2. BERM SHOULD HAVE A TOP WIDTH OF 2 FEET MINIMUM WITH SIDE SLOPES

BEING 2:1 (H: V) OR FLATTER. 3. PLACE THE ROCK ALONG THE SHEATHING AS SHOWN IN THE DIAGRAM TO

A HEIGHT NOT LESS THAN 18". 4. WRAP THE WIRE SHEATHING AROUND THE ROCK AND SECURE WITH TIE WIRE SO THAT THE ENDS OF THE SHEATHING OVERLAP AT LEAST 2 INCHES,

AND THE BERM RETAINS ITS SHAPE WHEN WALKED UPON. 5. BERM SHOULD BE BUILT ALONG THE CONTOUR AT ZERO PERCENT GRADE OR AS NEAR AS POSSIBLE.

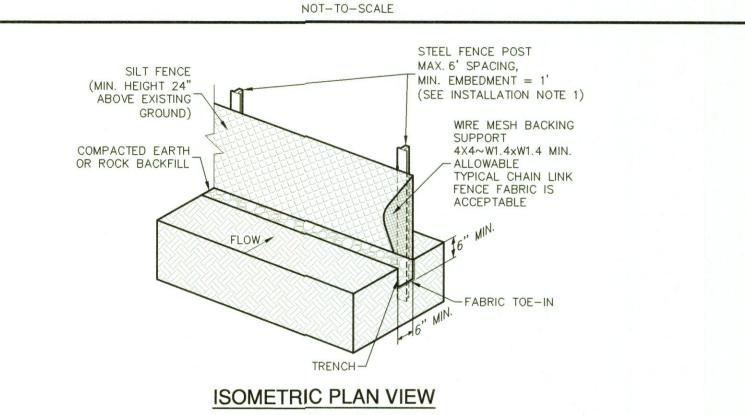
6. THE ENDS OF THE BERM SHOULD BE TIED INTO EXISTING UPSLOPE GRADE AND THE BERM SHOULD BE BURIED IN A TRENCH APPROXIMATELY 3 TO 4 INCHES DEEP TO PREVENT FAILURE OF THE CONTROL.

COMMON TROUBLE POINTS

. INSUFFICIENT BERM HEIGHT OR LENGTH (RUNOFF QUICKLY ESCAPES OVER THE TOP OR AROUND THE SIDES OF BERM).

2. BERM NOT INSTALLED PERPENDICULAR TO FLOW LINE (RUNOFF ESCAPING AROUND ONE SIDE).





SILT FENCE

STAPLE

A SILT FENCE IS A BARRIER CONSISTING OF GEOTEXTILE FABRIC SUPPORTED BY METAL POSTS TO PREVENT SOIL AND SEDIMENT LOSS FROM A SITE WHEN PROPERLY USED, SILT FENCES CAN BE HIGHLY EFFECTIVE AT CONTROLLING SEDIMENT FROM DISTURBED AREAS. THEY CAUSE RUNOFF TO POND, ALLOWING HEAVIER SOLIDS TO SETTLE OUT. IF NOT PROPERLY INSTALLED, SILT FENCES ARE NOT LIKELY TO BE EFFECTIVE.

THE PURPOSE OF A SILT FENCE IS TO INTERCEPT AND DETAIN WATER-BORN SEDIMENT FROM UNPROTECTED AREAS OF A LIMITED EXTENT. SILT FENCE IS USED DURING THE PERIOD OF CONSTRUCTION NEAR THE PERIMETER OF A DISTURBED AREA TO INTERCEPT SEDIMENT WHILE ALLOWING WATER TO PERCOLATE THROUGH. THIS FENCE SHOULD REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE DISTURBED AREA IS PERMANENTLY STABILIZED. SILT FENCE SHOULD NOT BE USED WHERE THERE IS A CONCENTRATION OF WATER IN A CHANNEL OR DRAINAGE WAY. IF CONCENTRATED FLOW OCCURS AFTER INSTALLATION, CORRECTIVE ACTION MUST BE TAKEN SUCH AS PLACING A ROCK BERM IN THE AREAS OF CONCENTRATED FLOW.

SILT FENCING WITHIN THE SITE MAY BE TEMPORARILY MOVED DURING THE DAY TO ALLOW CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY PROVIDED IT IS REPLACED AND PROPERLY ANCHORED TO THE GROUND AT THE END OF THE DAY. SILT FENCES ON THE PERIMETER OF THE SITE OR AROUND DRAINAGE WAYS SHOULD NOT BE MOVED AT ANY TIME

MATERIALS

SILT FENCE MATERIAL SHOULD BE POLYPROPYLENE, POLYETHYLENE, OR POLYAMIDE WOVEN OR NONWOVEN FABRIC. THE FABRIC SHOULD BE 36 INCHES, WITH A MINIMUM UNIT WEIGHT OF 4.5 OZ/YD, MULLEN BURST STRENGTH EXCEEDING 190 LB/IN2, ULTRAVIOLET STABILITY EXCEEDING 70%, AND MINIMUM APPARENT OPENING SIZE OF U.S. SIEVE NUMBER 30.

2. FENCE POSTS SHOULD BE MADE OF HOT ROLLED STEEL, AT LEAST 4 FEET LONG WITH TEE OR Y-BAR CROSS SECTION, SURFACE PAINTED OR GALVANIZED, MINIMUM WEIGHT 1.25 LB/FT, AND BRINDELL HARDNESS EXCEEDING 140.

3. WOVEN WIRE BACKING TO SUPPORT THE FABRIC SHOULD BE GALVANIZED 2" X 4" WELDED WIRE, 12 GAUGE MINIMUM.

INSTALLATION

. STEEL POSTS, WHICH SUPPORT THE SILT FENCE, SHOULD BE INSTALLED ON A SLIGHT ANGLE TOWARD THE ANTICIPATED RUNOFF SOURCE. POSTS MUST BE EMBEDDED A MINIMUM OF 1-FOOT DEEP AND SPACED NOT MORE THAN 8 FEET ON CENTER. WHERE WATER CONCENTRATES, THE MAXIMUM SPACING SHOULD BE 6 FEET

2. LAY OUT FENCING DOWN-SLOPE OF DISTURBED AREA, FOLLOWING THE CONTOUR AS CLOSELY AS POSSIBLE. THE FENCE SHOULD BE SITED SO THAT THE MAXIMUM DRAINAGE AREA IS 1/4 ACRE/100 FEET OF FENCE.

3. THE TOE OF THE SILT FENCE SHOULD BE TRENCHED IN WITH A SPADE OR MECHANICAL TRENCHER, SO THAT THE DOWN-SLOPE FACE OF THE TRENCH IS FLAT AND PERPENDICULAR TO THE LINE OF FLOW. WHERE FENCE CANNOT BE TRENCHED IN (E.G., PAVEMENT OR ROCK OUTCROP), WEIGHT FABRIC FLAP WITH 3 INCHES OF PEA GRAVEL ON UPHILL SIDE TO PREVENT FLOW FROM SEEPING UNDER FENCE.

4. THE TRENCH MUST BE A MINIMUM OF 6 INCHES DEEP AND 6 INCHES WIDE TO ALLOW FOR THE SILT FENCE FABRIC TO BE LAID IN THE GROUND AND BACKFILLED WITH COMPACTED MATERIAL.

SILT FENCE SHOULD BE SECURELY FASTENED TO EACH STEEL SUPPORT POST OR TO WOVEN WIRE, WHICH IS IN TURN ATTACHED TO THE STEEL FENCE POST. THERE SHOULD BE A 3-FOOT OVERLAP, SECURELY FASTENED WHERE ENDS OF FABRIC MEET.

6. SILT FENCE SHOULD BE REMOVED WHEN THE SITE IS COMPLETELY STABILIZED SO AS NOT TO BLOCK OR IMPEDE STORM FLOW OR DRAINAGE.

COMMON TROUBLE POINTS

FENCE NOT INSTALLED ALONG THE CONTOUR CAUSING WATER TO CONCENTRATE AND FLOW OVER THE FENCE. 2. FABRIC NOT SEATED SECURELY TO GROUND (RUNOFF PASSING UNDER

FENCE). 3. FENCE NOT INSTALLED PERPENDICULAR TO FLOW LINE (RUNOFF ESCAPING

AROUND SIDES) 4. FENCE TREATING TOO LARGE AN AREA, OR EXCESSIVE CHANNEL FLOW (RUNOFF OVERTOPS OR COLLAPSES FENCE).

