BROOK STONE CREEK – PHASE 2 MODIFICATION 3

Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification

May 2024



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April 15, 2024

Ms. Lillian Butler Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) Region 13 14250 Judson Road San Antonio, Texas 78233-4480

Brook Stone Creek - Phase 2 Modification 3 Re:

Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification

Dear Ms. Butler:

Please find attached two (2) hard copies, one (1) digital copy of the Brook Stone Creek – Phase 2 Modification 3 Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification. This Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification has been prepared in accordance with the regulations of the Texas Administrative Code (30 TAC 213) and current policies for development over the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone.

This Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification applies to an approximate 44.90-acre site as identified by the project limits. Please review the plan information for the items it is intended to address. If acceptable, please provide a written approval of the plan in order that construction may begin at the earliest opportunity.

Appropriate review fees (\$6,500) and fee application are included. If you have questions or require additional information, please do not hesitate to contact me at your earliest convenience.

Sincerely,

Pape-Dawson Consulting Engineers, LLC

Texas Registered Engineering Firm # 470

Vice President

Attachments

P:\120\93\11\Word\Reports\WPAP MOD\230124a1.docx

EDWARDS AQUIFER APPLICATION COVER PAGE (TCEQ-20705)

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page

Our Review of Your Application

The Edwards Aquifer Program staff conducts an administrative and technical review of all applications. The turnaround time for administrative review can be up to 30 days as outlined in 30 TAC 213.4(e). Generally administrative completeness is determined during the intake meeting or within a few days of receipt. The turnaround time for technical review of an administratively complete Edwards Aquifer application is 90 days as outlined in 30 TAC 213.4(e). Please know that the review and approval time is directly impacted by the quality and completeness of the initial application that is received. In order to conduct a timely review, it is imperative that the information provided in an Edwards Aquifer application include final plans, be accurate, complete, and in compliance with 30 TAC 213.

Administrative Review

- 1. <u>Edwards Aquifer applications</u> must be deemed administratively complete before a technical review can begin. To be considered administratively complete, the application must contain completed forms and attachments, provide the requested information, and meet all the site plan requirements. The submitted application and plan sheets should be final plans. Please submit one full-size set of plan sheets with the original application, and half-size sets with the additional copies.
 - To ensure that all applicable documents are included in the application, the program has developed tools to guide you and web pages to provide all forms, checklists, and guidance. Please visit the below website for assistance: http://www.tceq.texas.gov/field/eapp.
- 2. This Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page form (certified by the applicant or agent) must be included in the application and brought to the administrative review meeting.
- 3. Administrative reviews are scheduled with program staff who will conduct the review. Applicants or their authorized agent should call the appropriate regional office, according to the county in which the project is located, to schedule a review. The average meeting time is one hour.
- 4. In the meeting, the application is examined for administrative completeness. Deficiencies will be noted by staff and emailed or faxed to the applicant and authorized agent at the end of the meeting, or shortly after. Administrative deficiencies will cause the application to be deemed incomplete and returned.
 - An appointment should be made to resubmit the application. The application is re-examined to ensure all deficiencies are resolved. The application will only be deemed administratively complete when all administrative deficiencies are addressed.
- 5. If an application is received by mail, courier service, or otherwise submitted without a review meeting, the administrative review will be conducted within 30 days. The applicant and agent will be contacted with the results of the administrative review. If the application is found to be administratively incomplete, it can be retrieved from the regional office or returned by regular mail. If returned by mail, the regional office may require arrangements for return shipping.
- 6. If the geologic assessment was completed before October 1, 2004 and the site contains "possibly sensitive" features, the assessment must be updated in accordance with the *Instructions to Geologists* (TCEQ-0585 Instructions).

Technical Review

- 1. When an application is deemed administratively complete, the technical review period begins. The regional office will distribute copies of the application to the identified affected city, county, and groundwater conservation district whose jurisdiction includes the subject site. These entities and the public have 30 days to provide comments on the application to the regional office. All comments received are reviewed by TCEQ.
- 2. A site assessment is usually conducted as part of the technical review, to evaluate the geologic assessment and observe existing site conditions. The site must be accessible to our staff. The site boundaries should be

- clearly marked, features identified in the geologic assessment should be flagged, roadways marked and the alignment of the Sewage Collection System and manholes should be staked at the time the application is submitted. If the site is not marked the application may be returned.
- 3. We evaluate the application for technical completeness and contact the applicant and agent via Notice of Deficiency (NOD) to request additional information and identify technical deficiencies. There are two deficiency response periods available to the applicant. There are 14 days to resolve deficiencies noted in the first NOD. If a second NOD is issued, there is an additional 14 days to resolve deficiencies. If the response to the second notice is not received, is incomplete or inadequate, or provides new information that is incomplete or inadequate, the application must be withdrawn or will be denied. Please note that because the technical review is underway, whether the application is withdrawn or denied **the application fee will be forfeited**.
- 4. The program has 90 calendar days to complete the technical review of the application. If the application is technically adequate, such that it complies with the Edwards Aquifer rules, and is protective of the Edwards Aquifer during and after construction, an approval letter will be issued. Construction or other regulated activity may not begin until an approval is issued.

Mid-Review Modifications

It is important to have final site plans prior to beginning the permitting process with TCEQ to avoid delays.

Occasionally, circumstances arise where you may have significant design and/or site plan changes after your Edwards Aquifer application has been deemed administratively complete by TCEQ. This is considered a "Mid-Review Modification". Mid-Review Modifications may require redistribution of an application that includes the proposed modifications for public comment.

If you are proposing a Mid-Review Modification, two options are available:

- If the technical review has begun your application can be denied/withdrawn, your fees will be forfeited, and the plan will have to be resubmitted.
- TCEQ can continue the technical review of the application as it was submitted, and a modification application can be submitted at a later time.

If the application is denied/withdrawn, the resubmitted application will be subject to the administrative and technical review processes and will be treated as a new application. The application will be redistributed to the affected jurisdictions.

Please contact the regional office if you have questions. If your project is located in Williamson, Travis, or Hays County, contact TCEQ's Austin Regional Office at 512-339-2929. If your project is in Comal, Bexar, Medina, Uvalde, or Kinney County, contact TCEQ's San Antonio Regional Office at 210-490-3096

Please fill out all required fields below and submit with your application.

1. Regulated Entity Name: Brook St 2 Modifi					2. Regulated Entity No.:		ed Entity No.:	111218178	
3. Customer Name: Continental Hom			nes of Texas, L.P.		4. Customer No.:		er No.:	601213523	
5. Project Type: (Please circle/check one)	New		Modif	ication		Extension Except		Exception	
6. Plan Type: (Please circle/check one)	WPAP	CZP	SCS	UST	AST	EXP	EXT	Technical Clarification	Optional Enhanced Measures
7. Land Use: (Please circle/check one)	Resider	ntial	Non-r	esiden	tial		8. Site (acres):		45.0
9. Application Fee:	\$6,5	00	10. P	ermai	nent I	BMP(s): Batch Detention		Batch Detent	ion and Veg Filter Strips
11. SCS (Linear Ft.):			12. A	ST/US	/UST (No. Tanks):				
13. County:	Bex	ar	14. Watershed:				Elm	Waterhole Creek	

Application Distribution

Instructions: Use the table below to determine the number of applications required. One original and one copy of the application, plus additional copies (as needed) for each affected incorporated city, county, and groundwater conservation district are required. Linear projects or large projects, which cross into multiple jurisdictions, can require additional copies. Refer to the "Texas Groundwater Conservation Districts within the EAPP Boundaries" map found at:

http://www.tceq.texas.gov/assets/public/compliance/field_ops/eapp/EAPP%20GWCD%20map.pdf

For more detailed boundaries, please contact the conservation district directly.

Austin Region					
County:	Hays	Travis	Williamson		
Original (1 req.)		_	_		
Region (1 req.)	_	_	_		
County(ies)					
Groundwater Conservation District(s)	Edwards Aquifer AuthorityBarton Springs/ Edwards AquiferHays TrinityPlum Creek	Barton Springs/ Edwards Aquifer	NA		
City(ies) Jurisdiction	AustinBudaDripping SpringsKyleMountain CitySan MarcosWimberleyWoodcreek	AustinBee CavePflugervilleRollingwoodRound RockSunset ValleyWest Lake Hills	AustinCedar ParkFlorenceGeorgetownJerrellLeanderLiberty HillPflugervilleRound Rock		

San Antonio Region						
County:	Bexar	Comal	Kinney	Medina	Uvalde	
Original (1 req.)	<u> </u>	_			_	
Region (1 req.)	<u> </u>				_	
County(ies)	<u> </u>	_			_	
Groundwater Conservation District(s)	✓ Edwards Aquifer Authority ✓ Trinity-Glen Rose	Edwards Aquifer Authority	Kinney	EAA Medina	EAA Uvalde	
City(ies) Jurisdiction	Castle HillsFair Oaks RanchHelotesHill Country VillageHollywood ParkSan Antonio (SAWS)Shavano Park	Bulverde Fair Oaks Ranch Garden Ridge New Braunfels Schertz	NA	San Antonio ETJ (SAWS)	NA	

I certify that to the best of my knowledge, that the appapplication is hereby submitted to TCEQ for administration	
Rebecca Ann Carroll, P.E.	
Print Name of Oustomer/Authorized Agent	5/3/2024
Signature of Customer/Authorized Agent	Date

FOR TCEQ INTERNAL USE ONLY			
ate(s)Reviewed: Date Administratively Complete:			
Received From:	Corre	ect Number of Copies:	
Received By:	Distr	ibution Date:	
EAPP File Number:	Com	plex:	
Admin. Review(s) (No.):	No. A	No. AR Rounds:	
Delinquent Fees (Y/N):	Revie	Review Time Spent:	
Lat./Long. Verified:	SOS	Customer Verification:	
Agent Authorization Complete/Notarized (Y/N):	Fee	Payable to TCEQ (Y/N):	
Core Data Form Complete (Y/N):	ta Form Complete (Y/N): Check: Signed (Y/N):		
Core Data Form Incomplete Nos.:		Less than 90 days old (Y/N):	

GENERAL INFORMATION FORM (TCEQ-0587)

General Information Form

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Becky Carroll, P.E.

For Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge and Transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.4(b) & §213.5(b)(2)(A), (B) Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

Date: 5/3/2024

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **General Information Form** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review. The application was prepared by:

	····
Sig	gnature of Customer/Agent:
	Mull
P	roject Information
1.	Regulated Entity Name: Brook Stone Creek - Phase 2 Modification 3
2.	County: Bexar
3.	Stream Basin: Elm Waterhole Creek
4.	Groundwater Conservation District (If applicable): <u>Edwards Aquifer Authority, Trinity-Glen</u> <u>Rose</u>
5.	Edwards Aquifer Zone:
	Recharge Zone Transition Zone
6.	Plan Type:

	UST	Exception Request
7.	Customer (Applicant):	
	Contact Person: Leslie Ostrander Entity: Continental Homes of Texas, L.P. Mailing Address: 5419 N Loop 1604 E City, State: San Antonio, Texas Telephone: (210) 496-2668 Email Address: LKOstrander@drhorton.com	Zip: <u>78247</u> FAX:
8.	Agent/Representative (If any):	
	Contact Person: <u>Becky Carroll, P.E.</u> Entity: <u>Pape-Dawson Engineers, Inc.</u> Mailing Address: <u>2000 NW Loop 410</u> City, State: <u>San Antonio, Texas</u> Telephone: <u>(210) 375-9000</u> Email Address: <u>bcarroll@pape-dawson.com</u>	Zip: <u>78213</u> FAX: <u>(210) 375-9010</u>
9.	Project Location:	
10.	 ☐ The project site is located inside the city ling. ☐ The project site is located outside the city ling. ☐ Interproject site is not located within any city. ☐ The location of the project site is described. 	imits but inside the ETJ (extra-territorial ty's limits or ETJ.
		nal staff can easily locate the project and site
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	pproximately 1.8 miles and exit to Bulverde 3.3 miles to Evans Road and turn right. Travel
11.		nowing directions to and the location of the on and site boundaries are clearly shown on
12.	Attachment B - USGS / Edwards Recharge USGS Quadrangle Map (Scale: 1" = 2000') o The map(s) clearly show:	Zone Map . A copy of the official 7 ½ minute of the Edwards Recharge Zone is attached.
	 Project site boundaries. USGS Quadrangle Name(s). Boundaries of the Recharge Zone (and Drainage path from the project site to 	

	The TCEQ must be able to inspect the project site or the application will be returned. Sufficient survey staking is provided on the project to allow TCEQ regional staff to locate the boundaries and alignment of the regulated activities and the geologic or manmade features noted in the Geologic Assessment.
	Survey staking will be completed by this date: when advised of TCEQ visit
	Attachment C – Project Description. Attached at the end of this form is a detailed narrative description of the proposed project. The project description is consistent throughout the application and contains, at a minimum, the following details:
	 ✓ Area of the site ✓ Offsite areas ✓ Impervious cover ✓ Permanent BMP(s) ✓ Proposed site use ✓ Site history ✓ Previous development ✓ Area(s) to be demolished
15. Exis	ting project site conditions are noted below:
	 □ Existing commercial site □ Existing industrial site ○ Existing residential site ○ Existing paved and/or unpaved roads □ Undeveloped (Cleared) ○ Undeveloped (Undisturbed/Uncleared) □ Other:
Proh	ibited Activities
	I am aware that the following activities are prohibited on the Recharge Zone and are not proposed for this project:

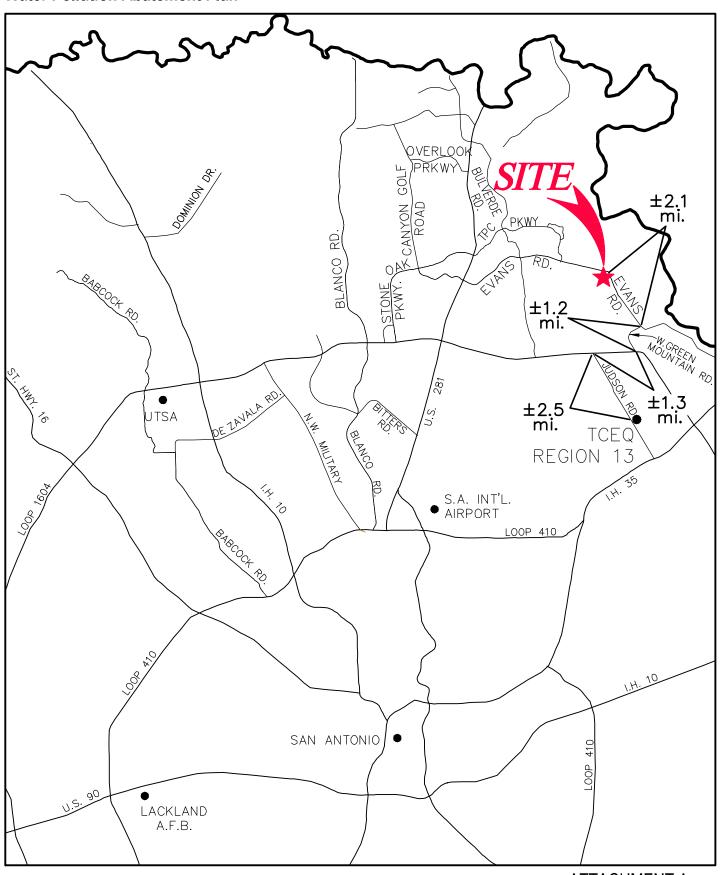
- - (1) Waste disposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 of this title (relating to Underground Injection Control);
 - (2) New feedlot/concentrated animal feeding operations, as defined in 30 TAC §213.3;
 - (3) Land disposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC §335.1;
 - (4) The use of sewage holding tanks as parts of organized collection systems; and
 - (5) New municipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I standards which are defined in §330.41(b), (c), and (d) of this title (relating to Types of Municipal Solid Waste Facilities).
 - (6) New municipal and industrial wastewater discharges into or adjacent to water in the state that would create additional pollutant loading.

- 17. | I am aware that the following activities are prohibited on the Transition Zone and are not proposed for this project: (1) Waste disposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 (relating to Underground Injection Control); (2) Land disposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC §335.1; and (3) New municipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I standards which are defined in §330.41 (b), (c), and (d) of this title. Administrative Information 18. The fee for the plan(s) is based on: Killing For a Water Pollution Abatement Plan or Modification, the total acreage of the site where regulated activities will occur. For an Organized Sewage Collection System Plan or Modification, the total linear footage of all collection system lines. For a UST Facility Plan or Modification or an AST Facility Plan or Modification, the total number of tanks or piping systems. A request for an exception to any substantive portion of the regulations related to the protection of water quality. A request for an extension to a previously approved plan. 19. Application fees are due and payable at the time the application is filed. If the correct fee is not submitted, the TCEQ is not required to consider the application until the correct fee is submitted. Both the fee and the Edwards Aquifer Fee Form have been sent to the Commission's: TCEQ cashier Austin Regional Office (for projects in Hays, Travis, and Williamson Counties) San Antonio Regional Office (for projects in Bexar, Comal, Kinney, Medina, and **Uvalde Counties**)
- 20. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
- 21. No person shall commence any regulated activity until the Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan(s) for the activity has been filed with and approved by the Executive Director.

ATTACHMENT A

BROOK STONE CREEK-PHASE 2 MOD 3 Water Pollution Abatement Plan





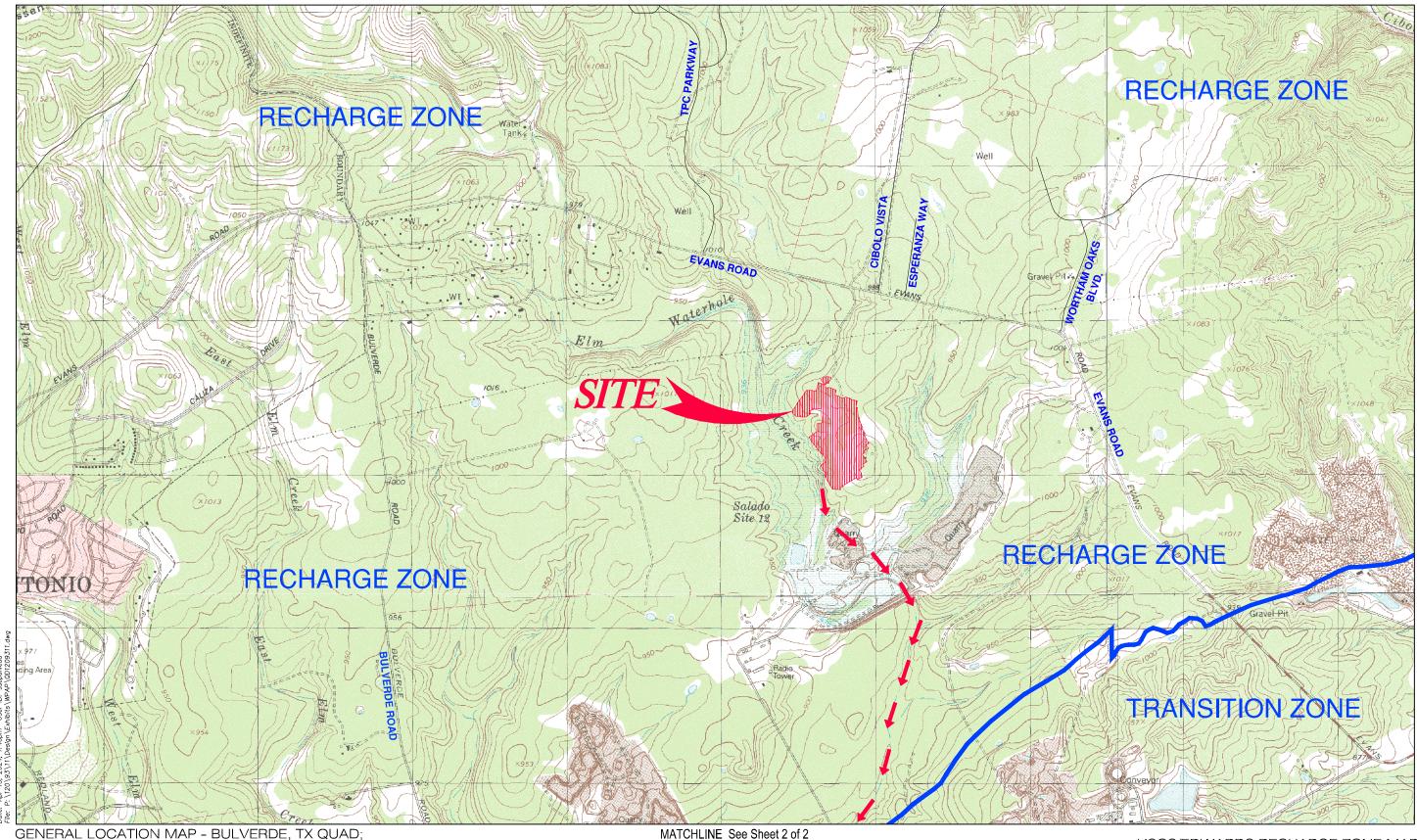
Pape-Dawson Engineers, Inc.

Date: Apr 15, 2024, 2:09pm User ID: ssepulveda
File: P:\120\93\11\Design\Exhibits\WPAP\RM1209311.dwg

ATTACHMENT A Road Map

ATTACHMENT B

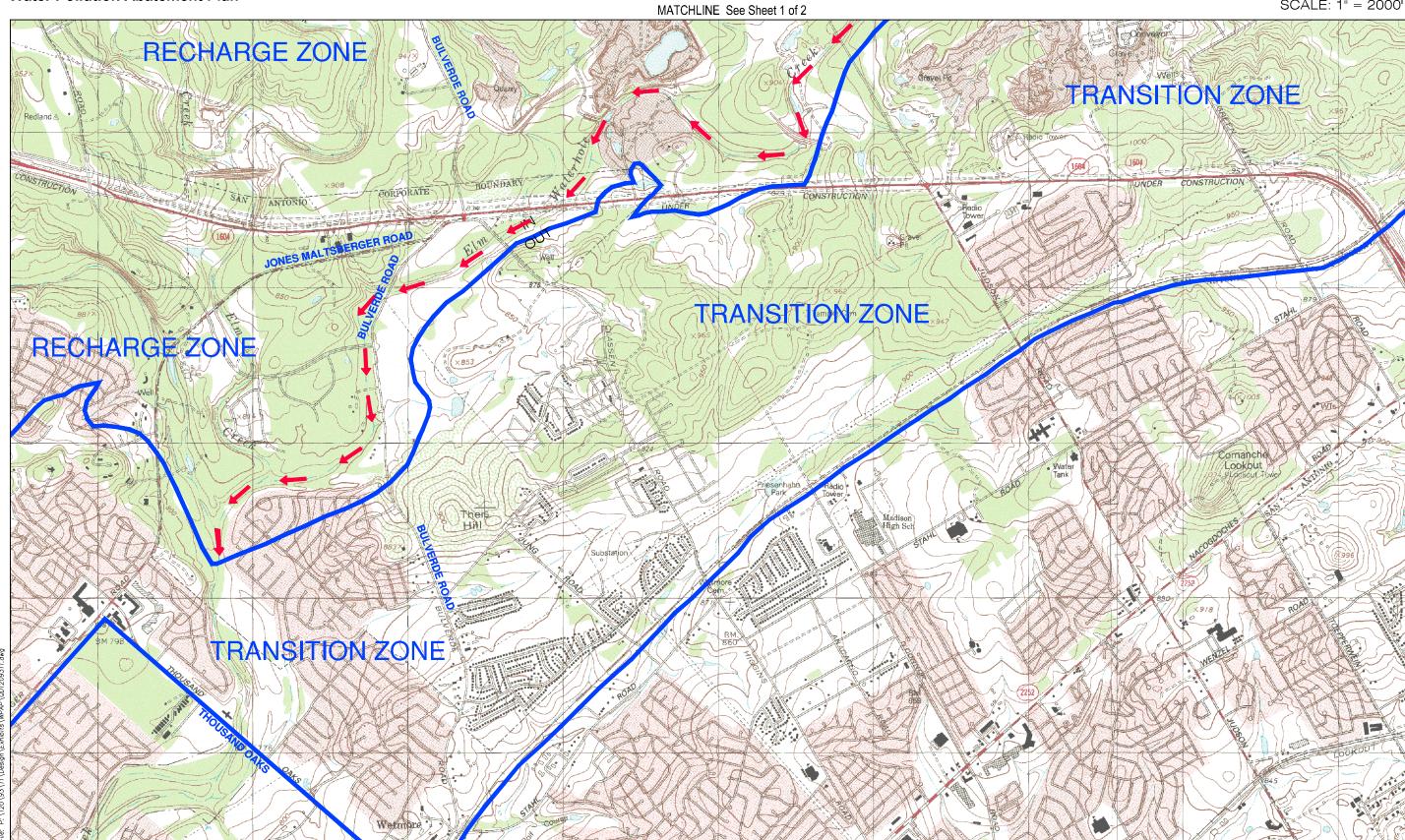




LONGHORN, TX QUAD DRAINAGE FLOW ----Pape-Dawson Engineers, Inc.

MATCHLINE See Sheet 2 of 2





ATTACHMENT C

BROOK STONE CREEK – PHASE 2 MODIFICATION 3 Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification

Attachment C - Project Description

Brook Stone Creek – Phase 2 Modification 3 Water Pollution Abatement Plan (WPAP) proposes the construction of a single-family residential subdivision on approximately 45.0-acres within the City of San Antonio, in Bexar County, Texas. The site is located approximately 0.63 miles southwest of the intersection of Evans Road and Esperanza Way. The entire site is located within the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone. The site contains existing structures and lies within the Elm Waterhole Creek watershed and does not contain 100-year floodplain. There were no naturally occurring and four man-made sensitive feature (S-10, S-11, S-12, S-13) within the project limits of the GA.

This WPAP modification proposes additional clearing, grading, excavation, installation of utilities and drainage improvements, and construction of 243 single-family homes, with associated streets, access drives, and sidewalks. This WPAP modification modifies the Brook Stone Creek - Phase 2 WPAP, Brook Stone Creek - Phase 2 Modification, and Brook Stone Creek - Phase 2 Modification 2 by modifying the previously approved Basin K, the previously approved fifty-foot (50') natural vegetative filter strip #10, the previously approved fifteen-foot (15') vegetative filter strip #11, and fifteen-foot (15') engineered vegetative filter strip #13. The uncaptured impervious cover in watershed "W" was reduced by 0.04 acres. Watershed "T" that was treated by previously approved fifty-foot (50') natural vegetative filter strip #12 will be combined with watershed "U," which will then be treated by the modified fifteen-foot (15') engineered vegetative filter strip #13. Watershed "T" and previously approved fifty-foot (50') natural vegetative filter strip #12 will be removed and will therefore not appear on the Permanent Pollution Abatement Plan. The proposed Permanent Best Management Practices (PBMPs) for stormwater treatment are one (1) batch detention basin, one (1) fifty-foot (50') natural vegetative filter strip, and two (2) fifteen-foot (15') engineered vegetative filter strips which are designed in accordance with the TCEQ's Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) RG-348 (2005) to remove 80% of the increase in Total Suspended Solids (TSS) from the site. Approximately 25.62-acres of impervious cover, or 56.93% of the 45.0-acres project limits, are proposed for construction in this WPAP.

