

Technical Package Cover Page

This file contains the following documents:

- 1. Summary of application (in plain language)
 - English
 - Alternative Language (Spanish)
- 2. First notice (NORI-Notice of Receipt of Application and Intent to Obtain a Permit)
 - English
 - Alternative Language (Spanish)
- 3. Second notice (NAPD-Notice of Preliminary Decision)
 - English
 - Alternative Language (Spanish)
- 4. Application materials *
- 5. Draft permit *
- 6. Technical summary or fact sheet *
- * **NOTE:** This application was declared Administratively Complete before June 1, 2024. The application materials, draft permit, and technical summary or fact sheet are available for review at the Public Viewing Location provided in the NAPD.

Section 15. Plain Language Summary (Instructions Page 40)

This information is required for new, major amendment, and renewal applications. It is not required for minor amendment or minor modification applications.

If you are subject to the alternative language notice requirements in <u>30 Texas Administrative Code</u> <u>§39.426</u>, you must provide a translated copy of the completed plain language summary in the appropriate alternative language as part of your application package. For your convenience, a Spanish template has been provided below.

ENGLISH TEMPLATE FOR TPDES or TLAP NEW/RENEWAL/AMENDMENT APPLICATIONS

DOMESTIC WASTEWATER

The following summary is provided for this pending water quality permit application being reviewed by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality as required by 30 Texas Administrative Code Chapter 39. The information provided in this summary may change during the technical review of the application and are not federal enforceable representations of the permit application. The City of Munday (CN600735526) operates City of Munday Sewer Farm RN101268829. a wastewater treatment plant. The facility is located 5.9 miles SE of the intersection of SH 277 and FM 222, in Munday, Knox County, Texas 76371.

The City of Munday is requesting the renewal of their Beneficial Land Use Permit *<<For TLAP applications include the following sentence, otherwise delete:>>* This permit will not authorize a discharge of pollutants into water in the state.

Discharges from the facility are expected to containarsenic, cadmium, chromium, copper, leas, mercury, molybdenum, nickel, selenium and zinc.Municipal solid waste from residential and commercial sources is treated by *monitoring of metal pollutants, pathogen reduction, vector attraction reduction, land application, unit buffer zones, and soil monitoring.*

TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY



NOTICE OF RECEIPT OF APPLICATION AND INTENT TO OBTAIN WATER QUALITY PERMIT RENEWAL

PERMIT NO. WQ0010228002

APPLICATION. City of Munday, P.O. Box 39, Munday, Texas 76371, has applied to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) to renew Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (TPDES) Permit No. WQ0010228002 (EPA I.D. No. TX00119105) to authorize the discharge of treated wastewater at a volume not to exceed a daily average flow of 200,000 gallons per day. The wastewater treatment facility is located at approximately 5.9 miles southeast of the intersection of Farm-to-Market Road 222 and State Highway 277, in Knox County, Texas 76371. The discharge route is from the plant site to an unnamed tributary; thence to Lake Creek; thence to Brazos River Above Possom Kingdom Lake. TCEQ received this application on March 15, 2024. The permit application will be available for viewing and copying at Munday City Hall, Front Desk, 121 East Main Street, Munday, Texas prior to the date this notice is published in the newspaper. This link to an electronic map of the site or facility's general location, refer to the application.

https://gisweb.tceq.texas.gov/LocationMapper/?marker=-99.55463,33.405613&level=18

ADDITIONAL NOTICE. TCEQ's Executive Director has determined the application is administratively complete and will conduct a technical review of the application. After technical review of the application is complete, the Executive Director may prepare a draft permit and will issue a preliminary decision on the application. **Notice of the Application and Preliminary Decision will be published and mailed to those who are on the county-wide mailing list and to those who are on the mailing list for this application. That notice will contain the deadline for submitting public comments.**

PUBLIC COMMENT / PUBLIC MEETING. You may submit public comments or request a public meeting on this application. The purpose of a public meeting is to provide the opportunity to submit comments or to ask questions about the application. TCEQ will hold a public meeting if the Executive Director determines that there is a significant degree of public interest in the application or if requested by a local legislator. A public meeting is not a contested case hearing.

OPPORTUNITY FOR A CONTESTED CASE HEARING. After the deadline for submitting public comments, the Executive Director will consider all timely comments and prepare a response to all relevant and material, or significant public comments. **Unless the application is directly referred for a contested case hearing, the response to comments, and the**

Executive Director's decision on the application, will be mailed to everyone who submitted public comments and to those persons who are on the mailing list for this application. If comments are received, the mailing will also provide instructions for requesting reconsideration of the Executive Director's decision and for requesting a contested case hearing. A contested case hearing is a legal proceeding similar to a civil trial in state district court.

TO REQUEST A CONTESTED CASE HEARING, YOU MUST INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS IN YOUR REQUEST: your name, address, phone number; applicant's name and proposed permit number; the location and distance of your property/activities relative to the proposed facility; a specific description of how you would be adversely affected by the facility in a way not common to the general public; a list of all disputed issues of fact that you submit during the comment period and, the statement "[I/we] request a contested case hearing." If the request for contested case hearing is filed on behalf of a group or association, the request must designate the group's representative for receiving future correspondence; identify by name and physical address an individual member of the group who would be adversely affected by the proposed facility or activity; provide the information discussed above regarding the affected member's location and distance from the facility or activity; explain how and why the member would be affected; and explain how the interests the group seeks to protect are relevant to the group's purpose.

Following the close of all applicable comment and request periods, the Executive Director will forward the application and any requests for reconsideration or for a contested case hearing to the TCEQ Commissioners for their consideration at a scheduled Commission meeting.

The Commission may only grant a request for a contested case hearing on issues the requestor submitted in their timely comments that were not subsequently withdrawn. If a hearing is granted, the subject of a hearing will be limited to disputed issues of fact or mixed questions of fact and law relating to relevant and material water quality concerns submitted during the comment period.

TCEQ may act on an application to renew a permit for discharge of wastewater without providing an opportunity for a contested case hearing if certain criteria are met.

MAILING LIST. If you submit public comments, a request for a contested case hearing or a reconsideration of the Executive Director's decision, you will be added to the mailing list for this specific application to receive future public notices mailed by the Office of the Chief Clerk. In addition, you may request to be placed on: (1) the permanent mailing list for a specific applicant name and permit number; and/or (2) the mailing list for a specific county. If you wish to be placed on the permanent and/or the county mailing list, clearly specify which list(s) and send your request to TCEQ Office of the Chief Clerk at the address below.

INFORMATION AVAILABLE ONLINE. For details about the status of the application, visit the Commissioners' Integrated Database at <u>www.tceq.texas.gov/goto/cid</u>. Search the database using the permit number for this application, which is provided at the top of this notice.

AGENCY CONTACTS AND INFORMATION. All public comments and requests must be submitted either electronically at <u>https://www14.tceq.texas.gov/epic/eComment/</u>, or in writing to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, Office of the Chief Clerk, MC-105, P.O. Box 13087, Austin, Texas 78711-3087. Please be aware that any contact information you

provide, including your name, phone number, email address and physical address will become part of the agency's public record. For more information about this permit application or the permitting process, please call the TCEQ Public Education Program, Toll Free, at 1-800-687-4040 or visit their website at <u>www.tceq.texas.gov/goto/pep</u>. Si desea información en Español, puede llamar al 1-800-687-4040.

Further information may also be obtained from City of Munday at the address stated above or by calling Mr. David Trevino, City Manager, at 940-422-4331.

Issuance Date: April 11, 2024

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality



NOTICE OF APPLICATION AND PRELIMINARY DECISION FOR TPDES PERMIT FOR MUNICIPAL WASTEWATER

RENEWAL

PERMIT NO. WQ0010228002

APPLICATION AND PRELIMINARY DECISION. City of Munday, P.O. Box 39, Munday, Texas 76371, has applied to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for a renewal of Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (TPDES) Permit No. WQ0010228002 which authorizes the discharge of treated domestic wastewater at a daily average flow not to exceed 200,000 gallons per day. The existing permit also authorizes surface irrigation of 113 acres of non-public access agricultural land to the south of and adjacent to the facility. TCEQ received this application on March 15, 2024.

The facility is located approximately 5.9 miles southeast of the intersection of Farm-to-Market Road 222 and State Highway 277, in Knox County, Texas 76371. The treated effluent is discharged to an unnamed tributary, thence to Lake Creek, thence to Brazos River Above Possum Kingdom Lake in Segment No. 1208 of the Brazos River Basin. The unclassified receiving water use is minimal aquatic life use for the unnamed tributary and Lake Creek. The designated uses for Segment No. 1208 are primary contact recreation and high aquatic life use. All determinations are preliminary and subject to additional review and/or revisions. This link to an electronic map of the site or facility's general location is provided as a public courtesy and is not part of the application or notice. For the exact location, refer to the application. https://gisweb.tceq.texas.gov/LocationMapper/?marker=-99.554722,33.405555&level=18

The TCEQ Executive Director has completed the technical review of the application and prepared a draft permit. The draft permit, if approved, would establish the conditions under which the facility must operate. The Executive Director has made a preliminary decision that this permit, if issued, meets all statutory and regulatory requirements. The permit application, Executive Director's preliminary decision, and draft permit are available for viewing and copying at Munday City Hall, Front Desk, 121 East Main Street, Munday, Texas.

PUBLIC COMMENT / PUBLIC MEETING. You may submit public comments or request a public meeting about this application. The purpose of a public meeting is to provide the opportunity to submit comments or to ask questions about the application. TCEQ holds a public meeting if the Executive Director determines that there is a significant degree of public interest in the application or if requested by a local legislator. A public meeting is not a contested case hearing.

OPPORTUNITY FOR A CONTESTED CASE HEARING. After the deadline for submitting public comments, the Executive Director will consider all timely comments and prepare a response to all relevant and material, or significant public comments. **Unless the application is directly referred for a contested case hearing, the response to comments will be mailed to everyone who submitted public comments and to those persons who are on the mailing list for this application. If comments are received, the mailing will also provide instructions for requesting a contested case hearing or reconsideration of the Executive Director's decision. A contested case hearing is a legal proceeding similar to a civil trial in a state district court.**

TO REQUEST A CONTESTED CASE HEARING, YOU MUST INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS IN YOUR REQUEST: your name, address, phone number; applicant's name and proposed permit number; the location and distance of your property/activities relative to the proposed facility; a specific description of how you would be adversely affected by the facility in a way not common to the general public; a list of all disputed issues of fact that you submit during the comment period; and the statement "[I/we] request a contested case hearing." If the request for contested case hearing is filed on behalf of a group or association, the request must designate the group's representative for receiving future correspondence; identify by name and physical address an individual member of the group who would be adversely affected by the proposed facility or activity; provide the information discussed above regarding the affected member's location and distance from the facility or activity; explain how and why the member would be affected; and explain how the interests the group seeks to protect are relevant to the group's purpose.

Following the close of all applicable comment and request periods, the Executive Director will forward the application and any requests for reconsideration or for a contested case hearing to the TCEQ Commissioners for their consideration at a scheduled Commission meeting.

The Commission may only grant a request for a contested case hearing on issues the requestor submitted in their timely comments that were not subsequently withdrawn. If a hearing is granted, the subject of a hearing will be limited to disputed issues of fact or mixed questions of fact and law relating to relevant and material water quality concerns submitted during the comment period. TCEQ may act on an application to renew a permit for discharge of wastewater without providing an opportunity for a contested case hearing if certain criteria are met.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR ACTION. The Executive Director may issue final approval of the application unless a timely contested case hearing request or request for reconsideration is filed. If a timely hearing request or request for reconsideration is filed, the Executive Director will not issue final approval of the permit and will forward the application and request to the TCEQ Commissioners for their consideration at a scheduled Commission meeting.

MAILING LIST. If you submit public comments, a request for a contested case hearing or a reconsideration of the Executive Director's decision, you will be added to the mailing list for this specific application to receive future public notices mailed by the Office of the Chief Clerk. In addition, you may request to be placed on: (1) the permanent mailing list for a specific applicant name and permit number; and/or (2) the mailing list for a specific county. If you wish to be placed on the permanent and/or the county mailing list, clearly specify which list(s) and send your request to TCEQ Office of the Chief Clerk at the address below.

All written public comments and public meeting requests must be submitted to the Office of the Chief Clerk, MC 105, Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, P.O. Box 13087, Austin, TX 78711-3087 or electronically at www.tceq.texas.gov/goto/comment within 30 days from the date of newspaper publication of this notice.

INFORMATION AVAILABLE ONLINE. For details about the status of the application, visit the Commissioners' Integrated Database at <u>www.tceq.texas.gov/goto/cid</u>. Search the database using the permit number for this application, which is provided at the top of this notice.

AGENCY CONTACTS AND INFORMATION. Public comments and requests must be submitted either electronically at <u>www.tceq.texas.gov/goto/comment</u>, or in writing to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, Office of the Chief Clerk, MC 105, P.O. Box 13087, Austin, Texas 78711-3087. Any personal information you submit to the TCEQ will become part of the agency's record; this includes email addresses. For more information about this permit application or the permitting process, please call the TCEQ Public Education Program, Toll Free, at 1-800-687-4040 or visit their website at <u>www.tceq.texas.gov/goto/pep</u>. Si desea información en Español, puede llamar al 1-800-687-4040.

Further information may also be obtained from City of Munday at the address stated above or by calling Mr. David Trevino, City Manager, at 940-422-4331.

Issuance Date: July 22, 2024



TPDES PERMIT NO. WQ0010228002 [For TCEQ office use only - EPA I.D. No. TX0119105]

TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY P.O. Box 13087 Austin, Texas 78711-3087 This is a renewal that replaces TPDES Permit No. WQ0010228002 issued on September 20, 2019.

PERMIT TO DISCHARGE WASTES under provisions of Section 402 of the Clean Water Act and Chapter 26 of the Texas Water Code

City of Munday

whose mailing address is

P.O. Box 39, Munday, Texas 76371

is authorized to treat and discharge wastes from the City of Munday Wastewater Treatment Facility, SIC Code 4952

located approximately 5.9 miles southeast of the intersection of Farm-to-Market Road 222 and State Highway 277, in Knox County, Texas 76371

to an unnamed tributary, thence to Lake Creek, thence to Brazos River Above Possum Kingdom Lake in Segment No. 1208 of the Brazos River Basin

only according to effluent limitations, monitoring requirements, and other conditions set forth in this permit, as well as the rules of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ), the laws of the State of Texas, and other orders of the TCEQ. The issuance of this permit does not grant to the permittee the right to use private or public property for conveyance of wastewater along the discharge route described in this permit. This includes, but is not limited to, property belonging to any individual, partnership, corporation or other entity. Neither does this permit authorize any invasion of personal rights nor any violation of federal, state, or local laws or regulations. It is the responsibility of the permittee to acquire property rights as may be necessary to use the discharge route.

This permit shall expire at midnight, five years from the date of issuance.

ISSUED DATE:

For the Commission

City of Munday

EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

1. During the period beginning upon the date of issuance and lasting through the date of expiration, the permittee is authorized to discharge subject to the following effluent limitations:

The daily average flow of effluent shall not exceed 0.20 million gallons per day (MGD).

<u>Effluent Characteristic</u>	Discharge Limitations				Min. Self-Monitoring Requirements	
	Daily Avg mg/l (lbs/day)	7-day Avg mg/l	Daily Max mg/l	Single Grab mg/l	Report Daily Av Measurement Frequency	g. & Max. Single Grab Sample Type
Flow, MGD	Report	N/A	Report	N/A	Continuous	Totalizing Meter
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (5-day)	30 (50)	45	70	100	One/week	Grab
Total Suspended Solids	90 (150)	135	N/A	N/A	One/week	Grab
<i>E. coli</i> , colony-forming units or most probable number per 100 ml	126	N/A	N/A	399	Two/month	Grab

- 2. The total residence time in the wastewater treatment system shall be at least 21 days, based on a daily average flow of 0.20 MGD. An equivalent method of disinfection may be substituted only with prior approval of the Executive Director.
- 3. The pH shall not be less than 6.0 standard units nor greater than 9.0 standard units and shall be monitored once per month by grab sample.
- 4. There shall be no discharge of floating solids or visible foam in other than trace amounts and no discharge of visible oil.
- 5. Effluent monitoring samples shall be taken at the following location(s): Following the final treatment unit.
- 6. The effluent shall contain a minimum dissolved oxygen of 4.0 mg/l and shall be monitored once per week by grab sample.

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TPDES Permit No. WQ0010228002

Outfall Number 001

DEFINITIONS AND STANDARD PERMIT CONDITIONS

As required by Title 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 305, certain regulations appear as standard conditions in waste discharge permits. 30 TAC § 305.121 - 305.129 (relating to Permit Characteristics and Conditions) as promulgated under the Texas Water Code (TWC) §§ 5.103 and 5.105, and the Texas Health and Safety Code (THSC) §§ 361.017 and 361.024(a), establish the characteristics and standards for waste discharge permits, including sewage sludge, and those sections of 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 122 adopted by reference by the Commission. The following text includes these conditions and incorporates them into this permit. All definitions in TWC § 26.001 and 30 TAC Chapter 305 shall apply to this permit and are incorporated by reference. Some specific definitions of words or phrases used in this permit are as follows:

- 1. Flow Measurements
 - a. Annual average flow the arithmetic average of all daily flow determinations taken within the preceding 12 consecutive calendar months. The annual average flow determination shall consist of daily flow volume determinations made by a totalizing meter, charted on a chart recorder and limited to major domestic wastewater discharge facilities with one million gallons per day or greater permitted flow.
 - b. Daily average flow the arithmetic average of all determinations of the daily flow within a period of one calendar month. The daily average flow determination shall consist of determinations made on at least four separate days. If instantaneous measurements are used to determine the daily flow, the determination shall be the arithmetic average of all instantaneous measurements taken during that month. Daily average flow determinations on days of discharge.
 - c. Daily maximum flow the highest total flow for any 24-hour period in a calendar month.
 - d. Instantaneous flow the measured flow during the minimum time required to interpret the flow measuring device.
 - e. 2-hour peak flow (domestic wastewater treatment plants) the maximum flow sustained for a two-hour period during the period of daily discharge. The average of multiple measurements of instantaneous maximum flow within a two-hour period may be used to calculate the 2-hour peak flow.
 - f. Maximum 2-hour peak flow (domestic wastewater treatment plants) the highest 2-hour peak flow for any 24-hour period in a calendar month.
- 2. Concentration Measurements
 - a. Daily average concentration the arithmetic average of all effluent samples, composite or grab as required by this permit, within a period of one calendar month, consisting of at least four separate representative measurements.
 - i. For domestic wastewater treatment plants When four samples are not available in a calendar month, the arithmetic average (weighted by flow) of all values in the previous four consecutive month period consisting of at least four measurements shall be utilized as the daily average concentration.

- ii. For all other wastewater treatment plants When four samples are not available in a calendar month, the arithmetic average (weighted by flow) of all values taken during the month shall be utilized as the daily average concentration.
- b. 7-day average concentration the arithmetic average of all effluent samples, composite or grab as required by this permit, within a period of one calendar week, Sunday through Saturday.
- c. Daily maximum concentration the maximum concentration measured on a single day, by the sample type specified in the permit, within a period of one calendar month.
- d. Daily discharge the discharge of a pollutant measured during a calendar day or any 24hour period that reasonably represents the calendar day for purposes of sampling. For pollutants with limitations expressed in terms of mass, the daily discharge is calculated as the total mass of the pollutant discharged over the sampling day. For pollutants with limitations expressed in other units of measurement, the daily discharge is calculated as the average measurement of the pollutant over the sampling day.

The daily discharge determination of concentration made using a composite sample shall be the concentration of the composite sample. When grab samples are used, the daily discharge determination of concentration shall be the arithmetic average (weighted by flow value) of all samples collected during that day.

- e. Bacteria concentration (*E. coli* or Enterococci) Colony Forming Units (CFU) or Most Probable Number (MPN) of bacteria per 100 milliliters effluent. The daily average bacteria concentration is a geometric mean of the values for the effluent samples collected in a calendar month. The geometric mean shall be determined by calculating the nth root of the product of all measurements made in a calendar month, where n equals the number of measurements made; or, computed as the antilogarithm of the arithmetic mean of the logarithms of all measurements made in a calendar month. For any measurement of bacteria equaling zero, a substituted value of one shall be made for input into either computation method. If specified, the 7-day average for bacteria is the geometric mean of the values for all effluent samples collected during a calendar week.
- f. Daily average loading (lbs/day) the arithmetic average of all daily discharge loading calculations during a period of one calendar month. These calculations must be made for each day of the month that a parameter is analyzed. The daily discharge, in terms of mass (lbs/day), is calculated as (Flow, MGD x Concentration, mg/l x 8.34).
- g. Daily maximum loading (lbs/day) the highest daily discharge, in terms of mass (lbs/day), within a period of one calendar month.

3. Sample Type

a. Composite sample - For domestic wastewater, a composite sample is a sample made up of a minimum of three effluent portions collected in a continuous 24-hour period or during the period of daily discharge if less than 24 hours, and combined in volumes proportional to flow, and collected at the intervals required by 30 TAC § 319.9 (a). For industrial wastewater, a composite sample is a sample made up of a minimum of three effluent portions collected in a continuous 24-hour period or during the period of daily discharge if less than 24 hours, and combined in volumes collected in a continuous 24-hour period or during the period of daily discharge if less than 24 hours, and combined in volumes proportional to flow, and collected at the intervals required by 30 TAC § 319.9 (b).

- b. Grab sample an individual sample collected in less than 15 minutes.
- 4. Treatment Facility (facility) wastewater facilities used in the conveyance, storage, treatment, recycling, reclamation and/or disposal of domestic sewage, industrial wastes, agricultural wastes, recreational wastes, or other wastes including sludge handling or disposal facilities under the jurisdiction of the Commission.
- 5. The term "sewage sludge" is defined as solid, semi-solid, or liquid residue generated during the treatment of domestic sewage in 30 TAC Chapter 312. This includes the solids that have not been classified as hazardous waste separated from wastewater by unit processes.
- 6. The term "biosolids" is defined as sewage sludge that has been tested or processed to meet Class A, Class AB, or Class B pathogen standards in 30 TAC Chapter 312 for beneficial use.
- 7. Bypass the intentional diversion of a waste stream from any portion of a treatment facility.

MONITORING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

1. Self-Reporting

Monitoring results shall be provided at the intervals specified in the permit. Unless otherwise specified in this permit or otherwise ordered by the Commission, the permittee shall conduct effluent sampling and reporting in accordance with 30 TAC §§ 319.4 - 319.12. Unless otherwise specified, effluent monitoring data shall be submitted each month, to the Compliance Monitoring Team of the Enforcement Division (MC 224), by the 20th day of the following month for each discharge which is described by this permit whether or not a discharge is made for that month. Monitoring results must be submitted online using the NetDMR reporting system available through the TCEQ website unless the permittee requests and obtains an electronic reporting waiver. Monitoring results must be signed and certified as required by Monitoring and Reporting Requirements No. 10.

As provided by state law, the permittee is subject to administrative, civil and criminal penalties, as applicable, for negligently or knowingly violating the Clean Water Act (CWA); TWC §§ 26, 27, and 28; and THSC § 361, including but not limited to knowingly making any false statement, representation, or certification on any report, record, or other document submitted or required to be maintained under this permit, including monitoring reports or reports of compliance or noncompliance, or falsifying, tampering with or knowingly rendering inaccurate any monitoring device or method required by this permit or violating any other requirement imposed by state or federal regulations.

- 2. Test Procedures
 - a. Unless otherwise specified in this permit, test procedures for the analysis of pollutants shall comply with procedures specified in 30 TAC §§ 319.11 319.12. Measurements, tests, and calculations shall be accurately accomplished in a representative manner.
 - b. All laboratory tests submitted to demonstrate compliance with this permit must meet the requirements of 30 TAC § 25, Environmental Testing Laboratory Accreditation and Certification.
- 3. Records of Results
 - a. Monitoring samples and measurements shall be taken at times and in a manner so as to be representative of the monitored activity.

- b. Except for records of monitoring information required by this permit related to the permittee's sewage sludge or biosolids use and disposal activities, which shall be retained for a period of at least five years (or longer as required by 40 CFR Part 503), monitoring and reporting records, including strip charts and records of calibration and maintenance, copies of all records required by this permit, records of all data used to complete the application for this permit, and the certification required by 40 CFR § 264.73(b)(9) shall be retained at the facility site, or shall be readily available for review by a TCEQ representative for a period of three years from the date of the record or sample, measurement, report, application or certification. This period shall be extended at the request of the Executive Director.
- c. Records of monitoring activities shall include the following:
 - i. date, time and place of sample or measurement;
 - ii. identity of individual who collected the sample or made the measurement.
 - iii. date and time of analysis;
 - iv. identity of the individual and laboratory who performed the analysis;
 - v. the technique or method of analysis; and
 - vi. the results of the analysis or measurement and quality assurance/quality control records.

The period during which records are required to be kept shall be automatically extended to the date of the final disposition of any administrative or judicial enforcement action that may be instituted against the permittee.

4. Additional Monitoring by Permittee

If the permittee monitors any pollutant at the location(s) designated herein more frequently than required by this permit using approved analytical methods as specified above, all results of such monitoring shall be included in the calculation and reporting of the values submitted on the approved self-report form. Increased frequency of sampling shall be indicated on the self-report form.

5. Calibration of Instruments

All automatic flow measuring or recording devices and all totalizing meters for measuring flows shall be accurately calibrated by a trained person at plant start-up and as often thereafter as necessary to ensure accuracy, but not less often than annually unless authorized by the Executive Director for a longer period. Such person shall verify in writing that the device is operating properly and giving accurate results. Copies of the verification shall be retained at the facility site and/or shall be readily available for review by a TCEQ representative for a period of three years.

6. Compliance Schedule Reports

Reports of compliance or noncompliance with, or any progress reports on, interim and final requirements contained in any compliance schedule of the permit shall be submitted no later than 14 days following each schedule date to the Regional Office and the Compliance

Monitoring Team of the Enforcement Division (MC 224).

- 7. Noncompliance Notification
 - a. In accordance with 30 TAC § 305.125(9) any noncompliance which may endanger human health or safety, or the environment shall be reported by the permittee to the TCEQ. Except as allowed by 30 TAC § 305.132, report of such information shall be provided orally or by facsimile transmission (FAX) to the Regional Office within 24 hours of becoming aware of the noncompliance. A written submission of such information shall also be provided by the permittee to the Regional Office and the Compliance Monitoring Team of the Enforcement Division (MC 224) within five working days of becoming aware of the noncompliance. For Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTWs), effective December 21, 2025, the permittee must submit the written report for unauthorized discharges and unanticipated bypasses that exceed any effluent limit in the permit using the online electronic reporting system available through the TCEQ website unless the permittee requests and obtains an electronic reporting waiver. The written submission shall contain a description of the noncompliance and its cause; the potential danger to human health or safety, or the environment; the period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times; if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the time it is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent recurrence of the noncompliance, and to mitigate its adverse effects.
 - b. The following violations shall be reported under Monitoring and Reporting Requirement 7.a.:
 - i. Unauthorized discharges as defined in Permit Condition 2(g).
 - ii. Any unanticipated bypass that exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit.
 - iii. Violation of a permitted maximum daily discharge limitation for pollutants listed specifically in the Other Requirements section of an Industrial TPDES permit.
 - c. In addition to the above, any effluent violation which deviates from the permitted effluent limitation by more than 40% shall be reported by the permittee in writing to the Regional Office and the Compliance Monitoring Team of the Enforcement Division (MC 224) within 5 working days of becoming aware of the noncompliance.
 - d. Any noncompliance other than that specified in this section, or any required information not submitted or submitted incorrectly, shall be reported to the Compliance Monitoring Team of the Enforcement Division (MC 224) as promptly as possible. For effluent limitation violations, noncompliances shall be reported on the approved self-report form.
- 8. In accordance with the procedures described in 30 TAC §§ 35.301 35.303 (relating to Water Quality Emergency and Temporary Orders) if the permittee knows in advance of the need for a bypass, it shall submit prior notice by applying for such authorization.
- 9. Changes in Discharges of Toxic Substances

All existing manufacturing, commercial, mining, and silvicultural permittees shall notify the Regional Office, orally or by facsimile transmission within 24 hours, and both the Regional Office and the Compliance Monitoring Team of the Enforcement Division (MC 224) in writing within five (5) working days, after becoming aware of or having reason to believe:

- a. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge, on a routine or frequent basis, of any toxic pollutant listed at 40 CFR Part 122, Appendix D, Tables II and III (excluding Total Phenols) which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels":
 - i. One hundred micrograms per liter (100 μ g/L);
 - ii. Two hundred micrograms per liter (200 μ g/L) for acrolein and acrylonitrile; five hundred micrograms per liter (500 μ g/L) for 2,4-dinitrophenol and for 2-methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol; and one milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;
 - iii. Five (5) times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application; or
 - iv. The level established by the TCEQ.
- b. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in any discharge, on a nonroutine or infrequent basis, of a toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels":
 - i. Five hundred micrograms per liter (500 μ g/L);
 - ii. One milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;
 - iii. Ten (10) times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application; or
 - iv. The level established by the TCEQ.
- 10. Signatories to Reports

All reports and other information requested by the Executive Director shall be signed by the person and in the manner required by 30 TAC § 305.128 (relating to Signatories to Reports).

- 11. All POTWs must provide adequate notice to the Executive Director of the following:
 - a. Any new introduction of pollutants into the POTW from an indirect discharger which would be subject to CWA § 301 or § 306 if it were directly discharging those pollutants;
 - b. Any substantial change in the volume or character of pollutants being introduced into that POTW by a source introducing pollutants into the POTW at the time of issuance of the permit; and
 - c. For the purpose of this paragraph, adequate notice shall include information on:
 - i. The quality and quantity of effluent introduced into the POTW; and
 - ii. Any anticipated impact of the change on the quantity or quality of effluent to be discharged from the POTW.

PERMIT CONDITIONS

- 1. General
 - a. When the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in an application or in any report to the Executive Director, it shall promptly submit such facts or information.
 - b. This permit is granted on the basis of the information supplied and representations made by the permittee during action on an application, and relying upon the accuracy and completeness of that information and those representations. After notice and opportunity for a hearing, this permit may be modified, suspended, or revoked, in whole or in part, in accordance with 30 TAC Chapter 305, Subchapter D, during its term for good cause including, but not limited to, the following:
 - i. Violation of any terms or conditions of this permit;
 - ii. Obtaining this permit by misrepresentation or failure to disclose fully all relevant facts; or
 - iii. A change in any condition that requires either a temporary or permanent reduction or elimination of the authorized discharge.
 - c. The permittee shall furnish to the Executive Director, upon request and within a reasonable time, any information to determine whether cause exists for amending, revoking, suspending or terminating the permit. The permittee shall also furnish to the Executive Director, upon request, copies of records required to be kept by the permit.
- 2. Compliance
 - a. Acceptance of the permit by the person to whom it is issued constitutes acknowledgment and agreement that such person will comply with all the terms and conditions embodied in the permit, and the rules and other orders of the Commission.
 - b. The permittee has a duty to comply with all conditions of the permit. Failure to comply with any permit condition constitutes a violation of the permit and the Texas Water Code or the Texas Health and Safety Code, and is grounds for enforcement action, for permit amendment, revocation, or suspension, or for denial of a permit renewal application or an application for a permit for another facility.
 - c. It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of the permit.
 - d. The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge or sludge use or disposal or other permit violation that has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment.
 - e. Authorization from the Commission is required before beginning any change in the permitted facility or activity that may result in noncompliance with any permit requirements.
 - f. A permit may be amended, suspended and reissued, or revoked for cause in accordance

with 30 TAC §§ 305.62 and 305.66 and TWC§ 7.302. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit amendment, suspension and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance, does not stay any permit condition.