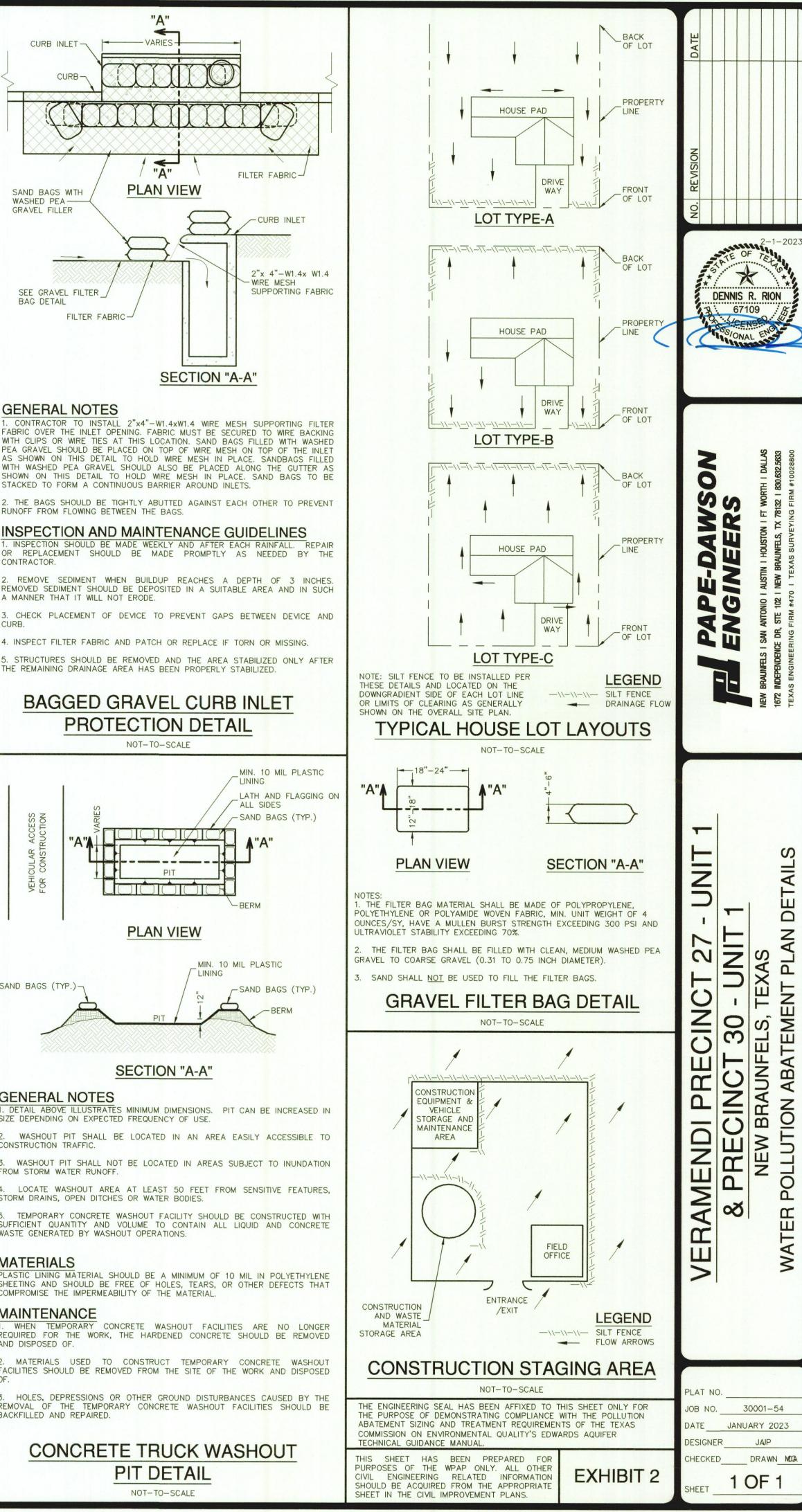
INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE GUIDELINES 1. INSPECT ALL FENCING WEEKLY, AND AFTER RAINFALL

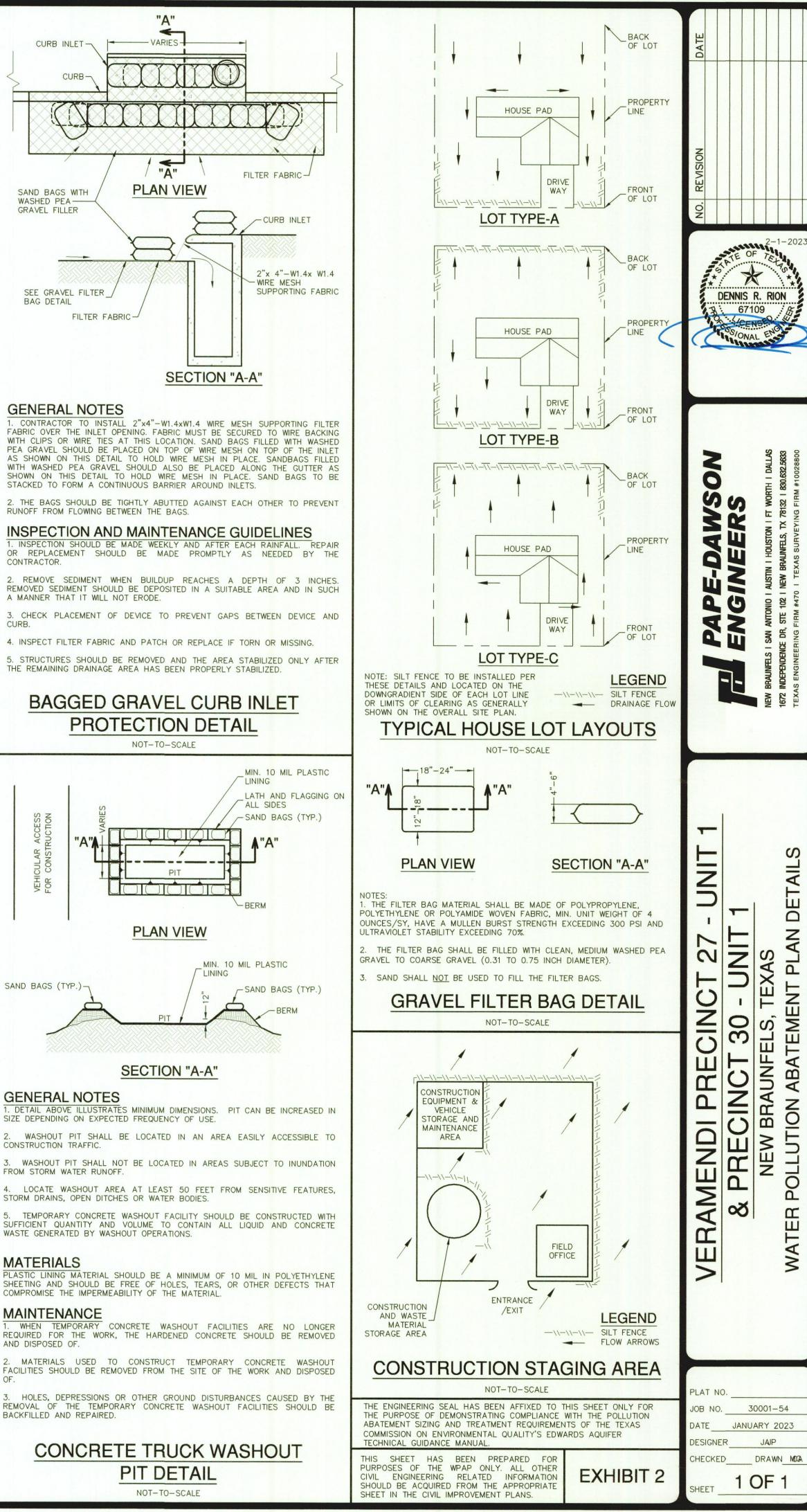
2. REMOVE SEDIMENT WHEN BUILDUP REACHES 6 INCHES.

3. REPLACE TORN FABRIC OR INSTALL A SECOND LINE OF FENCING PARALLEL TO THE TORN SECTION.

4. REPLACE OR REPAIR SECTIONS CRUSHED OR COLLAPSED IN THE COURSE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY. IF A SECTION OF FENCE IS OBSTRUCTING VEHICULAR ACCESS, CONSIDER RELOCATING IT TO A SPOT WHERE IT WILL PROVIDE EQUAL PROTECTION, BUT WILL NOT OBSTRUCT VEHICLES. TRIANGULAR FILTER DIKE MAY BE PREFERABLE TO A SILT FENCE AT COMMON VEHICLE ACCESS POINTS.

WHEN CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETE, THE SEDIMENT SHOULD BE DISPOSED OF IN A MANNER THAT WILL NOT CAUSE ADDITIONAL SILTATION AND THE PRIOR LOCATION OF THE SILT FENCE SHOULD BE REVEGETATED. THE FENCE ITSELF SHOULD BE DISPOSED OF IN AN APPROVED LANDFILL.





AND DISPOSED OF.

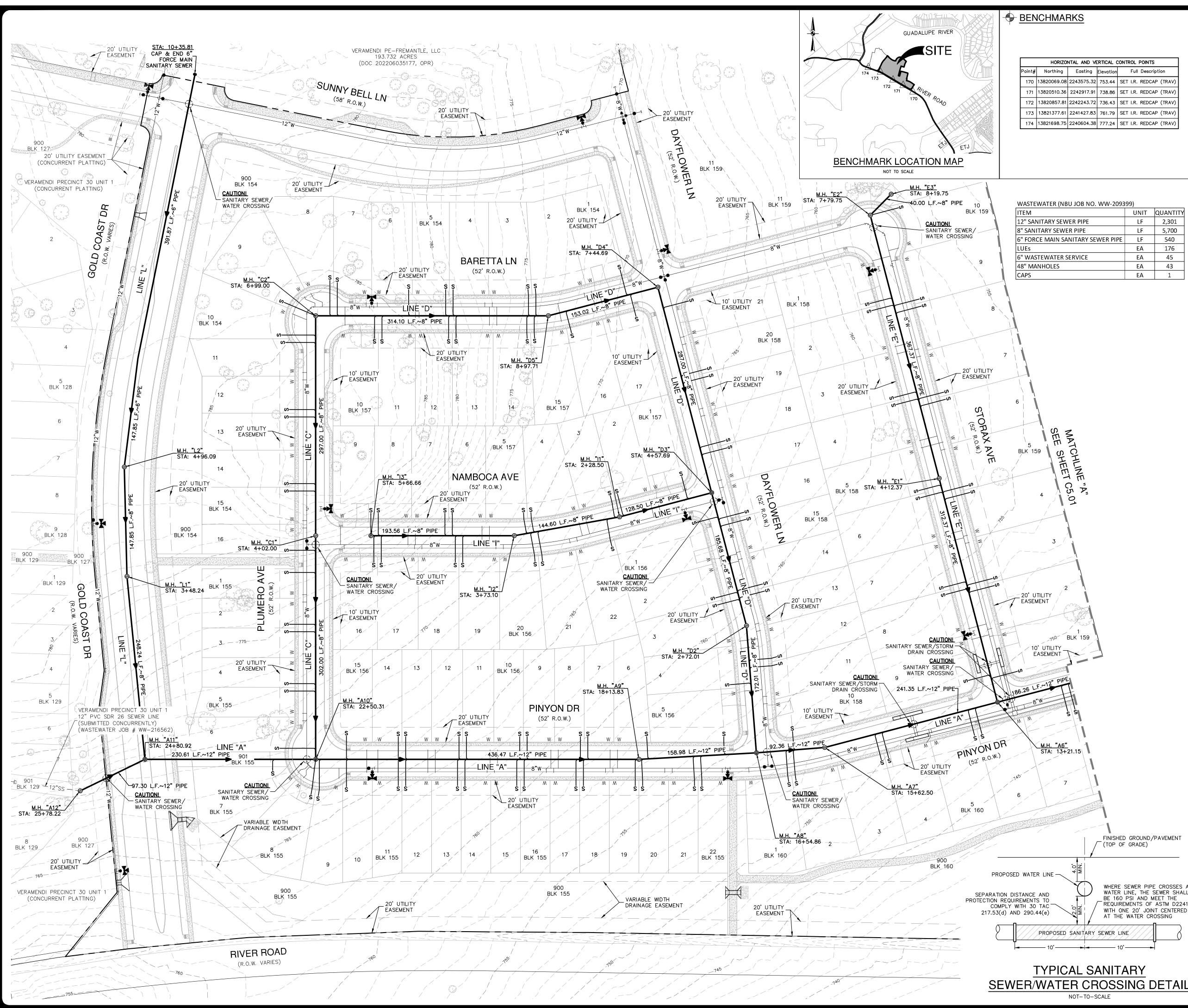
BACKFILLED AND REPAIRED.

