Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page

Our Review of Your Application

The Edwards Aquifer Program staff conducts an administrative and technical review of all applications. The turnaround time for administrative review can be up to 30 days as outlined in 30 TAC 213.4(e). Generally administrative completeness is determined during the intake meeting or within a few days of receipt. The turnaround time for technical review of an administratively complete Edwards Aquifer application is 90 days as outlined in 30 TAC 213.4(e). Please know that the review and approval time is directly impacted by the quality and completeness of the initial application that is received. In order to conduct a timely review, it is imperative that the information provided in an Edwards Aquifer application include final plans, be accurate, complete, and in compliance with <u>30 TAC 213</u>.

Administrative Review

1. <u>Edwards Aquifer applications</u> must be deemed administratively complete before a technical review can begin. To be considered administratively complete, the application must contain completed forms and attachments, provide the requested information, and meet all the site plan requirements. The submitted application and plan sheets should be final plans. Please submit one full-size set of plan sheets with the original application, and half-size sets with the additional copies.

To ensure that all applicable documents are included in the application, the program has developed tools to guide you and web pages to provide all forms, checklists, and guidance. Please visit the below website for assistance: <u>http://www.tceq.texas.gov/field/eapp</u>.

- 2. This Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page form (certified by the applicant or agent) must be included in the application and brought to the administrative review meeting.
- 3. Administrative reviews are scheduled with program staff who will conduct the review. Applicants or their authorized agent should call the appropriate regional office, according to the county in which the project is located, to schedule a review. The average meeting time is one hour.
- 4. In the meeting, the application is examined for administrative completeness. Deficiencies will be noted by staff and emailed or faxed to the applicant and authorized agent at the end of the meeting, or shortly after. Administrative deficiencies will cause the application to be deemed incomplete and returned.

An appointment should be made to resubmit the application. The application is re-examined to ensure all deficiencies are resolved. The application will only be deemed administratively complete when all administrative deficiencies are addressed.

- 5. If an application is received by mail, courier service, or otherwise submitted without a review meeting, the administrative review will be conducted within 30 days. The applicant and agent will be contacted with the results of the administrative review. If the application is found to be administratively incomplete, it can be retrieved from the regional office or returned by regular mail. If returned by mail, the regional office may require arrangements for return shipping.
- 6. If the geologic assessment was completed before October 1, 2004 and the site contains "possibly sensitive" features, the assessment must be updated in accordance with the *Instructions to Geologists* (TCEQ-0585 Instructions).

Technical Review

- 1. When an application is deemed administratively complete, the technical review period begins. The regional office will distribute copies of the application to the identified affected city, county, and groundwater conservation district whose jurisdiction includes the subject site. These entities and the public have 30 days to provide comments on the application to the regional office. All comments received are reviewed by TCEQ.
- 2. A site assessment is usually conducted as part of the technical review, to evaluate the geologic assessment and observe existing site conditions. The site must be accessible to our staff. The site boundaries should be

clearly marked, features identified in the geologic assessment should be flagged, roadways marked and the alignment of the Sewage Collection System and manholes should be staked at the time the application is submitted. If the site is not marked the application may be returned.

- 3. We evaluate the application for technical completeness and contact the applicant and agent via Notice of Deficiency (NOD) to request additional information and identify technical deficiencies. There are two deficiency response periods available to the applicant. There are 14 days to resolve deficiencies noted in the first NOD. If a second NOD is issued, there is an additional 14 days to resolve deficiencies. If the response to the second notice is not received, is incomplete or inadequate, or provides new information that is incomplete or inadequate, the application must be withdrawn or will be denied. Please note that because the technical review is underway, whether the application is withdrawn or denied **the application fee will be forfeited**.
- 4. The program has 90 calendar days to complete the technical review of the application. If the application is technically adequate, such that it complies with the Edwards Aquifer rules, and is protective of the Edwards Aquifer during and after construction, an approval letter will be issued. Construction or other regulated activity may not begin until an approval is issued.

Mid-Review Modifications

It is important to have final site plans prior to beginning the permitting process with TCEQ to avoid delays.

Occasionally, circumstances arise where you may have significant design and/or site plan changes after your Edwards Aquifer application has been deemed administratively complete by TCEQ. This is considered a "Mid-Review Modification". Mid-Review Modifications may require redistribution of an application that includes the proposed modifications for public comment.

If you are proposing a Mid-Review Modification, two options are available:

- If the technical review has begun your application can be denied/withdrawn, your fees will be forfeited, and the plan will have to be resubmitted.
- TCEQ can continue the technical review of the application as it was submitted, and a modification application can be submitted at a later time.

If the application is denied/withdrawn, the resubmitted application will be subject to the administrative and technical review processes and will be treated as a new application. The application will be redistributed to the affected jurisdictions.

Please contact the regional office if you have questions. If your project is located in Williamson, Travis, or Hays County, contact TCEQ's Austin Regional Office at 512-339-2929. If your project is in Comal, Bexar, Medina, Uvalde, or Kinney County, contact TCEQ's San Antonio Regional Office at 210-490-3096

Please fill out all required fields below and submit with your application.

1. Regulated Entity Name: 1604 Retail				2. Regulated Entity No.:					
3. Customer Name: 1604 Capital Partners		ers, Ll	LC	4. Ci	4. Customer No.:				
5. Project Type: (Please circle/check one)	New		Modification I		Extension		Exception		
6. Plan Type: (Please circle/check one)	WPAP	CZP	SCS	UST	AST	EXP	EXT	Technical Clarification	Optional Enhanced Measures
7. Land Use: (Please circle/check one)	Residen	itial	Non-residential)	8. Sit	e (acres):	1.36 Acres	
9. Application Fee:	\$4,000	.00	10. Permanent BM			BMP(s	5):	StormFilter (Co	ontech)
11. SCS (Linear Ft.):			12. A	12. AST/UST (No. Tanks):			ıks):		
13. County:	Bexar		14. Watershed:					Leon Creek Wa	tershed

Application Distribution

Instructions: Use the table below to determine the number of applications required. One original and one copy of the application, plus additional copies (as needed) for each affected incorporated city, county, and groundwater conservation district are required. Linear projects or large projects, which cross into multiple jurisdictions, can require additional copies. Refer to the "Texas Groundwater Conservation Districts within the EAPP Boundaries" map found at:

http://www.tceq.texas.gov/assets/public/compliance/field_ops/eapp/EAPP%20GWCD%20map.pdf

For more detailed boundaries, please contact the conservation district directly.

Austin Region				
County:	Hays	Travis	Williamson	
Original (1 req.)			_	
Region (1 req.)			_	
County(ies)				
Groundwater Conservation District(s)	Edwards Aquifer Authority Barton Springs/ Edwards Aquifer Hays Trinity Plum Creek	Barton Springs/ Edwards Aquifer	NA	
City(ies) Jurisdiction	Austin Buda Dripping Springs Kyle Mountain City San Marcos Wimberley Woodcreek	Austin Bee Cave Pflugerville Rollingwood Round Rock Sunset Valley West Lake Hills	Austin Cedar Park Florence Georgetown Jerrell Leander Liberty Hill Pflugerville Round Rock	

San Antonio Region					
County:	Bexar	Comal	Kinney	Medina	Uvalde
Original (1 req.)	<u>_X</u>				
Region (1 req.)	<u>_X</u>				
County(ies)	<u>_X</u> _				
Groundwater Conservation District(s)	<u>X</u> Edwards Aquifer Authority <u>X</u> Trinity-Glen Rose	Edwards Aquifer Authority	Kinney	EAA Medina	EAA Uvalde
City(ies) Jurisdiction	Castle Hills Fair Oaks Ranch Helotes Hill Country Village Hollywood Park _X_San Antonio (SAWS) Shavano Park	Bulverde Fair Oaks Ranch Garden Ridge New Braunfels Schertz	NA	San Antonio ETJ (SAWS)	NA

Austin Region

I certify that to the best of my knowledge, that the application is complete and accurate. This application is hereby submitted to TCEQ for administrative review and technical review.

Print Name of Customer/Authorized Agent

7

Signature of Customer/Authorized Agent

Date

4/24/24

Date(s)Reviewed:	Date Administratively Complete:		
Received From:	Correct Number of Copies:	the state	
Received By:	Distribution Date:		
EAPP File Number:	Complex:	utenni	
Admin. Review(s) (No.):	No. AR Rounds:	No. AR Rounds:	
Delinquent Fees (Y/N):	Review Time Spent:	Review Time Spent:	
Lat./Long. Verified:	SOS Customer Verification:	part synop	
Agent Authorization Complete/Notarized (Y/N):	Payable to TCEQ (Y/N):	ameti he	
Core Data Form Complete (Y/N):	Check: Signed (Y/N):	Signed (Y/N):	
Core Data Form Incomplete Nos.:	Less than 90 days old (Y	/N):	



General Information Form

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

For Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge and Transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.4(b) & §213.5(b)(2)(A), (B) Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **General Information Form** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review. The application was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Kevin W. Love, P.E.

Date: #/24/24

Signature of Customer/Agent:

Project Information

- 1. Regulated Entity Name: 1604 Retail
- 2. County: Bexar
- 3. Stream Basin: Huesta Creek
- 4. Groundwater Conservation District (If applicable): n/a
- 5. Edwards Aquifer Zone:

Recharge Zone

6. Plan Type:

\boxtimes	WPAP
	SCS
	Modification

AST UST Exception Request

TCEQ-0587	(Rev.	02 - 11 - 15)
1020 0000	(110.11	02 11 10)

1 of 4

7. Customer (Applicant):

Contact Person: <u>Bijan Bonakchi</u> Entity: <u>1604 Capital Partners, LLC</u> Mailing Address: <u>12300 IH 10 west</u> City, State: <u>San Antonio, TX</u> Telephone: <u>(210) 422-7500</u> Email Address: <u>darioproperties@yahoo.com</u>

Zip: <u>78230</u> FAX: <u>N/A</u>

8. Agent/Representative (If any):

Contact Person: <u>Kevin W. Love, P.E.</u> Entity: <u>KLove Engineering, LLC</u> Mailing Address: <u>22610 US Highway 281 N. Ste. 204</u> City, State: <u>San Antonio, TX</u> Telephone: <u>(210) 485-5683</u> Email Address: <u>klove@kloveengineering.com</u>

9. Project Location:

The project site is located inside the city limits of <u>San Antonio</u>.

The project site is located outside the city limits but inside the ETJ (extra-territorial jurisdiction) of _____.

- The project site is not located within any city's limits or ETJ.
- 10. The location of the project site is described below. The description provides sufficient detail and clarity so that the TCEQ's Regional staff can easily locate the project and site boundaries for a field investigation.

Approximately 100 ft west of the intersection Loop 1604 & Cotton Tail Ln.

- 11. Attachment A Road Map. A road map showing directions to and the location of the project site is attached. The project location and site boundaries are clearly shown on the map.
- 12. Attachment B USGS / Edwards Recharge Zone Map. A copy of the official 7 ½ minute USGS Quadrangle Map (Scale: 1" = 2000') of the Edwards Recharge Zone is attached. The map(s) clearly show:

Project site boundaries.

USGS Quadrangle Name(s).

Boundaries of the Recharge Zone (and Transition Zone, if applicable).

Drainage path from the project site to the boundary of the Recharge Zone.

13. The TCEQ must be able to inspect the project site or the application will be returned. Sufficient survey staking is provided on the project to allow TCEQ regional staff to locate the boundaries and alignment of the regulated activities and the geologic or manmade features noted in the Geologic Assessment.

Survey staking will be completed by this date: _____

- 14. Attachment C Project Description. Attached at the end of this form is a detailed narrative description of the proposed project. The project description is consistent throughout the application and contains, at a minimum, the following details:
- Area of the site
 Offsite areas
 Impervious cover
 Permanent BMP(s)
 Proposed site use
 Site history
 Previous development
 Area(s) to be demolished
 15. Existing project site conditions are noted below:
 - Existing commercial site
 Existing industrial site
 Existing residential site
 Existing paved and/or unpaved roads
 Undeveloped (Cleared)
 Undeveloped (Undisturbed/Uncleared)
 Other: _____

Prohibited Activities

- 16. I am aware that the following activities are prohibited on the Recharge Zone and are not proposed for this project:
 - (1) Waste disposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 of this title (relating to Underground Injection Control);
 - (2) New feedlot/concentrated animal feeding operations, as defined in 30 TAC §213.3;
 - (3) Land disposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC §335.1;
 - (4) The use of sewage holding tanks as parts of organized collection systems; and
 - (5) New municipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I standards which are defined in §330.41(b), (c), and (d) of this title (relating to Types of Municipal Solid Waste Facilities).
 - (6) New municipal and industrial wastewater discharges into or adjacent to water in the state that would create additional pollutant loading.
- 17. I am aware that the following activities are prohibited on the Transition Zone and are not proposed for this project:
 - (1) Waste disposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 (relating to Underground Injection Control);
 - (2) Land disposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC §335.1; and

(3) New municipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I standards which are defined in §330.41 (b), (c), and (d) of this title.

Administrative Information

- 18. The fee for the plan(s) is based on:
 - For a Water Pollution Abatement Plan or Modification, the total acreage of the site where regulated activities will occur.
 - For an Organized Sewage Collection System Plan or Modification, the total linear footage of all collection system lines.
 - For a UST Facility Plan or Modification or an AST Facility Plan or Modification, the total number of tanks or piping systems.
 - A request for an exception to any substantive portion of the regulations related to the protection of water quality.
 - A request for an extension to a previously approved plan.
- 19. Application fees are due and payable at the time the application is filed. If the correct fee is not submitted, the TCEQ is not required to consider the application until the correct fee is submitted. Both the fee and the Edwards Aquifer Fee Form have been sent to the Commission's:

Austin Regional Office (for projects in Hays, Travis, and Williamson Counties)

San Antonio Regional Office (for projects in Bexar, Comal, Kinney, Medina, and Uvalde Counties)

- 20. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
- 21. No person shall commence any regulated activity until the Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan(s) for the activity has been filed with and approved by the Executive Director.

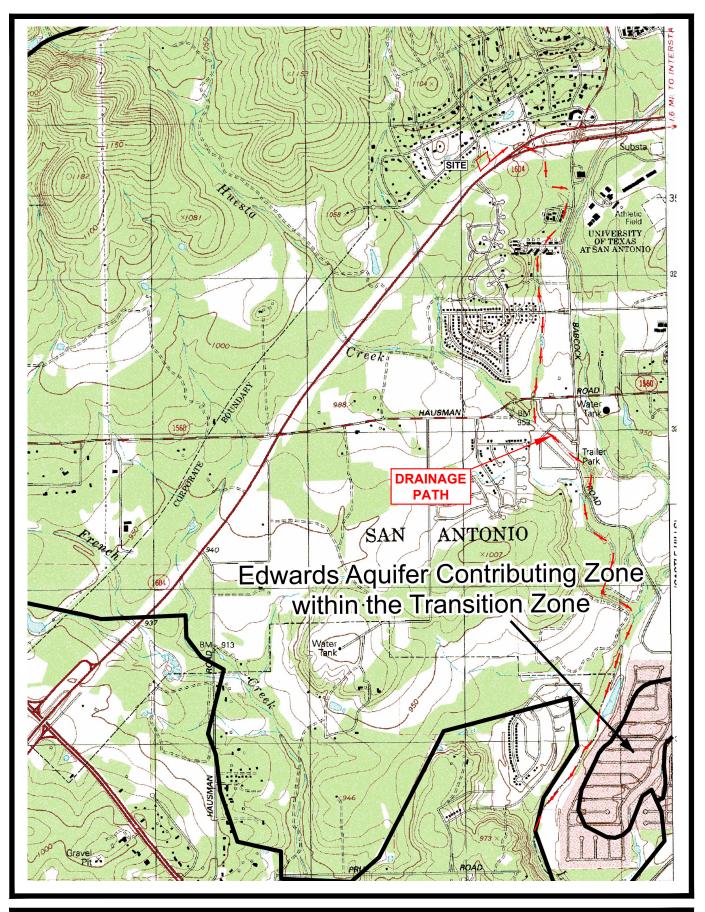


PROJECT NO.	1419-01
DATE: 02/12	/24
	DESIGNED BY: AB

DARIO 1604 RETAIL SHELL

7403 N LOOP 1604 W SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS 78249 Kore ENGINEERING Site Development Engineering Services Firm No. 11042 www.kloveengineering.com (210) 485-5683

ATTACHMENT A - ROAD MAP



PROJECT NO.	1419-01
date: 02/12	/24
	DESIGNED BY: AB
scale: N.T.S	

DARIO 1604 RETAIL SHELL

7403 N LOOP 1604 W SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS 78249 KOVE ENCINEERING Site Development Engineering Services Firm No. 11042 www.kloveengineering.com (210) 485-5683

ATTACHMENT B - USGS MAP

ATTACHMENT C

Project Description

The subject project is located approximately 100 linear feet west of N Loop 1604 W & Cotton Tail Ln intersection in San Antonio, TX. This location is within the limits of the City of San Antonio and the Steven M. Clouse Water Recycling Center. This area is within a mandatory detention area and is currently undeveloped. The property is not located within the 100-yr floodplain per the Flood Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) #48029C0210G, dated 9/29/2010.

The proposed retail and fast-food restaurant building will be constructed on Lot 1 (1.36 acres) out of the subdivision plat *"Hills & Dales Estates Subdivision Unit 2", Vol 9517 Page 101.* The total proposed impervious cover for this proposed development is approximately 1.06 acres (45,988 sq-ft). The proposed improvements addressed by this Water Pollution Abatement Plan (WPAP) are as follows:

- (1) Access Driveways
- (2) Sidewalk
- (3) Parking Lot
- (4) Commercial Building
- (5) Utilities

To prevent pollution of storm water runoff originating on-site and potentially flowing across and off the site after construction, a StormFilter (Contech) is proposed to be built on the east side of the property as a permanent BMP. The Permanent Pollution Abatement Measures (BMPs) for the 1604 Retail project will be designed in accordance with the TCEQ Technical Guidance Manual RG-348 (Revised September 2007) to remove 89% of the increased Total Suspended Solids (TSS) for the proposed improvements.