In Watershed "BA-K," approximately 19.82-acres of impervious cover from the houses and streets/sidewalks will be treated by batch detention basin "K". In Watershed "BA-L," approximately 2.99acres of impervious cover from the houses and streets/sidewalks will be treated by batch detention basin "L". In Watershed "P", approximately 0.14-acres of impervious cover from the houses will be treated by a fifteen-foot (15') Engineered Vegetative Filter Strip. In Watershed "R", approximately 0.86-acres of impervious cover from the houses will be treated by a fifteen-foot (15') Engineered Vegetative Filter Strip. In Watershed "S", approximately 0.07-acres of impervious cover from the houses will be uncaptured. In Watershed "U," approximately 0.35-acres of impervious cover from the houses will be treated by a fifteenfoot (15') Engineered Vegetative Filter Strip. In Watershed "V", approximately 0.48-acres of impervious cover from the houses will be treated by a fifty-foot (50') Natural Vegetative Filter Strip. In Watershed "W", approximately 0.16-acres of impervious cover from the houses and streets/sidewalks will be uncaptured. In Watershed "X", approximately 0.17-acres of impervious cover from the houses will be treated by a fifty-foot (50') Natural Vegetative Filter Strip. In Watershed "Y", approximately 0.48-acres of impervious cover from the houses will be treated by a fifteen-foot (15') Engineered Vegetative Filter Strip. In Watershed "Z", approximately 0.10-acres of impervious cover from the houses will be treated by a fifteen-foot (15') Engineered Vegetative Filter Strip. Please see the Treatment Summary table attached with this application. All PBMPs have been designed in accordance with the Texas Commission on



BROOK STONE CREEK – PHASE 2 MODIFICATION 3 Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification

Environmental Quality's (TCEQ) Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) RG-348 (2005) to remove 80% of the increase in Total Suspended Solids (TSS) from the site.

Potable water service is to be provided by the San Antonio Water System (SAWS). The proposed development will generate approximately 58,320 gallons per day (average flow) of domestic wastewater based on the assumption of 240 gpd/EDU for single-family residential use (240 gpd/EDU * 243 (1 EDU per lot) = 58,320 gpd). Wastewater will be disposed of by conveyance to the existing Steven M. Clouse Water Recycling Center operated by SAWS.



GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT FORM (TCEQ-0585)

Geologic Assessment

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

For Regulated Activities on The Edwards Aquifer Recharge/transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(3), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. My signature certifies that I am qualified as a geologist as defined by 30 TAC Chapter 213.

213	3.	
Pri	nt Name of Geologist: Henry E. Stultz III	Telephone: 210-375-9000
Dat	e: March 20, 2020	Fax: 210-375-9090
3.0	oresenting: Pape-Dawson Engineers, Inc., Texas Boo ime of Company and TBPG or TBPE registration nur	
Sig	nature of Geologist:	E S. A. E. A. O. A.
	gulated Entity Name: SCHWAB TRACT	HENRY STULTZ III GEOLOGY 12121 CENSE NAL XGEO
	Date(s) Geologic Assessment was performed: Octo 14, 2017; January 22, 2020	
2.	Type of Project:	
3.	WPAP SCS Location of Project:	☐ AST ☐ UST
	Recharge Zone Transition Zone Contributing Zone within the Transition Zone	

4.	Attachment A - Geologic Assessment Table. Completed Geologic Assessment Table (Form
	TCEQ-0585-Table) is attached.

5.	Soil cover on the project site is summarized in the table below and uses the SCS Hydrologic
	Soil Groups* (Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds, Technical Release No. 55, Appendix
	A, Soil Conservation Service, 1986). If there is more than one soil type on the project site,
	show each soil type on the site Geologic Map or a separate soils map.

Table 1 - Soil Units, Infiltration Characteristics and Thickness

Soil Name	Group*	Thickness(feet)
Crawford and Bexar stoney soils (Cb)	D	2-4
Eckrant cobby clay, 5-15% slopes (TaC)	D	1-2

^{*} Soil Group Definitions (Abbreviated)

- A. Soils having a high infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
- B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
- C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
- D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
- 6. Attachment B Stratigraphic Column. A stratigraphic column showing formations, members, and thicknesses is attached. The outcropping unit, if present, should be at the top of the stratigraphic column. Otherwise, the uppermost unit should be at the top of the stratigraphic column.
- 7. Attachment C Site Geology. A narrative description of the site specific geology including any features identified in the Geologic Assessment Table, a discussion of the potential for fluid movement to the Edwards Aquifer, stratigraphy, structure(s), and karst characteristics is attached.
- 8. Attachment D Site Geologic Map(s). The Site Geologic Map must be the same scale as the applicant's Site Plan. The minimum scale is 1": 400'

Applicant's Site Plan Scale: 1" = 200' Site Geologic Map Scale: 1" = 200'

Site Soils Map Scale (if more than 1 soil type): 1" = 1000'

9. Method of collecting positional data:

Global Positioning System (GPS) technology.

Other method(s). Please describe method of data collection:

10. The project site and boundaries are clearly shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map.

11. Surface geologic units are shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map.

Geologic or manmade features were discovered on the project site during the field investigation. They are shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map and are described in the attached Geologic Assessment Table.
Geologic or manmade features were not discovered on the project site during the field investigation.
The Recharge Zone boundary is shown and labeled, if appropriate.
I known wells (test holes, water, oil, unplugged, capped and/or abandoned, etc.): If oplicable, the information must agree with Item No. 20 of the WPAP Application Section.
There are (4) wells present on the project site and the locations are shown and labeled. (Check all of the following that apply.) The wells are not in use and have been properly abandoned. The wells are not in use and will be properly abandoned. The wells are in use and comply with 16 TAC Chapter 76. There are no wells or test holes of any kind known to exist on the project site.

Administrative Information

15. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.

ATTACHMENT A

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GEOLOG	SIC ASSESS	GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT TABLE						PROJ	ECT NAME	E SC	PROJECT NAME: SCHWAB TRACT	ICT								
	LOCATION	Z					-	EATUR	FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS	CTE	RISTICS	25			EV,	EVALUATION	TION	L	HYSIC	PHYSICAL SETTING
1A	18.	-01	2A	2B	8		4		2	5A	9	7	88	88	o	L	10		=	12
FEATURE ID	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	FEATURE	POINTS	FORMATION	DIME	DIMENSIONS (FE	EET)	TREND (DEGREES)	МОО	DENSITY (NO/FT)	APERTURE (FEET)	INFILLING	RELATIVE INFILTRATION RATE	TOTAL	SE	SENSITIVITY	CATCHIN	CATCHMENT AREA (ACRES)	TOPOGRAPHY
				1		×	>	z		10						<40	0 77	<1.6	917	
S-1	29.64154	-98.38388	SH	20	Kep	12	8	2	N10E	,		6	F,0	10	30	30		×		Hillside
S-2	29.64186	-98.39164	SC	20	Kep	-	-	3					P,O	10	30	30		×		Hillside
S-3	29.63944	-98.37818	SC	20	Kep	2.9	3.6	5.5	N40E	10			N,F,O	25	65		65	×		Hillside
S-5	29.63778	-98.38456	SC	20	Kep	1.5	0.7	2.0	S20E				F,0	10	30	30		×		Hillside
9-S	29.64051	-98.38639	C	.30	Kep	4	3	10				5	N,FS	35	65		65		×	Floodplain
S-7	29.64078	-98.38456	ပ	30	Kep	11	14	24	N80E				N,FS,F	35	65		65		×	Hillside
8-S	29.63556	-98.39502	၁	30	Kep	12	20	12					N,F,V	35	65		65		×	Drainage
S-10	29.63680	-98.39364	MB	30	Kep	7.7							X,X	20	20		20			Hillside
S-11	29.63418	-98.39178	MB	30	Kep				7.6			5.	X,X	5	32	35		×		Hillside
S-12	29.63381	-98.39148	MB	30	Kep								X,X	2	32	35		×		Hilltop
S-13	29.63368	-98.39145	MB	30	Kep		T.						X,X	5	32	35		×		Hilltop
S-14	29.63329	-98.39123	MB	30	Kep								X,X	5	32	35		×		Hilltop
S-15	29.63315	-98.39134	MB	30	Kep								N,X	5	32	35		×		Hilltop
S-16	29.63321	-98.39198	MB	30	Kep		ÿ.				*		N,X	5	32	35		×		Hillside
S-17	29.63978	-98.38297	MB	30	Kep	1710			G				F,C	20	20		20		×	Hillside
S-18	29.63908	-98.37828	ш	20	Kep	<2000			N23E				ш	5	22	25			×	Drainage
S-19	29.63814	-98.38229	ш	20	Kep	<2000	9 5	24	N43E	10			ட	5	32	35			×	Hillside
S-20	29.63888	-98.38367	ш	20	Kep	<2000			N42E	10			ш	5	32	35	,		×	Hillside
S-21	29.63995	-98.38597	ц	20	Kep	<2000			N41E	10			ш	5	35	35			×	Hillside
** DATUM: NAD 83	: NAD 83	3			49								81							
					10/1			The same	1								the state of the state of the state of	-		

Cave	88
Solution cavity	20
Solution-enlarged fracture(s)	20
Fault	20
Other natural bedrock features	5
Manmade feature in bedrock	30
Swallow hole	30
Sinkhole	20
Non-karst closed depression	S
Zone, clustered or aligned features	30

Fines, compacted clay-rich sediment, soil profile, gray or red colors None, exposed bedrock Coarse - cobbles, breakdown, sand, gravel Loose or soft mud or soil, organics, leaves, sticks, dark colors

ZOOL>EX

8A INFILLING

Vegetation. Give details in narrative description

Flowstone, cements, cave deposits Other materials

I have read, I understood, and I have followed the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality's Instructions to Geologists. The information presented here complies with that document and is a true representation of the conditions observed in the field. My signature certifies that I am qualified as a geologist as defined by 30 TAC Chapter 213.

Cliff, Hilltop, Hillside, Drainage, Floodplain, Streambed

12 TOPOGRAPHY

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TCEQ-0585-Table (Rev. 10-01-10

ATTACHMENT B

SCHWAB TRACT Stratigraphic Column

Period	Epoch	Group	Formation	Member	Thickness	Lithology	Hydro- logic Unit	Hydrostratigra phic Unit	Hydrologic Function	Porosity	Cavern Development
				Cyclic and marine, undivided	80–90	Pelletal limestone; ranges from chalk to mudstone and miliolid grainstone; thin to massive beds; some crossbedding evident; a packstone containing large caprinids is present near contact with the overlying Georgetown Formations; chert is common as beds and large nodules		II	Aquifer	MO, BU, VUG, BP, FR, CV	Many subsurface; might be associated with earlier karst development
			Person	Leached and collapsed,u ndivided	70–90	Hard, dense, recrystallized limestone; mudstone, wackestone, packstone, and grainstone; contains chert as beds and large nodules; heavily bioturbated with ironstained beds; often stromatolitic; <i>Toucasia</i> sp. Often found above contact with the underlying regional dense member; <i>Montastrea roemeriana</i> and oysters rare		Ш	Aquifer	BU, VUG, FR, BP, BR, CV	Extensive lateral development; large rooms
				Regional dense	20–24	Dense, shaly limestone; oyster shell mudstone and iron wackestone; wispy iron staining; chert nodules rarer than in the rest of the chert-bearing Edwards Group		IV	Confining	FR, CV	Very few; only vertical fracture enlargement
Cretaceous	Early Cretaceous	Edwards		Grainstone	40–50	Hard, dense limestone that consists mostly of a tightly cemented miliolid skeletal fragment grainstone; contains interspersed chalky mudstone and wackestone; chert as beds and nodules; crossbedding and ripple marks are common primarily at the contact with the overlying regional dense bed	Edwards Aquifer	v	Aquifer	IP, IG, BU, FR, BP, CV	Few
				Kirsch- berg Evaporite	40–50	Highly altered crystalline limestone and chalky mudstone with occasional grainstone associated with tidal channels; chert as beds and nodules, boxwork molds are common, matrix recrystallized to a coarse grain spar; intervals of collapse breccia and travertine deposits		VI	Aquifer	IG, MO, VUG, FR, BR, CV	Probably extensive cave development
			Kainer	Dolomitic	90–120	Hard, dense to granular, dolomitic limestone; chert as beds and nodules (absent in lower 20 ft); <i>Toucasia</i> sp. abundant; lower three-fourths composed of sucrosic dolomites and grainstones with hard, dense limestones interspersed; upper one-fourth composed mostly of hard, dense mudstone, wackestone, packstone, grainstone, and recrystallized dolomites with bioturbated beds		VII	Aquifer	IP, IC, IG, MO, BU, VUG, FR, BP, CV	Caves related to structure or bedding planes
				Basal nodular	40–50	Moderately hard, shaly, nodular, burrowed mudstone to miliolid grainstone that also contains dolomite; contains dark, spherical textural features known as black rotund bodies; <i>Ceratostreon texana</i> , <i>Caprina</i> sp., miliolids, and gastropods		VIII	Aquifer, confining unit in areas without caves	IP, MO, BU, BP, FR, CV	Large lateral caves at surface

Source: Clark, Golab, and Morris (2016); Cavern development modified from Stein and Ozuna (1995). Porosity types - Fabric selective: IP, interparticle porosity; IG, intergranular porosity; IC, intercrystalline porosity; SH, shelter porosity; MO, moldic porosity; BU, burrowed porosity; FE, fenestral; BP, bedding plane porosity. Not fabric selective: FR, fracture porosity; CH, channel porosity; BR, breccia; VUG, vug porosity; CV, cave porosity.

ATTACHMENT C

SUMMARY

The Schwab Tract is located in Bexar County, Texas along Evans Road south of the intersection with Cibolo Vista. The site is currently vacant. Historical aerial photographs indicate the site was predominantly agricultural rangeland with large trees.

Based on the results of the field survey conducted in accordance with *Instructions for Geologists for Geologic Assessments in the Edwards Aquifer Recharge/Transition Zones (TCEQ-0585 Instructions)*, four naturally occurring sensitive features were identified on site. Buffers around the sensitive features were created in accordance with *TCEQ RG-348 Complying with the Edwards Aquifer Rules Technical Guidance on Best Management Practices / Chapter 5 and RG-348 Addendum*. Based on the frequency distribution of sensitive features, the overall potential for fluid migration to the Edwards Aquifer for the site is moderate.

SITE GEOLOGY

As observed through field evidence, the subject site is located within the leached and collapsed (Keplc) member of the Person formation. The Keplc is characterized by interbedded, iron-stained, massive and bioturbated limestone with abundant chert. Karst development within the Keplc is generally characterized by large sinkholes. Caves often develop as large horizontal rooms. (Clark, 2016).

The predominant trend of faults in the vicinity of the site is approximately N45°E, based on faults identified during the previous mapping of the area.

FEATURE DESCRIPTIONS:

A description of the features observed onsite is provided below:

Feature S-1

Feature S-1 is a sinkhole with organics, fine infilling and a thick soil profile that may have been enlarged by animal burrow. No rim rock or bedrock was observed. Therefore, the probability for rapid infiltration is low.

Feature S-2 and S-5

Feature S-2 and S-5 are solution cavities that have been burrowed by animals. Fine and organic soil fill the features. Due to the likely karst origin and fine soil infilling, the probability for rapid infiltration is low.

Feature S-3

Feature S-3 is a vertical solution cavity near a natural drainage. Due to the karst origin, lack of infilling, and proximity to the stream, the probability for rapid infiltration is high.

Attachment C



Feature S-6

Feature S-6 is a cave located within the floodplain. Three openings at the surface, which are connected at depth mark the entrance to the cave. The largest entrance is an approximately 3 feet long by 2 feet wide shaft that drops to a 4 foot wide by 6 foot tall shaft. Because the feature is an open vertical shaft cave located within the floodplain, the probability of rapid infiltration is high.

Feature S-7

Feature S-7 is a cave located on a hillside. The entrance is approximately 3 feet long by 2 feet wide, and is roughly shaft shaped. The shaft drops 24 feet and is 11 foot wide by 14 foot long at the bottom. Because the feature is an open vertical shaft cave, the probability of rapid infiltration is high.

Feature S-8

Feature S-8 is a cave located within a drainage channel. The entrance is approximately 3 feet long by 2 feet wide and drops 12 feet to a 12 foot wide by 20 foot long room. Because the feature is an open cave located within a drainage channel, the probability of rapid infiltration is high.

Feature S-10

Feature S-10 is a water well that is located near a dilapidated ranch home. The well is constructed with steel casing extending above a concrete slab. The well is open, and airflow was observed coming from the well. Since the well is not capped but extends above the surface on a concrete slab, the probability for rapid infiltration is intermediate.

Features S-11, S-12, and S-13

Features S-11, S-12, and S-13 are existing water wells that extend approximately 1.5 feet above ground surface. Because of the unknown ages, integrity of casings, and location of casing above the ground surface, the probability for rapid infiltration is low.

Feature S-14, S-15, and S-16

Feature S-14, S-15, and S-16 are septic tanks. Due to the non-karst origin and the likelihood that the septic system is confined to the soil horizon, the probability for rapid infiltration to the aquifer is low.

Feature S-17

Feature S-17 is an existing sewer line that is not located beneath pavement. The sewer line has been trenched through bedrock and backfilled with a mix of fine and course fill material that may be more permeable than surrounding undisturbed areas. Therefore, the probability of rapid infiltration is intermediate.



Features S-18, S-19, S-20, and S-21

Features S-18, S-19, S-20, and S-21 are intraformational faults within the Keplc. The faults were identified through aerial photographs and field evidence. Fine infilling with no evidence of increased permeability were observed at the ground surface onsite, therefore the probability of rapid infiltration is low.

REFERENCES

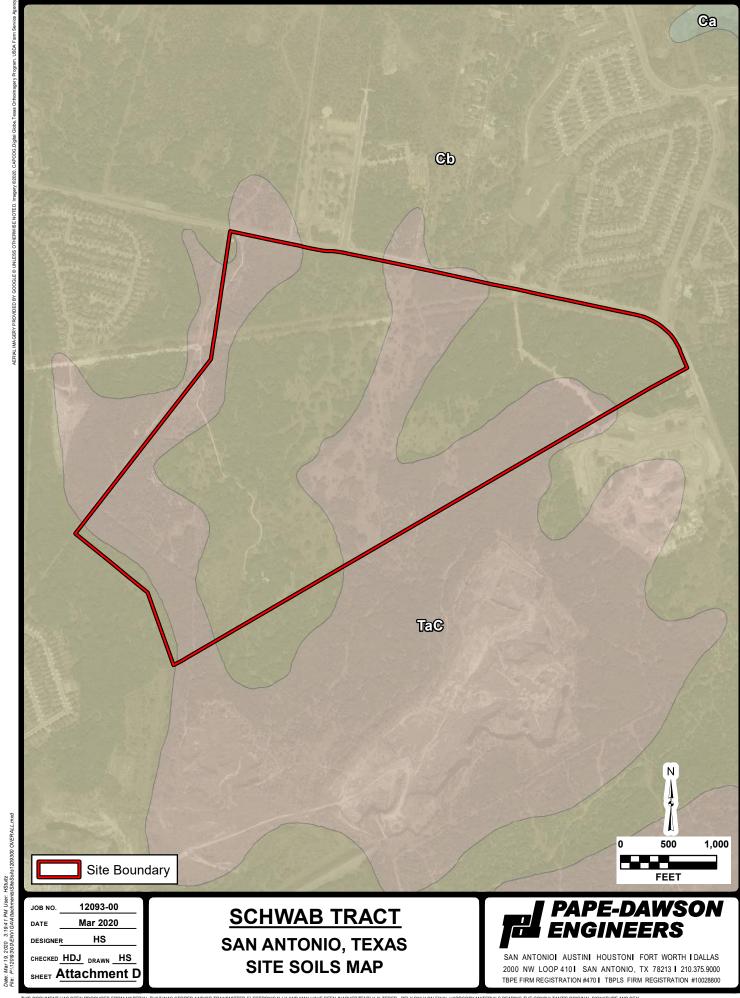
Clark, A.K., Golab, J.A., and Morris, R.R., 2016, Geologic Framework and Hydrostratigraphy of the Edwards and Trinity Aquifers Within Northern Bexar and Comal Counties, Texas: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Map 3366, scale 1:24,000, 20 p. pamphlet.

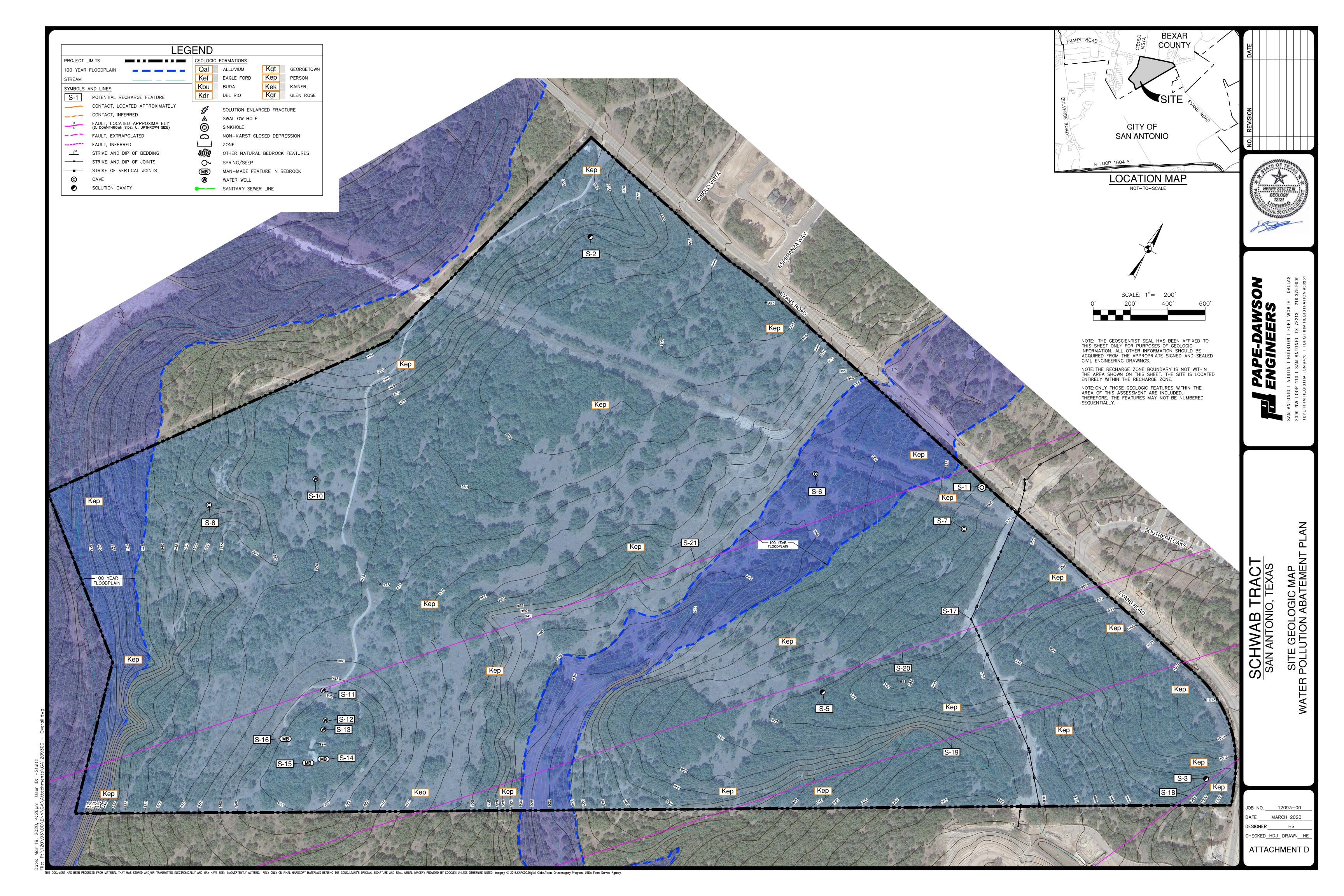
Nationwide Environmental Title Research, LLC. Historical Aerials. historicalaerials.com. Web. March 20, 2020.

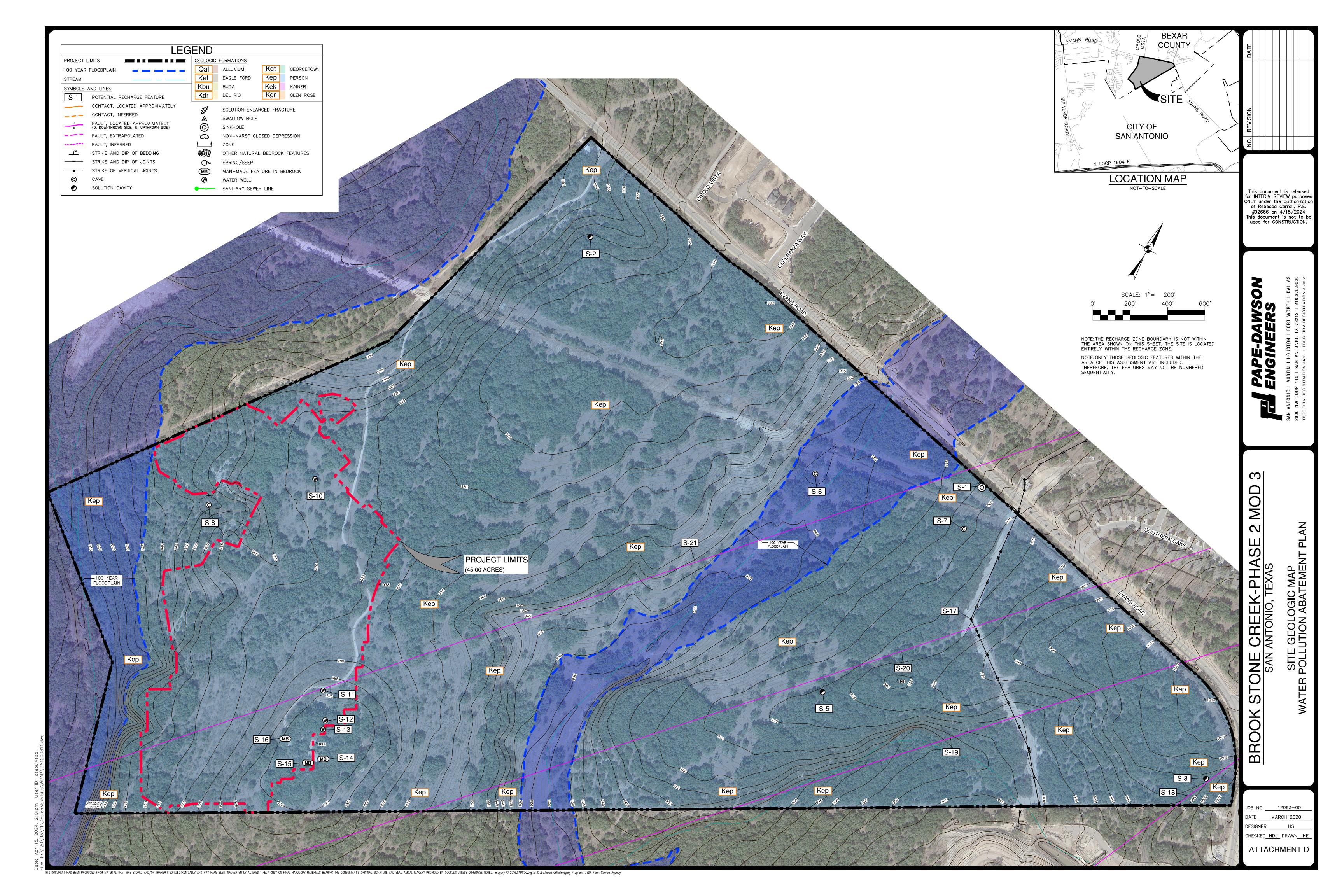
Texas Water Development Board, Wells in TWDB Groundwater Database Viewer, http://www2.twdb.texas.gov/apps/waterdatainteractive/groundwaterdataviewer, March 20, 2020.



ATTACHMENT D







MODIFICATION OF A PREVIOUSLY APPROVED WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN (TCEQ-0590)

Modification of a Previously Approved Plan

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Transition Zone and Relating to 30 TAC 213.4(j), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This request for a **Modification of a Previously Approved Plan** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The request was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Becky Carroll, P.E.