SILT FENCE DETAIL

NOT-TO-SCALE

FOR PERMIT

FINAL PLAN AND PROFILE SHEETS

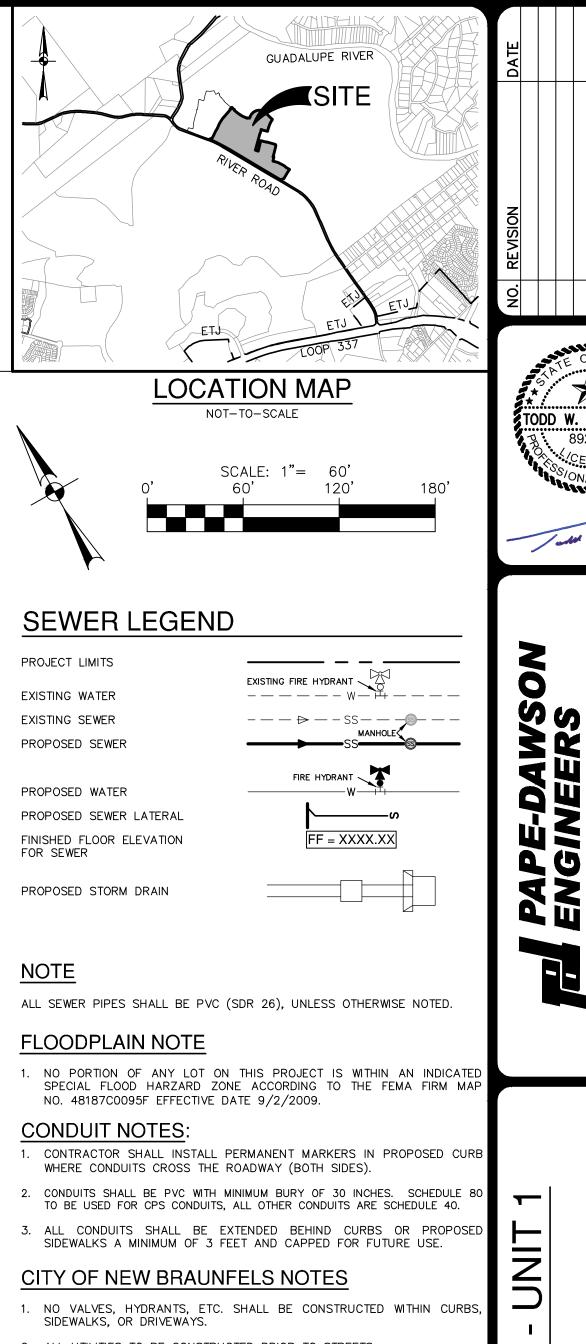


IORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL POINTS							
thing	Easting	Elevation	Full Description				
069.08	2243575.32	753.44	SET I.R. REDCAP (TRAV)				
510.36	2242917.91	738.86	SET I.R. REDCAP (TRAV)				
857.81	2242243.72	736.43	SET I.R. REDCAP (TRAV)				
377.61	2241427.83	761.79	SET I.R. REDCAP (TRAV)				
698.75	2240604.38	777.24	SET I.R. REDCAP (TRAV)				

ER (NBU JOB NO. WW-2093	99)	
	UNIT	QUANTITY
Y SEWER PIPE	LF	2,301
SEWER PIPE	LF	5,700
AIN SANITARY SEWER PIPE	LF	540
	EA	176
ATER SERVICE	EA	45
LES	EA	43
	EA	1

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- 2. ALL UTILITIES TO BE CONSTRUCTED PRIOR TO STREETS. 3. THIS PROJECT INCLUDES UTILITY INSTALLATIONS GREATER THAN 5-FEE **N**∣⊲ IN DEPTH. DEEP TRENCHES POSE COMPACTION TESTING AN CONSTRUCTION CHALLENGES AND CITY METHODS FOR TESTING AND COMPACTION MAY NOT BE ACHIEVABLE. A UTILITY COMPACTION PLAN WILL BE REQUIRED AND MUST BE SUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL TO CIT PRIOR TO UTILITY INSTALLATION. Ζ
- 4. UTILITY TRENCH COMPACTION ALL UTILITY TRENCH COMPACTIO TESTS WITHIN THE STREET PAVEMENT/SIDEWALK SECTION SHALL BE TH RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DEVELOPER'S GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER. FIL MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED IN UNIFORM LAYERS NOT TO EXCEED TWELVE INCHES (12") LOOSE. DETERMINE THE MAXIMUM LIFT THICKNESS BASED ON THE ABILITY OF THE COMPACTING OPERATION AND EQUIPMENT USED TO MEET THE REQUIRED DENSITY. EACH LAYER OF MATERIAL SHALL BE COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM 95% DENSITY AN TESTED FOR DENSITY AND MOISTURE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TES METHODS TEX-113-E, TEX-114-E, TEX-115-E. THE NUMBER LOCATION OF REQUIRED TESTS SHALL BE DETERMINED BY GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER AND APPROVED BY THE CITY OF BRAUNFELS STREET INSPECTOR. AT A MINIMUM, TESTS SHALL BE TAKEN EVERY 200 LF FOR EACH LIFT AND EVERY OTHER SERVICE LINE. UPO COMPLETION OF TESTING THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER SHALL PROVIDE THE CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS STREET INSPECTOR WITH ALL TESTIN DOCUMENTATION AND A CERTIFICATION STATING THAT THE PLACEMENT OF FILL MATERIAL HAS BEEN COMPLETED IN ACCORDANCE WITH TH PLANS. ADDITIONAL DENSITY TESTS MAY BE REQUESTED BY THE CIT OF NEW BRAUNFELS INSPECTOR.

CAUTION!!

FINISHED GROUND/PAVEMENT

WHERE SEWER PIPE CROSSES A WATER LINE, THE SEWER SHALL

REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM D2241

WITH ONE 20' JOINT CENTERED

BE 160 PSI AND MEET THE

AT THE WATER CROSSING

NOT-TO-SCALE

(TOP OF GRADE)

CONTRACTOR SHALL BE REQUIRED TO LOCATE ALL PUBLIC OR PRIVATE UTILITIES INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITING TO: WATER, SEWER, TELEPHONE AND FIBER OPTIC LINES, SITE LIGHTING ELECTRIC, SECONDARY ELECTRIC, PRIMARY ELECTRICAL DUCTBANKS, LANDSCAPE IRRIGATION FACILITIES, AND GAS LINES. ANY UTILITY CONFLICTS THAT ARISE SHOULD BE COMMUNICATED TO THE ENGINEER IMMEDIATELY AND PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT "TEXAS 811" A MINIMUM OF 48 HOURS PRIOR TO T START OF CONSTRUCTION. ANY DAMAGE TO EXISTING UTILITIES SHALL E THE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR AND THE REPAIR SHALL B AT CONTRACTOR'S SOLE EXPENSE WHETHER THE UTILITY IS SHOWN (THESE PLANS OR NOT.

TRENCH EXCAVATION SAFETY PROTECTION:

CONTRACTOR AND/ OR CONTRACTOR'S INDEPENDENTLY RETAINED EMPLOYE OR STRUCTURAL DESIGN/ GEOTECHNICAL/ SAFETY/EQUIPMENT CONSULTANT, IF ANY, SHALL REVIEW THESE PLANS AND ANY AVAILABLE GEOTECHNICA INFORMATION AND THE ANTICIPATED INSTALLATION SITES WITHIN TH PROJECT WORK AREA IN ORDER TO IMPLEMENT CONTRACTOR'S TRENCH EXCAVATION SAFETY PROTECTION SYSTEMS, PROGRAMS AND PROCEDURES FOR THE PROJECT DESCRIBED IN THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS THE CONTRACTOR'S IMPLEMENTATION OF THESE SYSTEMS, PROGRAMS AND/OR PROCEDURES SHALL PROVIDE FOR ADEQUATE TRENCH EXCAVATION SAFETY PROTECTION THAT COMPLY WITH AS A MINIMUM, OSHA STANDARDS FOR TRENCH EXCAVATIONS. SPECIFICALLY, CONTRACTOR AND/OR CONTRACTOR'S INDEPENDENTLY RETAINED EMPLOYEE OR SAFETY CONSULTANT SHALL IMPLEMENT A TRENCH SAFETY PROGRAM ACCORDANCE WITH OSHA STANDARDS GOVERNING THE PRESENCE AN ACTIVITIES OF INDIVIDUALS WORKING IN AND AROUND TRENCH EXCAVATION.