- g. There shall be no unauthorized discharge of wastewater or any other waste. For the purpose of this permit, an unauthorized discharge is considered to be any discharge of wastewater into or adjacent to water in the state at any location not permitted as an outfall or otherwise defined in the Other Requirements section of this permit.
- h. In accordance with 30 TAC § 305.535(a), the permittee may allow any bypass to occur from a TPDES permitted facility which does not cause permitted effluent limitations to be exceeded or an unauthorized discharge to occur, but only if the bypass is also for essential maintenance to assure efficient operation.
- i. The permittee is subject to administrative, civil, and criminal penalties, as applicable, under TWC §§ 7.051 7.075 (relating to Administrative Penalties), 7.101 7.111 (relating to Civil Penalties), and 7.141 7.202 (relating to Criminal Offenses and Penalties) for violations including, but not limited to, negligently or knowingly violating the federal CWA §§ 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318, or 405, or any condition or limitation implementing any sections in a permit issued under the CWA § 402, or any requirement imposed in a pretreatment program approved under the CWA §§ 402 (a)(3) or 402 (b)(8).
- 3. Inspections and Entry
 - a. Inspection and entry shall be allowed as prescribed in the TWC Chapters 26, 27, and 28, and THSC § 361.
 - b. The members of the Commission and employees and agents of the Commission are entitled to enter any public or private property at any reasonable time for the purpose of inspecting and investigating conditions relating to the quality of water in the state or the compliance with any rule, regulation, permit or other order of the Commission. Members, employees, or agents of the Commission and Commission contractors are entitled to enter public or private property at any reasonable time to investigate or monitor or, if the responsible party is not responsive or there is an immediate danger to public health or the environment, to remove or remediate a condition related to the quality of water in the state. Members, employees, Commission contractors, or agents acting under this authority who enter private property shall observe the establishment's rules and regulations concerning safety, internal security, and fire protection, and if the property has management in residence, shall notify management or the person then in charge of his presence and shall exhibit proper credentials. If any member, employee, Commission contractor, or agent is refused the right to enter in or on public or private property under this authority, the Executive Director may invoke the remedies authorized in TWC § 7.002. The statement above, that Commission entry shall occur in accordance with an establishment's rules and regulations concerning safety, internal security, and fire protection, is not grounds for denial or restriction of entry to any part of the facility, but merely describes the Commission's duty to observe appropriate rules and regulations during an inspection.
- 4. Permit Amendment and/or Renewal

- a. The permittee shall give notice to the Executive Director as soon as possible of any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility if such alterations or additions would require a permit amendment or result in a violation of permit requirements. Notice shall also be required under this paragraph when:
 - i. The alteration or addition to a permitted facility may meet one of the criteria for determining whether a facility is a new source in accordance with 30 TAC § 305.534 (relating to New Sources and New Dischargers); or
 - ii. The alteration or addition could significantly change the nature or increase the quantity of pollutants discharged. This notification applies to pollutants that are subject neither to effluent limitations in the permit, nor to notification requirements in Monitoring and Reporting Requirements No. 9; or
 - iii. The alteration or addition results in a significant change in the permittee's sludge use or disposal practices, and such alteration, addition, or change may justify the application of permit conditions that are different from or absent in the existing permit, including notification of additional use or disposal sites not reported during the permit application process or not reported pursuant to an approved land application plan.
- b. Prior to any facility modifications, additions, or expansions that will increase the plant capacity beyond the permitted flow, the permittee must apply for and obtain proper authorization from the Commission before commencing construction.
- c. The permittee must apply for an amendment or renewal at least 180 days prior to expiration of the existing permit in order to continue a permitted activity after the expiration date of the permit. If an application is submitted prior to the expiration date of the permit, the existing permit shall remain in effect until the application is approved, denied, or returned. If the application is returned or denied, authorization to continue such activity shall terminate upon the effective date of the action. If an application is not submitted prior to the expiration date of the permit, the permit shall expire and authorization to continue such activity shall terminate upon the effective shall terminate.
- d. Prior to accepting or generating wastes which are not described in the permit application or which would result in a significant change in the quantity or quality of the existing discharge, the permittee must report the proposed changes to the Commission. The permittee must apply for a permit amendment reflecting any necessary changes in permit conditions, including effluent limitations for pollutants not identified and limited by this permit.
- e. In accordance with the TWC § 26.029(b), after a public hearing, notice of which shall be given to the permittee, the Commission may require the permittee, from time to time, for good cause, in accordance with applicable laws, to conform to new or additional conditions.
- f. If any toxic effluent standard or prohibition (including any schedule of compliance specified in such effluent standard or prohibition) is promulgated under CWA § 307(a) for a toxic pollutant which is present in the discharge and that standard or prohibition is more stringent than any limitation on the pollutant in this permit, this permit shall be modified or revoked and reissued to conform to the toxic effluent standard or prohibitions established under CWA § 307(a) for toxic pollutants within the time provided in the

regulations that established those standards or prohibitions, even if the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.

- 5. Permit Transfer
 - a. Prior to any transfer of this permit, Commission approval must be obtained. The Commission shall be notified in writing of any change in control or ownership of facilities authorized by this permit. Such notification should be sent to the Applications Review and Processing Team (MC 148) of the Water Quality Division.
 - b. A permit may be transferred only according to the provisions of 30 TAC § 305.64 (relating to Transfer of Permits) and 30 TAC § 50.133 (relating to Executive Director Action on Application or WQMP update).
- 6. Relationship to Hazardous Waste Activities

This permit does not authorize any activity of hazardous waste storage, processing, or disposal that requires a permit or other authorization pursuant to the Texas Health and Safety Code.

7. Relationship to Water Rights

Disposal of treated effluent by any means other than discharge directly to water in the state must be specifically authorized in this permit and may require a permit pursuant to TWC Chapter 11.

8. Property Rights

A permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege.

9. Permit Enforceability

The conditions of this permit are severable, and if any provision of this permit, or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstances, is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of this permit, shall not be affected thereby.

10. Relationship to Permit Application

The application pursuant to which the permit has been issued is incorporated herein; provided, however, that in the event of a conflict between the provisions of this permit and the application, the provisions of the permit shall control.

- 11. Notice of Bankruptcy
 - a. Each permittee shall notify the Executive Director, in writing, immediately following the filing of a voluntary or involuntary petition for bankruptcy under any chapter of Title 11 (Bankruptcy) of the United States Code (11 USC) by or against:
 - i. the permittee;
 - ii. an entity (as that term is defined in 11 USC, § 101(14)) controlling the permittee or listing the permit or permittee as property of the estate; or
 - iii. an affiliate (as that term is defined in 11 USC, § 101(2)) of the permittee.

- b. This notification must indicate:
 - i. the name of the permittee;
 - ii. the permit number(s);
 - iii. the bankruptcy court in which the petition for bankruptcy was filed; and
 - iv. the date of filing of the petition.

OPERATIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- 1. The permittee shall at all times ensure that the facility and all of its systems of collection, treatment, and disposal are properly operated and maintained. This includes, but is not limited to, the regular, periodic examination of wastewater solids within the treatment plant by the operator in order to maintain an appropriate quantity and quality of solids inventory as described in the various operator training manuals and according to accepted industry standards for process control. Process control, maintenance, and operations records shall be retained at the facility site, or shall be readily available for review by a TCEQ representative, for a period of three years.
- 2. Upon request by the Executive Director, the permittee shall take appropriate samples and provide proper analysis in order to demonstrate compliance with Commission rules. Unless otherwise specified in this permit or otherwise ordered by the Commission, the permittee shall comply with all applicable provisions of 30 TAC Chapter 312 concerning sewage sludge or biosolids use and disposal and 30 TAC §§ 319.21 319.29 concerning the discharge of certain hazardous metals.
- 3. Domestic wastewater treatment facilities shall comply with the following provisions:
 - a. The permittee shall notify the Municipal Permits Team, Wastewater Permitting Section (MC 148) of the Water Quality Division, in writing, of any facility expansion at least 90 days prior to conducting such activity.
 - b. The permittee shall submit a closure plan for review and approval to the Municipal Permits Team, Wastewater Permitting Section (MC 148) of the Water Quality Division, for any closure activity at least 90 days prior to conducting such activity. Closure is the act of permanently taking a waste management unit or treatment facility out of service and includes the permanent removal from service of any pit, tank, pond, lagoon, surface impoundment and/or other treatment unit regulated by this permit.
- 4. The permittee is responsible for installing prior to plant start-up, and subsequently maintaining, adequate safeguards to prevent the discharge of untreated or inadequately treated wastes during electrical power failures by means of alternate power sources, standby generators, and/or retention of inadequately treated wastewater.
- 5. Unless otherwise specified, the permittee shall provide a readily accessible sampling point and, where applicable, an effluent flow measuring device or other acceptable means by which effluent flow may be determined.
- 6. The permittee shall remit an annual water quality fee to the Commission as required by 30

TAC Chapter 21. Failure to pay the fee may result in revocation of this permit under TWC § 7.302(b)(6).

7. Documentation

For all written notifications to the Commission required of the permittee by this permit, the permittee shall keep and make available a copy of each such notification under the same conditions as self-monitoring data are required to be kept and made available. Except for information required for TPDES permit applications, effluent data, including effluent data in permits, draft permits and permit applications, and other information specified as not confidential in 30 TAC §§ 1.5(d), any information submitted pursuant to this permit may be claimed as confidential by the submitter. Any such claim must be asserted in the manner prescribed in the application form or by stamping the words confidential business information on each page containing such information. If no claim is made at the time of submission, information may be made available to the public without further notice. If the Commission or Executive Director agrees with the designation of confidentiality, the TCEQ will not provide the information for public inspection unless required by the Texas Attorney General or a court pursuant to an open records request. If the Executive Director does not agree with the designation of confidentiality, the person submitting the information will be notified.

- 8. Facilities that generate domestic wastewater shall comply with the following provisions; domestic wastewater treatment facilities at permitted industrial sites are excluded.
 - a. Whenever flow measurements for any domestic sewage treatment facility reach 75% of the permitted daily average or annual average flow for three consecutive months, the permittee must initiate engineering and financial planning for expansion and/or upgrading of the domestic wastewater treatment and/or collection facilities. Whenever the flow reaches 90% of the permitted daily average or annual average flow for three consecutive months, the permittee shall obtain necessary authorization from the Commission to commence construction of the necessary additional treatment and/or collection facilities. In the case of a domestic wastewater treatment facility which reaches 75% of the permitted daily average or annual average flow for three consecutive months, and the planned population to be served or the quantity of waste produced is not expected to exceed the design limitations of the treatment facility, the permittee shall submit an engineering report supporting this claim to the Executive Director of the Commission.

If in the judgment of the Executive Director the population to be served will not cause permit noncompliance, then the requirement of this section may be waived. To be effective, any waiver must be in writing and signed by the Director of the Enforcement Division (MC 219) of the Commission, and such waiver of these requirements will be reviewed upon expiration of the existing permit; however, any such waiver shall not be interpreted as condoning or excusing any violation of any permit parameter.

b. The plans and specifications for domestic sewage collection and treatment works associated with any domestic permit must be approved by the Commission and failure to secure approval before commencing construction of such works or making a discharge is a violation of this permit and each day is an additional violation until approval has been secured.

- c. Permits for domestic wastewater treatment plants are granted subject to the policy of the Commission to encourage the development of area-wide waste collection, treatment, and disposal systems. The Commission reserves the right to amend any domestic wastewater permit in accordance with applicable procedural requirements to require the system covered by this permit to be integrated into an area-wide system, should such be developed; to require the delivery of the wastes authorized to be collected in, treated by or discharged from said system, to such area-wide system; or to amend this permit in any other particular to effectuate the Commission's policy. Such amendments may be made when the changes required are advisable for water quality control purposes and are feasible on the basis of waste treatment technology, engineering, financial, and related considerations existing at the time the changes are required, exclusive of the loss of investment in or revenues from any then existing or proposed waste collection, treatment or disposal system.
- 9. Domestic wastewater treatment plants shall be operated and maintained by sewage plant operators holding a valid certificate of competency at the required level as defined in 30 TAC Chapter 30.
- 10. For Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTWs), the 30-day average (or monthly average) percent removal for BOD and TSS shall not be less than 85%, unless otherwise authorized by this permit.
- 11. Facilities that generate industrial solid waste as defined in 30 TAC § 335.1 shall comply with these provisions:
 - a. Any solid waste, as defined in 30 TAC § 335.1 (including but not limited to such wastes as garbage, refuse, sludge from a waste treatment, water supply treatment plant or air pollution control facility, discarded materials, discarded materials to be recycled, whether the waste is solid, liquid, or semisolid), generated by the permittee during the management and treatment of wastewater, must be managed in accordance with all applicable provisions of 30 TAC Chapter 335, relating to Industrial Solid Waste Management.
 - b. Industrial wastewater that is being collected, accumulated, stored, or processed before discharge through any final discharge outfall, specified by this permit, is considered to be industrial solid waste until the wastewater passes through the actual point source discharge and must be managed in accordance with all applicable provisions of 30 TAC Chapter 335.
 - c. The permittee shall provide written notification, pursuant to the requirements of 30 TAC § 335.8(b)(1), to the Corrective Action Section (MC 127) of the Remediation Division informing the Commission of any closure activity involving an Industrial Solid Waste Management Unit, at least 90 days prior to conducting such an activity.
 - d. Construction of any industrial solid waste management unit requires the prior written notification of the proposed activity to the Registration and Reporting Section (MC 129) of the Permitting and Registration Support Division. No person shall dispose of industrial solid waste, including sludge or other solids from wastewater treatment processes, prior to fulfilling the deed recordation requirements of 30 TAC § 335.5.
 - e. The term "industrial solid waste management unit" means a landfill, surface impoundment, waste-pile, industrial furnace, incinerator, cement kiln, injection well,

container, drum, salt dome waste containment cavern, or any other structure vessel, appurtenance, or other improvement on land used to manage industrial solid waste.

- f. The permittee shall keep management records for all sludge (or other waste) removed from any wastewater treatment process. These records shall fulfill all applicable requirements of 30 TAC § 335 and must include the following, as it pertains to wastewater treatment and discharge:
 - i. Volume of waste and date(s) generated from treatment process;
 - ii. Volume of waste disposed of on-site or shipped off-site;
 - iii. Date(s) of disposal;
 - iv. Identity of hauler or transporter;
 - v. Location of disposal site; and
 - vi. Method of final disposal.

The above records shall be maintained on a monthly basis. The records shall be retained at the facility site, or shall be readily available for review by authorized representatives of the TCEQ for at least five years.

12. For industrial facilities to which the requirements of 30 TAC § 335 do not apply, sludge and solid wastes, including tank cleaning and contaminated solids for disposal, shall be disposed of in accordance with THSC § 361.

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SLUDGE PROVISIONS

The permittee is authorized to dispose of sludge or biosolids only at a Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) authorized land application site, co-disposal landfill, wastewater treatment facility, or facility that further processes sludge. **The disposal of sludge or biosolids by land application on property owned, leased or under the direct control of the permittee is a violation of the permit unless the site is authorized with the TCEQ. This provision does not authorize Distribution and Marketing of Class A or Class AB Biosolids. This provision does not authorize the permittee to land apply biosolids on property owned, leased or under the direct control of the permittee.**

SECTION I. REQUIREMENTS APPLYING TO ALL SEWAGE SLUDGE OR BIOSOLIDS LAND APPLICATION

A. General Requirements

- 1. The permittee shall handle and dispose of sewage sludge or biosolids in accordance with 30 TAC § 312 and all other applicable state and federal regulations in a manner that protects public health and the environment from any reasonably anticipated adverse effects due to any toxic pollutants that may be present in the sludge or biosolids.
- 2. In all cases, if the person (permit holder) who prepares the sewage sludge supplies the sewage sludge to another person for land application use or to the owner or lease holder of the land, the permit holder shall provide necessary information to the parties who receive the sludge to assure compliance with these regulations.
- 3. The land application of processed or unprocessed chemical toilet waste, grease trap waste, grit trap waste, milk solids, or similar non-hazardous municipal or industrial solid wastes, or any of the wastes listed in this provision combined with biosolids, WTP residuals or domestic septage is prohibited unless the grease trap waste is added at a fats, oil and grease (FOG) receiving facility as part of an anaerobic digestion process.

B. Testing Requirements

Sewage sludge or biosolids shall be tested prior to sludge disposal in accordance with the 1. method specified in both 40 CFR Part 261, Appendix II and 40 CFR Part 268, Appendix I [Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)] or other method that receives the prior approval of the TCEQ for the contaminants listed in 40 CFR Part 261.24, Table 1. Sewage sludge or biosolids failing this test shall be managed according to RCRA standards for generators of hazardous waste, and the waste's disposition must be in accordance with all applicable requirements for hazardous waste processing, storage, or disposal. Following failure of any TCLP test, the management or disposal of sewage sludge or biosolids at a facility other than an authorized hazardous waste processing, storage, or disposal facility shall be prohibited until such time as the permittee can demonstrate the sewage sludge or biosolids no longer exhibits the hazardous waste toxicity characteristics (as demonstrated by the results of the TCLP tests). A written report shall be provided to both the TCEQ Registration and Reporting Section (MC 129) of the Permitting and Registration Support Division and the Regional Director (MC Region 3) within seven (7) days after failing the TCLP Test.

The report shall contain test results, certification that unauthorized waste management has stopped, and a summary of alternative disposal plans that comply with RCRA standards for the management of hazardous waste. The report shall be addressed to: Director, Permitting and Registration Support Division (MC 129), Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, P.O. Box 13087, Austin, Texas 78711-3087. In addition, the permittee shall prepare an annual report on the results of all sludge toxicity testing. This annual report shall be submitted to the TCEQ Regional Office (MC Region 3) and the Compliance Monitoring Team (MC 224) of the Enforcement Division by September 30th of each year. The permittee must submit this annual report using the online electronic reporting system available through the TCEQ website unless the permittee requests and obtains an electronic reporting waiver.

2. Biosolids shall not be applied to the land if the concentration of the pollutants exceeds the pollutant concentration criteria in Table 1. The frequency of testing for pollutants in Table 1 is found in Section I.C. of this permit.

<u>Pollutant</u>	<u>Ceiling Concentration</u> (Milligrams per kilogram)*
Arsenic	75
Cadmium	85
Chromium	3000
Copper	4300
Lead	840
Mercury	57
Molybdenum	75
Nickel	420
PCBs	49
Selenium	100
Zinc	7500

TABLE 1

* Dry weight basis

3. Pathogen Control

All sewage sludge that is applied to agricultural land, forest, a public contact site, or a reclamation site must be treated by one of the following methods to ensure that the sludge meets either the Class A, Class AB or Class B biosolids pathogen requirements.

a. For sewage sludge to be classified as Class A biosolids with respect to pathogens, the density of fecal coliform in the sewage sludge must be less than 1,000 most probable number (MPN) per gram of total solids (dry weight basis), or the density of Salmonella sp. bacteria in the sewage sludge must be less than three MPN per four grams of total solids (dry weight basis) at the time the sewage sludge is used or disposed. In addition, one of the alternatives listed below must be met:

<u>Alternative 1</u> - The temperature of the sewage sludge that is used or disposed shall be maintained at or above a specific value for a period of time. See 30 TAC § 312.82(a)(2)(A) for specific information;

Alternative 5 (PFRP) - Sewage sludge that is used or disposed of must be treated in one of the Processes to Further Reduce Pathogens (PFRP) described in 40 CFR Part 503, Appendix B. PFRP include composting, heat drying, heat treatment, and thermophilic aerobic digestion; or

Alternative 6 (PFRP Equivalent) - Sewage sludge that is used or disposed of must be treated in a process that has been approved by the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency as being equivalent to those in Alternative 5.

b. For sewage sludge to be classified as Class AB biosolids with respect to pathogens, the density of fecal coliform in the sewage sludge must be less than 1,000 MPN per gram of total solids (dry weight basis), or the density of *Salmonella* sp. bacteria in the sewage sludge be less than three MPN per four grams of total solids (dry weight basis) at the time the sewage sludge is used or disposed. In addition, one of the alternatives listed below must be met:

<u>Alternative 2</u> - The pH of the sewage sludge that is used or disposed shall be raised to above 12 std. units and shall remain above 12 std. units for 72 hours.

The temperature of the sewage sludge shall be above 52° Celsius for 12 hours or longer during the period that the pH of the sewage sludge is above 12 std. units.

At the end of the 72-hour period during which the pH of the sewage sludge is above 12 std. units, the sewage sludge shall be air dried to achieve a percent solids in the sewage sludge greater than 50%; or

<u>Alternative 3</u> - The sewage sludge shall be analyzed for enteric viruses prior to pathogen treatment. The limit for enteric viruses is less than one Plaque-forming Unit per four grams of total solids (dry weight basis) either before or following pathogen treatment. See 30 TAC § 312.82(a)(2)(C)(i-iii) for specific information. The sewage sludge shall be analyzed for viable helminth ova prior to pathogen treatment. The limit for viable helminth ova is less than one per four grams of total solids (dry weight basis) either before or following pathogen treatment. See 30 TAC § 312.82(a)(2)(C)(i-iii) for specific information. The sewage sludge shall be analyzed for viable helminth ova prior to pathogen treatment. The limit for viable helminth ova is less than one per four grams of total solids (dry weight basis) either before or following pathogen treatment. See 30 TAC § 312.82(a)(2)(C)(iv-vi) for specific information; or

<u>Alternative 4</u> - The density of enteric viruses in the sewage sludge shall be less than one Plaque-forming Unit per four grams of total solids (dry weight basis) at the time the sewage sludge is used or disposed. The density of viable helminth ova in the sewage sludge shall be less than one per four grams of total solids (dry weight basis) at the time the sewage sludge is used or disposed.

- c. Sewage sludge that meets the requirements of Class AB biosolids may be classified a Class A biosolids if a variance request is submitted in writing that is supported by substantial documentation demonstrating equivalent methods for reducing odors and written approval is granted by the executive director. The executive director may deny the variance request or revoke that approved variance if it is determined that the variance may potentially endanger human health or the environment, or create nuisance odor conditions.
- d. Three alternatives are available to demonstrate compliance with Class B biosolids

criteria.

Alternative 1

- i. A minimum of seven random samples of the sewage sludge shall be collected within 48 hours of the time the sewage sludge is used or disposed of during each monitoring episode for the sewage sludge.
- ii. The geometric mean of the density of fecal coliform in the samples collected shall be less than either 2,000,000 MPN per gram of total solids (dry weight basis) or 2,000,000 Colony Forming Units per gram of total solids (dry weight basis).

<u>Alternative 2</u> - Sewage sludge that is used or disposed of shall be treated in one of the Processes to Significantly Reduce Pathogens (PSRP) described in 40 CFR Part 503, Appendix B, so long as all of the following requirements are met by the generator of the sewage sludge.

- i. Prior to use or disposal, all the sewage sludge must have been generated from a single location, except as provided in paragraph v. below;
- ii. An independent Texas Licensed Professional Engineer must make a certification to the generator of a sewage sludge that the wastewater treatment facility generating the sewage sludge is designed to achieve one of the PSRP at the permitted design loading of the facility. The certification need only be repeated if the design loading of the facility is increased. The certification shall include a statement indicating the design meets all the applicable standards specified in Appendix B of 40 CFR Part 503;
- iii. Prior to any off-site transportation or on-site use or disposal of any sewage sludge generated at a wastewater treatment facility, the chief certified operator of the wastewater treatment facility or other responsible official who manages the processes to significantly reduce pathogens at the wastewater treatment facility for the permittee, shall certify that the sewage sludge underwent at least the minimum operational requirements necessary in order to meet one of the PSRP. The acceptable processes and the minimum operational and record keeping requirements shall be in accordance with established U.S. Environmental Protection Agency final guidance;
- iv. All certification records and operational records describing how the requirements of this paragraph were met shall be kept by the generator for a minimum of three years and be available for inspection by commission staff for review; and
- v. If the sewage sludge is generated from a mixture of sources, resulting from a person who prepares sewage sludge from more than one wastewater treatment facility, the resulting derived product shall meet one of the PSRP, and shall meet the certification, operation, and record keeping requirements of this paragraph.

<u>Alternative 3</u> - Sewage sludge shall be treated in an equivalent process that has been approved by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, so long as all of the following requirements are met by the generator of the sewage sludge.

i. Prior to use or disposal, all the sewage sludge must have been generated from a

single location, except as provided in paragraph v. below;

- ii. Prior to any off-site transportation or on-site use or disposal of any sewage sludge generated at a wastewater treatment facility, the chief certified operator of the wastewater treatment facility or other responsible official who manages the processes to significantly reduce pathogens at the wastewater treatment facility for the permittee, shall certify that the sewage sludge underwent at least the minimum operational requirements necessary in order to meet one of the PSRP. The acceptable processes and the minimum operational and record keeping requirements shall be in accordance with established U.S. Environmental Protection Agency final guidance;
- iii. All certification records and operational records describing how the requirements of this paragraph were met shall be kept by the generator for a minimum of three years and be available for inspection by commission staff for review;
- iv. The Executive Director will accept from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency a finding of equivalency to the defined PSRP; and
- v. If the sewage sludge is generated from a mixture of sources resulting from a person who prepares sewage sludge from more than one wastewater treatment facility, the resulting derived product shall meet one of the Processes to Significantly Reduce Pathogens, and shall meet the certification, operation, and record keeping requirements of this paragraph.

In addition to the Alternatives 1 - 3, the following site restrictions must be met if Class B biosolids are land applied:

- i. Food crops with harvested parts that touch the biosolids/soil mixture and are totally above the land surface shall not be harvested for 14 months after application of biosolids.
- ii. Food crops with harvested parts below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 20 months after application of biosolids when the biosolids remain on the land surface for 4 months or longer prior to incorporation into the soil.
- iii. Food crops with harvested parts below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 38 months after application of biosolids when the biosolids remain on the land surface for less than 4 months prior to incorporation into the soil.
- iv. Food crops, feed crops, and fiber crops shall not be harvested for 30 days after application of biosolids.
- v. Domestic livestock shall not be allowed to graze on the land for 30 days after application of biosolids.
- vi. Turf grown on land where biosolids are applied shall not be harvested for 1 year after application of the biosolids when the harvested turf is placed on either land with a high potential for public exposure or a lawn.
- vii. Public access to land with a high potential for public exposure shall be restricted for 1 year after application of biosolids.

- viii. Public access to land with a low potential for public exposure shall be restricted for 30 days after application of biosolids.
- ix. Land application of biosolids shall be in accordance with the buffer zone requirements found in 30 TAC 312.44.
- 4. Vector Attraction Reduction Requirements

All bulk sewage sludge that is applied to agricultural land, forest, a public contact site, or a reclamation site shall be treated by one of the following Alternatives 1 through 10 for vector attraction reduction.

- <u>Alternative 1</u> The mass of volatile solids in the sewage sludge shall be reduced by a minimum of 38%.
- <u>Alternative 2</u> If Alternative 1 cannot be met for an anaerobically digested sludge, demonstration can be made by digesting a portion of the previously digested sludge anaerobically in the laboratory in a bench-scale unit for 40 additional days at a temperature between 30° and 37° Celsius. Volatile solids must be reduced by less than 17% to demonstrate compliance.
- <u>Alternative 3</u> If Alternative 1 cannot be met for an aerobically digested sludge, demonstration can be made by digesting a portion of the previously digested sludge with percent solids of two percent or less aerobically in the laboratory in a bench-scale unit for 30 additional days at 20° Celsius. Volatile solids must be reduced by less than 15% to demonstrate compliance.
- <u>Alternative 4</u> The specific oxygen uptake rate (SOUR) for sewage sludge treated in an aerobic process shall be equal to or less than 1.5 milligrams of oxygen per hour per gram of total solids (dry weight basis) at a temperature of 20° Celsius.
- <u>Alternative 5</u> Sewage sludge shall be treated in an aerobic process for 14 days or longer. During that time, the temperature of the sewage sludge shall be higher than 40° Celsius and the average temperature of the sewage sludge shall be higher than 45° Celsius.
- <u>Alternative 6</u> The pH of sewage sludge shall be raised to 12 or higher by alkali addition and, without the addition of more alkali shall remain at 12 or higher for two hours and then remain at a pH of 11.5 or higher for an additional 22 hours at the time the sewage sludge is prepared for sale or given away in a bag or other container.
- <u>Alternative 7</u> The percent solids of sewage sludge that does not contain unstabilized solids generated in a primary wastewater treatment process shall be equal to or greater than 75% based on the moisture content and total solids prior to mixing with other materials. Unstabilized solids are defined as organic materials in sewage sludge that have not been treated in either an aerobic or anaerobic treatment process.

- <u>Alternative 8</u> The percent solids of sewage sludge that contains unstabilized solids generated in a primary wastewater treatment process shall be equal to or greater than 90% based on the moisture content and total solids prior to mixing with other materials at the time the sludge is used. Unstabilized solids are defined as organic materials in sewage sludge that have not been treated in either an aerobic or anaerobic treatment process.
- <u>Alternative 9</u> i. Biosolids shall be injected below the surface of the land.
 - ii. No significant amount of the biosolids shall be present on the land surface within one hour after biosolids are injected.
 - iii. When sewage sludge that is injected below the surface of the land is Class A or Class AB with respect to pathogens, the biosolids shall be injected below the land surface within eight hours after being discharged from the pathogen treatment process.
- <u>Alternative 10</u>i. Biosolids applied to the land surface or placed on a surface disposal site shall be incorporated into the soil within six hours after application to or placement on the land.
 - ii. When biosolids that are incorporated into the soil is Class A or Class AB with respect to pathogens, the biosolids shall be applied to or placed on the land within eight hours after being discharged from the pathogen treatment process.

C. Monitoring Requirements

Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure	- prior to sludge disposal
(TCLP) Test	
PCBs	- prior to sludge disposal

All metal constituents and fecal coliform or *Salmonella* sp. bacteria shall be monitored at the appropriate frequency shown below, pursuant to 30 TAC § 312.46(a)(1):

Amount of biosolids (*) <u>metric tons per 365-day period</u>	Monitoring Frequency
0 to less than 290	Once/Year
290 to less than 1,500	Once/Quarter
1,500 to less than 15,000	Once/Two Months
15,000 or greater	Once/Month

(*) The amount of bulk biosolids applied to the land (dry wt. basis).

Representative samples of sewage sludge shall be collected and analyzed in accordance with the methods referenced in 30 TAC § 312.7

Identify each of the analytic methods used by the facility to analyze enteric viruses, fecal coliforms, helminth ova, *Salmonella* sp., and other regulated parameters.

Identify in the following categories (as applicable) the sewage sludge or biosolids treatment process or processes at the facility: preliminary operations (e.g., sludge or biosolids grinding and degritting), thickening (concentration), stabilization, anaerobic digestion, aerobic digestion, composting, conditioning, disinfection (e.g., beta ray irradiation, gamma ray irradiation, pasteurization), dewatering (e.g., centrifugation, sludge drying beds, sludge lagoons), heat drying, thermal reduction, and methane or biogas capture and recovery.

Identify the nature of material generated by the facility (such as a biosolid for beneficial use or land-farming, or sewage sludge or biosolids for disposal at a monofill) and whether the material is ultimately conveyed off-site in bulk or in bags.

SECTION II. REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIC TO BULK SEWAGE SLUDGE FOR APPLICATION TO THE LAND MEETING CLASS A, CLASS AB or B BIOSOLIDS PATHOGEN REDUCTION AND THE CUMULATIVE LOADING RATES IN TABLE 2, OR CLASS B PATHOGEN REDUCTION AND THE POLLUTANT CONCENTRATIONS IN TABLE 3

For those permittees meeting Class A, Class AB or B pathogen reduction requirements and that meet the cumulative loading rates in Table 2 below, or the Class B pathogen reduction requirements and contain concentrations of pollutants below listed in Table 3, the following conditions apply:

A. Pollutant Limits

	Table 2	
Pollutant Arsenic Cadmium Chromium Copper Lead Mercury Molybdenum Nickel Selenium Zinc		Cumulative Pollutant Loading Rate (pounds per acre)* 36 35 2677 1339 268 15 Report Only 375 89 2500
	Table 3	
<u>Pollutant</u> Arsenic Cadmium Chromium Copper Lead Mercury		Monthly Average Concentration (<u>milligrams per kilogram</u>)* 41 39 1200 1500 300 17

B. Pathogen Control

Molvbdenum

Nickel

Zinc

Selenium

All bulk sewage sludge that is applied to agricultural land, forest, a public contact site, a reclamation site, shall be treated by either Class A, Class AB or Class B biosolids pathogen reduction requirements as defined above in Section I.B.3.

*Dry weight basis

Report Only

420

2800

36

C. Management Practices

- 1. Bulk biosolids shall not be applied to agricultural land, forest, a public contact site, or a reclamation site that is flooded, frozen, or snow-covered so that the bulk biosolids enters a wetland or other waters in the State.
- 2. Bulk biosolids not meeting Class A biosolids requirements shall be land applied in a manner which complies with Applicability in accordance with 30 TAC §312.41 and the Management Requirements in accordance with 30 TAC § 312.44.
- 3. Bulk biosolids shall be applied at or below the agronomic rate of the cover crop.
- 4. An information sheet shall be provided to the person who receives bulk Class A or AB biosolids sold or given away. The information sheet shall contain the following information:
 - a. The name and address of the person who prepared the Class A or AB biosolids that are sold or given away in a bag or other container for application to the land.
 - b. A statement that application of the biosolids to the land is prohibited except in accordance with the instruction on the label or information sheet.
 - c. The annual whole sludge application rate for the biosolids application rate for the biosolids that does not cause any of the cumulative pollutant loading rates in Table 2 above to be exceeded, unless the pollutant concentrations in Table 3 found in Section II above are met.

D. Notification Requirements

- 1. If bulk biosolids are applied to land in a State other than Texas, written notice shall be provided prior to the initial land application to the permitting authority for the State in which the bulk biosolids are proposed to be applied. The notice shall include:
 - a. The location, by street address, and specific latitude and longitude, of each land application site.
 - b. The approximate time period bulk biosolids will be applied to the site.
 - c. The name, address, telephone number, and National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit number (if appropriate) for the person who will apply the bulk biosolids.
- 2. The permittee shall give 180 days prior notice to the Executive Director in care of the Wastewater Permitting Section (MC 148) of the Water Quality Division of any change planned in the biosolids disposal practice.

