

TCEQ Core Data Form

TCEQ Use Only

For detailed instructions regarding completion of this form, please read the Core Data Form Instructions or call 512-239-5175.

SECTION I: General Informatio	n
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1. Reason for Submission (If other is checked please describe in space provided.)											
New Permit, Registration or Authorization (Core Data Form should be submitted with the program application.)											
Renewal (Core Data Form should be submitted with the renewal forms					al form))	\boxtimes	Other	Modification	n	
2. Customer	Referenc	e Number <i>(if iss</i>		Follow this li			3. Re	gulate	d Entity Reference	Number (i	if issued)
CN 600529069			<u>f</u>	or CN or RN Central R			RI	107 1	133506		
SECTION	ECTION II: Customer Information										
4. General C	ustomer l	nformation	5. Effective D	ate for Cu	stomer	Infor	matio	n Upda	tes (mm/dd/yyyy)		
□ New Customer □ Update to Customer Information □ Change in Regulated Entity Ownership □ Change in Legal Name (Verifiable with the Texas Secretary of State or Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts)					Entity Ownership						
									<u>`</u>	rrent and	active with the
		f State (SOS)	-	_			•				
		ne (If an individual		-					ustomer, enter previ	ous Custome	er below:
7. TX SOS/CI	PA Filing	Number	8. TX State Ta	ax ID (11 dig	its)		9). Fede	ral Tax ID (9 digits)	10. DUN	S Number (if applicable)
11. Type of C	Customer:	☐ Corporati	on		Individ	ual		Pa	artnership: Gener	al \square Limited	
		County Federal			Sole P		torshir		Other:		
12. Number o			251-500			•		3. Inde	pendently Owned	and Opera	ited?
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Occupatio	nal Licens	•	nsible Party		oluntary			pplican	t Other:		
15. Mailing Address:											
Addicoo	City			State			ZIP			ZIP + 4	
16. Country	Mailing In	formation (if outsi	de USA)	1		17. I	E-Mail	Addres	SS (if applicable)		1
18. Telephon	e Numbe	r	1	l9. Extensi	ion or C	ode			20. Fax Numbe	r (if applical	ble)
()	-								()	-	
SECTION III: Regulated Entity Information											
	21. General Regulated Entity Information (If 'New Regulated Entity" is selected below this form should be accompanied by a permit application)										
	ulated Enti	-	to Regulated Er		•				d Entity Information		, , ,
The Regulated Entity Name submitted may be updated in order to meet TCEQ Agency Data Standards (removal											
		ndings such									
		ame (Enter name	of the site where t	the regulated	d action i	is takiı	ng plac	e.)			
University Pump Station											

TCEQ-10400 (02/21) Page 1 of 2

23. Street Address of	7172 W	Hausman R	Rd							
the Regulated Entity:										
(No PO Boxes)	City	SanAnton	io State	TX	ZIP	7824	9	ZIP +	4	
24. County	Bexar	1	L	L	1	<u> </u>		1		
	l	nter Physical L	ocation Descrip	tion if no st	reet addre	ss is prov	rided.			
25. Description to Physical Location:	Approx	imately 550	LF east of the	e intersec	tion of I	Babcock	Rd and	d W Ha	usn	nan Rd
26. Nearest City						State		Ņ	lear	est ZIP Code
San Antonio						TX	,	7	782	49
27. Latitude (N) In Decin	nal:	29.5717		28. I	ongitude.	(W) In De	cimal:	-98.62	96	
Degrees	Minutes		Seconds	Degre	ees	N	linutes			Seconds
29		34	18.1		-98		-	37		46.4
29. Primary SIC Code (4	digits) 30.	Secondary SIC	Code (4 digits)	31. Prima (5 or 6 digit	ry NAICS	Code	32. Se (5 or 6 o	econdary digits)	NAI	CS Code
1623	17.	31		238910			2381	10		
33. What is the Primary	Business o	f this entity?	(Do not repeat the SI	C or NAICS de	scription.)					
To increase water s		_	rthwest San A	Antonio	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
34. Mailing										
Address:	City		State		ZIP			ZIP +	1	
35. E-Mail Address	' ' ' '		Otato	Sagih Sh	irazi@saw	e ora		E 11 ·	7	
	one Numbe	7	37. Extensi	•	uz.wouv.		. Fax Nu	mber (if a	ilaa	cable)
•	233-3840				(210)233-4288					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
9. TCEQ Programs and ID				ermits/registra	ation numbe	rs that will b	e affected	by the upd	ates	submitted on this
Dam Safety	District		Edwards Ag	uifer	☐ Emissions Inventory Air			□ Indu	strial	Hazardous Waste
							,			
☐ Municipal Solid Waste	☐ New S	ource Review Air	OSSF		☐ Petro	leum Stora	ge Tank	☐ PWS	3	
Sludge	☐ Storm	Water	☐ Title V Air		☐ Tires			Use	liO b	
☐ Voluntary Cleanup	☐ Waste	Water	Wastewater	Agriculture	☐ Water Rights		Other:		er:	
		•						<u> </u>		
SECTION IV: Pre	parer li	ntormation	<u>l</u>		Г					
40. Name: Elvis Treviño				41. Title	Pro	ject Mai	nager			
42. Telephone Number	43. Ext./Cod	de 44. Fa	x Number	45. E-N	lail Addre	SS				
(210)366-1988	8114	(210) 366-1980	etrevi	no@ma	esce.coi	n			
SECTION V: Aut	horized	Signature		•						
6. By my signature below,			knowledge, that th	e information	n provided	in this for		and comp	lete,	and that I have

signature authority to s identified in field 39.

Company:	Maestas & Associates, LLC	Project M	Manager			
Name (In Print):	: Elvis Treviño				(210) 366- 1988	
Signature:	Wir Trains			Date:	8/12/2025	

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University Pump Station

WPAP Modification

August 2025

Prepared for:
San Antonio Water System



Prepared by:



Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page

Our Review of Your Application

The Edwards Aquifer Program staff conducts an administrative and technical review of all applications. The turnaround time for administrative review can be up to 30 days as outlined in 30 TAC 213.4(e). Generally administrative completeness is determined during the intake meeting or within a few days of receipt. The turnaround time for technical review of an administratively complete Edwards Aquifer application is 90 days as outlined in 30 TAC 213.4(e). Please know that the review and approval time is directly impacted by the quality and completeness of the initial application that is received. In order to conduct a timely review, it is imperative that the information provided in an Edwards Aquifer application include final plans, be accurate, complete, and in compliance with 30 TAC 213.

Administrative Review

- Edwards Aquifer applications must be deemed administratively complete before a technical review can begin. To be considered administratively complete, the application must contain completed forms and attachments, provide the requested information, and meet all the site plan requirements. The submitted application and plan sheets should be final plans. Please submit one full-size set of plan sheets with the original application, and half-size sets with the additional copies.
 - To ensure that all applicable documents are included in the application, the program has developed tools to guide you and web pages to provide all forms, checklists, and guidance. Please visit the below website for assistance: http://www.tceq.texas.gov/field/eapp.
- 2. This Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page form (certified by the applicant or agent) must be included in the application and brought to the administrative review meeting.
- 3. Administrative reviews are scheduled with program staff who will conduct the review. Applicants or their authorized agent should call the appropriate regional office, according to the county in which the project is located, to schedule a review. The average meeting time is one hour.
- 4. In the meeting, the application is examined for administrative completeness. Deficiencies will be noted by staff and emailed or faxed to the applicant and authorized agent at the end of the meeting, or shortly after. Administrative deficiencies will cause the application to be deemed incomplete and returned.
 - An appointment should be made to resubmit the application. The application is re-examined to ensure all deficiencies are resolved. The application will only be deemed administratively complete when all administrative deficiencies are addressed.
- 5. If an application is received by mail, courier service, or otherwise submitted without a review meeting, the administrative review will be conducted within 30 days. The applicant and agent will be contacted with the results of the administrative review. If the application is found to be administratively incomplete, it can be retrieved from the regional office or returned by regular mail. If returned by mail, the regional office may require arrangements for return shipping.
- 6. If the geologic assessment was completed before October 1, 2004 and the site contains "possibly sensitive" features, the assessment must be updated in accordance with the *Instructions to Geologists* (TCEQ-0585 Instructions).

Technical Review

- 1. When an application is deemed administratively complete, the technical review period begins. The regional office will distribute copies of the application to the identified affected city, county, and groundwater conservation district whose jurisdiction includes the subject site. These entities and the public have 30 days to provide comments on the application to the regional office. All comments received are reviewed by TCEQ.
- 2. A site assessment is usually conducted as part of the technical review, to evaluate the geologic assessment and observe existing site conditions. The site must be accessible to our staff. The site boundaries should be

- clearly marked, features identified in the geologic assessment should be flagged, roadways marked and the alignment of the Sewage Collection System and manholes should be staked at the time the application is submitted. If the site is not marked the application may be returned.
- 3. We evaluate the application for technical completeness and contact the applicant and agent via Notice of Deficiency (NOD) to request additional information and identify technical deficiencies. There are two deficiency response periods available to the applicant. There are 14 days to resolve deficiencies noted in the first NOD. If a second NOD is issued, there is an additional 14 days to resolve deficiencies. If the response to the second notice is not received, is incomplete or inadequate, or provides new information that is incomplete or inadequate, the application must be withdrawn or will be denied. Please note that because the technical review is underway, whether the application is withdrawn or denied **the application fee will be forfeited**.
- 4. The program has 90 calendar days to complete the technical review of the application. If the application is technically adequate, such that it complies with the Edwards Aquifer rules, and is protective of the Edwards Aquifer during and after construction, an approval letter will be issued. Construction or other regulated activity may not begin until an approval is issued.

Mid-Review Modifications

It is important to have final site plans prior to beginning the permitting process with TCEQ to avoid delays.

Occasionally, circumstances arise where you may have significant design and/or site plan changes after your Edwards Aquifer application has been deemed administratively complete by TCEQ. This is considered a "Mid-Review Modification". Mid-Review Modifications may require redistribution of an application that includes the proposed modifications for public comment.

If you are proposing a Mid-Review Modification, two options are available:

- If the technical review has begun your application can be denied/withdrawn, your fees will be forfeited, and the plan will have to be resubmitted.
- TCEQ can continue the technical review of the application as it was submitted, and a modification application can be submitted at a later time.

If the application is denied/withdrawn, the resubmitted application will be subject to the administrative and technical review processes and will be treated as a new application. The application will be redistributed to the affected jurisdictions.

Please contact the regional office if you have questions. If your project is located in Williamson, Travis, or Hays County, contact TCEQ's Austin Regional Office at 512-339-2929. If your project is in Comal, Bexar, Medina, Uvalde, or Kinney County, contact TCEQ's San Antonio Regional Office at 210-490-3096

Please fill out all required fields below and submit with your application.

1. Regulated Entity Name: University Pump Station					2. Regulated Entity No.: RN107133506			
3. Customer Name: San Antonio Water System			4. Customer No.: 600529069					
5. Project Type: (Please circle/check one)	New	Modif	fication	>	Extension		Exception	
6. Plan Type: (Please circle/check one)	WPAP CZP	SCS	UST	AST	EXP	EXT	Technical Clarification	Optional Enhanced Measures
7. Land Use: (Please circle/check one)	Residential (Non-r	residen	tial		8. Sit	e (acres):	4.63
9. Application Fee:	\$4,000	10. P	ermaı	nent I	BMP(s):		Vegetative Filter Strip	
11. SCS (Linear Ft.):	-	12. A	ST/US	ST (No	o. Tar	ıks):		
13. County:	Bexar	14. Watershed:				Leon Creek		

Application Distribution

Instructions: Use the table below to determine the number of applications required. One original and one copy of the application, plus additional copies (as needed) for each affected incorporated city, county, and groundwater conservation district are required. Linear projects or large projects, which cross into multiple jurisdictions, can require additional copies. Refer to the "Texas Groundwater Conservation Districts within the EAPP Boundaries" map found at:

http://www.tceq.texas.gov/assets/public/compliance/field_ops/eapp/EAPP%20GWCD%20map.pdf

For more detailed boundaries, please contact the conservation district directly.

Austin Region					
County:	Hays	Travis	Williamson		
Original (1 req.)	_	_	_		
Region (1 req.)	_	_	_		
County(ies)			_		
Groundwater Conservation District(s)	Edwards Aquifer AuthorityBarton Springs/ Edwards AquiferHays TrinityPlum Creek	Barton Springs/ Edwards Aquifer	NA		
City(ies) Jurisdiction	AustinBudaDripping SpringsKyleMountain CitySan MarcosWimberleyWoodcreek	AustinBee CavePflugervilleRollingwoodRound RockSunset ValleyWest Lake Hills	AustinCedar ParkFlorenceGeorgetownJerrellLeanderLiberty HillPflugervilleRound Rock		

	Sa	an Antonio Region			
County:	Bexar	Comal	Kinney	Medina	Uvalde
Original (1 req.)	_ <u>X</u> _	_	_	_	_
Region (1 req.)	_ <u>X</u> _				_
County(ies)	_ <u>X</u> _	_	_		
Groundwater Conservation District(s)	_x_ Edwards Aquifer Authority _x_ Trinity-Glen Rose	Edwards Aquifer Authority	Kinney	EAA Medina	EAA Uvalde
City(ies) Jurisdiction	Castle HillsFair Oaks RanchHelotesHill Country VillageHollywood Park _x_San Antonio (SAWS)Shavano Park	Bulverde Fair Oaks Ranch Garden Ridge New Braunfels Schertz	NA	San Antonio ETJ (SAWS)	NA

I certify that to the best of my knowledge, that application is hereby submitted to TCEQ for a		
Elvis Treviño, PE		
Print Name of Customer/Authorized Agent		
Wir Treino	8/12/2025	
Signature of Customer/Authorized Agent	Date	

Date(s)Reviewed:	Date Administratively Complete:			
Received From:	Correct Number of Copies:			
Received By:	Distribution Date:			
EAPP File Number:	Complex:			
Admin. Review(s) (No.):	No. AR Rounds:			
Delinquent Fees (Y/N):	Review Time Spent:			
Lat./Long. Verified:	SOS Customer Verification:			
Agent Authorization Complete/Notarized (Y/N):	Payable to TCEQ (Y/N):			
Core Data Form Complete (Y/N):	Check: Signed (Y/N):			
Core Data Form Incomplete Nos.:	Less than 90 days old (Y/N):			

General Information Form

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Elvis Treviño, PE

For Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge and Transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.4(b) & §213.5(b)(2)(A), (B) Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **General Information Form** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review. The application was prepared by:

Dat	Date: <u>08/12/2025</u>					
Sig	nature of Customer/Agent:					
	Wir Trains					
Pi	oject Information					
1.	Regulated Entity Name: <u>University Pump Station</u>					
2.	County: Bexar					
3.	Stream Basin: San Antonio River Basin					
4.	Groundwater Conservation District (If applicable): N/A					
5.	Edwards Aquifer Zone:					
	Recharge Zone Transition Zone					
6.	Plan Type:					
	WPAP AST SCS UST Modification Exception Request					

7.	Customer (Applicant):	
	Contact Person: Saqib Shirazi, PE, PMP Entity: San Antonio Water System Mailing Address: 2800 US Hwy 281 N City, State: San Antonio, Texas Telephone: 210-233-3840 Email Address: Saqib.Shirazi@saws.org	Zip: <u>78212</u> FAX: <u>210-233-4288</u>
3.	Agent/Representative (If any):	
	Contact Person: Elvis Treviño, PE Entity: Maestas & Associates, LLC. Mailing Address: 8122 Datapoint Drive, Suite 840 City, State: San Antonio, Texas Telephone: 210-366-1988 Email Address: etrevino@maesce.com	Zip: <u>78229</u> FAX: <u>210-366-1980</u>
€.	Project Location:	
	 ☐ The project site is located inside the city limits of the project site is located outside the city limits jurisdiction) of ☐ The project site is not located within any city's 	s but inside the ETJ (extra-territorial
10.	The location of the project site is described belowers detail and clarity so that the TCEQ's Regional st boundaries for a field investigation.	
	The project is located at 7172 W Hausman Rd r Hausman Rd.	near the intersection of Babcock and W
11.	Attachment A – Road Map. A road map showi project site is attached. The project location and the map.	_
12.	USGS Quadrangle Map (Scale: 1" = 2000') of the The map(s) clearly show:	
	 ☑ Project site boundaries. ☑ USGS Quadrangle Name(s). ☑ Boundaries of the Recharge Zone (and Tran ☑ Drainage path from the project site to the boundaries. 	
13.	The TCEQ must be able to inspect the project solution Sufficient survey staking is provided on the protection the boundaries and alignment of the regulated features noted in the Geologic Assessment.	ject to allow TCEQ regional staff to locate

\boxtimes Survey staking will be completed by this date: <u>3-1-2026</u>
14. Attachment C – Project Description. Attached at the end of this form is a detailed narrative description of the proposed project. The project description is consistent throughout the application and contains, at a minimum, the following details:
 ✓ Area of the site ✓ Offsite areas ✓ Impervious cover ✓ Permanent BMP(s) ✓ Proposed site use ✓ Site history ✓ Previous development ✓ Area(s) to be demolished
15. Existing project site conditions are noted below:
Existing commercial site Existing industrial site Existing residential site Existing paved and/or unpaved roads Undeveloped (Cleared) Undeveloped (Undisturbed/Uncleared) Other:
Prohibited Activities
16. \boxtimes I am aware that the following activities are prohibited on the Recharge Zone and are not proposed for this project:
 Waste disposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 of this title (relating to Underground Injection Control);
(2) New feedlot/concentrated animal feeding operations, as defined in 30 TAC §213.3;
(3) Land disposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC §335.1;
(4) The use of sewage holding tanks as parts of organized collection systems; and
(5) New municipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I standards which are defined in §330.41(b), (c), and (d) of this title (relating to Types of Municipal Solid Waste Facilities).
(6) New municipal and industrial wastewater discharges into or adjacent to water in the state that would create additional pollutant loading.
17. X I am aware that the following activities are prohibited on the Transition Zone and are not proposed for this project:

(1) Waste disposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 (relating to Underground

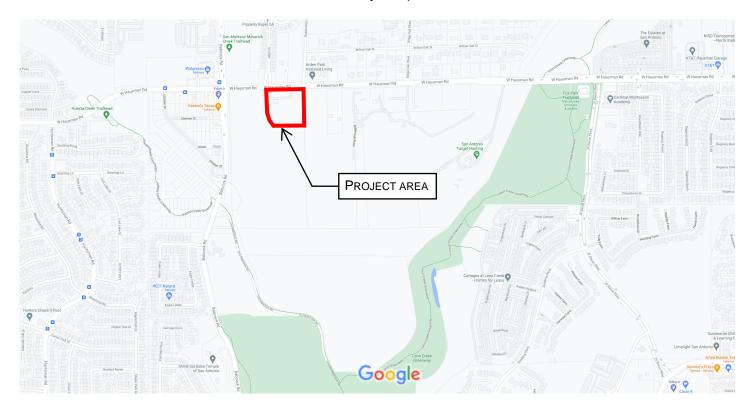
Injection Control);

- (2) Land disposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC §335.1; and
- (3) New municipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I standards which are defined in §330.41 (b), (c), and (d) of this title.

Administrative Information

18. The	e fee for the plan(s) is based on:
	For a Water Pollution Abatement Plan or Modification, the total acreage of the site where regulated activities will occur. For an Organized Sewage Collection System Plan or Modification, the total linear footage of all collection system lines. For a UST Facility Plan or Modification or an AST Facility Plan or Modification, the total number of tanks or piping systems. A request for an exception to any substantive portion of the regulations related to the protection of water quality. A request for an extension to a previously approved plan.
19. 🔀	Application fees are due and payable at the time the application is filed. If the correct fee is not submitted, the TCEQ is not required to consider the application until the correct fee is submitted. Both the fee and the Edwards Aquifer Fee Form have been sent to the Commission's:
	 ☐ TCEQ cashier ☐ Austin Regional Office (for projects in Hays, Travis, and Williamson Counties) ☑ San Antonio Regional Office (for projects in Bexar, Comal, Kinney, Medina, and Uvalde Counties)
20. 🔀	Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
21. 🔀	No person shall commence any regulated activity until the Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan(s) for the activity has been filed with and approved by the Executive Director.

University Pump Station



200 ft _____

LEGEND

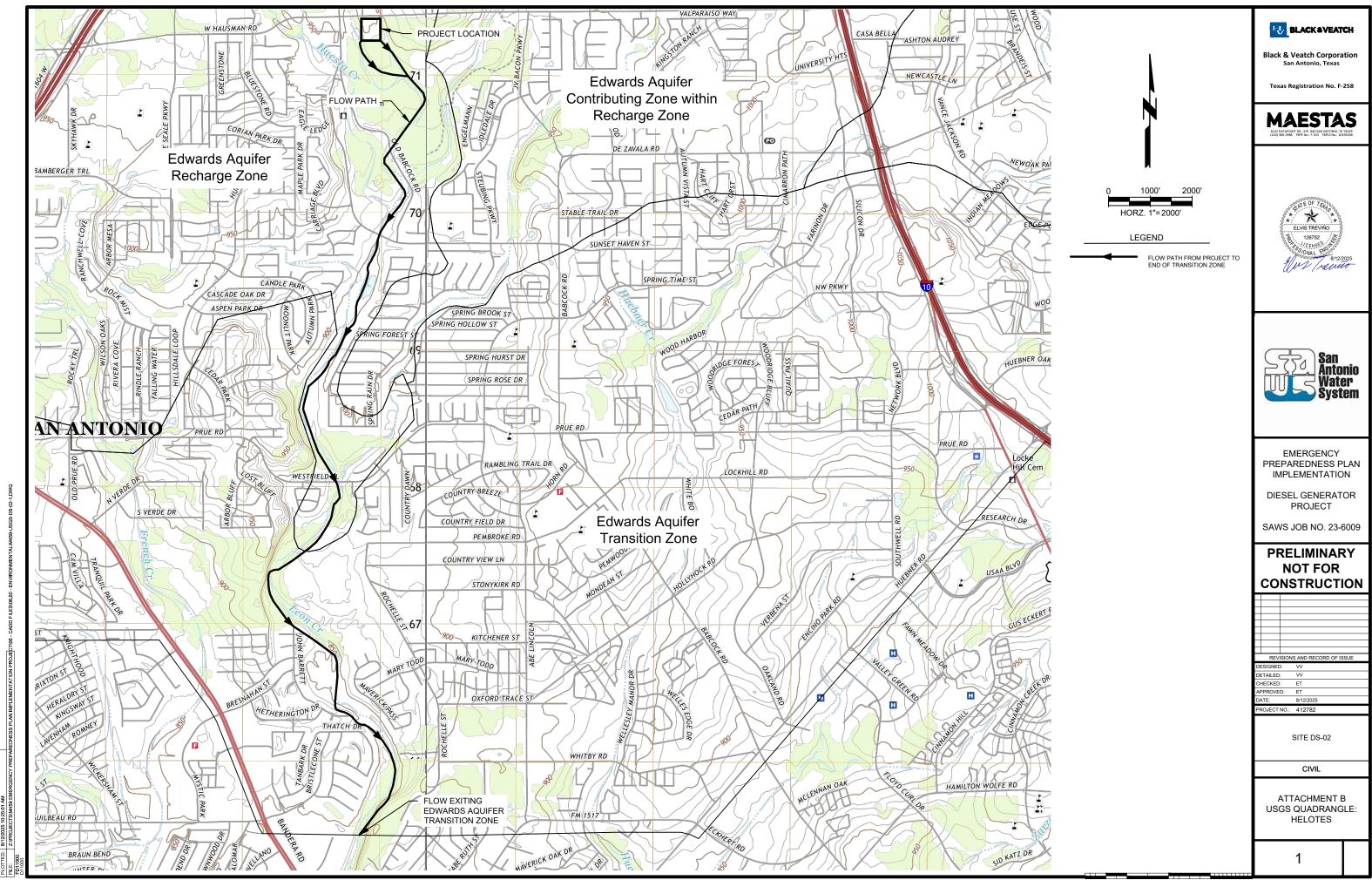
WPAP PROJECT SITE



ATTACHMENT A

PROJECT LOCATION

UNIVERSITY PUMP STATION



(SCALE

(SCALE BAR IS 4" AT FULL SCALE) 0

GENERAL INFORMATION FORM ATTACHMENTS

ATTACHMENT A - ROAD MAP

Attached.