30001-53 OB NO. DATE SEPTEMBER 2022 DESIGNER GDL CHECKED 💯 DRAWN CA C5.00 SHEET

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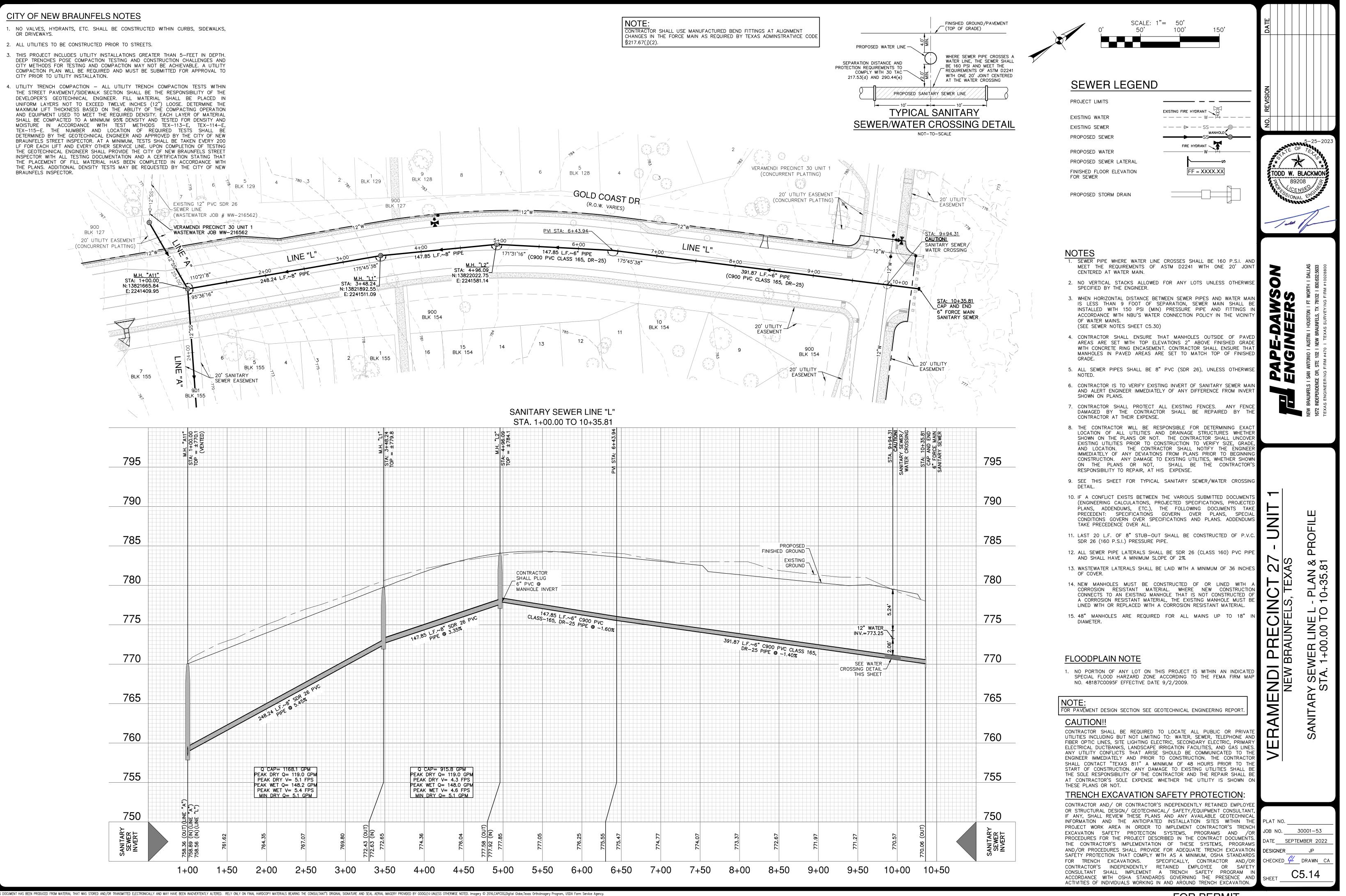
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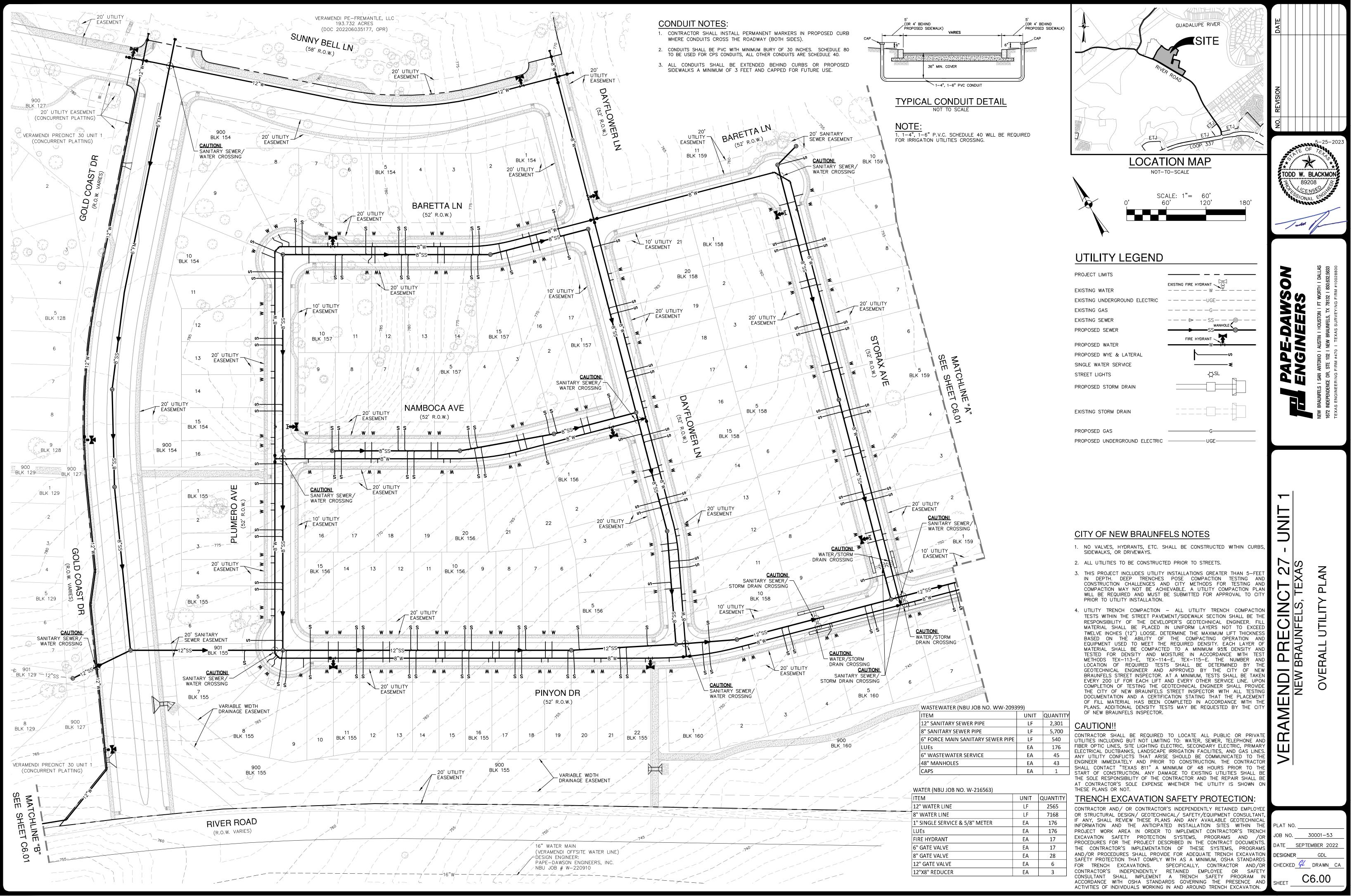
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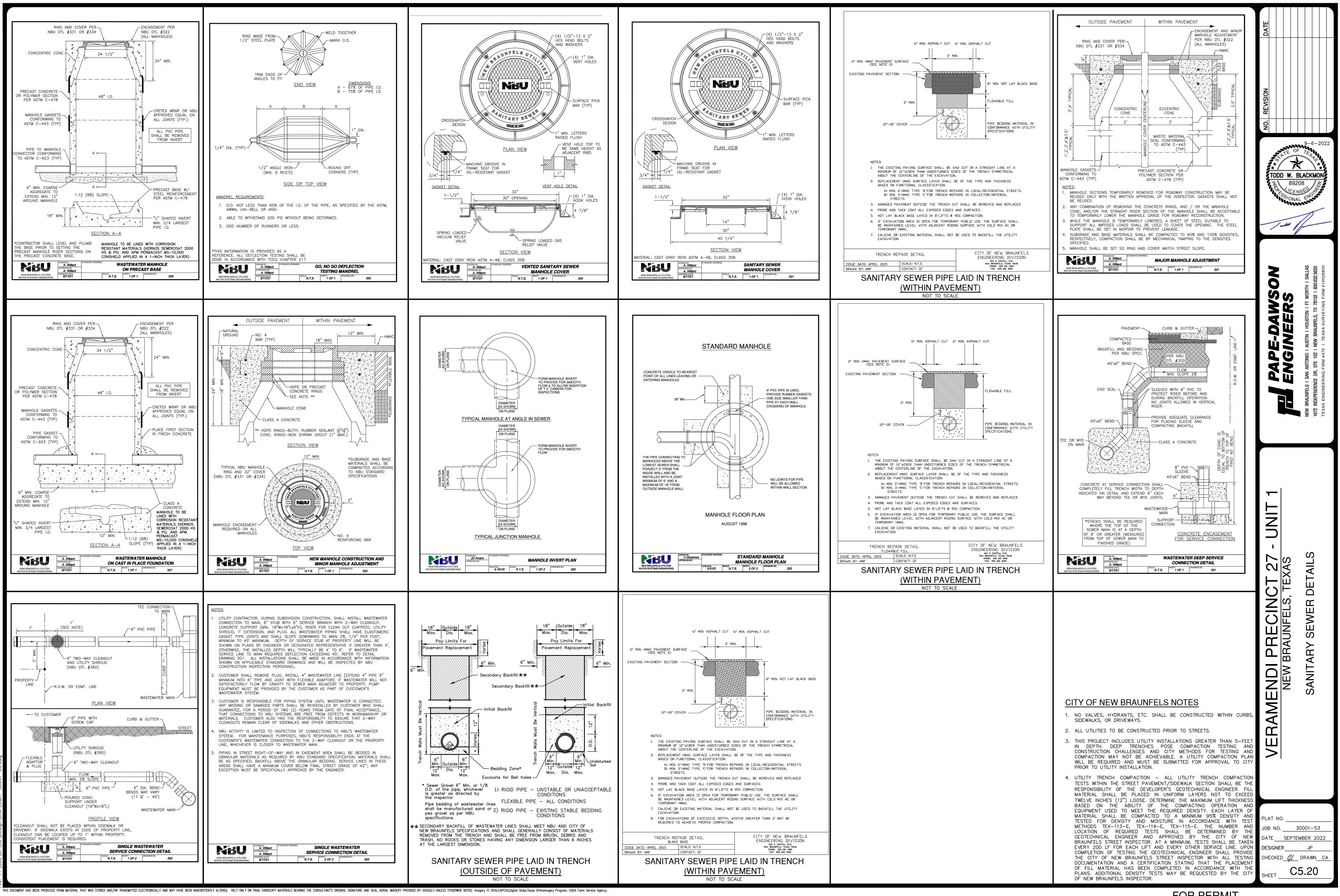
FOR PERMIT