Potable water and wastewater disposal is provided by the San Antonio Water System (SAWS). Wastewater is disposed of by conveyance to the existing Steven M. Clouse Water Recycling Center operated by SAWS.



Geologic Assessment

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

For Regulated Activities on The Edwards Aquifer Recharge/transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(3), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. My signature certifies that I am qualified as a geologist as defined by 30 TAC Chapter 213.

Print Name of Geologist: <u>Timothy J. Duduit</u>

Telephone: 2108876676

Date: <u>April, 13, 2024</u>

Fax: _____

Representing: <u>Timothy Jay Duduit, #5722</u> (Name of Company and TBPG or TBPE registration number)

TIMOTHY J. DUDUI

Signature of Geologist:

Regulated Entity Name: 1604 Retail

Project Information

- 1. Date(s) Geologic Assessment was performed: April 13, 2024
- 2. Type of Project:

\times	WPAF
	SCS

AST
UST

3. Location of Project:

\boxtimes	Rec	harge	e Zon	e

Transition Zone

Contributing Zone within the Transition Zone

- 4. X Attachment A Geologic Assessment Table. Completed Geologic Assessment Table (Form TCEQ-0585-Table) is attached.
- 5. Soil cover on the project site is summarized in the table below and uses the SCS Hydrologic Soil Groups* (Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds, Technical Release No. 55, Appendix A, Soil Conservation Service, 1986). If there is more than one soil type on the project site, show each soil type on the site Geologic Map or a separate soils map.

Table 1 - Soil Units, InfiltrationCharacteristics and Thickness

Soil Name	Group*	Thickness(feet)
Krum clay, 1- 5% slopes	D	0-1

- * Soil Group Definitions (Abbreviated)
 - A. Soils having a high infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
 - B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
 - C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
 - D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
- 6. Attachment B Stratigraphic Column. A stratigraphic column showing formations, members, and thicknesses is attached. The outcropping unit, if present, should be at the top of the stratigraphic column. Otherwise, the uppermost unit should be at the top of the stratigraphic column.
- 7. X Attachment C Site Geology. A narrative description of the site specific geology including any features identified in the Geologic Assessment Table, a discussion of the potential for fluid movement to the Edwards Aquifer, stratigraphy, structure(s), and karst characteristics is attached.
- 8. Attachment D Site Geologic Map(s). The Site Geologic Map must be the same scale as the applicant's Site Plan. The minimum scale is 1": 400'

Applicant's Site Plan Scale: 1" = <u>20</u>' Site Geologic Map Scale: 1" = <u>20</u>' Site Soils Map Scale (if more than 1 soil type): 1" = _____'

9. Method of collecting positional data:

Global Positioning System (GPS) technology.

Other method(s). Please describe method of data collection: _____

- 10. The project site and boundaries are clearly shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map.
- 11. Surface geologic units are shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map.

- 12. Geologic or manmade features were discovered on the project site during the field investigation. They are shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map and are described in the attached Geologic Assessment Table.
 - Geologic or manmade features were not discovered on the project site during the field investigation.
- 13. The Recharge Zone boundary is shown and labeled, if appropriate.
- 14. All known wells (test holes, water, oil, unplugged, capped and/or abandoned, etc.): If applicable, the information must agree with Item No. 20 of the WPAP Application Section.

There are <u>0</u> (#) wells present on the project site and the locations are shown and labeled. (Check all of the following that apply.)

] The wells are not in use and have been properly abandoned.

] The wells are not in use and will be properly abandoned.

The wells are in use and comply with 16 TAC Chapter 76.

There are no wells or test holes of any kind known to exist on the project site.

Administrative Information

15. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.

ATTACHMENT A: GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT TABLE						PROJECT NAME: 1604 Retail														
LOCATION				FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS							EVALUATION			PHYSICAI		_ SETTING				
1A	1B *	1C*	2A	2B	3		4		5	5A	6	7	8A	8B	9		10		11	12
FEATURE ID	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	FEATURE TYPE	POINTS	FORMATION	DIME	NSIONS (FEET)	TREND (DEGREES)	DOM	DENSITY (NO/FT)	APERTURE (FEET)	INFILL	RELATIVE INFILTRATION RATE	TOTAL	SENS	SITIVITY		ENT AREA RES)	TOPOGRAPHY
						Х	Υ	Z		10						<40	<u>>40</u>	<1.6	<u>>1.6</u>	
NO GEOLOGIC	FEATURES	FOUND.																		
	_																			
																_				
* DATUM:											I									
2A TYPE		TYPE		21		1 1					0	A INFILL	ING							
C	Cave 2B POINTS				N None, exposed bedrock															
sc					C Coarse - cobbles, breakdown, sand, gravel															
	Solution cavity 20																			
SF	Solution-enlarged fracture(s) 20					O Loose or soft mud or soil, organics, leaves, sticks, dark colors														
	Fault 20					F Fines, compacted clay-rich sediment, soil profile, gray or red colors														
0 MB	Other natural bedrock features 5					V Vegetation. Give details in narrative description														
SM SM	Manmade feature in bedrock 30					FS Flowstone, cements, cave deposits														
SW	Swallow hole 30					^	Uthe	r materials	5											
SH CD	Sinkhole 20								10	TOPOC				٦						
-	Non-karst closed depression 5					12 TOPOGRAPHY														
<u>/</u>	Zone, clustered or aligned features 30						Cliff, Hilltop, Hillside, Drainage, Floodplain, Streambed													

I have read, I understood, and I have followed the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality's Instructions to Geologists. The information presented here complies with that document and is a true representation of the conditions observed in the field. My signature certifies that I am qualified as a geologist as defined by 30 TAC Chapter 213.

Date 04/13/24

TCEQ-0585-Table (Rev. 10-01-04)

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Sheet _1___ of _1___



SITE SPECIFIC STRATIGRAPHIC COLUMN

System	Group	Formation	Function	Member or Informal Unit	Function	Thickness Feet	Lithology	Hydrostratigraphy
Cretaceous		Del Rio Clay	СВ	NA	NA	60-90	Clay with thin layers of coquina limestone	Does not allow infiltration of surface water to subsurface.
	Edwards	Person (Edwards Aquifer)	AQ	Marine	AQ		Limestone and dolomite; honeycombed limestone interbedded with chalky porous limestone and massive, recrystallized limestone	Reefal limestone and carbonate deposits under normal open marine conditions. Zones with significant porosity and permeability are laterally extensive. Karstified unit.
				Leached and collapsed members	AQ	60 - 90	Limestone and dolomite. Recrystallized limestone occurs predominantly in the freshwater zone of the Edwards Aquifer. Dolomite occurs in the saline zone.	Tidal land supratidal deposits, conforming porous beds of collapsed breccias and burrowed biomicrites. Zones of honeycombed porosity are laterally extensive.
				Regional dense bed	СВ	20 - 30	Dense argillaceous limestone.	Deep water limestone. Negligible permeability and porosity. Laterally extensive bed that is a barrier to vertical flow in the Edwards Aquifer.
Cretaceous	Edwards	Kainer (Edwards Aquifer)	AQ	Grainstone	AQ	50 - 60	Limestone, hard, millolid grainstone with associated beds of marly mudstones and wackestones.	Shallow water, lagoonal sediment deposited in a moderately high energy environment. A cavernous honeycombed layer commonly occurs near the middle of the subdivision. Interparticle porosity is locally significant.
				Dolomitic (includes Kirschberg evaporite)	AQ	150 - 200	Limestone, calcified dolomite, and dolomite. Leached, evaporitic rocks with breecias toward top. Dolomite occurs principally in the saline zone of the aquifer.	Supratidal deposits towards top. Mostly tidal to subtidal deposits below. Very porous and permeable zones formed by boxwork porosity in breccias or by burrowed zones.
				Basal Nodular Bed	СВ	40 - 70	Limestone, hard, dense clayey; nodular, mottled, stylolitic.	Subtidal deposits. Negligible porosity and permeability.
	Trinity	Glen Rose	СВ	Upper part of Glen Rose	СВ	300 - 400	Limestone, dolomite, shale and marl. Alternating beds of carbonates and marls. Evaporites and dolomites toward top; variable bedding.	Supratidal and shoreline deposits towards top. Tidal to subtidal deposits below. Unit has little vertical permeability but has moderate lateral permeability.
				Lower part of Glen Rose	AQ	200 - 250	Massive limestone with few thin beds of marl.	Marine deposits - caprinid reef zones and porous and permeable honeycomb porosity near the base.

Timothy J. Duduit, PG

Site Specific Geology and Soil Characteristics

1604 Retail, 7403 North Loop 1604 West, San Antonio, Texas

Area Geologic Setting

The site is located in the Balcones fault zone, which separates the Edwards Plateau from the Gulf Coastal Plain physiographic province. The Balcones fault zone is a series of steep angle, normal faults that generally strike northeast-southwest. Active movement in the Balcones fault zone ceased during the Miocene Epoch. The intense, close spaced faulting along the Balcones fault zone combined with the various rock types of the upper Cretaceous section exposed in central Texas makes rapid changes in rock and soil type the norm rather than the exception.

The depositional environment and lithology of the Edwards Group limestones changes from Kinney County in southwest Texas to Hays County east of San Antonio. The site is located in the San Marcos Arch depositional province.

The entire Edwards Formation is approximately 350 feet thick in the area. The rocks that comprise the Edwards Group include hard, dense calcium carbonate limestone and some magnesium carbonate limestone called dolomite. These limestones are made up of the shells of invertebrate animals that inhabited the shallow seas of the lower Cretaceous period. These shells range from large, reef forming clams to microscopic foraminifers that secrete shells of the mineral calcite or aragonite, which is composed of calcium carbonate. Aragonite shells are more soluble in water, especially the slightly acid, normal rainwater that contains a weak carbonic acid. The wide ranges of specific minerals making up the shells that compose the limestone are soluble in water in differing amounts. The preferential dissolution of fossil shells gives rise to many of the geologic features observed in rocks of the Edwards Group limestone.

The intense faulting and fracturing of the limestone rocks in the Balcones fault zone and the varying ability of minerals to be dissolved by groundwater lead to the formation of the geologic features that are mapped within the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone. The combination of faulting, fracturing, rock dissolution, mineral deposition, erosion, and geologic time produce the caves, closed depressions, fractured rock outcrops, fault zones, solution cavities, and vugular rock features which are mapped during a Geologic Assessment. The characteristics and physical settings of these geologic features are described to assign a relative infiltration rate and potential recharge ranking to assist in managing the resource of the Edwards Aquifer.

Site Geology

The project site is located in the outcrop of the Cretaceous-age Person and Del Rio Formations, according to the USGS National Geologic Map Data Base https://ngmdb.usgs.gov/mapview/?center=-98.426,29.639&zoom=15.

Geologic mapping of the project site confirmed this basic stratigraphy and aerial photographs and geologic mapping confirmed that no faults occurred on the project site.

The soils at the site are the *Krum clay, 1 to 5 percent slopes* that ranges from 0.5 to 1 foot thick, according to the USDA Web soil survey for the site. The thickness of the soils is estimated from plugged geotechnical borings.

Site Structural Geology

The project site appears to be unaffected by faulting, as no evidence of offset was noted over the site during the field mapping, aerial photograph review, or geologic map review.

Timothy J. Duduit, PG

Report No. 2024-10

Geologic Features

The site is currently a grassy meadow with a few scattered oak trees (see picture below). There are no outcrops of bedrock on the site. In general, there appears to be little or no potential for fluid movement from the surface of the project site to the Edwards Aquifer due to the lack of karstic features, presence of the Del Rio Clay, lack of rock outcrops at the site, and the presence of thick Group D clay soil at the site.



25 ngmdb.usgs.gov/mapview/?center=-98.635,29.586&zoom=15 G

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MapView (Beta) by the NGMDB

MapView lets you explore some of our favorite geologic maps from the NGMDB (USGS/AASG). Note this interface is in beta, so feel free to send us any comments, bug reports and suggestions as we continue to improve the interface.

23 maps on screen (Get full citation list 🖻) Near: San Antonio, TX, 78249 (Lng: -98.635, Lat: 29.586) Filter Maps by the Following Scale Bin All 500K 250K 125K 100K 62K 48K 24K

Promote Maps by: O Selected O Bedrock O Surficial

Selected Geologic Maps Here (NGMDB Map Catalog)

Filter results by title or author keyword

Sync Record Table Returns with Selected Scale Bin

▼ Title ▼ Author ▼ Agency ▼ Year ▼ Scale

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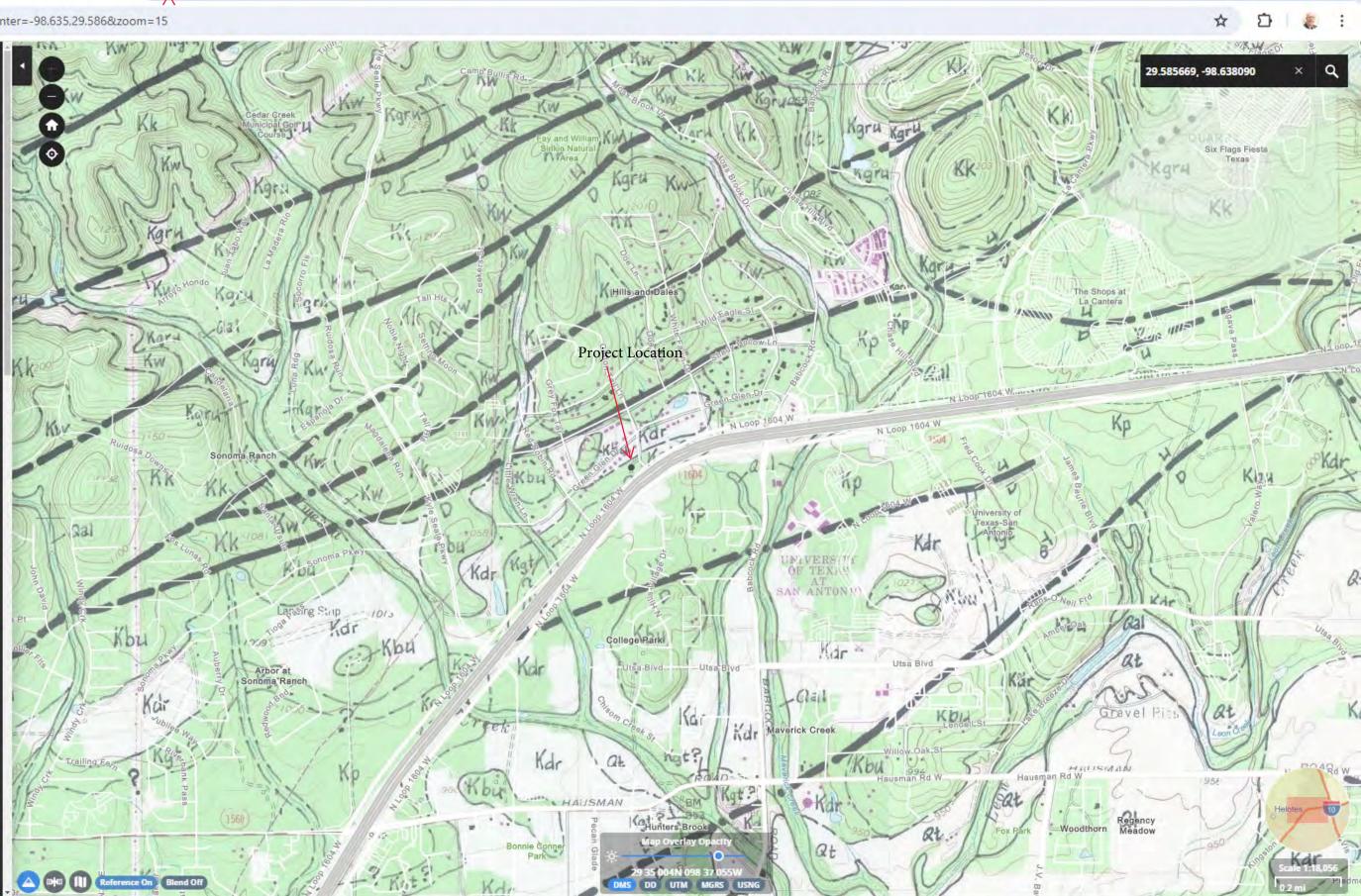
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7403 North Loop 1604 W San Antonio, Texas

Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application Form** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and Executive Director approval. The form was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Kevin W. Love, P.E.

Date:

Signature of Customer/Agent:

Regulated Entity Name: 1604 Retail

Regulated Entity Information

- 1. The type of project is:
 - Residential: Number of Lots:
 - Residential: Number of Living Unit Equivalents:
 - Commercial
 - Industrial
 - Other:____
- 2. Total site acreage (size of property): 1.36
- 3. Estimated projected population: N/A
- 4. The amount and type of impervious cover expected after construction are shown below:

TCEQ-0584 (Rev. 02-11-15)

Impervious Cover of Proposed Project	Sq. Ft.	Sq. Ft./Acre	Acres
Structures/Rooftops	10,141	÷ 43,560 =	0.23
Parking	35,847	÷ 43,560 =	0.83
Other paved surfaces		÷ 43,560 =	
Total Impervious Cover	45,988	÷ 43,560 =	1.06

Table 1 - Impervious Cover Table

Total Impervious Cover <u>1.06</u> ÷ Total Acreage <u>1.36</u> X 100 = <u>77.94</u>% Impervious Cover

- 5. Attachment A Factors Affecting Surface Water Quality. A detailed description of all factors that could affect surface water and groundwater quality that addresses ultimate land use is attached.
- 6. Only inert materials as defined by 30 TAC §330.2 will be used as fill material.

