



# Technical Package Cover Page

**This file contains the following documents:**

1. Summary of application (in plain language)
2. First notice (NORI-Notice of Receipt of Application and Intent to Obtain a Permit)
3. Second notice (NAPD-Notice of Preliminary Decision)
4. Application materials
5. Draft permit
6. Technical summary or fact sheet



## TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

# **SUMMARY OF APPLICATION IN PLAIN LANGUAGE FOR TPDES OR TLAP PERMIT APPLICATIONS**

## **Summary of Application (in plain language) and Instructions for Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (TPDES) and Texas Land Application (TLAP) Permit Applications**

### **ENGLISH TEMPLATE FOR TPDES or TLAP NEW/RENEWAL/AMENDMENT APPLICATIONS DOMESTIC WASTEWATER/STORMWATER**

*The following summary is provided for this pending water quality permit application being reviewed by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality as required by 30 TAC Chapter 39. The information provided in this summary may change during the technical review of the application and is not a federal enforceable representation of the permit application.*

City of Vernon (CN600248264) operates the City of Vernon WWTP (RN102917143), a municipal wastewater treatment plant. The facility is located at approximately 0.8-mile northeast of the intersection of U.S. Highway 283 and the Fort Worth and Denver Railroad, in the City of Vernon, Wilbarger County, Texas 76384. This application is for a renewal to discharge at an annual average flow not to exceed 2,000,000 gallons per day (MGD) with a two-hour period (2-hour peak) not to exceed 3,076 gallons per minute (GPM) .

Discharges from the facility are expected to contain seven-day carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand (CBOD5), total suspended solids (TSS), ammonia nitrogen (NH3-N), and Escherichia coli. A monthly analysis of Total Phosphorus is a monitoring requirement as well as a quarterly Sublethal Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) test. Additional potential pollutants are included in the Domestic Technical Report 1.0, Section 7. Pollutant Analysis of Treated Effluent and Domestic Worksheet 4.0 in the permit application package. Domestic wastewater from residential and commercial sources is treated by an activated sludge process.

Wastewater is directed to the head works of the system, then through a bar screen, then runs through a grease/grit removal unit. The wastewater is then sent to a primary clarifier, ran through an oxidation ditch, through an aeration basin, then sent to one of two clarifiers. Sludge is sent from the clarifiers to a collection point to undergo anaerobic processing. The remaining wastewater is filtered and then goes through a UV disinfection unit or through a chlorine contact chamber and then discharged into Pease Creek.



# TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY



## NOTICE OF RECEIPT OF APPLICATION AND INTENT TO OBTAIN WATER QUALITY PERMIT RENEWAL

PERMIT NO. WQ0010377001

**APPLICATION.** City of Vernon, 1725 Wilbarger Street, Vernon, Texas 76384, has applied to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) to renew Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (TPDES) Permit No. WQ0010377001 (EPA I.D. No. TX0023001) to authorize the discharge of treated wastewater at a volume not to exceed an annual average flow of 2,000,000 gallons per day. The domestic wastewater treatment facility is located approximately 0.8 mile northeast of the intersection of U.S. Highway 283 and the Fort Worth and Denver Railroad, near the city of Vernon, in Wilbarger County, Texas 76384. The discharge route is from the plant site to an unnamed tributary; thence to Pease River. TCEQ received this application on May 6, 2025. The permit application will be available for viewing and copying at Vernon Municipal Building, 1725 Wilbarger Street, Vernon, in Wilbarger County, Texas prior to the date this notice is published in the newspaper. The application, including any updates, and associated notices are available electronically at the following webpage: <https://www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/wastewater/pending-permits/tpdes-applications>. This link to an electronic map of the site or facility's general location is provided as a public courtesy and not part of the application or notice. For the exact location, refer to the application.

<https://gisweb.tceq.texas.gov/LocationMapper/?marker=-99.27,34.163333&level=18>

**ADDITIONAL NOTICE.** TCEQ's Executive Director has determined the application is administratively complete and will conduct a technical review of the application. After technical review of the application is complete, the Executive Director may prepare a draft permit and will issue a preliminary decision on the application. **Notice of the Application and Preliminary Decision will be published and mailed to those who are on the county-wide mailing list and to those who are on the mailing list for this application. That notice will contain the deadline for submitting public comments.**

**PUBLIC COMMENT / PUBLIC MEETING.** You may submit public comments or request a public meeting on this application. The purpose of a public meeting is to provide the opportunity to submit comments or to ask questions about the application. TCEQ will hold a public meeting if the Executive Director determines that there is a significant degree of public interest in the application or if requested by a local legislator. A public meeting is not a contested case hearing.

**OPPORTUNITY FOR A CONTESTED CASE HEARING.** After the deadline for submitting public comments, the Executive Director will consider all timely comments and prepare a

response to all relevant and material, or significant public comments. **Unless the application is directly referred for a contested case hearing, the response to comments, and the Executive Director's decision on the application, will be mailed to everyone who submitted public comments and to those persons who are on the mailing list for this application.** If comments are received, the mailing will also provide instructions for requesting reconsideration of the Executive Director's decision and for requesting a contested case hearing. A contested case hearing is a legal proceeding similar to a civil trial in state district court.

**TO REQUEST A CONTESTED CASE HEARING, YOU MUST INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS IN YOUR REQUEST:** your name, address, phone number; applicant's name and proposed permit number; the location and distance of your property/activities relative to the proposed facility; a specific description of how you would be adversely affected by the facility in a way not common to the general public; a list of all disputed issues of fact that you submit during the comment period and, the statement "[I/we] request a contested case hearing." If the request for contested case hearing is filed on behalf of a group or association, the request must designate the group's representative for receiving future correspondence; identify by name and physical address an individual member of the group who would be adversely affected by the proposed facility or activity; provide the information discussed above regarding the affected member's location and distance from the facility or activity; explain how and why the member would be affected; and explain how the interests the group seeks to protect are relevant to the group's purpose.

Following the close of all applicable comment and request periods, the Executive Director will forward the application and any requests for reconsideration or for a contested case hearing to the TCEQ Commissioners for their consideration at a scheduled Commission meeting.

The Commission may only grant a request for a contested case hearing on issues the requestor submitted in their timely comments that were not subsequently withdrawn. **If a hearing is granted, the subject of a hearing will be limited to disputed issues of fact or mixed questions of fact and law relating to relevant and material water quality concerns submitted during the comment period.**

**TCEQ may act on an application to renew a permit for discharge of wastewater without providing an opportunity for a contested case hearing if certain criteria are met.**

**MAILING LIST.** If you submit public comments, a request for a contested case hearing or a reconsideration of the Executive Director's decision, you will be added to the mailing list for this specific application to receive future public notices mailed by the Office of the Chief Clerk. In addition, you may request to be placed on: (1) the permanent mailing list for a specific applicant name and permit number; and/or (2) the mailing list for a specific county. If you wish to be placed on the permanent and/or the county mailing list, clearly specify which list(s) and send your request to TCEQ Office of the Chief Clerk at the address below.

**INFORMATION AVAILABLE ONLINE.** For details about the status of the application, visit the Commissioners' Integrated Database at [www.tceq.texas.gov/goto/cid](http://www.tceq.texas.gov/goto/cid). Search the database using the permit number for this application, which is provided at the top of this notice.

**AGENCY CONTACTS AND INFORMATION.** All public comments and requests must be submitted either electronically at <https://www14.tceq.texas.gov/epic/eComment/>, or in

writing to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, Office of the Chief Clerk, MC-105, P.O. Box 13087, Austin, Texas 78711-3087. Please be aware that any contact information you provide, including your name, phone number, email address and physical address will become part of the agency's public record. For more information about this permit application or the permitting process, please call the TCEQ Public Education Program, Toll Free, at 1-800-687-4040 or visit their website at [www.tceq.texas.gov/goto/pep](http://www.tceq.texas.gov/goto/pep). Si desea información en Español, puede llamar al 1-800-687-4040.

Further information may also be obtained from City of Vernon at the address stated above or by calling Mr. Chase Craighead, Public Works Director, at 940-552-2581.

Issuance Date: May 16, 2025

# Texas Commission on Environmental Quality



## NOTICE OF APPLICATION AND PRELIMINARY DECISION FOR TPDES PERMIT FOR MUNICIPAL WASTEWATER

### RENEWAL

**PERMIT NO. WQ0010377001**

**APPLICATION AND PRELIMINARY DECISION.** City of Vernon, 1725 Wilbarger Street, Vernon, Texas 76384, has applied to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for a renewal of Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (TPDES) Permit No. WQ0010377001, which authorizes the discharge of treated domestic wastewater at an annual average flow not to exceed 2,000,000 gallons per day. TCEQ received this application on May 6, 2025.

The facility is located approximately 0.8 mile northeast of the intersection of U.S. Highway 283 and the Fort Worth and Denver Railroad, in Wilbarger County, Texas 76384. The treated effluent is discharged to unnamed tributary, thence to Pease River in Segment No. 02300 of the Red River Basin. The unclassified receiving water use is minimal aquatic life use for unnamed tributary. The designated uses for Segment No. 0230 are primary contact recreation, and intermediate aquatic life use. This link to an electronic map of the site or facility's general location is provided as a public courtesy and is not part of the application or notice. For the exact location, refer to the application.

<https://gisweb.tceq.texas.gov/LocationMapper/?marker=-99.27.34.163333&level=18>

The TCEQ Executive Director has completed the technical review of the application and prepared a draft permit. The draft permit, if approved, would establish the conditions under which the facility must operate. The Executive Director has made a preliminary decision that this permit, if issued, meets all statutory and regulatory requirements. The permit application, Executive Director's preliminary decision, and draft permit are available for viewing and copying at Vernon Municipal Building, 1725 Wilbarger Street, Vernon, in Wilbarger County, Texas. The application is available for viewing and copying at the following webpage:

<https://www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/wastewater/pending-permits/tpdes-applications>.

**ALTERNATIVE LANGUAGE NOTICE.** Alternative language notice in Spanish is available at <https://www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/wastewater/plain-language-summaries-and-public-notices>. El aviso de idioma alternativo en español está disponible en <https://www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/wastewater/plain-language-summaries-and-public-notices>.

**PUBLIC COMMENT / PUBLIC MEETING.** You may submit public comments or request a public meeting about this application. The purpose of a public meeting is to provide the opportunity to submit comments or to ask questions about the application. TCEQ holds a public meeting if the Executive Director determines that there is a significant degree of public interest in the application or if requested by a local legislator. A public meeting is not a contested case hearing.

**OPPORTUNITY FOR A CONTESTED CASE HEARING.** After the deadline for submitting public comments, the Executive Director will consider all timely comments and prepare a response to all relevant and material, or significant public comments. **Unless the application is directly referred for a contested case hearing, the response to comments will be mailed to everyone who submitted public comments and to those persons who are on the mailing list for this application. If comments are received, the mailing will also provide instructions for requesting a contested case hearing or reconsideration of the Executive Director's decision.** A contested case hearing is a legal proceeding similar to a civil trial in a state district court.

**TO REQUEST A CONTESTED CASE HEARING, YOU MUST INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS IN YOUR REQUEST:** your name, address, phone number; applicant's name and proposed permit number; the location and distance of your property/activities relative to the proposed facility; a specific description of how you would be adversely affected by the facility in a way not common to the general public; a list of all disputed issues of fact that you submit during the comment period; and the statement "[I/we] request a contested case hearing." If the request for contested case hearing is filed on behalf of a group or association, the request must designate the group's representative for receiving future correspondence; identify by name and physical address an individual member of the group who would be adversely affected by the proposed facility or activity; provide the information discussed above regarding the affected member's location and distance from the facility or activity; explain how and why the member would be affected; and explain how the interests the group seeks to protect are relevant to the group's purpose.

Following the close of all applicable comment and request periods, the Executive Director will forward the application and any requests for reconsideration or for a contested case hearing to the TCEQ Commissioners for their consideration at a scheduled Commission meeting.

The Commission may only grant a request for a contested case hearing on issues the requestor submitted in their timely comments that were not subsequently withdrawn. **If a hearing is granted, the subject of a hearing will be limited to disputed issues of fact or mixed questions of fact and law relating to relevant and material water quality concerns submitted during the comment period. TCEQ may act on an application to renew a permit for discharge of wastewater without providing an opportunity for a contested case hearing if certain criteria are met.**

**EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR ACTION.** The Executive Director may issue final approval of the application unless a timely contested case hearing request or request for reconsideration is filed. If a timely hearing request or request for reconsideration is filed, the Executive Director will not issue final approval of the permit and will forward the application and request to the TCEQ Commissioners for their consideration at a scheduled Commission meeting.

**MAILING LIST.** If you submit public comments, a request for a contested case hearing or a reconsideration of the Executive Director's decision, you will be added to the mailing list for this specific application to receive future public notices mailed by the Office of the Chief Clerk. In addition, you may request to be placed on: (1) the permanent mailing list for a specific applicant name and permit number; and/or (2) the mailing list for a specific county. If you wish to be placed on the permanent and/or the county mailing list, clearly specify which list(s) and send your request to TCEQ Office of the Chief Clerk at the address below.

**All written public comments and public meeting requests must be submitted to the Office of the Chief Clerk, MC 105, Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, P.O. Box 13087, Austin, TX 78711-3087 or electronically at [www.tceq.texas.gov/goto/comment](http://www.tceq.texas.gov/goto/comment) within 30 days from the date of newspaper publication of this notice.**

**INFORMATION AVAILABLE ONLINE.** For details about the status of the application, visit the Commissioners' Integrated Database at [www.tceq.texas.gov/goto/cid](http://www.tceq.texas.gov/goto/cid). Search the database using the permit number for this application, which is provided at the top of this notice.

**AGENCY CONTACTS AND INFORMATION.** Public comments and requests must be submitted either electronically at [www.tceq.texas.gov/goto/comment](http://www.tceq.texas.gov/goto/comment), or in writing to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, Office of the Chief Clerk, MC 105, P.O. Box 13087, Austin, Texas 78711-3087. Any personal information you submit to the TCEQ will become part of the agency's record; this includes email addresses. For more information about this permit application or the permitting process, please call the TCEQ Public Education Program, Toll Free, at 1-800-687-4040 or visit their website at [www.tceq.texas.gov/goto/pep](http://www.tceq.texas.gov/goto/pep). Si desea información en Español, puede llamar al 1-800-687-4040.

Further information may also be obtained from City of Vernon at the address stated above or by calling Mr. Chase Craighead, Public Works Director, at 940-552-2581.

Issuance Date: December 3, 2025



**INTEGRITY  
EXCELLENCE  
TRUST**

May 2, 2025

Executive Director  
Applications Review and Processing Team (MC148)  
Texas Commission on Environmental Quality  
12100 Park 35 Circle  
Austin, Texas 78753

RE: Application for Renewal of a Wastewater Treatment Plant Permit  
City of Vernon  
Permit No. WQ0010377001  
RN102917143/CN600248264  
Renewal of Existing Permit

Dear TCEQ,

Enclosed are three copies of the application and supporting documents for the renewal of Permit No. WQ0010377001 for the City of Vernon Wastewater Treatment Plant.

Please note that the original check in the amount of \$2,015.00, along with the original Core Data Form and Section 14 Signature pages for both Forms 10053 and 10054, were previously mailed to TCEQ on February 14, 2025. A copy of the check receipt is included with this submittal for your reference.

If you have any questions or require additional information, please feel free to contact me at our Abilene office at (325) 695-1070 or via email at [mlawrence@jacobmartin.com](mailto:mlawrence@jacobmartin.com).

Thank you for your assistance.

Sincerely,

Mark Lawrence

**JACOB | MARTIN**



325.695.1070  
817.594.9880



info@jacobmartin.com  
www.jacobmartin.com



3465 Curry Lane  
Abilene, TX 76906

1508 Santa Fe, Suite 203  
Weatherford, TX 76086



W

## TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

**DOMESTIC WASTEWATER PERMIT APPLICATION  
CHECKLIST****Complete and submit this checklist with the application.**APPLICANT NAME: City of VernonPERMIT NUMBER (If new, leave blank): WQ0010377001**Indicate if each of the following items is included in your application.**

	Y	N		Y	N
Administrative Report 1.0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Original USGS Map	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Administrative Report 1.1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Affected Landowners Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
SPIF	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Landowner Disk or Labels	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Core Data Form	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Buffer Zone Map	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Summary of Application (PLS)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Flow Diagram	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Public Involvement Plan Form	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Site Drawing	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Technical Report 1.0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Original Photographs	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Technical Report 1.1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Design Calculations	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Worksheet 2.0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Solids Management Plan	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Worksheet 2.1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Water Balance	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Worksheet 3.0	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			
Worksheet 3.1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			
Worksheet 3.2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			
Worksheet 3.3	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			
Worksheet 4.0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
Worksheet 5.0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
Worksheet 6.0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
Worksheet 7.0	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			

For TCEQ Use Only

Segment Number \_\_\_\_\_ County \_\_\_\_\_



Expiration Date \_\_\_\_\_ Region \_\_\_\_\_  
Permit Number \_\_\_\_\_



TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

**DOMESTIC WASTEWATER PERMIT APPLICATION  
ADMINISTRATIVE REPORT 1.0**

For any questions about this form, please contact the Applications Review and Processing Team at 512-239-4671.

**Section 1. Application Fees (Instructions Page 26)**

Indicate the amount submitted for the application fee (check only one).

Flow	New/Major Amendment	Renewal
<0.05 MGD	\$350.00 <input type="checkbox"/>	\$315.00 <input type="checkbox"/>
≥0.05 but <0.10 MGD	\$550.00 <input type="checkbox"/>	\$515.00 <input type="checkbox"/>
≥0.10 but <0.25 MGD	\$850.00 <input type="checkbox"/>	\$815.00 <input type="checkbox"/>
≥0.25 but <0.50 MGD	\$1,250.00 <input type="checkbox"/>	\$1,215.00 <input type="checkbox"/>
≥0.50 but <1.0 MGD	\$1,650.00 <input type="checkbox"/>	\$1,615.00 <input type="checkbox"/>
≥1.0 MGD	\$2,050.00 <input type="checkbox"/>	\$2,015.00 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Minor Amendment (for any flow) \$150.00 ☐

**Payment Information:**

Mailed      Check/Money Order Number: 982681  
Check/Money Order Amount: \$2,015.00  
Name Printed on Check: City of Vernon

EPAY      Voucher Number: Click to enter text.

Copy of Payment Voucher enclosed?      Yes ☐

**Section 2. Type of Application (Instructions Page 26)**

a. Check the box next to the appropriate authorization type.

- ☒ Publicly Owned Domestic Wastewater  
☐ Privately-Owned Domestic Wastewater  
☐ Conventional Water Treatment

b. Check the box next to the appropriate facility status.

- ☒ Active      ☐ Inactive

c. Check the box next to the appropriate permit type.

- ☒ TPDES Permit  
☐ TLAP  
☐ TPDES Permit with TLAP component  
☐ Subsurface Area Drip Dispersal System (SADDS)

d. Check the box next to the appropriate application type

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> New                                    |   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Major Amendment <u>with</u> Renewal    | <input type="checkbox"/> Minor Amendment <u>with</u> Renewal    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Major Amendment <u>without</u> Renewal | <input type="checkbox"/> Minor Amendment <u>without</u> Renewal |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Renewal without changes     | <input type="checkbox"/> Minor Modification of permit           |

e. For amendments or modifications, describe the proposed changes: [Click to enter text.](#)

f. For existing permits:

Permit Number: WQ00 10377001

EPA I.D. (TPDES only): TX 0023001

Expiration Date: January 22, 2026

### Section 3. Facility Owner (Applicant) and Co-Applcant Information (Instructions Page 26)

A. The owner of the facility must apply for the permit.

What is the Legal Name of the entity (applicant) applying for this permit?

City of Vernon

*(The legal name must be spelled exactly as filed with the Texas Secretary of State, County, or in the legal documents forming the entity.)*

If the applicant is currently a customer with the TCEQ, what is the Customer Number (CN)?

You may search for your CN on the TCEQ website at <http://www15.tceq.texas.gov/crpub/>

CN: 600248264

What is the name and title of the person signing the application? The person must be an executive official meeting signatory requirements in 30 TAC § 305.44.

Prefix: Ms.

Last Name, First Name: Gosline, Pam

Title: Mayor

Credential: [Click to enter text.](#)

B. **Co-applicant information.** Complete this section only if another person or entity is required to apply as a co-permittee.

What is the Legal Name of the co-applicant applying for this permit?

[Click to enter text.](#)

*(The legal name must be spelled exactly as filed with the TX SOS, with the County, or in the legal documents forming the entity.)*

If the co-applicant is currently a customer with the TCEQ, what is the Customer Number (CN)?  
You may search for your CN on the TCEQ website at: <http://www15.tceq.texas.gov/crpub/>

CN: Click to enter text.

What is the name and title of the person signing the application? The person must be an executive official meeting signatory requirements in 30 TAC § 305.44.

Prefix: Click to enter text.

Last Name, First Name: Click to enter text.

Title: Click to enter text.

Credential: Click to enter text.

Provide a brief description of the need for a co-permittee: Click to enter text.

### C. Core Data Form

Complete the Core Data Form for each customer and include as an attachment. If the customer type selected on the Core Data Form is **Individual**, complete **Attachment 1** of Administrative Report 1.0. Attachment 1

## Section 4. Application Contact Information (Instructions Page 27)

This is the person(s) TCEQ will contact if additional information is needed about this application. Provide a contact for administrative questions and technical questions.

A. Prefix: Mr. Last Name, First Name: Craighead, Chase  
Title: Public Works Director Credential: Click to enter text.  
Organization Name: City of Vernon  
Mailing Address: 1725 Wilbarger St City, State, Zip Code: Vernon, TX 76384-471  
Phone No.: 940-552-2581 E-mail Address: scraighead@vernontx.gov  
Check one or both: ☒ Administrative Contact ☐ Technical Contact

B. Prefix: Mr. Last Name, First Name: Lawrence, Mark  
Title: Environmental Geologist Credential: Click to enter text.  
Organization Name: Jacob Martin, LLC  
Mailing Address: 3465 Curry Ln City, State, Zip Code: Abilene, TX 79606  
Phone No.: 325-695-1070 E-mail Address: mlawrence@jacobmartin.com  
Check one or both: ☐ Administrative Contact ☒ Technical Contact

## Section 5. Permit Contact Information (Instructions Page 27)

Provide the names and contact information for two individuals that can be contacted throughout the permit term.

A. Prefix: Mr. Last Name, First Name: Craighead, Chase  
Title: Public Works Director Credential: Click to enter text.  
Organization Name: City of Vernon  
Mailing Address: 1725 Wilbarger St City, State, Zip Code: Vernon, TX 76384-4741  
Phone No.: 940-552-2581 E-mail Address: scraighead@vernontx.gov

B. Prefix: Mr. Last Name, First Name: Kenyon, Darell  
Title: City Manager Credential: Click to enter text.  
Organization Name: City of Vernon  
Mailing Address: 1725 Wilbarger St City, State, Zip Code: Vernon, TX 76384-4741  
Phone No.: 940-552-2581 E-mail Address: citymanager@vernontx.gov

## Section 6. Billing Contact Information (Instructions Page 27)

The permittee is responsible for paying the annual fee. The annual fee will be assessed to permits ***in effect on September 1 of each year***. The TCEQ will send a bill to the address provided in this section. The permittee is responsible for terminating the permit when it is no longer needed (using form TCEQ-20029).

Prefix: Mr. Last Name, First Name: Craighead, Chase  
Title: Public Works Director Credential: Click to enter text.  
Organization Name: City of Vernon  
Mailing Address: 1725 Wilbarger St City, State, Zip Code: Vernon, TX 76384-471  
Phone No.: 940-552-2581 E-mail Address: scraighead@vernontx.gov

## Section 7. DMR/MER Contact Information (Instructions Page 27)

Provide the name and complete mailing address of the person delegated to receive and submit Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMR) (EPA 3320-1) or maintain Monthly Effluent Reports (MER).

Prefix: Mr. Last Name, First Name: Craighead, Chase  
Title: Public Works Director Credential: Click to enter text.  
Organization Name: City of Vernon  
Mailing Address: 1725 Wilbarger St City, State, Zip Code: Vernon, TX 76384-4741  
Phone No.: 940-552-2581 E-mail Address: scraighead@vernontx.gov

## Section 8. Public Notice Information (Instructions Page 27)

### A. Individual Publishing the Notices

Prefix: Mr. Last Name, First Name: Lawrence, Mark  
Title: Environmental Geologist Credential: Click to enter text.  
Organization Name: Jacob Martin, LLC  
Mailing Address: 3465 Curry Ln City, State, Zip Code: Abilene, TX 79606  
Phone No.: 325-695-1070 E-mail Address: mlawrence@jacobmartin.com

**B. Method for Receiving Notice of Receipt and Intent to Obtain a Water Quality Permit Package**

Indicate by a check mark the preferred method for receiving the first notice and instructions:

☒ E-mail Address

☐ Fax

☐ Regular Mail

**C. Contact permit to be listed in the Notices**

Prefix: Mr.

Last Name, First Name: Craighead, Chase

Title: Public Works Director

Credential: Click to enter text.

Organization Name: City of Vernon

Mailing Address: 1725 Wilbarger St

City, State, Zip Code: Vernon, TX 76384-4741

Phone No.: 940-552-2581

E-mail Address: scraighead@vernontx.gov

**D. Public Viewing Information**

*If the facility or outfall is located in more than one county, a public viewing place for each county must be provided.*

Public building name: City Hall

Location within the building: Table in the Lobby

Physical Address of Building: 1725 Wilbarger St

City: Vernon

County: Wilbarger

Contact (Last Name, First Name): Craighead, Chase

Phone No.: 940-552-2581 Ext.: Click to enter text.

**E. Bilingual Notice Requirements**

This information **is required** for **new, major amendment, minor amendment or minor modification, and renewal** applications.

This section of the application is only used to determine if alternative language notices will be needed. Complete instructions on publishing the alternative language notices will be in your public notice package.

Please call the bilingual/ESL coordinator at the nearest elementary and middle schools and obtain the following information to determine whether an alternative language notices are required.

1. Is a bilingual education program required by the Texas Education Code at the elementary or middle school nearest to the facility or proposed facility?

☐ Yes ☒ No

If **no**, publication of an alternative language notice is not required; **skip to** Section 9 below.

2. Are the students who attend either the elementary school or the middle school enrolled in a bilingual education program at that school?

☐ Yes ☐ No

3. Do the students at these schools attend a bilingual education program at another location?

☐ Yes ☐ No

4. Would the school be required to provide a bilingual education program but the school has waived out of this requirement under 19 TAC §89.1205(g)?

☐ Yes ☐ No

5. If the answer is **yes** to **question 1, 2, 3, or 4**, public notices in an alternative language are required. Which language is required by the bilingual program? [Click to enter text.](#)

#### F. Summary of Application in Plain Language Template

Complete the F. Summary of Application in Plain Language Template (TCEQ Form 20972), also known as the plain language summary or PLS, and include as an attachment.

Attachment: 2

#### G. Public Involvement Plan Form

Complete the Public Involvement Plan Form (TCEQ Form 20960) for each application for a **new permit or major amendment to a permit** and include as an attachment.

Attachment: [Click to enter text.](#)

### Section 9. Regulated Entity and Permitted Site Information (Instructions Page 29)

A. If the site is currently regulated by TCEQ, provide the Regulated Entity Number (RN) issued to this site. RN 102917143

Search the TCEQ's Central Registry at <http://www15.tceq.texas.gov/crpub/> to determine if the site is currently regulated by TCEQ.

B. Name of project or site (the name known by the community where located):

City of Vernon WWTP

C. Owner of treatment facility: City of Vernon

Ownership of Facility: ☒ Public ☐ Private ☐ Both ☐ Federal

D. Owner of land where treatment facility is or will be:

Prefix: [Click to enter text.](#)

Last Name, First Name: [Click to enter text.](#)

Title: [Click to enter text.](#)

Credential: [Click to enter text.](#)

Organization Name: City of Vernon

Mailing Address: 1725 Wilbarger St

City, State, Zip Code: Vernon, TX 76384-471

Phone No.: 940-552-2581

E-mail Address: scraighead@vernontx.gov

If the landowner is not the same person as the facility owner or co-applicant, attach a lease agreement or deed recorded easement. See instructions.

Attachment: [Click to enter text.](#)

E. Owner of effluent disposal site:

Prefix: [Click to enter text.](#)

Last Name, First Name: [Click to enter text.](#)

Title: [Click to enter text.](#)

Credential: [Click to enter text.](#)

Organization Name: [Click to enter text.](#)

Mailing Address: [Click to enter text.](#)

City, State, Zip Code: [Click to enter text.](#)

Phone No.: [Click to enter text.](#)

E-mail Address: [Click to enter text.](#)

If the landowner is not the same person as the facility owner or co-applicant, attach a lease agreement or deed recorded easement. See instructions.

**Attachment:** [Click to enter text.](#)

F. Owner sewage sludge disposal site (if authorization is requested for sludge disposal on property owned or controlled by the applicant):

Prefix: [Click to enter text.](#)

Last Name, First Name: [Click to enter text.](#)

Title: [Click to enter text.](#)

Credential: [Click to enter text.](#)

Organization Name: [Click to enter text.](#)

Mailing Address: [Click to enter text.](#)

City, State, Zip Code: [Click to enter text.](#)

Phone No.: [Click to enter text.](#)

E-mail Address: [Click to enter text.](#)

If the landowner is not the same person as the facility owner or co-applicant, attach a lease agreement or deed recorded easement. See instructions.

**Attachment:** [Click to enter text.](#)

## Section 10. TPDES Discharge Information (Instructions Page 31)

A. Is the wastewater treatment facility location in the existing permit accurate?



Yes



No

If **no**, or a new permit application, please give an accurate description:

[Click to enter text.](#)

B. Are the point(s) of discharge and the discharge route(s) in the existing permit correct?



Yes



No

If **no**, or a new or amendment permit application, provide an accurate description of the point of discharge and the discharge route to the nearest classified segment as defined in 30 TAC Chapter 307:

[Click to enter text.](#)

City nearest the outfall(s): City of Vernon

County in which the outfalls(s) is/are located: Wilbarger

C. Is or will the treated wastewater discharge to a city, county, or state highway right-of-way, or a flood control district drainage ditch?



Yes



No



If **yes**, indicate by a check mark if:

- ☐ Authorization granted      ☐ Authorization pending

For **new and amendment** applications, provide copies of letters that show proof of contact and the approval letter upon receipt.

**Attachment:** [Click to enter text.](#)

- D. For all applications involving an average daily discharge of 5 MGD or more, provide the names of all counties located within 100 statute miles downstream of the point(s) of discharge: [Click to enter text.](#)

## Section 11. TLAP Disposal Information (Instructions Page 32)

- A. For TLAPs, is the location of the effluent disposal site in the existing permit accurate?

☐ Yes      ☐ No

If **no, or a new or amendment permit application**, provide an accurate description of the disposal site location:

N/A

- B. City nearest the disposal site: [Click to enter text.](#)

- C. County in which the disposal site is located: [Click to enter text.](#)

- D. For **TLAPs**, describe the routing of effluent from the treatment facility to the disposal site:

[Click to enter text.](#)

- E. For **TLAPs**, please identify the nearest watercourse to the disposal site to which rainfall runoff might flow if not contained: [Click to enter text.](#)

## Section 12. Miscellaneous Information (Instructions Page 32)

- A. Is the facility located on or does the treated effluent cross American Indian Land?

☐ Yes      ☒ No

- B. If the existing permit contains an onsite sludge disposal authorization, is the location of the sewage sludge disposal site in the existing permit accurate?

☐ Yes      ☐ No      ☒ Not Applicable

If No, or if a new onsite sludge disposal authorization is being requested in this permit application, provide an accurate location description of the sewage sludge disposal site.

[Click to enter text.](#)

C. Did any person formerly employed by the TCEQ represent your company and get paid for service regarding this application?

☒ Yes ☐ No

If yes, list each person formerly employed by the TCEQ who represented your company and was paid for service regarding the application: Charles Keith, retired 2006, David Hudson

D. Do you owe any fees to the TCEQ?

☐ Yes ☒ No

If yes, provide the following information:

Account number: [Click to enter text.](#)

Amount past due: [Click to enter text.](#)

E. Do you owe any penalties to the TCEQ?

☐ Yes ☐ No

If yes, please provide the following information:

Enforcement order number: [Click to enter text.](#)

Amount past due: [Click to enter text.](#)

## Section 13. Attachments (Instructions Page 33)

Indicate which attachments are included with the Administrative Report. Check all that apply:

☐ Lease agreement or deed recorded easement, if the land where the treatment facility is located or the effluent disposal site are not owned by the applicant or co-applicant.

☒ Original full-size USGS Topographic Map with the following information:

- Applicant's property boundary
- Treatment facility boundary
- Labeled point of discharge for each discharge point (TPDES only)
- Highlighted discharge route for each discharge point (TPDES only)
- Onsite sewage sludge disposal site (if applicable)
- Effluent disposal site boundaries (TLAP only)
- New and future construction (if applicable)
- 1 mile radius information
- 3 miles downstream information (TPDES only)
- All ponds.

☐ Attachment 1 for Individuals as co-applicants

☐ Other Attachments. Please specify: [Click to enter text.](#)

## Section 14. Signature Page (Instructions Page 34)

*If co-applicants are necessary, each entity must submit an original, separate signature page.*

Permit Number: WQ001037701

Applicant: City of Vernon

Certification:

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

I further certify that I am authorized under 30 Texas Administrative Code § 305.44 to sign and submit this document, and can provide documentation in proof of such authorization upon request.

Signatory name (typed or printed): Pam Gosline

Signatory title: Mayor

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

*Pam Gosline*

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

*2/10/25*

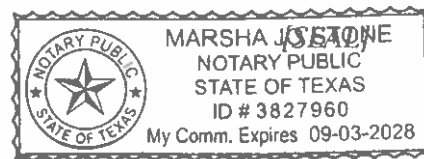
(Use blue ink)

Subscribed and Sworn to before me by the said Pam Gosline

on this 10th day of February, 2025.

My commission expires on the 3rd day of September, 2028.

*Marsha J Stone*  
Notary Public



*Willbarger*  
County, Texas

# DOMESTIC WASTEWATER PERMIT APPLICATION ADMINISTRATIVE REPORT 1.0

The following information is required for new and amendment applications.

