

TCEQ Interoffice Memorandum

To: Leroy Biggers, Regional Director, R5

From: Nnamdi Nnoli, Ph.D. *nn*
Toxicology, Risk Assessment, and Research Division, Office of the Executive Director

Date: January 29, 2026

Subject: Health Effects Review of 2024 Ambient Air Network Monitoring Data in Region 5, Tyler

Conclusions

- All measured 24-hour and annual average concentrations of the 84 volatile organic compounds (VOCs) monitored were below their respective Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) air monitoring comparison values (AMCVs) and would not be expected to cause adverse health or welfare effects.
- All measured 24-hour and annual average concentrations of monitored 15 speciated metals, particulate matter less than or equal to 2.5 microns in aerodynamic diameter (PM_{2.5}), were below their respective TCEQ AMCVs and would not be expected to cause adverse health or welfare effects.

Background

This memorandum conveys the Toxicology, Risk Assessment, and Research Division's (TD's) evaluation of ambient air sampling data collected at two ambient air network monitoring sites in Region 5, Tyler, during 2024. Information about the Region 5 monitoring sites is presented in Table 1, along with hyperlinks to the monitoring site maps and more detailed information. Complete lists of all target analytes are provided in Attachment A.

Table 1. Monitoring Sites Located in TCEQ Region 5

Site Name and Location	County	EPA Site ID	Monitored Compounds
Longview Gregg Co Airport near Longview	Gregg	481830001	VOCs (24-hour canister)
Karnack Hwy 134 and Spur 449	Harrison	482030002	VOCs (24-hour canister) and metals (PM _{2.5})

The TCEQ Monitoring Division reported the data for all chemicals evaluated in this memorandum. All data collected for the Longview and Karnack monitoring sites met TCEQ's data completeness objective of 75 percent. Because short-term or peak concentrations are not necessarily captured by 24-hour samples, daily concentrations have limited use in evaluating the potential for acute health effects. Rather, 24-hour air samples collected every-sixth day for a year are intended to provide representative long-term average concentrations. Therefore, the TD evaluated the reported annual average concentrations from 24-hour samples for each target analyte for potential chronic health and vegetation concerns by comparing measured chemical concentrations to long-term AMCVs, or for lead, to the applicable comparison level. To enable evaluation of 24-hour monitoring data more fully, TCEQ has also developed 24-hour acute AMCVs for specific chemicals. As such, 24-hour samples were compared to the available TCEQ 24-hour AMCVs for 1,3-butadiene; 2,2-dimethylbutane; 2,3-dimethylbutane; 2-methylpentane; 3-methylpentane; aluminum; arsenic; benzene; carbon tetrachloride; cadmium; chromium; cobalt; ethylene dibromide; ethylene dichloride; manganese; nickel; n-hexane; and vanadium. More information about AMCVs is available online at: <https://www.tceq.texas.gov/toxicology/amcv/about>.

Evaluation

All measured 24-hour and annual average concentrations of the 84 monitored VOCs at the Longview and Karnack sites and of the monitored 15 speciated metals at the Karnack site were below their respective AMCVs. Overall, these concentrations would not be expected to cause adverse chronic health or welfare effects.

Air Pollutant Watch List (APWL) Area

There is one APWL area ([APWL0501](#)) in Region 5 for hydrogen sulfide, which covers parts of both Bowie and Cass Counties. Information for this area may be found here: <https://www.tceq.texas.gov/toxicology/apwl/apwl.html>.

If you have any questions about this evaluation, please contact Nnamdi Nnoli by email at nnamdi.nnoli@tceq.texas.gov or phone at (512) 239-1785.

Attachment A

List 1. Target VOC Analytes in Canister Samples

1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	Bromomethane	Vinyl Chloride
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Carbon Tetrachloride	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene
1,1-Dichloroethane	Chlorobenzene	cis-2-Butene
1,1-Dichloroethylene	Chloroform	cis-2-Hexene
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	Chloromethane	cis-2-Pentene
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Cyclohexane	m-Diethylbenzene
1,2-Dichloropropane	Cyclopentane	m-Ethyl toluene
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Cyclopentene	m/p Xylene
1,3-Butadiene	Dichlorodifluoromethane	n-Butane
1-Butene	Dichloromethane	n-Decane
1-Hexene & 2-Methyl-1-Pentene	Ethane	n-Heptane
1-Pentene	Ethylbenzene	n-Hexane
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Ethylene	n-Nonane
2,2-Dimethylbutane	Ethylene Dibromide	n-Octane
2,3,4-Trimethylpentane	Ethylene Dichloride	n-Pentane
2,3-Dimethylbutane	Isobutane	n-Propyl benzene
2,3-Dimethylpentane	Isopentane	n-Undecane
2,4-Dimethylpentane	Isoprene	o-Ethyl toluene
2-Chloropentane	Isopropyl benzene	o-Xylene
2-Methyl-2-Butene	Methyl Chloroform	p-Diethylbenzene
2-Methylheptane	Methylcyclohexane	p-Ethyl toluene
2-Methylhexane	Methyl cyclopentane	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene
2-Methylpentane	Propane	trans-2-Butene
3-Methyl-1-Butene	Propylene	trans-2-Hexene
3-Methylheptane	Styrene	trans-2-Pentene
3-Methylhexane	Tetrachloroethylene	
3-Methylpentane	Toluene	
4-Methyl-1-Pentene	Trichloroethylene	
Acetylene	Trichlorofluoromethane	
Benzene		

List 2. Target Metal Analytes

Aluminum (PM_{2.5})
Antimony (PM_{2.5})
Arsenic (PM_{2.5})
Barium (PM_{2.5})
Cadmium (PM_{2.5})

Chromium (PM_{2.5})
Cobalt (PM_{2.5})
Copper (PM_{2.5})
Lead (PM_{2.5})
Manganese (PM_{2.5})

Nickel (PM_{2.5})
Selenium (PM_{2.5})
Tin (PM_{2.5})
Vanadium (PM_{2.5})
Zinc (PM_{2.5})