For Road Projects Only

Complete questions 7 - 12 if this application is exclusively for a road project.

7. Type of project:

TXDOT road project.

County road or roads built to county specifications.

City thoroughfare or roads to be dedicated to a municipality.

Street or road providing access to private driveways.

8. Type of pavement or road surface to be used:

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Concrete
Asphaltic concrete pavement
Other:
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9. Length of Right of Way (R.O.W.): _____ feet.

Width of R.O.W.: _____ feet. L x W = _____ $Ft^2 \div 43,560 Ft^2/Acre = _____ acres.$

10. Length of pavement area: _____ feet.

Width of pavement area: _____ feet.L x W = ____ $Ft^2 \div 43,560 Ft^2/Acre = ____ acres.Pavement area _____ acres \div R.O.W. area _____ acres x 100 = ____% impervious cover.$

11. A rest stop will be included in this project.

A rest stop will not be included in this project.

12. Maintenance and repair of existing roadways that do not require approval from the TCEQ Executive Director. Modifications to existing roadways such as widening roads/adding shoulders totaling more than one-half (1/2) the width of one (1) existing lane require prior approval from the TCEQ.

Stormwater to be generated by the Proposed Project

13. Attachment B - Volume and Character of Stormwater. A detailed description of the volume (quantity) and character (quality) of the stormwater runoff which is expected to occur from the proposed project is attached. The estimates of stormwater runoff quality and quantity are based on the area and type of impervious cover. Include the runoff coefficient of the site for both pre-construction and post-construction conditions.

Wastewater to be generated by the Proposed Project

14. The character and volume of wastewater is shown below:

<u>100.0</u> % Domestic	<u>2,600</u> Gallons/day
% Industrial	Gallons/day
% Commingled	Gallons/day
TOTAL gallons/day <u>2,600</u>	

15. Wastewater will be disposed of by:

On-Site Sewage Facility (OSSF/Septic Tank):

Attachment C - Suitability Letter from Authorized Agent. An on-site sewage facility
will be used to treat and dispose of the wastewater from this site. The appropriate
licensing authority's (authorized agent) written approval is attached. It states that
the land is suitable for the use of private sewage facilities and will meet or exceed
the requirements for on-site sewage facilities as specified under 30 TAC Chapter 285
relating to On-site Sewage Facilities.

Each lot in this project/development is at least one (1) acre (43,560 square feet) in size. The system will be designed by a licensed professional engineer or registered sanitarian and installed by a licensed installer in compliance with 30 TAC Chapter 285.

Sewage Collection System (Sewer Lines):

- Private service laterals from the wastewater generating facilities will be connected to an existing SCS.
- Private service laterals from the wastewater generating facilities will be connected to a proposed SCS.

The SCS was previously submitted on_____.

-] The SCS was submitted with this application.
-] The SCS will be submitted at a later date. The owner is aware that the SCS may not be installed prior to Executive Director approval.

The sewage collection system will convey the wastewater to the <u>Steven M. Clouse</u> (name) Treatment Plant. The treatment facility is:

\times	Existing.
	Proposed

16. \square All private service laterals will be inspected as required in 30 TAC §213.5.

Site Plan Requirements

Items 17 – 28 must be included on the Site Plan.

17. \square The Site Plan must have a minimum scale of 1" = 400'.

Site Plan Scale: 1" = <u>20</u>'.

18. 100-year floodplain boundaries:

Some part(s) of the project site is located within the 100-year floodplain. The floodplain is shown and labeled.

 \boxtimes No part of the project site is located within the 100-year floodplain.

The 100-year floodplain boundaries are based on the following specific (including date of material) sources(s): <u>FEMA map #48029C0210G</u>; <u>09/29/2010</u>

19. The layout of the development is shown with existing and finished contours at appropriate, but not greater than ten-foot contour intervals. Lots, recreation centers, buildings, roads, open space, etc. are shown on the plan.

The layout of the development is shown with existing contours at appropriate, but not greater than ten-foot intervals. Finished topographic contours will not differ from the existing topographic configuration and are not shown. Lots, recreation centers, buildings, roads, open space, etc. are shown on the site plan.

20. All known wells (oil, water, unplugged, capped and/or abandoned, test holes, etc.):

There are _____ (#) wells present on the project site and the locations are shown and labeled. (Check all of the following that apply)

] The wells are not in use and have been properly abandoned.

The wells are not in use and will be properly abandoned.

The wells are in use and comply with 16 TAC §76.

There are no wells or test holes of any kind known to exist on the project site.

- 21. Geologic or manmade features which are on the site:
 - All sensitive geologic or manmade features identified in the Geologic Assessment are shown and labeled.
 - No sensitive geologic or manmade features were identified in the Geologic Assessment.

Attachment D - Exception to the Required Geologic Assessment. A request and justification for an exception to a portion of the Geologic Assessment is attached.

- 22. The drainage patterns and approximate slopes anticipated after major grading activities.
- 23. 🖂 Areas of soil disturbance and areas which will not be disturbed.
- 24. 🔀 Locations of major structural and nonstructural controls. These are the temporary and permanent best management practices.
- 25. \square Locations where soil stabilization practices are expected to occur.
- 26. Surface waters (including wetlands).

🛛 N/A

- 27. Locations where stormwater discharges to surface water or sensitive features are to occur.
 - There will be no discharges to surface water or sensitive features.
- 28. 🛛 Legal boundaries of the site are shown.

Administrative Information

- 29. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
- 30. Any modification of this WPAP will require Executive Director approval, prior to construction, and may require submission of a revised application, with appropriate fees.

<u>Attachment A – Factors Affecting Surface Water Quality</u>

Potential sources of pollution that may reasonably be expected to affect the quality of storm water discharges from the site during construction include:

- Soil erosion due to the clearing of the site
- Oil grease, fuel and hydraulic fluid contamination from construction equipment and vehicle drippings
- Hydrocarbons from asphalt paving operations
- Miscellaneous trash and litter from construction workers and material wrappings
- Concrete truck washout
- Spills/Overflow from portable toilets

Potential sources of pollution that may reasonably be expected to affect the quality of storm water discharges from the site after development include:

- Oil, grease, fuel and hydraulic fluid contamination from vehicle drippings
- Dirt and dust which may fall off vehicles
- Miscellaneous trash and litter

Attachment B – Volume and Character of Stormwater

The site is currently undeveloped, with slopes ranging between 3-5%. The overall runoff coefficient prior to development of the 1.36 acre lot is estimated to be 0.50 based on the existing terrain and slopes. The stormwater runoff drains east towards 1604 Loop W to then discharge into Huesta Creek.

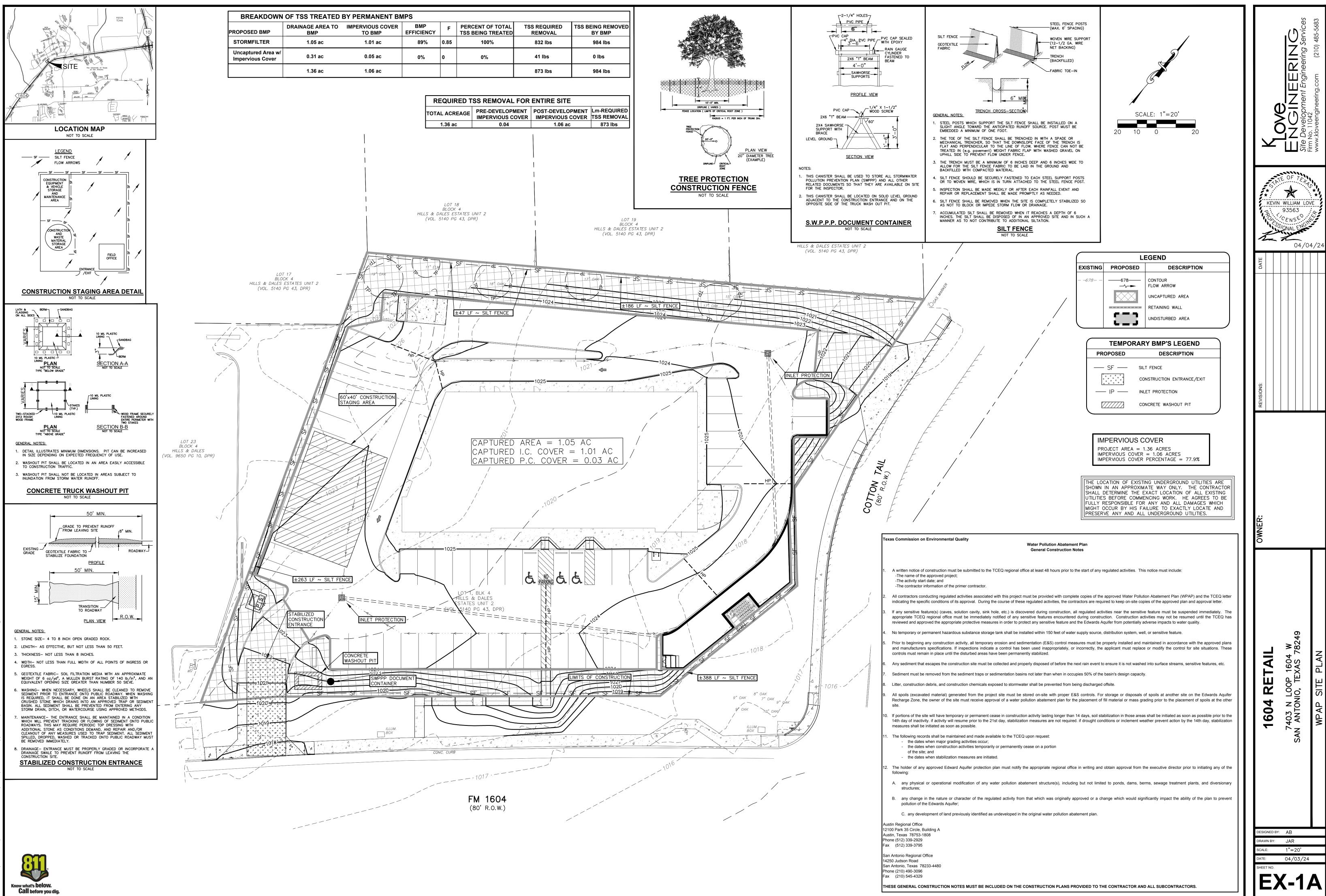
The proposed use for this property will be retail and fast-food restaurant with 1.06 acres (77.9%) of impervious cover for the entire site. A weighted c-value of 0.86 was calculated based on the Table 504-1(b) of the City of San Antonio UDC. Detention is provided and the site will generate approximately 7.13 cfs during the 25-year storm event. Values were calculated using the Modified Rational Method.

Attachment C – Suitability Letter from Authorized Agent

No OSSF will be used with this project.

Attachment D – Exception to the Required Geologic Assessment

N/A – No exception is being submitted for the Geologic Assessment.



Temporary Stormwater Section

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(4)(A), (B), (D)(I) and (G); Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Temporary Stormwater Section** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The application was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Kevin W. Love, P.E.

Date: 4/24/24

Signature of Customer/Agent:

Regulated Entity Name: 1604 Retail

Project Information

Potential Sources of Contamination

Examples: Fuel storage and use, chemical storage and use, use of asphaltic products, construction vehicles tracking onto public roads, and existing solid waste.

1. Fuels for construction equipment and hazardous substances which will be used during construction:

The following fuels and/or hazardous substances will be stored on the site:

These fuels and/or hazardous substances will be stored in:

Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of less than 250 gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year.

TCEQ-0602 (Rev. 02-11-15)

Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity between 250 gallons and 499 gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year.

- Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of 500 gallons or more will be stored on the site. An Aboveground Storage Tank Facility Plan application must be submitted to the appropriate regional office of the TCEQ prior to moving the tanks onto the project.
- Fuels and hazardous substances will not be stored on the site.
- 2. Attachment A Spill Response Actions. A site specific description of the measures to be taken to contain any spill of hydrocarbons or hazardous substances is attached.
- 3. Temporary aboveground storage tank systems of 250 gallons or more cumulative storage capacity must be located a minimum horizontal distance of 150 feet from any domestic, industrial, irrigation, or public water supply well, or other sensitive feature.
- 4. Attachment B Potential Sources of Contamination. A description of any activities or processes which may be a potential source of contamination affecting surface water quality is attached.

Sequence of Construction

5. Attachment C - Sequence of Major Activities. A description of the sequence of major activities which will disturb soils for major portions of the site (grubbing, excavation, grading, utilities, and infrastructure installation) is attached.

For each activity described, an estimate (in acres) of the total area of the site to be disturbed by each activity is given.

- For each activity described, include a description of appropriate temporary control measures and the general timing (or sequence) during the construction process that the measures will be implemented.
- 6. Name the receiving water(s) at or near the site which will be disturbed or which will receive discharges from disturbed areas of the project: <u>Huesta Creek</u>

Temporary Best Management Practices (TBMPs)

Erosion control examples: tree protection, interceptor swales, level spreaders, outlet stabilization, blankets or matting, mulch, and sod. Sediment control examples: stabilized construction exit, silt fence, filter dikes, rock berms, buffer strips, sediment traps, and sediment basins. Please refer to the Technical Guidance Manual for guidelines and specifications. All structural BMPs must be shown on the site plan.

7. Attachment D – Temporary Best Management Practices and Measures. TBMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, and stormwater. The construction-phase BMPs for erosion and sediment controls have been designed to retain sediment on site to the extent practicable. The following information is attached:

		 A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site. A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff from the site. A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollutants from entering surface streams, sensitive features, or the aquifer. A description of how, to the maximum extent practicable, BMPs and measures will maintain flow to naturally-occurring sensitive features identified in either the geologic assessment, TCEQ inspections, or during excavation, blasting, or construction.
8.		The temporary sealing of a naturally-occurring sensitive feature which accepts recharge to the Edwards Aquifer as a temporary pollution abatement measure during active construction should be avoided.
		 Attachment E - Request to Temporarily Seal a Feature. A request to temporarily seal a feature is attached. The request includes justification as to why no reasonable and practicable alternative exists for each feature. There will be no temporary sealing of naturally-occurring sensitive features on the site.
9.		Attachment F - Structural Practices. A description of the structural practices that will be used to divert flows away from exposed soils, to store flows, or to otherwise limit runoff discharge of pollutants from exposed areas of the site is attached. Placement of structural practices in floodplains has been avoided.
10.	\boxtimes	Attachment G - Drainage Area Map. A drainage area map supporting the following requirements is attached:
		 For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a sediment basin will be provided. For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a smaller sediment basin and/or sediment trap(s) will be used. For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a sediment basin or other equivalent controls are not attainable, but other TBMPs and measures will be used in combination to protect down slope and side slope boundaries of the construction area. There are no areas greater than 10 acres within a common drainage area that will be used in combination with other erosion and sediment controls within each disturbed at one time. A smaller sediment basin and/or sediment trap(s) will be used in combination with other erosion and sediment controls within each disturbed at one time.

There are no areas greater than 10 acres within a common drainage area that will be disturbed at one time. Erosion and sediment controls other than sediment basins or sediment traps within each disturbed drainage area will be used.

- 11. Attachment H Temporary Sediment Pond(s) Plans and Calculations. Temporary sediment pond or basin construction plans and design calculations for a proposed temporary BMP or measure have been prepared by or under the direct supervision of a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. All construction plans and design information must be signed, sealed, and dated by the Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. Construction plans for the proposed temporary BMPs and measures are attached.
 - 🛛 N/A
- 12. Attachment I Inspection and Maintenance for BMPs. A plan for the inspection of each temporary BMP(s) and measure(s) and for their timely maintenance, repairs, and, if necessary, retrofit is attached. A description of the documentation procedures, recordkeeping practices, and inspection frequency are included in the plan and are specific to the site and/or BMP.
- 13. All control measures must be properly selected, installed, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and good engineering practices. If periodic inspections by the applicant or the executive director, or other information indicate a control has been used inappropriately, or incorrectly, the applicant must replace or modify the control for site situations.
- 14. If sediment escapes the construction site, off-site accumulations of sediment must be removed at a frequency sufficient to minimize offsite impacts to water quality (e.g., fugitive sediment in street being washed into surface streams or sensitive features by the next rain).
- 15. Sediment must be removed from sediment traps or sedimentation ponds not later than when design capacity has been reduced by 50%. A permanent stake will be provided that can indicate when the sediment occupies 50% of the basin volume.
- 16. 🖂 Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals exposed to stormwater shall be prevented from becoming a pollutant source for stormwater discharges (e.g., screening outfalls, picked up daily).

Soil Stabilization Practices

Examples: establishment of temporary vegetation, establishment of permanent vegetation, mulching, geotextiles, sod stabilization, vegetative buffer strips, protection of trees, or preservation of mature vegetation.

17. Attachment J - Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices. A schedule of the interim and permanent soil stabilization practices for the site is attached.

- 18. Records must be kept at the site of the dates when major grading activities occur, the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site, and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 19. Stabilization practices must be initiated as soon as practicable where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased.

Administrative Information

- 20. \square All structural controls will be inspected and maintained according to the submitted and approved operation and maintenance plan for the project.
- 21. If any geologic or manmade features, such as caves, faults, sinkholes, etc., are discovered, all regulated activities near the feature will be immediately suspended. The appropriate TCEQ Regional Office shall be immediately notified. Regulated activities must cease and not continue until the TCEQ has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the aquifer from any adverse impacts.
- 22. Silt fences, diversion berms, and other temporary erosion and sediment controls will be constructed and maintained as appropriate to prevent pollutants from entering sensitive features discovered during construction.