E. Record Keeping Requirements

The documents will be retained at the facility site and/or shall be readily available for review by a TCEQ representative. The person who prepares bulk sewage sludge or a biosolids material shall develop the following information and shall retain the information at the facility site and/or shall be readily available for review by a TCEQ representative for a period of <u>five years</u>. If the permittee supplies the sludge to another person who land applies the sludge, the permittee shall notify the land applier of the requirements for record keeping found in 30 TAC § 312.47 for persons who land apply.

- 1. The concentration (mg/kg) in the sludge of each pollutant listed in Table 3 above and the applicable pollutant concentration criteria (mg/kg), <u>or</u> the applicable cumulative pollutant loading rate and the applicable cumulative pollutant loading rate limit (lbs/ac) listed in Table 2 above.
- 2. A description of how the pathogen reduction requirements are met (including site restrictions for Class AB and Class B biosolids, if applicable).
- 3. A description of how the vector attraction reduction requirements are met.
- 4. A description of how the management practices listed above in Section II.C are being met.
- 5. The following certification statement:

"I certify, under penalty of law, that the applicable pathogen requirements in 30 TAC § 312.82(a) or (b) and the vector attraction reduction requirements in 30 TAC § 312.83(b) have been met for each site on which bulk biosolids are applied. This determination has been made under my direction and supervision in accordance with the system designed to ensure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information used to determine that the management practices have been met. I am aware that there are significant penalties for false certification including fine and imprisonment."

- 6. The recommended agronomic loading rate from the references listed in Section II.C.3. above, as well as the actual agronomic loading rate shall be retained. The person who applies bulk biosolids shall develop the following information and shall retain the information at the facility site and/or shall be readily available for review by a TCEQ representative <u>indefinitely</u>. If the permittee supplies the sludge to another person who land applies the sludge, the permittee shall notify the land applier of the requirements for record keeping found in 30 TAC § 312.47 for persons who land apply:
 - a. A certification statement that all applicable requirements (specifically listed) have been met, and that the permittee understands that there are significant penalties for false certification including fine and imprisonment. See 30 TAC § 312.47(a)(4)(A)(ii) or 30 TAC § 312.47(a)(5)(A)(ii), as applicable, and to the permittee's specific sludge treatment activities.
 - b. The location, by street address, and specific latitude and longitude, of each site on which biosolids are applied.
 - c. The number of acres in each site on which bulk biosolids are applied.
 - d. The date and time biosolids are applied to each site.

- e. The cumulative amount of each pollutant in pounds/acre listed in Table 2 applied to each site.
- f. The total amount of biosolids applied to each site in dry tons.

The above records shall be maintained on-site on a monthly basis and shall be made available to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality upon request.

F. Reporting Requirements

The permittee shall report annually to the TCEQ Regional Office (MC Region 3) and Compliance Monitoring Team (MC 224) of the Enforcement Division, by September 30th of each year the following information. The permittee must submit this annual report using the online electronic reporting system available through the TCEQ website unless the permittee requests and obtains an electronic reporting waiver.

- 1. Identify in the following categories (as applicable) the sewage sludge or biosolids treatment process or processes at the facility: preliminary operations (e.g., sludge or biosolids grinding and degritting), thickening (concentration), stabilization, anaerobic digestion, aerobic digestion, composting, conditioning, disinfection (e.g., beta ray irradiation, gamma ray irradiation, pasteurization), dewatering (e.g., centrifugation, sludge drying beds, sludge lagoons), heat drying, thermal reduction, and methane or biogas capture and recovery.
- 2. Identify the nature of material generated by the facility (such as a biosolid for beneficial use or land-farming, or sewage sludge for disposal at a monofill) and whether the material is ultimately conveyed off-site in bulk or in bags.
- 3. Results of tests performed for pollutants found in either Table 2 or 3 as appropriate for the permittee's land application practices.
- 4. The frequency of monitoring listed in Section I.C. that applies to the permittee.
- 5. Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) results.
- 6. PCB concentration in sludge or biosolids in mg/kg.
- 7. Identity of hauler(s) and TCEQ transporter number.
- 8. Date(s) of transport.
- 9. Texas Commission on Environmental Quality registration number, if applicable.
- 10. Amount of sludge or biosolids disposal dry weight (lbs/acre) at each disposal site.
- 11. The concentration (mg/kg) in the sludge of each pollutant listed in Table 1 (defined as a monthly average) as well as the applicable pollutant concentration criteria (mg/kg) listed in Table 3 above, or the applicable pollutant loading rate limit (lbs/acre) listed in Table 2 above if it exceeds 90% of the limit.
- 12. Level of pathogen reduction achieved (Class A, Class AB or Class B).
- 13. Alternative used as listed in Section I.B.3.(a. or b.). Alternatives describe how the pathogen reduction requirements are met. If Class B biosolids, include information on how site restrictions were met.

- 14. Identify each of the analytic methods used by the facility to analyze enteric viruses, fecal coliforms, helminth ova, *Salmonella* sp., and other regulated parameters.
- 15. Vector attraction reduction alternative used as listed in Section I.B.4.
- 16. Amount of sludge or biosolids transported in dry tons/year.
- 17. The certification statement listed in either 30 TAC § 312.47(a)(4)(A)(ii) or 30 TAC § 312.47(a)(5)(A)(ii) as applicable to the permittee's sludge or biosolids treatment activities, shall be attached to the annual reporting form.
- 18. When the amount of any pollutant applied to the land exceeds 90% of the cumulative pollutant loading rate for that pollutant, as described in Table 2, the permittee shall report the following information as an attachment to the annual reporting form.
 - a. The location, by street address, and specific latitude and longitude.
 - b. The number of acres in each site on which bulk biosolids are applied.
 - c. The date and time bulk biosolids are applied to each site.
 - d. The cumulative amount of each pollutant (i.e., pounds/acre) listed in Table 2 in the bulk biosolids applied to each site.
 - e. The amount of biosolids (i.e., dry tons) applied to each site.

The above records shall be maintained on a monthly basis and shall be made available to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality upon request.

SECTION III. REQUIREMENTS APPLYING TO ALL SEWAGE SLUDGE OR BIOSOLIDS DISPOSED IN A MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE LANDFILL

- A. The permittee shall handle and dispose of sewage sludge or biosolids in accordance with 30 TAC § 330 and all other applicable state and federal regulations to protect public health and the environment from any reasonably anticipated adverse effects due to any toxic pollutants that may be present. The permittee shall ensure that the sewage sludge or biosolids meets the requirements in 30 TAC § 330 concerning the quality of the sludge disposed in a municipal solid waste landfill.
- B. If the permittee generates sewage sludge or biosolids and supplies that sewage sludge or biosolids to the owner or operator of a municipal solid waste landfill (MSWLF) for disposal, the permittee shall provide to the owner or operator of the MSWLF appropriate information needed to be in compliance with the provisions of this permit.
- C. The permittee shall give 180 days prior notice to the Executive Director in care of the Wastewater Permitting Section (MC 148) of the Water Quality Division of any change planned in the sewage sludge or biosolids disposal practice.
- D. Sewage sludge or biosolids shall be tested prior to sludge disposal in accordance with the method specified in both 40 CFR Part 261, Appendix II and 40 CFR Part 268, Appendix I (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure) or other method, which receives the prior approval of the TCEQ for contaminants listed in Table 1 of 40 CFR § 261.24. Sewage sludge or biosolids failing this test shall be managed according to RCRA standards for generators of hazardous waste, and the waste's disposition must be in accordance with all applicable requirements for hazardous waste processing, storage, or disposal.

Following failure of any TCLP test, the management or disposal of sewage sludge or biosolids at a facility other than an authorized hazardous waste processing, storage, or disposal facility shall be prohibited until such time as the permittee can demonstrate the sewage sludge or biosolids no longer exhibits the hazardous waste toxicity characteristics (as demonstrated by the results of the TCLP tests). A written report shall be provided to both the TCEQ Registration and Reporting Section (MC 129) of the Permitting and Registration Support Division and the Regional Director (MC Region 3) of the appropriate TCEQ field office within 7 days after failing the TCLP Test.

The report shall contain test results, certification that unauthorized waste management has stopped, and a summary of alternative disposal plans that comply with RCRA standards for the management of hazardous waste. The report shall be addressed to: Director, Permitting and Registration Support Division (MC 129), Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, P. O. Box 13087, Austin, Texas 78711-3087. In addition, the permittee shall prepare an annual report on the results of all sludge toxicity testing. This annual report shall be submitted to the TCEQ Regional Office (MC Region 3) and the Compliance Monitoring Team (MC 224) of the Enforcement Division by September 30 of each year.

- E. Sewage sludge or biosolids shall be tested as needed, in accordance with the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 330.
- F. Record Keeping Requirements

The permittee shall develop the following information and shall retain the information for five years.

- 1. The description (including procedures followed and the results) of all liquid Paint Filter Tests performed.
- 2. The description (including procedures followed and results) of all TCLP tests performed.

The above records shall be maintained on-site on a monthly basis and shall be made available to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality upon request.

G. Reporting Requirements

The permittee shall report annually to the TCEQ Regional Office (MC Region 3) and Compliance Monitoring Team (MC 224) of the Enforcement Division by September 30th of each year the following information. The permittee must submit this annual report using the online electronic reporting system available through the TCEQ website unless the permittee requests and obtains an electronic reporting waiver.

- 1. Identify in the following categories (as applicable) the sewage sludge or biosolids treatment process or processes at the facility: preliminary operations (e.g., sludge or biosolids grinding and degritting), thickening (concentration), stabilization, anaerobic digestion, aerobic digestion, composting, conditioning, disinfection (e.g., beta ray irradiation, gamma ray irradiation, pasteurization), dewatering (e.g., centrifugation, sludge drying beds, sludge lagoons), heat drying, thermal reduction, and methane or biogas capture and recovery.
- 2. Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) results.
- 3. Annual sludge or biosolids production in dry tons/year.
- 4. Amount of sludge or biosolids disposed in a municipal solid waste landfill in dry tons/year.
- 5. Amount of sludge or biosolids transported interstate in dry tons/year.
- 6. A certification that the sewage sludge or biosolids meets the requirements of 30 TAC § 330 concerning the quality of the sludge disposed in a municipal solid waste landfill.
- 7. Identity of hauler(s) and transporter registration number.
- 8. Owner of disposal site(s).
- 9. Location of disposal site(s).
- 10. Date(s) of disposal.

The above records shall be maintained on-site on a monthly basis and shall be made available to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality upon request.

SECTION IV. REQUIREMENTS APPLYING TO SLUDGE OR BIOSOLIDS TRANSPORTED TO ANOTHER FACILITY FOR FURTHER PROCESSING

These provisions apply to sludge or biosolids that is transported to another wastewater treatment facility or facility that further processes sludge or biosolids. These provisions are intended to allow transport of sludge or biosolids to facilities that have been authorized to accept sludge or biosolids. These provisions do not limit the ability of the receiving facility to determine whether to accept the sludge or biosolids, nor do they limit the ability of the receiving facility to request additional testing or documentation.

A. General Requirements

- 1. The permittee shall handle and dispose of sewage sludge or biosolids in accordance with 30 TAC Chapter 312 and all other applicable state and federal regulations in a manner that protects public health and the environment from any reasonably anticipated adverse effects due to any toxic pollutants that may be present in the sludge.
- 2. Sludge or biosolids may only be transported using a registered transporter or using an approved pipeline.

B. Record Keeping Requirements

- 1. For sludge or biosolids transported by an approved pipeline, the permittee must maintain records of the following:
 - a. the amount of sludge or biosolids transported;
 - b. the date of transport;
 - c. the name and TCEQ permit number of the receiving facility or facilities;
 - d. the location of the receiving facility or facilities;
 - e. the name and TCEQ permit number of the facility that generated the waste; and
 - f. copy of the written agreement between the permittee and the receiving facility to accept sludge or biosolids.
- 2. For sludge or biosolids transported by a registered transporter, the permittee must maintain records of the completed trip tickets in accordance with 30 TAC § 312.145(a)(1)-(7) and amount of sludge or biosolids transported.
- 3. The above records shall be maintained on-site on a monthly basis and shall be made available to the TCEQ upon request. These records shall be retained for at least five years.

C. Reporting Requirements

The permittee shall report the following information annually to the TCEQ Regional Office (MC Region 3) and Compliance Monitoring Team (MC 224) of the Enforcement Division, by September 30th of each year. The permittee must submit this annual report using the online electronic reporting system available through the TCEQ website unless the permittee requests and obtains an electronic reporting waiver.

- 1. Identify in the following categories (as applicable) the sewage sludge or biosolids treatment process or processes at the facility: preliminary operations (e.g., sludge or biosolids grinding and degritting), thickening (concentration), stabilization, anaerobic digestion, aerobic digestion, composting, conditioning, disinfection (e.g., beta ray irradiation, gamma ray irradiation, pasteurization), dewatering (e.g., centrifugation, sludge drying beds, sludge lagoons), heat drying, thermal reduction, and methane or biogas capture and recovery.
- 2. the annual sludge or biosolids production;
- 3. the amount of sludge or biosolids transported;
- 4. the owner of each receiving facility;
- 5. the location of each receiving facility; and
- 6. the date(s) of disposal at each receiving facility.

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OTHER REQUIREMENTS

1. The permittee shall employ or contract with one or more licensed wastewater treatment facility operators or wastewater system operations companies holding a valid license or registration according to the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 30, Occupational Licenses and Registrations, and in particular 30 TAC Chapter 30, Subchapter J, Wastewater Operators and Operations Companies.

This Category D facility must be operated by a chief operator or an operator holding a Class D license or higher. The facility must be operated a minimum of five days per week by the licensed chief operator or an operator holding the required level of license or higher. The licensed chief operator or operator holding the required level of license or higher must be available by telephone or pager seven days per week. Where shift operation of the wastewater treatment facility is necessary, each shift which does not have the on-site supervision of the licensed chief operator must be supervised by an operator in charge who is licensed not less than one level below the category for the facility.

- 2. The facility is not located in the Coastal Management Program boundary.
- 3. A producer who chooses to use reclaimed water for a beneficial use only within the boundaries of a wastewater treatment facility permitted by the Commission, may do so without notification otherwise required by this section. In such instances, the producer is still required to comply with all applicable requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 210, pertaining to the reclaimed water use. The executive director may require a reclaimed water user to apply for and obtain a permit to utilize reclaimed water if the reclaimed water use poses potential or actual adverse impacts upon human health, soil and ground water resources, or aquatic life.
- 4. In accordance with 30 TAC §217.205 inlet baffles shall be provided in the Facultative Lagoon to collect floatable material. In addition, the Facultative Lagoon shall have a baffle plate added to the outlet boxes to help prevent surface debris from being blown toward the pond outlets.
- 5. The permittee shall provide facilities for the protection of its wastewater treatment facility from a 100-year flood.
- 6. In accordance with 30 TAC § 319.9, a permittee that has at least twelve months of uninterrupted compliance with its bacteria limit may notify the commission in writing of its compliance and request a less frequent measurement schedule. To request a less frequent schedule, the permittee shall submit a written request to the TCEQ Wastewater Permitting Section (MC 148) for each phase that includes a different monitoring frequency. The request must contain all of the reported bacteria values (Daily Avg. and Daily Max/Single Grab) for the twelve consecutive months immediately prior to the request. If the Executive Director finds that a less frequent measurement schedule is protective of human health and the environment, the permittee may be given a less frequent measurement schedule. For this permit, two/month may be reduced to one/month. A violation of any bacteria limit by a facility that has been granted a less frequent measurement schedule will require the permittee to return to the standard frequency schedule and submit written notice to the TCEQ Wastewater Permitting Section (MC 148). The permittee may not apply for another reduction in measurement frequency for at least 24

months from the date of the last violation. The Executive Director may establish a more frequent measurement schedule if necessary to protect human health or the environment.

- 7. The permittee shall maintain legal restrictions prohibiting residential structures within the part of the buffer zone not owned by the permittee according to 30 TAC §309.13(e)(3). The permittee shall comply with the requirements of 30 TAC §309.13(a) through (d). See Attachment B.
- 8. For the existing facultative lagoon and two stabilization ponds: Facilities for the retention of treated or untreated wastewater shall be adequately lined to control seepage. The following methods of pond lining are acceptable:
 - a. In-situ clay soils or placed and compacted clay soils meeting the following requirements:
 - 1. More than 30% passing a No. 200 mesh sieve
 - 2. Liquid limit greater than 30%
 - 3. Plasticity index greater than 15
 - 4. A minimum thickness of 2 feet
 - 5. Permeability equal to or less than 1x10-7 cm/sec
 - 6. Soil compaction will be 95% standard proctor at optimum moisture content
 - b. Membrane lining with a minimum thickness of 20 mils, and an underdrain leak detection system.
 - c. An alternative method of pond lining may be utilized with prior approval from the Executive Director

The permittee shall maintain certification by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer that the completed pond lining meets the appropriate criteria above. Upon request, the certification shall be sent to the TCEQ Regional Office (MC Region 3), the Water Quality Assessment Team (MC-150), and Water Quality Compliance Monitoring Team (MC 224) of the Enforcement Division.

- 9. The existing facultative lagoon and two stabilization ponds shall be maintained and operated in a manner that prevents unauthorized discharge to water in the state and contamination of groundwater.
- 10. Facilities for the retention of treated or untreated wastewater shall be adequately managed and lined to control seepage. At least once per month, the Permittee shall inspect the sides and bottom (if visible) of all wastewater ponds for signs of damage and leakage, and any pond leak detection systems that are in service. Leaking ponds shall be removed from service, or operated in a manner to prevent discharge, until repairs are made or replacement ponds are constructed.
- 11. Pond liner certifications and all liner construction and repair documentation shall be maintained by the Permittee for the life of the facility and be made available for TCEQ personnel for inspection and review.

- 12. Any new or modified wastewater pond shall be adequately lined to control seepage in accordance with 30 TAC §217.203. The Permittee shall submit the liner certification for a newly-constructed or modified wastewater pond to the Water Quality Assessment Team (MC-150), the TCEQ San Angelo Regional Office (MC-Region 3), and the TCEQ Compliance Monitoring Section (MC-224) within 30 days of completion and prior to use. The certification shall be signed and sealed by a Texas-licensed professional engineer and include a description of how the liner meets the requirements of 30 TAC §217.203.
- 13. The permittee is authorized to use effluent to irrigate 113 acres of nonpublic access agricultural land to the south of and adjacent to the wastewater treatment facility (Attachment A) subject to the following conditions:
 - A. <u>Effluent Limitations</u>

<u>Quality</u>: The following effluent limitations shall be required:

	Effluent Concentrations				
	(Not to Exceed)				
	Daily	Single			
<u>Parameter</u>	Average	Grab			
	mg/l	mg/l			
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (5-day)	N/A	100			

The pH shall not be less than 6.0 standard units nor greater than 9.0 standard units.

B. <u>Monitoring Requirements</u>:

Parameter	Monitoring Frequency	<u>Sample Type</u>
Flow	Continuous	Totalizing meter
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (5-day)	One/week	Grab
pH	One/month	Grab

- 14. The irrigated crops include Bermudagrass and winter rye. Application rates to the irrigated land shall not exceed 1.98 acre-feet/acre/year. The permittee is responsible for providing equipment to determining application rates and maintaining accurate records of the volume of effluent applied. These records shall be made available for review by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality and shall be maintained for least three years.
- 15. Irrigation practices shall be designed and managed as to prevent ponding of effluent or contamination of ground and surface waters and to prevent the occurrence of nuisance conditions in the area. Bermuda grass and winter rye shall be established and well maintained in the irrigation area throughout the year for effluent and nutrient uptake by the crop and to prevent pathways for effluent surfacing. Tailwater control facilities shall be provided as necessary to prevent the discharge of any effluent from the irrigated land.
- 16. Effluent shall not be applied for irrigation during rainfall events or when the ground is

frozen or saturated.

- 17. The permittee shall erect adequate signs stating that the irrigation water is from a nonpotable water supply for any area where treated effluent is stored or where there exist hose bibs or faucets. Signs shall consist of a red slash superimposed over the international symbol for drinking water accompanied by the message "DO NOT DRINK THE WATER" in both English and Spanish. All piping transporting the effluent shall be clearly marked with these same signs.
- 18. Spray fixtures for the irrigation system shall be of such design that they cannot be operated by unauthorized personnel.
- 19. The permittee shall maintain a long-term contract with the owner(s) of the land application site, which is authorized for use in this permit, or own the land authorized for land application of treated effluent.
- 20. The permittee shall obtain representative soil samples from the root zones of the land application area. Composite sampling techniques shall be used. Each composite sample shall represent no more than 40 acres with no less than 10 to 15 *(choose 15 samples if existing permit requires 15)* subsamples representing each composite sample. Subsamples shall be composited by like sampling depth, type of crop and soil type for analysis and reporting. Soil types are soils that have like topsoil or plow layer textures. These soils shall be sampled individually from 0 to 6 inches, 6 to 18 inches and 18 to 30 inches below ground level. The permittee shall sample soils in December to February of each year. Soil samples shall be analyzed within 30 days of sample collection.

Parameter	Method	Minimum Analytical Level (MAL)	Reporting units
рН	2:1 (v/v) water to soil mixture		Reported to 0.1 pH units after calibration of pH meter
Electrical Conductivity	Obtained from the SAR water saturated paste extract if SAR is required	0.01	dS/m (same as mmho/cm)
Nitrate-nitrogen, ammonium nitrogen	From a 1 <u>N</u> KCl soil extract	1	mg/kg (dry weight basis)
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	For determination of Organic plus Ammonium	20	mg/kg (dry weight basis)

Samples shall be analyzed annually according to the following table:

Total Nitrogen	Nitrogen. Procedures that use Mercury (Hg) are not acceptable. = TKN plus		mg/kg (dry weight basis)
Plant-available: Phosphorus	Nitrate-nitrogen Mehlich III with inductively coupled plasma	1 (P)	mg/kg (dry weight basis)
Plant-available: Potassium (K) Calcium (Ca) Magnesium (Mg) Sodium (Na) Sulfur (S)	May be determined in the same Mehlich III extract with inductively coupled plasma	5 (K) 10 (Ca) 5 (Mg) 10 (Na) 1 (S)	mg/kg (dry weight basis)
Water-soluble: Sodium (Na) Calcium (Ca) Magnesium (Mg)	Obtained from the SAR water saturated paste extract	1 (Na) 1 (Ca) 1 (Mg)	Water soluble constituents are <i>reported</i> in mg/L
Sodium Adsorption Ratio (SAR)	$SAR = \frac{Na}{\sqrt{\frac{(Ca + Mg)}{2}}}$		Express concentrations of Na, Ca and Mg in the water saturated paste extract in milliequivalents/liter (meq/L) to calculate the SAR. The SAR value is unit less. If the SAR is greater than 10, amendments (e.g., gypsum) shall be added to the soil to adjust the SAR to less than 10.
Amendment addition, e.g., gypsum			Report in <i>short</i> <i>tons/acre</i> in the year effected

A copy of this soil testing plan shall be provided to the analytical laboratory prior to sample analysis. The permittee shall submit the results of the annual soil sample analyses with copies of the laboratory reports and a map depicting the areas that have received wastewater within the permanent land application fields to the TCEQ Regional Office (MC Region 3) and the Compliance Monitoring Team (MC 224) of the Enforcement Division, no later than

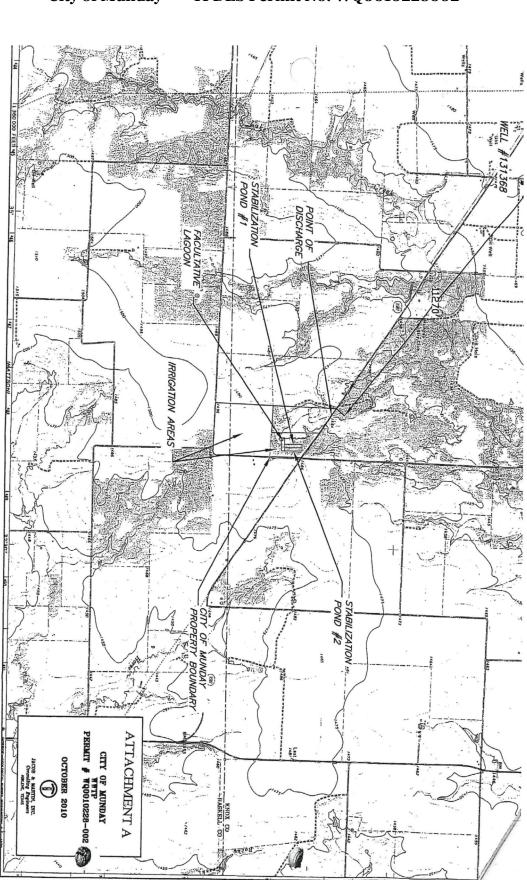
the end of September of each sampling year. If wastewater is not applied in a particular year, the permittee shall notify the same TCEQ offices and indicate that wastewater has not been applied on the approved land irrigation site(s) during that year.

- 21. The permittee shall use cultural practices to promote and maintain the health and propagation of the Bermuda grass and winter rye crops and avoid plant lodging. The permittee shall harvest the crops (cut and remove it from the field) at least one time during the year. Harvesting and mowing dates shall be recorded in a logbook kept on site to be made available to TCEQ personnel upon request.
- 22. The physical condition of the spray irrigation fields will be monitored on a weekly basis when the fields are being utilized for the purpose of wastewater irrigation. Any areas with problems such as surface runoff, surficial erosion, stressed or damaged vegetation will be recorded in the field log kept onsite and corrective measures will be initiated within 24 hours of discovery.
- 23. Permanent transmission lines shall be installed from the holding pond to each tract of land to be irrigated utilizing effluent from that pond.
- 24. The permittee shall comply with the buffer zone requirements of 30 TAC§ 309.13(c). A wastewater treatment plant unit, land where surface irrigation using wastewater effluent occurs, or soil absorption systems (including low pressure dosing systems, drip irrigation systems, and evapotranspiration beds) must be located a minimum horizontal distance of 150 feet from a private water well and a minimum horizontal distance of 500 feet from a public water well site as provided by 30 TAC § 290.41(c)(1)(C) of this title, spring, or other similar sources of public drinking water.
- 25. The permittee shall comply with buffer zone requirements of 30 TAC Section §309.13(c). A wastewater treatment plant unit, defined by 30 TAC Section §309.11(9), must be located a minimum horizontal distance of 250 feet from a private well and a minimum horizontal distance of 500 feet from a public water well site, spring, or other similar sources of public drinking water, as provided by §290.41(c)(1) of this title.

CONTRIBUTING INDUSTRIES AND PRETREATMENT REQUIREMENTS

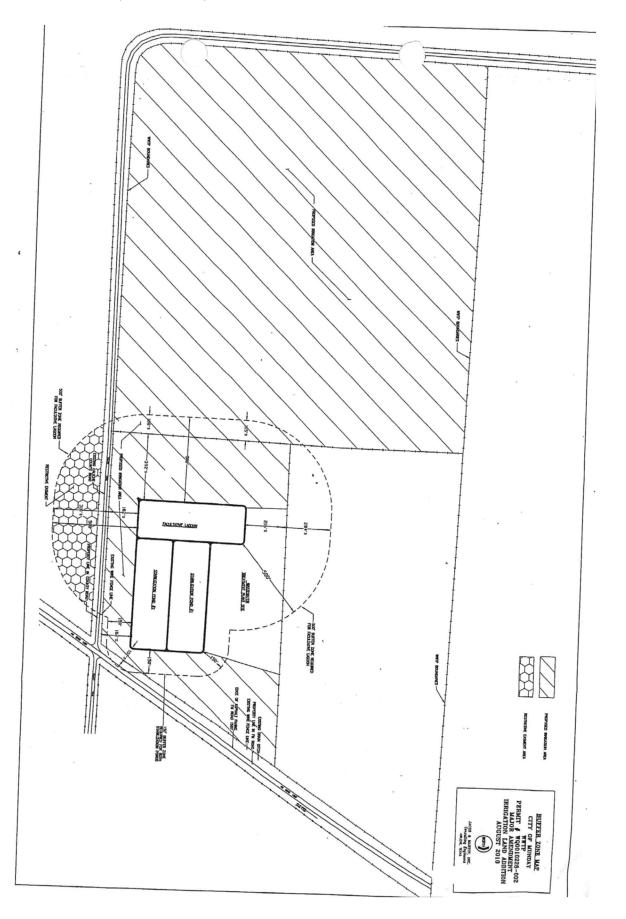
- 1. The following pollutants may not be introduced into the treatment facility:
 - a. Pollutants which create a fire or explosion hazard in the publicly owned treatment works (POTW), including, but not limited to, waste streams with a closed-cup flash point of less than 140° Fahrenheit (60° Celsius) using the test methods specified in 40 CFR § 261.21;
 - b. Pollutants which will cause corrosive structural damage to the POTW, but in no case shall there be discharges with a pH lower than 5.0 standard units, unless the works are specifically designed to accommodate such discharges;
 - c. Solid or viscous pollutants in amounts which will cause obstruction to the flow in the POTW, resulting in Interference;
 - d. Any pollutant, including oxygen-demanding pollutants (e.g., biochemical oxygen demand or BOD), released in a discharge at a flow rate and/or pollutant concentration which will cause Interference with the POTW;
 - e. Heat in amounts which will inhibit biological activity in the POTW, resulting in Interference, but in no case shall there be heat in such quantities that the temperature at the POTW treatment plant exceeds 104° Fahrenheit (40° Celsius) unless the Executive Director, upon request of the POTW, approves alternate temperature limits;
 - f. Petroleum oil, nonbiodegradable cutting oil, or products of mineral oil origin in amounts that will cause Interference or Pass Through;
 - g. Pollutants which result in the presence of toxic gases, vapors, or fumes within the POTW in a quantity that may cause acute worker health and safety problems; and
 - h. Any trucked or hauled pollutants except at discharge points designated by the POTW.
- 2. The permittee shall require any indirect discharger to the treatment works to comply with the reporting requirements of Sections 204(b), 307, and 308 of the Clean Water Act, including any requirements established under 40 CFR Part 403 *[rev. Federal Register/ Vol. 70/ No. 198/ Friday, October 14, 2005/ Rules and Regulations, pages 60134-60798]*.
- 3. The permittee shall provide adequate notification to the Executive Director, care of the Wastewater Permitting Section (MC 148) of the Water Quality Division, within 30 days subsequent to the permittee's knowledge of either of the following:
 - a. Any new introduction of pollutants into the treatment works from an indirect discharger which would be subject to Sections 301 and 306 of the Clean Water Act if it were directly discharging those pollutants; and
 - b. Any substantial change in the volume or character of pollutants being introduced into the treatment works by a source introducing pollutants into the treatment works at the time of issuance of the permit.

Any notice shall include information on the quality and quantity of effluent to be introduced into the treatment works and any anticipated impact of the change on the quality or quantity of effluent to be discharged from the POTW.



Attachment A: Location Map City of Munday TPDES Permit No. WQ0010228002

Attahcment B: Buffer Zone MapCity of MundayTPDES Permit No. WQ0010228002



STATEMENT OF BASIS/TECHNICAL SUMMARY AND EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S PRELIMINARY DECISION

DESCRIPTION OF APPLICATION

Applicant:	City of Munday Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (TPDES) Permit No. WQ0010228002, EPA ID No. TX0119105
Regulated Activity:	Domestic Wastewater Permit
Type of Application:	Renewal
Request:	Renewal with no changes
Authority:	Federal Clean Water Act (CWA) § 402; Texas Water Code (TWC) § 26.027; 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapters 30, 305, 307, 309, 312, and 319; Commission policies; and United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) guidelines.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR RECOMMENDATION

The Executive Director has made a preliminary decision that this permit, if issued, meets all statutory and regulatory requirements. The draft permit includes an expiration date of **five years from the date of issuance**.

REASON FOR PROJECT PROPOSED

The applicant has applied to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for a renewal of the existing permit that authorizes the discharge of treated domestic wastewater at a daily average flow not to exceed 0.20 million gallons per day (MGD). The permit also authorizes surface irrigation of 113 acres of non-public access agricultural land to the south of and adjacent to the facility. The existing wastewater treatment facility serves the City of Munday.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION

The City of Munday Wastewater Treatment Facility is a pond system. Treatment units include two stabilization ponds, a faculative lagoon and an irrigation field. The facility is in operation.

The facility is a pond system and sludge from the ponds has not been removed for sludge disposal to date. The draft permit also authorizes the disposal of sludge at a TCEQ-authorized land application site, co-disposal landfill, wastewater treatment facility, or facility that further processes sludge.

The plant site is located approximately 5.9 miles southeast of the intersection of Farm-to-Market Road 222 and State Highway 277, in Knox County, Texas 76371.

Outfall Location:

Outfall Number	Latitude	Longitude
001	33.409768 N	99.558601 W

The treated effluent is discharged to an unnamed tributary, thence to Lake Creek, thence to Brazos River Above Possum Kingdom Lake in Segment No. 1208 of the Brazos River Basin. The unclassified receiving water use is minimal aquatic life use for the unnamed tributary and Lake Creek. The designated uses for Segment No. 1208 are primary contact recreation and high aquatic life use. The effluent limitations in the draft permit will maintain and protect the existing instream uses. All determinations are preliminary and subject to additional review and/or revisions.