## Section 1. Affected Landowner Information (Instructions Page 36)

- A. Indicate by a check mark that the landowners map or drawing, with scale, includes the following information, as applicable:
- ☐ The applicant's property boundaries
  - ☐ The facility site boundaries within the applicant's property boundaries
  - ☐ The distance the buffer zone falls into adjacent properties and the property boundaries of the landowners located within the buffer zone
  - ☐ The property boundaries of all landowners surrounding the applicant's property (Note: if the application is a major amendment for a lignite mine, the map must include the property boundaries of all landowners adjacent to the new facility (ponds).)
  - ☐ The point(s) of discharge and highlighted discharge route(s) clearly shown for one mile downstream
  - ☐ The property boundaries of the landowners located on both sides of the discharge route for one full stream mile downstream of the point of discharge
  - ☐ The property boundaries of the landowners along the watercourse for a one-half mile radius from the point of discharge if the point of discharge is into a lake, bay, estuary, or affected by tides
  - ☐ The boundaries of the effluent disposal site (for example, irrigation area or subsurface drainfield site) and all evaporation/holding ponds within the applicant's property
  - ☐ The property boundaries of all landowners surrounding the effluent disposal site
  - ☐ The boundaries of the sludge land application site (for land application of sewage sludge for beneficial use) and the property boundaries of landowners surrounding the applicant's property boundaries where the sewage sludge land application site is located
  - ☐ The property boundaries of landowners within one-half mile in all directions from the applicant's property boundaries where the sewage sludge disposal site (for example, sludge surface disposal site or sludge monofill) is located
- B. ☐ Indicate by a check mark that a separate list with the landowners' names and mailing addresses cross-referenced to the landowner's map has been provided.
- C. ☐ Indicate by a check mark that the landowners list has also been provided as mailing labels in electronic format (Avery 5160).
- D. Provide the source of the landowners' names and mailing addresses: [Click to enter text.](#)
- E. As required by *Texas Water Code § 5.115*, is any permanent school fund land affected by this application?
- ☐ Yes      ☐ No

If **yes**, provide the location and foreseeable impacts and effects this application has on the land(s):

Click to enter text.

## Section 2. Original Photographs (Instructions Page 38)

Provide original ground level photographs. Indicate with checkmarks that the following information is provided.

- ☐ At least one original photograph of the new or expanded treatment unit location
- ☐ At least two photographs of the existing/proposed point of discharge and as much area downstream (photo 1) and upstream (photo 2) as can be captured. If the discharge is to an open water body (e.g., lake, bay), the point of discharge should be in the right or left edge of each photograph showing the open water and with as much area on each respective side of the discharge as can be captured.
- ☐ At least one photograph of the existing/proposed effluent disposal site
- ☐ A plot plan or map showing the location and direction of each photograph

## Section 3. Buffer Zone Map (Instructions Page 38)

A. Buffer zone map. Provide a buffer zone map on 8.5 x 11-inch paper with all of the following information. The applicant's property line and the buffer zone line may be distinguished by using dashes or symbols and appropriate labels.

- The applicant's property boundary;
- The required buffer zone; and
- Each treatment unit; and
- The distance from each treatment unit to the property boundaries.

B. Buffer zone compliance method. Indicate how the buffer zone requirements will be met. Check all that apply.

- ☐ Ownership
- ☐ Restrictive easement
- ☐ Nuisance odor control
- ☐ Variance

C. Unsuitable site characteristics. Does the facility comply with the requirements regarding unsuitable site characteristic found in 30 TAC § 309.13(a) through (d)?

- ☐ Yes      ☐ No

# **DOMESTIC WASTEWATER PERMIT APPLICATION**

## **SUPPLEMENTAL PERMIT INFORMATION FORM (SPIF)**

This form applies to TPDES permit applications only. Complete and attach the Supplemental Permit information Form (SPIF) (TCEQ Form 20971).

**Attachment:** Attachment #3

# WATER QUALITY PERMIT

## PAYMENT SUBMITTAL FORM

Use this form to submit the Application Fee, if the mailing the payment.

- Complete items 1 through 5 below.
- Staple the check or money order in the space provided at the bottom of this document.
- **Do Not mail this form with the application form.**
- Do not mail this form to the same address as the application.
- Do not submit a copy of the application with this form as it could cause duplicate permit entries.

**Mail this form and the check or money order to:**

*BY REGULAR U.S. MAIL*

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality  
Financial Administration Division  
Cashier's Office, MC-214  
P.O. Box 13088  
Austin, Texas 78711-3088

*BY OVERNIGHT/EXPRESS MAIL*

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality  
Financial Administration Division  
Cashier's Office, MC-214  
12100 Park 35 Circle  
Austin, Texas 78753

**Fee Code: WQP      Waste Permit No: WQ0010377001**

1. Check or Money Order Number: 982681
2. Check or Money Order Amount: \$2015.00
3. Date of Check or Money Order: 2/14/2025
4. Name on Check or Money Order: Vernon, City of
5. APPLICATION INFORMATION

Name of Project or Site: City of Vernon WWTP

Physical Address of Project or Site: Located approximately 0.8 mile northeast of the intersection of U.S. Highway 283 and the Fort Worth and Denver Railroad in the City of Vernon in Wilbarger County, Texas 76384

If the check is for more than one application, attach a list which includes the name of each Project or Site (RE) and Physical Address, exactly as provided on the application.

**Staple Check or Money Order in This Space**

Please see cover letter and Attachment 1

# DOMESTIC WASTEWATER PERMIT APPLICATION CHECKLIST OF COMMON DEFICIENCIES

Below is a list of common deficiencies found during the administrative review of domestic wastewater permit applications. To ensure the timely processing of this application, please review the items below and indicate by checking Yes that each item is complete and in accordance applicable rules at 30 TAC Chapters 21, 281, and 305. If an item is not required this application, indicate by checking N/A where appropriate. Please do not submit the application until the items below have been addressed.

Core Data Form (TCEQ Form No. 10400) ☒ Yes  
*(Required for all application types. Must be completed in its entirety and signed.*  
*Note: Form may be signed by applicant representative.)*

Correct and Current Industrial Wastewater Permit Application Forms ☒ Yes  
*(TCEQ Form Nos. 10053 and 10054. Version dated 6/25/2018 or later.)*

Water Quality Permit Payment Submittal Form (Page 19) ☒ Yes  
*(Original payment sent to TCEQ Revenue Section. See instructions for mailing address.)*

7.5 Minute USGS Quadrangle Topographic Map Attached ☒ Yes  
*(Full-size map if seeking "New" permit.*  
*8 ½ x 11 acceptable for Renewals and Amendments)*

Current/Non-Expired, Executed Lease Agreement or Easement ☒ N/A ☐ Yes

Landowners Map ☒ N/A ☐ Yes  
*(See instructions for landowner requirements)*

## **Things to Know:**

- All the items shown on the map must be labeled.
- The applicant's complete property boundaries must be delineated which includes boundaries of contiguous property owned by the applicant.
- The applicant cannot be its own adjacent landowner. You must identify the landowners immediately adjacent to their property, regardless of how far they are from the actual facility.
- If the applicant's property is adjacent to a road, creek, or stream, the landowners on the opposite side must be identified. Although the properties are not adjacent to applicant's property boundary, they are considered potentially affected landowners. If the adjacent road is a divided highway as identified on the USGS topographic map, the applicant does not have to identify the landowners on the opposite side of the highway.

Landowners Labels and Cross Reference List ☒ N/A ☐ Yes  
*(See instructions for landowner requirements)*

Electronic Application Submittal ☒ Yes  
*(See application submittal requirements on page 23 of the instructions.)*

Original signature per 30 TAC § 305.44 - Blue Ink Preferred ☒ Yes  
*(If signature page is not signed by an elected official or principle executive officer, a copy of signature authority/delegation letter must be attached)*

Summary of Application (in Plain Language) ☒ Yes





# TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

## DOMESTIC WASTEWATER PERMIT APPLICATION TECHNICAL REPORT 1.0

---

For any questions about this form, please contact the Domestic Wastewater Permitting Team at 512-239-4671.

The following information is required for all renewal, new, and amendment applications.

### Section 1. Permitted or Proposed Flows (Instructions Page 42)

#### A. Existing/Interim I Phase

Design Flow (MGD): 2.0

2-Hr Peak Flow (MGD): 0.369 (3076 GPM for 120 minutes)

Estimated construction start date: Click to enter text.

Estimated waste disposal start date: Click to enter text.

#### B. Interim II Phase

Design Flow (MGD): Click to enter text.

2-Hr Peak Flow (MGD): Click to enter text.

Estimated construction start date: Click to enter text.

Estimated waste disposal start date: Click to enter text.

#### C. Final Phase

Design Flow (MGD): 2.0

2-Hr Peak Flow (MGD): 0.369

Estimated construction start date: Click to enter text.

Estimated waste disposal start date: Click to enter text.

#### D. Current Operating Phase

Provide the startup date of the facility: 1950

### Section 2. Treatment Process (Instructions Page 42)

#### A. Current Operating Phase

Provide a detailed description of the treatment process. **Include the type of treatment plant, mode of operation, and all treatment units.** Start with the plant's head works and

finish with the point of discharge. Include all sludge processing and drying units. **If more than one phase exists or is proposed, a description of *each phase* must be provided.**

Wastewater is directed to the head works of the system, then through a bar screen, then ran through a grease/grit removal unit. The wastewater is then sent to a primary clarifier, ran through an oxidation ditch, through an aeration basin, then sent to one of two clarifiers. Sludge is sent from the clarifiers to a collection point to undergo anaerobic processing. The remaining wastewater is filtered and then goes through a UV disinfection unit or through a chlorine contact chamber and then discharged into Pease Creek.

## B. Treatment Units

In Table 1.0(1), provide the treatment unit type, the number of units, and dimensions (length, width, depth) of **each treatment unit, accounting for *all* phases of operation.**

**Table 1.0(1) - Treatment Units**

Treatment Unit Type	Number of Units	Dimensions (L x W x D)
Grit Chamber	1	12'x12'x14'
Primary Clarifier	1	56' Diameter x 9.4' SWD
Oxidation Ditch	1	550'L x 18' BW x 5.8'D (1.0 MG)
Aeration Basins	2	70' x 35' x 16.1' (each)
Secondary Clarifiers	2	65' Diameter x 12.25 SWD (each)
Effluent Filters	2	32' x 12' (each)
UV Disinfection System	6	UV Modules
Backup (Chlorine Contact)	1	44'x21.2'x17.6' (each) x 2 chambers

## C. Process Flow Diagram

Provide flow diagrams for the existing facilities and **each** proposed phase of construction.

**Attachment: 4**

## Section 3. Site Information and Drawing (Instructions Page 43)

Provide the TPDES discharge outfall latitude and longitude. Enter N/A if not applicable.

- Latitude: 34.163742
- Longitude: -99.268666

Provide the TLAP disposal site latitude and longitude. Enter N/A if not applicable.

- Latitude: N/A
- Longitude: N/A

Provide a site drawing for the facility that shows the following:

- The boundaries of the treatment facility;
- The boundaries of the area served by the treatment facility;

- If land disposal of effluent, the boundaries of the disposal site and all storage/holding ponds; and
- If sludge disposal is authorized in the permit, the boundaries of the land application or disposal site.

**Attachment:** Attachment 5

Provide the name **and** a description of the area served by the treatment facility.

City of Vernon

Collection System Information **for wastewater TPDES permits only:** Provide information for each **uniquely owned** collection system, existing and new, served by this facility, including satellite collection systems. **Please see the instructions for a detailed explanation and examples.**

**Collection System Information**

Collection System Name	Owner Name	Owner Type	Population Served
City of Vernon	City of Vernon	Publicly Owned	11,002
		Choose an item.	
		Choose an item.	
		Choose an item.	

## Section 4. Unbuilt Phases (Instructions Page 44)

Is the application for a renewal of a permit that contains an unbuilt phase or phases?

☐ Yes ☒ No

If **yes**, does the existing permit contain a phase that has not been constructed **within five years** of being authorized by the TCEQ?

☐ Yes ☐ No

If **yes**, provide a detailed discussion regarding the continued need for the unbuilt phase. **Failure to provide sufficient justification may result in the Executive Director recommending denial of the unbuilt phase or phases.**

Click to enter text.

## Section 5. Closure Plans (Instructions Page 44)

Have any treatment units been taken out of service permanently, or will any units be taken out of service in the next five years?

☐ Yes ☒ No

If yes, was a closure plan submitted to the TCEQ?

☐ Yes ☐ No

If yes, provide a brief description of the closure and the date of plan approval.

Click to enter text.

## Section 6. Permit Specific Requirements (Instructions Page 44)

For applicants with an existing permit, check the Other Requirements or Special Provisions of the permit.

### A. Summary transmittal

Have plans and specifications been approved for the existing facilities and each proposed phase?

☒ Yes ☐ No

If yes, provide the date(s) of approval for each phase: 1999

Provide information, including dates, on any actions taken to meet a *requirement or provision* pertaining to the submission of a summary transmittal letter. **Provide a copy of an approval letter from the TCEQ, if applicable.**

Sufficient evidence of legal restrictions prohibiting residential structures within the part of the buffer zone not owned by the permittee has been submitted

### B. Buffer zones

Have the buffer zone requirements been met?

☒ Yes ☐ No

Provide information below, including dates, on any actions taken to meet the conditions of the buffer zone. If available, provide any new documentation relevant to maintaining the buffer zones.

**C. Other actions required by the current permit**

Does the *Other Requirements* or *Special Provisions* section in the existing permit require submission of any other information or other required actions? Examples include Notification of Completion, progress reports, soil monitoring data, etc.

☐ Yes ☒ No

**If yes,** provide information below on the status of any actions taken to meet the conditions of an *Other Requirement* or *Special Provision*.

Click to enter text.

**D. Grit and grease treatment**

**1. Acceptance of grit and grease waste**

Does the facility have a grit and/or grease processing facility onsite that treats and decants or accepts transported loads of grit and grease waste that are discharged directly to the wastewater treatment plant prior to any treatment?

☐ Yes ☒ No

**If No,** stop here and continue with Subsection E. Stormwater Management.

**2. Grit and grease processing**

Describe below how the grit and grease waste is treated at the facility. In your description, include how and where the grit and grease is introduced to the treatment works and how it is separated or processed. Provide a flow diagram showing how grit and grease is processed at the facility.

Click to enter text.

**3. Grit disposal**

Does the facility have a Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) registration or permit for grit disposal?

☐ Yes ☐ No

**If No**, contact the TCEQ Municipal Solid Waste team at 512-239-2335. Note: A registration or permit is required for grit disposal. Grit shall not be combined with treatment plant sludge. See the instruction booklet for additional information on grit disposal requirements and restrictions.

Describe the method of grit disposal.

Click to enter text.

#### 4. *Grease and decanted liquid disposal*

Note: A registration or permit is required for grease disposal. Grease shall not be combined with treatment plant sludge. For more information, contact the TCEQ Municipal Solid Waste team at 512-239-2335.

Describe how the decant and grease are treated and disposed of after grit separation.

Click to enter text.

### E. Stormwater management

#### 1. *Applicability*

Does the facility have a design flow of 1.0 MGD or greater in any phase?

☒ Yes ☐ No

Does the facility have an approved pretreatment program, under 40 CFR Part 403?

☒ Yes ☐ No

**If no to both of the above**, then skip to Subsection F, Other Wastes Received.

#### 2. *MSGP coverage*

Is the stormwater runoff from the WWTP and dedicated lands for sewage disposal currently permitted under the TPDES Multi-Sector General Permit (MSGP), TXR050000?

☒ Yes ☐ No

**If yes**, please provide MSGP Authorization Number and skip to Subsection F, Other Wastes Received:

TXR05 Y687 or TXRNE [Click to enter text.](#)

**If no**, do you intend to seek coverage under TXR050000?

☐ Yes ☐ No

### 3. *Conditional exclusion*

Alternatively, do you intend to apply for a conditional exclusion from permitting based TXR050000 (Multi Sector General Permit) Part II B.2 or TXR050000 (Multi Sector General Permit) Part V, Sector T 3(b)?

☐ Yes ☐ No

If yes, please explain below then proceed to Subsection F, Other Wastes Received:

Click to enter text.

### 4. *Existing coverage in individual permit*

Is your stormwater discharge currently permitted through this individual TPDES or TLAP permit?

☐ Yes ☐ No

If yes, provide a description of stormwater runoff management practices at the site that are authorized in the wastewater permit then skip to Subsection F, Other Wastes Received.

Click to enter text.

### 5. *Zero stormwater discharge*

Do you intend to have no discharge of stormwater via use of evaporation or other means?

☐ Yes ☐ No

If yes, explain below then skip to Subsection F. Other Wastes Received.

Click to enter text.

Note: If there is a potential to discharge any stormwater to surface water in the state as the result of any storm event, then permit coverage is required under the MSGP or an individual discharge permit. This requirement applies to all areas of facilities with treatment plants or systems that treat, store, recycle, or reclaim domestic sewage, wastewater or sewage sludge (including dedicated lands for sewage sludge disposal located within the onsite property boundaries) that meet the applicability criteria of above. You have the option of obtaining coverage under the MSGP for direct discharges, (recommended), or obtaining coverage under this individual permit.

### 6. *Request for coverage in individual permit*

Are you requesting coverage of stormwater discharges associated with your treatment plant under this individual permit?

☐ Yes ☐ No

If **yes**, provide a description of stormwater runoff management practices at the site for which you are requesting authorization in this individual wastewater permit and describe whether you intend to comingle this discharge with your treated effluent or discharge it via a separate dedicated stormwater outfall. Please also indicate if you intend to divert stormwater to the treatment plant headworks and indirectly discharge it to water in the state.

[Click to enter text.](#)

Note: Direct stormwater discharges to waters in the state authorized through this individual permit will require the development and implementation of a stormwater pollution prevention plan (SWPPP) and will be subject to additional monitoring and reporting requirements. Indirect discharges of stormwater via headworks recycling will require compliance with all individual permit requirements including 2-hour peak flow limitations. All stormwater discharge authorization requests will require additional information during the technical review of your application.

#### F. Discharges to the Lake Houston Watershed

Does the facility discharge in the Lake Houston watershed?

☐ Yes ☒ No

If yes, attach a Sewage Sludge Solids Management Plan. See Example 5 in the instructions.

[Click to enter text.](#)

#### G. Other wastes received including sludge from other WWTPs and septic waste

##### 1. Acceptance of sludge from other WWTPs

Does or will the facility accept sludge from other treatment plants at the facility site?

☐ Yes ☐ No

If **yes**, attach sewage sludge solids management plan. See Example 5 of instructions.

In addition, provide the date the plant started or is anticipated to start accepting sludge, an estimate of monthly sludge acceptance (gallons or millions of gallons), an estimate of the BOD<sub>5</sub> concentration of the sludge, and the design BOD<sub>5</sub> concentration of the influent from the collection system. Also note if this information has or has not changed since the last permit action.

[Click to enter text.](#)

Note: Permits that accept sludge from other wastewater treatment plants may be required to have influent flow and organic loading monitoring.

##### 2. Acceptance of septic waste

Is the facility accepting or will it accept septic waste?

☒ Yes ☐ No



If **yes**, does the facility have a Type V processing unit?

☐ Yes ☒ No

If **yes**, does the unit have a Municipal Solid Waste permit?

☐ Yes ☐ No

If **yes to any of the above**, provide the date the plant started or is anticipated to start accepting septic waste, an estimate of monthly septic waste acceptance (gallons or millions of gallons), an estimate of the BOD<sub>5</sub> concentration of the septic waste, and the design BOD<sub>5</sub> concentration of the influent from the collection system. Also note if this information has or has not changed since the last permit action.

The Vernon WWTP started receiving septic waste during the 1990's from one licensed septic tank waste hauler. The average monthly volume is 2,500 gallons. No change since last permit issuance.

Note: Permits that accept sludge from other wastewater treatment plants may be required to have influent flow and organic loading monitoring.

**3. Acceptance of other wastes (not including septic, grease, grit, or RCRA, CERCLA or as discharged by IUs listed in Worksheet 6)**

Is or will the facility accept wastes that are not domestic in nature excluding the categories listed above?

☐ Yes ☒ No

If **yes**, provide the date that the plant started accepting the waste, an estimate how much waste is accepted on a monthly basis (gallons or millions of gallons), a description of the entities generating the waste, and any distinguishing chemical or other physical characteristic of the waste. Also note if this information has or has not changed since the last permit action.

Click to enter text.

## Section 7. Pollutant Analysis of Treated Effluent (Instructions Page 49)

Is the facility in operation?

☒ Yes ☐ No

If **no**, this section is not applicable. Proceed to Section 8.

If yes, provide effluent analysis data for the listed pollutants. **Wastewater treatment facilities** complete Table 1.0(2). **Water treatment facilities** discharging filter backwash water, complete Table 1.0(3). Provide copies of the laboratory results sheets. **These tables are not applicable for a minor amendment without renewal.** See the instructions for guidance.

Note: The sample date must be within 1 year of application submission.

**Table1.0(2) – Pollutant Analysis for Wastewater Treatment Facilities**

Pollutant	Average Conc.	Max Conc.	No. of Samples	Sample Type	Sample Date/Time
CBOD <sub>5</sub> , mg/l					
Total Suspended Solids, mg/l					
Ammonia Nitrogen, mg/l					
Nitrate Nitrogen, mg/l					
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen, mg/l					
Sulfate, mg/l					
Chloride, mg/l					
Total Phosphorus, mg/l					
pH, standard units					
Dissolved Oxygen*, mg/l					
Chlorine Residual, mg/l					
<i>E.coli</i> (CFU/100ml) freshwater					
Enterococci (CFU/100ml) saltwater					
Total Dissolved Solids, mg/l					
Electrical Conductivity, µmohs/cm, †					
Oil & Grease, mg/l					
Alkalinity (CaCO <sub>3</sub> )*, mg/l					

\*TPDES permits only

†TLAP permits only

**Table1.0(3) – Pollutant Analysis for Water Treatment Facilities**

Pollutant	Average Conc.	Max Conc.	No. of Samples	Sample Type	Sample Date/Time
Total Suspended Solids, mg/l					
Total Dissolved Solids, mg/l					
pH, standard units					
Fluoride, mg/l					
Aluminum, mg/l					
Alkalinity (CaCO <sub>3</sub> ), mg/l					

## Section 8. Facility Operator (Instructions Page 49)

Facility Operator Name: Brandon Saylor

Facility Operator's License Classification and Level: Wastewater Treatment Operator B

Facility Operator's License Number: WW0044351

## Section 9. Sludge and Biosolids Management and Disposal (Instructions Page 50)

### A. WWTP's Sewage Sludge or Biosolids Management Facility Type

Check all that apply. See instructions for guidance

- ☒ Design flow  $\geq$  1 MGD
- ☒ Serves  $\geq$  10,000 people
- ☐ Class I Sludge Management Facility (per 40 CFR § 503.9)
- ☒ Biosolids generator
- ☐ Biosolids end user – land application (onsite)
- ☐ Biosolids end user – surface disposal (onsite)
- ☐ Biosolids end user – incinerator (onsite)

### B. WWTP's Sewage Sludge or Biosolids Treatment Process

Check all that apply. See instructions for guidance.

- ☒ Aerobic Digestion
- ☐ Air Drying (or sludge drying beds)
- ☐ Lower Temperature Composting
- ☐ Lime Stabilization
- ☐ Higher Temperature Composting
- ☐ Heat Drying
- ☐ Thermophilic Aerobic Digestion
- ☐ Beta Ray Irradiation
- ☐ Gamma Ray Irradiation
- ☐ Pasteurization
- ☐ Preliminary Operation (e.g. grinding, de-gritting, blending)
- ☐ Thickening (e.g. gravity thickening, centrifugation, filter press, vacuum filter)
- ☐ Sludge Lagoon
- ☐ Temporary Storage ( $< 2$  years)
- ☐ Long Term Storage ( $\geq 2$  years)
- ☐ Methane or Biogas Recovery

☐ Other Treatment Process: [Click to enter text.](#)

### C. Sewage Sludge or Biosolids Management

Provide information on the *intended* sewage sludge or biosolids management practice. Do not enter every management practice that you want authorized in the permit, as the permit will authorize all sewage sludge or biosolids management practices listed in the instructions. Rather indicate the management practice the facility plans to use.

#### Biosolids Management

Management Practice	Handler or Preparer Type	Bulk or Bag Container	Amount (dry metric tons)	Pathogen Reduction Options	Vector Attraction Reduction Option
Disposal in Landfill	Off-site Third-Party Handler or Preparer	Bulk		Class B: PSRP Aerobic Digestion	Option 5: Aerobic process for 14 days at >40C
<a href="#">Choose an item.</a>	<a href="#">Choose an item.</a>	<a href="#">Choose an item.</a>		<a href="#">Choose an item.</a>	<a href="#">Choose an item.</a>
<a href="#">Choose an item.</a>	<a href="#">Choose an item.</a>	<a href="#">Choose an item.</a>		<a href="#">Choose an item.</a>	<a href="#">Choose an item.</a>

If "Other" is selected for Management Practice, please explain (e.g. monofill or transport to another WWTP): [Click to enter text.](#)

### D. Disposal site

Disposal site name: [IESI Buffalo Creek Landfill](#)

TCEQ permit or registration number: [1571A](#)

County where disposal site is located: [Wichita](#)

### E. Transportation method

Method of transportation (truck, train, pipe, other): [Truck](#)

Name of the hauler: [Waste Connections Lone Star Inc.](#)

Hauler registration number: [25739](#)

Sludge is transported as a:

Liquid ☐ semi-liquid ☐ semi-solid ☐ solid ☒

## Section 10. Permit Authorization for Sewage Sludge Disposal (Instructions Page 52)

### A. Beneficial use authorization

Does the existing permit include authorization for land application of biosolids for beneficial use?

☐ Yes ☒ No

If **yes**, are you requesting to continue this authorization to land apply biosolids for beneficial use?

☐ Yes ☐ No

If **yes**, is the completed **Application for Permit for Beneficial Land Use of Sewage Sludge (TCEQ Form No. 10451)** attached to this permit application (see the instructions for details)?

☐ Yes ☐ No

## B. Sludge processing authorization

Does the existing permit include authorization for any of the following sludge processing, storage or disposal options?

Sludge Composting	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Marketing and Distribution of Biosolids	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Sludge Surface Disposal or Sludge Monofill	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Temporary storage in sludge lagoons	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No

If **yes** to any of the above sludge options and the applicant is requesting to continue this authorization, is the completed **Domestic Wastewater Permit Application: Sewage Sludge Technical Report (TCEQ Form No. 10056)** attached to this permit application?

☐ Yes ☐ No

## Section 11. Sewage Sludge Lagoons (Instructions Page 53)

Does this facility include sewage sludge lagoons?

☐ Yes ☒ No

If yes, complete the remainder of this section. If no, proceed to Section 12.

### A. Location information

The following maps are required to be submitted as part of the application. For each map, provide the Attachment Number.

- Original General Highway (County) Map:  
**Attachment:** [Click to enter text.](#)
- USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Map:  
**Attachment:** [Click to enter text.](#)
- Federal Emergency Management Map:  
**Attachment:** [Click to enter text.](#)
- Site map:  
**Attachment:** [Click to enter text.](#)

Discuss in a description if any of the following exist within the lagoon area. Check all that apply.

- ☐ Overlap a designated 100-year frequency flood plain
- ☐ Soils with flooding classification

- ☐ Overlap an unstable area
- ☐ Wetlands
- ☐ Located less than 60 meters from a fault
- ☐ None of the above

**Attachment:** [Click to enter text.](#)

If a portion of the lagoon(s) is located within the 100-year frequency flood plain, provide the protective measures to be utilized including type and size of protective structures:

[Click to enter text.](#)

## B. Temporary storage information

Provide the results for the pollutant screening of sludge lagoons. These results are in addition to pollutant results in *Section 7 of Technical Report 1.0*.

Nitrate Nitrogen, mg/kg: [Click to enter text.](#)

Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen, mg/kg: [Click to enter text.](#)

Total Nitrogen (=nitrate nitrogen + TKN), mg/kg: [Click to enter text.](#)

Phosphorus, mg/kg: [Click to enter text.](#)

Potassium, mg/kg: [Click to enter text.](#)

pH, standard units: [Click to enter text.](#)

Ammonia Nitrogen mg/kg: [Click to enter text.](#)

Arsenic: [Click to enter text.](#)

Cadmium: [Click to enter text.](#)

Chromium: [Click to enter text.](#)

Copper: [Click to enter text.](#)

Lead: [Click to enter text.](#)

Mercury: [Click to enter text.](#)

Molybdenum: [Click to enter text.](#)

Nickel: [Click to enter text.](#)

Selenium: [Click to enter text.](#)

Zinc: [Click to enter text.](#)

Total PCBs: [Click to enter text.](#)

Provide the following information:

Volume and frequency of sludge to the lagoon(s): [Click to enter text.](#)

Total dry tons stored in the lagoons(s) per 365-day period: [Click to enter text.](#)

Total dry tons stored in the lagoons(s) over the life of the unit: [Click to enter text.](#)

### C. Liner information

Does the active/proposed sludge lagoon(s) have a liner with a maximum hydraulic conductivity of  $1 \times 10^{-7}$  cm/sec?

☐ Yes ☐ No

If yes, describe the liner below. Please note that a liner is required.

Click to enter text.

### D. Site development plan

Provide a detailed description of the methods used to deposit sludge in the lagoon(s):

Click to enter text.

Attach the following documents to the application.

- Plan view and cross-section of the sludge lagoon(s)  
**Attachment:** [Click to enter text.](#)
- Copy of the closure plan  
**Attachment:** [Click to enter text.](#)
- Copy of deed recordation for the site  
**Attachment:** [Click to enter text.](#)
- Size of the sludge lagoon(s) in surface acres and capacity in cubic feet and gallons  
**Attachment:** [Click to enter text.](#)
- Description of the method of controlling infiltration of groundwater and surface water from entering the site  
**Attachment:** [Click to enter text.](#)
- Procedures to prevent the occurrence of nuisance conditions  
**Attachment:** [Click to enter text.](#)

### E. Groundwater monitoring

Is groundwater monitoring currently conducted at this site, or are any wells available for groundwater monitoring, or are groundwater monitoring data otherwise available for the sludge lagoon(s)?

☐ Yes ☐ No

If groundwater monitoring data are available, provide a copy. Provide a profile of soil types encountered down to the groundwater table and the depth to the shallowest groundwater as a separate attachment.

Attachment: [Click to enter text.](#)

## Section 12. Authorizations/Compliance/Enforcement (Instructions Page 54)

### A. Additional authorizations

Does the permittee have additional authorizations for this facility, such as reuse authorization, sludge permit, etc?

☐ Yes ☒ No

If **yes**, provide the TCEQ authorization number and description of the authorization:

[Click to enter text.](#)

### B. Permittee enforcement status

Is the permittee currently under enforcement for this facility?

☒ Yes ☒ No

Is the permittee required to meet an implementation schedule for compliance or enforcement?

☐ Yes ☐ No

If **yes** to either question, provide a brief summary of the enforcement, the implementation schedule, and the current status:

[Click to enter text.](#)

## Section 13. RCRA/CERCLA Wastes (Instructions Page 55)

### A. RCRA hazardous wastes



Has the facility received in the past three years, does it currently receive, or will it receive RCRA hazardous waste?

☐ Yes ☒ No

**B. Remediation activity wastewater**

Has the facility received in the past three years, does it currently receive, or will it receive CERCLA wastewater, RCRA remediation/corrective action wastewater or other remediation activity wastewater?

☐ Yes ☒ No

**C. Details about wastes received**

If **yes** to either Subsection A or B above, provide detailed information concerning these wastes with the application.

**Attachment:** [Click to enter text.](#)

## Section 14. Laboratory Accreditation (Instructions Page 55)

All laboratory tests performed must meet the requirements of *30 TAC Chapter 25, Environmental Testing Laboratory Accreditation and Certification*, which includes the following general exemptions from National Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (NELAP) certification requirements:

- The laboratory is an in-house laboratory and is:
  - periodically inspected by the TCEQ; or
  - located in another state and is accredited or inspected by that state; or
  - performing work for another company with a unit located in the same site; or
  - performing pro bono work for a governmental agency or charitable organization.
- The laboratory is accredited under federal law.
- The data are needed for emergency-response activities, and a laboratory accredited under the Texas Laboratory Accreditation Program is not available.
- The laboratory supplies data for which the TCEQ does not offer accreditation.

The applicant should review 30 TAC Chapter 25 for specific requirements.

The following certification statement shall be signed and submitted with every application. See the Signature Page section in the Instructions, for a list of designated representatives who may sign the certification.

### CERTIFICATION:

I certify that all laboratory tests submitted with this application meet the requirements of *30 TAC Chapter 25, Environmental Testing Laboratory Accreditation and Certification*.

Printed Name: Brandon Saylor

Title: Wastewater Superintendent

Signature: 

Date: 2/10/2025

# DOMESTIC WASTEWATER PERMIT APPLICATION

## WORKSHEET 2.0: RECEIVING WATERS

The following information is required for all TPDES permit applications.

### Section 1. Domestic Drinking Water Supply (Instructions Page 63)

Is there a surface water intake for domestic drinking water supply located within 5 miles downstream from the point or proposed point of discharge?

☐ Yes ☒ No

If **no**, proceed to Section 2. If **yes**, provide the following:

Owner of the drinking water supply: [Click to enter text.](#)

Distance and direction to the intake: [Click to enter text.](#)

Attach a USGS map that identifies the location of the intake.

Attachment: [Click to enter text.](#)

### Section 2. Discharge into Tidally Affected Waters (Instructions Page 63)

Does the facility discharge into tidally affected waters?

☐ Yes ☒ No

If **no**, proceed to Section 3. If **yes**, complete the remainder of this section. If no, proceed to Section 3.

#### A. Receiving water outfall

Width of the receiving water at the outfall, in feet: [Click to enter text.](#)

#### B. Oyster waters

Are there oyster waters in the vicinity of the discharge?

☐ Yes ☐ No

If **yes**, provide the distance and direction from outfall(s).

[Click to enter text.](#)

#### C. Sea grasses

Are there any sea grasses within the vicinity of the point of discharge?

☐ Yes ☐ No

If **yes**, provide the distance and direction from the outfall(s).

[Click to enter text.](#)

### Section 3. Classified Segments (Instructions Page 63)

Is the discharge directly into (or within 300 feet of) a classified segment?

☒ Yes ☐ No

If **yes**, this Worksheet is complete.

If **no**, complete Sections 4 and 5 of this Worksheet.

### Section 4. Description of Immediate Receiving Waters (Instructions Page 63)

Name of the immediate receiving waters: [Click to enter text.](#)

#### A. Receiving water type

Identify the appropriate description of the receiving waters.

- ☐ Stream
- ☐ Freshwater Swamp or Marsh
- ☐ Lake or Pond

Surface area, in acres: [Click to enter text.](#)

Average depth of the entire water body, in feet: [Click to enter text.](#)

Average depth of water body within a 500-foot radius of discharge point, in feet:  
[Click to enter text.](#)

- ☐ Man-made Channel or Ditch
- ☐ Open Bay
- ☐ Tidal Stream, Bayou, or Marsh
- ☐ Other, specify: [Click to enter text.](#)

#### B. Flow characteristics

If a stream, man-made channel or ditch was checked above, provide the following. For existing discharges, check one of the following that best characterizes the area *upstream* of the discharge. For new discharges, characterize the area *downstream* of the discharge (check one).

- ☐ Intermittent - dry for at least one week during most years
- ☐ Intermittent with Perennial Pools - enduring pools with sufficient habitat to maintain significant aquatic life uses
- ☐ Perennial - normally flowing

Check the method used to characterize the area upstream (or downstream for new dischargers).