ATTACHMENT A

Spill Response Actions

In the event of an accidental leak or spill:

- Contractor shall take immediate action to contain a spill. The contractor may use sand or other absorbent material stockpiled on site to absorb a spill. Absorbent material should be spread over the spill area to absorb the spilled product.
- In the event of an uncontained discharge the contractor shall utilize onsite equipment to construct berms down gradient of the spill with sand or other absorbent material to contain and absorb the spilled product.
- Sand or material used to contain the spill should be collected and stored in such a way so as not to continue to affect additional ground. Once the spill has been contained, collected material should be placed on poly or plastic sheeting until removed from the site. In the event of potential rainfall, the material should be covered with poly or plastic sheeting to prevent contaminating runoff.
- The contractor will be required to notify the owner, who will in turn contact TCEQ to notify them in the event of a spill. Additional notifications as required by the type and amount of spill will be conducted by the owner or owner's representative.

In the event of an accidental significant or hazardous spill:

- the contractor will be required to report significant or hazardous spills in reportable quantities to:
 - the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802
 - o the Edwards Aquifer Authority at (210) 222-2204
 - the TCEQ Regional Office (210) 490-3096 (if during business hours: 8 am to 5 pm) or
 - the State Emergency Response Center (800) 832-8224 (if after hours)
- Contaminated soils will be sampled for waste characterization. When the analysis results are know the contaminated soils will be removed from the site and disposed of in a permitted landfill in accordance with applicable regulations.

Additional guidance can be obtained from TCEQ's Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) RG-348 (2005) Section 1.4.16. Contractor shall review this section.



TCEQ's TGM Section 1.4.16 Spill Prevention and Control

The objective of this section is to describe measures to prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants to drainage systems or watercourses from leaks and spills by reducing the chance for spill, stopping the source of spills, containing and cleaning up spills, properly disposing of spill materials, and training employees.

The following steps will help reduce the storm water impacts of leaks and spills:

Education

- (1) Be aware that different materials pollute in different amounts. Make sure that each employee knows what a "significant spill" is for each material they use, and what is the appropriate response for "significant" and "insignificant" spills. Employees should also be aware of when spills must be reported to the TCEQ. Information available in 30 TAC 327.4 and 40 CFR 302.4
- (2) Educate employees and subcontractors on potential dangers to humans and the environment from spills and leaks.
- (3) Hold regular meetings to discuss and reinforce appropriate disposal procedures (incorporate into regular safety meetings).
- (4) Establish a continuing education program to indoctrinate new employees.
- (5) Have contractor's superintendent or representative oversee and enforce proper spill prevention and control measures.

General Measures

- (1) To the extent that the work can be accomplished safely, spills of oil, petroleum products, substances listed under 40 CFR parts 110, 117, and 302, and sanitary and septic wastes should be contained and cleaned up immediately.
- (2) Store hazardous materials and wastes in covered containers and protect from vandalism.
- (3) Place a stockpile of spill cleanup materials where it will be readily accessible.
- (4) Train employees in spill prevention and cleanup.
- (5) Designate responsible individuals to oversee and enforce control measures.
- (6) Spills should be covered and protected from storm water runoff during rainfall to the extent that it doesn't compromise cleanup activities.
- (7) Do not bury or wash spills with water.
- (8) Store and dispose of used cleanup materials, contaminated materials, and recovered spill material that is no longer suitable for the intended purpose in conformance with the provisions in applicable BMP's.
- (9) Do not allow water used for cleaning and decontamination to enter storm drains or watercourses. Collect and dispose of contaminated water in accordance with applicable regulations.



- (10)Contain water overflow or minor water spillage and do not allow it to discharge into drainage facilities or watercourses.
- (11)Place Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS), as well as proper storage, cleanup, and spill reporting instructions for hazardous materials stored or used on the project site in an open, conspicuous, and accessible location.
- (12)Keep waste storage areas clean, well organized, and equipped with ample cleanup supplies as appropriate for the materials being stored. Perimeter controls, containment structures, covers and liners should be repaired or replaced as needed to maintain proper function.

Cleanup

- (1) Clean up leaks and spills immediately.
- (2) Use a rag for small spills on paved surfaces, a damp mop for general cleanup, and absorbent material for larger spills. If the spilled material is hazardous, then the used cleanup materials are also hazardous and must be disposed of as hazardous waste.
- (3) Never hose down or bury dray material spills. Clean up as much of the material as possible and dispose of properly. See the waste management BMPs in this section for specific information.

Minor Spills

- (1) Minor spills typically involve small quantities of oil, gasoline, paint, etc. which can be controlled by the first responder at the discovery of the spill.
- (2) Use absorbent materials on small spills rather than hosing down or burying in the spill.
- (3) Absorbent materials should be promptly removed and disposed of properly.
- (4) Follow the practice below for a minor spill:
- (5) Contain the spread of the spill.
- (6) Recover spilled materials.
- (7) Clean the contaminated area and properly dispose of contaminated materials.

Semi-Significant Spills

Semi-significant spills still can be controlled by the first responder along with the aid of other personnel such as laborers and the foreman, etc. This response may require the cessation of all other activities. Spills should be cleaned up immediately:

- (1) Contain spread of the spill.
- (2) Notify the project foreman immediately.
- (3) If the spill occurs on paved or impermeable surfaces, clean up using "dry" methods (absorbent materials, cat litter and/or rags). Contain the spill by encircling with absorbent materials and do not let the spill spread widely.
- (4) If the spill occurs in dirt areas, immediately contain the spill by constructing and earthen dike. Dig up and properly dispose of contaminated soil.
- (5) If the spill occurs during rain, cover spill with tarps or other material to prevent contaminating runoff.



Significant/Hazardous Spills

For significant or hazardous spills that are in reportable quantities:

- (1) Notify the TCEQ by telephone as soon as possible and within 24 hours at 512-339-2929 (Austin) or 210-490-3096 (San Antonio) between 8 AM and 5 PM. After hours, contact the Environmental Release Hotline at 1-800-832-8224. It is the contractor's responsibility to have all emergency phone numbers at the construction site.
- (2) For spills of federal reportable quantities, in conformance with the requirements in 40 CFR parts 110, 119, and 302, the contractor should notify the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.
- (3) Notification should first be made by telephone and followed up with a written report.
- (4) The services of a spills contractor or a Haz-Mat team should be obtained immediately. Construction personnel should not attempt to clean up until the appropriate and qualified staffs have arrived at the job site.
- (5) Other agencies which may need to be consulted include, but are not limited to the City Police Department, County Sheriff Office, Fire Departments, etc.

More information on spill rules and appropriate responses are available on the TCEQ website at: http://www.tnrcc.state.tx.us/enforcement/emergency_response.html

Vehicle and Equipment Maintenance

- (1) If maintenance must occur onsite, use a designated area and a secondary containment located away from drainage courses to prevent the runon of storm water and the runoff of spills.
- (2) Regularly inspect onsite vehicles and equipment for leaks and repair immediately.
- (3) Check incoming vehicles and equipment (including delivery trucks, and employee and subcontractor vehicles) for leaking oil and fluids. Do not allow leaking vehicles or equipment onsite.
- (4) Always use secondary containment, such as a drain pan or drop cloth, to catch spills or leaks when removing or changing fluids.
- (5) Place drip pans or absorbent materials under paving equipment when not in use.
- (6) Use absorbent materials on small spills rather than hosing down or burying the spill. Remove the absorbent materials promptly and dispose of properly.
- (7) Promptly transfer used fluids to the proper waste or recycling drums. Don't leave full drip pans or other open containers lying around.
- (8) Oil filters disposed of in trashcans or dumpsters can leak oil and pollute storm water. Place the oil filter in a funnel over a waste oil-recycling drain to drain excess oil before disposal. Oil filters can also be recycled. Ask the oil supplier or recycler about recycling oil filters.
- (9) Store cracked batteries in a non-leaking secondary container. Do this with all cracked batteries even if you think all the acid has drained out. If you drop a battery, treat it as if it is cracked. Put it into the containment area until you are sure it is not leaking.



Vehicle and Equipment Fueling

- (1) If fueling must occur on site, use designated areas, located away from drainage courses, to prevent the run-on of storm water and the runoff of spills.
- (2) Discourage "topping off" of fuel tanks.
- (3) Always use secondary containment, such as a drain pan, when fueling to catch spills/leaks.



ATTACHMENT B

Potential Sources of Contamination

Potential Sources:

- 1. Asphalt products used by this project.
- 2. Oil, grease, fuel and hydraulic fluid contamination form construction equipment and vehicle dripping.
- 3. Accidental leaks or spills of oil, petroleum products and substances listed under 40 CFR parts 110, 117, and 302 used or stored temporarily on site.
- 4. Miscellaneous trash and litter from construction workers and materials wrappings.
- 5. Construction debris.
- 6. Spills/Overflow of waste from portable toilets.

Preventative Measure:

- After placement of asphalt, emulsion or coatings, the contractor will be responsible for immediate cleanup should an unexpected rain occur. For the duration of the asphalt product curing time, the contractor will maintain standby personnel and equipment to contain any asphalt wash-off should an unexpected rain occur. The contractor will be instructed not to place asphalt products on the ground within 48 hours of a forecasted rain.
- Vehicle maintenance when possible will be performed within the construction staging area. Construction vehicles and equipment shall be checked regularly for leaks and repaired immediately.
- 3. Contractor to incorporate into regular safety meetings, a discussion of spill prevention and appropriate disposal procedures. Contractor's superintendent or representative oversee shall enforce proper spill prevention and control measures. Hazardous materials and wastes shall be stored in covered containers and protected from vandalism. A stockpile of spill cleanup materials shall be stored on site where it will be readily accessible.
- 4. Trash containers will be placed throughout the site to encourage proper trash disposal.
- 5. Construction debris will be monitored daily by contractor. Debris will be collected weekly and placed in disposal bins. Situations requiring immediate attention will be addressed on a case by case basis.
- 6. Portable toilets will be placed away from high traffic vehicular areas and storm drain inlets on a level ground surface. Portable toilets will be inspected regularly for leaks and will be serviced and sanitized at time intervals that will maintain sanitary conditions.



ATTACHMENT C

Sequence of Major Activities

The sequence of major activities which disturb soil during construction on this site will consist of two stages. Stage one will include site preparation that will include clearing and grubbing of vegetation where applicable and rough grading. This will disturb approximately 1.36 acres. The second stage is the construction stage that will include the buildings, paved parking, sidewalks, landscaping and site cleanup. This will disturb approximately 1.36 acres.



ATTACHMENT D

Temporary Best Management Practices and Measures

Silt Fence

• Placed on the down gradient slope of the disturbed areas to catch sediment before it leaves the site. Temporary measure, to be removed once the disturbance activities have ceased and stabilization completed. See details on the SWPPP sheet.

Construction Exit

Located at the entrance/exit of the site and used to reduce materials from being tracked onto
existing roads from construction vehicles. Usually consists of oversized rock gravel that will
allow for material to fall off vehicles therefore reducing the amount of material that leaves the
site. See SWPPP sheet for location and specifications.

Concrete Washout Pit

• Designed to trap and store waste from concrete and similar activities. This allows for safe storage and removal from the site by not allowing contaminants to enter the storm water. Contaminants can be kept in a location that will not allow storm water to mix and flow off the site. See SWPPP sheet for location and specifications.



TEMPORARY STORMWATER SECTION

ATTACHMENT E

Request to Temporarily Seal a Feature

No features will be sealed within the site.



ATTACHMENT F

The following structural measures will be installed prior to the initiation of site preparation activities:

• <u>Temporary Construction Entrance/Exit</u>

The purpose of a temporary gravel construction entrance is to provide a stable entrance/exit condition from the construction site and keep mud and sediment off public roads. A stabilized construction entrance is a stabilized pad of crushed stone located at any point traffic will be entering or leaving the construction site from a public right-of-way, street, alley, sidewalk or parking area. The purpose of a stabilized construction entrance is to reduce or eliminate the tracking or flowing of sediment onto public rights-of-way. This practice should be used at all points of construction ingress and egress. Schematic diagrams of a construction entrance/exit are shown in Figure 1-24 and Figure 1-25.

Excessive amounts of mud can also present a safety hazard to roadway users. To minimize the amount of sediment loss to nearby roads, access to the construction site should be limited to as few points as possible and vegetation around the perimeter should be protected were access is not necessary. A rock stabilized construction entrance should be used at all designated access points.

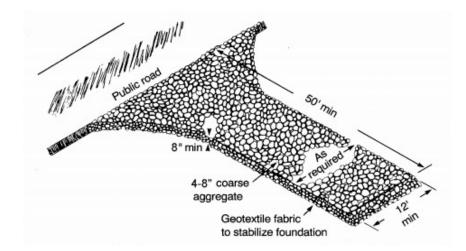


Figure 1-24 Schematic of Temporary Construction Entrance/Exit (after NC, 1993)

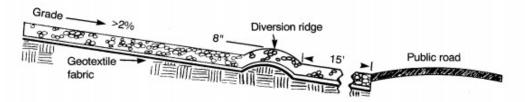


Figure 1-25 Cross-section of a Construction Entrance/Exit (NC, 1993)



Materials:

(1) The aggregate should consist of 4 to 8 inch washed stone over a stable foundation as specified in the plan.

(2) The aggregate should be placed with a minimum thickness of 8 inches.

(3) The geotextile fabric should be designed specifically for use as a soil filtration media with an approximate weight of 6 oz/yd2, a mullen burst rating of 140 lb/in2, and an equivalent opening size greater than a number 50 sieve.

(4) If a washing facility is required, a level area with a minimum of 4 inch diameter washed stone or commercial rack should be included in the plans. Divert wastewater to a sediment trap or basin.

Installation: (North Carolina, 1993)

(1) Avoid curves on public roads and steep slopes. Remove vegetation and other objectionable material from the foundation area. Grade crown foundation for positive drainage.

(2) The minimum width of the entrance/exit should be 12 feet or the full width of exit roadway, whichever is greater.

(3) The construction entrance should be at least 50 feet long.

(4) If the slope toward the road exceeds 2%, construct a ridge, 6 to 8 inches high with 3:1 (H:V) side slopes, across the foundation approximately 15 feet from the entrance to divert runoff away from the public road.

(5) Place geotextile fabric and grade foundation to improve stability, especially where wet conditions are anticipated.

(6) Place stone to dimensions and grade shown on plans. Leave surface smooth and slope for drainage.

(7) Divert all surface runoff and drainage from the stone pad to a sediment trap or basin.

(8) Install pipe under pad as needed to maintain proper public road drainage.

<u>Silt Fence</u>

A silt fence is a barrier consisting of geotextile fabric supported by metal posts to prevent soil and sediment loss from a site. When properly used, silt fences can be highly effective at controlling sediment from disturbed areas. They cause runoff to pond, allowing heavier solids to settle out. If not properly installed, silt fences are not likely to be effective. A schematic illustration of a silt fence is shown in Figure 1-26.



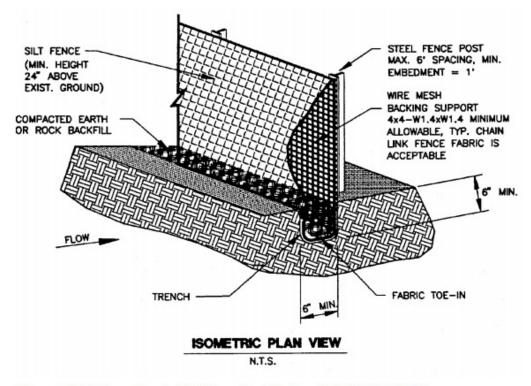


Figure 1-26 Schematic of a Silt Fence Installation (NCTCOG, 1993b)

The purpose of a silt fence is to intercept and detain water-borne sediment from unprotected areas of a limited extent. Silt fence is used during the period of construction near the perimeter of a disturbed area to intercept sediment while allowing water to percolate through. This fence should remain in place until the disturbed area is permanently stabilized. Silt fence should not be used where there is a concentration of water in a channel or drainage way. If concentrated flow occurs after installation, corrective action must be taken such as placing a rock berm in the areas of concentrated flow. 1-67 Silt fencing within the site may be temporarily moved during the day to allow construction activity provided it is replaced and properly anchored to the ground at the end of the day. Silt fences on the perimeter of the site or around drainage ways should not be moved at any time.

Materials:

(1) Silt fence material should be polypropylene, polyethylene or polyamide woven or nonwoven fabric. The fabric width should be 36 inches, with a minimum unit weight of 4.5 oz/yd, mullen burst strength exceeding 190 lb/in2, ultraviolet stability exceeding 70%, and minimum apparent opening size of U.S. Sieve No. 30.

(2) Fence posts should be made of hot rolled steel, at least 4 feet long with Tee or Ybar cross section, surface painted or galvanized, minimum nominal weight 1.25 lb/ft2, and Brindell hardness exceeding 140.

(3) Woven wire backing to support the fabric should be galvanized $2'' \times 4''$ welded wire, 12 gauge minimum.

Installation:



(1) Steel posts, which support the silt fence, should be installed on a slight angle toward the anticipated runoff source. Post must be embedded a minimum of 1- foot deep and spaced not more than 8 feet on center. Where water concentrates, the maximum spacing should be 6 feet.

(2) Lay out fencing down-slope of disturbed area, following the contour as closely as possible. The fence should be sited so that the maximum drainage area is ¼ acre/100 feet of fence.

(3) The toe of the silt fence should be trenched in with a spade or mechanical trencher, so that the down-slope face of the trench is flat and perpendicular to the line of flow. Where fence cannot be trenched in (e.g., pavement or rock outcrop), weight fabric flap with 3 inches of pea gravel on uphill side to prevent flow from seeping under fence.

(4) The trench must be a minimum of 6 inches deep and 6 inches wide to allow for the silt fence fabric to be laid in the ground and backfilled with compacted material.