Effluent limitations for the conventional effluent parameters (i.e., Five-Day Biochemical Oxygen Demand or Five-Day Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand, Ammonia Nitrogen, etc.) are based on stream standards and waste load allocations for water-quality limited streams as established in the Texas Surface Water Quality Standards (TSWQS) and the State of Texas Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP).

In a case such as this, end-of-pipe compliance with pH limits between 6.0 and 9.0 standard units reasonably assures instream compliance with the TSWQS for pH when the discharge authorized is from a minor facility. This technology-based approach reasonably assures instream compliance with TSWQS criteria due to the relatively smaller discharge volumes authorized by these permits. This conservative assumption is based on TCEQ sampling conducted throughout the state which indicates that instream buffering quickly restores pH levels to ambient conditions. Similarly, this approach has been historically applied within EPA issued NPDES general permits where technology-based pH limits were established to be protective of water quality criteria.

The effluent limits recommended above have been reviewed for consistency with the WQMP. The recommended limits are consistent with the approved WQMP.

The discharge from this permit action is not expected to have an effect on any federal endangered or threatened aquatic or aquatic dependent species or proposed species or their critical habitat. This determination is based on the United States Fish and Wildlife Service's (USFWS) biological opinion on the State of Texas authorization of the Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (TPDES; September 14, 1998; October 21, 1998 update). To make this determination for TPDES permits, TCEQ and EPA only considered aquatic or aquatic dependent species occurring in watersheds of critical concern or high priority as listed in Appendix A of the USFWS biological opinion. The determination is subject to reevaluation due to subsequent updates or amendments to the biological opinion. The permit does not require EPA review with respect to the presence of endangered or threatened species.

Segment No. 1208 is currently listed on the state's inventory of impaired and threatened waters (the 2022 CWA § 303(d) list). It is listed for bacteria in water in the portion of segment from confluence with Spring Branch upstream to confluence with Fish Creek (Assessment Unit 1208_02), from confluence with Boggy Creek upstream to confluence with Millers Creek (AU 1208_04), and from confluence with Millers Creek upstream to confluence with Lake Creek (AU 1208_05).

This facility is designed to provide adequate disinfection and, when operated properly, should not add to the bacterial impairment of the segment. In addition, in order to ensure that the proposed discharge meets the stream bacterial standard, an effluent limitation of 126 colony-

forming units (CFU) or most probable number (MPN) of *Escherichia coli* (*E. coli*) per 100 ml has been continued in the draft permit.

SUMMARY OF EFFLUENT DATA

There is no effluent data for the past five years since the facility has been land applying the effluent.

DRAFT PERMIT CONDITIONS

The draft permit authorizes a discharge of treated domestic wastewater at a volume not to exceed a daily average flow of 0.20 MGD.

The effluent limitations in the draft permit, based on a 30-day average, are 30 mg/l five-day biochemical oxygen demand (BOD_5), 90 mg/l total suspended solids (TSS), 126 CFU or MPN of *E. coli* per 100 ml, and 4.0 mg/l minimum dissolved oxygen. Disinfection is accomplished through a total residence time in the wastewater treatment system of at least 21 days, based on a daily average flow of 0.20 MGD.

The facility does not appear to receive significant industrial wastewater contributions. Permit requirements for pretreatment are based on TPDES regulations contained in 30 TAC Chapter 305, which references 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 403, "General Pretreatment Regulations for Existing and New Sources of Pollution" *[rev. Federal Register/ Vol. 70/ No. 198/ Friday, October 14, 2005/ Rules and Regulations, pages 60134-60798]*. The draft permit includes specific requirements that establish responsibilities of local government, industry, and the public to implement the standards to control pollutants which pass through or interfere with treatment processes in publicly owned treatment works or which may contaminate the sewage sludge. This permit has appropriate pretreatment language for a facility of this size and complexity.

The draft permit also continues the authorization to dispose of the treated effluent at a daily average flow not to exceed 0.20 MGD via surface irrigation of 113 acres at a maximum application rate of 1.98 acre-feet per year per acre irrigated.

The draft permit includes Sludge Provisions according to the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 312, Sludge Use, Disposal, and Transportation. The facility is a pond system and sludge from the ponds has not been removed for sludge disposal to date. The draft permit also authorizes the disposal of sludge at a TCEQ-authorized land application site, co-disposal landfill, wastewater treatment facility, or facility that further processes sludge.

SUMMARY OF CHANGES FROM APPLICATION

None.

SUMMARY OF CHANGES FROM EXISTING PERMIT

Effluent limitations and monitoring requirements in the draft permit remain the same as the existing permit requirements.

The Standard Permit Conditions, Sludge Provisions, and Other Requirements sections of the draft permit have been updated.

For Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTWs), effective December 21, 2025, the permittee must submit the written report for unauthorized discharges and unanticipated bypasses that exceed any effluent limit in the permit using the online electronic reporting system available through the TCEQ website unless the permittee requests and obtains an electronic reporting waiver.

Certain accidental discharges or spills of treated or untreated wastewater from wastewater treatment facilities or collection systems owned or operated by a local government may be reported on a monthly basis in accordance with 30 TAC § 305.132.

The Other Requirements 8, 12, 14, 15, 20, 21, and 22 have been updated in the draft permit from the existing permit.

The Other Requirements 9, 10, 11, and 25 have been added to the draft permit.

The draft permit includes all updates based on the 30 TAC 312 rule change effective April 23, 2020.

BASIS FOR DRAFT PERMIT

The following items were considered in developing the draft permit:

- 1. Application received on March 15, 2024, and additional information received on March 27, 2024.
- 2. TPDES Permit No. WQ0010228002 issued on September 20, 2019.
- 3. The effluent limitations and conditions in the draft permit comply with EPA-approved portions of the 2018 Texas Surface Water Quality Standards (TSWQS), 30 TAC §§ 307.1 307.10, effective March 1, 2018; 2014 TSWQS, effective March 6, 2014; 2010 TSWQS, effective July 22, 2010; and 2000 TSWQS, effective July 26, 2000.
- 4. The effluent limitations in the draft permit meet the requirements for secondary treatment and the requirements for disinfection according to 30 TAC Chapter 309, Subchapter A: Effluent Limitations.
- 5. Interoffice Memoranda from the Water Quality Assessment Section of the TCEQ Water Quality Division. Interoffice Memorandum from the Pretreatment Team of the TCEQ Water Quality Division.
- 6. Consistency with the Coastal Management Plan: The facility is not located in the Coastal Management Program boundary.
- 7. *Procedures to Implement the Texas Surface Water Quality Standards* (IP), Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, June 2010, as approved by EPA, and the IP, January 2003, for portions of the 2010 IP not approved by EPA.

- 8. Texas 2022 Clean Water Act Section 303(d) List, Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, June 1, 2022; approved by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency on July 7, 2022.
- 9. Texas Natural Resource Conservation Commission, Guidance Document for Establishing Monitoring Frequencies for Domestic and Industrial Wastewater Discharge Permits, Document No. 98-001.000-OWR-WQ, May 1998.

PROCEDURES FOR FINAL DECISION

When an application is declared administratively complete, the Chief Clerk sends a letter to the applicant advising the applicant to publish the Notice of Receipt of Application and Intent to Obtain Permit in the newspaper. In addition, the Chief Clerk instructs the applicant to place a copy of the application in a public place for review and copying in the county where the facility is or will be located. This application will be in a public place throughout the comment period. The Chief Clerk also mails this notice to any interested persons and, if required, to landowners identified in the permit application. This notice informs the public about the application, and provides that an interested person may file comments on the application or request a contested case hearing or a public meeting.

Once a draft permit is completed, it is sent, along with the Executive Director's preliminary decision, as contained in the technical summary or fact sheet, to the Chief Clerk. At that time, the Notice of Application and Preliminary Decision will be mailed to the same people and published in the same newspaper as the prior notice. This notice sets a deadline for making public comments. The applicant must place a copy of the Executive Director's preliminary decision and draft permit in the public place with the application.

Any interested person may request a public meeting on the application until the deadline for filing public comments. A public meeting is intended for the taking of public comment, and is not a contested case proceeding.

After the public comment deadline, the Executive Director prepares a response to all significant public comments on the application, or the draft permit raised during the public comment period. The Chief Clerk then mails the Executive Director's response to comments and final decision to people who have filed comments, requested a contested case hearing, or requested to be on the mailing list. This notice provides that if a person is not satisfied with the Executive Director's response and decision, they can request a contested case hearing or file a request to reconsider the Executive Director's decision within 30 days after the notice is mailed.

The Executive Director will issue the permit unless a written hearing request or request for reconsideration is filed within 30 days after the Executive Director's response to comments and final decision is mailed. If a hearing request or request for reconsideration is filed, the Executive Director will not issue the permit and will forward the application and request to the TCEQ Commissioners for their consideration at a scheduled Commission meeting. If a contested case hearing is held, it will be a legal proceeding similar to a civil trial in state district court.

If the Executive Director calls a public meeting or the Commission grants a contested case hearing as described above, the Commission will give notice of the date, time, and place of the meeting or hearing. If a hearing request or request for reconsideration is made, the Commission

will consider all public comments in making its decision and shall either adopt the Executive Director's response to public comments or prepare its own response.

For additional information about this application, contact Garrison Layne at (512) 239-0849.

Garrison Layne Municipal Permits Team Wastewater Permitting Section (MC 148)

Date



INTEGRITY EXCELLENCE TRUST

March 13, 2024

Executive Director Applications Review and Processing Team (MC148) Texas Commission on Environmental Quality 12100 Park 35 Circle Austin, Texas 78753

RE: Application for Renewal of a Wastewater Treatment Plant Permit City of Munday Permit No. WQ0010228002 CN 600735526 /RN 101268829 Renewal of Existing Permit

Dear TCEQ:

Enclosed are the original and three copies of the application and related documents to renew Permit No. WQ0010228002.

A check for payment of application fees in the amount of \$815.00 has been directed to your revenues section. A copy of this check has been attached to the above-mentioned permit renewal documents.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me at our Abilene office (325) 695-1070 or email me at <u>sfernandez@jacobmartin.com</u>. Thank you for your assistance.

Sincerely,

Sarah Fernandez

JACOB | MARTIN



info@jacobmartin.com www.jacobmartin.com



3465 Curry Lane Abilene, TX 79606 325.695.1070 1508 Santa Fe, Suite 203 Weatherford, TX 76086 817.594.9880 1014 Broadway Lubbock, TX 79401 806.368.6375



TBPE Firm #: 2448 TBAE Firm #: BR 2261 TBPLS Firm #: 10194493

TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY



DOMESTIC WASTEWATER PERMIT APPLICATION CHECKLIST

Complete and submit this checklist with the application.

APPLICANT: City of Munday

PERMIT NUMBER: WQ0010228002

Indicate if each of the following items is included in your application.

	Y	Ν		Y	Ν
Administrative Report 1.0	\boxtimes		Original USGS Map	\boxtimes	
Administrative Report 1.1		\boxtimes	Affected Landowners Map		\boxtimes
SPIF	\boxtimes		Landowner Disk or Labels		
Core Data Form	\boxtimes		Buffer Zone Map		\boxtimes
Technical Report 1.0	\boxtimes		Flow Diagram	\boxtimes	
Technical Report 1.1		\boxtimes	Site Drawing	\boxtimes	
Worksheet 2.0			Original Photographs		
Worksheet 2.1		\boxtimes	Design Calculations	<u> </u>	\boxtimes
Worksheet 3.0			Solids Management Plan		
Worksheet 3.1		\boxtimes	Water Balance		\boxtimes
Worksheet 3.2		\boxtimes			
Worksheet 3.3		\boxtimes			
Worksheet 4.0		\boxtimes			
Worksheet 5.0					
Worksheet 6.0	\boxtimes				
Worksheet 7.0					

For TCEQ Use Only	
Segment Number Expiration Date	County Region
Permit Number	



TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

APPLICATION FOR A DOMESTIC WASTEWATER PERMIT ADMINISTRATIVE REPORT 1.0

If you have questions about completing this form please contact the Applications Review and Processing Team at 512-239-4671.

Section 1. Application Fees (Instructions Page 29)

Indicate the amount submitted for the application fee (check only one).

Flow	New/Major Amendment	Renewal
<0.05 MGD	\$350.00 🗆	\$315.00 🗆
≥0.05 but <0.10 MGD	\$550.00 🗆	\$515.00 🗆
≥0.10 but <0.25 MGD	\$850.00 🗆	\$815.00 🖾
≥0.25 but <0.50 MGD	\$1,250.00 🗆	\$1,215.00 🗆
≥0.50 but <1.0 MGD	\$1,650.00 🗆	\$1,615.00 🗆
≥1.0 MGD	\$2,050.00 🗖	\$2,015.00 🗆

Minor Amendment (for any flow) \$150.00 □

Payment Information:

Mailed	ailed Check/Money Order Number: <u>007445</u>					
	Check/Money Order Amount	815.00				
Name Printed on Check: <u>City of Munday</u>						
EPAY	Voucher Number: Older here t	o enter text.				
Copy of Payment Voucher enclosed? Yes 🗆						

Section 2. Type of Application (Instructions Page 29)

New TLAP New TPDES Minor Amendment with Renewal Major Amendment with Renewal Minor Amendment without Renewal Major Amendment *without* Renewal Minor Modification of permit **Renewal without changes** \boxtimes For amendments or modifications, describe the proposed changes: Click here to enter text.

For existing permits:

Permit Number: WQ00<u>10228002</u>

EPA I.D. (TPDES only): TX lick here to enter text.

Expiration Date: 09/20/2024

TCEQ-10053 (06/28/2022) Municipal Wastewater Application Administrative Report

Section 3. Facility Owner (Applicant) and Co-Applicant Information (Instructions Page 29)

A. The owner of the facility must apply for the permit.

What is the Legal Name of the entity (applicant) applying for this permit?

City of Munday

(The legal name must be spelled exactly as filed with the Texas Secretary of State, County, or in the legal documents forming the entity.)

If the applicant is currently a customer with the TCEQ, what is the Customer Number (CN)? You may search for your CN on the TCEQ website at <u>http://www15.tceq.texas.gov/crpub/</u>

CN: <u>600735526</u>

What is the name and title of the person signing the application? The person must be an executive official meeting signatory requirements in *30 TAC § 305.44*.

Prefix (Mr., Ms., Miss): Mr.

First and Last Name: David Trevino

Credential (P.E, P.G., Ph.D., etc.):

Title: <u>City Manager</u>

B. Co-applicant information. Complete this section only if another person or entity is required to apply as a co-permittee.

What is the Legal Name of the co-applicant applying for this permit?

(The legal name must be spelled exactly as filed with the TX SOS, with the County, or in the legal documents forming the entity.)

If the co-applicant is currently a customer with the TCEQ, what is the Customer Number (CN)? You may search for your CN on the TCEQ website at: <u>http://www15.tceq.texas.gov/crpub/</u>

CN:

What is the name and title of the person signing the application? The person must be an executive official meeting signatory requirements in *30 TAC § 305.44*.

Prefix (Mr., Ms., Miss): First and Last Name: Credential (P.E, P.G., Ph.D., etc.): Title:

Provide a brief description of the need for a co-permittee:

C. Core Data Form

Complete the Core Data Form for each customer and include as an attachment. If the customer type selected on the Core Data Form is **Individual**, complete **Attachment 1** of Administrative Report 1.0.

Attachment: <u>#1</u>

Section 4. Application Contact Information (Instructions Page 30)

This is the person(s) TCEQ will contact if additional information is needed about this application. Provide a contact for administrative questions and technical questions.

A.	Prefix (Mr., Ms., Miss): <u>Mr.</u>							
	First and Last Name: <u>David Trevino</u>							
	Credential (P.E, P.G., Ph.D., etc.): Check here to enter text.							
	Title: <u>City Manager</u>							
	Organization Name: <u>City of Munday</u>							
	Mailing Address: <u>PO Box 39</u>							
	City, State, Zip Code: <u>Munday, TX, 76371</u>							
	Phone No.: 940-422-4331 Ext.: Click here to enter lexit Fax No.:	Tick	here to enter text.					
	E-mail Address: <u>citymanager@mundaytx.com</u>							
	Check one or both: 🛛 Administrative Contact 🗆 Technical Contact							
B.	. Prefix (Mr., Ms., Miss): <u>Ms.</u>							
	First and Last Name: <u>Sarah Fernandez</u>							
	Credential (P.E, P.G., Ph.D., etc.): Click here to enter text.							
	Title: <u>Environmental Coordinator</u>							
	Organization Name: Jacob Martin, LLC							
	Mailing Address: <u>3465 Curry Ln</u>							
	City, State, Zip Code: <u>Abilene, TX, 79606</u>							
	Phone No.: 325-695-1070 Ext.: Clack here to enter text. Fax No.: Clack here to enter text							
	E-mail Address: <u>sfernandez@jacobmartin.com</u>							
	Check one or both:	\boxtimes	Technical Contact					

Section 5. Permit Contact Information (Instructions Page 30)

Provide two names of individuals that can be contacted throughout the permit term.

A. Prefix (Mr., Ms., Miss): <u>Mr.</u>

First and Last Name: David Trevino

Credential (P.E, P.G., Ph.D., etc.): Click here to enter text.

Title: City Manager

Organization Name: <u>City of Munday</u>

Mailing Address: <u>PO Box 39</u>

City, State, Zip Code: Munday, TX, 76371

Phone No.: 940-422-4331 Ext.: Lick here to enter text. Fax No.: Cluck here to enter text.

E-mail Address: citymanager@mundaytx.com

B. Prefix (Mr., Ms., Miss): <u>Ms.</u>

First and Last Name: Sarah Fernandez

Credential (P.E, P.G., Ph.D., etc.): Click here to ealer text.

Title: Environmental Coordinator

Organization Name: Jacob Martin, LLC

Mailing Address: 3465 Curry Ln

City, State, Zip Code: Abilene, TX, 79606

Phone No.: 325-695-1070 Ext.: Click here to enter text. Fax No.: Click here to enter lext.

E-mail Address: <u>sfernandez@jacobmartin.com</u>

Section 6. Billing Information (Instructions Page 30)

The permittee is responsible for paying the annual fee. The annual fee will be assessed to permits *in effect on September 1 of each year*. The TCEQ will send a bill to the address provided in this section. The permittee is responsible for terminating the permit when it is no longer needed (using form TCEQ-20029).

Prefix (Mr., Ms., Miss): Mr.

First and Last Name: David Trevino

Credential (P.E, P.G., Ph.D., etc.): Clickhere to ender text

Title: City Manager

Organization Name: City of Munday

Mailing Address: PO Box 39

City, State, Zip Code: Munday, TX, 76371

Phone No.: 940-422-4331 Ext.: Click here to enter text. Fax No.: Click here to enter text.

E-mail Address: <u>citymanager@mundaytx.com</u>

Section 7. DMR/MER Contact Information (Instructions Page 31)

Provide the name and complete mailing address of the person delegated to receive and submit Discharge Monitoring Reports (EPA 3320-1) or maintain Monthly Effluent Reports.

Prefix (Mr., Ms., Miss): <u>Mr.</u>

First and Last Name: David TrevinoCredential (P.E, P.G., Ph.D., etc.):Title: City ManagerOrganization Name: City of MundayMailing Address: PO Box 39City, State, Zip Code: Munday, TX, 76371Phone No.: 940-422-4331 Ext.:E-mail Address: citymanager@mundaytx.com

DMR data is required to be submitted electronically. Create an account at: https://www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/netdmr/netdmr.html.

Section 8. Public Notice Information (Instructions Page 31)

A. Individual Publishing the Notices
Prefix (Mr., Ms., Miss): Mr.
First and Last Name: David Trevino
Credential (P.E, P.G., Ph.D., etc.):
Title: City Manager
Organization Name: City of Munday
Mailing Address: PO Box 39
City, State, Zip Code: Munday, TX, 76371
Phone No.: 940-422-4331 Ext.:

E-mail Address: <u>citymanager@mundaytx.com</u>

B. Method for Receiving Notice of Receipt and Intent to Obtain a Water Quality Permit Package

Indicate by a check mark the preferred method for receiving the first notice and instructions:

- E-mail Address
- 🗆 Fax
- 🛛 Regular Mail

C. Contact person to be listed in the Notices

Prefix (Mr., Ms., Miss): Mr.

First and Last Name: <u>David Trevino</u>

Credential (P.E, P.G., Ph.D., etc.):

Title: <u>City Manager</u> Organization Name: <u>City of Munday</u> Phone No.: <u>940-422-4331</u> Ext.: <u>Check here to enter text</u> E-mail: <u>citymanager@mundaytx.com</u>

D. Public Viewing Information

If the facility or outfall is located in more than one county, a public viewing place for each county must be provided.

Public building name: City Hall

Location within the building: <u>Front Desk</u>

Physical Address of Building: <u>121 E Main St.</u>

City: <u>Munday</u>

County: Knox

Contact Name: David Trevino

Phone No.: <u>940-422-4331</u> Ext.: Click here to enter text.

E. Bilingual Notice Requirements:

This information **is required** for **new**, **major amendment**, **and renewal applications**. It is not required for minor amendment or minor modification applications.

This section of the application is only used to determine if alternative language notices will be needed. Complete instructions on publishing the alternative language notices will be in your public notice package.

Please call the bilingual/ESL coordinator at the nearest elementary and middle schools and obtain the following information to determine whether an alternative language notices are required.

1. Is a bilingual education program required by the Texas Education Code at the elementary or middle school nearest to the facility or proposed facility?

🗆 Yes 🖾 No

If **no**, publication of an alternative language notice is not required; **skip to** Section 9 below.

2. Are the students who attend either the elementary school or the middle school enrolled in a bilingual education program at that school?

🗆 Yes 🖾 No

3. Do the students at these schools attend a bilingual education program at another location?

□ Yes ⊠ No

4. Would the school be required to provide a bilingual education program but the school has waived out of this requirement under 19 TAC §89.1205(g)?

🗆 Yes 🖾 No

5. If the answer is yes to question 1, 2, 3, or 4, public notices in an alternative language are required. Which language is required by the bilingual program?

Section 9. Regulated Entity and Permitted Site Information (Instructions Page 33)

A. If the site is currently regulated by TCEQ, provide the Regulated Entity Number (RN) issued to this site. **RN**101268829

Search the TCEQ's Central Registry at <u>http://www15.tceq.texas.gov/crpub/</u> to determine if the site is currently regulated by TCEQ.

B. Name of project or site (the name known by the community where located):

Sewer Farm

C. Owner of treatment facility: City of Munday

Ownership of Facility:	\boxtimes	Public		Private		Both		Federal
------------------------	-------------	--------	--	---------	--	------	--	---------

D. Owner of land where treatment facility is or will be:

Prefix (Mr., Ms., Miss):

First and Last Name: <u>City of Munday</u>

Mailing Address: PO Box 39

City, State, Zip Code: Munday, TX, 76371

Phone No.: <u>940-422-4331</u> E-:

E-mail Address:

If the landowner is not the same person as the facility owner or co-applicant, attach a lease agreement or deed recorded easement. See instructions.

Attachment:

E. Owner of effluent disposal site:

Prefix (Mr., Ms., Miss):

First and Last Name: <u>City of Munday</u>

Mailing Address: <u>PO Box 39</u>

City, State, Zip Code: <u>Munday, TX, 76371</u>

Phone No.: <u>940-422-4331</u>

E-mail Address:

If the landowner is not the same person as the facility owner or co-applicant, attach a lease agreement or deed recorded easement. See instructions.

Attachment:

F. Owner of sewage sludge disposal site (if authorization is requested for sludge disposal on property owned or controlled by the applicant):

Prefix (Mr., Ms., Miss): Click here to enter text

First and Last Name: Check here to enter text.

Mailing Address: Click here to enter text.

City, State, Zip Code: Click here to enter text.

Phone No.: Click here to enter text. E-mail Address: Click here to enter text.

If the landowner is not the same person as the facility owner or co-applicant, attach a lease agreement or deed recorded easement. See instructions.

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

Section 10. TPDES Discharge Information (Instructions Page 34)

A. Is the wastewater treatment facility location in the existing permit accurate?

\boxtimes	Yes	No

If no, or a new permit application, please give an accurate description:

Click here to enter text.

- **B.** Are the point(s) of discharge and the discharge route(s) in the existing permit correct?
 - 🛛 Yes 🗆 No

If **no**, **or a new or amendment permit application**, provide an accurate description of the point of discharge and the discharge route to the nearest classified segment as defined in 30 TAC Chapter 307:

Click here to enter text.

City nearest the outfall(s): Munday

County in which the outfalls(s) is/are located: <u>Knox</u>

Outfall Latitude: <u>33.409741</u>

Longitude: <u>-99.558877</u>

C. Is or will the treated wastewater discharge to a city, county, or state highway right-of-way, or a flood control district drainage ditch?

🗆 Yes 🖾 No

If **yes**, indicate by a check mark if:

Authorization granted
Authorization pending

For **new and amendment** applications, provide copies of letters that show proof of contact and the approval letter upon receipt.

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

D. For all applications involving an average daily discharge of 5 MGD or more, provide the

names of all counties located within 100 statute miles downstream of the point(s) of discharge.

Click here to enter text.

Section 11. TLAP Disposal Information (Instructions Page 36)

A. For TLAPs, is the location of the effluent disposal site in the existing permit accurate?

🖾 Yes 🗆 No

If **no, or a new or amendment permit application**, provide an accurate description of the disposal site location:

Click here to enter text.

- **B.** City nearest the disposal site: <u>5 miles S of the City of Munday</u>
- **C.** County in which the disposal site is located: <u>Knox</u>
- D. Disposal Site Latitude: <u>33.409741</u> Longitude: <u>-99.558877</u>
- E. For TLAPs, describe the routing of effluent from the treatment facility to the disposal site:

Treated wastewater is pumped from Pond #3(final pond) through a 10" line to a center pivot at the irrigation field and treated wastewater is pumped from pond #3 through a 4" flexible line to the rolling water cannon.

F. For **TLAPs**, please identify the nearest watercourse to the disposal site to which rainfall runoff might flow if not contained:

Lake Creek

Section 12. Miscellaneous Information (Instructions Page 37)

A. Is the facility located on or does the treated effluent cross American Indian Land?

🗆 Yes 🖾 No

B. If the existing permit contains an onsite sludge disposal authorization, is the location of the sewage sludge disposal site in the existing permit accurate?

 \boxtimes Yes \Box No \Box Not Applicable

If No, or if a new onsite sludge disposal authorization is being requested in this permit application, provide an accurate location description of the sewage sludge disposal site.

Click here to enter text.

- **C.** Did any person formerly employed by the TCEQ represent your company and get paid for service regarding this application?
 - 🖾 Yes 🗖 No

If yes, list each person formerly employed by the TCEQ who represented your company and was paid for service regarding the application:

Charles Keith, retired TCEQ 2006, and David Hudson.

D. Do you owe any fees to the TCEQ?

🗆 Yes 🖾 No

If **yes**, provide the following information:

Account number: Click here to enter text.

Amount past due: Click benefit enter

- **E.** Do you owe any penalties to the TCEQ?
 - 🗆 Yes 🛛 No

If **yes**, please provide the following information:

```
Enforcement order number: Chelchere to enter text. Amount past due: Chelchere to
```

Section 13. Attachments (Instructions Page 38)

Indicate which attachments are included with the Administrative Report. Check all that apply:

- Lease agreement or deed recorded easement, if the land where the treatment facility is located or the effluent disposal site are not owned by the applicant or co-applicant.
- Original full-size USGS Topographic Map with the following information:
 - Applicant's property boundary
 - Treatment facility boundary
 - Labeled point of discharge for each discharge point (TPDES only)
 - Highlighted discharge route for each discharge point (TPDES only)
 - Onsite sewage sludge disposal site (if applicable)
 - Effluent disposal site boundaries (TLAP only)
 - New and future construction (if applicable)
 - 1 mile radius information
 - 3 miles downstream information (TPDES only)
 - All ponds.

- Attachment 1 for Individuals as co-applicants
- Other Attachments. Please specify: Click here to enter text.

Section 14. Signature Page (Instructions Page 39)

If co-applicants are necessary, each entity must submit an original, separate signature page.

Permit Number: WQ0010228002

Applicant: <u>City of Munday</u>

Certification:

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

I further certify that I am authorized under 30 Texas Administrative Code § 305.44 to sign and submit this document, and can provide documentation in proof of such authorization upon request.

Signatory name (typed or printed): David Trevino

Signatory title: <u>City Manager</u>			
Signature: (Use blue ink)	Date: 2/20/24		
Subscribed and Sworn to before me by the said Doud Treatmo			
on this 20th	day of Felonoxy, 20 24		
My commission expires on the	13 day of December, 20 27.		

Notary Public

[SEAL] Shanon Rene Cross My Commission Expires 12/28/2027 Notary ID134692518

County, Texas

Section 15. Plain Language Summary (Instructions Page 40)

This information is required for new, major amendment, and renewal applications. It is not required for minor amendment or minor modification applications.

If you are subject to the alternative language notice requirements in <u>30 Texas Administrative Code</u> <u>§39.426</u>, you must provide a translated copy of the completed plain language summary in the appropriate alternative language as part of your application package</u>. For your convenience, a Spanish template has been provided below.

ENGLISH TEMPLATE FOR TPDES or TLAP NEW/RENEWAL/AMENDMENT APPLICATIONS

DOMESTIC WASTEWATER

The following summary is provided for this pending water quality permit application being reviewed by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality as required by 30 Texas Administrative Code Chapter 39. The information provided in this summary may change during the technical review of the application and are not federal enforceable representations of the permit application. The City of Munday (CN600735526) operates City of Munday Sewer Farm RN101268829. a wastewater treatment plant. The facility is located 5.9 miles SE of the intersection of SH 277 and FM 222, in Munday, Knox County, Texas 76371.

The City of Munday is requesting the renewal of their Beneficial Land Use Permit <<*For TLAP* applications include the following sentence, otherwise delete:>> This permit will not authorize a discharge of pollutants into water in the state.

Discharges from the facility are expected to containarsenic, cadmium, chromium, copper, leas, mercury, molybdenum, nickel, selenium and zinc.Municipal solid waste from residential and commercial sources is treated by *monitoring of metal pollutants, pathogen reduction, vector attraction reduction, land application, unit buffer zones, and soil monitoring.*

PLANTILLA EN ESPAÑOL PARA SOLICITUDES NUEVAS/RENOVACIONES/ENMIENDAS TPDES o TLAP

AGUAS RESIDUALES DOMÉSTICAS

El siguiente resumen se proporciona para esta solicitud de permiso de calidad del agua pendiente que está siendo revisada por la Comisión de Calidad Ambiental de Texas según lo requerido por el Capítulo 39 del Código Administrativo de Texas 30. La información proporcionada en este resumen puede cambiar durante la revisión técnica de la solicitud y no son representaciones federales exigibles de la solicitud de permiso.

 Introduzca el nombre del solicitante aquí. (2. Introduzca el número de cliente aquí (es decir, CN6 ##########).)
 Elija del menú desplegable. 4. Introduzca el nombre de la instalación aquí. 5.
 Introduzca el número de entidad regulada aquí (es decir, RN1 ##########).
 Elija del menú desplegable. 7. Introduzca la descripción de la instalación aquí. . La instalación 8. Elija del menú desplegable. ubicado 9. Introduzca la ubicación aquí. , en 10. Introduzca el nombre de la ciudad aquí. , Condado de 11. Introduzca el nombre del condado aquí. , Texas 12. Introduzca el código postal aquí. .
 Introduzca el resumen de la solicitud de solicitud aquí. <
 Para las aplicaciones de TLAP incluya la siguiente oración, de lo contrario, elimine:>> Este permiso no autorizará una descarga de contaminantes en el agua en el estado.

Se espera que las descargas de la instalación contengan14. Liste todos los contaminantes esperados aquí. 15. Introduzca los tipos de aguas residuales descargadas aquí. 16. Elija del menú desplegable. tratado por 17. Introduzca una descripción del tratamiento de aguas residuales utilizado en la instalación aquí.

DOMESTIC ADMINISTRATIVE REPORT 1.1

The following information is required for new and amendment applications.

Section 1. Affected Landowner Information (Instructions Page 41)

- **A.** Indicate by a check mark that the landowners map or drawing, with scale, includes the following information, as applicable:
 - □ The applicant's property boundaries
 - □ The facility site boundaries within the applicant's property boundaries
 - □ The distance the buffer zone falls into adjacent properties and the property boundaries of the landowners located within the buffer zone
 - □ The property boundaries of all landowners surrounding the applicant's property (Note: if the application is a major amendment for a lignite mine, the map must include the property boundaries of all landowners adjacent to the new facility (ponds).)
 - □ The point(s) of discharge and highlighted discharge route(s) clearly shown for one mile downstream
 - □ The property boundaries of the landowners located on both sides of the discharge route for one full stream mile downstream of the point of discharge
 - □ The property boundaries of the landowners along the watercourse for a one-half mile radius from the point of discharge if the point of discharge is into a lake, bay, estuary, or affected by tides
 - □ The boundaries of the effluent disposal site (for example, irrigation area or subsurface drainfield site) and all evaporation/holding ponds within the applicant's property
 - The property boundaries of all landowners surrounding the effluent disposal site
 - □ The boundaries of the sludge land application site (for land application of sewage sludge for beneficial use) and the property boundaries of landowners surrounding the applicant's property boundaries where the sewage sludge land application site is located
 - □ The property boundaries of landowners within one-half mile in all directions from the applicant's property boundaries where the sewage sludge disposal site (for example, sludge surface disposal site or sludge monofill) is located
- **B.** Indicate by a check mark that a separate list with the landowners' names and mailing addresses cross-referenced to the landowner's map has been provided.
- **C.** Indicate by a check mark in which format the landowners list is submitted:
 - □ USB Drive □ Four sets of labels
- **D.** Provide the source of the landowners' names and mailing addresses: **Click here to enter text**
- E. As required by *Texas Water Code § 5.115*, is any permanent school fund land affected by this application?
 - 🗆 Yes 🗆 No

If **yes**, provide the location and foreseeable impacts and effects this application has on the land(s):

```
Click here to enter text.
```

Section 2. Original Photographs (Instructions Page 44)

Provide original ground level photographs. Indicate with checkmarks that the following information is provided.