Date: <u>5/3/2</u>024

Signature of Customer/Agent:

Project Information

1.	Current Regulated Entity Name: <u>Brook Stone Creek - Phase 2 Modification 3</u>
	Original Regulated Entity Name: Brook Stone Creek - Phase 2
	Regulated Entity Number(s) (RN): 111218178
	Edwards Aquifer Protection Program ID Number(s): 13001298
	The applicant has not changed and the Customer Number (CN) is: 601213523
	The applicant or Regulated Entity has changed. A new Core Data Form has been
	provided.

2. Attachment A: Original Approval Letter and Approved Modification Letters. A copy of the original approval letter and copies of any modification approval letters are attached.

Sui	mmary	0.400	45.00
W	PAP Modification	Approved Project	Proposed Modification
4.	Physical modification Summary of Propose plan has been modified.	ation of the approved aboves ed Modifications (select plan	round storage tank system. type being modified). If the approved e appropriate table below, as
3.	Physical or operatincluding but not diversionary structure. Change in the national originally approvement to prevent plan to prevent of pollution abaten. Physical modification.	etional modification of any wat limited to ponds, dams, ber actures; ture or character of the regulared or a change which would collution of the Edwards Aqual land previously identified as ment plan;	undeveloped in the original water zed sewage collection system;

WPAP Modification	Approved Project	Proposed Modification
Summary		
Acres	<u>216.0</u>	<u>45.00</u>
Type of Development	Single-Family Residential	Single-Family Residential
Number of Residential	<u>168</u>	<u>243</u>
Lots		
Impervious Cover (acres)	<u>22.47</u>	<u>25.62</u>
Impervious Cover (%	<u>10.40</u>	<u>56.93</u>
Permanent BMPs	3-Batch Detention Basins	2-Batch Detention Basins
Other	2-Engineered VFS, 1-	5-Engineered VFS, 2-
	Interim VFS, 2-Natural VFS	Natural VFS
SCS Modification	Approved Project	Proposed Modification
Summary		
Linear Feet		
Pipe Diameter		
Other		

AST Modification	Approved Project	Proposed Modification
Summary		
Number of ASTs		
Volume of ASTs		
Other		
UST Modification	Approved Project	Proposed Modification
Summary		
Number of USTs		
Volume of USTs		
Other		
the nature of the pro	posed modification is attached.	A detailed narrative description of It discusses what was approved, roposed modification will change
the existing site dever modification is attach modification is requirement. The approved conduction any subsequent in document that the The approved conduction illustrates that the The approved conduction illustrates that the The approved conduction approved conduction approved conduction The approved conduction The approved conduction The approved conduction in the approved conduction is attachment.	lopment (i.e., current site layouned. A site plan detailing the chared elsewhere. Instruction has not commenced. In a site approval has not expired. Instruction has commenced and site was constructed as appropriate was not constructed as appropriate was that, thus far, the site was truction has commenced and strates that, thus far, the site was struction has commenced and	has been completed. Attachment C ved. has been completed. Attachment C proved. has not been completed. as constructed as approved.
provided for the new	pproved plan has increased. A G acreage. a added to or removed from the	_
needed for each affect	al and one (1) copy of the applic cted incorporated city, groundw project will be located. The TCE	

copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the office.	he appropriate regional

ATTACHMENT A

Jon Niermann, *Chairman*Emily Lindley, *Commissioner*Bobby Janecka, *Commissioner*Toby Baker, *Executive Director*



TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Protecting Texas by Reducing and Preventing Pollution

June 27, 2022

Ms. Leslie Ostrander Continental Homes of Texas, LP 5419 N Loop 1604 E San Antonio, Texas 78247

Re: Edwards Aquifer, Bexar County

NAME OF PROJECT: Brook Stone Creek Phase 2 Modification 2; Located 0.63 miles southwest of Evans Rd and Esperanza Way intersection; San Antonio, Texas

TYPE OF PLAN: Request for Modification of an Approved Water Pollution Abatement Plan (WPAP); 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 213 Edwards Aguifer

Regulated Entity No. RN111218178; Additional ID No. 13001529

Dear Ms. Ostrander:

The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) has completed its review of the WPAP application for the above-referenced project submitted to the San Antonio Regional Office by Pape-Dawson Engineers, Inc. on behalf of Continental Homes of Texas, LP on April 29, 2022. Final review of the WPAP was completed after additional material was received on June 22. 2022. As presented to the TCEQ, the Temporary and Permanent Best Management Practices (BMPs) were selected and construction plans were prepared by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer to be in general compliance with the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 213. These planning materials were sealed, signed, and dated by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. Therefore, based on the engineer's concurrence of compliance, the planning materials for construction of the proposed project and pollution abatement measures are hereby approved subject to applicable state rules and the conditions in this letter. The applicant or a person affected may file with the chief clerk a motion for reconsideration of the executive director's final action on this Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan. A motion for reconsideration must be filed no later than 23 days after the date of this approval letter. This approval expires two (2) years from the date of this letter unless, prior to the expiration date, more than 10 percent of the construction has commenced on the project or an extension of time has been requested.

BACKGROUND

The original Brook Stone Creek Phase 2 WPAP was approved by letter dated June 4, 2021, for a single-family residential development on a 216.0-acre site with 22.47 acres of impervious cover. The project proposed the construction of 168 single-family homes, amenity center, associated streets, and sidewalks. Permanent BMPs included three (3) batch detention basins, two (2) engineered vegetative filter strips (VFS's), two (2) natural VFS's, and one (1) interim VFS.

A WPAP modification was approved by letter dated November 5, 2021, for a 36.06-acre site with 12.56 acres of new impervious cover, 2.13 acres of previously approved impervious cover, and 0.24 acres of pre-rule impervious cover. Permanent BMPs included two (2) batch detention

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Ms. Leslie Ostrander Page 2 June 27, 2022

basins, one (1) engineered VFS, two (2) natural VFS's, one (1) interim VFS, one (1) previously approved VFS, and one (1) previously approved interim VFS.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The proposed residential project will have an area of approximately 57.44 acres with 0.08 acres of pre-rule impervious cover. The project will include 282 single-family homes with associated streets, access drives, and sidewalks. In addition, the previously approved interim VFS's will be replaced with new BMPs. The impervious cover will be 28.32 acres (49.3 percent). Project wastewater will be disposed of by conveyance to the existing Steven M. Clouse Water Recycling Center owned by the San Antonio Water System.

PERMANENT POLLUTION ABATEMENT MEASURES

To prevent the pollution of stormwater runoff originating on-site or upgradient of the site and potentially flowing across and off the site after construction, two (2) batch detention basins (Basins "J" and "K"), four (4) natural VFS's, two (2) engineered VFS's, and one (1) interim VFS, designed using the TCEQ technical guidance document, <u>Complying with the Edwards Aquifer Rules: Technical Guidance on Best Management Practices (2005)</u>, will be constructed to treat stormwater runoff. The required total suspended solids (TSS) treatment for this project is 23,044 pounds of TSS generated from the 28.32 acres of impervious cover. The approved measures meet the required 80 percent removal of the increased load in TSS caused by the project.

GEOLOGY

According to the geologic assessment included with the application, the development lies on the Person Formation. Six (6) non-sensitive manmade features in bedrock, one (1) sensitive manmade feature in bedrock (S-10, well), and one non-sensitive geologic feature, are located within the project limits. The site assessment conducted on June 22, 2022, revealed the site was generally as described in the geologic assessment.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

- I. This modification is subject to all Special and Standard Conditions listed in the WPAP approval letter dated June 4, 2021, and subsequent modification dated November 5, 2021.
- II. All permanent pollution abatement measures shall be operational prior to first occupancy of the homes within their respective areas.
- III. All sediment and/or media removed from the water quality basins during maintenance activities shall be properly disposed of according to 30 TAC 330 or 30 TAC 335, as applicable.
- IV. The applicant proposes to establish an interim vegetative filter strip for drainage area Q. The 2.19-acre drainage area shall have 0.43 acres of impervious cover (19.63 percent). The percent of impervious cover within this drainage area must remain below 20 percent. If the percent of impervious cover within the drainage area ever exceeds 20 percent, a WPAP modification application replacing the interim filter strip with permanent BMPs is required prior to initiating construction of additional impervious cover within the contributing drainage area to the interim filter strip.

STANDARD CONDITIONS

- 1. Pursuant to Chapter 7 Subchapter C of the Texas Water Code, any violations of the requirements in 30 TAC Chapter 213 may result in administrative penalties.
- 2. The holder of the approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan must comply with all provisions of 30 TAC Chapter 213 and all best management practices and measures contained in the approved plan. Additional and separate approvals, permits, registrations and/or authorizations from other TCEQ Programs (i.e., Stormwater, Water Rights, UIC) can be required depending on the specifics of the plan.
- 3. In addition to the rules of the Commission, the applicant may also be required to comply with state and local ordinances and regulations providing for the protection of water quality.

Prior to Commencement of Construction:

- 4. Within 60 days of receiving written approval of an Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan, the applicant must submit to the San Antonio Regional Office, proof of recordation of notice in the county deed records, with the volume and page number(s) of the county deed records of the county in which the property is located. A description of the property boundaries shall be included in the deed recordation in the county deed records. A suggested form (Deed Recordation Affidavit, TCEQ-0625) that you may use to deed record the approved WPAP is enclosed.
- 5. All contractors conducting regulated activities at the referenced project location shall be provided a copy of this notice of approval. At least one complete copy of the approved WPAP and this notice of approval shall be maintained at the project location until all regulated activities are completed.
- 6. Modification to the activities described in the referenced WPAP application following the date of approval may require the submittal of a plan to modify this approval, including the payment of appropriate fees and all information necessary for its review and approval prior to initiating construction of the modifications.
- 7. The applicant must provide written notification of intent to commence construction, replacement, or rehabilitation of the referenced project. Notification must be submitted to the San Antonio Regional Office no later than 48 hours prior to commencement of the regulated activity. Written notification must include the date on which the regulated activity will commence, the name of the approved plan and program ID number for the regulated activity, and the name of the prime contractor with the name and telephone number of the contact person. The executive director will use the notification to determine if the approved plan is eligible for an extension.
- 8. Temporary erosion and sedimentation (E&S) controls, i.e., silt fences, rock berms, stabilized construction entrances, or other controls described in the approved WPAP, must be installed prior to construction, and maintained during construction. Temporary E&S controls may be removed when vegetation is established and the construction area is stabilized. If a water quality pond is proposed, it shall be used as a sedimentation basin during construction. The TCEQ may monitor stormwater discharges from the site to evaluate the adequacy of temporary E&S control measures. Additional controls may be necessary if excessive solids are being discharged from the site.
- 9. All borings with depths greater than or equal to 20 feet must be plugged with non-shrink grout from the bottom of the hole to within three (3) feet of the surface. The remainder of the hole must be backfilled with cuttings from the boring. All borings less than 20 feet must be backfilled with cuttings from the boring. All borings must be backfilled or plugged within four (4) days of completion of the drilling operation. Voids may be filled with gravel.

Ms. Leslie Ostrander Page 4 June 27, 2022

During Construction:

- 10. During the course of regulated activities related to this project, the applicant or agent shall comply with all applicable provisions of 30 TAC Chapter 213, Edwards Aquifer. The applicant shall remain responsible for the provisions and conditions of this approval until such responsibility is legally transferred to another person or entity.
- 11. This approval does not authorize the installation of temporary aboveground storage tanks on this project. If the contractor desires to install a temporary aboveground storage tank for use during construction, an application to modify this approval must be submitted and approved prior to installation. The application must include information related to tank location and spill containment. Refer to Standard Condition No. 6, above.
- 12. If any sensitive feature (caves, solution cavities, sink holes, etc.) is discovered during construction, all regulated activities near the feature must be suspended immediately. The applicant or his agent must immediately notify the San Antonio Regional Office of the discovery of the feature. Regulated activities near the feature may not proceed until the executive director has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the feature and the aquifer from potentially adverse impacts to water quality. The plan must be sealed, signed, and dated by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer.
- 13. Four wells exist on site. All water wells, including injection, dewatering, and monitoring wells must be in compliance with the requirements of the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation under Title 16 TAC Chapter 76 (relating to Water Well Drillers and Pump Installers) and all other locally applicable rules, as appropriate.
- 14. If sediment escapes the construction site, the sediment must be removed at a frequency sufficient to minimize offsite impacts to water quality (e.g., fugitive sediment in street being washed into surface streams or sensitive features by the next rain). Sediment must be removed from sediment traps or sedimentation ponds not later than when design capacity has been reduced by 50 percent. Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals shall be prevented from becoming stormwater discharge pollutants.
- 15. Intentional discharges of sediment laden water are not allowed. If dewatering becomes necessary, the discharge will be filtered through appropriately selected best management practices. These may include vegetated filter strips, sediment traps, rock berms, silt fence rings, etc.
- 16. The following records shall be maintained and made available to the executive director upon request: the dates when major grading activities occur, the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site, and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 17. Stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, and construction activities will not resume within 21 days. When the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day is precluded by weather conditions, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable.

After Completion of Construction:

- 18. A Texas Licensed Professional Engineer must certify in writing that the permanent BMPs or measures were constructed as designed. The certification letter must be submitted to the San Antonio Regional Office within 30 days of site completion.
- 19. The applicant shall be responsible for maintaining the permanent BMPs after construction until such time as the maintenance obligation is either assumed in writing by another entity having ownership or control of the property (such as without limitation, an owner's association, a new property owner or lessee, a district, or municipality) or the ownership of the property is transferred to the entity. The regulated entity shall then be responsible for maintenance until another entity assumes such obligations in writing or ownership is transferred. A copy of the transfer of responsibility must be filed with the executive

Ms. Leslie Ostrander Page 5 June 27, 2022

director through San Antonio Regional Office within 30 days of the transfer. A copy of the transfer form (TCEQ-10263) is enclosed.

- 20. Upon legal transfer of this property, the new owner(s) is required to comply with all terms of the approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan. If the new owner intends to commence any new regulated activity on the site, a new Edwards Aquifer protection plan that specifically addresses the new activity must be submitted to the executive director. Approval of the plan for the new regulated activity by the executive director is required prior to commencement of the new regulated activity.
- 21. An Edwards Aquifer protection plan approval or extension will expire and no extension will be granted if more than 50 percent of the total construction has not been completed within ten years from the initial approval of a plan. A new Edwards Aquifer protection plan must be submitted to the San Antonio Regional Office with the appropriate fees for review and approval by the executive director prior to commencing any additional regulated activities.
- 22. At project locations where construction is initiated and abandoned, or not completed, the site shall be returned to a condition such that the aquifer is protected from potential contamination.

This action is taken under authority delegated by the Executive Director of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality. If you have any questions or require additional information, please contact Mr. Joshua Vacek of the Edwards Aquifer Protection Program of the San Antonio Regional Office at 210-403-4028.

Sincerely.

Lillian Butler, Section Manager

Lillian Buth

Edwards Aquifer Protection Program

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

LIB/jv

Enclosures: Deed Recordation Affidavit, Form TCEQ-0625

Change in Responsibility for Maintenance of Permanent BMPs, Form TCEQ-10263

cc: Ms. Becky Carroll, P.E., Pape-Dawson Engineers, Inc.

Change in Responsibility for Maintenance on Permanent Best Management Practices and Measures

The applicant is no longer responsible for maintaining the permanent best management practice (BMP) and other measures. The project information and the new entity responsible for maintenance is listed below.

Customer:					
Regulated Entity Name):				
Site Address:					_
City, Texas, Zip:					_
County:					_
Approval Letter Date:					_
BMPs for the project:					_
New Responsible Party	/:				
Name of contact:					_
Mailing Address:					_
City, State:				Zip:	-
Telephone:			_FAX:		-
Signature of New Resp	onsible Party	Date			

I acknowledge and understand that I am assuming full responsibility for maintaining all permanent best management practices and measures approved by the TCEQ for the site, until another entity assumes such obligations in writing or ownership is transferred.

If you have questions on how to fill out this form or about the Edwards Aquifer protection program, please contact us at 210/490-3096 for projects located in the San Antonio Region or 512/339-2929 for projects located in the Austin Region.

Individuals are entitled to request and review their personal information that the agency gathers on its forms. They may also have any errors in their information corrected. To review such information, contact us at 512/239-3282.

ATTACHMENT B

BROOK STONE CREEK – PHASE 2 MODIFICATION 3 Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification

Attachment B - Narrative of Proposed Modification

Brook Stone Creek – Phase 2 Modification 3 Water Pollution Abatement Plan (WPAP) proposes the construction of a single-family residential subdivision on approximately 45.0-acres within the City of San Antonio, in Bexar County, Texas. The site is located approximately 0.63 miles southwest of the intersection of Evans Road and Esperanza Way. The entire site is located within the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone. The site contains existing structures and lies within the Elm Waterhole Creek watershed and does not contain 100-year floodplain. There were no naturally occurring and four man-made sensitive feature (S-10, S-11, S-12, S-13) within the project limits of the GA.

This WPAP modification proposes additional clearing, grading, excavation, installation of utilities and drainage improvements, and construction of 243 single-family homes, with associated streets, access drives, and sidewalks. This WPAP modification modifies the Brook Stone Creek - Phase 2 WPAP, Brook Stone Creek - Phase 2 Modification, and Brook Stone Creek - Phase 2 Modification 2 by modifying the previously approved Basin K, the previously approved fifty-foot (50') natural vegetative filter strip #10, the previously approved fifteen-foot (15') vegetative filter strip #11, and fifteen-foot (15') engineered vegetative filter strip #13. The uncaptured impervious cover in watershed "W" was reduced by 0.04 acres. Watershed "T" that was treated by previously approved fifty-foot (50') natural vegetative filter strip #12 will be combined with watershed "U," which will then be treated by the modified fifteen-foot (15') engineered vegetative filter strip #13. Watershed "T" and previously approved fifty-foot (50') natural vegetative filter strip #12 will be removed and will therefore not appear on the Permanent Pollution Abatement Plan. The proposed Permanent Best Management Practices (PBMPs) for stormwater treatment are one (1) batch detention basin, one (1) fifty-foot (50') natural vegetative filter strip, and two (2) fifteen-foot (15') engineered vegetative filter strips which are designed in accordance with the TCEQ's Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) RG-348 (2005) to remove 80% of the increase in Total Suspended Solids (TSS) from the site. Approximately 25.62-acres of impervious cover, or 56.93% of the 45.0-acres project limits, are proposed for construction in this WPAP.

In Watershed "BA-K," approximately 19.82-acres of impervious cover from the houses and streets/sidewalks will be treated by batch detention basin "K". In Watershed "BA-L," approximately 2.99acres of impervious cover from the houses and streets/sidewalks will be treated by batch detention basin "L". In Watershed "P", approximately 0.14-acres of impervious cover from the houses will be treated by a fifteen-foot (15') Engineered Vegetative Filter Strip. In Watershed "R", approximately 0.86-acres of impervious cover from the houses will be treated by a fifteen-foot (15') Engineered Vegetative Filter Strip. In Watershed "S", approximately 0.07-acres of impervious cover from the houses will be uncaptured. In Watershed "U," approximately 0.35-acres of impervious cover from the houses will be treated by a fifteenfoot (15') Engineered Vegetative Filter Strip. In Watershed "V", approximately 0.48-acres of impervious cover from the houses will be treated by a fifty-foot (50') Natural Vegetative Filter Strip. In Watershed "W", approximately 0.16-acres of impervious cover from the houses and streets/sidewalks will be uncaptured. In Watershed "X", approximately 0.17-acres of impervious cover from the houses will be treated by a fifty-foot (50') Natural Vegetative Filter Strip. In Watershed "Y", approximately 0.48-acres of impervious cover from the houses will be treated by a fifteen-foot (15') Engineered Vegetative Filter Strip. In Watershed "Z", approximately 0.10-acres of impervious cover from the houses will be treated by a fifteen-foot (15') Engineered Vegetative Filter Strip. Please see the Treatment Summary table attached with this application. All PBMPs have been designed in accordance with the Texas Commission on



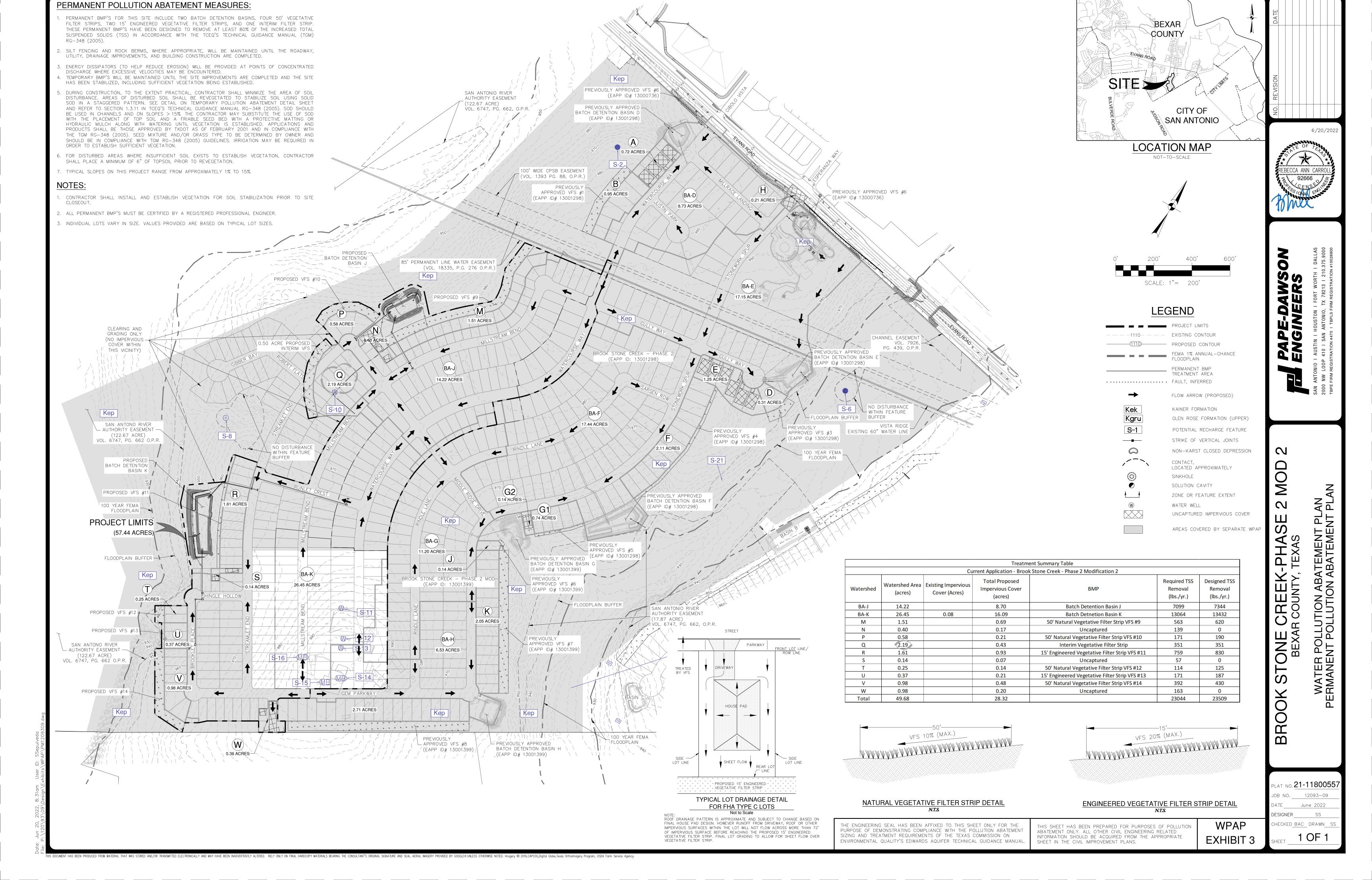
BROOK STONE CREEK – PHASE 2 MODIFICATION 3 Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification

Environmental Quality's (TCEQ) Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) RG-348 (2005) to remove 80% of the increase in Total Suspended Solids (TSS) from the site.

Potable water service is to be provided by the San Antonio Water System (SAWS). The proposed development will generate approximately 58,320 gallons per day (average flow) of domestic wastewater based on the assumption of 240 gpd/EDU for single-family residential use (240 gpd/EDU * 243 (1 EDU per lot) = 58,320 gpd). Wastewater will be disposed of by conveyance to the existing Steven M. Clouse Water Recycling Center operated by SAWS.



ATTACHMENT C



WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN APPLICATION FORM (TCEQ0584)

Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application Form** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and Executive Director approval. The form was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: <u>Becky Carroll, P.E.</u> Date: <u>5/3/2</u> 024
Signature of Customer/Agent:
Mull
Regulated Entity Name: Brook Stone Creek - Phase 2 Modification 3
,
Regulated Entity Information

- 2. Total site acreage (size of property):45.00
- 3. Estimated projected population: 4 person/home X 243 homes = 972
- 4. The amount and type of impervious cover expected after construction are shown below:

Table 1 - Impervious Cover Table

Impervious Cover of Proposed Project	Sq. Ft.	Sq. Ft./Acre	Acres
Structures/Rooftops	710,423	÷ 43,560 =	16.31
Parking	24,000	÷ 43,560 =	0.55
Other paved surfaces	381,801	÷ 43,560 =	8.76
Total Impervious Cover	1116224	÷ 43,560 =	25.62

Total Impervious Cover $\underline{25.62}$ ÷ Total Acreage $\underline{45.00}$ X 100 = $\underline{56.93}$ % Impervious Cover

5.	Attachment A - Factors Affecting Surface Water Quality. A detailed description of all
	factors that could affect surface water and groundwater quality that addresses ultimate
	land use is attached.

6. Only inert materials as defined by 30 TAC §330.2 will be used as fill material.

For Road Projects Only

Complete questions 7 - 12 if this application is exclusively for a road project.

7.	Type of project:
	 TXDOT road project. County road or roads built to county specifications. City thoroughfare or roads to be dedicated to a municipality. Street or road providing access to private driveways.
8.	Type of pavement or road surface to be used:
	Concrete Asphaltic concrete pavement Other:
9.	Length of Right of Way (R.O.W.): feet.
	Width of R.O.W.: feet. $L \times W = Ft^2 \div 43,560 Ft^2/Acre = acres.$
10.	Length of pavement area: feet.
	Width of pavement area: feet. L x W = $Ft^2 \div 43,560 Ft^2/Acre = acres.$ Pavement area acres \div R.O.W. area acres x $100 = \%$ impervious cover.
11.	A rest stop will be included in this project.
	A rest stop will not be included in this project.

12.	Maintenance and repair of existing roadways that do not require approval from the TCEQ Executive Director. Modifications to existing roadways such as widening roads/adding shoulders totaling more than one-half (1/2) the width of one (1) existing lane require prior approval from the TCEQ.
Sto	rmwater to be generated by the Proposed Project
13.	Attachment B - Volume and Character of Stormwater. A detailed description of the volume (quantity) and character (quality) of the stormwater runoff which is expected to occur from the proposed project is attached. The estimates of stormwater runoff quality and quantity are based on the area and type of impervious cover. Include the runoff coefficient of the site for both pre-construction and post-construction conditions.
Was	stewater to be generated by the Proposed Project
14. Th	e character and volume of wastewater is shown below:
<u>10</u>	0% Domestic 58,320Gallons/day % IndustrialGallons/day % CommingledGallons/day TOTAL gallons/day 243 Lots x 1 EDU x 240 gal/day/EDU = 58,320 gpd
15. W	astewater will be disposed of by:
	On-Site Sewage Facility (OSSF/Septic Tank):
	Attachment C - Suitability Letter from Authorized Agent. An on-site sewage facility will be used to treat and dispose of the wastewater from this site. The appropriate licensing authority's (authorized agent) written approval is attached. It states that the land is suitable for the use of private sewage facilities and will meet or exceed the requirements for on-site sewage facilities as specified under 30 TAC Chapter 285 relating to On-site Sewage Facilities. Each lot in this project/development is at least one (1) acre (43,560 square feet) in size. The system will be designed by a licensed professional engineer or registered sanitarian and installed by a licensed installer in compliance with 30 TAC Chapter 285.
\geq	Sewage Collection System (Sewer Lines):
	 Private service laterals from the wastewater generating facilities will be connected to an existing SCS. Private service laterals from the wastewater generating facilities will be connected to a proposed SCS.
	 ☐ The SCS was previously submitted on ☐ The SCS was submitted with this application. ☐ The SCS will be submitted at a later date. The owner is aware that the SCS may not be installed prior to Executive Director approval.