- ☐ USGS flow records
- ☐ Historical observation by adjacent landowners
- ☐ Personal observation
- ☐ Other, specify: [Click to enter text.](#)

### C. Downstream perennial confluences

List the names of all perennial streams that join the receiving water within three miles downstream of the discharge point.

[Click to enter text.](#)

### D. Downstream characteristics

Do the receiving water characteristics change within three miles downstream of the discharge (e.g., natural or man-made dams, ponds, reservoirs, etc.)?

☐ Yes ☐ No

If yes, discuss how.

[Click to enter text.](#)

### E. Normal dry weather characteristics

Provide general observations of the water body during normal dry weather conditions.

[Click to enter text.](#)

Date and time of observation: [Click to enter text.](#)

Was the water body influenced by stormwater runoff during observations?

☐ Yes ☐ No

## Section 5. General Characteristics of the Waterbody (Instructions Page 65)

### A. Upstream influences

Is the immediate receiving water upstream of the discharge or proposed discharge site influenced by any of the following? Check all that apply.

☐ Oil field activities

☐ Urban runoff

☐ Upstream discharges

☐ Agricultural runoff

☐ Septic tanks

☐ Other(s), specify: [Click to enter text.](#)

## B. Waterbody uses

Observed or evidences of the following uses. Check all that apply.

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Livestock watering    | <input type="checkbox"/> Contact recreation                                      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation withdrawal | <input type="checkbox"/> Non-contact recreation                                  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Fishing               | <input type="checkbox"/> Navigation  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Domestic water supply | <input type="checkbox"/> Industrial water supply                                 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Park activities       | <input type="checkbox"/> Other(s), specify: <a href="#">Click to enter text.</a> |

## C. Waterbody aesthetics

Check one of the following that best describes the aesthetics of the receiving water and the surrounding area.

- ☐ Wilderness: outstanding natural beauty; usually wooded or unpastured area; water clarity exceptional
- ☐ Natural Area: trees and/or native vegetation; some development evident (from fields, pastures, dwellings); water clarity discolored
- ☐ Common Setting: not offensive; developed but uncluttered; water may be colored or turbid
- ☐ Offensive: stream does not enhance aesthetics; cluttered; highly developed; dumping areas; water discolored

# DOMESTIC WASTEWATER PERMIT APPLICATION

## WORKSHEET 4.0: POLLUTANT ANALYSIS REQUIREMENTS

The following **is required** for facilities with a permitted or proposed flow of **1.0 MGD or greater**, facilities with an approved **pretreatment** program, or facilities classified as a **major** facility. See instructions for further details.

This worksheet is not required minor amendments without renewal.

### Section 1. Toxic Pollutants (Instructions Page 76)

For pollutants identified in Table 4.0(1), indicate the type of sample.

Grab ☐ Composite ☐

Date and time sample(s) collected: [Click to enter text.](#)

**Table 4.0(1) – Toxics Analysis**

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Acrylonitrile				50
Aldrin				0.01
Aluminum				2.5
Anthracene				10
Antimony				5
Arsenic				0.5
Barium				3
Benzene				10
Benzidine				50
Benzo(a)anthracene				5
Benzo(a)pyrene				5
Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether				10
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate				10
Bromodichloromethane				10
Bromoform				10
Cadmium				1
Carbon Tetrachloride				2
Carbaryl				5
Chlordane*				0.2
Chlorobenzene				10
Chlorodibromomethane				10

<b>Pollutant</b>	<b>AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)</b>	<b>MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)</b>	<b>Number of Samples</b>	<b>MAL (µg/l)</b>
Chloroform				10
Chlorpyrifos				0.05
Chromium (Total)				3
Chromium (Tri) (*1)				N/A
Chromium (Hex)				3
Copper				2
Chrysene				5
p-Chloro-m-Cresol				10
4,6-Dinitro-o-Cresol				50
p-Cresol				10
Cyanide (*2)				10
4,4'- DDD				0.1
4,4'- DDE				0.1
4,4'- DDT				0.02
2,4-D				0.7
Demeton (O and S)				0.20
Diazinon				0.5/0.1
1,2-Dibromoethane				10
m-Dichlorobenzene				10
o-Dichlorobenzene				10
p-Dichlorobenzene				10
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine				5
1,2-Dichloroethane				10
1,1-Dichloroethylene				10
Dichloromethane				20
1,2-Dichloropropane				10
1,3-Dichloropropene				10
Dicofol				1
Dieldrin				0.02
2,4-Dimethylphenol				10
Di-n-Butyl Phthalate				10
Diuron				0.09
Endosulfan I (alpha)				0.01



<b>Pollutant</b>	<b>AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)</b>	<b>MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)</b>	<b>Number of Samples</b>	<b>MAL (µg/l)</b>
Endosulfan II (beta)				0.02
Endosulfan Sulfate				0.1
Endrin				0.02
Epichlorohydrin				---
Ethylbenzene				10
Ethylene Glycol				---
Fluoride				500
Guthion				0.1
Heptachlor				0.01
Heptachlor Epoxide				0.01
Hexachlorobenzene				5
Hexachlorobutadiene				10
Hexachlorocyclohexane (alpha)				0.05
Hexachlorocyclohexane (beta)				0.05
gamma-Hexachlorocyclohexane (Lindane)				0.05
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene				10
Hexachloroethane				20
Hexachlorophene				10
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol				1
Lead				0.5
Malathion				0.1
Mercury				0.005
Methoxychlor				2
Methyl Ethyl Ketone				50
Methyl tert-butyl ether				---
Mirex				0.02
Nickel				2
Nitrate-Nitrogen				100
Nitrobenzene				10
N-Nitrosodiethylamine				20
N-Nitroso-di-n-Butylamine				20
Nonylphenol				333

<b>Pollutant</b>	<b>AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)</b>	<b>MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)</b>	<b>Number of Samples</b>	<b>MAL (µg/l)</b>
Parathion (ethyl)				0.1
Pentachlorobenzene				20
Pentachlorophenol				5
Phenanthrene				10
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB's) (*3)				0.2
Pyridine				20
Selenium				5
Silver				0.5
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene				20
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane				10
Tetrachloroethylene				10
Thallium				0.5
Toluene				10
Toxaphene				0.3
2,4,5-TP (Silvex)				0.3
Tributyltin (see instructions for explanation)				0.01
1,1,1-Trichloroethane				10
1,1,2-Trichloroethane				10
Trichloroethylene				10
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol				50
TTHM (Total Trihalomethanes)				10
Vinyl Chloride				10
Zinc				5

(\*1) Determined by subtracting hexavalent Cr from total Cr.

(\*2) Cyanide, amenable to chlorination or weak-acid dissociable.

(\*3) The sum of seven PCB congeners 1242, 1254, 1221, 1232, 1248, 1260, and 1016.

## Section 2. Priority Pollutants

For pollutants identified in Tables 4.0(2)A-E, indicate type of sample.

Grab ☐ Composite ☐

Date and time sample(s) collected: [Click to enter text.](#)

**Table 4.0(2)A – Metals, Cyanide, and Phenols**

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Antimony				5
Arsenic				0.5
Beryllium				0.5
Cadmium				1
Chromium (Total)				3
Chromium (Hex)				3
Chromium (Tri) (*1)				N/A
Copper				2
Lead				0.5
Mercury				0.005
Nickel				2
Selenium				5
Silver				0.5
Thallium				0.5
Zinc				5
Cyanide (*2)				10
Phenols, Total				10

(\*1) Determined by subtracting hexavalent Cr from total Cr.

(\*2) Cyanide, amenable to chlorination or weak-acid dissociable

**Table 4.0(2)B – Volatile Compounds**

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Acrolein				50
Acrylonitrile				50
Benzene				10
Bromoform				10
Carbon Tetrachloride				2
Chlorobenzene				10
Chlorodibromomethane				10
Chloroethane				50
2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether				10
Chloroform				10
Dichlorobromomethane [Bromodichloromethane]				10
1,1-Dichloroethane				10
1,2-Dichloroethane				10
1,1-Dichloroethylene				10
1,2-Dichloropropane				10
1,3-Dichloropropylene [1,3-Dichloropropene]				10
1,2-Trans-Dichloroethylene				10
Ethylbenzene				10
Methyl Bromide				50
Methyl Chloride				50
Methylene Chloride				20
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane				10
Tetrachloroethylene				10
Toluene				10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane				10
1,1,2-Trichloroethane				10
Trichloroethylene				10
Vinyl Chloride				10

**Table 4.0(2)C – Acid Compounds**

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
2-Chlorophenol				10
2,4-Dichlorophenol				10
2,4-Dimethylphenol				10
4,6-Dinitro-o-Cresol				50
2,4-Dinitrophenol				50
2-Nitrophenol				20
4-Nitrophenol				50
P-Chloro-m-Cresol				10
Pentalchlorophenol				5
Phenol				10
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol				10

**Table 4.0(2)D – Base/Neutral Compounds**

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Acenaphthene				10
Acenaphthylene				10
Anthracene				10
Benzidine				50
Benzo(a)Anthracene				5
Benzo(a)Pyrene				5
3,4-Benzofluoranthene				10
Benzo(ghi)Perylene				20
Benzo(k)Fluoranthene				5
Bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane				10
Bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether				10
Bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether				10
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate				10
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether				10
Butyl benzyl Phthalate				10
2-Chloronaphthalene				10
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether				10
Chrysene				5
Dibenzo(a,h)Anthracene				5
1,2-(o)Dichlorobenzene				10
1,3-(m)Dichlorobenzene				10
1,4-(p)Dichlorobenzene				10
3,3-Dichlorobenzidine				5
Diethyl Phthalate				10
Dimethyl Phthalate				10
Di-n-Butyl Phthalate				10
2,4-Dinitrotoluene				10
2,6-Dinitrotoluene				10
Di-n-Octyl Phthalate				10
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine (as Azo- benzene)				20
Fluoranthene				10

<b>Pollutant</b>	<b>AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)</b>	<b>MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)</b>	<b>Number of Samples</b>	<b>MAL (µg/l)</b>
Fluorene				10
Hexachlorobenzene				5
Hexachlorobutadiene				10
Hexachlorocyclo-pentadiene				10
Hexachloroethane				20
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene				5
Isophorone				10
Naphthalene				10
Nitrobenzene				10
N-Nitrosodimethylamine				50
N-Nitrosodi-n-Propylamine				20
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine				20
Phenanthrene				10
Pyrene				10
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene				10

**Table 4.0(2)E - Pesticides**

Pollutant	AVG Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	MAX Effluent Conc. (µg/l)	Number of Samples	MAL (µg/l)
Aldrin				0.01
alpha-BHC (Hexachlorocyclohexane)				0.05
beta-BHC (Hexachlorocyclohexane)				0.05
gamma-BHC (Hexachlorocyclohexane)				0.05
delta-BHC (Hexachlorocyclohexane)				0.05
Chlordane				0.2
4,4-DDT				0.02
4,4-DDE				0.1
4,4,-DDD				0.1
Dieldrin				0.02
Endosulfan I (alpha)				0.01
Endosulfan II (beta)				0.02
Endosulfan Sulfate				0.1
Endrin				0.02
Endrin Aldehyde				0.1
Heptachlor				0.01
Heptachlor Epoxide				0.01
PCB-1242				0.2
PCB-1254				0.2
PCB-1221				0.2
PCB-1232				0.2
PCB-1248				0.2
PCB-1260				0.2
PCB-1016				0.2
Toxaphene				0.3

\* For PCBs, if all are non-detects, enter the highest non-detect preceded by a "<".



### Section 3. Dioxin/Furan Compounds

A. Indicate which of the following compounds from may be present in the influent from a contributing industrial user or significant industrial user. Check all that apply.

- ☐ 2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy acetic acid  
Common Name 2,4,5-T, CASRN 93-76-5
- ☐ 2-(2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy) propanoic acid  
Common Name Silvex or 2,4,5-TP, CASRN 93-72-1
- ☐ 2-(2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy) ethyl 2,2-dichloropropionate  
Common Name Erbon, CASRN 136-25-4
- ☐ 0,0-dimethyl 0-(2,4,5-trichlorophenyl) phosphorothioate  
Common Name Ronnel, CASRN 299-84-3
- ☐ 2,4,5-trichlorophenol  
Common Name TCP, CASRN 95-95-4
- ☐ hexachlorophene  
Common Name HCP, CASRN 70-30-4

For each compound identified, provide a brief description of the conditions of its/their presence at the facility.

[Click to enter text.](#)

B. Do you know or have any reason to believe that 2,3,7,8 Tetrachlorodibenzo-P-Dioxin (TCDD) or any congeners of TCDD may be present in your effluent?

☐ Yes ☐ No

If **yes**, provide a brief description of the conditions for its presence.

[Click to enter text.](#)

C. If any of the compounds in Subsection A **or** B are present, complete Table 4.0(2)F.

For pollutants identified in Table 4.0(2)F, indicate the type of sample.

Grab ☐ Composite ☐

Date and time sample(s) collected: [Click to enter text.](#)

**Table 4.0(2)F – Dioxin/Furan Compounds**

Compound	Toxic Equivalenc y Factors	Wastewater Concentration (ppq)	Wastewater Equivalents (ppq)	Sludge Concentration (ppt)	Sludge Equivalents (ppt)	MAL (ppq)
2,3,7,8 TCDD	1					10
1,2,3,7,8 PeCDD	0.5					50
2,3,7,8 HxCDDs	0.1					50
1,2,3,4,6,7,8 HpCDD	0.01					50
2,3,7,8 TCDF	0.1					10
1,2,3,7,8 PeCDF	0.05					50
2,3,4,7,8 PeCDF	0.5					50
2,3,7,8 HxCDFs	0.1					50
2,3,4,7,8 HpCDFs	0.01					50
OCDD	0.0003					100
OCDF	0.0003					100
PCB 77	0.0001					0.5
PCB 81	0.0003					0.5
PCB 126	0.1					0.5
PCB 169	0.03					0.5
Total						

# DOMESTIC WASTEWATER PERMIT APPLICATION

## WORKSHEET 5.0: TOXICITY TESTING REQUIREMENTS

The following **is required** for facilities with a current operating design flow of **1.0 MGD or greater**, with an EPA-approved **pretreatment** program (or those required to have one under 40 CFR Part 403), or are required to perform Whole Effluent Toxicity testing. See Page 86 of the instructions for further details.

This worksheet is not required minor amendments without renewal.

### Section 1. Required Tests

Indicate the number of 7-day chronic or 48-hour acute Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) tests performed in the four and one-half years prior to submission of the application.

7-day Chronic: [Click to enter text.](#)

48-hour Acute: [Click to enter text.](#)

### Section 2. Toxicity Reduction Evaluations (TREs)

Has this facility completed a TRE in the past four and a half years? Or is the facility currently performing a TRE?

☐ Yes ☐ No

**If yes**, describe the progress to date, if applicable, in identifying and confirming the toxicant.

[Click to enter text.](#)

### Section 3. Summary of WET Tests

If the required biomonitoring test information has not been previously submitted via both the Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs) and the Table 1 (as found in the permit), provide a summary of the testing results for all valid and invalid tests performed over the past four and one-half years. Make additional copies of this table as needed.

**Table 5.0(1) Summary of WET Tests**

Test Date	Test Species	NOEC Survival	NOEC Sub-lethal

# DOMESTIC WASTEWATER PERMIT APPLICATION

## WORKSHEET 6.0: INDUSTRIAL WASTE CONTRIBUTION

The following is required for all publicly owned treatment works.

### Section 1. All POTWs (Instructions Page 87)

#### A. Industrial users (IUs)

Provide the number of each of the following types of industrial users (IUs) that discharge to your POTW and the daily flows from each user. See the Instructions for definitions of Categorical IUs, Significant IUs – non-categorical, and Other IUs.

**If there are no users, enter 0 (zero).**

Categorical IUs:

Number of IUs: [Click to enter text.](#)

Average Daily Flows, in MGD: [Click to enter text.](#)

Significant IUs – non-categorical:

Number of IUs: 1

Average Daily Flows, in MGD: .252

Other IUs:

Number of IUs: [Click to enter text.](#)

Average Daily Flows, in MGD: [Click to enter text.](#)

#### B. Treatment plant interference

In the past three years, has your POTW experienced treatment plant interference (see instructions)?

☐ Yes ☒ No

**If yes**, identify the dates, duration, description of interference, and probable cause(s) and possible source(s) of each interference event. Include the names of the IUs that may have caused the interference.

[Click to enter text.](#)

### C. Treatment plant pass through

In the past three years, has your POTW experienced pass through (see instructions)?

☐ Yes ☒ No

If **yes**, identify the dates, duration, a description of the pollutants passing through the treatment plant, and probable cause(s) and possible source(s) of each pass through event. Include the names of the IUs that may have caused pass through.

Click to enter text.

### D. Pretreatment program

Does your POTW have an approved pretreatment program?

☒ Yes ☐ No

If **yes**, complete Section 2 only of this Worksheet.

Is your POTW required to develop an approved pretreatment program?

☒ Yes ☐ No

If **yes**, complete Section 2.c. and 2.d. only, and skip Section 3.

If **no to either question above**, skip Section 2 and complete Section 3 for each significant industrial user and categorical industrial user.

## Section 2. POTWs with Approved Programs or Those Required to Develop a Program (Instructions Page 87)

### A. Substantial modifications

Have there been any **substantial modifications** to the approved pretreatment program that have not been submitted to the TCEQ for approval according to *40 CFR §403.18*?

☐ Yes ☒ No

If **yes**, identify the modifications that have not been submitted to TCEQ, including the purpose of the modification.

Click to enter text.

**B. Non-substantial modifications**

Have there been any **non-substantial modifications** to the approved pretreatment program that have not been submitted to TCEQ for review and acceptance?

☐ Yes ☒ No

If yes, identify all non-substantial modifications that have not been submitted to TCEQ, including the purpose of the modification.

Click to enter text.

**C. Effluent parameters above the MAL**

In Table 6.0(1), list all parameters measured above the MAL in the POTW’s effluent monitoring during the last three years. Submit an attachment if necessary.

**Table 6.0(1) – Parameters Above the MAL**

Pollutant	Concentration	MAL	Units	Date

**D. Industrial user interruptions**

Has any SIU, CIU, or other IU caused or contributed to any problems (excluding interferences or pass throughs) at your POTW in the past three years?

☐ Yes ☒ No

If **yes**, identify the industry, describe each episode, including dates, duration, description of the problems, and probable pollutants.

Click to enter text.

### Section 3. Significant Industrial User (SIU) Information and Categorical Industrial User (CIU) (Instructions Page 88)

#### A. General information

Company Name: Tyson Food, Inc. Vernon Texas Plant

SIC Code: 2013

Contact name: Alben Lee

Address: 700 Wheeler St

City, State, and Zip Code: Vernon, TX 76384

Telephone number: 940-553-1347

Email address: Click to enter text.

#### B. Process information

Describe the industrial processes or other activities that affect or contribute to the SIU(s) or CIU(s) discharge (i.e., process and non-process wastewater).

Meat Packing plant producing smoked bacon and cooked bacon

#### C. Product and service information

Provide a description of the principal product(s) or services performed.

Bacon-smoked and cooked

#### D. Flow rate information

See the Instructions for definitions of “process” and “non-process wastewater.”

Process Wastewater:

Discharge, in gallons/day: 240,000

Discharge Type: ☐ Continuous ☐ Batch ☒ Intermittent

Non-Process Wastewater:

Discharge, in gallons/day: 12,000

Discharge Type: ☐ Continuous ☐ Batch ☒ Intermittent



## E. Pretreatment standards

Is the SIU or CIU subject to technically based local limits as defined in the instructions?

☒ Yes ☐ No

Is the SIU or CIU subject to categorical pretreatment standards found in *40 CFR Parts 405-471*?

☐ Yes ☒ No

**If subject to categorical pretreatment standards**, indicate the applicable category and subcategory for each categorical process.

Category: Subcategories: [Click to enter text.](#)

[Click or tap here to enter text.](#) [Click to enter text.](#)

Category: [Click to enter text.](#)

Subcategories: [Click to enter text.](#)

Category: [Click to enter text.](#)

Subcategories: [Click to enter text.](#)

Category: [Click to enter text.](#)

Subcategories: [Click to enter text.](#)

Category: [Click to enter text.](#)

Subcategories: [Click to enter text.](#)

## F. Industrial user interruptions

Has the SIU or CIU caused or contributed to any problems (e.g., interferences, pass through, odors, corrosion, blockages) at your POTW in the past three years?

☐ Yes ☒ No

**If yes**, identify the SIU, describe each episode, including dates, duration, description of problems, and probable pollutants.

[Click to enter text.](#)

City of Vernon WWTP  
Wastewater Permit Renewal  
Wilbarger County, Texas  
2025

ATTACHMENT #1

TCEQ Core Data Form & Application Fee  
Check Receipt

Prepared By:



Firm #2448  
Project #: 17390



325.695.1070  
817.594.9880



info@jacobmartin.com  
www.jacobmartin.com



3465 Curry Lane  
Abilene, TX 76906

1508 Santa Fe, Suite 203  
Weatherford, TX 76086



# TCEQ Core Data Form

For detailed instructions on completing this form, please read the Core Data Form Instructions or call 512-239-5175.

## SECTION I: General Information

<b>1. Reason for Submission</b> (If other is checked please describe in space provided.)		
<input type="checkbox"/> New Permit, Registration or Authorization (Core Data Form should be submitted with the program application.)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Renewal (Core Data Form should be submitted with the renewal form)		<input type="checkbox"/> Other
<b>2. Customer Reference Number</b> (if issued)	Follow this link to search for CN or RN numbers in Central Registry**	<b>3. Regulated Entity Reference Number</b> (if issued)
CN 600248264		RN 102917143

## SECTION II: Customer Information

<b>4. General Customer Information</b>		<b>5. Effective Date for Customer Information Updates</b> (mm/dd/yyyy)		02/07/2025	
<input type="checkbox"/> New Customer <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Update to Customer Information <input type="checkbox"/> Change in Regulated Entity Ownership					
<input type="checkbox"/> Change in Legal Name (Verifiable with the Texas Secretary of State or Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts)					
The Customer Name submitted here may be updated automatically based on what is current and active with the Texas Secretary of State (SOS) or Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts (CPA).					
<b>6. Customer Legal Name</b> (If an individual, print last name first: eg: Doe, John)				If new Customer, enter previous Customer below:	
City of Vernon					
<b>7. TX SOS/CPA Filing Number</b>		<b>8. TX State Tax ID</b> (11 digits)		<b>9. Federal Tax ID</b> (9 digits) 756000702	<b>10. DUNS Number</b> (if applicable) 056356249
<b>11. Type of Customer:</b>		<input type="checkbox"/> Corporation		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual	Partnership: <input type="checkbox"/> General <input type="checkbox"/> Limited
Government: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> City <input type="checkbox"/> County <input type="checkbox"/> Federal <input type="checkbox"/> Local <input type="checkbox"/> State <input type="checkbox"/> Other		<input type="checkbox"/> Sole Proprietorship		<input type="checkbox"/> Other:	
<b>12. Number of Employees</b>				<b>13. Independently Owned and Operated?</b>	
<input type="checkbox"/> 0-20 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 21-100 <input type="checkbox"/> 101-250 <input type="checkbox"/> 251-500 <input type="checkbox"/> 501 and higher				<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
<b>14. Customer Role</b> (Proposed or Actual) – as it relates to the Regulated Entity listed on this form. Please check one of the following					
<input type="checkbox"/> Owner <input type="checkbox"/> Operator <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Owner & Operator <input type="checkbox"/> Other:					
<input type="checkbox"/> Occupational Licensee <input type="checkbox"/> Responsible Party <input type="checkbox"/> VCP/BSA Applicant					
<b>15. Mailing Address:</b>	1725 Wilbarger St				
	City	Vernon	State	TX	ZIP 76384 ZIP + 4 4741
<b>16. Country Mailing Information</b> (if outside USA)				<b>17. E-Mail Address</b> (if applicable)	
				citymanager@vernontx.gov	

<b>18. Telephone Number</b> ( 940 ) 552-2581	<b>19. Extension or Code</b>	<b>20. Fax Number (if applicable)</b> ( ) -
---	------------------------------	--

### SECTION III: Regulated Entity Information

<b>21. General Regulated Entity Information</b> (If 'New Regulated Entity' is selected, a new permit application is also required.) <input type="checkbox"/> New Regulated Entity <input type="checkbox"/> Update to Regulated Entity Name <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Update to Regulated Entity Information							
<i>The Regulated Entity Name submitted may be updated, in order to meet TCEQ Core Data Standards (removal of organizational endings such as Inc, LP, or LLC).</i>							
<b>22. Regulated Entity Name</b> (Enter name of the site where the regulated action is taking place.) City of Vernon WWTP							
<b>23. Street Address of the Regulated Entity:</b>  (No PO Boxes)							
City		State		ZIP		ZIP + 4	
<b>24. County</b>	Wilbarger						

If no Street Address is provided, fields 25-28 are required.

<b>25. Description to Physical Location:</b>		Located approximately 0.8 mile northeast of the intersection of U.S. Highway 283 and the Fort Worth and Denver Railroad in the City of Vernon in Wilbarger County, Texas 76384.					
<b>26. Nearest City</b>				<b>State</b>		<b>Nearest ZIP Code</b>	
Vernon				TX		76384	
<i>Latitude/Longitude are required and may be added/updated to meet TCEQ Core Data Standards. (Geocoding of the Physical Address may be used to supply coordinates where none have been provided or to gain accuracy).</i>							
<b>27. Latitude (N) In Decimal:</b>		34.163283		<b>28. Longitude (W) In Decimal:</b>		-99.270062	
Degrees	Minutes	Seconds		Degrees	Minutes	Seconds	
<b>29. Primary SIC Code</b> (4 digits)		<b>30. Secondary SIC Code</b> (4 digits)		<b>31. Primary NAICS Code</b> (5 or 6 digits)		<b>32. Secondary NAICS Code</b> (5 or 6 digits)	
4952				221320			
<b>33. What is the Primary Business of this entity?</b> (Do not repeat the SIC or NAICS description.) Collecting and treating wastewater							
<b>34. Mailing Address:</b>		1725 Wilbarger St.					
City	Vernon	State	TX	ZIP	76384	ZIP + 4	4741
<b>35. E-Mail Address:</b>		citymanager@vernontx.gov					
<b>36. Telephone Number</b>		<b>37. Extension or Code</b>		<b>38. Fax Number (if applicable)</b>			
( 940 ) 552-2581				( ) -			

**39. TCEQ Programs and ID Numbers** Check all Programs and write in the permits/registration numbers that will be affected by the updates submitted on this form. See the Core Data Form instructions for additional guidance.

<input type="checkbox"/> Dam Safety	<input type="checkbox"/> Districts	<input type="checkbox"/> Edwards Aquifer	<input type="checkbox"/> Emissions Inventory Air	<input type="checkbox"/> Industrial Hazardous Waste
<input type="checkbox"/> Municipal Solid Waste	<input type="checkbox"/> New Source Review Air	<input type="checkbox"/> OSSF	<input type="checkbox"/> Petroleum Storage Tank	<input type="checkbox"/> PWS
<input type="checkbox"/> Sludge	<input type="checkbox"/> Storm Water	<input type="checkbox"/> Title V Air	<input type="checkbox"/> Tires	<input type="checkbox"/> Used Oil
<input type="checkbox"/> Voluntary Cleanup	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wastewater	<input type="checkbox"/> Wastewater Agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> Water Rights	<input type="checkbox"/> Other:

## **SECTION IV: Preparer Information**

<b>40. Name:</b>	Mark Lawrence	<b>41. Title:</b>	Environmental Geologist
<b>42. Telephone Number</b>	<b>43. Ext./Code</b>	<b>44. Fax Number</b>	<b>45. E-Mail Address</b>
( 325 ) 695-1070		( )	mlawrence@jacobmartin.com

## **SECTION V: Authorized Signature**

**46.** By my signature below, I certify, to the best of my knowledge, that the information provided in this form is true and complete, and that I have signature authority to submit this form on behalf of the entity specified in Section II, Field 6 and/or as required for the updates to the ID numbers identified in field 39.

<b>Company:</b>	City of Vernon	<b>Job Title:</b>	City Manager
<b>Name (In Print):</b>	Darell Kennon	<b>Phone:</b>	( 940 ) 552- 2581
<b>Signature:</b>		<b>Date:</b>	2/10/2024



Basis2 Receipt Report by Endorsement Number

APR-02-25 10:43 AM

<u>Acct. #:</u> PTGQ		<u>Account Name:</u> NOTICE FEES WQP WATER QUALITY PMT							
<u>Paid For</u>	<u>Endors. #</u>	<u>Ref #2</u>	<u>Paid In By</u>	<u>PayTyp</u>	<u>Chk #</u>	<u>Card#</u>	<u>Bank Slip</u>	<u>Tran.Date</u>	<u>Receipt Amnt.</u>
	M554177B	10377001	VERNON, CITY OF	CK	982681		BS00114263	20-FEB-25	\$15.00
<u>Acct. #:</u> WQP		<u>Account Name:</u> WATER QUALITY PERMIT APPLICATION							
<u>Paid For</u>	<u>Endors. #</u>	<u>Ref #2</u>	<u>Paid In By</u>	<u>PayTyp</u>	<u>Chk #</u>	<u>Card#</u>	<u>Bank Slip</u>	<u>Tran.Date</u>	<u>Receipt Amnt.</u>
	M554177A	10377001	VERNON, CITY OF	CK	982681		BS00114263	20-FEB-25	\$2000.00

City of Vernon WWTP  
Wastewater Permit Renewal  
Wilbarger County, Texas  
2025

ATTACHMENT #2

Plain Language Summary

Prepared By:



Firm #2448  
Project #: 17390



325.695.1070  
817.594.9880



info@jacobmartin.com  
www.jacobmartin.com



3465 Curry Lane  
Abilene, TX 76906

1508 Santa Fe, Suite 203  
Weatherford, TX 76086



## TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

# **SUMMARY OF APPLICATION IN PLAIN LANGUAGE FOR TPDES OR TLAP PERMIT APPLICATIONS**

## **Summary of Application (in plain language) and Instructions for Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (TPDES) and Texas Land Application (TLAP) Permit Applications**

### **ENGLISH TEMPLATE FOR TPDES or TLAP NEW/RENEWAL/AMENDMENT APPLICATIONS DOMESTIC WASTEWATER/STORMWATER**

*The following summary is provided for this pending water quality permit application being reviewed by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality as required by 30 TAC Chapter 39. The information provided in this summary may change during the technical review of the application and is not a federal enforceable representation of the permit application.*

City of Vernon (CN600248264) operates the City of Vernon WWTP (RN102917143), a municipal wastewater treatment plant. The facility is located at approximately 0.8-mile northeast of the intersection of U.S. Highway 283 and the Fort Worth and Denver Railroad, in the City of Vernon, Wilbarger County, Texas 76384. This application is for a renewal to discharge at an annual average flow not to exceed 2,000,000 gallons per day (MGD) with a two-hour period (2-hour peak) not to exceed 3,076 gallons per minute (GPM) .

Discharges from the facility are expected to contain seven-day carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand (CBOD5), total suspended solids (TSS), ammonia nitrogen (NH3-N), and Escherichia coli. A monthly analysis of Total Phosphorus is a monitoring requirement as well as a quarterly Sublethal Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) test. Additional potential pollutants are included in the Domestic Technical Report 1.0, Section 7. Pollutant Analysis of Treated Effluent and Domestic Worksheet 4.0 in the permit application package. Domestic wastewater from residential and commercial sources is treated by an activated sludge process.

Wastewater is directed to the head works of the system, then through a bar screen, then runs through a grease/grit removal unit. The wastewater is then sent to a primary clarifier, ran through an oxidation ditch, through an aeration basin, then sent to one of two clarifiers. Sludge is sent from the clarifiers to a collection point to undergo anaerobic processing. The remaining wastewater is filtered and then goes through a UV disinfection unit or through a chlorine contact chamber and then discharged into Pease Creek.



City of Vernon WWTP  
Wastewater Permit Renewal  
Wilbarger County, Texas  
2025

ATTACHMENT #3

USGS Topographic Maps / SPIF

Prepared By:



Firm #2448  
Project #: 17390



325.695.1070  
817.594.9880



info@jacobmartin.com  
www.jacobmartin.com



3465 Curry Lane  
Abilene, TX 76906

1508 Santa Fe, Suite 203  
Weatherford, TX 76086

# TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

## SUPPLEMENTAL PERMIT INFORMATION FORM (SPIF)

### FOR AGENCIES REVIEWING DOMESTIC OR INDUSTRIAL TPDES WASTEWATER PERMIT APPLICATIONS

**TCEQ USE ONLY:**

Application type: \_\_\_\_Renewal \_\_\_\_Major Amendment \_\_\_\_Minor Amendment \_\_\_\_New

County: \_\_\_\_\_ Segment Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Admin Complete Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Agency Receiving SPIF:

\_\_\_\_ Texas Historical Commission

\_\_\_\_ U.S. Fish and Wildlife

\_\_\_\_ Texas Parks and Wildlife Department

\_\_\_\_ U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

**This form applies to TPDES permit applications only.** (Instructions, Page 53)

Complete this form as a separate document. TCEQ will mail a copy to each agency as required by our agreement with EPA. If any of the items are not completely addressed or further information is needed, we will contact you to provide the information before issuing the permit. Address each item completely.

**Do not refer to your response to any item in the permit application form.** Provide each attachment for this form separately from the Administrative Report of the application. The application will not be declared administratively complete without this SPIF form being completed in its entirety including all attachments. Questions or comments concerning this form may be directed to the Water Quality Division's Application Review and Processing Team by email at [WQ-ARPTeam@tceq.texas.gov](mailto:WQ-ARPTeam@tceq.texas.gov) or by phone at (512) 239-4671.

The following applies to all applications:

1. Permittee: City of Vernon

Permit No. WQ00 10377001EPA ID No. TX 0023001

Address of the project (or a location description that includes street/highway, city/vicinity, and county):

Located approximately 0.8 mile northeast of the intersection of U.S. Highway 283 and the Fort Worth and Denver Railroad in the City of Vernon in Wilbarger County, Texas 76384.

Provide the name, address, phone and fax number of an individual that can be contacted to answer specific questions about the property.

Prefix (Mr., Ms., Miss): Mr.

First and Last Name: Chase Craighead

Credential (P.E, P.G., Ph.D., etc.):

Title: Public Works Director

Mailing Address: 1725 Wilbarger St

City, State, Zip Code: Vernon, TX 76384-4741

Phone No.: 940-552-2581 Ext.:  Fax No.:

E-mail Address: scraighead@vernontx.gov

2. List the county in which the facility is located: Wilbarger
3. If the property is publicly owned and the owner is different than the permittee/applicant, please list the owner of the property.

4. Provide a description of the effluent discharge route. The discharge route must follow the flow of effluent from the point of discharge to the nearest major watercourse (from the point of discharge to a classified segment as defined in 30 TAC Chapter 307). If known, please identify the classified segment number.

It is discharged directly to Pease River in Segment No. 0230 of the Red River Basin.