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS NOTES

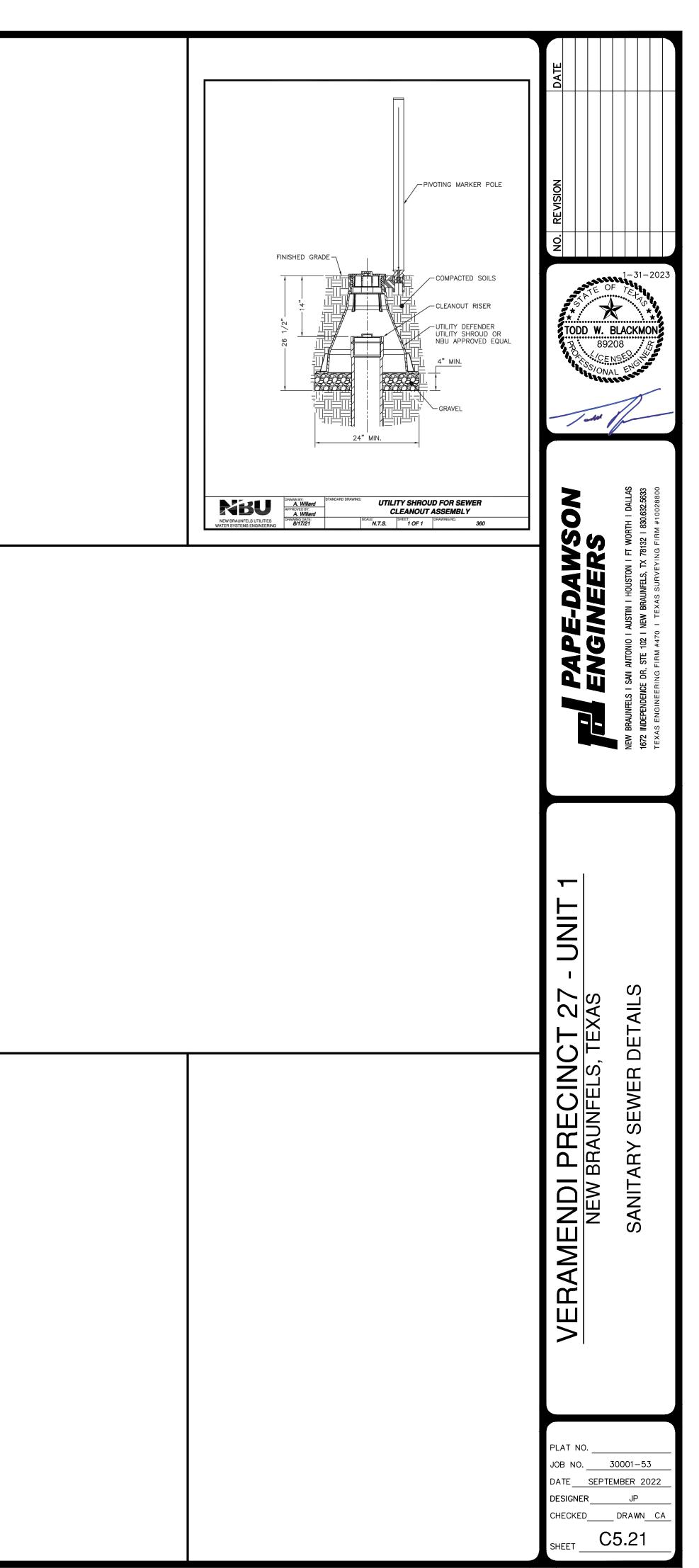
- NO VALVES, HYDRANTS, ETC. SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED WITHIN CURBS, SIDEWALKS,
- 2. ALL UTILITIES TO BE CONSTRUCTED PRIOR TO STREETS.
- THIS PROJECT INCLUDES UTILITY INSTALLATIONS GREATER THAN 5-FEET IN DEPTH. DEEP TRENCHES POSE COMPACTION TESTING AND CONSTRUCTION CHALLENGES AND CITY METHODS FOR TESTING AND COMPACTION MAY NOT BE ACHIEVABLE. A UTILITY COMPACTION PLAN WILL BE REQUIRED AND MUST BE SUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL TO CITY PRIOR TO UTILITY INSTALLATION.
- 4. UTILITY TRENCH COMPACTION ALL UTILITY TRENCH COMPACTION TESTS WITHIN THE STREET PAVEMENT/SIDEWALK SECTION SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DEVELOPER'S GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER. FILL MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED IN UNIFORM LAYERS NOT TO EXCEED TWELVE INCHES (12") LOOSE. DETERMINE THE MAXIMUM LIFT THICKNESS BASED ON THE ABILITY OF THE COMPACTING OPERATION AND EQUIPMENT USED TO MEET THE REQUIRED DENSITY. EACH LAYER OF MATERIAL SHALL BE COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM 95% DENSITY AND TESTED FOR DENSITY AND MOISTURE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEST METHODS TEX-113-E, TEX-114-E TEX-115-E. THE NUMBER AND LOCATION OF REQUIRED TESTS SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER AND APPROVED BY THE CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS STREET INSPECTOR. AT A MINIMUM, TESTS SHALL BE TAKEN EVERY 200 LF FOR EACH LIFT AND EVERY OTHER SERVICE LINE. UPON COMPLETION OF TESTING THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER SHALL PROVIDE THE CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS STREET INSPECTOR WITH ALL TESTING DOCUMENTATION AND A CERTIFICATION STATING THAT THE PLACEMENT OF FILL MATERIAL HAS BEEN COMPLETED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS. ADDITIONAL DENSITY TESTS MAY BE REQUESTED BY THE CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS INSPECTOR.







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Date: . File: P:	5 DOCUMENT HAS BEEN PRODUCED FROM MATERIAL THAT WAS STORED AND/OR TRANSMITTED ELECTRONICALLY AND MAY HAVE BEEN INADVE	ERTENTLY ALTERED. RELY ONLY ON FINAL HARDCOPY MATERIALS BEARING THE CONSULTANT'S ORIGINAL SIGNATURE AND SEAL. AERIAL IMAGERY PRO	OVIDED BY GOOGLE© UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. Imagery © 2016,CAPCOG,Digital Globe,Texas Orthoimagery Program, USDA Farm Service Agency.	



Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Organized Sewage Collection System General Construction Notes

Edwards Aquifer Protection Program Construction Notes – Legal Disclaime The following/listed "construction notes" are intended to be advisory in nature only and do not constitute an approval or conditional approval by the Executive Director, nor do they constitute a comprehensive listing of rules or conditions to be followed during construction. Further actions may be required to achieve compliance with TCEQ regulations found in Title 30. Texas Administrative Code. Chapters 213 and 217. as well as local ordinances and regulations providing for the protection of water guality. Additionally, nothing contained in the following/listed "construction notes" restricts the powers of the Executive Director, the commission or any other governmental entity to prevent, correct, or curtail activities that result or may result in pollution of the Edwards Aquifer or hydrologically connected surface waters. The holder of any

Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan containing "construction notes" is still responsible for compliance with Title 30, Texas Administrative Code, Chapters 213 or any other applicable TCEQ regulation, as well as all conditions of an Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan through all phases of plan implementation. Failure to comply with any condition of the Executive Director's approval, whether or not in contradiction of any "construction notes," is a violation of TCEQ regulations and any violation is subject to administrative rules, orders, and penalties as provided under Title 30, Texas Administrative Code § 213.10 (relating to Enforcement). Such violations may also be subject to civil penalties and injunction. The following/listed "construction notes" in no way represent an approved exception by the Executive Director to any part of Title 30 Texas Administrative Code, Chapters 213 and 217, or any other TCEQ applicable regulation.