ATTACHMENT B - USGS/EDWARDS AQUIFER RECHARGE ZONE MAP

Attached.

ATTACHMENT C - PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The San Antonio Water System (SAWS) is proposing to improve the existing University Pump Station. The improvements at the project site consist of electrical equipment additions/modifications that will increase impervious area at the site. These improvements will primarily be new concrete equipment pads and building for the electrical gear as well as extension of flatwork within the site.

The project area within the Recharge Zone is 4.63 acres, which includes the installation of the switchgear building, concrete driveway, generator pad, revegetating all disturbed areas, and engineered vegetative filter strips around new impervious components. All elements of the improvements drain to Leon Creek. No wastewater will be generated by this project.

There are existing vegetative filter strips on the north and south sides of the existing concrete driveway, which were added as part of the original WPAP approved in September 2014. These existing vegetative filter strips are overtreating the existing driveway. In order to maximize the treatment capacity of the vegetative filter strips, the existing vegetative filter strips around the driveway will be removed and replaced in areas directly adjacent to the proposed impervious cover to treat the flow from new impervious cover as well as the existing impervious cover. The proposed BMP is 6,093 square feet of engineered vegetative filter strip around the proposed improvements and existing impervious features.

The existing curb along the property frontage will prevent off-site runoff from affecting the new impervious cover and engineered vegetative filter strip. There is no concentration of flow within the engineered vegetative filter strip treatment area.

The total project area draining into the Recharge Zone is 4.63 acres. Approximately 5,140 square feet of new impervious cover will be added resulting in 1.46 acres of total impervious cover and a post development percent impervious cover equal to 31.5%.

University Pump Station was platted on November 1st, 2002, recorded in Volume 9555 Page 174 of the Bexar County Records and has been used as SAWS facility since that time.



Geologic Assessment for University Ground Storage Tank Project, San Antonio, Bexar County, Texas

FEBRUARY 2022 (REVISED APRIL 2022)

PREPARED FOR

Black & Veatch Corporation

PREPARED BY

SWCA Environmental Consultants

Texas Board of Professional Geoscientists, Firm Registration No. 50159



GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT FOR THE UNIVERSITY GROUND STORAGE TANK PROJECT, SAN ANTONIO, BEXAR COUNTY, TEXAS

Prepared for

Black & Veatch Corporation 14100 San Pedro Ave., Suite 570 San Antonio, TX 78232

Prepared by

Philip Pearce, P.G. Debbie J. Duran, G.I.T.

SWCA ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANTS

Texas Board of Professional Geoscientists, Firm Registration No. 50159 4949 N Loop 1604 W, Suite 235 San Antonio, TX 78249 www.swca.com

SWCA Project Number 61981

February 2022 (Revised April 2022)



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2.0 Methodology	
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Figure 1. Project Area location map.	2

APPENDICES

Appendix A Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) Forms

Attachment A – Geologic Assessment Table
Attachment B – Stratigraphic Column
Attachment C – Narrative Description of Site Geology
Attachment D – Site Geologic Map

1 INTRODUCTION

This narrative Geologic Assessment accompanies the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) Geologic Assessment form TCEQ-0585 completed of a proposed water ground storage tank project located approximately 0.1 miles east of the intersection of Babcock Road and West Hausman Road (Project Area) in San Antonio, northwestern Bexar County, Texas (Figure 1). The Project Site includes property owned and managed by the San Antonio Water System (SAWS) and additional property on the west and south sides of the SAWS facility that are being added to the facility.

2 METHODOLOGY

SWCA scientists conducted field surveys on 7 December 2020 and 28 January 2022. The pedestrian survey was completed by walking parallel transects spaced approximately 50 feet apart as directed by the TCEQ in the <u>Instructions to Geologists for Geologic Assessments on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge/Transition Zones</u> (Rev. 10-01-04). Closer spacing was used where vegetation inhibited clear observation. The SWCA scientist carefully examined all potential karst features, including depressions, holes, and animal burrows, for subsurface extent evidence. SWCA used several techniques for this effort, including probing with a digging implement to determine the thickness and consistency of fill material and feeling for air flow which may indicate the presence of a sub-surface void space. Other techniques included recording notable feature site characteristics such as vegetation types or a semi-circular burrow mound produced by small mammal activity.

3 RESULTS

3.1 Site Overview

The Project Site lies within the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone (TCEQ 2020). The Project Site is located on a divide between Leon Creek and an unnamed tributary to Leon Creek. Topography generally slopes to the west, south, and east toward Leon Creek and the unnamed tributary, with an elevation of approximately 948 to 952 feet above mean sea level. A water ground storage tank and other public water supply infrastructure are present on the Project Site.

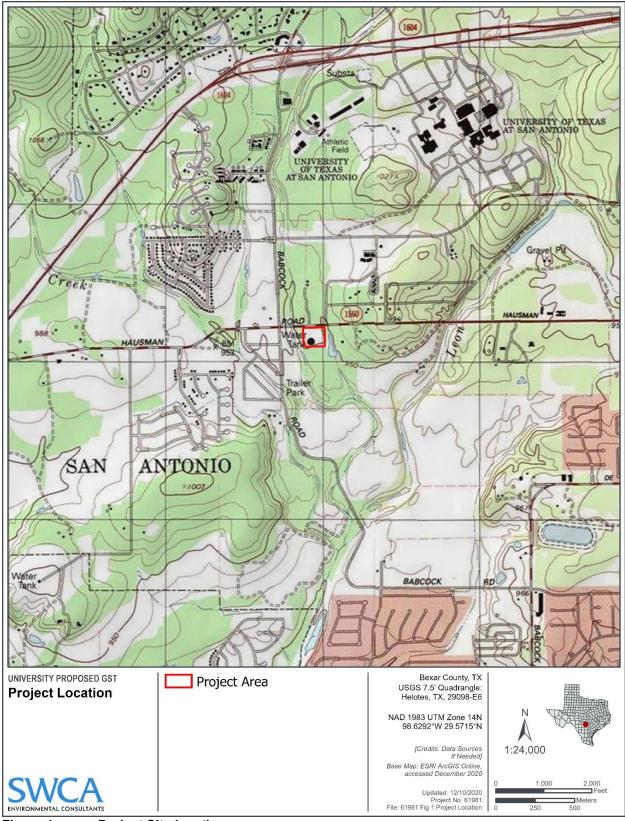


Figure 1. Project Site location map.

3.2 Geology

The Subject Site is underlain by the Del Rio Clay (Collins 1995) (Attachment D). The geology of the Project Site has been mapped most recently at a useful scale by Collins (1995) and SWCA finds this interpretation of the geology to be generally accurate. A Stratigraphic Column is included as Attachment B within Appendix A.

The Project Site occurs along the Balcones Fault Zone (BFZ) within the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone. Structural down-warping occurred with the Gulf of Mexico's ancestral formation during the middle Tertiary. The earth's crust was stretched in response and the BFZ formed along a zone of weakness, which currently marks the boundary between the Edwards Plateau and the Gulf Coastal Plain in central Texas. This zone is characterized by a series of northeast trending, predominantly normal, nearly vertical, en echelon faults. No faults cross the Project Area (Collins 1997).

The Project Site is within the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone (EARZ). Recharge into the Edwards Aquifer primarily occurs in areas where the Edwards Group and Georgetown Formation are exposed at the surface. Most recharge is from direct infiltration via precipitation and streamflow loss. Recharge occurs predominantly along secondary porosity features such as faults, fractures, and karst features (caves, solution cavities, sinkholes, etc.). Karst features are commonly formed along joints, fractures, and bedding plane surfaces in the Edwards Group and Georgetown Formation.

3.3 Soils

The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) identifies one soil unit within the Project Site (NRCS 2019). The Lewisville silty clay (LvB), 1 to 3 percent slopes, is mapped within the Project Site (NRCS 2019).

The LvB soil type is considered in the "B" hydrologic soil group classification, which has a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.

3.4 Site Hydrogeologic Assessment

SWCA identified one geologic feature, a fault (S-1), on the Project Site. No karst features with surface expressions were observed on the Project Site. Feature S-1 is a normal, intraformational fault within the Del Rio Clay that crosses the northwestern corner of the Project Site. No evidence of enhanced permeability was observed in the vicinity of the fault, and the fault is located within the Del Rio Clay at the land surface; therefore, the probability of rapid infiltration is low.

The overall potential for fluid migration to the Edwards Aquifer for the site appears relatively low compared to background infiltration rates due to the presence of no karst or sensitive features and the presence of the Del Rio Clay. The Del Rio Clay is a relatively impermeable upper confining unit of the Edwards Aquifer. The depth to water in the Edwards Aquifer below ground surface in the vicinity of the site appears to be approximately 235 feet below land surface based on water levels measured in nearby State Wells No. 68-27-612 and No. 68-27-611 (Texas Water Development Board 2020).

4 REFERENCES

- Collins, E.W.1995. Geologic map of the Helotes quadrangle Texas. University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology, Open-File Map STATEMAP Study Area 5, scale 1:24,000. Accessed January 2021.
- Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS). 2020. Soil Survey Staff, Natural Resources Conservation Service, United States Department of Agriculture. Web Soil Survey. Available at: http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/. Accessed December 2020.
- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality. 2020. Edwards Aquifer Viewer v3.8. Available at: http://tceq.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=2e5afa3ba8144c30a49d3dc1ab49 edcd. Accessed December 2020.
- Texas Water Development Board (TWDB). 2020. Water Data Interactive, interactive GIS database. Available at: http://www2.twdb.texas.gov/apps/waterdatainteractive/groundwaterdataviewer. Accessed December 2020.

APPENDIX A

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) Forms

Geologic Assessment

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

For Regulated Activities on The Edwards Aquifer Recharge/transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(3), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. My signature certifies that I am qualified as a geologist as defined by 30 TAC Chapter 213.

Print Name of Geologist: Philip Pearce, P.G.	Telephone: <u>210.877.2847</u>
Date:	Fax: <u>210.877.2848</u>
Representing: <u>SWCA Environmental Consultants (T</u> Company and TBPG or TBPE registration number)	BPG Firm Registration #50159) (Name of
Signature of Geologist:	STATE OF FEET
Alil C. Pear	Philip C. Pearce
Regulated Entity Name: University Ground Storage	Tank Geology 691
Project Information	VAL & GEO
1. Date(s) Geologic Assessment was performed: 7	December 2020 and 28 January 2022
2. Type of Project:	
WPAPSCSLocation of Project:	☐ AST ☐ UST
Recharge Zone Transition Zone Contributing Zone within the Transition Zone	e

4.			logic Assessment able) is attached.	Table . Complete	d Geologic Assessment Table
5.	Soil cover of Hydrologic 55, Append	on the pro Soil Grou dix A, Soil	ject site is summa ps* (Urban Hydro Conservation Serv	logy for Small W vice, 1986). If the	e below and uses the SCS atersheds, Technical Release No. ere is more than one soil type on gic Map or a separate soils map.
	ble 1 - Soil Ui aracteristics	-			Group Definitions (Abbreviated) Soils having a high infiltration
	Soil Name	Group*	Thickness(feet)	P	rate when thoroughly wetted.
Le	ewisville Silty Clay (LvB)	В	1-3	С.	Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted. Soils having a very slow
					infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
6.7.	members, top of the the stratign Attachmer including a potential for	and thicki stratigrap raphic colo nt C – Site any feature or fluid me	nesses is attached hic column. Othe umn. Geology. A narrates identified in the	. The outcroppin rwise, the upper tive description of Geologic Assess	column showing formations, g unit, if present, should be at the most unit should be at the top of of the site specific geology sment Table, a discussion of the stratigraphy, structure(s), and
8.			Geologic Map(s). Plan. The minimur	_	ic Map must be the same scale as)'
	Site Geolog	gic Map So	Scale: 1" = <u>60</u> ' cale: 1" = <u>60</u> ' (if more than 1 so	il type): 1" = <u>N/A</u>	1 <u>1</u>
9.	Method of col	lecting po	sitional data:		
			vstem (GPS) techn ease describe met		ection:
10	. 🔀 The projec	t site and	boundaries are cle	early shown and	labeled on the Site Geologic Map.
11.	. 🔀 Surface ge	ologic unit	s are shown and I	abeled on the Si	te Geologic Map.

12. Geologic or manmade features were discovered on the project site during the field investigation. They are shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map and are described in the attached Geologic Assessment Table.
Geologic or manmade features were not discovered on the project site during the field investigation.
13. The Recharge Zone boundary is shown and labeled, if appropriate.
14. All known wells (test holes, water, oil, unplugged, capped and/or abandoned, etc.): If applicable, the information must agree with Item No. 20 of the WPAP Application Section.
 There are 0 (#) wells present on the project site and the locations are shown and labeled. (Check all of the following that apply.) The wells are not in use and have been properly abandoned. The wells are not in use and will be properly abandoned. The wells are in use and comply with 16 TAC Chapter 76. ★ There are no wells or test holes of any kind known to exist on the project site.
Administrative Information

15. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.

ATTACHMENT A

Geologic Assessment Table

GEOL		SMENT TABLE										stiy Gr	ound	d Storag						
	LOCATIO	ON				FEAT	URE C	HARA	CTERIST	ICS					EVAL	LUAT	TON	PHY	SICAL	SETTIN
1A	1B *	1C*	1C* 2A 2B 3			- 1	4		5	5A	6	7	8A	8B	9	_	10	1	11	12
FEATURE ID	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	FEATURE TYPE	POINTS	FORMATION	DIM	DIMENSIONS (FEET)		TREND CO	DOM	DENSITY (NO/FT)	NSITY APERTURE D/FT) (FEET)		RELATIVE ILL INFILTRATION RATE	TOTAL	SENSITIVITY		CATCHMENT AREA (ACRES)		TOPOGRAPHY
						Х	Υ	z		10						<40	<u>>40</u>	<1.6	>1.6	
S-1	29°34'18.63"N	98°37'48.17"W	F	20	Kdr	300	-	-	N55E	10				5	35	Х	j.	Х		Hillside
	×							250									_	\vdash		
					¥															
										_								_		
																				1

*	DA	TI	JIM	· N	JAC	83
	D^{μ}	ΛIU	JIV	: 1	IAL	83

2A TYPE	TYPE	2B POINTS
С	Cave	30
SC	Solution cavity	20
SF	Solution-enlarged fracture(s)	20
F	Fault	20
0	Other natural bedrock features	5
MB	Manmade feature in bedrock	30
SW	Swallow hole	30
SH	Sinkhole	20
CD	Non-karst closed depression	5
Z	Zone, clustered or aligned features	30

*	8A INFILLING
N	None, exposed bedrock
С	Coarse - cobbles, breakdown, sand, gravel
0	Loose or soft mud or soil, organics, leaves, sticks, dark colors
F	Fines, compacted clay-rich sediment, soil profile, gray or red colors
V	Vegetation. Give details in narrative description
FS	Flowstone, cements, cave deposits
X	Other materials

12 TOPOGRAPHY Cliff, Hilltop, Hillside, Drainage, Floodplain, Streambed

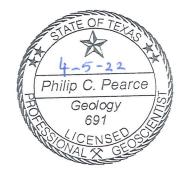
I have read, I understood, and I have followed the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality's Instructions to Geologists. The information presented here complies with that document and is a true representation of the conditions observed in the field.

My signature certifies that I am qualified as a geologist as defined by 30 TAC Chapter 213.

Date

Sheet 1 of 1

TCEQ-0585-Table (Rev. 10-01-04)



ATTACHMENT B

Stratigraphic Column

Stratigraphic Column

Note: The shaded areas represent the lithology that outcrops on the property. 1

Upper Cretaceous	Upper			Navarro and Taylor Groups, undivided; 600 feet thick Austin Group; 130-150 feet thick						
er Cre	Confi Units	_		Eagle Ford Group; 30-50 feet thick						
Upi				Buda Limestone; 40-50	feet thick					
				Del Rio Clay; 40-50 fee	t thick					
	Ι			Georgetown Formation	10-40 feet thick					
	II			Person Formation;	Cyclic and Marine member, undivided					
80	III	quifer	d	170-200 feet thick	Leached and Collapsed member, undivided					
aceon	IV	ards A	Edwards Aquifer Edwards Group		Regional Dense member					
Lower Cretaceous	V	Edw		Kainer Formation;	Grainstone member					
Low	VI	田田田		260-310 feet thick	Kirschberg Evaporite member					
	VII				Dolomitic member					
	VIII				Basal Nodular member					
	Lower Confining Units			Upper member of Glen Rose Formation; 350-500 feet thick						

¹ Blome, C.D., Faith, J.R., Pdraza, D.E, Ozuna, G.B, Cole, J.C., Clark, A.K., Small, T.A., and Morris, R.R. 2005. Geologic map of the Edwards aquifer recharge zone, south-central-Texas. U.S. Geological Survey SIM-2873. Scale 1:200,000.

ATTACHMENT C

Narrative Description of Site Geology

Geologic Assessment for the University Ground Storage Tank Project
PLEASE REFER TO SECTION 3.2 OF THIS REPORT FOR GEOLOGIC NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

ATTACHMENT D

Site Geologic Map



Modification of a Previously Approved Plan

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Transition Zone and Relating to 30 TAC 213.4(j), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This request for a **Modification of a Previously Approved Plan** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The request was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Elvis Treviño, PE

1. Current Regulated Entity Name: University Pump Station

Date: 08/12/2025

Signature of Customer/Agent:

Project Information

	Original Regulated Entity Name: <u>University Pump Station</u>
	Regulated Entity Number(s) (RN): RN107133506
	Edwards Aquifer Protection Program ID Number(s):
	$oxed{\boxtimes}$ The applicant has not changed and the Customer Number (CN) is: 600529069
	The applicant or Regulated Entity has changed. A new Core Data Form has been provided.
2.	Attachment A: Original Approval Letter and Approved Modification Letters. A copy of the original approval letter and copies of any modification approval letters are attached.

Physical or operation including but not I diversionary struction Change in the natuoriginally approved plan to prevent polyment of lapollution abatemed Physical modification including polyment of Important polyment of Important Importan	imited to ponds, dams, berms, tures; ure or character of the regulate d or a change which would sign Illution of the Edwards Aquifer; nd previously identified as und	pollution abatement structure(s) sewage treatment plants, and d activity from that which was ificantly impact the ability of the eveloped in the original water sewage collection system; and storage tank system;
plan has been modifie	Modifications (select plan type of more than once, copy the ap ete the information for each ad	
WPAP Modification	Approved Project	Proposed Modification
Summary		
Acres	4.63	4.63
Type of Development	<u>Industrial</u>	<u>Industrial</u>
Number of Residential	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Lots		
Impervious Cover (acres)	<u>1.34</u>	<u>1.46</u>
Impervious Cover (%	<u>28.9%</u>	<u>31.5%</u>
Permanent BMPs	<u>VFS</u>	<u>VFS</u>
Other		
SCS Modification	Approved Project	Proposed Modification
Summary		
Linear Feet		
Pine Diameter		

Other

AS	T Modification	Approved Project	Proposed Modification
Sur	mmary		
Nu	mber of ASTs	<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>
Vol	ume of ASTs	<u>0</u>	<u>500 gal</u>
Oth	ner		
US	T Modification	Approved Project	Proposed Modification
Sur	mmary		
Nu	mber of USTs		
Vol	ume of USTs		
Oth	ner		
5.	the nature of the propo including any previous of the approved plan.	sed modification is attached. modifications, and how this p	 A detailed narrative description of It discusses what was approved, proposed modification will change
6.	the existing site developmodification is attached modification is required. The approved const any subsequent modocument that the solution is required. The approved const illustrates that the solution illustrates t	oment (i.e., current site layoutd. A site plan detailing the challelsewhere. ruction has not commenced. dification approval letters are approval has not expired. ruction has commenced and site was constructed as approruction has commenced and site was not constructed as approuction has commenced and rates that, thus far, the site was ruction has commenced and	has been completed. Attachment Coproved. has not been completed. ras constructed as approved.
7.	provided for the new ac	•	Geologic Assessment has been e approved plan.
8.	needed for each affecte county in which the pro	ed incorporated city, groundwiject will be located. The TCE	cation, plus additional copies as vater conservation district, and Q will distribute the additional omitted to the appropriate regional

MODIFICATION OF A PREVIOUSLY APPROVED PLAN ATTACHMENTS

ATTACHMENT A - ORIGINAL APPROVAL LETTER AND APPROVED MODIFICATION LETTER

The Original Approval and Approved Modification Letters are attached.