5. Please provide a separate 7.5-minute USGS quadrangle map with the project boundaries plotted and a general location map showing the project area. Please highlight the discharge route from the point of discharge for a distance of one mile downstream. (This map is required in addition to the map in the administrative report).

Provide original photographs of any structures 50 years or older on the property.

Does your project involve any of the following? Check all that apply.

- ☐ Proposed access roads, utility lines, construction easements
- ☐ Visual effects that could damage or detract from a historic property's integrity
- ☐ Vibration effects during construction or as a result of project design
- ☐ Additional phases of development that are planned for the future
- ☐ Sealing caves, fractures, sinkholes, other karst features

☐ Disturbance of vegetation or wetlands

1. List proposed construction impact (surface acres to be impacted, depth of excavation, sealing of caves, or other karst features):

N/A

2. Describe existing disturbances, vegetation, and land use:

N/A

THE FOLLOWING ITEMS APPLY ONLY TO APPLICATIONS FOR NEW TPDES PERMITS AND MAJOR AMENDMENTS TO TPDES PERMITS

3. List construction dates of all buildings and structures on the property:

N/A

4. Provide a brief history of the property, and name of the architect/builder, if known.

N/A



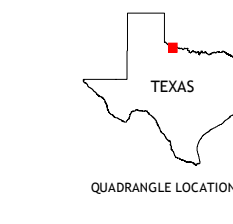
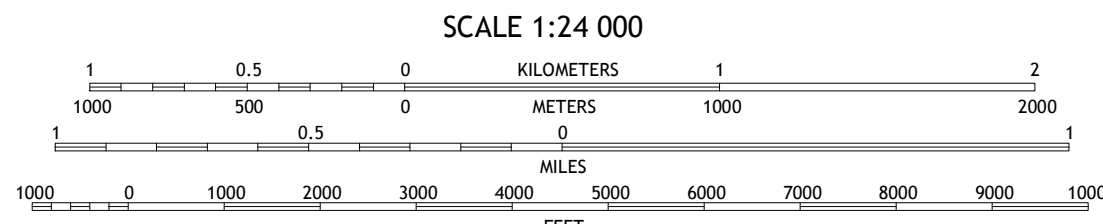
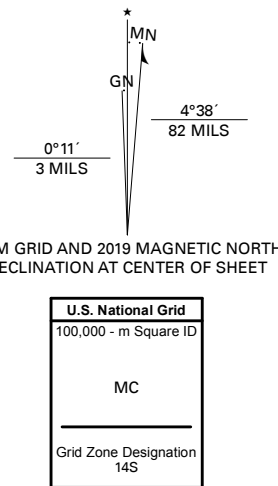


Produced by the United States Geological Survey

North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83)  
World Geodetic System of 1984 (WGS84). Projection and  
1 000-meter grid/Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone 14S  
This map is not a legal document. Boundaries may be  
generalized for this map scale. Private lands within government  
reservations may not be shown. Obtain permission before  
entering private lands.

Imagery.....NAIP, September 2016 - November 2016  
Roads.....U.S. Census Bureau, 2015 - 2018  
Names.....GNIS, 1998 - 2018  
Hydrography.....National Hydrography Dataset, 2004 - 2018  
Contours.....National Elevation Dataset, 2000 - 2005  
Boundaries.....Multiple sources; see metadata file 2016 - 2017

Wetlands.....FWS National Wetlands Inventory 1983



1	2	3
4	5	6
7	8	9

ADJOINING QUADRANGLES

1 Odell  
2 Northside  
3 Frederick SW  
4 Talbert  
5 Oklaunion  
6 Rayland  
7 Lockett  
8 Boggy Creek

ROAD CLASSIFICATION	
Expressway	Local Connector
Secondary Hwy	Local Road
Ramp	4WD
Interstate Route	US Route
	State Route

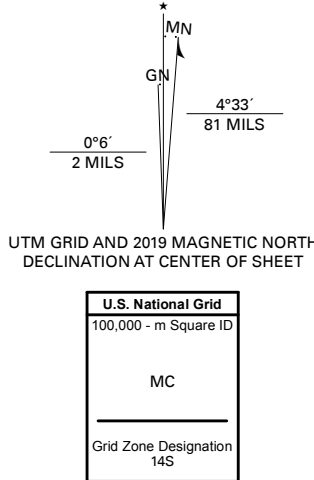




Produced by the United States Geological Survey

North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83)  
World Geodetic System of 1984 (WGS84). Projection and  
1 000-meter grid/Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone 14S  
This map is not a legal document. Boundaries may be  
generalized for this map scale. Private lands within government  
reservations may not be shown. Obtain permission before  
entering private lands.

Imagery.....NAIP, September 2016 - July 2017  
Roads.....U.S. Census Bureau, 2015  
Names.....GNIS, 1979-2018  
Hydrography.....National Hydrography Dataset, 2004 - 2018  
Contours.....National Elevation Dataset, 2000 - 2018  
Boundaries.....Multiple sources: see metadata file, 2016  
Public Land Survey System.....BLM, 2017  
Wetlands.....FWS National Wetlands Inventory, 1983



CONTOUR INTERVAL 10 FEET  
NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988  
This map was produced to conform with the  
National Geospatial Program US Topo Product Standard, 2011.  
A metadata file associated with this product is draft version 0.6.18



1	2	3
4	5	6
7	8	9

1 Northside  
2 Frederick SW  
3 Frederick SE  
4 Vernon  
5 Davidson  
6 Lockett  
7 Boggy Creek  
8 Harrold

ROAD CLASSIFICATION	
Expressway	Local Connector
Secondary Hwy	Local Road
Ramp	4WD
Interstate Route	US Route
	State Route

OKLAUNION, TX, OK  
2019





City of Vernon WWTP  
Wastewater Permit Renewal  
Wilbarger County, Texas  
2025

ATTACHMENT #4  
  
Process Flow Diagram

Prepared By:



Firm #2448  
Project #: 17390



325.695.1070  
817.594.9880

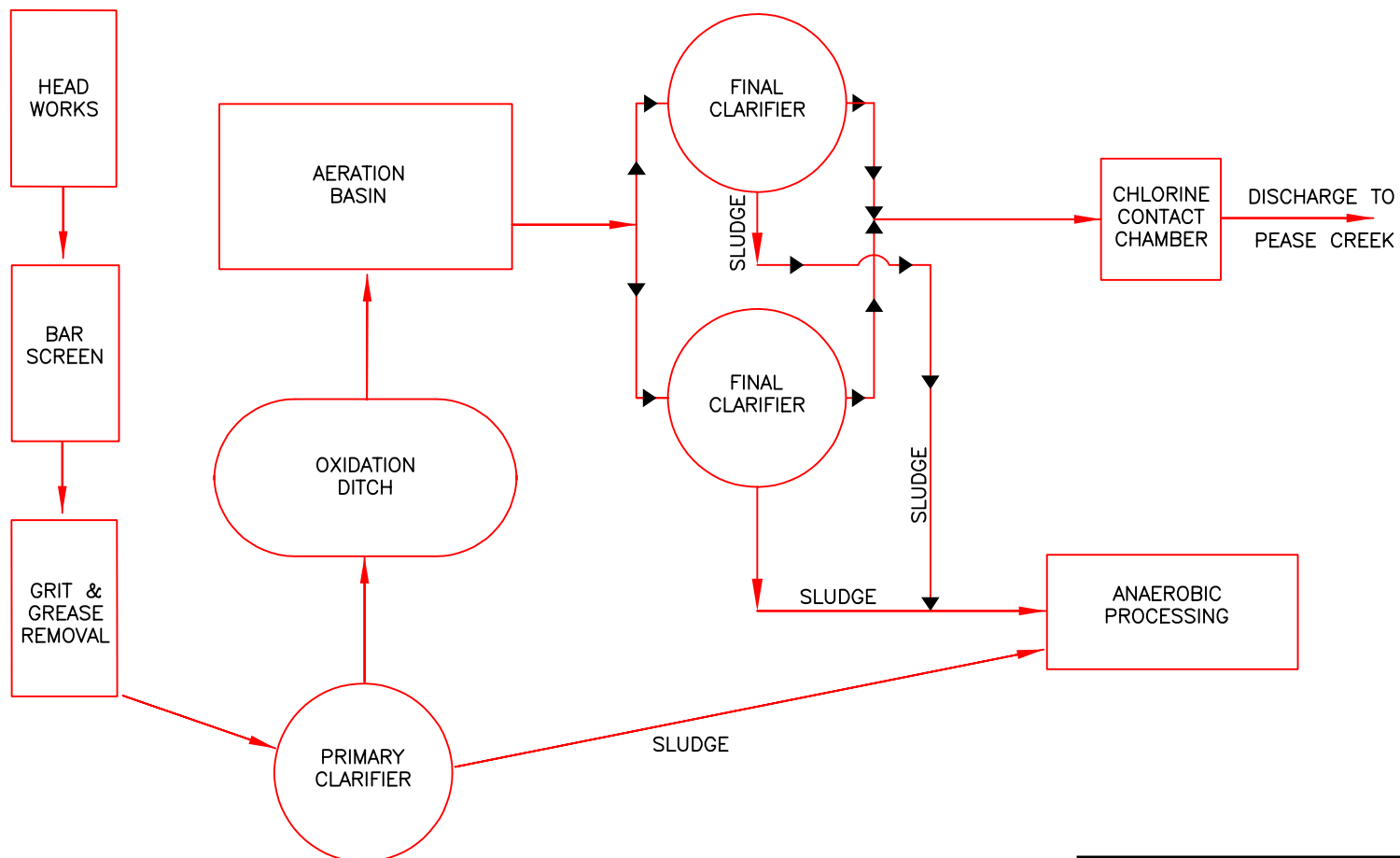


info@jacobmartin.com  
www.jacobmartin.com



3465 Curry Lane  
Abilene, TX 76906

1508 Santa Fe, Suite 203  
Weatherford, TX 76086



City of Vernon  
 WWTP Permit Renewal  
 WQ0010377001  
 Flow Diagram 2025



4920 SOUTH LOOP 289 SUITE 106, LUBBOCK, TX 79414 808-568-6375  
 3485 CURRY LANE, ABILENE, TEXAS 79606 325-695-1070  
 1508 SANTA FE DR. SUITE 204, WEATHERFORD, TEXAS 76086 817-594-9880

FIRM # F-2448



City of Vernon WWTP  
Wastewater Permit Renewal  
Wilbarger County, Texas  
2025

ATTACHMENT #5

Site Drawing

Prepared By:



Firm #2448  
Project #: 17390



325.695.1070  
817.594.9880



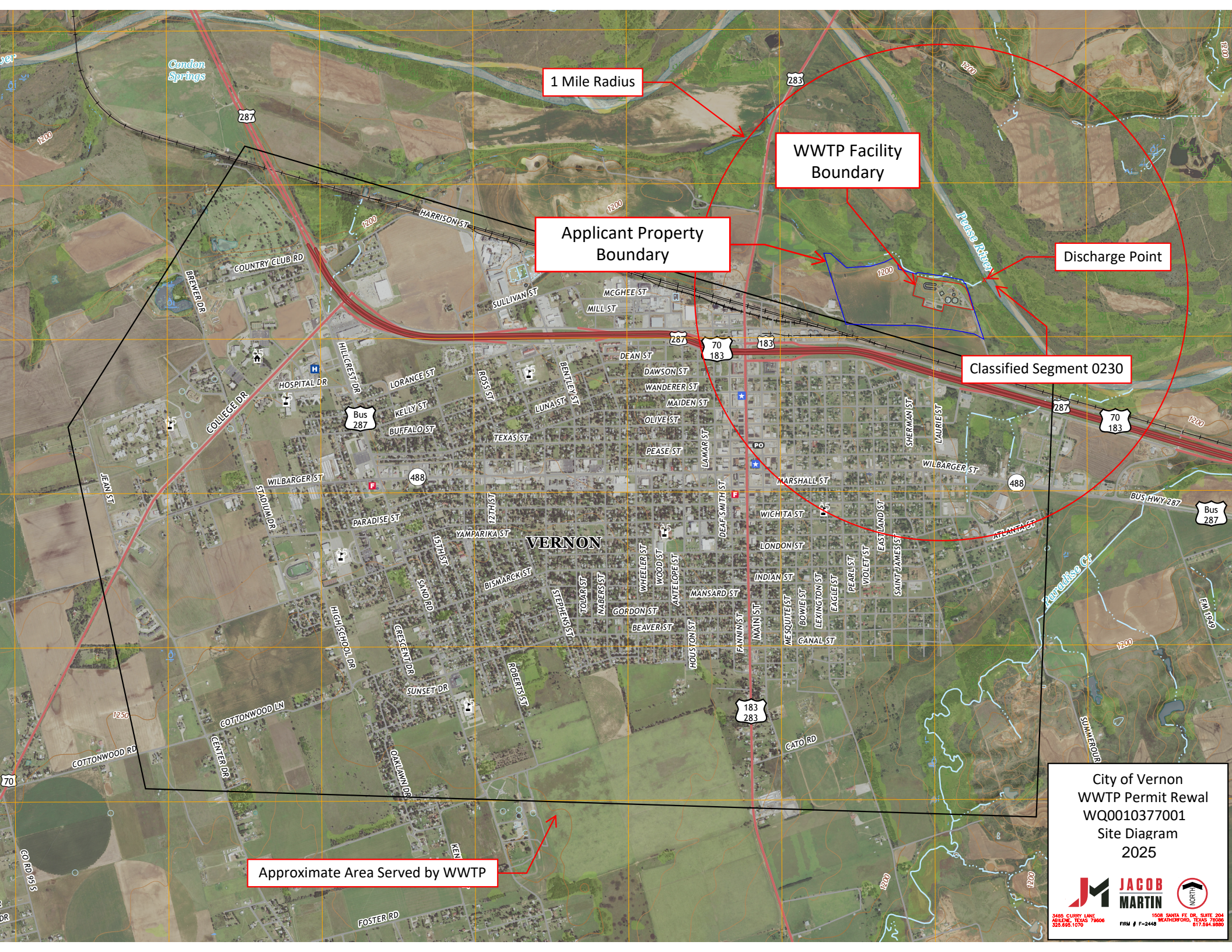
info@jacobmartin.com  
www.jacobmartin.com



3465 Curry Lane  
Abilene, TX 76906

1508 Santa Fe, Suite 203  
Weatherford, TX 76086





1 Mile Radius

WWTP Facility Boundary

Applicant Property Boundary

Discharge Point

Classified Segment 0230

Approximate Area Served by WWTP

City of Vernon  
WWTP Permit Renewal  
WQ0010377001  
Site Diagram  
2025

**JACOB MARTIN**

3445 CURRY LANE  
ABILENE, TEXAS 79606  
325.695.1070

1508 SANTA FE DR, SUITE 204  
WEATHERFORD, TEXAS 73068  
817.564.9880

FIRM # F-2448



City of Vernon WWTP  
Wastewater Permit Renewal  
Wilbarger County, Texas  
2025

ATTACHMENT #6

Effluent Lab Data

Prepared By:



Firm #2448  
Project #: 17390



325.695.1070  
817.594.9880



info@jacobmartin.com  
www.jacobmartin.com



3465 Curry Lane  
Abilene, TX 76906

1508 Santa Fe, Suite 203  
Weatherford, TX 76086

# Attachment Index

Attachment #1	TCEQ Core Data Form, Check
Attachment #2	PLS
Attachment #3	SPIF, USGS Map
Attachment #4	Process Flow Diagram
Attachment #5	Site Drawing
Attachment #6	Effluent Lab Data

Prepared By:



Firm #2448  
Project #: 17390



325.695.1070  
817.594.9880



info@jacobmartin.com  
www.jacobmartin.com



3465 Curry Lane  
Abilene, TX 76906

1508 Santa Fe, Suite 203  
Weatherford, TX 76086



INTEGRITY  
EXCELLENCE  
TRUST

May 8, 2025

Francesca Findlay  
Applications Review and Processing Team (MC148)  
Water Quality Division  
Texas Commission on Environmental Quality  
12100 Park 35 Circle  
Austin, Texas 78753

RE: Application to Renew, for Permit No.: WQ0010377001 (EPA I.D. No. TX0023001)  
Applicant Name: City of Vernon (CN600248264)  
Site Name: City of Vernon WWTP (RN101212611)  
Type of Application: Renewal without changes

**VIA EMAIL**

Dear Ms. Findlay:

Enclosed is the response to the Notice of Deficiency dated May 8, 2025, to renew Permit No. WQ0010377001.

The attached document includes an update to the NORI description noted in red font.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me at our Abilene office (325) 695-1070 or email me at [mlawrence@jacobmartin.com](mailto:mlawrence@jacobmartin.com). Thank you for your assistance.

Sincerely,

Mark Lawrence

**JACOB | MARTIN**



info@jacobmartin.com  
www.jacobmartin.com



3465 Curry Lane  
Abilene, TX 79606  
325.695.1070

1508 Santa Fe, Suite 203  
Weatherford, TX 76086  
817.594.9880

1014 Broadway  
Lubbock, TX 79401  
806.368.6375



TBPE Firm #: 2448  
TBAE Firm #: BR 2261  
TBPLS Firm #: 10194493

**APPLICATION.** City of Vernon, 1725 Wilbarger Street, Vernon, Texas 76384, has applied to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) to renew Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (TPDES) Permit No. WQ0010377001 (EPA I.D. No. TX0023001) to authorize the discharge of treated wastewater at a volume not to exceed a daily average flow of 2,000,000 gallons per day. The domestic wastewater treatment facility is located at approximately 0.8 mile northeast of the intersection of U.S. Highway 283 and the Fort Worth and Denver Railroad, near the city of Vernon, in Wilbarger County, Texas 76384. The discharge route is from the plant site to an unnamed tributary; thence to Pease River. TCEQ received this application on May 6, 2025. The permit application will be available for viewing and copying at City Hall-Vernon Texas, 1725 Wilbarger Street, Vernon, in Wilbarger County, Texas prior to the date this notice is published in the newspaper. The application, including any updates, and associated notices are available electronically at the following webpage: <https://www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/wastewater/pending-permits/tpdes-applications>.

This link to an electronic map of the site or facility's general location is provided as a public courtesy and not part of the application or notice. For the exact location, refer to the application.

<https://gisweb.tceq.texas.gov/LocationMapper/?marker=-99.27,34.163333&level=18>

Further information may also be obtained from City of Vernon at the address stated above or by calling Mr. Chase Craighead, Public Works Director, at 940-552-2581.



TPDES PERMIT NO.  
WQ0010377001  
*[For TCEQ office use only - EPA I.D.  
No. TX0023001]*

TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY  
P.O. Box 13087  
Austin, Texas 78711-3087

This is a renewal that replaces TPDES  
Permit No. WQ0010377001 issued on  
January 22, 2021.

PERMIT TO DISCHARGE WASTES  
under provisions of  
Section 402 of the Clean Water Act  
and Chapter 26 of the Texas Water Code

City of Vernon

whose mailing address is

1725 Wilbarger Street  
Vernon, Texas 76384

is authorized to treat and discharge wastes from the City of Vernon Wastewater Treatment  
Facility, SIC Code 4952

located approximately 0.8 miles northeast of the intersection of U.S. Highway 283 and the Fort  
Worth and Denver Railroad, in Wilbarger County, Texas 76384

to an unnamed tributary, thence to Pease River in Segment No. 0230 of the Red River Basin

only according to effluent limitations, monitoring requirements, and other conditions set forth  
in this permit, as well as the rules of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ),  
the laws of the State of Texas, and other orders of the TCEQ. The issuance of this permit does  
not grant to the permittee the right to use private or public property for conveyance of  
wastewater along the discharge route described in this permit. This includes, but is not limited  
to, property belonging to any individual, partnership, corporation, or other entity. Neither does  
this permit authorize any invasion of personal rights nor any violation of federal, state, or local  
laws or regulations. It is the responsibility of the permittee to acquire property rights as may be  
necessary to use the discharge route.

This permit shall expire at midnight, **five years from the date of issuance.**

ISSUED DATE:

---

For the Commission

EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTSOutfall Number 001

1. During the period beginning upon the date of issuance and lasting through the date of expiration, the permittee is authorized to discharge subject to the following effluent limitations:

The annual average flow of effluent shall not exceed 2.0 million gallons per day (MGD), nor shall the average discharge during any two-hour period (2-hour peak) exceed 3,076 gallons per minute.

Effluent Characteristic	Discharge Limitations				Min. Self-Monitoring Requirements	
	Daily Avg mg/l (lbs/day)	7-day Avg mg/l	Daily Max mg/l	Single Grab mg/l	Report Daily Avg. & Daily Max. Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
Flow, MGD	Report	N/A	Report	N/A	Continuous	Totalizing Meter
Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand (5-day)	10 (167)	15	25	35	Two/week	Composite
Total Suspended Solids	15 (250)	25	40	60	Two/week	Composite
Ammonia Nitrogen	3 (50)	5	7	15	Two/week	Composite
Total Phosphorus	Report (Report)	N/A	Report	N/A	One/month	Composite
<i>E. coli</i> , colony-forming units or most probable number per 100 ml	126	N/A	399	N/A	One/week	Grab
Sublethal Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) limit (Parameter 51710) <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> (3-brood chronic NOEC <sup>1</sup> )	80%	N/A	80%	N/A	1/quarter	Composite

<sup>1</sup> The NOEC is here defined as the greatest effluent dilution at which no significant effect is demonstrated. A significant effect is defined as a statistically significant difference between a specified effluent dilution and the control for that endpoint.



2. The permittee shall utilize an Ultraviolet Light (UV) system for disinfection purposes. If the backup chlorination system is used, during the time of use the following requirements apply: the effluent shall contain a chlorine residual of at least 1.0 mg/l after a detention time of at least 20 minutes (based on peak flow) and shall be monitored daily by grab sample. The permittee shall dechlorinate the chlorinated effluent to less than 0.1 mg/l chlorine residual and shall monitor chlorine residual daily by grab sample after the dechlorination process. An equivalent method of disinfection may be substituted only with prior approval of the Executive Director.
3. The pH shall not be less than 6.0 standard units nor greater than 9.0 standard units and shall be monitored once per week by grab sample.
4. There shall be no discharge of floating solids or visible foam in other than trace amounts and no discharge of visible oil.
5. Effluent monitoring samples shall be taken at the following location(s): Following the final treatment unit.
6. The effluent shall contain a minimum dissolved oxygen of 4.0 mg/l and shall be monitored twice per week by grab sample.
7. The annual average flow and maximum 2-hour peak flow shall be reported monthly.

## DEFINITIONS AND STANDARD PERMIT CONDITIONS

As required by Title 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 305, certain regulations appear as standard conditions in waste discharge permits. 30 TAC § 305.121 - 305.129 (relating to Permit Characteristics and Conditions) as promulgated under the Texas Water Code (TWC) §§ 5.103 and 5.105, and the Texas Health and Safety Code (THSC) §§ 361.017 and 361.024(a), establish the characteristics and standards for waste discharge permits, including sewage sludge, and those sections of 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 122 adopted by reference by the Commission. The following text includes these conditions and incorporates them into this permit. All definitions in TWC § 26.001 and 30 TAC Chapter 305 shall apply to this permit and are incorporated by reference. Some specific definitions of words or phrases used in this permit are as follows:

### 1. Flow Measurements

- a. Annual average flow - the arithmetic average of all daily flow determinations taken within the preceding 12 consecutive calendar months. The annual average flow determination shall consist of daily flow volume determinations made by a totalizing meter, charted on a chart recorder and limited to major domestic wastewater discharge facilities with one million gallons per day or greater permitted flow.
- b. Daily average flow - the arithmetic average of all determinations of the daily flow within a period of one calendar month. The daily average flow determination shall consist of determinations made on at least four separate days. If instantaneous measurements are used to determine the daily flow, the determination shall be the arithmetic average of all instantaneous measurements taken during that month. Daily average flow determination for intermittent discharges shall consist of a minimum of three flow determinations on days of discharge.
- c. Daily maximum flow - the highest total flow for any 24-hour period in a calendar month.
- d. Instantaneous flow - the measured flow during the minimum time required to interpret the flow measuring device.
- e. 2-hour peak flow (domestic wastewater treatment plants) - the maximum flow sustained for a two-hour period during the period of daily discharge. The average of multiple measurements of instantaneous maximum flow within a two-hour period may be used to calculate the 2-hour peak flow.
- f. Maximum 2-hour peak flow (domestic wastewater treatment plants) - the highest 2-hour peak flow for any 24-hour period in a calendar month.

### 2. Concentration Measurements

- a. Daily average concentration - the arithmetic average of all effluent samples, composite or grab as required by this permit, within a period of one calendar month, consisting of at least four separate representative measurements.
  - i. For domestic wastewater treatment plants - When four samples are not available in a calendar month, the arithmetic average (weighted by flow) of all values in the previous four consecutive month period consisting of at least four measurements shall be utilized as the daily average concentration.

- ii. For all other wastewater treatment plants - When four samples are not available in a calendar month, the arithmetic average (weighted by flow) of all values taken during the month shall be utilized as the daily average concentration.
- b. 7-day average concentration - the arithmetic average of all effluent samples, composite or grab as required by this permit, within a period of one calendar week, Sunday through Saturday.
- c. Daily maximum concentration - the maximum concentration measured on a single day, by the sample type specified in the permit, within a period of one calendar month.
- d. Daily discharge - the discharge of a pollutant measured during a calendar day or any 24-hour period that reasonably represents the calendar day for purposes of sampling. For pollutants with limitations expressed in terms of mass, the daily discharge is calculated as the total mass of the pollutant discharged over the sampling day. For pollutants with limitations expressed in other units of measurement, the daily discharge is calculated as the average measurement of the pollutant over the sampling day.

The daily discharge determination of concentration made using a composite sample shall be the concentration of the composite sample. When grab samples are used, the daily discharge determination of concentration shall be the arithmetic average (weighted by flow value) of all samples collected during that day.

- e. Bacteria concentration (*E. coli* or Enterococci) - Colony Forming Units (CFU) or Most Probable Number (MPN) of bacteria per 100 milliliters effluent. The daily average bacteria concentration is a geometric mean of the values for the effluent samples collected in a calendar month. The geometric mean shall be determined by calculating the  $n$ th root of the product of all measurements made in a calendar month, where  $n$  equals the number of measurements made; or, computed as the antilogarithm of the arithmetic mean of the logarithms of all measurements made in a calendar month. For any measurement of bacteria equaling zero, a substituted value of one shall be made for input into either computation method. If specified, the 7-day average for bacteria is the geometric mean of the values for all effluent samples collected during a calendar week.
  - f. Daily average loading (lbs/day) - the arithmetic average of all daily discharge loading calculations during a period of one calendar month. These calculations must be made for each day of the month that a parameter is analyzed. The daily discharge, in terms of mass (lbs/day), is calculated as (Flow, MGD x Concentration, mg/l x 8.34).
  - g. Daily maximum loading (lbs/day) - the highest daily discharge, in terms of mass (lbs/day), within a period of one calendar month.
3. Sample Type
- a. Composite sample - For domestic wastewater, a composite sample is a sample made up of a minimum of three effluent portions collected in a continuous 24-hour period or during the period of daily discharge if less than 24 hours, and combined in volumes proportional to flow, and collected at the intervals required by 30 TAC § 319.9 (a). For industrial wastewater, a composite sample is a sample made up of a minimum of three effluent portions collected in a continuous 24-hour period or during the period of daily discharge if less than 24 hours, and combined in volumes proportional to flow, and collected at the intervals required by 30 TAC § 319.9 (b).

- b. Grab sample - an individual sample collected in less than 15 minutes.
- 4. Treatment Facility (facility) - wastewater facilities used in the conveyance, storage, treatment, recycling, reclamation and/or disposal of domestic sewage, industrial wastes, agricultural wastes, recreational wastes, or other wastes including sludge handling or disposal facilities under the jurisdiction of the Commission.
- 5. The term "sewage sludge" is defined as solid, semi-solid, or liquid residue generated during the treatment of domestic sewage in 30 TAC Chapter 312. This includes the solids that have not been classified as hazardous waste separated from wastewater by unit processes.
- 6. The term "biosolids" is defined as sewage sludge that has been tested or processed to meet Class A, Class AB, or Class B pathogen standards in 30 TAC Chapter 312 for beneficial use.
- 7. Bypass - the intentional diversion of a waste stream from any portion of a treatment facility.

## **MONITORING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS**

### **1. Self-Reporting**

Monitoring results shall be provided at the intervals specified in the permit. Unless otherwise specified in this permit or otherwise ordered by the Commission, the permittee shall conduct effluent sampling and reporting in accordance with 30 TAC §§ 319.4 - 319.12. Unless otherwise specified, effluent monitoring data shall be submitted each month, to the Enforcement Division (MC 224), by the 20th day of the following month for each discharge which is described by this permit whether or not a discharge is made for that month. Monitoring results must be submitted online using the NetDMR reporting system available through the TCEQ website unless the permittee requests and obtains an electronic reporting waiver. Monitoring results must be signed and certified as required by Monitoring and Reporting Requirements No. 10.

As provided by state law, the permittee is subject to administrative, civil and criminal penalties, as applicable, for negligently or knowingly violating the Clean Water Act (CWA); TWC §§ 26, 27, and 28; and THSC § 361, including but not limited to knowingly making any false statement, representation, or certification on any report, record, or other document submitted or required to be maintained under this permit, including monitoring reports or reports of compliance or noncompliance, or falsifying, tampering with or knowingly rendering inaccurate any monitoring device or method required by this permit or violating any other requirement imposed by state or federal regulations.

### **2. Test Procedures**

- a. Unless otherwise specified in this permit, test procedures for the analysis of pollutants shall comply with procedures specified in 30 TAC §§ 319.11 - 319.12. Measurements, tests, and calculations shall be accurately accomplished in a representative manner.
- b. All laboratory tests submitted to demonstrate compliance with this permit must meet the requirements of 30 TAC § 25, Environmental Testing Laboratory Accreditation and Certification.

### **3. Records of Results**

- a. Monitoring samples and measurements shall be taken at times and in a manner so as to be representative of the monitored activity.

- b. Except for records of monitoring information required by this permit related to the permittee's sewage sludge or biosolids use and disposal activities, which shall be retained for a period of at least five years (or longer as required by 40 CFR Part 503), monitoring and reporting records, including strip charts and records of calibration and maintenance, copies of all records required by this permit, records of all data used to complete the application for this permit, and the certification required by 40 CFR § 264.73(b)(9) shall be retained at the facility site, or shall be readily available for review by a TCEQ representative for a period of three years from the date of the record or sample, measurement, report, application or certification. This period shall be extended at the request of the Executive Director.
- c. Records of monitoring activities shall include the following:
  - i. date, time and place of sample or measurement;
  - ii. identity of individual who collected the sample or made the measurement.
  - iii. date and time of analysis;
  - iv. identity of the individual and laboratory who performed the analysis;
  - v. the technique or method of analysis; and
  - vi. the results of the analysis or measurement and quality assurance/quality control records.

The period during which records are required to be kept shall be automatically extended to the date of the final disposition of any administrative or judicial enforcement action that may be instituted against the permittee.

#### 4. Additional Monitoring by Permittee

If the permittee monitors any pollutant at the location(s) designated herein more frequently than required by this permit using approved analytical methods as specified above, all results of such monitoring shall be included in the calculation and reporting of the values submitted on the approved self-report form. Increased frequency of sampling shall be indicated on the self-report form.

#### 5. Calibration of Instruments

All automatic flow measuring or recording devices and all totalizing meters for measuring flows shall be accurately calibrated by a trained person at plant start-up and as often thereafter as necessary to ensure accuracy, but not less often than annually unless authorized by the Executive Director for a longer period. Such person shall verify in writing that the device is operating properly and giving accurate results. Copies of the verification shall be retained at the facility site and/or shall be readily available for review by a TCEQ representative for a period of three years.

#### 6. Compliance Schedule Reports

Reports of compliance or noncompliance with, or any progress reports on, interim and final requirements contained in any compliance schedule of the permit shall be submitted no later than 14 days following each schedule date to the Regional Office and the Enforcement

Division (MC 224).

7. Noncompliance Notification

- a. In accordance with 30 TAC § 305.125(9) any noncompliance which may endanger human health or safety, or the environment shall be reported by the permittee to the TCEQ. Except as allowed by 30 TAC § 305.132, report of such information shall be provided orally or by facsimile transmission (FAX) to the Regional Office within 24 hours of becoming aware of the noncompliance. A written submission of such information shall also be provided by the permittee to the Regional Office and the Enforcement Division (MC 224) within five working days of becoming aware of the noncompliance. For Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTWs), effective December 21, 2025, the permittee must submit the written report for unauthorized discharges and unanticipated bypasses that exceed any effluent limit in the permit using the online electronic reporting system available through the TCEQ website unless the permittee requests and obtains an electronic reporting waiver. The written submission shall contain a description of the noncompliance and its cause; the potential danger to human health or safety, or the environment; the period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times; if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the time it is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent recurrence of the noncompliance, and to mitigate its adverse effects.
  - b. The following violations shall be reported under Monitoring and Reporting Requirement 7.a.:
    - i. Unauthorized discharges as defined in Permit Condition 2(g).
    - ii. Any unanticipated bypass that exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit.
    - iii. Violation of a permitted maximum daily discharge limitation for pollutants listed specifically in the Other Requirements section of an Industrial TPDES permit.
  - c. In addition to the above, any effluent violation which deviates from the permitted effluent limitation by more than 40% shall be reported by the permittee in writing to the Regional Office and the Enforcement Division (MC 224) within 5 working days of becoming aware of the noncompliance.
  - d. Any noncompliance other than that specified in this section, or any required information not submitted or submitted incorrectly, shall be reported to the Enforcement Division (MC 224) as promptly as possible. For effluent limitation violations, noncompliances shall be reported on the approved self-report form.
8. In accordance with the procedures described in 30 TAC §§ 35.301 - 35.303 (relating to Water Quality Emergency and Temporary Orders) if the permittee knows in advance of the need for a bypass, it shall submit prior notice by applying for such authorization.
9. Changes in Discharges of Toxic Substances

All existing manufacturing, commercial, mining, and silvicultural permittees shall notify the Regional Office, orally or by facsimile transmission within 24 hours, and both the Regional Office and the Enforcement Division (MC 224) in writing within five (5) working days, after becoming aware of or having reason to believe:

- a. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge, on a routine or frequent basis, of any toxic pollutant listed at 40 CFR Part 122, Appendix D, Tables II and III (excluding Total Phenols) which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following “notification levels”:
  - i. One hundred micrograms per liter (100 µg/L);
  - ii. Two hundred micrograms per liter (200 µg/L) for acrolein and acrylonitrile; five hundred micrograms per liter (500 µg/L) for 2,4-dinitrophenol and for 2-methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol; and one milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;
  - iii. Five (5) times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application; or
  - iv. The level established by the TCEQ.
- b. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in any discharge, on a nonroutine or infrequent basis, of a toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following “notification levels”:
  - i. Five hundred micrograms per liter (500 µg/L);
  - ii. One milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;
  - iii. Ten (10) times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application; or
  - iv. The level established by the TCEQ.

#### 10. Signatories to Reports

All reports and other information requested by the Executive Director shall be signed by the person and in the manner required by 30 TAC § 305.128 (relating to Signatories to Reports).