- At least one original photograph of the new or expanded treatment unit location
- At least two photographs of the existing/proposed point of discharge and as much area downstream (photo 1) and upstream (photo 2) as can be captured. If the discharge is to an open water body (e.g., lake, bay), the point of discharge should be in the right or left edge of each photograph showing the open water and with as much area on each respective side of the discharge as can be captured.
- At least one photograph of the existing/proposed effluent disposal site
- □ A plot plan or map showing the location and direction of each photograph

Section 3. Buffer Zone Map (Instructions Page 44)

- **A.** Buffer zone map. Provide a buffer zone map on 8.5 x 11-inch paper with all of the following information. The applicant's property line and the buffer zone line may be distinguished by using dashes or symbols and appropriate labels.
 - The applicant's property boundary;
 - The required buffer zone; and
 - Each treatment unit; and
 - The distance from each treatment unit to the property boundaries.
- **B.** Buffer zone compliance method. Indicate how the buffer zone requirements will be met. Check all that apply.
 - □ Ownership
 - □ Restrictive easement
 - □ Nuisance odor control
 - □ Variance
- **C.** Unsuitable site characteristics. Does the facility comply with the requirements regarding unsuitable site characteristic found in 30 TAC § 309.13(a) through (d)?

🗆 Yes 🗆 No

TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMIT INFORMATION FORM (SPIF)

FOR AGENCIES REVIEWING DOMESTIC TPDES WASTEWATER PERMIT APPLICATIONS

TCEQ USE ONLY:	
Application type:RenewalMajor Am	nendmentMinor AmendmentNew
County:	_ Segment Number:
Admin Complete Date:	_:
Agency Receiving SPIF:	
Texas Historical Commission	U.S. Fish and Wildlife
Texas Parks and Wildlife Department	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

This form applies to TPDES permit applications only. (Instructions, Page 53)

The SPIF must be completed as a separate document. The TCEQ will mail a copy of the SPIF to each agency as required by the TCEQ agreement with EPA. If any of the items are not completely addressed or further information is needed, you will be contacted to provide the information before the permit is issued. Each item must be completely addressed.

Do not refer to a response of any item in the permit application form. Each attachment must be provided with this form separately from the administrative report of the application. The application will not be declared administratively complete without this form being completed in its entirety including all attachments.

The following applies to all applications:

1. Permittee: <u>City of Munday</u>

Permit No. WQ00 10228002

EPA ID No. TX 0119105

Address of the project (or a location description that includes street/highway, city/vicinity, and county):

Approx. 5.9 miles SE of the intersection of SH 277 and FM 222 in Knox County, TX

Provide the name, address, phone and fax number of an individual that can be contacted to answer specific questions about the property.

Prefix (Mr., Ms., Miss): <u>Mr.</u>

First and Last Name: David Trevino

Credential (P.E, P.G., Ph.D., etc.):

Title: City Manager

Mailing Address: <u>PO Box 39</u>

City, State, Zip Code: Munday, TX, 76371

Phone No.: 940-422-4331 Ext.: Click here to enter text. Fax No.: Click here to enter text.

E-mail Address: citymanager@mundaytx.com

- 2. List the county in which the facility is located: Knox
- 3. If the property is publicly owned and the owner is different than the permittee/applicant, please list the owner of the property.

Click here to enter text.

4. Provide a description of the effluent discharge route. The discharge route must follow the flow of effluent from the point of discharge to the nearest major watercourse (from the point of discharge to a classified segment as defined in 30 TAC Chapter 307). If known, please identify the classified segment number.

<u>Unnamed tributary to Lake Creek; thence to Lake Creek; thence to the Brazos River above</u> Possum Kingdom Lake in Segment Number 1208 of the Brazos River Basin.

5. Please provide a separate 7.5-minute USGS quadrangle map with the project boundaries plotted and a general location map showing the project area. Please highlight the discharge route from the point of discharge for a distance of one mile downstream. (This map is required in addition to the map in the administrative report).

Provide original photographs of any structures 50 years or older on the property.

Does your project involve any of the following? Check all that apply.

- Proposed access roads, utility lines, construction easements
- □ Visual effects that could damage or detract from a historic property's integrity
- □ Vibration effects during construction or as a result of project design
- Additional phases of development that are planned for the future
- □ Sealing caves, fractures, sinkholes, other karst features

- Disturbance of vegetation or wetlands
- 6. List proposed construction impact (surface acres to be impacted, depth of excavation, sealing of caves, or other karst features):

Click here to enter text.

7. Describe existing disturbances, vegetation, and land use:

THE FOLLOWING ITEMS APPLY ONLY TO APPLICATIONS FOR NEW TPDES PERMITS AND MAJOR AMENDMENTS TO TPDES PERMITS

8. List construction dates of all buildings and structures on the property:

9. Provide a brief history of the property, and name of the architect/builder, if known.

lick here to enter text.

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ATTACHMENT 1

INDIVIDUAL INFORMATION

Section 1. Individual Information (Instructions Page 50)

Complete this attachment if the facility applicant or co-applicant is an individual. Make additional copies of this attachment if both are individuals.

Prefix (Mr., Ms., Miss): Click here to enter text.

Full legal name (first, middle, last): Click here to enter text.

Driver's License or State Identification Number: Click here to enter text

Date of Birth: Click here to enter text.

Mailing Address: Click bern to enter text.

City, State, and Zip Code: Chick here to enter text.

Phone Number: Click have to enter text. Fax Number: Click here to enter text.

E-mail Address: Click here to enter text.

CN: Click here to enter text.

For Commission Use Only: Customer Number: Regulated Entity Number: Permit Number:

CHECKLIST OF COMMON DEFICIENCIES

Below is a list of common deficiencies found during the administrative review of domestic wastewater permit applications. To ensure the timely processing of this application, please review the items below and indicate by checking Yes that each item is complete and in accordance applicable rules at 30 TAC Chapters 21, 281, and 305. If an item is not required this application, indicate by checking N/A where appropriate. Please do not submit the application until the items below have been addressed.

Core Data Form (TCEQ Form No. 10400) (Required for all applications types. Must be completed in its entirety and signed. Note: Form may be signed by applicant representative.)	\boxtimes	Yes
Correct and Current Industrial Wastewater Permit Application Forms (TCEQ Form Nos. 10053 and 10054. Version dated 6/25/2018 or later.)	\boxtimes	Yes
Water Quality Permit Payment Submittal Form (Page 19) (Original payment sent to TCEQ Revenue Section. See instructions for mailing address.)	\boxtimes	Yes
7.5 Minute USGS Quadrangle Topographic Map Attached (Full-size map if seeking "New" permit. 8 ½ x 11 acceptable for Renewals and Amendments)	\boxtimes	Yes
Current/Non-Expired, Executed Lease Agreement or Easement Attached 🛛 N/A		Yes
Landowners Map 🛛 N/A (See instructions for landowner requirements)		Yes

Things to Know:

- All the items shown on the map must be labeled.
- The applicant's complete property boundaries must be delineated which includes boundaries of contiguous property owned by the applicant.
- The applicant cannot be its own adjacent landowner. You must identify the landowners immediately adjacent to their property, regardless of how far they are from the actual facility.
- If the applicant's property is adjacent to a road, creek, or stream, the landowners on the opposite side must be identified. Although the properties are not adjacent to applicant's property boundary, they are considered potentially affected landowners. If the adjacent road is a divided highway as identified on the USGS topographic map, the applicant does not have to identify the landowners on the opposite side of the highway.

Landowners Cross Reference List (See instructions for landowner requirements)	\boxtimes	N/A	Yes
Landowners Labels or USB Drive attached (See instructions for landowner requirements)		N/A	Yes
Original signature per 30 TAC § 305.44 – Blue Ink Preferred (If signature page is not signed by an elected official or principle executive of a copy of signature authority/delegation letter must be attached)	officer	,	Yes



TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY **DOMESTIC WASTEWATER PERMIT APPLICATION**

DOMESTIC TECHNICAL REPORT 1.0

The Following Is Required For All Applications Renewal, New, And Amendment

Section 1. Permitted or Proposed Flows (Instructions Page 51)

A. Existing/Interim I Phase

Design Flow (MGD): Click here to enter text 2-Hr Peak Flow (MGD): Click here to enter text Estimated construction start date: Click here to enter text Estimated waste disposal start date: Click here to enter text

B. Interim II Phase

Design Flow (MGD): Chick here to enter text. 2-Hr Peak Flow (MGD): Chick here to enter text. Estimated construction start date: Chick here to enter text. Estimated waste disposal start date: Chick here to enter text.

C. Final Phase

Design Flow (MGD): <u>0.200</u> 2-Hr Peak Flow (MGD): Estimated construction start date: **Click here to enter text** Estimated waste disposal start date: **Click here to enter text**

D. Current operating phase: Final

Provide the startup date of the facility: <u>05/01/1997</u>

Section 2. Treatment Process (Instructions Page 51)

A. Treatment process description

Provide a detailed description of the treatment process. **Include the type of treatment plant, mode of operation, and all treatment units.** Start with the plant's head works and finish with the point of discharge. Include all sludge processing and drying units. **If more than one phase exists or is proposed in the permit, a description of** *each phase* **must be provided**. Process description:

Pond system with facultative lagoon and (2) stabilization ponds.

Port or pipe diameter at the discharge point, in inches: <u>8</u>

B. Treatment Units

In Table 1.0(1), provide the treatment unit type, the number of units, and dimensions (length, width, depth) **of each treatment unit, accounting for** *all* **phases of operation**.

Treatment Unit Type	Number of Units	Dimensions (L x W x D)
Facultative Lagoon	1	592' x 192' x 5'-12'
Stabilization Pond #1	1	600' x 180' x 4'
Stabilization Pond #2	1	600' x 180' x 4'
Irrigation Field	1	113 acres

Table 1.0(1) – Treatment Units

C. Process flow diagrams

Provide flow diagrams for the existing facilities and **each** proposed phase of construction.

Attachment: <u>#3</u>

Section 3. Site Drawing (Instructions Page 52)

Provide a site drawing for the facility that shows the following:

- The boundaries of the treatment facility;
- The boundaries of the area served by the treatment facility;
- If land disposal of effluent, the boundaries of the disposal site and all storage/holding ponds; and
- If sludge disposal is authorized in the permit, the boundaries of the land application or disposal site.

Attachment: <u>#4</u>

Provide the name and a description of the area served by the treatment facility.

City of Munday WWTP

Section 4. Unbuilt Phases (Instructions Page 52)

Is the application for a renewal of a permit that contains an unbuilt phase or phases?

Yes 🗆 No 🖾

If yes, does the existing permit contain a phase that has not been constructed within five years of being authorized by the TCEQ?

Yes 🗆 No 🗆

If yes, provide a detailed discussion regarding the continued need for the unbuilt phase. Failure to provide sufficient justification may result in the Executive Director recommending denial of the unbuilt phase or phases.

Click here to ent	er text.
Section 5. Clos	sure Plans (Instructions Page 53)
Have any treatme	ent units been taken out of service permanently, or will any it of service in the next five years? No 🖾
If yes, was a clos	ure plan submitted to the TCEQ?
Yes 🗆	No 🗆
If yes, provide a	brief description of the closure and the date of plan approval.
Click here to en	ter text.

Section 6. Permit Specific Requirements (Instructions Page 53)

For applicants with an existing permit, check the *Other Requirements* or *Special Provisions* of the permit.

A. Summary transmittal

Have plans and specifications been approved for the existing facilities and each proposed phase?

Yes 🛛 No 🗆

If yes, provide the date(s) of approval for each phase: <u>08/01/1996</u>

Provide information, including dates, on any actions taken to meet a requirement or provision pertaining to the submission of a summary transmittal letter. Provide a copy of an approval letter from the TCEQ, if applicable.

B. Buffer zones

Have the buffer zone requirements been met?

Yes ⊠ No □

Provide information below, including dates, on any actions taken to meet the conditions of the buffer zone. If available, provide any new documentation relevant to maintaining the buffer zones.

Click here to enter text.

C. Other actions required by the current permit

Does the *Other Requirements* or *Special Provisions* section in the existing permit require submission of any other information or other required actions? Examples include Notification of Completion, progress reports, soil monitoring data, etc.

Yes 🛛 🛛 No 🗆

If yes, provide information below on the status of any actions taken to meet the conditions of an *Other Requirement* or *Special Provision*.

Soil monitoring

D. Grit and grease treatment

1. Acceptance of grit and grease waste

Does the facility have a grit and/or grease processing facility onsite that treats and decants or accepts transported loads of grit and grease waste that are discharged directly to the wastewater treatment plant prior to any treatment?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🖾

If No, stop here and continue with Subsection E. Stormwater Management.

2. Grit and grease processing

Describe below how the grit and grease waste is treated at the facility. In your description, include how and where the grit and grease is introduced to the treatment works and how it is separated or processed. Provide a flow diagram showing how grit and grease is processed at the facility.

N/A

3. Grit disposal

Does the facility have a Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) registration or permit for grit disposal?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🖾

If No, contact the TCEQ Municipal Solid Waste team at 512-239-0000. Note: A registration or permit is required for grit disposal. Grit shall not be combined with treatment plant sludge. See the instruction booklet for additional information on grit disposal requirements and restrictions.

Describe the method of grit disposal.

N/A

4. Grease and decanted liquid disposal

Note: A registration or permit is required for grease disposal. Grease shall not be combined with treatment plant sludge. For more information, contact the TCEQ Municipal Solid Waste team at 512-239-0000.

Describe how the decant and grease are treated and disposed of after grit separation.

N/A

E. Stormwater management

1. Applicability

Does the facility have a design flow of 1.0 MGD or greater in any phase?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🖾

Does the facility have an approved pretreatment program, under 40 CFR Part 403?

Yes □ No ⊠

If no to both of the above, then skip to Subsection F, Other Wastes Received.

2. MSGP coverage

Is the stormwater runoff from the WWTP and dedicated lands for sewage disposal currently permitted under the TPDES Multi-Sector General Permit (MSGP), TXR050000?

Yes 🗆 No 🗆

If yes, please provide MSGP Authorization Number and skip to Subsection F, Other Wastes Received:

TXR05 (lick here to enter text, or TXRNE Click here to enter text,

If no, do you intend to seek coverage under TXR050000?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🗆

3. Conditional exclusion

Alternatively, do you intend to apply for a conditional exclusion from permitting based TXR050000 (Multi Sector General Permit) Part II B.2 or TXR050000 (Multi Sector General Permit) Part V, Sector T 3(b)?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🗆

If yes, please explain below then proceed to Subsection F, Other Wastes

Received:

Click here to enter text.

4. Existing coverage in individual permit

Page 7 of 80

Is your stormwater discharge currently permitted through this individual TPDES or TLAP permit?

Yes 🗆 No 🗆

If yes, provide a description of stormwater runoff management practices at the site that are authorized in the wastewater permit then skip to Subsection F. Other Wastes Received.

Click here to enter text.

5. Zero stormwater discharge

Do you intend to have no discharge of stormwater via use of evaporation or other means?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🗆

If yes, explain below then skip to Subsection F. Other Wastes Received.

Click here to enter text.

Note: If there is a potential to discharge any stormwater to surface water in the state as the result of any storm event, then permit coverage is required under the MSGP or an individual discharge permit. This requirement applies to all areas of facilities with treatment plants or systems that treat, store, recycle, or reclaim domestic sewage, wastewater or sewage sludge (including dedicated lands for sewage sludge disposal located within the onsite property boundaries) that meet the applicability criteria of above. You have the option of obtaining coverage under the MSGP for direct discharges, (recommended), or obtaining coverage under this individual permit.

6. Request for coverage in individual permit

Are you requesting coverage of stormwater discharges associated with your treatment plant under this individual permit?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🗆

If yes, provide a description of stormwater runoff management practices at the site for which you are requesting authorization in this individual wastewater permit and describe whether you intend to comingle this discharge with your treated effluent or discharge it via a separate dedicated stormwater outfall. Please also indicate if you intend to divert stormwater to the treatment plant headworks and indirectly discharge it to water in the state.

Click here to enter text.

Note: Direct stormwater discharges to waters in the state authorized through this individual permit will require the development and implementation of a stormwater pollution prevention plan (SWPPP) and will be subject to additional monitoring and reporting requirements. Indirect discharges of stormwater via headworks recycling will require compliance with all individual permit requirements including 2-hour peak flow limitations. All stormwater discharge authorization requests will require additional information during the technical review of your application.

F. Discharges to the Lake Houston Watershed

Does the facility discharge in the Lake Houston watershed? Yes \Box No \boxtimes

If yes, a Sewage Sludge Solids Management Plan is required. See Example 5 in the instructions.

G. Other wastes received including sludge from other WWTPs and septic waste

1. Acceptance of sludge from other WWTPs

Does the facility accept or will it accept sludge from other treatment plants at the facility site?

Yes □ No ⊠

If yes, attach sewage sludge solids management plan. See Example 5 of the instructions.

In addition, provide the date that the plant started accepting sludge or is anticipated to start accepting sludge, an estimate of monthly sludge

acceptance (gallons or millions of gallons), an estimate of the BOD_5

concentration of the sludge, and the design BOD₅ concentration of the influent from the collection system. Also note if this information has or has not changed since the last permit action.

Click here to enter text.

Note: Permits that accept sludge from other wastewater treatment plants may be required to have influent flow and organic loading monitoring.

2. Acceptance of septic waste

Is the facility accepting or will it accept septic waste?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🖾

If yes, does the facility have a Type V processing unit?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🗆

If yes, does the unit have a Municipal Solid Waste permit?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🗆

If yes to any of the above, provide a the date that the plant started accepting septic waste, or is anticipated to start accepting septic waste, an estimate of monthly septic waste acceptance (gallons or millions of gallons), an estimate of the BOD₅ concentration of the septic waste, and the design

BOD₅ concentration of the influent from the collection system. Also note if this information has or has not changed since the last permit action.

Click here to enter text.

Note: Permits that accept sludge from other wastewater treatment plants may be required to have influent flow and organic loading monitoring.

3. Acceptance of other wastes (not including septic, grease, grit, or RCRA, CERCLA or as discharged by IUs listed in Worksheet 6)

Is the facility accepting or will it accept wastes that are not domestic in nature excluding the categories listed above?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🖾

If yes, provide the date that the plant started accepting the waste, an estimate how much waste is accepted on a monthly basis (gallons or millions of gallons), a description of the entities generating the waste, and any distinguishing chemical or other physical characteristic of the waste. Also

note if this information has or has not changed since the last permit action.

Click here to enter text.

Section 7. Pollutant Analysis of Treated Effluent (Instructions Page 58)

Is the facility in operation? Yes \boxtimes No \square

If no, this section is not applicable. Proceed to Section 8.

If yes, provide effluent analysis data for the listed pollutants. *Wastewater treatment facilities* complete Table 1.0(2). *Water treatment facilities* discharging filter backwash water, complete Table 1.0(3).

Note: The sample date must be within 1 year of application submission.

Average	Max	No. of	Sample	Sample
Conc.	Conc.	Samples	Туре	Date/Time
			A and a second sec	
	-	0		-

Table 1.0(2) - Pollutant Analysis for Wastewater Treatment Facilities

Pollutant	Average Conc.	Max Conc.	No. of Samples	Sample Type	Sample Date/Time
Entercocci (CFU/100ml) saltwater					
Total Dissolved Solids, mg/l					
Electrical Conductivity, µmohs/cm, †					
Oil & Grease, mg/l					
Alkalinity (CaCO ₃)*, mg/l					

*TPDES permits only

†TLAP permits only

 Table 1.0(3) - Pollutant Analysis for Water Treatment Facilities

Dellestant	Average	Max	No. of	Sample	Sample
Pollutant	Conc.	Conc.	Samples	Туре	Date/Time
Total Suspended Solids, mg/l					
Total Dissolved Solids, mg/l					
pH, standard units					
Fluoride, mg/l					
Aluminum, mg/l					
Alkalinity (CaCO ₃), mg/l					

Section 8. Facility Operator (Instructions Page 60)

Facility Operator Name: Winston Stevens

Facility Operator's License Classification and Level: \underline{C}

Facility Operator's License Number: <u>WW0035753</u>

Section 9. Sewage Sludge Management and Disposal (Instructions

Page 60)

A. Sludge disposal method

Identify the current or anticipated sludge disposal method or methods from the following list. Check all that apply.

- Permitted landfill
- Permitted or Registered land application site for beneficial use
- Land application for beneficial use authorized in the wastewater permit
- Permitted sludge processing facility
- Marketing and distribution as authorized in the wastewater permit
- Composting as authorized in the wastewater permit
- Permitted surface disposal site (sludge monofill)
- Surface disposal site (sludge monofill) authorized in the wastewater permit
- Transported to another permitted wastewater treatment plant or permitted sludge processing facility. If you selected this method, a written statement or contractual agreement from the wastewater treatment plant or permitted sludge processing facility accepting the sludge must be included with this application.
- Other: <u>Sludge has never been removed from this pond system. When it</u> <u>becomes necessary to remove sludge it will be hauled by a registered hauler</u> <u>to a permitted landfill.</u>

B. Sludge disposal site

Disposal site name: Click here to enter text. TCEO permit or registration number: Click here to enter text.

County where disposal site is located: Circle here to enter text.

C. Sludge transportation method

Method of transportation (truck, train, pipe, other): Click here to enter fext.

Name of the hauler: Click here to enter text.

Hauler registration number: Click here to enter text.

Sludge is transported as a:

Liquid \Box semi-liquid \Box semi-solid \Box solid \Box

Section 10. Permit Authorization for Sewage Sludge Disposal (Instructions Page 60)

A. Beneficial use authorization

Does the existing permit include authorization for land application of sewage sludge for beneficial use?

Yes □ No ⊠

If yes, are you requesting to continue this authorization to land apply sewage sludge for beneficial use?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🗖

If yes, is the completed **Application for Permit for Beneficial Land Use of Sewage Sludge (TCEQ Form No. 10451)** attached to this permit application (see the instructions for details)?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🗆

B. Sludge processing authorization

Does the existing permit include authorization for any of the following sludge processing, storage or disposal options?

Sludge Composting	Yes 🗆	No 🖾
Marketing and Distribution of sludge	Yes 🗆	No 🖾
Sludge Surface Disposal or Sludge Monofill	Yes 🗆	No 🖾
Temporary storage in sludge lagoons	Yes 🗆	No 🛛

If yes to any of the above sludge options and the applicant is requesting to continue this authorization, is the completed **Domestic Wastewater Permit Application: Sewage Sludge Technical Report (TCEQ Form No. 10056)** attached to this permit application?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🗆

Section 11. Sewage Sludge Lagoons (Instructions Page 61)

Does this facility include sewage sludge lagoons?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🖾

If yes, complete the remainder of this section. If no, proceed to Section 12.

A. Location information

The following maps are required to be submitted as part of the application. For each map, provide the Attachment Number.

• Original General Highway (County) Map:

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

• USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Map:

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

• Federal Emergency Management Map:

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

• Site map:

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

Discuss in a description if any of the following exist within the lagoon area.

Check all that apply.

- Overlap a designated 100-year frequency flood plain
- □ Soils with flooding classification
- Overlap an unstable area
- □ Wetlands
- Located less than 60 meters from a fault
- □ None of the above

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

If a portion of the lagoon(s) is located within the 100-year frequency flood plain, provide the protective measures to be utilized including type and size of protective structures:

Click here to enter text.

B. Temporary storage information

Provide the results for the pollutant screening of sludge lagoons. These results are in addition to pollutant results in Section 7 of Technical Report 1.0. Nitrate Nitrogen, mg/kg: Click here to enter text.

Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen, mg/kg: Click here to enter text.

Total Nitrogen (=nitrate nitrogen + TKN), mg/kg: Click here to enter text.

Phosphorus, mg/kg: Click here to enter text.

Potassium, mg/kg: Click here to enter text.

pH, standard units: Click here to enter text.

Ammonia Nitrogen mg/kg: Click here to enter text.

Arsenic: Click here to enter text.

Cadmium: Click here to enter text.

Chromium: Click here to enter text.

Copper: Click here to enter text.

Lead: Click here to enter text.

Mercury: Click here to enter text.

Molybdenum: Click here to enter text.

Nickel: Click here to enter text.

Selenium: Click here to enter text.

Zinc: Click here to enter text.

Total PCBs: Click here to enter text.

Provide the following information:

Volume and frequency of sludge to the lagoon(s): Click here to enter text.

Total dry tons stored in the lagoons(s) per 365-day period: Click here to enter text.

Total dry tons stored in the lagoons(s) over the life of the unit: Click here to enter text.

C. Liner information

Does the active/proposed sludge lagoon(s) have a liner with a maximum hydraulic conductivity of 1×10^{-7} cm/sec?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🗆

If yes, describe the liner below. Please note that a liner is required.

```
Click here to enter text.
```

D. Site development plan

Provide a detailed description of the methods used to deposit sludge in the lagoon(s):

Click here to enter text.

Attach the following documents to the application.

• Plan view and cross-section of the sludge lagoon(s)

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

• Copy of the closure plan

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

• Copy of deed recordation for the site

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

• Size of the sludge lagoon(s) in surface acres and capacity in cubic feet and gallons

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

• Description of the method of controlling infiltration of groundwater and surface water from entering the site

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

Procedures to prevent the occurrence of nuisance conditions

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

E. Groundwater monitoring

Is groundwater monitoring currently conducted at this site, or are any wells

available for groundwater monitoring, or are groundwater monitoring data otherwise available for the sludge lagoon(s)?

Yes 🗆 No 🗆

If groundwater monitoring data are available, provide a copy. Provide a profile of soil types encountered down to the groundwater table and the depth to the shallowest groundwater as a separate attachment.

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

Section 12. Authorizations/Compliance/Enforcement (Instructions Page 63)

A. Additional authorizations

Does the permittee have additional authorizations for this facility, such as reuse authorization, sludge permit, etc?

Yes 🛛 No 🗆

If yes, provide the TCEQ authorization number and description of the authorization:

Reuse authorization (R10228002)for the treated wastewater applied to the golf course.

B. Permittee enforcement status

Is the permittee currently under enforcement for this facility? Yes \Box No \boxtimes

Is the permittee required to meet an implementation schedule for compliance or enforcement?

Yes □ No ⊠

If yes to either question, provide a brief summary of the enforcement, the implementation schedule, and the current status:

Click here to enter text.

Section 13. RCRA/CERCLA Wastes (Instructions Page 63)

A. RCRA hazardous wastes

Has the facility received in the past three years, does it currently receive, or will it receive RCRA hazardous waste?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🖾

B. Remediation activity wastewater

Has the facility received in the past three years, does it currently receive, or will it receive CERCLA wastewater, RCRA remediation/corrective action wastewater or other remediation activity wastewater?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🖾

C. Details about wastes received

If yes to either Subsection A or B above, provide detailed information concerning these wastes with the application.

Attachment: <u>N/A</u>

Section 14. Laboratory Accreditation (Instructions Page 64)

All laboratory tests performed must meet the requirements of *30 TAC Chapter 25, Environmental Testing Laboratory Accreditation and Certification,* which includes the following general exemptions from National Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (NELAP) certification requirements:

- The laboratory is an in-house laboratory and is:
 - periodically inspected by the TCEQ; or
 - located in another state and is accredited or inspected by that state; or
 - performing work for another company with a unit located in the same site; or
 - performing pro bono work for a governmental agency or charitable organization.
- The laboratory is accredited under federal law.
- The data are needed for emergency-response activities, and a laboratory accredited under the Texas Laboratory Accreditation Program is not available.
- The laboratory supplies data for which the TCEQ does not offer accreditation.

The applicant should review 30 TAC Chapter 25 for specific requirements.

The following certification statement shall be signed and submitted with every application. See the *Signature Page* section in the Instructions, for a list of designated representatives who may sign the certification.

CERTIFICATION:

I certify that all laboratory tests submitted with this application meet the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 25, Environmental Testing Laboratory Accreditation and Certification.

Printed Name: David Trevino

Title: <u>City Manager</u>

Signature: 🧏 Date:

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DOMESTIC TECHNICAL REPORT 1.1

The following is required for new and amendment applications

Section 1. Justification for Permit (Instructions Page 66)

A. Justification of permit need

Provide a detailed discussion regarding the need for any phase(s) not currently permitted. Failure to provide sufficient justification may result in the Executive Director recommending denial of the proposed phase(s) or permit.



B. Regionalization of facilities

Provide the following information concerning the potential for regionalization of domestic wastewater treatment facilities:

1. Municipally incorporated areas

If the applicant is a city, then Item 1 is not applicable. Proceed to Item 2 Utility CCN areas.

Is any portion of the proposed service area located in an incorporated city?

Yes □ No □ Not Applicable □

If yes, within the city limits of: Click here to enter fext.

If yes, attach correspondence from the city.

Attachment: Click here to enter lext.

If consent to provide service is available from the city, attach a justification for the proposed facility and a cost analysis of expenditures that includes the cost of connecting to the city versus the cost of the proposed facility or expansion attached.

Attachment: Click have to enter text.

2. Utility CCN areas

Is any portion of the proposed service area located inside another utility's CCN area?

Yes 🗆 No 🗆

If yes, attach a justification for the proposed facility and a cost analysis of expenditures that includes the cost of connecting to the CCN facilities versus the cost of the proposed facility or expansion.

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

3. Nearby WWTPs or collection systems

Are there any domestic permitted wastewater treatment facilities or collection systems located within a three-mile radius of the proposed facility?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🗖

If yes, attach a list of these facilities that includes the permittee's name and permit number, and an area map showing the location of these facilities.

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

If yes, attach copies of your certified letters to these facilities **and** their response letters concerning connection with their system.

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

Does a permitted domestic wastewater treatment facility or a collection system located within three (3) miles of the proposed facility currently have the capacity to accept or is willing to expand to accept the volume of wastewater proposed in this application?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🗆

If yes, attach an analysis of expenditures required to connect to a permitted wastewater treatment facility or collection system located within 3 miles versus the cost of the proposed facility or expansion.

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

Section 2. Organic Loading (Instructions Page 67)

Is this facility in operation?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🗆

If no, proceed to Item B, Proposed Organic Loading.

Page 22 of 80

If yes, provide organic loading information in Item A, Current Organic Loading

A. Current organic loading

Facility Design Flow (flow being requested in application): Check here to

Average Influent Organic Strength or BOD₅ Concentration in mg/l: Click

here to enter text.

Average Influent Loading (lbs/day = total average flow X average BOD_5 conc. X 8.34):

Provide the source of the average organic strength or BOD₅ concentration.

```
Click here to enter text.
```

B. Proposed organic loading

This table must be completed if this application is for a facility that is not in operation or if this application is to request an increased flow that will impact organic loading.

Source	Total Average Flow (MGD)	Influent BOD ₅ Concentration (mg/l)
Municipality		
Subdivision		
Trailer park - transient		
Mobile home park		
School with cafeteria and showers		
School with cafeteria,		

Table 1.1(1) - Design Organic Loading

Source	Total Average Flow (MGD)	Influent BOD ₅ Concentration (mg/l)
no showers		
Recreational park, overnight use		
Recreational park, day use		
Office building or factory		
Motel		
Restaurant		
Hospital		
Nursing home		
Other		
TOTAL FLOW from all sources		
AVERAGE BOD ₅ from all sources		

Section 3. Proposed Effluent Quality and Disinfection (Instructions Page 68)

A. Existing/Interim I Phase Design Effluent Quality Biochemical Oxygen Demand (5-day), mg/l: Check here to enter text. Total Suspended Solids, mg/l: Check here to enter text. Ammonia Nitrogen, mg/l: Check here to enter text. Total Phosphorus, mg/l: Click here to enter text. Dissolved Oxygen, mg/l: Click here to enter text.

Other: Click here to enter text.

B. Interim II Phase Design Effluent Quality

Biochemical Oxygen Demand (5-day), mg/l: Cite here to be text Total Suspended Solids, mg/l: Cite here to be text Ammonia Nitrogen, mg/l: Cite here to be text Total Phosphorus, mg/l: Cite here to be text Dissolved Oxygen, mg/l: Cite here to be text

C. Final Phase Design Effluent Quality

Biochemical Oxygen Demand (5-day), mg/l: dick here to enter text Total Suspended Solids, mg/l: dick here to enter text Ammonia Nitrogen, mg/l: Total Phosphorus, mg/l: Dissolved Oxygen, mg/l: dick here to enter text Other: dick here to enter text

D. Disinfection Method

Identify the proposed method of disinfection.