- This Organized Sewage Collection System (SCS) must be constructed in accordance with 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) §213.5(c), the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality's (TCEQ) Edwards Aquifer Rules and any local government standard specifications. All contractors conducting regulated activities associated with this proposed regulated project
- must be provided with copies of the SCS plan and the TCEQ letter indicating the specific conditions of its approval. During the course of these regulated activities, the contractors must be required to keep on-site copies of the plan and the approval letter.
- A written notice of construction must be submitted to the presiding TCEQ regional office at least 48 hours prior to the start of any regulated activities. This notice must include the name of the approved project - the activity start date; and
- the contact information of the prime contractor.
- 4. Any modification to the activities described in the referenced SCS application following the date of approval may require the submittal of an SCS application to modify this approval, including the payment of appropriate fees and all information necessary for its review and
- 5. Prior to beginning any construction activity, all temporary erosion and sedimentation (E&S) control measures must be properly installed and maintained in accordance with the manufacturers specifications. These controls must remain in place until the disturbed areas have been permanently stabilized
- If any sensitive features are discovered during the wastewater line trenching activities, all regulated activities near the sensitive feature must be suspended immediately. The applicant must immediately notify the appropriate regional office of the TCEO of the feature discovered A geologist's assessment of the location and extent of the feature discovered must be reported to that regional office in writing and the applicant must submit a plan for ensuring the structural integrity of the sewer line or for modifying the proposed collection system alignment around the feature. The regulated activities near the sensitive feature may not proceed until the

TCEQ-0596 (Rev. July 15, 2015)

- If no stub-out is present an alternate method of joining laterals is shown in the detail on Plan Sheet ____ of ___. (For potential future laterals).
- The private service lateral stub-outs must be installed as shown on the plan and profile sheets on Plan Sheet ____ of ____ and marked after backfilling as shown in the detail on Plan Sheet ___ of ____ detail on Plan Sheet C4.10.
- 13. Trenching, bedding and backfill must conform with 30 TAC §217.54. The bedding and backfill for flexible pipe must comply with the standards of ASTM D-2321, Classes IA, IB, II or III. Rigid pipe bedding must comply with the requirements of ASTM C 12 (ANSI A 106.2) classes
- Sewer lines must be tested from manhole to manhole. When a new sewer line is connected to an existing stub or clean-out, it must be tested from existing manhole to new manhole. If a stub or clean-out is used at the end of the proposed sewer line, no private service attachments may be connected between the last manhole and the cleanout unless it can be certified as conforming with the provisions of 30 TAC §213.5(c)(3)(E).
- 15. All sewer lines must be tested in accordance with 30 TAC §217.57. The engineer must retain copies of all test results which must be made available to the executive director upon request. The engineer must certify in writing that all wastewater lines have passed all required testing to the appropriate regional office within 30 days of test completion and prior to use of the new collection system. Testing method will be: For a collection system pipe that will transport wastewater by gravity flow, the design must specify an infiltration and exfiltration test or a low-pressure air test. A test must conform to the following requirements:
 - (1) Low Pressure Air Test. (A) A low pressure air test must follow the procedures described in American Society For Testing And Materials (ASTM) C-828, ASTM C-924, or ASTM F-1417 or other procedure approved by the executive
 - director, except as to testing times as required in Table C.3 in subparagraph (C) of this paragraph or Equation C.3 in subparagraph (B)(ii) of this paragraph. (B) For sections of collection system pipe less than 36 inch average inside diameter, the following procedure must apply, unless a pipe is to be
 - tested as required by paragraph (2) of this subsection. (i) A pipe must be pressurized to 3.5 pounds per square inch (psi) greater than the pressure exerted by groundwater above the
 - Once the pressure is stabilized, the minimum time allowable for the pressure to drop from 3.5 psi gauge to 2.5 psi gauge is computed from the following equation:

Equation C.3 $0.085 \times D \times K$

Where

- T = time for pressure to drop 1.0 pound per square inch gauge in
- $K = 0.000419 \times D \times L$, but not less than 1.0 D = average inside pipe diameter in inches

TCEQ-0596 (Rev. July 15, 2015)

(C)

Page 1 of 6

Page 3 of 6

executive director has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the sensitive feature and the Edwards Aquifer from any potentially adverse impacts to water quality while maintaining the structural integrity of the line.

- Sewer lines located within or crossing the 5-year floodplain of a drainage way will be protected from inundation and stream velocities which could cause erosion and scouring of backfill. The trench must be capped with concrete to prevent scouring of backfill, or the sewer lines must be encased in concrete. All concrete shall have a minimum thickness of 6 inches.
- Blasting procedures for protection of existing sewer lines and other utilities will be in accordance with the National Fire Protection Association criteria. Sand is not allowed as bedding or backfill in trenches that have been blasted. If any existing sewer lines are damaged, the lines must be repaired and retested.
- 9. All manholes constructed or rehabilitated on this project must have watertight size on size resilient connectors allowing for differential settlement. If manholes are constructed within the 100-year floodplain, the cover must have a gasket and be bolted to the ring. Where gasketed manhole covers are required for more than three manholes in sequence or for more than 1500 feet, alternate means of venting will be provided. Bricks are not an acceptable construction material for any portion of the manhole.
- The diameter of the manholes must be a minimum of four feet and the manhole for entry must have a minimum clear opening diameter of 30 inches. These dimensions and other details showing compliance with the commission's rules concerning manholes and sewer line/manhole inverts described in 30 TAC §217.55 are included on Plan Sheet C4.10.
- It is suggested that entrance into manholes in excess of four feet deep be accomplished by means of a portable ladder. The inclusion of steps in a manhole is prohibited
- Where water lines and new sewer line are installed with a separation distance closer than nine feet (i.e., water lines crossing wastewater lines, water lines paralleling wastewater lines, or vater lines next to manholes) the installation must meet the requirements of 30 TAC §217.53(d) (Pipe Design) and 30 TAC §290.44(e) (Water Distribution).
- Where sewers lines deviate from straight alignment and uniform grade all curvature of sewer pipe must be achieved by the following procedure which is recommended by the pipe manufacturer: N/A If pipe flexure is proposed, the following method of preventing deflection of the joint must be

Specific care must be taken to ensure that the joint is placed in the center of the trench and properly bedded in accordance with 30 TAC §217.54.

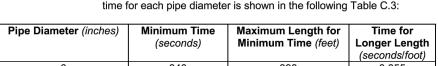
New sewage collection system lines must be constructed with stub outs for the connection of anticipated extensions. The location of such stub outs must be marked on the ground such that their location can be easily determined at the time of connection of the extensions. Such stub outs must be manufactured wyes or tees that are compatible in size and material with both the sewer line and the extension. At the time of original construction, new stub-outs must be constructed sufficiently to extend beyond the end of the street payement. All stub-outs must be sealed with a manufactured cap to prevent leakage. Extensions that were not anticipated at the time of original construction or that are to be connected to an existing sewer line not furnished with stub outs must be connected using a manufactured saddle and in accordance with accepted plumbing techniques.

TCEQ-0596 (Rev. July 15, 2015)

Page 2 of 6

TCEQ-0596 (Rev. July 15, 2015)

length of line of same size being tested, in feet Q = rate of loss, 0.0015 cubic feet per minute per square foot internal surface Since a K value of less than 1.0 may not be used, the minimum testing



	s) winimum rime	maximum Length for	Time for
	(seconds)	Minimum Time (feet)	Longer Length
			(seconds/foot)
_			0.855
8	454	298	1.520
10	567	239	2.374
12	680	199	3.419
15	850	159	5.342
18	1020	133	7.693
21	1190	114	10.471
24	1360	100	13.676
27	1530	88	17.309
30	1700	80	21.369
33	1870	72	25.856
(E) If tr (F) V (F) V (G) A (G) A (G) A (A) T (A) T (A) T (C) T (C	rst 25% of the calculated any pressure loss or leasesting period, then the tes- builtined above or until failu Vastewater collection sys- nside diameter may be a procedure outlined in this sy testing procedure for p nches must be approved to <i>nIExfiltration Test.</i> The total exfiltration, as de exceed 50 gallons per incl minimum test head of 2.0 pstream manhole. In owner shall use an infi ipes are installed below the the total exfiltration, as de exceed 50 gallons per incl minimum test head of 2.0 pstream manhole. In owner shall use an infi ipes are installed below the the total exfiltration, as de exceed 50 gallons per incl minimum test head of two manhole, or at least two fe whichever is greater. For construction within a 2 must not exceed 10 gallon iours at the same minimum	testing time. akage has occurred durin st must continue for the er ire. stem pipes with a 27 incl ir tested at each joint inst section. ipe with an inside diame by the executive director. etermined by a hydrostatic h of diameter per mile of p 0 feet above the crown of a etermined by a hydrostatic h diameter per mile of pip feet above the crown of a et above existing groundw 5-year flood plain, the infil ns per inch diameter per	g the first 25% of a titre test duration as h or larger average lead of following the ter greater than 33 head test, must no bipe per 24 hours a a pipe at an exfiltration test wher head test, must no re per 24 hours at a pipe at an upstream rater level, tration or exfiltratior mile of pipe per 24
p (F)			
	6 8 10 12 15 18 21 24 27 30 33 (D) A (E) H to (F) V (F) V (G) A (F) V (G) A (G) A (G) A (C) T (C) T (C) T (D) F (C) T (C) (6 340 8 454 10 567 12 680 15 850 18 1020 21 1190 24 1360 27 1530 30 1700 33 1870 (D) An owner may stop a test first 25% of the calculated (E) If any pressure loss or leat testing period, then the test outlined above or until failu (F) Wastewater collection syst inside diameter may be a procedure outlined in this set oproved to a minimum test head of 2.0 upstream manhole. (G) A testing procedure for p inches must be approved to a minimum test head of 2.0 upstream manhole. (B) An owner shall use an infin pipes are installed below tti (C) (C) The total exfiltration, as de exceed 50 gallons per incl a minimum test head of two manhole, or at least two fe whichever is greater. (D) For construction within a 2 must not exceed 10 gallo hours at the same minimum paragraph.	6 340 398 8 454 298 10 567 239 12 680 199 15 850 159 18 1020 133 21 1190 114 24 1360 100 27 1530 88 30 1700 80 33 1870 72 (D) An owner may stop a test if no pressure loss has first 25% of the calculated testing time. (E) (E) If any pressure loss or leakage has occurred durin testing period, then the test must continue for the er outlined above or until failure. (F) Wastewater collection system pipes with a 27 inclinside diameter may be air tested at each joint inst procedure outlined in this section. (G) A testing procedure for pipe with an inside diameter inches must be approved by the executive director. <i>InfiltrationTExfiltration Test.</i> (A) (A) The total exfiltration, as determined by a hydrostatic exceed 50 gallons per inch of diameter per mile of pipe are installed below the groundwater level. (C) The total exfiltration, as determined by a hydrostatic exceed 50 gallons per inch diameter per mile of pip minimum test head of two feet above the crown of a manhole, or at