#### 11. All POTWs must provide adequate notice to the Executive Director of the following:

- a. Any new introduction of pollutants into the POTW from an indirect discharger which would be subject to CWA § 301 or § 306 if it were directly discharging those pollutants;
- b. Any substantial change in the volume or character of pollutants being introduced into that POTW by a source introducing pollutants into the POTW at the time of issuance of the permit; and
- c. For the purpose of this paragraph, adequate notice shall include information on:
  - i. The quality and quantity of effluent introduced into the POTW; and
  - ii. Any anticipated impact of the change on the quantity or quality of effluent to be discharged from the POTW.

**PERMIT CONDITIONS****1. General**

- a. When the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in an application or in any report to the Executive Director, it shall promptly submit such facts or information.
- b. This permit is granted on the basis of the information supplied and representations made by the permittee during action on an application, and relying upon the accuracy and completeness of that information and those representations. After notice and opportunity for a hearing, this permit may be modified, suspended, or revoked, in whole or in part, in accordance with 30 TAC Chapter 305, Subchapter D, during its term for good cause including, but not limited to, the following:
  - i. Violation of any terms or conditions of this permit;
  - ii. Obtaining this permit by misrepresentation or failure to disclose fully all relevant facts; or
  - iii. A change in any condition that requires either a temporary or permanent reduction or elimination of the authorized discharge.
- c. The permittee shall furnish to the Executive Director, upon request and within a reasonable time, any information to determine whether cause exists for amending, revoking, suspending or terminating the permit. The permittee shall also furnish to the Executive Director, upon request, copies of records required to be kept by the permit.

**2. Compliance**

- a. Acceptance of the permit by the person to whom it is issued constitutes acknowledgment and agreement that such person will comply with all the terms and conditions embodied in the permit, and the rules and other orders of the Commission.
- b. The permittee has a duty to comply with all conditions of the permit. Failure to comply with any permit condition constitutes a violation of the permit and the Texas Water Code or the Texas Health and Safety Code, and is grounds for enforcement action, for permit amendment, revocation, or suspension, or for denial of a permit renewal application or an application for a permit for another facility.
- c. It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of the permit.
- d. The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge or sludge use or disposal or other permit violation that has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment.
- e. Authorization from the Commission is required before beginning any change in the permitted facility or activity that may result in noncompliance with any permit requirements.
- f. A permit may be amended, suspended and reissued, or revoked for cause in accordance



with 30 TAC §§ 305.62 and 305.66 and TWC§ 7.302. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit amendment, suspension and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance, does not stay any permit condition.

- g. There shall be no unauthorized discharge of wastewater or any other waste. For the purpose of this permit, an unauthorized discharge is considered to be any discharge of wastewater into or adjacent to water in the state at any location not permitted as an outfall or otherwise defined in the Other Requirements section of this permit.
- h. In accordance with 30 TAC § 305.535(a), the permittee may allow any bypass to occur from a TPDES permitted facility which does not cause permitted effluent limitations to be exceeded or an unauthorized discharge to occur, but only if the bypass is also for essential maintenance to assure efficient operation.
- i. The permittee is subject to administrative, civil, and criminal penalties, as applicable, under TWC §§ 7.051 - 7.075 (relating to Administrative Penalties), 7.101 - 7.111 (relating to Civil Penalties), and 7.141 - 7.202 (relating to Criminal Offenses and Penalties) for violations including, but not limited to, negligently or knowingly violating the federal CWA §§ 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318, or 405, or any condition or limitation implementing any sections in a permit issued under the CWA § 402, or any requirement imposed in a pretreatment program approved under the CWA §§ 402 (a)(3) or 402 (b)(8).

### 3. Inspections and Entry

- a. Inspection and entry shall be allowed as prescribed in the TWC Chapters 26, 27, and 28, and THSC § 361.
- b. The members of the Commission and employees and agents of the Commission are entitled to enter any public or private property at any reasonable time for the purpose of inspecting and investigating conditions relating to the quality of water in the state or the compliance with any rule, regulation, permit or other order of the Commission. Members, employees, or agents of the Commission and Commission contractors are entitled to enter public or private property at any reasonable time to investigate or monitor or, if the responsible party is not responsive or there is an immediate danger to public health or the environment, to remove or remediate a condition related to the quality of water in the state. Members, employees, Commission contractors, or agents acting under this authority who enter private property shall observe the establishment's rules and regulations concerning safety, internal security, and fire protection, and if the property has management in residence, shall notify management or the person then in charge of his presence and shall exhibit proper credentials. If any member, employee, Commission contractor, or agent is refused the right to enter in or on public or private property under this authority, the Executive Director may invoke the remedies authorized in TWC § 7.002. The statement above, that Commission entry shall occur in accordance with an establishment's rules and regulations concerning safety, internal security, and fire protection, is not grounds for denial or restriction of entry to any part of the facility, but merely describes the Commission's duty to observe appropriate rules and regulations during an inspection.

### 4. Permit Amendment and/or Renewal

- a. The permittee shall give notice to the Executive Director as soon as possible of any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility if such alterations or additions would require a permit amendment or result in a violation of permit requirements. Notice shall also be required under this paragraph when:
  - i. The alteration or addition to a permitted facility may meet one of the criteria for determining whether a facility is a new source in accordance with 30 TAC § 305.534 (relating to New Sources and New Dischargers); or
  - ii. The alteration or addition could significantly change the nature or increase the quantity of pollutants discharged. This notification applies to pollutants that are subject neither to effluent limitations in the permit, nor to notification requirements in Monitoring and Reporting Requirements No. 9; or
  - iii. The alteration or addition results in a significant change in the permittee's sludge use or disposal practices, and such alteration, addition, or change may justify the application of permit conditions that are different from or absent in the existing permit, including notification of additional use or disposal sites not reported during the permit application process or not reported pursuant to an approved land application plan.
- b. Prior to any facility modifications, additions, or expansions that will increase the plant capacity beyond the permitted flow, the permittee must apply for and obtain proper authorization from the Commission before commencing construction.
- c. The permittee must apply for an amendment or renewal at least 180 days prior to expiration of the existing permit in order to continue a permitted activity after the expiration date of the permit. If an application is submitted prior to the expiration date of the permit, the existing permit shall remain in effect until the application is approved, denied, or returned. If the application is returned or denied, authorization to continue such activity shall terminate upon the effective date of the action. If an application is not submitted prior to the expiration date of the permit, the permit shall expire and authorization to continue such activity shall terminate.
- d. Prior to accepting or generating wastes which are not described in the permit application or which would result in a significant change in the quantity or quality of the existing discharge, the permittee must report the proposed changes to the Commission. The permittee must apply for a permit amendment reflecting any necessary changes in permit conditions, including effluent limitations for pollutants not identified and limited by this permit.
- e. In accordance with the TWC § 26.029(b), after a public hearing, notice of which shall be given to the permittee, the Commission may require the permittee, from time to time, for good cause, in accordance with applicable laws, to conform to new or additional conditions.
- f. If any toxic effluent standard or prohibition (including any schedule of compliance specified in such effluent standard or prohibition) is promulgated under CWA § 307(a) for a toxic pollutant which is present in the discharge and that standard or prohibition is more stringent than any limitation on the pollutant in this permit, this permit shall be modified or revoked and reissued to conform to the toxic effluent standard or prohibition. The permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under CWA § 307(a) for toxic pollutants within the time provided in the

regulations that established those standards or prohibitions, even if the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.

5. Permit Transfer

- a. Prior to any transfer of this permit, Commission approval must be obtained. The Commission shall be notified in writing of any change in control or ownership of facilities authorized by this permit. Such notification should be sent to the Applications Review and Processing Team (MC 148) of the Water Quality Division.
- b. A permit may be transferred only according to the provisions of 30 TAC § 305.64 (relating to Transfer of Permits) and 30 TAC § 50.133 (relating to Executive Director Action on Application or WQMP update).

6. Relationship to Hazardous Waste Activities

This permit does not authorize any activity of hazardous waste storage, processing, or disposal that requires a permit or other authorization pursuant to the Texas Health and Safety Code.

7. Relationship to Water Rights

Disposal of treated effluent by any means other than discharge directly to water in the state must be specifically authorized in this permit and may require a permit pursuant to TWC Chapter 11.

8. Property Rights

A permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege.

9. Permit Enforceability

The conditions of this permit are severable, and if any provision of this permit, or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstances, is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of this permit, shall not be affected thereby.

10. Relationship to Permit Application

The application pursuant to which the permit has been issued is incorporated herein; provided, however, that in the event of a conflict between the provisions of this permit and the application, the provisions of the permit shall control.

11. Notice of Bankruptcy

- a. Each permittee shall notify the Executive Director, in writing, immediately following the filing of a voluntary or involuntary petition for bankruptcy under any chapter of Title 11 (Bankruptcy) of the United States Code (11 USC) by or against:
  - i. the permittee;
  - ii. an entity (as that term is defined in 11 USC, § 101(14)) controlling the permittee or listing the permit or permittee as property of the estate; or
  - iii. an affiliate (as that term is defined in 11 USC, § 101(2)) of the permittee.

- b. This notification must indicate:
  - i. the name of the permittee;
  - ii. the permit number(s);
  - iii. the bankruptcy court in which the petition for bankruptcy was filed; and
  - iv. the date of filing of the petition.

## **OPERATIONAL REQUIREMENTS**

1. The permittee shall at all times ensure that the facility and all of its systems of collection, treatment, and disposal are properly operated and maintained. This includes, but is not limited to, the regular, periodic examination of wastewater solids within the treatment plant by the operator in order to maintain an appropriate quantity and quality of solids inventory as described in the various operator training manuals and according to accepted industry standards for process control. Process control, maintenance, and operations records shall be retained at the facility site, or shall be readily available for review by a TCEQ representative, for a period of three years.
2. Upon request by the Executive Director, the permittee shall take appropriate samples and provide proper analysis in order to demonstrate compliance with Commission rules. Unless otherwise specified in this permit or otherwise ordered by the Commission, the permittee shall comply with all applicable provisions of 30 TAC Chapter 312 concerning sewage sludge or biosolids use and disposal and 30 TAC §§ 319.21 - 319.29 concerning the discharge of certain hazardous metals.
3. Domestic wastewater treatment facilities shall comply with the following provisions:
  - a. The permittee shall notify the Domestic Permits Team, Domestic Wastewater Section (MC 148) of the Water Quality Division, in writing, of any facility expansion at least 90 days prior to conducting such activity.
  - b. The permittee shall submit a closure plan for review and approval to the Domestic Permits Team, Domestic Wastewater Section (MC 148) of the Water Quality Division, for any closure activity at least 90 days prior to conducting such activity. Closure is the act of permanently taking a waste management unit or treatment facility out of service and includes the permanent removal from service of any pit, tank, pond, lagoon, surface impoundment and/or other treatment unit regulated by this permit.
4. The permittee is responsible for installing prior to plant start-up, and subsequently maintaining, adequate safeguards to prevent the discharge of untreated or inadequately treated wastes during electrical power failures by means of alternate power sources, standby generators, and/or retention of inadequately treated wastewater.
5. Unless otherwise specified, the permittee shall provide a readily accessible sampling point and, where applicable, an effluent flow measuring device or other acceptable means by which effluent flow may be determined.
6. The permittee shall remit an annual water quality fee to the Commission as required by 30

TAC Chapter 21. Failure to pay the fee may result in revocation of this permit under TWC § 7.302(b)(6).

7. Documentation

For all written notifications to the Commission required of the permittee by this permit, the permittee shall keep and make available a copy of each such notification under the same conditions as self-monitoring data are required to be kept and made available. Except for information required for TPDES permit applications, effluent data, including effluent data in permits, draft permits and permit applications, and other information specified as not confidential in 30 TAC §§ 1.5(d), any information submitted pursuant to this permit may be claimed as confidential by the submitter. Any such claim must be asserted in the manner prescribed in the application form or by stamping the words confidential business information on each page containing such information. If no claim is made at the time of submission, information may be made available to the public without further notice. If the Commission or Executive Director agrees with the designation of confidentiality, the TCEQ will not provide the information for public inspection unless required by the Texas Attorney General or a court pursuant to an open records request. If the Executive Director does not agree with the designation of confidentiality, the person submitting the information will be notified.

8. Facilities that generate domestic wastewater shall comply with the following provisions; domestic wastewater treatment facilities at permitted industrial sites are excluded.

- a. Whenever flow measurements for any domestic sewage treatment facility reach 75% of the permitted daily average or annual average flow for three consecutive months, the permittee must initiate engineering and financial planning for expansion and/or upgrading of the domestic wastewater treatment and/or collection facilities. Whenever the flow reaches 90% of the permitted daily average or annual average flow for three consecutive months, the permittee shall obtain necessary authorization from the Commission to commence construction of the necessary additional treatment and/or collection facilities. In the case of a domestic wastewater treatment facility which reaches 75% of the permitted daily average or annual average flow for three consecutive months, and the planned population to be served or the quantity of waste produced is not expected to exceed the design limitations of the treatment facility, the permittee shall submit an engineering report supporting this claim to the Executive Director of the Commission.

If in the judgment of the Executive Director the population to be served will not cause permit noncompliance, then the requirement of this section may be waived. To be effective, any waiver must be in writing and signed by the Director of the Enforcement Division (MC 219) of the Commission, and such waiver of these requirements will be reviewed upon expiration of the existing permit; however, any such waiver shall not be interpreted as condoning or excusing any violation of any permit parameter.

- b. The plans and specifications for domestic sewage collection and treatment works associated with any domestic permit must be approved by the Commission and failure to secure approval before commencing construction of such works or making a discharge is a violation of this permit and each day is an additional violation until approval has been secured.

- c. Permits for domestic wastewater treatment plants are granted subject to the policy of the Commission to encourage the development of area-wide waste collection, treatment, and disposal systems. The Commission reserves the right to amend any domestic wastewater permit in accordance with applicable procedural requirements to require the system covered by this permit to be integrated into an area-wide system, should such be developed; to require the delivery of the wastes authorized to be collected in, treated by or discharged from said system, to such area-wide system; or to amend this permit in any other particular to effectuate the Commission's policy. Such amendments may be made when the changes required are advisable for water quality control purposes and are feasible on the basis of waste treatment technology, engineering, financial, and related considerations existing at the time the changes are required, exclusive of the loss of investment in or revenues from any then existing or proposed waste collection, treatment or disposal system.
9. Domestic wastewater treatment plants shall be operated and maintained by sewage plant operators holding a valid certificate of competency at the required level as defined in 30 TAC Chapter 30.
10. For Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTWs), the 30-day average (or monthly average) percent removal for BOD and TSS shall not be less than 85%, unless otherwise authorized by this permit.
11. Facilities that generate industrial solid waste as defined in 30 TAC § 335.1 shall comply with these provisions:
  - a. Any solid waste, as defined in 30 TAC § 335.1 (including but not limited to such wastes as garbage, refuse, sludge from a waste treatment, water supply treatment plant or air pollution control facility, discarded materials, discarded materials to be recycled, whether the waste is solid, liquid, or semisolid), generated by the permittee during the management and treatment of wastewater, must be managed in accordance with all applicable provisions of 30 TAC Chapter 335, relating to Industrial Solid Waste Management.
  - b. Industrial wastewater that is being collected, accumulated, stored, or processed before discharge through any final discharge outfall, specified by this permit, is considered to be industrial solid waste until the wastewater passes through the actual point source discharge and must be managed in accordance with all applicable provisions of 30 TAC Chapter 335.
  - c. The permittee shall provide written notification, pursuant to the requirements of 30 TAC § 335.8(b)(1), to the Corrective Action Section (MC 127) of the Remediation Division informing the Commission of any closure activity involving an Industrial Solid Waste Management Unit, at least 90 days prior to conducting such an activity.
  - d. Construction of any industrial solid waste management unit requires the prior written notification of the proposed activity to the Registration and Reporting Section (MC 129) of the Permitting and Registration Support Division. No person shall dispose of industrial solid waste, including sludge or other solids from wastewater treatment processes, prior to fulfilling the deed recordation requirements of 30 TAC § 335.5.
  - e. The term "industrial solid waste management unit" means a landfill, surface impoundment, waste-pile, industrial furnace, incinerator, cement kiln, injection well,

container, drum, salt dome waste containment cavern, or any other structure vessel, appurtenance, or other improvement on land used to manage industrial solid waste.

- f. The permittee shall keep management records for all sludge (or other waste) removed from any wastewater treatment process. These records shall fulfill all applicable requirements of 30 TAC § 335 and must include the following, as it pertains to wastewater treatment and discharge:
  - i. Volume of waste and date(s) generated from treatment process;
  - ii. Volume of waste disposed of on-site or shipped off-site;
  - iii. Date(s) of disposal;
  - iv. Identity of hauler or transporter;
  - v. Location of disposal site; and
  - vi. Method of final disposal.

The above records shall be maintained on a monthly basis. The records shall be retained at the facility site, or shall be readily available for review by authorized representatives of the TCEQ for at least five years.

- 12. For industrial facilities to which the requirements of 30 TAC § 335 do not apply, sludge and solid wastes, including tank cleaning and contaminated solids for disposal, shall be disposed of in accordance with THSC § 361.

TCEQ Revision 06/2020

## SLUDGE PROVISIONS

The permittee is authorized to dispose of sludge only at a Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) authorized land application site, co-disposal landfill, wastewater treatment facility, or facility that further processes sludge. **The disposal of sludge or biosolids by land application on property owned, leased or under the direct control of the permittee is a violation of the permit unless the site is authorized with the TCEQ. This provision does not authorize Distribution and Marketing of Class A or Class AB Biosolids. This provision does not authorize the permittee to land apply biosolids on property owned, leased or under the direct control of the permittee.**

### SECTION I. REQUIREMENTS APPLYING TO ALL SEWAGE SLUDGE OR BIOSOLIDS LAND APPLICATION

#### A. General Requirements

1. The permittee shall handle and dispose of sewage sludge or biosolids in accordance with 30 TAC § 312 and all other applicable state and federal regulations in a manner that protects public health and the environment from any reasonably anticipated adverse effects due to any toxic pollutants that may be present in the sludge or biosolids.
2. In all cases, if the person (permit holder) who prepares the sewage sludge supplies the sewage sludge to another person for land application use or to the owner or lease holder of the land, the permit holder shall provide necessary information to the parties who receive the sludge to assure compliance with these regulations.
3. The land application of processed or unprocessed chemical toilet waste, grease trap waste, grit trap waste, milk solids, or similar non-hazardous municipal or industrial solid wastes, or any of the wastes listed in this provision combined with biosolids, WTP residuals or domestic septage is prohibited unless the grease trap waste is added at a fats, oil and grease (FOG) receiving facility as part of an anaerobic digestion process.

#### B. Testing Requirements

1. Sewage sludge or biosolids shall be tested annually in accordance with the method specified in both 40 CFR Part 261, Appendix II and 40 CFR Part 268, Appendix I [Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)] or other method that receives the prior approval of the TCEQ for the contaminants listed in 40 CFR Part 261.24, Table 1. Sewage sludge or biosolids failing this test shall be managed according to RCRA standards for generators of hazardous waste, and the waste's disposition must be in accordance with all applicable requirements for hazardous waste processing, storage, or disposal. Following failure of any TCLP test, the management or disposal of sewage sludge or biosolids at a facility other than an authorized hazardous waste processing, storage, or disposal facility shall be prohibited until such time as the permittee can demonstrate the sewage sludge or biosolids no longer exhibits the hazardous waste toxicity characteristics (as demonstrated by the results of the TCLP tests). A written report shall be provided to both the TCEQ Registration and Reporting Section (MC 129) of the Permitting and Registration Support Division and the Regional Director (MC Region 3) within seven (7) days after failing the TCLP Test.



The report shall contain test results, certification that unauthorized waste management has stopped, and a summary of alternative disposal plans that comply with RCRA standards for the management of hazardous waste. The report shall be addressed to: Director, Permitting and Registration Support Division (MC 129), Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, P.O. Box 13087, Austin, Texas 78711-3087. In addition, the permittee shall prepare an annual report on the results of all sludge toxicity testing. The permittee shall submit the following information in an annual report to the TCEQ by September 30<sup>th</sup> of each year. The permittee must submit this annual report using the online electronic reporting system available through TCEQ's website. If the permittee requests and obtains an electronic reporting waiver, the annual report can be submitted in hard copy to the TCEQ Regional Office (MC Region 3) and the Enforcement Division (MC 224).

2. Biosolids shall not be applied to the land if the concentration of the pollutants exceeds the pollutant concentration criteria in Table 1. The frequency of testing for pollutants in Table 1 is found in Section I.C. of this permit.

TABLE 1

<u>Pollutant</u>	<u>Ceiling Concentration</u> <u>(Milligrams per kilogram)*</u>
Arsenic	75
Cadmium	85
Chromium	3000
Copper	4300
Lead	840
Mercury	57
Molybdenum	75
Nickel	420
PCBs	49
Selenium	100
Zinc	7500

\* Dry weight basis

3. Pathogen Control

All sewage sludge that is applied to agricultural land, forest, a public contact site, or a reclamation site must be treated by one of the following methods to ensure that the sludge meets either the Class A, Class AB or Class B biosolids pathogen requirements.

- a. For sewage sludge to be classified as Class A biosolids with respect to pathogens, the density of fecal coliform in the sewage sludge must be less than 1,000 most probable number (MPN) per gram of total solids (dry weight basis), or the density of Salmonella sp. bacteria in the sewage sludge must be less than three MPN per four grams of total solids (dry weight basis) at the time the sewage sludge is used or disposed. In addition, one of the alternatives listed below must be met:

Alternative 1 - The temperature of the sewage sludge that is used or disposed shall be maintained at or above a specific value for a period of time. See 30 TAC § 312.82(a)(3)(A) for specific information;

Alternative 5 (PFRP) - Sewage sludge that is used or disposed of must be treated in one of the Processes to Further Reduce Pathogens (PFRP) described in 40 CFR Part 503, Appendix B. PFRP include composting, heat drying, heat treatment, and thermophilic aerobic digestion; or

Alternative 6 (PFRP Equivalent) - Sewage sludge that is used or disposed of must be treated in a process that has been approved by the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency as being equivalent to those in Alternative 5.

- b. For sewage sludge to be classified as Class AB biosolids with respect to pathogens, the density of fecal coliform in the sewage sludge must be less than 1,000 MPN per gram of total solids (dry weight basis), or the density of *Salmonella* sp. bacteria in the sewage sludge be less than three MPN per four grams of total solids (dry weight basis) at the time the sewage sludge is used or disposed. In addition, one of the alternatives listed below must be met:

Alternative 2 - The pH of the sewage sludge that is used or disposed shall be raised to above 12 std. units and shall remain above 12 std. units for 72 hours.

The temperature of the sewage sludge shall be above 52° Celsius for 12 hours or longer during the period that the pH of the sewage sludge is above 12 std. units.

At the end of the 72-hour period during which the pH of the sewage sludge is above 12 std. units, the sewage sludge shall be air dried to achieve a percent solids in the sewage sludge greater than 50%; or

Alternative 3 - The sewage sludge shall be analyzed for enteric viruses prior to pathogen treatment. The limit for enteric viruses is less than one Plaque-forming Unit per four grams of total solids (dry weight basis) either before or following pathogen treatment. See 30 TAC § 312.82(a)(2)(C)(i-iii) for specific information. The sewage sludge shall be analyzed for viable helminth ova prior to pathogen treatment. The limit for viable helminth ova is less than one per four grams of total solids (dry weight basis) either before or following pathogen treatment. See 30 TAC § 312.82(a)(2)(C)(iv-vi) for specific information; or

Alternative 4 - The density of enteric viruses in the sewage sludge shall be less than one Plaque-forming Unit per four grams of total solids (dry weight basis) at the time the sewage sludge is used or disposed. The density of viable helminth ova in the sewage sludge shall be less than one per four grams of total solids (dry weight basis) at the time the sewage sludge is used or disposed.

- c. Sewage sludge that meets the requirements of Class AB biosolids may be classified a Class A biosolids if a variance request is submitted in writing that is supported by substantial documentation demonstrating equivalent methods for reducing odors and written approval is granted by the executive director. The executive director may deny the variance request or revoke that approved variance if it is determined that the variance may potentially endanger human health or the environment, or create nuisance odor conditions.
- d. Three alternatives are available to demonstrate compliance with Class B biosolids criteria.

Alternative 1

- i. A minimum of seven random samples of the sewage sludge shall be collected within 48 hours of the time the sewage sludge is used or disposed of during each monitoring episode for the sewage sludge.
- ii. The geometric mean of the density of fecal coliform in the samples collected shall be less than either 2,000,000 MPN per gram of total solids (dry weight basis) or 2,000,000 Colony Forming Units per gram of total solids (dry weight basis).

Alternative 2 - Sewage sludge that is used or disposed of shall be treated in one of the Processes to Significantly Reduce Pathogens (PSRP) described in 40 CFR Part 503, Appendix B, so long as all of the following requirements are met by the generator of the sewage sludge.

- i. Prior to use or disposal, all the sewage sludge must have been generated from a single location, except as provided in paragraph v. below;
- ii. An independent Texas Licensed Professional Engineer must make a certification to the generator of a sewage sludge that the wastewater treatment facility generating the sewage sludge is designed to achieve one of the PSRP at the permitted design loading of the facility. The certification need only be repeated if the design loading of the facility is increased. The certification shall include a statement indicating the design meets all the applicable standards specified in Appendix B of 40 CFR Part 503;
- iii. Prior to any off-site transportation or on-site use or disposal of any sewage sludge generated at a wastewater treatment facility, the chief certified operator of the wastewater treatment facility or other responsible official who manages the processes to significantly reduce pathogens at the wastewater treatment facility for the permittee, shall certify that the sewage sludge underwent at least the minimum operational requirements necessary in order to meet one of the PSRP. The acceptable processes and the minimum operational and record keeping requirements shall be in accordance with established U.S. Environmental Protection Agency final guidance;
- iv. All certification records and operational records describing how the requirements of this paragraph were met shall be kept by the generator for a minimum of three years and be available for inspection by commission staff for review; and
- v. If the sewage sludge is generated from a mixture of sources, resulting from a person who prepares sewage sludge from more than one wastewater treatment facility, the resulting derived product shall meet one of the PSRP, and shall meet the certification, operation, and record keeping requirements of this paragraph.

Alternative 3 - Sewage sludge shall be treated in an equivalent process that has been approved by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, so long as all of the following requirements are met by the generator of the sewage sludge.

- i. Prior to use or disposal, all the sewage sludge must have been generated from a single location, except as provided in paragraph v. below;

- ii. Prior to any off-site transportation or on-site use or disposal of any sewage sludge generated at a wastewater treatment facility, the chief certified operator of the wastewater treatment facility or other responsible official who manages the processes to significantly reduce pathogens at the wastewater treatment facility for the permittee, shall certify that the sewage sludge underwent at least the minimum operational requirements necessary in order to meet one of the PSRP. The acceptable processes and the minimum operational and record keeping requirements shall be in accordance with established U.S. Environmental Protection Agency final guidance;
- iii. All certification records and operational records describing how the requirements of this paragraph were met shall be kept by the generator for a minimum of three years and be available for inspection by commission staff for review;
- iv. The Executive Director will accept from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency a finding of equivalency to the defined PSRP; and
- v. If the sewage sludge is generated from a mixture of sources resulting from a person who prepares sewage sludge from more than one wastewater treatment facility, the resulting derived product shall meet one of the Processes to Significantly Reduce Pathogens, and shall meet the certification, operation, and record keeping requirements of this paragraph.

In addition to the Alternatives 1 – 3, the following site restrictions must be met if Class B biosolids are land applied:

- i. Food crops with harvested parts that touch the biosolids/soil mixture and are totally above the land surface shall not be harvested for 14 months after application of biosolids.
- ii. Food crops with harvested parts below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 20 months after application of biosolids when the biosolids remain on the land surface for 4 months or longer prior to incorporation into the soil.
- iii. Food crops with harvested parts below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 38 months after application of biosolids when the biosolids remain on the land surface for less than 4 months prior to incorporation into the soil.
- iv. Food crops, feed crops, and fiber crops shall not be harvested for 30 days after application of biosolids.
- v. Domestic livestock shall not be allowed to graze on the land for 30 days after application of biosolids.
- vi. Turf grown on land where biosolids are applied shall not be harvested for 1 year after application of the biosolids when the harvested turf is placed on either land with a high potential for public exposure or a lawn.
- vii. Public access to land with a high potential for public exposure shall be restricted for 1 year after application of biosolids.

viii. Public access to land with a low potential for public exposure shall be restricted for 30 days after application of biosolids.

ix. Land application of biosolids shall be in accordance with the buffer zone requirements found in 30 TAC § 312.44.

#### 4. Vector Attraction Reduction Requirements

All bulk sewage sludge that is applied to agricultural land, forest, a public contact site, or a reclamation site shall be treated by one of the following Alternatives 1 through 10 for vector attraction reduction.

Alternative 1 - The mass of volatile solids in the sewage sludge shall be reduced by a minimum of 38%.

Alternative 2 - If Alternative 1 cannot be met for an anaerobically digested sludge, demonstration can be made by digesting a portion of the previously digested sludge anaerobically in the laboratory in a bench-scale unit for 40 additional days at a temperature between 30° and 37° Celsius. Volatile solids must be reduced by less than 17% to demonstrate compliance.

Alternative 3 - If Alternative 1 cannot be met for an aerobically digested sludge, demonstration can be made by digesting a portion of the previously digested sludge with percent solids of two percent or less aerobically in the laboratory in a bench-scale unit for 30 additional days at 20° Celsius. Volatile solids must be reduced by less than 15% to demonstrate compliance.

Alternative 4 - The specific oxygen uptake rate (SOUR) for sewage sludge treated in an aerobic process shall be equal to or less than 1.5 milligrams of oxygen per hour per gram of total solids (dry weight basis) at a temperature of 20° Celsius.

Alternative 5 - Sewage sludge shall be treated in an aerobic process for 14 days or longer. During that time, the temperature of the sewage sludge shall be higher than 40° Celsius and the average temperature of the sewage sludge shall be higher than 45° Celsius.

Alternative 6 - The pH of sewage sludge shall be raised to 12 or higher by alkali addition and, without the addition of more alkali shall remain at 12 or higher for two hours and then remain at a pH of 11.5 or higher for an additional 22 hours at the time the sewage sludge is prepared for sale or given away in a bag or other container.

Alternative 7 - The percent solids of sewage sludge that does not contain unstabilized solids generated in a primary wastewater treatment process shall be equal to or greater than 75% based on the moisture content and total solids prior to mixing with other materials. Unstabilized solids are defined as organic materials in sewage sludge that have not been treated in either an aerobic or anaerobic treatment process.

Alternative 8 - The percent solids of sewage sludge that contains unstabilized solids generated in a primary wastewater treatment process shall be equal to or greater than 90% based on the moisture content and total solids prior to mixing with other materials at the time the sludge is used. Unstabilized solids are defined as organic materials in sewage sludge that have not been treated in either an aerobic or anaerobic treatment process.

Alternative 9 -

- i. Biosolids shall be injected below the surface of the land.
- ii. No significant amount of the biosolids shall be present on the land surface within one hour after the biosolids are injected.
- iii. When sewage sludge that is injected below the surface of the land is Class A or Class AB with respect to pathogens, the biosolids shall be injected below the land surface within eight hours after being discharged from the pathogen treatment process.

Alternative 10 -

- i. Biosolids applied to the land surface or placed on a surface disposal site shall be incorporated into the soil within six hours after application to or placement on the land.
- ii. When biosolids that are incorporated into the soil is Class A or Class AB with respect to pathogens, the biosolids shall be applied to or placed on the land within eight hours after being discharged from the pathogen treatment process.

### C. Monitoring Requirements

Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) Test	- annually
PCBs	- annually

All metal constituents and fecal coliform or *Salmonella* sp. bacteria shall be monitored at the appropriate frequency shown below, pursuant to 30 TAC § 312.46(a)(1):

<u>Amount of biosolids (*) metric tons per 365-day period</u>	<u>Monitoring Frequency</u>
0 to less than 290	Once/Year
290 to less than 1,500	Once/Quarter
1,500 to less than 15,000	Once/Two Months
15,000 or greater	Once/Month

(\*) *The amount of bulk biosolids applied to the land (dry wt. basis).*

Representative samples of sewage sludge shall be collected and analyzed in accordance with the methods referenced in 30 TAC § 312.7

Identify each of the analytic methods used by the facility to analyze enteric viruses, fecal coliforms, helminth ova, *Salmonella* sp., and other regulated parameters.

Identify in the following categories (as applicable) the sewage sludge or biosolids treatment process or processes at the facility: preliminary operations (e.g., sludge or biosolids grinding and degritting), thickening (concentration), stabilization, anaerobic digestion, aerobic digestion, composting, conditioning, disinfection (e.g., beta ray irradiation, gamma ray irradiation, pasteurization), dewatering (e.g., centrifugation, sludge drying beds, sludge lagoons), heat drying, thermal reduction, and methane or biogas capture and recovery.

Identify the nature of material generated by the facility (such as a biosolid for beneficial use or land-farming, or sewage sludge or biosolids for disposal at a landfill) and whether the material is ultimately conveyed off-site in bulk or in bags.

**SECTION II. REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIC TO BULK SEWAGE SLUDGE OR BIOSOLIDS FOR APPLICATION TO THE LAND MEETING CLASS A, CLASS AB or B PATHOGEN REDUCTION AND THE CUMULATIVE LOADING RATES IN TABLE 2, OR CLASS B PATHOGEN REDUCTION AND THE POLLUTANT CONCENTRATIONS IN TABLE 3**

For those permittees meeting Class A, Class AB or B pathogen reduction requirements and that meet the cumulative loading rates in Table 2 below, or the Class B pathogen reduction requirements and contain concentrations of pollutants below listed in Table 3, the following conditions apply:

**A. Pollutant Limits**

Table 2

<u>Pollutant</u>	Cumulative Pollutant Loading Rate (pounds per acre)*
Arsenic	36
Cadmium	35
Chromium	2677
Copper	1339
Lead	268
Mercury	15
Molybdenum	Report Only
Nickel	375
Selenium	89
Zinc	2500

Table 3

<u>Pollutant</u>	Monthly Average Concentration (milligrams per kilogram)*
Arsenic	41
Cadmium	39
Chromium	1200
Copper	1500
Lead	300
Mercury	17
Molybdenum	Report Only
Nickel	420
Selenium	36
Zinc	2800

\*Dry weight basis

**B. Pathogen Control**

All bulk sewage sludge that is applied to agricultural land, forest, a public contact site, a reclamation site, shall be treated by either Class A, Class AB or Class B biosolids pathogen reduction requirements as defined above in Section I.B.3.