	The sewage collection system will convey the wastewater to the <u>Steven M. Clouse</u> (name) Treatment Plant. The treatment facility is:
	☑ Existing.☐ Proposed.
16.	\boxtimes All private service laterals will be inspected as required in 30 TAC §213.5.
Sit	e Plan Requirements
Item	ns 17 – 28 must be included on the Site Plan.
17. [\boxtimes The Site Plan must have a minimum scale of 1" = 400'.
5	Site Plan Scale: 1" = <u>200</u> '.
18. 1	100-year floodplain boundaries:
	Some part(s) of the project site is located within the 100-year floodplain. The floodplain is shown and labeled.
T r	No part of the project site is located within the 100-year floodplain. The 100-year floodplain boundaries are based on the following specific (including date of material) sources(s): DFIRM (Digital Flood Insurance Rate Map for Bexar County, Texas and ncorporated Areas) Panel No. 48029C0145G, Dated 09/29/2010
19. [The layout of the development is shown with existing and finished contours at appropriate, but not greater than ten-foot contour intervals. Lots, recreation centers, buildings, roads, open space, etc. are shown on the plan.
	The layout of the development is shown with existing contours at appropriate, but not greater than ten-foot intervals. Finished topographic contours will not differ from the existing topographic configuration and are not shown. Lots, recreation centers, buildings, roads, open space, etc. are shown on the site plan.
20. <i>A</i>	All known wells (oil, water, unplugged, capped and/or abandoned, test holes, etc.):
	$\overline{\times}$ There are <u>6</u> (#) wells present on the project site and the locations are shown and labeled. (Check all of the following that apply)
	 ☐ The wells are not in use and have been properly abandoned. ☐ The wells are not in use and will be properly abandoned. ☐ The wells are in use and comply with 16 TAC §76.
	There are no wells or test holes of any kind known to exist on the project site.
21. (Geologic or manmade features which are on the site:
	 All sensitive geologic or manmade features identified in the Geologic Assessment are shown and labeled. No sensitive geologic or manmade features were identified in the Geologic Assessment.

	Attachment D - Exception to the Required Geologic Assessment. A request and justification for an exception to a portion of the Geologic Assessment is attached.
22. 🔀	The drainage patterns and approximate slopes anticipated after major grading activities
23. 🔀	Areas of soil disturbance and areas which will not be disturbed.
24. 🔀	Locations of major structural and nonstructural controls. These are the temporary and permanent best management practices.
25. 🔀	Locations where soil stabilization practices are expected to occur.
26. 🗌	Surface waters (including wetlands).
\boxtimes	N/A
27. 🗌	Locations where stormwater discharges to surface water or sensitive features are to occur.
\boxtimes	There will be no discharges to surface water or sensitive features.
28. 🔀	Legal boundaries of the site are shown.
Adm	ninistrative Information
29. 🔀	Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
30. 🔀	Any modification of this WPAP will require Executive Director approval, prior to construction, and may require submission of a revised application, with appropriate fees.

ATTACHMENT A

BROOK STONE CREEK – PHASE 2 MODIFICATION 3 Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification

Attachment A - Factors Affecting Water Quality

Potential sources of pollution that may reasonably be expected to affect the quality of storm water discharges from the site during construction include:

- Soil erosion due to the clearing of the site;
- Oil, grease, fuel and hydraulic fluid contamination from construction equipment and vehicle drippings;
- Hydrocarbons from asphalt paving operations;
- Miscellaneous trash and litter from construction workers and material wrappings;
- Concrete truck washout.
- Potential overflow/spills from portable toilets

Potential sources of pollution that may reasonably be expected to affect the quality of storm water discharges from the site after development include:

- Oil, grease, fuel and hydraulic fluid contamination from vehicle drippings;
- · Dirt and dust which may fall off vehicles; and
- Miscellaneous trash and litter.



ATTACHMENT B

BROOK STONE CREEK – PHASE 2 MODIFICATION 3 Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification

Attachment B - Volume and Character of Stormwater

Stormwater runoff will increase as a result of this development. For a 25-year storm event, the overall project will generate approximately 197 cfs. The runoff coefficient for the site changes from approximately 0.49 before development to 0.69 after development. Values are based on the Rational Method using runoff coefficients per the City of San Antonio Unified Development Code.



TEMPORARY STORMWATER SECTION (TCEQ-0602)

Temporary Stormwater Section

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(4)(A), (B), (D)(I) and (G); Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Temporary Stormwater Section** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The application was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Becky Carroll, P.E.		
Date: <u>5/2/2</u> 024		
Signature of Customer/Agent:		
Mull		

Project Information

Potential Sources of Contamination

Regulated Entity Name: Brook Stone Creek - Phase 2 Modification 3

Examples: Fuel storage and use, chemical storage and use, use of asphaltic products, construction vehicles tracking onto public roads, and existing solid waste.

1.	Fuels for construction equipment and hazardous substances which will be used during
	construction:
	The following fuels and/or hazardous substances will be stored on the site: Construction Staging Area

These fuels and/or hazardous substances will be stored in:

Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of less than 250 gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year.

	 Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity between 250 gallons and 499 gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year. Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of 500 gallons or more will be stored on the site. An Aboveground Storage Tank Facility Plan application must be submitted to the appropriate regional office of the TCEQ prior to moving the tanks onto the project.
	Fuels and hazardous substances will not be stored on the site.
2.	Attachment A - Spill Response Actions. A site specific description of the measures to be taken to contain any spill of hydrocarbons or hazardous substances is attached.
3.	Temporary aboveground storage tank systems of 250 gallons or more cumulative storage capacity must be located a minimum horizontal distance of 150 feet from any domestic, industrial, irrigation, or public water supply well, or other sensitive feature.
4.	Attachment B - Potential Sources of Contamination. A description of any activities or processes which may be a potential source of contamination affecting surface water quality is attached.
S	equence of Construction
5.	Attachment C - Sequence of Major Activities. A description of the sequence of major activities which will disturb soils for major portions of the site (grubbing, excavation, grading, utilities, and infrastructure installation) is attached.
	 For each activity described, an estimate (in acres) of the total area of the site to be disturbed by each activity is given. For each activity described, include a description of appropriate temporary control measures and the general timing (or sequence) during the construction process that the measures will be implemented.
6.	Name the receiving water(s) at or near the site which will be disturbed or which will

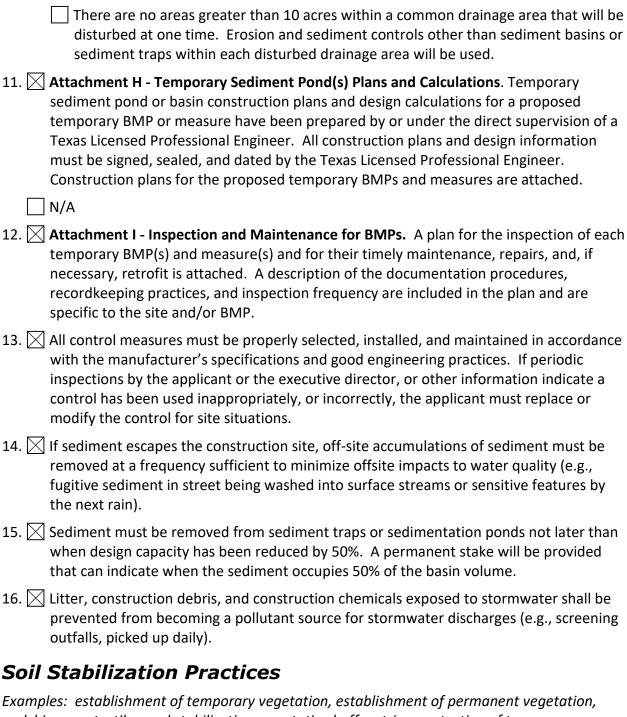
Temporary Best Management Practices (TBMPs)

Erosion control examples: tree protection, interceptor swales, level spreaders, outlet stabilization, blankets or matting, mulch, and sod. Sediment control examples: stabilized construction exit, silt fence, filter dikes, rock berms, buffer strips, sediment traps, and sediment basins. Please refer to the Technical Guidance Manual for guidelines and specifications. All structural BMPs must be shown on the site plan.

receive discharges from disturbed areas of the project: Elm Waterhole Creek

7. Attachment D – Temporary Best Management Practices and Measures. TBMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, and stormwater. The construction-phase BMPs for erosion and sediment controls have been designed to retain sediment on site to the extent practicable. The following information is attached:

	A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site.
	A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff from the site.
	A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollutants from entering surface streams, sensitive features, or the aquifer.
	A description of how, to the maximum extent practicable, BMPs and measures will maintain flow to naturally-occurring sensitive features identified in either the geologic assessment, TCEQ inspections, or during excavation, blasting, or construction.
8. 🔀	The temporary sealing of a naturally-occurring sensitive feature which accepts recharge to the Edwards Aquifer as a temporary pollution abatement measure during active construction should be avoided.
	Attachment E - Request to Temporarily Seal a Feature. A request to temporarily seal a feature is attached. The request includes justification as to why no reasonable and practicable alternative exists for each feature.
	There will be no temporary sealing of naturally-occurring sensitive features on the site.
9.	Attachment F - Structural Practices. A description of the structural practices that will be used to divert flows away from exposed soils, to store flows, or to otherwise limit runoff discharge of pollutants from exposed areas of the site is attached. Placement of structural practices in floodplains has been avoided.
10.	Attachment G - Drainage Area Map. A drainage area map supporting the following requirements is attached:
	For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a sediment basin will be provided.
	For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a smaller sediment basin and/or sediment trap(s) will be used.
	For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area
	disturbed at one time, a sediment basin or other equivalent controls are not attainable, but other TBMPs and measures will be used in combination to protect down slope and side slope boundaries of the construction area.
	There are no areas greater than 10 acres within a common drainage area that will be
	disturbed at one time. A smaller sediment basin and/or sediment trap(s) will be used in combination with other erosion and sediment controls within each disturbed drainage area.



mulching, geotextiles, sod stabilization, vegetative buffer strips, protection of trees, or preservation of mature vegetation.

17. Attachment J - Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices. A schedule of the interim and permanent soil stabilization practices for the site is attached.

- 18. Records must be kept at the site of the dates when major grading activities occur, the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site, and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 19. Stabilization practices must be initiated as soon as practicable where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased.

Administrative Information

- 20. All structural controls will be inspected and maintained according to the submitted and approved operation and maintenance plan for the project.
- 21. If any geologic or manmade features, such as caves, faults, sinkholes, etc., are discovered, all regulated activities near the feature will be immediately suspended. The appropriate TCEQ Regional Office shall be immediately notified. Regulated activities must cease and not continue until the TCEQ has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the aquifer from any adverse impacts.
- 22. Silt fences, diversion berms, and other temporary erosion and sediment controls will be constructed and maintained as appropriate to prevent pollutants from entering sensitive features discovered during construction.

ATTACHMENT A

BROOK STONE CREEK – PHASE 2 MODIFICATION 3 Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification

Attachment A - Spill Response Actions

In the event of an accidental leak or spill:

- Spill must be contained and cleaned up immediately.
- Spills will not be merely buried or washed with water.
- Contractor shall take action to contain spill. Contractor may use sand or other absorbent material stockpiled on site to absorb spill. Absorbent material should be spread over the spill area to absorb the spilled product.
- In the event of an uncontained discharge the contractor shall utilize onsite equipment to construct berms downgradient of the spill with sand or other absorbent material to contain and absorb the spilled product.
- Spill containment/absorbent materials along with impacted media must be collected and stored in such a way so as not to continue to affect additional media (soil/water). Once the spill has been contained, collected material should be placed on poly or plastic sheeting until removed from the site. The impacted media and cleanup materials should be covered with plastic sheeting and the edges weighed down with paving bricks or other similarly dense objects as the material is being accumulated. This will prevent the impacted media and cleanup materials from becoming airborne in windy conditions or impacting runoff during a rain event. The stockpiled materials should not be located within an area of concentrated runoff such as along a curb line or within a swale.
- Contaminated soils and cleanup materials will be sampled for waste characterization. When the
 analysis results are known the contaminated soils and cleanup materials will be removed from the
 site and disposed in a permitted landfill in accordance with applicable regulations.
- The contractor will be required to notify the owner, who will in turn contact TCEQ to notify them in
 the event of a significant hazardous/reportable quantity spill. Additional notifications as required by
 the type and amount of spill will be conducted by owner or owner's representative.

In the event of an accidental significant or hazardous spill:

The contractor will be required to report significant or hazardous spills in reportable quantities to:

- Notify the TCEQ by telephone as soon as possible and within 24 hours at 512-339-2929 (Austin) or 210-490-3096 (San Antonio) between 8 AM and 5 PM. After hours, contact the Environmental Release Hotline at 1-800-832-8224. It is the contractor's responsibility to have all emergency phone numbers at the construction site.
- For spills of federal reportable quantities, in conformance with the requirements in 40 CFR parts 110,119, and 302, the contractor should notify the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.
- Notification should first be made by telephone and followed up with a written report.



- The services of a spills contractor or a Haz-Mat team should be obtained immediately. Construction
 personnel should not attempt to clean up until the appropriate and qualified staffs have arrived at
 the job site.
- Other agencies which may need to be consulted include, but are not limited to, the City Police Department, County Sheriff Office, Fire Departments, etc.
- Contaminated soils will be sampled for waste characterization. When the analysis results are known the contaminated soils will be removed from the site and disposed in a permitted landfill in accordance with applicable regulations.

Additional guidance can be obtained from TCEQ's Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) RG-348 (2005) Section 1.4.16. Contractor shall review this section.



ATTACHMENT B

Attachment B – Potential Sources of Contamination

Other potential sources of contamination during construction include:

Potential Source •

- Asphalt products used on this project.
- Preventative Measure
- After placement of asphalt, emulsion or coatings, the contractor will be responsible for immediate cleanup should an unexpected rain occur. For the duration of the asphalt product curing time, the contractor will maintain standby personnel and equipment to contain any asphalt wash-off should an unexpected rain occur. The contractor will be instructed not to place asphalt products on the ground within 48 hours of a forecasted rain.
- Potential Source •
- Oil, grease, fuel and hydraulic fluid contamination from construction equipment and vehicle dripping.

Preventative Measure

- Vehicle maintenance when possible will be performed within the construction staging area.
- Construction vehicles and equipment shall be checked regularly for leaks and repaired immediately.
- Potential Source •
- Accidental leaks or spills of oil, petroleum products and substances listed under 40 CFR parts 110, 117, and 302 used or stored temporarily on site.

Preventative Measure

- Contractor to incorporate into regular safety meetings, a discussion of spill prevention and appropriate disposal procedures.
- Contractor's superintendent or representative overseer shall enforce proper spill prevention and control measures.
- Hazardous materials and wastes shall be stored in covered containers and protected from vandalism.
- A stockpile of spill cleanup materials shall be stored on site where it will be readily accessible.
- Potential Source •
- Miscellaneous trash and litter from construction workers and material wrappings.

Preventive Measure ■

Trash containers will be placed throughout the site to encourage proper trash disposal.

Potential Source • Preventive Measure

- Construction debris.
 - Construction debris will be monitored daily by contractor. Debris will be collected weekly and placed in disposal bins. Situations requiring immediate attention will be addressed on a case by case basis.



Potential Source • Spills/Overflow of waste from portable

toilets

Preventative Measure

- Portable toilets will be placed away from high traffic vehicular areas and storm drain inlets.
- Portable toilets will be placed on a level ground surface.
- Portable toilets will be inspected regularly for leaks and will be serviced and sanitized at time intervals that will maintain sanitary conditions.

ATTACHMENT C

<u>Attachment C – Sequence of Major Activities</u>

The sequence of major activities which disturb soil during construction on this site will be divided into two stages. The first is site preparation that will include installation of TBMPs as illustrated on Exhibit 1, clearing, and grubbing of vegetation where applicable. This will disturb approximately 45.00 acres. The second is construction that will include construction of homes, detention basins, construction of streets and sidewalks, landscaping, and site cleanup. This will disturb approximately 45.00 acres.



ATTACHMENT D

<u>Attachment D – Temporary Best Management Practices and Measures</u>

A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site.

No upgradient water will cross the site. All TBMPs are adequate for the drainage areas they serve.

b. A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff from the site.

Site preparation, which is the initiation of all activity on the project, will disturb the largest amount of soil. Therefore, before any of this work can begin, the clearing and grading contractor will be responsible for the installation of all on-site control measures. The methodology for pollution prevention of on-site stormwater will include: (1) erection of silt fences along the downgradient boundary of construction activities for temporary erosion and sedimentation controls, (2) installation of rock berms with silt fencing downgradient from areas of concentrated stormwater flow for temporary erosion control, (3) Installation of gravel bags and drain inlet protection at inlets and downgradient areas of construction activities for sediment control (4) installation of stabilized construction entrance/exit(s) to reduce the dispersion of sediment from the site, and (5) installation of construction staging area(s).

Prior to the initiation of construction, all previously installed control measures will be repaired or reestablished for their designed or intended purpose. This work, which is the remainder of all activity on the project, may also disturb additional soil. The construction contractor will be responsible for the installation of all remaining on-site control measures that includes installation of the concrete truck washout pit(s), as construction phasing warrants.

Temporary measures are intended to provide a method of slowing the flow of runoff from the construction site in order to allow sediment and suspended solids to settle out of the runoff. By containing the sediment and solids within the site, they will not enter surface streams and/or sensitive features.

c. A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollutants from entering surface streams, sensitive features, or the aquifer.

Temporary measures are intended to provide a method of slowing the flow of runoff from the construction site in order to allow sediment and suspended solids to settle out of the runoff. By containing the sediment and solids within the site, they will not enter surface streams and/or sensitive features.



d. A description of how, to the maximum extent practicable, BMPs and measures will maintain flow to naturally-occurring sensitive features identified in either the geologic assessment, TCEQ inspections, or during excavation, blasting, or construction.

BMP measures utilized in this plan are intended to allow stormwater to continue downstream after passing through the BMPs. This will allow stormwater runoff to continue downgradient to streams or features that may exist downstream of the site.



ATTACHMENT F

Attachment F - Structural Practices

The following structural measures will be installed prior to the initiation of site preparation activities:

- Erection of silt fences along the downgradient boundary of construction activities and rock berms with silt fence for secondary protection, as located on Exhibit 1 and illustrated in Exhibit 2.
- Installation of gravel bags and drain inlet protection at inlets and downgradient areas of construction activities, as located on Exhibit 1 and illustrated in Exhibit 2.
- Installation of stabilized construction entrance/exit(s) and construction staging area(s), as located on Exhibit 1, and illustrated on Exhibit 2.

The following structural measures will be installed at the initiation of construction activities or as appropriate based on the construction sequencing:

• Installation of concrete truck washout pit(s), as required and located on Exhibit 1 and illustrated on Exhibit 2.



ATTACHMENT G

Attachment G - Drainage Area Map

More than ten (10) acres will be disturbed within a common drainage area at one time therefore the proposed batch detention basins will be used as temporary sediment ponds until 70% stabilization is achieved at which time they will be converted to the intended batch detention ponds. Other TBMPs and measures will be used in combination to protect down slope and side slope boundaries of the construction area. All TBMPs utilized are adequate for the drainage areas served.



ATTACHMENT H

<u>Attachment H – Temporary Sedimentation Pond(s) Plans and Calculations</u>

The proposed batch detention basins will be used as temporary sediment traps during site construction for each respective watershed. The basin will be converted to permanent basins after 70% stabilization is achieved. Other TBMPs and measures will be used in combination to protect downslope and side slope boundaries of the construction area including natural vegetative filter strips, silt fence, rock berms, etc.

Prior to final acceptance by the owner, the contractor will remove trash, debris, and accumulated silt from each basin and re-establish them to proper operating condition.

Basin K

Approximately 30.04 acres disturbed x 13,794 cf/acre disturbed = 414,372 cf Volume of proposed basin exceeds requirement.

Basin L

Approximately 4.83 acres disturbed x 13,794 cf/acre disturbed = 66,625 cf Volume of proposed basin exceeds requirement.



ATTACHMENT I

Attachment I - Inspections

Designated and qualified person(s) shall inspect Pollution Control Measures weekly and within 24 hours after a storm event. An inspection report that summarizes the scope of the inspection, names and qualifications of personnel conducting the inspection, date of the inspection, major observations, and actions taken as a result of the inspection shall be recorded and maintained as part of Storm Water TPDES data for a period of three years after the Notice of Termination (NOT) has been filed. A copy of the Inspection Report Form is provided in this Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan.

As a minimum, the inspector shall observe: (1) significant disturbed areas for evidence of erosion, (2) storage areas for evidence of leakage from the exposed stored materials, (3) structural controls (rock berm outlets, silt fences, drainage swales, etc.) for evidence of failure or excess siltation (over 6 inches deep), (4) vehicle exit point for evidence of off-site sediment tracking, (5) vehicle storage areas for signs of leaking equipment or spills, (6) concrete truck rinse-out pit for signs of potential failure, (7) embankment, spillways, and outlet of sediment basin (where applicable) for erosion damage, and (8) sediment basins (where applicable) for evidence that basin has accumulated 50% of its volume in silt. Deficiencies noted during the inspection will be corrected and documented within seven calendar days following the inspection or before the next anticipated storm event if practicable.

Contractor shall review Sections 1.3 and 1.4 of TCEQ's Technical Guidance Manual for additional BMP inspection and maintenance requirements.



Pollution	e ii	Corrective Action Required	
Prevention	ted		
Measure	nspected Compliance	Description	Date Completed
	≝ 8	(use additional sheet if necessary)	Completed
Best Management Practices			
Natural vegetation buffer strips			
Temporary vegetation			
Permanent vegetation			
Sediment control basin			
Silt fences			
Rock berms			
Gravel filter bags			
Drain inlet protection			
Other structural controls			
Vehicle exits (off-site tracking)			
Material storage areas (leakage)			
Equipment areas (leaks, spills)			
Concrete washout pit (leaks, failure)			
General site cleanliness			
Trash receptacles			
Evidence of Erosion			
Site preparation			
Roadway or parking lot construction			
Utility construction			
Drainage construction			
Building construction			
Major Observations			
Sediment discharges from site			
BMPs requiring maintenance			
BMPs requiring modification			
Additional BMPs required			
"I certify under penalty of law that this document and a system designed to assure that qualified personnel propo or persons who manage the system, or those persons dire	III attach erly gath ectly resp e. I am	ns of the inspector is included in this SWP3. Imments were prepared under my direction or supervision in the rand evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inconsible for gathering the information, the information submit aware there are significant penalties for submitting false information.	quiry of the person itted is, to the best
"I further certify I am an authorized signatory in accordar	nce with	the provisions of 30 TAC §305.128."	
Inspector's Name	spector	's Signature Date	

PROJECT MILESTONE DATES

Date when major site grading activities begin: **Construction Activity Date** Installation of BMPs Dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on all or a portion of the project: **Construction Activity** <u>Date</u> Dates when stabilization measures are initiated: **Stabilization Activity** <u>Date</u>

Removal of BMPs

ATTACHMENT J

Attachment J - Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices

Interim on-site stabilization measures, which are continuous, will include minimizing soil disturbances by exposing the smallest practical area of land required for the shortest period of time and maximizing use of natural vegetation. As soon as practical, all disturbed soil will be stabilized as per project specifications in accordance with pages 1-35 to 1-60 of TCEQ's Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) RG-348 (2005). Mulching, netting, erosion blankets and seeding are acceptable.

Stabilization measures will be initiated as soon as practicable in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, and except as provided below, will be initiated no more than fourteen (14) days after the construction activity in that portion of the site has temporarily or permanently ceased. Where construction activity on a portion of the site is temporarily ceased, and earth disturbing activities will be resumed within twenty-one (21) days, temporary stabilization measures do not have to be initiated on that portion of site. In areas experiencing droughts where the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day after construction activity has temporarily or permanently ceased is precluded by seasonably arid conditions, stabilization measures must be initiated as soon as practicable.

PERMANENT STORMWATER SECTION (TCEQ-0600)

Permanent Stormwater Section

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(4)(C), (D)(Ii), (E), and (5), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Permanent Stormwater Section** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The application was prepared by:

executive director approval. The application was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Becky Carroll, P.E.

Date: 5/3/2024

Signature of Customer/Agent

Regulated Entity Name: Brook Stone Creek - Phase 2 Modification 3

Permanent Best Management Practices (BMPs)

Permanent best management practices and measures that will be used during and after construction is completed.

Δ.	pollution from regulated activities after the completion of construction.
	□ N/A
2.	These practices and measures have been designed, and will be constructed, operated, and maintained to insure that 80% of the incremental increase in the annual mass loading of total suspended solids (TSS) from the site caused by the regulated activity is removed. These quantities have been calculated in accordance with technical guidance prepared or accepted by the executive director.
	The TCEQ Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) was used to design permanent BMPs and measures for this site.

	A technical guidance other than the TCEQ TGM was used to design permanent BMPs and measures for this site. The complete citation for the technical guidance that was used is:
	□ N/A
3.	Owners must insure that permanent BMPs and measures are constructed and function as designed. A Texas Licensed Professional Engineer must certify in writing that the permanent BMPs or measures were constructed as designed. The certification letter must be submitted to the appropriate regional office within 30 days of site completion.
	□ N/A
4.	Where a site is used for low density single-family residential development and has 20 % or less impervious cover, other permanent BMPs are not required. This exemption from permanent BMPs must be recorded in the county deed records, with a notice that if the percent impervious cover increases above 20% or land use changes, the exemption for the whole site as described in the property boundaries required by 30 TAC §213.4(g) (relating to Application Processing and Approval), may no longer apply and the property owner must notify the appropriate regional office of these changes.
	The site will be used for low density single-family residential development and has 20% or less impervious cover.
	 ☐ The site will be used for low density single-family residential development but has more than 20% impervious cover. ☐ The site will not be used for low density single-family residential development.
5.	The executive director may waive the requirement for other permanent BMPs for multifamily residential developments, schools, or small business sites where 20% or less impervious cover is used at the site. This exemption from permanent BMPs must be recorded in the county deed records, with a notice that if the percent impervious cover increases above 20% or land use changes, the exemption for the whole site as described in the property boundaries required by 30 TAC §213.4(g) (relating to Application Processing and Approval), may no longer apply and the property owner must notify the appropriate regional office of these changes.
	 Attachment A - 20% or Less Impervious Cover Waiver. The site will be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites and has 20% or less impervious cover. A request to waive the requirements for other permanent BMPs and measures is attached. ☐ The site will be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites but has more than 20% impervious cover. ☐ The site will not be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small
	business sites.
6.	Attachment B - BMPs for Upgradient Stormwater.