- Chlorine: Chick here to enter text mg/l after Chick here to enter text minutes detention time at peak flow
 Dechlorination process: Chick here to enter text
- Ultraviolet Light: Click here to enter text, seconds contact time at peak flow
- Other: Click here to enter text.

Section 4. Design Calculations (Instructions Page 68)

Attach design calculations and plant features for each proposed phase. Example 4 of the instructions includes sample design calculations and plant features.

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

Section 5. Facility Site (Instructions Page 68)

A. 100-year floodplain

Will the proposed facilities be located <u>above</u> the 100-year frequency flood level?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🗆

If no, describe measures used to protect the facility during a flood event. Include a site map showing the location of the treatment plant within the 100-year frequency flood level. If applicable, provide the size and types of protective structures.

Click here to enter text.

Provide the source(s) used to determine 100-year frequency flood plain.

Click here to enter text.

For a new or expansion of a facility, will a wetland or part of a wetland be filled?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🗆

If yes, has the applicant applied for a US Corps of Engineers 404 Dredge and Fill Permit?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🗆

If yes, provide the permit number: Click here to enter fext.

If no, provide the approximate date you anticipate submitting your application to the Corps:

B. Wind rose

Attach a wind rose. Attachment: Click here to enter text.

Section 6. Permit Authorization for Sewage Sludge Disposal (Instructions Page 69)

A. Beneficial use authorization

Are you requesting to include authorization to land apply sewage sludge for beneficial use on property located adjacent to the wastewater treatment facility under the wastewater permit? Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🗆

If yes, attach the completed Application for Permit for Beneficial Land Use of Sewage Sludge (TCEQ Form No. 10451)

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

B. Sludge processing authorization

Identify the sludge processing, storage or disposal options that will be conducted at the wastewater treatment facility:

- Sludge Composting
- □ Marketing and Distribution of sludge
- □ Sludge Surface Disposal or Sludge Monofill

If any of the above sludge options are selected, attach a completed DOMESTIC WASTEWATER PERMIT APPLICATION: SEWAGE SLUDGE TECHNICAL REPORT (TCEQ Form No. 10056).

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

Section 7. Sewage Sludge Solids Management Plan (Instructions Page 69)

Attach a solids management plan to the application. Attachment: Click here to entertain

The sewage sludge solids management plan must contain the following information:

- Treatment units and processes dimensions and capacities
- Solids generated at 100, 75, 50, and 25 percent of design flow
- Mixed liquor suspended solids operating range at design and projected actual flow
- Quantity of solids to be removed and a schedule for solids removal
- Identification and ownership of the ultimate sludge disposal site
- For facultative lagoons, design life calculations, monitoring well locations and depths, and the ultimate disposal method for the sludge from the facultative lagoon

An example of a sewage sludge solids management plan has been included as Example 5 of the instructions.

DOMESTIC TECHNICAL REPORT WORKSHEET 2.0

RECEIVING WATERS

The following is required for all TPDES permit applications

Section 1. Domestic Drinking Water Supply (Instructions Page 73)

Is there a surface water intake for domestic drinking water supply located within 5 miles downstream from the point or proposed point of discharge? Yes \Box No \boxtimes

If yes, provide the following:

Owner of the drinking water supply: Click here to enter text

Distance and direction to the intake: Click here to enter lext.

Attach a USGS map that identifies the location of the intake.

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

Section 2. Discharge into Tidally Affected Waters (Instructions Page 73)

Does the facility discharge into tidally affected waters?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🖾

If yes, complete the remainder of this section. If no, proceed to Section 3.

A. Receiving water outfall

Width of the receiving water at the outfall, in feet: Click here to entertext.

B. Oyster waters

Are there oyster waters in the vicinity of the discharge?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🗆

If yes, provide the distance and direction from outfall(s).

Click here to enter text.

C. Sea grasses

Are there any sea grasses within the vicinity of the point of discharge?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🗆

If yes, provide the distance and direction from the outfall(s).

Click here to enter text.

Section 3. Classified Segments (Instructions Page 73)

Is the discharge directly into (or within 300 feet of) a classified segment?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🖾

If yes, this Worksheet is complete.

If no, complete Sections 4 and 5 of this Worksheet.

Section 4. Description of Immediate Receiving Waters (Instructions Page 75)

Name of the immediate receiving waters: Unnamed Tributary of Lake Creek

A. Receiving water type

Identify the appropriate description of the receiving waters.

- ⊠ Stream
- □ Freshwater Swamp or Marsh
- □ Lake or Pond

Surface area, in acres: Click here to enter text.

Average depth of the entire water body, in feet: Click here to enter

lext.

Average depth of water body within a 500-foot radius of discharge point, in feet:

Man-made Channel or Ditch

- Open Bay
- 🔲 🛛 Tidal Stream, Bayou, or Marsh
- **Other, specify:** Click here to enter text.

B. Flow characteristics

If a stream, man-made channel or ditch was checked above, provide the following. For existing discharges, check one of the following that best characterizes the area *upstream* of the discharge. For new discharges, characterize the area *downstream* of the discharge (check one).

- Intermittent dry for at least one week during most years
- Intermittent with Perennial Pools enduring pools with sufficient habitat to maintain significant aquatic life uses
- Perennial normally flowing

Check the method used to characterize the area upstream (or downstream for new dischargers).

- □ USGS flow records
- Historical observation by adjacent landowners
- Personal observation
- **Other, specify:** Click here to enter text.

C. Downstream perennial confluences

List the names of all perennial streams that join the receiving water within three miles downstream of the discharge point.

<u>NONE</u>

D. Downstream characteristics

Do the receiving water characteristics change within three miles downstream of the discharge (e.g., natural or man-made dams, ponds, reservoirs, etc.)?

Yes □ No ⊠

If yes, discuss how.

Click here to enter text.

E. Normal dry weather characteristics

Provide general observations of the water body during normal dry weather conditions.

Light green water. No odors.

Date and time of observation: 2/19/24

Was the water body influenced by stormwater runoff during observations?

Yes □ No ⊠

Section 5. General Characteristics of the Waterbody (Instructions Page 74)

A. Upstream influences

Is the immediate receiving water upstream of the discharge or proposed discharge site influenced by any of the following? Check all that apply.

- □ Upstream discharges ⊠ Agricultural runoff
- □ Septic tanks □ Other(s), specify Click here to enter

text.

B. Waterbody uses

Observed or evidences of the following uses. Check all that apply.

Livestock watering
 Contact recreation
 Irrigation withdrawal
 Non-contact recreation
 Fishing
 Navigation

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Domestic water supply
Industrial water supply

Park activities
 Other(s), specify Click here to enter
text.

C. Waterbody aesthetics

Check one of the following that best describes the aesthetics of the receiving water and the surrounding area.

- Wilderness: outstanding natural beauty; usually wooded or unpastured area; water clarity exceptional
- Natural Area: trees and/or native vegetation; some development evident (from fields, pastures, dwellings); water clarity discolored
- Common Setting: not offensive; developed but uncluttered; water may be colored or turbid
- Offensive: stream does not enhance aesthetics; cluttered; highly developed; dumping areas; water discolored

DOMESTIC WORKSHEET 2.1

STREAM PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Required for new applications, major facilities, and applications adding an outfall

Worksheet 2.1 is not required for discharges to intermittent streams or discharges directly to (or within 300 feet of) a classified segment.

Section 1. General Information (Instructions Page 75)

Date of study: Click here to enter text. Time of study: Click here to enter text.

Stream name: Click here to enter text.

Location: Click here to enter text.

Type of stream upstream of existing discharge or downstream of proposed discharge (check one).

□ Perennial

□ Intermittent with perennial pools

Section 2. Data Collection (Instructions Page 75)

Number of stream bends that are well defined: Click here to enter text.

Number of stream bends that are moderately defined: Click here to enter text.

Number of stream bends that are poorly defined: Click here to enter text.

Number of riffles: Click here to enter text.

Evidence of flow fluctuations (check one):

□ Minor □ moderate

□ severe

Indicate the observed stream uses and if there is evidence of flow fluctuations or channel obstruction/modification.



Stream transects

In the table below, provide the following information for each transect downstream of the existing or proposed discharges. Use a separate row for each transect.

Stream type			Stream depths (ft)
at transect Select riffle, run, glide, or pool. See Instructions, Definitions section.	Transect location	Water surface width (ft)	at 4 to 10 points along each transect from the channel bed to the water surface. Separate the measurements with commas.
Choose an			
item.			
Choose an			
item.			
Choose an			
item.			
Choose an			
item.			
Choose an			
item.			
Choose an			
item.			
Choose an			
item.	2		
Choose an			
item.			
Choose an			
item.			
Choose an			
item.			

Table 2.1(1) - Stream Transect Records

Section 3. Summarize Measurements (Instructions Page 76)

Streambed slope of entire reach, from USGS map in feet/feet: Click here to

enter text.

Approximate drainage area above the most downstream transect (from USGS map or county highway map, in square miles): Click here to enter text.

Length of stream evaluated, in feet: Click here to enter text.

Number of lateral transects made: Click here to enter text.

Average stream width, in feet: Click here to enter text.

Average stream depth, in feet: Click here to enter text.

Average stream velocity, in feet/second: Click here to enter text.

Instantaneous stream flow, in cubic feet/second: Click here to enter text.

Indicate flow measurement method (type of meter, floating chip timed over a fixed distance, etc.): Click here to enter text.

Size of pools (large, small, moderate, none): Click here to enter text.

Maximum pool depth, in feet: Click here to enter text.

DOMESTIC WORKSHEET 3.0

LAND DISPOSAL OF EFFLUENT

The following is required for all permit applications

Renewal, New, and Amendments

Section 1. Type of Disposal System (Instructions Page 77)

Identify the method of land disposal:

- Surface application Subsurface application Subsurface soils absorption \boxtimes Irrigation Subsurface area drip dispersal system
- Drip irrigation system
- Evaporation
- **Evapotranspiration beds**
- Other (describe in detail): Click here to enter text.

NOTE: All applicants without authorization or proposing new/amended subsurface disposal MUST complete and submit Worksheet 7.0.

For existing authorizations, provide Registration Number: Click here to enter

Section 2. Land Application Site(s) (Instructions Page 77)

In table 3.0(1), provide the requested information for the land application sites. Include the agricultural or cover crop type (wheat, cotton, alfalfa, bermuda grass, native grasses, etc.), land use (golf course, hayland, pastureland, park, row crop, etc.), irrigation area, amount of effluent applied, and whether or not the public has access to the area. Specify the amount of land area and the amount of effluent that will be allotted to each agricultural or cover crop, if more than one crop will be used.

	Irrigation	Effluent	Public
Crop Type & Land Use	Area (acres)	Application (GPD)	Access? Y/N
Agriculture-Bermuda Grass- Winter Rye	113	0.200	Ν

Table 3.0(1) - Land Application Site Crops

Crop Type & Land Use	Irrigation	Effluent	Public
	Area	Application	Access?
	(acres)	(GPD)	Y/N

Section 3. Storage and Evaporation Lagoons/Ponds (Instructions Page 77)

Table 3.0(2) - Storage and Evaporation Ponds

Pond Number	Surface Area (acres)	Storage Volume (acre-feet)	Dimensions	Liner Type
1	2.61	20.87	592'x192'x5'- 11'	Clay
1	2.48	9.92	600'x180'x4'	Clay
1	2.48	9.92	600'x180'x4'	Clay

Attach a copy of a liner certification that was prepared, signed, and sealed by a Texas licensed professional engineer for each pond.

Attachment: Click here to entertext.

Section 4. Flood and Runoff Protection (Instructions Page 77)

Is the land application site within the 100-year frequency flood level?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🖾

If yes, describe how the site will be protected from inundation.

N/A

Provide the source used to determine the 100-year frequency flood level:

<u>N/A</u>

Provide a description of tailwater controls and rainfall run-on controls used for the land application site.

<u>N/A</u>

Section 5. Annual Cropping Plan (Instructions Page 77)

Attach an Annual Cropping Plan which includes a discussion of each of the following items. If not applicable, provide a detailed explanation indicating why.

Attachment: <u>#7</u>

- Soils map with crops
- Cool and warm season plant species
- Crop yield goals
- Crop growing season
- Crop nutrient requirements
- Additional fertilizer requirements
- Minimum/maximum harvest height (for grass crops)
- Supplemental watering requirements
- Crop salt tolerances
- Harvesting method/number of harvests
- Justification for not removing existing vegetation to be irrigated

Section 6. Well and Map Information (Instructions Page 78)

Attach a USGS map with the following information shown and labeled. If not applicable, provide a detailed explanation (on a separate page) indicating why.

Attachment: <u>#2</u>

- The boundaries of the land application site(s)
- Waste disposal or treatment facility site(s)
- On-site buildings
- Buffer zones
- Effluent storage and tailwater control facilities
- All water wells within 1 mile of the disposal site or property boundaries
- All springs and seeps onsite and within 500 feet of the property boundaries
- All surface waters in the state onsite and within 500 feet of the property boundaries
- All faults and sinkholes onsite and within 500 feet of the property

List and cross reference all water wells shown on the USGS map in the following table. Attach additional pages as necessary to include all of the wells.

Well ID	Well Use	Producing? Y/N	Open, cased, capped, or plugged?	Proposed Best Management Practice
See Attachment #2			Choose an item.	
			Choose an item.	

Table 3.0(3) – Water Well Data

If water quality data or well log information is available please include the information in an attachment listed by Well ID.

Attachment: <u>#2</u>

Section 7. Groundwater Quality (Instructions Page 79)

Attach a Groundwater Quality Technical Report which assesses the impact of the wastewater disposal system on groundwater. This report shall include an evaluation of the water wells (including the information in the well table provided in Item 6. above), the wastewater application rate, and pond liners. Indicate by a check mark that this report is provided.

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

Are groundwater monitoring wells available onsite? Yes \Box No \Box

Do you plan to install ground water monitoring wells or lysimeters around the land application site? Yes \Box No \Box

If yes, then provide the proposed location of the monitoring wells or lysimeters on a site map.

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

Section 8. Soil Map and Soil Analyses (Instructions Page 79)

A. Soil map

Attach a USDA Soil Survey map that shows the area to be used for effluent disposal.

Attachment: <u>#7</u>

B. Soil analyses

Attach the laboratory results sheets from the soil analyses. **Note**: for renewal applications, the current annual soil analyses required by the permit are acceptable as long as the test date is less than one year prior to the submission of the application.

Attachment: <u>#5</u>

List all USDA designated soil series on the proposed land application site. Attach additional pages as necessary.

	Depth		Available	Curve
Soil Series	from	Permeability	Water	Number
	Surface		Capacity	
	19-23"	.2 to .5 in/hr	1.6-2.5	

Table 3.0(4) – Soil Data

Soil Series	Depth from Surface	Permeability	Available Water Capacity	Curve Number
AcB2 (Abilene Clay loam)	0-5"	2 to .5 in/hr	1.6-2.5	
AcB2 (Abilene Clay loam)	11-19"	.2 to .5 in/hr	1.6-2.5	
28 (Rotan)	0-10"	.6 to 2 in/hr	.152	
35 (Tillman)	0-7"	.6 to 2 in/hr	.152	

Section 9. Effluent Monitoring Data (Instructions Page 80)

Is the facility in operation?

Yes 🛛 No 🗆

If no, this section is not applicable and the worksheet is complete.

If yes, provide the effluent monitoring data for the parameters regulated in the existing permit. If a parameter is not regulated in the existing permit, enter N/A.

Date	30 Day Avg Flow MGD	BOD5 mg/l	TSS mg/l	рН	Chlorine Residual mg/l	Acres irrigated

 Table 3.0(5) - Effluent Monitoring Data

Date	30 Day Avg Flow MGD	BOD5 mg/l	TSS mg/l	рН	Chlorine Residual mg/l	Acres irrigated
			1			
1						

Provide a discussion of all persistent excursions above the permitted limits and any corrective actions taken.

DOMESTIC WORKSHEET 3.1

SURFACE LAND DISPOSAL OF EFFLUENT

The following is required for new and major amendment applications. Renewal and minor amendments applicants may be asked for the worksheet on a case by case basis.

Section 1. Surface Disposal (Instructions Page 81)

Complete the item that applies for the method of disposal being used.

A. Irrigation

Area under irrigation, in acres: Click here to enter lext.

Design application frequency:

hours/day Click here to enter text. And days/week Click here to

Land grade (slope):

average percent (%): Click bere to enter text.

maximum percent (%): Click here to enter text.

Design application rate in acre-feet/acre/year: Click here to enter text.

Design total nitrogen loading rate, in lbs N/acre/year: Click here to enter

lext.

Soil conductivity (mmhos/cm): Click here to enter text.

Method of application: Click here to enter text.

Attach a separate engineering report with the water balance and storage volume calculations, method of application, irrigation efficiency, and nitrogen balance.

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

B. Evaporation ponds

Daily average effluent flow into ponds, in gallons per day: Click here to

enter text.

Attach a separate engineering report with the water balance and storage volume calculations.

Attachment: Click here to enter fext.

C. Evapotranspiration beds

Number of beds: Click here to enter text.

Area of bed(s), in acres: Click here to enter text.

Depth of bed(s), in feet: Click here to enter text.

Void ratio of soil in the beds: Click here to enter text.

Storage volume within the beds, in acre-feet: Click here to enter fext.

Attach a separate engineering report with the water balance and storage volume calculations, and a description of the lining.

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

D. Overland flow

Area used for application, in acres: Click here to enter text.

Slopes for application area, percent (%): Click here to enter lext.

Design application rate, in gpm/foot of slope width: Click here to enter text.

Slope length, in feet: Click here to enter text.

Design BOD₅ loading rate, in lbs BOD₅/acre/day: Click here to enter text.

Design application frequency:

hours/day: Click here to enter text. And days/week: Click here to

Attach a separate engineering report with the method of application and design requirements according to *30 TAC Chapter 217*.

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

Section 2. Edwards Aquifer (Instructions Page 82)

Is the facility subject to 30 TAC Chapter 213, Edwards Aquifer Rules?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🗆

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If yes, attach a report concerning the recharge zone.

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

DOMESTIC WORKSHEET 3.2

SUBSURFACE LAND DISPOSAL OF EFFLUENT

The following is required for new and major amendment applications.

Renewal and minor amendments may require the worksheet on a case by

case basis.

NOTE: All applicants proposing new/amended subsurface disposal MUST complete and submit Worksheet 7.0. This worksheet applies to any subsurface disposal system that does not meet the definition of a subsurface area drip dispersal system as defined in *30 TAC Chapter 222, Subsurface Area Drip Dispersal System.*

Section 1. Subsurface Application (Instructions Page 83)

Identify the type of system:

- Conventional Gravity Drainfield, Beds, or Trenches (new systems must be less than 5,000 GPD)
- Low Pressure Dosing
- □ Other, specify: Click here to enter text.

Application area, in acres: Click here to enter text.

Area of drainfield, in square feet: Click here to enter text.

Application rate, in gal/square foot/day: Click here to enter text.

Depth to groundwater, in feet: Click here to enter text.

Area of trench, in square feet: Click here to enter text.

Dosing duration per area, in hours: Click here to enter text.

Number of beds: Click here to enter text.

Dosing amount per area, in inches/day: Click here to enter text.

Infiltration rate, in inches/hour: Click here to enter text.

Storage volume, in gallons: Click here to enter text.

Area of bed(s), in square feet: Click here to enter text

Soil Classification: Click here to enter text.

Attach a separate engineering report with the information required in 30 *TAC § 309.20*, excluding the requirements of § 309.20 b(3)(A) and (B) design analysis which may be asked for on a case by case basis. Include a description of the schedule of dosing basin rotation.

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

Section 2. Edwards Aquifer (Instructions Page 83)

Is the subsurface system located on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone as mapped by the TCEQ?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🗖

Is the subsurface system located on the Edwards Aquifer Transition Zone as mapped by the TCEQ?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🗆

If yes to either question, the subsurface system may be prohibited by *30 TAC §213.8*. Please call the Municipal Permits Team, at 512-239-4671, to schedule a pre-application meeting.

DOMESTIC WORKSHEET 3.3

SUBSURFACE AREA DRIP DISPERSAL SYSTEM (SADDS) LAND DISPOSAL OF EFFLUENT

The following is required for new and major amendment subsurface area drip dispersal system applications. Renewal and minor amendments may

require the worksheet on a case by case basis.

NOTE: All applicants proposing new or amended subsurface disposal MUST complete and submit Worksheet 7.0. This worksheet applies to any subsurface disposal system that meets the definition of a subsurface area drip dispersal system as defined in *30 TAC Chapter 222, Subsurface Area Drip Dispersal System.*

Section 1. Administrative Information (Instructions Page 84)

A. Provide the legal name of all corporations or other business entities managed, owned, or otherwise closely related to the owner of the treatment facility.

Click here to enter text.

- **B.** Is the owner of the land where the treatment facility is located the same as the owner of the treatment facility?
 - Yes 🗆 No 🗆

If **no**, provide the legal name of all corporations or other business entities managed, owned, or otherwise closely related to the owner of the land where the treatment facility is located.

Click here to enter text.

C. Owner of the subsurface area drip dispersal system:

Click here to enter text.

D. Is the owner of the subsurface area drip dispersal system the same as the owner of the wastewater treatment facility or the site where the wastewater treatment facility is located?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🗆

If **no**, identify the names of all corporations or other business entities managed, owned, or otherwise closely related to the entity identified in Item 1.C.

Click here to enter text.

E. Owner of the land where the subsurface area drip dispersal system is located:

Click here to enter text.

F. Is the owner of the land where the subsurface area drip dispersal system is located the same as owner of the wastewater treatment facility, the site where the wastewater treatment facility is located, or the owner of the subsurface area drip dispersal system?

Yes □ No □

If **no**, identify the name of all corporations or other business entities managed, owned, or otherwise closely related to the entity identified in item 1.E.

Click here to enter text.

Section 2. Subsurface Area Drip Dispersal System (Instructions Page 84)

A. Type of system

- □ Subsurface Drip Irrigation
- □ Surface Drip Irrigation
- □ Other, specify: Click here to enter text.

B. Irrigation operations

Application area, in acres: Click here to enter text.

Infiltration Rate, in inches/hour: Click here to enter text.

Average slope of the application area, percent (%): Click here to enter text.

Maximum slope of the application area, percent (%): Click here to enter text.

Storage volume, in gallons: Click here to enter text

Major soil series: Click here to enter text.

Depth to groundwater, in feet: Click here to enter text.

C. Application rate

Is the facility located **west** of the boundary shown in *30 TAC § 222.83* **and** also using a vegetative cover of non-native grasses over seeded with cool

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season grasses during the winter months (October-March)? Yes \Box No \Box

If yes, then the facility may propose a hydraulic application rate not to exceed 0.1 gal/square foot/day.

Is the facility located **east** of the boundary shown in *30 TAC § 222.83* **or** in any part of the state when the vegetative cover is any crop other than non-native grasses?

Yes □ No □

If **yes**, the facility must use the formula in *30 TAC §222.83* to calculate the maximum hydraulic application rate.

Do you plan to submit an alternative method to calculate the hydraulic application rate for approval by the executive director?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🗆

Hydraulic application rate, in gal/square foot/day: Chick here to enter lext

Nitrogen application rate, in lbs/gal/day: Click here to enter text

D. Dosing information

Number of doses per day: Click here to enter text.

Dosing duration per area, in hours: Click here to enter text.

Rest period between doses, in hours: Click here to enter text.

Dosing amount per area, in inches/day: Click here to enter text.

Number of zones: Click here to enter text.

Does the proposed subsurface drip irrigation system use tree vegetative cover as a crop?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🗆

If **yes**, provide a vegetation survey by a certified arborist. Please call the Water Quality Assessment Team at (512) 239-4671 to schedule a pre-application meeting.

Attachment: Click here to enter rext.

Section 3. Required Plans (Instructions Page 84)

A. Recharge feature plan

Attach a Recharge Feature Plan with all information required in *30 TAC §222.79*.

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

B. Soil evaluation

Attach a Soil Evaluation with all information required in 30 TAC §222.73.

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

C. Site preparation plan

Attach a Site Preparation Plan with all information required in *30 TAC §222.75*.

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

D. Soil sampling/testing

Attach soil sampling and testing that includes all information required in *30 TAC §222.157*.

Attachment: Click here to enler text.

Section 4. Floodway Designation (Instructions Page 85)

A. Site location

Is the existing/proposed land application site within a designated floodway?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🗆

B. Flood map

Attach either the FEMA flood map or alternate information used to determine the floodway.

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

Section 5. Surface Waters in the State (Instructions Page 85)

A. Buffer Map

Attach a map showing appropriate buffers on surface waters in the state, water wells, and springs/seeps.

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

B. Buffer variance request

Do you plan to request a buffer variance from water wells or waters in the

state?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🗆

If yes, then attach the additional information required in 30 TAC § 222.81(c).

Attachment: Click here to enter text.

Section 6. Edwards Aquifer (Instructions Page 85)

A. Is the SADDS located on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone as mapped by the TCEQ?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🗆

B. Is the SADDS located on the Edwards Aquifer Transition Zone as mapped by the TCEQ?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🗆

If yes to either question, then the SADDS may be prohibited by *30 TAC §213.8*. Please call the Municipal Permits Team at 512-239-4671 to schedule a pre-application meeting.

DOMESTIC WORKSHEET 4.0

POLLUTANT ANALYSES REQUIREMENTS*

The following is required for facilities with a permitted or proposed flow of 1.0 MGD or greater, facilities with an approved pretreatment program, or facilities classified as a major facility. See instructions for further details.

This worksheet is not required for minor amendments without renewal

Section 1. Toxic Pollutants (Instructions Page 87)

For pollutants identified in Table 4.0(1), indicate the type of sample.

Grab \Box Composite \Box

Date and time sample(s) collected: Click here to enter text.

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (μg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (μg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Acrylonitrile				50
Aldrin				0.01
Aluminum				2.5
Anthracene				10
Antimony				5
Arsenic				0.5
Barium				3
Benzene				10
Benzidine				50
Benzo(a)anthracene				5

Table 4.0(1) - Toxics Analysis

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (μg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (μg/l)
Benzo(a)pyrene				5
Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether				10
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate				10
Bromodichloromethane				10
Bromoform				10
Cadmium				1
Carbon Tetrachloride				2
Carbaryl				5
Chlordane*				0.2
Chlorobenzene				10
Chlorodibromomethane				10
Chloroform				10
Chlorpyrifos				0.05
Chromium (Total)				3
Chromium (Tri) (*1)				N/A
Chromium (Hex)				3
Copper				2
Chrysene				5
p-Chloro-m-Cresol				10
4,6-Dinitro-o-Cresol				50
p-Cresol				10

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (μg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (μg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Cyanide (*2)				10
4,4'- DDD				0.1
4,4'- DDE				0.1
4,4'- DDT				0.02
2,4-D				0.7
Demeton (O and S)				0.20
Diazinon				0.5/0.1
1,2-Dibromoethane				10
m-Dichlorobenzene				10
o-Dichlorobenzene				10
p-Dichlorobenzene				10
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine				5
1,2-Dichloroethane				10
1,1-Dichloroethylene				10
Dichloromethane				20
1,2-Dichloropropane				10
1,3-Dichloropropene				10
Dicofol				1
Dieldrin				0.02
2,4-Dimethylphenol				10
Di-n-Butyl Phthalate				10

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (μg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (μg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Diuron				0.09
Endosulfan I (alpha)				0.01
Endosulfan II (beta)				0.02
Endosulfan Sulfate				0.1
Endrin				0.02
Ethylbenzene				10
Fluoride				500
Guthion				0.1
Heptachlor				0.01
Heptachlor Epoxide				0.01
Hexachlorobenzene				5
Hexachlorobutadiene				10
Hexachlorocyclohexane (alpha)				0.05
Hexachlorocyclohexane (beta)				0.05
gamma-Hexachlorocyclohexane (Lindane)				0.05
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene				10
Hexachloroethane				20
Hexachlorophene				10
Lead				0.5
Malathion				0.1

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (μg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Mercury				0.005
Methoxychlor				2
Methyl Ethyl Ketone				50
Mirex				0.02
Nickel				2
Nitrate-Nitrogen				100
Nitrobenzene				10
N-Nitrosodiethylamine				20
N-Nitroso-di-n-Butylamine				20
Nonylphenol				333
Parathion (ethyl)				0.1
Pentachlorobenzene		II		20
Pentachlorophenol				5
Phenanthrene				10
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB's) (*3)				0.2
Pyridine				20
Selenium			П	5
Silver				0.5
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene				20
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane				10

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (μg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Tetrachloroethylene				10
Thallium				0.5
Toluene				10
Toxaphene				0.3
2,4,5-TP (Silvex)				0.3
Tributyltin (see instructions for explanation)				0.01
1,1,1-Trichloroethane				10
1,1,2-Trichloroethane				10
Trichloroethylene				10
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol				50
TTHM (Total Trihalomethanes)				10
Vinyl Chloride				10
Zinc				5

(*1) Determined by subtracting hexavalent Cr from total Cr.

(*2) Cyanide, amenable to chlorination or weak-acid dissociable.

(*3) The sum of seven PCB congeners 1242, 1254, 1221, 1232, 1248,

1260, and 1016.

Section 2. Priority Pollutants

For pollutants identified in Tables 4.0(2)A-E, indicate type of sample.

Grab \Box Composite \Box

Date and time sample(s) collected: Chels have to enter text.

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Antimony				5
Arsenic				0.5
Beryllium				0.5
Cadmium				1
Chromium (Total)				3
Chromium (Hex)				3
Chromium (Tri) (*1)				N/A
Copper				2
Lead				0.5
Mercury				0.005
Nickel				2
Selenium				5
Silver				0.5
Thallium				0.5
Zinc				5
Cyanide (*2)				10
Phenols, Total				10

Table 4.0(2)A - Metals, Cyanide, Phenols

(*1) Determined by subtracting hexavalent Cr from total Cr.

(*2) Cyanide, amenable to chlorination or weak-acid dissociable

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Acrolein				50
Acrylonitrile				50
Benzene				10
Bromoform				10
Carbon Tetrachloride				2
Chlorobenzene				10
Chlorodibromomethane				10
Chloroethane				50
2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether				10
Chloroform				10
Dichlorobromomethane				
[Bromodichloromethane]				10
1,1-Dichloroethane				10
1,2-Dichloroethane				10
1,1-Dichloroethylene				10
1,2-Dichloropropane				10
1,3-Dichloropropylene				
[1,3-Dichloropropene]				10
1,2-Trans-Dichloroethylene				10
Ethylbenzene				10
Methyl Bromide				50
Methyl Chloride				50
Methylene Chloride				20
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane				10
Tetrachloroethylene				10

Table 4.0(2)B – Volatile Compounds

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Toluene				10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane				10
1,1,2-Trichloroethane				10
Trichloroethylene				10
Vinyl Chloride				10

Table 4.0(2)C – Acid Compounds

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
2-Chlorophenol				10
2,4-Dichlorophenol				10
2,4-Dimethylphenol				10
4,6-Dinitro-o-Cresol				50
2,4-Dinitrophenol				50
2-Nitrophenol				20
4-Nitrophenol				50
P-Chloro-m-Cresol				10
Pentalchlorophenol				5
Phenol				10
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol				10

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Acenaphthene				10
Acenaphthylene				10
Anthracene				10
Benzidine				50
Benzo(a)Anthracene				5
Benzo(a)Pyrene				5
3,4-Benzofluoranthene				10
Benzo(ghi)Perylene				20
Benzo(k)Fluoranthene				5
Bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane				10
Bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether				10
Bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether				10
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate				10
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether				10
Butyl benzyl Phthalate				10
2-Chloronaphthalene				10
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether				10
Chrysene				5
Dibenzo(a,h)Anthracene				5
1,2-(o)Dichlorobenzene				10
1,3-(m)Dichlorobenzene				10
1,4-(p)Dichlorobenzene				10
3,3-Dichlorobenzidine				5
Diethyl Phthalate				10
Dimethyl Phthalate				10

Table 4.0(2)D – Base/Neutral Compounds

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Di-n-Butyl Phthalate				10
2,4-Dinitrotoluene				10
2,6-Dinitrotoluene				10
Di-n-Octyl Phthalate				10
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine (as Azo-				
benzene)				20
Fluoranthene				10
Fluorene				10
Hexachlorobenzene				5
Hexachlorobutadiene				10
Hexachlorocyclo-pentadiene				10
Hexachloroethane				20
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene				5
Isophorone				10
Naphthalene				10
Nitrobenzene				10
N-Nitrosodimethylamine				50
N-Nitrosodi-n-Propylamine				20
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine				20
Phenanthrene				10
Pyrene				10
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene				10

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (μg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Aldrin				0.01
alpha-BHC				
(Hexachlorocyclohexane)				0.05
beta-BHC				
(Hexachlorocyclohexane)				0.05
gamma-BHC				
(Hexachlorocyclohexane)				0.05
delta-BHC				
(Hexachlorocyclohexane)				0.05
Chlordane				0.2
4,4-DDT				0.02
4,4-DDE				0.1
4,4,-DDD				0.1
Dieldrin				0.02
Endosulfan I (alpha)				0.01
Endosulfan II (beta)				0.02
Endosulfan Sulfate				0.1
Endrin				0.02
Endrin Aldehyde				0.1
Heptachlor				0.01
Heptachlor Epoxide				0.01
PCB-1242				0.2
РСВ-1254				0.2
PCB-1221				0.2
PCB-1232				0.2

Table 4.0(2)E - Pesticides

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
PCB-1248				0.2
PCB-1260				0.2
PCB-1016				0.2
Toxaphene				0.3

* For PCBS, if all are non-detects, enter the highest non-detect preceded by a "<".