(5) Silt fence should be securely fastened to each steel support post or to woven wire, which is in turn attached to the steel fence post. There should be a 3-foot overlap, securely fastened where ends of fabric meet. 1-68

(6) Silt fence should be removed when the site is completely stabilized so as not to block or impede storm flow or drainage.

Inlet Protection

Storm sewers that are made operational prior to stabilization of the associated drainage areas can convey large amounts of sediment to natural drainage ways. In case of extreme sediment loading, the storm sewer itself may clog and lose a major portion of its capacity. To avoid these problems, it is necessary to prevent sediment from entering the system at the inlets. The following guidelines for inlet protection are based primarily on recommendations by the Virginia Dept. of Conservation and Recreation (1992) and the North Central Texas Council of Governments (NCTCOG, 1993b). In developments for which drainage is to be conveyed by underground storm sewers (i.e., streets with curbs and gutters), all inlets that may receive storm runoff from disturbed areas should be protected.

Materials:

(1) Filter fabric should be a nylon reinforced polypropylene fabric which meets the following minimum criteria: Tensile Strength, 90 lbs.; Puncture Rating, 60 lbs.; Mullen Burst Rating, 280 psi; Apparent Opening Size, U.S. Sieve No. 70.

(2) Posts for fabric should be 2" x 4" pressure treated wood stakes or galvanized steel, tubular in crosssection or they may be standard fence "T" posts.

(3) Concrete blocks should be standard 8" x 8" x 16" concrete masonry units.

(4) Wire mesh should be standard hardware cloth or comparable wire mesh with an opening size not to exceed 1/2 inch.

Installation:

Gravel and Wire Mesh Drop Inlet Sediment Filter

(1) Wire mesh should be laid over the drop inlet so that the wire extends a minimum of 1 foot beyond each side of the inlet structure. Wire mesh with 1/2-inch openings should be used. If more than one strip of mesh is necessary, the strips should be overlapped (see Figure 1-34).



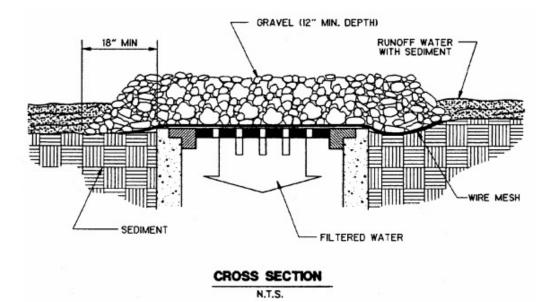


Figure 1-34 Wire Mesh and Gravel Inlet Protection (NCTCOG, 1993)

- (2) Coarse aggregate should be placed over the wire mesh as indicated in Figure 1-34. The depth of stone should be at least 12 inches over the entire inlet opening. The stone should extend beyond the inlet opening at least 18 inches on all sides.
- (3) If the stone filter becomes clogged with sediment so that it no longer adequately performs its function, the stones must be pulled away from the inlet, cleaned and/or replaced.

Concrete Washout Areas

The purpose of concrete washout areas is to prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants to stormwater from concrete waste by conducting washout offsite, performing onsite washout in a designated area, and training employees and subcontractors.

The following steps will help reduce stormwater pollution from concrete wastes:

· Incorporate requirements for concrete waste management into material supplier and subcontractor agreements.

- \cdot Avoid mixing excess amounts of fresh concrete.
- · Perform washout of concrete trucks in designated areas only.
- \cdot Do not wash out concrete trucks into storm drains, open ditches, streets, or streams.
- \cdot Do not allow excess concrete to be dumped onsite, except in designated areas.

For onsite washout:

• Locate washout area at least 50 feet from sensitive features, storm drains, open ditches, or water bodies. Do not allow runoff from this area by constructing a temporary pit or bermed area large enough for liquid and solid waste.

 \cdot Wash out wastes into the temporary pit where the concrete can set, be broken up, and then disposed properly.



Below grade concrete washout facilities are typical. These consist of a lined excavation sufficiently large to hold expected volume of washout material. Above grade facilities are used if excavation is not practical. Temporary concrete washout facility (type above grade) should be constructed as shown on the details at the end of this section, with sufficient quantity and volume to contain all liquid and concrete waste generated by washout operations. Plastic lining material should be a minimum of 10 mil in polyethylene sheeting and should be free of holes, tears, or other defects that compromise the impermeability of the material. When temporary concrete washout facilities are no longer required for the work, the hardened concrete should be removed and disposed of. Materials used to construct temporary concrete washout facilities should be removed from the site of the work and disposed of. Holes, depressions or other ground disturbance caused by the removal of the temporary concrete washout facilities should be backfilled and repaired.

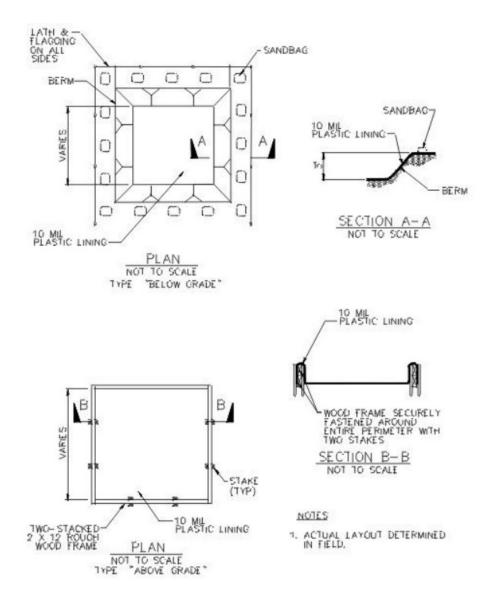


Figure 1-43 Schematics of Concrete Washout Areas



ATTACHMENT G

Drainage Area Map.

See Drainage Area maps EX-2A & EX-2B attached after this sheet.

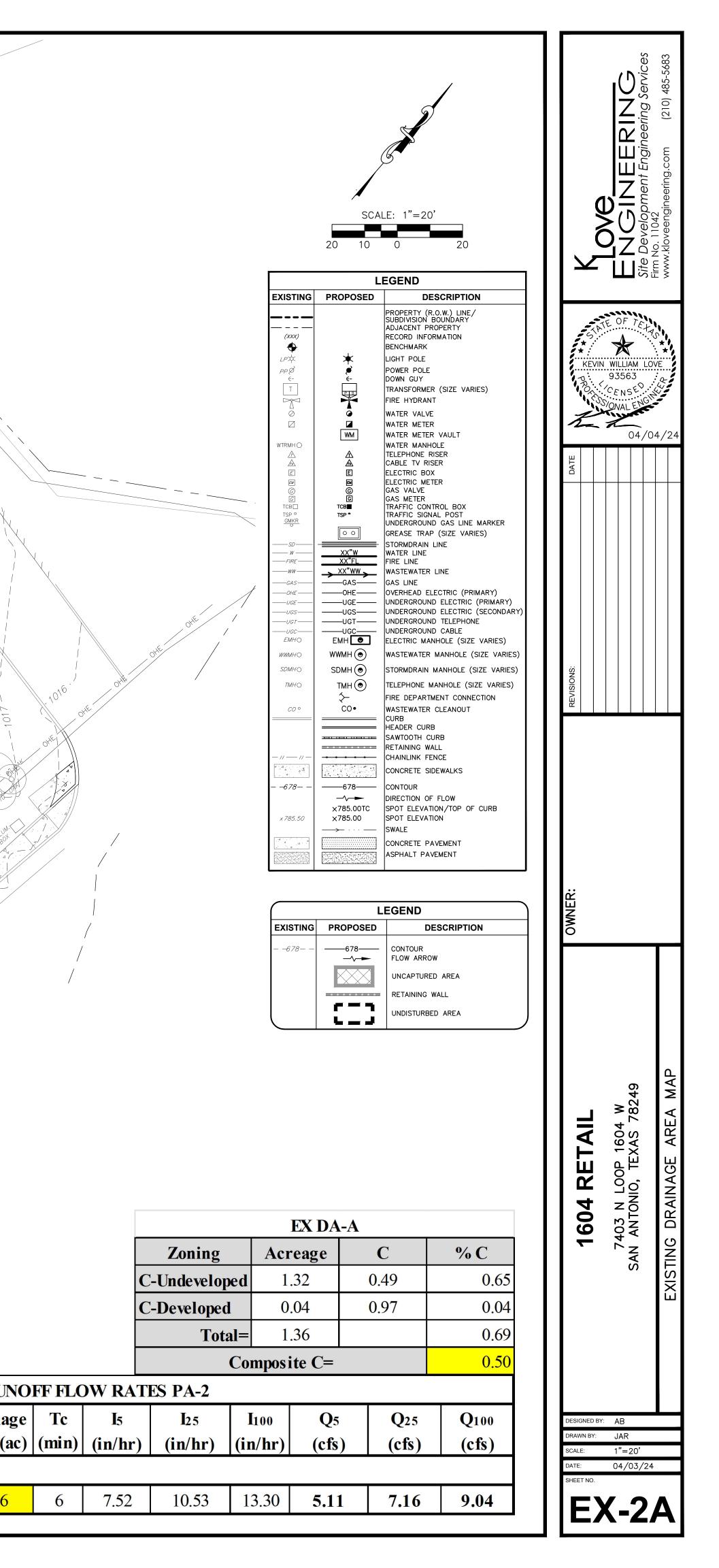
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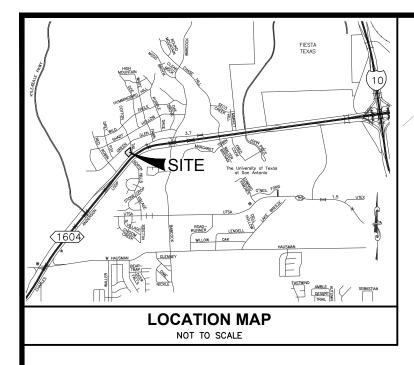


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REQUIRED TSS REMOVAL FOR ENTIRE SITE						
TOTAL ACREAGE	PRE-DEVELOPMENT IMPERVIOUS COVER		Lm-REQUIRED			
1.36	0.04 ac	1.06 ac	873 LBS			

BREAKDOWN OF TSS TREATED BY PERMANENT BMPS					
AREA (ACRES)	IMPERVIOUS COVER (ACRES)	PBMP	TSS REQUIRED	TSS DESIGNED	
1.05	1.01	STORMFILTER	832 LBS	984 LBS	
0.31	0.05	UNCAPTURED	41 LBS	0 LBS	
1.36	1.06	TOTAL	873 LBS	984 LBS	

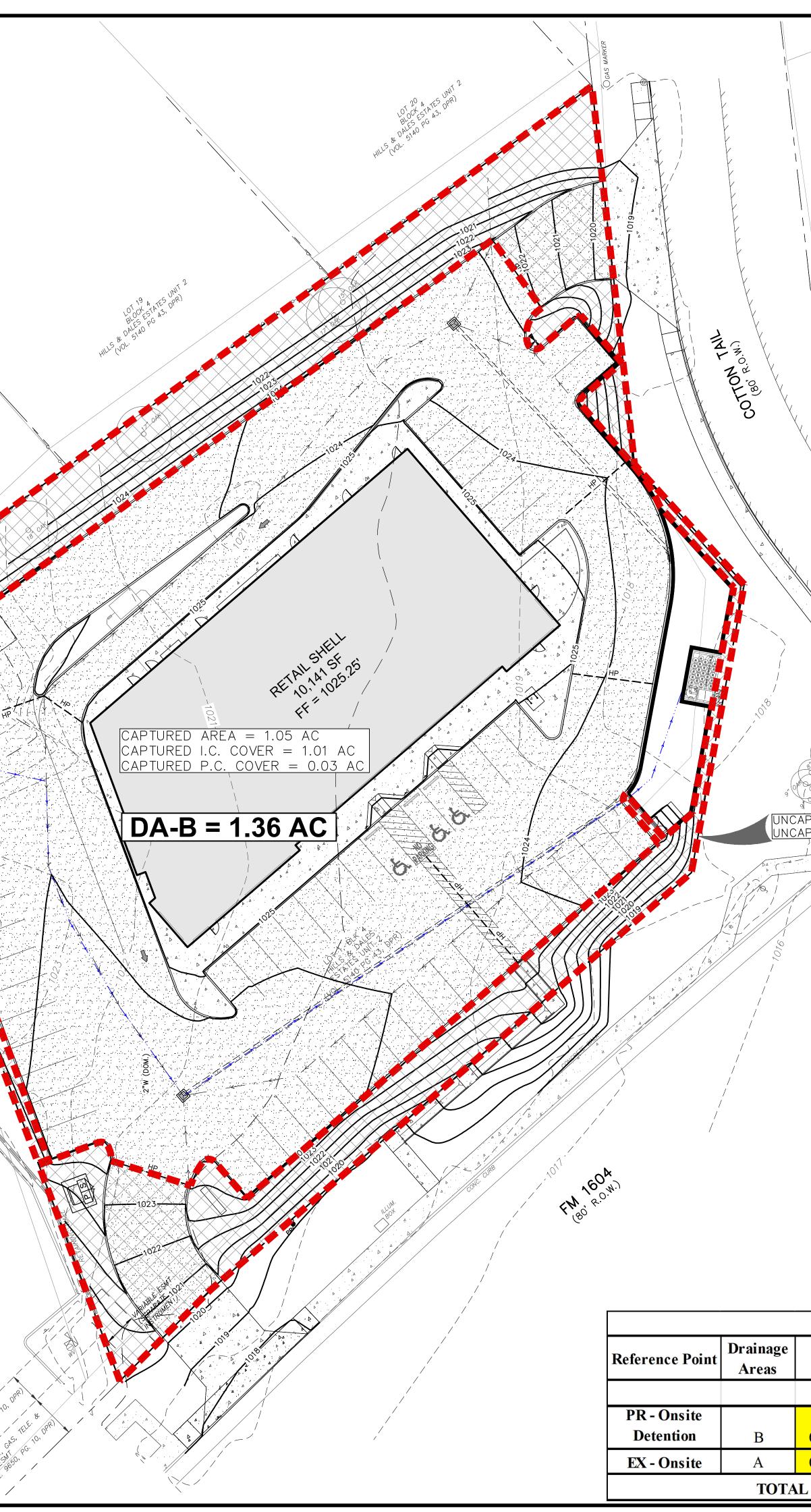
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ATTACHMENT H

Temporary Sediment Pond(s) Plans and Calculations

N/A.



ATTACHMENT I

Inspections and Maintenance for BMPs

The designated and qualified person(s) shall inspect the Pollution Control Measures weekly and within 24 hours after a storm event. A report that summarizes the inspections scope, name and qualification of person(s) conducting the inspection, date of inspection, any actions taken as a result of inspection, and observations shall be recorded and maintained for a period of three years after the date of the inspection as part of the Storm Water TPDES data. A copy of the Inspection Report Form is provided in this Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan.

The inspector shall observe the following as a minimum:

- 1. Significant disturbed areas for evidence of erosion
- 2. Storage areas for evidence of leakage from the exposed stored materials
- 3. Structural controls for evidence of failure or excess siltation
 - a. Rock berms
 - b. Silt fences
 - c. Drainage swales
 - d. Inlet protection
 - e. Sediment over 6 inches
 - f. Outlet structures (ponds or basins outfalls)
- 4. Construction entrance/exit for evidence of off-site sediment tracking
- 5. Construction staging areas for evidence of vehicle leakage or spills
- 6. Concrete truck washout pit for signs of failure
- 7. Basin erosion or sediment buildup

Any deficiencies noted during the inspection will be corrected and documented within seven (7) calendar days following the inspection or before the next anticipated storm event.

Contractor shall review Sections 1.3 and 1.4 of the TCEQ Technical Guidance Manual for any additional BMP maintenance and inspection requirements.



		Corrective Action		
Pollution Prevention		Description	Date	
Measure	Inspected		Completed	
Revegetation				
Erosion/sediment controls				
Construction exits				
Construction staging areas				
Concrete washout pit				
Construction debris/litter				
Trash receptacles				
Infrastructure				
Roadway clearing				
Utility clearing				
Roadway grading				
Utility construction				
Drainage construction				
Roadway base				
Roadway surface				
Pad clearing				
Pad grading				
Foundation construction				
Building construction				
Site grading				
Site cleanup				
BMPs				
Other Measures				

By my signature below, I certify that all items are acceptable and the project site is in compliance with the SWPPP.

Inspector's Name

Inspector's Signature

Name of Owner/Operator (Firm)

Date

*Inspector to attach statement of qualifications to this report.



PROJECT DATES AND ACTIVITIES

Date and description when major site grading occurs	
Construction Activity	Date
·	
Date and description when construction activities temporarily or permanently	
Construction Activity	<u>Date</u>
<u> </u>	
Date and description of stabilization measures used	
Stabilization Activity	Date
<u> </u>	
<u> </u>	



ATTACHMENT J

Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization

During construction, existing vegetation shall be protected as much as possible.

Soil stabilization shall commence when construction activities have ceased for that area.

Permanent Stabilization

- All slopes for the site shall not exceed a slope of 3:1 to allow for vegetation to be established without extra support or matting. Stabilization will occur when construction activities have been completed and will not resume.
- Areas within islands and curbs shall be re-vegetated in accordance to the landscaping plan. Revegetation will occur when described in the landscaping plan or when vegetation will not be harmed from future construction activities.

Natural Vegetation

Materials

• Vegetation will vary from season to season and by location. Consult the county agricultural extension agents for specific seeds and application rates.

Installation

- Final grading and all erosion structures must be completed before seeding is to occur.
- Seedbed should be well pulverized, loose, and uniform.
- Fertilizer will be applied at a rate of 40 pounds of nitrogen and 40 pounds of phosphorus per acre. A substitute for fertilizer will be compost applied at the same time as seeding.
- Apply seeding with a cyclone seeder, cultipacker seeder, drill, or hydroseeder.
- Irrigate as to replace moisture loss due to evaporation.