		A description of the BMPs and measures that will be used to prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site is attached.
		No surface water, groundwater or stormwater originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site, and an explanation is attached. Permanent BMPs or measures are not required to prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site, and an explanation is attached.
7.	\boxtimes	Attachment C - BMPs for On-site Stormwater.
		 A description of the BMPs and measures that will be used to prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off the site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff from the site is attached. Permanent BMPs or measures are not required to prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off the site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff, and an explanation is attached.
8.		Attachment D - BMPs for Surface Streams . A description of the BMPs and measures that prevent pollutants from entering surface streams, sensitive features, or the aquifer is attached. Each feature identified in the Geologic Assessment as sensitive has been addressed.
		N/A
9.		The applicant understands that to the extent practicable, BMPs and measures must maintain flow to naturally occurring sensitive features identified in either the geologic assessment, executive director review, or during excavation, blasting, or construction.
		 The permanent sealing of or diversion of flow from a naturally-occurring sensitive feature that accepts recharge to the Edwards Aquifer as a permanent pollution abatement measure has not been proposed. Attachment E - Request to Seal Features. A request to seal a naturally-occurring sensitive feature, that includes, for each feature, a justification as to why no reasonable and practicable alternative exists, is attached.
10.		Attachment F - Construction Plans . All construction plans and design calculations for the proposed permanent BMP(s) and measures have been prepared by or under the direct supervision of a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer, and are signed, sealed, and dated. The plans are attached and, if applicable include:
		 ☑ Design calculations (TSS removal calculations) ☑ TCEQ construction notes ☑ All geologic features ☑ All proposed structural BMP(s) plans and specifications
		N/A

11. Attachment G - Inspection, Maintenance, Repair and Retrofit Plan. A plan for the inspection, maintenance, repairs, and, if necessary, retrofit of the permanent BMPs and measures is attached. The plan includes all of the following:
 ✓ Prepared and certified by the engineer designing the permanent BMPs and measures ✓ Signed by the owner or responsible party ✓ Procedures for documenting inspections, maintenance, repairs, and, if necessary
retrofit A discussion of record keeping procedures
□ N/A
12. Attachment H - Pilot-Scale Field Testing Plan. Pilot studies for BMPs that are not recognized by the Executive Director require prior approval from the TCEQ. A plan for pilot-scale field testing is attached.
⊠ N/A
13. Attachment I -Measures for Minimizing Surface Stream Contamination. A description of the measures that will be used to avoid or minimize surface stream contamination and changes in the way in which water enters a stream as a result of the construction and development is attached. The measures address increased stream flashing, the creation of stronger flows and in-stream velocities, and other in-stream effects caused by the regulated activity, which increase erosion that results in water quality degradation.
□ N/A
Responsibility for Maintenance of Permanent BMP(s)
Responsibility for maintenance of best management practices and measures after construction is complete.
14. The applicant is responsible for maintaining the permanent BMPs after construction until such time as the maintenance obligation is either assumed in writing by another entity having ownership or control of the property (such as without limitation, an owner's association, a new property owner or lessee, a district, or municipality) or the ownership of the property is transferred to the entity. Such entity shall then be responsible for maintenance until another entity assumes such obligations in writing or ownership is transferred.
□ N/A
15. A copy of the transfer of responsibility must be filed with the executive director at the appropriate regional office within 30 days of the transfer if the site is for use as a multiple single-family residential development, a multi-family residential development, or a non-residential development such as commercial, industrial, institutional, schools, and other sites where regulated activities occur.
□ N/A

ATTACHMENT B

<u>Attachment B – BMPs for Upgradient Stormwater</u>

No upgradient flow crosses the project limits.

The proposed Permanent Best Management Practices (PBMPs) for stormwater treatment are two (2) batch detention basins, two (2) natural vegetative filter strip, and five (5) fifteen-foot (15') engineered vegetative filter strips which are designed in accordance with the TCEQ's Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) RG-348 (2005) to remove 80% of the increase in Total Suspended Solids (TSS) from the site.



ATTACHMENT C

<u>Attachment C – BMPs for On-Site Stormwater</u>

The proposed Permanent Best Management Practices (PBMPs) for stormwater treatment are two (2) batch detention basins, two (2) natural vegetative filter strip, and five (5) fifteen-foot (15') engineered vegetative filter strips which are designed in accordance with the TCEQ's Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) RG-348 (2005) to remove 80% of the increase in Total Suspended Solids (TSS) from the site.



ATTACHMENT D

<u>Attachment D – BMPs for Surface Streams</u>

The proposed Permanent Best Management Practices (PBMPs) for stormwater treatment are two (2) batch detention basins, two (2) natural vegetative filter strip, and five (5) fifteen-foot (15') engineered vegetative filter strips which are designed in accordance with the TCEQ's Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) RG-348 (2005) to remove 80% of the increase in Total Suspended Solids (TSS) from the site.



ATTACHMENT F

<u>Attachment F – Construction Plans</u>

Please refer to the Exhibits Section of this application for the Water Pollution Abatement Site Plans.



ATTACHMENT G

BROOK STONE CREEK – PHASE 2 MODIFICATION 3 Permanent Pollution Abatement Measures

PERMANENT POLLUTION ABATEMENT MEASURES MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE AND MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

This document has been prepared to provide a description and schedule for the performance of maintenance on permanent pollution abatement measures. Maintenance measures to be performed will be dependent on what permanent pollution abatement measures are incorporated into the project. The project specific water pollution abatement plan should be reviewed to determine what permanent pollution abatement measures are incorporated in to a project.

It should also be noted that the timing and procedures presented herein are general guidelines, adjustment to the timing and procedures may have to be made depending on project specific characteristics as well as weather related conditions.

Where a project is occupied by the owner, the owner may provide for maintenance with his own skilled forces or contract for recommended maintenance of Permanent Best Management Practices. Where a project is occupied or leased by a tenant, the owner shall require tenants to contract for such maintenance services either through a lease agreement, property owners association covenants, or other binding document.

I understand that I am responsible for maintenance of the Permanent Pollution Abatement Measures included in this project until such time as the maintenance obligation is either assumed in writing by another entity having ownership or control of the property or ownership is transferred.

I, the owner, have read and understand the requirements of the attached Maintenance Plan and Schedule.

Signature

Continental Homes of Texas, L.P.

Date

INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE FOR PERMANENT POLLUTION ABATEMENT MEASURES

Recommended Frequency	Task to be Performed													
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
After Rainfall	√							1	1	1	1		1	
Biannually*	1	1	√	1	V	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

^{*}At least one biannual inspection must occur during or immediately after a rainfall event. $\sqrt{\text{Indicates maintenance procedure that applies to this specific site.}}$

See description of maintenance task to be performed on the following pages. Frequency of maintenance tasks may vary depending on amount of rainfall and other weather related conditions.

A written record should be kept of inspection results and maintenance performed.

Task No. & Description	Included in this project
1. Check Depth of Vegetation	Yes No
2. Check Depth of Silt Deposit in Basin	Yes No
3. Removal of Debris and Trash	Yes No
4. Cut-off Valve	Yes No
5. Inlet Splash Pad	Yes No
6. Underdrain System	Yes No
7. Structural Integrity	Yes No
8. Discharge Pipe	Yes No
9. Drawdown Time	Yes No
10. Vegetated Filter Strips	Yes No
11. For Pump Stations	Yes No
12. For Pump Stations	Yes No
13. For Pump Stations	Yes No
14. Visually Inspect Security Fencing for Damage or Breach	Yes No

MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES FOR PERMANENT POLLUTION ABATEMENT MEASURES

Note: Additional guidance can be obtained from TCEQ's Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) RG-348 (2005) Section 3.5.

- 1. <u>Check Depth of Vegetation</u>. Vegetation in the basin shall not exceed 18-inches in depth. When vegetation needs to be cut, it shall be cut to an approximately 4-inch height. A written record should be kept of inspection results and maintenance performed.
- 2. Check Depth of Silt Deposit in Basin. Top of cleanouts shall be set 4-inches above sand layer. When silt has accumulated to top of cleanouts, the silt shall be removed. The top two (2) inches of the sand media shall also be removed and replaced with clean, silica-based washed sand meeting ASTM C33 specifications [0.0165 inch (#40 sieve) to 0.0469 inch (#16 sieve)]. Silt/sediment shall be cleared from the inlet structure at least every year and from the basin at least every five (5) years. Any sand discolored as a result of apparent impact by petroleum hydrocarbon or hazardous materials should also be removed and replaced. Written record should be kept of inspection results and maintenance performed.
- 3. Removal of Debris and Trash. The basin and inlet structure shall be checked for the accumulation of debris and trash such as brush, limbs, leaves, paper cups, aluminum cans, plastic bottles etc. Accumulated trash and debris shall be raked or collected from the basin and inlet structure and disposed of properly. Written record should be kept of inspection results and maintenance performed.
- 4. <u>Cut-off Valve</u>. The cut-off valve shall be turned to confirm full opening and full closure. Prior to operating the valve, the valve setting shall be checked to determine the position to which the valve is to be returned (which should limit drawdown time of the basin between 24-hours and 48-hours). Count should be kept of number of turns to open and close the valve so that the valve can be reset to the starting position. Defects in the operation of the cut-off valve shall be corrected within 7 working days. A written record should be kept of inspection results and maintenance performed.



- 5. <u>Inlet Splash Pad</u>. The filter area around the inlet splash pad shall be checked for erosion and for the condition of the rock rubble. Erosion or disturbance of the rock rubble should be corrected by removing the rock rubble, restoring missing sand media to appropriate depth and replacement of the rock rubble. If the condition persists in subsequent inspections, the size of the rock rubble should be increased. Rubble should be placed to a density that minimizes the amount of exposed sand between the rock rubble. Deficiencies should be corrected within seven working days. A written record should be kept of inspection results and maintenance performed.
- 6. <u>Underdrain System</u>. The underdrain system shall be visually inspected for the accumulation of silt in the pipe system. The pipe clean-outs shall have the caps removed and visually inspected for accumulation of silt deposits. If silt deposits appear to have accumulated so as to significantly reduce the drain capacity of the pipes then maintenance shall be performed. When silt deposits have accumulated to the stage described above, the clean-outs and drainpipes can be flushed with a high-pressure water flushing process. Clean-out caps must be replaced onto the clean-outs after maintenance so as to avoid the possibility of short circuiting the filtering process. Sediment accumulation at outlet pipe or in wet well due to flushing shall be removed and disposed of properly. A written record should be kept of inspection results and the maintenance performed.
- 7. <u>Structural Integrity</u>. In addition to Items 1 through 6 the following are measures which should be reviewed during a check of structural integrity:
 - Observe the height of the confining berm for visible signs of erosion or potential breach. Signs
 of erosion should be identified and repaired immediately. Corrective measures include but are
 not limited to addition of topsoil or appropriate soil material so as to restore the original berm
 height of the sand filter basin. Restored areas shall be protected through placement of solid
 block sod.
 - Bypass of filter process. This condition can manifest itself in several ways. One way is by
 visually inspecting the clean-outs for accumulation of silt as described in Item 6. Significant
 accumulations of silt could be a sign of a torn filter fabric. Observations should be made over
 several inspection cycles to determine whether the condition persists. A second non-intrusive



way of making observations for structural condition would be to visually look for collapsed or depressed areas along the edge of the filter media interface with basin side slope. If condition exists, corrective action should be performed within 15 working days. Removal of sand and replacement of filter fabric and/or pipe and gravel may be necessary. A written record should be kept of inspection results and corrective measures taken.

- 8. <u>Discharge Pipe</u>. The basin discharge pipe shall be checked for accumulation of silt, debris or other obstructions which could block flow. Soil accumulations, vegetative overgrowth and other blockages should be cleared from the pipe discharge point. Erosion at the point of discharge shall be monitored. If erosion occurs, the addition of rock rubble to disperse the flow should be accomplished. A written record should be kept of inspection results and corrective measures taken
- 9. <u>Drawdown Time</u>. This characteristic can be a sign of the need for maintenance. The minimum drawdown time is 24 hours. If drawdown time is less than 24 hours, the gate valve shall be checked and partially closed to limit the drawdown time. Extensive drawdown time greater than 48 hours may indicated blockage of the sand media, the underdrain system and/or the discharge pipe. Corrective actions should be performed and completed within 15 working days. *A written record of the inspection findings and corrective actions performed should be made.*
- 10. Vegetated Filter Strips. Vegetation height for native grasses shall be limited to no more than 18-inches. When vegetation exceeds that height, the filter strip shall be cut to a height of approximately 4 inches. Turf grass shall be limited to a height of 4-inches with regular maintenance that utilizes a mulching mower. Trash and debris shall be removed from filter strip prior to cutting. Check filter strip for signs of concentrated flow and erosion. Areas of filter strip showing signs of erosion shall be repaired by scarifying the eroded area, reshaping, regrading and placement of solid block sod over the affected area. A written record of the inspection findings and corrective actions performed should be made



- 11. For Pump Stations. Check wet well discharge pipe to confirm flow through the pump system. If flow is not present, allow sufficient time for pump to cycle on and off. If flow does not occur, the wet well should be checked for the level of water. The wet well should be opened and the on/off float switches should be moved up and down to activate the pump. If the pump does not start, a repair technician shall be called in to repair the malfunction within 5 working days. A written record of the inspection findings and corrective actions performed should be made
- 12. <u>For Pump Stations</u>. Check the wet well for accumulation for trash, debris and silt. Trash and debris shall be removed and disposed of properly. Silt depth can be checked by probing the bottom of the wet well with a stick or PVC pipe. Silt accumulations should be removed when silt collects to a depth of three (3) inches over the entire wet well bottom. Silt can be removed by vacuum pump method. If silt buildup continues, underdrain system shall be inspected. *A written record should be kept of inspection results and maintenance performed*.
- 13. <u>For Pump Stations</u>. Visually check aboveground pump wiring and connections for damage. Damaged or loose connections should be repaired within 5 working days. *A written record should be kept of inspection results and the maintenance performed.*
- 14. <u>Visually Inspect Security Fencing for Damage or Breach</u>. Check maintenance access gates for proper operation. Damage to fencing or gates shall be repaired within 5 working days. *A written record should be kept of inspection results and maintenance performed*.



ATTACHMENT I

BROOK STONE CREEK – PHASE 2 MODIFICATION 3 Water Pollution Abatement Plan Modification

<u>Attachment I – Measures for Minimizing Surface Stream Contamination</u>

Any points where discharge from the site is concentrated and erosive velocities exist will include appropriately sized energy dissipators to reduce velocities to non-erosive levels.



AGENT AUTHORIZATION FORM (TCEQ-0599)

Agent Authorization Form

For Required Signature Edwards Aquifer Protection Program Relating to 30 TAC Chapter 213 Effective June 1, 1999

Leslie Ostrander	
Print Name	
Assistant Secretary	
Title - Owner/President/Other	
Continental Homes of Texas, L.P. Corporation/Partnership/Entity Name	
Pape-Dawson Engineers Print Name of Agent/Engineer	
Pape-Dawson Engineers	<u>.</u>
	Print Name Assistant Secretary Title - Owner/President/Other Continental Homes of Texas, L.P. Corporation/Partnership/Entity Name Pape-Dawson Engineers Print Name of Agent/Engineer

to represent and act on the behalf of the above named Corporation, Partnership, or Entity for the purpose of preparing and submitting this plan application to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the review and approval consideration of regulated activities.

I also understand that:

- 1. The applicant is responsible for compliance with 30 Texas Administrative Code Chapter 213 and any condition of the TCEQ's approval letter. The TCEQ is authorized to assess administrative penalties of up to \$10,000 per day per violation.
- 2. For those submitting an application who are not the property owner, but who have the right to control and possess the property, additional authorization is required from the owner.
- 3. Application fees are due and payable at the time the application is submitted. The application fee must be sent to the TCEQ cashier or to the appropriate regional office. The application will not be considered until the correct fee is received by the commission.
- 4. A notarized copy of the Agent Authorization Form must be provided for the person preparing the application, and this form must accompany the completed application.
- 5. No person shall commence any regulated activity on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone, Contributing Zone or Transition Zone until the appropriate application for the activity has been filed with and approved by the Executive Director.

SIGNATURE PAGE:

Applicant's Signature

415/2024 Date

THE STATE OF Wees §

County of Book §

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged to me that (s)he executed same for the purpose and consideration therein expressed.

GIVEN under my hand and seal of office on thist day of And and seal of office on thist

NOTARY PUBLIC

Typed or Printed Name of Notary

MY COMMISSION EXPIRES: 4-7-27

ROBERT ORTEGON, JR.
Notary Public, State of Texas
Comm. Expires 04-09-2027

APPLICATION FEE FORM (TCEQ-0574)

Application Fee Form

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Name of Proposed Regulated Entity: <u>Brook Stone Creek - Phase 2 Modification 3</u>											
			<u> </u>								
Regulated Entity Location: South of E		olo Vista Intersection									
Name of Customer: Continental Hom											
Contact Person: <u>Leslie Ostrander</u>		ne: <u>(210) 496-2668</u>									
Customer Reference Number (if issue		851107000 EU0000									
Regulated Entity Reference Number	(if issued):RN <u>11121</u>	<u>.8178</u>									
Austin Regional Office (3373)											
Hays	Travis	□w	illiamson								
San Antonio Regional Office (3362)											
⊠ Bexar	☐ Medina	□ U\	<i>r</i> alde								
Comal	Kinney										
Application fees must be paid by chec	ck, certified check, o	or money order, payab	ole to the Texas								
Commission on Environmental Quali											
form must be submitted with your for	ee payment . This p	ayment is being subm	itted to:								
Austin Regional Office	⊠s	an Antonio Regional C	Office								
Mailed to: TCEQ - Cashier		Overnight Delivery to: TCEQ - Cashier									
Revenues Section	1	2100 Park 35 Circle									
Mail Code 214	В	Building A, 3rd Floor									
P.O. Box 13088		Austin, TX 78753									
Austin, TX 78711-3088	(!	512)239-0357									
Site Location (Check All That Apply):											
Recharge Zone	Contributing Zone	Transi	tion Zone								
Type of Plan		Size	Fee Due								
Water Pollution Abatement Plan, Con	- 1										
Plan: One Single Family Residential D		Acres	\$								
Water Pollution Abatement Plan, Con											
Plan: Multiple Single Family Residenti		45.0 Acres	\$ 6,500								
Water Pollution Abatement Plan, Con											
Plan: Non-residential	Acres	\$									
Sewage Collection System	L.F. \$										
Lift Stations without sewer lines	Acres \$										
Underground or Aboveground Storag	e Tank Facility	Tanks	\$								
Piping System(s)(only)		Each	\$								
Exception		Each	\$								
Extension of Time	Each \$										

ignature: Sulli Sundu Date: 4/15/3034

Application Fee Schedule

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Edwards Aquifer Protection Program 30 TAC Chapter 213 (effective 05/01/2008)

Water Pollution Abatement Plans and Modifications

Contributing Zone Plans and Modifications

Project	Project Area in Acres	Fee
One Single Family Residential Dwelling	< 5	\$650
Multiple Single Family Residential and Parks	< 5	\$1,500
	5 < 10	\$3,000
	10 < 40	\$4,000
	40 < 100	\$6,500
	100 < 500	\$8,000
	≥ 500	\$10,000
Non-residential (Commercial, industrial, institutional,	< 1	\$3,000
multi-family residential, schools, and other sites	1 < 5	\$4,000
where regulated activities will occur)	5 < 10	\$5,000
	10 < 40	\$6,500
	40 < 100	\$8,000
	≥ 100	\$10,000

Organized Sewage Collection Systems and Modifications

	Cost per Linear	Minimum Fee-
Project	Foot	Maximum Fee
Sewage Collection Systems	\$0.50	\$650 - \$6,500

Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank System Facility Plans and Modifications

Project	Cost per Tank or Piping System	Minimum Fee- Maximum Fee
Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank Facility	\$650	\$650 - \$6,500

Exception Requests

Project	Fee
Exception Request	\$500

Extension of Time Requests

Project	Fee
Extension of Time Request	\$150

CORE DATA FORM (TCEQ-10400)



TCEQ Core Data Form

TCEQ Use Only	

For detailed instructions regarding completion of this form, please read the Core Data Form Instructions or call 512-239-5175.

SECTION I: General Informat	ion
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LCIIOI	1. UCI	ci ai illioi i	Itation													
		sion (<i>If other is c</i> tration or Authori	•					,	with:	tha ni	naran	a applica	ation	2)		
		ta Form should b	•						Oth		ogran	ι αμμιισο	aliOi	1.)		
	•	e Number (if iss				nk to sea		3. Regulated Entity Reference Number (if issued)								
CN 6012		,	,	for CN	or RN	numbers egistry**	s in	RN 111218178								
SECTION	II: Cu	stomer Info	ormation													
4. General C	4. General Customer Information 5. Effective				or Cus	stomer	Inforr	natio	n U	pdate	s (mn	n/dd/yyy	y)			
☐ New Cus				Update								•		Regulated	Entity Ownersh	nip
		ne (Verifiable wit											<u> </u>			
		ne submitted f State (SOS)	_	-				•					cui	rent and	active with	the
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		es of Texas, I														
7. TX SOS/CPA Filing Number 8. TX State			e Tax ID (11 digits)					9. Federal Tax ID (9 digits) 74-2791904				ts)	10. DUNS Number (if applicable)			
11. Type of Customer: Corporation				☐ Individual						Partnership: ☐ General ☐ Limited						
Government: City County Federal State Other				r	Sole Proprietorship											
12. Number									_		ender			and Opera	ited?	
0-20	21-100	<u> </u>	251-500			nd highe				es			No			
	r Role (Pr	oposed or Actual) -		the Reg		-			form.	Pleas	e chec	k one of	the i	following		
☐Owner ☐Occupatio	nal Licens	☐ Operation	tor onsible Party			wner & oluntary	•		Applio	cant]Other:				
15. Mailing Address:	5419 N	North Loop 1	604 East													
Address.	City	San Antonio	0	S	tate	TX		ZIP	7	7824	7			ZIP + 4		
16. Country	Mailing In	formation (if outsi	ide USA)				17. E	-Mail	l Add	dress	(if app	licable)				
		,	,									orton.c	con	1		
18. Telephor	ne Numbe	7		19. Ex	ctensic	on or C				Ĭ				r (if applica	ble)	
(210) 49	(210) 496-2668								() -							
SECTION	III: R	egulated En	ntity Info	rmati	ion											
		Entity Informat	-			ty" is se	lected	belo	w thi	is forr	n shou	uld be a	ССОІ	mpanied by	a permit appl	ication)
☐ New Reg	ulated Enti	ty 🗵 Update	to Regulated	Entity N	lame	L	Jpdate	to R	egul	ated l	Entity	Informa	tion			
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		ndings such														
22. Regulate	d Entity N	ame (Enter name	of the site whe	re the re	gulated	action is	s takin	g plac	e.)							
Brook Sto	ne Cree	k - Phase 2 N	Modification	on 3												

TCEQ-10400 (02/21) Page 1 of 2

23. Street Address of	N/A								
the Regulated Entity: (No PO Boxes)									
	City		State		ZIP			ZIP + 4	
24. County	-	-	.						
	E	Enter Physical L	ocation Description	on if no stre	et address	is provid	ed.		
25. Description to Physical Location: 0.63 miles southwest of Evans Road and Esperanza Way intersection									
26. Nearest City						State		Near	rest ZIP Code
San Antonio						TX		782	.66
27. Latitude (N) In Decin	nal:	29.635277	'8 28. L		ongitude (V	V) In Decir	nal:	-98.3925	
Degrees	Minutes		Seconds	Degree	S	Min	utes		Seconds
29		38	7		98		23	3	33
29. Primary SIC Code (4	digits) 30	. Secondary SIC	Code (4 digits)	31. Primar (5 or 6 digits)	y NAICS Co	ode	32. Sec (5 or 6 dig	ondary NAI	CS Code
1521	16	523		236115			23711	10	
33. What is the Primary	Business of	of this entity?	(Do not repeat the SIC	or NAICS desc	ription.)				
One phase of a sing			• •		. ,				
1		·							
34. Mailing									
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35. E-Mail Address									
36. Telepho	one Numbe	er	37. Extensio	n or Code	1	38. F	ax Num	ber (if appli	cable)
()	-						() -	
TCEQ Programs and ID orm. See the Core Data Form	Numbers instructions for	Check all Program or additional guidar	s and write in the per	rmits/registrat	ion numbers	that will be	affected by	y the updates	submitted on this
☐ Dam Safety	☐ Distric	ets		ifer	☐ Emissio	ns Inventor	y Air	☐ Industrial	Hazardous Waste
☐ Municipal Solid Waste	☐ New S	Source Review Air	OSSF		Petrole	Petroleum Storage Tank		PWS	
Sludge	☐ Storm	Water	☐ Title V Air		Tires	Tires		Used Oil	
					It was Disable				
☐ Voluntary Cleanup ☐ Waste Water		☐ Wastewater Agriculture		☐ Water Rights			Other:		
SECTION IX. Day									
SECTION IV: Pre	<u>parer 1</u>	niormation	i						
40. Name: Seth Sepulveda 41. Ti			41. Title:	Engir	neer				
			45. E-Ma	45. E-Mail Address					
(210) 375-9000) 375-9010		veda@pa	pe-daw	son.coi	n	
SECTION V: Aut	horized	Signature							
6. By my signature below, ignature authority to submi			nowledge, that the	information	provided in	this form	is true ar	nd complete,	and that I have

40 identified in field 39.

Company:	Pape-Dawson Engineers	Job Title:	Vice President		
Name (In Print):	Becky Carroll, P.E.			Phone:	(210) 375- 9000
Signature:	Phon VX			Date:	5/3/2024

TCEQ-10400 (02/21) Page 2 of 2

POLLUTANT LOAD AND REMOVAL CALCULATIONS

Project Name: BROOK STONE CREEK - PHASE 2 MODIFICATION 3

Date Prepared: 4/15/2024

Additional information is provided for cells with a red triangle in the upper right corner. Place the cursor over the cell. Text shown in blue indicate location of instructions in the Technical Guidance Manual - RG-348.

Characters shown in black (Bold) are calculated fields. Changes to these fields will remove the equations used in the spreadsheet.

1. The Required Load Reduction for the total project

Calculations from RG-348

Page 3-29 Equation 3.3: L_M = 27.2(A_N x P)

 $L_{M \, TOTAL \, PROJECT}$ = Required TSS removal resulting from the proposed development = 80% of increased load A_N = Net increase in impervious area for the project

P = Average annual precipitation, inches

lbs

Site Data: Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Project

County =

Total project area included in plan * = 45.00 acres Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plar = 0.00 acres Total post-development impervious area within the limits of the pla' =

Total post-development impervious cover fraction' = 0.57

> $L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} =$ 20906

* The values entered in these fields should be for the total project area.