Section 3. Dioxin/Furan Compounds

- **A.** Indicate which of the following compounds from may be present in the influent from a contributing industrial user or significant industrial user. Check all that apply.
- 2-(2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy) propanoic acid
 Common Name Silvex or 2,4,5-TP, CASRN 93-72-1
- 2-(2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy) ethyl 2,2-dichloropropionate
 Common Name Erbon, CASRN 136-25-4
- 0,0-dimethyl 0-(2,4,5-trichlorophenyl) phosphorothioate
 Common Name Ronnel, CASRN 299-84-3
- 2,4,5-trichlorophenol
 Common Name TCP, CASRN 95-95-4
- hexachlorophene
 Common Name HCP, CASRN 70-30-4

For each compound identified, provide a brief description of the conditions of its/their presence at the facility.

Click here to enter text.

B. Do you know or have any reason to believe that 2,3,7,8 Tetrachlorodibenzo-P-Dioxin (TCDD) or any congeners of TCDD may be present in your effluent?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🗆

If **yes**, provide a brief description of the conditions for its presence.

Click here to enter text.

If any of the compounds in Subsection A **or** B are present, complete Table 4.0(2)F.

For pollutants identified in Table 4.0(2)F, indicate the type of sample.

Grab \Box Composite \Box

Date and time sample(s) collected: Click here to enter text.

Compound	Toxic Equivalency Factors	Wastewater Concentration (ppq)	Wastewater Equivalents (ppq)	Sludge Concentration (ppt)	Sludge Equivalents (ppt)	MAL (ppq)
2,3,7,8 TCDD	1					10
1,2,3,7,8	0.5					50
2,3,7,8 HxCDDs	0.1					50
1,2,3,4,6,7,8 HpCDD	0.01					50
2,3,7,8 TCDF	0.1					10
1,2,3,7,8 PeCDF	0.05					50
2,3,4,7,8 PeCDF	0.5					50
2,3,7,8 HxCDFs	0.1					50
2,3,4,7,8	0.01					50
OCDD	0.0003					100
OCDF	0.0003					100
РСВ 77	0.0001					0.5
PCB 81	0.0003					0.5

TABLE 4.0(2)F - DIOXIN/FURAN COMPOUNDS

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Compound	Toxic Equivalency Factors	Wastewater Concentration (ppq)	Wastewater Equivalents (ppq)	Sludge Concentration (ppt)	Sludge Equivalents (ppt)	MAL (ppq)	
PCB 126	0.1					0.5	
PCB 169	0.03					0.5	
Total							

DOMESTIC WORKSHEET 5.0

TOXICITY TESTING REQUIREMENTS

The following is required for facilities with a currently-operating design flow greater than or equal to 1.0 MGD, with an EPA-approved pretreatment program (or those that are required to have one under 40 CFR Part 403), or are required by the TCEQ to perform Whole Effluent Toxicity testing. This worksheet is not required for minor amendments without renewal.

Section 1. Required Tests (Instructions Page 97)

Indicate the number of 7-day chronic or 48-hour acute Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) tests performed in the four and one-half years prior to submission of the application.

7-day Chronic: Click liere to enter text.

48-hour Acute: Click here to enter text.

Section 2. Toxicity Reduction Evaluations (TREs)

Has this facility completed a TRE in the past four and a half years? Or is the facility currently performing a TRE?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🗆

If yes, describe the progress to date, if applicable, in identifying and confirming the toxicant.

Click here to enter text.

Section 3. Summary of WET Tests

If the required biomonitoring test information has not been previously submitted via both the Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs) and the Table 1 (as found in the permit), provide a summary of the testing results for all valid and invalid tests performed over the past four and one-half years. Make additional copies of this table as needed.

Test Date	Test Species	NOEC Survival	NOEC Sub- lethal

DOMESTIC WORKSHEET 6.0

INDUSTRIAL WASTE CONTRIBUTION

The following is required for all publicly owned treatment works (POTWs)

Section 1. All POTWs (Instructions Page 99)

A. Industrial users

Provide the number of each of the following types of industrial users (IUs) that discharge to your POTW and the daily flows from each user. See the Instructions for definitions of Categorical IUs, Significant IUs – non-categorical, and Other IUs.

If there are no users, enter 0 (zero).

Categorical IUs:

Number of IUs: 0

Average Daily Flows, in MGD: <u>0</u>

Significant IUs - non-categorical:

Number of IUs: 0

Average Daily Flows, in MGD: 0

Other IUs:

Number of IUs: <u>0</u>

Average Daily Flows, in MGD: <u>0</u>

B. Treatment plant interference

In the past three years, has your POTW experienced treatment plant interference (see instructions)?

Yes 🗆 No 🖾

If yes, identify the dates, duration, description of interference, and probable cause(s) and possible source(s) of each interference event. Include the names of the IUs that may have caused the interference.

Click here to enter text.

C. Treatment plant pass through

In the past three years, has your POTW experienced pass through (see instructions)?

> No 🖾 Yes 🔲

If yes, identify the dates, duration, a description of the pollutants passing through the treatment plant, and probable cause(s) and possible source(s) of each pass through event. Include the names of the IUs that may have caused pass through.

Click here to enter text.

D. Pretreatment program

Does your POTW have an approved pretreatment program? Yes 🗆

No 🖾

If yes, complete Section 2 only of this Worksheet.

Is your POTW required to develop an approved pretreatment program? Yes 🗆 No 🖾

If ves, complete Section 2.c. and 2.d. only, and skip Section 3.

If no to either question above, skip Section 2 and complete Section 3 for each significant industrial user and categorical industrial user.

Section 2. POTWs with Approved Programs or Those Required to **Develop a Program (Instructions Page 100)**

A. Substantial modifications

Have there been any **substantial modifications** to the approved pretreatment program that have not been submitted to the TCEQ for approval according to 40 CFR §403.18?

> Yes 🗆 No 🗆

If yes, identify the modifications that have not been submitted to TCEQ, including the purpose of the modification.

Elick here to enter text.

B. Non-substantial modifications

Have there been any **non-substantial modifications** to the approved pretreatment program that have not been submitted to TCEQ for review and acceptance?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🗆

If yes, identify all non-substantial modifications that have not been submitted to TCEQ, including the purpose of the modification.

Click here to enter text.

C. Effluent parameters above the MAL

In Table 6.0(1), list all parameters measured above the MAL in the POTW's effluent monitoring during the last three years. Submit an attachment if necessary.

Pollutant	Concentration	MAL	Units	Date

Table 6.0(1) - Parameters Above the MAL

D. Industrial user interruptions

Has any SIU, CIU, or other IU caused or contributed to any problems (excluding interferences or pass throughs) at your POTW in the past three years?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🗆

If yes, identify the industry, describe each episode, including dates, duration, description of the problems, and probable pollutants.

Click here to enter text.

Section 3. Significant Industrial User (SIU) Information and Categorical Industrial User (CIU) (Instructions Page 100)

A. General information

Company Name: <u>N/A</u>

SIC Code: Click here to enter text.

Telephone number: Click here to enter text. Fax number: Click here to enter

text.

Contact name: Click here to enter text.

Address: Click here to enter text.

City, State, and Zip Code: Click here to enter text.

B. Process information

Describe the industrial processes or other activities that affect or contribute to the SIU(s) or CIU(s) discharge (i.e., process and non-process wastewater).

Click here to enter text.

C. Product and service information

Provide a description of the principal product(s) or services performed.

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Click here to enter text.

D. Flow rate information

See the Instructions for definitions of "process" and "non-process wastewater." Process Wastewater:

Discharge, in gallons/day: Click here to enter text.

Discharge Type:
Continuous
Batch
Intermittent

Non-Process Wastewater:

Discharge, in gallons/day: Click here to enter text.

Discharge Type: □ Continuous □ Batch □ Intermittent

E. Pretreatment standards

Is the SIU or CIU subject to technically based local limits as defined in the instructions?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🖾

Is the SIU or CIU subject to categorical pretreatment standards found in *40 CFR Parts 405-471*?

Yes 🗆 🛛 No 🖾

If subject to categorical pretreatment standards, indicate the applicable category and subcategory for each categorical process.

Category: Click here to enter text. Subcategories: Click here to enter text.

Category: Click here to enter text. Subcategories: Click here to enter text.

Category: Click here to enter text. Subcategories: Click here to enter text.

Category: Click here to enter text. Subcategories: Click here to enter text.

Category: Click here to enter text. Subcategories: Click here to enter text.

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F. Industrial user interruptions

Has the SIU or CIU caused or contributed to any problems (e.g., interferences, pass through, odors, corrosion, blockages) at your POTW in the past three years?

Yes 🖾 No 🖾

If yes, identify the SIU, describe each episode, including dates, duration, description of problems, and probable pollutants.

Click here to enter text.

WORKSHEET 7.0

TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY CLASS V INJECTION WELL INVENTORY/AUTHORIZATION FORM

Submit to: TCEQ IUC Permits Team Radioactive Materials Division MC-233 PO Box 13087 Austin, Texas 78711-3087 512-239-6466

For TCEQ Use Only

Reg. No._____

Date Received____

Date Authorized_

Section 1. General Information (Instructions Page 102)

1. TCEQ Program Area

Program Area (PST, VCP, IHW, etc.): Click here to enter lext.

Program ID: Click here to enter text.

Contact Name: Click here to enter text.

Phone Number: Click here to enter text.

2. Agent/Consultant Contact Information

Contact Name: Click here to enter text.

Address: Click here to enter text.

City, State, and Zip Code: Click here to enter text.

Phone Number: Click here to enter text

3. Owner/Operator Contact Information

Owner □ Operator □

Owner/Operator Name: Click here to enter text.

Contact Name: Click here to enter text.

Address: Click here to enter text.

City, State, and Zip Code: Click here to enter text.

Phone Number: Click here to enter text.

4. Facility Contact Information

Facility Name: Click here to enter text.

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Address: Click here to enter text.

City, State, and Zip Code: Click here to enter text. Location description (if no address is available): Click here to enter text Facility Contact Person: Click here to enter text. Phone Number: Click here to enter text.

5. Latitude and Longitude, in degrees-minutes-seconds

Latitude: Click here to enter text, Longitude: Click here to enter text. Method of determination (GPS, TOPO, etc.): Click here to enter text. Attach topographic quadrangle map as attachment A.

6. Well Information

Type of Well Construction, select one:

- Vertical Injection
- Subsurface Fluid Distribution System
- Infiltration Gallery
- Temporary Injection Points
- □ Other, Specify: Click here to enter text.

Number of Injection Wells: Click here to enter text.

7. Purpose

Detailed Description regarding purpose of Injection System:

Click here to enter text.

Attach a Site Map as Attachment B (Attach the Approved Remediation Plan, if appropriate.)

8. Water Well Driller/Installer

Water Well Driller/Installer Name: Click here to enter text.

City, State, and Zip Code: Click here to enter text.

Phone Number: Click here to enter text.

License Number: Click here to enter text.

Section 2. Proposed Down Hole Design

Attach a diagram signed and sealed by a licensed engineer as Attachment C.

Table 7.0(1) -Down	Hole Design Table
--------------------	-------------------

Name of	Size	Setting	Sacks Cement/Grout -	Hole	Weight
String		Depth	Slurry Volume – Top of	Size	(lbs/ft)
			Cement		PVC/Steel
Casing					
Tubing					
Screen					

Section 3. Proposed Trench System, Subsurface Fluid Distribution System, or Infiltration Gallery

Attach a diagram signed and sealed by a licensed engineer as Attachment D. System(s) Dimensions:

System(s) Construction: Click here to enter text.

Section 4. Site Hydrogeological and Injection Zone Data

- 1. Name of Contaminated Aquifer: Click here to enter text
- 2. Receiving Formation Name of Injection Zone: Click here to enter text.
- 3. Well/Trench Total Depth: Click here to enter text.
- 4. Surface Elevation: Click here to enter text.
- 5. Depth to Ground Water: Click here to enter text.
- 6. Injection Zone Depth: Click here to enter text.
- **7.** Injection Zone vertically isolated geologically? Yes □ No □

Impervious Strata between Injection Zone and nearest Underground Source of Drinking Water:

Name: Click here to enter text.

Thickness: Click here to enter text.

8. Provide a list of contaminants and the levels (ppm) in contaminated aquifer

Attach as Attachment E.

- **9.** Horizontal and Vertical extent of contamination and injection plume Attach as Attachment F.
- Formation (Injection Zone) Water Chemistry (Background levels) TDS, etc. Attach as Attachment G.
- Injection Fluid Chemistry in PPM at point of injection Attach as Attachment H.
- **12.** Lowest Known Depth of Ground Water with < 10,000 PPM TDS: Click bere to enter text.
- 13. Maximum injection Rate/Volume/Pressure: Click here to enter text.
- **14.** Water wells within 1/4 mile radius (attach map as Attachment I):
- **15.** Injection wells within 1/4 mile radius (attach map as Attachment J):
- 16. Monitor wells within 1/4 mile radius (attach drillers logs and map as Attachment K): Check here to entertext.
- 17. Sampling frequency: Click here to enter text.
- 18. Known hazardous components in injection fluid: Click here to enter text.

Section 5. Site History

- 1. Type of Facility: Click here to enter text.
- 2. Contamination Dates: Click here to enter text.
- **3.** Original Contamination (VOCs, TPH, BTEX, etc.) and Concentrations (attach as Attachment L): Click here to enter text.
- 4. Previous Remediation: Click here to enter text.

Attach results of any previous remediation as attachment M

NOTE: Authorization Form should be completed in detail and authorization given by the TCEQ before construction, operation, and/or conversion can

Page **79** of **80**

begin. Attach additional pages as necessary.

Class V Injection Well Designations

5A07	Heat Pump/AC return (IW used for groundwater to heat and/or cool buildings)
5A19	Industrial Cooling Water Return Flow (IW used to cool industrial process
5B22	equipment) Salt Water Intrusion Barrier (IW used to inject fluids to prevent the intrusion
JDZZ	of salt water into an aquifer)
5D02	Storm Water Drainage (IW designed for the disposal of rain water)
5D04	Industrial Stormwater Drainage Wells (IW designed for the disposal of rain water associated with industrial facilities)
5F01	Agricultural Drainage (IW that receive agricultural runoff)
5R21	Aquifer Recharge (IW used to inject fluids to recharge an aquifer)
5S23	Subsidence Control Wells (IW used to control land subsidence caused by ground water withdrawal)
5W09	Untreated Sewage
5W10	Large Capacity Cesspools (Cesspools that are designed for 5,000 gpd or greater)
5W11	Large Capacity Septic systems (Septic systems designed for 5,000 gpd or greater)
5W12	WTTP disposal
5W20	Industrial Process Waste Disposal Wells
5W31	Septic System (Well Disposal method)
5W32	Septic System Drainfield Disposal
5X13	Mine Backfill (IW used to control subsidence, dispose of mining byproducts, and/or fill sections of a mine)
5X25	Experimental Wells (Pilot Test) (IW used to test new technologies or tracer dye studies)
5X26	Aquifer Remediation (IW used to clean up, treat, or prevent contamination of a USDW)
5X27	Other Wells
5X28	Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Wells (IW used to dispose of waste from a motor vehicle site - These are currently banned)
5X29	Abandoned Drinking Water Wells (waste disposal)

ATTACHMENT #1

TCEQ Core Data Form & Application Fee Check

Prepared By:



info@jacobmartin.com

www.jacobmartin.com

 (\mathbf{Q})

3465 Curry Lane

Abilene, TX 76906

1508 Santa Fe, Suite 203

Weatherford, TX 76086

C

325.695.1070

817.594.9880

(d



TCEQ Core Data Form

For detailed instructions on completing this form, please read the Core Data Form Instructions or call 512-239-5175.

SECTION I: General Information

1. Reason for Submission (If other is checked please	describe in space provided.)		
New Permit, Registration or Authorization (Core L	ata Form should be submitted with	the program application.)	
Renewal (Core Data Form should be submitted wi	Other		
2. Customer Reference Number (if issued)	3. Regulated Entity Reference Number (if issued)		
CN 600735526	for CN or RN numbers in Central Registry**	RN 101268829	

SECTION II: Customer Information

New Customer		MII		4. General Customer Information 5. Effective Date for Customer Information Updates (mm/dd/yyyy)							
	Name (Verifia)		pdate to Custom	ner Informati	ion		Chan	ge in Regulated Ent	ity Owne	rship	
	Name (vermar					otroller	of Public	Accounts)			
The Customer No	ame submitte	d here may l	be updated au	tomaticall	y base	d on w	hat is cu	irrent and active	with th	e Texas Secre	etary of State
(SOS) or Texas Ca					•						
6. Customer Lega	al Name (If an	individual, pri	nt last name firs	t: eg: Doe, Jo	ohn)			If new Customer,	enter pre	vious Custome	r below:
City of Munday											
7. TX SOS/CPA Fi	iling Number		8. TX State T	ax ID (11 di	gits)			9. Federal Tax I (9 digits)	D	10. DUNS N applicable)	lumber (if
11. Type of Customer: Corporation					1		idual Partners		ership: 🔲 General 🔲 Limited		
Government: 🛛 Ci				Other		[Sole P	Sole Proprietorship Other:			_
12. Number of E	mployees							13. Independer	ntly Ow	ned and Ope	rated?
🛛 0-20 🔲 21-1	.00 🗌 101-2	250 🗋 251-	500 🗌 501 a	nd higher				🛛 Yes	🗌 No		
14. Customer Ro	le (Proposed o	r Actual) – <i>as i</i>	t relates to the F	Regulated En	ntity liste	ed on t	his form.	Please check one oj	the follo	wing	
Owner	1. A 1.	erator Responsible Pa		ner & Opera CP/BSA App				Cther:			
15. Mailing	O Box 39										
Address:	ity Mund	lay		State	TX		ZIP	76371		ZIP + 4	
16. Country Mail	ling Informat	ion (if outside	USA)			17.6	E-Mail A	ddress (if applicab	ie)		
						citym	nanager@	mundaytx.com			
18. Telephone N	umber		1	9. Extensio	on or C	ode		20. Fax M	lumber	(if applicable)	

SECTION III: Regulated Entity Information

				the state is also a	anvirad)			
21. General Regulated E	Entity Information (If	'New Regulated Entit	ty" is selected, a new pe	rmit application is also r	equirea.)			
New Regulated Entity								
The Regulated Entity No as Inc, LP, or LLC).	ame submitted may l	be updated, in ord	er to meet TCEQ Cord	e Data Standards (ren	noval of organizational endings such			
22. Regulated Entity Na	me (Enter name of the	site where the regula	ated action is taking plac	:e.)				
City of Mudnay WWTP								
23. Street Address of the Regulated Entity:								
<u>(No PO Boxes)</u>	City	Stat	te	ZIP	ZIP + 4			
24. County	Клох	Knox						
				5 20 are required				

If no Street Address is provided, fields 25-28 are required.

25. Description to	Immediatel	y S of FM 1587, ap	prox. 5.9 miles E of th	ie intersectio	n of SH 277 a	ind FM 222			
Physical Location:	_					State		Nea	rest ZIP Code
26. Nearest City								7637	11
Munday					1	ТХ			
Latitude/Longitude are r used to supply coordinat	equired and es where no	l may be added, ne have been p	/updated to meet 1 rovided or to gain	CEQ Core E accuracy).	Data Standa	rds. (Geoc	oding of th		
27. Latitude (N) In Decim	al:	33.405613		28. Longitude (W) In Decir			nal:	-99.554636	
Degrees	grees Minutes		Seconds		Degrees		Minutes		Seconds
29. Primary SIC Code30. Secondary SIC Code31. Primary NAICS Code32. Secondary NAICS Code(4 digits)(4 digits)(5 or 6 digits)(5 or 6 digits)									CS Code
4952	22132	132							
33. What is the Primary	Business of	this entity? (De	o not repeat the SIC o	r NAICS desc	ription.)				
Collection and treatment of	wastewater.								
	PO Box 39)							
34. Mailing									
Address:	City	Munday	State	ТХ	ZIP	76371		ZIP + 4	
35. E-Mail Address: citymanager@mund			aytx.com			.11.			
36. Telephone Number			37. Extension or	Code	38. F	ax Numbe	er (if applica	ble)	
(940) 422-4331				() -				

39. TCEQ Programs and ID Numbers Check all Programs and write in the permits/registration numbers that will be affected by the updates submitted on this form. See the Core Data Form instructions for additional guidance.

Dam Safety	Districts	Edwards Aquifer	Emissions Inventory Air	Industrial Hazardous Waste
🗌 Municipal Solid Waste	New Source Review Air	C OSSF	Petroleum Storage Tank	D PWS
Sludge	Storm Water	Title V Air		Used Oil
Voluntary Cleanup	Wastewater	Wastewater Agriculture	Water Rights	Other:

SECTION IV: Preparer Information

40. Name:	Sarah Fernar	ndez		41. Title:	Environmental Coordinator
42. Telephone Number 43. Ext./Code		44. Fax Number	45. E-Mail Address		
(325) 695-1070		() +	sfernandez	@jacobmartin.com	

SECTION V: Authorized Signature

46. By my signature below, I certify, to the best of my knowledge, that the information provided in this form is true and complete, and that I have signature authority to submit this form on behalf of the entity specified in Section II, Field 6 and/or as required for the updates to the ID numbers identified in field 39.

Company:	City of Mur	nday		Job Title:	City Manager			
Name (In Print):	David Trevi	no				Phone:	(940) 422- 4331	
Signature:	10		(Date:	2/20/24	

WATER QUALITY PERMIT

PAYMENT SUBMITTAL FORM

Use this form to submit the Application Fee, if the mailing the payment.

- Complete items 1 through 5 below.
- Staple the check or money order in the space provided at the bottom of this document.
- Do not mail this form with the application form.
- Do not mail this form to the same address as the application.
- Do not submit a copy of the application with this form as it could cause duplicate permit entries.

Mail this form and the check or money order to:

BY REGULAR U.S. MAIL

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Financial Administration Division Cashier's Office, MC-214 P.O. Box 13088 Austin, Texas 78711-3088

BY OVERNIGHT/EXPRESS MAIL

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Financial Administration Division Cashier's Office, MC-214 12100 Park 35 Circle Austin, Texas 78753

Fee Code: WQPWaste Permit No: WQ0010228002

- 1. Check or Money Order Number: 007445
- 2. Check or Money Order Amount: <u>815.00</u>
- 3. Date of Check or Money Order: <u>02/20/2024</u>
- 4. Name on Check or Money Order: City of Munday
- 5. APPLICATION INFORMATION

Name of Project or Site: <u>City of Munday WWTP</u>

Physical Address of Project or Site: <u>located approx. 5.9 mi southeast of the intersection of FM</u> 222 and State HWY 277, in Knox Co. TX 76371

If the check is for more than one application, attach a list which includes the name of each Project or Site (RE) and Physical Address, exactly as provided on the application.

ENTE	OF MUNDAY RPRISE ACCT O BOX 39		First Bank *Texas	111 S. Munday Avenue P.O. Box 10 Munday, Texas 76371 Ph. (940) 422-4322		
	DAY, TX 76371			DATE	2/20/2024	ails on back.
PAY TO THE ORDER OF	TCEQ Cushers Office	*****	*****	\$	**815.00	OLLARS Del
	TEXAS COMMISION ON ENVIRONMENTAL P.O. BOX 13089 AUSTIN, TX 78711-3089	QUALI	Pol	St EB	Ewen	88 1
Memo Pe	ermit No: WQ0010228002		-01	AUTHORIZED SIGNATURE	>	

ATTACHMENT #2

USGS Topographic Map/ SPIFF With location of wells, and boundaries of application area

Prepared By:



info@jacobmartin.com

www.jacobmartin.com

C

325.695.1070

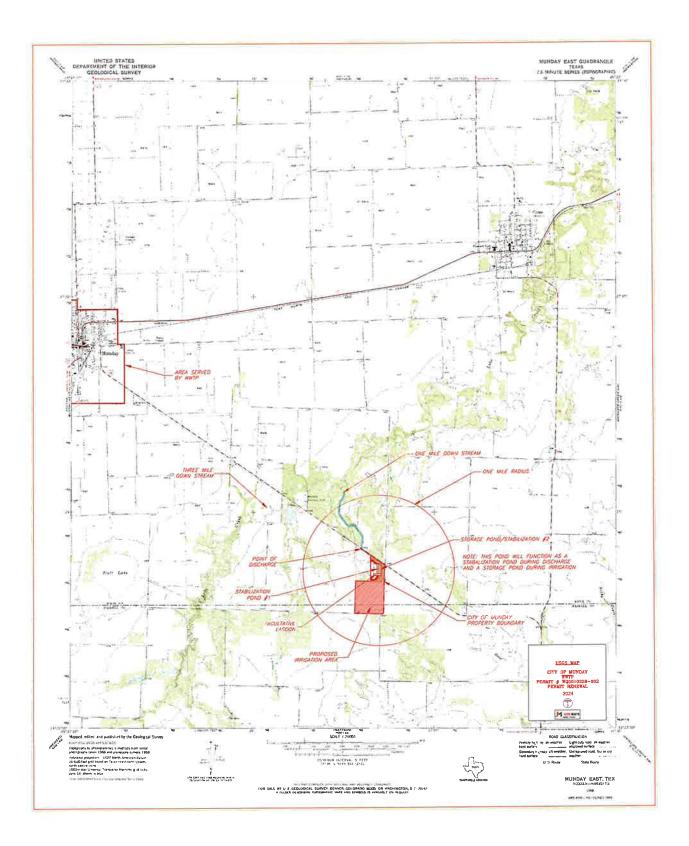
817.594.9880

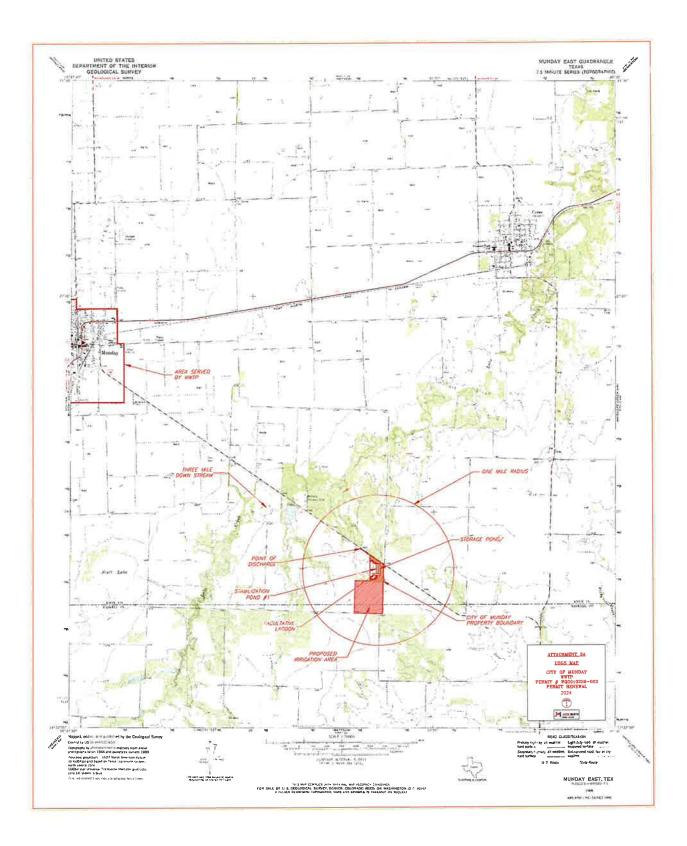
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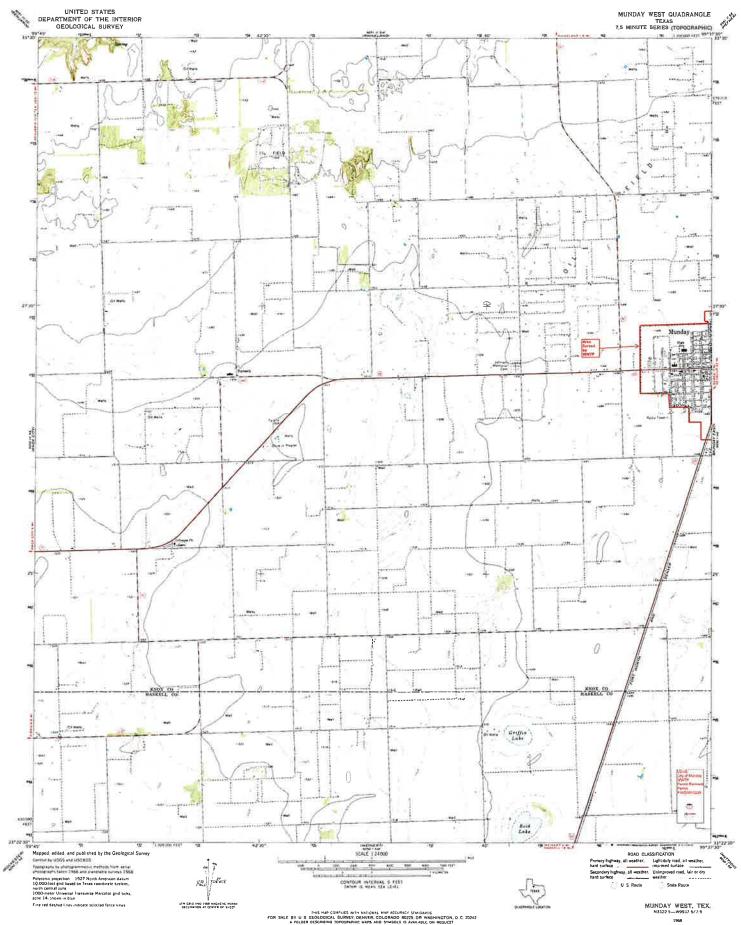


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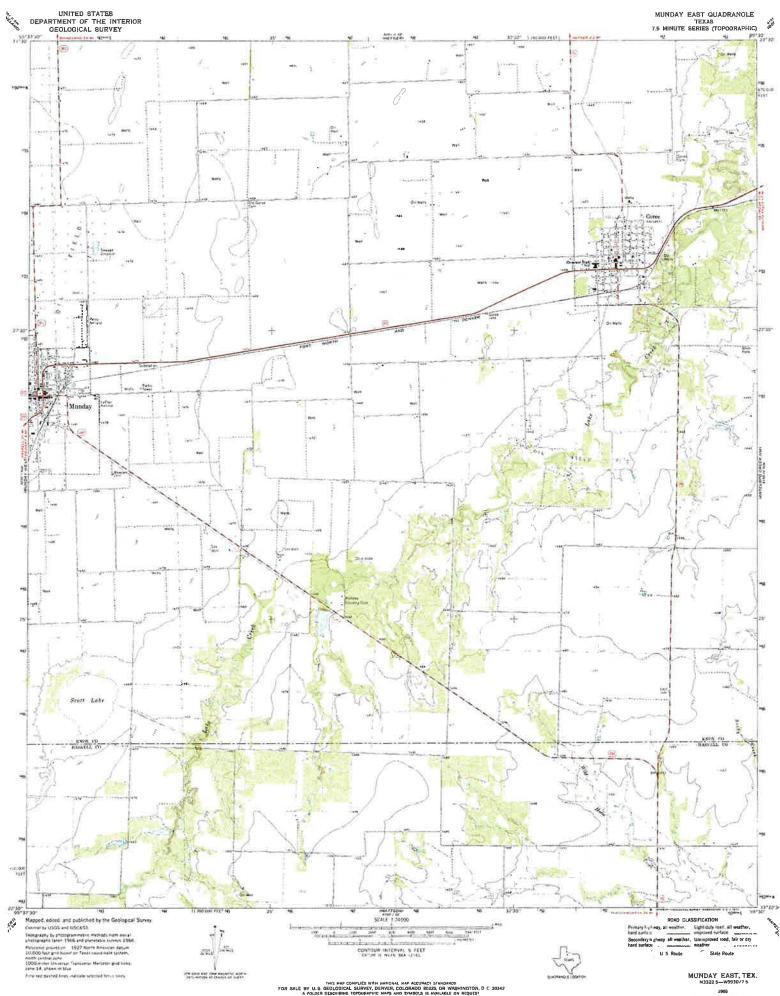
1508 Santa Fe, Suite 203 Weatherford, TX 76086







AND MEN 1 SHI-SERIES VIII

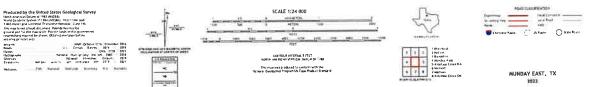


U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

St US Topo

MUNDAY EAST QUADRANGLE TEXAS 7,5-MINUTE SERIES





City of Munday WWTP



Texas Water Development Board January 9, 2019

The data in Water Data Interactive represents the best available information provided by the TW DB and third-party exoperators of the TW DB. The TWDB provides information via interver site as a public service. Neither the State of Texas nor the TWDB assumes any legal itability. The TWOB systematically represent on varianties as to the accuracy, completences or statability of the information for any particular purpose. The TWOB systematically revises or removes data discovered to be incorrect, if you find inaccurate information or have questions, please contact WD Support@ widshares gov.