(E) If the quantity of infiltration or exfiltration exceeds the maximum quantity pecified, an owner shall undertake remedial action in order to reduce

Page 4 of 6

	(b)		ed. The	owner llection followi	iltration or exfiltration to an amount within the limits specified. An shall retest a pipe following a remediation action. pipe is composed of flexible pipe, deflection testing is also ng procedures must be followed: on pipe with inside diameter less than 27 inches, deflection	
		()	measu	irement	requires a rigid mandrel.	
			(A)	Mandr (i)	rel Sizing. A rigid mandrel must have an outside diameter (OD) not less than 95% of the base inside diameter (ID) or average ID of a pipe, as specified in the appropriate standard by the ASTMs, American Water Works Association, UNI-BELL, or American	
				(ii)	National Standards Institute, or any related appendix. If a mandrel sizing diameter is not specified in the appropriate standard, the mandrel must have an OD equal to 95% of the ID of a pipe. In this case, the ID of the pipe, for the purpose of determining the OD of the mandrel, must equal be the average outside diameter minus two minimum wall thicknesses for OD controlled pipe and the average inside diameter for ID controlled pipe.	
			-	(iii)	All dimensions must meet the appropriate standard.	
			(B)	Mandr (i)	<i>el Design.</i> A rigid mandrel must be constructed of a metal or a rigid plastic material that can withstand 200 psi without being deformed.	
				(ii)	A mandrel must have nine or more odd number of runners or legs.	
				(iii)	A barrel section length must equal at least 75% of the inside diameter of a pipe.	
			(C)	(iv) <i>Metho</i>	Each size mandrel must use a separate proving ring. d Options.	
				(i) (ii)	An adjustable or flexible mandrel is prohibited. A test may not use television inspection as a substitute for a deflection test.	
				(iii)	If requested, the executive director may approve the use of a deflectometer or a mandrel with removable legs or runners on a case-by-case basis.	
		(2)	greate	r, other	collection system pipe with an inside diameter 27 inches and test methods may be used to determine vertical deflection.	
		(3)	A defle		est method must be accurate to within plus or minus 0.2%	
		(4)		ner sha	Il not conduct a deflection test until at least 30 days after the final	
		(5) (6)	lf a pip	, be secti	tion system pipe deflection must not exceed five percent (5%). ion fails a deflection test, an owner shall correct the problem and cond test after the final backfill has been in place at least 30 days.	
16.	All ma (a)				to meet or exceed the requirements of 30 TAC §217.58. ass a leakage test.	
	(b)	separa testing	ate and , vacuu	indepe	t each manhole (after assembly and backfilling) for leakage, endent of the collection system pipes, by hydrostatic exfiltration ng, or other method approved by the executive director. Ig.	
TCEQ-05	596 (Rev. 、	July 15, 20)15)		Page 5 of 6	

- (A) The maximum leakage for hydrostatic testing or any alternative test methods is 0.025 gallons per foot diameter per foot of manhole depth per hour
- (B) To perform a hydrostatic exfiltration test, an owner shall seal all wastewater pipes coming into a manhole with an internal pipe plug, fill the manhole with water, and maintain the test for at least one hour. (C) A test for concrete manholes may use a 24-hour wetting period before testing to allow saturation of the concrete.
- (2) Vacuum Testing. (A) To perform a vacuum test, an owner shall plug all lift holes and exterior joints with a non-shrink grout and plug all pipes entering a manhole. No grout must be placed in horizontal joints before testing.
 - Stub-outs, manhole boots, and pipe plugs must be secured to prevent movement while a vacuum is drawn. (D) An owner shall use a minimum 60 inch/lb torque wrench to tighten the
 - external clamps that secure a test cover to the top of a manhole. (E) A test head must be placed at the inside of the top of a cone section, and the seal inflated in accordance with the manufacturer's
 - recommendations (F) There must be a vacuum of 10 inches of mercury inside a manhole to perform a valid test.
 - (G) A test does not begin until after the vacuum pump is off. (H) A manhole passes the test if after 2.0 minutes and with all valves closed, the vacuum is at least 9.0 inches of mercury.

All private service laterals must be inspected and certified in accordance with 30 TAC §213.5(c)(3)(I). After installation of and, prior to covering and connecting a private service lateral to an existing organized sewage collection system, a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer, Texas Registered Sanitarian, or appropriate city inspector must visually inspect the private service lateral and the connection to the sewage collection system, and certify that it is constructed in conformity with the applicable provisions of this section. The owner of the collection system must maintain such certifications for five years and forward copies to the appropriate regional office upon request. Connections may only be made to an approved sewage collection system.

Austin Regional Office	San Antonio Regional Office
12100 Park 35 Circle, Building A	14250 Judson Road
Austin, Texas 78753-1808	San Antonio, Texas 78233-4480
Phone (512) 339-2929	Phone (210) 490-3096
Fax (512) 339-3795	Fax (210) 545-4329

THESE GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES MUST BE INCLUDED ON THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS PROVIDED TO THE CONTRACTOR AND ALL SUBCONTRACTORS.

TCEQ-0596 (Rev. July 15, 2015)

Page 6 of 6

General Notes

General Notes:

- 1. All materials and construction procedures within the scope of the project shall be approved by New Braunfels Utilities and comply with the current "New Braunfels Utilities Water Systems Connection/Construction Policy".
- Contractor shall not proceed with any pipe installation work until they obtain a copy of the plans from the Consultant or Engineer and notify NBU Water Systems Engineering at 830-608-8971 with at least two (2) working days (48 hours) notice. WORK COMPLETED BY THE CONTRACTOR, WHICH HAS NOT RECEIVED A NOTICE TO PROCEED FROM NEW BRAUNFELS UTILITIES WATER SYSTEMS ENGINEERING WILL BE
- SUBJECT TO REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT BY AND AT THE EXPENSE OF THE CONTRACTOR. The Developer dedicates the water / wastewater mains upon completion by the Contractor and acceptance by the New Braunfels Utilities Water System. NBU will own and maintain said water / wastewater mains which are located
- within platted utility easements or public ROW of proposed developments. (As applicable). Contractor agrees to assume sole and complete responsibility for job site conditions during the construction of the project, including safety of all persons and property. This requirement shall apply continuously and not be
- limited to normal working hours. The contractor shall defend, indemnify and hold the owners and the engineer and his employees, partners officers, directors, or consultants harmless from any and all liability, real or alleged, in connection with the performance of the work on this project, excepting from liability arising from sole negligence of the owner or engineer, engineer's directors, officers, employees, or consultants.
- Contractor to contact the engineer-of-record (EOR) for any field changes. Any revisions or changes to the approved construction plans will require additional approval by NBU in writing.
- Contractor and / or contractor's independently retained employee or safety consultant shall implement a trench safety program in accordance with OSHA standards governing the presence and activities of individuals working in and around trench excavation.
- Contractor shall be responsible for restoring to its original or better condition, any damages done to existing fences, curbs, streets, driveways, landscaping and structures, and existing utilities (not adjusted on plans). Cost of Restorations, if any, shall be the contractor's entire expense
- The Contractor shall avoid cutting roots larger than one inch in diameter when excavating near existing trees. Excavation in vicinity of trees shall proceed with caution.
- Contractor shall procure all permits and licenses, pay all charges, fees and taxes and give all notices necessary and incidental to the due and lawful prosecution of the work.