**C. Management Practices**

1. Bulk biosolids shall not be applied to agricultural land, forest, a public contact site, or a reclamation site that is flooded, frozen, or snow-covered so that the bulk sewage sludge enters a wetland or other waters in the State.
2. Bulk biosolids not meeting Class A requirements shall be land applied in a manner which complies with Applicability in accordance with 30 TAC §312.41 and the Management Requirements in accordance with 30 TAC § 312.44.
3. Bulk biosolids shall be applied at or below the agronomic rate of the cover crop.
4. An information sheet shall be provided to the person who receives bulk Class A or AB biosolids sold or given away. The information sheet shall contain the following information:
  - a. The name and address of the person who prepared the Class A or AB biosolids that are sold or given away in a bag or other container for application to the land.
  - b. A statement that application of the biosolids to the land is prohibited except in accordance with the instruction on the label or information sheet.
  - c. The annual whole sludge application rate for the biosolids application rate for the biosolids that does not cause any of the cumulative pollutant loading rates in Table 2 above to be exceeded, unless the pollutant concentrations in Table 3 found in Section II above are met.

**D. Notification Requirements**

1. If bulk biosolids are applied to land in a State other than Texas, written notice shall be provided prior to the initial land application to the permitting authority for the State in which the bulk biosolids are proposed to be applied. The notice shall include:
  - a. The location, by street address, and specific latitude and longitude, of each land application site.
  - b. The approximate time period bulk biosolids will be applied to the site.
  - c. The name, address, telephone number, and National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit number (if appropriate) for the person who will apply the bulk biosolids.

**E. Record Keeping Requirements**

The documents will be retained at the facility site and/or shall be readily available for review by a TCEQ representative. The person who prepares bulk sewage sludge or a biosolids material shall develop the following information and shall retain the information at the facility site and/or shall be readily available for review by a TCEQ representative for a period of five years. If the permittee supplies the sludge to another person who land applies the sludge, the permittee shall notify the land applier of the requirements for record keeping found in 30 TAC § 312.47 for persons who land apply.

1. The concentration (mg/kg) in the sludge of each pollutant listed in Table 3 above and the applicable pollutant concentration criteria (mg/kg), or the applicable cumulative pollutant loading rate and the applicable cumulative pollutant loading rate limit (lbs/ac) listed in Table 2 above.
2. A description of how the pathogen reduction requirements are met (including site restrictions for Class AB and Class B biosolids, if applicable).
3. A description of how the vector attraction reduction requirements are met.
4. A description of how the management practices listed above in Section II.C are being met.
5. The following certification statement:

“I certify, under penalty of law, that the applicable pathogen requirements in 30 TAC § 312.82(a) or (b) and the vector attraction reduction requirements in 30 TAC § 312.83(b) have been met for each site on which bulk biosolids are applied. This determination has been made under my direction and supervision in accordance with the system designed to ensure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information used to determine that the management practices have been met. I am aware that there are significant penalties for false certification including fine and imprisonment.”
6. The recommended agronomic loading rate from the references listed in Section II.C.3. above, as well as the actual agronomic loading rate shall be retained. The person who applies bulk biosolids shall develop the following information and shall retain the information at the facility site and/or shall be readily available for review by a TCEQ representative indefinitely. If the permittee supplies the sludge to another person who land applies the sludge, the permittee shall notify the land applier of the requirements for record keeping found in 30 TAC § 312.47 for persons who land apply:
  - a. A certification statement that all applicable requirements (specifically listed) have been met, and that the permittee understands that there are significant penalties for false certification including fine and imprisonment. See 30 TAC § 312.47(a)(4)(A)(ii) or 30 TAC § 312.47(a)(5)(A)(ii), as applicable, and to the permittee’s specific sludge treatment activities.
  - b. The location, by street address, and specific latitude and longitude, of each site on which biosolids are applied.
  - c. The number of acres in each site on which bulk biosolids are applied.
  - d. The date and time biosolids are applied to each site.
  - e. The cumulative amount of each pollutant in pounds/acre listed in Table 2 applied to each site.
  - f. The total amount of biosolids applied to each site in dry tons.

The above records shall be maintained on-site on a monthly basis and shall be made available to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality upon request.

## F. Reporting Requirements

The permittee shall submit the following information in an annual report to the TCEQ by September 30<sup>th</sup> of each year. The permittee must submit this annual report using the online electronic reporting system available through TCEQ's website. If the permittee requests and obtains an electronic reporting waiver, the annual report can be submitted in hard copy to the TCEQ Regional Office (MC Region 3) and the Enforcement Division (MC 224).

1. Identify in the following categories (as applicable) the sewage sludge or biosolids treatment process or processes at the facility: preliminary operations (e.g., sludge or biosolids grinding and degritting), thickening (concentration), stabilization, anaerobic digestion, aerobic digestion, composting, conditioning, disinfection (e.g., beta ray irradiation, gamma ray irradiation, pasteurization), dewatering (e.g., centrifugation, sludge drying beds, sludge lagoons), heat drying, thermal reduction, and methane or biogas capture and recovery.
2. Identify the nature of material generated by the facility (such as a biosolid for beneficial use or land-farming, or sewage sludge for disposal at a monofill) and whether the material is ultimately conveyed off-site in bulk or in bags.
3. Results of tests performed for pollutants found in either Table 2 or 3 as appropriate for the permittee's land application practices.
4. The frequency of monitoring listed in Section I.C. that applies to the permittee.
5. Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) results.
6. PCB concentration in sludge or biosolids in mg/kg.
7. Identity of hauler(s) and TCEQ transporter number.
8. Date(s) of transport.
9. Texas Commission on Environmental Quality registration number, if applicable.
10. Amount of sludge or biosolids disposal dry weight (lbs/acre) at each disposal site.
11. The concentration (mg/kg) in the sludge of each pollutant listed in Table 1 (defined as a monthly average) as well as the applicable pollutant concentration criteria (mg/kg) listed in Table 3 above, or the applicable pollutant loading rate limit (lbs/acre) listed in Table 2 above if it exceeds 90% of the limit.
12. Level of pathogen reduction achieved (Class A, Class AB or Class B).
13. Alternative used as listed in Section I.B.3.(a. or b.). Alternatives describe how the pathogen reduction requirements are met. If Class B biosolids, include information on how site restrictions were met.
14. Identify each of the analytic methods used by the facility to analyze enteric viruses, fecal coliforms, helminth ova, *Salmonella* sp., and other regulated parameters.
15. Vector attraction reduction alternative used as listed in Section I.B.4.
16. Amount of sludge or biosolids transported in dry tons/year.

17. The certification statement listed in either 30 TAC § 312.47(a)(4)(A)(ii) or 30 TAC § 312.47(a)(5)(A)(ii) as applicable to the permittee's sludge or biosolids treatment activities, shall be attached to the annual report.
18. When the amount of any pollutant applied to the land exceeds 90% of the cumulative pollutant loading rate for that pollutant, as described in Table 2, the permittee shall report the following information as an attachment to the annual report.
  - a. The location, by street address, and specific latitude and longitude.
  - b. The number of acres in each site on which bulk biosolids are applied.
  - c. The date and time bulk biosolids are applied to each site.
  - d. The cumulative amount of each pollutant (i.e., pounds/acre) listed in Table 2 in the bulk biosolids applied to each site.
  - e. The amount of biosolids (i.e., dry tons) applied to each site.

The above records shall be maintained on a monthly basis and shall be made available to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality upon request.

**SECTION III. REQUIREMENTS APPLYING TO ALL SEWAGE SLUDGE OR BIOSOLIDS DISPOSED IN A MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE LANDFILL**

- A. The permittee shall handle and dispose of sewage sludge or biosolids in accordance with 30 TAC § 330 and all other applicable state and federal regulations to protect public health and the environment from any reasonably anticipated adverse effects due to any toxic pollutants that may be present. The permittee shall ensure that the sewage sludge meets the requirements in 30 TAC § 330 concerning the quality of the sludge or biosolids disposed in a municipal solid waste landfill.
- B. If the permittee generates sewage sludge and supplies that sewage sludge or biosolids to the owner or operator of a municipal solid waste landfill (MSWLF) for disposal, the permittee shall provide to the owner or operator of the MSWLF appropriate information needed to be in compliance with the provisions of this permit.
- C. Sewage sludge or biosolids shall be tested annually in accordance with the method specified in both 40 CFR Part 261, Appendix II and 40 CFR Part 268, Appendix I (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure) or other method, which receives the prior approval of the TCEQ for contaminants listed in Table 1 of 40 CFR § 261.24. Sewage sludge or biosolids failing this test shall be managed according to RCRA standards for generators of hazardous waste, and the waste's disposition must be in accordance with all applicable requirements for hazardous waste processing, storage, or disposal.

Following failure of any TCLP test, the management or disposal of sewage sludge or biosolids at a facility other than an authorized hazardous waste processing, storage, or disposal facility shall be prohibited until such time as the permittee can demonstrate the sewage sludge or biosolids no longer exhibits the hazardous waste toxicity characteristics (as demonstrated by the results of the TCLP tests). A written report shall be provided to both the TCEQ Registration and Reporting Section (MC 129) of the Permitting and Registration Support Division and the Regional Director (MC Region 3) of the appropriate TCEQ field office within 7 days after failing the TCLP Test.

The report shall contain test results, certification that unauthorized waste management has stopped, and a summary of alternative disposal plans that comply with RCRA standards for the management of hazardous waste. The report shall be addressed to: Director, Permitting and Registration Support Division (MC 129), Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, P. O. Box 13087, Austin, Texas 78711-3087. In addition, the permittee shall prepare an annual report on the results of all sludge toxicity testing. This annual report shall be submitted to the TCEQ Regional Office (MC Region 3) and the Enforcement Division (MC 224), by September 30 of each year.

- D. Sewage sludge or biosolids shall be tested as needed, in accordance with the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 330.
- E. Record Keeping Requirements

The permittee shall develop the following information and shall retain the information for five years.

1. The description (including procedures followed and the results) of all liquid Paint Filter Tests performed.
2. The description (including procedures followed and results) of all TCLP tests performed.

The above records shall be maintained on-site on a monthly basis and shall be made available to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality upon request.

#### F. Reporting Requirements

The permittee shall submit the following information in an annual report to the TCEQ by September 30<sup>th</sup> of each year. The permittee must submit this annual report using the online electronic reporting system available through TCEQ's website. If the permittee requests and obtains an electronic reporting waiver, the annual report can be submitted in hard copy to the TCEQ Regional Office (MC Region 3) and the Enforcement Division (MC 224).

1. Identify in the following categories (as applicable) the sewage sludge or biosolids treatment process or processes at the facility: preliminary operations (e.g., sludge or biosolids grinding and degritting), thickening (concentration), stabilization, anaerobic digestion, aerobic digestion, composting, conditioning, disinfection (e.g., beta ray irradiation, gamma ray irradiation, pasteurization), dewatering (e.g., centrifugation, sludge drying beds, sludge lagoons), heat drying, thermal reduction, and methane or biogas capture and recovery.
2. Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) results.
3. Annual sludge or biosolids production in dry tons/year.
4. Amount of sludge or biosolids disposed in a municipal solid waste landfill in dry tons/year.
5. Amount of sludge or biosolids transported interstate in dry tons/year.
6. A certification that the sewage sludge or biosolids meets the requirements of 30 TAC § 330 concerning the quality of the sludge disposed in a municipal solid waste landfill.
7. Identity of hauler(s) and transporter registration number.
8. Owner of disposal site(s).
9. Location of disposal site(s).
10. Date(s) of disposal.

The above records shall be maintained on-site on a monthly basis and shall be made available to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality upon request.

#### **SECTION IV. REQUIREMENTS APPLYING TO SLUDGE OR BIOSOLIDS TRANSPORTED TO ANOTHER FACILITY FOR FURTHER PROCESSING**

These provisions apply to sludge or biosolids that is transported to another wastewater treatment facility or facility that further processes sludge or biosolids. These provisions are intended to allow transport of sludge or biosolids to facilities that have been authorized to accept sludge or biosolids. These provisions do not limit the ability of the receiving facility to determine whether to accept the sludge or biosolids, nor do they limit the ability of the receiving facility to request additional testing or documentation.

##### **A. General Requirements**

1. The permittee shall handle and dispose of sewage sludge or biosolids in accordance with 30 TAC Chapter 312 and all other applicable state and federal regulations in a manner that protects public health and the environment from any reasonably anticipated adverse effects due to any toxic pollutants that may be present in the sludge.
2. Sludge or biosolids may only be transported using a registered transporter or using an approved pipeline.

##### **B. Record Keeping Requirements**

1. For sludge transported by an approved pipeline, the permittee must maintain records of the following:
  - a. the amount of sludge or biosolids transported;
  - b. the date of transport;
  - c. the name and TCEQ permit number of the receiving facility or facilities;
  - d. the location of the receiving facility or facilities;
  - e. the name and TCEQ permit number of the facility that generated the waste; and
  - f. copy of the written agreement between the permittee and the receiving facility to accept sludge or biosolids.
2. For sludge or biosolids transported by a registered transporter, the permittee must maintain records of the completed trip tickets in accordance with 30 TAC § 312.145(a)(1)-(7) and amount of sludge or biosolids transported.
3. The above records shall be maintained on-site on a monthly basis and shall be made available to the TCEQ upon request. These records shall be retained for at least five years.

### **C. Reporting Requirements**

The permittee shall submit the following information in an annual report to the TCEQ by September 30<sup>th</sup> of each year. The permittee must submit this annual report using the online electronic reporting system available through TCEQ's website. If the permittee requests and obtains an electronic reporting waiver, the annual report can be submitted in hard copy to the TCEQ Regional Office (MC Region 3) and the Enforcement Division (MC 224).

1. Identify in the following categories (as applicable) the sewage sludge or biosolids treatment process or processes at the facility: preliminary operations (e.g., sludge or biosolids grinding and degritting), thickening (concentration), stabilization, anaerobic digestion, aerobic digestion, composting, conditioning, disinfection (e.g., beta ray irradiation, gamma ray irradiation, pasteurization), dewatering (e.g., centrifugation, sludge drying beds, sludge lagoons), heat drying, thermal reduction, and methane or biogas capture and recovery.
2. the annual sludge or biosolids production;
3. the amount of sludge or biosolids transported;
4. the owner of each receiving facility;
5. the location of each receiving facility; and
6. the date(s) of disposal at each receiving facility.

TCEQ Revision 06/2020



**OTHER REQUIREMENTS**

1. The permittee shall employ or contract with one or more licensed wastewater treatment facility operators or wastewater system operations companies holding a valid license or registration according to the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 30, Occupational Licenses and Registrations, and in particular 30 TAC Chapter 30, Subchapter J, Wastewater Operators and Operations Companies.

This Category B facility must be operated by a chief operator or an operator holding a Class B license or higher. The facility must be operated a minimum of five days per week by the licensed chief operator or an operator holding the required level of license or higher. The licensed chief operator or operator holding the required level of license or higher must be available by telephone or pager seven days per week. Where shift operation of the wastewater treatment facility is necessary, each shift that does not have the on-site supervision of the licensed chief operator must be supervised by an operator in charge who is licensed not less than one level below the category for the facility.

2. The facility is not located in the Coastal Management Program boundary.
3. There is no mixing zone established for this discharge to an intermittent stream. Acute toxic criteria apply at the point of discharge.
4. The permittee has submitted sufficient evidence of legal restrictions prohibiting residential structures within the part of the buffer zone not owned by the permittee according to 30 TAC Section 309.13(e)(3). The permittee shall comply with the requirements of 30 TAC Section 309.13 (a) through (d). See Attachment A
5. The permittee shall provide facilities for the protection of its wastewater treatment facility from a 100-year flood.
6. In accordance with 30 TAC § 319.9, a permittee that has at least twelve months of uninterrupted compliance with its bacteria limit may notify the commission in writing of its compliance and request a less frequent measurement schedule. To request a less frequent schedule, the permittee shall submit a written request to the TCEQ Domestic Wastewater Section (MC 148) for each phase that includes a different monitoring frequency. The request must contain all of the reported bacteria values (Daily Avg. and Daily Max/Single Grab) for the twelve consecutive months immediately prior to the request. If the Executive Director finds that a less frequent measurement schedule is protective of human health and the environment, the permittee may be given a less frequent measurement schedule. For this permit, one/week may be reduced to two/month. **A violation of any bacteria limit by a facility that has been granted a less frequent measurement schedule will require the permittee to return to the standard frequency schedule and submit written notice to the TCEQ Domestic Wastewater Section (MC 148).** The permittee may not apply for another reduction in measurement frequency for at least 24 months from the date of the last violation. The Executive Director may establish a more frequent measurement schedule if necessary to protect human health or the environment.
7. The total phosphorus reporting requirements at Outfall 001 will expire at the expiration of this permit. The reported values will be evaluated, and the reporting requirements may be reinstated or an effluent limit added at the next permit action.

**CONTRIBUTING INDUSTRIES AND PRETREATMENT REQUIREMENTS**

1. The following pollutants may not be introduced into the treatment facility:
  - a. Pollutants which create a fire or explosion hazard in the publicly owned treatment works (POTW), including, but not limited to, waste streams with a closed-cup flash point of less than 140° Fahrenheit (60° Celsius) using the test methods specified in 40 CFR § 261.21;
  - b. Pollutants which will cause corrosive structural damage to the POTW, but in no case shall there be discharges with a pH lower than 5.0 standard units, unless the works are specifically designed to accommodate such discharges;
  - c. Solid or viscous pollutants in amounts which will cause obstruction to the flow in the POTW, resulting in Interference;
  - d. Any pollutant, including oxygen-demanding pollutants (e.g., biochemical oxygen demand), released in a discharge at a flow rate and/or pollutant concentration which will cause Interference with the POTW;
  - e. Heat in amounts which will inhibit biological activity in the POTW, resulting in Interference, but in no case shall there be heat in such quantities that the temperature at the POTW treatment plant exceeds 104° Fahrenheit (40° Celsius) unless the Executive Director, upon request of the POTW, approves alternate temperature limits;
  - f. Petroleum oil, nonbiodegradable cutting oil, or products of mineral oil origin in amounts that will cause Interference or Pass Through;
  - g. Pollutants which result in the presence of toxic gases, vapors, or fumes within the POTW in a quantity that may cause acute worker health and safety problems; and
  - h. Any trucked or hauled pollutants except at discharge points designated by the POTW.
2. The permittee shall require any indirect discharger to the treatment works to comply with the reporting requirements of Sections 204(b), 307, and 308 of the Clean Water Act, including any requirements established under 40 CFR Part 403 [*rev. Federal Register/ Vol. 70/ No. 198/ Friday, October 14, 2005/ Rules and Regulations, pages 60134-60798*].
3. The permittee shall provide adequate notification to the Executive Director, care of the Domestic Wastewater Section (MC 148) of the Water Quality Division, within 30 days subsequent to the permittee's knowledge of either of the following:
  - a. Any new introduction of pollutants into the treatment works from an indirect discharger which would be subject to Sections 301 and 306 of the Clean Water Act if it were directly discharging those pollutants; and
  - b. Any substantial change in the volume or character of pollutants being introduced into the treatment works by a source introducing pollutants into the treatment works at the time of issuance of the permit.

Any notice shall include information on the quality and quantity of effluent to be introduced into the treatment works and any anticipated impact of the change on the quality or quantity of effluent to be discharged from the POTW.

Revised July 2007

**BIOMONITORING REQUIREMENTS****CHRONIC BIOMONITORING REQUIREMENTS: FRESHWATER**

The provisions of this section apply to Outfall 001 for whole effluent toxicity (WET) testing.

1. **Scope, Frequency, and Methodology**

- a. The permittee shall test the effluent for toxicity in accordance with the provisions below. Such testing will determine if an appropriately dilute effluent sample adversely affects the survival, reproduction, or growth of the test organisms.
- b. The permittee shall conduct the following toxicity tests using the test organisms, procedures, and quality assurance requirements specified in this part of this permit and in accordance with "Short-Term Methods for Estimating the Chronic Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater Organisms," fourth edition (EPA-821-R-02-013) or its most recent update:
  - 1) Chronic static renewal survival and reproduction test using the water flea (*Ceriodaphnia dubia*) (Method 1002.0). This test should be terminated when 60% of the surviving adults in the control produce three broods or at the end of eight days, whichever occurs first. This test shall be conducted once per quarter.
  - 2) Chronic static renewal 7-day larval survival and growth test using the fathead minnow (*Pimephales promelas*) (Method 1000.0). A minimum of five replicates with eight organisms per replicate shall be used in the control and in each dilution. This test shall be conducted once per quarter.

The permittee must perform and report a valid test for each test species during the prescribed reporting period. An invalid test must be repeated during the same reporting period. An invalid test is defined as any test failing to satisfy the test acceptability criteria, procedures, and quality assurance requirements specified in the test methods and permit.

- c. The permittee shall use five effluent dilution concentrations and a control in each toxicity test. These effluent dilution concentrations are 28%, 38%, 51%, 80%, and 90% effluent. The critical dilution, defined as 90% effluent, is the effluent concentration representative of the proportion of effluent in the receiving water during critical low flow or critical mixing conditions.
- d. This permit may be amended to require a WET limit, a chemical-specific effluent limit, a best management practice, or other appropriate actions to address toxicity to the fathead minnow. The permittee may be required to conduct a toxicity reduction evaluation (TRE) after multiple toxic events.
- e. Testing Frequency Reduction
  - 1) If none of the first four consecutive quarterly tests demonstrates significant toxicity, the permittee may submit this information in writing

and, upon approval, reduce the testing frequency to once per six months for the invertebrate test species and once per year for the vertebrate test species.

- 2) If one or more of the first four consecutive quarterly tests demonstrates significant toxicity, the permittee shall continue quarterly testing for that species until this permit is reissued. If a testing frequency reduction had been previously granted and a subsequent test demonstrates significant toxicity, the permittee shall resume a quarterly testing frequency for that species until this permit is reissued.
- e. The sublethal No Observed Effect Concentration (NOEC) effluent limitation of not less than 80% (see the EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS section) is effective at the permit issue date for the water flea.
- f. If a water flea test fails to pass the sublethal endpoint at the 80% effluent concentration, the testing frequency will increase to monthly until such time compliance with the NOEC effluent limitation is demonstrated for a period of three consecutive months, at which time the quarterly testing frequency may be resumed.

2. Required Toxicity Testing Conditions

- a. Test Acceptance - The permittee shall repeat any toxicity test, including the control and all effluent dilutions, which fail to meet the following criteria:
  - 1) a control mean survival of 80% or greater;
  - 2) a control mean number of water flea neonates per surviving adult of 15 or greater;
  - 3) a control mean dry weight of surviving fathead minnow larvae of 0.25 mg or greater;
  - 4) a control coefficient of variation percent (CV%) of 40 or less in between replicates for the young of surviving females in the water flea test; and the growth and survival endpoints in the fathead minnow test;
  - 5) a critical dilution CV% of 40 or less for the young of surviving females in the water flea test; and the growth and survival endpoints for the fathead minnow test. However, if statistically significant lethal or nonlethal effects are exhibited at the critical dilution, a CV% greater than 40 shall not invalidate the test;
  - 6) a percent minimum significant difference of 47 or less for water flea reproduction; and
  - 7) a percent minimum significant difference of 30 or less for fathead minnow growth.
- b. Statistical Interpretation

- 1) For the water flea survival test, the statistical analyses used to determine if there is a significant difference between the control and an effluent dilution shall be the Fisher's exact test as described in the manual referenced in in Part 1.b.
- 2) For the water flea reproduction test and the fathead minnow larval survival and growth tests, the statistical analyses used to determine if there is a significant difference between the control and an effluent dilution shall be in accordance with the manual referenced in Part 1.b.
- 3) The permittee is responsible for reviewing test concentration-response relationships to ensure that calculated test-results are interpreted and reported correctly. The document entitled "Method Guidance and Recommendation for Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) Testing (40 CFR Part 136)" (EPA 821-B-00-004) provides guidance on determining the validity of test results.
- 4) If significant lethality is demonstrated (that is, there is a statistically significant difference in survival at the critical dilution when compared to the survival in the control), the conditions of test acceptability are met, and the survival of the test organisms are equal to or greater than 80% in the critical dilution and all dilutions below that, then the permittee shall report a survival No Observed Effect Concentration (NOEC) of not less than the critical dilution for the reporting requirements.
- 5) The NOEC is defined as the greatest effluent dilution at which no significant effect is demonstrated. The Lowest Observed Effect Concentration (LOEC) is defined as the lowest effluent dilution at which a significant effect is demonstrated. A significant effect is defined as a statistically significant difference between the survival, reproduction, or growth of the test organism in a specified effluent dilution when compared to the survival, reproduction, or growth of the test organism in the control.
- 6) The use of NOECs and LOECs assumes either a monotonic (continuous) concentration-response relationship or a threshold model of the concentration-response relationship. For any test result that demonstrates a non-monotonic (non-continuous) response, the NOEC should be determined based on the guidance manual referenced in Item 3.
- 7) Pursuant to the responsibility assigned to the permittee in Part 2.b.3), test results that demonstrate a non-monotonic (non-continuous) concentration-response relationship may be submitted, prior to the due date, for technical review. The guidance manual referenced in Item 3 will be used when making a determination of test acceptability.
- 8) TCEQ staff will review test results for consistency with rules, procedures, and permit requirements.

c. Dilution Water

- 1) Dilution water used in the toxicity tests must be the receiving water collected at a point upstream of the discharge point as close as possible to the discharge point but unaffected by the discharge. Where the toxicity tests are conducted on effluent discharges to receiving waters that are classified as intermittent streams, or where the toxicity tests are conducted on effluent discharges where no receiving water is available due to zero flow conditions, the permittee shall:
    - a) substitute a synthetic dilution water that has a pH, hardness, and alkalinity similar to that of the closest downstream perennial water unaffected by the discharge; or
    - b) use the closest downstream perennial water unaffected by the discharge.
  - 2) Where the receiving water proves unsatisfactory as a result of pre-existing instream toxicity (i.e. fails to fulfill the test acceptance criteria of Part 2.a.), the permittee may substitute synthetic dilution water for the receiving water in all subsequent tests provided the unacceptable receiving water test met the following stipulations:
    - a) a synthetic lab water control was performed (in addition to the receiving water control) which fulfilled the test acceptance requirements of Part 2.a;
    - b) the test indicating receiving water toxicity was carried out to completion (i.e., 7 days); and
    - c) the permittee submitted all test results indicating receiving water toxicity with the reports and information required in Part 3.
  - 3) The synthetic dilution water shall consist of standard, moderately hard, reconstituted water. Upon approval, the permittee may substitute other appropriate dilution water with chemical and physical characteristics similar to that of the receiving water.
- d. Samples and Composites
- 1) The permittee shall collect a minimum of three composite samples from Outfall 001. The second and third composite samples will be used for the renewal of the dilution concentrations for each toxicity test.
  - 2) The permittee shall collect the composite samples such that the samples are representative of any periodic episode of chlorination, biocide usage, or other potentially toxic substance being discharged on an intermittent basis.
  - 3) The permittee shall initiate the toxicity tests within 36 hours after collection of the last portion of the first composite sample. The holding time for any subsequent composite sample shall not exceed 72 hours.

Samples shall be maintained at a temperature of 0-6 degrees Centigrade during collection, shipping, and storage.

- 4) If Outfall 001 ceases discharging during the collection of effluent samples, the requirements for the minimum number of effluent samples, the minimum number of effluent portions, and the sample holding time are waived during that sampling period. However, the permittee must have collected an effluent composite sample volume sufficient to complete the required toxicity tests with renewal of the effluent. When possible, the effluent samples used for the toxicity tests shall be collected on separate days if the discharge occurs over multiple days. The sample collection duration and the static renewal protocol associated with the abbreviated sample collection must be documented in the full report.
- 5) The effluent samples shall not be dechlorinated after sample collection.

### 3. Reporting

All reports, tables, plans, summaries, and related correspondence required in this section shall be submitted to the attention of the Standards Implementation Team (MC 150) of the Water Quality Division.

- a. The permittee shall prepare a full report of the results of all tests conducted in accordance with the manual referenced in Part 1.b. for every valid and invalid toxicity test initiated whether carried to completion or not.
- b. The permittee shall routinely report the results of each biomonitoring test on the Table 1 forms provided with this permit.
  - 1) Annual biomonitoring test results are due on or before January 20th for biomonitoring conducted during the previous 12-month period.
  - 2) Semiannual biomonitoring test results are due on or before July 20th and January 20th for biomonitoring conducted during the previous 6-month period.
  - 3) Quarterly biomonitoring test results are due on or before April 20th, July 20th, October 20th, and January 20th for biomonitoring conducted during the previous calendar quarter.
  - 4) Monthly biomonitoring test results are due on or before the 20th day of the month following sampling.
- c. Enter the following codes for the appropriate parameters for valid tests only:
  - 1) For the water flea, Parameter TLP3B, enter a "1" if the NOEC for survival is less than the critical dilution; otherwise, enter a "0."
  - 2) For the water flea, Parameter TOP3B, report the NOEC for survival.
  - 3) For the water flea, Parameter TXP3B, report the LOEC for survival.

- 4) For the water flea, Parameter TWP3B, enter a "1" if the NOEC for reproduction is less than the critical dilution; otherwise, enter a "0."
  - 5) For the water flea, Parameter TPP3B, report the NOEC for reproduction.
  - 6) For the water flea, Parameter TYP3B, report the LOEC for reproduction.
  - 7) For the fathead minnow, Parameter TLP6C, enter a "1" if the NOEC for survival is less than the critical dilution; otherwise, enter a "0."
  - 8) For the fathead minnow, Parameter TOP6C, report the NOEC for survival.
  - 9) For the fathead minnow, Parameter TXP6C, report the LOEC for survival.
  - 10) For the fathead minnow, Parameter TWP6C, enter a "1" if the NOEC for growth is less than the critical dilution; otherwise, enter a "0."
  - 11) For the fathead minnow, Parameter TPP6C, report the NOEC for growth.
  - 12) For the fathead minnow, Parameter TYP6C, report the LOEC for growth.
- d. Enter the following codes for fathead minnow retests only:
- 1) For retest number 1, Parameter 22415, enter a "1" if the NOEC for survival is less than the critical dilution; otherwise, enter a "0."
  - 2) For retest number 2, Parameter 22416, enter a "1" if the NOEC for survival is less than the critical dilution; otherwise, enter a "0."
- e. The permittee shall report the sublethal WET values for the 30-day average and the 7-day minimum under Parameter No. 51710 for the appropriate reporting period for the water flea. If more than one valid test was performed during the reporting period, the NOECs will be averaged arithmetically and reported as the daily average NOEC. The data submitted should reflect the lowest sublethal test results during the reporting period.

#### 4. Persistent Toxicity

The requirements of this Part apply only to the fathead minnow and only when a test demonstrates a significant effect at the critical dilution. Significant effect and significant lethality were defined in Part 2.b. Significant sublethality is defined as a statistically significant difference in growth at the critical dilution when compared to the growth of the test organism in the control.

- a. The permittee shall conduct a total of 2 additional tests (retests) for any test that demonstrates a significant effect (lethal or sublethal) at the critical dilution. The two retests shall be conducted monthly during the next two consecutive months. The permittee shall not substitute either of the two retests in lieu of routine toxicity testing. All reports shall be submitted within 20 days of test completion. Test completion is defined as the last day of the test.



- b. If the retests are performed due to a demonstration of significant lethality, and one or both of the two retests specified in Part 4.a. demonstrates significant lethality, the permittee shall initiate the TRE requirements as specified in Part 5. The provisions of Part 4.a. are suspended upon completion of the two retests and submittal of the TRE action plan and schedule defined in Part 5.

If neither test demonstrates significant lethality and the permittee is testing under the reduced testing frequency provision of Part 1.e., the permittee shall return to a quarterly testing frequency for that species.

- c. If the two retests are performed due to a demonstration of significant sublethality, and one or both of the two retests specified in Part 4.a. demonstrates significant lethality, the permittee shall again perform two retests as stipulated in Part 4.a.
- d. If the two retests are performed due to a demonstration of significant sublethality, and neither test demonstrates significant lethality, the permittee shall continue testing at the quarterly frequency.
- e. Regardless of whether retesting for lethal or sublethal effects or a combination of the two, no more than one retest per month is required for a species.

5. Toxicity Reduction Evaluation

- a. Within 45 days of the retest that demonstrates significant lethality, or within 45 days of being so instructed due to multiple toxic events, the permittee shall submit a general outline for initiating a TRE. The outline shall include, but not be limited to, a description of project personnel, a schedule for obtaining consultants (if needed), a discussion of influent and effluent data available for review, a sampling and analytical schedule, and a proposed TRE initiation date.
- b. Within 90 days of the retest that demonstrates significant lethality, or within 90 days of being so instructed due to multiple toxic events, the permittee shall submit a TRE action plan and schedule for conducting a TRE. The plan shall specify the approach and methodology to be used in performing the TRE. A TRE is a step-wise investigation combining toxicity testing with physical and chemical analysis to determine actions necessary to eliminate or reduce effluent toxicity to a level not effecting significant lethality at the critical dilution. The TRE action plan shall describe an approach for the reduction or elimination of causes of lethality for both test species defined in Part 1.b. At a minimum, the TRE action plan shall include the following:
  - 1) Specific Activities - The TRE action plan shall specify the approach the permittee intends to utilize in conducting the TRE, including toxicity characterizations, identifications, confirmations, source evaluations, treatability studies, and alternative approaches. When conducting characterization analyses, the permittee shall perform multiple characterizations and follow the procedures specified in the document entitled "Toxicity Identification Evaluation: Characterization of Chronically Toxic Effluents, Phase I" (EPA/600/6-91/005F) or alternate

procedures. The permittee shall perform multiple identifications and follow the methods specified in the documents entitled "Methods for Aquatic Toxicity Identification Evaluations, Phase II Toxicity Identification Procedures for Samples Exhibiting Acute and Chronic Toxicity" (EPA/600/R-92/080) and "Methods for Aquatic Toxicity Identification Evaluations: Phase III Toxicity Confirmation Procedures for Samples Exhibiting Acute and Chronic Toxicity" (EPA/600/R-92/081). All characterization, identification, and confirmation tests shall be conducted in an orderly and logical progression;

- 2) Sampling Plan - The TRE action plan should describe sampling locations, methods, holding times, chain of custody, and preservation techniques. The effluent sample volume collected for all tests shall be adequate to perform the toxicity characterization/identification/confirmation procedures and chemical-specific analyses when the toxicity tests show significant sublethality. Where the permittee has identified or suspects a specific pollutant and source of effluent toxicity, the permittee shall conduct, concurrent with toxicity testing, chemical-specific analyses for the identified and suspected pollutant and source of effluent toxicity;
  - 3) Quality Assurance Plan - The TRE action plan should address record keeping and data evaluation, calibration and standardization, baseline tests, system blanks, controls, duplicates, spikes, toxicity persistence in the samples, randomization, reference toxicant control charts, and mechanisms to detect artifactual toxicity; and
  - 4) Project Organization - The TRE action plan should describe the project staff, project manager, consulting engineering services (where applicable), consulting analytical and toxicological services, etc.
- c. Within 30 days of submittal of the TRE action plan and schedule, the permittee shall implement the sublethal TRE.
- d. The permittee shall submit quarterly TRE activities reports concerning the progress of the TRE. The quarterly reports are due on or before April 20th, July 20th, October 20th, and January 20th. The report shall detail information regarding the TRE activities including:
- 1) results and interpretation of any chemical-specific analyses for the identified and suspected pollutant performed during the quarter;
  - 2) results and interpretation of any characterization, identification, and confirmation tests performed during the quarter;
  - 3) any data and substantiating documentation which identifies the pollutant(s) and source of effluent toxicity;
  - 4) results of any studies/evaluations concerning the treatability of the facility's effluent toxicity;
  - 5) any data that identifies effluent toxicity control mechanisms that will

reduce effluent toxicity to the level necessary to meet no significant lethality at the critical dilution; and

- 6) any changes to the initial TRE plan and schedule that are believed necessary as a result of the TRE findings.