Bryan W. Shaw, Ph.D., P.E., Chairman Toby Baker, Commissioner Zak Covar, Commissioner Richard A. Hyde, P.E., Executive Director



2262

TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Protecting Texas by Reducing and Preventing Pollution

September 5, 2014

Mr. Juan Rodriquez San Antonio Water System 2800 U. S. Highway 281 North San Antonio, Texas 78249

Re: Edwards Aquifer, Bexar County

NAME OF PROJECT: University Pump Station; Located at 7098 W. Hausman Road; San Antonio, Texas

TYPE OF PLAN: Request for Approval of a Water Pollution Abatement Plan (WPAP); 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 213 Edwards Aquifer

Investigation No. 1184335; Regulated Entity No. RN107133506; Additional ID No. 13-14071601

Dear Mr. Rodriquez:

The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) has completed its review of the WPAP Application for the above-referenced project submitted to the San Antonio Regional Office by Freese and Nichols, Inc. on behalf of the San Antonio Water System on July 16, 2014. Final review of the WPAP was completed after additional material was received on August 25, 2014. As presented to the TCEQ, the Temporary and Permanent Best Management Practices (BMPs) were selected and construction plans were prepared by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer to be in general compliance with the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 213. These planning materials were sealed, signed and dated by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. Therefore, based on the engineer's concurrence of compliance, the planning materials for construction of the proposed project and pollution abatement measures are hereby approved subject to applicable state rules and the conditions in this letter. The applicant or a person affected may file with the chief clerk a motion for reconsideration of the executive director's final action on this Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan. A motion for reconsideration must be filed no later than 23 days after the date of this approval letter. This approval expires two (2) years from the date of this letter unless, prior to the expiration date, more than 10 percent of the construction has commenced on the project or an extension of time has been requested.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The San Antonio Water System proposes to improve the existing University Pump Station. The area of the site is 4.09 acres with 1.01 acres (24.69 percent) of impervious cover. Proposed improvements include the addition of a 10 million gallon per day high service pump, construction

Mr. Juan Rodriquez Page 2 September 5, 2014

of a new electrical building, fence replacement and the removal and replacement of existing paving and curbs. No wastewater will be generated by this project.

PERMANENT POLLUTION ABATEMENT MEASURES

To prevent the pollution of stormwater runoff originating on-site or upgradient of the site and potentially flowing across and off the site after construction, engineered vegetative filter strips, designed using the TCEQ technical guidance document, <u>Complying with the Edwards Aquifer Rules: Technical Guidance on Best Management Practices (2005)</u>, will be constructed to treat stormwater runoff. The required total suspended solids (TSS) treatment for this project is 824 pounds of TSS generated from the 1.01 acres of impervious cover. The approved measures meet the required 80 percent removal of the increased load in TSS caused by the project.

The 15-foot engineered vegetative filter strips will provide 824 pounds of TSS removal. They shall have a uniform slope of less than 20 percent and vegetated cover of at least 80 percent which will extend along the entire length of the contributing area and will be free of gullies or rills that can concentrate overland flow. The contributing area shall be relatively flat to evenly distribute runoff, and the impervious cover in the direction of flow shall not exceed 72 feet. The engineered vegetative filter strips will merge with existing natural vegetative buffers.

GEOLOGY

According to the geologic assessment included with the application, the site is located within the Person Formation of the Edwards Group. Nine, non-sensitive geologic features were noted in the assessment by the project geologist. The San Antonio Regional Office site assessment conducted on August 27, 2014 revealed that the site was generally as described in the application.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

 The permanent pollution abatement measures shall be operational prior to occupancy of the facility.

STANDARD CONDITIONS

- Pursuant to Chapter 7 Subchapter C of the Texas Water Code, any violations of the requirements in 30 TAC Chapter 213 may result in administrative penalties.
- 2. The holder of the approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan must comply with all provisions of 30 TAC Chapter 213 and all best management practices and measures contained in the approved plan. Additional and separate approvals, permits, registrations and/or authorizations from other TCEQ Programs (i.e., Stormwater, Water Rights, UIC) can be required depending on the specifics of the plan.
- In addition to the rules of the Commission, the applicant may also be required to comply with state and local ordinances and regulations providing for the protection of water quality.

Prior to Commencement of Construction:

 Within 60 days of receiving written approval of an Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan, the applicant must submit to the San Antonio Regional Office, proof of recordation of notice in Mr. Juan Rodriquez Page 3 September 5, 2014

the county deed records, with the volume and page number(s) of the county deed records of the county in which the property is located. A description of the property boundaries shall be included in the deed recordation in the county deed records. A suggested form (Deed Recordation Affidavit, TCEQ-0625) that you may use to deed record the approved WPAP is enclosed.

- All contractors conducting regulated activities at the referenced project location shall be
 provided a copy of this notice of approval. At least one complete copy of the approved WPAP
 and this notice of approval shall be maintained at the project location until all regulated
 activities are completed.
- 6. Modification to the activities described in the referenced WPAP application following the date of approval may require the submittal of a plan to modify this approval, including the payment of appropriate fees and all information necessary for its review and approval prior to initiating construction of the modifications.
- 7. The applicant must provide written notification of intent to commence construction, replacement, or rehabilitation of the referenced project. Notification must be submitted to the San Antonio Regional Office no later than 48 hours prior to commencement of the regulated activity. Written notification must include the date on which the regulated activity will commence, the name of the approved plan and program ID number for the regulated activity, and the name of the prime contractor with the name and telephone number of the contact person. The executive director will use the notification to determine if the approved plan is eligible for an extension.
- 8. Temporary erosion and sedimentation (E&S) controls, i.e., silt fences, rock berms, stabilized construction entrances, or other controls described in the approved WPAP, must be installed prior to construction and maintained during construction. Temporary E&S controls may be removed when vegetation is established and the construction area is stabilized. If a water quality pond is proposed, it shall be used as a sedimentation basin during construction. The TCEQ may monitor stormwater discharges from the site to evaluate the adequacy of temporary E&S control measures. Additional controls may be necessary if excessive solids are being discharged from the site.
- 9. All borings with depths greater than or equal to 20 feet must be plugged with non-shrink grout from the bottom of the hole to within three (3) feet of the surface. The remainder of the hole must be backfilled with cuttings from the boring. All borings less than 20 feet must be backfilled with cuttings from the boring. All borings must be backfilled or plugged within four (4) days of completion of the drilling operation. Voids may be filled with gravel.

During Construction:

- 10. During the course of regulated activities related to this project, the applicant or agent shall comply with all applicable provisions of 30 TAC Chapter 213, Edwards Aquifer. The applicant shall remain responsible for the provisions and conditions of this approval until such responsibility is legally transferred to another person or entity.
- 11. This approval does not authorize the installation of temporary aboveground storage tanks on this project. If the contractor desires to install a temporary aboveground storage tank for use during construction, an application to modify this approval must be submitted and approved prior to installation. The application must include information related to tank location and spill containment. Refer to Standard Condition No. 6, above.
- 12. If any sensitive feature (caves, solution cavities, sink holes, etc.) is discovered during construction, all regulated activities near the feature must be suspended immediately. The

Mr. Juan Rodriquez Page 4 September 5, 2014

applicant or his agent must immediately notify the San Antonio Regional Office of the discovery of the feature. Regulated activities near the feature may not proceed until the executive director has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the feature and the aquifer from potentially adverse impacts to water quality. The plan must be sealed, signed, and dated by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer.

- 13. No wells exist on the site. One well is in use and the other has been properly plugged. All water wells, including injection, dewatering, and monitoring wells must be in compliance with the requirements of the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation under Title 16 TAC Chapter 76 (relating to Water Well Drillers and Pump Installers) and all other locally applicable rules, as appropriate.
- 14. If sediment escapes the construction site, the sediment must be removed at a frequency sufficient to minimize offsite impacts to water quality (e.g., fugitive sediment in street being washed into surface streams or sensitive features by the next rain). Sediment must be removed from sediment traps or sedimentation ponds not later than when design capacity has been reduced by 50 percent. Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals shall be prevented from becoming stormwater discharge pollutants.
- 15. Intentional discharges of sediment laden water are not allowed. If dewatering becomes necessary, the discharge will be filtered through appropriately selected best management practices. These may include vegetated filter strips, sediment traps, rock berms, silt fence rings, etc.
- 16. The following records shall be maintained and made available to the executive director upon request: the dates when major grading activities occur, the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site, and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 17. Stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, and construction activities will not resume within 21 days. When the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day is precluded by weather conditions, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable.

After Completion of Construction:

- 18. A Texas Licensed Professional Engineer must certify in writing that the permanent BMPs or measures were constructed as designed. The certification letter must be submitted to the San Antonio Regional Office within 30 days of site completion.
- 19. The applicant shall be responsible for maintaining the permanent BMPs after construction until such time as the maintenance obligation is either assumed in writing by another entity having ownership or control of the property (such as without limitation, an owner's association, a new property owner or lessee, a district, or municipality) or the ownership of the property is transferred to the entity. The regulated entity shall then be responsible for maintenance until another entity assumes such obligations in writing or ownership is transferred. A copy of the transfer of responsibility must be filed with the executive director through San Antonio Regional Office within 30 days of the transfer. A copy of the transfer form (TCEQ-10263) is enclosed.
- 20. Upon legal transfer of this property, the new owner(s) is required to comply with all terms of the approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan. If the new owner intends to commence any new regulated activity on the site, a new Edwards Aquifer protection plan that specifically addresses the new activity must be submitted to the executive director. Approval of the plan

Mr. Juan Rodriquez Page 5 September 5, 2014

> for the new regulated activity by the executive director is required prior to commencement of the new regulated activity.

- 21. An Edwards Aquifer protection plan approval or extension will expire and no extension will be granted if more than 50 percent of the total construction has not been completed within ten years from the initial approval of a plan. A new Edwards Aquifer protection plan must be submitted to the San Antonio Regional Office with the appropriate fees for review and approval by the executive director prior to commencing any additional regulated activities.
- 22. At project locations where construction is initiated and abandoned, or not completed, the site shall be returned to a condition such that the aquifer is protected from potential contamination.

This action is taken under authority delegated by the Executive Director of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality. If you have any questions or require additional information, please contact Dianne Pavlicek, P.G., of the Edwards Aquifer Protection Program of the San Antonio Regional Office at 210-403-4074.

Sincerely,

Lynn Bumguardner, Water Section Manager

San Antonio Region Office

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

LB/DP/eg

Enclosure: Deed Recordation Affidavit, Form TCEQ-0625

Change in Responsibility for Maintenance of Permanent BMPs, Form TCEQ-10263

cc: Mr. Patrick Garnett, CWB, Freese and Nichols, Inc.

Mr. David T. Bennett, P.E., Freese and Nichols, Inc.

Mr. Scott Halty, San Antonio Water System

Ms. Renee Green, P.E., Bexar County Public Works

Mr. Roland Ruiz, Edwards Aquifer Authority

TCEQ Central Records, Building F, MC 212

Exhibit A

Jon Niermann, Chairman Emily Lindley, Commissioner Bobby Janecka, Commissioner Toby Baker, Executive Director



TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Protecting Texas by Reducing and Preventing Pollution

July 1, 2022

Mr. Vicente Garza, P.E. San Antonio Water System 2800 US Highway 281 N San Antonio, Texas 78212

Re: Edwards Aquifer, Bexar County

NAME OF PROJECT: University Pump Station; Located at 7098 W Hausman Rd, San Antonio; Texas

TYPE OF PLAN: Request for Modification of an Approved Water Pollution Abatement Plan (WPAP); 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 213 Edwards Aquifer

Regulated Entity No. RN 107133506; Additional ID No. 13001519

Dear Mr. Garza:

The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) has completed its review of the WPAP Modification application for the above-referenced project submitted to the San Antonio Regional Office by Maestas & Associates, LLC on behalf of the San Antonio Water System on April 15, 2022. Final_review of the WPAP Modification was completed after additional material was received on June 27, 2022. As presented to the TCEQ, the Temporary and Permanent Best Management Practices (BMPs) were selected and construction plans were prepared by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer to be in general compliance with the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 213. These planning materials were sealed, signed, and dated by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. Therefore, based on the engineer's concurrence of compliance, the planning materials for construction of the proposed project and pollution abatement measures are hereby approved subject to applicable state rules and the conditions in this letter. The applicant or a person affected may file with the chief clerk a motion for reconsideration of the executive director's final action on this Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan. A motion for reconsideration must be filed no later than 23 days after the date of this approval letter. This approval expires two (2) years from the date of this letter unless, prior to the expiration date. more than 10 percent of the construction has commenced on the project or an extension of time has been requested.

BACKGROUND

The University Pump Station was approved by letter dated September 5, 2014, additional identification number 13-1407160, for improvements to the existing pump station.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The proposed industrial project will have an area of approximately 4.63 acres. It will include making improvements to the existing University Pump Station. Improvements will include the addition of a 5 million gallons storage ground storage tank, yard piping, control valve structure (concrete pad), electric components, additional property acquisition, and the replacement of the security fence around the perimeter of the property. The new impervious cover will be 0.43 acres to have a total impervious cover of 1.44 acres (31.1- percent). No wastewater will be generated by this project.

PERMANENT POLLUTION ABATEMENT MEASURES

To prevent the pollution of stormwater runoff originating on-site or upgradient of the site and potentially flowing across and off the site after construction, two (2) engineered vegetative filter strips, designed using the TCEQ technical guidance document, Complying with the Edwards Aquifer Rules: Technical Guidance on Best Management Practices (2005), will be constructed to treat stormwater runoff. The required total suspended solids (TSS) treatment for this project is 351 pounds of TSS generated from 0.43 acres of impervious cover. The approved measures meet the required 80 percent removal of the increased load in TSS caused by the project.

GEOLOGY

According to the geologic assessment included with the application, the site is located on the Del Rio Clay. One non-sensitive geologic feature (fault) was noted by the project geologist. The San Antonio Regional Office site assessment conducted on June 23, 2022, revealed the site was as described in the application.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

- This modification is subject to all Special and Standard Conditions listed in the WPAP approval letter dated September 5, 2014.
- II. All permanent pollution abatement measures shall be operational prior to occupancy of the facility.

STANDARD CONDITIONS

- 1. Pursuant to Chapter 7 Subchapter C of the Texas Water Code, any violations of the requirements in 30 TAC Chapter 213 may result in administrative penalties.
- 2. The holder of the approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan must comply with all provisions of 30 TAC Chapter 213 and all best management practices and measures contained in the approved plan. Additional and separate approvals, permits, registrations and/or authorizations from other TCEQ Programs (i.e., Stormwater, Water Rights, UIC) can be required depending on the specifics of the plan.
- In addition to the rules of the Commission, the applicant may also be required to comply
 with state and local ordinances and regulations providing for the protection of water
 quality.

Prior to Commencement of Construction:

4. Within 60 days of receiving written approval of an Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan, the applicant must submit to the San Antonio Regional Office, proof of recordation of notice in the county deed records, with the volume and page number(s) of the county deed records of the county in which the property is located. A description of the property boundaries shall be included in the deed recordation in the county deed records. A suggested form (Deed Recordation Affidavit, TCEQ-0625) that you may use to deed record the approved WPAP is enclosed.

Mr. Vicente Garza, P.E. Page 3 July 1, 2022

- 5. All contractors conducting regulated activities at the referenced project location shall be provided a copy of this notice of approval. At least one complete copy of the approved WPAP and this notice of approval shall be maintained at the project location until all regulated activities are completed.
- 6. Modification to the activities described in the referenced WPAP application following the date of approval may require the submittal of a plan to modify this approval, including the payment of appropriate fees and all information necessary for its review and approval prior to initiating construction of the modifications.
- 7. The applicant must provide written notification of intent to commence construction, replacement, or rehabilitation of the referenced project. Notification must be submitted to the San Antonio Regional Office no later than 48 hours prior to commencement of the regulated activity. Written notification must include the date on which the regulated activity will commence, the name of the approved plan and program ID number for the regulated activity, and the name of the prime contractor with the name and telephone number of the contact person. The executive director will use the notification to determine if the approved plan is eligible for an extension.
- 8. Temporary erosion and sedimentation (E&S) controls, i.e., silt fences, rock berms, stabilized construction entrances, or other controls described in the approved WPAP, must be installed prior to construction, and maintained during construction. Temporary E&S controls may be removed when vegetation is established and the construction area is stabilized. If a water quality pond is proposed, it shall be used as a sedimentation basin during construction. The TCEQ may monitor stormwater discharges from the site to evaluate the adequacy of temporary E&S control measures. Additional controls may be necessary if excessive solids are being discharged from the site.
- 9. All borings with depths greater than or equal to 20 feet must be plugged with non-shrink grout from the bottom of the hole to within three (3) feet of the surface. The remainder of the hole must be backfilled with cuttings from the boring. All borings less than 20 feet must be backfilled with cuttings from the boring. All borings must be backfilled or plugged within four (4) days of completion of the drilling operation. Voids may be filled with gravel.

During Construction:

- 10. During the course of regulated activities related to this project, the applicant or agent shall comply with all applicable provisions of 30 TAC Chapter 213, Edwards Aquifer. The applicant shall remain responsible for the provisions and conditions of this approval until such responsibility is legally transferred to another person or entity.
- 11. This approval does not authorize the installation of temporary aboveground storage tanks on this project. If the contractor desires to install a temporary aboveground storage tank for use during construction, an application to modify this approval must be submitted and approved prior to installation. The application must include information related to tank location and spill containment. Refer to Standard Condition No. 6, above.
- 12. If any sensitive feature (caves, solution cavities, sink holes, etc.) is discovered during construction, all regulated activities near the feature must be suspended immediately. The applicant or his agent must immediately notify the San Antonio Regional Office of the discovery of the feature. Regulated activities near the feature may not proceed until the executive director has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the feature and the aquifer from potentially adverse impacts to water quality. The plan must be sealed, signed, and dated by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer.
- 13. No wells exist on site. All water wells, including injection, dewatering, and monitoring wells must be in compliance with the requirements of the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation under Title 16 TAC Chapter 76 (relating to Water Well Drillers and Pump Installers) and all other locally applicable rules, as appropriate.
- 14. If sediment escapes the construction site, the sediment must be removed at a frequency sufficient to minimize offsite impacts to water quality (e.g., fugitive sediment in street being

Mr. Vicente Garza, P.E. Page 4 July 1, 2022

- washed into surface streams or sensitive features by the next rain). Sediment must be removed from sediment traps or sedimentation ponds not later than when design capacity has been reduced by 50 percent. Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals shall be prevented from becoming stormwater discharge pollutants.
- 15. Intentional discharges of sediment laden water are not allowed. If dewatering becomes necessary, the discharge will be filtered through appropriately selected best management practices. These may include vegetated filter strips, sediment traps, rock berms, silt fence rings, etc.
- 16. The following records shall be maintained and made available to the executive director upon request: the dates when major grading activities occur, the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site, and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 17. Stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, and construction activities will not resume within 21 days. When the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day is precluded by weather conditions, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable.

After Completion of Construction:

- 18. A Texas Licensed Professional Engineer must certify in writing that the permanent BMPs or measures were constructed as designed. The certification letter must be submitted to the San Antonio Regional Office within 30 days of site completion.
- 19. The applicant shall be responsible for maintaining the permanent BMPs after construction until such time as the maintenance obligation is either assumed in writing by another entity having ownership or control of the property (such as without limitation, an owner's association, a new property owner or lessee, a district, or municipality) or the ownership of the property is transferred to the entity. The regulated entity shall then be responsible for maintenance until another entity assumes such obligations in writing or ownership is transferred. A copy of the transfer of responsibility must be filed with the executive director through the San Antonio Regional Office within 30 days of the transfer. A copy of the transfer form (TCEO-10263) is enclosed.
- 20. Upon legal transfer of this property, the new owner(s) is required to comply with all terms of the approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan. If the new owner intends to commence any new regulated activity on the site, a new Edwards Aquifer protection plan that specifically addresses the new activity must be submitted to the executive director. Approval of the plan for the new regulated activity by the executive director is required prior to commencement of the new regulated activity.
- 21. An Edwards Aquifer protection plan approval or extension will expire and no extension will be granted if more than 50 percent of the total construction has not been completed within ten years from the initial approval of a plan. A new Edwards Aquifer protection plan must be submitted to the San Antonio Regional Office with the appropriate fees for review and approval by the executive director prior to commencing any additional regulated activities.
- 22. At project locations where construction is initiated and abandoned, or not completed, the site shall be returned to a condition such that the aquifer is protected from potential contamination.

Mr. Vicente Garza, P.E. Page 5 July 1, 2022

This action is taken under authority delegated by the Executive Director of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality. If you have any questions or require additional information, please contact Neri B. Valdez of the Edwards Aquifer Protection Program of the San Antonio Regional Office at 210-403-4087.

Sincerely,

Lillian Butler, Section Manager
Edwards Aquifer Protection Program
Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

LIB/nbv

Enclosures: Deed Recordation Affidavit, Form TCEQ-0625

Change in Responsibility for Maintenance of Permanent BMPs, Form TCEQ-10263

cc: Mr. Elvis Treviño, P.E., Maestas & Associates, LLC

Jon Niermann, *Chairman*Bobby Janecka, *Commissioner*Catarina R. Gonzales, *Commissioner*Kelly Keel, *Executive Director*



TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Protecting Texas by Reducing and Preventing Pollution

November 8, 2024

Mr. Ismael L. Rosales, P.E. San Antonio Water Systems (SAWS) 2800 US Hwy 281 N. San Antonio, Texas, 78212

Re: Approval of a Modification of an approved Water Pollution Abatement Plan (WPAPMOD)
University Pump Station; Located southeast of Babcock Road and W. Hausman Road; San

Antonio, Bexar County, Texas

Edwards Aquifer Protection Program ID: 13001993, Regulated Entity No. RN107133506

Dear Mr. Rosales:

The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) has completed its review on the application for the above-referenced project submitted to the Edwards Aquifer Protection Program (EAPP) by Maestas & Associates, LLC. on behalf of the applicant, San Antonio Water Systems (SAWS) on September 10, 2024. Final review of the application was completed after additional material was received on October 29, 2024.

As presented to the TCEQ, the application was prepared in general compliance with the requirements of 30 Texas Administrative Codes (TAC) Chapter §213. The permanent best management practices (BMPs) and measures represented in the application were prepared by a Texas licensed professional engineer (PE). All construction plans and design information were sealed, signed, and dated by a Texas licensed PE. Therefore, the application for the construction of the proposed project and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer are **approved**, subject to applicable state rules and the conditions in this letter.

This approval expires two years from the date of this letter, unless, prior to the expiration date, more than 10 percent of the construction has commenced on the project or an extension of time has been officially requested. This approval or extension will expire, and no extension will be granted if more than 50 percent of the project has not been completed within ten years from the date of this letter.

The applicant or a person affected may file with the chief clerk a motion for reconsideration of the executive director's final action on this Edwards Aquifer protection plan. A motion for reconsideration must be filed in accordance with 30 TAC §50.139.

BACKGROUND

The original University Pump Station WPAP was approved by letter dated September 5, 2014, and modified by letter dated July 1, 2022. The 4.63-acre site was approved to consist of 1.44-acres of impervious cover. Two (2) engineered vegetative filter strips were approved to treat stormwater generated by the project.

Mr. Ismael L. Rosales, P.E. Page 2 November 8, 2024

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The proposed industrial project will have an area of approximately 4.63-acres. This modification proposes the replacement of the 5.0 MGD ground storage tank no. 1 and associated yard piping, electric components, and revegetating all disturbed areas. A reduction of approximately 4,076 square feet of impervious cover will result in the overall total impervious cover to be 1.34-acres (28.9 percent). No wastewater will be generated by this project.