Number of drainage basins / outfalls areas leaving the plan area =

2. Drainage Basin Parameters (This information should be provided for each basin)

Drainage Basin/Outfall Area No. = BATCH K

Total drainage basin/outfall area= acres Predevelopment impervious area within drainage basin/outfall are = Post-development impervious area within drainage basin/outfall are = 0.00 19.82 acres 0.66 Post-development impervious fraction within drainage basin/outfall are = lhs

3. Indicate the proposed BMP Code for this basin

Proposed BMP = Extended Detention Removal efficiency = 91 percent

Aqualogic Cartridge Filter Bioretention Contech StormFilter Constructed Wetland Extended Detention Grassy Swale Retention / Irrigation Sand Filter Stormceptor Vegetated Filter Strips Vortechs Wet Basin

4. Calculate Maximum TSS Load Removed (LR) for this Drainage Basin by the selected BMP Type.

RG-348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7: L_R = (BMP efficiency) x P x (A x 34.6 + A_P x 0.54)

where:

A_C = Total On-Site drainage area in the BMP catchment area A_i = Impervious area proposed in the BMP catchment area A_P = Pervious area remaining in the BMP catchment area

L_R = TSS Load removed from this catchment area by the proposed BMP

A_C = 30.04 acres 19.82 A_P = 10 22 acres 18872 lbs

5. Calculate Fraction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall are

Desired L_{M THIS BASIN} = 16324 lbs

> F = 0.86

6. Calculate Capture Volume required by the BMP Type for this drainage basin / outfall area

Calculations from RG-348

Pages 3-34 to 3-36

Rainfall Depth = 1.38 0.47 Post Development Runoff Coefficient = On-site Water Quality Volume = 70422 cubic feet

Calculations from RG-348 Pages 3-36 to 3-37

Off-site area draining to BMP = Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP = 0.00 acres Impervious fraction of off-site area = Off-site Runoff Coefficient = 0.00 Off-site Water Quality Volume =

14084

Total Capture Volume (required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = 84506 cubic feet



Project Name: BROOK STONE CREEK - PHASE 2 MODIFICATION 3

Date Prepared: 4/15/2024

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1. The Required Load Reduction for the total project Calculations from RG-348

Page 3-29 Equation 3.3: L_M = 27.2(A_N x P)

 $L_{M \, TOTAL \, PROJECT}$ = Required TSS removal resulting from the proposed development = 80% of increased load A_N = Net increase in impervious area for the project P = Average annual precipitation, inches

Site Data: Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Project

County =

Total project area included in plan * = 45.00 acres Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plar = 0.00 acres Total post-development impervious area within the limits of the pla' =

Total post-development impervious cover fraction' = 0.57

> $L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} =$ 20906 lbs

* The values entered in these fields should be for the total project area.

Number of drainage basins / outfalls areas leaving the plan area =

2. Drainage Basin Parameters (This information should be provided for each basin)

Drainage Basin/Outfall Area No. = BATCH L

Total drainage basin/outfall area= acres Predevelopment impervious area within drainage basin/outfall are = Post-development impervious area within drainage basin/outfall are = 0.00 2.99 0.62 acres Post-development impervious fraction within drainage basin/outfall are = lhs

3. Indicate the proposed BMP Code for this basin

Proposed BMP = Extended Detention Removal efficiency = 91 percent

Aqualogic Cartridge Filter Bioretention Contech StormFilter Constructed Wetland Extended Detention Grassy Swale Retention / Irrigation Sand Filter Stormceptor Vegetated Filter Strips Vortechs Wet Basin

4. Calculate Maximum TSS Load Removed (LR) for this Drainage Basin by the selected BMP Type.

RG-348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7: L_R = (BMP efficiency) x P x (A x 34.6 + A_P x 0.54)

where:

A_C = Total On-Site drainage area in the BMP catchment area A_i = Impervious area proposed in the BMP catchment area A_P = Pervious area remaining in the BMP catchment area

L_R = TSS Load removed from this catchment area by the proposed BMP

A_C = acres 2.99 A_P = 1 84 acres 2851 lbs

5. Calculate Fraction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall are

Desired L_{M THIS BASIN} = 2580 lbs

> F = 0.90

6. Calculate Capture Volume required by the BMP Type for this drainage basin / outfall area

Calculations from RG-348

Pages 3-34 to 3-36

Rainfall Depth = Post Development Runoff Coefficient = 0.43 On-site Water Quality Volume = 12951 cubic feet

Calculations from RG-348 Pages 3-36 to 3-37

Off-site area draining to BMP = Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP = 0.00 acres Impervious fraction of off-site area = Off-site Runoff Coefficient = Off-site Water Quality Volume =

2590

Total Capture Volume (required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = 15542 cubic feet



Project Name: BROOK STONE CREEK - PHASE 2 MODIFICATION 3

Date Prepared: 4/15/2024

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1. The Required Load Reduction for the total project:

Calculations from RG-348

Pages 3-27 to 3-30

Page 3-29 Equation 3.3: $L_{M} = 27.2(A_{N} \times P)$

whore:

 $L_{M \; TOTAL \; PROJECT}$ = Required TSS removal resulting from the proposed development = 80% of increased load A_N = Net increase in impervious area for the project

P = Average annual precipitation, inches

lbs.

Site Data: Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Project

County = Bexar

Total project area included in plan *= 45.00 acres

Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plan *= 25.62 acres

Total post-development impervious cover fraction *= 0.57

P = 30 inches

L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} = 20906

Number of drainage basins / outfalls areas leaving the plan area =

2. Drainage Basin Parameters (This information should be provided for each basin):

Drainage Basin/Outfall Area No. = EN VFS #10

Total drainage basin/outfall area = 0.41 acres
Predevelopment impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area = 0.00 acres
Post-development impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area = 0.14 acres
Post-development impervious fraction within drainage basin/outfall area = 0.34

LM THIS BASIN = 114 lbs.

3. Indicate the proposed BMP Code for this basin.

Proposed BMP = Vegetated Filter Strips
Removal efficiency = 85 percent

Aqualogic Cartridge Filter Bioretention Contech StormFilter Constructed Wetland Extended Detention Grassy Swale Retention / Irrigation Sand Filter Stormceptor Vegetated Filter Strips Vortechs Wet Basin Wet Vault

4. Calculate Maximum TSS Load Removed (L_R) for this Drainage Basin by the selected BMP Type.

RG-348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7: L_R = (BMP efficiency) x P x (A₁ x 34.6 + A_P x 0.54)

where

 A_C = Total On-Site drainage area in the BMP catchment area A_I = Impervious area proposed in the BMP catchment area A_P = Pervious area remaining in the BMP catchment area

 $L_{\rm R}$ = TSS Load removed from this catchment area by the proposed BMP

 $\begin{array}{lll} A_{C} = & \textbf{0.41} & \text{acres} \\ A_{I} = & \textbf{0.14} & \text{acres} \\ A_{P} = & \textbf{0.27} & \text{acres} \\ L_{R} = & \textbf{127} & \text{lbs} \end{array}$

5. Calculate Fraction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall area

Desired L_{M THIS BASIN} = 127 lbs.



^{*} The values entered in these fields should be for the total project area.

Project Name: BROOK STONE CREEK - PHASE 2 MODIFICATION 3

Date Prepared: 4/15/2024

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1. The Required Load Reduction for the total project:

Calculations from RG-348

Pages 3-27 to 3-30

Page 3-29 Equation 3.3: $L_{M} = 27.2(A_{N} \times P)$

whore

 $L_{M \; TOTAL \; PROJECT}$ = Required TSS removal resulting from the proposed development = 80% of increased load A_N = Net increase in impervious area for the project

P = Average annual precipitation, inches

lbs.

20906

Site Data: Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Project

County = Bexar

Total project area included in plan *= 45.00 acres

Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plan *= 0.00 acres

Total post-development impervious cover fraction *= 0.57

P = 30 inches

* The values entered in these fields should be for the total project area.

Number of drainage basins / outfalls areas leaving the plan area =

2. Drainage Basin Parameters (This information should be provided for each basin):

Drainage Basin/Outfall Area No. = EN VFS #11

L_M TOTAL PROJECT =

Total drainage basin/outfall area = 1.52 acres
Predevelopment impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area = 0.00 acres
Post-development impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area = 0.86 acres
Post-development impervious fraction within drainage basin/outfall area = 0.57

LM THIS BASIN = 702 lbs.

3. Indicate the proposed BMP Code for this basin.

Proposed BMP = Vegetated Filter Strips
Removal efficiency = 85 percent

Aqualogic Cartridge Filter Bioretention Contech StormFilter Constructed Wetland Extended Detention Grassy Swale Retention / Irrigation Sand Filter Stormceptor Vegetated Filter Strips Vortechs Wet Basin Wet Vault

4. Calculate Maximum TSS Load Removed (L_R) for this Drainage Basin by the selected BMP Type.

RG-348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7: L_R = (BMP efficiency) x P x (A₁ x 34.6 + A_P x 0.54)

where

 A_C = Total On-Site drainage area in the BMP catchment area A_I = Impervious area proposed in the BMP catchment area A_P = Pervious area remaining in the BMP catchment area

 $L_{\rm R}$ = TSS Load removed from this catchment area by the proposed BMP

5. Calculate Fraction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall area

Desired L_{M THIS BASIN} = 768 lbs.



Project Name: BROOK STONE CREEK - PHASE 2 MODIFICATION 3

Date Prepared: 4/15/2024

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1. The Required Load Reduction for the total project:

Calculations from RG-348

Pages 3-27 to 3-30

Page 3-29 Equation 3.3: $L_M = 27.2(A_N \times P)$

Post-dev

L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} = Required TSS removal resulting from the proposed development = 80% of increased load A_N = Net increase in impervious area for the project

P = Average annual precipitation, inches

lbs.

20906

Site Data: Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Project

Total project area included in plan 45.00 acres Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plan 0.00 acres Total post-development impervious area within the limits of the plan * = Total post-development impervious cover fraction * = acres 0.57 P:

L_M TOTAL PROJECT = * The values entered in these fields should be for the total project area.

Number of drainage basins / outfalls areas leaving the plan area =

2. Drainage Basin Parameters (This information should be provided for each basin):

	UNCAP 1	Drainage Basin/Outfall Area No. =
acres	0.14	Total drainage basin/outfall area =
acres	0.00	Predevelopment impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area =
acres	0.07	Post-development impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area =
	0.50	ost-development impervious fraction within drainage basin/outfall area =
lbs.	57	LATUIC DACIN =

3. Indicate the proposed BMP Code for this basin.

Proposed BMP = Vegetated Filter Strips Removal efficiency = 85 percent

Aqualogic Cartridge Filter Bioretention Contech StormFilter Constructed Wetland Extended Detention Grassy Swale Retention / Irrigation Sand Filter Stormceptor Vegetated Filter Strips Vortechs Wet Basin Wet Vault

4. Calculate Maximum TSS Load Removed (L_R) for this Drainage Basin by the selected BMP Type.

RG-348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7: L_R = (BMP efficiency) x P x (A₁ x 34.6 + A_P x 0.54)

where

 ${\rm A}_{\rm C}$ = Total On-Site drainage area in the BMP catchment area A_I = Impervious area proposed in the BMP catchment area A_P = Pervious area remaining in the BMP catchment area

L_R = TSS Load removed from this catchment area by the proposed BMP

0.14 acres A_I = 0.07 acres 0.07 acres 63 lbs

0.00

5. Calculate Fraction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall area

Desired L_{M THIS BASIN} = 0 lbs.



Project Name: BROOK STONE CREEK - PHASE 2 MODIFICATION 3

Date Prepared: 4/15/2024

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1. The Required Load Reduction for the total project:

Calculations from RG-348

Pages 3-27 to 3-30

Page 3-29 Equation 3.3: $L_M = 27.2(A_N \times P)$

......

 $L_{M \; TOTAL \; PROJECT}$ = Required TSS removal resulting from the proposed development = 80% of increased load A_N = Net increase in impervious area for the project

P = Average annual precipitation, inches

lbs.

Site Data: Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Project

County = Bexar

Total project area included in plan *= 45.00 acres

Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plan *= 0.00 acres

Total post-development impervious cover fraction *= 0.57

P = 30 inches

L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} = 20906

Number of drainage basins / outfalls areas leaving the plan area =

2. Drainage Basin Parameters (This information should be provided for each basin):

Drainage Basin/Outfall Area No. = EN VFS #13

Total drainage basin/outfall area = 0.62 acres
Predevelopment impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area = 0.00 acres
Post-development impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area = 0.35 acres
Post-development impervious fraction within drainage basin/outfall area = 0.56

LM THIS BASIN = 286 lbs.

3. Indicate the proposed BMP Code for this basin.

Proposed BMP = Vegetated Filter Strips
Removal efficiency = 85 percent

Aqualogic Cartridge Filter Bioretention Contech StormFilter Constructed Wetland Extended Detention Grassy Swale Retention / Irrigation Sand Filter Stormceptor Vegetated Filter Strips Vortechs Wet Basin Wet Vault

4. Calculate Maximum TSS Load Removed (L_R) for this Drainage Basin by the selected BMP Type.

RG-348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7: L_R = (BMP efficiency) x P x (A₁ x 34.6 + A_P x 0.54)

where

 A_C = Total On-Site drainage area in the BMP catchment area A_I = Impervious area proposed in the BMP catchment area A_P = Pervious area remaining in the BMP catchment area

 L_R = TSS Load removed from this catchment area by the proposed BMP

 $\begin{array}{lll} A_{C} = & \mbox{0.62} & \mbox{acres} \\ A_{I} = & \mbox{0.35} & \mbox{acres} \\ A_{P} = & \mbox{0.27} & \mbox{acres} \\ L_{R} = & \mbox{313} & \mbox{lbs} \end{array}$

5. Calculate Fraction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall area

Desired L_{M THIS BASIN} = 313 lbs.



^{*} The values entered in these fields should be for the total project area.

Project Name: BROOK STONE CREEK - PHASE 2 MODIFICATION 3

Date Prepared: 4/15/2024

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1. The Required Load Reduction for the total project:

Calculations from RG-348

Pages 3-27 to 3-30

Page 3-29 Equation 3.3: $L_M = 27.2(A_N \times P)$

where.

Pre Post $L_{M \ TOTAL \ PROJECT}$ = Required TSS removal resulting from the proposed development = 80% of increased load A_{N} = Net increase in impervious area for the project

P = Average annual precipitation, inches

lbs.

Site Data: Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Project

County = Bexar

Total project area included in plan *= 45.00 acres

Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plan *= 25.62 acres

Total post-development impervious cover fraction *= 0.57

P = 30 inches

L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} = 20906

Number of drainage basins / outfalls areas leaving the plan area =

2. Drainage Basin Parameters (This information should be provided for each basin):

	Drainage Basin/Outfall Area No. :	= VFS	5 #14	
	Total drainage basin/outfall area =	= 0.	.98	acres
edevelopment impervious are	ea within drainage basin/outfall area	= 0.	.00	acres
t-development impervious are	ea within drainage basin/outfall area	= 0	.48	acres
evelopment impervious fraction	on within drainage basin/outfall area	= 0	.49	
	L _{M THIS BASIN} =	= 3	92	lbs.

3. Indicate the proposed BMP Code for this basin.

Proposed BMP = Vegetated Filter Strips
Removal efficiency = 85 percent

Aqualogic Cartridge Filter Bioretention Contech StormFilter Constructed Wetland Extended Detention Grassy Swale Retention / Irrigation Sand Filter Stormceptor Vegetated Filter Strips Vortechs Wet Basin Wet Vault

$\underline{\text{4. Calculate Maximum TSS Load Removed (L}_{R}\text{) for this Drainage Basin by the selected BMP Type.}\\$

RG-348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7: L_R = (BMP efficiency) x P x (A₁ x 34.6 + A_P x 0.54)

where

 A_C = Total On-Site drainage area in the BMP catchment area A_I = Impervious area proposed in the BMP catchment area A_P = Pervious area remaining in the BMP catchment area

 L_R = TSS Load removed from this catchment area by the proposed BMP

 $\begin{array}{lll} A_{C} = & 0.98 & \text{acres} \\ A_{I} = & 0.48 & \text{acres} \\ A_{P} = & 0.50 & \text{acres} \\ L_{R} = & 430 & \text{lbs} \end{array}$

1.00

5. Calculate Fraction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall area

Desired L_{M THIS BASIN} = 430 lbs.



^{*} The values entered in these fields should be for the total project area.

Project Name: BROOK STONE CREEK - PHASE 2 MODIFICATION 3

Date Prepared: 4/15/2024

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Characters shown in black (Bold) are calculated fields. Changes to these fields will remove the equations used in the spreadsheet.

1. The Required Load Reduction for the total project:

Calculations from RG-348

Pages 3-27 to 3-30

Page 3-29 Equation 3.3: L_M = 27.2(A_N x P)

whore

 $L_{M \; TOTAL \; PROJECT}$ = Required TSS removal resulting from the proposed development = 80% of increased load A_N = Net increase in impervious area for the project

P = Average annual precipitation, inches

Site Data: Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Project

County = Bexar
Total project area included in plan *= 45.00 acres
Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plan *= 25.62 acres
Total post-development impervious cover fraction *= 0.57

Total post-development impervious cover fraction *= 30 inches

L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} = 20906 lbs.

Number of drainage basins / outfalls areas leaving the plan area =

2. Drainage Basin Parameters (This information should be provided for each basin):

Drainage Basin/Outfall Area No.	=	UNCAP 2	
Total drainage basin/outfall area	=	0.33	acres
Predevelopment impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area	=	0.00	acres
Post-development impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area	=	0.16	acres
Post-development impervious fraction within drainage basin/outfall area	=	0.48	
L _{M THIS BASIN} =	=	131	lbs.

3. Indicate the proposed BMP Code for this basin.

Proposed BMP = Vegetated Filter Strips
Removal efficiency = 85 percent

Aqualogic Cartridge Filter Bioretention Contech StormFilter Constructed Wetland Extended Detention Grassy Swale Retention / Irrigation Sand Filter Stormceptor Vegetated Filter Strips Vortechs Wet Basin Wet Vault

$\underline{\text{4. Calculate Maximum TSS Load Removed (L}_{R}\text{) for this Drainage Basin by the selected BMP Type.}}$

RG-348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7: L_R = (BMP efficiency) x P x (A₁ x 34.6 + A_P x 0.54)

where

 A_C = Total On-Site drainage area in the BMP catchment area A_I = Impervious area proposed in the BMP catchment area A_P = Pervious area remaining in the BMP catchment area

L_R = TSS Load removed from this catchment area by the proposed BMP

 $\begin{array}{llll} A_{C} = & & 0.33 & & \text{acres} \\ A_{I} = & & 0.16 & & \text{acres} \\ A_{P} = & & 0.17 & & \text{acres} \\ L_{R} = & & 144 & & \text{lbs} \end{array}$

5. Calculate Fraction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall area

Desired L_{M THIS BASIN} = 0 lbs.

F = 0.00



^{*} The values entered in these fields should be for the total project area.

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Calculations from RG-348

Pages 3-27 to 3-30

Page 3-29 Equation 3.3: $L_M = 27.2(A_N \times P)$

.

Pre Post-Post-dev $L_{M \; TOTAL \; PROJECT}$ = Required TSS removal resulting from the proposed development = 80% of increased load A_N = Net increase in impervious area for the project

P = Average annual precipitation, inches

lbs.

20906

Site Data: Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Project

County = Bexar

Total project area included in plan *= 45.00 acres

Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plan *= 25.62 acres

Total post-development impervious cover fraction *= 0.57

P = 30 inches

L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} =

* The values entered in these fields should be for the total project area.

Number of drainage basins / outfalls areas leaving the plan area =

2. Drainage Basin Parameters (This information should be provided for each basin):

	Drainage Basin/Outfall Area No.	=	VFS #15	
	Total drainage basin/outfall area	=	0.34	acres
edevelopment impervious are	ea within drainage basin/outfall area	=	0.00	acres
-development impervious are	ea within drainage basin/outfall area	=	0.17	acres
velopment impervious fraction	on within drainage basin/outfall area	=	0.50	
	L _{M THIS BASIN}	=	139	lbs.

3. Indicate the proposed BMP Code for this basin.

Proposed BMP = Vegetated Filter Strips
Removal efficiency = 85 percent

Aqualogic Cartridge Filter Bioretention Contech StormFilter Constructed Wetland Extended Detention Grassy Swale Retention / Irrigation Sand Filter Stormceptor Vegetated Filter Strips Vortechs Wet Basin Wet Vault

4. Calculate Maximum TSS Load Removed (L_R) for this Drainage Basin by the selected BMP Type.

RG-348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7: L_R = (BMP efficiency) x P x (A₁ x 34.6 + A_P x 0.54)

where

 A_C = Total On-Site drainage area in the BMP catchment area A_I = Impervious area proposed in the BMP catchment area A_P = Pervious area remaining in the BMP catchment area

 $L_{\rm R}$ = TSS Load removed from this catchment area by the proposed BMP

 $A_C = {f 0.34} \ {f acres} \ A_I = {f 0.17} \ {f acres} \ A_P = {f 0.17} \ {f acres} \ L_R = {f 152} \ {f lbs}$

5. Calculate Fraction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall area

Desired L_{M THIS BASIN} = 152 lbs.



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1. The Required Load Reduction for the total project:

Calculations from RG-348

Pages 3-27 to 3-30

Page 3-29 Equation 3.3: $L_M = 27.2(A_N \times P)$

......

 $L_{M \; TOTAL \; PROJECT}$ = Required TSS removal resulting from the proposed development = 80% of increased load A_{N} = Net increase in impervious area for the project

P = Average annual precipitation, inches

Site Data: Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Project

County = Bexar
Total project area included in plan *= 45.00 acres
Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plan *= 25.62 acres
Total post-development impervious cover fraction *= 0.57

Total post-development impervious cover fraction *= 30 inches

L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} = 20906 lbs.

Number of drainage basins / outfalls areas leaving the plan area =

2. Drainage Basin Parameters (This information should be provided for each basin):

Drainage Basin/Outfall Area No. = EN VFS # 16

Total drainage basin/outfall area = 0.93 acres
Predevelopment impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area = 0.00 acres
Post-development impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area = 0.48 acres
Post-development impervious fraction within drainage basin/outfall area = 0.52

| Maturis Basin = 392 | Ibs. |

3. Indicate the proposed BMP Code for this basin.

Proposed BMP = Vegetated Filter Strips
Removal efficiency = 85 percent

Aqualogic Cartridge Filter Bioretention Contech StormFilter Constructed Wetland Extended Detention Grassy Swale Retention / Irrigation Sand Filter Stormceptor Vegetated Filter Strips Vortechs Wet Basin Wet Vault

4. Calculate Maximum TSS Load Removed (L_R) for this Drainage Basin by the selected BMP Type.

RG-348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7: L_R = (BMP efficiency) x P x (A₁ x 34.6 + A_P x 0.54)

where

 A_C = Total On-Site drainage area in the BMP catchment area A_I = Impervious area proposed in the BMP catchment area A_P = Pervious area remaining in the BMP catchment area

 $L_{\rm R}$ = TSS Load removed from this catchment area by the proposed BMP

 $\begin{array}{llll} A_C = & 0.93 & \text{acres} \\ A_I = & 0.48 & \text{acres} \\ A_P = & 0.45 & \text{acres} \\ L_R = & 430 & \text{lbs} \end{array}$

5. Calculate Fraction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall area

Desired L_{M THIS BASIN} = 430 lbs.



^{*} The values entered in these fields should be for the total project area.

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1. The Required Load Reduction for the total project:

Calculations from RG-348

Pages 3-27 to 3-30

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 $L_{M \; TOTAL \; PROJECT}$ = Required TSS removal resulting from the proposed development = 80% of increased load A_{N} = Net increase in impervious area for the project

P = Average annual precipitation, inches

Site Data: Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Project

Total project area included in plan *= 45.00 acres
Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plan *= 0.00 acres

Total post-development impervious area within the limits of the plan *= 25.62 acres

Total post-development impervious cover fraction *= 0.57
P = 30 inches

* The values entered in these fields should be for the total project area.

Number of drainage basins / outfalls areas leaving the plan area =

2. Drainage Basin Parameters (This information should be provided for each basin):

Drainage Basin/Outfall Area No. = EN VFS #17

Total drainage basin/outfall area = 0.33 acres
Predevelopment impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area = 0.00 acres
Post-development impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area = 0.10 acres
Post-development impervious fraction within drainage basin/outfall area = 0.30

LMITHIG BASIN = 82 lbs.

3. Indicate the proposed BMP Code for this basin.

Proposed BMP = Vegetated Filter Strips
Removal efficiency = 85 percent

Aqualogic Cartridge Filter Bioretention Contech StormFilter Constructed Wetland Extended Detention Grassy Swale Retention / Irrigation Sand Filter Stormceptor Vegetated Filter Strips Vortechs Wet Basin Wet Vault

$\underline{\text{4. Calculate Maximum TSS Load Removed (L}_{R}\text{) for this Drainage Basin by the selected BMP Type.}}$

RG-348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7: L_R = (BMP efficiency) x P x (A₁ x 34.6 + A_P x 0.54)

where

 A_C = Total On-Site drainage area in the BMP catchment area A_I = Impervious area proposed in the BMP catchment area A_P = Pervious area remaining in the BMP catchment area

 $L_{\rm R}$ = TSS Load removed from this catchment area by the proposed BMP

 $\begin{array}{lll} A_C = & {\color{red} 0.33} & {\rm acres} \\ A_I = & {\color{red} 0.10} & {\rm acres} \\ A_P = & {\color{red} 0.23} & {\rm acres} \\ L_R = & {\color{red} 91} & {\rm lbs} \end{array}$

5. Calculate Fraction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall area

Desired L_{M THIS BASIN} = 91 lbs.



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Page 3-29 Equation 3.3: L_M = 27.2(A_N x P)

whore

 $L_{\text{M TOTAL PROJECT}}$ = Required TSS removal resulting from the proposed development = 80% of increased load A_{N} = Net increase in impervious area for the project

P = Average annual precipitation, inches

Site Data: Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Project

County = Bexar
Total project area included in plan *= 45.00 acres
Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plan *= 25.62 acres
Total post-development impervious cover fraction *= 0.57
P = 30 inches

L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} = 20906 lbs.

Number of drainage basins / outfalls areas leaving the plan area =

2. Drainage Basin Parameters (This information should be provided for each basin):

Drainage Basin/Outfall Area No. =	UNCAP 3	
Total drainage basin/outfall area =	0.03	acres
Predevelopment impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area =	0.00	
		acres
Post-development impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area =	0.00	acres
Post-development impervious fraction within drainage basin/outfall area =	0.00	
L _{M THIS BASIN} =	0	lbs.