Copies of the TRE activities report shall also be submitted to the U.S. EPA Region 6 office.

- e. During the TRE, the permittee shall perform, at a minimum, quarterly testing.
- f. The permittee shall complete the sublethal TRE and submit a final report on the TRE activities no later than 28 months from the last test day of the retest that confirmed significant lethal effects at the critical dilution. The permittee may petition the Executive Director (in writing) for an extension of the 28-month limit. However, to warrant an extension the permittee must have demonstrated due diligence in its pursuit of the toxicity identification evaluation/TRE and must prove that circumstances beyond its control stalled the toxicity identification evaluation/TRE. The report shall provide information pertaining to the specific control mechanism selected that will, when implemented, result in the reduction of effluent toxicity to no significant sublethality at the critical dilution. The report shall also provide a specific corrective action schedule for implementing the selected control mechanism. A copy of the TRE final report shall also be submitted to the U.S. EPA Region 6 office.
- g. Based on the results of the TRE and proposed corrective actions, this permit may be amended to modify the biomonitoring requirements, where necessary, require a compliance schedule for implementation of corrective actions, specify a sublethal WET limit, specify a best management practice, and specify a chemical-specific limit.

TABLE 1 (SHEET 1 OF 4)

BIOMONITORING REPORTING

CERIODAPHNIA DUBIA SURVIVAL AND REPRODUCTION

Dates and Times  
Composites  
Collected

No. 1 FROM: \_\_\_\_\_ TO: \_\_\_\_\_

No. 2 FROM: \_\_\_\_\_ TO: \_\_\_\_\_

No. 3 FROM: \_\_\_\_\_ TO: \_\_\_\_\_

Test initiated: \_\_\_\_\_ am/pm \_\_\_\_\_ date

Dilution water used: \_\_\_\_\_ Receiving water \_\_\_\_\_ Synthetic Dilution water

## NUMBER OF YOUNG PRODUCED PER ADULT AT END OF TEST

REP	Percent effluent					
	0%	28%	38%	51%	80%	90%
A						
B						
C						
D						
E						
F						
G						
H						
I						
J						
Survival Mean						
Total Mean						
CV%*						
PMSD						

\*Coefficient of Variation = standard deviation x 100/mean (calculation based on young of the surviving adults)  
Designate males (M), and dead females (D), along with number of neonates (x) released prior to death.

TABLE 1 (SHEET 2 OF 4)

## CERIODAPHNIA DUBIA SURVIVAL AND REPRODUCTION TEST

1. Dunnett's Procedure or Steel's Many-One Rank Test or Wilcoxon Rank Sum Test (with Bonferroni adjustment) or t-test (with Bonferroni adjustment) as appropriate:

Is the mean number of young produced per adult significantly less than the number of young per adult in the control for the % effluent corresponding to significant nonlethal effects?

CRITICAL DILUTION (90%): \_\_\_\_\_ YES \_\_\_\_\_ NO

## PERCENT SURVIVAL

Time of Reading	Percent effluent					
	0%	28%	38%	51%	80%	90%
24h						
48h						
End of Test						

2. Fisher's Exact Test:

Is the mean survival at test end significantly less than the control survival for the % effluent corresponding to lethality?

CRITICAL DILUTION (90%): \_\_\_\_\_ YES \_\_\_\_\_ NO

3. Enter percent effluent corresponding to each NOEC\LOEC below:

a.) NOEC survival = \_\_\_\_\_ % effluent

b.) LOEC survival = \_\_\_\_\_ % effluent

c.) NOEC reproduction = \_\_\_\_\_ % effluent

d.) LOEC reproduction = \_\_\_\_\_ % effluent

TABLE 1 (SHEET 3 OF 4)

## BIOMONITORING REPORTING

## FATHEAD MINNOW LARVAE GROWTH AND SURVIVAL

Dates and Times      No. 1 FROM: \_\_\_\_\_ Date    Time      TO: \_\_\_\_\_ Date    Time  
 Composites  
 Collected      No. 2 FROM: \_\_\_\_\_ TO: \_\_\_\_\_  
                     No. 3 FROM: \_\_\_\_\_ TO: \_\_\_\_\_

Test initiated: \_\_\_\_\_ am/pm \_\_\_\_\_ date

Dilution water used: \_\_\_\_\_ Receiving water      \_\_\_\_\_ Synthetic dilution water

## FATHEAD MINNOW GROWTH DATA

Effluent Concentration	Average Dry Weight in replicate chambers					Mean Dry Weight	CV%*
	A	B	C	D	E		
0%							
28%							
38%							
51%							
80%							
90%							
PMSD							

\* Coefficient of Variation = standard deviation x 100/mean

- Dunnett's Procedure or Steel's Many-One Rank Test or Wilcoxon Rank Sum Test (with Bonferroni adjustment) or t-test (with Bonferroni adjustment) as appropriate:

Is the mean dry weight (growth) at 7 days significantly less than the control's dry weight (growth) for the % effluent corresponding to significant nonlethal effects?

CRITICAL DILUTION (90%): \_\_\_\_\_ YES \_\_\_\_\_ NO

TABLE 1 (SHEET 4 OF 4)  
BIOMONITORING REPORTING  
FATHEAD MINNOW GROWTH AND SURVIVAL TEST  
FATHEAD MINNOW SURVIVAL DATA

Effluent Concentration	Percent Survival in replicate chambers					Mean percent survival			CV%*
	A	B	C	D	E	24h	48h	7 day	
0%									
28%									
38%									
51%									
90%									
90%									

\* Coefficient of Variation = standard deviation x 100/mean

2. Dunnett's Procedure or Steel's Many-One Rank Test or Wilcoxon Rank Sum Test (with Bonferroni adjustment) or t-test (with Bonferroni adjustment) as appropriate:

Is the mean survival at 7 days significantly less than the control survival for the % effluent corresponding to lethality?

CRITICAL DILUTION (90%): \_\_\_\_\_ YES \_\_\_\_\_ NO

3. Enter percent effluent corresponding to each NOEC\LOEC below:

a.) NOEC survival = \_\_\_\_\_ % effluent

b.) LOEC survival = \_\_\_\_\_ % effluent

c.) NOEC growth = \_\_\_\_\_ % effluent

d.) LOEC growth = \_\_\_\_\_ % effluent

24-HOUR ACUTE BIOMONITORING REQUIREMENTS: FRESHWATER

The provisions of this section apply to Outfall 001 for WET testing.

1. Scope, Frequency, and Methodology

- a. The permittee shall test the effluent for lethality in accordance with the provisions in this section. Such testing will determine compliance with Texas Surface Water Quality Standard 30 TAC § 307.6(e)(2)(B), which requires greater than 50% survival of the appropriate test organisms in 100% effluent for a 24-hour period.
- b. The toxicity tests specified shall be conducted once per six months. The permittee shall conduct the following toxicity tests using the test organisms, procedures, and quality assurance requirements specified in this section of the permit and in accordance with "Methods for Measuring the Acute Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater and Marine Organisms," fifth edition (EPA-821-R-02-012) or its most recent update:
  - 1) Acute 24-hour static toxicity test using the water flea (*Daphnia pulex* or *Ceriodaphnia dubia*). A minimum of five replicates with eight organisms per replicate shall be used in the control and each dilution.
  - 2) Acute 24-hour static toxicity test using the fathead minnow (*Pimephales promelas*). A minimum of five replicates with eight organisms per replicate shall be used in the control and each dilution.

A valid test result must be submitted for each reporting period. The permittee must report, and then repeat, an invalid test during the same reporting period. The repeat test shall include the control and the 100% effluent dilution and use the appropriate number of organisms and replicates, as specified above. An invalid test is defined as any test failing to satisfy the test acceptability criteria, procedures, and quality assurance requirements specified in the test methods and permit.

- c. In addition to an appropriate control, a 100% effluent concentration shall be used in the toxicity tests. The control and dilution water shall consist of standard, synthetic, moderately hard, reconstituted water.
  - d. This permit may be amended to require a WET limit, a best management practice, a chemical-specific limit, or other appropriate actions to address toxicity. The permittee may be required to conduct a toxicity reduction evaluation (TRE) after multiple toxic events.
2. Required Toxicity Testing Conditions
- a. Test Acceptance - The permittee shall repeat any toxicity test, including the control, if the control fails to meet a mean survival equal to or greater than 90%.
  - b. Dilution Water - In accordance with Part 1.c., the control and dilution water shall consist of standard, synthetic, moderately hard, reconstituted water.



c. Samples and Composites

- 1) The permittee shall collect one composite sample from Outfall 001.
- 2) The permittee shall collect the composite sample such that the sample is representative of any periodic episode of chlorination, biocide usage, or other potentially toxic substance being discharged.
- 3) The permittee shall initiate the toxicity tests within 36 hours after collection of the last portion of the composite sample. The sample shall be maintained at a temperature of 0-6 degrees Centigrade during collection, shipping, and storage.
- 4) If Outfall 001 ceases discharging during the collection of the effluent composite sample, the requirements for the minimum number of effluent portions are waived. However, the permittee must have collected a composite sample volume sufficient for completion of the required test. The abbreviated sample collection, duration, and methodology must be documented in the full report.
- 5) The effluent sample shall not be dechlorinated after sample collection.

3. Reporting

All reports, tables, plans, summaries, and related correspondence required in this section shall be submitted to the attention of the Standards Implementation Team (MC 150) of the Water Quality Division.

- a. The permittee shall prepare a full report of the results of all tests conducted in accordance with the manual referenced in Part 1.b. for every valid and invalid toxicity test initiated.
- b. The permittee shall routinely report the results of each biomonitoring test on the Table 2 forms provided with this permit.
  - 1) Semiannual biomonitoring test results are due on or before July 20th and January 20th for biomonitoring conducted during the previous 6-month period.
  - 2) Quarterly biomonitoring test results are due on or before April 20th, July 20th, and October 20th, and January 20th for biomonitoring conducted during the previous calendar quarter.
- c. Enter the following codes for the appropriate parameters for valid tests only:
  - 1) For the water flea, Parameter TIE3D, enter a "0" if the mean survival at 24 hours is greater than 50% in the 100% effluent dilution; if the mean survival is less than or equal to 50%, enter a "1."
  - 2) For the fathead minnow, Parameter TIE6C, enter a "0" if the mean

survival at 24 hours is greater than 50% in the 100% effluent dilution; if the mean survival is less than or equal to 50%, enter a "1."

d. Enter the following codes for retests only:

- 1) For retest number 1, Parameter 22415, enter a "0" if the mean survival at 24 hours is greater than 50% in the 100% effluent dilution; if the mean survival is less than or equal to 50%, enter a "1."
- 2) For retest number 2, Parameter 22416, enter a "0" if the mean survival at 24 hours is greater than 50% in the 100% effluent dilution; if the mean survival is less than or equal to 50%, enter a "1."

4. Persistent Mortality

The requirements of this part apply when a toxicity test demonstrates significant lethality, which is defined as a mean mortality of 50% or greater of organisms exposed to the 100% effluent concentration for 24 hours.

- a. The permittee shall conduct 2 additional tests (retests) for each species that demonstrates significant lethality. The two retests shall be conducted once per week for 2 weeks. Five effluent dilution concentrations in addition to an appropriate control shall be used in the retests. These effluent concentrations are 6%, 13%, 25%, 50% and 100% effluent. The first retest shall be conducted within 15 days of the laboratory determination of significant lethality. All test results shall be submitted within 20 days of test completion of the second retest. Test completion is defined as the 24th hour.
- b. If one or both of the two retests specified in Part 4.a. demonstrates significant lethality, the permittee shall initiate the TRE requirements as specified in Part 5.

5. Toxicity Reduction Evaluation

- a. Within 45 days of the retest that demonstrates significant lethality, the permittee shall submit a general outline for initiating a TRE. The outline shall include, but not be limited to, a description of project personnel, a schedule for obtaining consultants (if needed), a discussion of influent and effluent data available for review, a sampling and analytical schedule, and a proposed TRE initiation date.
- b. Within 90 days of the retest that demonstrates significant lethality, the permittee shall submit a TRE action plan and schedule for conducting a TRE. The plan shall specify the approach and methodology to be used in performing the TRE. A TRE is a step-wise investigation combining toxicity testing with physical and chemical analyses to determine actions necessary to eliminate or reduce effluent toxicity to a level not effecting significant lethality at the critical dilution. The TRE action plan shall lead to the successful elimination of significant lethality for both test species defined in Part 1.b. At a minimum, the TRE action plan shall include the following:
  - 1) Specific Activities - The TRE action plan shall specify the approach the permittee intends to utilize in conducting the TRE, including toxicity

characterizations, identifications, confirmations, source evaluations, treatability studies, and alternative approaches. When conducting characterization analyses, the permittee shall perform multiple characterizations and follow the procedures specified in the document entitled "Methods for Aquatic Toxicity Identification Evaluations: Phase I Toxicity Characterization Procedures" (EPA/600/6-91/003) or alternate procedures. The permittee shall perform multiple identifications and follow the methods specified in the documents entitled "Methods for Aquatic Toxicity Identification Evaluations: Phase II Toxicity Identification Procedures for Samples Exhibiting Acute and Chronic Toxicity" (EPA/600/R-92/080) and "Methods for Aquatic Toxicity Identification Evaluations: Phase III Toxicity Confirmation Procedures for Samples Exhibiting Acute and Chronic Toxicity" (EPA/600/R-92/081). All characterization, identification, and confirmation tests shall be conducted in an orderly and logical progression;

- 2) Sampling Plan - The TRE action plan should describe sampling locations, methods, holding times, chain of custody, and preservation techniques. The effluent sample volume collected for all tests shall be adequate to perform the toxicity characterization/identification/confirmation procedures and chemical-specific analyses when the toxicity tests show significant lethality. Where the permittee has identified or suspects specific pollutant and source of effluent toxicity, the permittee shall conduct, concurrent with toxicity testing, chemical-specific analyses for the identified and suspected pollutant and source of effluent toxicity;
  - 3) Quality Assurance Plan - The TRE action plan should address record keeping and data evaluation, calibration and standardization, baseline tests, system blanks, controls, duplicates, spikes, toxicity persistence in the samples, randomization, reference toxicant control charts, and mechanisms to detect artifactual toxicity; and
  - 4) Project Organization - The TRE Action Plan should describe the project staff, project manager, consulting engineering services (where applicable), consulting analytical and toxicological services, etc.
- c. Within 30 days of submittal of the TRE action plan and schedule, the permittee shall implement the TRE.
- d. The permittee shall submit quarterly TRE activities reports concerning the progress of the TRE. The quarterly TRE activities reports are due on or before April 20th, July 20th, October 20th, and January 20th. The report shall detail information regarding the TRE activities including:
- 1) results and interpretation of any chemical-specific analyses for the identified and suspected pollutant performed during the quarter;
  - 2) results and interpretation of any characterization, identification, and confirmation tests performed during the quarter;
  - 3) any data and substantiating documentation that identifies the pollutant

and source of effluent toxicity;

- 4) results of any studies/evaluations concerning the treatability of the facility's effluent toxicity;
- 5) any data that identifies effluent toxicity control mechanisms that will reduce effluent toxicity to the level necessary to eliminate significant lethality; and
- 6) any changes to the initial TRE plan and schedule that are believed necessary as a result of the TRE findings.

Copies of the TRE activities report shall also be submitted to the U.S. EPA Region 6 office.

- e. During the TRE, the permittee shall perform, at a minimum, quarterly testing using the more sensitive species. Testing for the less sensitive species shall continue at the frequency specified in Part 1.b.
- f. If the effluent ceases to effect significant lethality, i.e., there is a cessation of lethality, the permittee may end the TRE. A cessation of lethality is defined as no significant lethality for a period of 12 consecutive weeks with at least weekly testing. At the end of the 12 weeks, the permittee shall submit a statement of intent to cease the TRE and may then resume the testing frequency specified in Part 1.b.

This provision accommodates situations where operational errors and upsets, spills, or sampling errors triggered the TRE, in contrast to a situation where a single toxicant or group of toxicants cause lethality. This provision does not apply as a result of corrective actions taken by the permittee. Corrective actions are defined as proactive efforts that eliminate or reduce effluent toxicity. These include, but are not limited to, source reduction or elimination, improved housekeeping, changes in chemical usage, and modifications of influent streams and effluent treatment.

The permittee may only apply this cessation of lethality provision once. If the effluent again demonstrates significant lethality to the same species, the permit will be amended to add a WET limit with a compliance period, if appropriate. However, prior to the effective date of the WET limit, the permittee may apply for a permit amendment removing and replacing the WET limit with an alternate toxicity control measure by identifying and confirming the toxicant and an appropriate control measure.

- g. The permittee shall complete the TRE and submit a final report on the TRE activities no later than 18 months from the last test day of the retest that demonstrates significant lethality. The permittee may petition the Executive Director (in writing) for an extension of the 18-month limit. However, to warrant an extension the permittee must have demonstrated due diligence in its pursuit of the toxicity identification evaluation/TRE and must prove that circumstances beyond its control stalled the toxicity identification evaluation/TRE. The report shall specify the control mechanism that will, when implemented, reduce effluent

toxicity as specified in Part 5.h. The report shall also specify a corrective action schedule for implementing the selected control mechanism. A copy of the TRE final report shall also be submitted to the U.S. EPA Region 6 office.

- h. Within 3 years of the last day of the test confirming toxicity, the permittee shall comply with 30 TAC § 307.6(e)(2)(B), which requires greater than 50% survival of the test organism in 100% effluent at the end of 24-hours. The permittee may petition the Executive Director (in writing) for an extension of the 3-year limit. However, to warrant an extension the permittee must have demonstrated due diligence in its pursuit of the toxicity identification evaluation/TRE and must prove that circumstances beyond its control stalled the toxicity identification evaluation/TRE.

The permittee may be exempted from complying with 30 TAC § 307.6(e)(2)(B) upon proving that toxicity is caused by an excess, imbalance, or deficiency of dissolved salts. This exemption excludes instances where individually toxic components (e.g., metals) form a salt compound. Following the exemption, this permit may be amended to include an ion-adjustment protocol, alternate species testing, or single species testing.

- i. Based upon the results of the TRE and proposed corrective actions, this permit may be amended to modify the biomonitoring requirements where necessary, require a compliance schedule for implementation of corrective actions, specify a WET limit, specify a best management practice, and specify a chemical-specific limit.

TABLE 2 (SHEET 1 OF 2)

## WATER FLEA SURVIVAL

## GENERAL INFORMATION

	Time	Date
Composite Sample Collected		
Test Initiated		

## PERCENT SURVIVAL

Time	Rep	Percent effluent					
		0%	6%	13%	25%	50%	100%
24h	A						
	B						
	C						
	D						
	E						
	MEAN						

Enter percent effluent corresponding to the LC<sub>50</sub> below:

24 hour LC<sub>50</sub> = \_\_\_\_\_% effluent

TABLE 2 (SHEET 2 OF 2)  
FATHEAD MINNOW SURVIVAL

## GENERAL INFORMATION

	Time	Date
Composite Sample Collected		
Test Initiated		

## PERCENT SURVIVAL

Time	Rep	Percent effluent					
		0%	6%	13%	25%	50%	100%
24h	A						
	B						
	C						
	D						
	E						
	MEAN						

Enter percent effluent corresponding to the LC<sub>50</sub> below:

24 hour LC<sub>50</sub> = \_\_\_\_\_% effluent

## FACT SHEET AND EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S PRELIMINARY DECISION

For draft Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (TPDES) Permit No. WQ0010377001, EPA I.D. No. TX0023001, to discharge to water in the state.

Issuing Office: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality  
P.O. Box 13087  
Austin, Texas 78711-3087

Applicant: City of Vernon  
1725 Wilbarger Street  
Vernon, Texas 76384

Prepared By: Sonia Bhuiya  
Domestic Permits Team  
Domestic Wastewater Section (MC 148)  
Water Quality Division  
(512) 239-1205

Date: October 17, 2025

Permit Action: Renewal

### 1. EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR RECOMMENDATION

The Executive Director has made a preliminary decision that this permit, if issued, meets all statutory and regulatory requirements. The draft permit includes an expiration date of **five years from the date of issuance**.

### 2. APPLICANT ACTIVITY

The applicant has applied to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for a renewal of the existing permit that authorizes the discharge of treated domestic wastewater at an annual average flow not to exceed 2.0 million gallons per day (MGD). The existing wastewater treatment facility serves the City of Vernon.

### 3. FACILITY AND DISCHARGE LOCATION

The plant site is located approximately 0.8 mile northeast of the intersection of U.S. Highway 283 and the Fort Worth and Denver Railroad, in Wilbarger County, Texas 76384.

#### Outfall Location:

Outfall Number	Latitude	Longitude
001	34.163742 N	99.268666 W

The treated effluent is discharged to an unnamed tributary, thence to Pease River in Segment No. 02300 of the Red River Basin. The unclassified receiving water use is minimal aquatic life use for unnamed tributary. The designated uses for Segment No. 02300 are primary contact recreation, and intermediate aquatic life use.



#### **4. TREATMENT PROCESS DESCRIPTION AND SEWAGE SLUDGE DISPOSAL**

The City of Vernon Wastewater Treatment Facility is an activated sludge process plant operated in the single stage nitrification mode. Treatment units include a bar screen, a grit chamber, a primary clarifier, an oxidation ditch, two aeration basins, two final clarifiers, two gravity sand filters, a gravity thickener, an anaerobic digester, a belt filter press, an ultraviolet light (UV) disinfection system, and a back-up chlorine disinfection chamber. The facility is in operation.

Sludge generated from the treatment facility is hauled by a registered transporter and disposed of at a TCEQ-permitted landfill, Buffalo Creek Landfill, Permit No. 1571A, in Wichita County. The draft permit also authorizes the disposal of sludge at a TCEQ-authorized land application site, co-disposal landfill, wastewater treatment facility, or facility that further processes sludge.

#### **5. INDUSTRIAL WASTE CONTRIBUTION**

The draft permit includes pretreatment requirements that are appropriate for a facility of this size and complexity. The City of Vernon WWTP does not appear to receive significant industrial wastewater contributions. The WWTP receives process wastewater from one significant industrial user (SIU). The process wastewater flow from the SIU contributes less than 1% of the WWTP current maximum hydraulic capacity. The POTW has not experienced any instances of pass through or interference, therefore, at this time, the TCEQ is not requiring the permittee to develop a pretreatment program.

#### **6. SUMMARY OF SELF-REPORTED EFFLUENT ANALYSES**

The following is a summary of the applicant's effluent monitoring data for the period April 2020 through April 2025. The average of Daily Average value is computed by the averaging of all 30-day average values for the reporting period for each parameter: flow, five-day carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand (CBOD<sub>5</sub>), total suspended solids (TSS), ammonia nitrogen (NH<sub>3</sub>-N), and total phosphorus (P). The average of Daily Average value for *Escherichia coli* (*E. coli*) in colony-forming units (CFU) or most probable number (MPN) per 100 ml is calculated via geometric mean.

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Average of Daily Avg</u>
Flow, MGD	1.02
CBOD <sub>5</sub> , mg/l	2.4
TSS, mg/l	3.0
NH <sub>3</sub> -N, mg/l	0.10
Total P, mg/l	4.3
<i>E. coli</i> , CFU or MPN per 100 ml	3

#### **7. DRAFT PERMIT CONDITIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS**

The effluent limitations and monitoring requirements for those parameters that are limited in the draft permit are as follows:

##### **A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS**

The average annual average flow of effluent shall not exceed 2.0 MGD, nor shall

the average discharge during any two-hour period (2-hour peak) exceed 3,076 gallons per minute.

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>30-Day Average</u>		<u>7-Day</u>	<u>Daily</u>
	<u>mg/l</u>	<u>lbs/day</u>	<u>Average</u> <u>mg/l</u>	<u>Maximum</u> <u>mg/l</u>
CBOD <sub>5</sub>	10	167	15	25
TSS	15	250	25	40
NH <sub>3</sub> -N	3	20	6	10
Total P	Report	Report	N/A	Report
DO (minimum)	4.0	N/A	N/A	N/A
<i>E. coli</i> , CFU or MPN per 100 ml	126	N/A	N/A	399
WET Limit				
<i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> (3-brood chronic NOEC <sup>1</sup> )	80%	N/A	N/A	80%

- <sup>1</sup> The NOEC is here defined as the greatest effluent dilution at which no significant effect is demonstrated. A significant effect is defined as a statistically significant difference between a specified effluent dilution and the control for that endpoint.

The pH shall not be less than 6.0 standard units nor greater than 9.0 standard units and shall be monitored once per week by grab sample. There shall be no discharge of floating solids or visible foam in other than trace amounts and no discharge of visible oil.

The permittee shall utilize an UV system for disinfection purposes. If the permittee employs a back-up chlorination system, when that system is in use, the effluent shall contain a chlorine residual of at least 1.0 mg/l after a detention time of at least 20 minutes (based on peak flow) and shall be monitored daily by grab sample. The permittee shall dechlorinate the chlorinated effluent to less than 0.1 mg/l chlorine residual and shall monitor chlorine residual daily by grab sample after the dechlorination process. An equivalent method of disinfection may be substituted only with prior approval of the Executive Director.

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Monitoring Requirement</u>
Flow, MGD	Continuous
CBOD <sub>5</sub>	Two/week
TSS	Two/week
NH <sub>3</sub> -N	Two/week
Total P	Two/week
DO	Two/week
<i>E. coli</i>	One/week
WET Limit	One/quarter

B. SEWAGE SLUDGE REQUIREMENTS

The draft permit includes Sludge Provisions according to the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 312, Sludge Use, Disposal, and Transportation. Sludge generated from the treatment facility is hauled by a registered transporter and disposed of at a TCEQ-permitted landfill, Buffalo Creek Landfill, Permit No. 1571A, in Wichita County. The draft permit also authorizes the disposal of sludge at a TCEQ-authorized land application site, co-disposal landfill, wastewater treatment facility, or facility that further processes sludge.

C. PRETREATMENT REQUIREMENTS

Permit requirements for pretreatment are based on TPDES regulations contained in 30 TAC Chapter 305, which references 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 403, "General Pretreatment Regulations for Existing and New Sources of Pollution" [*rev. Federal Register/ Vol. 70/ No. 198/ Friday, October 14, 2005/ Rules and Regulations, pages 60134-60798*]. The permit includes specific requirements that establish responsibilities of local government, industry, and the public to implement the standards to control pollutants which pass through or interfere with treatment processes in publicly owned treatment works or which may contaminate the sewage sludge. This permit has appropriate pretreatment language for a facility of this size and complexity.

D. WHOLE EFFLUENT TOXICITY (BIOMONITORING) REQUIREMENTS

- (1) The draft permit includes chronic freshwater biomonitoring requirements as follows. The permit requires five dilutions in addition to the control (0% effluent) to be used in the toxicity tests. These additional effluent concentrations shall be 28%, 38%, 51%, 80%, and 90%. The low-flow effluent concentration (critical dilution) is defined as 90% effluent. The critical dilution is in accordance with the "Aquatic Life Criteria" section of the "Water Quality Based Effluent Limitations/Conditions" section.
  - (a) Chronic static renewal survival and reproduction test using the water flea (*Ceriodaphnia dubia*). The frequency of the testing is once per quarter for at least the first year of testing, after which the permittee may apply for a testing frequency reduction.
  - (b) Chronic static renewal 7-day larval survival and growth test using the fathead minnow (*Pimephales promelas*). The frequency of the testing is once per quarter for at least the first year of testing, after which the permittee may apply for a testing frequency reduction.
- (2) The draft permit includes the following minimum 24-hour acute freshwater biomonitoring requirements at a frequency of once per six months:
  - (a) Acute 24-hour static toxicity test using the water flea (*Daphnia pulex* or *Ceriodaphnia dubia*).
  - (b) Acute 24-hour static toxicity test using the fathead minnow

*(Pimephales promelas).*

E. SUMMARY OF CHANGES FROM APPLICATION

None.

F. SUMMARY OF CHANGES FROM EXISTING PERMIT

The Standard Permit Conditions, Sludge Provisions, Other Requirements, and Biomonitoring sections of the draft permit have been updated.

For Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTWs), effective December 21, 2025, the permittee must submit the written report for unauthorized discharges and unanticipated bypasses that exceed any effluent limit in the permit using the online electronic reporting system available through the TCEQ website unless the permittee requests and obtains an electronic reporting waiver.

The draft permit includes all updates based on the 30 TAC § 312 rule change effective April 23, 2020.

**8. DRAFT PERMIT RATIONALE**

A. TECHNOLOGY-BASED EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS/CONDITIONS

Regulations promulgated in Title 40 of the CFR require that technology-based limitations be placed in wastewater discharge permits based on effluent limitations guidelines, where applicable, or on best professional judgment (BPJ) in the absence of guidelines.

Effluent limitations for maximum and minimum pH are in accordance with 40 CFR § 133.102(c) and 30 TAC § 309.1(b).

B. WATER QUALITY SUMMARY AND COASTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN

(1) WATER QUALITY SUMMARY

The treated effluent is discharged to unnamed tributary, thence to Pease River in Segment No. 0230 of the Red River Basin. The unclassified receiving water use is minimal aquatic life use for unnamed tributary. The designated uses for Segment No. 0230 are primary contact recreation, and intermediate aquatic life use. The effluent limitations in the draft permit will maintain and protect the existing instream uses. All determinations are preliminary and subject to additional review and/or revisions.

The Whooping Crane (*Grus Americana*), an endangered aquatic dependent species has been determined to occur in Wilbarger County of the Red River Basin. However, this is not a watershed of critical concern for the Whooping Crane. A priority watershed of critical concern has been identified in Wilbarger County for the Least Tern (*Sterna antillarum*), an endangered aquatic dependent species. However, this applies to

Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems and Stormwater General Permits only and does not apply to this facility. To make this determination for Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (TPDES) permits, TCEQ and EPA only considered aquatic or aquatic dependent species occurring in watersheds of critical concern or high priority as listed in Appendix A of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service's (USFWS) biological opinion. The determination is subject to reevaluation due to subsequent updates or amendments to the biological opinion. The permit does not require EPA review with respect to the presence of endangered or threatened species.

Segment No. 0230 is not currently listed on the State's inventory of impaired and threatened waters (the 2024 CWA § 303(d) list).

The pollutant analysis of treated effluent provided by the permittee in the application indicated 1,320 mg/l total dissolved solids (TDS), 32.4 mg/l sulfate, and 563 mg/l chloride present in the effluent. The segment criteria for Segment No. 02300 are 30,000 mg/l for TDS, 3,500 mg/l for sulfate, and 12,000 mg/l for chlorides. Based on dissolved solids screening, no additional limits or monitoring requirements are needed for total dissolved solids, chloride, or sulfate. See Attachment A of this Fact Sheet.

The effluent limitations and conditions in the draft permit comply with EPA-approved portions of the 2018 Texas Surface Water Quality Standards (TSWQS), 30 TAC §§ 307.1 - 307.10, effective March 1, 2018; 2014 TSWQS, effective March 6, 2014; 2010 TSWQS, effective July 22, 2010; and 2000 TSWQS, effective July 26, 2000.

(2) CONVENTIONAL PARAMETERS

Effluent limitations for the conventional effluent parameters (i.e., Five-Day Biochemical Oxygen Demand or Five-Day Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand, Ammonia Nitrogen, etc.) are based on stream standards and waste load allocations for water quality-limited streams as established in the TSWQS and the State of Texas Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP).

The existing effluent limits have been reviewed for consistency with the State of Texas Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP). The existing limits are consistent with the approved WQMP.

The effluent limitations in the draft permit meet the requirements for secondary treatment and the requirements for disinfection according to 30 TAC Chapter 309, Subchapter A: Effluent Limitations.

(3) COASTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN

The facility is not located in the Coastal Management Program boundary.

C. WATER QUALITY-BASED EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS/CONDITIONS

(1) GENERAL COMMENTS

The Texas Surface Water Quality Standards (30 TAC Chapter 307) state that surface waters will not be toxic to man, or to terrestrial or aquatic life. The methodology outlined in the *Procedures to Implement the Texas Surface Water Quality Standards* is designed to ensure compliance with 30 TAC Chapter 307. Specifically, the methodology is designed to ensure that no source will be allowed to discharge any wastewater that: (1) results in instream aquatic toxicity; (2) causes a violation of an applicable narrative or numerical state water quality standard; (3) results in the endangerment of a drinking water supply; or (4) results in aquatic bioaccumulation that threatens human health.

(2) AQUATIC LIFE CRITERIA

(a) SCREENING

Water quality-based effluent limitations are calculated from freshwater aquatic life criteria found in Table 1 of the Texas Surface Water Quality Standards (30 TAC Chapter 307).

There is no mixing zone or zone of initial dilution for this discharge directly to an intermittent stream; acute freshwater criteria apply at the end of pipe. Chronic freshwater criteria are applied in the perennial freshwater stream.

For the intermittent stream, the percent effluent for acute protection of aquatic life is 100% because the 7Q2 of the intermittent stream is 0.0 cfs. This effluent percentage also provides acute protection of aquatic life in the perennial stream. TCEQ uses the mass balance equation to estimate dilution in the perennial stream during critical conditions. The estimated dilution for chronic protection of aquatic life is calculated using the permitted flow of 2.0 MGD and the 7-day, 2-year (7Q2) flow of 0.35 cfs for unnamed tributary within three miles of Pease River, the perennial stream. The following critical effluent percentages are being used:

Acute Effluent %:	100%	Chronic Effluent %:	89.84%
-------------------	------	---------------------	--------

Waste load allocations (WLAs) are calculated using the above estimated effluent percentages, criteria outlined in the Texas Surface Water Quality Standards, and partitioning coefficients for metals (when appropriate and designated in the implementation procedures). The WLA is the end-of-pipe effluent concentration that can be discharged when, after mixing in the receiving stream, instream numerical criteria will not be exceeded. From the WLA, a long-term average (LTA) is calculated using a log normal probability distribution, a given coefficient of variation (0.6), and a 90<sup>th</sup> percentile confidence level. The LTA is the long-term average effluent concentration for which the WLA will never be exceeded using a selected percentile confidence level. The lower of the two LTAs (acute and

chronic) is used to calculate a daily average and daily maximum effluent limitation for the protection of aquatic life using the same statistical considerations with the 99th percentile confidence level and a standard number of monthly effluent samples collected (12). Assumptions used in deriving the effluent limitations include segment values for hardness, chlorides, pH, and total suspended solids (TSS) according to the segment-specific values contained in the TCEQ guidance document *Procedures to Implement the Texas Surface Water Quality Standards*. The segment values are 1,779 mg/l for hardness (as calcium carbonate), 3,677 mg/l for chlorides, 7.5 standard units for pH, and 8.6 mg/l for TSS. For additional details on the calculation of water quality-based effluent limitations, refer to the TCEQ guidance document.