PERMANENT POLLUTION ABATEMENT MEASURES

To prevent the pollution of stormwater runoff originating on-site or upgradient of the site and potentially flowing across and off the site after construction, one (1) engineered vegetative filter strip, designed using the TCEQ technical guidance, *RG-348, Complying with the Edwards Aquifer Rules: Technical Guidance on Best Management Practices,* will be constructed to treat stormwater runoff. The required total suspended solids (TSS) treatment for this project is 1,093 pounds of TSS generated from the 1.34-acres of impervious cover. The approved permanent BMPs and measures meet the required 80 percent removal of the increased load in TSS caused by the project.

The permanent BMPS shall be operational prior to occupancy or use of the proposed project. Inspection, maintenance, repair, and retrofit of the permanent BMPs shall be in accordance with the approved application.

GEOLOGY

According to the Geologic Assessment (GA) included with the application, the surficial unit of the site is the Del Rio Clay of the Upper Confining Units. No sensitive geologic features were identified in the GA. The site assessment conducted on October 16, 2024, by TCEQ staff determined the site to be generally as described by the GA.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

I. This modification is subject to all the special and standard conditions listed in the approval letter(s) dated September 5, 2014, and July 1, 2022.

STANDARD CONDITIONS

- 1. The plan holder (applicant) must comply with all provisions of 30 TAC Chapter §213 and all technical specifications in the approved plan. The plan holder should also acquire and comply with additional and separate approvals, permits, registrations or authorizations from other TCEQ Programs (i.e., Stormwater, Water Rights, Dam Safety, Underground Injection Control) as required based on the specifics of the plan.
- 2. In addition to the rules of the Commission, the plan holder must also comply with state and local ordinances and regulations providing for the protection of water quality as applicable.

Prior to Commencement of Construction:

3. Within 60 days of receiving written approval of an Edwards Aquifer protection plan, the plan holder must submit to the EAPP proof of recordation of notice in the county deed records, with the volume and page number(s) of the county record. A description of the property boundaries shall be included in the deed recordation in the county deed records. TCEQ form, Deed Recordation Affidavit (TCEQ-0625), may be used.

Mr. Ismael L. Rosales, P.E. Page 3 November 8, 2024

- 4. The plan holder of any approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan must notify the EAPP and obtain approval from the executive director prior to initiating any modification to the activities described in the referenced application following the date of the approval.
- 5. The plan holder must provide written notification of intent to commence construction, replacement, or rehabilitation of the referenced project. Notification must be submitted to the EAPP no later than 48 hours prior to commencement of the regulated activity. Notification must include the date on which the regulated activity will commence, the name of the approved plan and program ID number for the regulated activity, and the name of the prime contractor with the name and telephone number of the contact person.
- 6. Temporary erosion and sedimentation (E&S) controls as described in the referenced application, must be installed prior to construction, and maintained during construction. Temporary E&S controls may be removed when vegetation is established, and the construction area is stabilized. The TCEQ may monitor stormwater discharges from the site to evaluate the adequacy of temporary E&S control measures. Additional controls may be necessary if excessive solids are being discharged from the site.
- 7. All borings with depths greater than or equal to 20 feet must be plugged with non-shrink grout from the bottom of the hole to within three (3) feet of the surface. The remainder of the hole must be backfilled with cuttings from the boring or gravel. All borings less than 20 feet must be backfilled with cuttings from the boring. All borings must be backfilled or plugged within four (4) days of completion of the drilling operation.

During Construction:

- 8. This approval does not authorize the installation of temporary or permanent aboveground storage tanks on this project that will have a total storage capacity of five hundred gallons or more of static hydrocarbons or hazardous substances without prior approval of an Aboveground Storage Tank facility application.
- 9. If any sensitive feature is encountered during construction, replacement, or rehabilitation on this project, all regulated activities must be **immediately** suspended near it and notification must be made to TCEQ EAPP staff. Temporary BMPs must be installed and maintained to protect the feature from pollution and contamination. Regulated activities near the feature may not proceed until the executive director has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the feature and the aquifer from potentially adverse impacts to water quality.
- 10. All water wells, including injection, dewatering, and monitoring wells shall be identified in the geologic assessment and must be in compliance with the requirements of the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation 16 TAC Chapter §76 and all other locally applicable rules, as appropriate.
- 11. If sediment escapes the construction site, the sediment must be removed at a frequency sufficient to minimize offsite impacts to water quality (e.g., fugitive sediment in street being washed into surface streams or sensitive features by the next rain). Sediment must be removed from sediment traps or sedimentation ponds not later than when design capacity has been reduced by 50 percent. Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals shall be prevented from becoming stormwater discharge pollutants.
- 12. Intentional discharges of sediment laden water are not allowed. If dewatering becomes necessary, the discharge must be filtered through appropriately selected BMPs.
- 13. The following records shall be maintained and made available to the executive director upon request: the dates when major grading activities occur, the dates when construction

Mr. Ismael L. Rosales, P.E. Page 4 November 8, 2024

activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site, and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.

14. Stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, and construction activities will not resume within 21 days. When the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day is precluded by weather conditions, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable.

After Completion of Construction:

- 15. Owners of permanent BMPs and temporary measures must ensure that the BMPs and measures are constructed and function as designed. A Texas licensed PE must certify in writing that the **permanent** BMPs or measures were constructed as designed. The certification letter must be submitted to the EAPP within 30 days of site completion.
- 16. The applicant shall be responsible for maintaining the permanent BMPs after construction until such time as the maintenance obligation is either assumed in writing by another entity having ownership or control of the property or the ownership of the property is transferred to the entity. A copy of the transfer of responsibility must be filed with the executive director through the EAPP within 30 days of the transfer. TCEQ form, Change in Responsibility for Maintenance on Permanent BMPs and Measures (TCEQ-10263), may be used.

The holder of the approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan is responsible for compliance with Chapter §213 and any condition of the approved plan through all phases of plan implementation. Failure to comply with any condition within this approval letter is a violation of Chapter §213 and is subject to administrative rule or orders and penalties as provided under §213.10 of this title (relating to Enforcement). Such violations may also be subject to civil penalties and injunction. Upon legal transfer of this property, the new owner is required to comply with all terms of the approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan.

This action is taken as delegated by the executive director of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality. If you have any questions or require additional information, please contact Mr. Hunter Patterson of the Edwards Aquifer Protection Program at (210) 403-4026 or the regional office at 512-339-2929.

Sincerely,

Monica Reyes

Monica Reyes, Section Manager Edwards Aquifer Protection Program Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

MR/hhp

CC:

Mr. Elvis Treviño, P.E., Maestas & Associates, LLC.

ATTACHMENT B - NARRATIVE OF PROPOSED MODIFICATION

The University Pump Station is a San Antonio Water System (SAWS) facility. The proposed modifications include the installation of a switchgear building, concrete driveway, generator pad, engineered vegetative filter strips around new impervious components, and revegetating all disturbed areas.

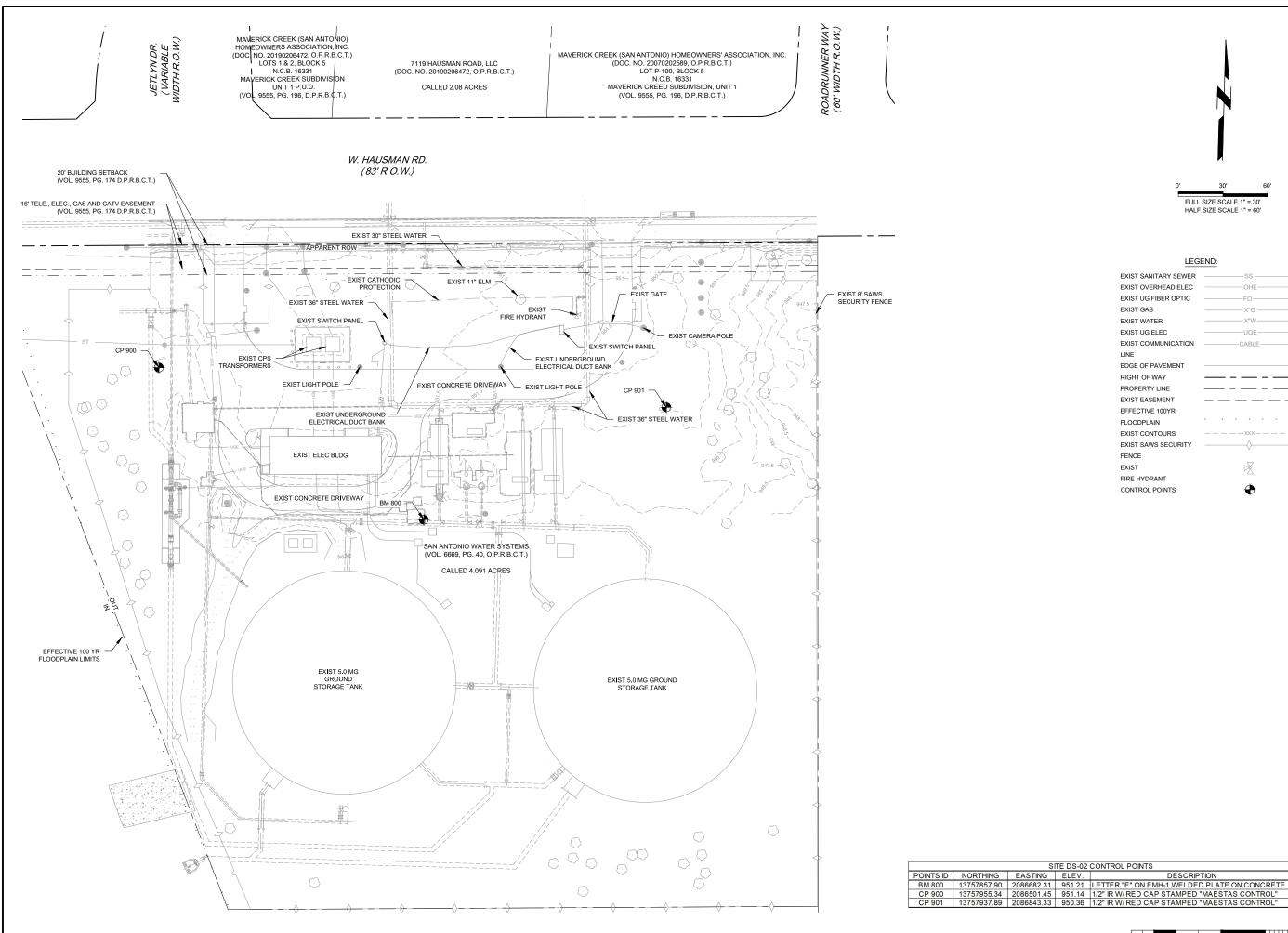
There are existing vegetative filter strips on the north and south sides of the existing concrete driveway, which were added as part of the original WPAP approved in September 2014. These existing vegetative filter strips are overtreating the existing driveway. In order to maximize the treatment capacity of the vegetative filter strips, the existing vegetative filter strips around the driveway will be removed and replaced in areas directly adjacent to the proposed impervious cover to treat the flow from new impervious cover as well as the existing impervious cover.

These proposed improvements will result in an increase of 0.12 acres of impervious cover. The proposed modification for 4.63 acres will change the impervious cover percentage from 28.9% to 31.5%. It is proposed that a 15-foot engineered vegetative filter strip be installed around the perimeter of the improvements to receive and treat runoff from the proposed impervious cover. The TCEQ Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) was used to design the permanent BMPs and measures for this site.

The proposed modifications also include a 500-gal AST. A separate Aboveground Storage Tank Facility Plan will be submitted to TCEQ after this project has been bid and a Contractor and Equipment (including the AST) have been selected/finalized. No construction activities will commence until the WPAP Modification and AST Facility Plan have been approved by TCEQ.

ATTACHMENT C – CURRENT SITE PLAN OF THE APPROVED PROJECT

Attached. This site plan illustrated that the site was constructed as approved.





Black & Veatch Corporation San Antonio, Texas

Texas Registration No. F-258

MAESTAS 8122 DATAPOINT DR. STE 840 SAN ANTONO, TX 78229





EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS PLAN IMPLEMENTATION

DIESEL GENERATOR PROJECT

SAWS JOB NO. 23-6009

PRELIMINARY NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

	REV	ISION	S AND RECORD OF ISSUE
DI	ESIGNED):	W
DI	TAILED		W
CI	HECKED	:	ET
Al	PPROVE	D:	ET
D	ATE:		8/12/2025
D	OLECT	NO :	410700

SITE DS-02

CIVIL

EXISTING SITE PLAN AND SURVEY CONTROL

02-C-101

Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application Form** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and Executive Director approval. The form was prepared by:

review and Executive Director approval. The form was prepared by:
Print Name of Customer/Agent: Elvis Treviño, PE
Date: <u>08/12/2025</u>
Signature of Customer/Agent:
Mis Traino
Regulated Entity Name: <u>University Pump Station</u>
Regulated Entity Information
1. The type of project is:

•	The type of project is:
	Residential: Number of Lots:
	Residential: Number of Living Unit Equivalents:
	Commercial
	Other:
	Total site acreage (size of property) (1.62

- 2. Total site acreage (size of property):4.63
- 3. Estimated projected population: 0
- 4. The amount and type of impervious cover expected after construction are shown below:

Table 1 - Impervious Cover Table

Impervious Cover of Proposed Project	Sq. Ft.	Sq. Ft./Acre	Acres
Structures/Rooftops	45411.36	÷ 43,560 =	1.04
Parking		÷ 43,560 =	
Other paved surfaces	18157.09	÷ 43,560 =	0.42
Total Impervious Cover	63568.45	÷ 43,560 =	1.46

Total Impervious Cover $\underline{1.46}$ ÷ Total Acreage $\underline{4.63}$ X 100 = $\underline{31.5}$ % Impervious Cover

5.	Attachment A - Factors Affecting Surface Water Quality. A detailed description of all
	factors that could affect surface water and groundwater quality that addresses ultimate
	land use is attached.

6. Only inert materials as defined by 30 TAC §330.2 will be used as fill material.

For Road Projects Only

Complete questions 7 - 12 if this application is exclusively for a road project.

7.	Type of project:
	 TXDOT road project. County road or roads built to county specifications. City thoroughfare or roads to be dedicated to a municipality. Street or road providing access to private driveways.
8.	Type of pavement or road surface to be used:
	Concrete Asphaltic concrete pavement Other:
9.	Length of Right of Way (R.O.W.): feet.
	Width of R.O.W.: feet. $L \times W = Ft^2 \div 43,560 Ft^2/Acre = acres.$
10.	Length of pavement area: feet.
	Width of pavement area: feet. L x W = $Ft^2 \div 43,560 Ft^2/Acre = acres.$ Pavement area acres \div R.O.W. area acres x $100 = \%$ impervious cover.
11.	A rest stop will be included in this project.
	A rest stop will not be included in this project.

12.	Maintenance and repair of existing roadways that do not require approval from the TCEQ Executive Director. Modifications to existing roadways such as widening roads/adding shoulders totaling more than one-half (1/2) the width of one (1) existing lane require prior approval from the TCEQ.
Stor	mwater to be generated by the Proposed Project
13.	Attachment B - Volume and Character of Stormwater . A detailed description of the volume (quantity) and character (quality) of the stormwater runoff which is expected to occur from the proposed project is attached. The estimates of stormwater runoff quality and quantity are based on the area and type of impervious cover. Include the runoff coefficient of the site for both pre-construction and post-construction conditions.
Was	tewater to be generated by the Proposed Project
14. The	e character and volume of wastewater is shown below:
0	% Domestic
15. Wa	stewater will be disposed of by:
	On-Site Sewage Facility (OSSF/Septic Tank):
	Attachment C - Suitability Letter from Authorized Agent. An on-site sewage facility will be used to treat and dispose of the wastewater from this site. The appropriate licensing authority's (authorized agent) written approval is attached. It states that the land is suitable for the use of private sewage facilities and will meet or exceed the requirements for on-site sewage facilities as specified under 30 TAC Chapter 285 relating to On-site Sewage Facilities. Each lot in this project/development is at least one (1) acre (43,560 square feet) in size. The system will be designed by a licensed professional engineer or registered sanitarian and installed by a licensed installer in compliance with 30 TAC Chapter 285.
	Sewage Collection System (Sewer Lines):
	 Private service laterals from the wastewater generating facilities will be connected to an existing SCS. Private service laterals from the wastewater generating facilities will be connected to a proposed SCS.
	 The SCS was previously submitted on The SCS was submitted with this application. The SCS will be submitted at a later date. The owner is aware that the SCS may not be installed prior to Executive Director approval.

The sewage collection system will convey the wastewater to the (name) Treatment Plant. The treatment facility is:
Existing. Proposed.
All private service laterals will be inspected as required in 30 TAC §213.5.
te Plan Requirements
ms 17 – 28 must be included on the Site Plan.
\square The Site Plan must have a minimum scale of 1" = 400'.
Site Plan Scale: 1" = <u>60</u> '.
100-year floodplain boundaries:
 Some part(s) of the project site is located within the 100-year floodplain. The floodplain is shown and labeled. No part of the project site is located within the 100-year floodplain. The 100-year floodplain boundaries are based on the following specific (including date of material) sources(s): Flood Data by FEMA panel 48029C0210G, accessed in April 2014.
The layout of the development is shown with existing and finished contours at appropriate, but not greater than ten-foot contour intervals. Lots, recreation centers, buildings, roads, open space, etc. are shown on the plan.
The layout of the development is shown with existing contours at appropriate, but not greater than ten-foot intervals. Finished topographic contours will not differ from the existing topographic configuration and are not shown. Lots, recreation centers, buildings, roads, open space, etc. are shown on the site plan.
All known wells (oil, water, unplugged, capped and/or abandoned, test holes, etc.):
There are (#) wells present on the project site and the locations are shown and labeled. (Check all of the following that apply)
 The wells are not in use and have been properly abandoned. The wells are not in use and will be properly abandoned. The wells are in use and comply with 16 TAC §76.
There are no wells or test holes of any kind known to exist on the project site.
Geologic or manmade features which are on the site:
 □ All sensitive geologic or manmade features identified in the Geologic Assessment are shown and labeled. □ No sensitive geologic or manmade features were identified in the Geologic Assessment. □ Attachment D - Exception to the Required Geologic Assessment. A request and justification for an exception to a portion of the Geologic Assessment is attached.

22. 🔀	The drainage patterns and approximate slopes anticipated after major grading activities.
23. 🔀	Areas of soil disturbance and areas which will not be disturbed.
24. 🔀	Locations of major structural and nonstructural controls. These are the temporary and permanent best management practices.
25. 🖂	Locations where soil stabilization practices are expected to occur.
26. 🖂	Surface waters (including wetlands).
	N/A
27. 🔀	Locations where stormwater discharges to surface water or sensitive features are to occur.
\boxtimes	There will be no discharges to surface water or sensitive features.
28. 🔀	Legal boundaries of the site are shown.
Adm	ninistrative Information
29. 🔀	Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
30. 🔀	Any modification of this WPAP will require Executive Director approval, prior to construction, and may require submission of a revised application, with appropriate fees.

ATTACHMENT A

Factors Affecting Water Quality

The activities in this project include the addition of impervious cover via construction of new switchgear building, generator pad, driveway, and other related improvements that will upgrade the pump station. There is no surface water located on the proposed project site and no groundwater is anticipated to be affected by the project construction activities. The following are factors that may potentially affect water quality during the project construction, but BMPs are in place to help control them:

- Sediment-laden stormwater runoff over the construction area
- Construction vehicle traffic and fuel
- Temporary sanitary and trash facilities

ATTACHMENT B

Volume and Character of Stormwater

In reference to the impervious cover table in this package, impervious cover will account for 31.5% of the 4.63-acre site. To calculate peak discharge and other Stormwater factors, the rational method was used.

The existing site has approximately 1.34 acres impervious cover, which accounts for the existing two 5-million-gallon ground storage tanks, driveway, pump pads, and concrete vault structures, and equipment. There are a few large mature trees along the east side of the property, with grass covering range from 50 - 75% of the site. The average Runoff Coefficient for the site pre-development is 0.57, while the average Runoff Coefficient for post development conditions is 0.58. The storms and peak discharge for pre-development and post development conditions are listed below.

Table 1 — Design Storms

	Storm #1	Storm #2	Storm #3
Frequency (yr)	5	25	100
PRE-DEVELOPMENT	4.54	6.28	7.79
Average Rainfall			
Intensity, i (in/hr)			
POST DEVELOPMENT	4.66	6.45	8.00
Average Rainfall			
Intensity, i (in/hr)			
PRE-DEVELOPMENT	11.97	16.54	20.53
Peak Discharge, Q (cfs)			
POST DEVELOPMENT	12.60	17.42	21.62
Peak Discharge, Q (cfs)			

The times of concentration (Tc) for the site for pre and post conditions were determined and are listed below.

Table 2 — Time of Concentration

	Pre-development	Post Development
Sheet Flow	Tc = 9.4 minutes	Tc = 9.5 minutes
Shallow Concentrated Flow	L= 451 ft, Slope =0.010 ft/ft,	L= 457 ft, Slope =0.01 ft/ft,
	Velocity = 0.68 fps	Velocity = 0.80 fps
	Travel time = 11.0 minutes	Travel time = 9.5 minutes
Total Tc	20.4 minutes	19.0 minutes

The quality of the Stormwater will be largely unaltered. The small amount of impervious cover added will not increase site runoff. Potential contaminants include fuel, oils, and chemicals from vehicles entering and leaving the site.