3. Indicate the proposed BMP Code for this basin.

Proposed BMP = Vegetated Filter Strips
Removal efficiency = 85 percent

Aqualogic Cartridge Filter Bioretention Contech StormFilter Constructed Wetland Extended Detention Grassy Swale Retention / Irrigation Sand Filter Stormceptor Vegetated Filter Strips Vortechs Wet Basin Wet Vault

$\underline{\text{4. Calculate Maximum TSS Load Removed (L}_{R}\text{) for this Drainage Basin by the selected BMP Type.}}$

RG-348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7: L_R = (BMP efficiency) x P x (A₁ x 34.6 + A_P x 0.54)

where

 A_C = Total On-Site drainage area in the BMP catchment area A_I = Impervious area proposed in the BMP catchment area A_P = Pervious area remaining in the BMP catchment area

 L_R = TSS Load removed from this catchment area by the proposed BMP

 $\begin{array}{lll} A_C = & \textbf{0.03} & \text{acres} \\ A_I = & \textbf{0.00} & \text{acres} \\ A_P = & \textbf{0.03} & \text{acres} \\ L_R = & \textbf{0} & \text{lbs} \end{array}$

5. Calculate Fraction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall area

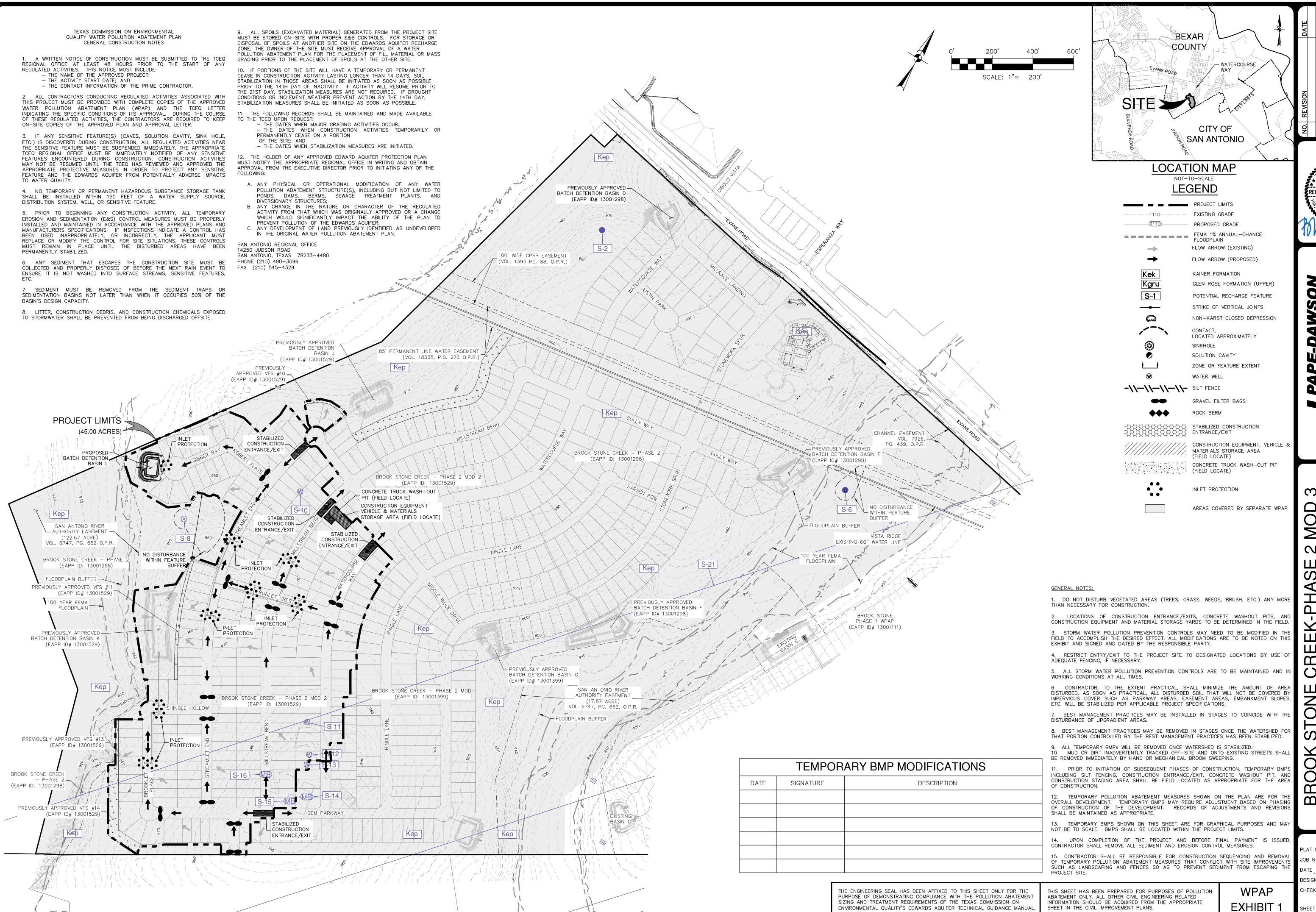
Desired L_{M THIS BASIN} = 0 lbs.

F = 0.00



^{*} The values entered in these fields should be for the total project area.

EXHIBITS



ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY'S EDWARDS AQUIFER TECHNICAL GUIDANCE MANUAL.

SHEET IN THE CIVIL IMPROVEMENT PLANS.

REBECCA ANN CARROI

r NO. 22-1180076 12093-11

ESIGNER HECKED_BAC_ DRAWN_ GK

SCHEMATIC OF TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT

MATERIALS

THE AGGREGATE SHOULD CONSIST OF 4-INCH TO 8-INCH WASHED STONE OVER A STABLE FOUNDATION AS SPECIFIED IN THE PLAN.

8-INCHES. 3. THE GEOTEXTILE FABRIC SHOULD BE DESIGNED SPECIFICALLY FOR USE AS A SOIL FILTRATION MEDIA WITH AN APPROXIMATE WEIGHT OF 6 OZ/YD2, A MULLEN BURST RATING OF 140 LB/IN2, AND AN EQUIVALENT OPENING SIZE GREATER THAN A NUMBER 50 SIEVE.

2. THE AGGREGATE SHOULD BE PLACED WITH A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF

4. IF A WASHING FACILITY IS REQUIRED, A LEVEL AREA WITH A MINIMUM OF 4-INCH DIAMETER WASHED STONE OR COMMERCIAL ROCK SHOULD BE INCLUDED IN THE PLANS. DIVERT WASTEWATER TO A SEDIMENT TRAP OF

INSTALLATION

. AVOID CURVES ON PUBLIC ROADS AND STEEP SLOPES. REMOVE VEGETATION AND OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL FROM THE FOUNDATION AREA. GRADE CROWN FOUNDATION FOR POSITIVE DRAINAGE.

THE MINIMUM WIDTH OF THE ENTRANCE/EXIT SHOULD BE 12 FEET OR THE FULL WIDTH OF EXIT ROADWAY, WHICHEVER IS GREATER.

3. THE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE SHOULD BE AT LEAST 50 FEET LONG. 4. IF THE SLOPE TOWARD THE ROAD EXCEEDS 2%, CONSTRUCT A RIDGE 6-INCHES TO 8-INCHES HIGH WITH 3:1 (H:V) SIDE SLOPES, ACROSS THE FOUNDATION APPROXIMATELY 15 FEET FROM THE ENTRANCE TO DIVERT

RUNOFF AWAY FROM THE PUBLIC ROAD. 5. PLACE GEOTEXTILE FABRIC AND GRADE FOUNDATION TO IMPROVE STABILITY, ESPECIALLY WHERE WET CONDITIONS ARE ANTICIPATED.

6. PLACE STONE TO DIMENSIONS AND GRADE SHOWN ON PLANS. LEAVE SURFACE SMOOTH AND SLOPE FOR DRAINAGE.

7. DIVERT ALL SURFACE RUNOFF AND DRAINAGE FROM THE STONE PAD TO A SEDIMENT TRAP OR BASIN.

8. INSTALL PIPE UNDER PAD AS NEEDED TO MAINTAIN PROPER PUBLIC ROAD

SECTION "A-A" OF A CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT

FOTEXTILE FABRIC TO

STABILIZE FOUNDATION

COMMON TROUBLE POINTS

1. INADEQUATE RUNOFF CONTROL-SEDIMENT WASHES ONTO PUBLIC ROAD. STONE TOO SMALL OR GEOTEXTILE FABRIC ABSENT, RESULTS IN MUDDY

CONDITION AS STONE IS PRESSED INTO SOIL. . PAD TOO SHORT FOR HEAVY CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC-EXTEND PAD BEYOND THE MINIMUM 50-FOOT LENGTH AS NECESSARY.

TRACKED ON TO ROAD AND POSSIBLE DAMAGE TO ROAD. 5. UNSTABLE FOUNDATION - USE GEOTEXTILE FABRIC UNDER PAD AND/OR IMPROVE FOUNDATION DRAINAGE.

4. PAD NOT FLARED SUFFICIENTLY AT ROAD SURFACE, RESULTS IN MUD BEING

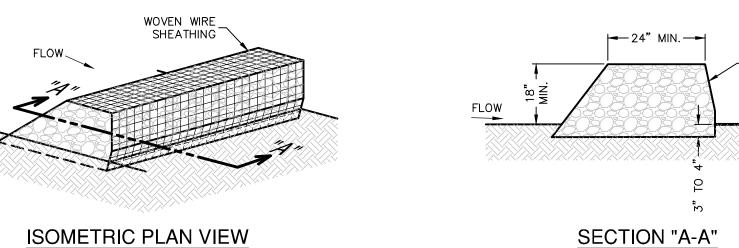
INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE GUIDELINES

. THE ENTRANCE SHOULD BE MAINTAINED IN A CONDITION, WHICH WILL PREVENT TRACKING OR FLOWING OF SEDIMENT ONTO PUBLIC RIGHTS-OF-WAY. THIS MAY REQUIRE PERIODIC TOP DRESSING WITH ADDITIONAL STONE AS CONDITIONS DEMAND AND REPAIR AND/OR CLEANOUT OF ANY MEASURES USED TO TRAP SEDIMENT

2. ALL SEDIMENT SPILLED, DROPPED, WASHED OR TRACKED ONTO PUBLIC RIGHTS-OF-WAY SHOULD BE REMOVED IMMEDIATELY BY CONTRACTOR.

3. WHEN NECESSARY, WHEELS SHOULD BE CLEANED TO REMOVE SEDIMENT PRIOR TO ENTRANCE ONTO PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY. 4. WHEN WASHING IS REQUIRED, IT SHOULD BE DONE ON AN AREA STABILIZED WITH CRUSHED STONE THAT DRAINS INTO AN APPROVED SEDIMENT TRAP OR

5. ALL SEDIMENT SHOULD BE PREVENTED FROM ENTERING ANY STORM DRAIN, DITCH OR WATER COURSE BY USING APPROVED METHODS.



THE PURPOSE OF A ROCK BERM IS TO SERVE AS A CHECK DAM IN AREAS

OF CONCENTRATED FLOW, TO INTERCEPT SEDIMENT—LADEN RUNOFF, DETAIN THE SEDIMENT AND RELEASE THE WATER IN SHEET FLOW. THE ROCK BERM SHOULD BE USED WHEN THE CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA IS LESS THAN 5 ACRES. ROCK BERMS ARE USED IN AREAS WHERE THE VOLUME OF RUNOFF IS TOO GREAT FOR A SILT FENCE TO CONTAIN. THEY ARE LESS EFFECTIVE FOR SEDIMENT REMOVAL THAN SILT FENCES, PARTICULARLY FOR FINE PARTICLES, BUT ARE ABLE TO WITHSTAND HIGHER FLOWS THAN A SILT FENCE. AS SUCH, ROCK BERMS ARE OFTEN USED IN AREAS OF CHANNEL FLOWS (DITCHES, GULLIES, ETC.). ROCK BERMS ARE MOST EFFECTIVE AT REDUCING BED LOAD IN CHANNELS AND SHOULD NOT BE SUBSTITUTED FOR OTHER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES FARTHER UP THE WATERSHED.

NSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE GUIDELINES . INSPECTION SHOULD BE MADE WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RAINFALL BY THE

RESPONSIBLE PARTY. FOR INSTALLATIONS IN STREAMBEDS, ADDITIONAL DAILY INSPECTIONS SHOULD BE MADE. REMOVE SEDIMENT AND OTHER DEBRIS WHEN BUILDUP REACHES 6 INCHES

AND DISPOSE OF THE ACCUMULATED SILT IN AN APPROVED MANNER THAT WILL NOT CAUSE ANY ADDITIONAL SILTATION.

3. REPAIR ANY LOOSE WIRE SHEATHING.

SILT FENCE

AREAS OF CONCENTRATED FLOW.

2" X 4" WELDED WIRE, 12 GAUGE MINIMUM.

AT ANY TIME.

SHOULD BE 6 FEET.

4. THE BERM SHOULD BE RESHAPED AS NEEDED DURING INSPECTION

. THE BERM SHOULD BE REPLACED WHEN THE STRUCTURE CEASES TO FUNCTION AS INTENDED DUE TO SILT ACCUMULATION AMONG THE ROCKS, WASHOUT, CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC DAMAGE, ETC.

6. THE ROCK BERM SHOULD BE LEFT IN PLACE UNTIL ALL UPSTREAM AREAS ARE STABILIZED AND ACCUMULATED SILT REMOVED.

A SILT FENCE IS A BARRIER CONSISTING OF GEOTEXTILE FABRIC SUPPORTED

BY METAL POSTS TO PREVENT SOIL AND SEDIMENT LOSS FROM A SITE.

WHEN PROPERLY USED. SILT FENCES CAN BE HIGHLY EFFECTIVE AT

CONTROLLING SEDIMENT FROM DISTURBED AREAS. THEY CAUSE RUNOFF TO

POND, ALLOWING HEAVIER SOLIDS TO SETTLE OUT. IF NOT PROPERLY

THE PURPOSE OF A SILT FENCE IS TO INTERCEPT AND DETAIN WATER-BORN

SEDIMENT FROM UNPROTECTED AREAS OF A LIMITED EXTENT. SILT FENCE IS

USED DURING THE PERIOD OF CONSTRUCTION NEAR THE PERIMETER OF A

DISTURBED AREA TO INTERCEPT SEDIMENT WHILE ALLOWING WATER TO

PERCOLATE THROUGH. THIS FENCE SHOULD REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE

DISTURBED AREA IS PERMANENTLY STABILIZED. SILT FENCE SHOULD NOT BE

USED WHERE THERE IS A CONCENTRATION OF WATER IN A CHANNEL OR DRAINAGE WAY. IF CONCENTRATED FLOW OCCURS AFTER INSTALLATION,

CORRECTIVE ACTION MUST BE TAKEN SUCH AS PLACING A ROCK BERM IN THE

SILT FENCING WITHIN THE SITE MAY BE TEMPORARILY MOVED DURING THE DAY

TO ALLOW CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY PROVIDED IT IS REPLACED AND PROPERLY

ANCHORED TO THE GROUND AT THE END OF THE DAY. SILT FENCES ON THE

PERIMETER OF THE SITE OR AROUND DRAINAGE WAYS SHOULD NOT BE MOVED

. SILT FENCE MATERIAL SHOULD BE POLYPROPYLENE, POLYETHYLENE, OR

POLYAMIDE WOVEN OR NONWOVEN FABRIC. THE FABRIC SHOULD BE 36

INCHES, WITH A MINIMUM UNIT WEIGHT OF 4.5 OZ/YD, MULLEN BURST

STRENGTH EXCEEDING 190 LB/IN2, ULTRAVIOLET STABILITY EXCEEDING 70%,

2. FENCE POSTS SHOULD BE MADE OF HOT ROLLED STEEL, AT LEAST 4 FEET

LONG WITH TEE OR Y-BAR CROSS SECTION, SURFACE PAINTED OR

GALVANIZED, MINIMUM WEIGHT 1.25 LB/FT, AND BRINDELL HARDNESS

3. WOVEN WIRE BACKING TO SUPPORT THE FABRIC SHOULD BE GALVANIZED

. STEEL POSTS, WHICH SUPPORT THE SILT FENCE, SHOULD BE INSTALLED ON

A SLIGHT ANGLE TOWARD THE ANTICIPATED RUNOFF SOURCE. POSTS MUST

BE EMBEDDED A MINIMUM OF 1-FOOT DEEP AND SPACED NOT MORE THAN 8

FEET ON CENTER. WHERE WATER CONCENTRATES, THE MAXIMUM SPACING

2. LAY OUT FENCING DOWN-SLOPE OF DISTURBED AREA. FOLLOWING THE

CONTOUR AS CLOSELY AS POSSIBLE. THE FENCE SHOULD BE SITED SO THAT

THE MAXIMUM DRAINAGE AREA IS 1/4 ACRE/100 FEET OF FENCE.

AND MINIMUM APPARENT OPENING SIZE OF U.S. SIEVE NUMBER 30.

INSTALLED, SILT FENCES ARE NOT LIKELY TO BE EFFECTIVE.

MATERIALS

THE BERM STRUCTURE SHOULD BE SECURED WITH A WOVEN WIRE SHEATHING HAVING MAXIMUM OPENING OF 1 INCH AND A MINIMUM WIRE DIAMETER OF 20 GAUGE GALVANIZED AND SHOULD BE SECURED WITH SHOAT

WOVEN WIRE SHEATHING

2. CLEAN, OPEN GRADED 3-INCH TO 5-INCH DIAMETER ROCK SHOULD BE USED, EXCEPT IN AREAS WHERE HIGH VELOCITIES OR LARGE VOLUMES OF FLOW ARE EXPECTED, WHERE 5-INCH TO 8-INCH DIAMETER ROCKS MAY BE

I. LAY OUT THE WOVEN WIRE SHEATHING PERPENDICULAR TO THE FLOW LINE THE SHEATHING SHOULD BE 20 GAUGE WOVEN WIRE MESH WITH 1 INCH

2. BERM SHOULD HAVE A TOP WIDTH OF 2 FEET MINIMUM WITH SIDE SLOPES BEING 2:1 (H:V) OR FLATTER.

6. PLACE THE ROCK ALONG THE SHEATHING AS SHOWN IN THE DIAGRAM TO

A HEIGHT NOT LESS THAN 18" 4. WRAP THE WIRE SHEATHING AROUND THE ROCK AND SECURE WITH TIE WIRE SO THAT THE ENDS OF THE SHEATHING OVERLAP AT LEAST 2 INCHES,

5. BERM SHOULD BE BUILT ALONG THE CONTOUR AT ZERO PERCENT GRADE OR AS NEAR AS POSSIBLE. 6. THE ENDS OF THE BERM SHOULD BE TIED INTO EXISTING UPSLOPE GRADE

AND THE BERM SHOULD BE BURIED IN A TRENCH APPROXIMATELY 3 TO 4

INCHES DEEP TO PREVENT FAILURE OF THE CONTROL. COMMON TROUBLE POINTS

AND THE BERM RETAINS ITS SHAPE WHEN WALKED UPON.

INSUFFICIENT BERM HEIGHT OR LENGTH (RUNOFF QUICKLY ESCAPES OVER THE TOP OR AROUND THE SIDES OF BERM).

2. BERM NOT INSTALLED PERPENDICULAR TO FLOW LINE (RUNOFF ESCAPING AROUND ONE SIDE).

3. THE TOE OF THE SILT FENCE SHOULD BE TRENCHED IN WITH A SPADE OR

MECHANICAL TRENCHER, SO THAT THE DOWN-SLOPE FACE OF THE TRENCH IS

FLAT AND PERPENDICULAR TO THE LINE OF FLOW. WHERE FENCE CANNOT BE

TRENCHED IN (E.G., PAVEMENT OR ROCK OUTCROP), WEIGHT FABRIC FLAP

WITH 3 INCHES OF PEA GRAVEL ON UPHILL SIDE TO PREVENT FLOW FROM

4. THE TRENCH MUST BE A MINIMUM OF 6 INCHES DEEP AND 6 INCHES WIDE

TO ALLOW FOR THE SILT FENCE FABRIC TO BE LAID IN THE GROUND AND

SILT FENCE SHOULD BE SECURELY FASTENED TO EACH STEEL SUPPORT

POST OR TO WOVEN WIRE, WHICH IS IN TURN ATTACHED TO THE STEEL FENCE

POST. THERE SHOULD BE A 3-FOOT OVERLAP, SECURELY FASTENED WHERE

6. SILT FENCE SHOULD BE REMOVED WHEN THE SITE IS COMPLETELY

FENCE NOT INSTALLED ALONG THE CONTOUR CAUSING WATER TO

2. FABRIC NOT SEATED SECURELY TO GROUND (RUNOFF PASSING UNDER

3. FENCE NOT INSTALLED PERPENDICULAR TO FLOW LINE (RUNOFF ESCAPING

4. FENCE TREATING TOO LARGE AN AREA, OR EXCESSIVE CHANNEL FLOW

3. REPLACE TORN FABRIC OR INSTALL A SECOND LINE OF FENCING PARALLEL

4. REPLACE OR REPAIR SECTIONS CRUSHED OR COLLAPSED IN THE COURSE

OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY. IF A SECTION OF FENCE IS OBSTRUCTING

VEHICULAR ACCESS, CONSIDER RELOCATING IT TO A SPOT WHERE IT WILL

PROVIDE EQUAL PROTECTION, BUT WILL NOT OBSTRUCT VEHICLES. A

TRIANGULAR FILTER DIKE MAY BE PREFERABLE TO A SILT FENCE AT COMMON

WHEN CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETE, THE SEDIMENT SHOULD BE DISPOSED

OF IN A MANNER THAT WILL NOT CAUSE ADDITIONAL SILTATION AND THE

PRIOR LOCATION OF THE SILT FENCE SHOULD BE REVEGETATED. THE FENCE

STABILIZED SO AS NOT TO BLOCK OR IMPEDE STORM FLOW OR DRAINAGE.

ROCK BERM DETAIL

NOT-TO-SCALE

STEEL FENCE POST SILT FENCE MAX. 8' SPACING, (MIN. HEIGHT 24" $\Min. EMBEDMENT = 1'$ ABOVE EXISTING GROUND) WIRE MESH BACKING SUPPORT COMPACTED EARTH 4X4~W1.4xW1.4 MIN. OR ROCK BACKFILL - ALLOWABLE TYPICAL CHAIN LINK FENCE FABRIC IS ACCEPTABLE TRENCH-

ISOMETRIC PLAN VIEW

SEEPING UNDER FENCE.

ENDS OF FABRIC MEET

TO THE TORN SECTION.

VEHICLE ACCESS POINTS.

FENCE).

BACKFILLED WITH COMPACTED MATERIAL.

COMMON TROUBLE POINTS

CONCENTRATE AND FLOW OVER THE FENCE.

(RUNOFF OVERTOPS OR COLLAPSES FENCE).

1. INSPECT ALL FENCING WEEKLY, AND AFTER RAINFALL.

2. REMOVE SEDIMENT WHEN BUILDUP REACHES 6 INCHES.

ITSELF SHOULD BE DISPOSED OF IN AN APPROVED LANDFILL.

SHOOTS OR GRASS BLADES. GRASS SHOULD BE GREEN AND

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT DETAIL

NOT-TO-SCALE

LAY SOD IN A STAGGERED PATTERN. BUTT THE STRIPS TIGHTLY AGAINST EACH OTHER. DO NOT LEAVE SPACES AND DO NOT OVERLAP. A SHARPENED MASON'S TROWEL IS A HANDY TOOL FOR TUCKING DOWN THE

ENDS AND TRIMMING PIECES. ANGLED ENDS CAUSED BY THE AUTOMATIC SOD CUTTER MUST BE MATCHED

MATERIALS

OF 36 HOURS.

SHOOT GROWTH AND THATCH.

SITE PREPARATION

TORN OR UNEVEN PADS SHOULD NOT BE ACCEPTABLE.

SUSPENDED FROM A FIRM GRASP ON ONE END OF THE SECTION

TO FINAL GRADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED PLAN.

INSTALLATION IN CHANNELS

TIGHTLY (SEE FIGURE ABOVE).

INTERFERE WITH PLANTING, FERTILIZING OR MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS.

FINAL HARROWING OR DISCING OPERATION SHOULD BE ON THE CONTOUR.

APPEARANCE OF GOOD SOD

 ROLL SOD IMMEDIATELY TO ACHIEVE FIRM CONTACT WITH THE SOIL.

SEDIMENT BASIN.

HEALTHY; MOWED AT A 2"-3"

- THATCH- GRASS CLIPPINGS AND

<u>ROOT ZONE</u>— SOIL AND ROOTS

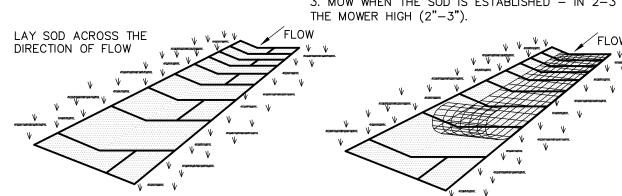
DEAD LEAVES, UP TO 1/2" THICK.

SHOULD BE 1/2"-3/4" THICK, WITH

DENSE ROOT MAT FOR STRENGTH.

CUTTING HEIGHT

2. WATER TO A DEPTH OF 4" AS NEEDED. WATER WELL AS SOON AS THE SOD IS LAID. 3. MOW WHEN THE SOD IS ESTABLISHED - IN 2-3 WEEKS. SET



1. SOD SHOULD BE MACHINE CUT AT A UNIFORM SOIL THICKNESS OF 3/4" INCH

(± 1/4" INCH) AT THE TIME OF CUTTING. THIS THICKNESS SHOULD EXCLUDE

2. PIECES OF SOD SHOULD BE CUT TO THE SUPPLIER'S STANDARD WIDTH AND

3. STANDARD SIZE SECTIONS OF SOD SHOULD BE STRONG ENOUGH TO

SUPPORT THEIR OWN WEIGHT AND RETAIN THEIR SIZE AND SHAPE WHEN

4. SOD SHOULD BE HARVESTED, DELIVERED, AND INSTALLED WITHIN A PERIOD

. PRIOR TO SOIL PREPARATION, AREAS TO BE SODDED SHOULD BE BROUGHT

THE SURFACE SHOULD BE CLEARED OF ALL TRASH, DEBRIS AND OF ALL

3. FERTILIZE ACCORDING TO SOIL TESTS. FERTILIZER NEEDS CAN BE

DETERMINED BY A SOIL TESTING LABORATORY OR REGIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS CAN BE MADE BY COUNTY AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION AGENTS. FERTILIZER

SHOULD BE WORKED INTO THE SOIL TO A DEPTH OF 3 INCHES WITH A DISC,

SPRINGTOOTH HARROW OR OTHER SUITABLE EQUIPMENT. ON SLOPING LAND, THE

SOD STRIPS IN WATERWAYS SHOULD BE LAID PERPENDICULAR TO THE

DIRECTION OF FLOW. CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN TO BUTT ENDS OF STRIPS

2. AFTER ROLLING OR TAMPING, SOD SHOULD BE PEGGED OR STAPLED TO

RESIST WASHOUT DURING THE ESTABLISHMENT PERIOD. MESH OR OTHER

NETTING MAY BE PEGGED OVER THE SOD FOR EXTRA PROTECTION IN CRITICAL

IN CRITICAL AREAS, SECURE SOD WITH NETTING, USE STAPLES.

GENERAL INSTALLATION (VA. DEPT. OF

SOD ALSO SHOULD NOT BE LAID ON SOIL SURFACES THAT ARE FROZEN.

2. DURING PERIODS OF HIGH TEMPERATURE, THE SOIL SHOULD BE LIGHTLY LENGTH, WITH A MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE DEVIATION IN ANY DIMENSION OF 5%. IRRIGATED IMMEDIATELY PRIOR TO LAYING THE SOD, TO COOL THE SOIL AND REDUCE ROOT BURNING AND DIEBACK.

> SUBSEQUENT ROWS PLACED PARALLEL TO AND BUTTING TIGHTLY AGAINST EACH OTHER. LATERAL JOINTS SHOULD BE STAGGERED TO PROMOTE MORE UNIFORM GROWTH AND STRENGTH. CARE SHOULD BE EXERCISED TO ENSURE THAT SOD IS NOT STRETCHED OR OVERLAPPED AND THAT ALL JOINTS ARE BUTTED TIGHT IN ORDER TO PREVENT VOIDS WHICH WOULD CAUSE DRYING OF THE ROOTS (SFF FIGURE ABOVE).

4. ON SLOPES 3:1 OR GREATER, OR WHEREVER EROSION MAY BE A PROBLEM, SOD SHOULD BE LAID WITH STAGGERED JOINTS AND SECURED BY STAPLING OR OTHER APPROVED METHODS. SOD SHOULD BE INSTALLED WITH THE LENGTH PERPENDICULAR TO THE SLOPE (ON CONTOUR).

ROOTS, BRUSH, WIRE, GRADE STAKES AND OTHER OBJECTS THAT WOULD ROLLED OR TAMPED TO PROVIDE FIRM CONTACT BETWEEN ROOTS AND SOIL.

AFTER ROLLING, SOD SHOULD BE IRRIGATED TO A DEPTH SUFFICIENT THAT THE UNDERSIDE OF THE SOD PAD AND THE SOIL 4 INCHES BELOW THE SOD IS

8. THE FIRST MOWING SHOULD NOT BE ATTEMPTED UNTIL THE SOD IS FIRMLY ROOTED, USUALLY 2-3 WEEKS. NOT MORE THAN ONE THIRD OF THE GRASS

INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE GUIDELINES SOD SHOULD BE INSPECTED WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RAIN EVENT TO LOCATE AND REPAIR ANY DAMAGE.