Blankets and Matting

Materials

• Not limited to, jute, excelsior, straw blanket, wood fiber blanket, coconut fiver blanket-mesh, straw coconut fiver blanket, plastic netting-mesh, synthetic fiber with netting or bonded synthetic fibers may be used. Other materials may be used if approved by the engineer.

Installation

• Install in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and ensure proper anchoring and soil preparation. Methods and materials for anchoring may vary and should follow manufacturer's instructions.



Hydraulic Mulch

Materials

- Hydraulic mulches to consist of wood fiber mulch to be applied at a rate of 2,000 to 4,000 pounds per acre.
- Hydraulic matrices to consists of wood fibers and acrylic polymer or similar binder applied at a rate of 2,000 to 4,000 pounds per acre for wood fiber mulch and 5 to 10 percent of binder.
- Bonded fiber matrix to consists of wood fibers and adhesives applied at a rate of 3,000 to 4,000 pounds per acre.

Installation

- Prior to application, disturbed areas shall be roughened by rolling with crimping or punching type roller of by track walking when rolling is impractical.
- Place hydraulic matrices as to allow 24 hours to dry before rainfall occurs.

Sod

Materials

• Sod should be machine cut at a uniform soil thickness of 3/4 inch which excludes shoot growth and thatch. Pieces should be cut to a uniform width and length, torn or uneven pads should not be used. Sod should be harvested, delivered, and installed within a period of 36 hours.

Installation

- Fertilizer shall be placed prior to placement of the sod. Rates and types of fertilizer shall be placed in accordance with an soil tests or recommendations by the county agricultural agents.
- Do not place sod on frozen surfaces or excessively wet or dry weather. Irrigation may be necessary prior to placement of sod.
- Place the first row of sod in a straight line with following rows placed parallel and butting against the prior row. Joints should be staggered to promote uniform growth and strength. Do not stretch or overlap sod.
- On slopes 3:1 or greater, stagger joints and secure with stapling or other approved method. Install sod with the length perpendicular to the slope.
- After placement of sod, roll or tamp the sod to ensure firm contact between roots and soil.
- After rolling or tamping, irrigate sod to a depth sufficient that the underside of the pad and 4 inches of soil below is thoroughly wet.
- In the absence of adequate rainfall, watering shall be performed to maintain a moist soil depth of at least 4 inches.
- The first mowing should not occur until the sod is firmly rooted, approximately 2 to 3 weeks.



Permanent Stormwater Section

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(4)(C), (D)(Ii), (E), and (5), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Permanent Stormwater Section** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The application was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Kevin W. Love, P.E.

Date: 4/24/24

Signature of Customer/Agent

1

Regulated Entity Name: 1604 Retail

Permanent Best Management Practices (BMPs)

Permanent best management practices and measures that will be used during and after construction is completed.

- 1. Permanent BMPs and measures must be implemented to control the discharge of pollution from regulated activities after the completion of construction.
 - N/A
- 2. These practices and measures have been designed, and will be constructed, operated, and maintained to insure that 80% of the incremental increase in the annual mass loading of total suspended solids (TSS) from the site caused by the regulated activity is removed. These quantities have been calculated in accordance with technical guidance prepared or accepted by the executive director.

The TCEQ Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) was used to design permanent BMPs and measures for this site.

A technical guidance other than the TCEQ TGM was used to design permanent BMPs and measures for this site. The complete citation for the technical guidance that was used is: _____

N/A

3. Owners must insure that permanent BMPs and measures are constructed and function as designed. A Texas Licensed Professional Engineer must certify in writing that the permanent BMPs or measures were constructed as designed. The certification letter must be submitted to the appropriate regional office within 30 days of site completion.

_____N/A

- 4. Where a site is used for low density single-family residential development and has 20 % or less impervious cover, other permanent BMPs are not required. This exemption from permanent BMPs must be recorded in the county deed records, with a notice that if the percent impervious cover increases above 20% or land use changes, the exemption for the whole site as described in the property boundaries required by 30 TAC §213.4(g) (relating to Application Processing and Approval), may no longer apply and the property owner must notify the appropriate regional office of these changes.
 - The site will be used for low density single-family residential development and has 20% or less impervious cover.
 - The site will be used for low density single-family residential development but has more than 20% impervious cover.
 - The site will not be used for low density single-family residential development.
- 5. The executive director may waive the requirement for other permanent BMPs for multifamily residential developments, schools, or small business sites where 20% or less impervious cover is used at the site. This exemption from permanent BMPs must be recorded in the county deed records, with a notice that if the percent impervious cover increases above 20% or land use changes, the exemption for the whole site as described in the property boundaries required by 30 TAC §213.4(g) (relating to Application Processing and Approval), may no longer apply and the property owner must notify the appropriate regional office of these changes.
 - Attachment A 20% or Less Impervious Cover Waiver. The site will be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites and has 20% or less impervious cover. A request to waive the requirements for other permanent BMPs and measures is attached.
 - The site will be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites but has more than 20% impervious cover.
 - The site will not be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites.
- 6. Attachment B BMPs for Upgradient Stormwater.

		 A description of the BMPs and measures that will be used to prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site is attached. No surface water, groundwater or stormwater originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site, and an explanation is attached. Permanent BMPs or measures are not required to prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site, and an explanation is attached.
7.	\square	Attachment C - BMPs for On-site Stormwater.
		 A description of the BMPs and measures that will be used to prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off the site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff from the site is attached. Permanent BMPs or measures are not required to prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off the site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff.
8.		Attachment D - BMPs for Surface Streams. A description of the BMPs and measures that prevent pollutants from entering surface streams, sensitive features, or the aquifer is attached. Each feature identified in the Geologic Assessment as sensitive has been addressed.
		N/A
9.		The applicant understands that to the extent practicable, BMPs and measures must maintain flow to naturally occurring sensitive features identified in either the geologic assessment, executive director review, or during excavation, blasting, or construction.
		 The permanent sealing of or diversion of flow from a naturally-occurring sensitive feature that accepts recharge to the Edwards Aquifer as a permanent pollution abatement measure has not been proposed. Attachment E - Request to Seal Features. A request to seal a naturally-occurring sensitive feature, that includes, for each feature, a justification as to why no reasonable and practicable alternative exists, is attached.
10.		Attachment F - Construction Plans. All construction plans and design calculations for the proposed permanent BMP(s) and measures have been prepared by or under the direct supervision of a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer, and are signed, sealed, and dated. The plans are attached and, if applicable include:
		 Design calculations (TSS removal calculations) TCEQ construction notes All geologic features All proposed structural BMP(s) plans and specifications
		N/A

11. 🔀	Attachment G - Inspection, Maintenance, Repair and Retrofit Plan. A plan for the inspection, maintenance, repairs, and, if necessary, retrofit of the permanent BMPs and measures is attached. The plan includes all of the following:
	Prepared and certified by the engineer designing the permanent BMPs and measures
	Signed by the owner or responsible party
	Procedures for documenting inspections, maintenance, repairs, and, if necessary retrofit
	A discussion of record keeping procedures
	N/A
12. 🗌	Attachment H - Pilot-Scale Field Testing Plan . Pilot studies for BMPs that are not recognized by the Executive Director require prior approval from the TCEQ. A plan for pilot-scale field testing is attached.
\boxtimes	N/A
13. 🔀	Attachment I -Measures for Minimizing Surface Stream Contamination. A description of the measures that will be used to avoid or minimize surface stream contamination and changes in the way in which water enters a stream as a result of the construction and development is attached. The measures address increased stream flashing, the

creation of stronger flows and in-stream velocities, and other in-stream effects caused

by the regulated activity, which increase erosion that results in water quality

Responsibility for Maintenance of Permanent BMP(s)

Responsibility for maintenance of best management practices and measures after

14. 🖂 The applicant is responsible for maintaining the permanent BMPs after construction until such time as the maintenance obligation is either assumed in writing by another entity having ownership or control of the property (such as without limitation, an owner's association, a new property owner or lessee, a district, or municipality) or the ownership of the property is transferred to the entity. Such entity shall then be responsible for maintenance until another entity assumes such obligations in writing or ownership is transferred.

N/A

degradation.

construction is complete.

N/A

15. \square A copy of the transfer of responsibility must be filed with the executive director at the appropriate regional office within 30 days of the transfer if the site is for use as a multiple single-family residential development, a multi-family residential development, or a non-residential development such as commercial, industrial, institutional, schools, and other sites where regulated activities occur.

N/A

PERMANENT STORMWATER SECTION

ATTACHMENT A

20% or Less Impervious Cover Waiver

This site will be used for a small business but will have an impervious cover value greater than 20%.



ATTACHMENT B

BMPs for Upgradient Stormwater

The project site currently receives no upgradient stormwater runoff. No upgradient runoff will be routed through the subject tract and treated by the onsite StormFilter (Contech) Treatment System.



ATTACHMENT C

BMPs for On-Site Stormwater

In keeping with TCEQ rules, this development will employ a StormFilter system by Contech. The Best Management Practice used, the StormFilter system, for the project should achieve at least 89% reduction in the expected increase of suspended solids.



ATTACHMENT D

BMPs for Surface Streams

The site does not have surface streams or sensitive features within the boundaries of the site.

_Love____

ATTACHMENT E

Request to Seal Features

There are no naturally occurring sensitive features located within the boundaries of the lot to be developed, thus no request to seal features.

K____

ATTACHMENT F

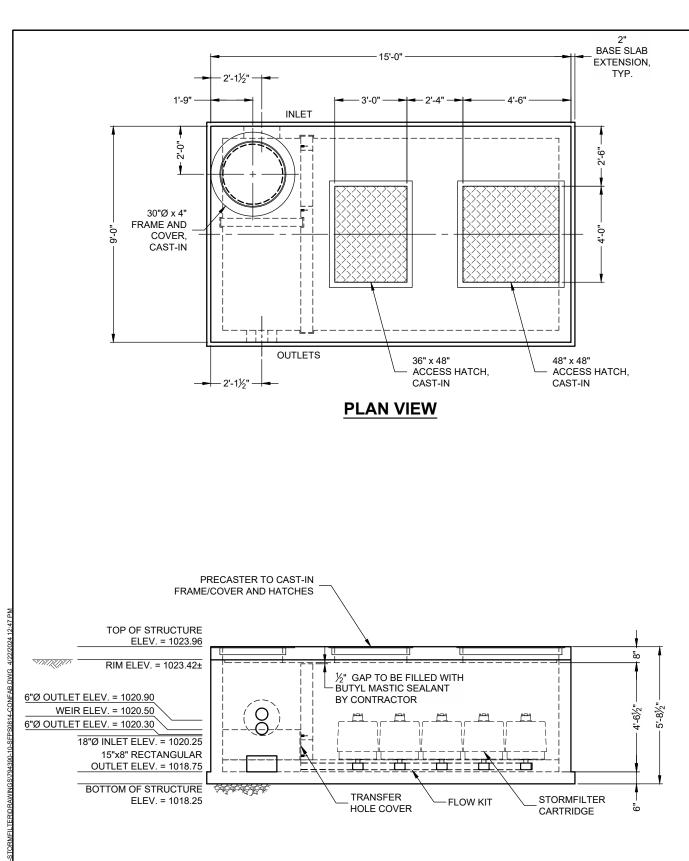
Construction Plans

Refer to WPAP Site Plan in the WPAP application section for Construction Plan. Please see the attached Design calculations (TSS Removal Calculations) and Technical Abstract StormFilter – TCEQ Sizing after following sheet.

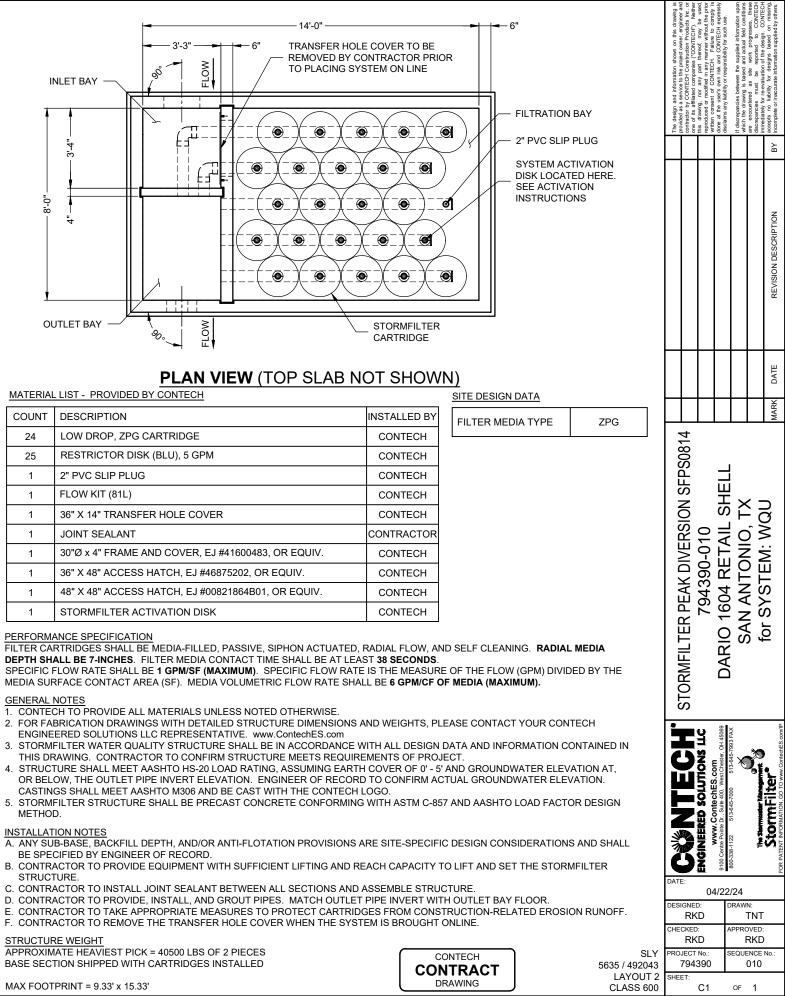


	nne: Dario 1604 Retail red: 3/26/2024				
. The Required Load Reduc					
Calculations from RG-348	Page 3-29 Equation 3.3: $L_M = 27.2(A_N \times P)$				
ages 3-27 to 3-30	r = 0 2 $r = 0$ $r = 0$ $r = 0$ $r = 0$				
	$_{ECT}$ = Required TSS removal resulting from the proposed development = 8 A_N = Net increase in impervious area for the project P = Average annual precipitation, inches	30% of increas	sed load		
Site	Data: Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Project				
Oite I		County =	Bexar		
	Total project area included in Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of th		1.36 0.04	acres acres	
	Total post-development impervious area within the limits of the	he plan* =	1.06	acres	
	Total post-development impervious cover fr	raction * = P =	0.78 30	inches	
	LMTOTA	AL PROJECT =	832	lbs.	
	Number of drainage basins / outfalls areas leaving the p	lan area =	1		
Drainage Basin Paramete	ers (This information should be provided for each basin):				
	Drainage Basin/Outfall Ar	rea No. =	1		
	Total drainage basin/out		1.36	acres	
	Predevelopment impervious area within drainage basin/out Post-development impervious area within drainage basin/out		0.04 1.06	acres	
	Post-development impervious fraction within drainage basin/out	tfall area =	0.78		
	L _{MT}	THIS BASIN =	832	lbs.	
. Indicate the proposed BM	IP Code for this basin.				
	Propos	sed BMP =	CS	abbreviation	
	Removal ef		89	percent	
Calculate Maximum TSS	Load Removed (L_R) for this Drainage Basin by the selected BMP	YType.			
	RG-348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7:				
	$LR = (BMP \text{ efficiency}) \times P \times (A_1 \times 34.6 + A_P \times 0.54)$				
	A_c = Total On-Site drainage area in the BMP catchment area A_l = Impervious area proposed in the BMP catchment area A_p = Pervious area remaining in the BMP catchment area L_R = TSS Load removed from this catchment area by the proposed BMP				
	ER - 155 Load temoved from this catemient area by the proposed size				
		$A_C =$ $A_I =$	1.36 1.06	acres	
		$A_{\rm P} =$	0.30	acres	
		$L_R =$	984	lbs.	
Calculate Fraction of Anr	ual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall area				
	Desired L _{MT}		832	lbs.	
		F =	0.85		
. Calculate Treated Flow re	equired by the BMP Type for this drainage basin / outfall area.				
Calculations from RG-348	Offsite area draining		0.00	acres	
ages Section 3.4.14	Offsite impervious cover draining Impervious fraction of off-s	to BMP =	0.00 0.00	acres	STORE AL TO TO TO
	Off-site Runoff Coe		0.00		ALA MALE A
	Rainfa	all Depth =	1.32	inches	F. W. Con V
	Post Development Runoff Co	oefficent =	0.60		AN AN
	Effecti	ive Area =	0.96	acres	E KEVIN WILLIAM LO
	On-site Water Quality V		3886	cubic feet	SWEAR AND THE TANK TO
	Off-site Water Quality Vo Storage for Sec		0	cubic feet cubic feet	3 2 93563
	Total Capture Volume (required water quality volume)		777 4663	cubic feet	CENSE N
Storm Filter					23 SIANAL END
erynymae bei	issuitent the site caused by the regulat			n total susp	Mana and
Designed as Required in RG-348 Section 3.4.14		ion Rate = e Height =	1 12	GPM per ft ² inches	110
	Cartridge C		5.00	GPM	and the second sec
	StormFilter Equalization Design		0.0 [63]	ndaar (D.D.	T 60 18
	Flow Rate for Flow-Through Configuration w/ Equa		0.27	cfs	n hn
	Number of Cartridges for Flow-Through Configuration w/ Equa	ilization =	24		
	Volume for Flow Through Configuration w/ Four				

Volume for Flow-Through Configuration w/ Equalization = 967 cubic feet Minimum Required Equalization Storage (Calculated Volume +20%) = 1161 cubic feet Sand Filter Comparison Required Minimum Sand Filter Volume = 4663 cubic feet



ELEVATION VIEW



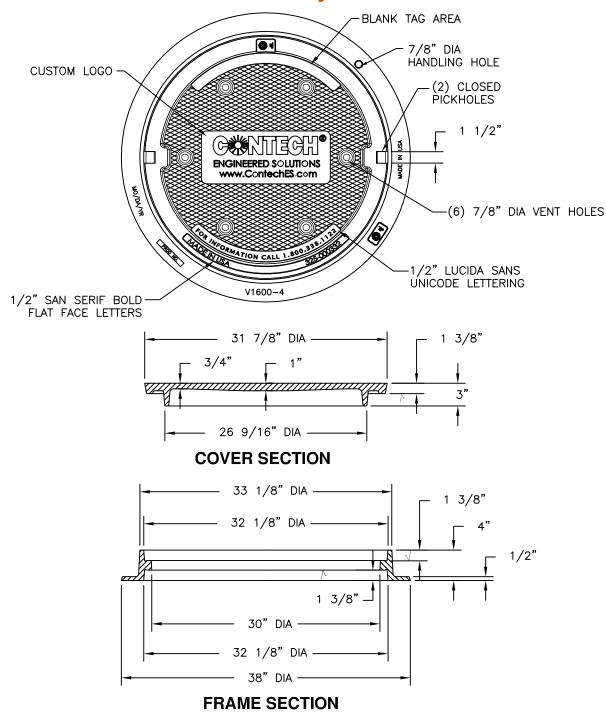
COUNT	DESCRIPTION	INSTAL
24	LOW DROP, ZPG CARTRIDGE	CON
25	RESTRICTOR DISK (BLU), 5 GPM	CON
1	2" PVC SLIP PLUG	CON
1	FLOW KIT (81L)	CON
1	36" X 14" TRANSFER HOLE COVER	CON
1	JOINT SEALANT	CONTF
1	30"Ø x 4" FRAME AND COVER, EJ #41600483, OR EQUIV.	CON
1	36" X 48" ACCESS HATCH, EJ #46875202, OR EQUIV.	CON
1	48" X 48" ACCESS HATCH, EJ #00821864B01, OR EQUIV.	CON
1	STORMFILTER ACTIVATION DISK	CON

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATION

GENERAL NOTES

- BE SPECIFIED BY ENGINEER OF RECORD.
- STRUCTURE.