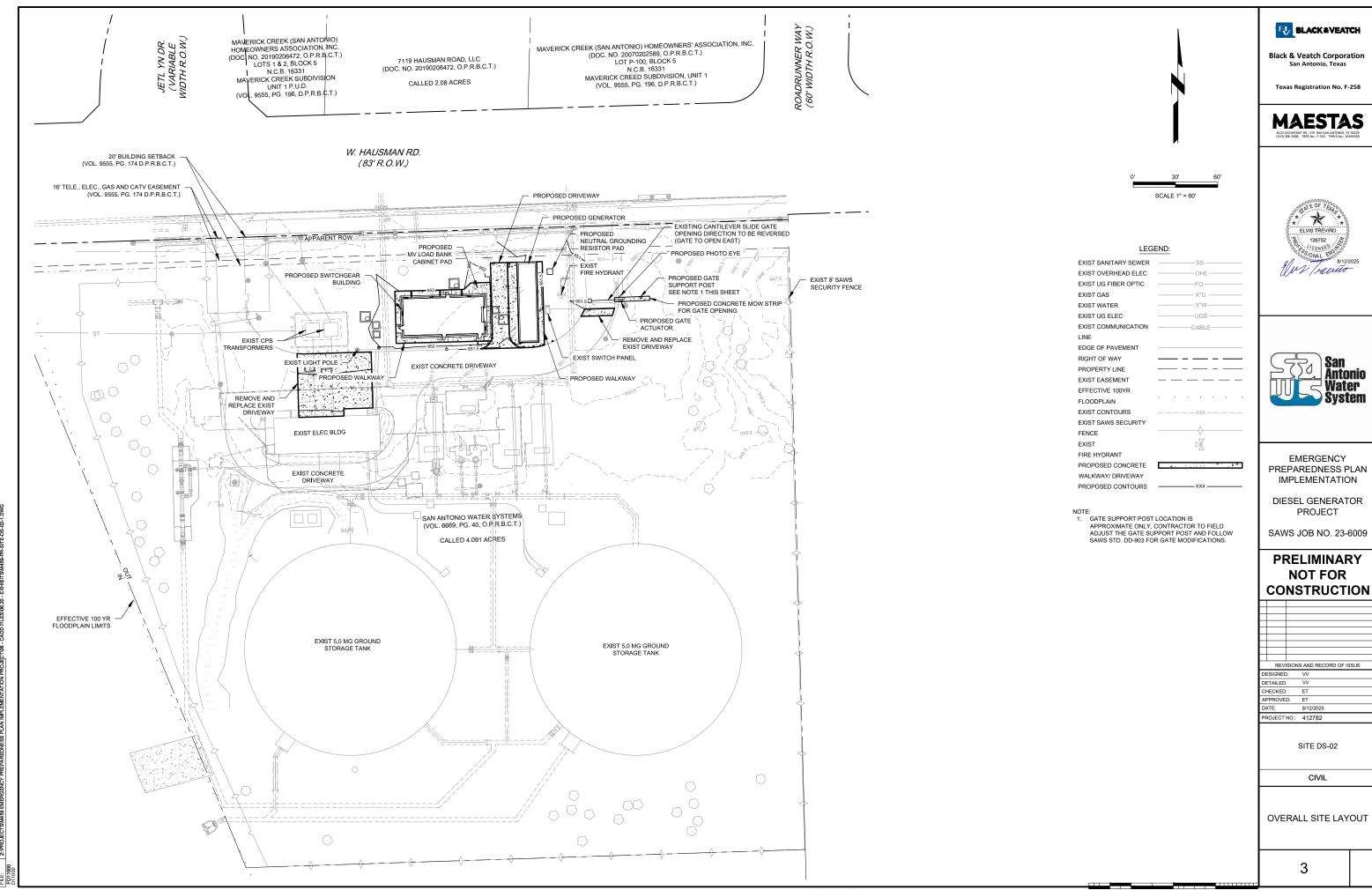
ATTACHMENT C Suitability Letter from Authorized Agent

Not Applicable.

ATTACHMENT D

Exception to the Required Geologic Assessment

Not Applicable.



HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL PURSUANT TO 418.181 OF THE TEXAS GOVERNMENT COD AND 13-1394 OF THE TEXAS WATER CODE

(SCALE BAR IS 4" AT FULL SCALE) 0

MAESTAS





Temporary Stormwater Section

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(4)(A), (B), (D)(I) and (G); Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Temporary Stormwater Section** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The application was prepared by:

executive director approval. The application was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Elvis Treviño, PE

Date: 08/12/2025

Signature of Customer/Agent:

Regulated Entity Name: University Pump Station

Project Information

Potential Sources of Contamination

Examples: Fuel storage and use, chemical storage and use, use of asphaltic products, construction vehicles tracking onto public roads, and existing solid waste.

1.	Fuels for construction equipment and hazardous substances which will be used during construction:
	The following fuels and/or hazardous substances will be stored on the site: <u>Diesel.</u>
	These fuels and/or hazardous substances will be stored in:
	Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of less than 250 gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year.

	 Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity between 250 gallons and 499 gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year. Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of 500 gallons or more will be stored on the site. An Aboveground Storage Tank Facility Plan application must be submitted to the appropriate regional office of the TCEQ prior to moving the tanks onto the project.
	Fuels and hazardous substances will not be stored on the site.
2.	Attachment A - Spill Response Actions. A site specific description of the measures to be taken to contain any spill of hydrocarbons or hazardous substances is attached.
3.	Temporary aboveground storage tank systems of 250 gallons or more cumulative storage capacity must be located a minimum horizontal distance of 150 feet from any domestic, industrial, irrigation, or public water supply well, or other sensitive feature.
4.	Attachment B - Potential Sources of Contamination. A description of any activities or processes which may be a potential source of contamination affecting surface water quality is attached.
S	equence of Construction
5.	Attachment C - Sequence of Major Activities. A description of the sequence of major activities which will disturb soils for major portions of the site (grubbing, excavation, grading, utilities, and infrastructure installation) is attached.
	 For each activity described, an estimate (in acres) of the total area of the site to be disturbed by each activity is given. For each activity described, include a description of appropriate temporary control
	measures and the general timing (or sequence) during the construction process that the measures will be implemented.
6.	Name the receiving water(s) at or near the site which will be disturbed or which will

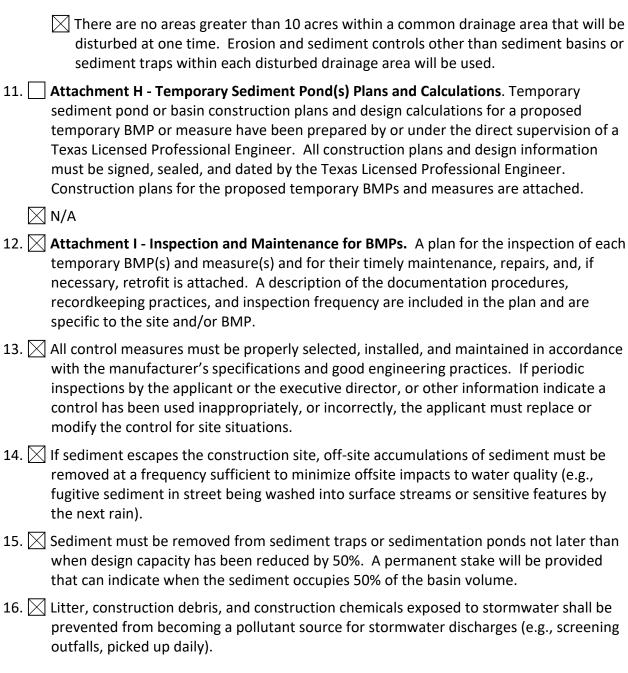
Temporary Best Management Practices (TBMPs)

Erosion control examples: tree protection, interceptor swales, level spreaders, outlet stabilization, blankets or matting, mulch, and sod. Sediment control examples: stabilized construction exit, silt fence, filter dikes, rock berms, buffer strips, sediment traps, and sediment basins. Please refer to the Technical Guidance Manual for guidelines and specifications. All structural BMPs must be shown on the site plan.

7. Attachment D – Temporary Best Management Practices and Measures. TBMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, and stormwater. The construction-phase BMPs for erosion and sediment controls have been designed to retain sediment on site to the extent practicable. The following information is attached:

Upper Leon Creek)

	 ☑ A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface wat groundwater or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site. ☑ A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface wat groundwater that originates on-site or flows off site, including pollution caused contaminated stormwater runoff from the site. ☑ A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollutants from entering surface streams, sensitive features, or the aquifer. ☑ A description of how, to the maximum extent practicable, BMPs and measures maintain flow to naturally-occurring sensitive features identified in either the geologic assessment, TCEQ inspections, or during excavation, blasting, or construction. 	er or d by
8.	The temporary sealing of a naturally-occurring sensitive feature which accepts rec to the Edwards Aquifer as a temporary pollution abatement measure during active construction should be avoided.	_
	 Attachment E - Request to Temporarily Seal a Feature. A request to temporarily seal a feature is attached. The request includes justification as to why no reason and practicable alternative exists for each feature. ✓ There will be no temporary sealing of naturally-occurring sensitive features on site. 	onable
9.	Attachment F - Structural Practices. A description of the structural practices that used to divert flows away from exposed soils, to store flows, or to otherwise limit discharge of pollutants from exposed areas of the site is attached. Placement of structural practices in floodplains has been avoided.	
10.	Attachment G - Drainage Area Map. A drainage area map supporting the followir requirements is attached:	g
	 For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a sediment basin will be provided. For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a smaller sediment basin and/or sediment trap(s) will b used. For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a sediment basin or other equivalent controls are not attainable, but other TBMPs and measures will be used in combination to prot down slope and side slope boundaries of the construction area. There are no areas greater than 10 acres within a common drainage area that disturbed at one time. A smaller sediment basin and/or sediment trap(s) will be used in combination with other erosion and sediment controls within each disturbed area. 	ect will be oe



Soil Stabilization Practices

Examples: establishment of temporary vegetation, establishment of permanent vegetation, mulching, geotextiles, sod stabilization, vegetative buffer strips, protection of trees, or preservation of mature vegetation.

17. Attachment J - Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices. A schedule of the interim and permanent soil stabilization practices for the site is attached.

- 18. Records must be kept at the site of the dates when major grading activities occur, the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site, and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 19. Stabilization practices must be initiated as soon as practicable where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased.

Administrative Information

- 20. All structural controls will be inspected and maintained according to the submitted and approved operation and maintenance plan for the project.
- 21. If any geologic or manmade features, such as caves, faults, sinkholes, etc., are discovered, all regulated activities near the feature will be immediately suspended. The appropriate TCEQ Regional Office shall be immediately notified. Regulated activities must cease and not continue until the TCEQ has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the aquifer from any adverse impacts.
- 22. Silt fences, diversion berms, and other temporary erosion and sediment controls will be constructed and maintained as appropriate to prevent pollutants from entering sensitive features discovered during construction.

TEMPORARY STORMWATER SECTION ATTACHMENTS

ATTACHMENT A — Spill Response Actions

The Contractor is required to remediate any spills, and to immediately report spills (including sanitary sewer discharge) of reportable quantities to the following:

- *To the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802,
- *To the Edwards Aguifer Authority at (210) 222-2204,
- *To the San Antonio Water Systems (SAWS) at (210) 704-7297 and one of the following:

To the State Emergency Response Center (800) 832-8224 (if after hours), or to the TCEQ San Antonio Regional Office (210) 490-3096 (if during business hours).

This section describes measures to prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants to drainage systems or watercourses from leaks and spills by reducing the chance for spills, stopping the source of spills, containing and cleaning up spills, properly disposing of spill materials, and training employees.

The following steps will help reduce the storm water impacts of leaks and spills: Education

- (1) Be aware that different materials pollute in different amounts. Make sure that each employee knows what a "significant spill" is for each material they use, and what is the appropriate response for "significant" and "insignificant" spills. Employees should also be aware of when spill must be reported to the TCEQ. Information available in 30 TAC 327.4 and 40 CFR 302.4.
- (2) Educate employees and subcontractors on potential dangers to humans and the environment from spills and leaks.
- (3) Hold regular meetings to discuss and reinforce appropriate disposal procedures (incorporate into regular safety meetings).
- (4) Establish a continuing education program to indoctrinate new employees.
- (5) Have contractor's superintendent or representative oversee and enforce proper spill prevention and control measures.

General Measures

- (1) To the extent that the work can be accomplished safely, spills of oil, petroleum products, and substances listed under 40 CFR parts 110,117, and 302, and sanitary and septic wastes should be contained and cleaned up immediately.
- (2) Store hazardous materials and wastes in covered containers and protect from vandalism.
- (3) Place a stockpile of spill cleanup materials where it will be readily accessible.
- (4) Train employees in spill prevention and cleanup.
- (5) Designate responsible individuals to oversee and enforce control measures.

- (6) Spills should be covered and protected from storm water runoff during rainfall to the extent that it doesn't compromise clean-up activities.
- (7) Do not bury or wash spills with water.
- (8) Store and dispose of used clean up materials, contaminated materials, and recovered spill material that is no longer suitable for the intended purpose in conformance with the provisions in applicable BMPs.
- (9) Do not allow water used for cleaning and decontamination to enter storm drains or watercourses. Collect and dispose of contaminated water in accordance with applicable regulations.
- (10) Contain water overflow or minor water spillage and do not allow it to discharge into drainage facilities or watercourses.
- (11) Place Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS), as well as proper storage, cleanup, and spill reporting instructions for hazardous materials stored or used on the project site in an open, conspicuous, and accessible location.
- (12) Keep waste storage areas clean, well-organized, and equipped with ample cleanup supplies as appropriate for the materials being stored. Perimeter controls, containment structures, covers, and liners should be repaired or replaced as needed to maintain proper function.

Cleanup

- (1) Clean up leaks and spills immediately.
- (2) Use a rag for small spills on paved surfaces, a damp mop for general cleanup, and absorbent material for larger spills. If the spilled material is hazardous, then the used cleanup materials are also hazardous and must be disposed of as hazardous waste.
- (3) Never hose down or bury dry material spills. Clean up as much of the material as possible and dispose of properly. See the waste management BMPs in this section for specific information.

Minor Spills

- (1) Minor spills typically involve small quantities of oil, gasoline, paint, etc. which can be controlled by the first responder at the discovery of the spill.
- (2) Use absorbent materials on small spills rather than hosing down or burying the spill.
- (3) Absorbent materials should be promptly removed and disposed of properly.
- (4) Follow the practice below for a minor spill:
- (5) Contain the spread of the spill.
- (6) Recover spilled materials.
- (7) Clean the contaminated area and properly dispose of contaminated materials.

Semi-Significant Spills

Semi-significant spills still can be controlled by the first responder along with the aid of other personnel such as laborers and the foreman, etc. This response may require the cessation of all other activities.

Spills should be cleaned up immediately:

- (1) Contain spread of the spill.
- (2) Notify the project foreman immediately.
- (3) If the spill occurs on paved or impermeable surfaces, clean up using "dry" methods (absorbent materials, cat litter and/or rags). Contain the spill by encircling with absorbent materials and do not let the spill spread widely.
- (4) If the spill occurs in dirt areas, immediately contain the spill by constructing an earthen dike. Dig up and properly dispose of contaminated soil.
- (5) If the spill occurs during rain, cover spill with tarps or other material to prevent contaminating runoff.

Significant/Hazardous Spills

For significant or hazardous spills that are in reportable quantities:

- (1) Notify the TCEQ by telephone as soon as possible and within 24 hours at 210-490-3096 (San Antonio) between 8 AM and 5 PM. After hours, contact the Environmental Release Hotline at 1-800-832-8224. It is the contractor's responsibility to have all emergency phone numbers at the construction site.
- (2) For spills of federal reportable quantities, in conformance with the requirements in 40 CFR parts 110,119, and 302, the contractor should notify the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.
- (3) Notification should first be made by telephone and followed up with a written report.
- (4) The services of a spills contractor or a Haz-Mat team should be obtained immediately. Construction personnel should not attempt to clean up until the appropriate and qualified staffs have arrived at the job site.
- (5) Other agencies which may need to be consulted include, but are not limited to, the City Police Department, County Sheriff Office, Fire Departments, etc.

More information on spill rules and appropriate responses is available on the TCEQ website at: https://www.tceq.texas.gov/response

Vehicle and Equipment Maintenance

- (1) If maintenance must occur onsite, use a designated area and a secondary containment, located away from drainage courses, to prevent the run-on of storm water and the runoff of spills.
- (2) Regularly inspect onsite vehicles and equipment for leaks and repair immediately
- (3) Check incoming vehicles and equipment (including delivery trucks, and employee and subcontractor vehicles) for leaking oil and fluids. Do not allow leaking vehicles or equipment onsite.
- (4) Always use secondary containment, such as a drain pan or drop cloth, to catch spills or leaks when removing or changing fluids.
- (5) Place drip pans or absorbent materials under paving equipment when not in use.
- (6) Use absorbent materials on small spills rather than hosing down or burying the spill. Remove the absorbent materials promptly and dispose of properly.
- (7) Promptly transfer used fluids to the proper waste or recycling drums. Don't leave full drip pans or other open containers lying around.

- (8) Oil filters disposed of in trashcans or dumpsters can leak oil and pollute storm water. Place the oil filter in a funnel over a waste oil-recycling drum to drain excess oil before disposal. Oil filters can also be recycled. Ask the oil supplier or recycler about recycling oil filters.
- (9) Store cracked batteries in a non- leaking secondary container. Do this with all cracked batteries even if you think all the acid has drained out. If you drop a battery, treat it as if it is cracked. Put it into the containment area until you are sure it is not leaking.

Vehicle and Equipment Fueling

- (1) If fueling must occur on site, use designated areas, located away from drainage courses, to prevent the run-on of storm water and the runoff of spills.
- (2) Discourage "topping off" of fuel tanks.
- (3) Always use secondary containment, such as a drain pan, when fueling to catch spills/ leaks.

ATTACHMENT B — Potential Sources of Contamination

Potential sources of contamination include the hydrocarbons, hydraulic fluid and fuels required to service and operate the construction equipment, the materials and liquids used to conduct paving operations, various paints and solvents, and soil disturbed and mobilized during excavation. Additional sources of contamination include spills associated with vehicle accidents that might occur within the boundaries of the project.

ATTACHMENT C — Sequence of Major Events

- 1. Install erosion and sedimentation controls down-slope of work area and initiate SWPPP inspection and maintenance activities. Post the required SWPPP site notification.
- 2. Provide written notification to the TCEQ 48 hours prior to commencement of construction. Schedule an on-site pre-construction coordination meeting, if applicable.
- 3. Begin phased construction including the following:
 - Phase 1: Removal of existing tree, light pole, electrical ducts & reverse the gate opening direction (0.09 acres) (2 months)
 - Phase 2: Construct Switchgear building, generator pad and concrete driveway. Installation of electrical components, grading, permanent BMP's and revegetation. (0.70 acres) (30 months)
- 4. Remove temporary erosion/sedimentation controls once disturbed areas are revegetated. Restore all areas disturbed by the removal of E&S controls.
- 5. Provide final notification of completion of construction in compliance with TCEQ and SWPPP requirements.

The receiving waters are Maverick Creek (tributary to Upper Leon Creek).

ATTACHMENT D – Temporary Best Management Practices

During the construction phase, the BMPs selected for the water quality protection include the following:

- Silt fences on the downstream side of disturbed areas to route flow around work area limiting the flow over the work area.
- Construction exits will be used to minimize offsite tracking of sediment.

The locations of all temporary BMPs are shown on the WPAP site plan sheets. Standard details show information relevant to BMP installation and maintenance. The locations of staging areas will be determined by the contractor. Appropriate erosion control will be utilized to prevent sediment discharges from staging areas.

ATTACHMENT E – Request to Temporarily Seal a Feature

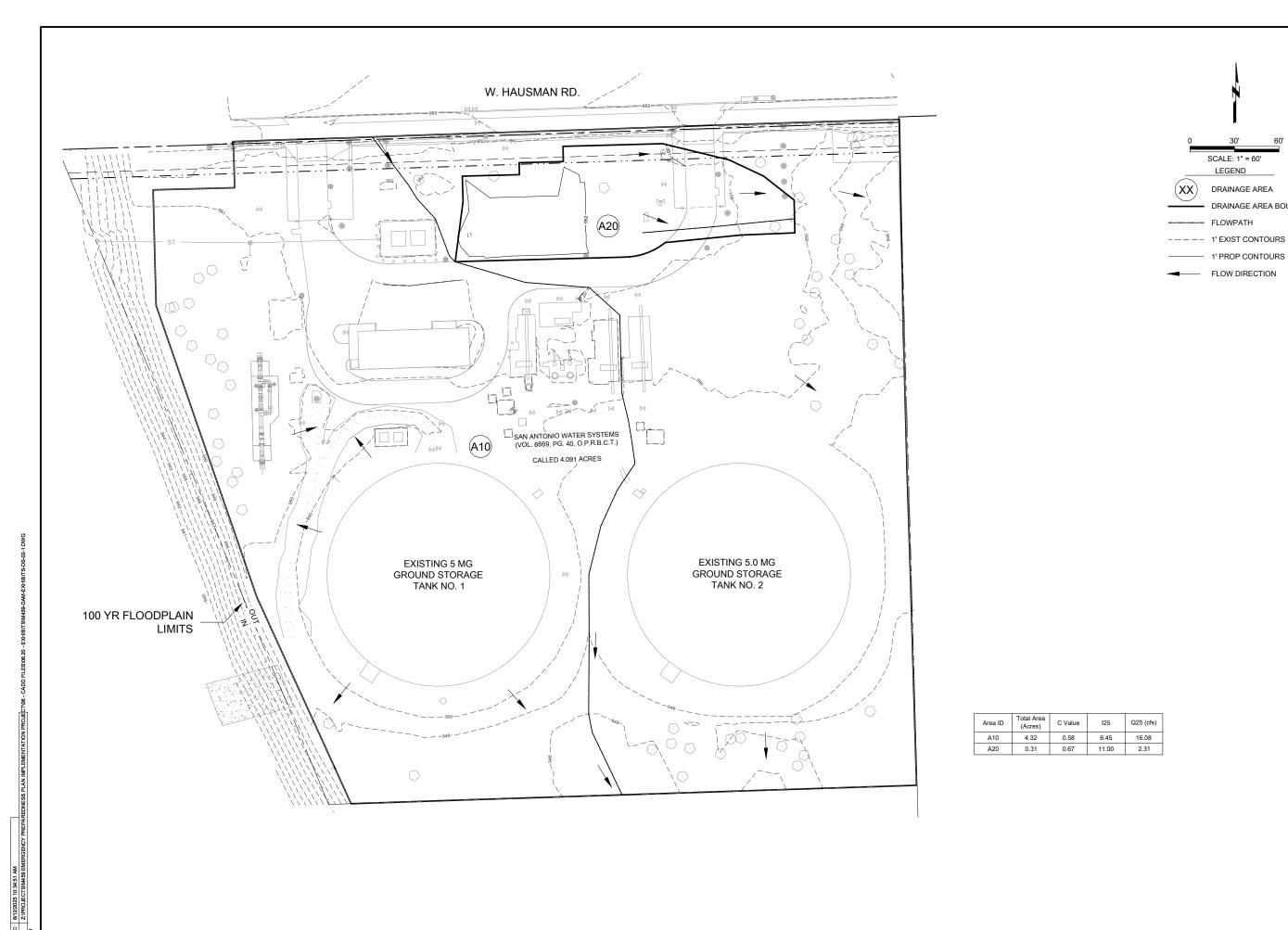
Not applicable.

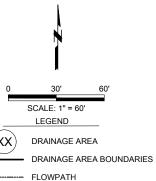
ATTACHMENT F - Structural Practices

Sediment generated by the proposed activities will be controlled through the use of silt fence. Construction vehicle traffic will be routed in a manner to avoid, where possible, creating loose sediment or mud that could enter waterways. The engineered vegetative filter strips shall be installed using sod to have immediate sediment reduction.