TE XAS WATER DEVELOPMENT BOARD

Source: Esri, DgitalGlobe, GeoEye, Earlnster Geographics, CNES/Airbus DS, USDA, USGS, AeroGRID, IGN, and Ihe GIS User Community

1:36,112

ATTACHMENT #3

Flow Diagram

Prepared By:



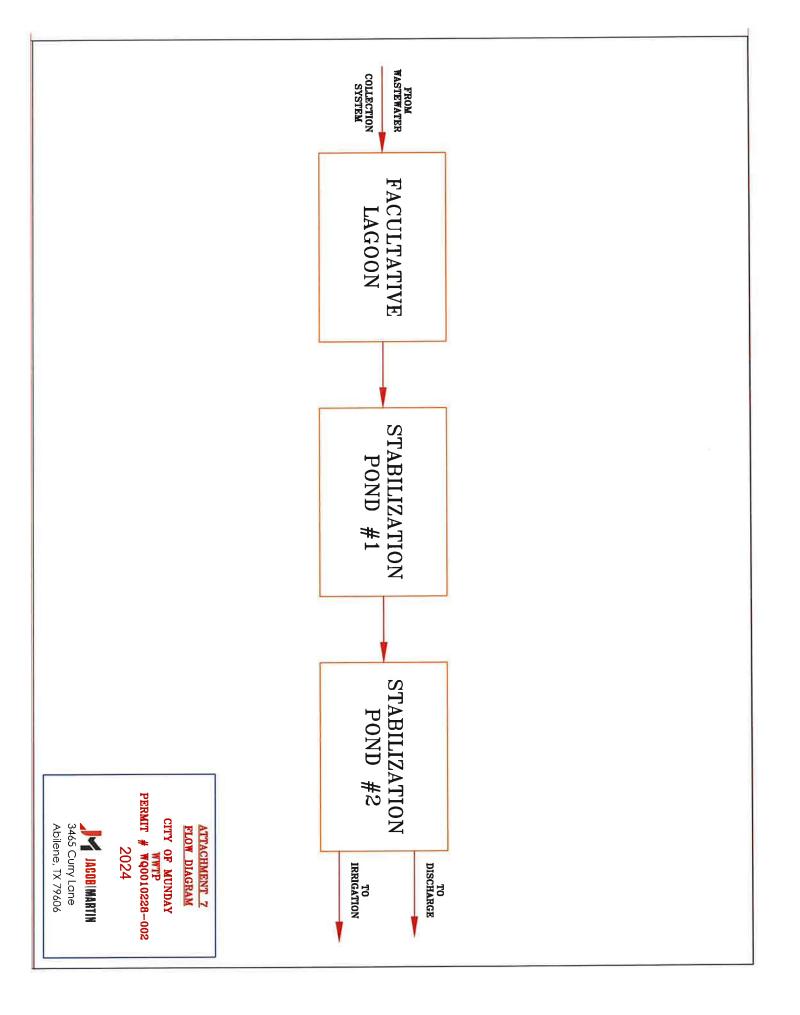




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3465 Curry Lane Abilene, TX 76906 1508 Santa Fe, Suite 203 Weatherford, TX 76086



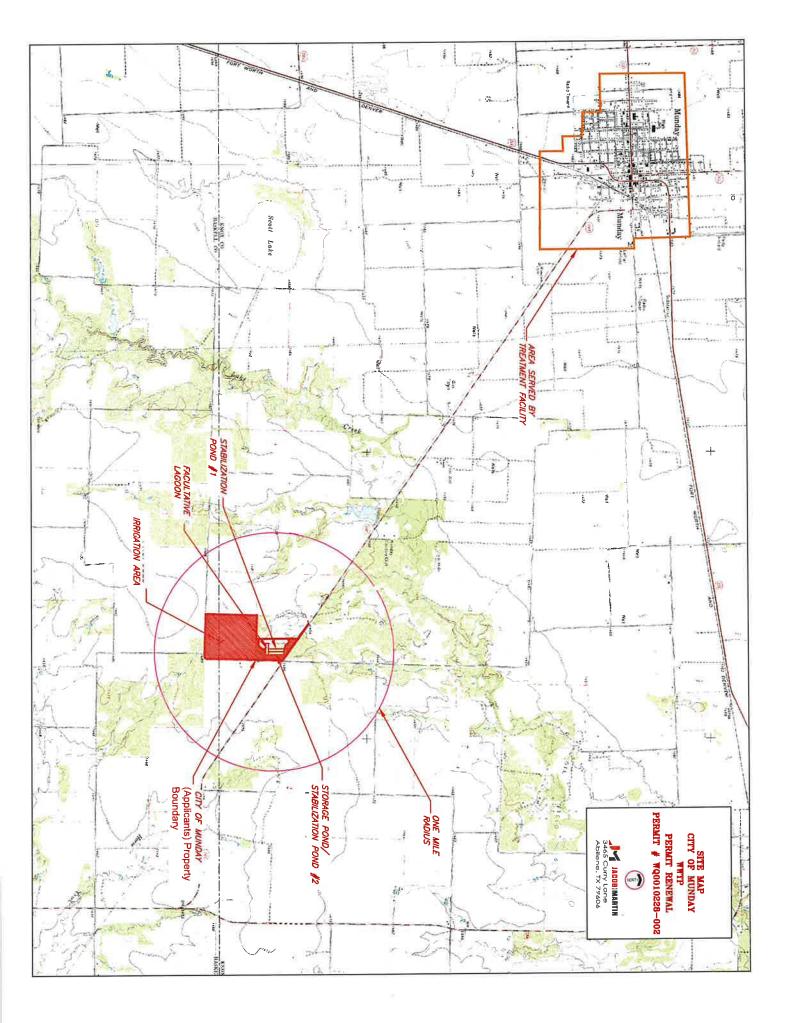
ATTACHMENT #4

Site Drawings

Prepared By:







ATTACHMENT #5

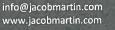
Pollutant Analysis: Soil and Sludge Laboratory Analysis

Prepared By:









3465 Curry Lane Abilene, TX 76906

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1508 Santa Fe, Suite 203 Weatherford, TX 76086

ATTACHMENT #6

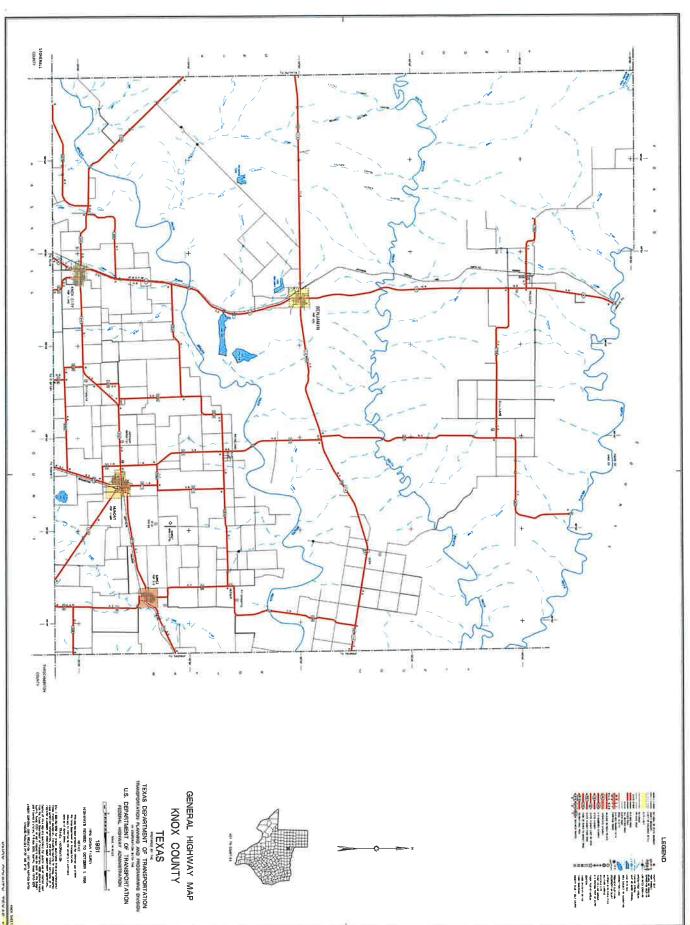
General Highway Map

Prepared By:









tcknox01.jpg (4033×3000)

9/21/22, 5:25 PM

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ATTACHMENT #7

USDA NRCS Soil Map, Cropping Plan

Prepared By:



info@jacobmartin.com

www.jacobmartin.com

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817.594.9880

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3465 Curry Lane

Abilene, TX 76906

1508 Santa Fe, Suite 203

Weatherford, TX 76086

<u>Attachment #7</u> Annual Cropping Plan

Soils Map

A soils map depicting the locations of the crops that will be grown is included with this attachment.

Crops

The following list identifies the crops to be grown, the corresponding acreage and the growing seasons:

Crop	Acreage	Growing Season					
Winter Wheat	100	September to June					
Coastal Bermuda	100	May to November					

Nutrient Requirements

Nutrient recommendations were taken from the USDA-NRCS Conservation Practice Standard Code 590 "Nutrient Management". Assuming grazing for cattle, Bermuda grass requires 60 lb/acre of nitrogen, 50 lb/acre of phosphate, and 90 lb/acre of potassium. Assuming grazing for cattle and a yield goal of 45-60 bu/acre, wheat requires 100 lb/acre of nitrogen, 40 lb/acre of phosphate and 40 lb/acre of potassium.

Supplemental Watering Requirements

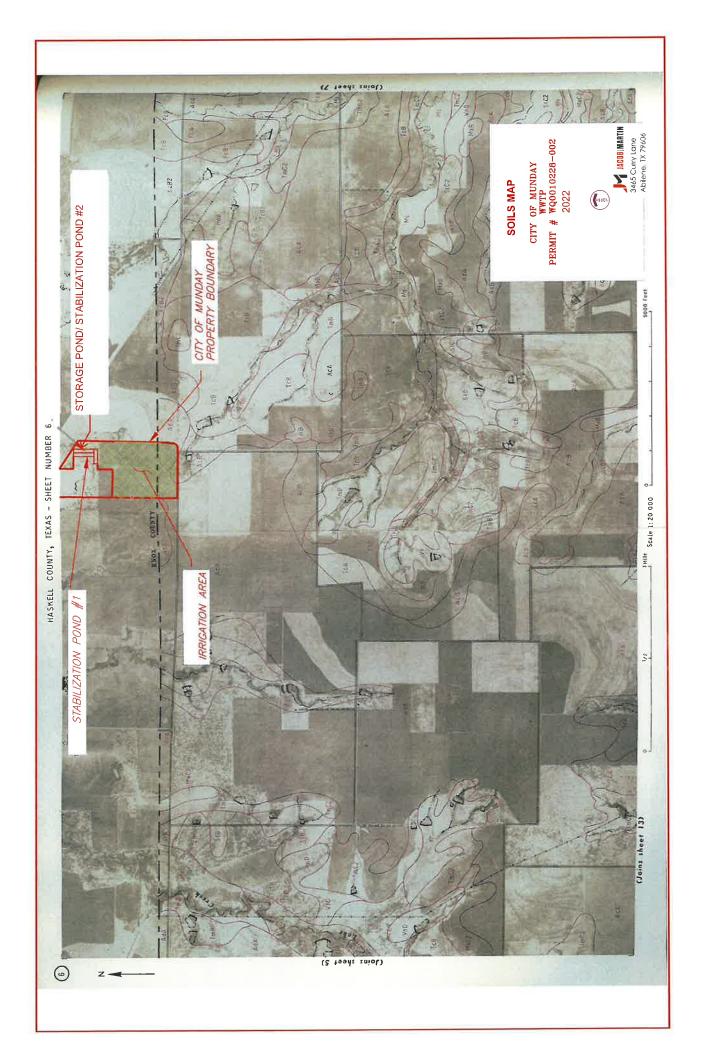
No supplemental watering will be required for this facility since the facility operates year-round.

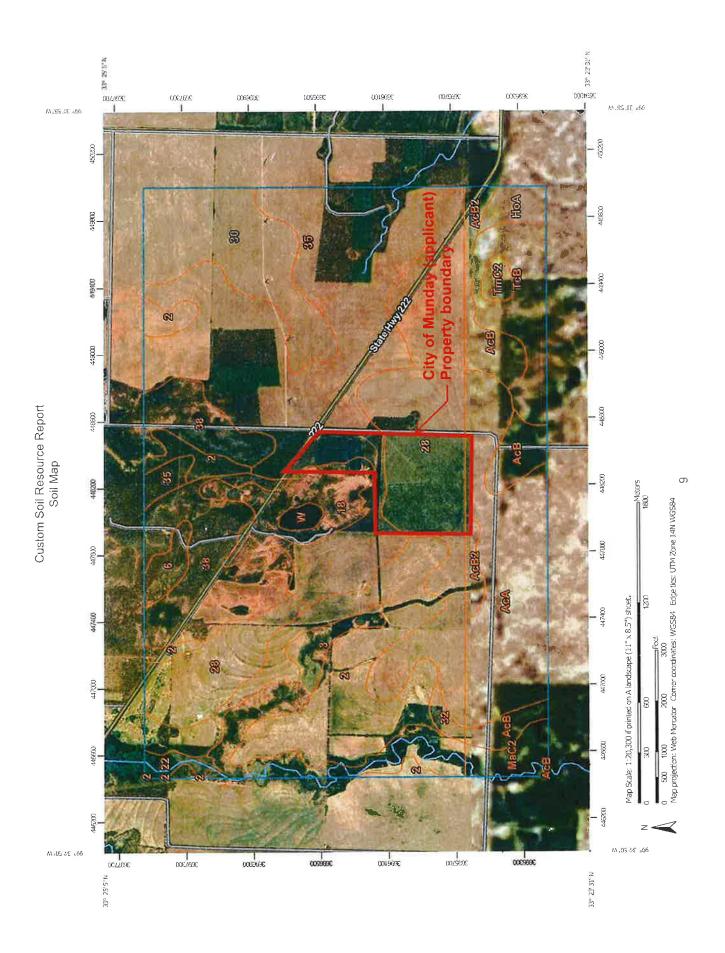
Salt Tolerances

The electrical conductivity of the salt tolerance for wheat ranges from 6.0 to 8.0 milliohms/cm at 25°C. The electrical conductivity of the salt tolerance for coastal Bermuda ranges from 8.0 to 12.0 milliohms/cm at 25°C. From the soil analyses at the site the electrical conductivity ranges from 0.27 to 2.16 milliohms/cm.

Harvesting Method

The wheat and coastal Bermuda will not be harvested but will instead be used for grazing.







United States Department of Agriculture

Natural Resources Conservation Service A product of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local participants

Custom Soil Resource Report for Knox County, Texas



Preface

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/health/) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (https://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/? cid=nrcs142p2_053951).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Web Soil Survey, the site for official soil survey information.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination in all its programs and activities on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, and where applicable, sex, marital status, familial status, parental status, religion, sexual orientation, genetic information, political beliefs, reprisal, or because all or a part of an individual's income is derived from any public assistance program. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs.) Persons with disabilities who require

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34-Tillman clay loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes	
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How Soil Surveys Are Made

Soil surveys are made to provide information about the soils and miscellaneous areas in a specific area. They include a description of the soils and miscellaneous areas and their location on the landscape and tables that show soil properties and limitations affecting various uses. Soil scientists observed the steepness, length, and shape of the slopes; the general pattern of drainage; the kinds of crops and native plants; and the kinds of bedrock. They observed and described many soil profiles. A soil profile is the sequence of natural layers, or horizons, in a soil. The profile extends from the surface down into the unconsolidated material in which the soil formed or from the surface down to bedrock. The unconsolidated material is devoid of roots and other living organisms and has not been changed by other biological activity.

Currently, soils are mapped according to the boundaries of major land resource areas (MLRAs). MLRAs are geographically associated land resource units that share common characteristics related to physiography, geology, climate, water resources, soils, biological resources, and land uses (USDA, 2006). Soil survey areas typically consist of parts of one or more MLRA.

The soils and miscellaneous areas in a survey area occur in an orderly pattern that is related to the geology, landforms, relief, climate, and natural vegetation of the area. Each kind of soil and miscellaneous area is associated with a particular kind of landform or with a segment of the landform. By observing the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area and relating their position to specific segments of the landform, a soil scientist develops a concept, or model, of how they were formed. Thus, during mapping, this model enables the soil scientist to predict with a considerable degree of accuracy the kind of soil or miscellaneous area at a specific location on the landscape.

Commonly, individual soils on the landscape merge into one another as their characteristics gradually change. To construct an accurate soil map, however, soil scientists must determine the boundaries between the soils. They can observe only a limited number of soil profiles. Nevertheless, these observations, supplemented by an understanding of the soil-vegetation-landscape relationship, are sufficient to verify predictions of the kinds of soil in an area and to determine the boundaries.

Soil scientists recorded the characteristics of the soil profiles that they studied. They noted soil color, texture, size and shape of soil aggregates, kind and amount of rock fragments, distribution of plant roots, reaction, and other features that enable them to identify soils. After describing the soils in the survey area and determining their properties, the soil scientists assigned the soils to taxonomic classes (units). Taxonomic classes are concepts. Each taxonomic class has a set of soil characteristics with precisely defined limits. The classes are used as a basis for comparison to classify soils systematically. Soil taxonomy, the system of taxonomic classification used in the United States, is based mainly on the kind and character of soil properties and the arrangement of horizons within the profile. After the soil

scientists classified and named the soils in the survey area, they compared the individual soils with similar soils in the same taxonomic class in other areas so that they could confirm data and assemble additional data based on experience and research.

The objective of soil mapping is not to delineate pure map unit components; the objective is to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. Each map unit is defined by a unique combination of soil components and/or miscellaneous areas in predictable proportions. Some components may be highly contrasting to the other components of the map unit. The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The delineation of such landforms and landform segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

Soil scientists make many field observations in the process of producing a soil map. The frequency of observation is dependent upon several factors, including scale of mapping, intensity of mapping, design of map units, complexity of the landscape, and experience of the soil scientist. Observations are made to test and refine the soil-landscape model and predictions and to verify the classification of the soils at specific locations. Once the soil-landscape model is refined, a significantly smaller number of measurements of individual soil properties are made and recorded. These measurements may include field measurements, such as those for color, depth to bedrock, and texture, and laboratory measurements, such as those for content of sand, silt, clay, salt, and other components. Properties of each soil typically vary from one point to another across the landscape.

Observations for map unit components are aggregated to develop ranges of characteristics for the components. The aggregated values are presented. Direct measurements do not exist for every property presented for every map unit component. Values for some properties are estimated from combinations of other properties.

While a soil survey is in progress, samples of some of the soils in the area generally are collected for laboratory analyses and for engineering tests. Soil scientists interpret the data from these analyses and tests as well as the field-observed characteristics and the soil properties to determine the expected behavior of the soils under different uses. Interpretations for all of the soils are field tested through observation of the soils in different uses and under different levels of management. Some interpretations are modified to fit local conditions, and some new interpretations are developed to meet local needs. Data are assembled from other sources, such as research information, production records, and field experience of specialists. For example, data on crop yields under defined levels of management are assembled from farm records and from field or plot experiments on the same kinds of soil.

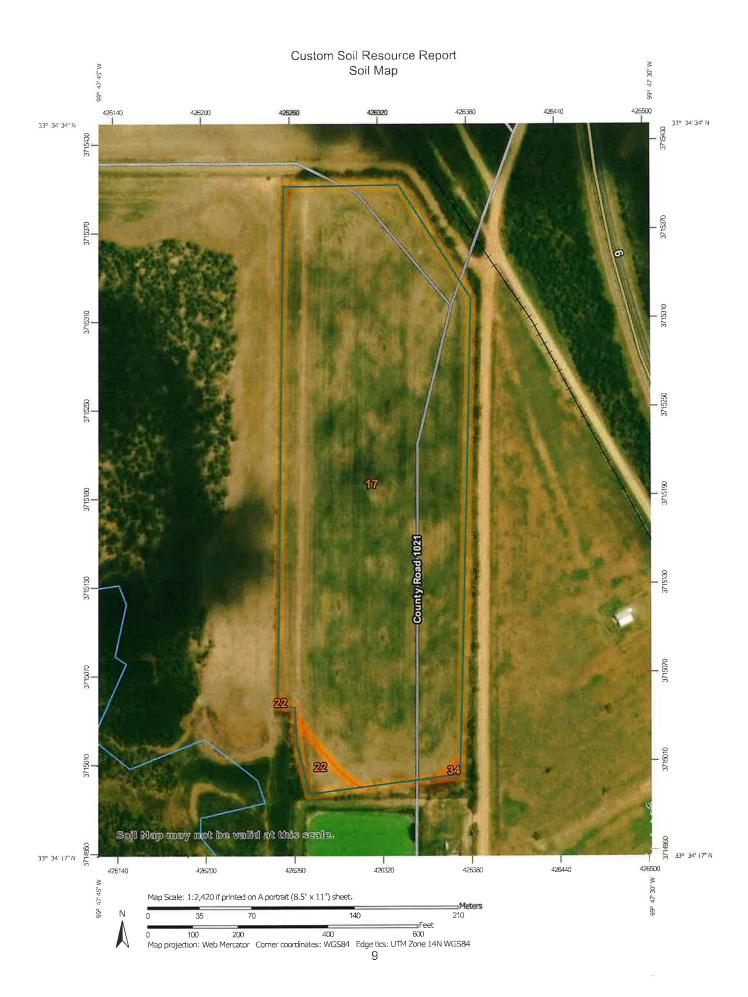
Predictions about soil behavior are based not only on soil properties but also on such variables as climate and biological activity. Soil conditions are predictable over long periods of time, but they are not predictable from year to year. For example, soil scientists can predict with a fairly high degree of accuracy that a given soil will have a high water table within certain depths in most years, but they cannot predict that a high water table will always be at a specific level in the soil on a specific date.

After soil scientists located and identified the significant natural bodies of soil in the survey area, they drew the boundaries of these bodies on aerial photographs and

identified each as a specific map unit. Aerial photographs show trees, buildings, fields, roads, and rivers, all of which help in locating boundaries accurately.

Soil Map

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.



MAP INFORMATION	The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.	Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.	Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause	misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The mans do not show the small areas of	contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed	scale.	Diagons which has sould be sound that for man	reade tely on the dat scale on each thap sheet for map measurements.		Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:	Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)	Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator	projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area A projection that preserves area such as the	Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more	accurate calculations of distance or area are required.	This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as	of the version date(s) listed below.	_	Survey Area Data: Version 17, Sep 14, 2018	Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales	1:50,000 or larger.	Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Dec 31, 2009—Oct	31, 2017	The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were	compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.
MAP LEGEND	Area of Interest (AOI) Rest Spoil Area Area of Interest (AOI) A Stony Spot			~1	Special Point Features		Borrow Pit	Clay Spot H++ Rails	💸 Closed Depression 🔪 Interstate Highways	Gravel Pit US Routes	🔹 Gravelly Spot	🖒 Landfill	λ Lava Flow Background	👍 Marsh or swamp 📷 Aerial Photography	A Mine or Quarry	Miscellaneous Water	Perennial Water	Rock Outcrop	- Saline Spot	🍰 Sandy Spot	Severely Eroded Spot	Sinkhole	Stide or Slip	Sodic Spot	

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI		
17	Hollister clay loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes	11.8	98.0%		
22	Mangum clay, frequently flooded	0.2	1.8%		
34	Tillman clay loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes	0.0	0.1%		
Totals for Area of Interest		12.0	100.0%		

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or

landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An association is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

Knox County, Texas

17—Hollister clay loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2wrvw Elevation: 1,000 to 2,500 feet Mean annual precipitation: 20 to 28 inches Mean annual air temperature: 57 to 64 degrees F Frost-free period: 180 to 230 days Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Hollister and similar soils: 85 percent Minor components: 15 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Hollister

Setting

Landform: Paleoterraces Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Parent material: Calcareous clayey alluvium

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 6 inches: clay loam Bw - 6 to 12 inches: silty clay Bkss - 12 to 52 inches: clay Bkssy - 52 to 70 inches: clay 2BCkss - 70 to 80 inches: clay

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 1 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Natural drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: High
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately low (0.00 to 0.06 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 15 percent
Gypsum, maximum in profile: 5 percent
Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to slightly saline (0.0 to 6.0 mmhos/cm)
Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum in profile: 8.0
Available water storage in profile: Moderate (about 9.0 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 2s Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2s Hydrologic Soil Group: D Ecological site: Clay Loam 23-30" PZ (R078CY096TX) Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Tillman

Percent of map unit: 7 percent Landform: Paleoterraces Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Ecological site: Clay Loam 23-30" PZ (R078CY096TX) Hydric soil rating: No

Foard

Percent of map unit: 3 percent Landform: Paleoterraces Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Ecological site: Clay Loam 23-30" PZ (R078CY096TX) Hydric soil rating: No

Sagerton

Percent of map unit: 3 percent Landform: Plains Landform position (three-dimensional): Talf Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Ecological site: Clay Loam 23-30" PZ (R078CY096TX) Hydric soil rating: No

Rotan

Percent of map unit: 2 percent Landform: Terraces Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Ecological site: Clay Loam 23-30" PZ (R078CY096TX) Hydric soil rating: No

22—Mangum clay, frequently flooded

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: dcp9 Elevation: 1,000 to 2,500 feet Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 32 inches Mean annual air temperature: 57 to 68 degrees F Frost-free period: 210 to 240 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Mangum and similar soils: 90 percent Minor components: 10 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Mangum

Setting

Landform: Flood plains on draws on valleys Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Concave Parent material: Mixed clayey alluvium

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 10 inches: clay H2 - 10 to 60 inches: clay H3 - 60 to 80 inches: silty clay

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 1 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Natural drainage class: Well drained
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately low (0.00 to 0.06 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: Frequent
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 15 percent
Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to moderately saline (0.0 to 8.0 mmhos/cm)
Available water storage in profile: Moderate (about 8.1 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 5w Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 5w Hydrologic Soil Group: D Ecological site: Clayey Bottomland 23-30" PZ (R078CY094TX) Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Unnamed, hydric

Percent of map unit: 10 percent Landform: Sloughs Hydric soil rating: Yes

34—Tillman clay loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2w5qt

Elevation: 1,000 to 2,200 feet *Mean annual precipitation:* 22 to 28 inches *Mean annual air temperature:* 57 to 64 degrees F *Frost-free period:* 180 to 230 days *Farmland classification:* All areas are prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Tillman and similar soils: 95 percent *Minor components:* 5 percent *Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.*

Description of Tillman

Setting

Landform: Paleoterraces Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Parent material: Calcareous clayey and loamy alluvium derived from claystone

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 8 inches: clay loam Bt - 8 to 15 inches: clay loam Btk - 15 to 62 inches: clay 2BC - 62 to 75 inches: clay 2C - 75 to 80 inches: silty clay

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 1 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Natural drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Medium
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately high (0.00 to 0.20 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 30 percent
Gypsum, maximum in profile: 2 percent
Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to moderately saline (0.0 to 8.0 mmhos/cm)
Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum in profile: 12.0
Available water storage in profile: Moderate (about 8.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 1 Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 1 Hydrologic Soil Group: C Ecological site: Clay Loam 23-30" PZ (R078CY096TX) Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Hollister

Percent of map unit: 3 percent Landform: Paleoterraces Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Ecological site: Clay Loam 23-30" PZ (R078CY096TX) Hydric soil rating: No

Tilvern

Percent of map unit: 2 percent Landform: Paleoterraces Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Ecological site: Shallow Clay 19-26" PZ (R078BY090TX) Hydric soil rating: No

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City of Munday WWTP Discharge Application Knox County, Texas September 2024

ATTACHMENT #8

FEMA Flood Plain

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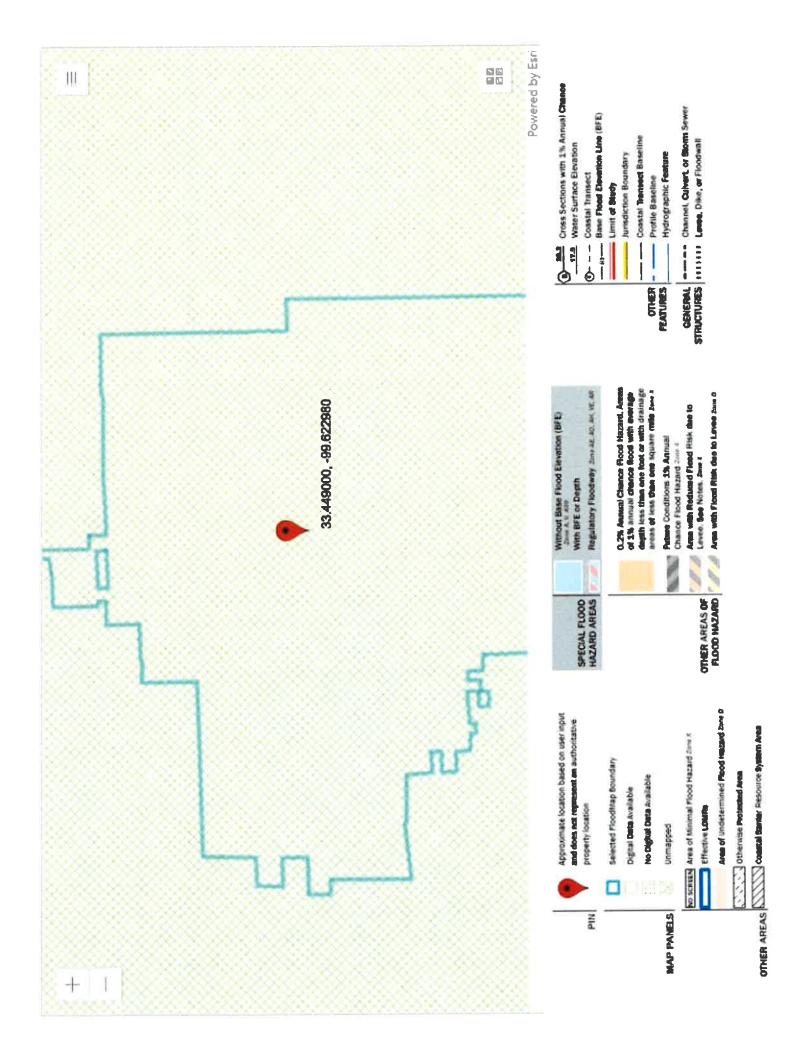
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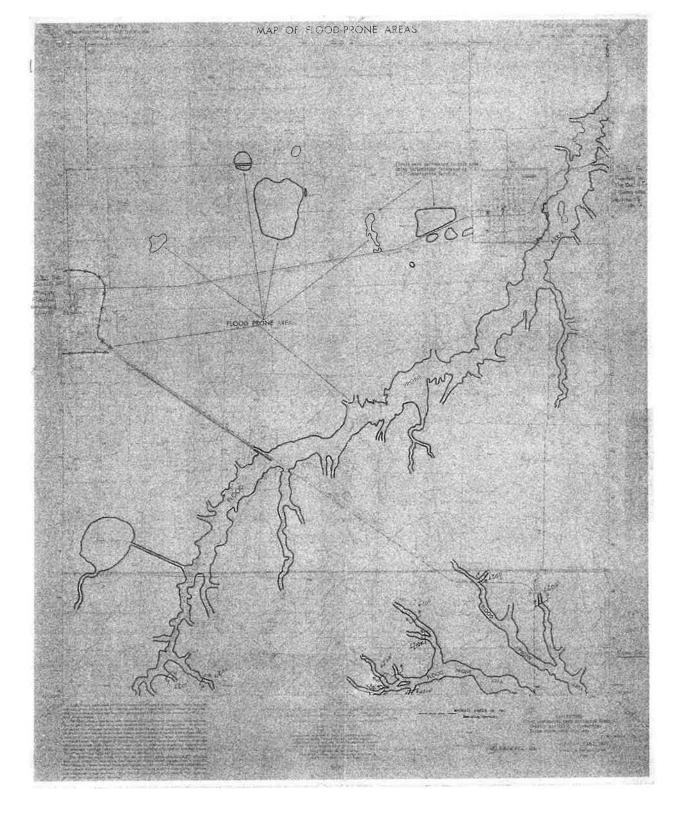
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817.594.9880



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Attachment Index

Attachment #1	TCEQ Core Data Form Application Fee Check
Attachment #2	USGS Topographic Map/ SPIFF
Attachment #3	Flow Diagram
Attachment #4	Site Drawings
Attachment #5	Pollutant Analysis
Attachment #6	General Highway Map
Attachment #7	USDA NRCS Soil Map, Cropping Plan
Attachment #8	FEMA Flood Plain

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