1810B4 V1600-4 Assembly





Product Number 41600483 Design Features -Materials Cover

Cover Gray Iron (CL35B) Frame Gray Iron (CL35B)

-Design Load Heavy Duty -Open Area n/a -Coating Undipped -√Designates Machined Surface

Certification

- ASTM A48 -Country of Origin: USA

Major Components

00180783 41600410

Drawing Revision

05/09/2007 Designer: SMH 6/26/2017 Revised By: DAE

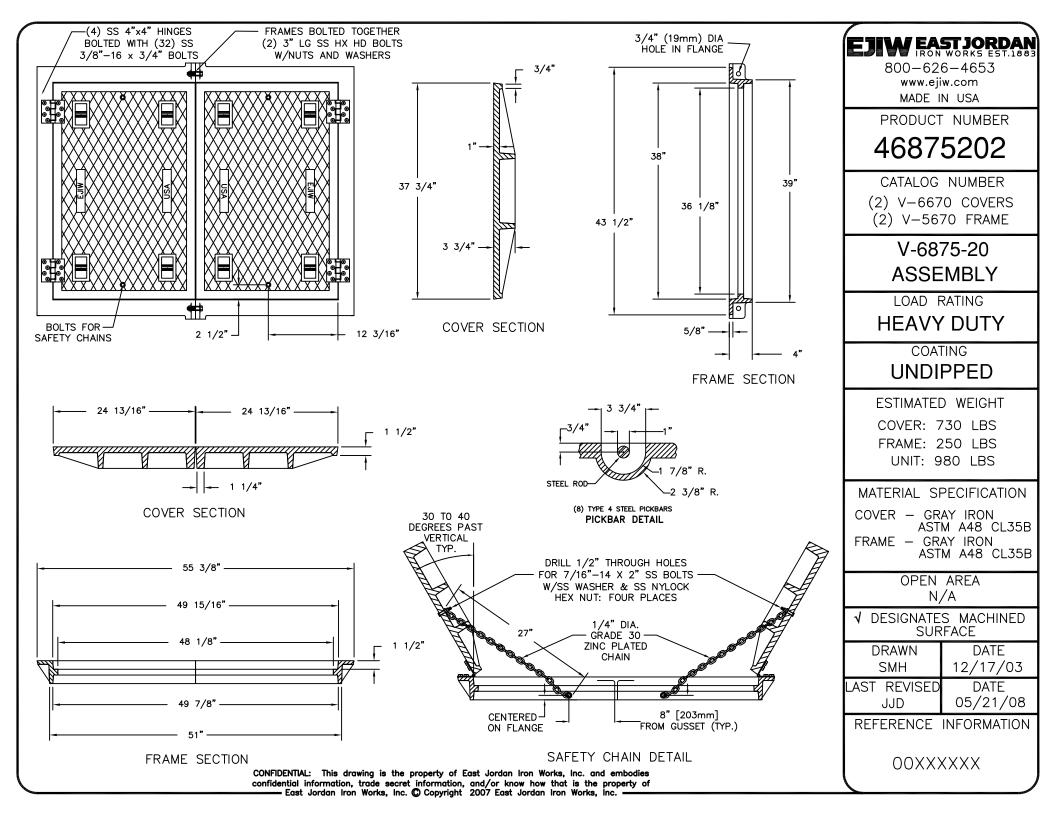
Disclaimer

Weights (lbs./kg) dimensions (inches/mm) and drawings provided for your guidance. We reserve the right to modify specifications without prior notice.

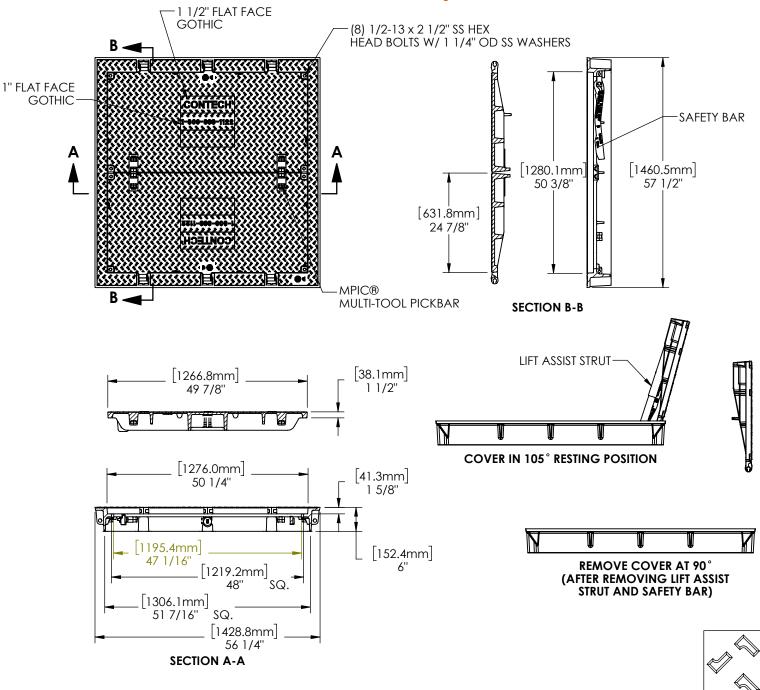
CONFIDENTIAL: This drawing is the property of EJ GROUP, Inc., and embodies confidential information, registered marks, patents, trade secret information, and/or know how that is the property of EJ GROUP, Inc. Copyright © 2012 EJ GROUP, Inc. All rights reserved.

Contact

800 626 4653 ejco.com



8218A1PT 8218ZPT Assembly





Product Number 00821864B01

Design Features

-Materials Hatch Cover Ductile Iron (70-50-05) Hatch Frame Ductile Iron (70-50-05)

Weight: 1,026 lbs

- -Load Rating Heavy Duty H20 -Open Area n/a -Coating Undipped -√ Designates Machined Surface -Slip Resistant Surface
- with the LLLL® registered trademark

Certification

-ASTM A536

-Country of Origin: USA

Major Components

00821864 00821811

Drawing Revision

8/24/2018 Designer: DEF 5/5/2022 Revised By: DAE

Disclaimer

Weights (lbs/kg), dimensions (inches/mm) and drawings provided for your guidance. We reserve the right to modify specifications without prior notice.

CONFIDENTIAL: This drawing is the property of EJ Group, Inc. and embodies confidential information, registered marks, patents, trade secret information, and/or know-how that is the property of EJ Group, Inc. Copyright © 2018 EJ Group, Inc. All rights reserved.

REGISTERED TRADEMARK OF EJ GROUP, INC. 800 626 ejco.com

Contact 800 626 4653 ejco.com PERMANENT STORMWATER SECTION

ATTACHMENT G

Inspection, Maintenance, Repair and Retrofit Plan

An Inspection, Maintenance, Repair and Retrofit Plan have been attached on the following pages.



ATTACHMENT N Inspection, Maintenance, Repair and Retrofit Plan

1604 Retail
7403 N Loop 1604 W
San Antonio, TX 78249

StormFilter (Contech)

Responsible Party for Maintenance	1604 Capital Partners, LLC
Address	12300 IH 10 W
City, State Zip	San Antonio, TX 78230
Telephone Number	210-422-7500
Signature of Owner/Representative	NC/

Print name of Owner/Representative

<u>Permanent Stormwater Section Attachment "G" continued</u> <u>Sample Maintenance Table</u>

Bijan Bonakchi

• • • • •

ITEM#	DATE	DESCRIPTION OF ACTION(S) TAKEN	INITIALS
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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	<u> </u>		
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			1

ATTACHMENT H

Pilot-scale Field Testing

This site will not have a pilot-scale field testing. The proposed BMP is in compliance with the TCEQ Guidance Manual.