ATTACHMENT G – Drainage Area Map

Attached – see the following sheet.





— 1' PROP CONTOURS --- FLOW DIRECTION

BLACK&VEATCH

Black & Veatch Corporation San Antonio, Texas

Texas Registration No. F-258

MAESTAS





EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS PLAN IMPLEMENTATION

DIESEL GENERATOR PROJECT

SAWS JOB NO. 23-6009

PRELIMINARY NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

	REV	ISION	S AND RECORD OF ISSUE		
DI	DESIGNED: VV				
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D	ATE:		8/12/2025		
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SITE DS-02

CIVIL

DRAINAGE AREA MAP

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL PURSUANT TO 418.181 OF THE TEXAS GOVERNMENT COD AND 13-1394 OF THE TEXAS WATER CODE

(SCALE BAR IS 4" AT FULL SCALE) 0 1/2

ATTACHMENT H – Temporary Sediment Pond Plan and Calculations

Sediment ponds are not planned for this project.

ATTACHMENT I – Inspection and Maintenance

Key to maintaining the performance of and efficiency of the temporary BMPs is inspection and repair when needed. The project will use an established schedule of inspection to identify the weak or failing sections of the sediment controls and institute repairs immediately to ensure the continued performance of the installed BMPs. BMPs will be inspected at least weekly and after each rain event. Damaged BMPs will either be repaired or replaced as needed. Staging of the project activities will also be used to reduce the amount of ground damage to minimize the potential for sediment to enter the waterways. The areas adjacent to creeks and drainage ways shall have priority followed by protecting storm sewer inlets. If storms damage the BMPs, efforts will be made to immediately to restore them to original performance levels.

Silt Fence

- (1) Inspection will be made weekly or after each rainfall event and repair or replacement should be made promptly as needed by the contractor.
- (2) Remove sediment when buildup reaches 6 inches. Accumulated silt will be removed after each rainfall and disposed of in a manner which will not cause additional siltation.
- (3) Replace any torn fabric or install a second line of fencing parallel to the torn section.
- (4) Dikes will be Inspected and realigned as needed to prevent gaps between sections.
- (5) Replace or repair any sections crushed or collapsed in the course of construction activity. If a section of fence is obstructing vehicular access, consider relocating it to a spot where it will provide equal protection, but will not obstruct vehicles. A triangular filter dike may be preferable to a silt fence at common vehicle access points.
- (6) When construction is complete, the sediment should be disposed of in a manner that will not cause additional siltation and the prior location of the silt fence should be revegetated. The fence itself should be disposed of in an approved landfill.

Construction Exit

- (1) Inspection will be made weekly or after each rainfall event and repair or replacement should be made promptly as needed by the contractor.
- (2) The entrance should be maintained in a condition which will prevent tracking or flowing of sediment onto public right-of-way. This may require periodic top dressing with additional stone as conditions demand and repair and/or cleanout of any measures used to trap sediment.
- (3) All sediment spilled, dropped, washed or tracked onto public right-of-way should be removed immediately by contractor.
- (4) When necessary, wheels should be cleaned to remove sediment prior to entrance onto public right-of-way.

- (5) When washing is required, it should be done on an area stabilized with crushed
- stone that drains into an approved sediment trap or sediment basin.

 (6) All sediment should be prevented from entering any storm drain, ditch or water course by using approved methods.

ATTACHMENT J – Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices

Interim on-site stabilization measures, which are continuous, will include minimizing soil disturbances by exposing the smallest practical area of land required for the shortest period of time and maximizing use of natural vegetation. As soon as practical, all disturbed soil will be stabilized as per project specifications in accordance with pages 1-35 to 1-60 of TCEQ's Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) RG-348 (2005). Mulching, netting, erosion blankets and seeding are acceptable.

The management of land by using ground cover reduces erosion by reducing the flow rate of runoff and the raindrop impact. Bare soils should be seeded or otherwise stabilized within 14 calendar days after final grading or where construction activity has temporarily ceased for more than 21 days. Stabilization will involve simply sodding and fertilizing. Sediment that has escaped the site due to the failure of sediment and erosion controls should be removed as soon as possible to minimize offsite impacts. Permission should be obtained from adjacent landowners prior to offsite sediment removal.

Permanent Stormwater Section

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(4)(C), (D)(Ii), (E), and (5), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

Signature

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executive director approval. The application was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Elvis Treviño, PE

Date: 08/12/2025

Signature of Customer/Agent

Regulated Entity Name: <u>University Pump Station</u>

Permanent Best Management Practices (BMPs)

Permanent best management practices and measures that will be used during and after construction is completed.

1.	pollution from regulated activities after the completion of construction.
	□ N/A
2.	These practices and measures have been designed, and will be constructed, operated, and maintained to insure that 80% of the incremental increase in the annual mass loading of total suspended solids (TSS) from the site caused by the regulated activity is removed. These quantities have been calculated in accordance with technical guidance prepared or accepted by the executive director.
	The TCEQ Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) was used to design permanent BMPs and measures for this site

	A technical guidance other than the TCEQ TGM was used to design permanent BMPs and measures for this site. The complete citation for the technical guidance that was used is:
	□ N/A
3.	Owners must insure that permanent BMPs and measures are constructed and function as designed. A Texas Licensed Professional Engineer must certify in writing that the permanent BMPs or measures were constructed as designed. The certification letter must be submitted to the appropriate regional office within 30 days of site completion.
	□ N/A
4.	Where a site is used for low density single-family residential development and has 20 % or less impervious cover, other permanent BMPs are not required. This exemption from permanent BMPs must be recorded in the county deed records, with a notice that if the percent impervious cover increases above 20% or land use changes, the exemption for the whole site as described in the property boundaries required by 30 TAC §213.4(g) (relating to Application Processing and Approval), may no longer apply and the property owner must notify the appropriate regional office of these changes.
	The site will be used for low density single-family residential development and has 20% or less impervious cover.
	 ☐ The site will be used for low density single-family residential development but has more than 20% impervious cover. ☐ The site will not be used for low density single-family residential development.
5.	The executive director may waive the requirement for other permanent BMPs for multifamily residential developments, schools, or small business sites where 20% or less impervious cover is used at the site. This exemption from permanent BMPs must be recorded in the county deed records, with a notice that if the percent impervious cover increases above 20% or land use changes, the exemption for the whole site as described in the property boundaries required by 30 TAC §213.4(g) (relating to Application Processing and Approval), may no longer apply and the property owner must notify the appropriate regional office of these changes.
	 Attachment A - 20% or Less Impervious Cover Waiver. The site will be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites and has 20% or less impervious cover. A request to waive the requirements for other permanent BMPs and measures is attached. ☐ The site will be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites but has more than 20% impervious cover. ☐ The site will not be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small
_	business sites. Attachment B - BMPs for Upgradient Stormwater.
6.	IXI ATTACOMENT B - BIVIPS FOR UDGRADIENT STORMWATER.

	 A description of the BMPs and measures that will be used to prevent possible surface water, groundwater, or stormwater that originates upgradient and flows across the site is attached. No surface water, groundwater or stormwater originates upgradient from the surface water. 	from the site
	and flows across the site, and an explanation is attached. Permanent BMPs or measures are not required to prevent pollution of water, groundwater, or stormwater that originates upgradient from the flows across the site, and an explanation is attached.	surface
7.	Attachment C - BMPs for On-site Stormwater.	
	A description of the BMPs and measures that will be used to prevent possurface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off the site pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff from the site is at Permanent BMPs or measures are not required to prevent pollution of or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off the site, including percaused by contaminated stormwater runoff, and an explanation is attached.	te, including ttached. surface water ollution
8.	Attachment D - BMPs for Surface Streams. A description of the BMPs and that prevent pollutants from entering surface streams, sensitive features, of is attached. Each feature identified in the Geologic Assessment as sensitive addressed.	or the aquifer
	□ N/A	
9.	The applicant understands that to the extent practicable, BMPs and measur maintain flow to naturally occurring sensitive features identified in either to assessment, executive director review, or during excavation, blasting, or co	he geologic
	 The permanent sealing of or diversion of flow from a naturally-occurring feature that accepts recharge to the Edwards Aquifer as a permanent probatement measure has not been proposed. Attachment E - Request to Seal Features. A request to seal a naturally sensitive feature, that includes, for each feature, a justification as to what reasonable and practicable alternative exists, is attached. 	oollution -occurring
10.	Attachment F - Construction Plans. All construction plans and design calculated the proposed permanent BMP(s) and measures have been prepared by or direct supervision of a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer, and are signed dated. The plans are attached and, if applicable include:	under the
	 ✓ Design calculations (TSS removal calculations) ✓ TCEQ construction notes ✓ All geologic features ✓ All proposed structural BMP(s) plans and specifications 	
	□ N/A	

11. Attachment G - Inspection, Maintenance, Repair and Retrofit Plan. A plan for the inspection, maintenance, repairs, and, if necessary, retrofit of the permanent BMPs and measures is attached. The plan includes all of the following:
 ✓ Prepared and certified by the engineer designing the permanent BMPs and measures ✓ Signed by the owner or responsible party ✓ Procedures for documenting inspections, maintenance, repairs, and, if necessary
retrofit A discussion of record keeping procedures
□ N/A
12. Attachment H - Pilot-Scale Field Testing Plan. Pilot studies for BMPs that are not recognized by the Executive Director require prior approval from the TCEQ. A plan for pilot-scale field testing is attached.
⊠ N/A
13. Attachment I -Measures for Minimizing Surface Stream Contamination. A description of the measures that will be used to avoid or minimize surface stream contamination and changes in the way in which water enters a stream as a result of the construction and development is attached. The measures address increased stream flashing, the creation of stronger flows and in-stream velocities, and other in-stream effects caused by the regulated activity, which increase erosion that results in water quality degradation.
□ N/A
Responsibility for Maintenance of Permanent BMP(s)
Responsibility for maintenance of best management practices and measures after construction is complete.
14. The applicant is responsible for maintaining the permanent BMPs after construction until such time as the maintenance obligation is either assumed in writing by another entity having ownership or control of the property (such as without limitation, an owner's association, a new property owner or lessee, a district, or municipality) or the ownership of the property is transferred to the entity. Such entity shall then be responsible for maintenance until another entity assumes such obligations in writing or ownership is transferred.
□ N/A
15. A copy of the transfer of responsibility must be filed with the executive director at the appropriate regional office within 30 days of the transfer if the site is for use as a multiple single-family residential development, a multi-family residential development, or a non-residential development such as commercial, industrial, institutional, schools, and other sites where regulated activities occur.
□ N/A

PERMANENT STORMWATER SECTION ATTACHMENTS

ATTACHMENT A - 20% or Less Impervious Cover Waiver

Not applicable.

ATTACHMENT B - BMPs for Upgradient Stormwater

Under proposed conditions, offsite surface water will not flow through the project area. There is an existing curb along the northside of the project area and a drainage channel to the west that will reroute and capture any offsite flows. The engineered vegetative filter strips will be placed around the proposed switchgear building, concrete driveway, and generator pad, allowing only the runoff from the proposed improvements to pass the proposed BMP.

ATTACHMENT C – BMPs for On-site Stormwater

Treatment for the runoff from the drainage area on the newly constructed switchgear building, concrete driveway, and generator pad shall be addressed by engineered vegetative filter strip placed around the proposed improvements.

ATTACHMENT D - BMPS FOR SURFACE STREAMS

No sensitive geologic features exist on the project site. The proposed project will create new switchgear building, concrete driveway, and generator pad impervious covers and engineered vegetative filter strips and trees around and throughout the project site will help filter water runoff while maintaining the natural flow to any surface streams that may be nearby the site. The undisturbed areas will remain in their natural state and any disturbed areas that are not paved will be re-vegetated. The nature of the improvements should not increase risk to surface streams. Treatment of the switchgear building, concrete driveway, and generator pad by engineered vegetative filter strip will provide protection to surface streams.

Action plan if sensitive features are encountered:

- 1. Immediately stop construction in the vicinity of the feature.
- 2. Notify TCEQ San Antonio Regional office staff.
- 3. Contact a qualified professional Geologist (and Karst biologist, if necessary) to assess the sensitivity of the feature.
- 4. If necessary, install temporary erosion and sedimentation controls to protect the feature from surface contamination.
- 5. Develop and submit to the TCEQ for review a feature closer and/or protection plan.
- 6. Commence construction in the vicinity of the feature only after the feature closure/protection plans has been approved by the TCEQ and the feature has been permanently protected from surface contamination.

the name of the approved project;

- the activity start date; and - the contact information of the prime contractor.

2. All contractors conducting regulated activities associated with this project must be provided with complete copies of the approved Water Pollution Abatement Plan (WPAP) and the TCEQ letter indicating the specific conditions of its approval. During the course of these regulated activities, the contractors are required to keep on-site copies of the approved plan and approval letter.

- 3. If any sensitive feature(s) (caves, solution cavity, sink hole, etc.) is discovered during construction, all regulated activities near the sensitive feature must be suspended immediately. The appropriate TCEQ regional office must be immediately notified of any sensitive features encountered during construction. Construction activities may not be resumed until the TCEQ has reviewed and approved the appropriate protective measures in order to protect any sensitive feature and the Edwards Aquifer from potentially adverse impacts to water quality.
- 4. No temporary or permanent hazardous substance storage tank shall be installed within 150 feet of a water supply source, distribution system, well, or sensitive feature.
- 5. Prior to beginning any construction activity, all temporary erosion and sedimentation (E&S) control measures must be properly installed and maintained in accordance with the manufacturers specifications. If inspections indicate a control has been used inappropriately, or incorrectly, the applicant must replace or modify the control for site situations. These controls must remain in place until the disturbed areas have been permanently stabilized.
- 6. Any sediment that escapes the construction site must be collected and properly disposed of before the next rain event to ensure it is not washed into surface streams, sensitive features, etc.
- 7. Sediment must be removed from the sediment traps or sedimentation basins no later than when it occupies 50% of the basin's design capacity.
- 8. Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals exposed to stormwater shall be prevented from being discharged offsite.
- 9. All excavated material that will be stored on-site must have proper E&S controls. For storage or disposal of spoils at another site on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone, the owner of the site must receive approval of a water pollution abatement plan for the placement of fill material or mass grading prior to the placement of spoils at the other site.
- 10. If portions of the site will have a cease in construction activity lasting longer than 14 days, soil stabilization in those areas shall be initiated as soon as possible prior to the 14th day of inactivity. If activity will resume prior to the 21st day, stabilization measures are not required. If drought conditions or inclement weather prevent action by the 14th day, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as possible.
- 11. The following records should be maintained and made available to the TCEQ upon request:
 - -the dates when major grading activities occur;
 - -the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site; and
 - -the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 12. The holder of any approved Edward's Aquifer protection plan must notify the appropriate regional office in writing and obtain approval from the executive director prior to initiating any of the following:
- A. any physical or operational modification of any best management practices (BMPs) or structure(s), including but not limited to temporary or permanent ponds, dams, berms,
- silt fences, and diversionary structures;
- B. any change in the nature or character of the regulated activity from that which was originally approved;
- C. any change that would significantly impact the ability to prevent pollution of the Edwards Aquifer; or
- D. any development of land previously identified as undeveloped in the approved contributing zone plan.

Austin Regional Office 12100 Park 35 Circle, Bldg A Austin, Texas 78753-1808 Phone (512) 339-2929 Fax (512) 339-3795 San Antonio Regional Office 14250 Judson Road San Antonio, Texas 78233-4480 Phone (210) 490-3096 Fax (210) 545-4329



Black & Veatch Corporation
San Antonio, Texas

Texas Registration No. F-258

MAESTAS
8122 DATAPOINT DR. STE. 840 SAN ANTONIO, TX 78229





EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS PLAN IMPLEMENTATION

DIESEL GENERATOR PROJECT

SAWS JOB NO. 23-6009

PRELIMINARY NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

REVISIONS AND RECORD OF ISSUE
DESIGNED: VV
DETAILED: VV
CHECKED: ET

APPROVED: ET

DATE: 8/12/2025

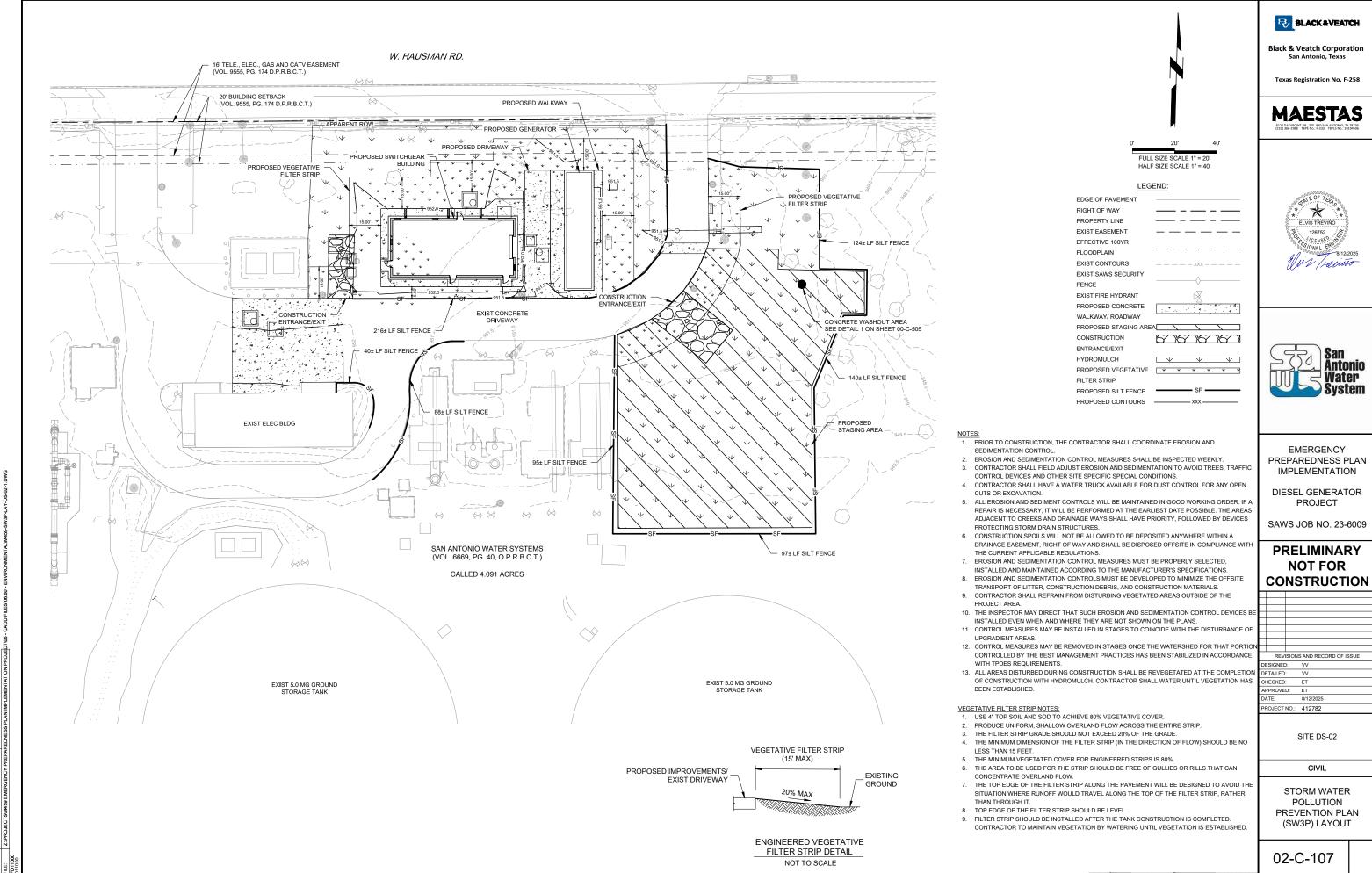
PROJECT NO.: 412782

SITE DS-02

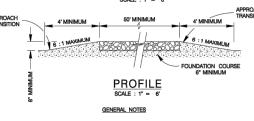
CIVIL

STORM WATER POLLUTION ABATMENT PLAN NOTES

6

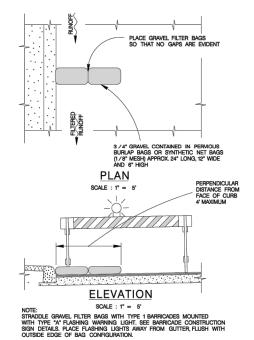




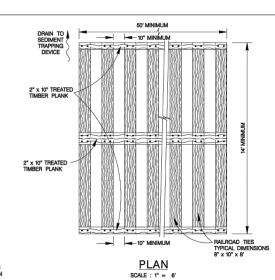


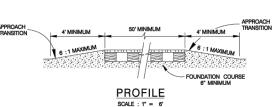
- 1. THE LENGTH OF THE TYPE 1 CONSTRUCTION EXIT SHALL BE AS INDICATED ON THE PLANS, BUT NOT LESS THAN 50'.
- 3. THE APPROACH TRANSITIONS SHOULD BE NO STEEPER THAN 6:1 AND CONSTRUCTED AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 5. THE CONSTRUCTION EXIT SHALL BE GRADED TO ALLOW DRAINAGE TO A SEDIMENT TRAPPING DEVICE.
- 6. THE GUIDELINES SHOWN HEREON ARE SUGGESTIONS ONLY AND MAY BE MODIFIED BY THE ENGINEER.

CONSTRUCTION EXIT - TYPE 1



GRAVEL FILTER BAGS





GENERAL NOTES

- 1. THE LENGTH OF THE TYPE 2 CONSTRUCTION EXIT SHALL BE AS INDICATED ON THE PLANS, BUT NOT LESS THAN 50'.
- THE TREATED TIMBER PLANKS SHALL BE #2 GRADE MIN., AND SHOULD BE FREE FROM LARGE AND LOOSE KNOTS.

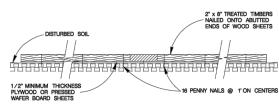
- 6. THE CONSTRUCTION EXIT SHOULD BE GRADED TO ALLOW DRAINAGE TO A SEDIMENT TRAPPING DEVICE.

CONSTRUCTION EXIT - TYPE 2

7. THE GUIDELINES SHOWN HEREON ARE SUGGESTIONS ONLY AND MAY BE MODIFIED BY THE ENGINEER.

CONCRETE BLOCKS (6" x 8" x 16")

PLAN SCALE : 1" = 20'



SECTION A-A SCALE : 1" = 2'

- 1. THE LENGTH OF THE TYPE 3 CONSTRUCTION EXIT SHALL BE AS INDICATED ON THE PLANS, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- THE TYPE 3 CONSTRUCTION EXIT MAY BE CONSTRUCTED FROM OPEN GRADED CRUS-STONE WITH A SIZE OF 2 TO 4 INCHES SPREAD A MINIMUM OF 4 INCHES THICK TO LIMITS SHOWN ON THE PLANS.
- 4. THE GUIDELINES SHOWN HEREON ARE SUGGESTIONS ONLY AND MAY BE MODIFIED BY THE ENGINEER.