TCEQ practice for determining significant potential is to compare the reported analytical data against percentages of the calculated daily average water quality-based effluent limitation. Permit limitations are required when analytical data reported in the application exceeds 85% of the calculated daily average water quality-based effluent limitation. Monitoring and reporting is required when analytical data reported in the application exceeds 70% of the calculated daily average water quality-based effluent limitation. See Attachment B of this Fact Sheet.

(b) PERMIT ACTION

Analytical data reported in the application was screened against calculated water quality-based effluent limitations for the protection of aquatic life. Reported analytical data does not exceed 70% of the calculated daily average water quality-based effluent limitations for aquatic life protection.

(3) AQUATIC ORGANISM BIOACCUMULATION CRITERIA

(a) SCREENING

Water quality-based effluent limitations for the protection of human health are calculated using criteria for the consumption of freshwater fish tissue found in Table 2 of the Texas Surface Water Quality Standards (30 TAC Chapter 307). Freshwater fish tissue bioaccumulation criteria are applied for human health protection in the perennial stream. TCEQ uses the mass balance equation to estimate dilution in the perennial stream during average flow conditions. The estimated dilution for human health protection is calculated using the permitted flow of 2.0 MGD and the harmonic mean flow of 1.36 cfs for unnamed tributary within three miles of Pease River. The following critical effluent percentage is being used:

Human Health Effluent %: 69.469%

Water quality-based effluent limitations for human health protection against the consumption of fish tissue are calculated using the same procedure as outlined for calculation of water quality-based effluent limitations for aquatic life protection. A 99<sup>th</sup> percentile confidence level in

the long-term average calculation is used with only one long-term average value being calculated.

Significant potential is again determined by comparing reported analytical data against 70% and 85% of the calculated daily average water quality-based effluent limitation. See Attachment B of this Fact Sheet.

(b) PERMIT ACTION

Reported analytical data does not exceed 70% of the calculated daily average water quality-based effluent limitation for human health protection.

(4) DRINKING WATER SUPPLY PROTECTION

(a) SCREENING

Water Quality Segment No. 0230, which receives the discharge from this facility, is not designated as a public water supply. Screening reported analytical data of the effluent against water quality-based effluent limitations calculated for the protection of a drinking water supply is not applicable.

(b) PERMIT ACTION

None.

(5) WHOLE EFFLUENT TOXICITY (BIOMONITORING) CRITERIA

(a) SCREENING

TCEQ has determined that there may be pollutants present in the effluent that may have the potential to cause toxic conditions in the receiving stream. Whole effluent biomonitoring is the most direct measure of potential toxicity that incorporates the effects of synergism of effluent components and receiving stream water quality characteristics. Biomonitoring of the effluent is, therefore, required as a condition of this permit to assess potential toxicity.

The existing permit includes 7-day chronic freshwater biomonitoring requirements. A summary of the biomonitoring testing for the facility indicates that in the past three years, the permittee has performed twelve chronic tests fathead minnow tests, with zero demonstrations of significant toxicity (i.e., zero failures).

The sublethal WET limit of 80% is retained for the water flea. Therefore, no reasonable potential (RP) determination was performed for this test species. There were no WET limit violations.

An RP determination for the fathead minnow was performed in accordance with 40 CFR §122.44(d)(1)(ii) to determine whether the



discharge will reasonably be expected to cause or contribute to an exceedance of a state water quality standard or criterion within that standard. Each test species is evaluated separately. The RP determination is based on representative data from the previous three years of chronic WET testing. This determination was performed in accordance with the methodology outlined in the TCEQ letter to the EPA dated December 28, 2015, and approved by the EPA in a letter dated December 28, 2015. With zero failures by the fathead minnow, a determination of no RP was made. Therefore, a WET limit is not required. Both test species may be eligible for the testing frequency reduction after one year of quarterly testing.

With zero failures by the fathead minnow, a determination of no RP was made. Therefore, a WET limit is not required. Both test species may be eligible for the testing frequency reduction after one year of quarterly testing

(b) PERMIT ACTION

The test species are appropriate to measure the toxicity of the effluent consistent with the requirements of the State water quality standards. The biomonitoring frequency has been established to reflect the likelihood of ambient toxicity and to provide data representative of the toxic potential of the facility's discharge. This permit may be reopened to require effluent limits, additional testing, and/or other appropriate actions to address toxicity if biomonitoring data show actual or potential ambient toxicity to be the result of the permittee's discharge to the receiving stream or water body.

(6) WHOLE EFFLUENT TOXICITY CRITERIA (24-HOUR ACUTE)

(a) SCREENING

The existing permit includes 24-hour acute freshwater biomonitoring language. A summary of the biomonitoring testing for the facility indicates that in the past three years, the permittee has performed ten 24-hour acute tests, with zero demonstrations of significant mortality (i.e., zero failures).

(b) PERMIT ACTION

The draft permit includes 24-hour 100% acute biomonitoring tests for the life of the permit.

**9. WATER QUALITY VARIANCE REQUESTS**

No variance requests have been received.

**10. PROCEDURES FOR FINAL DECISION**

When an application is declared administratively complete, the Chief Clerk sends a letter

to the applicant advising the applicant to publish the Notice of Receipt of Application and Intent to Obtain Permit in the newspaper. In addition, the Chief Clerk instructs the applicant to place a copy of the application in a public place for review and copying in the county where the facility is or will be located. This application will be in a public place throughout the comment period. The Chief Clerk also mails this notice to any interested persons and, if required, to landowners identified in the permit application. This notice informs the public about the application and provides that an interested person may file comments on the application or request a contested case hearing or a public meeting.

Once a draft permit is completed, it is sent, along with the Executive Director's preliminary decision, as contained in the technical summary or fact sheet, to the Chief Clerk. At that time, the Notice of Application and Preliminary Decision will be mailed to the same people and published in the same newspaper as the prior notice. This notice sets a deadline for making public comments. The applicant must place a copy of the Executive Director's preliminary decision and draft permit in the public place with the application.

Any interested person may request a public meeting on the application until the deadline for filing public comments. A public meeting is intended for the taking of public comment and is not a contested case proceeding.

After the public comment deadline, the Executive Director prepares a response to all significant public comments on the application or the draft permit raised during the public comment period. The Chief Clerk then mails the Executive Director's response to comments and final decision to people who have filed comments, requested a contested case hearing, or requested to be on the mailing list. This notice provides that if a person is not satisfied with the Executive Director's response and decision, they can request a contested case hearing or file a request to reconsider the Executive Director's decision within 30 days after the notice is mailed.

The Executive Director will issue the permit unless a written hearing request or request for reconsideration is filed within 30 days after the Executive Director's response to comments and final decision is mailed. If a hearing request or request for reconsideration is filed, the Executive Director will not issue the permit and will forward the application and request to the TCEQ Commissioners for their consideration at a scheduled Commission meeting. If a contested case hearing is held, it will be a legal proceeding similar to a civil trial in state district court.

If the Executive Director calls a public meeting or the Commission grants a contested case hearing as described above, the Commission will give notice of the date, time, and place of the meeting or hearing. If a hearing request or request for reconsideration is made, the Commission will consider all public comments in making its decision and shall either adopt the Executive Director's response to public comments or prepare its own response.

For additional information about this application, contact Sonia Bhuiya at (512) 239-1205.

**11. ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD**

The following items were considered in developing the draft permit:

**A. PERMIT(S)**

TPDES Permit No. WQ0010377001 issued on January 22, 2021.

**B. APPLICATION**

Application received on May 6, 2025, and additional information received on May 16, 2025.

**C. MEMORANDA**

Interoffice Memoranda from the Water Quality Assessment Section of the TCEQ Water Quality Division. Interoffice Memorandum from the Pretreatment Team of the TCEQ Water Quality Division.

**D. MISCELLANEOUS**

Federal Clean Water Act § 402; Texas Water Code § 26.027; 30 TAC Chapters 30, 305, 309, 312, and 319; Commission policies; and U.S. Environmental Protection Agency guidelines.

Texas Surface Water Quality Standards, 30 TAC §§ 307.1 - 307.10.

*Procedures to Implement the Texas Surface Water Quality Standards (IP)*, Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, June 2010, as approved by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, and the IP, January 2003, for portions of the 2010 IP not approved by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

Texas 2024 Clean Water Act Section 303(d) List, Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, June 26, 2024; approved by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency on November 13, 2024.

Texas Natural Resource Conservation Commission, Guidance Document for Establishing Monitoring Frequencies for Domestic and Industrial Wastewater Discharge Permits, Document No. 98-001.000-OWR-WQ, May 1998.

## Attachment A: Screening Calculations for Total Dissolved Solids, Chloride, and Sulfate

### Screening Calculations for Total Dissolved Solids, Chloride, and Sulfate

#### Menu 2 - Discharge to an Intermittent Stream within 3 Miles of a Perennial Stream

#### Screen the Perennial Stream

Applicant Name:	City of Vernon
Permit Number, Outfall:	10377-001, 001
Segment Number:	0230

Enter values needed for screening:		Data Source (edit if different)	
QE - Average effluent flow	2	MGD	Permit application
QS - Perennial stream harmonic mean flow	1.50	cfs	Critical conditions memo
QE - Average effluent flow	3.0945	cfs	Calculated
CA - TDS - ambient segment concentration	7600	mg/L	2010 IP, Appendix D
CA - chloride - ambient segment concentration	3510	mg/L	2010 IP, Appendix D
CA - sulfate - ambient segment concentration	1690	mg/L	2010 IP, Appendix D
CC - TDS - segment criterion	30000	mg/L	2010 TSWQS, Appendix A
CC - chloride - segment criterion	12000	mg/L	2010 TSWQS, Appendix A
CC - sulfate - segment criterion	3500	mg/L	2010 TSWQS, Appendix A
CE - TDS - average effluent concentration	4.19	mg/L	Permit application
CE - chloride - average effluent concentration	563	mg/L	Permit application
CE - sulfate - average effluent concentration	32.4	mg/L	Permit application

#### TDS

Calculate the WLA	$WLA = [CC(QE+QS) - (QS)(CA)]/QE$		40858.11
Calculate the LTA	$LTA = WLA * 0.93$		37998.05
Calculate the daily average	$Daily\ Avg. = LTA * 1.47$		55857.13
Calculate the daily maximum	$Daily\ Max. = LTA * 3.11$		118173.92
Calculate 70% of the daily average	70% of Daily Avg. =		39099.99
Calculate 85% of the daily average	85% of Daily Avg. =		47478.56
No permit limitations needed if:	4.19	≤	39099.99
Reporting needed if:	4.19	>	39099.99
Permit limits may be needed if:	4.19	>	47478.56

No permit limitations needed for TDS

### Chloride

Calculate the WLA	WLA = $[CC(QE+QS) - (QS)(CA)]/QE$	16115.42		
Calculate the LTA	LTA = WLA * 0.93	14987.34		
Calculate the daily average	Daily Avg. = LTA * 1.47	<b>22031.39</b>		
Calculate the daily maximum	Daily Max. = LTA * 3.11	<b>46610.63</b>		
Calculate 70% of the daily average	70% of Daily Avg. =	15421.97		
Calculate 85% of the daily average	85% of Daily Avg. =	18726.68		
<b>No permit limitations needed if:</b>	<b>563</b>	<b>≤</b>	<b>15421.97</b>	
<b>Reporting needed if:</b>	<b>563</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>15421.97</b>	<b>but ≤ 18726.68</b>
<b>Permit limits may be needed if:</b>	<b>563</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>18726.68</b>	

**No permit limitations needed for chloride**

### Sulfate

Calculate the WLA	WLA = $[CC(QE+QS) - (QS)(CA)]/QE$	4377.37		
Calculate the LTA	LTA = WLA * 0.93	4070.96		
Calculate the daily average	Daily Avg. = LTA * 1.47	<b>5984.31</b>		
Calculate the daily maximum	Daily Max. = LTA * 3.11	<b>12660.68</b>		
Calculate 70% of the daily average	70% of Daily Avg. =	4189.02		
Calculate 85% of the daily average	85% of Daily Avg. =	5086.66		
<b>No permit limitations needed if:</b>	<b>32.4</b>	<b>≤</b>	<b>4189.02</b>	
<b>Reporting needed if:</b>	<b>32.4</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>4189.02</b>	<b>but ≤ 5086.66</b>
<b>Permit limits may be needed if:</b>	<b>32.4</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>5086.66</b>	

**No permit limitations needed for sulfate**

## Attachment B: Calculated Water Quality Based Effluent Limitations

### TEXT0X MENU #2 - INTERMITTENT STREAM WITHIN 3 MILES OF A FRESHWATER PERENNIAL STREAM/RIVER

The water quality-based effluent limitations developed below are calculated using:

Table 1, 2014 Texas Surface Water Quality Standards (30 TAC 307) for Freshwater Aquatic Life

Table 2, 2018 Texas Surface Water Quality Standards for Human Health

"Procedures to Implement the Texas Surface Water Quality Standards," TCEQ, June 2010

#### PERMIT INFORMATION

Permittee Name:	City of Vernon
TPDES Permit No.:	10733001
Outfall No.:	001
Prepared by:	Sonia Bhuiya
Date:	October 19, 2025

#### DISCHARGE INFORMATION

Intermittent Receiving Waterbody:	unnamed tributary within three miles of Pease River (Segment No. 0230)
Perennial Stream/River within 3 Miles:	
Segment No.:	0230
TSS (mg/L):	8.6
pH (Standard Units):	7.5
Hardness (mg/L as CaCO <sub>3</sub> ):	1779
Chloride (mg/L):	3677
Effluent Flow for Aquatic Life (MGD):	2
Critical Low Flow [7Q2] (cfs) for intermittent:	0
Critical Low Flow [7Q2] (cfs) for perennial:	0.35
% Effluent for Chronic Aquatic Life (Mixing Zone):	89.84
% Effluent for Acute Aquatic Life (ZID):	100
Effluent Flow for Human Health (MGD):	2
Harmonic Mean Flow (cfs) for perennial:	1.36
% Effluent for Human Health:	69.469
Human Health Criterion (select: PWS, FISH, or INC)	<b>FISH</b>

#### CALCULATE DISSOLVED FRACTION (AND ENTER WATER EFFECT RATIO IF APPLICABLE):

<i>Stream/River Metal</i>	<i>Intercept (b)</i>	<i>Slope (m)</i>	<i>Partition Coefficient (Kp)</i>	<i>Dissolved Fraction (Cd/Ct)</i>	<i>Source</i>	<i>Water Effect Ratio (WER)</i>	<i>Source</i>
Aluminum	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.00	Assumed	1.00	Assumed
Arsenic	5.68	-0.73	99498.41	0.539		1.00	Assumed
Cadmium	6.60	-1.13	349958.66	0.249		1.00	Assumed
Chromium (total)	6.52	-0.93	447627.17	0.206		1.00	Assumed
Chromium (trivalent)	6.52	-0.93	447627.17	0.206		1.00	Assumed
Chromium (hexavalent)	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.00	Assumed	1.00	Assumed
Copper	6.02	-0.74	213044.90	0.353		1.00	Assumed
Lead	6.45	-0.80	503966.00	0.187		1.00	Assumed

City of Vernon TPDES Permit No. WQ0010377001  
Fact Sheet and Executive Director's Preliminary Decision

Mercury	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.00	Assumed	1.00	Assumed
Nickel	5.69	-0.57	143660.01	0.447		1.00	Assumed
Selenium	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.00	Assumed	1.00	Assumed
Silver	6.38	-1.03	261496.93	0.308		1.00	Assumed
Zinc	6.10	-0.70	279158.65	0.294		1.00	Assumed

**AQUATIC LIFE**

**CALCULATE DAILY AVERAGE AND DAILY MAXIMUM EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS:**

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>FW Acute Criterion (µg/L)</i>	<i>FW Chronic Criterion (µg/L)</i>	<i>WLAa (µg/L)</i>	<i>WLAc (µg/L)</i>	<i>LTAa (µg/L)</i>	<i>LTAc (µg/L)</i>	<i>Daily Avg. (µg/L)</i>	<i>Daily Max. (µg/L)</i>
Aldrin	3.0	N/A	3.00	N/A	1.72	N/A	2.52	5.34
Aluminum	991	N/A	991	N/A	568	N/A	834	1765
Arsenic	340	150	631	310	362	239	350	741
Cadmium	139.7	1.801	560	8.04	321	6.19	9.09	19.2
Carbaryl	2.0	N/A	2.00	N/A	1.15	N/A	1.68	3.56
Chlordane	2.4	0.004	2.40	0.00445	1.38	0.00343	0.00503	0.0106
Chlorpyrifos	0.083	0.041	0.0830	0.0456	0.0476	0.0351	0.0516	0.109
Chromium (trivalent)	6020	783	29194	4227	16728	3255	4784	10122
Chromium (hexavalent)	15.7	10.6	15.7	11.8	9.00	9.09	13.2	27.9
Copper	213.9	110.8	606	349	347	269	395	836
Cyanide (free)	45.8	10.7	45.8	11.9	26.2	9.17	13.4	28.5
4,4'-DDT	1.1	0.001	1.10	0.00111	0.630	0.00085	0.00125	0.0026
Demeton	N/A	0.1	N/A	0.111	N/A	0.0857	0.125	0.266
Diazinon	0.17	0.17	0.170	0.189	0.0974	0.146	0.143	0.302
Dicofol [Kelthane]	59.3	19.8	59.3	22.0	34.0	17.0	24.9	52.7
Dieldrin	0.24	0.002	0.240	0.00223	0.138	0.00171	0.00251	0.0053
Diuron	210	70	210	77.9	120	60.0	88.1	186
Endosulfan I ( <i>alpha</i> )	0.22	0.056	0.220	0.0623	0.126	0.0480	0.0705	0.149
Endosulfan II ( <i>beta</i> )	0.22	0.056	0.220	0.0623	0.126	0.0480	0.0705	0.149
Endosulfan sulfate	0.22	0.056	0.220	0.0623	0.126	0.0480	0.0705	0.149
Endrin	0.086	0.002	0.0860	0.00223	0.0493	0.00171	0.00251	0.0053
Guthion [Azinphos Methyl]	N/A	0.01	N/A	0.0111	N/A	0.00857	0.0125	0.0266
Heptachlor	0.52	0.004	0.520	0.00445	0.298	0.00343	0.00503	0.0106
Hexachlorocyclohexane ( <i>gamma</i> ) [Lindane]	1.126	0.08	1.13	0.0890	0.645	0.0686	0.100	0.213
Lead	1184	46.15	6317	274	3619	211	310	656
Malathion	N/A	0.01	N/A	0.0111	N/A	0.00857	0.0125	0.0266
Mercury	2.4	1.3	2.40	1.45	1.38	1.11	1.63	3.46
Methoxychlor	N/A	0.03	N/A	0.0334	N/A	0.0257	0.0377	0.0799
Mirex	N/A	0.001	N/A	0.00111	N/A	0.00085	0.00125	0.0026
Nickel	5347	593.9	11953	1478	6849	1138	1672	3538
Nonylphenol	28	6.6	28.0	7.35	16.0	5.66	8.31	17.5
Parathion (ethyl)	0.065	0.013	0.0650	0.0145	0.0372	0.0111	0.0163	0.0346
Pentachlorophenol	14.4	11.1	14.4	12.3	8.26	9.48	12.1	25.6
Phenanthrene	30	30	30.0	33.4	17.2	25.7	25.2	53.4
Polychlorinated Biphenyls [PCBs]	2.0	0.014	2.00	0.0156	1.15	0.0120	0.0176	0.0373
Selenium	20	5	20.0	5.57	11.5	4.29	6.29	13.3
Silver	0.8	N/A	28.9	N/A	16.6	N/A	24.3	51.5

City of Vernon TPDES Permit No. WQ0010377001  
Fact Sheet and Executive Director's Preliminary Decision

Toxaphene	0.78	0.0002	0.780	0.000223	0.447	0.00017 1	0.00025 1	0.0005 33
Tributyltin [TBT]	0.13	0.024	0.130	0.0267	0.0745	0.0206	0.0302	0.0639
2,4,5 Trichlorophenol	136	64	136	71.2	77.9	54.9	80.6	170
Zinc	1343	1354	4568	5126	2617	3947	3847	8139

**HUMAN HEALTH**

**CALCULATE DAILY AVERAGE AND DAILY MAXIMUM EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS:**

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>Water and Fish Criterion (µg/L)</i>	<i>Fish Only Criterion (µg/L)</i>	<i>Incidental Fish Criterion (µg/L)</i>	<i>WLAh (µg/L)</i>	<i>LTAh (µg/L)</i>	<i>Daily Avg. (µg/L)</i>	<i>Daily Max. (µg/L)</i>
Acrylonitrile	1.0	115	1150	166	154	226	478
Aldrin	1.146E-05	1.147E-05	1.147E-04	0.0000165	54	0.00001 0.00002	0.00004 0.00004
Anthracene	1109	1317	13170	1896	1763	2591	5483
Antimony	6	1071	10710	1542	1434	2107	4459
Arsenic	10	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Barium	2000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Benzene	5	581	5810	836	778	1143	2418
Benzidine	0.0015	0.107	1.07	0.154	0.143	0.210	0.445
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.024	0.025	0.25	0.0360	0.0335	0.0491	0.104
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.0025	0.0025	0.025	0.00360	0.00335	0.00491	0.0104
Bis(chloromethyl)ether	0.0024	0.2745	2.745	0.395	0.367	0.540	1.14
Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	0.60	42.83	428.3	61.7	57.3	84.2	178
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate [Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate]	6	7.55	75.5	10.9	10.1	14.8	31.4
Bromodichloromethane [Dichlorobromomethane]	10.2	275	2750	396	368	541	1144
Bromoform [Tribromomethane]	66.9	1060	10600	1526	1419	2086	4413
Cadmium	5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Carbon Tetrachloride	4.5	46	460	66.2	61.6	90.5	191
Chlordane	0.0025	0.0025	0.025	0.00360	0.00335	0.00491	0.0104
Chlorobenzene	100	2737	27370	3940	3664	5386	11395
Chlorodibromomethane [Dibromochloromethane]	7.5	183	1830	263	245	360	761
Chloroform [Trichloromethane]	70	7697	76970	11080	10304	15147	32046
Chromium (hexavalent)	62	502	5020	723	672	987	2090
Chrysene	2.45	2.52	25.2	3.63	3.37	4.95	10.4
Cresols [Methylphenols]	1041	9301	93010	13389	12452	18303	38724
Cyanide (free)	200	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
4,4'-DDD	0.002	0.002	0.02	0.00288	0.00268	0.00393	0.00832
4,4'-DDE	0.00013	0.00013	0.0013	0.000187	0.00017 4	0.00025 5	0.00054 1
4,4'-DDT	0.0004	0.0004	0.004	0.000576	0.00053 5	0.00078 7	0.00166
2,4'-D	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Danitrol [Fenpropathrin]	262	473	4730	681	633	930	1969
1,2-Dibromoethane [Ethylene Dibromide]	0.17	4.24	42.4	6.10	5.68	8.34	17.6
<i>m</i> -Dichlorobenzene [1,3-Dichlorobenzene]	322	595	5950	857	797	1170	2477
<i>o</i> -Dichlorobenzene [1,2-Dichlorobenzene]	600	3299	32990	4749	4416	6492	13735
<i>p</i> -Dichlorobenzene [1,4-Dichlorobenzene]	75	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	0.79	2.24	22.4	3.22	3.00	4.40	9.32
1,2-Dichloroethane	5	364	3640	524	487	716	1515
1,1-Dichloroethylene [1,1-Dichloroethene]	7	55114	551140	79336	73783	108460	229464
Dichloromethane [Methylene Chloride]	5	13333	133330	19193	17849	26238	55511
1,2-Dichloropropane	5	259	2590	373	347	509	1078
1,3-Dichloropropene [1,3-Dichloropropylene]	2.8	119	1190	171	159	234	495



City of Vernon TPDES Permit No. WQ0010377001  
Fact Sheet and Executive Director's Preliminary Decision

Dicofol [Kelthane]	0.30	0.30	3	0.432	0.402	0.590	1.24
					0.00002	0.00003	0.00008
Dieldrin	2.0E-05	2.0E-05	2.0E-04	0.0000288	68	93	32
2,4-Dimethylphenol	444	8436	84360	12144	11294	16601	35122
Di- <i>n</i> -Butyl Phthalate	88.9	92.4	924	133	124	181	384
Dioxins/Furans [TCDD Equivalents]	7.80E-08	7.97E-08	7.97E-07	1.15E-07	1.07E-07	1.56E-07	3.31E-07
Endrin	0.02	0.02	0.2	0.0288	0.0268	0.0393	0.0832
Epichlorohydrin	53.5	2013	20130	2898	2695	3961	8381
Ethylbenzene	700	1867	18670	2688	2499	3674	7773
					2249071	3306134	6994610
Ethylene Glycol	46744	1.68E+07	1.68E+08	24183560	1	4	9
Fluoride	4000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
					0.00013	0.00019	0.00041
Heptachlor	8.0E-05	0.0001	0.001	0.000144	4	6	6
					0.00038	0.00057	
Heptachlor Epoxide	0.00029	0.00029	0.0029	0.000417	8	0	0.00120
					0.00091		
Hexachlorobenzene	0.00068	0.00068	0.0068	0.000979	0	0.00133	0.00283
Hexachlorobutadiene	0.21	0.22	2.2	0.317	0.295	0.432	0.915
Hexachlorocyclohexane ( <i>alpha</i> )	0.0078	0.0084	0.084	0.0121	0.0112	0.0165	0.0349
Hexachlorocyclohexane ( <i>beta</i> )	0.15	0.26	2.6	0.374	0.348	0.511	1.08
Hexachlorocyclohexane ( <i>gamma</i> ) [Lindane]	0.2	0.341	3.41	0.491	0.457	0.671	1.41
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	10.7	11.6	116	16.7	15.5	22.8	48.2
Hexachloroethane	1.84	2.33	23.3	3.35	3.12	4.58	9.70
Hexachlorophene	2.05	2.90	29	4.17	3.88	5.70	12.0
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol [Bisphenol A]	1092	15982	159820	23006	21396	31451	66540
Lead	1.15	3.83	38.3	29.4	27.3	40.2	85.0
Mercury	0.0122	0.0122	0.122	0.0176	0.0163	0.0240	0.0507
Methoxychlor	2.92	3.0	30	4.32	4.02	5.90	12.4
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	13865	9.92E+05	9.92E+06	1427982	1328023	1952193	4130151
Methyl <i>tert</i> -butyl ether [MTBE]	15	10482	104820	15089	14033	20627	43641
Nickel	332	1140	11400	3668	3412	5015	10610
Nitrate-Nitrogen (as Total Nitrogen)	10000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nitrobenzene	45.7	1873	18730	2696	2507	3685	7798
N-Nitrosodiethylamine	0.0037	2.1	21	3.02	2.81	4.13	8.74
N-Nitroso-di- <i>n</i> -Butylamine	0.119	4.2	42	6.05	5.62	8.26	17.4
Pentachlorobenzene	0.348	0.355	3.55	0.511	0.475	0.698	1.47
Pentachlorophenol	0.22	0.29	2.9	0.417	0.388	0.570	1.20
					0.00085		
Polychlorinated Biphenyls [PCBs]	6.4E-04	6.4E-04	6.40E-03	0.000921	7	0.00125	0.00266
Pyridine	23	947	9470	1363	1268	1863	3942
Selenium	50	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	0.23	0.24	2.4	0.345	0.321	0.472	0.999
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1.64	26.35	263.5	37.9	35.3	51.8	109
Tetrachloroethylene [Tetrachloroethylene]	5	280	2800	403	375	551	1165
Thallium	0.12	0.23	2.3	0.331	0.308	0.452	0.957
Toluene	1000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Toxaphene	0.011	0.011	0.11	0.0158	0.0147	0.0216	0.0457
2,4,5-TP [Silvex]	50	369	3690	531	494	726	1536
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	200	784354	7843540	1129076	1050040	1543559	3265625
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5	166	1660	239	222	326	691
Trichloroethylene [Trichloroethene]	5	71.9	719	103	96.3	141	299
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	1039	1867	18670	2688	2499	3674	7773
TTHM [Sum of Total Trihalomethanes]	80	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Vinyl Chloride	0.23	16.5	165	23.8	22.1	32.4	68.6

CALCULATE 70% AND 85% OF DAILY AVERAGE EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS:

City of Vernon TPDES Permit No. WQ0010377001  
Fact Sheet and Executive Director's Preliminary Decision

<b>Aquatic Life</b>	<b>70% of Daily Avg.</b>	<b>85% of Daily Avg.</b>
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>(µg/L)</b>	<b>(µg/L)</b>
Aldrin	1.76	2.14
Aluminum	584	709
Arsenic	245	298
Cadmium	6.36	7.73
Carbaryl	1.17	1.43
Chlordane	0.00352	0.00428
Chlorpyrifos	0.0361	0.0439
Chromium (trivalent)	3349	4066
Chromium (hexavalent)	9.25	11.2
Copper	276	336
Cyanide (free)	9.43	11.4
4,4'-DDT	0.000881	0.00107
Demeton	0.0881	0.107
Diazinon	0.100	0.121
Dicofol [Kelthane]	17.4	21.2
Dieldrin	0.00176	0.00214
Diuron	61.7	74.9
Endosulfan I ( <i>alpha</i> )	0.0493	0.0599
Endosulfan II ( <i>beta</i> )	0.0493	0.0599
Endosulfan sulfate	0.0493	0.0599
Endrin	0.00176	0.00214
Guthion [Azinphos Methyl]	0.00881	0.0107
Heptachlor	0.00352	0.00428
Hexachlorocyclohexane ( <i>gamma</i> ) [Lindane]	0.0705	0.0856
Lead	217	263
Malathion	0.00881	0.0107
Mercury	1.14	1.39
Methoxychlor	0.0264	0.0321
Mirex	0.000881	0.00107
Nickel	1170	1421
Nonylphenol	5.82	7.06
Parathion (ethyl)	0.0114	0.0139
Pentachlorophenol	8.50	10.3
Phenanthrene	17.6	21.4
Polychlorinated Biphenyls [PCBs]	0.0123	0.0149
Selenium	4.40	5.35
Silver	17.0	20.7
Toxaphene	0.000176	0.000214
Tributyltin [TBT]	0.0211	0.0257
2,4,5 Trichlorophenol	56.4	68.5
Zinc	2693	3270

<b>Human Health</b>	<b>70% of Daily Avg.</b>	<b>85% of Daily Avg.</b>
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>(µg/L)</b>	<b>(µg/L)</b>
Acrylonitrile	158	192
Aldrin	0.0000158	0.0000191
Anthracene	1814	2203
Antimony	1475	1791
Arsenic	N/A	N/A

City of Vernon TPDES Permit No. WQ0010377001  
Fact Sheet and Executive Director's Preliminary Decision

Barium	N/A	N/A
Benzene	800	971
Benzidine	0.147	0.178
Benzo( <i>a</i> )anthracene	0.0344	0.0418
Benzo( <i>a</i> )pyrene	0.00344	0.00418
Bis(chloromethyl)ether	0.378	0.459
Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	59.0	71.6
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate [Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate]	10.4	12.6
Bromodichloromethane [Dichlorobromomethane]	378	460
Bromoform [Tribromomethane]	1460	1773
Cadmium	N/A	N/A
Carbon Tetrachloride	63.3	76.9
Chlordane	0.00344	0.00418
Chlorobenzene	3770	4578
Chlorodibromomethane [Dibromochloromethane]	252	306
Chloroform [Trichloromethane]	10603	12875
Chromium (hexavalent)	691	839
Chrysene	3.47	4.21
Cresols [Methylphenols]	12812	15558
Cyanide (free)	N/A	N/A
4,4'-DDD	0.00275	0.00334
4,4'-DDE	0.000179	0.000217
4,4'-DDT	0.000551	0.000669
2,4'-D	N/A	N/A
Danitol [Fenpropathrin]	651	791
1,2-Dibromoethane [Ethylene Dibromide]	5.84	7.09
<i>m</i> -Dichlorobenzene [1,3-Dichlorobenzene]	819	995
<i>o</i> -Dichlorobenzene [1,2-Dichlorobenzene]	4544	5518
<i>p</i> -Dichlorobenzene [1,4-Dichlorobenzene]	N/A	N/A
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	3.08	3.74
1,2-Dichloroethane	501	608
1,1-Dichloroethylene [1,1-Dichloroethene]	75922	92191
Dichloromethane [Methylene Chloride]	18366	22302
1,2-Dichloropropane	356	433
1,3-Dichloropropene [1,3-Dichloropropylene]	163	199
Dicofol [Kelthane]	0.413	0.501
Dieldrin	0.0000275	0.0000334
2,4-Dimethylphenol	11621	14111
Di- <i>n</i> -Butyl Phthalate	127	154
Dioxins/Furans [TCDD Equivalents]	1.09E-07	1.33E-07
Endrin	0.0275	0.0334
Epichlorohydrin	2773	3367
Ethylbenzene	2571	3123
Ethylene Glycol	23142941	28102142
Fluoride	N/A	N/A
Heptachlor	0.000137	0.000167
Heptachlor Epoxide	0.000399	0.000485
Hexachlorobenzene	0.000936	0.00113
Hexachlorobutadiene	0.303	0.368
Hexachlorocyclohexane ( <i>alpha</i> )	0.0115	0.0140
Hexachlorocyclohexane ( <i>beta</i> )	0.358	0.434
Hexachlorocyclohexane ( <i>gamma</i> ) [Lindane]	0.469	0.570
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	15.9	19.4

City of Vernon TPDES Permit No. WQ0010377001  
Fact Sheet and Executive Director's Preliminary Decision

Hexachloroethane	3.20	3.89
Hexachlorophene	3.99	4.85
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol [Bisphenol A]	22016	26733
Lead	28.1	34.1
Mercury	0.0168	0.0204
Methoxychlor	4.13	5.01
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	1366535	1659364
Methyl <i>tert</i> -butyl ether [MTBE]	14439	17533
Nickel	3510	4262
Nitrate-Nitrogen (as Total Nitrogen)	N/A	N/A
Nitrobenzene	2580	3133
N-Nitrosodiethylamine	2.89	3.51
N-Nitroso-di- <i>n</i> -Butylamine	5.78	7.02
Pentachlorobenzene	0.489	0.593
Pentachlorophenol	0.399	0.485
Polychlorinated Biphenyls [PCBs]	0.000881	0.00107
Pyridine	1304	1584
Selenium	N/A	N/A
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	0.330	0.401
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	36.2	44.0
Tetrachloroethylene [Tetrachloroethylene]	385	468
Thallium	0.316	0.384
Toluene	N/A	N/A
Toxaphene	0.0151	0.0184
2,4,5-TP [Silvex]	508	617
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1080491	1312025
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	228	277
Trichloroethylene [Trichloroethene]	99.0	120
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	2571	3123
TTHM [Sum of Total Trihalomethanes]	N/A	N/A
Vinyl Chloride	22.7	27.6