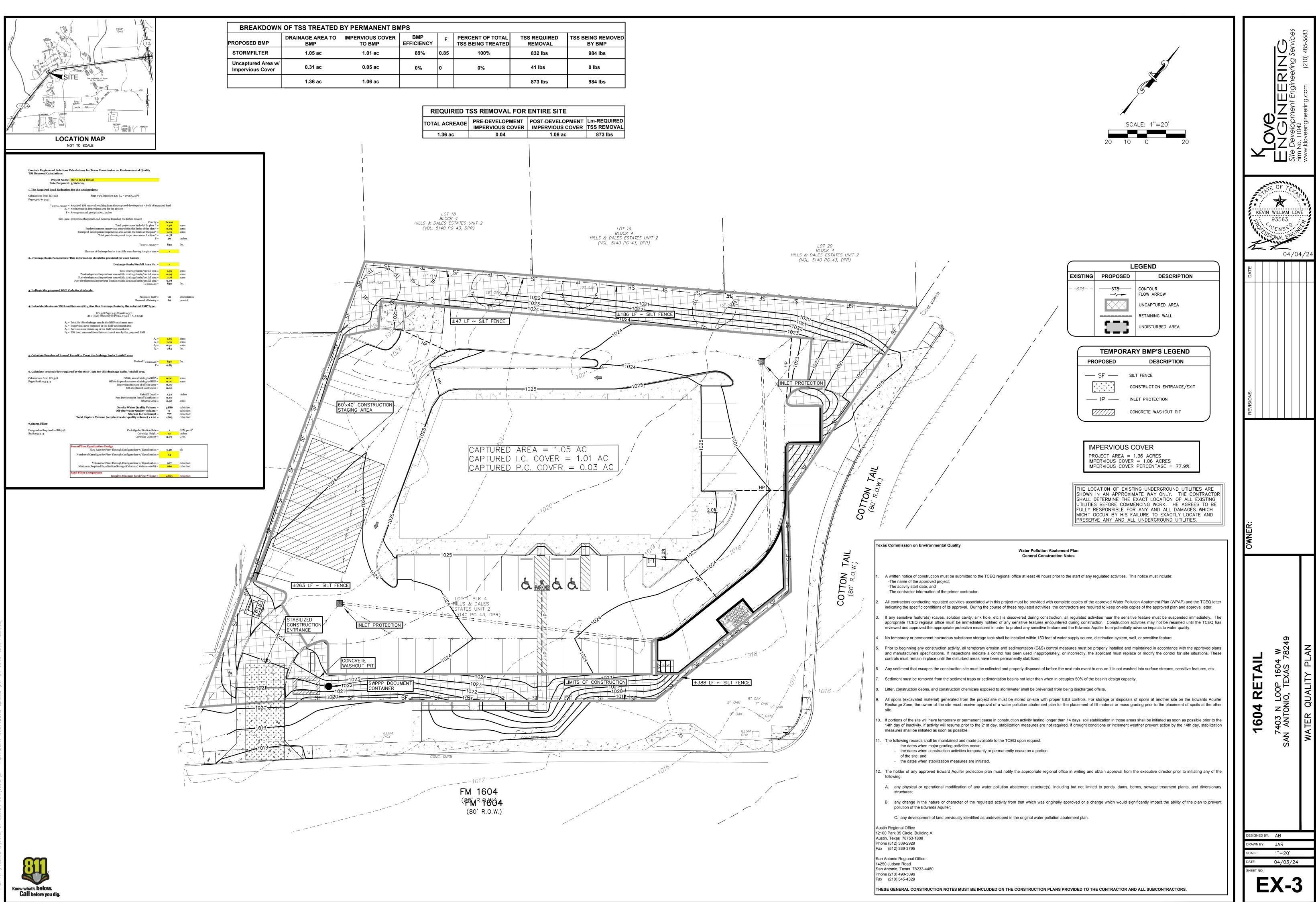


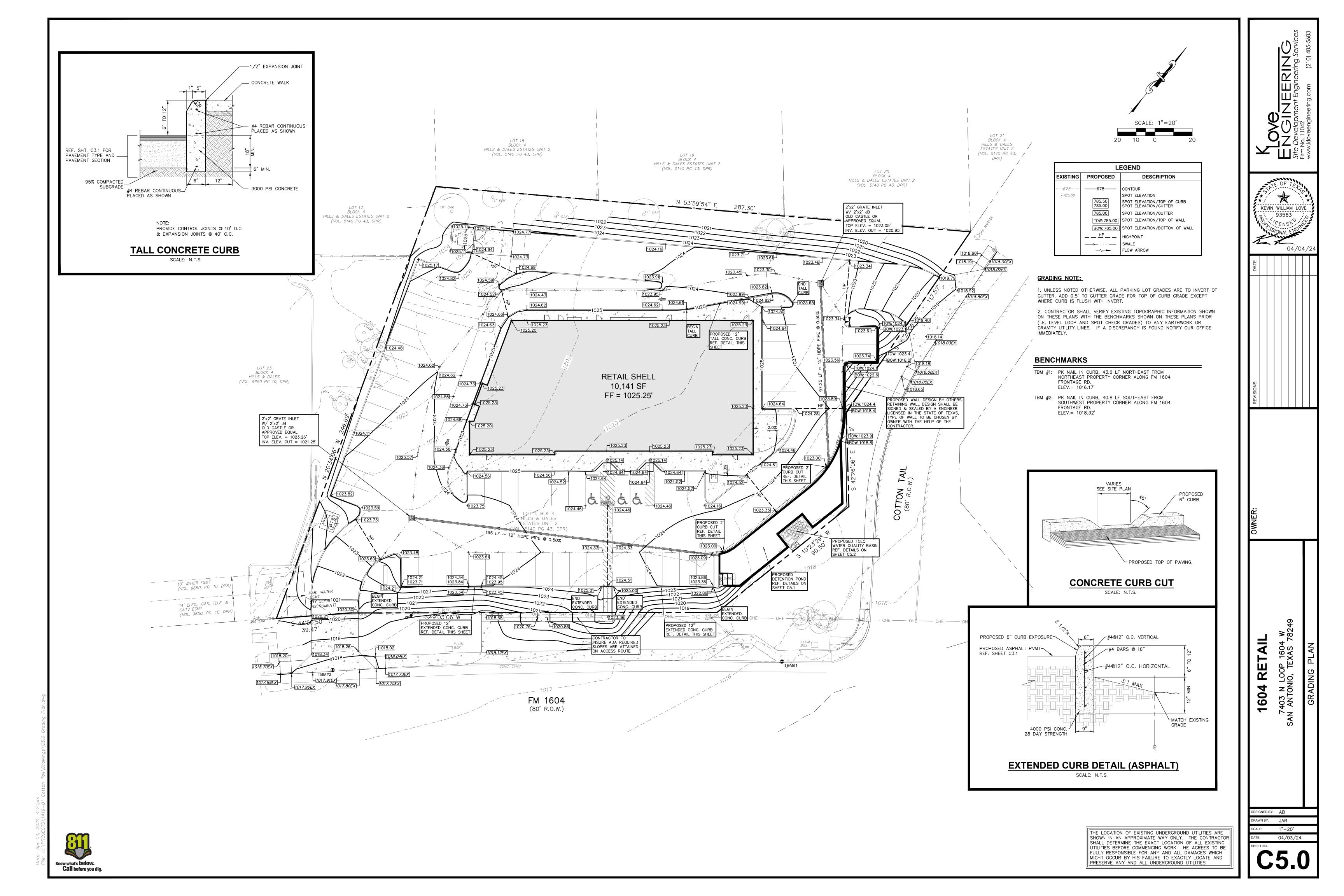
ATTACHMENT I

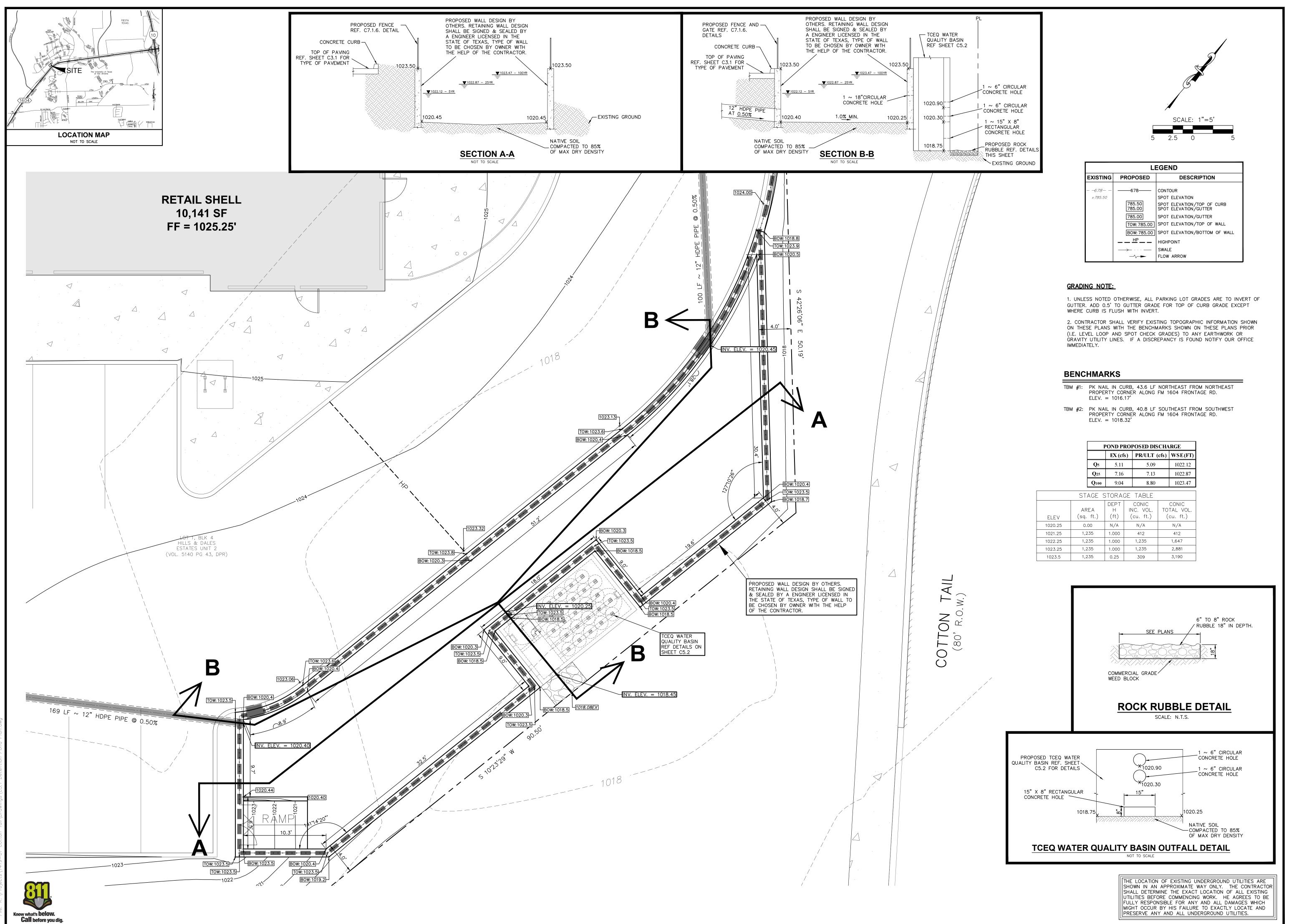
Measures for Minimizing Surface Stream Contamination

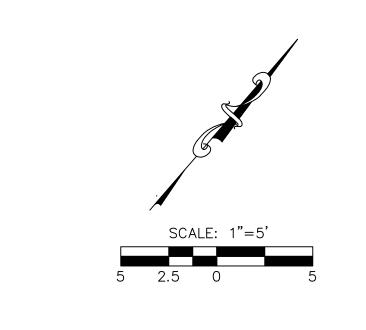
Any points were discharge from this site is concentrated and erosive velocities exist will include appropriately sized energy dissipaters to reduce velocities to non-erosive levels.











LEGEND						
EXISTING	PROPOSED	DESCRIPTION				
— —678— — x 785.50	678 785.00 785.00 TOW: 785.00 BOW: 785.00 HP 	CONTOUR SPOT ELEVATION SPOT ELEVATION/TOP OF CURB SPOT ELEVATION/GUTTER SPOT ELEVATION/GUTTER SPOT ELEVATION/TOP OF WALL SPOT ELEVATION/BOTTOM OF WALL HIGHPOINT SWALE				
		FLOW ARROW				

	POND PROPOSED DISCHARGE						RGE
			EX (cf	š)	PR/ULT ((cfs)	WSE(FT)
		Q 5	5.11		5.09		1022.12
		Q25	7.16		7.13		1022.87
		Q100	9.04	. 8.80			1023.47
	ST	AGE S	STORA	GE	TABLE		
		REA	DEPT H		CONIC IC. VOL.	то	CONIC TAL VOL.
ELEV	(sq	. ft.)	(ft)	(cu. ft.)		(cu. ft.)
1020.25	0.00		N/A	N/A N/A			N/A
1021.25	1,	235	1.000		412		412
1022.25	1,	235	1.000		1,235	1,647	
1023.25	1,	235	1.000		1,235	2,881	
1023.5	1,	235	0.25		309		3,190

							www kloveendineering com (210) 485-5683	
"hannesser"	KE PROFY		E WI 95 CE VOL		E		S * * /E	24
REVISIONS: DATE								
OWNER:								
	1604 REIAIL		W 1001 N 1011	/403 N LOUP 1004 W	SAN ANIONIO, IEXAS /8249			DEIENTION POND PLAN
DRAV SCAL DATE		/ :	J 1	AR "=5 4/(5'	′24		

Agent Authorization Form For Required Signature Edwards Aquifer Protection Program Relating to 30 TAC Chapter 213 Effective June 1, 1999

Ι	Bijan Bonakchi	,
	Print Name	
	Owner	,
	Title - Owner/President/Other	
of	1604 Capital Partners, LLC	
	Corporation/Partnership/Entity Name	
have authorized	Kevin W. Love, P.E.	
	Print Name of Agent/Engineer	
of	KLove Engineering, LLC	
	Print Name of Firm	

to represent and act on the behalf of the above named Corporation, Partnership, or Entity for the purpose of preparing and submitting this plan application to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the review and approval consideration of regulated activities.

I also understand that:

- 1. The applicant is responsible for compliance with 30 Texas Administrative Code Chapter 213 and any condition of the TCEQ's approval letter. The TCEQ is authorized to assess administrative penalties of up to \$10,000 per day per violation.
- 2. For those submitting an application who are not the property owner, but who have the right to control and possess the property, additional authorization is required from the owner.
- 3. Application fees are due and payable at the time the application is submitted. The application fee must be sent to the TCEQ cashier or to the appropriate regional office. The application will not be considered until the correct fee is received by the commission.
- 4. A notarized copy of the Agent Authorization Form must be provided for the person preparing the application, and this form must accompany the completed application.
- 5. No person shall commence any regulated activity on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone, Contributing Zone or Transition Zone until the appropriate application for the activity has been filed with and approved by the Executive Director.

SIGNATURE PAGE:
Applicant's Signature $\frac{120/24}{Date}$
THE STATE OF §
County of§
BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared <u>Bijan Bonakchi</u> known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged to me that (s)he executed same for the purpose and consideration therein expressed.
GIVEN under my hand and seal of office on this 20 th day of April 2024 .
Robín Knowlton
NOTARY PUBLIC

Robin Knowlton

Typed or Printed Name of Notary

MY COMMISSION EXPIRES: 9/23/2026

•

ROBIN KNOWLTON Notary ID # 130903245 My Commission Expires September 23, 2026 ß

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Application Fee Form

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Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Name of Proposed Regulated Entity: 1604 Retail Regulated Entity Location: 7403 N Loop 1604 W, San Antonio, TX 78249 Name of Customer: 1604 Capital Partners, LLC Contact Person: Bijan Bonakchi Phone: (210) 422-7500 Customer Reference Number (if issued):CN Regulated Entity Reference Number (if issued):RN Austin Regional Office (3373)					
Hays	Travis		illiamson		
San Antonio Regional Office (3362)	_	_			
🔀 Bexar	Medina	U\	valde		
Comal	🔄 Kinney				
Application fees must be paid by che Commission on Environmental Qua form must be submitted with your	lity. Your canceled	check will serve as you	r receipt. This		
Austin Regional Office	\square	San Antonio Regional C	office		
Mailed to: TCEQ - Cashier		Overnight Delivery to: 1			
Revenues Section		12100 Park 35 Circle			
Mail Code 214		Building A, 3rd Floor			
P.O. Box 13088		Austin, TX 78753			
Austin, TX 78711-3088		(512)239-0357			
Site Location (Check All That Apply)		,			
Recharge Zone] Contributing Zone	Transi	tion Zone		
Type of Plan		Size	Fee Due		
Water Pollution Abatement Plan, Co	ntributing Zone				
Plan: One Single Family Residential	Owelling	Acres	\$		
Water Pollution Abatement Plan, Co	ntributing Zone				
Plan: Multiple Single Family Residen	tial and Parks	Acres	\$		
Water Pollution Abatement Plan, Co	ntributing Zone				
Plan: Non-residential		1.36 Acres	\$ 4,000		
Sewage Collection System	L.F.	\$			
Lift Stations without sewer lines		Acres	\$		
Underground or Aboveground Stora	ge Tank Facility	Tanks	\$		
Piping System(s)(only)		Each	\$		
Exception		Each	\$		
Extension of Time		Each	\$		
Signature:	Date	······································			

Application Fee Schedule

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Edwards Aquifer Protection Program 30 TAC Chapter 213 (effective 05/01/2008)

Water Pollution Abatement Plans and Modifications

Contributing Zone Plans and Modifications

Project	Project Area in Acres	Fee
One Single Family Residential Dwelling	< 5	\$650
Multiple Single Family Residential and Parks	< 5	\$1,500
	5 < 10	\$3 <i>,</i> 000
	10 < 40	\$4,000
	40 < 100	\$6,500
	100 < 500	\$8,000
	≥ 500	\$10,000
Non-residential (Commercial, industrial, institutional,	< 1	\$3,000
multi-family residential, schools, and other sites	1 < 5	\$4,000
where regulated activities will occur)	5 < 10	\$5,000
	10 < 40	\$6,500
	40 < 100	\$8,000
	≥ 100	\$10,000

Organized Sewage Collection Systems and Modifications

Project	Cost per Linear Foot	Minimum Fee- Maximum Fee
Sewage Collection Systems	\$0.50	\$650 - \$6,500

Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank System Facility Plans and Modifications

Project	Cost per Tank or Piping System	Minimum Fee- Maximum Fee
Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank Facility	\$650	\$650 - \$6,500

Exception Requests

Project	Fee				
Exception Request	\$500				

Extension of Time Requests

Project	Fee				
Extension of Time Request	\$150				



TCEQ Core Data Form

For detailed instructions regarding completion of this form, please read the Core Data Form Instructions or call 512-239-5175.

SECTION	VI: Gei	<u>neral Inforr</u>	<u>nation</u>									
1. Reason fo	or Submise	sion (If other is ch	ecked please	descrit	be in sp	ace pro	ovided.)					
🛛 New Per	mit, Regist	tration or Authoriz	ation (Core D	ata For	m shou	ıld be s	ubmitted	with	the pro	gram application.)		
🗌 Renewa	l (Core Dai	ta Form should be	e submitted wi	th the r	enewal	form)] 0	ther			
2. Customer	Reference	e Number <i>(if issu</i>	ıed)	Follow this link to search				Reg	ulated	Entity Reference	Number (if	issued)
CN				for CN or RN numbers in Central Registry**			RN					
SECTION II: Customer Information												
4. General C	ustomer Ir	formation	5. Effective	Date f	or Cus	tomer	Informat	ion l	Jpdates	s (mm/dd/yyyy)		
New Cust	omer		U	pdate t	o Custo	omer In	formatior	I		Change in Re	gulated Enti	ty Ownership
Change in	Legal Nan	ne (Verifiable with	the Texas Se	cretary	of Stat	e or Te	exas Com	ptrol	ler of Pi	ublic Accounts)		
The Custo	mer Nam	ne submitted l	here may b	e upd	ated a	autom	atically	y ba	sed or	n what is curre	ent and ac	tive with the
Texas Sec	retary of	State (SOS) o	or Texas Co	omptro	oller d	of Pub	olic Acc	oun	nts (CF	РА).		
6. Customer	Legal Nan	ne (If an individual,	print last name	first: eg	: Doe, J	ohn)		<u>lf r</u>	new Cus	tomer, enter previo	ous Customer	<u>below:</u>
1604 Capi	tal Partr	ers, LLC										
7. TX SOS/CPA Filing Number 8. TX State				Tax ID (11 digits)			9. Federal Tax ID (9 digits)			10. DUNS	Number (if applicable)	
0804257221 3208126				4585								
11. Type of C	11. Type of Customer: Corporation Individu					ual	Partnership: 🗖 General 🗋 Limited					
Government: City County Federal State Other Sole Proprie					oprietors	torship 🛛 Other: LLC						
12. Number o	12. Number of Employees 13. Independently Owned and Operated? ☑ 0-20 ☑ 21-100 ☑ 101-250 ☑ 251-500 ☑ 501 and higher ☑ Yes ☑ No					ed?						
14. Custome	r Role (Pro	posed or Actual) –	as it relates to t	he Regi	ilated Ei	ntity liste	ed on this	form.	Please	check one of the foll	owing	
Owner		Operato	or		Owi	ner & C	Operator					
	nal License	e 🗌 Respor	sible Party	I	🗌 Volu	untary	Cleanup	Appli	cant	Other:		
12300 IH 10 West												
15. Mailing Address:												
Address:	City	San Antonio)	S	tate	TX	Z	IP	7823	60	ZIP + 4	
16. Country Mailing Information (if outside USA) 17. E-Mail Address (if applicable)												
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	/							@yahoo.com		
18. Telephon	e Number			19. E	xtensic	on or C	1	1		20. Fax Number		e)
(210)42	2-7500									()		

SECTION III: Regulated Entity Information

21. General Regulated Entity Information (If 'New Regulated Entity" is selected below this form should be accompanied by a permit application) New Regulated Entity Update to Regulated Entity Name Update to Regulated Entity Information

The Regulated Entity Name submitted may be updated in order to meet TCEQ Agency Data Standards (removal of organizational endings such as Inc, LP, or LLC).

22. Regulated Entity Name (Enter name of the site where the regulated action is taking place.)

1604 Retail

and the second second						and the second			
23. Street Address of	7403 N	Loop 1604 W	V						
the Regulated Entity:									
(No PO Boxes)	City San Antonio		io State	TX	ZIP	78249	ZIP + 4		
24. County	Bexar								
		Enter Physical L	ocation Descri	ption if no s	treet address	s is provided.	A Contractory		
25. Description to Physical Location:	Approxi	mately 100 li	near feet we	st of Loop	o 1604 & (Cotton Tail L	n intersecti	on.	
26. Nearest City						State	Nea	rest ZIP Code	
San Antonio					,	ТХ	782	249	
27. Latitude (N) In Decim	nal:	29.585758		28. L	ongitude (W) In Decimal:	-98.6380	14	
Degrees	Minutes	S	econds	Degre	ees	Minutes		Seconds	
29	3	35	8.73		-98		38	16.85	
29. Primary SIC Code (4	29. Primary SIC Code (4 digits) 30. Secondary SIC Code (4 digits) 31. Primary NAICS Code (5 or 6 digits) 32. Secondary NAICS Code (5 or 6 digits)								
5999	58	812		455219	9	722	2513		
33. What is the Primary	Business o	f this entity? (I	Do not repeat the SI	C or NAICS des	cription.)				
Commercail Retail	and Fast	Food Restaur	ant			the Longer			
				1230	00 IH 10 Wes	t			
34. Mailing									
Address:	014	City San Antonio		TV	710	ZIP 78230		ZIP + 4	
	o State	TX	ZIP + 4						
35. E-Mail Address			27 Exten		roperties@ya		lumber <i>(if app</i>	liaahla)	
	none Numbe	er	37. Extens	7. Extension or Code 38. Fax Num				licable)	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	422-7500					() -		
39. TCEQ Programs and form. See the Core Data Form				permits/registr	ration numbers	that will be affected	d by the updates	submitted on this	
Dam Safety	quifer	Emissi	ons Inventory Air	Industri	al Hazardous Waste				
Municipal Solid Waste			OSSF		Petrole	eum Storage Tank	D PWS		
Sludge Storm Water			Title V Air		Tires		Used Oil		
Voluntary Cleanup	Water	Wastewate	er Agriculture	U Water	Rights	Other:			
SECTION IV: P	reparer l	Information	<u>l</u>			and the second	A Contraction of the		
40. Name: KLove Engi			<u>l</u>	41. Title	: Engi	neer	•		
40. KI ava Engi		LLC	k Number		e: Engi Mail Address				
40. Name: KLove Engi	neering, I	LLC	-	45. E-I	Mail Address		om		

46. By my signature below, I certify, to the best of my knowledge, that the information provided in this form is true and complete, and that I have signature authority to submit this form on behalf of the entity specified in Section II, Field 6 and/or as required for the updates to the ID numbers identified in field 39.

Company:	KLove Engineering, LLC	Principal	incipal / Project Manager				
Name (In Print):	Kevin W. Love, P.E.			Phone:	(210) 485- 5683		
Signature:	he			Date:	£124/24		