CONSTRUCTION EXIT - TYPE 3

2' MAX

G 🚤

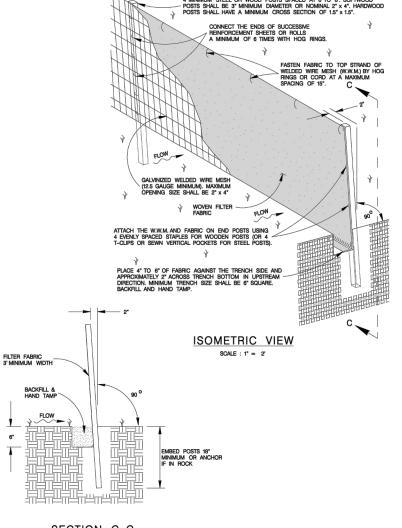
<u>PLAN</u>

SCALE : 1" = 5"

2" x 4" TREATED WOOD STUD EXTENDED INTO CONCRETE BLOCKS

GRAVEL FILTERS CAN BE USED ON PAVEMENT OR BARE GROUND

CURB INLET GRAVEL FILTER



SECTION C-C

2" x 4" TREATED WOOD STUD

SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE MAY BE CONSTRUCTED NEAR THE DOWNSTREAM PERIMETER OF A DISTURBED AREA ALONG A CONTOUR TO INTERCEPT SEDIMENT FROM OVERLAND RUN-OFF. A 2 YEAR STORM FREQUENCY MAY BE USED TO CALCULATE THE FLOW RATE TO BE FILTERED.

SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE SHOULD BE SIZED TO FILTER A MAXIMUM FLOW THRU RATE OF 100 GPM /FT SQUARED, SEDIMENT CONTROL ENDE IS NOT RECOMMENDED TO CONTROL EROSION FROM A DRAINAGE AREA LARGER THAN 2 ACRES.

THE GUIDELINES SHOWN HEREON ARE SUGGESTIONS ONLY AND MAY BE MODIFIED BY THE ENGINEER.

TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE

JANUARY 2005

CITY OF SAN ANTONIO

TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT & WATER POLLUTION CONTROL

__% SUBMITTAL PROJECT NO.:____

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS MANAGEMENT SERVICES DEPARTMENT

MEASURES STANDARDS 1

DRWN. BY: V. VASQUEZ DSGN. BY:

BLACK&VEATCH

Black & Veatch Corporation San Antonio, Texas

Texas Registration No. F-258

MAESTAS





EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS PLAN **IMPLEMENTATION**

DIESEL GENERATOR

PROJECT

SAWS JOB NO. 23-6009

PRELIMINARY NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

TAILED: HECKED: PROVED: ET

OJECT NO.: 412782

SITE DS-02

CIVIL

EROSION CONTROL DETAILS I

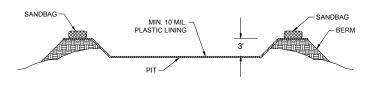
8

RUNOFF

FILTERED RUNOFF

SECTION G-G

(SCALE BAR IS 4" AT FULL SCALE) 0



SECTION A-A

NOTES:

- DETAIL ABOVE ILLUSTRATES MINIMUM DIMENSIONS. PIT CAN BE
 INCREASED IN SIZE DEPENDING ON EXPECTED FREQUENCY OF USE.
- 2. WASHOUT PIT SHALL BE LOCATED IN AN AREA EASILY ACCESSIBLE TO CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC.

PLAN VIEW

- 3. WASHOUT PIT SHALL NOT BE LOCATED IN AREAS SUBJECT TO INUNDATION FROM STORM WATER RUNOFF.
- LOCATE WASHOUT AREA AT LEAST 50 FEET FROM SENSITIVE FEATURES, STORM DRAINS, OPEN DITCHES, OR WATER BODIES.
- TEMPORARY CONCRETE WASHOUT FACILITY SHOULD BE CONSTRUCTED
 WITH SUFFICIENT QUANTITY AND VOLUME TO CONTAIN ALL LIQUID AND
 CONCRETE WASTE GENERATED BY WASHOUT OPERATIONS.

MATERIALS:

PLASTIC LINING MATERIAL SHOULD BE A MINIMUM OF 10 MIL IN
 POLYETHYLENE SHEETING AND SHOULD BE FREE OF HOLES, TEARS, OR
 OTHER DEFECTS THAT COMPROMISE THE IMPERMEABILITY OF THE
 MATERIAL.

INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE GUIDELINES:

- WHEN TEMPORARY CONCRETE WASHOUT FACILITIES ARE NO LONGER
 REQUIRED FOR THE WORK, THE HARDENED CONCRETE SHOULD BE
 REMOVED AND DISPOSED OF.
- MATERIALS USED TO CONSTRUCT TEMPORARY CONCRETE WASHOUT FACILITIES SHOULD BE REMOVED FROM THE SITE OF THE WORK AND DISPOSED OF.
- HOLES, DEPRESSIONS OR OTHER GROUND DISTURBANCE CAUSED BY THE REMOVAL OF THE TEMPORARY CONCRETE WASHOUT FACILITIES SHOULD BE BACKFILLED AND REPAIRED.



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Black & Veatch Corporation San Antonio, Texas

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EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS PLAN IMPLEMENTATION

DIESEL GENERATOR PROJECT

SAWS JOB NO. 23-6009

PRELIMINARY NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

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DATE: 8/12/2025

PROJECT NO.: 412782

SITE DS-02

CIVIL

EROSION CONTROL DETAILS II

9

ATTACHMENT E – Request to Seal Features

Not applicable.

ATTACHMENT F – Construction Plans/Design Calculations

Attached. See Site Plan and design calculations pages.

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

TSS Removal Calculations 04-20-2009

Project Name: University Pump Station Project

Date Prepared: 8/12/2025

Additional information is provided for cells with a red triangle in the upper right corner. Place the cursor over the cell.

Text shown in blue indicate location of instructions in the Technical Guidance Manual - RG-348.

Characters shown in red are data entry fields.

Characters shown in black (Bold) are calculated fields. Changes to these fields will remove the equations used in the spreadsheet.

1. The Required Load Reduction for the total project:

where:

Calculations from RG-348

Pages 3-27 to 3-30

ELVIS TREVIÑO

Page 3-29 Equation 3.3: $L_M = 27.2(A_N \times P)$

 $L_{\text{M TOTAL PROJECT}}$ = Required TSS removal resulting from the proposed development = 80% of increased load

 A_N = Net increase in impervious area for the project

P = Average annual precipitation, inches

Site Data: Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Project

County =	Bexar	
Total project area included in plan *=	4.63	acres
Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plan * =	0.00	acres
Total post-development impervious area within the limits of the plan* =	1.46	acres
Total post-development impervious cover fraction * =	0.32	
P =	30	inches

L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} = 1191 lbs.

Number of drainage basins / outfalls areas leaving the plan area =

2. Drainage Basin Parameters (This information should be provided for each basin):

Drainage Basin/Outfall Area No	. =	A10	
Total drainage basin/outfall area	ı =	4.32	acres
Predevelopment impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area	ı =	0.00	acres
Post-development impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area	ı =	1.31	acres
Post-development impervious fraction within drainage basin/outfall area	ı =	0.30	
L _M THIS BASIN	₁ =	1069	lbs.

3. Indicate the proposed BMP Code for this basin.

Proposed BMP = Vegetated Filter Strips
Removal efficiency = 85 percent

Aqualogic Cartridge Filter
Bioretention
Contech StormFilter
Constructed Wetland
Extended Detention
Grassy Swale
Retention / Irrigation
Sand Filter
Stormceptor
Vegetated Filter Strips
Vortechs
Wet Basin
Wet Vault

4. Calculate Maximum TSS Load Removed (L_R) for this Drainage Basin by the selected BMP Type.

RG-348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7: $L_R = (BMP \text{ efficiency}) \times P \times (A_1 \times 34.6 + A_2 \times 0.54)$

^{*} The values entered in these fields should be for the total project area.

A_C = Total On-Site drainage area in the BMP catchment area where:

A_I = Impervious area proposed in the BMP catchment area

A_P = Pervious area remaining in the BMP catchment area

L_R = TSS Load removed from this catchment area by the proposed BMP

4.32 acres $A_1 =$ 1.31 acres $A_P =$ 3.01 acres 1197 lbs

5. Calculate Fraction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall area

Desired L_{M THIS BASIN} = 1069 lbs.

0.89

6. Calculate Capture Volume required by the BMP Type for this drainage basin / outfall area.

Calculations from RG-348

Pages 3-34 to 3-36

Rainfall Depth = 1.60 inches Post Development Runoff Coefficient = 0.26 On-site Water Quality Volume = 6518 cubic feet

Calculations from RG-348 Pages 3-36 to 3-37

Off-site area draining to BMP = 0.00 acres Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP = 0.00 acres Impervious fraction of off-site area =

Off-site Runoff Coefficient = 0.00

Off-site Water Quality Volume = cubic feet

> Storage for Sediment = 1304

Total Capture Volume (required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = 7822 cubic feet The following sections are used to calculate the required water quality volume(s) for the selected BMP.

The values for BMP Types not selected in cell C45 will show NA.

7. Retention/Irrigation System Designed as Required in RG-348 Pages 3-42 to 3-46

> Required Water Quality Volume for retention basin = cubic feet

Irrigation Area Calculations:

Enter determined permeability rate or assumed value of 0.1 Soil infiltration/permeability rate = 0.1 in/hr

Irrigation area = NA square feet NA acres

8. Extended Detention Basin System Designed as Required in RG-348 Pages 3-46 to 3-51

> Required Water Quality Volume for extended detention basin = cubic feet

9. Filter area for Sand Filters Designed as Required in RG-348 Pages 3-58 to 3-63

9A. Full Sedimentation and Filtration System

Water Quality Volume for sedimentation basin = cubic feet

> Minimum filter basin area = NA square feet

square feet For minimum water depth of 2 feet Maximum sedimentation basin area = NA Minimum sedimentation basin area = square feet For maximum water depth of 8 feet NA

9B. Partial Sedimentation and Filtration System

Water Quality Volume for combined basins = NA cubic feet

Minimum filter basin area = NA square feet

Maximum sedimentation basin area = NA square feet For minimum water depth of 2 feet
Minimum sedimentation basin area = NA square feet For maximum water depth of 8 feet

10. Bioretention System Designed as Required in RG-348 Pages 3-63 to 3-65

Required Water Quality Volume for Bioretention Basin = NA cubic feet

11. Wet Basins Designed as Required in RG-348 Pages 3-66 to 3-71

Required capacity of Permanent Pool = NA cubic feet Required capacity at WQV Elevation = NA cubic feet Cubic f

plus a second WQV.

12. Constructed Wetlands Designed as Required in RG-348 Pages 3-71 to 3-73

Required Water Quality Volume for Constructed Wetlands = NA cubic feet

13. AquaLogicTM Cartridge System

Designed as Required in RG-348

Pages 3-74 to 3-78

** 2005 Technical Guidance Manual (RG-348) does not exempt the required 20% increase with maintenance contract with AquaLogic™.

Required Sedimentation chamber capacity = NA cubic feet
Filter canisters (FCs) to treat WQV = NA cartridges
Filter basin area (RIA_F) = NA square feet

14. Stormwater Management StormFilter® by CONTECH

Required Water Quality Volume for Contech StormFilter System = NA cubic feet

THE SIZING REQUIREMENTS FOR THE FOLLOWING BMPs / LOAD REMOVALS ARE BASED UPON FLOW RATES - NOT CALCULATED WATER QUALITY VOLUMES

15. Grassy Swales Designed as Required in RG-348 Pages 3-51 to 3-54

Design parameters for the swale:

Drainage Area to be Treated by the Swale = A = acres

Impervious Cover in Drainage Area = acres
Rainfall intensity = i = 1.1 in/hr
Swale Slope = ft/ft

Side Slope (z) =

Design Water Depth = y = ft

Weighted Runoff Coefficient = C = #DIV/0!

 A_{CS} = cross-sectional area of flow in Swale = #DIV/0! sf

P_W = Wetted Perimeter = #DIV/0! feet

 R_H = hydraulic radius of flow cross-section = A_{CS}/P_W = #DIV/0! feet

n = Manning's roughness coefficient = 0.2

15A. Using the Method Described in the RG-348

Manning's Equation: $Q = 1.49 A_{CS} R_H^{2/3} S^{0.5}$

n



$$b = \frac{0.134 \times Q}{y^{1.67} S^{0.5}} - zy = \#DIV/0!$$
 feet

Q = CiA = #DIV/0! cfs

To calculate the flow velocity in the swale:

V (Velocity of Flow in the swale) = Q/A_{CS} = #DIV/0! ft/sec

To calculate the resulting swale length:

L = Minimum Swale Length = V (ft/sec) * 300 (sec) = #DIV/0! feet

If any of the resulting values do not meet the design requirement set forth in RG-348, the design parameters must be modified and the solver rerun.

15B. Alternative Method using Excel Solver

Design Q = CiA = #DIV/0! cfs

Manning's Equation Q = 0.00 cfs Error 1 = #DIV/0!

Designed as Required in RG-348

Swale Width= 6.00 ft

Instructions are provided to the right (green comments).

Flow Velocity #DIV/0! ft/s Minimum Length = #DIV/0! ft

Instructions are provided to the right (blue comments).

Design Width = ft
Design Discharge = 0.00 cfs

0.00 cfs Error 2 = #DIV/0! 0.33 ft

Pages 3-55 to 3-57

If any of the resulting values do not meet the design requirement set forth in RG-348, the design parameters may be modified and the solver rerun. If any of the resulting values still do not meet the design requirement set forth in RG-348, widening the swale bottom value may not be possible.

There are no calculations required for determining the load or size of vegetative filter strips.

The 80% removal is provided when the contributing drainage area does not exceed 72 feet (direction of flow) and the sheet flow leaving the impervious cover is directed across 15 feet of engineered filter strips with maximum slope of 20% or

If vegetative filter strips are proposed for an interim permanent BMP, they may be sized as described on Page 3-56 of RG-348.

across 50 feet of natural vegetation with a maximum slope of 10%. There can be a break in grade as long as no slope exceeds 20%.

<u>17. Wet Vaults</u> Designed as Required in RG-348 Pages 3-30 to 3-32 & 3-79

Required Load Removal Based upon Equation 3.3 = NA lbs

First calculate the load removal at 1.1 in/hour

16. Vegetated Filter Strips

RG-348 Page 3-30 Equation 3.4: Q = CiA

C = runoff coefficient for the drainage area = 0.18 C = Runoff Coefficient = 0.546 (IC) $^2 + 0.328$ (IC) $^2 + 0.3$

i = design rainfall intensity = 1.1 in/hour A = drainage area in acres = 1 acres

Q = flow rate in cubic feet per second = 0.20 cubic feet/sec

To solve for bottom width of the trapezoidal swale (b) using the Excel solver:

Excel can simultaneously solve the "Design Q" (C217) vs "Manning's Q" (C219) by varying the "Swale Width" (C220). The required "Swale Width" occurs when the "Design Q" = "Manning's Q"

First, highlight Cell F219 (Error 1 value). The equation showing in the fx screen for Cell F219 should be "= \$C\$217-\$C\$219"

Then click on "Tools" and "Salves" The "Salves" agreements:

Then click on "Tools" and "Solver". The "Solver Parameters" screen pops up. The value in the "Set Target cell" should be \$F\$219 "Error 1 ="

The value in the "By Changing Cells" should be \$C\$220 "Swale Width"

Click on solve.

The resulting "Swale Width" must be less than 10 feet to meet the requirements of the TGM.

If the resulting "Swale Width" exceeds 10 feet then the design parameters must be revised and the solver run again.

If there is not the option for "Solver" under "Tools"

Click on "Tools" and "Add Ins" and then check "Solver Add-in"

Then proceed as instructed above.

If you would like to increase the bottom width of the trapezoidal swale (b):

Excel can simultaneously solve the "Design Q" (C217) vs "Design Discharge" (C232) by varying the "Design Depth" (C233). The required "Design Depth" for a 10-foot bottom width occurs when the "Design Q" (C217) = the "Design Discharge" (C232).

First set the desired bottom width in Cell C231.

Highlight Cell F232. The equation showing in the fx screen for Cell F232 should be "= \$C\$217-\$C\$232"

Click on "Tools" and "Solver". The "Solver Parameters" screen pops up.
The value in the "Set Target cell" should be \$F\$232 "Error 2"

The value in the "By Changing Cells" should be \$C\$233 "Design Depth"

Click on solve.

The resulting "Design Depth" must be equal to or less than 0.33 feet to meet the requirements of the TGM.

If the resulting "Design Depth" exceeds 0.33 feet then the design parameters must be revised and the solver run again. First set the desired bottom width in Cell C231.

Highlight Cell F232. The equation showing in the fx screen for Cell F232 should be "= \$C\$217-\$C\$232"

Click on "Tools" and "Solver". The "Solver Parameters" screen pops up.

The value in the "Set Target cell" should be \$F\$232 "Error 2"

The value in the "By Changing Cells" should be \$C\$233 "Design Depth"

Click on solve.

The resulting "Design Depth" must be equal to or less than 0.33 feet to meet the requirements of the TGM. If the resulting "Design Depth" exceeds 0.33 feet then the design parameters must be revised and the solver run again.

RG-348 Page 3-31 Equation 3.5: $V_{OR} = Q/A$

Q = Runoff rate calculated above = 0.20 cubic feet/sec
A = Water surface area in the wet vault = 150 square feet

V_{OR} = Overflow Rate = 0.00 feet/sec

Percent TSS Removal from Figure 3-1 (RG-348 Page 3-31) = 53 percent

Load removed by Wet Vault = #VALUE! Ibs

If a bypass occurs at a rainfall intensity of less than 1.1 in/hours Calculate the efficiency reduction for the actual rainfall intensity rate

Actual Rainfall Intensity at which Wet Vault bypass Occurs = 0.5 in/hour

Fraction of rainfall treated from Figure 3-2 RG-348 Page 3-32 = 0.75 percent

Efficiency Reduction for Actual Rainfall Intensity = 0.83 percent

Resultant TSS Load removed by Wet Vault = #VALUE! lbs

18. Permeable Concrete

Designed as Required in RG-348 Pages 3-79 to 3-83

PERMEABLE CONCRETE MAY ONLY BE USED ON THE CONTRIBUTING ZONE

19. BMPs Installed in a Series

Designed as Required in RG-348 Pa

Pages 3-32

Michael E. Barrett, Ph.D.. P.E. recommended that the coefficient for E2 be changed from 0.5 to 0.65 on May 3, 2006

E_{TOT} = [1 - ((1 - E₁) X (1 - 0.65E₂) x (1 - 0.25E₃))] X 100 = 86.38 percent NET EFFICIENCY OF THE BMPs IN THE SERIES

EFFICIENCY OF FIRST BMP IN THE SERIES = E_1 = 75.00 percent

EFFICIENCY OF THE SECOND BMP IN THE SERIES = E_2 = 70.00 percent

EFFICIENCY OF THE THIRD BMP IN THE SERIES = E₃ = 0.00 percent

THEREFORE, THE NET LOAD REMOVAL WOULD BE: (A_I AND A_P VALUES ARE FROM SECTION 3 ABOVE)

 $L_R = E_{TOT} X P X (A_I X 34.6 X A_P X 0.54) = 1216.63 lbs$

20. Stormceptor

Required TSS Removal in BMP Drainage Area= NA lbs
Impervious Cover Overtreatment= 0.0000 ac
TSS Removal for Uncaptured Area = 0.00 lbs

BMP Sizing

Effective Area = NA EA
Calculated Model Size(s) = #N/A

Actual Model Size (if multiple values provided in Calculated

Model Size or if you are choosing a larger model size) = 0 Model Size

L_R Value = #VALUE! Ibs

TSS Load Credit = #VALUE! Ibs

Is Sufficient Treatment Available? (TSS Credit \geq TSS Uncapt.) #VALUE!

TSS Treatment by BMP (LM + TSS Uncapt.) = #VALUE!

21. Vortech

Required TSS Removal in BMP Drainage Area= NA Ibs Impervious Cover Overtreatment= 0.0000 ac TSS Removal for Uncaptured Area = 0.00 Ibs BMP Sizing	
Effective Area = NA EA Calculated Model Size(s) = #N/A	
Actual Model Size (if choosing larger model size) = Vx1000 Pick Model S	Size
$Surface Area = 7.10 ft^2$ $Overflow Rate = #VALUE! V_{or}$ $Rounded Overflow Rate = #VALUE! V_{or}$ $BMP Efficiency \% = #VALUE! \%$ $L_R Value = #VALUE! lbs$	
TSS Load Credit = #VALUE! Ibs	
Is Sufficient Treatment Available? (TSS Credit ≥ TSS Uncapt.) #VALUE!	
TSS Treatment by BMP (LM + TSS Uncapt.) = #VALUE!	

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

TSS Removal Calculations 04-20-2009

Project Name: University Pump Station Project

Date Prepared: 8/12/2025

Additional information is provided for cells with a red triangle in the upper right corner. Place the cursor over the cell.

Text shown in blue indicate location of instructions in the Technical Guidance Manual - RG-348.

Characters shown in red are data entry fields.

Characters shown in black (Bold) are calculated fields. Changes to these fields will remove the equations used in the spreadsheet.

1. The Required Load Reduction for the total project:

Calculations from RG-348

Pages 3-27 to 3-30

ELVIS TREVIÑO

Page 3-29 Equation 3.3: $L_M = 27.2(A_N \times P)$

where:

 $L_{M TOTAL PROJECT}$ = Required TSS removal resulting from the proposed development = 80% of increased load A_N = Net increase in impervious area for the project

P = Average annual precipitation, inches

Site Data: Determine Required Load Removal Based on the Entire Project

County =	Bexar	
Total project area included in plan *=	4.63	acres
Predevelopment impervious area within the limits of the plan * =	0.00	acres
Total post-development impervious area within the limits of the plan* =	1.46	acres
Total post-development impervious cover fraction * =	0.32	
P =	30	inches

1191 L_{M TOTAL PROJECT} = lbs.

Number of drainage basins / outfalls areas leaving the plan area =

2. Drainage Basin Parameters (This information should be provided for each basin):

	AZU	Drainage Basin/Outlail Area No. =
acres	0.31	Total drainage basin/outfall area =
acres	0.00	Predevelopment impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area =
acres	0.15	Post-development impervious area within drainage basin/outfall area =
	0.48	Post-development impervious fraction within drainage basin/outfall area =
lbs.	122	L _{M THIS BASIN} =

Drainaga Basin/Outfall Area No. -

3. Indicate the proposed BMP Code for this basin.

Proposed BMP = Vegetated Filter Strips Removal efficiency =

Aqualogic Cartridge Filter Bioretention Contech StormFilter Constructed Wetland **Extended Detention** Grassy Swale Retention / Irrigation Sand Filter Stormceptor Vegetated Filter Strips Vortechs Wet Basin Wet Vault

4. Calculate Maximum TSS Load Removed (L_R) for this Drainage Basin by the selected BMP Type.

RG-348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7: $L_R = (BMP \text{ efficiency}) \times P \times (A_1 \times 34.6 + A_2 \times 0.54)$

^{*} The values entered in these fields should be for the total project area.