Appendix/Appendix B

Approved 12/9/03; Rev 3/31/11

Page 1 of 3

General Note

- 10. No extra payment shall be allowed for work called for on the plans but not included on the bid schedule. This incidental work will be required and shall be included under the pay item to which it relates.
- 11. Contractor is responsible for removal of all waste materials upon project completion. The contractor shall not permanently place any waste materials in the 100-year flood plain without first obtaining an approved flood plain development permit.
- 12. The contractor shall not place any materials on the recharge zone of the Edwards aquifer without an approved water pollution abatement plan from the TCEO 31 TAC 313 4 and 31 TAC 313 9
- 13. Barricades and warning signs shall conform to the "Texas manual on uniform traffic control devices" and shall be located to provide maximum protection to the public as well as construction personnel and equipment while providing continuous traffic flow at all times during construction. The contractor is esponsible for maintaining all devices during construction
- 14. Contractor is required to verify project elevations. The term "match existing" shall be understood to signify both horizontal and vertical alignment.
- The location of utilities, either underground or overhead, shown within the right of way are approximate and shall be verified by the contractor before beginning construction operations.
- 16. OSHA regulations prohibit operations that will bring persons or equipment within 10 feet of an energized line. Where workmen and/or equipment have to work close to an energized electrical line, the contractor shall notify the electrical power company involved and make whatever adjustments necessary to ensure the safety of those workmen.
- 17. It shall be the contractor's responsibility to locate utility service lines as required for construction. Contractors shall call the One Call System for water/wastewater location
- 18. Due to federal regulations Title 49, part 192 (8), Gas companies must maintain access to gas valves at all times. The contractor must protect and work around any gas valves that are in the project area.
- The contractor is fully responsible for the traffic control and will be 19. responsible for furnishing all traffic control devices, and flaggers. The construction methods shall be conducted to provide the least possible interference to traffic so as to permit the continuous movement of the traffic in one direction at all times. The contractor shall clean up and remove from the work area any loose material resulting from contract operations at the end of
- each workday 20. Prior to ordering materials to be used in construction, contractor shall provide the engineer with four (4) copies of the source, type, gradation, material specification data and / or shop drawings, as applicable, to satisfy the requirements of the following items and all material items referred to in these listed items:
 - a. Water mains and services b. Wastewater mains and services

Appendix/Appendix B

Approved 12/9/03; Rev 3/31/11

Page 2 of 3

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS NOTES NO VALVES, HYDRANTS, ETC. SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED WITHIN CURBS, SIDEWALKS, OR DRIVEWAYS.

- 2. ALL UTILITIES TO BE CONSTRUCTED PRIOR TO STREETS.
- 3. THIS PROJECT INCLUDES UTILITY INSTALLATIONS GREATER THAN 5-FEET IN DEPTH. DEEP TRENCHES POSE COMPACTION TESTING AND CONSTRUCTION CHALLENGES AND CITY METHODS FOR TESTING AND COMPACTION MAY NOT BE ACHIEVABLE. A UTILITY COMPACTION PLAN WILL BE REQUIRED AND MUST BE SUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL TO CITY PRIOR TO UTILITY INSTALLATION.
- 4. UTILITY TRENCH COMPACTION ALL UTILITY TRENCH COMPACTION TESTS WITHIN THE STREET PAVEMENT/SIDEWALK SECTION SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DEVELOPER'S GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER. FILL MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED IN UNIFORM LAYERS NOT TO EXCEED TWELVE INCHES (12") LOOSE. DETERMINE THE MAXIMUM LIFT THICKNESS BASED ON THE ABILITY OF THE COMPACTING OPERATION AND EQUIPMENT USED TO MEET THE REQUIRED DENSITY. EACH LAYER OF MATERIAL SHALL BE COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM 95% DENSITY AND TESTED FOR DENSITY AND MOISTURE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEST METHODS TEX-113-E, TEX-114-E, TEX-115-E. THE NUMBER AND LOCATION OF REQUIRED TESTS SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER AND APPROVED BY THE CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS STREET INSPECTOR. AT A MINIMUM, TESTS SHALL BE TAKEN EVERY 200 LF FOR EACH LIFT AND EVERY OTHER SERVICE LINE. UPON COMPLETION OF TESTING THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER SHALL PROVIDE THE CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS STREET INSPECTOR WITH ALL TESTING DOCUMENTATION AND A CERTIFICATION STATING THAT THE PLACEMENT OF FILL MATERIAL HAS BEEN COMPLETED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS. ADDITIONAL DENSITY TESTS MAY BE REQUESTED BY THE CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS INSPECTOR.

General Notes

- 21. Thrust blocks will not be allowed on the system without special approval. Joints will be restrained with restraining systems approved by NBU and restraint length shall be submitted to NBU at the time of plan submittal. 22. Water jetting the backfill within a street will not be permitted. Wastewater trenches subject to traffic shall conform to NBU Connection and Construction
- Policy Manual 23. Where the minimum 9 foot separation distance between wastewater lines and water lines / mains cannot be maintained, the installation of wastewater lines

shall be in strict accordance with 30 TAC 217. 24. Contractor and/or Contractor's independently retained employee or structural design/geotechnical/safety/equipment consultant, if any, shall review these plans and available geotechnical information and the anticipated installation

site(s) within the project work area in order to implement Contractor's trench excavation safety protection systems, programs and/or procedures. The Contractor's implementation of the systems, programs and/or procedures shall provide for adequate trench excavation safety protection that complies with as a minimum, OSHA Standards for trench excavations. Specifically, Contractor and/or Contractor's independently retained employee or safety consultant shall implement a trench safety program in accordance with OSHA Standards governing the presence and activities of individuals working in and around trench excavation.

- 25. <u>Utility Trench Compaction with street R.O.W.</u> a. All utility trench compaction test within the street pavement section shall be the responsibility of the developer's Geo-technical engineer. b. Fill material shall be placed in uniform layers not to exceed twelve inches
- (12") loose. c. Each layer of material shall be compacted as specified and tested for density and moisture in accordance with Text Methods TEX-113-E, TEX-
- 114-E. TEX-115-E d. The number and location of required tests shall be determined by the Geotechnical Engineer and approved by the City of New Braunfels Street Inspector
- e. Upon completion of testing the Geo-technical Engineer shall provide the City of New Braunfels Street inspector with all testing documentation and a certification stating that the placement of fill material has been completed in accordance with the plans.

Appendix/Appendix H

Approved 12/9/03; Rev 3/31/11

Page 3 of 3

WASTEWATER NOTES:

- The contractor shall maintain service to existing wastewater system at all times during construction.
- A minimum of 8" wastewater pipe and fittings (P.V.C. SDR-26, ASTM, D-3034. D-3212, F-477) are required on new installation.
- All residential wastewater service laterals shall be extended to the property line and a cleanout shall be installed at the property line. Services to lots will extend four (4) feet past the underground electric conduit if electric is installed in the front easement. All sewer cleanouts that lead to NBU mains shall be installed with a protective utility shroud and pivoting marker pole during time of construction. Pipe bedding of wastewater lines shall be manufactured sand or pea gravel as
- per NBU specifications. Secondary backfill of wastewater lines shall generally consist of materials removed from the trench and shall be free from brush, debris and trash, no
- rocks or stones having any dimension larger than 6 inches at the largest 6. All wastewater pipes shall have compression or mechanical joints as per 30
- TAC §217.53 (c) (2). For wastewater lines less than 24" in diameter, select initial backfill material shall be placed in two lifts.
- a. The first lift shall be spread uniformly and simultaneously on each side and under the shoulders of the pipe to the mid point or spring line of the
- b. The second lift shall be placed to a depth as shown on the pipe backfill detail. For pipes larger than 24", 12" maximum lifts shall be used. All manholes must be water tight, either monolithic, cast-in-place concrete structures or prefabricated manholes specifically approved by NBU. The manholes shall have water-tight rings and covers. Wherever they are within the 100 year floodplain, the manhole covers shall be bolted. Every third manhole in sequence shall have an alternate means of venting. 30 TAC §213.5 (c) (3) (A) and 30 TAC §217.55 (o).
- 9. All manholes shall be constructed so that the top of the ring is two inches (2") above surrounding ground except when located in paved area. In paved areas, the manhole ring shall be flush with pavement.

10. All new manholes, unless approved by NBU Engineering, are to have covers with 32" openings. 11. Wastewater pipe connections to pre-cast manholes will be compression joints

or mechanical "boot type" joint as approved by NBU. 12. Wastewater lines shall be tested from manhole to manhole.

13. In areas where a new wastewater manhole is to be constructed over an existing wastewater system, it shall be the contactor's responsibility to test the existing manholes before construction. After the proposed manhole(s) has been built, the contractor shall re-test the existing system to the satisfaction of the construction inspector. (no separate pay item).

14. Where the minimum 9 foot separation distance between wastewater lines and water lines / mains cannot be maintained, the installation of wastewater lines shall be in strict accordance with TCEQ. The wastewater line shall be constructed of cast iron, ductile iron or PVC meeting the ASTM specification for both pipes and joints of 150 psi and shall be in accordance with 30 TAC

15. No testing will be performed prior to 30 days from complete installation of the wastewater lines. The following sequence will be strictly adhered to: a. Pull mandrel

b. Perform Air test

8217.53 (d) (3) (A) (i)

- c. Cleaning of any debris d. Flushing of system
- e. TV Inspection (within 72 hours of flushing)
- 16. A minimum of 3 feet of cover is to be maintained over the wastewater main
- and laterals at subgrade, otherwise concrete encasement will be required. Wastewater main connections made directly to existing manholes will require
- successful testing of the manhole in accordance with NBU Connection & Construction Policy Manual. 18. TCEQ and EPA require erosion and sedimentation control for construction of wastewater collection systems. Developer or authorized representative shall provide erosion and sedimentation control as notes on the project's plan and profile sheets. All temporary erosion and sedimentation controls shall be
- removed by the Contractor at final acceptance of the project by NBU Water 19. All manholes not within paved streets shall have locking concrete collar to secure ring and cover to manhole cone per NBU Detail drawing #329. 20. All manholes over the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone shall have locking concrete collar to secure ring and cover to manhole cone per NBU detail drawing #329. Appendix/Appendix B Page 2 of 2

Approved 12/9/03; Rev 3/2/20