5 DOCUMENT HAS BEEN PRODUCED FROM MATERIAL THAT WAS STORED AND/OR TRANSMITTED ELECTRONICALLY AND MAY HAVE BEEN INADVERTENTLY ALTERED. RELY ONLY ON FINAL HARDCOPY MATERIALS BEARING THE CONSULTANT'S ORIGINAL SIGNATURE AND SEAL. AERIAL IMAGERY PROVIDED BY GOOGLE® UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. Imagery © 2016, CAPCOG, Digital Globe, Texas Orthoimagery Program, USDA Farm Service Agency

2. DAMAGE FROM STORMS OR NORMAL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES SUCH AS TIRE RUTS OR DISTURBANCE OF SWALE STABILIZATION SHOULD BE REPAIRED AS

SOD INSTALLATION DETAIL

NOT-TO-SCALE

MOW, DRIVE PEGS OR STAPLES FLUSH WITH THE GROUND.

USE PEGS OR STAPLES TO FASTEN SOD

FIRMLY - AT THE ENDS OF STRIPS AND

IN THE CENTER, OR EVERY 3-4 FEET IF

THE STRIPS ARE LONG. WHEN READY TO

INCORRECT

SOD INSTALLATION

SOD SHOULD NOT BE CUT OR LAID IN EXCESSIVELY WET OR DRY WEATHER.

THE FIRST ROW OF SOD SHOULD BE LAID IN A STRAIGHT LINE WITH

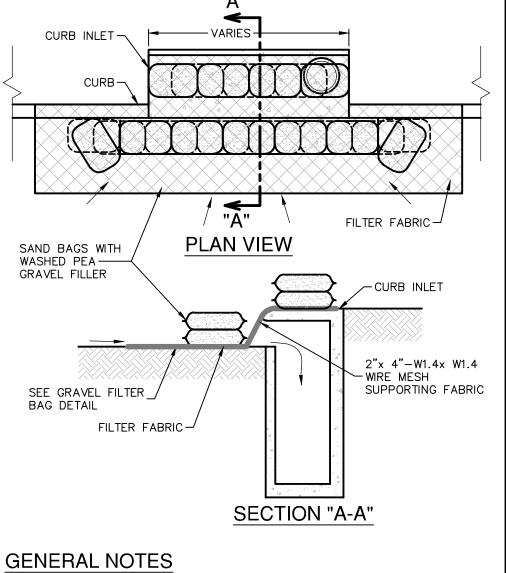
5. AS SODDING OF CLEARLY DEFINED AREAS IS COMPLETED, SOD SHOULD BE

UNTIL SUCH TIME A GOOD ROOT SYSTEM BECOMES DEVELOPED, IN THE ABSENCE OF ADEQUATE RAINFALL, WATERING SHOULD BE PERFORMED AS

OFTEN AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN MOIST SOIL TO A DEPTH OF AT LEAST 4

LEAF SHOULD BE REMOVED AT ANY ONE CUTTING.

SOON AS PRACTICAL.



. CONTRACTOR TO INSTALL 2"x4"—W1.4xW1.4 WIRE MESH SUPPORTING FILTER FABRIC OVER THE INLET OPENING. FABRIC MUST BE SECURED TO WIRE BACKING WITH CLIPS OR WIRE TIES AT THIS LOCATION. SAND BAGS FILLED WITH WASHED PEA GRAVEL SHOULD BE PLACED ON TOP OF WIRE MESH ON TOP OF THE INLET AS SHOWN ON THIS DETAIL TO HOLD WIRE MESH IN PLACE. SANDBAGS FILLED WITH WASHED PEA GRAVEL SHOULD ALSO BE PLACED ALONG THE GUTTER AS SHOWN ON THIS DETAIL TO HOLD WIRE MESH IN PLACE. SAND BAGS TO BE STACKED TO FORM A CONTINUOUS BARRIER AROUND INLETS.

2. THE BAGS SHOULD BE TIGHTLY ABUTTED AGAINST EACH OTHER TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM FLOWING BETWEEN THE BAGS.

INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE GUIDELINES 1. INSPECTION SHOULD BE MADE WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RAINFALL. REPAIR

OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE MADE PROMPTLY AS NEEDED BY THE 2. REMOVE SEDIMENT WHEN BUILDUP REACHES A DEPTH OF 3 INCHES.

A MANNER THAT IT WILL NOT ERODE. 3. CHECK PLACEMENT OF DEVICE TO PREVENT GAPS BETWEEN DEVICE AND

REMOVED SEDIMENT SHOULD BE DEPOSITED IN A SUITABLE AREA AND IN SUCH

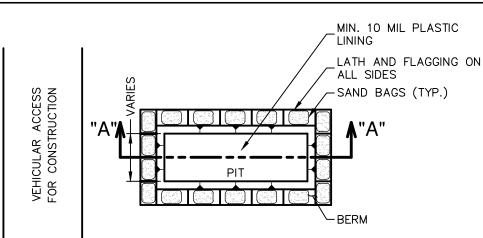
4. INSPECT FILTER FABRIC AND PATCH OR REPLACE IF TORN OR MISSING. 5. STRUCTURES SHOULD BE REMOVED AND THE AREA STABILIZED ONLY AFTER

BAGGED GRAVEL CURB INLET

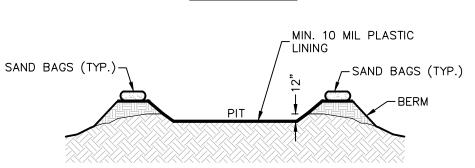
THE REMAINING DRAINAGE AREA HAS BEEN PROPERLY STABILIZED.

PROTECTION DETAIL

NOT-TO-SCALE



PLAN VIEW



. DETAIL ABOVE ILLUSTRATES MINIMUM DIMENSIONS. PIT CAN BE INCREASED IN SIZE DEPENDING ON EXPECTED FREQUENCY OF USE.

CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC. WASHOUT PIT SHALL NOT BE LOCATED IN AREAS SUBJECT TO INUNDATION FROM STORM WATER RUNOFF.

STORM DRAINS, OPEN DITCHES OR WATER BODIES. 5. TEMPORARY CONCRETE WASHOUT FACILITY SHOULD BE CONSTRUCTED WITH SUFFICIENT QUANTITY AND VOLUME TO CONTAIN ALL LIQUID AND CONCRETE

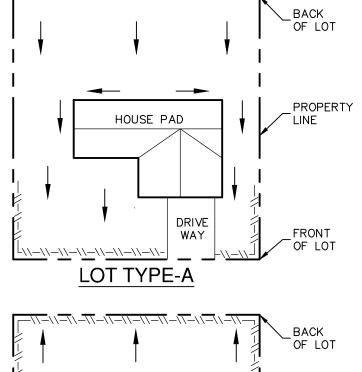
INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE GUIDELINES

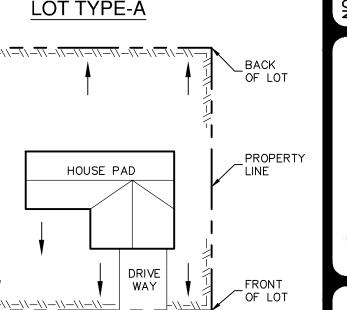
SHEETING AND SHOULD BE FREE OF HOLES, TEARS, OR OTHER DEFECTS THAT COMPROMISE THE IMPERMEABILITY OF THE MATERIAL.

MAINTENANCE

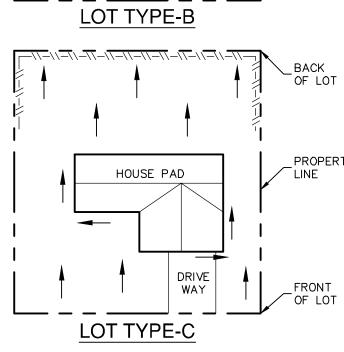
. WHEN TEMPORARY CONCRETE WASHOUT FACILITIES ARE NO LONGER REQUIRED FOR THE WORK, THE HARDENED CONCRETE SHOULD BE REMOVED AND DISPOSED OF. . MATERIALS USED TO CONSTRUCT TEMPORARY CONCRETE WASHOUT

CONCRETE TRUCK WASHOUT





REBECCA ANN CARRO

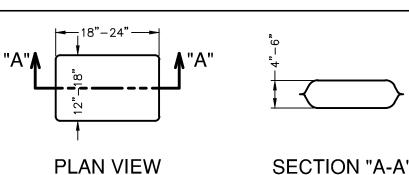


NOTE: SILT FENCE TO BE INSTALLED PER THESE DETAILS AND LOCATED ON THE DOWNGRADIENT SIDE OF EACH LOT LINE OR LIMITS OF CLEARING AS GENERALLY SHOWN ON THE OVERALL SITE PLAN.

LEGEN -\\-\\- SILT FENCE → DRAINAGE FLO

TYPICAL HOUSE LOT LAYOUTS

NOT-TO-SCALE

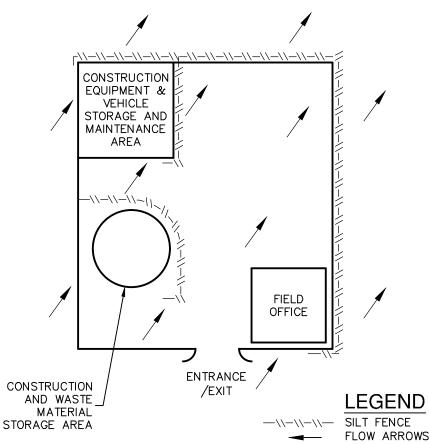


THE FILTER BAG MATERIAL SHALL BE MADE OF POLYPROPYLENE, POLYETHYLENE OR POLYAMIDE WOVEN FABRIC, MIN. UNIT WEIGHT OF 4 OUNCES/SY, HAVE A MULLEN BURST STRENGTH EXCEEDING 300 PSI AND ULTRAVIOLET STABILITY EXCEEDING 70%. 2. THE FILTER BAG SHALL BE FILLED WITH CLEAN, MEDIUM WASHED PEA

GRAVEL TO COARSE GRAVEL (0.31 TO 0.75 INCH DIAMETER). 3. SAND SHALL <u>NOT</u> BE USED TO FILL THE FILTER BAGS.

GRAVEL FILTER BAG DETAIL

NOT-TO-SCALE



CONSTRUCTION STAGING AREA

THE ENGINEERING SEAL HAS BEEN AFFIXED TO THIS SHEET ONLY FOR THE PURPOSE OF DEMONSTRATING COMPLIANCE WITH THE POLLUTION ABATEMENT SIZING AND TREATMENT REQUIREMENTS OF THE TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY'S EDWARDS AQUIFER TECHNICAL GUIDANCE MANUA THIS SHEET HAS BEEN PREPARED FOR PURPOSE

THE CIVIL IMPROVEMENT PLANS.

OF POLLUTION ABATEMENT ONLY, ALL OTHER CIVIL FNGINFFRING RFLATED INFORMATION SHOULD BE ACQUIRED FROM THE APPROPRIATE SHEET IN **EXHIBIT 2**

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 $Z \cap$

NO. 22-1180076

12093-11 APRIL 2024

ESIGNER HECKED BAC DRAWN GK

SILT FENCE DETAIL

SECTION "A-A"

GENERAL NOTES

2. WASHOUT PIT SHALL BE LOCATED IN AN AREA EASILY ACCESSIBLE TO

4. LOCATE WASHOUT AREA AT LEAST 50 FEET FROM SENSITIVE FEATURES,

MATERIALS

PLASTIC LINING MATERIAL SHOULD BE A MINIMUM OF 10 MIL IN POLYETHYLENE

WASTE GENERATED BY WASHOUT OPERATIONS.

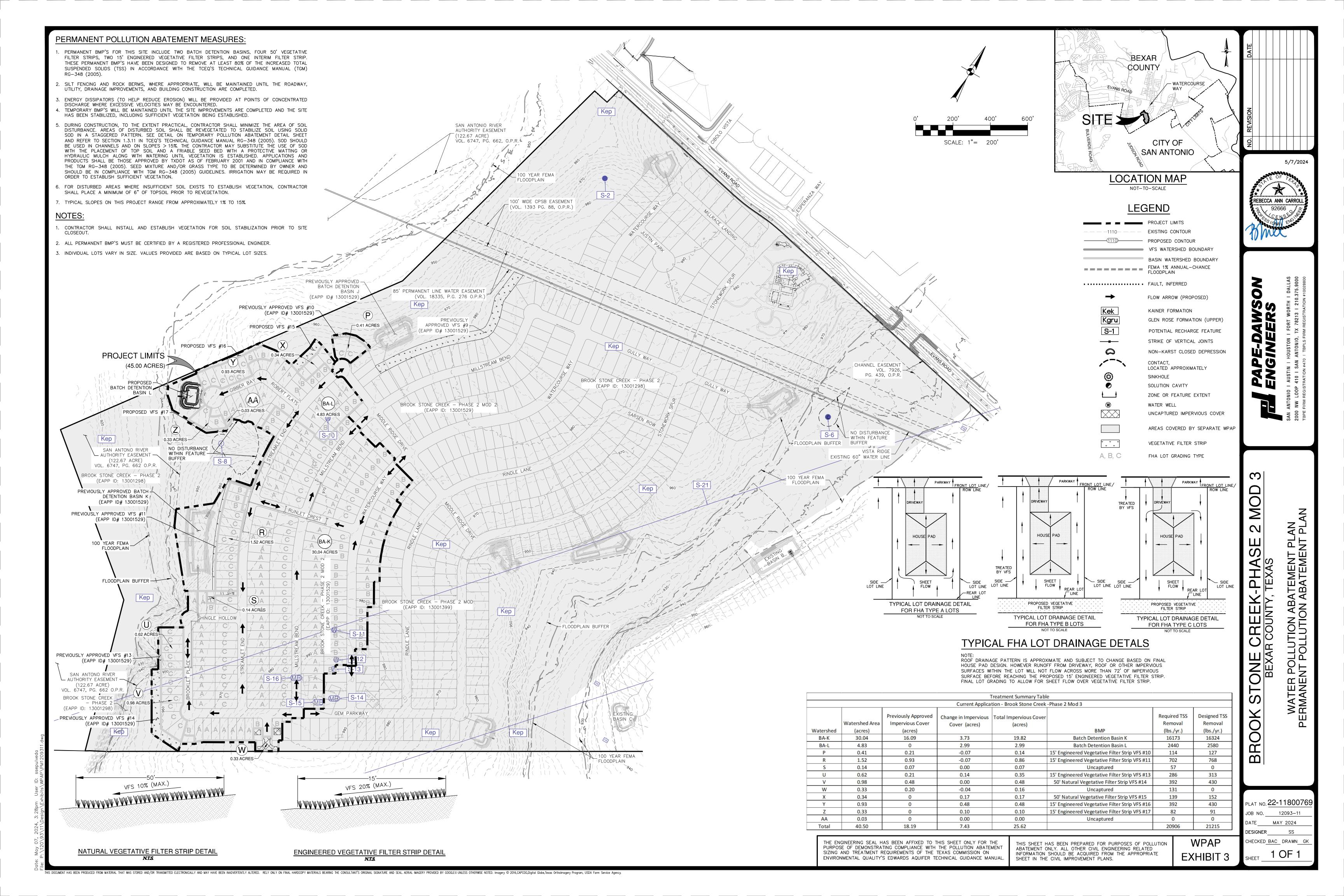
FACILITIES SHOULD BE REMOVED FROM THE SITE OF THE WORK AND DISPOSED

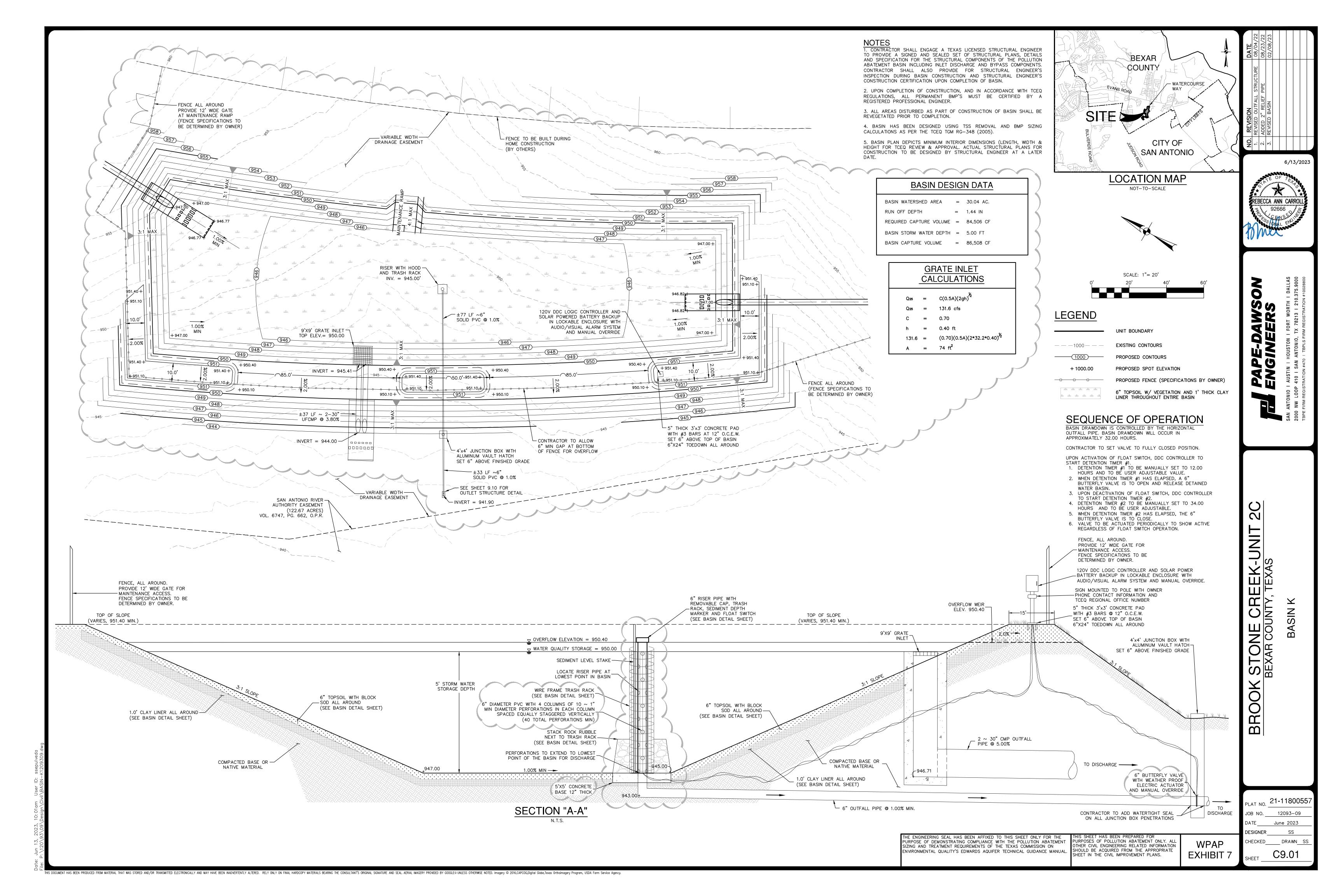
3. HOLES, DEPRESSIONS OR OTHER GROUND DISTURBANCES CAUSED BY THE REMOVAL OF THE TEMPORARY CONCRETE WASHOUT FACILITIES SHOULD BE BACKFILLED AND REPAIRED.

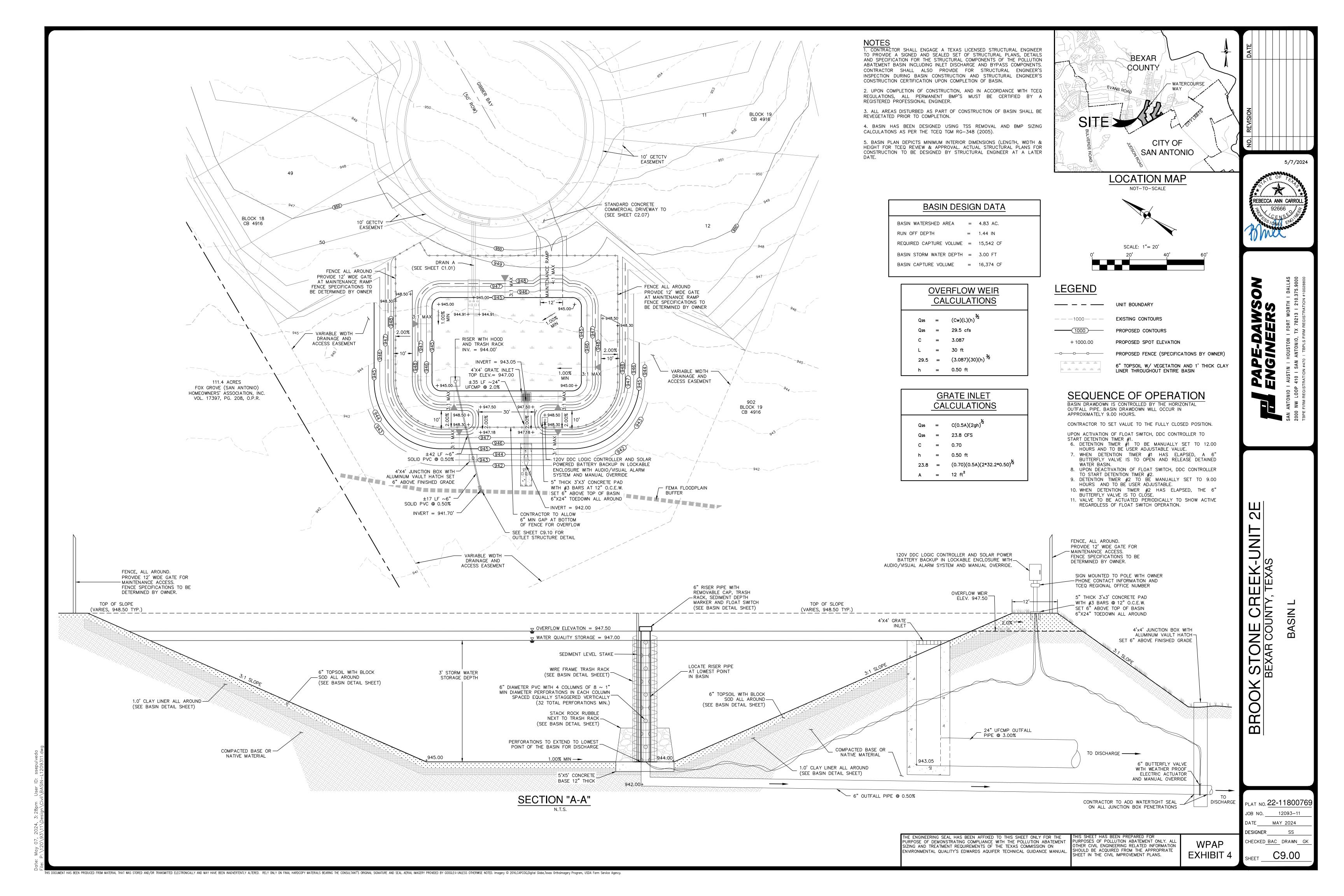
PIT DETAIL

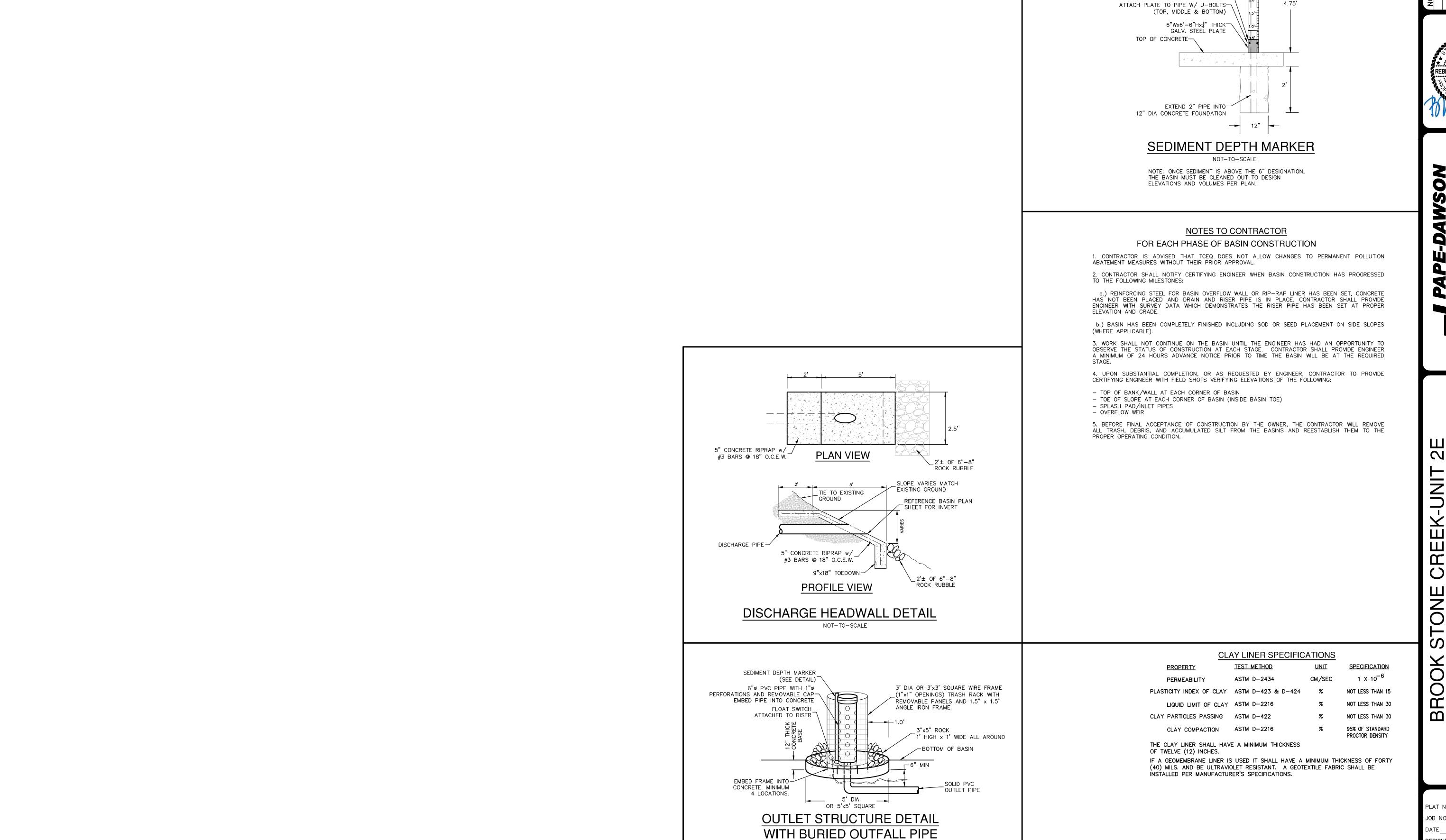
NOT-TO-SCALE

NOT-TO-SCALE









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NOT-TO-SCALE

2" DIA GALVANIZED PIPE-

STENCIL PAINT 2" TALL-TEXT AND SCALE ON PLATE

PAINT PLATE WHITE BELOW THIS LINE (0.5')

THE ENGINEERING SEAL HAS BEEN AFFIXED TO THIS SHEET ONLY FOR THE PURPOSE OF DEMONSTRATING COMPLIANCE WITH THE POLLUTION ABATEMENT SIZING AND TREATMENT REQUIREMENTS OF THE TEXAS COMMISSION ON

ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY'S EDWARDS AQUIFER TECHNICAL GUIDANCE MANUAL.

HIS SHEET HAS BEEN PREPARED FOR

PURPOSES OF POLLUTION ABATEMENT ONLY. ALL THER CIVIL ENGINEERING RELATED INFORMATION

SHOULD BE ACQUIRED FROM THE APPROPRIATE

SHEET IN THE CIVIL IMPROVEMENT PLANS.

5/3/2024



TONE CREEK-UNIT XAR COUNTY, TEXAS

BR

PLAT NO. 22-1180076 JOB NO. 12093-11 DATE MAY 2024 DESIGNER

CHECKED<u>BAC</u> DRAWN<u>GK</u> SHEET _ C9.10

WPAP

EXHIBIT 7