A_C = Total On-Site drainage area in the BMP catchment area where:

A_I = Impervious area proposed in the BMP catchment area

A_P = Pervious area remaining in the BMP catchment area

L_R = TSS Load removed from this catchment area by the proposed BMP

0.31 $A_1 =$ 0.15 acres $A_P =$ 0.16 acres 135 lbs

5. Calculate Fraction of Annual Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall area

Desired L_{M THIS BASIN} = 122 lbs.

0.91

6. Calculate Capture Volume required by the BMP Type for this drainage basin / outfall area.

Calculations from RG-348

Pages 3-34 to 3-36

Rainfall Depth = 1.80 inches Post Development Runoff Coefficient = 0.35 On-site Water Quality Volume = 706 cubic feet

Calculations from RG-348 Pages 3-36 to 3-37

Off-site area draining to BMP = 0.00 acres Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP = 0.00 acres

Impervious fraction of off-site area = Off-site Runoff Coefficient = 0.00

Off-site Water Quality Volume = cubic feet

> Storage for Sediment = 141

Total Capture Volume (required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) = 848 cubic feet The following sections are used to calculate the required water quality volume(s) for the selected BMP.

The values for BMP Types not selected in cell C45 will show NA.

7. Retention/Irrigation System Designed as Required in RG-348 Pages 3-42 to 3-46

> Required Water Quality Volume for retention basin = cubic feet

Irrigation Area Calculations:

Enter determined permeability rate or assumed value of 0.1 Soil infiltration/permeability rate = 0.1 in/hr

Irrigation area = NA square feet

NA acres

8. Extended Detention Basin System Designed as Required in RG-348 Pages 3-46 to 3-51

> Required Water Quality Volume for extended detention basin = cubic feet

9. Filter area for Sand Filters Designed as Required in RG-348 Pages 3-58 to 3-63

9A. Full Sedimentation and Filtration System

Water Quality Volume for sedimentation basin = cubic feet

> Minimum filter basin area = NA square feet

square feet For minimum water depth of 2 feet Maximum sedimentation basin area = NA Minimum sedimentation basin area = square feet For maximum water depth of 8 feet NA

9B. Partial Sedimentation and Filtration System

Water Quality Volume for combined basins = NA cubic feet

Minimum filter basin area = NA square feet

Maximum sedimentation basin area = NA square feet For minimum water depth of 2 feet
Minimum sedimentation basin area = NA square feet For maximum water depth of 8 feet

10. Bioretention System Designed as Required in RG-348 Pages 3-63 to 3-65

Required Water Quality Volume for Bioretention Basin = NA cubic feet

11. Wet Basins Designed as Required in RG-348 Pages 3-66 to 3-71

Required capacity of Permanent Pool = NA cubic feet Required capacity at WQV Elevation = NA cubic feet Cubic f

plus a second WQV.

12. Constructed Wetlands Designed as Required in RG-348 Pages 3-71 to 3-73

Required Water Quality Volume for Constructed Wetlands = NA cubic feet

13. AquaLogicTM Cartridge System

Designed as Required in RG-348

Pages 3-74 to 3-78

** 2005 Technical Guidance Manual (RG-348) does not exempt the required 20% increase with maintenance contract with AquaLogic™.

Required Sedimentation chamber capacity = NA cubic feet
Filter canisters (FCs) to treat WQV = NA cartridges
Filter basin area (RIA_F) = NA square feet

14. Stormwater Management StormFilter® by CONTECH

Required Water Quality Volume for Contech StormFilter System = NA cubic feet

THE SIZING REQUIREMENTS FOR THE FOLLOWING BMPs / LOAD REMOVALS ARE BASED UPON FLOW RATES - NOT CALCULATED WATER QUALITY VOLUMES

15. Grassy Swales Designed as Required in RG-348 Pages 3-51 to 3-54

Design parameters for the swale:

Drainage Area to be Treated by the Swale = A = acres

Impervious Cover in Drainage Area = acres
Rainfall intensity = i = 1.1 in/hr
Swale Slope = ft/ft

Side Slope (z) =

Design Water Depth = y = ft

Weighted Runoff Coefficient = C = #DIV/0!

 A_{CS} = cross-sectional area of flow in Swale = #DIV/0! sf

P_W = Wetted Perimeter = #DIV/0! feet

 R_H = hydraulic radius of flow cross-section = A_{CS}/P_W = #DIV/0! feet

n = Manning's roughness coefficient = 0.2

15A. Using the Method Described in the RG-348

Manning's Equation: $Q = 1.49 A_{CS} R_H^{2/3} S^{0.5}$

n



$$b = \frac{0.134 \times Q}{y^{1.67} S^{0.5}} - zy = \#DIV/0!$$
 feet

Q = CiA = #DIV/0!

To calculate the flow velocity in the swale:

V (Velocity of Flow in the swale) = Q/A_{CS} = #DIV/0! ft/sec

To calculate the resulting swale length:

L = Minimum Swale Length = V (ft/sec) * 300 (sec) = #DIV/0!

If any of the resulting values do not meet the design requirement set forth in RG-348, the design parameters must be modified and the solver rerun.

15B. Alternative Method using Excel Solver

Design Q = CiA = #DIV/0! cfs

Error 1 = #DIV/0! Manning's Equation Q = 0.00 cfs

Swale Width= 6.00 ft

Instructions are provided to the right (green comments).

Flow Velocity #DIV/0! ft/s Minimum Length = #DIV/0! ft

Instructions are provided to the right (blue comments).

Design Width = Design Discharge = 0.00 cfs

Design Depth = 0.33 ft Flow Velocity = #DIV/0! Minimum Length = #DIV/0!

cfs

If any of the resulting values do not meet the design requirement set forth in RG-348, the design parameters may be modified and the solver rerun. If any of the resulting values still do not meet the design requirement set forth in RG-348, widening the swale bottom value may not be possible.

16. Vegetated Filter Strips

Designed as Required in RG-348

Pages 3-55 to 3-57

Error 2 = #DIV/0!

There are no calculations required for determining the load or size of vegetative filter strips.

The 80% removal is provided when the contributing drainage area does not exceed 72 feet (direction of flow) and the sheet flow leaving the impervious cover is directed across 15 feet of engineered filter strips with maximum slope of 20% or across 50 feet of natural vegetation with a maximum slope of 10%. There can be a break in grade as long as no slope exceeds 20%.

If vegetative filter strips are proposed for an interim permanent BMP, they may be sized as described on Page 3-56 of RG-348.

17. Wet Vaults Designed as Required in RG-348 Pages 3-30 to 3-32 & 3-79

> Required Load Removal Based upon Equation 3.3 = lbs

First calculate the load removal at 1.1 in/hour

RG-348 Page 3-30 Equation 3.4: Q = CiA

C = Runoff Coefficient = $0.546 (IC)^2 + 0.328 (IC) + 0.03$ C = runoff coefficient for the drainage area = 0.32

> i = design rainfall intensity = 1.1 in/hour A = drainage area in acres = 1 acres

Q = flow rate in cubic feet per second = 0.35 cubic feet/sec To solve for bottom width of the trapezoidal swale (b) using the Excel solver:

Excel can simultaneously solve the "Design Q" (C217) vs "Manning's Q" (C219) by varying the "Swale Width" (C220).

The required "Swale Width" occurs when the "Design Q" = "Manning's Q"

First, highlight Cell F219 (Error 1 value). The equation showing in the fx screen for Cell F219 should be "= \$C\$217-\$C\$219"

Then click on "Tools" and "Solver". The "Solver Parameters" screen pops up.

The value in the "Set Target cell" should be \$F\$219 "Error 1 =" The value in the "By Changing Cells" should be \$C\$220 "Swale Width"

Click on solve.

The resulting "Swale Width" must be less than 10 feet to meet the requirements of the TGM.

If the resulting "Swale Width" exceeds 10 feet then the design parameters must be revised and the solver run again.

If there is not the option for "Solver" under "Tools"

Click on "Tools" and "Add Ins" and then check "Solver Add-in"

Then proceed as instructed above.

If you would like to increase the bottom width of the trapezoidal swale (b):

Excel can simultaneously solve the "Design Q" (C217) vs "Design Discharge" (C232) by varying the "Design Depth" (C233). The required "Design Depth" for a 10-foot bottom width occurs when the "Design Q" (C217) = the "Design Discharge" (C232).

First set the desired bottom width in Cell C231.

Highlight Cell F232. The equation showing in the fx screen for Cell F232 should be "= \$C\$217-\$C\$232"

Click on "Tools" and "Solver". The "Solver Parameters" screen pops up. The value in the "Set Target cell" should be \$F\$232 "Error 2"

The value in the "By Changing Cells" should be \$C\$233 "Design Depth"

Click on solve.

The resulting "Design Depth" must be equal to or less than 0.33 feet to meet the requirements of the TGM.

If the resulting "Design Depth" exceeds 0.33 feet then the design parameters must be revised and the solver run again. First set the desired bottom width in Cell C231.

Highlight Cell F232. The equation showing in the fx screen for Cell F232 should be "= \$C\$217-\$C\$232"

Click on "Tools" and "Solver". The "Solver Parameters" screen pops up.

The value in the "Set Target cell" should be \$F\$232 "Error 2"

The value in the "By Changing Cells" should be \$C\$233 "Design Depth"

Click on solve.

The resulting "Design Depth" must be equal to or less than 0.33 feet to meet the requirements of the TGM. If the resulting "Design Depth" exceeds 0.33 feet then the design parameters must be revised and the solver run again. RG-348 Page 3-31 Equation 3.5: $V_{OR} = Q/A$

Q = Runoff rate calculated above = 0.35 cubic feet/sec A = Water surface area in the wet vault = 150 square feet

> V_{OR} = Overflow Rate = 0.00 feet/sec

Percent TSS Removal from Figure 3-1 (RG-348 Page 3-31) = 53 percent

Load removed by Wet Vault = #VALUE! Ibs

If a bypass occurs at a rainfall intensity of less than 1.1 in/hours Calculate the efficiency reduction for the actual rainfall intensity rate

> Actual Rainfall Intensity at which Wet Vault bypass Occurs = 0.5 in/hour

Fraction of rainfall treated from Figure 3-2 RG-348 Page 3-32 = 0.75 percent Efficiency Reduction for Actual Rainfall Intensity = 0.83 percent

Resultant TSS Load removed by Wet Vault = #VALUE! lbs

18. Permeable Concrete

Designed as Required in RG-348

PERMEABLE CONCRETE MAY ONLY BE USED ON THE CONTRIBUTING ZONE

19. BMPs Installed in a Series

Designed as Required in RG-348

Michael E. Barrett, Ph.D., P.E. recommended that the coefficient for E₂ be changed from 0.5 to 0.65 or

 $E_{TOT} = [1 - ((1 - E_1) \times (1 - 0.65E_2) \times (1 - 0.25E_3))] \times 100 =$ 86.38 percent NET EFFICIEN

EFFICIENCY OF FIRST BMP IN THE SERIES = E₁ = 75.00 percent

EFFICIENCY OF THE SECOND BMP IN THE SERIES = E₂ = 70.00 percent

EFFICIENCY OF THE THIRD BMP IN THE SERIES = E₃ = 0.00 percent

THEREFORE, THE NET LOAD REMOVAL WOULD BE: (A_I AND A_P VALUES ARE FROM SECTION 3 ABOVE)

> $L_R = E_{TOT} X P X (A_1 X 34.6 X A_2 X 0.54) =$ 136.72 lbs

20. Stormceptor

Required TSS Removal in BMP Drainage Area= NA lbs Impervious Cover Overtreatment= 0.0000 ac TSS Removal for Uncaptured Area = 0.00 lbs

BMP Sizing

Effective Area = EΑ NA Calculated Model Size(s) = #N/A

Actual Model Size (if multiple values provided in Calculated

Model Size or if you are choosing a larger model size) = 0 Model Size

> ft² #N/A Surface Area = Overflow Rate = **#VALUE!** Rounded Overflow Rate = **#VALUE!** BMP Efficiency % = **#VALUE!**

> > L_R Value = **#VALUE!** lbs

TSS Load Credit = #VALUE! lbs

Is Sufficient Treatment Available? (TSS Credit ≥ TSS Uncapt.) #VALUE!

TSS Treatment by BMP (LM + TSS Uncapt.) = #VALUE!

Pages 3-79 to 3-83	
Pages 3-32	
n May 3, 2006	
NCY OF THE BMPs IN THE SERIES	

21. Vortech

VUITECII			
	Required TSS Removal in BMP Drainage Area= Impervious Cover Overtreatment= TSS Removal for Uncaptured Area =	NA 0.0000 0.00	lbs ac lbs
	Effective Area = Calculated Model Size(s) =	NA #N/A	EA
	Actual Model Size (if choosing larger model size) =	Vx1000	Pick Model Size
	Surface Area = Overflow Rate = Rounded Overflow Rate = BMP Efficiency % = L _R Value =	7.10 #VALUE! #VALUE! #VALUE!	ft ² V _{or} V _{or} % Ibs
	TSS Load Credit =	#VALUE!	lbs
	Is Sufficient Treatment Available? (TSS Credit ≥ TSS Uncapt.)	#VALUE!	
	TSS Treatment by BMP (LM + TSS Uncapt.) =	#VALUE!	

ATTACHMENT G

Maintenance Plan and Schedule for Permanent Erosion Controls

Vegetative Filter Strips

PROJECT NAME: University Pump Station Project

LOCATION: Along W Hausman Rd between Roadrunner Way and Jetlyn Dr.

CITY, STATE ZIP: San Antonio, TX 78249

Vegetative filter Strips:

Once a vegetated area is well established, little additional maintenance is generally necessary. The key to establishing a viable vegetated feature is the care and maintenance it receives in the first few months after it is planted. Once established, all vegetated BMPs require some basic maintenance to ensure the health of the plants including:

Inspections: BMP facilities shall be inspected at least twice a year to evaluated facility operation. Additional inspections shall occur after periods of heavy rain. The filter strip will be checked for uniformity of grass cover, debris and litter, and areas of sediment accumulation. Bare spots and areas of erosion identified during semi-annual inspections will be replanted and restored to meet specifications. Construction of a level spreader device may be necessary to reestablish shallow overland flow.

Records

The San Antonio Water System shall keep records of the inspections on forms that shall be retained. Efforts will be made by the SAWS to keep WPAP maintenance plans for WPAPs in the same region together for better coordination.

The inspection shall note at a minimum:

- uniformity of grass cover,
- debris and litter, and
- areas of sediment accumulation.
- Address if remediation was done during the inspection or if a task order needs to be established to replanting and restore filter strip to meet the specifications.
- Or other task order to remain in compliance with the WPAP permit.

Sediment

Removal:

Remove sediment in vegetative filter strip when they build up to 3 inches at any spot or cover vegetation. Excess sediment should be removed by hand or with flat-bottomed shovels. If areas are eroded, they should be filled, compacted and reseeded so that the final grade is level with the bottom of the swale. Sediment removal will be performed as needed based on the inspections in the inspection section.

Pest

Management: The integrated pest management plan (IMP) shall assess if there are excessive pests during each inspection. Problem insects and weeds will be controlled with minimal or no use of insecticides and herbicides.

Debris and

Litter

Removal:

Trash tends to accumulate in vegetated areas, particularly along highways. Any filter strip structures (i.e. level spreaders) should be kept free of obstructions to reduce floatables being flushed downstream, and for aesthetic reasons. The need for this practice is determined through periodic inspection but should be performed no less than 4 times per year.

Mowing:

Grass areas in and around vegetative filter strips must be mowed at least twice annually to limit vegetation height to 18 inches. Grass cuttings should be collected and disposed of offsite, or a mulching mower can be used. Regular mowing should also include weed control practices; however, herbicide use should be kept to a minimum.

Grass Reseeding And Mulching:

A healthy dense grass should be maintained on the filter strip. If areas are eroded, they should be filled, compacted, and reseeded so that the final grade is level. Grass damaged during the sediment removal process should be promptly replaced using the same seed mix used during filter strip establishment.

If possible, flow should be diverted from the damaged areas until the grass is firmly established. Bare spots and areas of erosion identified during semi-annual inspections must be replanted and restored to meet specifications. Corrective maintenance, such as weeding, or replanting should be done more frequently in the first two to three years after installation to ensure stabilization. Dense vegetation may require irrigation immediately after planting, and during particularly dry periods, particularly as the vegetation is initially established.

An amended copy of this document will be provided to TCEQ within thirty (30) days of any changes in the following information:

Responsible Party for Maintenance: San Antonio Water System

Contact Person: Saqib Shirazi, PE, PMP

Address: 2800 US Hwy 281 N

City, State Zip: San Antonio, TX 78212

Telephone Number: 210-233-3840

The Maintenance Plan and Schedule for Permanent Erosion Control has been prepared by Elvis Treviño, PE and is certified to be in compliance with TCEQ regulations.

Signature of the Responsible Party: ___

Elvis Treviño, PE

ATTACHMENT H – Pilot-Scale Field Testing Plan

Not applicable.

ATTACHMENT I – Measures for Minimizing Surface Stream Contamination

The proposed University Pump Station improvements will create only new impervious cover from switchgear building, concrete driveway, and generator pad and will not increase risk to local streams. Treatment will be provided at the engineered vegetative filter strip before exiting the project area following natural drainage patterns.

Agent Authorization Form

For Required Signature
Edwards Aquifer Protection Program
Relating to 30 TAC Chapter 213
Effective June 1, 1999

	Saqib Shirazi, PE, PMP	
	Print Name	
	Project Manager	
	Title - Owner/President/Other	
of	San Antonio Water System Corporation/Partnership/Entity Name	
have authorized	Elvis Treviño, PE Print Name of Agent/Engineer	
of	Maestas & Associates, LLC	
	Print Name of Firm	

to represent and act on the behalf of the above-named Corporation, Partnership, or Entity for the purpose of preparing and submitting this plan application to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the review and approval consideration of regulated activities.

I also understand that:

- 1. The applicant is responsible for compliance with 30 Texas Administrative Code Chapter 213 and any condition of the TCEQ's approval letter. The TCEQ is authorized to assess administrative penalties of up to \$10,000 per day per violation.
- 2. For those submitting an application who are not the property owner, but who have the right to control and possess the property, additional authorization is required from the owner.
- Application fees are due and payable at the time the application is submitted. The
 application fee must be sent to the TCEQ cashier or to the appropriate regional office.
 The application will not be considered until the correct fee is received by the
 commission.
- 4. A notarized copy of the Agent Authorization Form must be provided for the person preparing the application, and this form must accompany the completed application.
- 5. No person shall commence any regulated activity on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone, Contributing Zone or Transition Zone until the appropriate application for the activity has been filed with and approved by the Executive Director.

SIGNATURE PAGE:

7/01/20
Applicant's Signature Date
THE STATE OF §
County of §
BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared Saph Husshin Shirazi known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged to me that (s)he executed same for the purpose and consideration therein expressed.
GIVEN under my hand and seal of office on this 24 day of July , 2025.
LORENA LUNA NOTARY PUBLIC LORENA LUNA Notary Public, State of Texas Comm. Expires 04-23-2028 Notary ID 126482493 Typed or Printed Name of Notary

MY COMMISSION EXPIRES: 04 23 28

Application Fee Form

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Name of Proposed Regulated Entity: <u>University Pump Station</u> Regulated Entity Location: 7172 W. Hausman Road, San Antonio, Texas 78249

Name of Customer: San Antonio Water System

Contact Person: Elvis Treviño, P.E. Phone: 210-366-1988

Customer Reference Number (if issued):CN <u>600529069</u>

Regulated Entity Reference Numb	per (if issued):RN <u>RN:</u>	<u> 107133506</u>	
Austin Regional Office (3373)			
Hays	Travis		Williamson
San Antonio Regional Office (336	52)		
Bexar	Medina		Uvalde
Comal	☐ Kinney		
Application fees must be paid by Commission on Environmental Qorm must be submitted with you	uality . Your cancele	d check will se	erve as your receipt. This
Austin Regional Office Mailed to: TCEQ - Cashier Revenues Section Mail Code 214 P.O. Box 13088 Austin, TX 78711-3088 Site Location (Check All That App	oly):	=	Brd Floor 8753
X Recharge Zone	Contributing Zo	ne	Transition Zone

Type of Plan	Size	Fee Due
Water Pollution Abatement Plan, Contributing Zone		
Plan: One Single Family Residential Dwelling	N/A Acres	\$
Water Pollution Abatement Plan, Contributing Zone		
Plan: Multiple Single Family Residential and Parks	N/A Acres	\$
Water Pollution Abatement Plan, Contributing Zone		
Plan: Non-residential	4.63 Acres	\$ 4,000
Sewage Collection System	N/A L.F.	\$
Lift Stations without sewer lines	N/A Acres	\$
Underground or Aboveground Storage Tank Facility	N/A Tanks	\$
Piping System(s)(only)	N/A Each	\$
Exception	N/A Each	\$
Extension of Time	N/A Each	\$

Signature:	1/1/2/	relitto	Date: <u>08/12/2025</u>

Application Fee Schedule

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Edwards Aquifer Protection Program 30 TAC Chapter 213 (effective 05/01/2008)

Water Pollution Abatement Plans and Modifications

Contributing Zone Plans and Modifications

Project	Project Area in Acres	Fee
•		
One Single Family Residential Dwelling	< 5	\$650
Multiple Single Family Residential and Parks	< 5	\$1,500
	5 < 10	\$3,000
	10 < 40	\$4,000
	40 < 100	\$6,500
	100 < 500	\$8,000
	≥ 500	\$10,000
Non-residential (Commercial, industrial, institutional,	< 1	\$3,000
multi-family residential, schools, and other sites	1 < 5	\$4,000
where regulated activities will occur)	5 < 10	\$5,000
	10 < 40	\$6,500
	40 < 100	\$8,000
	≥ 100	\$10,000

Organized Sewage Collection Systems and Modifications

Project	Cost per Linear Foot	Minimum Fee- Maximum Fee
Sewage Collection Systems	\$0.50	\$650 - \$6,500

Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank System Facility Plans and Modifications

Project	Cost per Tank or Piping System	Minimum Fee- Maximum Fee
Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank Facility	\$650	\$650 - \$6,500

Exception Requests

Project	Fee
Exception Request	\$500

Extension of Time Requests

Project	Fee
Extension of Time Request	\$150